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	<b>Test Standard(s):</b>	FCC 47 CFR §2, §22H, §24E	Industry Canada RSS-132, RSS-133	
	<b>Test Lab Registration(s):</b>	FCC Lab Registration #714830	Industry Canada Lab File #3874	

## Appendix D - Maximum Permissible Exposure Calculation

### D.1 REFERENCES

<b>Normative Reference Standard</b>	FCC CFR 47§1.1310 IEEE Std C95.1-1999
<b>Procedure Reference</b>	FCC CFR 47§2.1091

### D.2 LIMITS

FCC CFR 47§1.1310 Table 1(b)	Frequency	Power Density
	300 - 1500 MHz	f/1500 mW/cm <sup>2</sup>
	1500 - 100,000 MHz	1.0 mW/cm <sup>2</sup>

### D.3 ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

<b>Temperature</b>	na
<b>Humidity</b>	na
<b>Barometric Pressure</b>	na

### D.4 MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT SETUP

<b>MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT CONNECTIONS</b>	The results described herein were determined by calculations, so no measurement equipment was used. The power measurements for each radio used in these calculations were made as described in Appendix A of this report.
<b>MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT SETTINGS</b>	n/a

### D.5 DUT OPERATING DESCRIPTION

<b>Dual-Band GPRS</b>	The maximum GPRS RF conducted output power in each band used for these calculations was measured on Channel 251 for Cellular and Channel 661 for PCS.
<b>Dual-Band EDGE</b>	The maximum EDGE RF conducted output power in each band used for these calculations was measured on Channel 190 for Cellular and Channel 661 for PCS.
<b>Dual-Band UMTS</b>	The maximum UMTS RF conducted output power in each band used for these calculations was measured on Channel 4233 for Cellular and Channel 9400 for PCS.

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## D.6 TEST RESULTS

### D.6.1 Calculations:

#### Swivel Dipole Antenna (Max. Measured Conducted Power - Cellular GPRS Mode)

Prediction of MPE Limit  
OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01

Equation from page 18

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

$$R = \sqrt{\frac{PG}{4\pi S}}$$

**S**= power density  
**P**= power input to the antenna  
**G**= power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator  
**R**= distance to the center of radiation of the antenna  
**SL**= power density limit

Ratio of Time On versus Total Transmit Time 0.25

Choose  
 ↓  
 Occupational/Controlled   
 General Population/Uncontrolled   
 Tx Frequency: 848.80 (MHz)  
 Maximum Peak Power at Antenna Input Terminal: 32.28 (dBm)  
 Source-Based Time-Average Factor: -6.02 (dB)  
 Antenna gain: 2.60 (dBi)

**SL**= 0.57 (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)  
**P**= 422.6102 (mW)  
**G**= 1.82 (numeric)

**R = 10.40 (cm)**

**S (mw/cm<sup>2</sup>)  
at 20cm**

0.15282675

#### Formulae:

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

where: S = Power Density Limit  
 P = Power Output of the Device  
 G = Numeric Antenna Gain  
 R = Distance from Antenna

$$R = \sqrt{\frac{P}{4\pi S}}$$

Source-Based Time-Average Factor = 10 \* log (Time On / (Time On + Time Off))

Power Output of the Device (W) = 10 \* log (RF Output Power (dBm) + Source-Based Time Average Factor (dB))

<b>Company:</b>	Itronix Corporation	<b>FCC ID:</b>	KBCIX260PROAC860	<b>Model(s):</b>	IX260PROAC860	
<b>DUT Type:</b>	Laptop PC with Sierra Wireless AC860 Dual-Band GSM/GPRS/EDGE/UMTS PCMCIA Modem					
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<b>Test Lab Registration(s):</b>	FCC Lab Registration #714830	Industry Canada Lab File #3874	

D.6.2 Calculations:

**Swivel Dipole Antenna (Max. Measured Conducted Power - PCS GPRS Mode)**

**Prediction of MPE Limit  
OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01**

Equation from page 18

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

$$R = \sqrt{\frac{PG}{4\pi S}}$$

**S**= power density  
**P**= power input to the antenna  
**G**= power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator  
**R**= distance to the center of radiation of the antenna  
**SL**= power density limit

Ratio of Time On versus Total Transmit Time 0.25

Choose

Occupational/Controlled   
 General Population/Uncontrolled

ENTER

Tx Frequency: 1880.00 (MHz)  
 Maximum Peak Power at Antenna Input Terminal: 28.63 (dBm)  
 Source-Based Time-Average Factor: -6.02 (dB)  
 Antenna gain: 2.60 (dBi)

**SL**= 1.00 (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)  
**P**= 182.3644 (mW)  
**G**= 1.82 (numeric)

**R = 5.14 (cm)**

**S (mw/cm<sup>2</sup>)  
at 20cm**

0.065947658

**Formulae:**

$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$  where: S = Power Density Limit  
 P = Power Output of the Device  
 G = Numeric Antenna Gain  
 R = Distance from Antenna  
 $R = \sqrt{\frac{PG}{4\pi S}}$

Source-Based Time-Average Factor = 10 \* log (Time On / (Time On + Time Off))  
 Power Output of the Device (W) = 10 \* log (RF Output Power (dBm) + Source-Based Time Average Factor (dB))

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Test Lab Registration(s):	FCC Lab Registration #714830	Industry Canada Lab File #3874	

D.6.3 Calculations:

**Swivel Dipole Antenna (Max. Measured Conducted Power - Cellular EDGE Mode)**

**Prediction of MPE Limit  
OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01**

Equation from page 18

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

$$R = \sqrt{\frac{PG}{4\pi S}}$$

**S**= power density  
**P**= power input to the antenna  
**G**= power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator  
**R**= distance to the center of radiation of the antenna  
**SL**= power density limit

Ratio of Time On versus Total Transmit Time 0.25

Choose

Occupational/Controlled   
 General Population/Uncontrolled

ENTER

Tx Frequency: 836.60 (MHz)  
 Maximum Peak Power at Antenna Input Terminal: 26.89 (dBm)  
 Source-Based Time-Average Factor: -6.02 (dB)  
 Antenna gain: 2.60 (dBi)

**SL**= 0.56 (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)  
**P**= 122.1631 (mW)  
**G**= 1.82 (numeric)

**R = 5.63 (cm)**

**S (mw/cm<sup>2</sup>)  
at 20cm**

0.044177321

**Formulae:**

$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$  where: S = Power Density Limit  
 $R = \sqrt{\frac{PG}{4\pi S}}$  P = Power Output of the Device  
 G = Numeric Antenna Gain  
 R = Distance from Antenna

Source-Based Time-Average Factor = 10 \* log (Time On / (Time On + Time Off))  
 Power Output of the Device (W) = 10 \* log (RF Output Power (dBm) + Source-Based Time Average Factor (dB))

Test Report Serial No.:	061506KBC-T757-E24G	Report Issue Date:	August 24, 2006
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Test Lab Registration(s):	FCC Lab Registration #714830	Industry Canada Lab File #3874	

D.6.4 Calculations:

**Swivel Dipole Antenna (Max. Measured Conducted Power - PCS EDGE Mode)**

**Prediction of MPE Limit  
OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01**

**Equation from page 18**

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

S= power density  
P= power input to the antenna  
G= power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator  
R= distance to the center of radiation of the antenna  
SL= power density limit

$$R = \sqrt{\frac{PG}{4\pi S}}$$

Ratio of Time On versus Total Transmit Time 0.25

Choose

- Occupational/Controlled   
General Population/Uncontrolled

ENTER

Tx Frequency: 1880.00 (MHz)  
Maximum Peak Power at Antenna Input Terminal: 25.73 (dBm)  
Source-Based Time-Average Factor: -6.02 (dB)  
Antenna gain: 2.60 (dBi)

SL= 1.00 (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)  
P= 93.5276 (mW)  
G= 1.82 (numeric)

**R = 3.68 (cm)**

**S (mw/cm<sup>2</sup>)  
at 20cm**

0.033822007

**Formulae:**

$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$  where: S = Power Density Limit  
P = Power Output of the Device  
G = Numeric Antenna Gain  
R = Distance from Antenna

$R = \sqrt{\frac{PG}{4\pi S}}$

Source-Based Time-Average Factor = 10 \* log (Time On / (Time On + Time Off))  
Power Output of the Device (W) = 10 \* log (RF Output Power (dBm) + Source-Based Time Average Factor (dB))

Test Report Serial No.:	061506KBC-T757-E24G	Report Issue Date:	August 24, 2006
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Test Lab Registration(s):	FCC Lab Registration #714830	Industry Canada Lab File #3874	

D.6.5 Calculations:

**Swivel Dipole Antenna (Max. Measured Conducted Power - Cellular UMTS Mode)**

**Prediction of MPE Limit  
OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01**

Equation from page 18

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

S= power density  
P= power input to the antenna  
G= power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator  
R= distance to the center of radiation of the antenna  
SL= power density limit

$$R = \sqrt{\frac{PG}{4\pi S}}$$

Ratio of Time On versus Total Transmit Time 1.00

Choose

Occupational/Controlled   
General Population/Uncontrolled

ENTER

Tx Frequency: 846.60 (MHz)  
Maximum Peak Power at Antenna Input Terminal: 24.00 (dBm)  
Source-Based Time-Average Factor: 0.00 (dB)  
Antenna gain: 2.60 (dBi)

SL= 0.56 (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)  
P= 251.1886 (mW)  
G= 1.82 (numeric)

**R = 8.03 (cm)**

S (mw/cm<sup>2</sup>)  
at 20cm  
0.090836286

**Formulae:**

$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$  where: S = Power Density Limit  
P = Power Output of the Device  
G = Numeric Antenna Gain  
R = Distance from Antenna

$R = \sqrt{\frac{PG}{4\pi S}}$

Source-Based Time-Average Factor = 10 \* log (Time On / (Time On + Time Off))  
Power Output of the Device (W) = 10 \* log (RF Output Power (dBm) + Source-Based Time Average Factor (dB))

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<b>Test Lab Registration(s):</b>	FCC Lab Registration #714830	Industry Canada Lab File #3874	

D.6.6 Calculations:

**Swivel Dipole Antenna (Max. Measured Conducted Power - PCS UMTS Mode)**

**Prediction of MPE Limit  
OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01**

Equation from page 18

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

$$R = \sqrt{\frac{PG}{4\pi S}}$$

**S**= power density  
**P**= power input to the antenna  
**G**= power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator  
**R**= distance to the center of radiation of the antenna  
**SL**= power density limit

Ratio of Time On versus Total Transmit Time 1.00

Choose

Occupational/Controlled  
 General Population/Uncontrolled

Tx Frequency: 1880.00 (MHz)  
 Maximum Peak Power at Antenna Input Terminal: 23.00 (dBm)  
 Source-Based Time-Average Factor: 0.00 (dB)  
 Antenna gain: 2.60 (dBi)

**SL**= 1.00 (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)  
**P**= 199.5262 (mW)  
**G**= 1.82 (numeric)

**R = 5.38 (cm)**

**S (mw/cm<sup>2</sup>)  
 at 20cm**  
 0.072153826

**Formulae:**

$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$  where: S = Power Density Limit  
 P = Power Output of the Device  
 G = Numeric Antenna Gain  
 R = Distance from Antenna  
 $R = \sqrt{\frac{PG}{4\pi S}}$

Source-Based Time-Average Factor = 10 \* log (Time On / (Time On + Time Off))  
 Power Output of the Device (W) = 10 \* log (RF Output Power (dBm) + Source-Based Time Average Factor (dB))

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D.6.7 Calculations:

**Vehicle-Mount Antenna (Max. Measured Conducted Power - Cellular GPRS Mode)**

Prediction of MPE Limit  
OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01

Equation from page 18

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

$$R = \sqrt{\frac{PG}{4\pi S}}$$

**S**= power density  
**P**= power input to the antenna  
**G**= power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator  
**R**= distance to the center of radiation of the antenna  
**SL**= power density limit

Ratio of Time On versus Total Transmit Time 0.25

**Choose**

↓

Occupational/Controlled

General Population/Uncontrolled

ENTER

↓

Tx Frequency: 848.80 (MHz)

Maximum Peak Power at Antenna Input Terminal: 32.28 (dBm)

Source-Based Time-Average Factor: -6.02 (dB)

Antenna gain and Cable Loss: 1.11 (dBi)

**SL**= 0.57 (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)  
**P**= 422.6102 (mW)  
**G**= 1.29 (numeric)

**R = 8.76 (cm)**

**S (mw/cm<sup>2</sup>)**  
at 20cm  
0.108442464

**Formulae:**

$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$  where: S = Power Density Limit  
 P = Power Output of the Device  
 G = Numeric Antenna Gain  
 R = Distance from Antenna

$R = \sqrt{\frac{PG}{4\pi S}}$

Source-Based Time-Average Factor = 10 \* log (Time On / (Time On + Time Off))  
 Power Output of the Device (W) = 10 \* log (RF Output Power (dBm) + Source-Based Time Average Factor (dB))



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D.6.8 Calculations:

**Vehicle-Mount Antenna (Max. Measured Conducted Power - PCS GPRS Mode)**

**Prediction of MPE Limit**  
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Equation from page 18

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

S= power density  
P= power input to the antenna  
G= power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

$$R = \sqrt{\frac{PG}{4\pi S}}$$

R= distance to the center of radiation of the antenna  
SL= power density limit

Ratio of Time On versus Total Transmit Time 0.25

Choose

- Occupational/Controlled   
General Population/Uncontrolled

ENTER

Tx Frequency: 1880.00 (MHz)  
Maximum Peak Power at Antenna Input Terminal: 28.63 (dBm)  
Source-Based Time-Average Factor: -6.02 (dB)  
Antenna gain and Cable Loss: 0.20 (dBi)

SL= 1.00 (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)  
P= 182.3644 (mW)  
G= 1.05 (numeric)

**R = 3.90 (cm)**

**S (mw/cm<sup>2</sup>)  
at 20cm**

0.037948916

**Formulae:**

$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$  where: S = Power Density Limit  
 P = Power Output of the Device  
 G = Numeric Antenna Gain  
 R = Distance from Antenna  
 $R = \sqrt{\frac{PG}{4\pi S}}$

Source-Based Time-Average Factor = 10 \* log (Time On / (Time On + Time Off))  
Power Output of the Device (W) = 10 \* log (RF Output Power (dBm) + Source-Based Time Average Factor (dB))

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D.6.9 Calculations:

**Vehicle-Mount Antenna (Max. Measured Conducted Power - Cellular EDGE Mode)**

**Prediction of MPE Limit**  
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Equation from page 18

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

S= power density  
P= power input to the antenna  
G= power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator  
R= distance to the center of radiation of the antenna  
SL= power density limit

$$R = \sqrt{\frac{PG}{4\pi S}}$$

Ratio of Time On versus Total Transmit Time 0.25

**Choose**

↓

Occupational/Controlled

General Population/Uncontrolled

ENTER

↓

Tx Frequency: 836.60 (MHz)

Maximum Peak Power at Antenna Input Terminal: 26.89 (dBm)

Source-Based Time-Average Factor: -6.02 (dB)

Antenna gain and Cable Loss: 1.11 (dBi)

SL= 0.56 (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)

P= 122.1631 (mW)

G= 1.29 (numeric)

**R = 4.74 (cm)**

S (mw/cm<sup>2</sup>)  
at 20cm

0.031347245

**Formulae:**

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

where: S = Power Density Limit  
P = Power Output of the Device  
G = Numeric Antenna Gain  
R = Distance from Antenna

$$R = \sqrt{\frac{PG}{4\pi S}}$$

Source-Based Time-Average Factor = 10 \* log (Time On / (Time On + Time Off))

Power Output of the Device (W) = 10 \* log (RF Output Power (dBm) + Source-Based Time Average Factor (dB))

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D.6.10 Calculations:

**Vehicle-Mount Antenna (Max. Measured Conducted Power - PCS EDGE Mode)**

**Prediction of MPE Limit**  
OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01

Equation from page 18

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

S= power density  
P= power input to the antenna  
G= power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator  
R= distance to the center of radiation of the antenna  
SL= power density limit

$$R = \sqrt{\frac{PG}{4\pi S}}$$

Ratio of Time On versus Total Transmit Time 0.25

**Choose**

↓

Occupational/Controlled

General Population/Uncontrolled

ENTER

↓

Tx Frequency: 1880.00 (MHz)

Maximum Peak Power at Antenna Input Terminal: 25.73 (dBm)

Source-Based Time-Average Factor: -6.02 (dB)

Antenna gain and Cable Loss: 0.20 (dBi)

SL= 1.00 (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)

P= 93.5276 (mW)

G= 1.05 (numeric)

**R = 2.79 (cm)**

**S (mw/cm<sup>2</sup>)**  
**at 20cm**

0.019462534

**Formulae:**

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

where: S = Power Density Limit  
P = Power Output of the Device  
G = Numeric Antenna Gain  
R = Distance from Antenna

$$R = \sqrt{\frac{PG}{4\pi S}}$$

Source-Based Time-Average Factor = 10 \* log (Time On / (Time On + Time Off))

Power Output of the Device (W) = 10 \* log (RF Output Power (dBm) + Source-Based Time Average Factor (dB))

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D.6.11 Calculations:

**Vehicle-Mount Antenna (Max. Measured Conducted Power - Cellular UMTS Mode)**

**Prediction of MPE Limit  
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*Equation from page 18*

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

$$R = \sqrt{\frac{PG}{4\pi S}}$$

**S**= power density  
**P**= power input to the antenna  
**G**= power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator  
**R**= distance to the center of radiation of the antenna  
**SL**= power density limit

Ratio of Time On versus Total Transmit Time 1.00

Choose

- Occupational/Controlled
- General Population/Uncontrolled

ENTER

Tx Frequency: 846.60 (MHz)

Maximum Peak Power at Antenna Input Terminal: 24.00 (dBm)

Source-Based Time-Average Factor: 0.00 (dB)

Antenna gain and Cable Loss: 1.11 (dBi)

**SL**= 0.56 (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)

**P**= 251.1886 (mW)

**G**= 1.29 (numeric)

**R** = 6.76 (cm)

**S** (mw/cm<sup>2</sup>)  
at 20cm

0.064455409

**Formulae:**

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

where: S = Power Density Limit  
 P = Power Output of the Device  
 G = Numeric Antenna Gain  
 R = Distance from Antenna

$$R = \sqrt{\frac{PG}{4\pi S}}$$

Source-Based Time-Average Factor = 10 \* log (Time On / (Time On + Time Off))

Power Output of the Device (W) = 10 \* log (RF Output Power (dBm) + Source-Based Time Average Factor (dB))

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D.6.12 Calculations:

**Vehicle-Mount Antenna (Max. Measured Conducted Power - PCS UMTS Mode)**

**Prediction of MPE Limit**  
**OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01**

**Equation from page 18**

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

S= power density  
P= power input to the antenna  
G= power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator  
R= distance to the center of radiation of the antenna  
SL= power density limit

$$R = \sqrt{\frac{PG}{4\pi S}}$$

Ratio of Time On versus Total Transmit Time 1.00

Choose

- Occupational/Controlled   
General Population/Uncontrolled

ENTER

Tx Frequency: 1880.00 (MHz)  
Maximum Peak Power at Antenna Input Terminal: 23.00 (dBm)  
Source-Based Time-Average Factor: 0.00 (dB)  
Antenna gain and Cable Loss: 0.20 (dBi)

SL= 1.00 (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)  
P= 199.5262 (mW)  
G= 1.05 (numeric)

**R = 4.08 (cm)**

**S (mw/cm<sup>2</sup>)**  
**at 20cm**

0.041520193


**Formulae:**

$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$  where: S = Power Density Limit  
P = Power Output of the Device  
G = Numeric Antenna Gain  
R = Distance from Antenna

$R = \sqrt{\frac{PG}{4\pi S}}$

Source-Based Time-Average Factor = 10 \* log (Time On / (Time On + Time Off))

Power Output of the Device (W) = 10 \* log (RF Output Power (dBm) + Source-Based Time Average Factor (dB))

	<b>Test Report Serial No.:</b>	061506KBC-T757-E24G	<b>Report Issue Date:</b>	August 24, 2006
	<b>Date(s) of Evaluation:</b>	June 21 - July 27, 2006	<b>Report Revision No.:</b>	Revision 1.0
	<b>Test Standard(s):</b>	FCC 47 CFR §2, §22H, §24E	Industry Canada RSS-132, RSS-133	
	<b>Test Lab Registration(s):</b>	FCC Lab Registration #714830	Industry Canada Lab File #3874	

**D.7 PASS/FAIL**

In reference to the results outlined in D6 the DUT passes the requirements as stated in the reference standards as follows:  
 1) The DUT must comply with the minimum spacing requirement of 20 cm to ensure an exposure of not more than  $f/1500$  mW/cm<sup>2</sup> for frequencies between 300 and 1500 MHz and 1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> for frequencies between 1500 and 100,000 MHz.


**D.8 SIGN-OFF**

I attest to the accuracy of the data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements.

*Spencer Watson*

Spencer Watson  
 EMC Manager  
 Celltech Labs Inc.

June 27, 2006  
 Date

<b>Company:</b>	Itronix Corporation	<b>FCC ID:</b>	KBCIX260PROAC860	<b>Model(s):</b>	IX260PROAC860	
<b>DUT Type:</b>	Laptop PC with Sierra Wireless AC860 Dual-Band GSM/GPRS/EDGE/UMTS PCMCIA Modem					
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