



October 3, 2008

FCC ID: KNY-218151431519

Maximum Permissible Exposure calculations

To whom it may concern,

FreeWave Technologies is submitting a low power output 757-758 MHz & 787-788 MHz frequency Licensed Band transceiver-- (FCC ID: KNY-218151431519).

The MPE distance will be calculated for the worst case of a 100% transmitter duty cycle.

For an isotropic radiator the surface area of a sphere can be used to determine the area over which the transceiver energy is radiated.

$$\text{Surface area of a sphere} = 4 * \pi * \text{radius}^2$$

In the case where there is an antenna gain, the worst case energy density is increased by the antenna gain. In this case, the exposure level for a controlled environment can be calculated as follows:

$$\text{MPE distance} = ((\text{output power} * \text{duty cycle} * 10 * (\text{antenna gain} / 10)) / (4 * \pi * \text{Exposure Limit} [\text{mW}/\text{cm}^2]))^{1/2}$$

In the case of 7 dBi antenna

$$\begin{aligned} \text{MPE distance} &= ((2000 \text{ mW} * 1 * 5.01) / (4 * 3.14 * 0.6))^{1/2} \\ &= 36.45 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

Sincerely,

Rich Arment
Engineer