### FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART C

### **TEST REPORT**

For

802.11 b/g/n Wireless USB Mini card

Model: AW-NU706H, AW-NU706

**Trade Name: AzureWave** 

Issued to

AzureWave Technologies, Inc. 8F., No.94, Baozhong Rd., Xindian, Taipei, Taiwan

Issued by

**Compliance Certification Services Inc.** No. 11, Wu-Gong 6<sup>th</sup> Rd., Wugu Industrial Park, Taipei Hsien 248, Taiwan (R.O.C.) http://www.ccsemc.com.tw service@tw.ccsemc.com

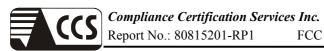




1309



Note: This report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of Compliance Certification Services Inc. This document may be altered or revised by Compliance Certification Services Inc. personnel only, and shall be noted in the revision section of the document.



# TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. T	EST RESULT CERTIFICATION	3
2. E	UT DESCRIPTION	4
3. T	EST METHODOLOGY	5
3.1	EUT CONFIGURATION	5
3.2	EUT EXERCISE.	
3.3	GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES.	
3.4	FCC PART 15.205 RESTRICTED BANDS OF OPERATIONS	6
3.5	DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES	7
4. IN	NSTRUMENT CALIBRATION	8
4.1	MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION	8
4.2	MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED	
5. FA	ACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS	9
5.1	FACILITIES	9
5.2	EQUIPMENT	9
5.3	TABLE OF ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTINGS	10
6. SI	ETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST	11
6.1	SETUP CONFIGURATION OF EUT	11
6.2	SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	11
7. F	CC PART 15.247 REQUIREMENTS	12
7.1	6DB BANDWIDTH	12
7.2	PEAK POWER	20
7.3	AVERAGE POWER	
7.4	BAND EDGES MEASUREMENT	
7.5	PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY	
7.6	SPURIOUS EMISSIONS	
7.7	RADIATED EMISSIONS	
7.8	POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS.	84
APPE	NDIX I RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE	87
A DDE	NNIV II DHOTOCD ADUS OF TEST SETIID	00

### 1. TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

**Applicant:** Azure Wave Technologies, Inc.

8F., No.94, Baozhong Rd., Xindian, Taipei, Taiwan

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

**Equipment Under Test:** 

802.11 b/g/n Wireless USB Mini card

**Trade Name:** 

AzureWave

Model:

AW-NU706H, AW-NU706

**Date of Test:** 

August 28 ~ September 8, 2008

APPLICABLE STANDARDS					
STANDARD TEST RESULT					
FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C	No non-compliance noted				

### We hereby certify that:

The above equipment was tested by Compliance Certification Services Inc. The test data, data evaluation, test procedures, and equipment configurations shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.4: 2003 and the energy emitted by the sample EUT tested as described in this report is in compliance with the requirements of FCC Rules Part 15.207, 15.209, 15.247.

The test results of this report relate only to the tested sample EUT identified in this report.

Approved by:

Reviewed by:

Rex Lai

Section Manager

Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Amanda Wu

Section Manager

Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Page 3 Rev. 00

### 2. EUT DESCRIPTION

Product	802.11 b/g/n Wireless USB Mini card			
Trade Name	AzureWave			
Model Number	AW-NU706H, AW-NU706			
Model Discrepancy	AW-NU706 is for full length boards, AW-NU706H is for half length boards.			
Power Supply	Powered by host device			
Frequency Range	2412 ~ 2462 MHz			
Transmit Power	IEEE 802.11b mode: 16.66 dBm IEEE 802.11g mode: 17.58 dBm draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode: 16.35 dBm draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode: 14.29 dBm			
<b>Modulation Technique</b>	IEEE 802.11b mode: DSSS (1, 2, 5.5 and 11 Mpbs) IEEE 802.11g mode: OFDM (6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48 and 54 Mpbs) draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode: OFDM (6.5, 7.2, 13, 14.4, 14.44, 19.5, 21.7, 26, 28.89, 28.9, 39, 43.3, 43.33 52, 57.78, 57.8, 58.5, 65.0, 72.2, 78, 86.67, 104, 115.56, 117, 130, 144.44 Mbps) draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode: OFDM (13.5, 15, 27, 30, 40.5, 45, 54, 60, 81, 90, 108, 120, 121.5, 135, 150, 162, 180, 216, 240, 243, 270, 300 Mbps)			
Number of Channels	IEEE 802.11b/g mode: 11 Channels draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode: 11 Channels draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode: 7 Channels			
Antenna Specification	<ol> <li>ARISTOILE / PIFA Antenna         P/N: RFA-02-G05-70B-300/ Gain: 2 dBi</li> <li>YAGEO / PIFA Antenna         P/N: Main: CAN4313 820 012701B / Gain: 0.41 dBi         P/N: Aux: CAN4313 820 022701B/ Gain: -0.23 dBi</li> <li>ASUS / PIFA Antenna         P/N: Main: 14G152209000 / Gain: 0.71 dBi         P/N: AUX: 14G152209100 / Gain: -0.22 dBi</li> </ol>			

### Remark:

- 1. The sample selected for test was engineering sample that approximated to production product and was provided by manufacturer.
- 2. This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for FCC ID: <u>TLZ-NU706</u> filing to comply with Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rules.

Page 4 Rev. 00

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

### 3. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4 and FCC CFR 47 2.1046, 2.1047, 2.1049, 2.1051, 2.1053, 2.1055, 2.1057, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247.

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

#### 3.1 EUT CONFIGURATION

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

#### 3.2 EUT EXERCISE

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the TX frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements.

According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C.

#### 3.3 GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES

#### **Conducted Emissions**

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.4 Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

#### **Radiated Emissions**

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the maximum emissions, exploratory radiated emission measurements were made according to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.4.

Page 5 Rev. 00

### 3.4 FCC PART 15.205 RESTRICTED BANDS OF OPERATIONS

(a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
<sup>1</sup> 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 -	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.52525	2655 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	156.7 - 156.9	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	162.0125 - 167.17	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	167.72 - 173.2	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	240 - 285	3600 - 4400	$\binom{2}{}$
13.36 - 13.41	322 - 335.4		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

Page 6 Rev. 00

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Above 38.6

<sup>(</sup>b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

#### 3.5 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT (model: AW-NU706H) had been tested under operating condition.

Software used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting mode was programmed.

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

Both half length and full length boards were evaluated on conducted and radiated emissions tests to find the worst case. AW-NU706H is the worst case.

The EUT comes with three different antennas (ARISTOILE & YAGEO & ASUS) for sale. After the preliminary test, the antenna with trade name ARISTOILE was found to emit the worst emissions and therefore had been tested under operating condition.

After verification, all tests were carried out with the worst case test modes as shown below except radiated spurious emission below 1GHz and power line conducted emissions below 30MHz, which worst case was in normal link mode only.

#### **IEEE 802.11b mode:**

Channel Low (2412MHz), Channel Mid (2437MHz) and Channel High (2462MHz) with 1Mbps data rate and cyclic delay diversity were chosen for full testing.

### **IEEE 802.11g mode:**

Channel Low (2412MHz), Channel Mid (2437MHz) and Channel High (2462MHz) with 6Mbps data rate and cyclic delay diversity were chosen for full testing.

### draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode:

Channel Low (2412MHz), Channel Mid (2437MHz) and Channel High (2462MHz) with 6.5Mbps data rate were chosen for full testing.

#### draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode:

Channel Low (2422MHz), Channel Mid (2437MHz) and Channel High (2452MHz) with 13.5Mbps data rate were chosen for full testing.

Page 7 Rev. 00

### 4. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

### 4.1 MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

### 4.2 MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

### **Equipment Used for Emissions Measurement**

**Remark:** Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year.

Conducted Emissions Test Site						
Name of Equipment Manufacturer Model Serial Number Calibration Du						
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	MY43360131	02/24/2009		

3M Semi Anechoic Chamber						
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due		
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	US42510252	09/10/2009		
Test Receiver	Rohde&Schwarz	ESCI	100064	11/30/2009		
Switch Controller	TRC	Switch Controller	SC94050010	05/03/2009		
4 Port Switch	TRC	4 Port Switch	SC94050020	05/03/2009		
Horn-Antenna	TRC	HA-0502	06	06/04/2009		
Horn-Antenna	TRC	HA-0801	04	06/18/2009		
Horn-Antenna	TRC	HA-1201A	01	08/10/2009		
Horn-Antenna	TRC	HA-1301A	01	08/11/2009		
Bilog- Antenna	Sunol Sciences	JB3	A030205	03/28/2009		
Turn Table	Max-Full	MFT-120S	T120S940302	N.C.R.		
Antenna Tower	Max-Full	MFA-430	A440940302	N.C.R.		
Controller	Max-Full	MF-CM886	CC-C-1F-13	N.C.R.		
Site NSA	CCS	N/A	FCC: 965860 IC: IC 6106	09/24/2009		
Test S/W	/W LABVIEW (V 6.1)					

**Remark:** The measurement uncertainty is less than +/-3.7046dB (30MHz ~ 1GHz), +/-3.0958dB (Above 1GHz) which is evaluated as per the NAMAS NIS 81 and CISPR/A/291/CDV.

Powerline Conducted Emissions Test Site								
Name of Equipment	ent Manufacturer Model Serial Number Calibration Due							
EMI TEST RECEIVER 9kHz-30MHz	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESHS30	828144/003	11/18/2009				
TWO-LINE V-NETWORK 9kHz-30MHz	SCHAFFNER	NNB41	03/10013	06/11/2009				
LISN 10kHz-100MHz	EMCO	3825/2	9106-1809	04/09/2009				
Test S/W	LABVIEW (V 6.1)							

**Remark:** The measurement uncertainty is less than +/- 2.81dB, which is evaluated as per the NAMAS NIS 81 and CISPR/A/291/CDV.

Page 8 Rev. 00

### 5. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

### **5.1 FACILITIES**

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at

No.11, Wugong 6th Rd., Wugu Industrial Park, Taipei Hsien 248, Taiwan Tel: 886-2-2299-9720 / Fax: 886-2-2298-4045

The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.4 and CISPR Publication 22.

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

### **5.2 EQUIPMENT**

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, biconical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.

Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers.

Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

Page 9 Rev. 00

### 5.3 TABLE OF ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTINGS

Country	Agency	Scope of Accreditation	Logo
USA	A2LA	EN 55011, EN 55014-1/2, CISPR 11, CISPR 14-1/2, EN 55022, EN 55015, CISPR 22, CISPR 15, AS/NZS 3548, VCCI V3 (2001), CFR 47, FCC Part 15/18, CNS 13783-1, CNS 13439, CNS 13438, CNS 13803, CNS 14115, EN 55024, IEC 801-2, IEC 801-3, IEC 801-4, IEC/EN 61000-3-2, IEC/EN 61000-3-3, IEC/EN 61000-4-2/3/4/5/6/8/11, EN 50081-1/ EN 61000-6-3, EN 50081-2/EN 61000-6-4, EN 50081-2/EN 61000-6-1: 2001	ACCREDITED TESTING CERT #0824.01
USA	FCC	3M Semi Anechoic Chamber (965860 and 898658) to perform FCC Part 15/18 measurements	FC 965860, 898658
Taiwan	TAF	LP0002, RTTE01, FCC Method-47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C, D, E, RSS-210, RSS-310 IDA TS SRD, AS/NZS 4268, AS/NZS 4771, TS 12.1 & 12.2, ETSI EN 300 440-1, ETSI EN 300 440-2, ETSI EN 300 328, ETSI EN 300 220-1, ETSI EN 300 220-2, ETSI EN 301 893, ETSI EN 301 489-1/3/7/17 FCC OET Bulletin 65 + Supplement C, EN 50360, EN 50361, EN 50371, RSS 102, EN 50383, EN 50385, EN 50392, IEC 62209, CNS 14958-1, CNS 14959 FCC Method –47 CFR Part 15 Subpart B IEC / EN 61000-3-2, IEC / EN 61000-3-3, IEC / EN 61000-4-2/3/4/5/6/8/11	Testing Laboratory 1309
Canada	Industry Canada	3M Semi Anechoic Chamber (IC 6106 & IC 6106A-2) to perform RSS 212 Issue 1	Canadä IC 6106 IC 6106A-2

<sup>\*</sup> No part of this report may be used to claim or imply product endorsement by A2LA or any agency of the US Government.

Page 10 Rev. 00

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

# 6. SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

### **6.1 SETUP CONFIGURATION OF EUT**

See test photographs attached in Appendix II for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

### **6.2 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT**

No	Equipment	Brand	Model	Series No.	FCC ID	Data Cable	Power Cord
1.	Notebook PC	DELL	PP05L	7T390 A03	E2K5HCKT	N/A	AC I/P: Unshielded, 1.8m DC O/P: Unshielded, 1.8m with a core

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

#### Remark:

- 1. All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test.
- 2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.

Page 11 Rev. 00

## 7. FCC PART 15.247 REQUIREMENTS

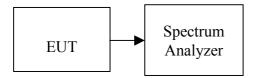
### 7.1 6DB BANDWIDTH

### LIMIT

According to §15.247(a)(2), systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902 - 928 MHz, 2400 - 2483.5 MHz, and 5725 - 5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

### **Test Configuration**



### **TEST PROCEDURE**

- 1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in the transmitting mode.
- 2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.
- 3. Set the spectrum analyzer as RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = RBW, Span = 50 MHz, Sweep = auto.
- 4. Mark the peak frequency and –6dB (upper and lower) frequency.
- 5. Repeat until all the rest channels are investigated.

### **TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted

Page 12 Rev. 00

**Test Data** 

### Test mode: IEEE 802.11b mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result		
Low	2412	12500	>500	PASS		
Mid	2437	11170		PASS		
High	2462	10250		PASS		

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

Test mode: IEEE 802.11g mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Low	2412	16330		PASS
Mid	2437	16580	>500	PASS
High	2462	16500		PASS

### Test mode: draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Low	2412	17580		PASS
Mid	2437	16830	>500	PASS
High	2462	17500		PASS

### Test mode: draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Low	2422	35500		PASS
Mid	2437	35080	>500	PASS
High	2452	35580		PASS

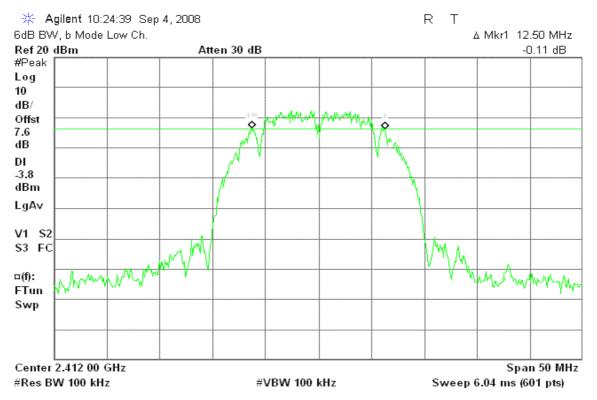
Page 13 Rev. 00

C ID: TLZ-NU706 Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

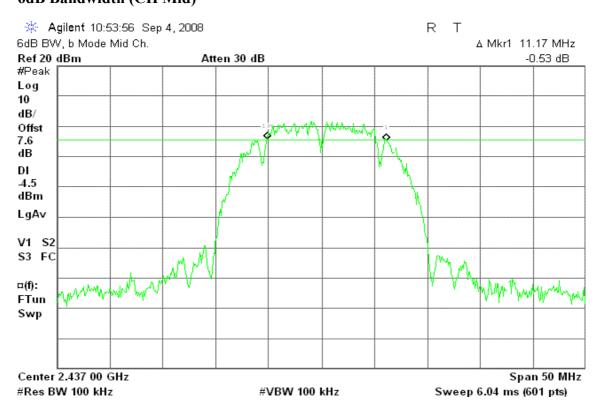
### **Test Plot**

#### IEEE 802.11b mode

### 6dB Bandwidth (CH Low)

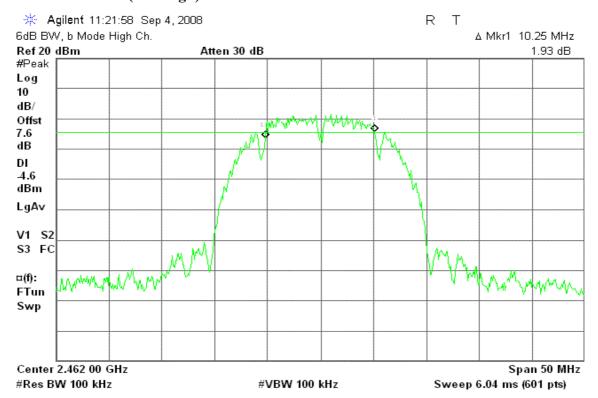


### 6dB Bandwidth (CH Mid)



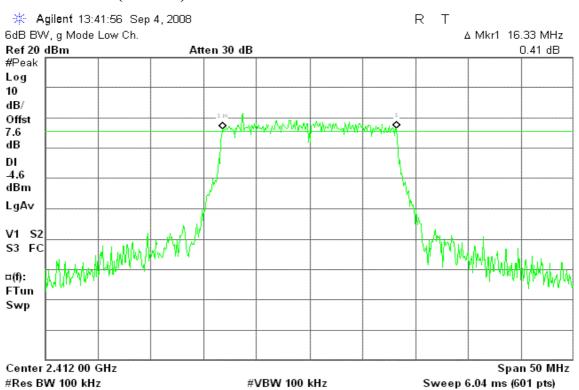
Page 14 Rev. 00

# 6dB Bandwidth (CH High)



### IEEE 802.11g mode

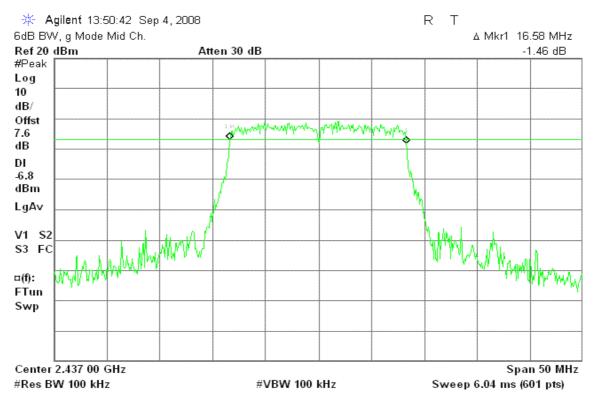
### 6dB Bandwidth (CH Low)



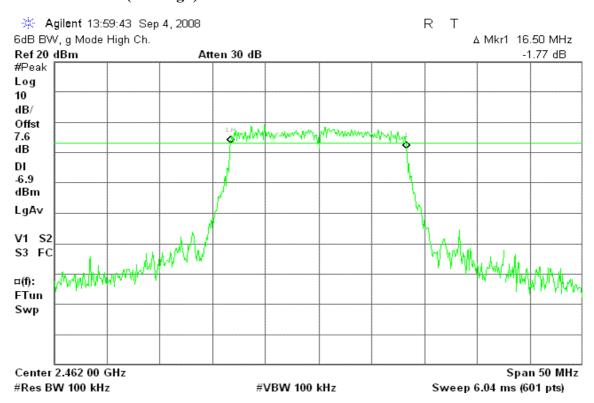
Page 15 Rev. 00



### 6dB Bandwidth (CH Mid)



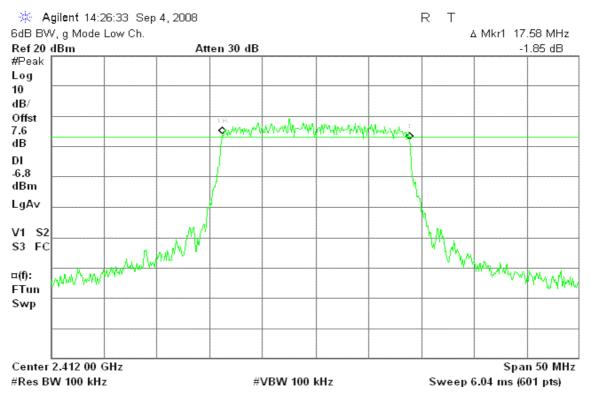
### 6dB Bandwidth (CH High)



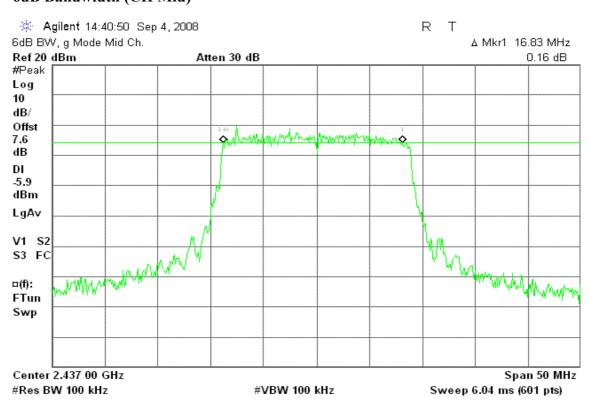
Page 16 Rev. 00

### draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode

#### 6dB Bandwidth (CH Low)



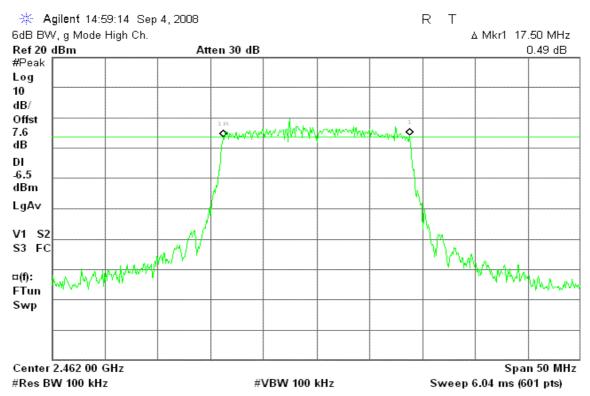
### 6dB Bandwidth (CH Mid)



Page 17 Rev. 00

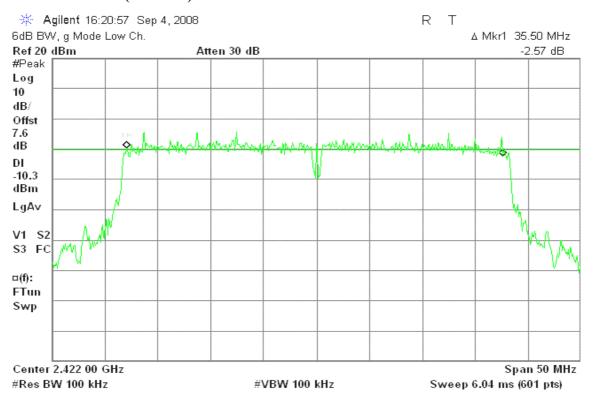
Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

### 6dB Bandwidth (CH High)



### draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode

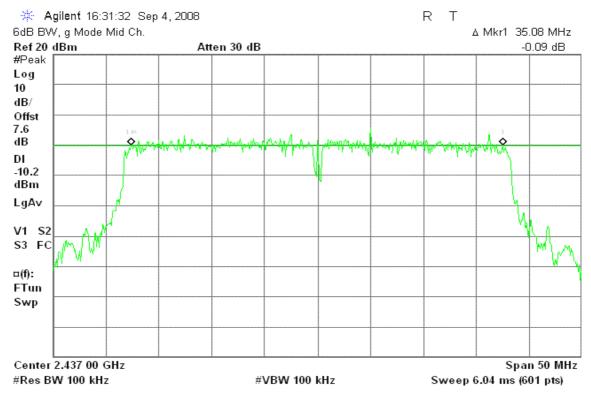
### 6dB Bandwidth (CH Low)



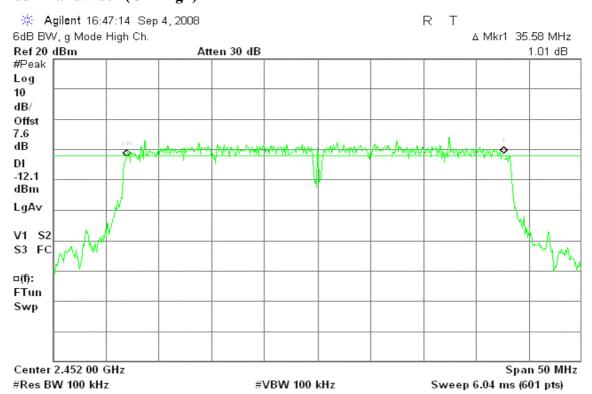
Page 18 Rev. 00

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

### 6dB Bandwidth (CH Mid)



### 6dB Bandwidth (CH High)



#### 7.2 PEAK POWER

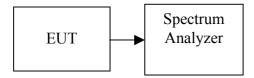
### **LIMIT**

The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

- 1. According to §15.247(b)(3), for systems using digital modulation in the bands of 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz: 1 Watt.
- 2. According to §15.247(b)(4), the conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

#### **Test Configuration**



### **TEST PROCEDURE**

- 1. Peak power is measured using the spectrum analyzer's internal channel power integration function.
- 2. Power is integrated over a bandwidth greater than or equal to the 99% bandwidth.

### **TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted

Page 20 Rev. 00

Test Data

### Test mode: IEEE 802.11b mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	2412	16.66	0.04634		PASS
Mid	2437	16.25	0.04217	1.00	PASS
High	2462	15.73	0.03741		PASS

### Test mode: IEEE 802.11g mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	2412	17.58	0.05728		PASS
Mid	2437	17.37	0.05458	1.00	PASS
High	2462	16.68	0.04656		PASS

### Test mode: draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	2412	16.31	0.04276		PASS
Mid	2437	16.26	0.04227	1.00	PASS
High	2462	15.80	0.03802		PASS

### Test mode: draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	2422	14.24	0.02655		PASS
Mid	2437	14.11	0.02576	1.00	PASS
High	2452	13.28	0.02128		PASS

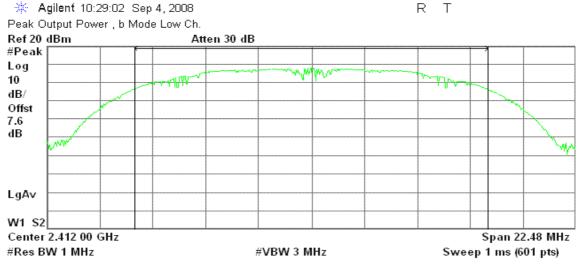
Page 21 Rev. 00

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

### **Test Plot**

#### IEEE 802.11b mode

#### Peak Power (CH Low)



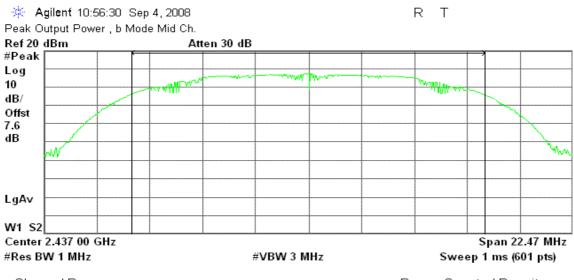
Channel Power

16.66 dBm / 14.9850 MHz

Power Spectral Density

-55.09 dBm/Hz

### Peak Power (CH Mid)



Channel Power

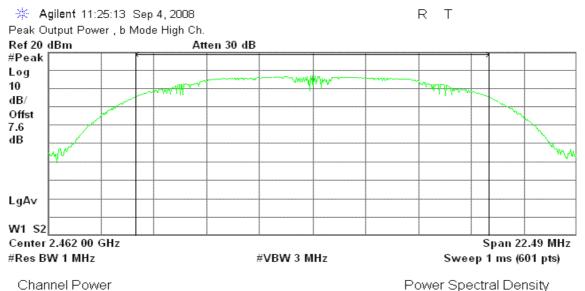
Power Spectral Density

16.25 dBm / 14.9820 MHz

-55.51 dBm/Hz

Page 22 Rev. 00

### Peak Power (CH High)



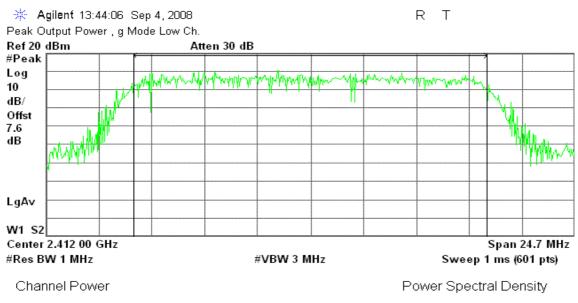
15.73 dBm /14.9920 MHz

Power Spectral Density

-56.03 dBm/Hz

### IEEE 802.11g mode

### Peak Power (CH Low)

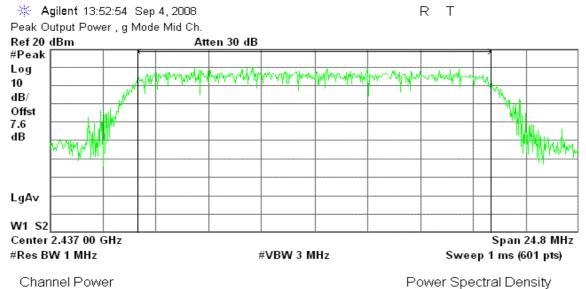


17.58 dBm / 16.4690 MHz

-54.58 dBm/Hz

Page 23 Rev. 00

### Peak Power (CH Mid)

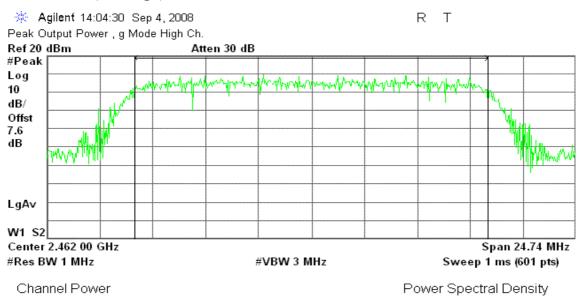


17.37 dBm / 16.5330 MHz

ower Spectral Density

-54.81 dBm/Hz

### **Peak Power (CH High)**



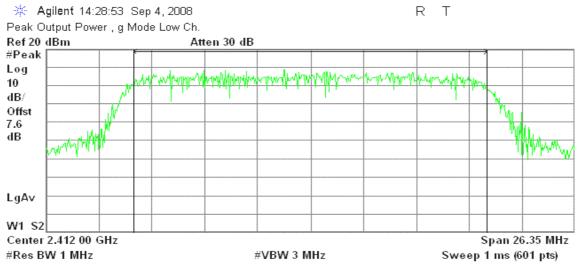
16.68 dBm /16.4950 MHz

-55.49 dBm/Hz

Page 24 Rev. 00

### draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode

#### Peak Power (CH Low)



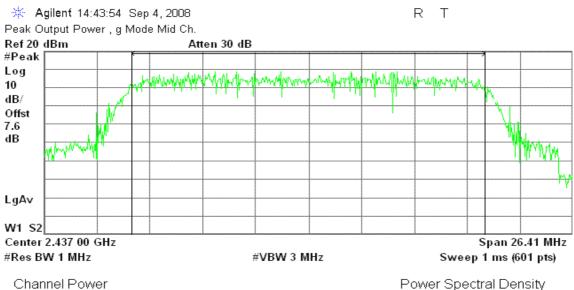
Channel Power

Power Spectral Density

16.31 dBm / 17.5640 MHz

-56.13 dBm/Hz

### Peak Power (CH Mid)



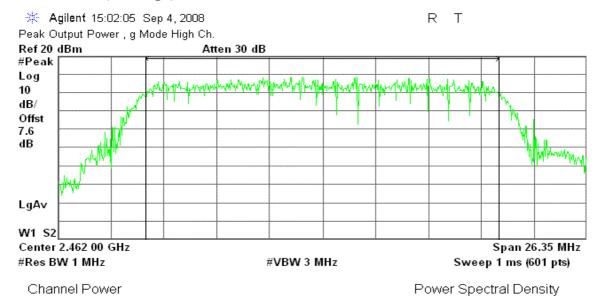
Power Spectral Density

16.26 dBm / 17.6080 MHz

-56.19 dBm/Hz

Page 25 Rev. 00

### Peak Power (CH High)

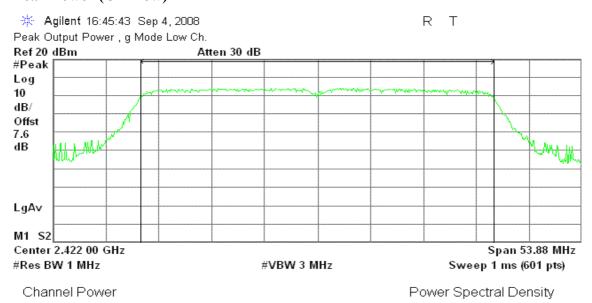


15.80 dBm / 17.5680 MHz

-56.65 dBm/Hz

### draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode

### Peak Power (CH Low)

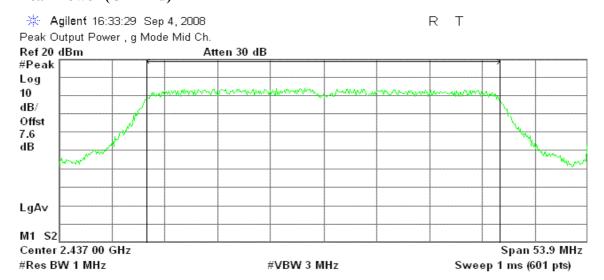


14.24 dBm /35.9180 MHz

-61.31 dBm/Hz

Page 26 Rev. 00

Peak Power (CH Mid)



Channel Power

14.11 dBm /35.9320 MHz

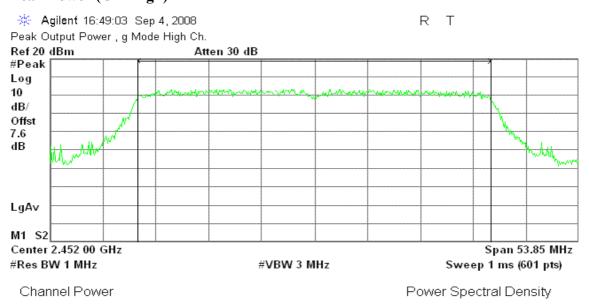
13.28 dBm /35.9020 MHz

Power Spectral Density

-61.44 dBm/Hz

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

### Peak Power (CH High)



Page 27 Rev. 00

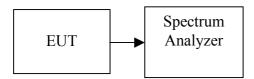
-62.27 dBm/Hz

### 7.3 AVERAGE POWER

### **LIMIT**

None; for reporting purposes only.

### **Test Configuration**



### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum analyzer. The Spectrum analyzer is set to the average power detection.

Page 28 Rev. 00

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

# **TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted

### **Test Data**

### Test mode: IEEE 802.11b mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)
Low	2412	14.15	0.02600
Mid	2437	13.76	0.02377
High	2462	13.11	0.02046

### Test mode: IEEE 802.11g mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)
Low	2412	14.06	0.02547
Mid	2437	14.07	0.02553
High	2462	13.51	0.02244

### Test mode: draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)
Low	2412	13.04	0.02014
Mid	2437	13.28	0.02128
High	2462	12.47	0.01766

### Test mode: draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode

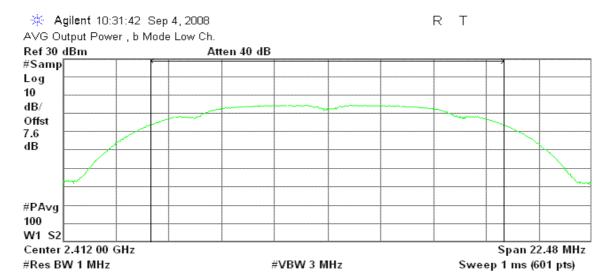
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)
Low	2422	10.93	0.01239
Mid	2437	10.63	0.01156
High	2452	10.13	0.01030

Page 29 Rev. 00

### **Test Plot**

#### IEEE 802.11b mode

### **Average Power (CH Low)**



Channel Power

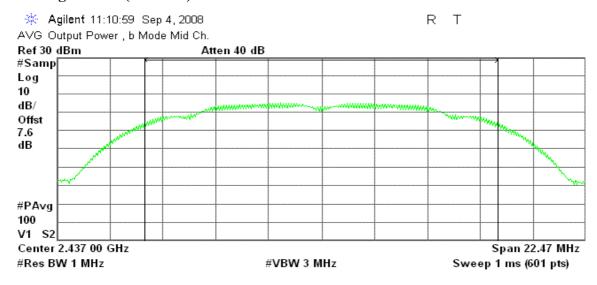
Power Spectral Density

14.15 dBm / 14.9850 MHz

-57.61 dBm/Hz

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

### **Average Power (CH Mid)**



Channel Power

Power Spectral Density

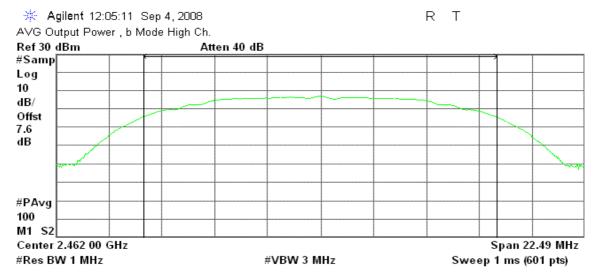
13.76 dBm / 14.9820 MHz

-58.00 dBm/Hz

Page 30 Rev. 00

ID: TLZ-NU706 Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

### Average Power (CH High)



Channel Power

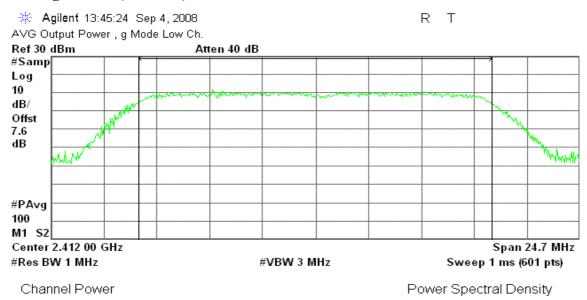
Power Spectral Density

13.11 dBm /14.9920 MHz

-58.64 dBm/Hz

### IEEE 802.11g mode

### **Average Power (CH Low)**



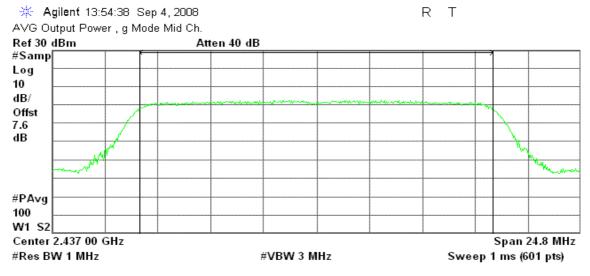
14.06 dBm / 16.4690 MHz

-58.11 dBm/Hz

Page 31 Rev. 00

CC ID: TLZ-NU706 Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

### **Average Power (CH Mid)**



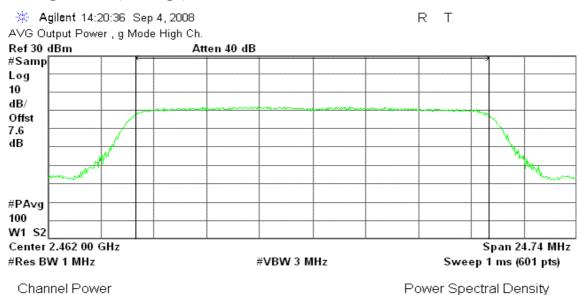
Channel Power

14.07 dBm /16.5330 MHz

Power Spectral Density

-58.12 dBm/Hz

### **Average Power (CH High)**



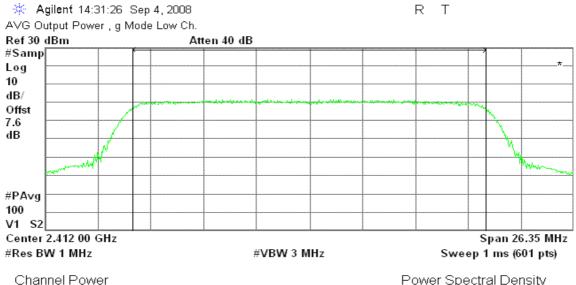
13.51 dBm / 16.4950 MHz

-58.66 dBm/Hz

Page 32 Rev. 00

### draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode

### **Average Power (CH Low)**



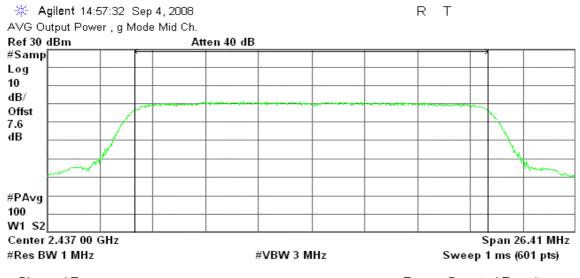
13.04 dBm / 17.5640 MHz

Power Spectral Density

-59.40 dBm/Hz

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

### **Average Power (CH Mid)**



Channel Power

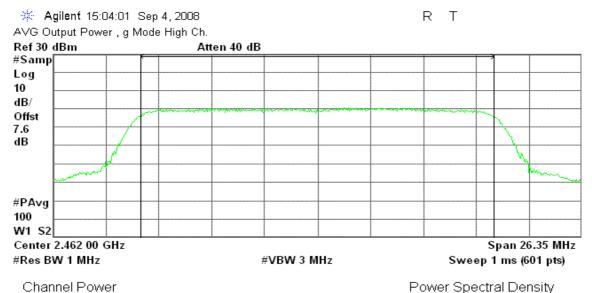
Power Spectral Density

13.28 dBm / 17.6080 MHz

-59.18 dBm/Hz

Page 33 Rev. 00 FCC ID: TLZ-NU706 Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

### Average Power (CH High)



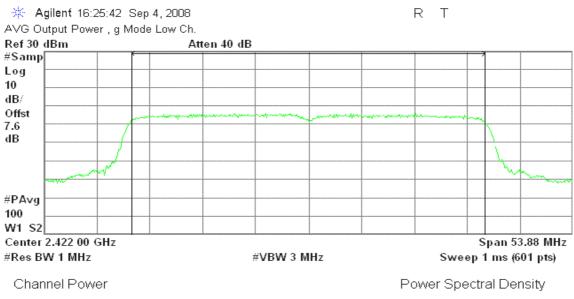
12.47 dBm / 17.5680 MHz

Power Spectral Density

# -59.97 dBm/Hz

### draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode

### **Average Power (CH Low)**

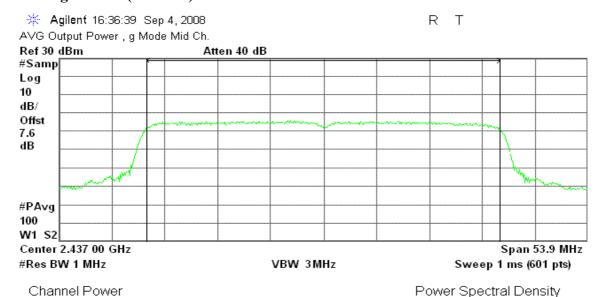


10.93 dBm /35.9180 MHz

-64.62 dBm/Hz

Page 34 Rev. 00 FCC ID: TLZ-NU706 Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

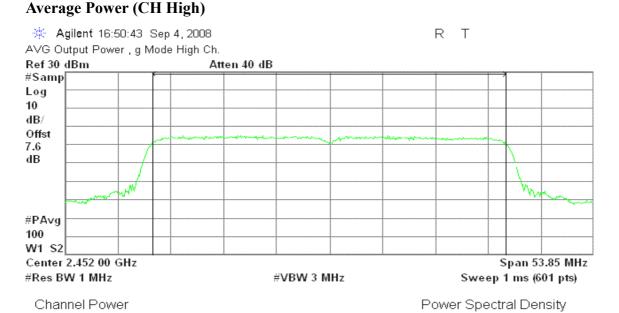
### **Average Power (CH Mid)**



10.63 dBm /35.9320 MHz

Power Spectral Density

-64.93 dBm/Hz



10.13 dBm /35.9020 MHz

-65.42 dBm/Hz

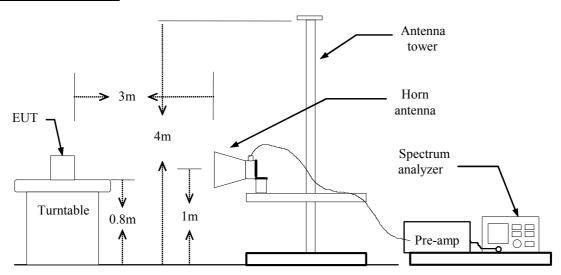
Page 35 Rev. 00

#### 7.4 BAND EDGES MEASUREMENT

### LIMIT

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator in operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

### **Test Configuration**



### **TEST PROCEDURE**

- 1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above the ground plane.
- 2. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
- 3. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission.
- 4. Set the spectrum analyzer in the following setting in order to capture the lower and upper band-edges of the emission:
  - (a) PEAK: RBW=VBW=1MHz / Sweep=AUTO
  - (b) AVERAGE: RBW=1MHz / VBW=10Hz / Sweep=AUTO
- 5. Repeat the procedures until all the PEAK and AVERAGE versus POLARIZATION are measured.

### **TEST RESULTS**

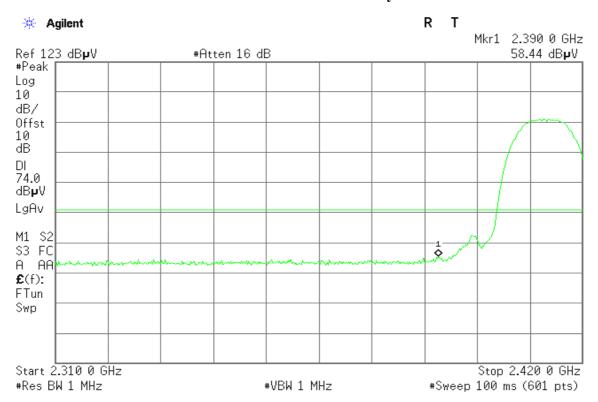
Refer to attach spectrum analyzer data chart.

Page 36 Rev. 00

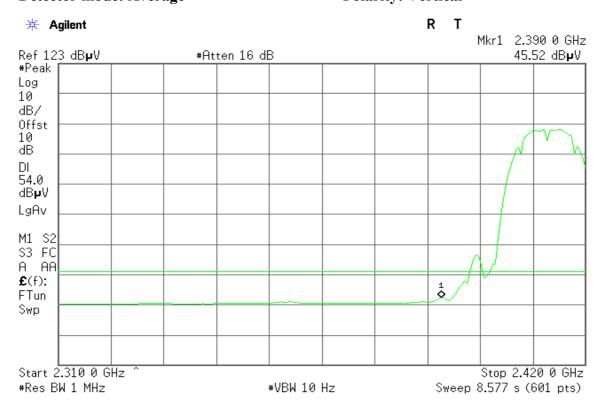
Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

## Band Edges (IEEE 802.11b mode / CH Low)

**Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Vertical** 



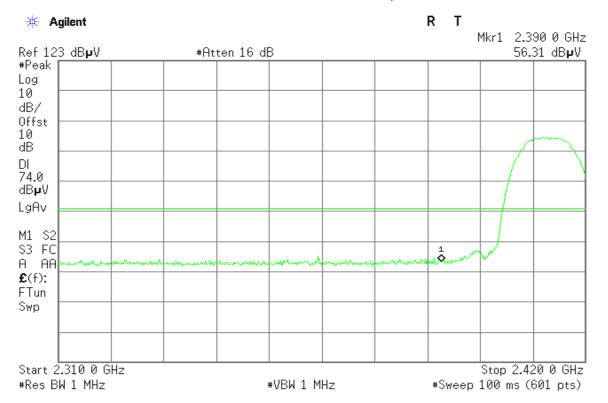
**Polarity: Vertical Detector mode: Average** 



Page 37 Rev. 00

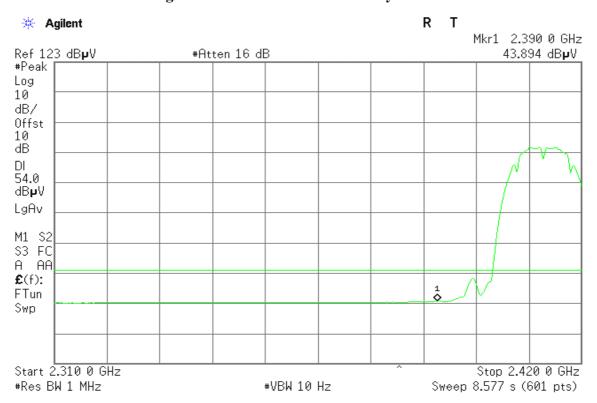


#### **Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Horizontal**



## **Detector mode: Average**

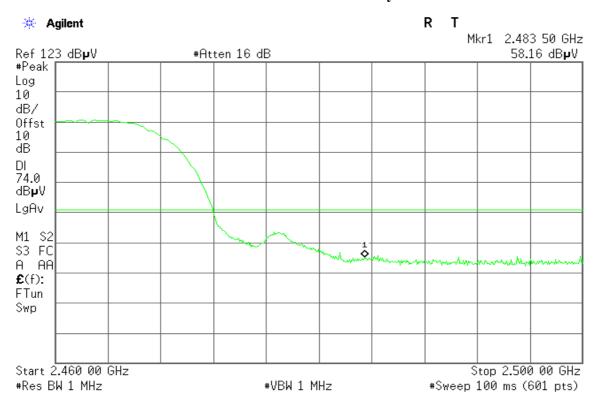
## **Polarity: Horizontal**



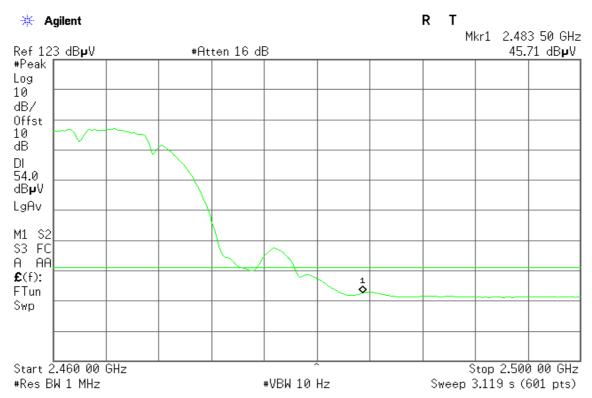
Page 38 Rev. 00 CC ID: TLZ-NU706 Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

### Band Edges (IEEE 802.11b mode / CH High)

Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Vertical



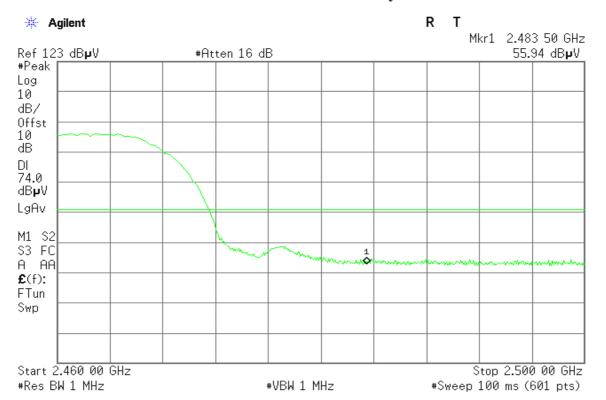
Detector mode: Average Polarity: Vertical



Page 39 Rev. 00

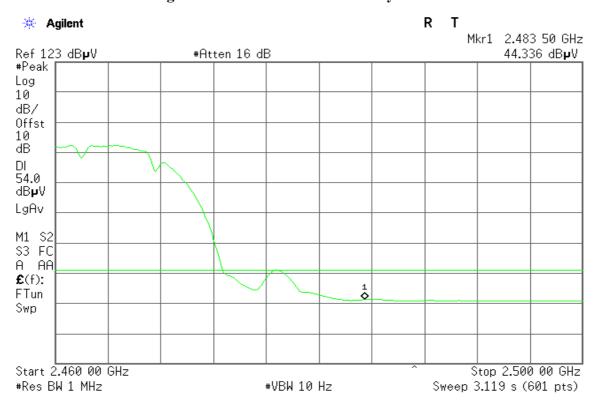


#### **Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Horizontal**



## **Detector mode: Average**

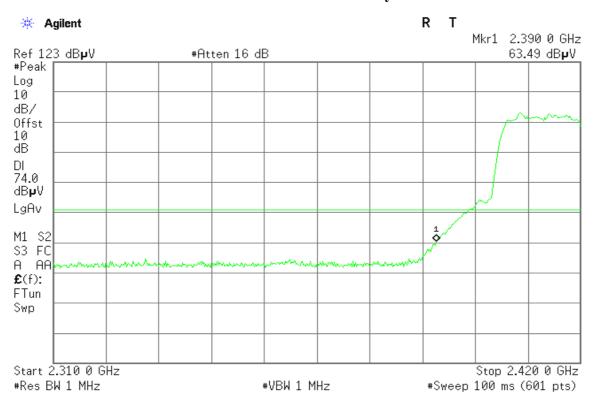
### **Polarity: Horizontal**



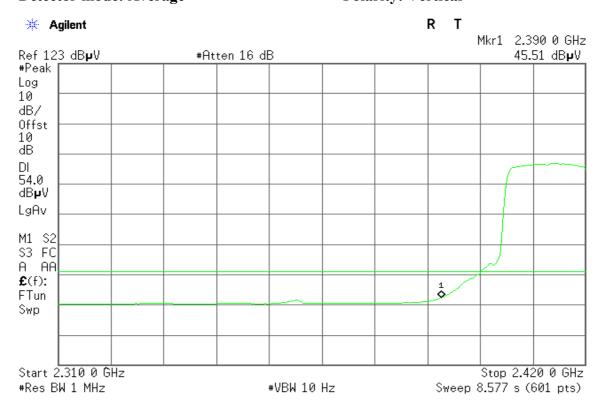
CC ID: TLZ-NU706 Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

### Band Edges (IEEE 802.11g mode / CH Low)

Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Vertical



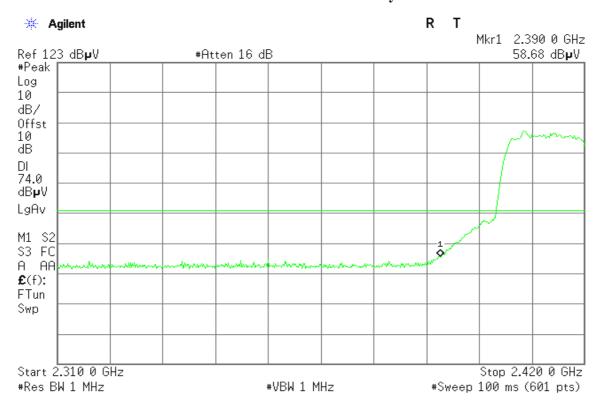
Detector mode: Average Polarity: Vertical



Page 41 Rev. 00

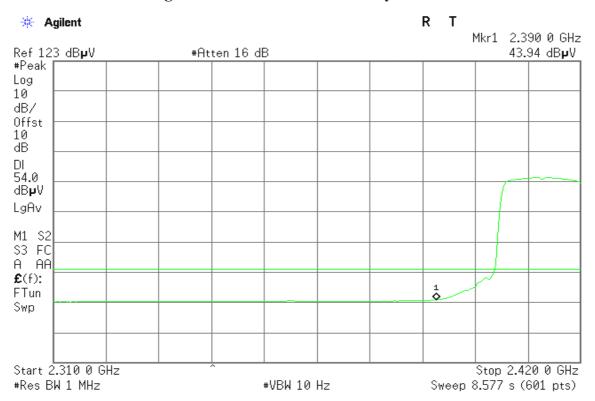


#### **Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Horizontal**



### **Detector mode: Average**

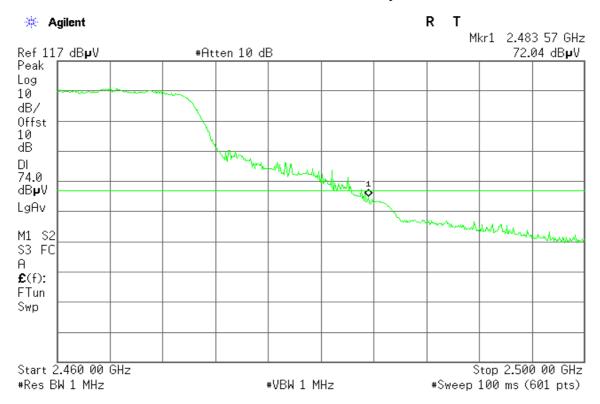
### **Polarity: Horizontal**



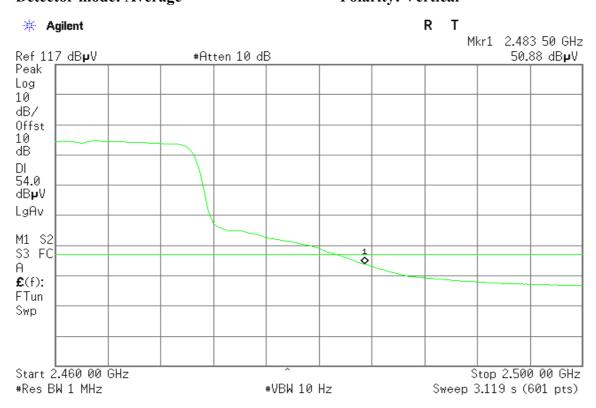
Page 42 Rev. 00 Report No.: 80815201-RP1 Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

## Band Edges (IEEE 802.11g mode / CH High)

**Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Vertical** 



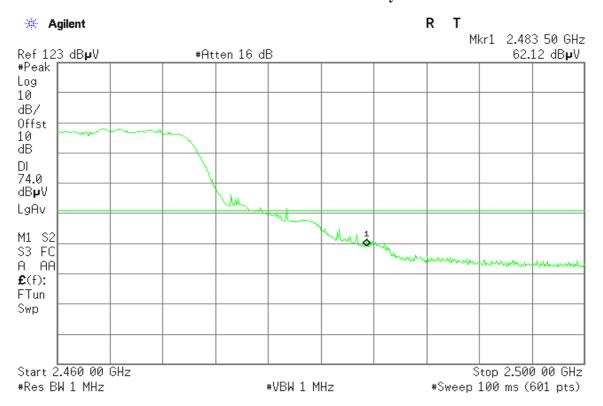
**Polarity: Vertical Detector mode: Average** 



Page 43 Rev. 00

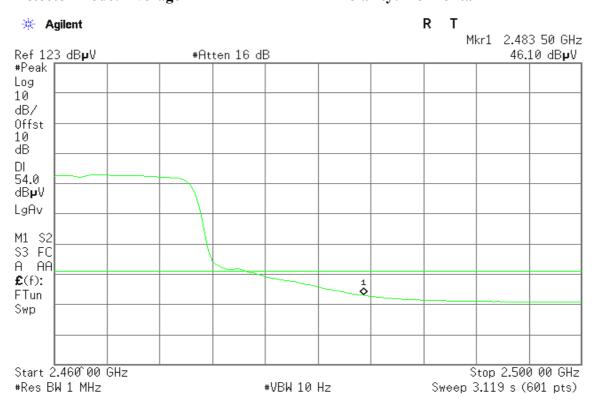


#### **Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Horizontal**



### **Detector mode: Average**

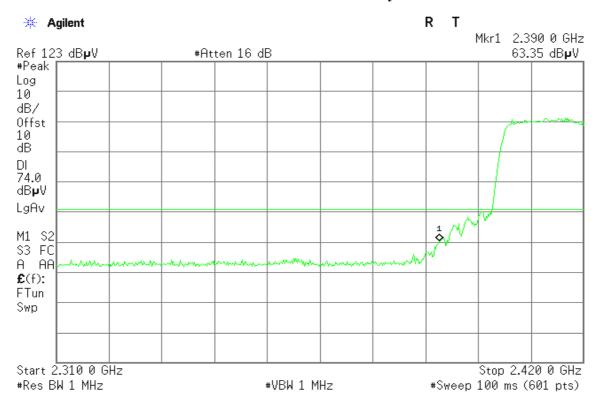
### **Polarity: Horizontal**



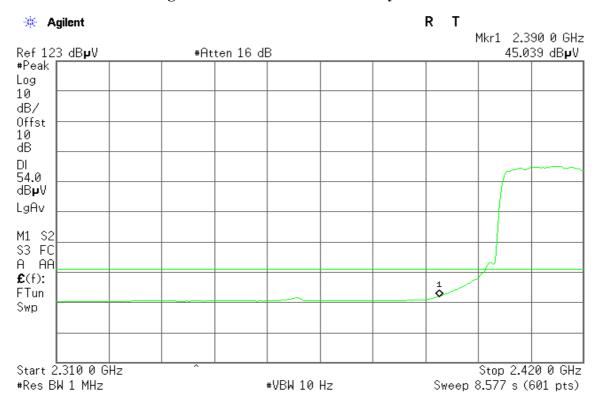


#### Band Edges (draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode / CH Low)

**Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Vertical** 

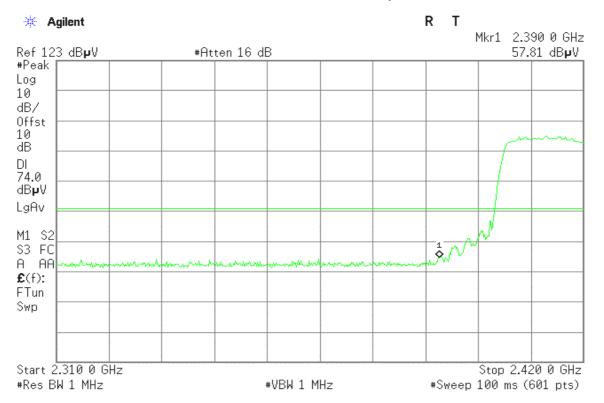


**Polarity: Vertical Detector mode: Average** 

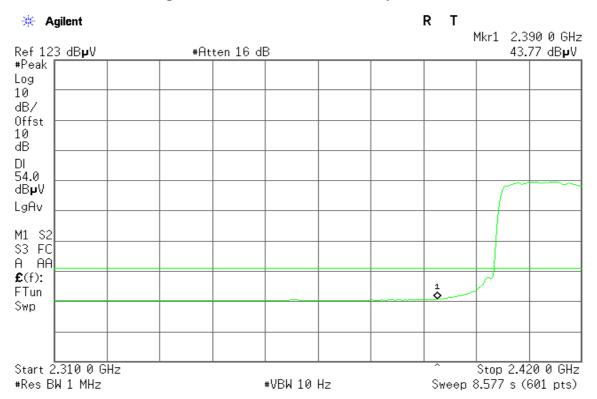


Page 45 Rev. 00

## Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Horizontal



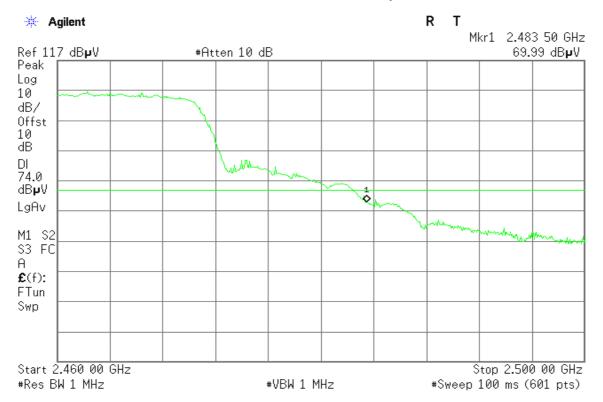
## Detector mode: Average Polarity: Horizontal



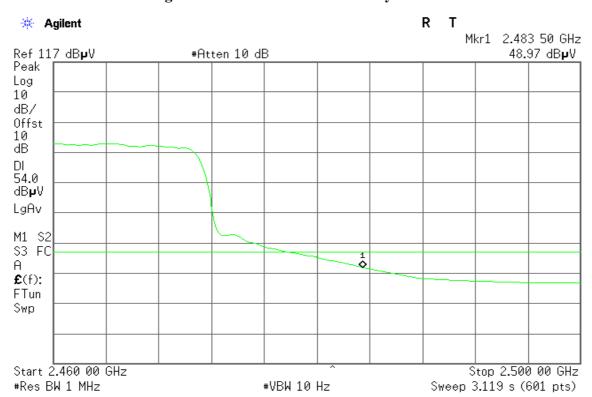
Compliance Certification Services Inc. Report No.: 80815201-RP1 FCC ID: TLZ-NU706 Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

### Band Edges (draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode / CH High)

**Polarity: Vertical Detector mode: Peak** 

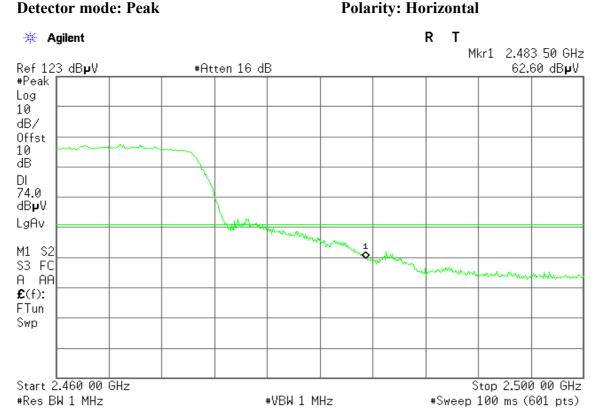


**Polarity: Vertical Detector mode: Average** 

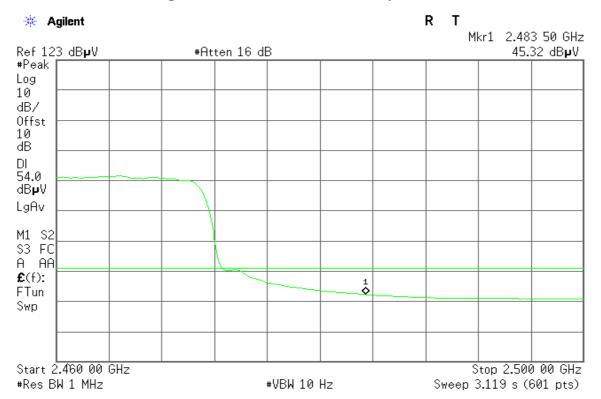


Page 47 Rev. 00





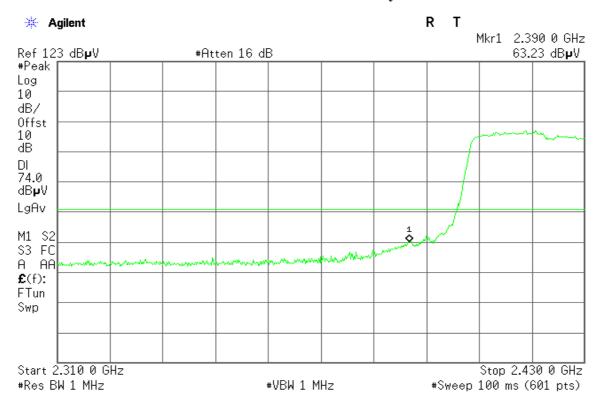
## Detector mode: Average Polarity: Horizontal



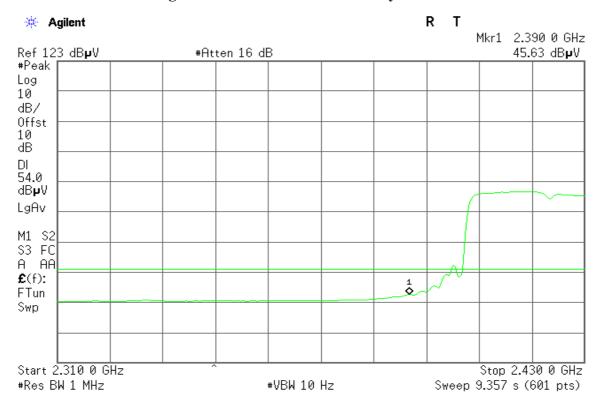


#### Band Edges (draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode / CH Low)

**Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Vertical** 



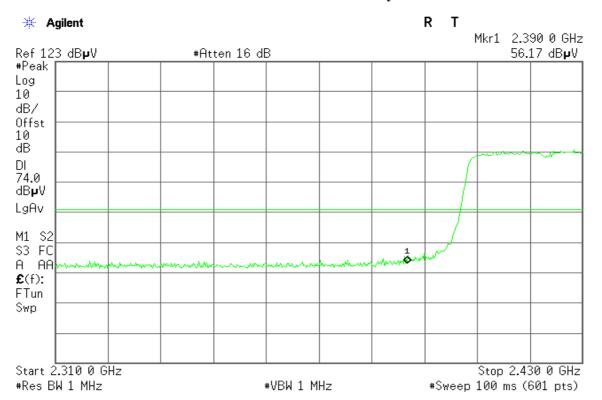
**Polarity: Vertical Detector mode: Average** 



Page 49 Rev. 00



**Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Horizontal** 



## **Detector mode: Average**

#### R T 🔆 Agilent Mkr1 2.390 0 GHz Ref 123 dBpV #Atten 16 dB 43.80 dBpV #Peak Log 10 dB/ Offst 10 dΒ DI 54.0 dB₽V LgAv M1 S2 S3 FC A AA £(f): FTun Swp Start 2.310 0 GHz Stop 2.430 0 GHz #Res BW 1 MHz #VBW 10 Hz Sweep 9.357 s (601 pts)

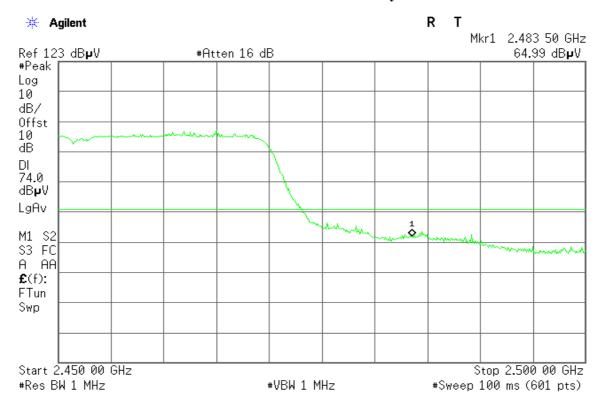
**Polarity: Horizontal** 

Page 50 Rev. 00

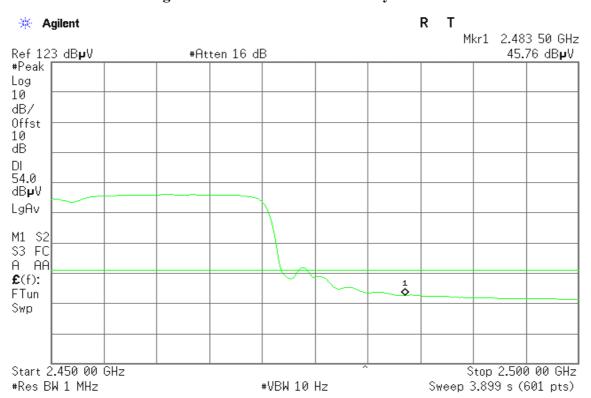


#### Band Edges (draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode / CH High)

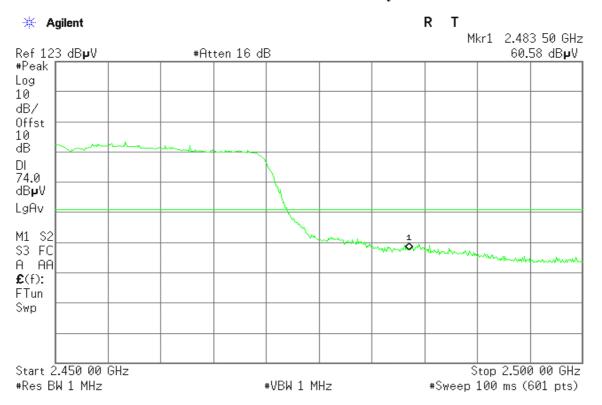
**Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Vertical** 



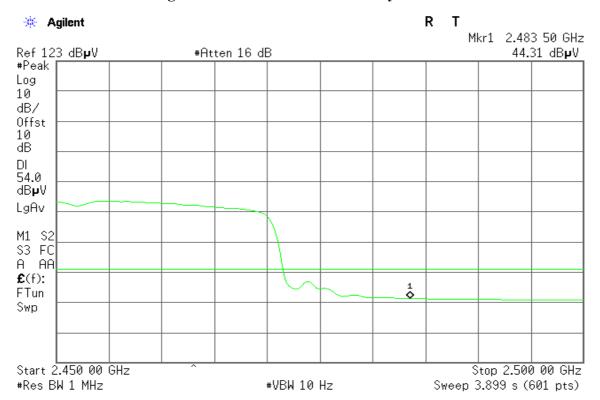
**Polarity: Vertical Detector mode: Average** 



Page 51 Rev. 00 Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Horizontal



## Detector mode: Average Polarity: Horizontal



### 7.5 PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

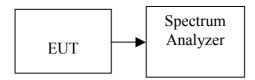
## **LIMIT**

1. According to §15.247(e), for digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

2. According to §15.247(f), the digital modulation operation of the hybrid system, with the frequency hopping turned off, shall comply with the power density requirements of paragraph (d) of this section.

## **Test Configuration**



### **TEST PROCEDURE**

- 1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in transmitting mode.

  Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.
- 2. Set the spectrum analyzer as RBW = 3 kHz, VBW = 10 kHz, Span = 300 kHz, Sweep time = 100 s
- 3. Record the max reading.
- 4. Repeat the above procedure until the measurements for all frequencies are completed.

Page 53 Rev. 00

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

# **TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted

# **Test Data**

### Test mode: IEEE 802.11b mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD Limit (dBm)		Result
Low	2412	0.87		PASS
Mid	2437	1.33	8.00	PASS
High	2462	1.02		PASS

## Test mode: IEEE 802.11g mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Low	2412	-8.35		PASS
Mid	2437	-8.79	8.00	PASS
High	2462	-9.35		PASS

## Test mode: draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result	
Low	2412	-8.68		PASS	
Mid	2437	-9.08	8.00	PASS	
High	2462	-9.55		PASS	

### Test mode: draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Low	2422	-9.45		PASS
Mid	2437	-9.73	8.00	PASS
High	2452	-10.42		PASS

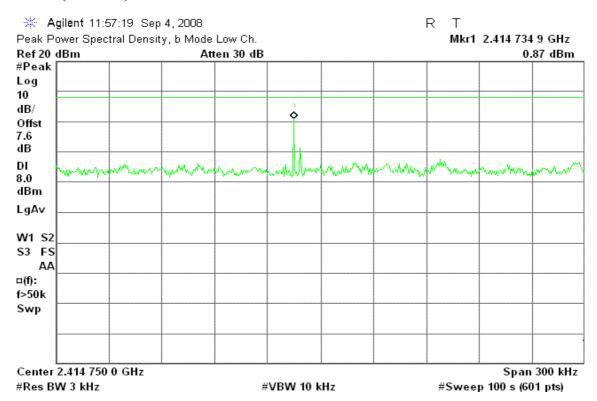
Page 54 Rev. 00

# CCC ID: TLZ-NU706 Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

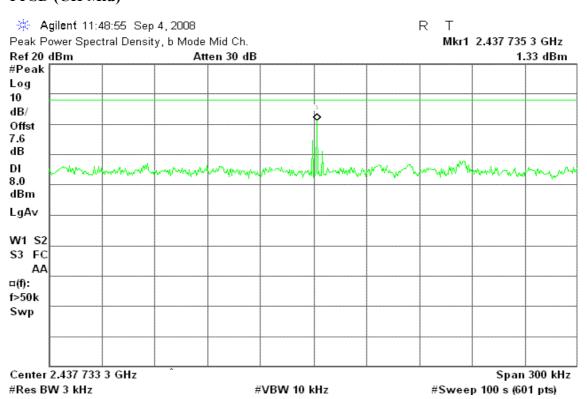
### **Test Plot**

#### **IEEE 802.11b mode**

### PPSD (CH Low)

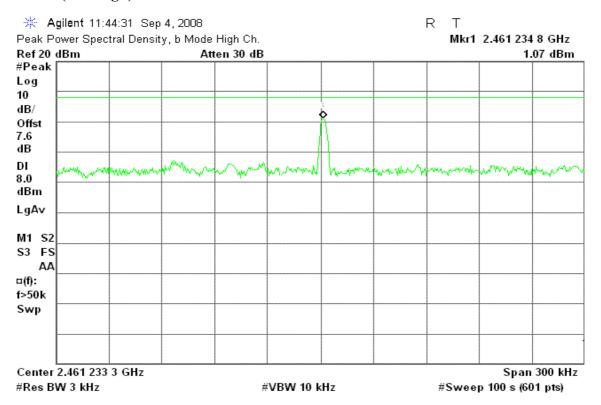


## PPSD (CH Mid)



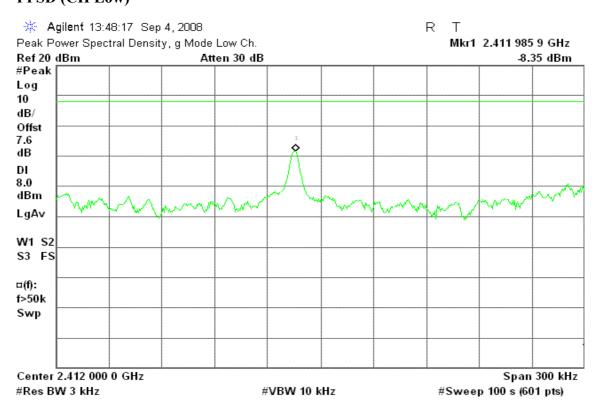
Page 55 Rev. 00

## PPSD (CH High)



## IEEE 802.11g mode

## PPSD (CH Low)

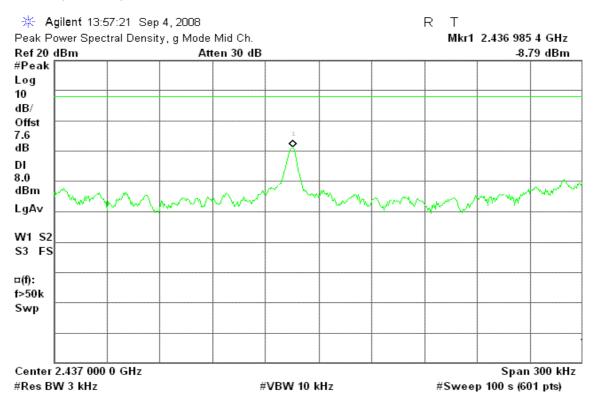


Page 56 Rev. 00

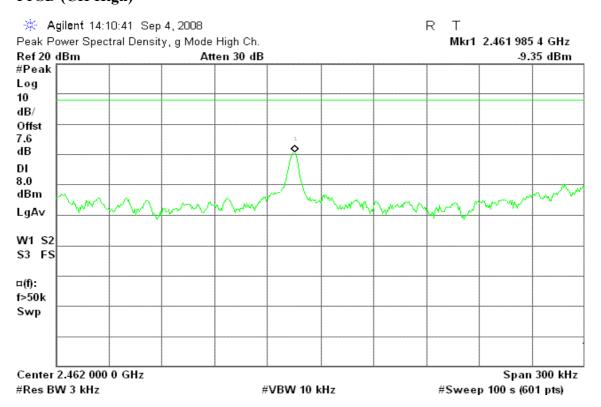
Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

## PPSD (CH Mid)



## PPSD (CH High)

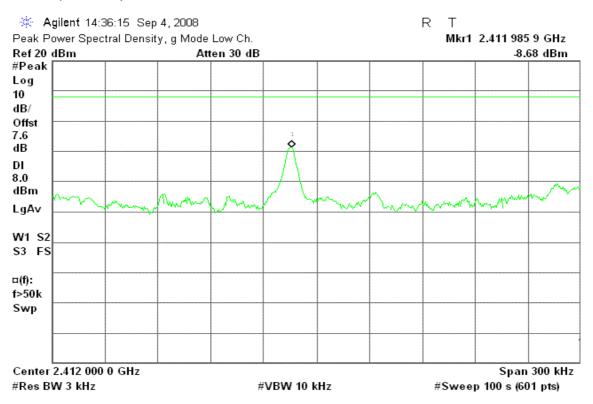


Page 57 Rev. 00

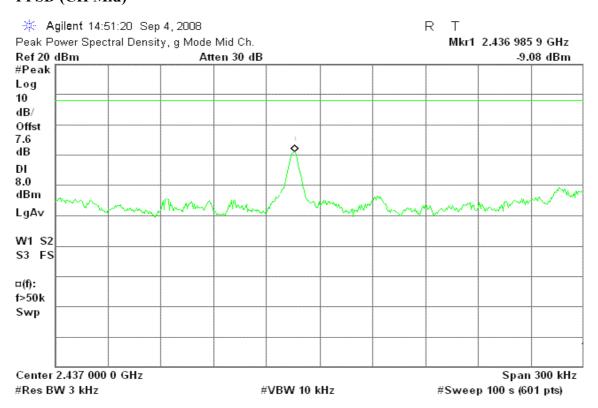
C ID: TLZ-NU706 Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

### draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode

## PPSD (CH Low)



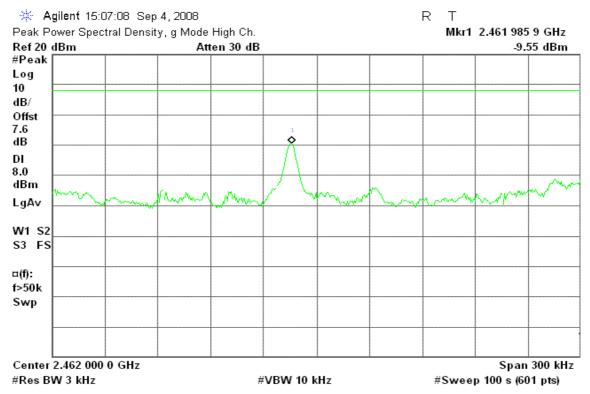
## PPSD (CH Mid)



Page 58 Rev. 00

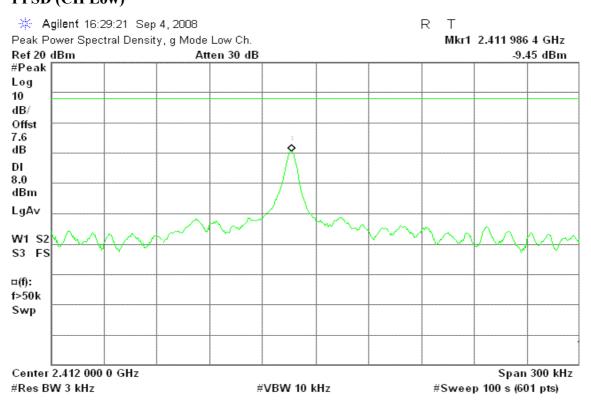
Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

## PPSD (CH High)



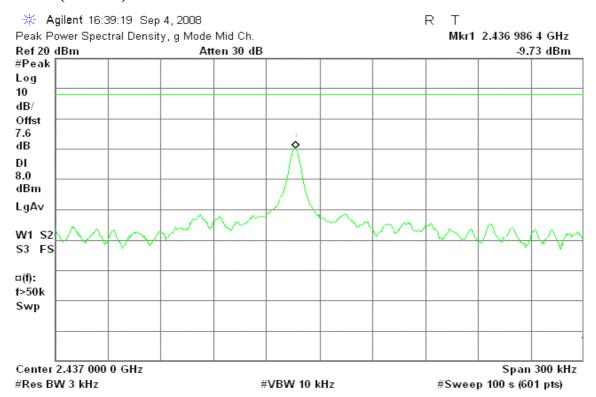
## draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode

# PPSD (CH Low)

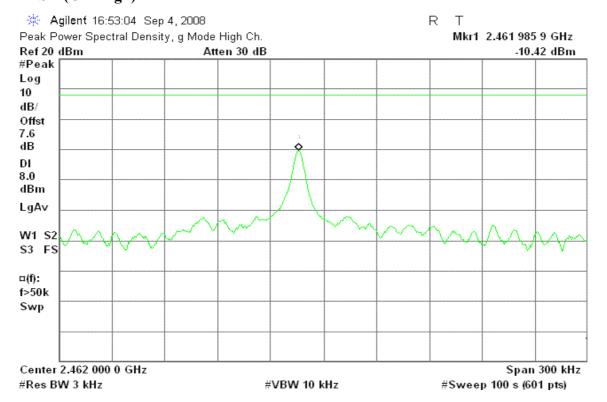


Page 59 Rev. 00

## PPSD (CH Mid)



## PPSD (CH High)



Page 60 Rev. 00

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

#### 7.6 SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

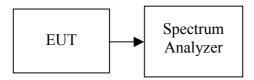
#### 7.6.1 Conducted Measurement

## **LIMIT**

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator in operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

#### **Test Configuration**



## **TEST PROCEDURE**

Conducted RF measurements of the transmitter output were made to confirm that the EUT antenna port conducted emissions meet the specified limit and to identify any spurious signals that require further investigation or measurements on the radiated emissions site.

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 100 kHz.

Measurements are made over the 30MHz to 26GHz range with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

### **TEST RESULTS**

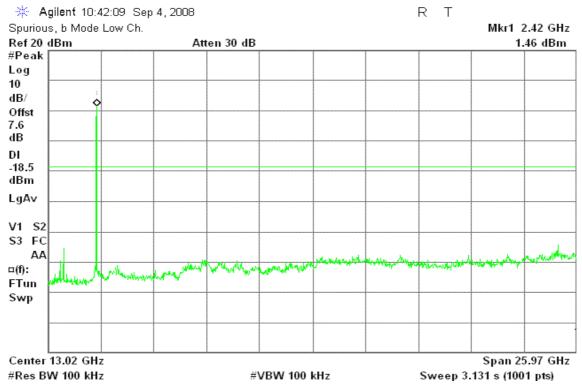
No non-compliance noted

Page 61 Rev. 00

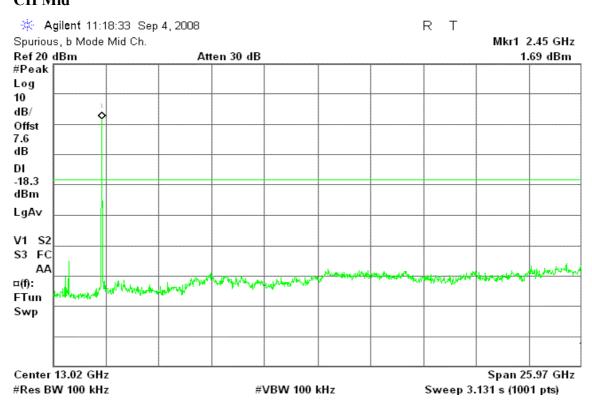
## **Test Plot**

## IEEE 802.11b mode

#### **CH Low**



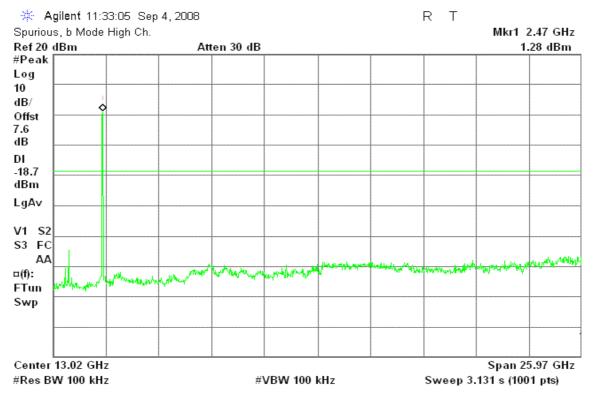
# CH Mid



Page 62 Rev. 00

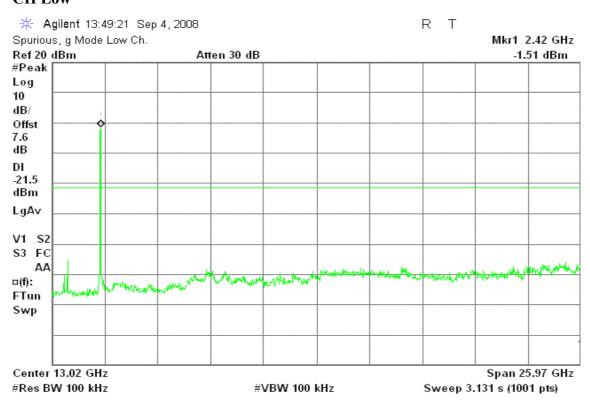
Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

## **CH High**



## IEEE 802.11g mode

## **CH Low**

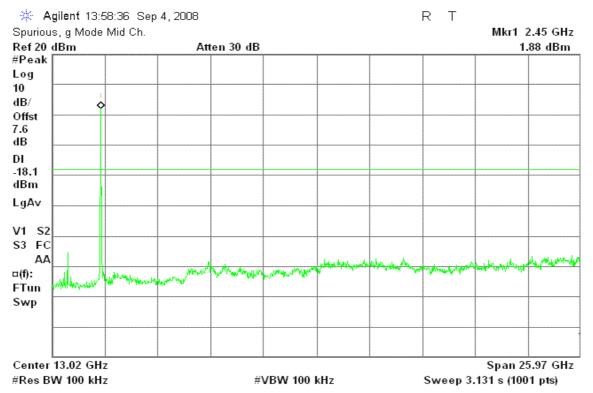


Page 63 Rev. 00

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

Compliance Certification Services Inc. Report No.: 80815201-RP1 Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

#### CH Mid



## CH High

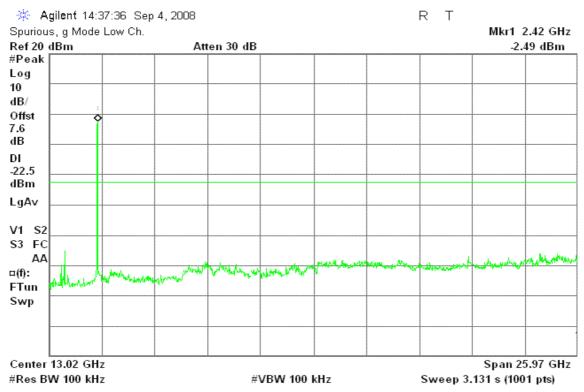


Page 64 Rev. 00

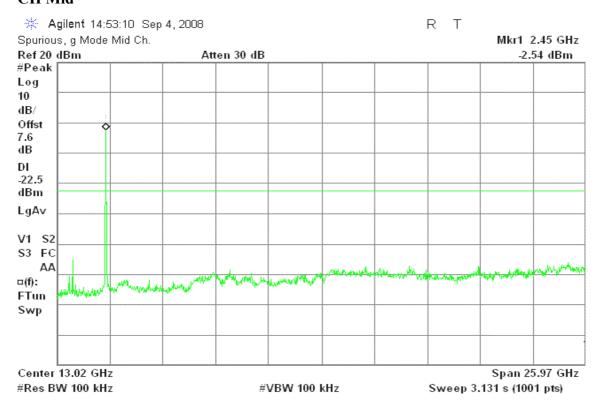


## draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode

#### CH Low



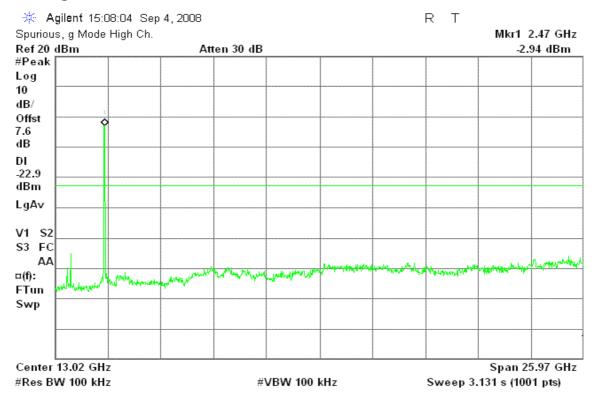
## **CH Mid**



Page 65 Rev. 00

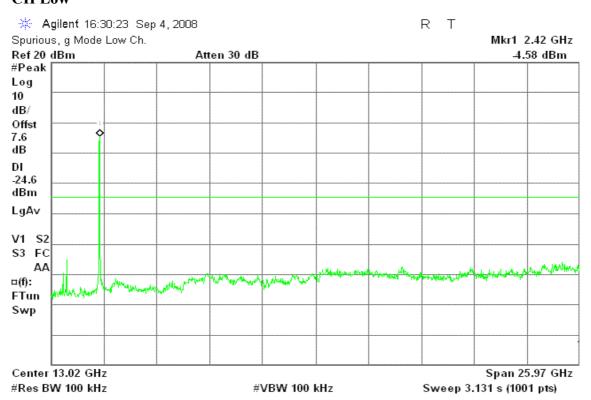


## **CH High**



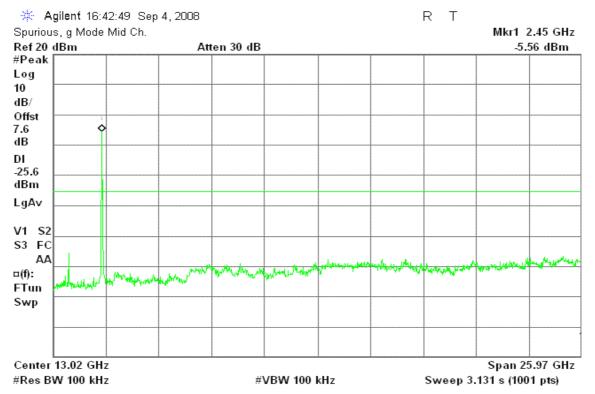
### draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode

## **CH Low**

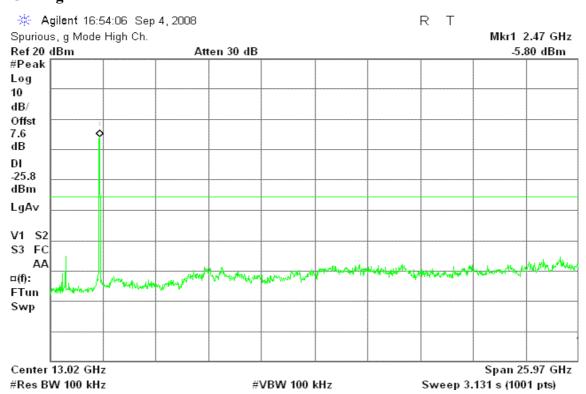


Page 66 Rev. 00 Report No.: 80815201-RP1 Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

#### CH Mid



## CH High



Page 67 Rev. 00

### 7.7 RADIATED EMISSIONS

## **LIMIT**

1. According to §15.209(a), except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
30-88	100*	3
88-216	150*	3
216-960	200*	3
Above 960	500	3

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

**Remark:** Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

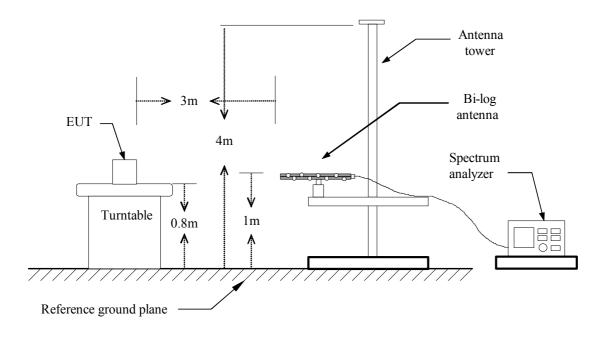
2. In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μV/m at 3-meter)	Field Strength (dBµV/m at 3-meter)
30-88	100	40
88-216	150	43.5
216-960	200	46
Above 960	500	54

Page 68 Rev. 00

## **Test Configuration**

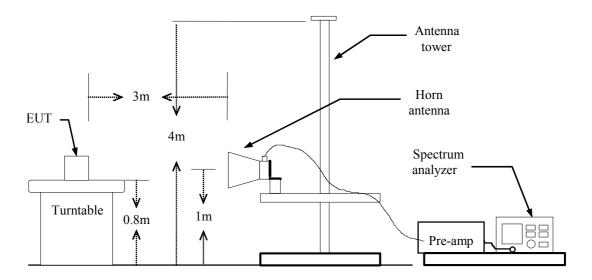
### **Below 1 GHz**



Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Report No.: 80815201-RP1

### **Above 1 GHz**



Page 69 Rev. 00

# **TEST PROCEDURE**

- 1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
- 2. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
- 3. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

- 4. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
- 5. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
- 6. Set the spectrum analyzer in the following setting as:

Below 1GHz:

RBW=100kHz / VBW=300kHz / Sweep=AUTO

Above 1GHz:

(a) PEAK: RBW=VBW=1MHz / Sweep=AUTO

(b) AVERAGE: RBW=1MHz / VBW=10Hz / Sweep=AUTO

7. Repeat above procedures until the measurements for all frequencies are complete.

Page 70 Rev. 00

**Below 1GHz** 

**Operation Mode:** Normal Link **Test Date:** August 28, 2008

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

**Temperature:** 23°C **Tested by:** Mimic Yang

**Humidity:** 53% RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
120.53	V	45.75	-11.02	34.73	43.50	-8.77	Peak
364.65	V	41.23	-9.42	31.81	46.00	-14.19	Peak
600.68	V	39.14	-4.85	34.29	46.00	-11.71	Peak
663.73	V	39.31	-4.38	34.93	46.00	-11.07	Peak
799.53	V	35.99	-1.70	34.28	46.00	-11.72	Peak
972.52	V	37.57	0.26	37.83	54.00	-16.17	Peak
120.53	Н	47.67	-11.02	36.65	43.50	-6.85	QP
240.17	Н	48.98	-12.01	36.97	46.00	-9.03	Peak
366.27	Н	48.80	-9.37	39.43	46.00	-6.57	Peak
600.68	Н	43.56	-4.85	38.70	46.00	-7.30	Peak
663.73	Н	40.10	-4.38	35.72	46.00	-10.28	Peak
799.53	Н	39.73	-1.70	38.03	46.00	-7.97	Peak

#### Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 30 MHz to the 1GHz.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/quasi-peak detector mode.
- 3. Quasi-peak test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the quasi-peak limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 5. Margin (dB) = Result (dBuV/m) Limit (dBuV/m).

Page 71 Rev. 00

**Above 1 GHz** 

**Operation Mode:** TX / IEEE 802.11b / CH Low **Test Date:** September 4, 2008

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

**Temperature:** 25°C **Tested by:** Wolf Huang

**Humidity:** 53 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
N/A										
N/A										
IN/A										

#### Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).

Page 72 Rev. 00

**Operation Mode:** TX / IEEE 802.11b / CH Mid **Test Date:** September 4, 2008

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

**Temperature:** 25°C **Tested by:** Wolf Huang **Humidity:** 53 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
N/A										
1333.33	Н	61.70		-8.75	52.95		74.00	54.00	-1.05	Peak
N/A										

#### Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).

Page 73 Rev. 00

Operation Mode: TX / IEEE 802.11b / CH High Test Date: September 4, 2008

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

Temperature: 20°C Tested by: Wolf Huang

Humidity: 51 % RH Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
4925.00	V	51.44		0.13	51.57		74.00	54.00	-2.43	Peak
N/A										
4925.00	Н	49.73		0.13	49.86		74.00	54.00	-4.14	Peak
N/A										

#### Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).

Page 74 Rev. 00

Operation Mode: TX / IEEE 802.11g / CH Low Test Date: September 4, 2008

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

**Temperature:** 25°C **Tested by:** Wolf Huang **Humidity:** 53 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
N/A										
N/A										
			_							
	·									

#### Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).

Page 75 Rev. 00

Operation Mode: TX / IEEE 802.11g / CH Mid Test Date: September 4, 2008

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

**Temperature:** 25°C **Tested by:** Wolf Huang **Humidity:** 53 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
5716.67	V	49.22		0.72	49.94		74.00	54.00	-4.06	Peak
N/A										
5250.00	Н	49.02		0.17	49.19		74.00	54.00	-4.81	Peak
N/A										

#### Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).

Page 76 Rev. 00

Operation Mode: TX / IEEE 802.11g / CH High Test Date: September 4, 2008

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

**Temperature:** 25°C **Tested by:** Wolf Huang

**Humidity:** 53 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1400.00	V	58.76		-8.60	50.16		74.00	54.00	-3.84	Peak
4091.67	V	47.82		0.84	48.66		74.00	54.00	-5.34	Peak
N/A										
1416.67	Н	59.26		-8.56	50.71		74.00	54.00	-3.29	Peak
4741.67	Н	48.20		0.53	48.74		74.00	54.00	-5.26	Peak
N/A										

#### Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).

Page 77 Rev. 00

Operation Mode: TX / draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode / CH Low Test Date: September 4, 2008

rature: 25°C Tested by: Wolf Hu

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

**Temperature:** 25°C **Tested by:** Wolf Huang **Humidity:** 53 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
4658.33	V	48.83		0.72	49.54		74.00	54.00	-4.46	Peak
5616.67	V	49.94		0.56	50.50		74.00	54.00	-3.50	Peak
N/A										
5133.33	Н	49.76		0.07	49.83		74.00	54.00	-4.17	Peak
6333.33	Н	49.48		1.56	51.04		74.00	54.00	-2.96	Peak
N/A										

#### Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).

Page 78 Rev. 00

Operation Mode: TX / draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel Test Date: September 4, 2008

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

mode / CH Mid

**Temperature:** 25°C **Tested by:** Wolf Huang **Humidity:** 53 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
6150.00	V	49.12		1.34	50.46		74.00	54.00	-3.54	Peak
N/A										
N/A										

## Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).

Page 79 Rev. 00

Operation Mode: TX / draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel Test Date: September 4, 2008

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

mode / CH High

**Temperature:** 25°C **Tested by:** Wolf Huang **Humidity:** 53 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1400.00	V	59.19		-8.60	50.59		74.00	54.00	-3.41	Peak
5650.00	V	49.34		0.62	49.96		74.00	54.00	-4.04	Peak
N/A										
1416.67	Н	59.31		-8.56	50.75		74.00	54.00	-3.25	Peak
5933.33	Н	49.71		1.06	50.78		74.00	54.00	-3.22	Peak
N/A										

#### Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).

Page 80 Rev. 00

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

Operation Mode: TX / draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode / CH Low Test Date: September 4, 2008

**Temperature:** 25°C **Tested by:** Wolf Huang

**Humidity:** 53 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
5566.67	V	49.11		0.48	49.60		74.00	54.00	-4.40	Peak
N/A										
N/A										

#### Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).

Operation Mode: TX / draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode / CH Mid Test Date: September 4, 2008

**Temperature:** 25°C **Tested by:** Wolf Huang

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

Humidity: 53 % RH Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
4608.33	V	49.11		0.83	49.94		74.00	54.00	-4.06	Peak
6158.33	V	49.52		1.35	50.88		74.00	54.00	-3.12	Peak
N/A										
N/A										

#### Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).

Page 82 Rev. 00

Operation Mode: TX / draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode / CH High Test Date: September 4, 2008

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

**Temperature:** 25°C **Tested by:** Wolf Huang

Humidity: 53 % RH Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
4241.67	V	48.89		0.92	49.81		74.00	54.00	-4.19	Peak
7783.33	V	48.83		3.61	52.44		74.00	54.00	-1.56	Peak
N/A										
3266.67	Н	52.10		-0.81	51.29		74.00	54.00	-2.71	Peak
N/A										

#### Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).

Page 83 Rev. 00

# 7.8 POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

# LIMIT

According to  $\S15.207(a)$ , except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limits (dBμV)					
(MILL)	Quasi-peak	Average				
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56*	56 to 46*				
0.50 to 5	56	46				
5 to 30	60	50				

<sup>\*</sup> Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

# **Test Configuration**

See test photographs attached in Appendix 1 for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

# **TEST PROCEDURE**

- 1. The EUT was placed on a table, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
- 2. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
- 3. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measured were complete.

Page 84 Rev. 00

# **TEST RESULTS**

The initial step in collecting conducted data is a spectrum analyzer peak scan of the measurement range. Significant peaks are then marked as shown on the following data page, and these signals are then quasi-peaked.

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

# **Test Data**

**Operation Mode:** Normal Link **Test Date:** September 8, 2008

**Temperature:** 22°C **Tested by:** Ming Chen

**Humidity:** 45% RH

Freq. (MHz)	QP Reading (dBuV)	AV Reading (dBuV)	Corr. factor (dB/m)	QP Result (dBuV/m)	AV Result (dBuV/m)	QP Limit (dBuV)	AV Limit (dBuV)	QP Margin (dB)	AV Margin (dB)	Note
0.1741	52.22	44.12	0.18	52.40	44.30	64.76	54.76	-12.36	-10.46	L1
0.1745	52.32	44.12	0.18	52.50	44.30	64.74	54.74	-12.24	-10.44	L1
0.2340	44.25	36.75	0.15	44.40	36.90	62.31	52.31	-17.91	-15.41	L1
2.3368	41.35	38.65	0.05	41.40	38.70	56.00	46.00	-14.60	-7.30	L1
3.8800	32.74	22.64	0.16	32.90	22.80	56.00	46.00	-23.10	-23.20	L1
4.1100	32.43	22.93	0.17	32.60	23.10	56.00	46.00	-23.40	-22.90	L1
0.1600	36.61	13.31	0.19	36.80	13.50	65.46	55.46	-28.66	-41.96	L2
0.1736	50.32	42.12	0.18	50.50	42.30	64.79	54.79	-14.29	-12.49	L2
0.2300	43.05	37.55	0.15	43.20	37.70	62.45	52.45	-19.25	-14.75	L2
2.0250	43.57	40.27	0.03	43.60	40.30	56.00	46.00	-12.40	-5.70	L2
2.3150	43.45	37.65	0.05	43.50	37.70	56.00	46.00	-12.50	-8.30	L2
3.7050	42.36	32.86	0.14	42.50	33.00	56.00	46.00	-13.50	-13.00	L2

#### Remark:

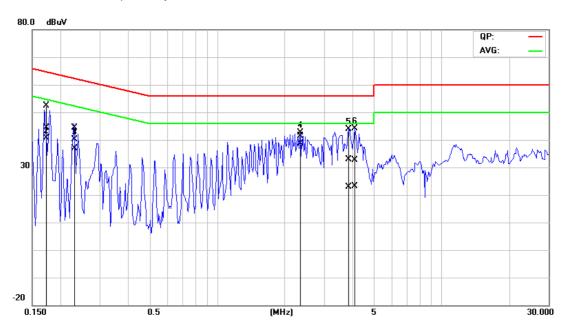
- 1. Measuring frequencies from 0.15 MHz to 30MHz.
- 2. The emissions measured in frequency range from 0.15 MHz to 30MHz were made with an instrument using Quasi-peak detector and average detector.
- 3. The IF bandwidth of SPA between 0.15MHz and 30MHz was 10 kHz; the IF bandwidth of Test Receiver between 0.15MHz and 30MHz was 9 kHz;
- 4.  $L1 = Line \ One \ (Live \ Line) \ / \ L2 = Line \ Two \ (Neutral \ Line)$

Page 85 Rev. 00

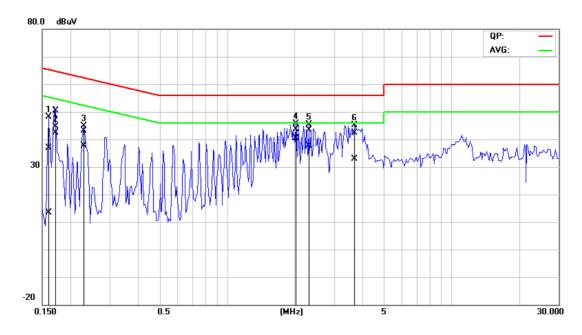
Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

# **Test Plots**

# Conducted emissions (Line 1)



# Conducted emissions (Line 2)



Page 86 Rev. 00

# APPENDIX I RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE

# **LIMIT**

According to §15.247(i), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See § 1.1307(b)(1) of this chapter.

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

# **EUT Specification**

EUT	802.11 b/g/n Wireless USB Mini card				
Frequency band (Operating)	<ul> <li>WLAN: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz</li> <li>WLAN: 5.18GHz ~ 5.32GHz / 5.50GHz ~ 5.70GHz</li> <li>WLAN: 5.745GHz ~ 5.825GHz</li> <li>Others</li> </ul>				
Device category	☐ Portable (<20cm separation) ☐ Mobile (>20cm separation) ☐ Others				
Exposure classification	☐ Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm²) ☐ General Population/Uncontrolled exposure (S=1mW/cm²)				
Antenna diversity	☐ Single antenna ☐ Multiple antennas ☐ Tx diversity ☐ Rx diversity ☐ Tx/Rx diversity				
Max. output power	IEEE 802.11b mode: 16.66 dBm (46.3446 mW) IEEE 802.11g mode: 17.58 dBm (57.27 mW) draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode: 16.35 dBm (43.15 mW) draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode: 14.29 dBm (26.85 mW)				
Antenna gain (Max)	2dBi (Numeric gain: 1.58)				
Evaluation applied					
gain.) 2. DTS device is not subje	ower is 17.58dBm (57.27mW) at 2412MHz (with 1.58 numeric antenna ect to routine RF evaluation; MPE estimate is used to justify the compliance.				

density is 1.0 mW/cm2 even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.

# **TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted.

Page 87 Rev. 00

# **Calculation**

Given

$$E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \quad \& \quad S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$$

Where E = Field strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

 $S = Power\ density\ in\ milliwatts\ /\ square\ centimeter$ 

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P(mW) = P(W) / 1000$$
 and

$$d(cm) = d(m) / 100$$

**Yields** 

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$
 Equation 1

Where d = Distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power\ density\ in\ mW/cm^2$ 

# **Maximum Permissible Exposure**

Substituting the MPE safe distance using d = 20 cm into Equation 1:

Yields

$$S = 0.000199 \times P \times G$$

Where P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power\ density\ in\ mW/cm^2$ 

Page 88 Rev. 00

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008

# **IEEE 802.11b mode:**

EUT output power = 46.34mW

Numeric Antenna gain = 1.58

 $\rightarrow$  Power density = 0.013911 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

# **IEEE 802.11g mode:**

EUT output power = 57.27 mW

Numeric Antenna gain = 1.58

 $\rightarrow$  Power density = 0.017192 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

#### draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode:

EUT output power =43.15 mW

Numeric Antenna gain = 1.58

 $\rightarrow$  Power density = 0.012954mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

#### draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode:

EUT output power = 26.85 mW

Numeric Antenna gain = 1.58

 $\rightarrow$  Power density = 0.00806 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

(For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm² even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.)

Page 89 Rev. 00

Date of Issue: October 14, 2008