

The University of Michigan  
Radiation Laboratory  
3228 EECS Building  
Ann Arbor, MI 48109-2122  
Tel: (734) 764-0500

Measured Radio Frequency Emissions  
From

**Delphi Automotive Systems  
GMT345 RKE/TPM 315 MHz Receiver**

Report No. 415031-229  
December 13, 2004

Copyright © 2004

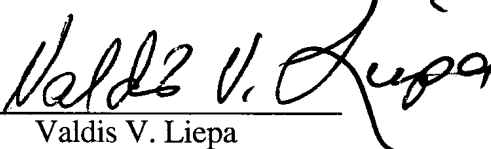
For:  
Delphi Automotive Systems  
One Corporate Center  
Kokomo, IN 46904-9005

Contact:  
Ramon Morales  
Ramon.morales@delphi.com  
Tel: 915-782-8296  
Fax: 915-783-7934  
PO: 450079044

Measurements made by:

Valdis V. Liepa

Tests supervised by:  
Report approved by:

  
Valdis V. Liepa  
Research Scientist

---

**Summary**

Tests for compliance with FCC Regulations Part 15, Subpart B, and with Industry Canada Regulations, RSS-210, were performed on Delphi 315 MHz Receiver. The device is subject to the Rules and Regulations as a Receiver. As a Digital Device it is exempt, but such measurements were made to assess the receiver's overall emissions.

In testing performed on October 18 and 26, 2004, the device tested in the worst case met the specifications for antenna conducted emissions by 34.1 dB (see p. 5) and for radiated emissions by 14.1 dB (see p. 6). Since the device is powered from an automotive 12-volt system, the line conductive regulation tests do not apply.

## 1. Introduction

Delphi 315 MHz Receiver, was tested for compliance with FCC Regulations, Part 15, adopted under Docket 87-389, April 18, 1989, and with Industry Canada RSS-210, Issue 5, dated November 1, 2001. The tests were performed at the University of Michigan Radiation Laboratory Willow Run Test Range following the procedures described in ANSI C63.4-1992 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz". The Site description and attenuation characteristics of the Open Site facility are on file with FCC Laboratory, Columbia, Maryland (FCC Reg. No: 91050) and with Industry Canada, Ottawa, ON (File Ref. No: IC 2057).

## 2. Test Procedure and Equipment Used

The pertinent test equipment commonly used in our facility for measurements is listed in Table 2.1 below. The middle column identifies the specific equipment used in these tests.

Table 2.1. Test equipment.

| <u>Test Instrument</u>             | <u>Eqpt Used</u> | <u>Manufacturer/Model</u>              |
|------------------------------------|------------------|--|
| Spectrum Analyzer (0.1-1500 MHz)   |                  | Hewlett-Packard, 182T/8558B            |
| Spectrum Analyzer (9kHz-22GHz)     | X                | Hewlett-Packard 8593A SN: 3107A01358   |
| Spectrum Analyzer (9kHz-26GHz)     | X                | Hewlett-Packard 8593E, SN: 3412A01131  |
| Spectrum Analyzer (9kHz-26GHz)     |                  | Hewlett-Packard 8563E, SN: 3310A01174  |
| Spectrum Analyzer (9kHz-40GHz)     |                  | Hewlett-Packard 8564E, SN: 3745A01031  |
| Power Meter                        |                  | Hewlett-Packard, 432A                  |
| Power Meter                        |                  | Anritsu, ML4803A/MP                    |
| Harmonic Mixer (26-40 GHz)         |                  | Hewlett-Packard 11970A, SN: 3003A08327 |
| Harmonic Mixer (40-60 GHz)         |                  | Hewlett-Packard 11970U, SN: 2332A00500 |
| Harmonic Mixer (75-110 GHz)        |                  | Hewlett-Packard 11970W, SN: 2521A00179 |
| Harmonic Mixer (140-220 GHz)       |                  | Pacific Millimeter Prod., GMA, SN: 26  |
| S-Band Std. Gain Horn              |                  | S/A, Model SGH-2.6                     |
| C-Band Std. Gain Horn              |                  | University of Michigan, NRL design     |
| XN-Band Std. Gain Horn             |                  | University of Michigan, NRL design     |
| X-Band Std. Gain Horn              |                  | S/A, Model 12-8.2                      |
| X-band horn (8.2- 12.4 GHz)        |                  | Narda 640                              |
| X-band horn (8.2- 12.4 GHz)        |                  | Scientific Atlanta , 12-8.2, SN: 730   |
| K-band horn (18-26.5 GHz)          |                  | FXR, Inc., K638KF                      |
| Ka-band horn (26.5-40 GHz)         |                  | FXR, Inc., U638A                       |
| U-band horn (40-60 GHz)            |                  | Custom Microwave, HO19                 |
| W-band horn (75-110 GHz)           |                  | Custom Microwave, HO10                 |
| G-band horn (140-220 GHz)          |                  | Custom Microwave, HO5R                 |
| Bicone Antenna (30-250 MHz)        | X                | University of Michigan, RLBC-1         |
| Bicone Antenna (200-1000 MHz)      | X                | University of Michigan, RLBC-2         |
| Dipole Antenna Set (30-1000 MHz)   |                  | University of Michigan, RLDP-1,-2,-3   |
| Dipole Antenna Set (30-1000 MHz)   |                  | EMCO 2131C, SN: 992                    |
| Active Rod Antenna (30 Hz-50 MHz)  |                  | EMCO 3301B, SN: 3223                   |
| Active Loop Antenna (30 Hz-50 MHz) |                  | EMCO 6502, SN: 2855                    |
| Ridge-horn Antenna (300-5000 MHz)  |                  | University of Michigan                 |
| Amplifier (5-1000 MHz)             | X                | Avantek, A11-1, A25-1S                 |
| Amplifier (5-4500 MHz)             | X                | Avantek                                |
| Amplifier (4.5-13 GHz)             |                  | Avantek, AFT-12665                     |
| Amplifier (6-16 GHz)               |                  | Trek                                   |
| Amplifier (16-26 GHz)              |                  | Avantek                                |
| LISN (50 $\mu$ H)                  |                  | University of Michigan                 |
| Signal Generator (0.1-2060 MHz)    | X                | Hewlett-Packard, 8657B                 |
| Signal Generator (0.01-20 GHz )    |                  | Hewlett-Packard                        |

### 3. Configuration and Identification of Device Under Test

The DUT is a 315.0 MHz superheterodyne receiver, designed for onboard automobile security/convenience applications, and as such, it is powered from an automotive 12-volt source. It is housed in a plastic case approximately 10 x 4 x 2 inches, having two multi-pin connectors for power input and digital signal output, and another connector for an external antenna. Antenna conducted emission procedure was used for compliance determination. When testing for radiated emissions, a 3-meter long bundle of wires was used, containing power and control/signal lines. The receiver is IC based, having a synthesized VCO with the reference crystal frequency of 10.178 MHz, the VCO frequency of 651.4 MHz, and the LO frequency at 325.7 MHz. It was powered by a 12-volt laboratory power supply at 13.2 volts.

The DUT was designed and manufactured by Delphi Automotive Systems, One Corporate Center, Kokomo, IN 46904-9005. It is identified as:

Delphi Receiver  
Model: GMT-345  
P/N: 15270437  
S/N: 871666RA42460041  
FCC ID: L2C0022R  
IC: 3432A-0022R

#### 3.1 Modifications Made

There were no modifications made to the DUT by this laboratory.

### 4. Emission Limits

For FCC the DUT falls under Part 15, Subpart B, "Unintentional Radiators". For Industry Canada the DUT falls under Receiver category and is subject to technical requirement of sections 7.1 to 7.4 in RSS-210. The pertinent test frequencies, with corresponding emission limits, are given in Tables 4.1 and 4.2 below.

#### 4.1 Radiated Emission Limits

Table 4.1. Radiated Emission Limits (FCC: 15.33, 15.35, 15.109; IC: RSS-210, 7.3).

| Freq. (MHz) | E <sub>lim</sub> (3m) $\mu$ V/m | E <sub>lim</sub> dB( $\mu$ V/m) |
|-------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 30-88       | 100                             | 40.0                            |
| 88-216      | 150                             | 43.5                            |
| 216-960     | 200                             | 46.0                            |
| 960-2000    | 500                             | 54.0                            |

Note: Quasi-Peak readings apply to 1000 MHz (120 kHz BW)  
Average readings apply above 1000 MHz (1 MHz BW)

#### 4.2 Conducted Emission Limits

Do not apply.

### 4.3 Antenna Power Conduction Limits

$P_{max} = 2 \text{ nW}$ ; for frequency range see Table 4.1. (FCC: 15.111(a); IC: RSS-210, 7.2).

## 5. Emission Tests and Results

### 5.1 Anechoic Chamber Radiated Emission Tests

To familiarize with the radiated emission behavior of the DUT, it was studied and measured in the shielded anechoic chamber. In the chamber there is a set-up similar to that of an outdoor 3-meter site, with turntable, antenna mast, and a ground plane. Instrumentation includes spectrum analyzers and other equipment as needed.

To study and test for radiated emissions, the DUT was powered by a laboratory power supply. A 315 MHz CW signal was injected (radiated) from a nearby signal generator using a short wire antenna. The DUT was placed on the test table on each of its three axis. For each placement, the table was rotated to obtain maximum signal for vertical and horizontal emission polarizations. This sequence was repeated throughout the required frequency range.

In the chamber we studied and recorded all the emissions using a ridge-horn antenna, which covers 200 MHz to 5000 MHz, up to 2 GHz. In scanning from 30 MHz to 2.0 GHz, there were no spurious emissions observed other than the LO, the injection signal, and the LO harmonics. Figures 5.1 and 5.2 show emissions measured 0-1000 MHz and 1000-2000 MHz, respectively. These measurements are made with a ridge-horn antenna at 3m, with spectrum analyzer in peak hold mode and the receiver rotated in all orientations. The measurements up to 1000 MHz (Fig. 5.1) are used for initial evaluation only, but those above 1000 MHz (Fig. 5.2) are used in final assessment for the compliance.

### 5.2 Open Site Radiated Emission Tests

The DUT was then moved to the 3-meter Open Field Test Site where measurements were repeated up to 1000 MHz using a small bicone, or dipoles when the measurement is near the limit. The DUT was exercised as described in Sec. 5.1 above. The measurements were made with a spectrum analyzer using 120 kHz IF bandwidth and peak detection mode, and, when appropriate, using Quasi-Peak or average detection. When emissions are narrow band, as in a case of an LO, measurements may be made with a reduced RBW to help discriminate the emissions from ambient signals and noise. Test set-up photographs are in the Appendix (i.e., end of this report).

The emissions from digital circuitry were measured using a standard bicone. These results are noted in Table 5.1.

### 5.3 Computations and Results for Radiated Emissions

To convert the dBm's measured on the spectrum analyzer to  $\text{dB}(\mu\text{V}/\text{m})$ , we use expression

$$E_3(\text{dB}\mu\text{V}/\text{m}) = 107 + P_R + K_A - K_G$$

where  $P_R$  = power recorded on spectrum analyzer, dB, measured at 3m  
 $K_A$  = antenna factor, dB/m  
 $K_G$  = pre-amplifier gain, including cable loss, dB

When presenting the data, at each frequency the highest measured emission under all of the possible orientations is given. Computations and results are given in Table 5.1. There we see that the DUT meets the limit by 14.1 dB.

### 5.4 Conducted Emission Tests

These tests do not apply, since the DUT is powered from a 12-volt automotive system.

## 6. Other Measurements

### 6.1 Emission Spectrum Near Fundamental

The LO emissions are measured typically over 1 MHz span with and without injection signal. Here data were taken at antenna connector. A plot is shown in Figure 6.1.

### 6.2 Effect of Supply Voltage Variation

The DUT has been designed to operate from 12 VDC power. Using a spectrum analyzer, relative antenna conducted emissions were recorded at the LO frequency (651.4 MHz) as voltage was varied from 6.0 to 18.0 VDC. Figure 6.2 shows the emission variation.

### 6.3 Operating Voltage and Current

$$\begin{aligned} V &= 13.6 \text{ VDC} \\ I &= 56.2 \text{ mADC} \end{aligned}$$

### 6.4 Antenna RF Power Conducted Measurements

These measurements are made by connecting a spectrum analyzer directly to the DUT antenna terminal and recording, in this case, the LO signal, its harmonics, and any other spurious signals. Using an LNA and some creative measuring techniques we were able to detect:

|      |             |                    |               |
|------|-------------|--------------------|---------------|
| LO   | 325.70 MHz  | -111.5 dBm (noise) | 0.00000708 nW |
| 2xLO | 651.40 MHz  | - 91.4 dBm         | 0.00072400 nW |
| 3xLO | 977.10 MHz  | -110.5 dBm (noise) | 0.00000890 nW |
| 4xLO | 1302.80 MHz | -109.5 dBm (noise) | 0.00001120 nW |
| 5xLO | 1528.50 MHz | -109.3 dBm (noise) | 0.00001180 nW |
| 6xLO | 1954.20 MHz | -109.6 dBm (noise) | 0.00001100 nW |

Total: 0.00077 nW

This meets the 2nW limit by 34.1 dB. See Figure 6.1 for measurement example.

The University of Michigan  
Radiation Laboratory  
3228 EECS Building  
Ann Arbor, Michigan 48109-2122  
(734) 764-0500

**Table 5.1 Highest Emissions Measured**

| Radiated Emission - RF                |  |           |           |            |           |         |          |           |              |             | Delphi GMT345 Rx; FCC/IC |
|---------------------------------------|--|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|---------|----------|-----------|--------------|-------------|--------------------------|
| #                                     | Freq. MHz  | Ant. Used | Ant. Pol. | Pr dBm     | Det. Used | Ka dB/m | Kg dB    | E3 dBμV/m | E3lim dBμV/m | Pass dB     | Comments                 |
| 1                                     | 325.7  | SBic      | H         | -78.3      | Pk        | 19.2    | 20.4     | 27.5      | 46.0         | 18.5        | max. of all, noise floor |
| 2                                     | 325.7  | SBic      | V         | -78.8      | Pk        | 19.2    | 20.4     | 27.0      | 46.0         | 19.0        | max. of all, noise floor |
| 3                                     | 651.4  | SBic      | H         | -82.0      | Pk        | 25.5    | 18.6     | 31.9      | 46.0         | <b>14.1</b> | max. of all, noise floor |
| 4                                     | 651.4  | SBic      | V         | -91.0      | Pk        | 25.5    | 18.6     | 22.9      | 46.0         | 23.1        | max. of all, noise floor |
| 5                                     | 977.1  | SBic      | H         | -88.7      | Pk        | 29.2    | 16.4     | 31.1      | 54.0         | 22.9        | max. of all, noise floor |
| 6                                     | 977.1  | SBic      | V         | -89.4      | Pk        | 29.2    | 16.4     | 30.4      | 54.0         | 23.6        | max. of all, noise floor |
| 7                                     | 1302.8   | Horn      | H         | -72.0      | Pk        | 20.4    | 28.0     | 27.4      | 54.0         | 26.6        | max. of all, noise floor |
| 8                                     | 1628.5   | Horn      | H         | -70.0      | Pk        | 20.6    | 28.0     | 29.6      | 54.0         | 24.4        | max. of all, noise floor |
| 9                                     | 1954.2   | Horn      | H         | -70.0      | Pk        | 20.8    | 28.2     | 29.6      | 54.0         | 24.4        | max. of all, noise floor |
| 10                                    |  |           |           |            |           |         |          |           |              |             |                          |
| 11                                    |  |           |           |            |           |         |          |           |              |             |                          |
| 12                                    |  |           |           |            |           |         |          |           |              |             |                          |
| 13                                    |  |           |           |            |           |         |          |           |              |             |                          |
| 14                                    |  |           |           |            |           |         |          |           |              |             |                          |
| 15                                    |  |           |           |            |           |         |          |           |              |             |                          |
| 16                                    |  |           |           |            |           |         |          |           |              |             |                          |
| 17                                    |  |           |           |            |           |         |          |           |              |             |                          |
| 18                                    |  |           |           |            |           |         |          |           |              |             |                          |
| Radiated Emission - Digital (Class B) |  |           |           |            |           |         |          |           |              |             |                          |
| 1                                     |  |           |           |            |           |         |          |           |              |             |                          |
| 2                                     |  |           |           |            |           |         |          |           |              |             |                          |
| 3                                     | Digital Emissions more than 20 dB below FCC Class B limits |           |           |            |           |         |          |           |              |             |                          |
| 4                                     |  |           |           |            |           |         |          |           |              |             |                          |
| 5                                     |  |           |           |            |           |         |          |           |              |             |                          |
| 6                                     |  |           |           |            |           |         |          |           |              |             |                          |
| 7                                     |  |           |           |            |           |         |          |           |              |             |                          |
| 8                                     |  |           |           |            |           |         |          |           |              |             |                          |
| 9                                     |  |           |           |            |           |         |          |           |              |             |                          |
| 10                                    |  |           |           |            |           |         |          |           |              |             |                          |
| 11                                    |  |           |           |            |           |         |          |           |              |             |                          |
| 12                                    |  |           |           |            |           |         |          |           |              |             |                          |
| Conducted Emissions                   |  |           |           |            |           |         |          |           |              |             |                          |
| #                                     | Freq. MHz  | Line Side | Det. Used | Vtest dBμV | Vlim dBμV | Pass dB | Comments |           |              |             |                          |
| 1                                     |  |           |           |            |           |         |          |           |              |             |                          |
| 2                                     | Not applicable   |           |           |            |           |         |          |           |              |             |                          |
| 3                                     |  |           |           |            |           |         |          |           |              |             |                          |

Meas. 10/18/04; U of Mich.

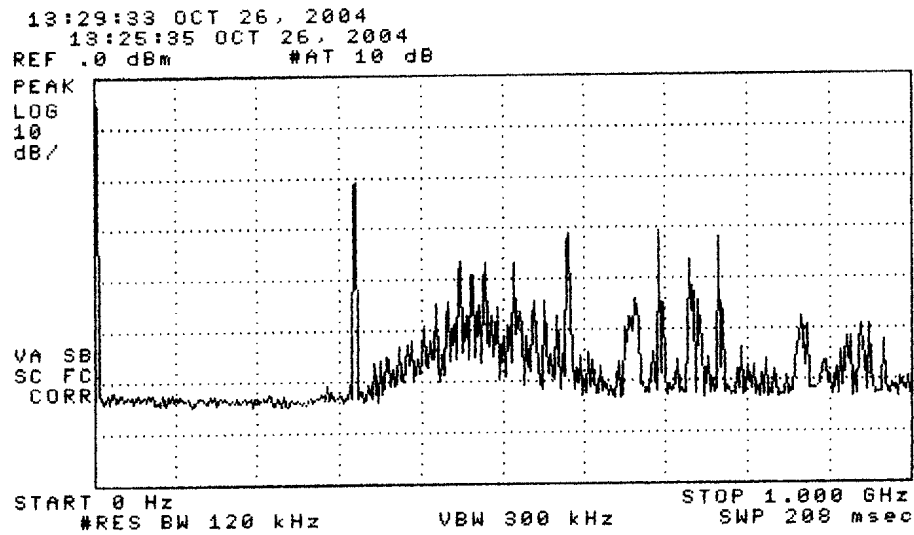
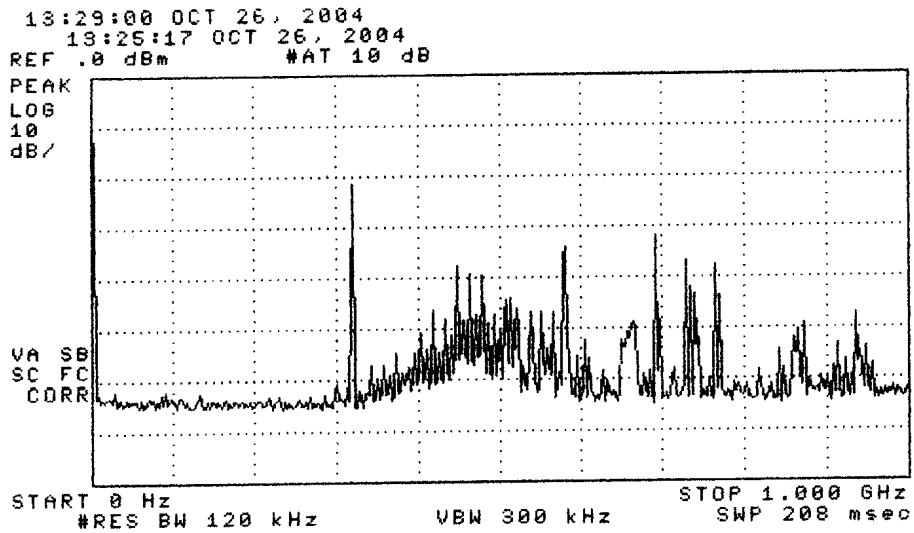


Figure 5.1. Emissions measured at 3 meters in anechoic chamber, 0-1000 MHz.  
 (top) Receiver plus ambient  
 (bottom) Ambient

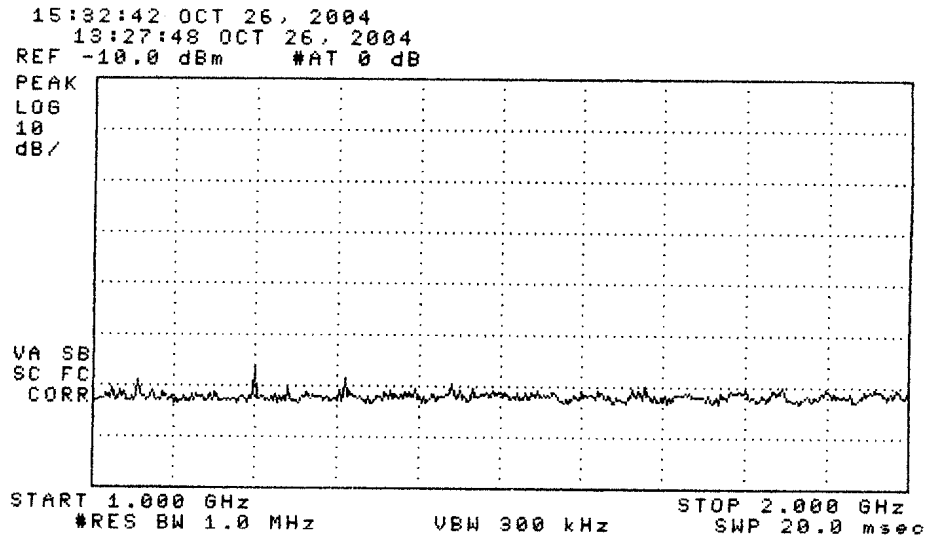
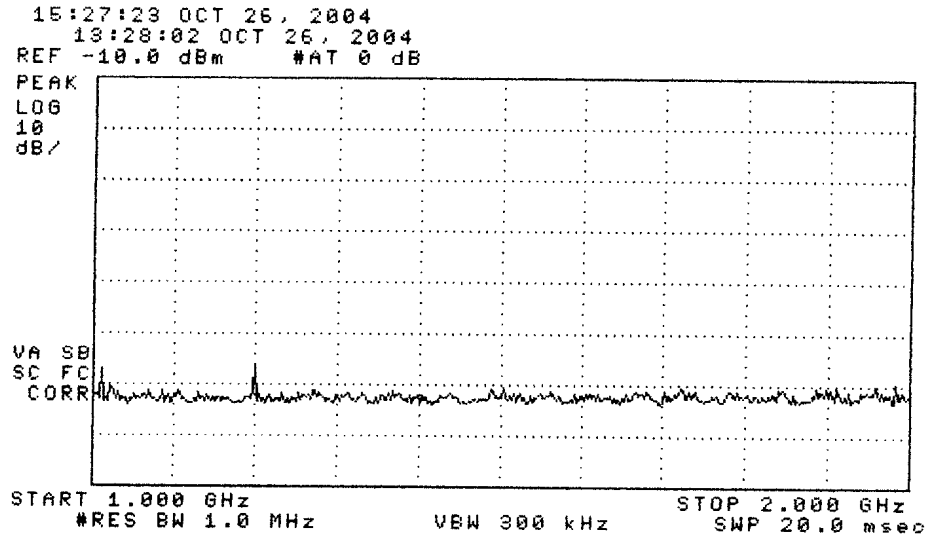


Figure 5.2. Emissions measured at 3 meters in anechoic chamber, 1000-2000 MHz.  
 (top) Receiver plus ambient  
 (bottom) Ambient



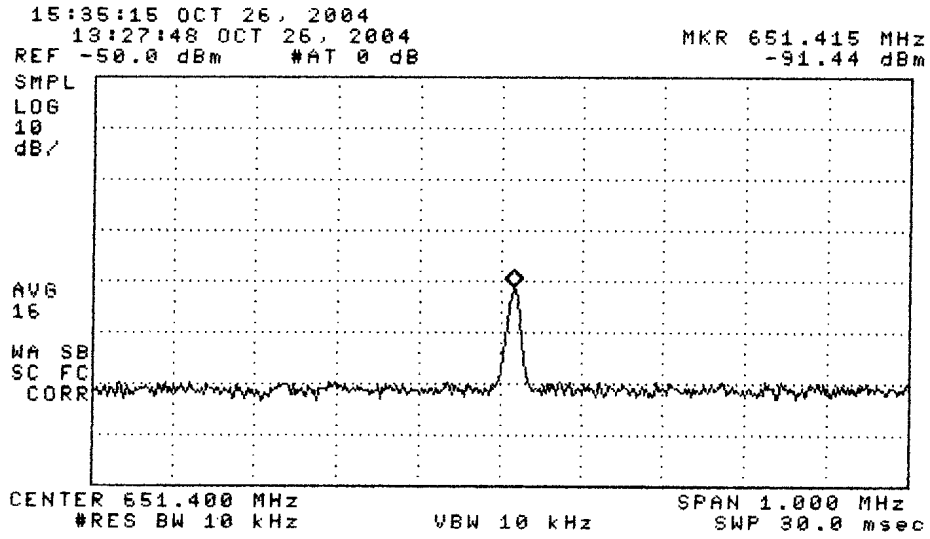


Figure 6.1. Receiver emission at VCO (2xLO). Conductive measurement.

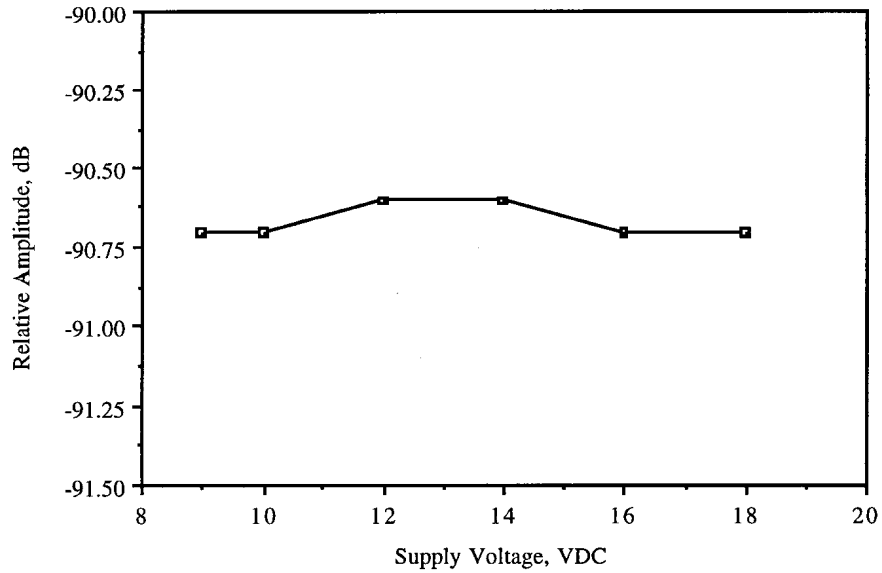
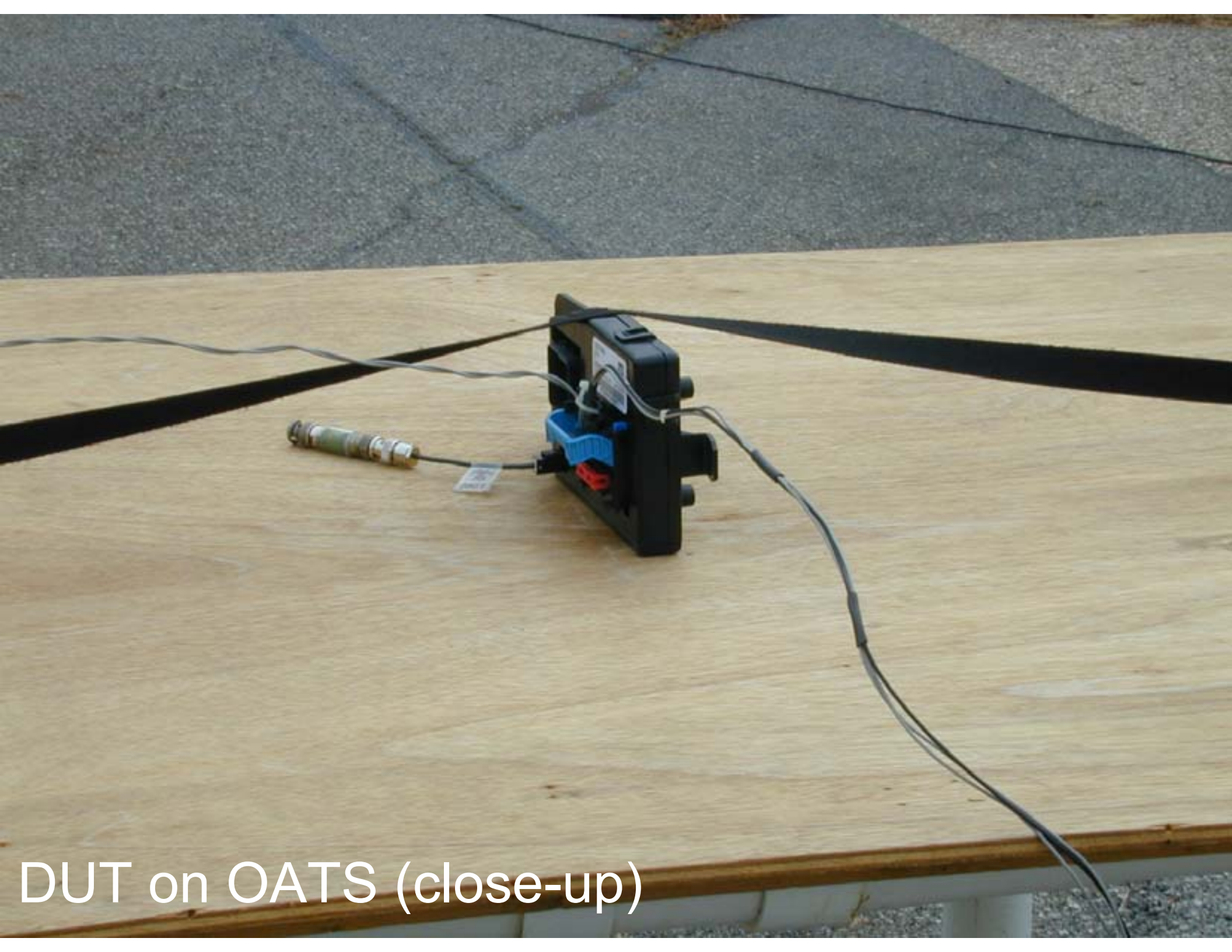


Figure 6.2. Relative emission at VCO (2xLO) vs. supply voltage.



DUT on OATS



DUT on OATS (close-up)