

# **Certification Test Report**

FCC ID: KJ8-0003177 IC: 3540A-0003177

FCC Rule Part: 15.249
IC Radio Standards Specification: RSS-210

ACS Report Number: 09-0189-15C

Manufacturer: Wayne-Dalton Corporation Model: WDHKC-50

Test Begin Date: May 29, 2009 Test End Date: June 3, 2009

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FOR THE SCOPE OF ACCREDITATION UNDER LAB Code 200612-0

This report is not be used to claim certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST or any government agency.

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This report contains 14 pages

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Additional Exhibits Included In Filing
Internal Photographs
External Photographs
Test Setup Photographs Label Information

Manual Theory of Operation System Block Diagram Schematics

#### 1.0 GENERAL

# 1.1 Purpose

The purpose of this report is to demonstrate compliance with Part 15 Subpart C of the FCC's Code of Federal Regulations and Industry Canada's Radio Standards Specification RSS-210.

#### 1.2 Product Description

#### 1.2.1 General

Upon entering a controlled access room utilizing a card key reader, for example a hotel room, the occupant is encouraged to place their key in a special "holder" within that room. This "holder" is the Room Key Controller model WDHKC-50. By doing so, they automatically activate appliances, typically lights, and/or other devices that have been associated with the Room Key Controller. Once the key is removed, the devices return to their original settings.

The WDHKC-50 operates on a single channel at 908.42 MHz.

Manufacturer Information: Wayne-Dalton Corporation 4400 River Green Pkwy. Duluth, Ga. 30096 USA

Test Sample Serial Number(s):

ACS#1

Test Sample Condition:

The test sample was provided in working order with no visible defects.

Operating Voltage:

The WDHKC-50 operates off a single 3.0V lithium battery.

Detailed photographs of the EUT are filed separately with this filing.

#### 1.2.2 Intended Use

The WDHKC-50 is a "Room Key Controller".

#### 1.3 Test Methodology and Considerations

The WDHKC-50 was tested stand-alone in a single orientation which represents normal intended operation.

#### 2.0 TEST FACILITIES

#### 2.1 Location

The radiated and conducted emissions test sites are located at the following address:

Advanced Compliance Solutions 5015 B.U. Bowman Drive Buford, GA 30518 Phone: (770) 831-8048

Fax: (770) 831-8598

#### 2.2 Laboratory Accreditations/Recognitions/Certifications

The Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site, Open Area Test Site (OATS) and Conducted Emissions Site have been fully described, submitted to, and accepted by the FCC, Industry Canada and the Japanese Voluntary Control Council for Interference by information technology equipment. In addition, ACS is compliant to ISO/IEC 17025 as certified by the National Institute of Standards and Technology under their National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program. The following certification numbers have been issued in recognition of these accreditations and certifications:

FCC Registration Number: 894540 Industry Canada Lab Code: 4175A VCCI Member Number: 1831

VCCI OATS Registration Number R-1526

VCCI Conducted Emissions Site Registration Number: C-1608

NVLAP Lab Code: 200612-0

#### 2.3 Radiated Emissions Test Site Description

## 2.3.1 Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site

The Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site consists of a  $20^{\circ}$  x  $30^{\circ}$  x  $18^{\circ}$  shielded enclosure. The chamber is lined with Toyo Ferrite Grid Absorber, model number FFG-1000. The ferrite tile grid is  $101 \times 101 \times 19$ mm thick and weighs approximately 550 grams. These tiles are mounted on steel panels and installed directly on the inner walls of the chamber.

The turntable is 150cm in diameter and is located 160cm from the back wall of the chamber. The chamber is grounded via 1 - 8' copper ground rod, installed at the center of the back wall, it is bound to the ground plane using 3/4" stainless steel braided cable.

The turntable is all steel, flush mounted table installed in an all steel frame. The table is remotely operated from inside the control room located 25' from the range. The turntable is electrically bonded to the surrounding ground plane via steel fingers installed on the edge of the turn table. The steel fingers make constant contact with the ground plane during operation.

Behind the turntable is a 3' x 6' x 4' deep shielded pit used for support equipment if necessary. The pit is equipped with 1 - 4" PVC chases from the turntable to the pit that allow for cabling to the EUT if necessary. The underside of the turntable can be accessed from the pit so cables can be supplied to the EUT from the pit.

A diagram of the Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site is shown in Figure 2.3-1 below:

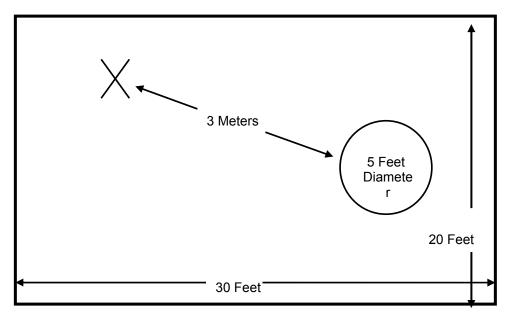


Figure 2.3-1: Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site

#### 2.3.2 Open Area Tests Site (OATS)

The open area test site consists of a 40' x 66' concrete pad covered with a perforated electroplated galvanized sheet metal. The perforations in the sheet metal are 1/8" holes that are staggered every 3/16". The individual sheets are placed to overlap each other by 1/4" and are riveted together to provide a continuous seam. Rivets are spaced every 3" in a 3 x 20 meter perimeter around the antenna mast and EUT area. Rivets in the remaining area are spaced as necessary to properly secure the ground plane and maintain the electrical continuity.

The entire ground plane extends 12' beyond the turntable edge and 16' beyond the antenna mast when set to a 10 meter measurement distance. The ground plane is grounded via 4 - 8' copper ground rods, each installed at a corner of the ground plane and bound to the ground plane using 3/4" stainless steel braided cable.

The turntable is an all aluminum 10' flush mounted table installed in an all aluminum frame. The table is remotely operated from inside the control room located 40' from the range. The turntable is electrically bonded to the surrounding ground plane via steel fingers installed on the edge of the turn table. The steel fingers make constant contact with the ground plane during operation.

Adjacent to the turntable is a 7' x 7' square and 4' deep concrete pit used for support equipment if necessary. The pit is equipped with 5 - 4" PVC chases from the pit to the control room that allow for cabling to the EUT if necessary. The underside of the turntable can be accessed from the pit so cables can be supplied to the EUT from the pit. The pit is covered with 2 sheets of 1/4" diamond style re-enforced steel sheets. The sheets are painted to match the perforated steel ground plane; however the underside edges have been masked off to maintain the electrical continuity of the ground plane. All reflecting objects are located outside of the ellipse defined in ANSI C63.4.

A diagram of the Open Area Test Site is shown in Figure 2.3-2 below:

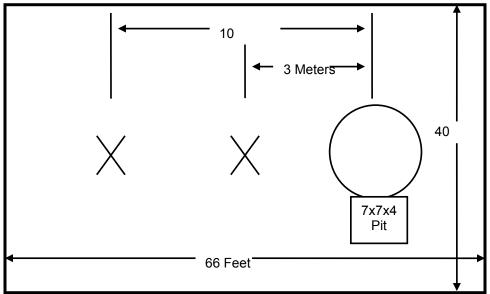


Figure 2.3-2: Open Area Test Site

#### 2.4 Conducted Emissions Test Site Description

The AC mains conducted EMI site is located in the main EMC lab. It consists of an 8' x 8' solid aluminum horizontal group reference plane (GRP) bonded every 3" to an 8' X 8' vertical ground plane.

The site is of sufficient size to test table top and floor standing equipment in accordance with section 6.1.4 of ANSI C63.4.

A diagram of the conducted emissions test site is shown below in figure 2.4-1:

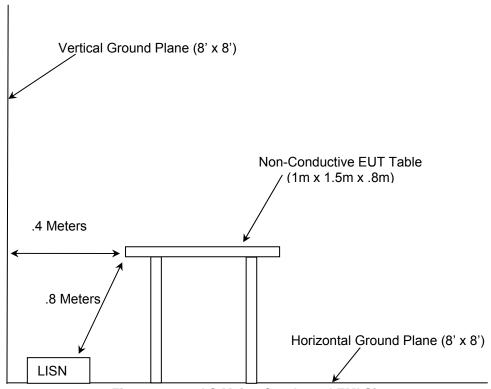


Figure 2.4-1: AC Mains Conducted EMI Site

#### 3.0 APPLICABLE STANDARD REFERENCES

The following standards were used:

- ❖ ANSI C63.4-2003: Method of Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the 9KHz to 40GHz
- US Code of Federal Regulations (CFR): Title 47, Part 2, Subpart J: Equipment Authorization Procedures, 2009
- US Code of Federal Regulations (CFR): Title 47, Part 15, Subpart C: Radio Frequency Devices, Intentional Radiators, 2009
- FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Filing and Measurement Guidelines for Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Systems, March 30, 2000
- ❖ Industry Canada Radio Standards Specification: RSS-210 Low-power License-exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment, Issue 7 June 2007
- ❖ Industry Canada Radio Standards Specification: RSS-GEN General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radiocommunication Equipment, Issue2, June 2007.

# 4.0 LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT

The calibration interval of test equipment is annually or the manufacturer's recommendations. Where the calibration interval deviates from the annual cycle based on the instrument manufacturer's recommendations, it shall be stated below.

**Table 4-1: Test Equipment** 

	Equipment Calibration Information										
ACS#	Mfg.	Eq. type	Model	S/N	Cal. Due						
1	Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzers	ESMI - Display	833771/007	09-19-2009						
2	Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzers	ESMI-Receiver	839587/003	09-19-2009						
22	Agilent	Amplifiers	8449B	3008A00526	10-22-2009						
25	Chase	Antennas	CBL6111	1043	08-22-2009						
30	Spectrum Technologies	Antennas	DRH-0118	970102	05-08-2010						
167	ACS	Cable Set	Chamber EMI Cable Set	167	02-06-2010 (See Note1)						
193	ACS	Cable Set	OATS cable Set	0193	01-05-2010 (See Note1)						
213	TEC	Amplifiers	PA 102	44927	12-22-2009 (See Note1)						
277	EMCO	Antennas	93146	9904-5199	09-09-2009						
283	Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzers	FSP40	1000033	09-19-2009						
291	Florida RF Cables	Cables	SMRE-200W- 12.0-SMRE	None	11-24-2009 (See Note1)						
292	Florida RF Cables	Cables	SMR-290AW- 480.0-SMR	None	11-24-2009 (See Note1)						
321	Hewlett Packard	Amplifiers	HPC 8447D	1937A02809	10-08-2009 (See Note1)						
337	Microwave Circuits	Filters	H1G513G1	282706	08-04-2009 (See Note1)						
338	Hewlett Packard	Amplifiers	8449B	3008A01111	10-22-2009						
422	Florida RF	Cables	SMS-200AW- 72.0-SMR	805	02-05-2010 (See Note1)						

**Note1:** Items characterized on an annual cycle. The date shown indicates the next characterization due

Note2: Items verified on an annual cycle. The date shown indicates the next verification due date.

# **5.0 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT**

**Table 5-1: Support Equipment** 

Item	Equipment Type	Manufacturer	Model Number	Serial Number						
The EUT is a stand-alone battery operated device which requires no support or ancillary equipment.										

# 6.0 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST SETUP BLOCK DIAGRAMS

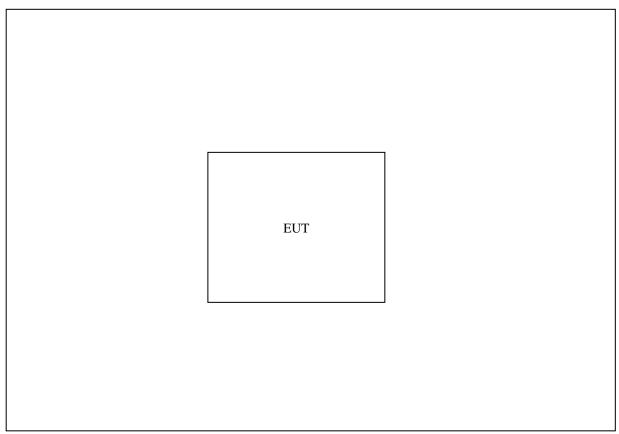


Figure 6-1: EUT Test Setup

#### 7.0 SUMMARY OF TESTS

Along with the tabular data shown below, plots were taken of all signals deemed important enough to document.

## 7.1 Antenna Requirement – FCC: Section 15.203

The WDHKC-50 utilizes an integral non-detachable ½ wave length, 22AWG, solid wire antenna with unity gain (2.15dBi).

#### 7.2 Power Line Conducted Emissions – FCC: Section 15.207 IC: RSS-Gen 7.2.2

The EUT is powered by an internal battery and is therefore not designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line. No Power line conducted emissions testing was performed.

#### 7.3 Radiated Emissions – FCC: Section 15.109(Unintentional Radiation) IC: RSS-210 2.6

#### 7.3.1 Test Methodology

Radiated emissions tests were performed over the frequency range of 30MHz to 10 GHz. Measurements of the radiated field strength were made at a distance of 3m from the boundary of the equipment under test (EUT) and the receiving antenna. The antenna height was varied from 1m to 4m so that the maximum radiated emissions level would be detected. For frequencies below 1000 MHz a Quasi-peak detector was enabled and measurements were taken with the Spectrum Analyzer's resolution bandwidth set to 120 KHz. For frequencies above 1000MHz, average measurements were made using an average detector and peak detector with RBW of 1 MHz.

#### 7.3.2 Test Results

Results of the test are given in Table 7.3.2-1 below:

Level Correction **Corrected Level** Limit Antenna Margin Frequency (dBuV) **Polarity** Factors (dBuV/m) (dBuV/m) (dB) (MHz) Qpk/Avg pk Qpk/Avg (H/V) (dB) pk pk Qpk/Avg Qpk/Avg 30.19 19.72 40.0 -6.50 13.22 26.78 Η ---------------43.04 V -14.42 28.62 43.5 14.88 95.506 28.61 102.322 28.36 ٧ -13.47 14.89 43.5 476.022 20.49 Н -6.18 14.31 46.0 31.69 702.583 20.79 V -1.77 19.02 46.0 26.98 957.061 20.26 Н 3.01 23.27 46.0 22.73

Table 7.3.2-1: Radiated Emissions

<sup>\*</sup> Note: All emissions above 957MHz were not detected above the noise floor of the measurement equipment and therefore attenuated below the permissible limit.

#### 7.4 Occupied Bandwidth - FCC: Section 15.215 IC: RSS-GEN 4.6.1

#### 7.4.1 Test Methodology

The spectrum analyzer span was set to 2 to 3 times the estimated bandwidth of the emission. The RBW was to  $\geq$  1% of the estimated emission bandwidth. The trace was set to max hold with a peak detector active. Bandwidth is determined at the points 20 dB down from the modulated carrier. The 99% bandwidth was also measured and reported in Section 7.4.2 below.

#### 7.4.2 Test Results

The 20 dB bandwidth was determined to be 66.8 kHz. The frequency band designated under Part 15.249 is 902 - 928MHz, therefore the 20dB bandwidth is contained within the frequency band designated under this rule part. Results are shown below in Table 7.4.2-1 and Figures 7.4.2-1 through 7.4.2-2.

Table 7.4.2-1 - Occupied Bandwidth

Frequency	20dB Bandwidth	99% OBW
(MHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)
908.42	66.8	70.6



Figure 7.4.2-1: 20dB Bandwidth Low Channel



Figure 7.4.2-2: 99%OBW Low Channel

#### 7.5 Fundamental Field Strength – FCC: Section 15.249(a) IC: RSS-210 A2.9(a)

### 7.5.1 Test Methodology

The fundamental field strength was evaluated at the single operating frequency of 908.42 MHz in the 902MHz to 928MHz frequency range.

The EUT was rotated through 360° and the receive antenna height was varied from 1m to 4m so that the maximum radiated emissions level would be detected. For fundamentals below 1GHz, quasi-peak measurements were made using a resolution bandwidth (RBW) of 120 kHz and a video bandwidth (VBW) of 300 kHz. For fundamentals above 1GHz, peak and average measurements were made using a resolution bandwidth (RBW) of 1 MHz and a video bandwidth (VBW) of 3 MHz.

#### 7.5.2 Test Results

Results are shown below in table 7.5.2-1 below:

Table 7.5.2-1: Fundamental Field Strength

Frequency (MHz)	Level y (dBuV)		Antenna Polarity	Correction Factors	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)		Limit (dBuV/m)		Margin (dB)	
(141112)	pk	Qpk/Avg	(H/V)	(dB)	pk	Qpk/Avg	pk	Qpk/Avg	pk	Qpk/Avg
908.42	82.31	80.37	Н	3.37		83.74		94.0		10.24
908.42	78.19	76.71	V	2.65		79.36		94.0		14.62

#### 7.6 Band-Edge Compliance and Spurious Emissions – FCC: Section 15.249 IC: RSS-210 A2.9

# 7.6.1 Band-Edge Compliance - FCC: Section 15.249(d) IC: RSS-210 A2.9(b)

#### 7.6.1.1 Test Methodology

Emissions radiated outside of the specified frequency bands, except for harmonics, shall be attenuated by at least 50 dB below the level of the fundamental or to the general radiated emission limits in § 15.209, whichever is the lesser attenuation.

The EUT was investigated at the low and high channels of operation to determine band-edge compliance. Compliance for the lower and upper band-edge was determined using the radiated mark-delta method as outlined in FCC DA 00-705. The radiated field strength of the fundamental emission was first determined and then the mark-delta method was used to determine the field strength of the band-edge emissions as compared to the emission limits of 15.209. The marker-delta method was applied to the lower band-edge and based on symmetry the upper band-edge is also compliant.

#### 7.6.1.2 Test Results

Band-edge compliance is displayed in Table 7.6.1.2-1 and Figure 7.6.1.2-1.

Table 7.6.1.2-1: Band-edge Marker Delta Method

Frequency (MHz)	0.110.011	ected Level dBuV)	Antenna Polarity			Marker- Delta	Band-Edge Level (dBuV/m)		Limit (dBuV/m)		Margin (dB)		
(141112)	pk	Qpk/Avg	(H/V)	(dB)	pk	Qpk/Avg	(dB)	pk	Qpk/Avg	pk	Qpk/Avg	pk	Qpk/Avg
908.42	82.31	80.37	Н	3.37		83.74	50.47		33.27		46		12.73
908.42	78.19	76.71	V	2.65		79.36	50.47		28.89		46		17.11

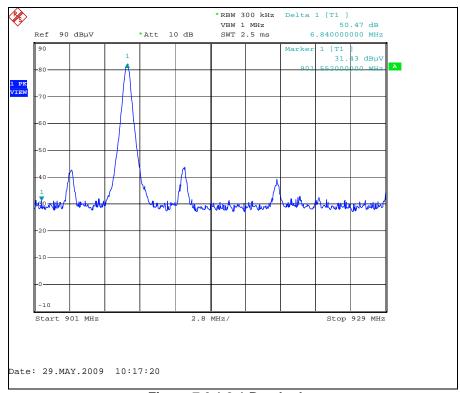


Figure 7.6.1.2-1 Band-edge

#### 7.6.2 Radiated Spurious Emissions - FCC: Section 15.249(a), (c); IC:RSS-210 A2.9(a)

#### 7.6.2.1 Test Methodology

Radiated emissions tests were made over the frequency range of 30MHz to 10 GHz, 10 times the highest fundamental frequency.

The EUT was rotated through 360° and the receive antenna height was varied from 1m to 4m so that the maximum radiated emissions level would be detected. For frequencies below 1000MHz, quasi-peak measurements were made using a resolution bandwidth (RBW) of 120 kHz and a video bandwidth (VBW) of 300 kHz. For frequencies above 1000MHz, peak and average measurements were made using an RBW of 1 MHz and a VBW of 3MHz.

#### 7.6.2.2 Duty Cycle Correction

For average radiated measurements, the measured level was reduced by a factor -4.44dB to account for the duty cycle of the EUT. The worst case duty cycle was determined to be 60% or 60ms with a 100ms period. The duty cycle correction factor is determined using the formula:  $20\log (0.60) = -4.44$ dB.

Justification for the duty cycle can be found in the theory of operation included in the application for certification.

#### 7.6.2.3 Test Results

Radiated spurious emissions found in the band of 30MHz to 10GHz are reported in Table 7.6.2.3-1.

**Table 7.6.2.3-1: Radiated Spurious Emissions** 

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBuV)		Antenna Polarity	Correction Factors	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)		Limit (dBuV/m)		Margin (dB)	
(141112)	pk	Qpk/Avg	(H/V)	(dB)	pk	Qpk/Avg	pk	Qpk/Avg	pk	Qpk/Avg
1816.84	52.88	51.52	Н	-4.13	48.75	42.95	74.0	54.0	25.25	11.05
1816.84	51.28	48.67	V	-4.16	47.12	40.07	74.0	54.0	26.88	13.93
2725.26	44.31	38.62	V	-0.76	43.55	33.42	74.0	54.0	30.45	20.58

<sup>\*</sup> The magnitude of all emissions not reported were below the noise floor of the measurement system.

#### 7.6.2.4 Sample Calculation:

 $R_C = R_U + CF_T$ 

Where:

CF<sub>T</sub> = Total Correction Factor (AF+CA+AG)-DC (Average Measurements Only)

R<sub>U</sub> = Uncorrected Reading
R<sub>C</sub> = Corrected Level
AF = Antenna Factor
CA = Cable Attenuation
AG = Amplifier Gain

DC = Duty Cycle Correction Factor

#### **Example Calculation**

PEAK: AVERAGE:

#### 8.0 CONCLUSION

In the opinion of ACS, Inc. the WDHKC-50 manufactured by Wayne-Dalton Corporation meets the requirements of FCC Part 15 subpart C and Industry Canada's Radio Standards Specification RSS-210.

# END REPORT