

Measurement of RF Emissions from an LRS455-EU-C-MS Transceiver

FreeWave Technologies, Inc.

For

P.O. Number Date Tested Test Personnel Test Specification 1800 S. Flatiron Crt.Boulder, CO 8030135038July 14, 2011 through July 22, 2011Daniel Crowder

FCC "Code of Federal Regulations" Title 47 Part 15, Subpart B and Part 90, Subpart I RSS-119 Issue 11 June 2011

Test Report By:

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THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE REPRODUCED, EXCEPT IN FULL, WITHOUT THE WRITTEN APPROVAL OF ELITE ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING INCORPORATED.



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REVISION HISTORY

Revision	Date	Description
—	27 July 2011	Initial release



Measurement of RF Emissions from a Model No. LRS455-EU-C-MS Transceiver

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. Scope of Tests

This report presents the results of the RF emissions measurements performed on a Transceiver, Model No. LRS455-EU-C-MS, serial number 455-7378 (hereinafter referred to as the Equipment Under Test (EUT)). The EUT is designed to transmit and receive in the frequency range 435MHz to 470MHz. The receiver contained one local oscillator at 45.0MHz below the tuned frequency. The EUT was manufactured and submitted for testing by FreeWave Technologies, Inc. located in Boulder, CO.

1.2. Purpose

The test series was performed to determine if the EUT meets FCC and Industry Canada (IC) technical requirements for receivers and transmitter. The EUT shall comply with the technical requirements of FCC Part 15 and 90; and IC RSS-119. The testing includes the conducted and radiated RF emission requirements for receivers, and the RF power output, emissions mask, spurious emissions at antenna terminal, field strength of spurious emissions, transient frequency behavior and frequency stability requirements for the transmitters. Testing was performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4-2003 and TIA-603-C-2004.

1.3. Deviations, Additions and Exclusions

There were no deviations, additions to, or exclusions from the test specification during this test series.

1.4. EMC Laboratory Identification

This series of tests was performed by Elite Electronic Engineering Incorporated of Downers Grove, Illinois. The laboratory is accredited by The American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA). A2LA Certificate Number: 1786.01.

1.5. Laboratory Conditions

The temperature at the time of the test was 22.4°C and the relative humidity was 23%.

2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

The following documents of the exact issue designated form part of this document to the extent specified herein:

- Federal Communications Commission "Code of Federal Regulations", Title 47, Part 15, Subpart C, dated 1 October 2010
- ANSI C63.4-2003, "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz"
- Industry Canada Radio Standards Specification, RSS-Gen, "General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radiocommunication Equipment", Issue 2, June 2007
- RSS-119 Land Mobile and Fixed Radio Transmitters and Receivers Operating in the Frequency Range 27.41- 960 MHz Issue 11 June 2011
- TIA-603-C-2004, "Land Mobile FM or PM Communications Equipment Measurement and Performance Standards"



3. EUT SETUP AND OPERATION

3.1. General Description

The EUT is a FreeWave Technologies, Inc., Transceiver, Model No. LRS455-EU-C-MS. A block diagram of the EUT setup is shown as Figure 1.

3.1.1.Power Input

The EUT is typically powered via 12VDC from a vehicle. For test purposes, a Sceptre AC Adaptor, P/N: PS-1230APL05, M/N: SA-036121A-3 was used to provide 12VDC to the EUT via a 1.85 meter long 2 wire power cable. The Sceptre AC Adaptor was powered with 115V, 60Hz via a 1.7 meter long 3 wire power cable.

3.1.2.Peripheral Equipment

The EUT was submitted for testing with the following peripheral equipment:

Sony Viao Laptop Computer M/N: PCG-8N2L, P/N: 28398098, S/N: 3000596

3.1.3. Signal Input/Output Leads

The EUT was submitted for testing with a 10 wire, 85 cm long cable. Eight (8) of those wires went to the serial port of the Sony laptop computer. The other two (2) wires went to the output of the Sceptre AC Adaptor and were used to provide 12VDC power to the EUT.

3.1.4. Grounding

The EUT was ungrounded during testing.

3.2. Operational Mode

For all tests, the EUT was set to transmit separately at 450MHz, 460.0MHz, and 470.0MHz or receive separately at 435MHz, 450MHz, 460.0MHz, and 470.0MHz.

3.3. EUT Modifications

No modifications to the EUT were required for compliance.

4. TEST FACILITY AND TEST INSTRUMENTATION

4.1. Shielded Enclosure

All tests were performed in a 32ft. x 20ft. x 18ft. hybrid ferrite-tile/anechoic absorber lined test chamber. With the exception of the floor, the reflective surfaces of the shielded chamber are lined with ferrite tiles on the walls and ceiling. Anechoic absorber material is installed over the ferrite tile. The floor of the chamber is used as the ground plane. The chamber complies with ANSI C63.4-2003 for site attenuation.

4.2. Test Instrumentation

The test instrumentation and auxiliary equipment used during the tests are listed in Table 9-1.

4.3. Calibration Traceability

Test equipment is maintained and calibrated on a regular basis. All calibrations are traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).

4.4. Measurement Uncertainty

All measurements are an estimate of their true value. The measurement uncertainty characterizes, with a specified confidence level, the spread of values which may be possible for a given measurement system.

The measurement uncertainty for these tests is presented below:



Conducted Emissions Measurements				
Combined Standard Uncertainty 1.07 -1.07				
Expanded Uncertainty (95% confidence)	2.1	-2.1		

Radiated Emissions Measurements			
Combined Standard Uncertainty	2.26	-2.18	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% confidence)	4.5	-4.4	

5. TEST PROCEDURES

5.1. Receiver

5.1.1. Power line Conducted Emission Measurements

5.1.1.1. Requirements

Since the EUT does not connect to the AC mains no conducted emission measurements on the powerlines are required.

5.1.2. Antenna Conducted Emission Measurements

5.1.2.1. Requirements

This test is performed to determine the EUT configuration during the radiated RF emissions tests. The power at the antenna terminal over the frequency range 30MHz to 2000MHz may be measured. If the emissions at the antenna terminal exceed 2 nanowatts, it is necessary to perform the radiated RF emissions tests with the antenna port terminated with an equivalent antenna. If the EUT does meet the 2 nanowatt requirement, the radiated emissions tests can be performed with the antenna port terminated with a shielded load.

5.1.2.2. Procedures

The EUT was set to receive.

- (a) The antenna port of the EUT was connected to a spectrum analyzer.
- (b) The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was set to 100 kHz.
- (c) A sweep was made from 30 MHz to 1 GHz.
- (d) The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was set to 1 MHz.
- (e) A sweep was made from 1 GHz to 2 GHz.

(f) Steps (a) through (e) were repeated with the EUT set to receive at all the frequencies in paragraph 3.2.

5.1.2.3. Results

The results of the antenna conducted measurements are presented on pages 21 through 28. The reference line shown on the data pages represents the 2 nanowatt requirement. As can be seen from the data pages, all emissions from the EUT were below the 2 nanowatt requirement. Since the emissions were below the 2 nanowatt limit, the antenna port was terminated with a shielded load for radiated emissions measurements.

5.1.3. Radiated Measurements

5.1.3.1. Requirements

All emanations from a receiver, per 15.109, shall be below the levels shown on the following table:

RADIATION LIMITS FOR RECEIVERS

Frequency (MHz)	Distance between EUT And Antenna in Meters	Field Strength (uV/m)		
30-88	3	100		



88-216	3	150
216-960	3	200
Above 960	3	500

Note: The tighter limit shall apply at the edge between the two frequency bands.

5.1.3.2. Procedures

All tests were performed in a 32ft. x 20ft. x 18ft. hybrid ferrite-tile/anechoic absorber lined test chamber. The walls and ceiling of the shielded chamber are lined with ferrite tiles. Anechoic absorber material is installed over the ferrite tile. The floor of the chamber is used as the ground plane. The chamber complies with ANSI C63.4-2003 for site attenuation.

The shielded enclosure prevents emissions from other sources, such as radio and TV stations from interfering with the measurements. All power lines and signal lines entering the enclosure pass through filters on the enclosure wall. The power line filters prevent extraneous signals from entering the enclosure on these leads.

Since a quasi-peak detector requires long integration times, it is not practical to automatically sweep through the quasi-peak levels. Therefore, radiated emissions from the EUT were first scanned using a peak detector and automatically plotted. The frequencies where significant emission levels were noted were then remeasured using the quasi-peak detector.

The broadband measuring antenna was positioned at a 3 meter distance from the EUT. The frequency range from 30 MHz to 2000 MHz was investigated using a peak detector function with a bilog antenna. The maximum levels were plotted.

Final radiated emissions were performed on all significant broadband and narrowband emissions found in the preliminary sweeps using the following methods:

- 1) For all frequencies 1GHz and below, measurements were made using a broadband bi-log antenna.
- 2) For all frequencies above 1GHz, measurements were made using a waveguide antenna.
- 3) To ensure that the maximum, or worst case, emission levels were measured, the following steps were taken:
 - (a) The EUT was rotated so that all of its sides were exposed to the receiving antenna.
 - (b) Since the measuring antenna is linearly polarized, both horizontal and vertical field components were measured.
 - (c) The measuring antenna was raised and lowered from 1 to 4 meters for each antenna polarization to maximize the readings
 - 5.1.3.3. Results

The preliminary plots are presented on pages 29 through 36. These plots are presented for a reference only, and are not used to determine compliance. The final radiated levels are presented on pages 37 through 40. As can be seen from the data, all emissions measured from the EUT were within the specification limits. Photographs of the test configuration which yielded the highest or worst case radiated emission levels are shown on Figures 2 and 3.

5.2. Transmitter

5.2.1. RF Power Output

5.2.1.1. Requirements

In accordance with paragraph 90.205(r), the output power shall not exceed by more than 20 percent the manufacturer's rated output power for the particular transmitter specifically listed on the authorization.



5.2.1.2. Procedures

With the EUT transmitting, the antenna port of the EUT was connected to a spectrum analyzer through a 40 dB attenuator. The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was set wider than the bandwidth of the EUT. The output power of the item was then measured. This procedure was repeated separately with the EUT transmitting at the frequencies listed in paragraph 3.2.

5.2.1.3. Results

The output power plots are shown on pages 41 through 43. The output power measurements are shown in a tabular form on page 43. As can be seen from the data, the power output at each frequency is below the maximum allowable power of 20% above the manufacturer's rated output power.

5.2.2. Emission Mask

5.2.2.1. Requirements

Per 90.210 or 5.8.4 or RSS-119, for equipment with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth, any emissions must be attenuated below the power (P) of the highest emission contained within the authorized bandwidth as follows:

- (1) On any frequency from the center of the authorized bandwidth f_0 to 5.625 kHz removed from f_0 : Zero dB.
- (2) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency (f_d in kHz) of more than 5.625 kHz but no more than 12.5 kHz: At least 7.27(f_d -2.88 kHz) dB.
- (3) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by more than 12.5 kHz: At least 50 + 10 log (P) or 70 dB, whichever is the lesser attenuation.

5.2.2.2. Procedures

The EUT was set to transmit.

- (a) The antenna port of the EUT was connected to a spectrum analyzer through a 40 dB attenuator.
- (b) The following spectrum analyzer settings were employed:
 - trace 1 = on
 - center frequency = transmit frequency of the EUT
 - resolution bandwidth = 1 MHz
 - video bandwidth > resolution bandwidth
 - frequency span = 50 kHz
 - sweep = Auto
 - detector function = peak
 - trace = max hold
- (c) Several sweeps were made with the settings listed above.
- (d) Trace 1 was changed from max hold to view
- (e) The following spectrum analyzer settings were employed:
 - trace 2 = on
 - resolution bandwidth = 100 Hz
 - video bandwidth = 1000 Hz
 - sweep = Auto
 - detector function = peak
 - trace = max hold
- (f) Several sweeps were made with the settings listed above.
- (g) Steps (a) through (f) were repeated with the EUT set to transmit all the frequencies in paragraph 3.2.

5.2.2.3. Results

The spectrum analyzer plots of the emissions of the EUT are shown on pages 45 through 50. The limits,



shown on the plots, are referenced to the power measured with a 1MHz resolution bandwidth. As can be seen from the data, the EUT did not produce spurious emissions in excess of the limit. The 99% bandwidth was measured to be 9.68kHz.

5.2.3. Spurious Emissions at the Antenna Terminals

5.2.3.1. Requirements

Per 90.210 or 5.8.4 or RSS-119, on any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency (f_d in kHz) of more than 12.5 kHz the emissions must be attenuated by at least 50 + 10log (P) dB or 70dB whichever is the lesser attenuation.

5.2.3.2. Procedures

The EUT was set to transmit.

- (a) The antenna port of the EUT was connected to a spectrum analyzer through a 40dB attenuator.
- (b) The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was set to 100 kHz.
- (c) A sweep was made from 30 MHz to 1 GHz.
- (d) The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was set to 1 MHz.
- (e) A sweep was made from 1 GHz to 5 GHz.
- (f) Steps (a) through (e) were repeated with the EUT set to transmit all the frequencies in paragraph 3.2.
- 5.2.3.3. Results

The plots of the antenna conducted output measurements are presented on pages 51 through 56. The limits, shown on the plots, are referenced to the RF power output measurements made on the EUT. As can be seen from the data, the EUT did not produce spurious emissions in excess of the limit.

5.2.4. Field Strength of Spurious Emissions

5.2.4.1. Requirements

Per 90.210 or 5.8.4 or RSS-119, on any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency (f_d in kHz) of more than 12.5 kHz the emissions must be attenuated by at least 50 + 10log (P) dB or 70dB whichever is the lesser attenuation.

5.2.4.2. Procedures

All tests were performed in a 32 ft. x 20 ft. x 18 ft. hybrid ferrite-tile/anechoic absorber lined test chamber. The walls and ceiling of the shielded chamber are lined with ferrite tiles. Anechoic absorber material is installed over the ferrite tile. The floor of the chamber is used as the ground plane. The chamber complies with ANSI C63.4 2003 for site attenuation. The shielded enclosure prevents emissions from other sources, such as radio and TV stations from interfering with the measurements. All powerlines and signal lines entering the enclosure pass through filters on the enclosure wall. The powerline filters prevent extraneous signals from entering the enclosure on these leads.

- 1. Preliminary radiated emissions measurements were first performed using a peak detector and automatically plotted. The broadband measuring antenna was positioned at a 3 meter distance from the EUT. The entire frequency range from 30 MHz to 5 GHz was investigated using a peak detector function. All preliminary tests were performed separately with the EUT transmitting at the frequencies listed in paragraph 3.2.
- 2. All significant broadband and narrowband signals found in the preliminary sweeps were then measured using a peak detector at a test distance of 3 meters. The measurements were made with a tuned dipole or double ridged waveguide antenna over the frequency range of 30 MHz to 5 GHz.
- 3. To ensure that maximum emission levels were measured, the following steps were



taken:

- a. The EUT was rotated so that all of its sides were exposed to the receiving antenna.
- b. Since the measuring antennas are linearly polarized, both horizontal and vertical field components were measured.
- c. The measuring antenna was raised and lowered from 1 to 4 meters for each antenna polarization to maximize the readings.
- 4. The equivalent power was determined from the field intensity levels measured at 3 meters using the substitution method. To determine the emission power a tuned dipole or double ridged waveguide antenna was set in place of the EUT and connected to a calibrated signal generator. The output of the signal generator was adjusted to match the received level at the spectrum analyzer. The signal level was recorded. The reading was corrected to compensate for cable loss, as required, and when the double ridged waveguide antenna was used, increased by the difference in gain between the dipole and the waveguide antenna.

5.2.4.3. Results

The preliminary radiated emissions plots are presented on pages 57 through 62. This data is only presented for a reference, and is not used as official data. The final radiated levels are presented on pages 63 through 65. The radiated emissions were measured through the 10th harmonic. As can be seen from the data, all emissions measured from the EUT were within the specification limits. Photographs of the test configuration are shown on Figures 2 and 3.

- 5.2.5. Frequency Stability
 - 5.2.5.1. Requirements

In accordance with paragraph 90.213(a) and 5.3 or RSS-119, mobile stations operating at 2 watts or less with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth must have a frequency stability of 1.5 ppm.

5.2.5.2. Procedures

The antenna port of the EUT was connected to a frequency counter through a 20 dB attenuator. The EUT was then placed in a humidity temperature chamber.

- (a) The EUT was set to transmit at 460MHz. The transmit frequency was measured and recorded at ambient temperature.
- (b) The temperature chamber was then set to -30°C.
- (c) Once the temperature chamber had reached -30°C, the EUT was allowed to soak for 30 minutes.
- (d) After soaking at -30°C for thirty minutes, the EUT was turned on and set to transmit and the transmit frequency was measured and recorded.
- (e) Steps (b) through (d) were repeated at -20°C.
- (f) Steps (b) through (d) were repeated at -10°C.
- (g) Steps (b) through (d) were repeated at 0°C.
- (h) Steps (b) through (d) were repeated at $+10^{\circ}$ C.
- (i) Steps (b) through (d) were repeated at $+20^{\circ}$ C.
- (j) Steps (b) through (d) were repeated at +30°C.
- (k) Steps (b) through (d) were repeated at $+40^{\circ}$ C.
- (I) Steps (b) through (d) were repeated at +50°C.
- (m) The EUT was then removed from the temperature chamber and allowed to adjust to nominal room temperature.
- (n) The supply voltage was checked and adjusted to the nominal level (12.0 VDC). The EUT was turned on and set to transmit. The transmit frequency was measured and recorded at ambient temperature.



- (o) The supply voltage was then varied to 85% of its nominal level (10.2 VDC). The EUT was turned on and set to transmit. The transmit frequency was measured and recorded at ambient temperature.
- (p) The supply voltage was then varied to 115% of its nominal level (13.8 VDC). The EUT was turned on and set to transmit. The transmit frequency was measured and recorded at ambient temperature.
- (q) Steps (o) through (q) were repeated with the EUT set to transmit at 470 MHz.

5.2.5.3. Results

The frequency stability measurements are presented on pages 66 and 67. As can be seen from the data, all frequency deviations were within the 2.5 ppm limit. A photograph of the test setup is shown on Figure 4.

- 5.2.6. Transient Frequency Behavior
 - 5.2.6.1. Requirements

Per 90.214 and 5.9 or RSS-119, transmitters with 12.5 kHz channel spacing must maintain transient frequencies within the maximum frequency difference limits during the time intervals indicated:

Time intervals	Maximum Frequency Difference	Time (ms)		
t ₁	+/-12.5 kHz	10.0		
t ₂	+/-6.25 kHz	25.0		
t ₃	+/-12.5 kHz	10.0		

Where:

 t_1 is the time period immediately following t_{on}

 t_2 is the time period immediately following t_1

 $t_{\rm 3}$ is the time period from the instant when the transmitter is turned off until $t_{\rm off}$

5.2.6.2. Procedures

Two test signals were connected to the test discriminator via a combining network. The transmitter was connected to a 50 ohm power attenuator. The output of the power attenuator was connected to the test discriminator via one input of the combining network. A test signal was connected to the second input of the combining network.

- (a) The test signal was adjusted to the nominal frequency of the transmitter.
- (b) The test signal was modulated by a 1 kHz signal with a deviation equal to the value of the relevant channel separation (12.5 kHz).
- (c) The test signal was adjusted to correspond to 0.5% of the power of the transmitter under test measured at the input of the test discriminator. This level was maintained throughout the measurement.
- (d) The amplitude difference (ad) and the frequency difference (f_d) output of the test discriminator were connected to a storage oscilloscope.
- (e) The storage oscilloscope was set to display the channel corresponding to the (f_d) input up to ±1 channel frequency difference, corresponding to the relevant channel separation, from the nominal frequency.
- (f) The storage oscilloscope was set to a rate of 10 ms/div and set so that the triggering occurs at 1 div from the left edge of the display.



- (g) The 1 kHz test signal was shown continuously. The storage oscilloscope was set to trigger on the channel corresponding to the amplitude difference (ad) input at a low input level, rising.
- (h) The transmitter was then switched on, without modulation, to produce the trigger pulse and a picture on the display. The result of the change in the ratio of power between the test signal and the transmitter output produced two separate sides, one showing the 1 kHz test signal, the other the frequency difference of the transmitter versus time.
- (i) The transmit signal suppresses the 1 kHz test signal and produces the start of the test or t_{on}. During this test time the frequency difference was measured and recorded verses time.
- (j) The transmitter was then switched off to produce the trigger pulse and a picture of the display. The result of the change in the ratio of power between the test signal and the transmitter output produced two separate sides, one showing the frequency difference of the transmitter versus time and the other showing the 1 kHz test signal.
- (k) The transmitter signal no longer suppresses the 1 kHz test signal and produces t₃

5.2.6.3. Results

The plots of the transient frequency behavior are shown on pages 68 and 69. As can be seen from the data, all transient frequencies were within the maximum frequency difference limits. A photograph of the test setup is shown on Figure 5.

6. OTHER TEST CONDITIONS

6.1. Test Personnel and Witnesses

All tests were performed by qualified personnel from Elite Electronic Engineering Incorporated.

6.2. Disposition of the EUT

The EUT and all associated equipment were returned to FreeWave Technologies, Inc. upon completion of the tests.

7. CONCLUSIONS

It was determined that the FreeWave Technologies, Inc., Model No. LRS455-EU-C-MS, Transceiver, did fully meet the conducted and radiated emission requirements of the FCC "Code of Federal Regulations" Title 47, Part 15, Subpart B, Sections 15.107 and 15.109 for receivers when tested per ANSI C63.4-2003.

It was determined that the FreeWave Technologies, Inc., Model No. LRS455-EU-C-MS, Transceiver did fully meet the RF power output, emissions mask, spurious emissions at antenna terminal, field strength of spurious emissions, frequency stability, and transient frequency behavior, requirements of the FCC "Code of Federal Regulations" Title 47, Part 90, Subpart I, when tested per TIA-603-C-2004.

It was determined that the FreeWave Technologies, Inc., Model No. LRS455-EU-C-MS, Transceiver did fully meet the RF power output, emissions mask, spurious emissions at antenna terminal, field strength of spurious emissions, frequency stability, and transient frequency behavior, requirements of the RSS-119 - Land Mobile and Fixed Radio Transmitters and Receivers Operating in the Frequency Range 27.41- 960 MHz Issue 10 April 2010.



8. CERTIFICATION

Elite Electronic Engineering Incorporated certifies that the information contained in this report was obtained under conditions which meet or exceed those specified in the test specifications.

The data presented in this test report pertains to the EUT at the test. Any electrical or mechanical modification made to the EUT subsequent to the specified test date will serve to invalidate the data and void this certification.

This report must not be used to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Government.



9. EQUIPMENT LIST

Table 9-1 Equipment List

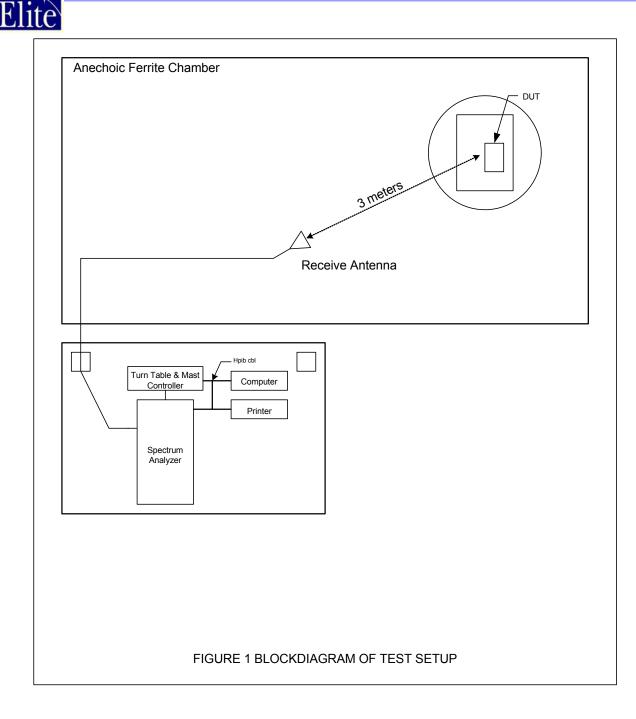
Eq ID	Equipment Description	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Frequency Range	Cal Date	Due Date
CDW3	COMPUTER			004		N/A	
CLT3	LAPTOP COMPUTER	SONY	PCG-GRT390ZP	3001143		NOTE 1	
CMA1	Controllers	EMCO	2090	9701-1213		N/A	
ETH2	TEMPERATURE/HUMIDITY CHAMBER	THERMOTRON	SE-600-10-10	36821		12/14/2010	12/14/2011
ETHA	2 CHANNEL CHART RECORDER	HONEYWELL	DR45AT-1100	0623Y670793000001	-70 to 180 C	12/14/2010	12/14/2011
GCR0	SIGNAL GENERATOR	HEWLETT PACKARD	8647A	3414U00454	0.25-1000MHZ	8/24/2010	8/24/2011
MFC0	MICROWAVE FREQ. COUNTER	HEWLETT PACKARD	5343A	2133A00591	10HZ-26GHZ	8/19/2010	8/19/2011
MSP4	8 CHANNEL DIGITAL	YOKOGAWA	DL708	27VJ0035		3/8/2011	3/8/2012
MSTE	OSCILLOSCOPE HIGH SPEED ISOLATION MODULE	YOKOGAWA	701850	7018FA144		3/8/2011	3/8/2012
NTA0	BILOG ANTENNA	CHASE EMC LTD.	BILOG CBL6112	2057	0.03-2GHZ	6/16/2011	6/16/2012
NWH0	RIDGED WAVE GUIDE	TENSOR	4105	2081	1-12.4GHZ	8/31/2010	8/31/2011
RBA1	EMI TEST RECEIVER	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESIB26	100146	20HZ-26.5GHZ	9/8/2010	9/8/2011
RBB0	EMI TEST RECEIVER 20HZ TO 40 GHZ.	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESIB40	100250	20 HZ TO 40GHZ	3/24/2011	3/24/2012
RYE0	MODULATION ANALYZER	HEWLETT PACKARD	8901B	3104A03410	0.15-1300MHZ	7/9/2010	8/9/2011
T2DS	20DB, 25W ATTENUATOR	WEINSCHEL	46-20-34	BS0916	DC-18GHZ	8/9/2010	8/9/2011
T2S3	20DB 25W ATTENUATOR	WEINSCHEL	46-20-34	BV3544	DC-18GHZ	1/3/2011	1/3/2012

I/O: Initial Only

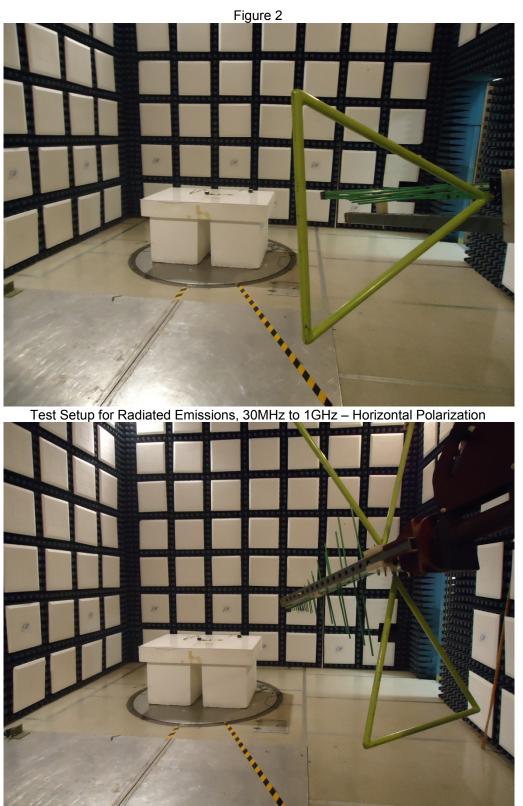
N/A: Not Applicable

Note 1: For the purpose of this test, the equipment was calibrated over the specified frequency range, pulse rate, or modulation prior to the test or monitored by a calibrated instrument.









Test Setup for Radiated Emissions, 30MHz to 1GHz – Vertical Polarization

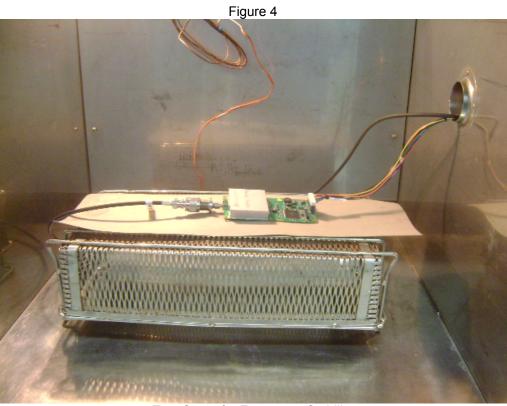


Figure 3



Test Setup for Radiated Emissions, Above 1GHz – Vertical Polarization





Test Setup for Frequency Stability

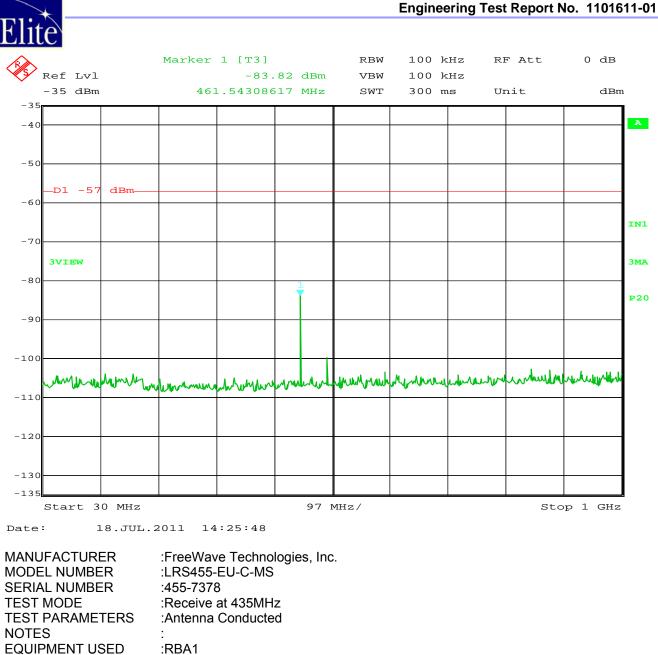


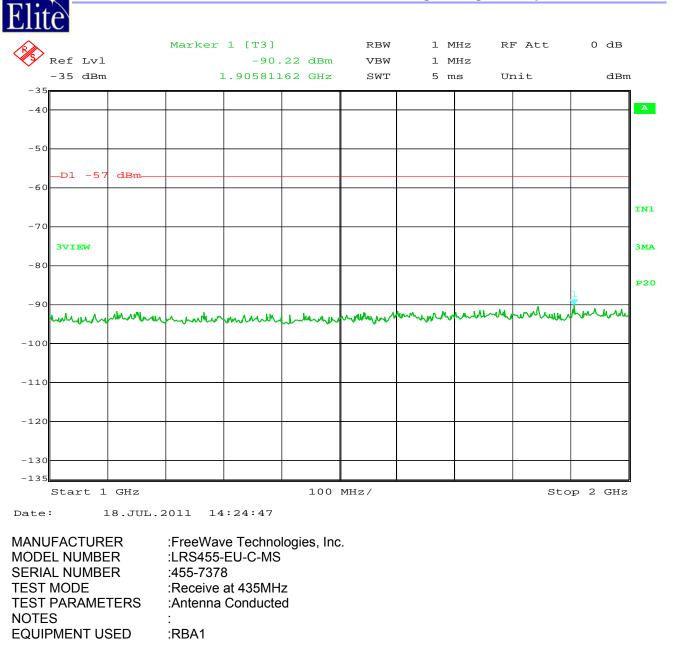
Test Setup for Frequency Stability

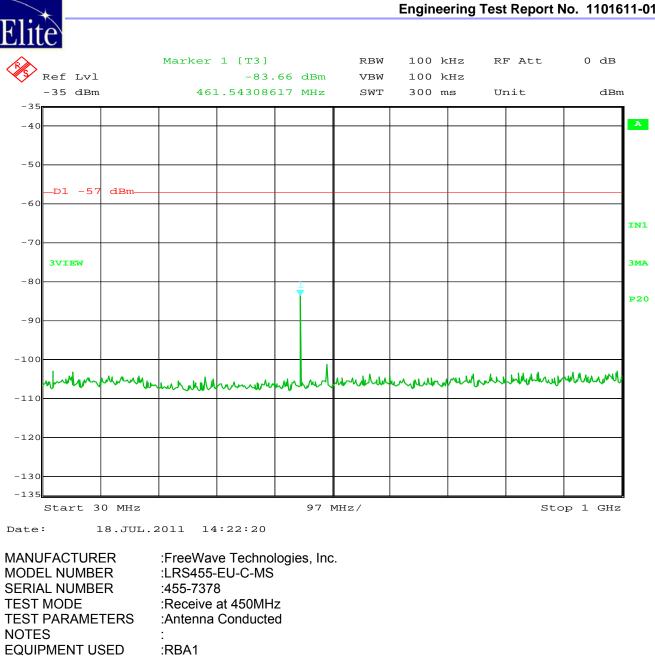




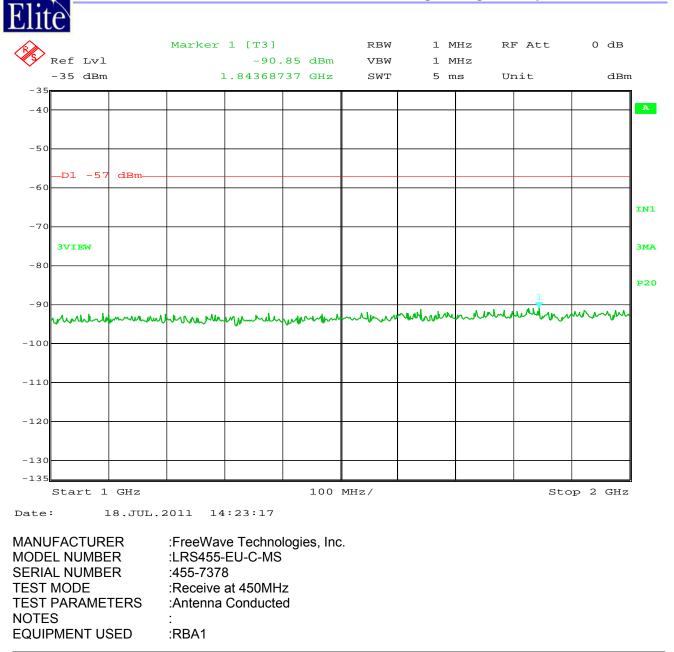
Test Setup for Transient Frequency Behavior

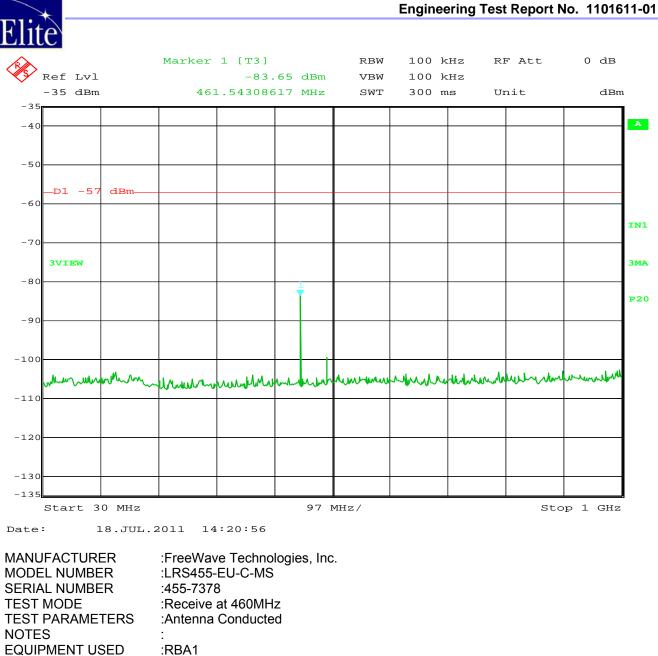


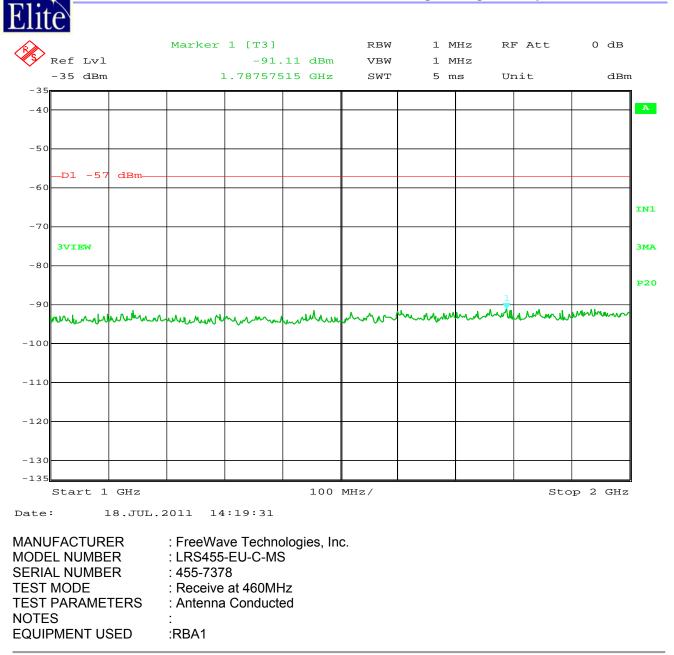


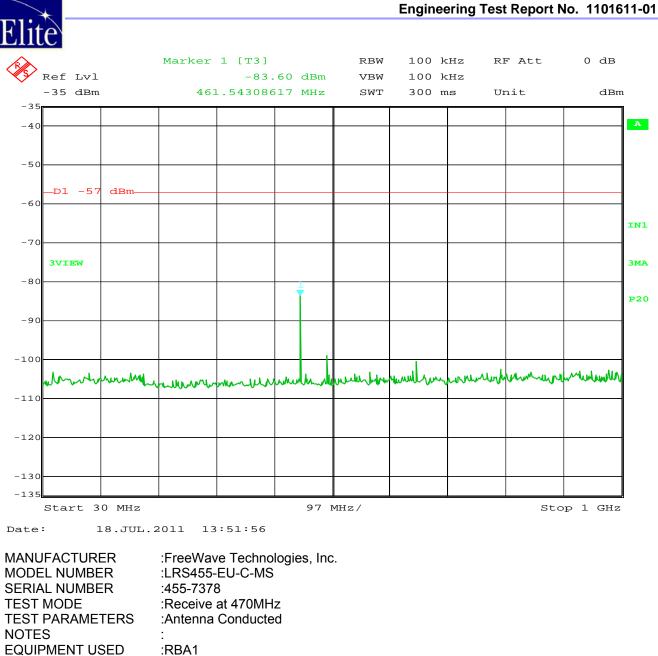


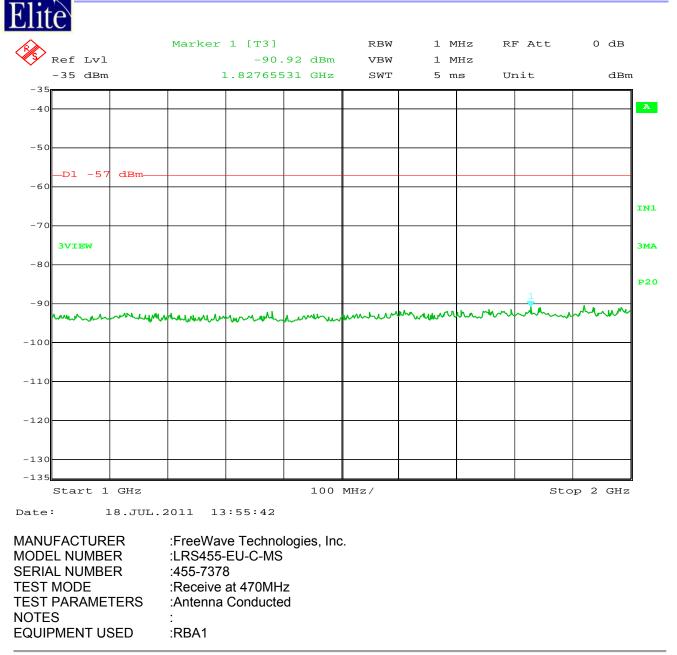
Engineering Test Report No. 1101611-01



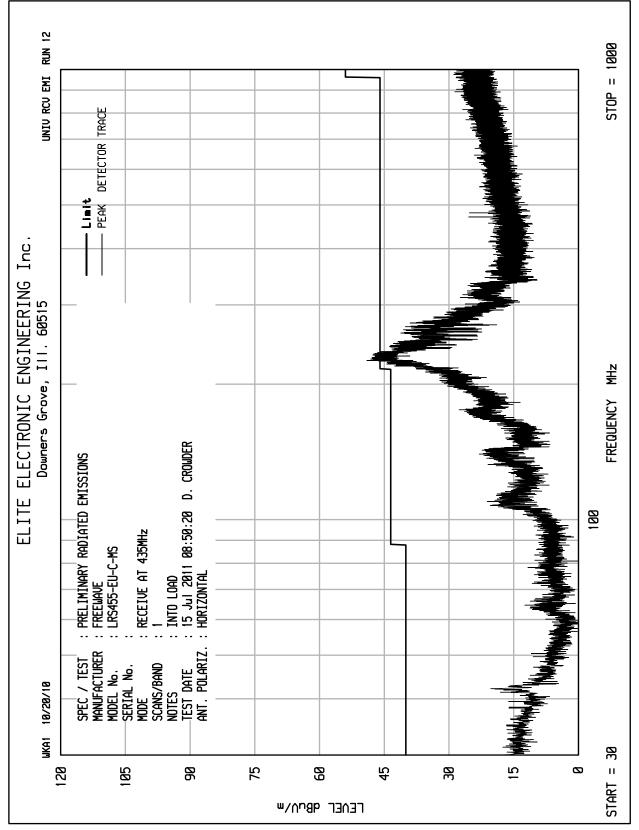




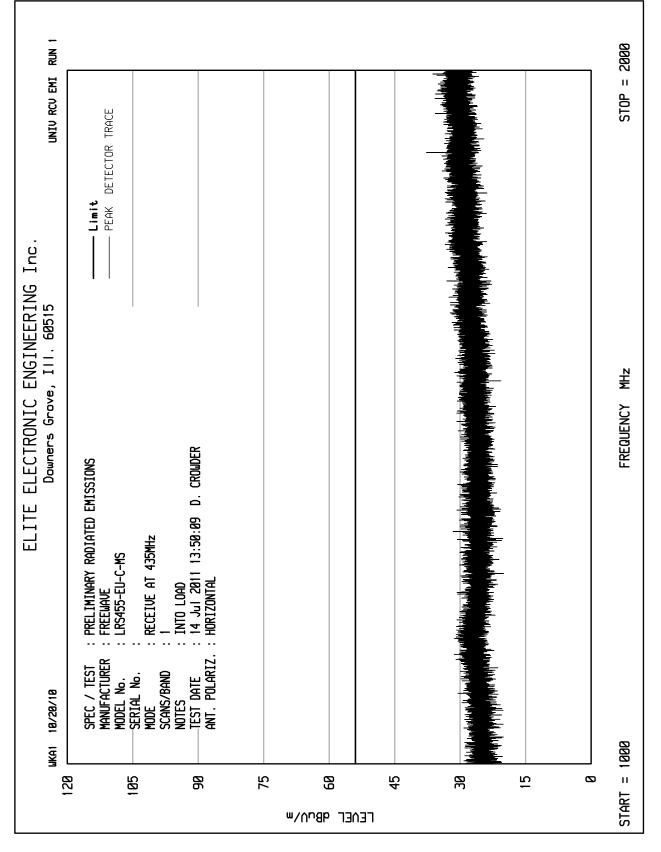




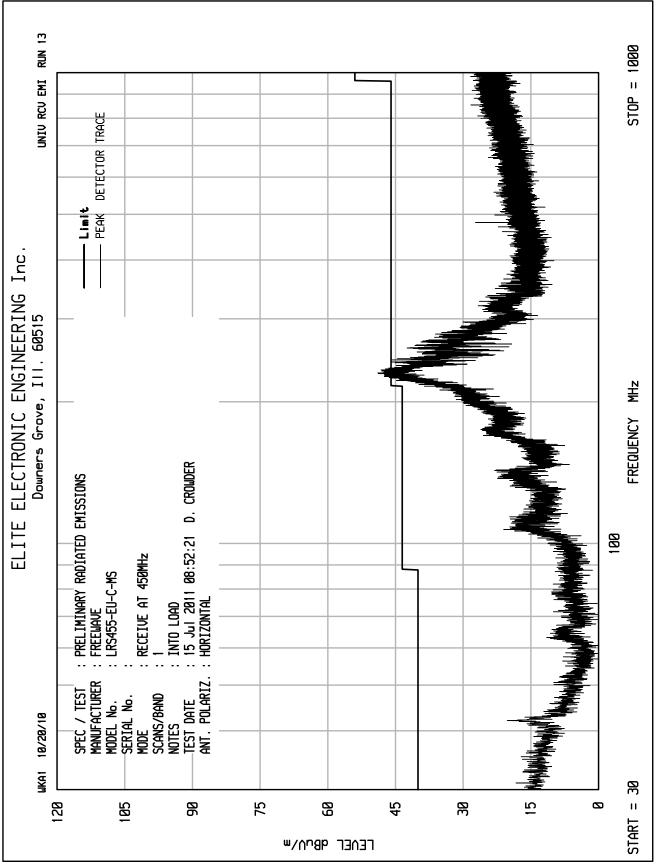




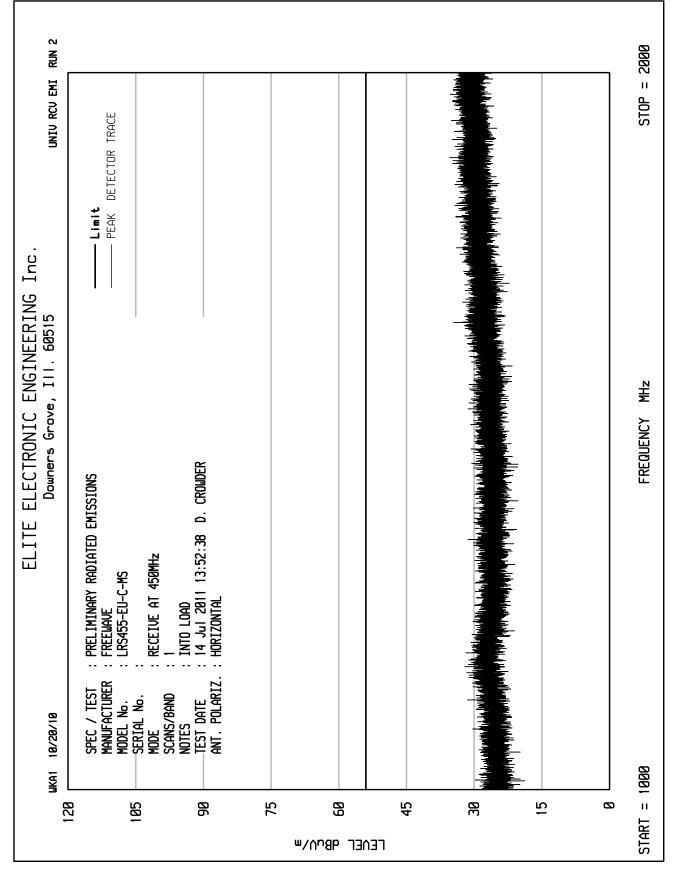




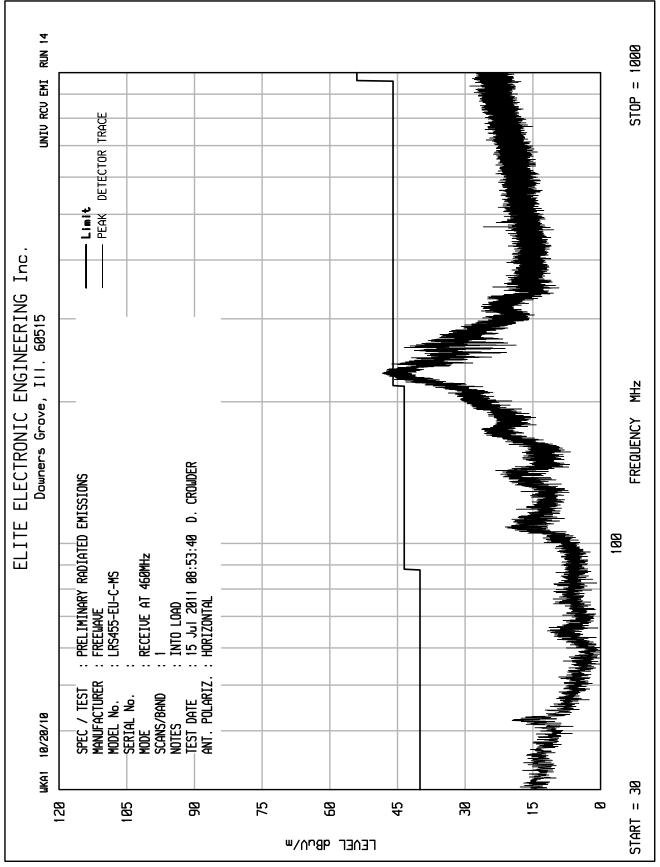




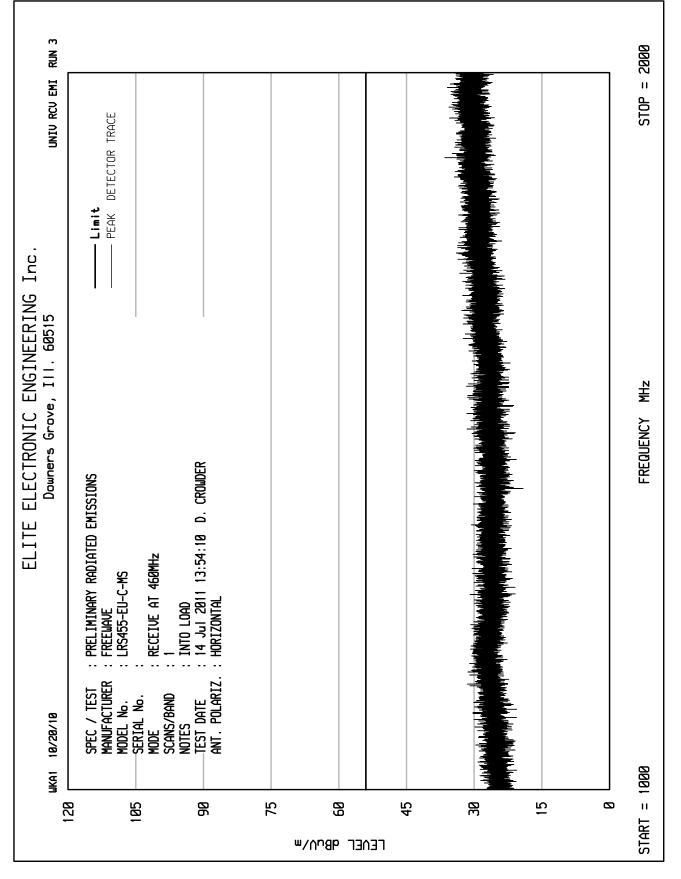




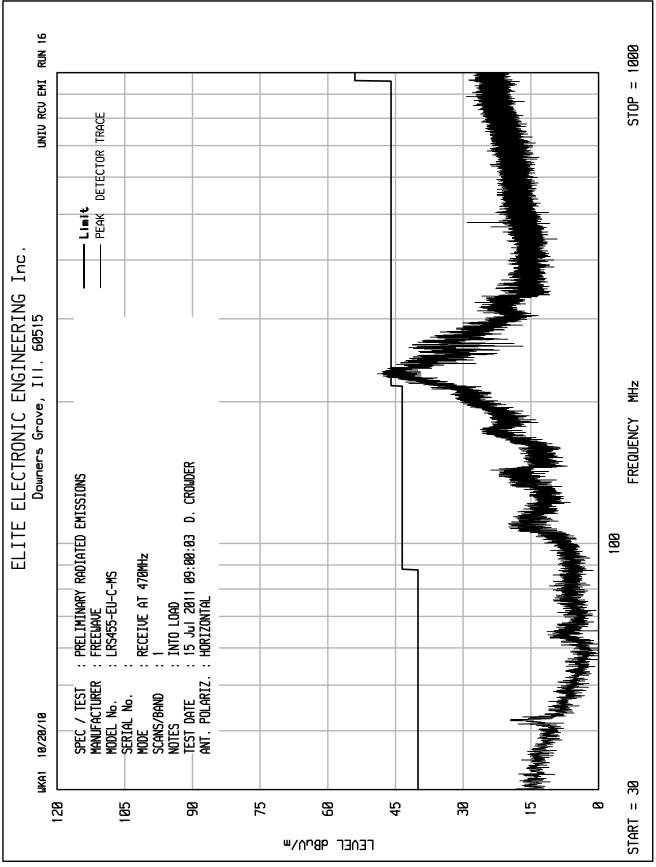




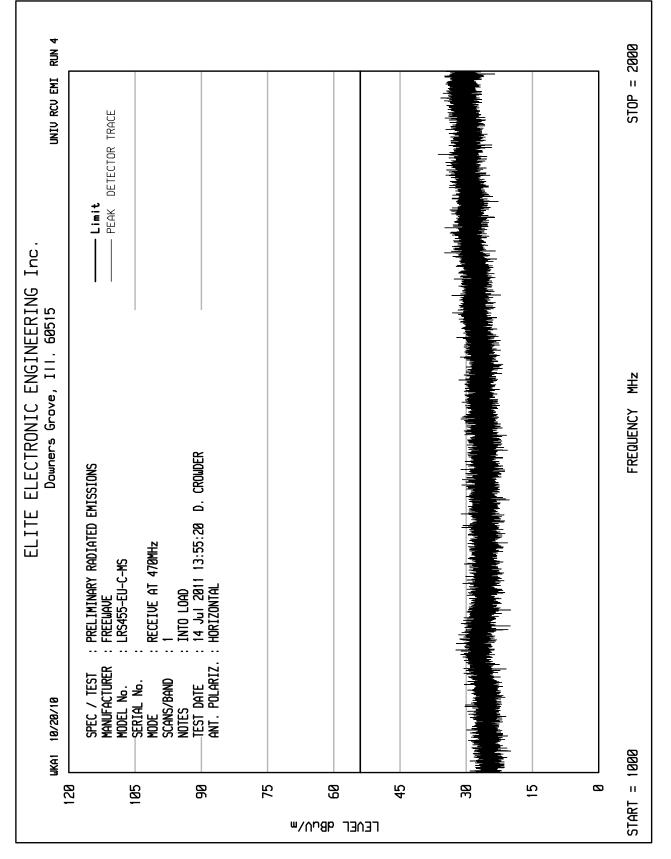














MANUFACTURER MODEL SPECIFICATION DATE NOTES : FreeWave Technologies, Inc. : LRS455-EU-C-MS : FCC-15B Spurious Radiated Emissions : July 15, 2011 : Receive at 435MHz : Test Distance is 3 meters

		Meter		CBL	Ant	Total	Total	Limit	
Freq	Ant	Reading		Fac	Fac	dBuV/m	uV/m	uV/m	Margin
(MHz)	Pol	(dBuV)	Ambient	(dB)	(dB)	at 3 M	at 3M	at 3M	(dB)
219.3	Н	29.0	*	1.1	10.5	40.5	106.4	200.0	-5.5
219.3	V	27.4	*	1.1	10.5	38.9	88.5	200.0	-7.1
390.0	Н	3.1	*	1.6	16.2	20.9	11.1	200.0	-25.2
390.0	V	2.8	*	1.6	16.2	20.6	10.7	200.0	-25.5
780.0	Н	3.5	*	2.2	20.5	26.2	20.5	200.0	-19.8
780.0	V	3.5	*	2.2	20.5	26.2	20.5	200.0	-19.8
1170.0	Н	15.6	*	2.7	25.4	43.7	153.3	500.0	-10.3
1170.0	V	14.0	*	2.7	25.4	42.1	127.5	500.0	-11.9
1560.0	Н	14.4	*	3.2	26.3	43.9	156.9	500.0	-10.1
1560.0	V	13.8	*	3.2	26.3	43.3	146.4	500.0	-10.7
1950.0	Н	15.4	*	3.6	28.0	47.0	222.7	500.0	-7.0
1950.0	V	14.8	*	3.6	28.0	46.4	207.9	500.0	-7.6

V – Vertical, H - Horizontal



MANUFACTURER: FreeMODEL: LRS4SPECIFICATION: FCC-DATE: July 7NOTES: Rece

: FreeWave Technologies, Inc.
: LRS455-EU-C-MS
: FCC-15B Spurious Radiated Emissions
: July 15, 2011
: Receive at 450MHz
: Test Distance is 3 meters

		Meter		CBL	Ant	Total	Total	Limit	
Freq	Ant	Reading		Fac	Fac	dBuV/m	uV/m	uV/m	Margin
(MHz)	Pol	(dBuV)	Ambient	(dB)	(dB)	at 3 M	at 3M	at 3M	(dB)
219.3	Н	29.0	*	1.1	10.5	40.5	106.4	200.0	-5.5
219.3	V	27.4	*	1.1	10.5	38.9	88.5	200.0	-7.1
405.0	Н	3.2	*	1.6	17.0	21.8	12.3	200.0	-24.2
405.0	V	3.5	*	1.6	17.0	22.1	12.7	200.0	-23.9
810.0	Н	3.6	*	2.3	20.8	26.7	21.5	200.0	-19.4
810.0	V	4.3	*	2.3	20.8	27.4	23.4	200.0	-18.7
1215.0	Н	14.4	*	2.8	25.5	42.7	136.0	500.0	-11.3
1215.0	V	15.2	*	2.8	25.5	43.5	149.1	500.0	-10.5
1620.0	Н	14.3	*	3.3	26.6	44.2	161.4	500.0	-9.8
1620.0	V	14.0	*	3.3	26.6	43.9	155.9	500.0	-10.1

V – Vertical, H - Horizontal



MANUFACTURER MODEL SPECIFICATION DATE NOTES : FreeWave Technologies, Inc.
: LRS455-EU-C-MS
: FCC-15B Spurious Radiated Emissions
: July 15, 2011
: Receive at 460MHz
: Test Distance is 3 meters

		Meter		CBL	Ant	Total	Total	Limit	
Freq	Ant	Reading		Fac	Fac	dBuV/m	uV/m	uV/m	Margin
(MHz)	Pol	(dBuV)	Ambient	(dB)	(dB)	at 3 M	at 3M	at 3M	(dB)
219.3	Н	29.0	*	1.1	10.5	40.5	106.4	200.0	-5.5
219.3	V	27.4	*	1.1	10.5	38.9	88.5	200.0	-7.1
415.0	Н	3.0	*	1.6	17.3	21.9	12.5	200.0	-24.1
415.0	V	4.7	*	1.6	17.3	23.6	15.2	200.0	-22.4
830.0	Н	4.2	*	2.3	21.2	27.7	24.2	200.0	-18.3
830.0	V	4.0	*	2.3	21.2	27.5	23.7	200.0	-18.5
1245.0	Н	13.2	*	2.8	25.5	41.6	119.8	500.0	-12.4
1245.0	V	13.6	*	2.8	25.5	42.0	125.5	500.0	-12.0
1660.0	Н	14.6	*	3.3	26.8	44.7	171.4	500.0	-9.3
1660.0	V	14.2	*	3.3	26.8	44.3	163.7	500.0	-9.7

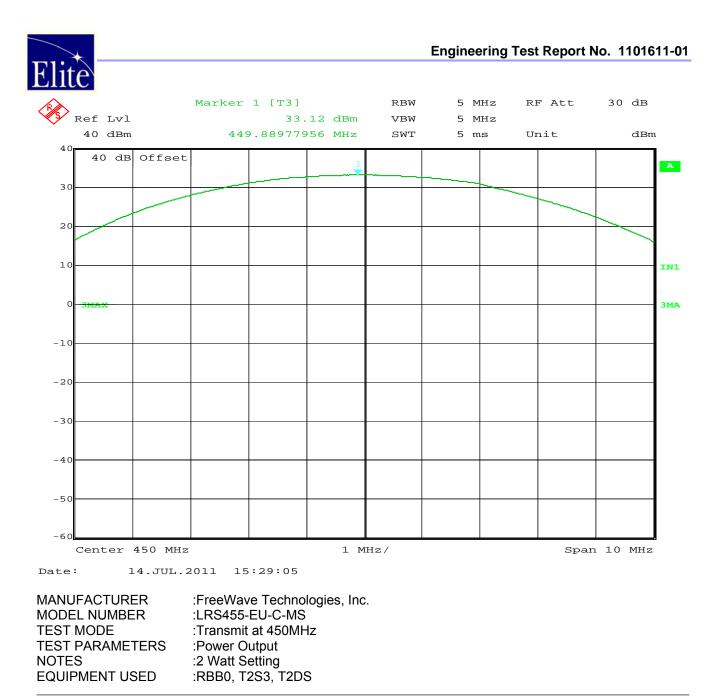
V – Vertical, H - Horizontal

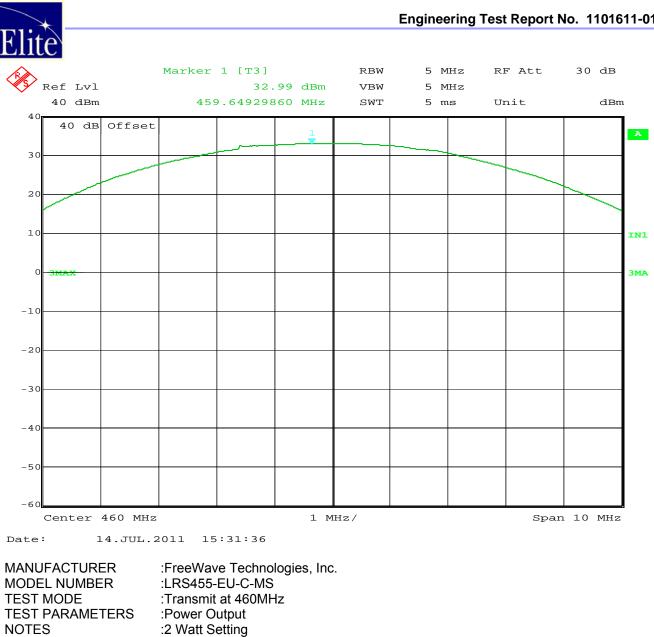


: FreeWave Technologies, Inc. : LRS455-EU-C-MS : FCC-15B Spurious Radiated Emissions : July 15, 2011 : Receive at 470MHz : Test Distance is 3 meters

		Meter		CBL	Ant	Total	Total	Limit	
Freq	Ant	Reading		Fac	Fac	dBuV/m	uV/m	uV/m	Margin
(MHz)	Pol	(dBuV)	Ambient	(dB)	(dB)	at 3 M	at 3M	at 3M	(dB)
219.3	н	29.0	*	1.1	10.5	40.5	106.4	200.0	-5.5
219.3	V	27.4	*	1.1	10.5	38.9	88.5	200.0	-7.1
425.00	Н	4.2	*	1.6	17.2	23.0	14.2	200.0	-23.0
425.00	V	5.2	*	1.6	17.2	24.0	15.9	200.0	-22.0
850.00	Н	3.9	*	2.3	21.3	27.5	23.8	200.0	-18.5
850.00	V	3.5	*	2.3	21.3	27.1	22.7	200.0	-18.9
1275.00	Н	15.3	*	2.9	25.6	43.8	154.4	500.0	-10.2
1275.00	V	14.9	*	2.9	25.6	43.4	147.4	500.0	-10.6
1700.00	Н	14.4	*	3.3	27.0	44.7	171.8	500.0	-9.3
1700.00	V	14.6	*	3.3	27.0	44.9	175.8	500.0	-9.1

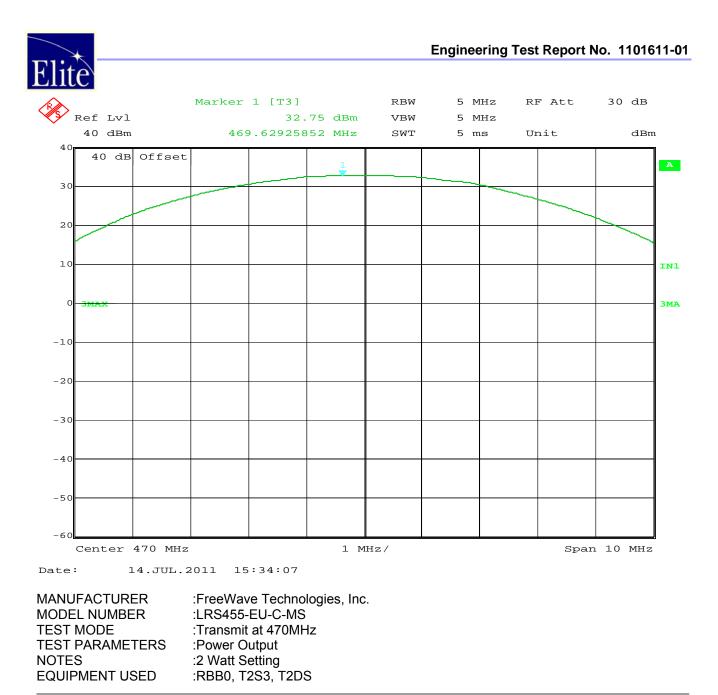
V – Vertical, H - Horizontal





:RBB0, T2S3, T2DS

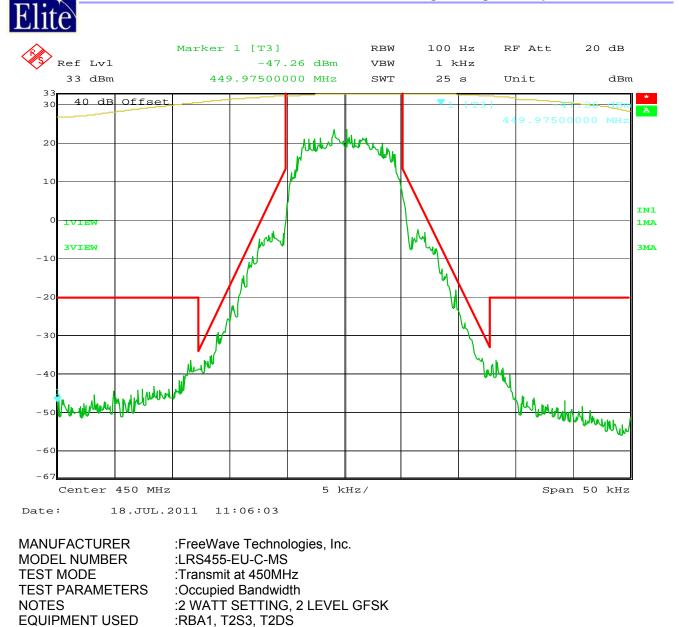
EQUIPMENT USED

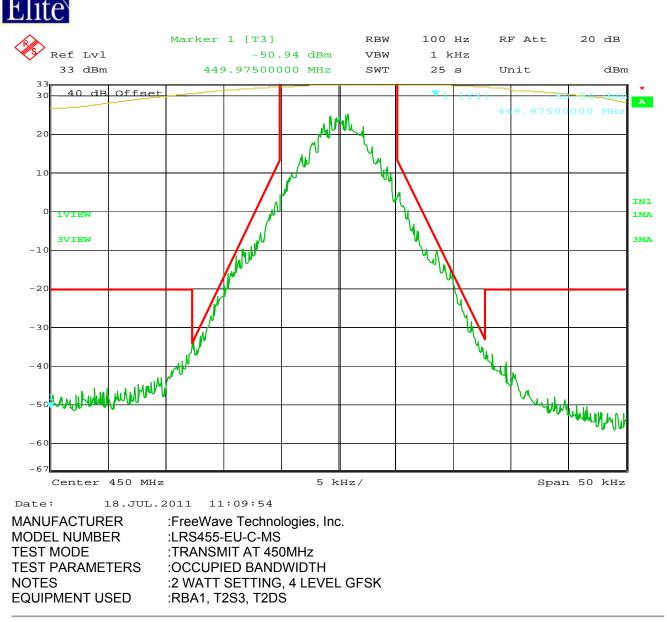


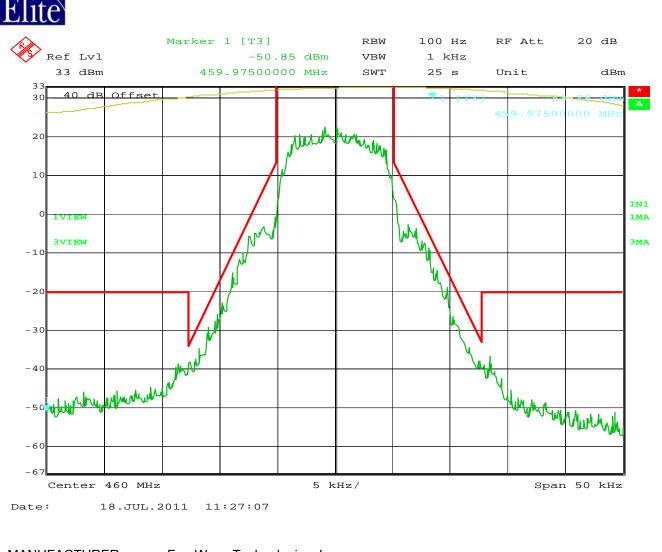


MANUFACTURER: Free Wave TechnologiesMODEL: LRS455-EU-C-MSSPECIFICATION: FCC 90.205 Power OutputDATE: July 14, 2011

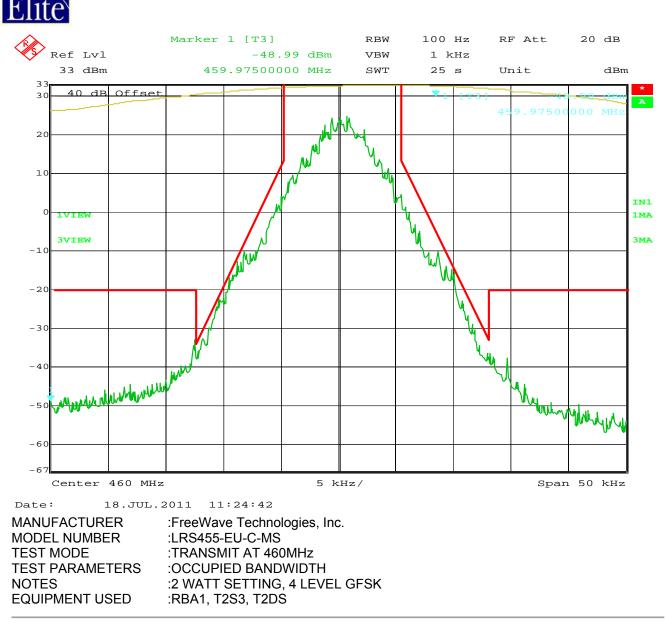
	Measured	Measured Output	Manufacturer's	Manufacturer's Rated Power +
	Output Power	Power	Rated Power	20%
Frequency MHz	dBm	Watts	Watts	Watts
450.0	33.1	2.1	2.0	2.4
460.0	33.0	2.0	2.0	2.4
470.0	32.8	1.9	2.0	2.4

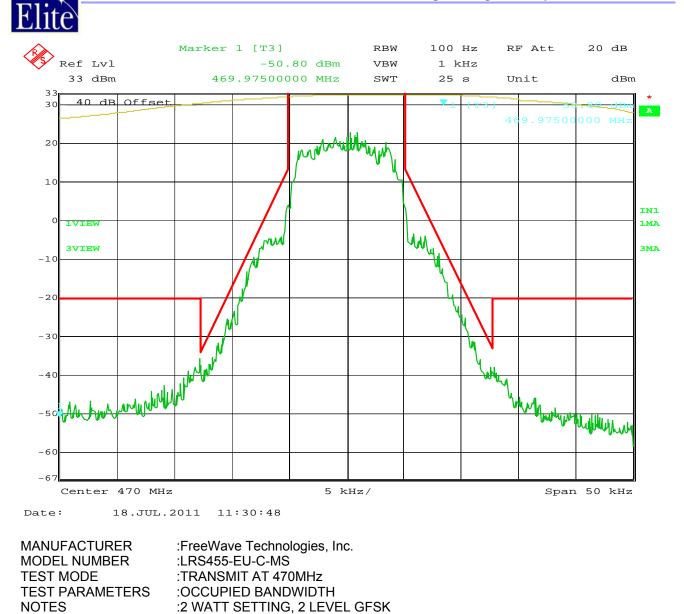






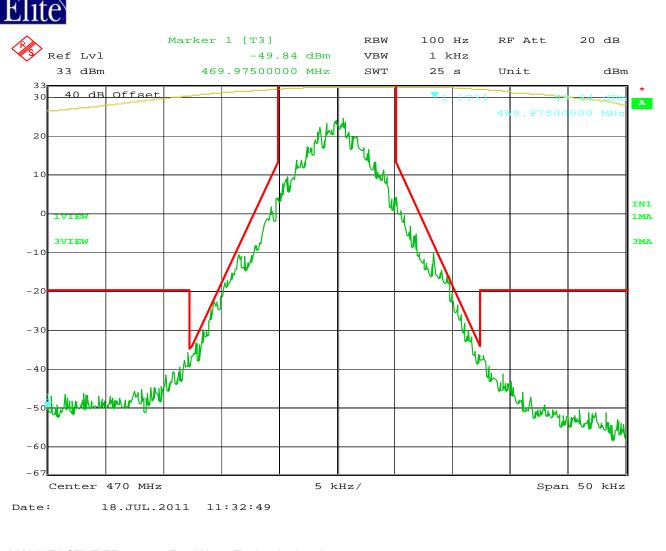
MANUFACTURER	:FreeWave Technologies, Inc.
MODEL NUMBER	:LRS455-EU-C-MS
TEST MODE	:TRANSMIT AT 460MHz
TEST PARAMETERS	:OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH
NOTES	:2 WATT SETTING, 2 LEVEL GFSK
EQUIPMENT USED	:RBA1, T2S3, T2DS



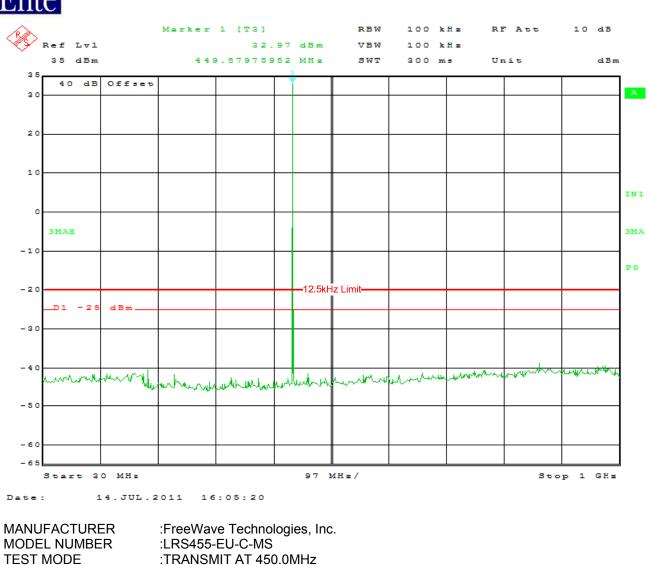


EQUIPMENT USED

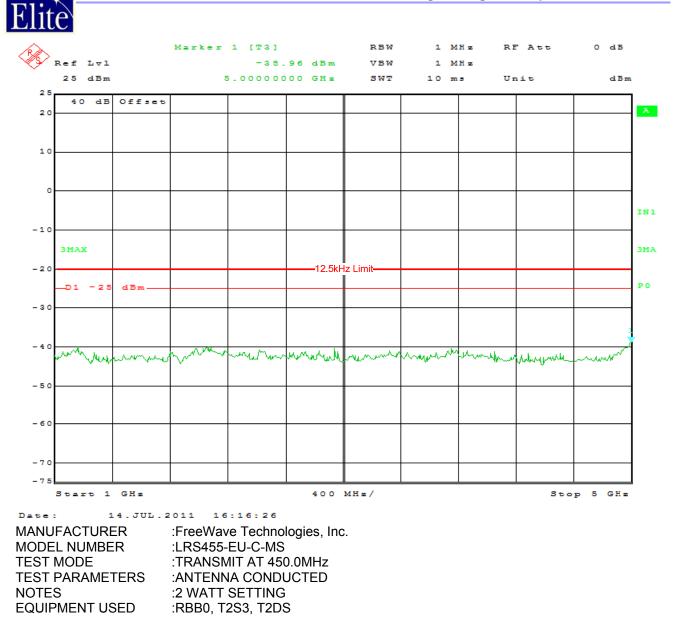
:RBA1, T2S3, T2DS

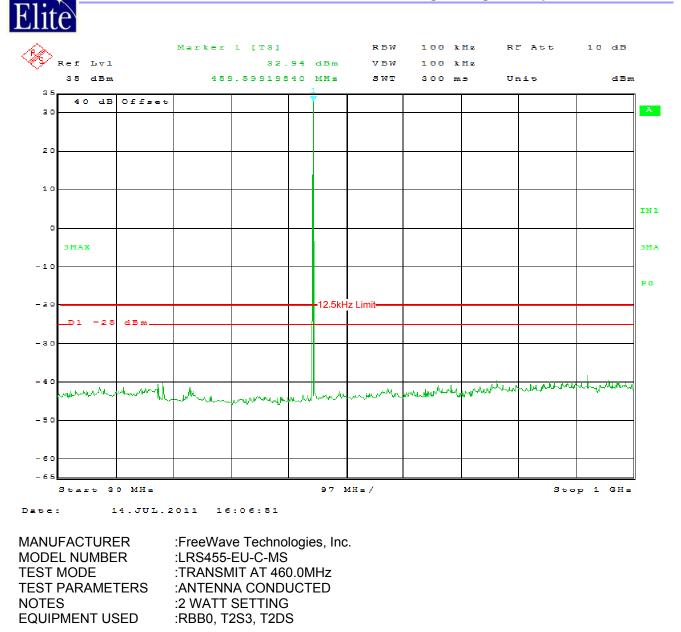


MANUFACTURER	:FreeWave Technologies, Inc.
MODEL NUMBER	:LRS455-EU-C-MS
TEST MODE	:TRANSMIT AT 470MHz
TEST PARAMETERS	:OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH
NOTES	:2 WATT SETTING, 4 LEVEL GFSK
EQUIPMENT USED	:RBA1, T2S3, T2DS



MODEL NUMBER	:LRS455-EU-C-MS
TEST MODE	:TRANSMIT AT 450.0MHz
TEST PARAMETERS	:ANTENNA CONDUCTED
NOTES	:2 WATT SETTING
EQUIPMENT USED	:RBB0, T2S3, T2DS

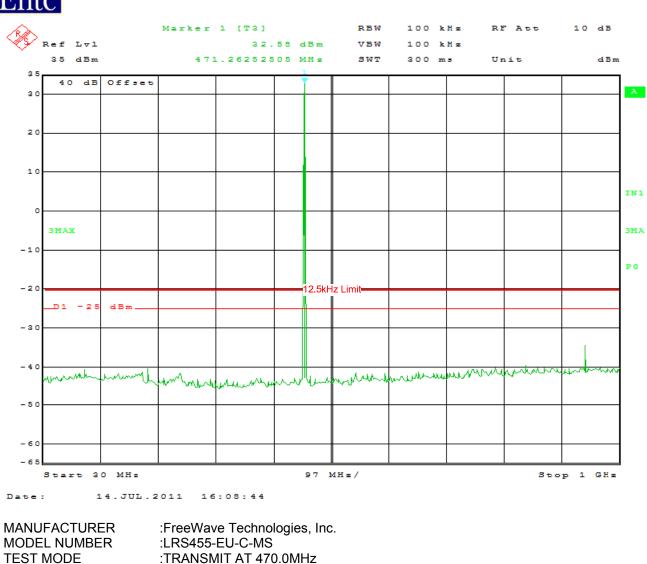




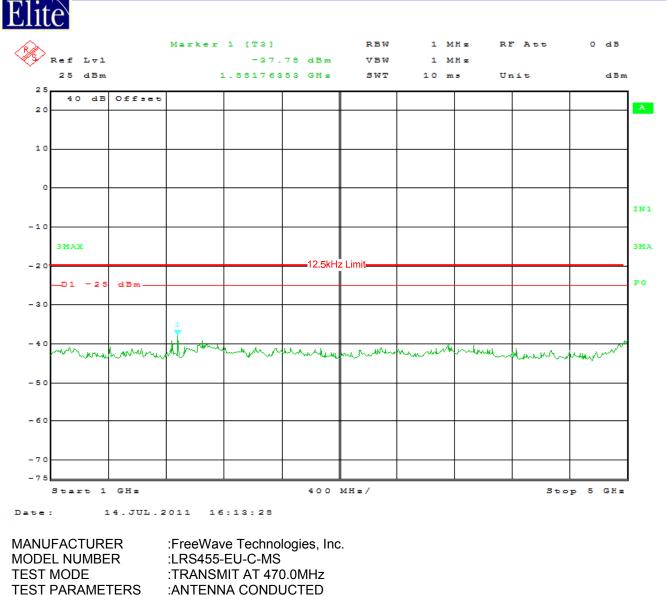


EQUIPMENT USED

:RBB0, T2S3, T2DS



:LRS455-EU-C-MS
:TRANSMIT AT 470.0MHz
:ANTENNA CONDUCTED
:2 WATT SETTING
:RBB0, T2S3, T2DS

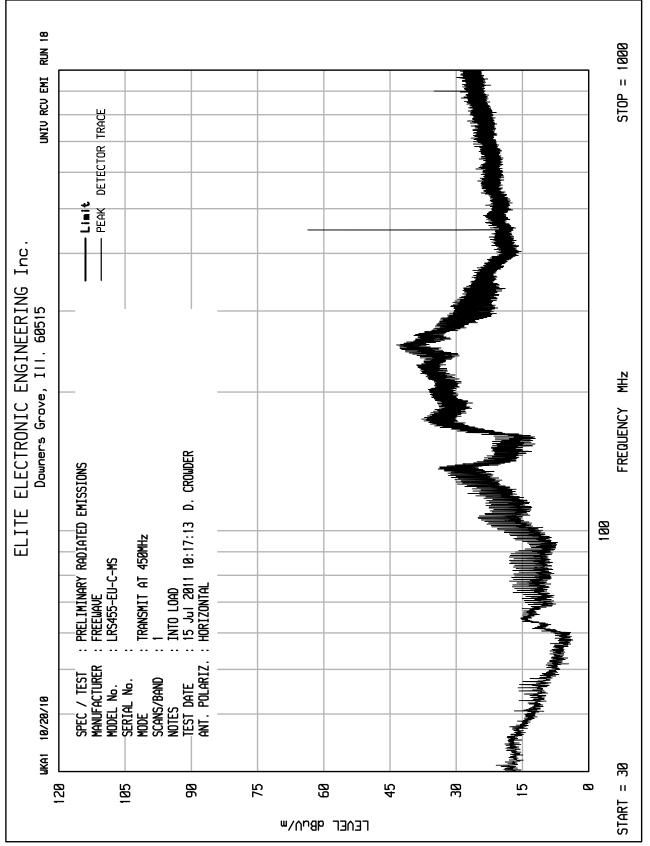


NOTES EQUIPMENT USED

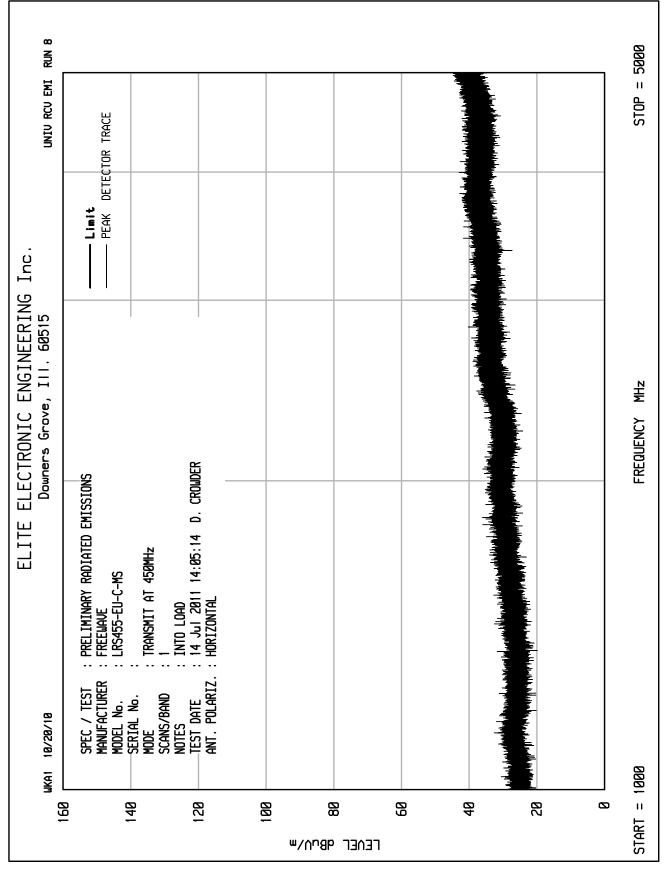
:2 WATT SETTING

:RBB0, T2S3, T2DS

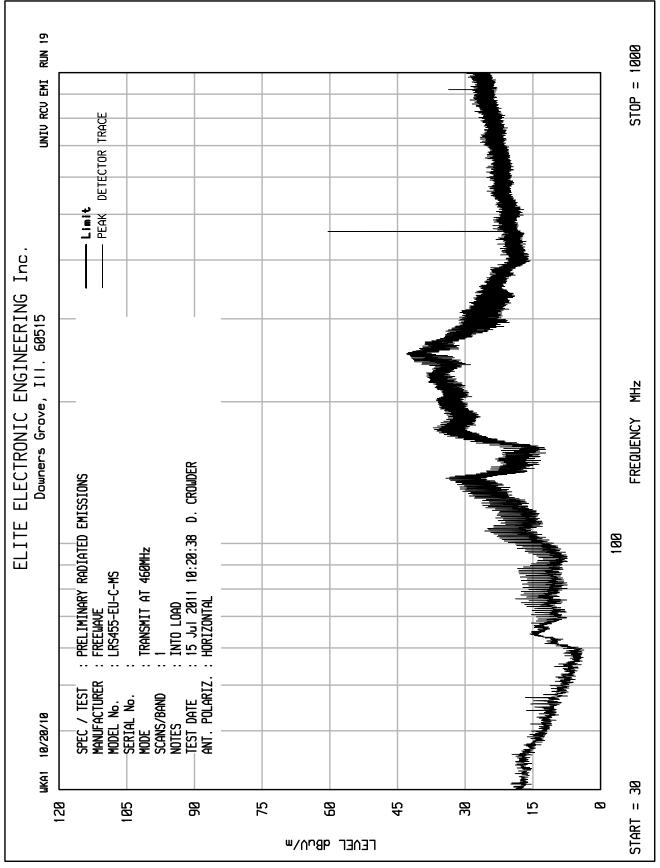




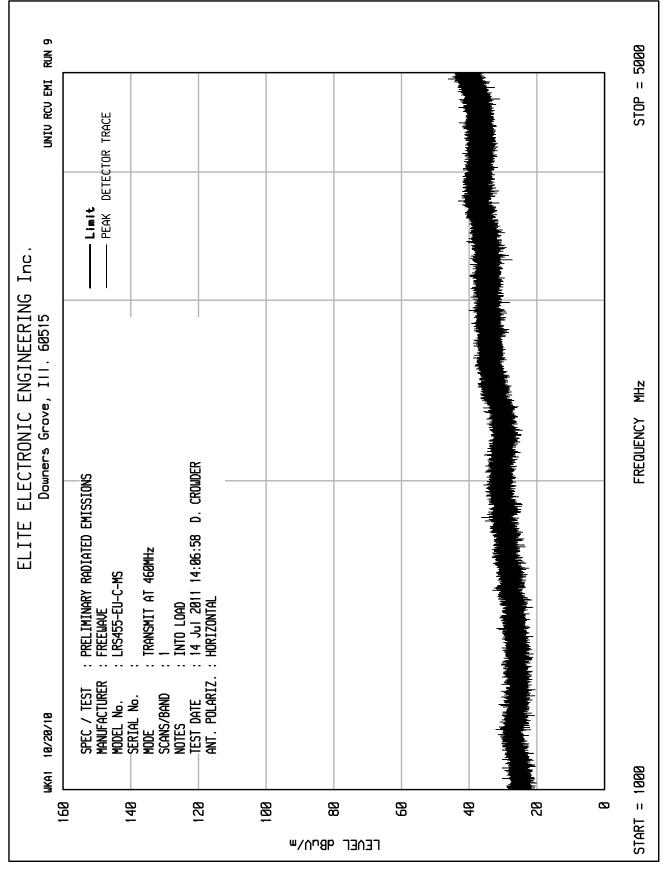




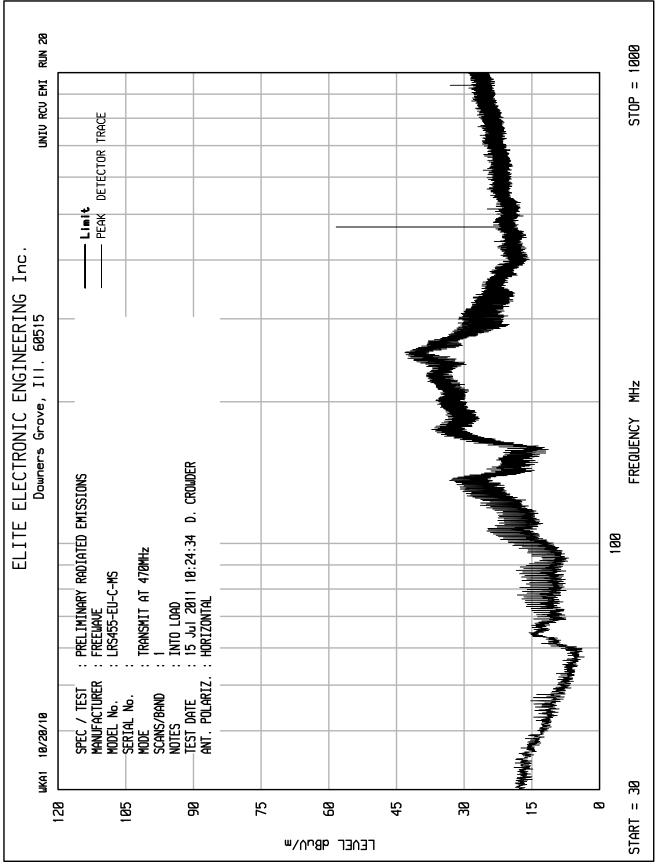














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MANUFACTURER: FreeWaMODEL: LRS458SPECIFICATION: FCC PaDATE: July 15NOTES: Transm

: FreeWave Technologies, Inc.
: LRS455-EU-C-MS
: FCC Part 90/RSS-119 Spurious Radiated Emissions
: July 15, 2011
: Transmit at 450MHz
: Test Distance is 3 meters

		Meter		Matched SIG.	Equivalent Ant				FCC
Freq	Ant	Reading		GEN.	Gain	CBL	Total	MIN	Minimum
(MHz)	Pol	(dBuV)	Ambient	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBm)	ATTEN	Attenuation
910.00	Н	17.7		-57.2	0.0	1.9	-59.1	92.1	53
910.00	V	14.4		-59.0	0.0	1.9	-60.9	93.9	53
1365.00	Н	14.1	*	-62.6	4.4	2.4	-60.5	93.6	53
1365.00	V	14.8	*	-61.6	4.4	2.4	-59.6	92.6	53
1820.00	Н	17.2		-57.4	5.2	2.8	-55.0	88.0	53
1820.00	V	17.8		-56.1	5.2	2.8	-53.7	86.7	53
2275.00	Н	14.5	*	-58.5	5.6	3.0	-55.9	88.9	53
2275.00	V	14.9	*	-56.4	5.6	3.0	-53.8	86.8	53
2730.00	Н	14.7	*	-56.8	5.8	3.2	-54.2	87.2	53
2730.00	V	15.0	*	-54.1	5.8	3.2	-51.5	84.5	53
3185.00	Н	15.3	*	-54.8	6.1	3.4	-52.0	85.0	53
3185.00	V	15.2	*	-52.8	6.1	3.4	-50.1	83.1	53
3640.00	Н	16.3	*	-51.9	6.8	3.8	-48.9	81.9	53
3640.00	V	15.8	*	-51.1	6.8	3.8	-48.1	81.1	53
4095.00	Н	15.5	*	-50.1	7.2	4.1	-47.0	80.0	53
4095.00	V	15.3	*	-50.0	7.2	4.1	-46.8	79.8	53
4550.00	Н	16.2	*	-48.9	8.2	4.4	-45.1	78.1	53
4550.00	V	15.5	*	-50.1	8.2	4.4	-46.2	79.2	53

MIN ATTEN = (matched signal + antenna gain - cable loss) – power in dBm FCC minimum attenuation = 50+ 10*log(Power in watts) = 50 + 10*log(2W) = 53



MANUFACTURER MODEL SPECIFICATION DATE NOTES

: FreeWave Technologies, Inc.
: LRS455-EU-C-MS
: FCC Part 90/RSS-119 Spurious Radiated Emissions
: July 15, 2011
: Transmit at 460MHz
: Test Distance is 3 meters

				Matched	Equivalent				
		Meter		SIG.	Ant				FCC
Freq	Ant	Reading		GEN.	Gain	CBL	Total	MIN	Minimum
(MHz)	Pol	(dBuV)	Ambient	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBm)	ATTEN	Attenuation
920.00	Н	16.1		-58.5	0.0	1.9	-60.4	93.4	53
920.00	V	12.8		-60.0	0.0	1.9	-61.9	94.9	53
1380.00	н	14.4	*	-62.3	4.5	2.4	-60.2	93.2	53
1380.00	V	14.9	*	-61.5	4.5	2.4	-59.4	92.5	53
1840.00	Н	16.7		-57.8	5.2	2.8	-55.4	88.4	53
1840.00	V	16.6		-57.2	5.2	2.8	-54.8	87.8	53
2300.00	Н	14.5	*	-58.5	5.6	3.0	-55.8	88.9	53
2300.00	V	14.9	*	-56.2	5.6	3.0	-53.6	86.6	53
2760.00	Н	15.2	*	-56.2	5.8	3.2	-53.6	86.6	53
2760.00	V	16.2	*	-52.8	5.8	3.2	-50.2	83.2	53
3220.00	Н	15.2	*	-54.8	6.2	3.4	-52.0	85.0	53
3220.00	V	15.6	*	-52.4	6.2	3.4	-49.6	82.6	53
3680.00	Н	15.5	*	-52.4	6.8	3.8	-49.4	82.4	53
3680.00	V	17.1	*	-49.6	6.8	3.8	-46.6	79.6	53
4140.00	Н	15.7	*	-49.9	7.4	4.1	-46.7	79.7	53
4140.00	V	15.4	*	-49.9	7.4	4.1	-46.7	79.7	53
4600.00	Н	17.0	*	-47.8	8.2	4.4	-44.0	77.0	53
4600.00	V	15.1	*	-50.1	8.2	4.4	-46.4	79.4	53

 $\begin{array}{l} {\sf MIN \ ATTEN = (matched \ signal + antenna \ gain - cable \ loss) - power \ in \ dBm} \\ {\sf FCC \ minimum \ attenuation = 50+ 10*log(Power \ in \ watts) = 50+ 10*log(2W) = 53} \end{array}$



MANUFACTURER: FreeWave Technologies, Inc.MODEL: LRS455-EU-C-MSSPECIFICATION: FCC Part 90/RSS-119 Spurious Radiated EmissionsDATE: July 15, 2011NOTES: Transmit at 470MHz: Test Distance is 3 meters

		Meter		Matched SIG.	Equivalent Ant				FCC
Freq	Ant	Reading		GEN.	Gain	CBL	Total	MIN	Minimum
(MHz)	Pol	(dBuV)	Ambient	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBm)	ATTEN	Attenuation
940.00	Н	15.2		-58.7	0.0	1.9	-60.6	93.6	53
940.00	V	13.7		-58.0	0.0	1.9	-59.9	92.9	53
1410.00	Н	14.8	*	-61.9	4.6	2.4	-59.7	92.7	53
1410.00	V	13.7	*	-62.8	4.6	2.4	-60.6	93.6	53
1880.00	Н	16.6	*	-57.8	5.2	2.8	-55.3	88.4	53
1880.00	V	14.3	*	-59.3	5.2	2.8	-56.9	89.9	53
2350.00	Н	14.5	*	-58.3	5.7	3.0	-55.7	88.7	53
2350.00	V	13.9	*	-56.9	5.7	3.0	-54.3	87.3	53
2820.00	Н	15.5	*	-55.7	5.8	3.2	-53.1	86.1	53
2820.00	V	15.9	*	-52.9	5.8	3.2	-50.3	83.3	53
3290.00	Н	14.9	*	-54.9	6.3	3.5	-52.0	85.0	53
3290.00	V	14.8	*	-53.1	6.3	3.5	-50.3	83.3	53
3760.00	Н	15.2	*	-52.1	6.8	3.9	-49.1	82.2	53
3760.00	V	15.9	*	-50.4	6.8	3.9	-47.4	80.4	53
4230.00	Н	15.3	*	-50.3	7.6	4.2	-46.9	79.9	53
4230.00	V	14.9	*	-50.6	7.6	4.2	-47.2	80.2	53
4700.00	Н	15.0	*	-49.2	8.1	4.5	-45.6	78.6	53
4700.00	V	15.7	*	-48.8	8.1	4.5	-45.2	78.2	53

 $\begin{array}{l} {\sf MIN \ ATTEN = (matched \ signal + antenna \ gain - cable \ loss) - power \ in \ dBm} \\ {\sf FCC \ minimum \ attenuation = 50+ 10*log(Power \ in \ watts) = 50+ 10*log(2W) = 53} \end{array}$



MANUFACTURER: FreeWave Technologies, Inc.MODEL: LRS455-EU-C-MSSPECIFICATION: FCC Part 90/RSS-119 Frequency Stability vs. TemperatureDATE: July 21, 2011EQUIPMENT USED: MFC0, ETH2, ETHANOTES: Transmit at 460MHz

Temperature	Measured Frequency	Frequency Error	Limit
Oo	Hz	Hz	Hz
+23	460000880		
-30	459999874	1006	1150
-20	459999788	1092	1150
-10	459999779	1101	1150
0	459999806	1074	1150
+10	459999806	1074	1150
+20	460000397	483	1150
+30	460001106	-226	1150
+40	460001236	-356	1150
+50	460001254	-374	1150

Limit = 2.5ppm = 460,000,880* 2.5ppm = 1150Hz

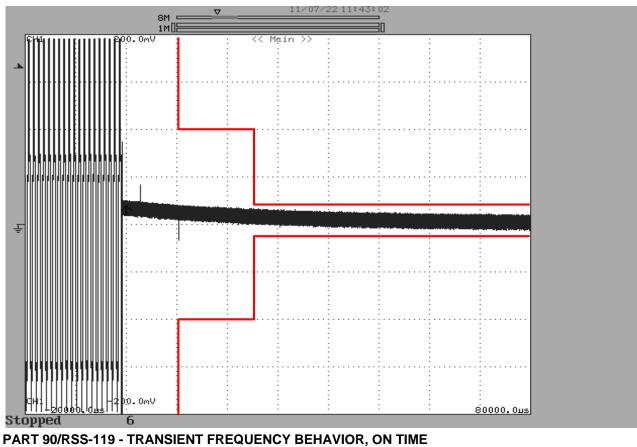


MANUFACTURER: FreeWave Technologies, Inc.MODEL: LRS455-EU-C-MSSPECIFICATION: FCC Part 90/RSS-119 Frequency Stability vs. TemperatureDATE: July 21, 2011EQUIPMENT USED: MFC0, ETH2, ETHANOTES: Transmit at 460MHz

Supply Voltage	Measured Frequency	Frequency Error	Limit	
VDC	Hz	Hz	Hz	
10.2 (85%)	460000569	311	1150	
12.0	460000880			
13.8 (115%)	460000777	103	1150	

Limit = 2.5ppm = 460,000,880* 2.5ppm = 1150Hz

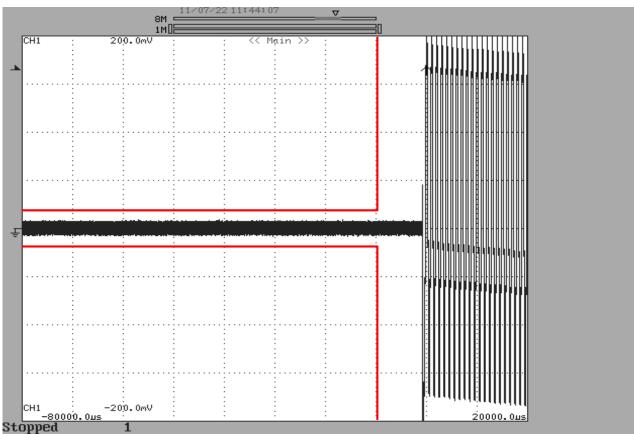




MANUFACTURER MODEL NUMBER TEST TEST MODE TEST EQUIPMENT USED

: FreeWave Technologies, Inc.
: LRS455-EU-C-MS
: Transient Frequency Behavior, On-time
: Tx @ 460MHz, 12.5kHz channel spacing
: Transmit on Time, t1= 10ms, t2=25ms
: MSP4, GBQ0, RYE0, T1D2





PART 90/RSS-119 - TRANSIENT FREQUENCY BEHAVIOR, OFF TIME

MANUFACTURER: FreeWave Technologies, Inc.MODEL NUMBER: LRS455-EU-C-MSTEST: Transient Frequency Behavior, OFF-timeTEST MODE: Tx @ 460MHz, 12.5kHz channel spacingTEST: Transmit off Time, t3=10msecEQUIPMENT USED: MSP4, GBQ0, RYE0, T1D2