

Testing Tomorrow's Technology

Application For

Part 2, Subpart J, Paragraph 2.907 Equipment Authorization of Certification for an Intentional Radiator per Part 95, Subpart J and TIA/EIA 603-C-2004

For the

Radio Systems

Model(s): TEK G

FCC ID: KE3-3001112

UST Project: 11-0040

Issue Date: April 18, 2011

Total Pages: 27

3505 Francis Circle Alpharetta, GA 30004 PH: 770-740-0717 Fax: 770-740-1508 www.ustech-lab.com

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I certify that I am authorized to sign for the Test Agency and that all of the statements in this report and in the Exhibits attached hereto are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief:

US TECH (Agent Responsible For Test):

By: Alan Ghasiani

Name: Slan Masia

Title: Consulting Engineer President

Date: April 18, 2011

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MEASUREMENT TECHNICAL REPORT

COMPANY NAME:	Radio Systems
	5

MODEL: TEK G

FCC ID KE3-3001112

DATE: April 18, 2011

This report concerns (check one): Original grant X Class II change
Equipment type: FSK Transceiver Module
Deferred grant requested per 47 CFR 0.457(d)(1)(ii)? yes No \underline{X} If yes, defer until: $\underline{N/A}_{date}$ agrees to notify the Commission by $\underline{N/A}_{date}$ of the intended date of announcement of the product so that the grant can be issued on that date.
Report prepared by: US Tech 3505 Francis Circle Alpharetta, GA 30004 Phone Number: (770) 740-0717 Fax Number: (770) 740-1508

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1 General Information

1.1 Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is to demonstrate compliance with Part 95 MURS band of the FCC's Code of Federal Regulations for a Certification. The EUT has been evaluated and found to be in compliance with FCC Part 95 subpart J.

1.2 Characterization of Test Sample

The sample used for testing was received by US Tech on March 4, 2011 in good operating condition.

1.3 Product Description

This device is a GPS based tracking system for locating dogs. The system uses MURS band to send small amounts of data between the collar and handheld unit. This location data enables the handheld unit to display relative location of the dog to the handheld unit, including vector information, thereby allowing the user to track the dog.

1.4 Configuration of Tested System

The Test Sample was tested per ANSI C63.4, Methods of Measurement of Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz (2003)

Digital RF conducted and radiated Verification emissions data (FCC 15.107 and 109) below 1 GHz were taken with the measuring receiver (or spectrum analyzer's) resolution bandwidth adjusted to 9 kHz and 120 kHz, respectively. All measurements performed above 1.0 GHz were made with a RBW of 1 MHz. All measurements are peak unless stated otherwise. The video filter associated with the spectrum analyzer was off throughout the evaluation process.

A list of EUT and Peripherals is found in Table 1 below. A block diagram of the tested system is shown in Figure 1. Test configuration photographs for spurious and fundamental emissions are provided in separate Appendices.

1.5 Test Facility

Testing was performed at US Tech's measurement facility at 3505 Francis Circle, Alpharetta, GA 30004. This site has been fully described and registered with the FCC. Its designation number is US5117. Additionally this site has also been fully described and submitted to Industry Canada (IC), and has been approved under file number 2982A-1.

PERIPHERAL MANUFACTURER.	MODEL NUMBER	SERIAL NUMBER	FCC ID:	CABLES P/D
(EUT) Radio systems	TEK G	None	KE3-3001112 (pending)	None
Handheld Radio Systems	TEK H	None	KE3-3001089 (pending)	None

Table 1 - EUT and Peripherals

2 Tests and Measurements

2.1 Test Equipment

Table 2 below lists test equipment used to evaluate this product. Model numbers, serial numbers and their calibration status are included herewith.

Table 2 - Test Instruments

TEST INSTRUMENT	MODEL NUMBER	MANUFACTURER	SERIAL NUMBER	DATE OF LAST CALIBRATION
SPECTRUM ANALYZER	8593E	HEWLETT- PACKARD	3205A00124	10/18/2010
SPECTRUM ANALYZER	8566B	HEWLETT- PACKARD	2410A00109	10/29/10
RF PREAMP 100 kHz to 1.3 GHz	8447D	HEWLETT- PACKARD	2944A06291	9/7/10
BICONICAL ANTENNA 25 MHz to 200 MHz	BIA-25	Electro-Metrics	2451	12/29/2009 2 Year
LOG PERIODIC 100 MHz to 1000 MHz	3146	EMCO	3110-3236	1/22/10 2 Year
HORN ANTENNA 1 GHz to 18 GHz	SAS-571	A. H. Systems	605	2/9/2010 2 Year
PREAMP 1 GHz to 26.5 GHz	8449B	HEWLETT- PACKARD	3008A00480	9/21/10
CALCULATION PROGRAM	N/A	N/A	Ver. 6.0	N/A

Note: The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months unless stated otherwise and all calibrations are traceable to NIST/USA.

2.2 Modifications to EUT Hardware

No modifications were made by US Tech in order to bring the EUT into compliance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C Intentional Radiator Limits for the transmitter portion of the EUT or the Subpart B Unintentional Radiator Limits (Receiver and Digital Device) Requirements.

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2.3 Number of Measurements for Intentional Radiators (15.31(m))

Measurements of intentional radiators or receivers shall be performed and reported for each band in which the device can be operated with the device operating at the number of frequencies in each band specified in Table 3 as follows:

Table 3 - Number of Test Frequencies for Intentional Radiato
--

Frequency Range over which the device operates	Number of Frequencies	Location in the Range of operation
1 MHz or less	1	Middle
1 to 10 MHz	2	1 near the top 1 near the bottom
Greater than 10 MHz	3	1 near top 1 near middle 1 near bottom

Because the EUT operates over 151.8 MHz to 154.60 MHz, 2 test frequencies will be used.

2.4 Frequency Range of Radiated Measurements (Part 15.33)

2.4.1 Intentional Radiator

The spectrum shall be investigated for the intentional radiator from the lowest RF signal generated in the EUT, without going below 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency generated or 40 GHz, whichever is the lowest.

2.4.2 Unintentional Radiator

For the digital device, an unintentional radiator, the frequency range shall be 30 MHz to 1000 MHz, or to the range specified in 2.4.1 above, whichever is the higher range of investigation.

2.5 Measurement Detector Function and Bandwidth (CFR 15.35)

The radiated and conducted emissions limits shown herein are based on the requirements in CFR 15.35 as described in section 1.4 of this report.

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2.6 EUT Antenna Requirements

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. Radio Systems will sell the RF Module with the following antenna:

Table 4 - Allowed Antenna(s)

MANUFACTURER	TYPE OF ANTENNA	MODEL	REPORT REFERENCE	GAIN dB _i
Radio Systems	Coil Antenna	ASM ANTENNA TEK-100E/TEK- 100G	Antenna 1	0

US Tech Test Report FCC ID Test Report Number: Issue Date: Customer: Model:

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Figure 1 - Test Configuration

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2.7 RF power output (CFR 2.1046 & 95.639(h))

No MURS unit, under any condition of modulation, shall exceed 2 Watts transmitter power output. In Order to calculate the output power at the transmitter connector, substitution method was used (see table below).

Table 5 - Peak Radiated Harmonic & Spurious Emissions

Frequency MHz	Maximum RX Reading (Units A)	Recreated Reading During Substitution (Using Same Units A) - Ideally 0	Difference Column A - B	TX Gain (dBi)	TX Gain Relative to Dipole (dB)	RF Power into TX antenna (Corrected for any CL and Pads to antenna Feed Point) (dBm) (SG Value-CL)	RF Power into substitution TX antenna corrected by TX Gain Relative to Dipole (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin Below Limit (dB)
	The following applies information from test as performed								
151.804	107.1	70.7	36.4	1.1	-1.04	-14.8	20.56	33	12.44
151.868	106.9	70.7	36.2	1.1	-1.04	-14.8	20.36	33	12.64
151.927	107.4	70.7	36.7	1.1	-1.04	-14.8	20.86	33	12.14
154.557	107.2	70.7	36.5	1.1	-1.04	-14.8	20.66	33	12.34
154.588	107.4	70.7	36.7	1.1	-1.04	-14.8	20.86	33	18.94

SAMPLE CALCULATION:

Results = Power into TX antenna – Cable loss + substitution antenna gain + Difference Column A -BResults at 151.804 MHz: -14.8 + (-1.04) + (36.4) = 20.56 dBm

Test Date: April 8, 2011

Tested By Signature: <u>Keyva Movahed</u>

Name: Keyvan Muvahhid

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Issue Date:	April 19, 2011
Customer:	Radio Systems
Model:	TEK G

2.8 Occupied bandwidth and emission mask (CFR 2.1049 & 95.633 & 95.635)

The EUT was modulated by its own internal sources. All Low and High Channels were tested. The bandwidth of the fundamental was measured using a spectrum analyzer. The results are shown below. Long sweep times were applied at frequencies near the fundamental to ensure that a good signal was obtained. The EUT passes the following requirements:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (KHz)	BW limit (KHz)
1	151.82	6.75	11.25
2	151.88	6.40	11.25
3	151.94	7.05	11.25
4	154.57	6.38	20.0
5	154.60	6.50	20.0

Table 6 – Bandwidth per CFR 95.633(f)

Test Date: April 8, 2011

Tested By Signature: <u>Keyva Movahed</u>

Name: Keyvan Muvahhid



Figure 2 – Channel 1 Occupied Bandwidth



Figure 3 – Channel 2 -Occupied Bandwidth



Figure 4 – Channel 3 -Occupied Bandwidth



Figure 5 – Channel 4 -Occupied Bandwidth



Figure 6 – Channel 5 -Occupied Bandwidth

2.9 Unwanted radiation - emission mask (95.635)

The EUT was modulated by its own internal sources. Both Low and High Channels were tested. The bandwidth of the fundamental was measured using a spectrum analyzer. The results are shown below. Long sweep times were applied at frequencies near the fundamental to ensure that a good signal was obtained. The EUT passes the following requirements:

(1) **Emission Mask 1** — for transmitters designed to operate with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth, any emission must be attenuated below the power (P) of the highest emission contained within the authorized bandwidth as follows:

(i) On any frequency from the center of the authorized bandwidth f_o to 5.625 kHz removed from f_o : Zero dB.

(ii) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency (f_{din} kHz) of more than 5.625 kHz but no more than 12.5 kHz: at least 7.27(f_d -2.88 kHz) dB.

(iii) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency (f_{din} kHz) of more than 12.5 kHz: at least 50 + 10 log (P) dB or 70 dB, whichever is the lesser attenuation.

(3) **Emission Mask 3**—For transmitters designed to operate with a 25 kHz channel bandwidth that are not equipped with an audio low-pass filter, the power of any emission must be attenuated below the unmodulated carrier output power (P) as follows:

(i) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency (fdin kHz) of more than 5 kHz, but not more than 10 kHz: at least 83 log (fd/5) dB.

(ii) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency (fdin kHz) of more than 10 kHz, but not more than 250 percent of the authorized bandwidth: at least 29 log (fd2 /11) dB or 50 dB, whichever is the lesser attenuation.

(iii) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by more than 250 percent of the authorized bandwidth: at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB.

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Figure 7 – Emissions Mask 1



Figure 8 – Emissions Mask 3

Field strength of spurious radiation (2.1053)

Table 7 - Peak Radiated Harmonic & Spurious Emissions

Frequency MHz	Maximum RX Reading (Units A)	Recreated Reading During Substitution (Using Same Units A) - Ideally 0	Difference Column A - B	TX Gain (dBi)	TX Gain Relative to Dipole (dB)	RF Power into TX antenna (Corrected for any CL and Pads to antenna Feed Point) (dBm) (SG Value-CL)	RF Power into substitution TX antenna corrected by TX Gain Relative to Dipole (dBm)
		The following	applies inform	nation from	n test as perf	ormed	
303.63	53.6	45.2	8.4	4	1.86	-37.2	-26.94
455.46	62.8	40.5	22.3	6.1	3.96	-45	-18.74
607.278	42	42.7	-0.7	6.5	4.36	-41	-37.34
759.104	52.2	36.8	15.4	6.1	3.96	-44	-24.64
910.88	32.2	28.5	3.7	6.1	3.96	-50	-42.34
1062.75	72.47	80.79	-8.32	5.5	3.36	-31	-35.96
1214.56	64.62	79.35	-14.73	5.7	3.56	-33	-44.17
1366.34	59.61	72.96	-13.35	6.3	4.16	-39	-48.19
1518.15	54.55	72.2	-17.65	7.8	5.66	-40	-51.99
	Γ	Γ	[Γ		
309.18	52.5	45.2	7.3	4	1.86	-37.2	-28.04
463.78	62.2	40.5	21.7	6.1	3.96	-45	-19.34
618.38	40.9	42.7	-1.8	6.5	4.36	-41	-38.44
772.987	56.3	36.8	19.5	6.1	3.96	-44	-20.54
927.6	36.6	28.5	8.1	6.1	3.96	-50	-37.94
1082.13	72.81	80.79	-7.98	5.5	3.36	-31	-35.62
1236.73	65.96	79.35	-13.39	5.7	3.56	-33	-42.83
1391.3	62.19	72.96	-10.77	6.3	4.16	-39	-45.61
1545.9	55.5	72.2	-16.7	7.8	5.66	-40	-51.04

SAMPLE CALCULATION:

Results = Power into TX antenna - Cable loss + substitution antenna gain + Difference Column A –B

Results at 309.18 Mhz= -37.2 + 1.86 + (7.3) = -28.04 dBm

Test Date: April 8, 2011

Tested By

Keyron Monahed Signature:

Name: Keyvan Muvahhid

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2.10 Frequency stability (CFR 2.1055 & CFR 95.632(c))

The frequency tolerance of the carrier signal was measured while the ambient temperature was varied from -30 to + 50 degrees centigrade. The frequency tolerance was verified at 10 degree increments. The frequency was measured within one minute after application of primary power to the transmitter and at intervals of one minute thereafter until frequency was stabilized. Additionally, the supply voltage was varied from 85% to 115% of the nominal value (except for hand carried, battery powered equipment that was measured at battery endpoint). MURS transmitters must maintain a frequency stability of 5.0 ppm, or 2.0 ppm if designed to operate with a 6.25 kHz bandwidth. Test data can be seen below. Because of the modulation, the measurements were done for frequencies below the center of the high channel where response was 3 dB down.

Note: This unit is a handheld battery powered and operated device.

Temperature (degrees C)	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Deviation (ppm)
-30	151.8202	-0.7
-20	151.8203	0.0
-10	151.8202	-0.7
0	151.8202	-0.7
10	151.8202	-0.3
20	151.8203	0.3
30	151.8203	0.3
40	151.8203	0.0
50	151.8204	0.7

Table 8 – Frequency Stability Table

20 (degrees C)	Measured Freq At 20*C Fully charge	Measured Freq At 20*C End point
1 min after	154.56995	154.56995
15 min after	151.56990	154.57000
Deviation (ppm)	-0.3	0.3

Test Date: April 8, 2011 Tested By Signature: <u>Keyva Movahed</u>

Name: Keyvan Muvahhid

US Tech Test Report FCC ID Test Report Number: Issue Date: Customer: Model:



Figure 9 – Frequency Stability Chart (limit at 5.0 ppm)

2.11 Measurement Uncertainty

2.11.1 Conducted Emissions Measurement Uncertainty:

Measurement Uncertainty (within a 95% confidence level) for this test is ± 2.8 dB.

2.11.2 Radiated Emissions Measurement Uncertainty:

For a measurement distance of 3 m the measurement uncertainty (with a 95% confidence level) for this test using a Biconical Antenna (30 MHz to 200 MHz) is ± 5.3 dB. This value includes all elements of measurement.

The measurement uncertainty (with a 95% confidence level) for this test using a Log Periodic Antenna (200 MHz to 1000 MHz) is ±5.1 dB.

The measurement uncertainty (with a 95% confidence level) for this test using a Horn Antenna is ±5.1 dB.

2.12 Power conducted Output (CFR 15.247(b) & 95.639(h))

Peak power at each individual channel was measured per FCC KDB Publication DA 00-705 as an Antenna Conducted test with a spectrum analyzer by connecting the spectrum analyzer directly, via a short RF cable, to the antenna output terminals on the EUT. The spectrum analyzer was set for an impedance of 50 Ω with the RBW set greater than the 6 dB bandwidth of the EUT, and the VBW \geq RBW. The loss of the short cable is 0.5 dB, and was included in spectrum analyzer reading as can be see in the offset. The final measured value is the actual corrected measurement including the 0.5 dB loss which can be seen below.

No MURS unit, under any condition of modulation, shall exceed 2 Watts transmitter power output.

Table 9 – Peak	Antenna Cond	ucted Output Power	per Part 15.247 (b) ((3) (Same
as EIRP)		-		_

Frequency of Fundamental (MHz)	Corre Measu (dBm)	ected rement (mW)	FCC Limit (mW Maximum)
151.82	20.56	0.114	2000
151.88	20.36	0.109	2000
151.94	20.86	0.122	2000
154.57	20.66	0.116	2000
154.60	20.86	0.122	2000

Note: There was no accessible RF port for conducted measurements. Output power is based on the recorded data in section 2.7 above.

Test Date: April 21, 2011 Tested By Signature:

Name: George Yang