

Report on the Radio Testing

For

Renishaw Plc

on

RTSQE

Report no. TRA-046258-47-00B

3 April 2020





Report Number: TRA-046258-47-00B

Issue: E

REPORT ON THE RADIO TESTING OF A Renishaw Plc RTSQE WITH RESPECT TO SPECIFICATION FCC 47CFR 15.247

TEST DATE: 20th November - 20th December 2019

Written by:		D Winstanley Radio Senior Test Engineer
Approved by:		J Charters Lab Manager
Date:	3 April 2020	

Disclaimers:

[1] THIS DOCUMENT MAY BE REPRODUCED ONLY IN ITS ENTIRETY AND WITHOUT CHANGE [2] THE RESULTS CONTAINED IN THIS DOCUMENT RELATE ONLY TO THE ITEM(S) TESTED

1 Revision Record

Issue Number	Issue Date	Revision History
Α	20 th January 2020	Original
В	3 April 2020	Typographical Corrections

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2 Summary

TEST REPORT NUMBER: TRA-046258-47-00B WORKS ORDER NUMBER: TRA-046258-00 PURPOSE OF TEST: USA: Testing of radio frequency equipment per the relevant authorization procedure of chapter 47 of CFR (code of federal regulations) Part 2, subpart J.. TEST SPECIFICATION(S): 47CFR15.247 **EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT): RTSQE** FCC IDENTIFIER: **KQGRTSQE EUT SERIAL NUMBER:** Conducted - 2C3K88, Radiated - 2C3K87 MANUFACTURER/AGENT: Renishaw Plc ADDRESS: New Mills Wotton Under Edge Gloucestershire GL12 8JR United Kingdom **CLIENT CONTACT:** Rich Warren **2** 01453 523240 ⊠ richard.warren@renishaw.com 20th November - 20th December 2019 TEST DATE: TESTED BY: D Winstanley Element

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2.1 Test Summary

Test Method and Description		Requirement Clause47CFR15	Applicable to this equipment	Result / Note
Radiated spurious emissions (restricted bands of operation and cabinet radiation)		15.205	\boxtimes	Pass Note 4
AC power line conducted emission	s	15.207		Note 1
Carrier frequency separation		15.247(a)(1)	\boxtimes	Pass Note 2
Number of hopping channels		15.247(a)(1) (i), (ii) and (iii)	\boxtimes	Pass Note 2
Average time of occupancy		15.247(a)(1) (i), (ii) and (iii)	\boxtimes	Pass Note 2
Maximum peak conducted output power		15.247 (a)(1), (b)(1)		Pass Note 2
Conducted corrier newer	Peak	15 247/b)/2)		Pass
Conducted carrier power	Max.	15.247(b)(3)	\boxtimes	Note 3
Power spectral density, conducted		15.247(e)	\boxtimes	Pass Note 3
20dB emission bandwidth		15.247(a)(1) (i) and (ii)	\boxtimes	Pass Note 2
Occupied bandwidth		15.247(a)(2)	\boxtimes	Pass Note 3
Out-of-band emissions		15.247(d)	\boxtimes	Pass Note 4

Notes:

- 1 Note applicable EUT is battery powered
- 2 Applicable for Mode 1 and Mode 2 FHSS Operation
- 3 Applicable for Mode 2 DTS operation
- Applicable for Mode 1 and Mode 2 (both FHSS and DTS Operation) EUT uses same modulation techniques for both FHSS and DTS operation

The results contained in this report relate only to the items tested, in the condition at time of test, and were obtained in the period between the date of initial receipt of samples and the date of issue of the report.

The apparatus was set up and exercised using the configurations, modes of operation and arrangements defined in this report only. Any modifications made are identified in Section 8 of this report.

Particular operating modes, apparatus monitoring methods and performance criteria required by the standards tested to have been performed except where identified in Section 5.2 of this test report (Deviations from Test Standards).

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4 Introduction

This report TRA-046258-47-00B presents the results of the Radio testing on a Renishaw Plc, RTSQE to specification 47CFR15 Radio Frequency Devices.

The testing was carried out for Renishaw Plc by Element, at the address detailed below.

☐ Element Hull ⊠

Unit E

South Orbital Trading Park

Hedon Road

Hull HU9 1NJ

UK

Unit 1

Pendle Place Skemersdale West Lancashire

WN8 9PN

UK

This report details the configuration of the equipment, the test methods used and any relevant modifications where appropriate.

All test and measurement equipment under the control of the laboratory and requiring calibration is subject to an established programme and procedures to control and maintain measurement standards. The quality management system meets the principles of ISO 9001, and has quality control procedures for monitoring the validity of tests undertaken. Records and sufficient detail are retained to establish an audit trail of calibration records relating to its test results for a defined period. Under control of the established calibration programme, key quantities or values of the test & measurement instrumentation are within specification and comply with the relevant traceable internationally recognised and appropriate standard specifications, which are UKAS calibrated as such where these properties have a significant effect on results. Participation in inter-laboratory comparisons and proficiency testing ensures satisfactory correlation of results conform to Elements own procedures, as well as statistical techniques for analysis of test data providing the appropriate confidence in measurements.

Throughout this report EUT denotes equipment under test.

FCC Site Listing:

Element is accredited for the above sites under the US-EU MRA, Designation number UK0009.

IC Registration Number(s):

Element Hull 3483A Element North West 3930B

The test site requirements of ANSI C63.4-2014 are met up to 1GHz.

The test site SVSWR requirements of CISPR 16-1-4:2010 are met over the frequency range 1 GHz to 18 GHz.

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5 Test Specifications

5.1 Normative References

- FCC 47 CFR Ch. I Part 15 Radio Frequency Devices.
- ANSI C63.10-2013 American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices.
- ANSI C63.4-2014 American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz.

5.2 Deviations from Test Standards

There were no deviations from the test standard.

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6 Glossary of Terms

§ denotes a section reference from the standard, not this document

\$ denotes a section reAC Alternating Current

ANSI American National Standards Institute

BW bandwidth C Celsius

CFR Code of Federal Regulations

CW Continuous Wave

dB decibel

dBm dB relative to 1 milliwatt

DC Direct Current

DSSS Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum
Equivalent Isotropically Radiated Power

ERP Effective Radiated Power EUT Equipment Under Test

FCC Federal Communications Commission FHSS Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum

Hz hertz

IC Industry Canada

ITU International Telecommunication Union

LBT Listen Before Talk

m metremax maximum

MIMO Multiple Input and Multiple Output

min minimum

MRA Mutual Recognition Agreement

N/A Not Applicable
PCB Printed Circuit Board
PDF Portable Document Format

Pt-mpt Point-to-multipoint
Pt-pt Point-to-point
RF Radio Frequency
RH Relative Humidity
RMS Root Mean Square

Rx receiver second

SVSWR Site Voltage Standing Wave Ratio

Tx transmitter

UKAS United Kingdom Accreditation Service

 $\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{V} & \text{volt} \\ \textbf{W} & \text{watt} \\ \textbf{\Omega} & \text{ohm} \end{array}$

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7 Equipment Under Test

7.1 EUT Identification

Name: RTSQE

Serial Number: Conducted - 2C3K88, Radiated - 2C3K87

• Model Number: RTSQE

Software Revision: Not Applicable

• Build Level / Revision Number: Not Applicable

7.2 System Equipment

Equipment listed below forms part of the overall test setup and is required for equipment functionality and/or monitoring during testing. The compliance levels achieved in this report relate only to the EUT and not items given in the following list.

Not Applicable – No support/monitoring equipment required.

7.3 EUT Mode of Operation

7.3.1 Transmission

The mode of operation for Tx tests was as follows.

The EUT contains selections for test menus for Mode 1 or Mode 2 and selection of normal operation.

These test menus allow the unit to be set to top, middle or bottom frequencies or hopping across all frequencies in either Mode 1 or Mode 2.

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7.4 EUT Radio Parameters

7.4.1 General

Frequency of operation:	2400 MHz - 2483.5 MHz
Modulation type(s):	Mode 1: 1 MBps Binary GFSK Frequency Hopping Mode 2: 2 MBps Binary GFSK Frequency Hopping Mode 2: 2 MBps Binary GFSK DSSS
Occupied channel bandwidth(s):	Mode 1: 1 MHz Mode 2: 2 MHz
Channel spacing:	Mode 1: 1 MHz Mode 2: 2 MHz
Declared output power(s):	Mode 1: 0dBm Mode 2: +4dBm
Nominal Supply Voltage:	3.0 Vdc
Antenna Gain:	-1.65 dBi

7.5 EUT Description

The EUT is a measuring probe, using the 2400 MHz - 2483.5 MHz frequency band, and uses frequency hopping and DTS.

Mode 1 uses FHSS operating over 79 channels. Mode 2 uses DTS and FHSS over 39 channels. DTS mode is used during setup and FHSS mode in probe operation.

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8 Modifications

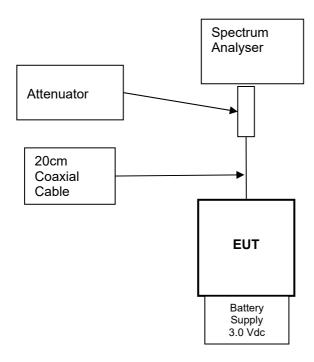
No modifications were performed during this assessment.

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9 EUT Test Setup

9.1 Block Diagram

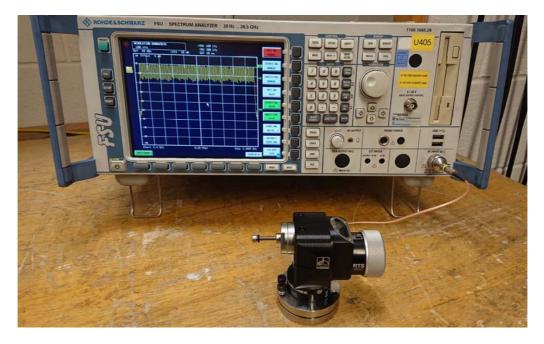
The following diagram shows basic EUT interconnections with cable type and cable lengths identified:



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9.2 General Set-up Photograph

The following photograph shows basic EUT set-up:



9.3 Measurement software

Where applicable, the following software was used to perform measurements contained within this report.

Element Emissions R5 (See Note) Element Transmitter Bench Test (See Note) ETS Lindgren EMPower V1.0.4.2

Note:

The version of the Element software used is recorded in the results sheets contained within this report.

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10 General Technical Parameters

10.1 Normal Conditions

The E U T was tested under the normal environmental conditions of the test laboratory, except where otherwise stated. The normal power source applied was approx. 3 Vdc from alkaline batteries

10.2 Varying Test Conditions

There are no specific frequency stability requirements for the type of device. The results contained in this report demonstrate that the occupied bandwidth is contained within the authorised band and the manufacturer has declared sufficient frequency stability (refer to section 7.4).

Variation of supply voltage is required to ensure stability of the declared output power. During carrier power testing the following variations were made:

	Category	ory Nominal Variation	
	Mains	110 V ac +/-2 %	85 % and 115 %
\boxtimes	Battery	New battery	N/A

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11 Radiated emissions

11.1 Definitions

Spurious emissions

Emissions on a frequency or frequencies, which are outside the necessary bandwidth and the level of which may be reduced without affecting the corresponding transmission of information. Spurious emissions include harmonic emissions, parasitic emissions, intermodulation products and frequency conversion products, but exclude out-of-band emissions.

Restricted bands

A frequency band in which intentional radiators are permitted to radiate only spurious emissions but not fundamental signals.

11.2 Test Parameters

Test Location: Element Skelmersdale

Test Chamber: Chamber 3

Test Standard and Clause: ANSI C63.10-2013, Clause 6.5 and 6.6

EUT Channels Measured: Low / Mid / High
EUT Channel Bandwidths: 1 MHz / 2 MHz

Deviations From Standard: None

Measurement BW: 30 MHz to 1 GHz: 120 kHz; Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz

Measurement Detector: Up to 1 GHz: quasi-peak; Above 1 GHz: RMS average and Peak

Environmental Conditions (Normal Environment)

Temperature: 23 °C +15 °C to +35 °C (as declared)

Humidity: 39 % RH 20 % RH to 75 % RH (as declared)

Supply: 3 V dc

11.3 Test Limit

Unwanted emissions that fall within the restricted frequency bands shall comply with the limits specified:

General Field Strength Limits for License-Exempt Transmitters at Frequencies above 30 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μV/m at 3 m)	
30 to 88	100	
88 to 216	150	
216 to 960	200	
Above 960	500	

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11.4 Test Method

With the EUT setup as per section 9 of this report and connected as per Figure i, the emissions from the EUT were measured on a spectrum analyzer / EMI receiver.

Radiated electromagnetic emissions from the EUT are checked first by preview scans. Preview scans for all spectrum and modulation characteristics are checked, using a peak detector and where applicable worst-case determined for function, operation, orientation, etc. for both vertical and horizontal polarisations. Pre-scan plots are shown with a peak detector and 100 kHz RBW.

If the EUT connects to auxiliary equipment and is table or floor standing, the configurations prescribed in ANSI C63.10 are followed. Alternatively, a layout closest to normal use (as declared by the provider) is employed, (see EUT setup photographs for more detail).

Emissions between 30 MHz and 1 GHz are measured using calibrated broadband antennas. Emissions above 1 GHz are characterized using standard gain horn antennas. Pre-amplifiers and filters are used where required. Care is taken to ensure that test receiver resolution bandwidth, video bandwidth and detector type(s) meet the regulatory requirements.

For both horizontal and vertical polarizations, the EUT is then rotated through 360 degrees in azimuth until the highest emission is detected. At the previously determined azimuth the test antenna is raised and lowered from 1 to 4 m in height until a maximum emission level is detected, this maximum value is recorded.

Power values measured on the test receiver / analyzer are converted to field strength, FS, in $dB\mu V/m$ at the regulatory distance, using:

Where.

PR is the power recorded on the receiver / spectrum analyzer in dBµV;

CL is the cable loss in dB;

AF is the test antenna factor in dB/m;

PA is the pre-amplifier gain in dB (where used);

DC is the duty correction factor in dB (where used, e.g. harmonics of pulsed fundamental);

CF is the distance factor in dB (where measurement distance different to limit distance);

This field strength value is then compared with the regulatory limit.

Figure i Test Setup



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11.5 Test Set-up Photographs





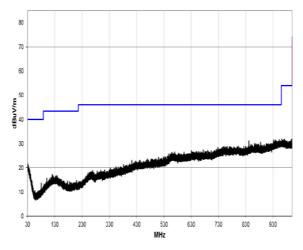
11.6 Test Equipment

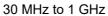
Equipment		Equipment	Element	Due For
Description	Manufacturer	Туре	No	Calibration
Spectrum Analyser	R&S	FSU46	REF910	2020-10-17
Bilog	Chase	CBL611/A	U573	2021-09-19
Log Periodic Ant	Chase	UPA6108	L203	2020-06-11
PreAmp	Watkins Johnson	6201-69	U372	2020-02-25
8449B	Agilent	Pre Amp	L572	2020-10-15
1-18GHz Horn	EMCO	3115	L139	2021-07-16

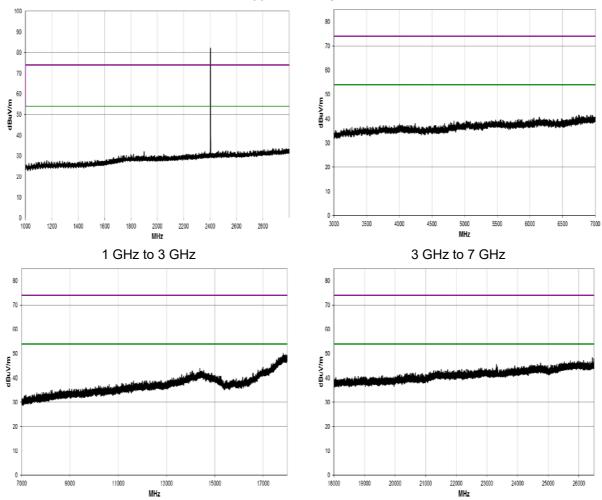
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11.7 Test Results

2403 MHz - 1 Mbps







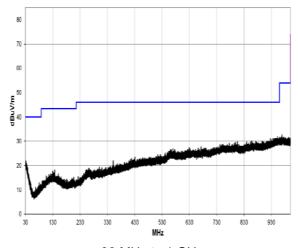
	Frequency	v 2403 MHz; Dat	a rate 1 Mbps:		
Emission	Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Result
No sigi	No significant emissions above the system measurement noise floor				

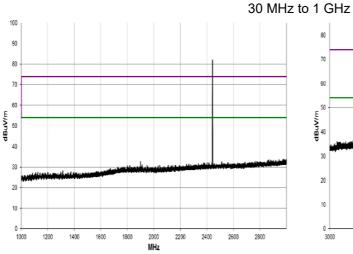
18 GHz to 26.5 GHz

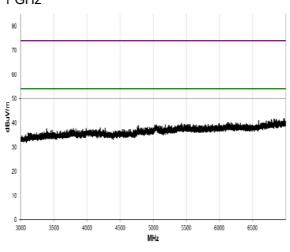
7 GHz to 18 GHz

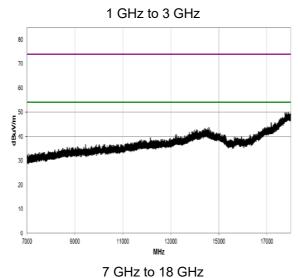
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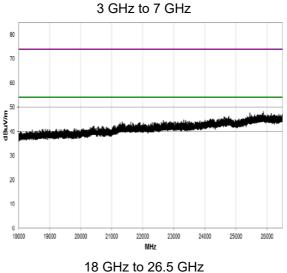
2442 MHz - 1 Mbps











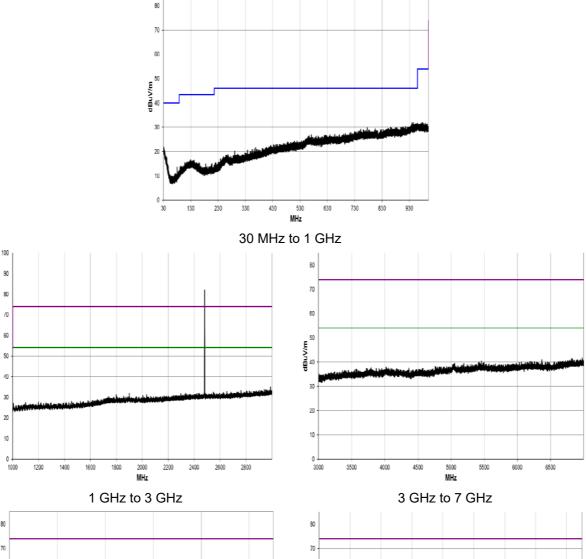
Frequency 2442 MHz; Data rate 1 Mbps:

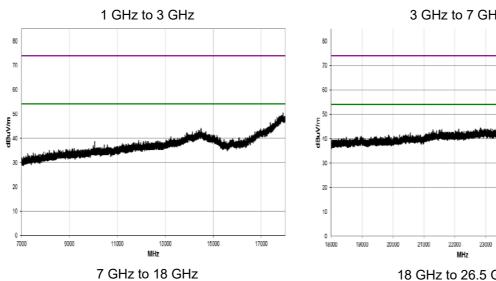
Emission Frequency Level Limit Margin (dBm) (dBm) (dBm) Result

No significant emissions above the system measurement noise floor PASS

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2481 MHz - 1 Mbps



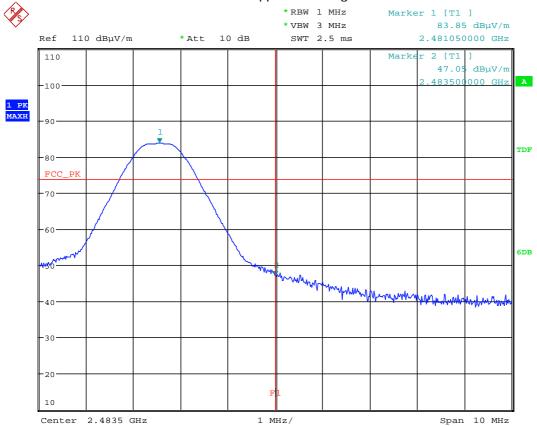


	Frequency	v 2481 MHz; Data	a rate 1 Mbps:		
Emission	Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Result
No significant emissions above the system measurement noise floor					PASS

18 GHz to 26.5 GHz

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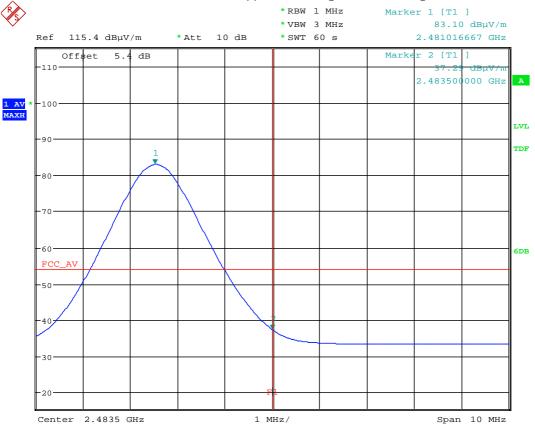
2481 MHz Upper Band Edge Plot – Peak



Date: 19.NOV.2019 13:36:12

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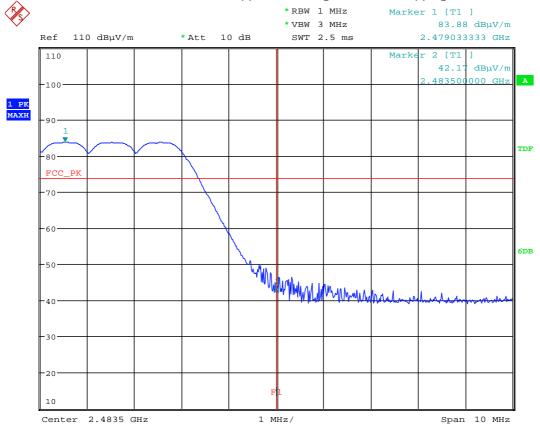
2481 MHz Upper Band Edge Plot – Average



Date: 19.NOV.2019 13:37:59

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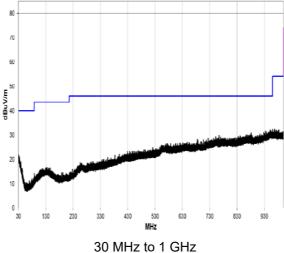
2481 MHz Upper Band Edge Plot - All Hopping

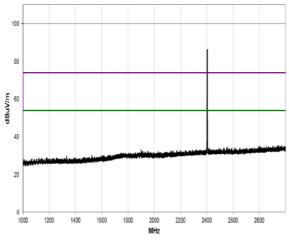


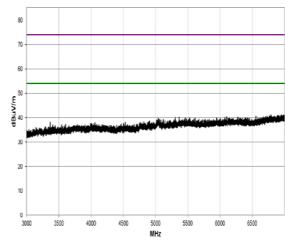
Date: 19.NOV.2019 13:44:25

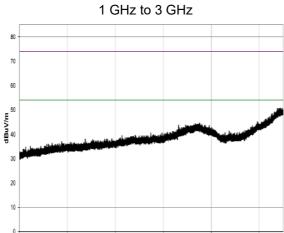
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2404 MHz - 2 Mbps

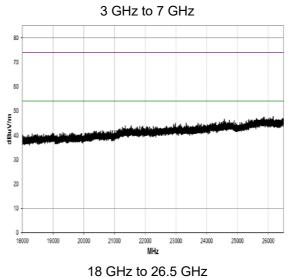








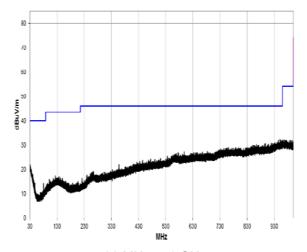
7 GHz to 18 GHz



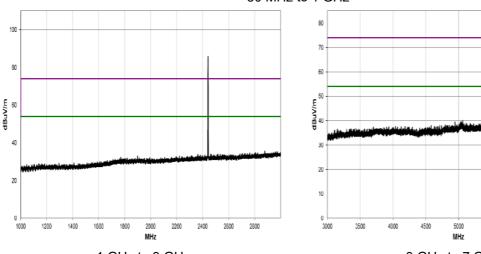
Frequency 2404 MHz; Data rate 2 Mbps: Frequency (MHz) Margin (dB) Level Limit **Emission** Result (dBm) (dBm) **PASS** No significant emissions above the system measurement noise floor

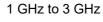
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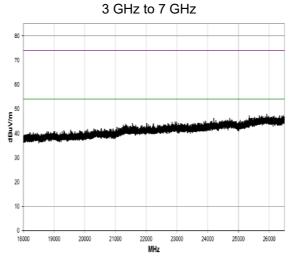
2442 MHz - 2 Mbps



30 MHz to 1 GHz







50 W/Angp				and the same of th	Name of Street	N. C.
30						
20						
10 -						
0 -	nn gr	100 110	000 13	000 15	000 17	000

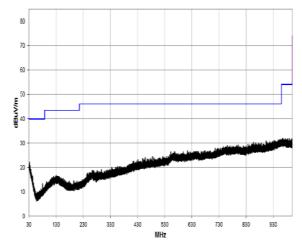
7 GHz to 18 GHz

18 GHz to 26.5 GHz

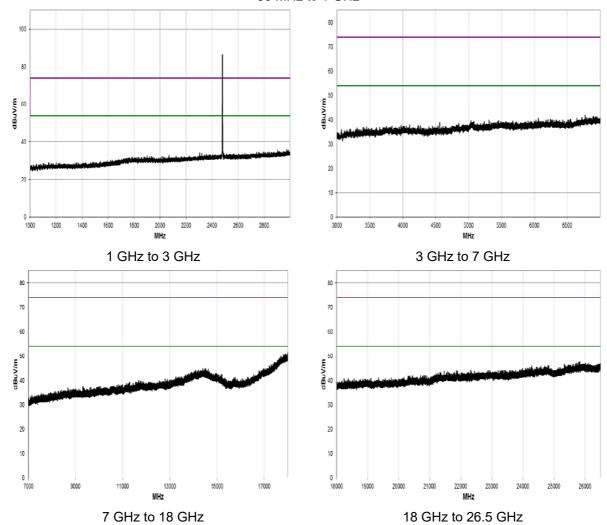
Frequency 2442 MHz; Data rate 2 Mbps:					
Emission	Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Result
No significant emissions above the system measurement noise floor				PASS	

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2480 MHz - 2 Mbps



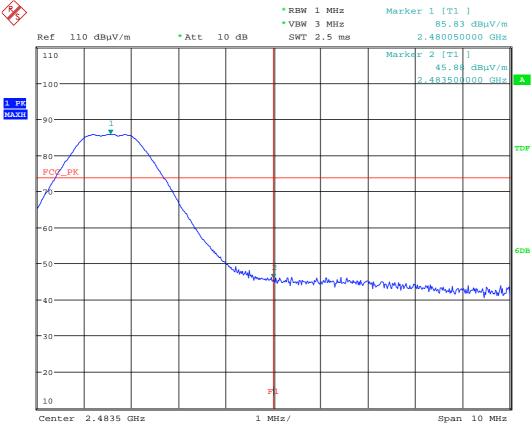
30 MHz to 1 GHz



	Frequency	√ 2480 MHz; Data	a rate 2 Mbps:		
Emission	Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Result
No significant emissions above the system measurement noise floor					PASS

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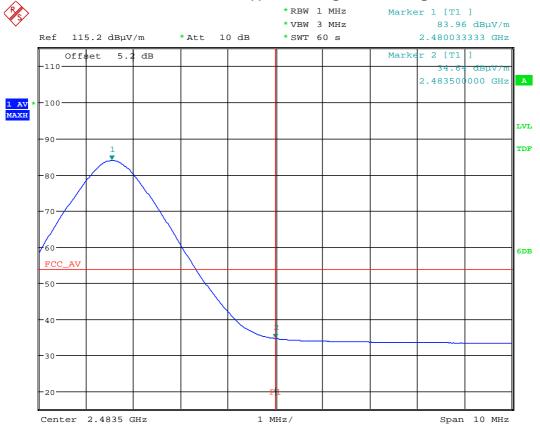
2481 MHz Upper Band Edge Plot – Peak



Date: 19.NOV.2019 13:18:58

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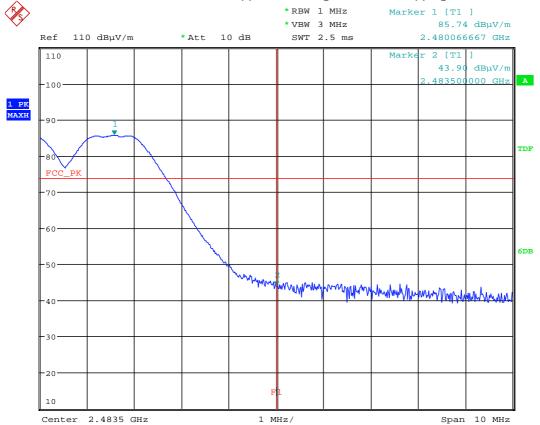
2481 MHz Upper Band Edge Plot - Average



Date: 19.NOV.2019 13:48:17

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2481 MHz Upper Band Edge Plot - All Hopping



Date: 19.NOV.2019 13:25:48

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12 Carrier frequency separation

12.1 Definition

The carrier frequency separation is the frequency separation between two adjacent hopping frequencies.

12.2 Test Parameters

Test Location: Element Skelmersdale
Test Chamber: Radio Laboratory

Test Standard and Clause: ANSI C63.10-2013, Clause 7.8.2

EUT Channels / Frequencies Measured: Mode 1: 2403 to 2481 MHz

Mode 2: 2404 to 2480

EUT 20dB Bandwidth: Mode 1: 940.4 kHz

Mode 2: 1839.7 kHz

EUT Test Modulations: Internal pattern generation – hopping enabled

Deviations From Standard:

Measurement BW:

Measurement Detector:

Peak

Environmental Conditions (Normal Environment)

Temperature: 23 °C +15 °C to +35 °C (as declared)

Humidity: 29 % RH 20 % RH to 75 % RH (as declared)

Supply: 3.0 Vdc

12.3 Test Limit

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the -20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the band 2400 to 2483.5 MHz may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the -20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided that the systems operate with an output power no greater than 0.125 W.

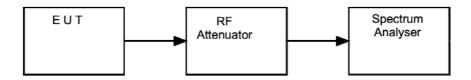
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12.4 Test Method

With the EUT setup as per section 9 of this report and connected as per Figure iii, the emissions of the EUT were measured on a spectrum analyser.

The measurements were performed with EUT set at its maximum duty. All modulation schemes, data rates and power settings were used to observe the worst-case configuration in each nominal bandwidth.

Figure iii Test Setup



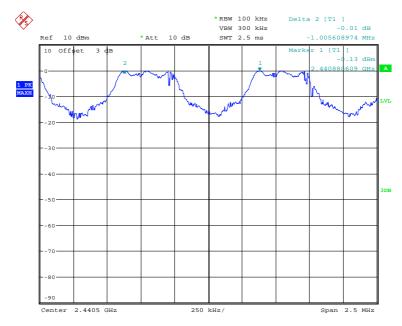
12.5 Test Equipment

Equipment		Equipment	Element	Due For
Type	Manufacturer	Description	No	Calibration
FSU26	R&S	Spectrum Analyser	U405	2020-10-21
AA18-03H	Atlantec	3dB SMA Attenuator	U637	Cal in Use

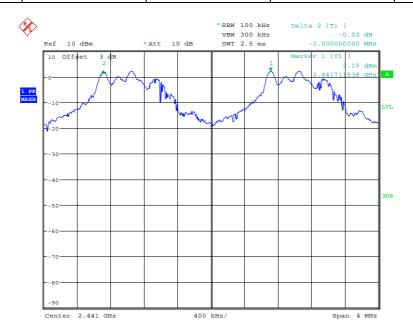
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12.6 Test Results

Mode 1: 1Mbps					
		Result			
1 MBps	2439.875000	2440.880609	1005.608974	PASS	



Mode 2: 2Mbps					
Data Rate F1c F2c Separati (MHz) F2c		Channel Separation, $F2_c - F1_c$ (MHz)	Result		
2 MBps	2439.711538	2441.711538	2 MHz	PASS	



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13 Number of hopping frequencies

13.1 Definition

The total number of hopping frequencies (the centre frequencies defined within the hopping sequence of a FHSS equipment) which are randomly sequenced in order to spread the transmission.

13.2 Test Parameters

Test Location: Element Skelmersdale

Test Chamber: Radio Laboratory

Test Standard and Clause: ANSI C63.10-2013, Clause 7.8.3

EUT Channels / Frequencies Measured: All; 2405 – 2480 MHz
EUT 20dB Bandwidth: Mode 1: 940.4 kHz

Mode 2: 1839.7 kHz

EUT Test Modulations: Internal pattern generation – hopping enabled

Deviations From Standard:

Measurement Detector:

Peak

Environmental Conditions (Normal Environment)

Temperature: 24 °C +15 °C to +35 °C (as declared)

Humidity: 37 % RH 20 % RH to 75 % RH (as declared)

Supply: 3.0 V dc

13.3 Test Limit

- For frequency hopping systems in the band 902 to 928 MHz: if the -20 dB bandwidth of the
 hopping channel is less than 250 kHz, the system shall use at least 50 hopping channels;
 If the -20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 250 kHz or greater, the system shall use at
 least 25 hopping channels;
- Frequency hopping systems operating in the band 2400 to 2483.5 MHz shall use at least 15 hopping channels;
- Frequency hopping systems operating in the band 5725 to 5850 MHz shall use at least 75 hopping channels.

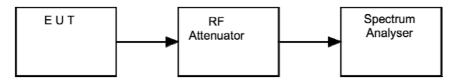
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13.4 Test Method

With the EUT setup as per section 9 of this report and connected as per Figure iv, the emissions of the EUT were measured on a spectrum analyser.

The measurements were performed with EUT set at its maximum duty. All modulation schemes, data rates and power settings were used to observe the worst-case configuration in each nominal bandwidth.

Figure iv Test Setup



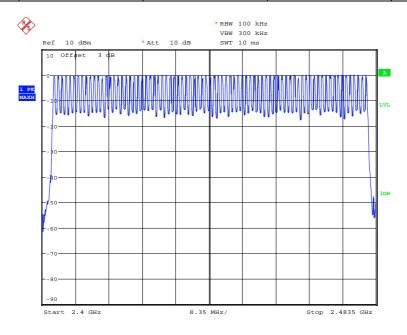
13.5 Test Equipment

Equipment		Equipment	Element	Due For
Туре	Manufacturer	Description	No	Calibration
FSU26	R&S	Spectrum Analyser	U405	2020-10-21
AA18-03H	Atlantec	3dB SMA Attenuator	U637	Cal in Use

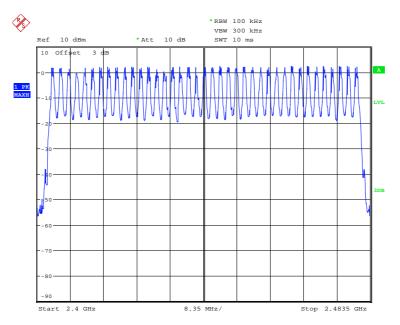
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13.6 Test Results

Data Rate	Lowest channel, F _{CL} (MHz)	Highest channel, Fcн (MHz)	Number of channels observed	Result
1 MBps	2403.0 MHz	2481.0 MHz	79	PASS



Data Rate	Lowest channel, F _{CL} (MHz)	Highest channel, Fcн (MHz)	Number of channels observed	Result
2 MBps	2404.0 MHz	2480.0 MHz	39	PASS



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14 Average channel occupancy

14.1 Definition

The channel occupancy is the total of the transmitter 'on' times, during an observation period, on a particular hopping frequency.

14.2 Test Parameters

Test Location: Element Skelmersdale

Test Chamber: Radio Laboratory

Test Standard and Clause: ANSI C63.10-2013, Clause 7.8.4

Frequencies Measured: 2442.0 MHz

EUT 20dB bandwidth: Mode 1: 940.4 kHz

Mode 2: 1839.7 kHz

EUT Number of hopping channels: Mode 1: 79

Mode 2: 39

EUT Test Modulations: Internal pattern generation – hopping enabled

Deviations From Standard:

Measurement BW:

Measurement Detector:

Peak

Environmental Conditions (Normal Environment)

Temperature: 22 °C +15 °C to +35 °C (as declared)

Humidity: 30 % RH 20 % RH to 75 % RH (as declared)

Supply: 3.0 Vdc

14.3 Test Limit

- For frequency hopping systems in the band 902 to 928 MHz: if the -20 dB bandwidth of the
 hopping channel is less than 250 kHz, the average time of occupancy on any channel shall
 not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 20 second period;
 If the -20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 250 kHz or greater, the average time of
 occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 10 second period;
- Frequency hopping systems operating in the band 2400 to 2483.5 MHz: The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds, multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed;
- Frequency hopping systems operating in the band 5725 to 5850 MHz: The average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 30 second period.

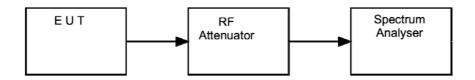
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14.4 Test Method

With the EUT setup as per section 9 of this report and connected as per Figure v, the emissions of the EUT were measured on a spectrum analyser.

The measurements were performed with EUT set at its maximum duty. A number of hops were observed to confirm consistency of the dwell time / observe the worst case. All modulation schemes, data rates and power settings were used to observe the worst-case configuration.

Figure v Test Setup



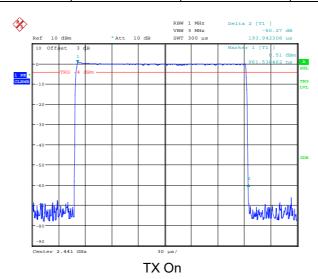
14.5 Test Equipment

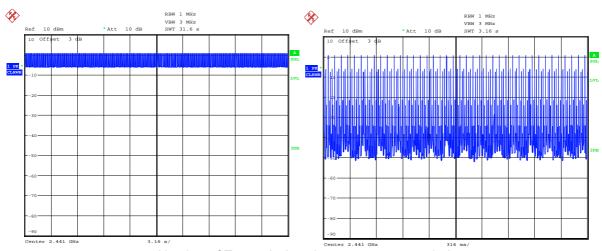
Equipment		Equipment	Element	Due For
Туре	Manufacturer	Description	No	Calibration
FSU26	R&S	Spectrum Analyser	U405	2020-10-21
AA18-03H	Atlantec	3dB SMA Attenuator	U637	Cal in Use

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14.6 Test Results

Mode 1: 1Mbps						
Data Rate	Individual occupancy time (ms)	Observation period (s)	Number of hops observed	Average time of occupancy (s)	Result	
1Mbps	0.193942	31.6	400	0.0775768	PASS	



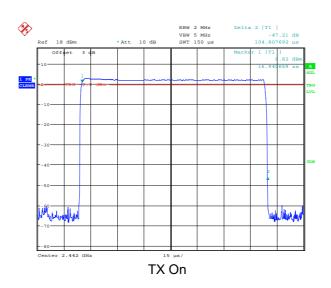


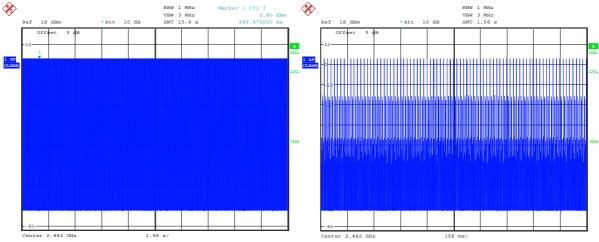
Number of Transmissions in measurement period

Number of transmissions in a 3.16 second period = 40Number of transmissions in a 31.6 second period = 40 * 10 = 400

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Mode 2: 2Mbps						
Data Rate	Individual occupancy time (ms)	Observation period (s)	Number of hops observed	Average time of occupancy (s)	Result	
2Mbps	0.104807	15.6	810	0.08489367	PASS	





Number of Transmissions in measurement period

Number of transmissions in a 1.56 second period = 81 Number of transmissions in a 15.6 second period = 81 * 10 = 810

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15 Maximum peak conducted output power

15.1 Definition

The maximum peak conducted output power is defined as the maximum power level measured with a peak detector using a filter with width and shape of which is sufficient to accept the signal bandwidth.

The maximum conducted output power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level.

15.2 Test Parameters

Test Location: Element Skelmersdale

Test Chamber: Radio Laboratory

Test Standard and Clause: ANSI C63.10-2013, Clause 7.8.5

Frequencies Measured: Mode 1: 2403 MHz / 2442 MHz / 2481 MHz – hopping disabled.

Mode 2: 2404 MHz / 2442 MHz / 2480 MHz - hopping disabled / DTS

EUT Channel Bandwidths: Mode 1: 1 MHz

Mode 2: 2 MHz

Deviations From Standard: None

Measurement BW: Mode 1: 1 MHz

Mode 2: 2 MHz

Spectrum Analyzer Video BW: Mode 1: 3 MHz

Mode 2: 5 MHz

Measurement Detector: Peak

Voltage Extreme Environment Test

Range:

Battery Power = new battery.

Environmental Conditions (Normal Environment)

Temperature: 24 °C +15 °C to +35 °C (as declared)
Humidity: 37 % RH 20 % RH to 75 % RH (as declared)

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15.3 Test Limit

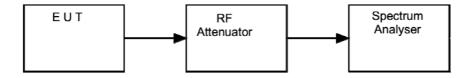
- For frequency hopping systems operating in the band 902 to 928 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1 W, and the e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W, if the hopset uses 50 or more hopping channels; the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 0.25 W, and the e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 1 W, if the hopset uses less than 50 hopping channels.
- For frequency hopping systems operating in the band 2400 to 2483.5 MHz and employing at least 75 hopping channels, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1 W; for all other frequency hopping systems in the band, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 0.125 W. The e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W.
- For frequency hopping systems operating in the band 5725 to 5850 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1 W. The e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W.
- Point-to-point systems in the bands 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725 to 5850 MHz are permitted to have an e.i.r.p. higher than 4 W provided that the higher e.i.r.p. is achieved by employing higher gain directional antennas and not higher transmitter output powers.
- For systems employing digital modulation techniques operating in the bands 902 to 928 MHz, 2400 to 2483.5 MHz and 5725 to 5850 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1 W.

15.4 Test Method

With the EUT setup as per section 9 of this report and connected as per Figure vi, the resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyser was increased above the EUT occupied bandwidth and the peak emission data noted.

The measurements were performed with EUT set at its maximum duty. All modulation schemes, data rates and power settings were used to observe the worst-case configuration in each bandwidth.

Figure vi Test Setup



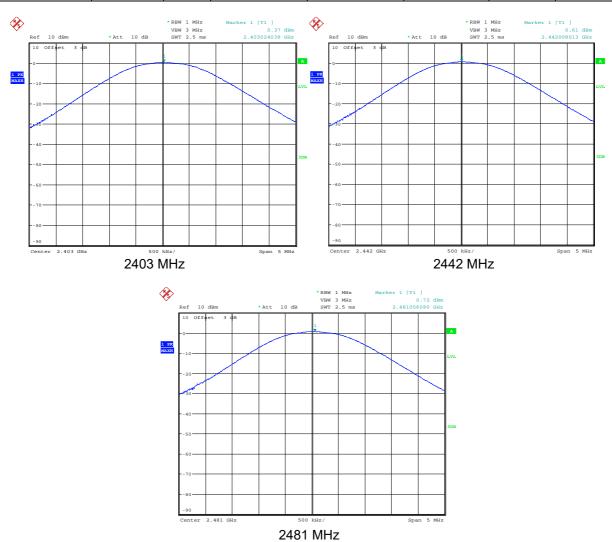
15.5 Test Equipment

Equipment		Equipment	Element	Due For
Type	Manufacturer	Description	No	Calibration
FSU26	R&S	Spectrum Analyser	U405	2020-10-21
SMBV100A	R&S	Signal Generator	U677	2020-05-07
AA18-10H	Atlantic Microwave	Attenuator	U634	Cal using U405 and U677

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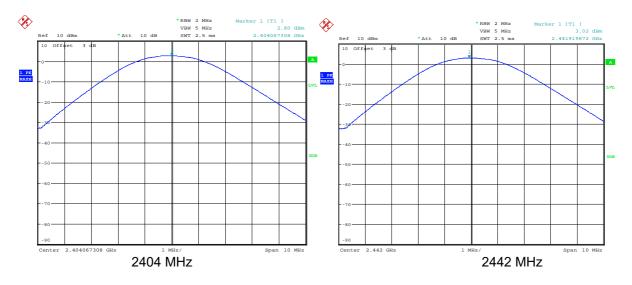
15.6 Test Results

	Mode 1: 1 Mbps								
Channel Frequency (MHz)	Analyzer Level (dBm)	Cable loss (dB)	Maximum Peak Conducted Output power (dBm)	Maximum peak conducted output power (W)	Antenna gain (dBi)	E.I.R.P. (W)	Result		
2403	-2.63	3.00	0.37	0.0011	-1.65	0.0007	PASS		
2442	-2.39	3.00	0.61	0.0012	-1.65	0.0008	PASS		
2481	-2.28	3.00	0.72	0.0012	-1.65	0.0008	PASS		



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	Mode 2: 2 Mbps								
Channel Frequency (MHz)	Analyzer Level (dBm)	evel loss Conducted conducted		Antenna gain (dBi)	E.I.R.P. (W)	Result			
2404	-0.20	3.00	2.80	0.0019	-1.65	0.0013	PASS		
2442	0.02	3.00	3.02	0.0020	-1.65	0.0014	PASS		
2480	0.23	3.00	3.23	0.0021	-1.65	0.0014	PASS		





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16 Power spectral density

16.1 Definition

The power per unit bandwidth.

16.2 Test Parameters

Test Location: Element Skelmersdale

Test Chamber: Radio Laboratory

Test Standard and Clause: ANSI C63.10-2013, Clause 11.10 EUT Channels / Frequencies Measured: 2404 MHz / 2442 MHz / 2480 MHz

EUT Channel Bandwidths: 2 MHz

Deviations From Standard: None

Measurement BW: 100 kHz

Spectrum Analyzer Video BW: 300 kHz

(requirement at least 3x RBW)

Measurement Span: 1.3 MHz

(requirement 1.5 times Channel BW)

Measurement Detector: Peak

Environmental Conditions (Normal Environment)

Temperature: 24 °C +15 °C to +35 °C (as declared)

Humidity: 37 % RH 20 % RH to 75 % RH (as declared)

16.3 Test Limit

The transmitter power spectral density conducted from the transmitter to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

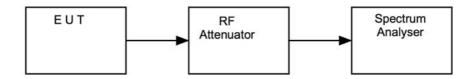
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16.4 Test Method

With the EUT setup as per section 9 of this report and connected as per Figure vi, the peak emission of the EUT was measured on a spectrum analyser, with path losses taken into account.

The measurements were performed with EUT set at its maximum duty. All modulation schemes, data rates and power settings were used to observe the worst case configuration in each bandwidth.

Figure vi Test Setup



16.5 Test Equipment

Equipment		Equipment	Element	Due For
Туре	Manufacturer	Description	No	Calibration
FSU26	R&S	Spectrum Analyser	U405	2020-10-21
AA18-03H	Atlantec	3dB SMA Attenuator	U637	Cal in Use

16.6 Test Results

Mode 2: 2 Mbps						
Channel Frequency (MHz)	Analyzer Level (dBm)	Cable loss (dB)	Power (dBm)	Result		
2404	-1.05	3.00	1.95	PASS		
2442	-0.83	3.00	2.17	PASS		
2480	-0.58	3.00	2.42	PASS		

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17 Occupied Bandwidth

17.1 Definition

The emission bandwidth (x dB) is defined as the frequency range between two points, one above and one below the carrier frequency, at which the spectral density of the emission is attenuated x dB below the maximum in-band spectral density of the modulated signal.

17.2 Test Parameters

Test Location: Element Skelmersdale

Test Chamber: Radio Laboratory

Test Standard and Clause: IC: ANSI C63.10-2013, Clause 6.9 FCC: ANSI C63.10-2013, Clause 11.8

Frequencies Measured: Mode 1: 2403 MHz / 2442 MHz / 2481 MHz – hopping stopped.

Mode 2: 2404 MHz / 2442 MHz / 2480 MHz – hopping stopped / DTS

EUT Channel Bandwidths: Mode 1: 1 MHz

Mode 2: 2 MHz

EUT Test Modulations: Mode 1: 1MBps Binary GFSK

Mode 2: 1MBps Binary GFSK

Deviations From Standard: None

Measurement BW: 30 kHz / 100 kHz

Spectrum Analyzer Video BW: 100 kHz / 300 kHz

Measurement Span: 1.3 MHz / 3MHz / 5 MHz

Measurement Detector: Peak

Environmental Conditions (Normal Environment)

Temperature: 24 °C +15 °C to +35 °C (as declared)

Humidity: 37 % RH 20 % RH to 75 % RH (as declared)

Supply: 3.0 Vdc

17.3 Test Limit

- For frequency hopping systems in the band 902 to 928 MHz: The maximum allowed -20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 500 kHz.
- Frequency hopping systems operating in the band 5725 to 5850 MHz: The maximum -20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel shall be 1 MHz
- For DTS The minimum -6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

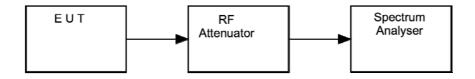
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17.4 Test Method

With the EUT setup as per section 9 of this report and connected as per Figure vii, the bandwidth of the EUT was measured on a spectrum analyser.

The measurements were performed with EUT set at its maximum duty. All modulation schemes, data rates and power settings were used to observe the worst-case configuration in each bandwidth.

Figure vii Test Setup



17.5 Test Equipment

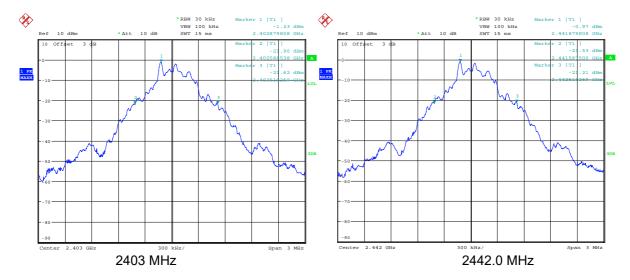
17.6 Test Equipment

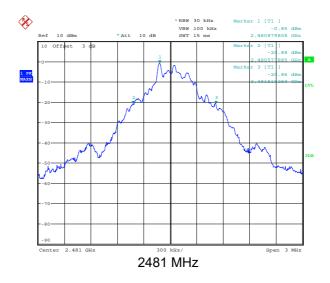
Equipment		Equipment	Element	Due For
Type	Manufacturer	Description	No	Calibration
FSU26	R&S	Spectrum Analyser	U405	2020-10-21
AA18-03H	Atlantec	3dB SMA Attenuator	U637	Cal in Use

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17.7 Test Results

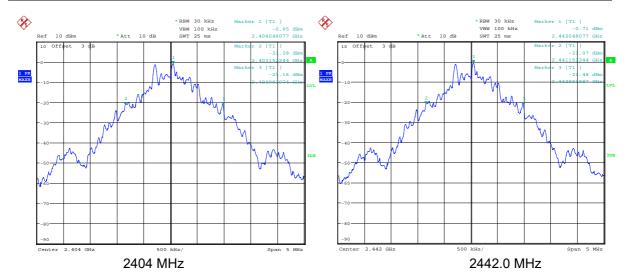
Mode 1: 1 Mbps 20 dB Bandwidth							
Channel Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (kHz)	Result					
2403.0	2402.586538	2403.518269	931.7	PASS			
2442.0	2441.587500	2442.518269	930.8	PASS			
2481.0	2480.577885	2481.518269	940.4	PASS			

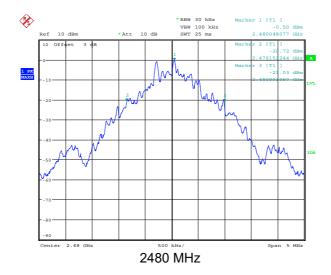




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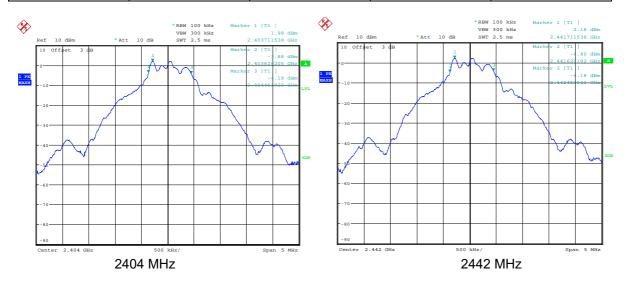
Mode 2: 2Mbps 20 dB Bandwidth						
Channel Frequency (MHz)	F _L F _H 20dB Bandwidth (MHz) Re					
2404.0	2403.152244	2404.983974	1831.7	PASS		
2442.0	2441.152244	2442.991987	1839.7	PASS		
2480.0	2479.152244	2480.991987	1839.7	PASS		

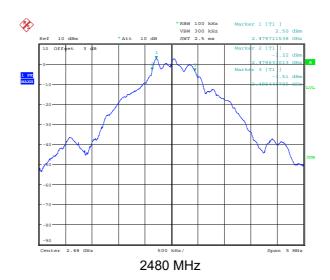




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Mode 2: 2 Mbps 6 dB DTS bandwidth						
Channel FL FH 6dB Bandwidth Result (MHz) (MHz)						
2404.0	2403.628205	2404.451923	823.7	PASS		
2442.0	2441.620192	2442.451923	831.7	PASS		
2480.0	2479.633013	2480.440705	807.7	PASS		





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18 Out-of-band and conducted spurious emissions

18.1 Definition

Out-of-band emission.

Emission on a frequency or frequencies immediately outside the necessary bandwidth that results from the modulation process but excluding spurious emissions.

Spurious emission.

Emission on a frequency or frequencies that are outside the necessary bandwidth and the level of which may be reduced without affecting the corresponding transmission of information. Spurious emissions include harmonic emissions, parasitic emissions, intermodulation products, and frequency conversion products, but exclude out-of-band emissions.

18.2 Test Parameters

Test Location: Element Skelmersdale

Test Chamber: Radio Laboratory

Test Standard and Clause: ANSI C63.10-2013, Clause 7.8.8

ANSI C63.10-2013, Clause 11.11

Frequencies Measured: Mode 1: 2403 MHz / 2442 MHz / 2481 MHz

Mode 2: 2404 MHz / 2442 MHz / 2480 MHz

EUT Channel Bandwidths: Mode 1: 1 MHz

Mode 2: 2 MHz

Deviations From Standard: None

Measurement BW: 100 kHz
Spectrum Analyzer Video BW: 300 kHz

(requirement at least 3x RBW)

Measurement Detector: Peak

Measurement Range: 30 MHz to 25 GHz

Environmental Conditions (Normal Environment)

Temperature: 24°C +15 °C to +35 °C (as declared)

Humidity: 37 % RH 20 % RH to 75 % RH (as declared)

Supply: 3.0 Vdc

18.3 Test Limits

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in FCC 47CFR15.209(a) / RSS-Gen is not required.

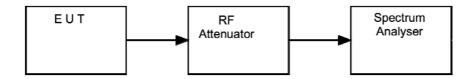
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18.4 Test Method

With the EUT setup as per section 9 of this report and connected as per Figure viii, the emissions from the EUT were measured on a spectrum analyser.

The measurements were performed with EUT set at its maximum duty. All modulation schemes, data rates and power settings were used to observe the worst case configuration in each bandwidth.

Figure viii Test Setup



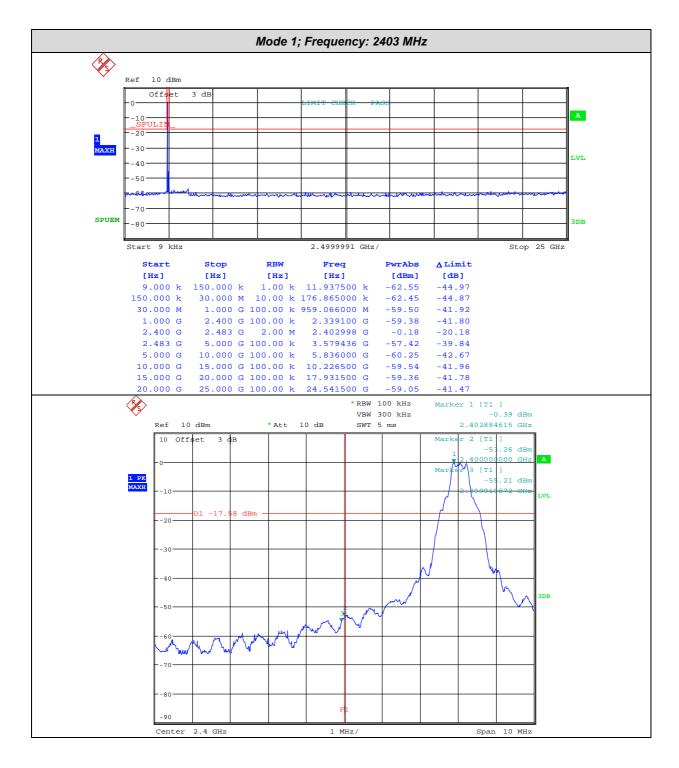
18.5 Test Equipment

Equipment		Equipment	Element	Due For
Туре	Manufacturer	Description	No	Calibration
FSU26	R&S	Spectrum Analyser	U405	2020-10-21
AA18-03H	Atlantec	3dB SMA Attenuator	U637	Cal in Use

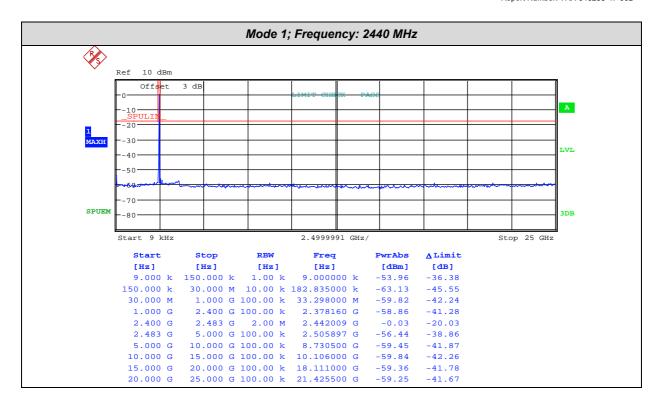
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18.6 Test Results

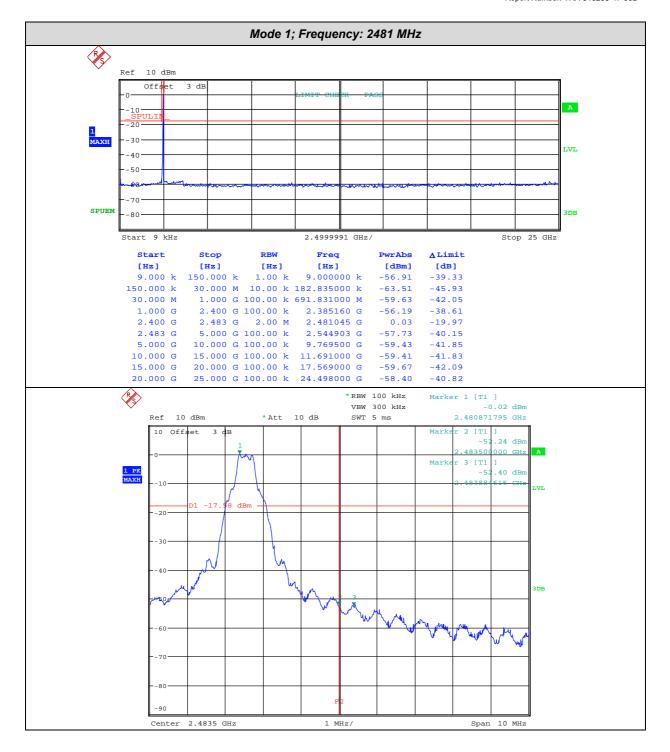
Mode 1: 1Mbps GFSK							
Channel Frequency (MHz)	Emission Frequency (MHz)	requency Level Level Limit Margin					
2403	No Significant emissions within 20 dB of the limit					PASS	
2442	No Significant emissions within 20 dB of the limit					PASS	
2481	No Significant emissions within 20 dB of the limit					PASS	



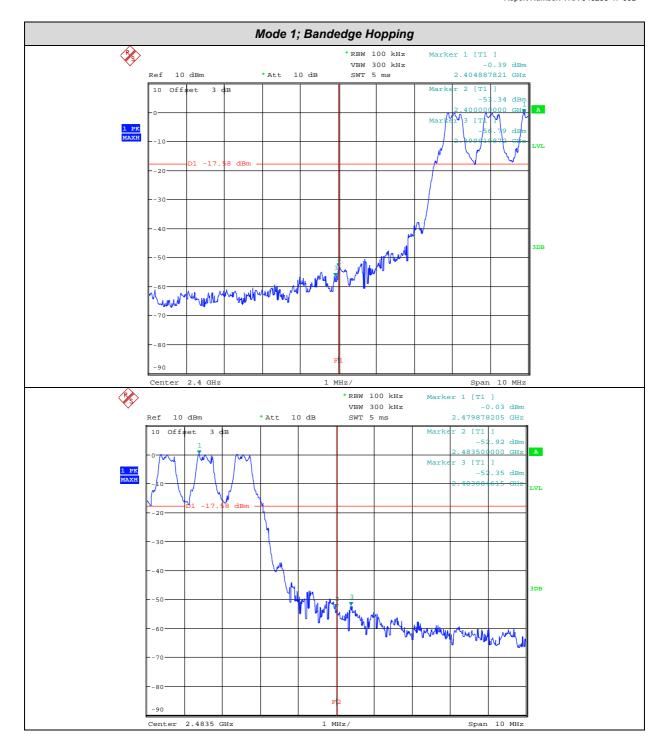
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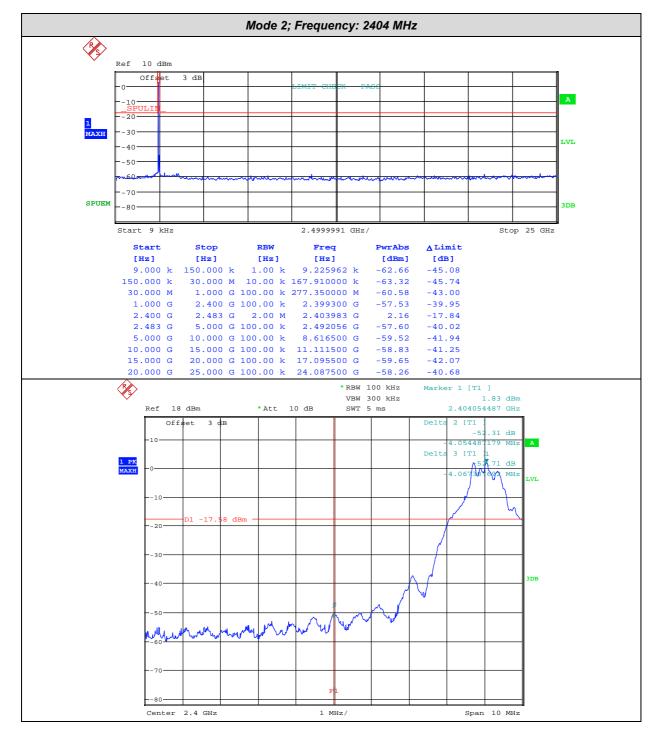


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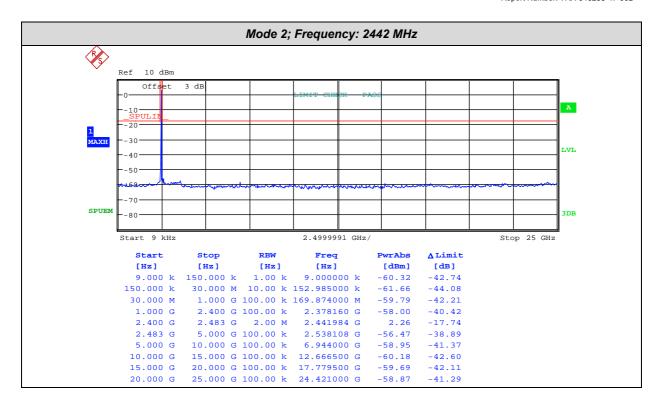


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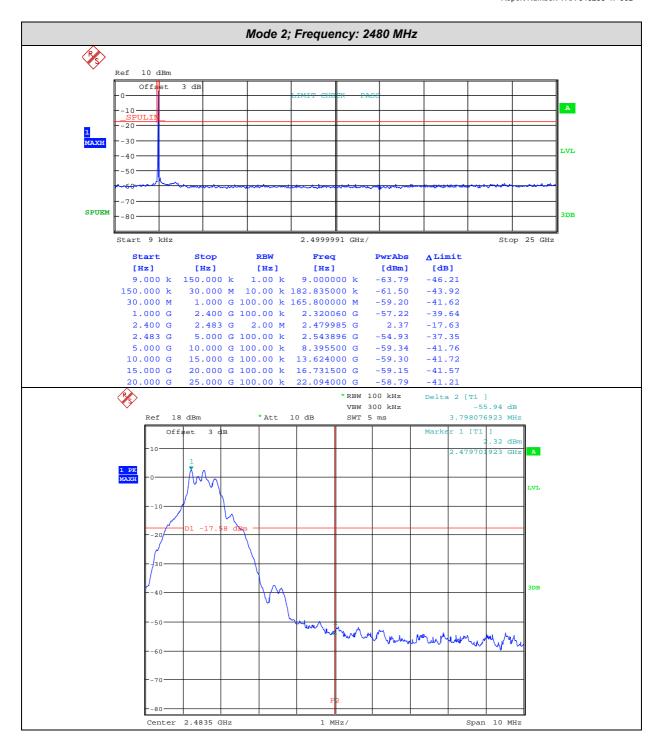
	Mode 2: 2Mbps GFSK						
Channel Frequency (MHz)	Emission Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Level Level (dBm) (dB)					
No Significant emissions within 20 dB of the limit					PASS		
No Significant emissions within 20 dB of the limit					PASS		
2480	No Significant emissions within 20 dB of the limit PA					PASS	



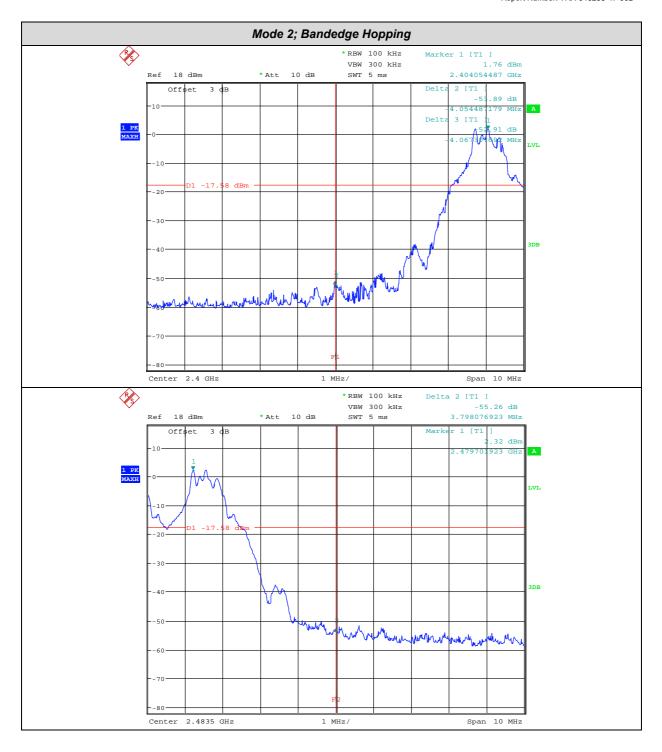
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19 Measurement Uncertainty

Calculated Measurement Uncertainties

All statements of uncertainty are expanded standard uncertainty using a coverage factor of 1.96 to give a 95 % confidence:

[1] Radiated spurious emissions

Uncertainty in test result (30 MHz to 1 GHz) = **4.6 dB**Uncertainty in test result (1 GHz to 18 GHz) = **4.7 dB**

[2] AC power line conducted emissions

Uncertainty in test result = 3.4 dB

[3] Occupied bandwidth

Uncertainty in test result = 15.5 %

[4] Conducted carrier power

Uncertainty in test result (Power Meter) = 1.08 dB

[5] Conducted / radiated RF power out-of-band

Uncertainty in test result – up to 8.1 GHz = 3.31 dBUncertainty in test result – 8.1 GHz to 15.3 GHz = 4.43 dBUncertainty in test result (30 MHz to 1 GHz) = 4.75 dBUncertainty in test result (1 GHz to 18 GHz) = 4.7 dB

[6] Frequency separation

Uncertainty in test result (Spectrum Analyser) = 3.6 kHz

[7] Accumulated channel occupancy time

Uncertainty in test result = 7.98 %

[8] Radiated RF power out-of-band

Uncertainty in test result (30 MHz to 1 GHz) = **4.75 dB** Uncertainty in test result (1 GHz to 18 GHz) = **4.46 dB**

[9] Power spectral density

Uncertainty in test result (Spectrum Analyser) = 3.11 dB

[10] ERP / EIRP

Uncertainty in test result (Laboratory) = **4.71 dB**Uncertainty in test result (Pershore OATS) = **4.26 dB**

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20 RF Exposure

KDB 447498

Section 4.3 General SAR test reduction and exclusion guidance

For Standalone SAR exclusion consideration, when SAR Exclusion Threshold requirement in KDB 447498 is satisfied, standalone SAR evaluation for general population exposure conditions by measurement or numerical simulation is not required.

In the frequency range below 100 MHz to 6 GHz and test separation distance of 50mm, the SAR Test Exclusion Threshold for operation in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band will be determined as follows

SAR Exclusion Threshold (SARET)

SAR Exclusion Threshold = Step 1 + Step 2

Step 1

 $NT = [(MP/TSD^A) * \sqrt{f_{GHz}}]$

NT = Numeric Threshold (3.0 for 1-g SAR and 7.5 for 10-g SAR)

MP = Max Power of channel (mW) (inc tune up)

TSD^A = Min Test separation Distance or 50mm (whichever is lower) = 50

We can transpose this formula to allow us to find the maximum power of a channel allowed and compare this to the measured maximum power.

=
$$[(NT \times TSD^A) / \sqrt{f_{GHz}}]$$

For Distances Greater than 50 mm Step 2 applies

Step 2

$$(TSD^B - 50mm) * 10$$

Where:

 TSD^B = Min Test separation Distance (mm) = 50

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Operating Frequency 2.402 GHz

SARET = $[(3.0 \times 50) / \sqrt{2.402}] + \{(50 - 50) \times 10\}$ SARET = $[150 / 1.55] + (0 \times 10\}$

SARET = 96.77mW

Operating Frequency 2.442 GHz

SARET = $[(3.0 \times 50) / \sqrt{2.442}] + \{(50 - 50) \times 10\}$

SARET = [150 / 1.56] + (0 * 10)

SARET = 96.15mW

Operating Frequency 2.481 GHz

SARET = $[(3.0 \times 50) / \sqrt{2.481}] + \{(50 - 50) \times 10\}$

SARET = [150 / 1.57] + (0 * 10)

SARET = 95.54mW

Mode 1						
Evaluation Frequency	2402	2442	2481	MHz		
SAR Exclusion Threshold	96.77	96.15	95.54	Watts		
Conduced Power	0.37	0.61	0.72	dBm		
Antenna Gain	-1.65	-1.65	-1.65	dBi		
EIRP	0.74	0.79	0.81	mW		
SAR Evaluation		Exe	mpt			

Therefore standalone SAR evaluation for general population exposure conditions by measurement or numerical simulation is not required.

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Operating Frequency 2.404 GHz

SARET = $[(3.0 \times 50) / \sqrt{2.404}] + \{(50 - 50) \times 10\}$ SARET = $[150 / 1.55] + (0 \times 10\}$

SARET = 96.77mW

Operating Frequency 2.440 GHz

SARET = $[(3.0 \times 50) / \sqrt{2.44}] + \{(50 - 50) \times 10\}$

SARET = [150 / 1.56] + (0 * 10)

SARET = 96.15mW

Operating Frequency 2.480 GHz

SARET = $[(3.0 \times 50) / \sqrt{2.48}] + \{(50 - 50) * 10\}$

SARET = [150 / 1.57] + (0 * 10)

SARET = 95.54mW

Mode 2						
Evaluation Frequency	2404	2440	2480	MHz		
SAR Exclusion Threshold	96.77	96.15	95.54	Watts		
Conduced Power	2.80	3.02	3.23	dBm		
Antenna Gain	-1.65	-1.65	-1.65	dBi		
EIRP	1.30	1.37	1.44	mW		
SAR Evaluation		Exe	mpt			

Therefore standalone SAR evaluation for general population exposure conditions by measurement or numerical simulation is not required.

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