EXHIBIT VI

Test Report Bluetooth - Certification

FCC ID: KBCIX260MPIA555BT

IX260 Rugged Laptop with

Bluetooth Intentional Radiator

Co-located with

1.) Aircard 555 Cellular PCS radio modem under Parts22/24

2.) MPI350 802.11(b) WLAN, DTS Intentional Radiator under Part 15.247 (see separate reports for each transmitter)

This Report is For The Bluetooth Intentional Radiator

Under Part 15.247 FHSS

Prepared On Behalf Of

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Exhibit VI

FCC ID KBCIX260MPIA555BT

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BLUETOOTH APPROVALS

The following exhibit indicates the FCC Spread Spectrum requirements in Section 15.247(only) for devices meeting the Bluetooth Specifications for devices operating in the USA. The purpose of this exhibit is to help expedite the approval process for Bluetooth devices. This exhibit provides items that vary for each device and also provides a list of items that are common to Bluetooth devices that explains the remaining requirements. The list of common items can be submitted for each application for equipment authorization. This Bluetooth transmitter is a Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum(FHSS) transmitter in the data mode and a Hybrid transmitter in the acquisition mode.

For each individual device, the following items, 1-6, will vary from one device to another and must be submitted.

- 1) The occupied bandwidth in Section 15.247(a)1ii .
- 2) Conducted output power specified in Section 15.247(b)1.
- 3) EIRP limit in Section 15.247(b)3.
- 4) RF safety requirement in Section 15.247(b)4
- 5) Spurious emission limits in Section 15.247(c).
- 6) Power spectral density in the **acquisition mode**.

For all devices, the following items, 1-12, are common to all Bluetooth devices and will not vary from one device to another. The list can be copied and pasted into the filing.

1 Output power and channel separation of a Bluetooth device in the different operating modes:

The different operating modes (data-mode, acquisition-mode) of a Bluetooth device don't influence the output power and the channel spacing. There is only one transmitter which is driven by identical input parameters concerning these two parameters. Only a different hopping sequence will be used. For this reason the check of these RF parameters in one op-mode is sufficient.

2 Frequency range of a Bluetooth device:

Hereby we declare that the maximum frequency of this device is: **2402 – 2480 M**Hz. This is according the Bluetooth Core Specification V 1.0B (+ critical errata) for devices which will be operated in the USA. This was checked during the Bluetooth Qualification tests (Test Case: TRM/CA/04-E). Other frequency ranges (e.g. for Spain, France, Japan) which are allowed according the Core Specification are **not** supported by this device.

3 Co-ordination of the hopping sequence in data mode to avoid simultaneous occupancy by multiple transmitters:

Bluetooth units which want to communicate with other units must be organized in a structure called piconet. This piconet consist of max. 8 Bluetooth units. One unit is the master the other seven are the slaves. The master co-ordinates frequency occupation in this piconet for all units. As the master hop sequence is derived from it's BD address which is unique for every Bluetooth device, additional masters intending to establish new piconets will always use different hop sequences.

4 Example of a hopping sequence in data mode:

Example of a 79 hopping sequence in data mode:

40, 21, 44, 23, 42, 53, 46, 55, 48, 33, 52, 35, 50, 65, 54, 67,

56, 37, 60, 39, 58, 69, 62, 71, 64, 25, 68, 27, 66, 57, 70, 59, 72, 29, 76, 31, 74, 61, 78, 63, 01, 41, 05, 43, 03, 73, 07, 75,

09, 45, 13, 47, 11, 77, 15, 00, 64, 49, 66, 53, 68, 02, 70, 06,

01, 51, 03, 55, 05, 04

5 Equally average use of frequencies in data mode and behavior for short transmissions:

The generation of the hopping sequence in connection mode depends essentially on two input values:

1. LAP/UAP of the master of the connection

2. Internal master clock

The LAP (lower address part) are the 24 LSB's of the 48 BD_ADDRESS. The

BD_ADDRESS is an unambiguous number of every Bluetooth unit. The UAP (upper

address part) are the 24 MSB's of the 48 BD_ADDRESS. The internal clock of a Bluetooth unit is derived from a free running clock which is never adjusted and is never turned off. For synchronization with other units only offset are used. It has no relation to the time of the day. Its resolution is at least half the RX/TX slot length of 312.5 μ s. The clock has a cycle of about one day (23h30). In most case it is implemented as 28 bit counter. For the deriving of the hopping sequence the entire LAP (24 bits), 4 LSB's (4 bits) (Input 1) and the 27 MSB's of the clock (Input 2) are used. With this input values different mathematical procedures (permutations, additions, XOR-operations) are performed to generate the sequence. This will be done at the beginning of every new transmission.

Regarding short transmissions the Bluetooth system has the following behavior:

The first connection between the two devices is established, a hopping sequence was

generated. For transmitting the wanted data the complete hopping sequence was not

used. The connection ended. The second connection will be established. A new hopping sequence is generated. Due to the fact that the Bluetooth clock has a different value, because the period between the two transmission is longer (and it cannot be shorter) than the minimum resolution of the clock (312.5 μ s). The hopping sequence will always differ from the first one.

6 Receiver input bandwidth and behavior for repeated single or multiple

packets:

The input bandwidth of the receiver is 1 MHz.In every connection one Bluetooth device is the master and the other one is the slave.The master determines the hopping sequence (see chapter 5). The slave follows this sequence. Both devices shift between RX and TX time slot according to the clock of the master. Additionally the type of connection (e.g. single or multislot packet) is set up at the beginning of the connection. The master adapts its hopping frequency and its TX/RX timing according to the packet type of the connection. Also the slave of the connection will use these settings. Repeating of a packet has no influence on the hopping sequence. The hopping sequence generated by the master of the connection will be followed in any case. That means, a repeated packet will not be send on the same frequency, it is send on the next frequency of the hopping sequence

7 Dwell time in data mode

The dwell time of 0.3797s within a 30 second period in data mode is independent from the packet type (packet length). The calculation for a 30 second period is a follows: Dwell time = time slot length * hop rate / number of hopping channels *30s Example for a DH1 packet (with a maximum length of one time slot) Dwell time = $625 \ \mu s * 1600 \ 1/s / 79 * 30s = 0.3797s$ (in a 30s period) For multislot packet the hopping is reduced according to the length of the packet.

Example for a DH5 packet (with a maximum length of five time slots) Dwell time = $5 * 625 \ \mu s * 1600 * 1/5 * 1/s / 79 * 30s = 0.3797s$ (in a 30s period) This is according the Bluetooth Core Specification V 1.0B (+ critical errata) for all Bluetooth devices. Therefore all Bluetooth devices **comply** with the FCC dwell time requirement in data mode. This was checked during the Bluetooth Qualification tests. The Dwell time in hybrid mode is approximately 2.6 mS (in a 12.8s period)

8 Channel Separation in hybrid mode

The nominal channel spacing of the Bluetooth system is 1Mhz independent of the operating mode. The maximum "initial carrier frequency tolerance" which is allowed for Bluetooth is fcenter = 75 kHz. This was checked during the Bluetooth Qualification tests (Test Case: TRM/CA/07-E) for three frequencies (2402, 2441, 2480 MHz).

9 Derivation and examples for a hopping sequence in hybrid mode

For the generation of the inquiry and page hop sequences the same procedures as described for the data mode are used (see item 5), but this time with different input vectors:**For the inquiry hop sequence, a predefined fixed address is always used. This results in the same 32 frequencies used by all devices doing an inquiry but every time with a different start frequency and phase in this sequence. **For the page hop sequence, the device address of

the paged unit is used as input vector. This results in the use of a subset of 32 frequencies which is specific for that initial state of the connection establishment between the two units. A page to

different devices would result in a different subset of 32 frequencies.

So it is ensured that also in hybrid mode the frequency use equally averaged.

Example of a hopping sequence in inquiry mode:

48, 50, 09, 13, 52, 54, 41, 45, 56, 58, 11, 15, 60, 62, 43, 47, 00, 02, 64, 68, 04, 06,

17, 21, 08, 10, 66, 70, 12, 14, 19, 23

Example of a hopping sequence in paging mode:

08, 57, 68, 70, 51, 02, 42, 40, 04, 61, 44, 46, 63, 14, 50, 48, 16, 65, 52, 54, 67, 18,

58, 56, 20, 53, 60, 62, 55, 06, 66, 64

10 Receiver input bandwidth and synchronization in hybrid mode:

The receiver input bandwidth is the same as in the data mode (1 MHz). When two Bluetooth devices establish contact for the first time, one device sends an inquiry access code, the other device is scanning for this inquiry access code. If two devices have been connected previously and want to start a new transmission, a similar procedure takes place. The only difference is, instead of the inquiry access code, a special access code,

derived from the BD_ADDRESS of the paged device will be, will be sent by the master of this connection. Due to the fact that both units have been connected before (in the inquiry procedure) the paging unit has timing and frequency information about the page scan of the paged unit. For this reason the time to establish the connection is reduced considerable.

11 Spread rate / data rate of the direct sequence signal

The Spread rate / Data rate in inquiry and paging mode can be defined via the access code. The access code is the only criterion for the system to check if there is a valid transmission or not. If you regard the presence of a valid access code as one bit of information, and compare it with the length of the access code of 68 bits, the Spread rate / Data rate will be 68/1.

12 Spurious emission in hybrid mode

The Dwell in hybrid mode is shorter than in data mode. For this reason the spurious emissions average level in data mode is worst case. The spurious emissions peak level is the same for both modes.

EXHIBIT 6A TEST: 20 dB BANDWIDTH

FCC ID:	KBCIX260MPIA555BT
Applicant:	ITRONIX Corp.
Model:	IX260 with Bluetooth, Aircard 555 & MPI350
Minimum Standard Specified: FCC	reply to TCB council 10/08/02, Frequency hoppers in the 2.4 GHz band are required to use a minimum of 15 non-overlapping channels. The hopping channel bandwidth can be wider than 1 MHz as long as the channels do not over lap and all emissions stay within the 2400- 2483.5 MHz band. For example a system that uses the minimum 15 channels can have hopping channel bandwidth that are up to 5 MHz wide.
Test Results:	The measured 20 dB bandwidth complies with the non-over lapping channel requirements of the FCC interpretation referenced above.

Authorization Procedure: Part 2.1049

HIGH POWER

Method of Measurement:

- 1. The output power level had been preset during production.
- 2. The output of the EUT was connected directly via an adapter to the input of the HP8562A spectrum analyzer. The setting were RBW of 10 kHz & VBW of 30 kHz.
- 3. The measured channels cover the low, middle and high channels of the operational frequency range requested for this intentional radiator.
- 4. The EUT was *modulated but not hopping* channels during this test. The data rate is 1mbps per the Bluetooth standard. The Payload is PRBS9 data.
- 5. Measurements done according to DA 00-705 Filing and Measurement Guide for FHSS Systems.

Measurement Results of Modulated Occupied Bandwidth									
Channel	Channel	Measured	Limit						
	Frequency	Maximum 20 dB	Non-overlapping						
	GHz	BW	channels, all						
		EUT modulated	emissions within						
			band						
Plot 1 Low	2.402	617 kHz	complies						
Plot 2 Middle	2.441	617 kHz	complies						
Plot 3 High	2.480	617 kHz	complies						

Plots 1, 2 & 3 of the 20 dB Bandwidth, supporting the above data, are located in Appendix 1 at the end of this report.

EXHIBIT 6A TEST: CONDUCTED PEAK OUTPUT POWER

FCC ID:	KBCIX260MPIA555BT
Applicant:	ITRONIX Corp.
Model:	IX260 with Bluetooth, Aircard 555 & MPI350

Minimum Standard Specified: Part 15.247(b)1 is 1 Watt Maximum

Test Results: The measured output power level of the sample shows compliance with the maximum permissible 1 Watt limit.

Authorization Procedure: Part 2.1046

Manufacturers Rated Output Power: 14 dBm typical, - Class I Bluetooth

Measured Maximum Output Power: 14.46 dBm or 27.92 mWatt conducted H

HIGH POWER

Method of Measurement:

- 1.) The output power levels referenced above, had been preset during production.
- 2.) The output of the EUT was connected directly via an adapter to the input of the HP8562A spectrum analyzer.
- 3.) The measured channels cover the low, middle and high channels of the operational frequency range requested for this intentional radiator. The EUT was *modulated* and hopping during this measurement. The data rate is 1mbps per the Bluetooth standard. The Payload is PRBS9 data.
- 4.) Measurements done according to DA 00-705 Filing and Measurement Guide for FHSS Systems.

Channel	Frequency (GHz)	Measured Peak Output Power (mW)	Measured Peak Output Power (dBm)	Internal EUT Cable loss dB	Corrected Peak Output Power (dBm))	Corrected Peak Output Power (mW))
Low	2.402	26.12	14.17	.29	14.46	27.92
Middle	2.441	25.11	14.00	.29	14.29	26.85
High	2.480	22.38	13.50	.29	13.79	23.93

Plots 5, 6 & 7 supporting the above data are located in Appendix 1 at the end of this report.

Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power

14.46	max. conducted power)
+ 4.50	dBi (Rangestar Antenna, P/N 100929, 4.5 dBi peak antenna gain)
= 18.96	dBm EIRP

This Bluetooth Intentional Radiator complies with the maximum de-facto EIRP limit with the only antenna that can be used with this device, with the Rangestar Antenna, P/N 100929, peak antenna gain of 4.5 dBi.

EXHIBIT 6G TEST: SPURIOUS RF CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

FCC ID: Applicant: Model:	KBCIX260MPIA555BT ITRONIX Corp. IX260 with Bluetooth, Aircard 555 & MPI350	
Minimum Standard Specified: Part 1	5.247(c) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the 2.412 RF power shall be at least 20 dB below that in the within the band that contains the highest power.	
Test Results:	Equipment complies with standard	
Authorization Procedure:	Part 2.1051	
Frequency Range Observed:	0 to 25 GHz	
Operating Frequencies:	2.402, 2.441, & 2.480 GHz (2.402 – 2.480 GHz ba	ind)
Measured Output Power:	14.46 dBm or 27.92 mWatt conducted	HIGH POWER

Method of Measurement:

- 1) The output power level had been preset during production.
- 2) The output of the EUT was connected directly via an adapter to the input of the HP8562A spectrum analyzer. The setting were 1 MHz for both RBW & VBW.
- 3) The measured channels cover the low, middle and high channels of the operational frequency range requested for this intentional radiator.
- 4) The EUT was *modulated but not hopping* channels during this test. The data rate is 1mbps per the Bluetooth standard. The Payload is PRBS9 data
- 5.) Measurements done according to DA 00-705 Filing and Measurement Guide for FHSS Systems.

Highest Conducted Spurious Emission Measured For Each Channel								
Channel	Frequency	Emission level	Limit in dBm	dB				
	GHz	dBm	20 dBc	below limit				
Plot 9 - 2Fo, Low	4.804	-46.00	-20.0	31.83				
Plot 9 - 2Fo, Middle	4.882	-47.50	-20.0	41.67				
Plot 9 - 2Fo, High	4.960	-48.17	-20.0	42.34				

Note: All three channels displayed max hold collectively on 2 plots to cover the wide frequency range. Plot 9, covering 10 – 2900 MHz, (1 MHz RBW & VBW) &

Plot 10, covering 2.750 – 25 GHz (1 MHz RBW & VBW) are located in Appendix 1.

BAND-EDGE COMPLIANCE OF RF CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

Please refer to Plots 11 and 12 for the lower and upper band-edge measurements, located in Appendix 1. Trace A - Band-edge channel modulated, hopping disabled

Trace B - All channels modulated, hopping enabled (indication of spreading function evident)

FCC ID:

EXHIBIT 6G TEST: FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS RADIATION EMISSIONS

KBCIX260A750MPIBT

Applicant: Model:	ITRONIX Corp. IX260 with Bluetooth, Aircard 555 & MPI350										
Test Results Authorization Test Equipm	Minimum Standard Specified: Part 15.247(c)Test Results:Equipment complies with standardAuthorization Procedure:Part 2.1053Test Equipment Set Up:See Block Diagram in Exhibit 7										
Frequency R	Frequency Range Observed: 0 to 25 GHz HIGH POWER RADIATED HARMONIC AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS & RESTRICTED BANDS										
Frequency GHz	Max. SA Rdg. dBu/V	Ant. Vert. or Horz.	Peak Averag Detecto	or je	Antenna Factor dB	Cable & filter loss dB	Amp Gair	Corrected	Limit 74 Peak 54 Avg dBu/V	Margin in dB below LIMIT	
Fo - 2.402											
4.804	54.57	H	Peak		32.83	3.95	23.2		74	5.85	
4.804	37.07	H	Average	е	32.83	3.95	23.2		54	3.06	
7.260	46.90	H	Peak		36.77	4.55	25.9		74	11.68	
7.260	32.48	H	Average	е	36.77	4.55	25.9		54	6.10	
9.608	42.17	V	Peak		37.55	5.0	24.5		74	13.24	
9.608	29.10	V	Average	е	37.55	5.0	24.5	47.15	54	6.85	
Fo – 2.441		·	<u> </u>								
4.882	52.61	Н	Peak		33.33	3.95	23.2		74	7.31	
4.882	36.69	Н	Average	е	33.33	3.95	23.2		54	3.23	
7.323	47.70	Н	Peak		36.77	4.55	25.9		74	10.98	
7.323	33.40	H	Average	е	36.77	4.55	25.9		54	5.18	
9.764	44.77	V	Peak		38.33	5.0	24.7		74	10.60	
9.764	29.50	V	Average	е	38.33	5.0	24.7	48.13	54	5.87	
Fo – 2.480	55.00					0.05	00.0	70.40			
4.960	55.93	Н	Peak		33.33	3.95	23.2		74	3.99	
4.960	38.09	H	Average	e	33.33	3.95	23.2		54	1.83	
7.440	53.73	H	Peak		36.77	4.55	25.9		74	4.85	
7.440	37.33	H	Average	е	36.77	4.55	25.9		54	1.25	
9.920	47.82	V	Peak		38.33	5.0	24.7		74	7.55	
9.920	31.72		Averag		38.33	5.0	24.7		54	3.65	
					inels (low, monics Ob		5-0	– 10Fo at or bel Limit 74 dBu	ow noise f iV/m Peak		
Channel	Frequ	ency in G		nari	momics Ob	serveu			iV/m Peak iV/m Avera		
Low Ch.	2.402									<u>J</u> -	
5Fo – 10Fo	12.10	1 - 24.02	0	Non	e -at or < r	noise floor @	3m	All emissions < 5	emissions < 54 dBuV/m or 500 uV/m		
Mid Ch.	2.441										
5Fo – 10Fo	12.20	5 – 24.41	0	None -at or < noise floor @3m A				All emissions < 5	All emissions < 54 dBuV/m or 500 uV/m		
High Ch.	2.480										
5Fo - 10Fo	12.400	12.400 - 24.800None -at or < noise floor @3mAll emissions < 54 dBuV/m or 500 uV/m									

EXHIBIT 6G TEST: FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS RADIATION AT UPPER BAND EDGE

FCC ID: Applicant: Model:	KBCIX260MPIA555BT ITRONIX Corp. IX260 with Bluetooth, Aircard 555 & MPI350	
Minimum Standard Specified: Part 1	5.247(c)	
Test Results:	Equipment complies with standard	
Authorization Procedure:	Part 2.1053	
Test Equipment Set Up:	See Block Diagram in Exhibit 7	10/21/03
Frequency Range Observed:	2.480 – 2.5GHz	HIGH POWER

Note: No significant emissions were observed in the restricted band 2.835 – 2.5 GHz so a band-edge measurement was made.

	RADIATED EMISSIONS MEASUREMENT AT UPPER BAND EDGE										
Frequency GHz	SA Rdg. dBu/V	Ant. Vert. or Horz.	Peak or Average Reading	Antenna Factor dB	Cable & filter loss dB	Amp Gain	Corrected Reading dBuV/m	Corrected Reading uV/m	Peak Limit dBuV	Avg Limit dBuV	
2.4835	36.59	V	Peak	28.37	3.15	22.3	45.81	195.21	74		
2.4835	35.81	Н	Peak	28.37	3.15	22.3	45.03	178.44	74		
2.4835	25.47	V	Average	28.37	3.15	22.3	34.69	54.26		54	
2.4835	27.45	Н	Average	28.37	3.15	22.3	36.67	68.15		54	

Radiated Test Notes

- 1.) All spurious and harmonics in the restricted bands listed in Part 15.205 are below the Part 15.209 limit.
- 2.) No peak emissions above 1 GHz are more than 20 dB above the average limit.
- 3.) Peak measurements made with 1 MHz RBW & VBW, Average made with 1MHz RBW & 10 Hz VBW.
- 4.) During preliminary measurements the EUT was measured in 3 mutually orthogonal planes. The highest level for Fo was found with the EUT standing Upright. So this position was used during final measurements at 3 meters.
- 5.) The EUT was AC powered during the testing.
- 6.) The EUT was *modulated but not hopping* channels during this test. The data rate is 1mbps per the Bluetooth standard. The Payload is PRBS9 data.
- 7.) Measurements done according to DA 00-705 Filing and Measurement Guide for FHSS Systems
- 8.) A HP preamplifier and a high pass filter was used during the measurements of the harmonics to reduce the fundamental signal and avoid overloading the front end of the analyzer.

EXHIBIT 6A TEST: 20 dB BANDWIDTH

FCC ID:	KBCIX260MPIA555BT
Applicant:	ITRONIX Corp.
Model:	IX260 with Bluetooth, Aircard 555 & MPI350
Minimum Standard Specified: FCC	reply to TCB council 10/08/02, Frequency hoppers in the 2.4 GHz band are required to use a minimum of 15 non-overlapping channels. The hopping channel bandwidth can be wider than 1 MHz as long as the channels do not over lap and all emissions stay within the 2400- 2483.5 MHz band. For example a system that uses the minimum 15 channels

Test Results: The measured 20 dB bandwidth complies with the non-over lapping channel requirements of the FCC interpretation referenced above.

can have hopping channel bandwidth that are up to 5 MHz wide.

Authorization Procedure: Part 2.1049

LOW POWER

Method of Measurement:

- 1. The output power level had been preset during production.
- 2. The output of the EUT was connected directly via an adapter to the input of the HP8562A spectrum analyzer. The setting were RBW of 10 kHz & VBW of 30 kHz.
- 3. The measured channels cover the low, middle and high channels of the operational frequency range requested for this intentional radiator.
- 4. The EUT was *modulated but not hopping* channels during this test. The data rate is 1mbps per the Bluetooth standard. The Payload is PRBS9 data. Power level set to 30 low power.
- 5. Measurements done according to DA 00-705 Filing and Measurement Guide for FHSS Systems.

Measurement Results of Modulated Occupied Bandwidth								
Channel	Channel Frequency GHz	Measured Maximum 20 dB BW EUT modulated	Limit Non-overlapping channels, all emissions within band					
Plot 1 Low	2.402	707 kHz	complies					
Plot 2 Middle	2.441	683 kHz	complies					
Plot 3 High	2.480	687 kHz	complies					

Plots 1, 2 & 3 of the 20 dB Bandwidth, supporting the above data, are located in Appendix 2 at the end of this report.

EXHIBIT 6A TEST: CONDUCTED PEAK OUTPUT POWER

FCC ID: Applicant: Model:	KBCIX260MPIA555BT ITRONIX Corp. IX260 with Bluetooth, Aircard 555	& MPI350
Minimum Standard Specified: Part 1	5.247(b)1 is 1 Watt Maximum	
Test Results:	The measured output power level of t with the maximum permissible 1 Wat	• •
Authorization Procedure:	Part 2.1046	
Manufacturers Rated Output Power:	11 dBm typical minimum low power,	- Class I Bluetooth
Measured Maximum Output Power:	9.12 dBm or 8.16 mWatt conducted	LOW POWER

Method of Measurement:

- 1. The output power levels referenced above, had been preset during production.
- The output of the EUT was connected directly via an adapter to the input of the HP8562A spectrum analyzer.
 The measured channels cover the low, middle and high channels of the operational frequency range requested for
- 3. The measured channels cover the low, middle and high channels of the operational frequency range requested for this intentional radiator. The EUT was *modulated* and hopping during this measurement. The data rate is 1mbps per the Bluetooth standard. The Payload is PRBS9 data. Power level set to 30 low power.
- 4. Measurements done according to DA 00-705 Filing and Measurement Guide for FHSS Systems.

Channel	Frequency (GHz)	Measured Peak Output Power (mW)	Measured Peak Output Power (dBm)	Internal EUT Cable loss dB	Corrected Peak Output Power (dBm))	Corrected Peak Output Power (mW))
Low	2.402	7.63	8.83	.29	9.12	8.16
Middle	2.441	7.36	8.67	.29	8.96	7.87
High	2.480	6.80	8.33	.29	8.62	7.27

Plots 5, 6 & 7 supporting the above data are located in Appendix 2 at the end of this report.

Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power

9.12	max. condu	cted power)
<u>+ 4.50</u>	dBi	(Rangestar Antenna, P/N 100929, 4.5 dBi peak antenna gain)
= 13.62	dBm	EIRP

This Bluetooth Intentional Radiator complies with the maximum de-facto EIRP limit with the only antenna that can be used with this device, with the Rangestar Antenna, P/N 100929, peak antenna gain of 4.5 dBi.

EXHIBIT 6G TEST: SPURIOUS RF CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

FCC ID: Applicant: Model:	KBCIX260MPIA555BT ITRONIX Corp. IX260 with Bluetooth, Aircard 555 & MPI350			
Minimum Standard Specified: Part 1	5.247(c) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the 2.412 RF power shall be at least 20 dB below that in the within the band that contains the highest power.			
Test Results:	Equipment complies with standard			
Authorization Procedure:	Part 2.1051			
Frequency Range Observed:	0 to 25 GHz			
Operating Frequencies:	2.402, 2.441, & 2.480 GHz (2.402 – 2.480 GHz ba	and)		
Measured Output Power:	9.12 dBm or 8.16 mWatt conducted LOW POW			

Method of Measurement:

- 1. The output power level had been preset during production.
- 2. The output of the EUT was connected directly via an adapter to the input of the HP8562A spectrum analyzer. The setting were 1 MHz for both RBW & VBW.
- 3. The measured channels cover the low, middle and high channels of the operational frequency range requested for this intentional radiator.
- 4. The EUT was *modulated but not hopping* channels during this test. The data rate is 1mbps per the Bluetooth standard. The Payload is PRBS9 data. Power level set to 30 low power.
- 5. Measurements done according to DA 00-705 Filing and Measurement Guide for FHSS Systems.

	Highest Conducted Spurious Emission Measured For Each Channel							
Channel		Emission level in dBm	Limit in dBm	dB				
			20 dBc	below limit				
Low	2FO to 10FO	All harmonics at or below noise floor	-20.0	> 20 dB below limit				
Mid	2FO to 10FO	All harmonics at or below noise floor	-20.0	> 20 dB below limit				
High	2FO to 10FO	All harmonics at or below noise floor	-20.0	> 20 dB below limit				

Note: All three channels displayed max hold collectively on 2 plots to cover the wide frequency range. Plot 9, covering 10 – 2900 MHz, (1 MHz RBW & VBW) &

Plot 10, covering 2.750 – 25 GHz (1 MHz RBW & VBW) are located in Appendix 2.

BAND-EDGE COMPLIANCE OF RF CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

Please refer to Plots 11 and 12 for the lower and upper band-edge measurements, located in Appendix 1. Trace A - Band-edge channel modulated, hopping disabled

Trace B - All channels modulated, hopping enabled (indication of spreading function evident)

EXHIBIT 6G TEST: FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS RADIATION EMISSIONS

FCC ID: Applicant: Model:		KBCIX260MPIA555BT ITRONIX Corp. IX260 with Bluetooth, Aircard 555 & MPI350							
Minimum Sta Test Results Authorizatior Test Equipm Frequency I	: n Procedur nent Set Up	e:):	Equip Part See I	c) oment comp 2.1053 Block Diagra			d	10/21/0 LOW PC	
	¥			SPURIOU	S EMISSIC	NS 8			
Frequency GHz	Max. SA Rdg. dBu/V	Ant. Vert. or Horz.	Peak or Average Detector	Antenna Factor dB	Cable & filter loss dB	Amp Gair		Limit 74 Peak 54 Avg dBu/V	Margin in dB below LIMIT
Fo - 2.402									
4.804	43.36	Н	Peak	32.83	3.95	23.2		74	17.06
4.804	31.25	Н	Average	32.83	3.95	23.2		54	9.17
7.260	40.45	Н	Peak	36.77	4.55	25.9		74	18.13
7.260	27.20	Н	Average	36.77	4.55	25.9	43.12	54	10.88
Fo – 2.441									
4.882	42.48	Н	Peak	33.33	3.95	23.2		74	17.44
4.882	29.85	Н	Average	33.33	3.95	23.2		54	10.07
7.323	40.69	Н	Peak	36.77	4.55	25.9		74	17.89
7.323	28.05	Н	Average	36.77	4.55	25.9	43.47	54	10.53
Fo – 2.480									
4.960	46.20	Н	Peak	33.33	3.95	23.2	60.28	74	13.72
4.960	32.80	Н	Average	33.33	3.95	23.2	46.88	54	7.12
7.440	45.70	Н	Peak	36.77	4.55	25.9	61.12	74	12.88
7.440	32.80	Н	Average	36.77	4.55	25.9	48.22	54	5.78
) 4Fc	o – 10Fo at or bel		
Channel	Frequ	ency in G	GHz Ha	armonics Ob	served			V/m Peak IV/m Avera	
Low Ch.	2.402								
5Fo – 10Fo	12.101	- 24.02	20 No	one -at or < r	noise floor @	23m	All emissions < 5	4 dBuV/m	or 500 uV/m
Mid Ch.	2.441								
5Fo – 10Fo	12.205 - 24.410			None -at or < noise floor @3m All er			All emissions < 5	i4 dBuV/m	or 500 uV/m
High Ch.	2.480	2.480							
5Fo - 10Fo	12.400) – 24.80	00 No	one -at or < r	noise floor @	23m	All emissions < 5	64 dBuV/m	or 500 uV/m

EXHIBIT 6G TEST: FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS RADIATION AT UPPER BAND EDGE

FCC ID: Applicant: Model:	KBCIX260MPIA555BT ITRONIX Corp. IX260 with Bluetooth, Aircard 555 & MPI350	
Minimum Standard Specified: Part 1	5.247(c)	
Test Results:	Equipment complies with standard	
Authorization Procedure:	Part 2.1053	
Test Equipment Set Up:	See Block Diagram in Exhibit 7	10/21/03
Frequency Range Observed:	2.480 – 2.5GHz	LOW POWER

Note: No significant emissions were observed in the restricted band 2.835 – 2.5 GHz so a band-edge measurement was made.

	RADIATED EMISSIONS MEASUREMENT AT UPPER BAND EDGE									
Frequency GHz	SA Rdg. dBu/V	Ant. Vert. or Horz.	Peak or Average Reading	Antenna Factor dB	Cable & filter loss dB	Amp Gain	Corrected Reading dBuV/m	Corrected Reading uV/m	Peak Limit dBuV	Avg Limit dBuV
2.4835	37.06	V	Peak	28.37	3.15	22.3	46.28	206.06	74	
2.4835	36.76	Н	Peak	28.37	3.15	22.3	45.98	199.06	74	
2.4835	29.63	V	Average	28.37	3.15	22.3	38.85	87.60		54
2.4835	28.87	Н	Average	28.37	3.15	22.3	38.09	80.26		54

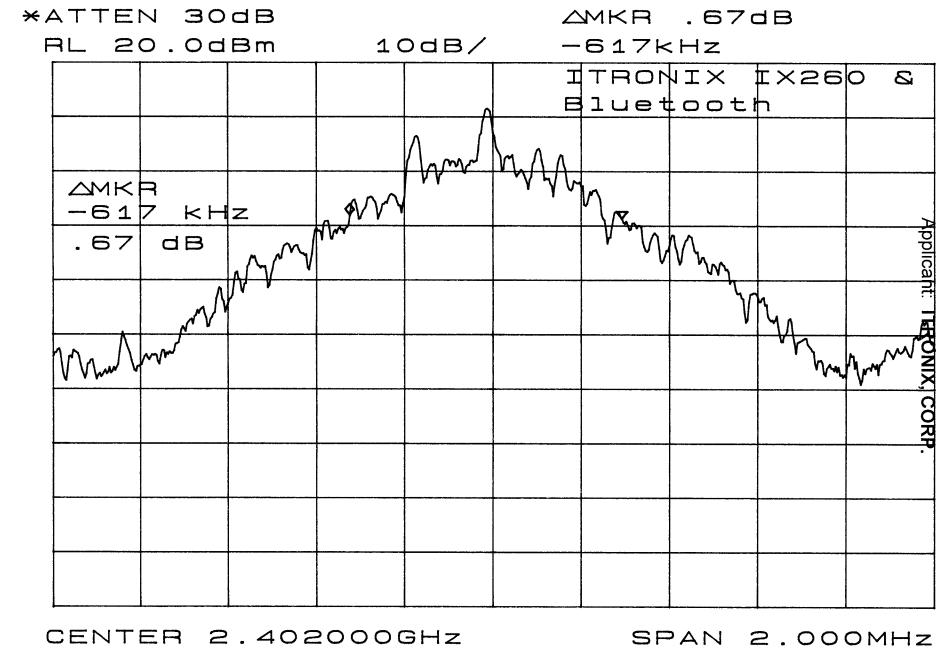
Radiated Test Notes

- 1. All spurious and harmonics in the restricted bands listed in Part 15.205 are below the Part 15.209 limit.
- 2. No peak emissions above 1 GHz are more than 20 dB above the average limit.
- 3. Peak measurements made with 1 MHz RBW & VBW, Average made with 1MHz RBW & 10 Hz VBW.
- 4. During preliminary measurements the EUT was measured in 3 mutually orthogonal planes. The highest level for Fo was found with the EUT standing Upright. So this position was used during final measurements at 3 meters.
- 5. The EUT was AC powered during the testing.
- 6. The EUT was *modulated but not hopping* channels during this test. The data rate is 1mbps per the Bluetooth standard. The Payload is PRBS9 data. Power level set to 30 low power.
- 7. Measurements done according to DA 00-705 Filing and Measurement Guide for FHSS Systems
- 8. A HP preamplifier and a high pass filter was used during the measurements of the harmonics to reduce the fundamental signal and avoid overloading the front end of the analyzer.

Appendix 1 - HIGH POWER

Plots 1 to 12 are located on the following pages.

- Plots 1 to 4 20 dB Bandwidth
- Plot 4 79 Hopping Frequencies Occupied Band
- Plots 5 to 7 Conducted Output Power
- Plot 8 240 MHz Span (high, mid & low channel transmit)
- Plots 9 to 10 Spurious RF Conducted Emissions
- Plot 11 Lower Band-edge Compliance of RF Conducted Emissions
- Plot 12 Upper Band-edge Compliance of RF Conducted Emissions

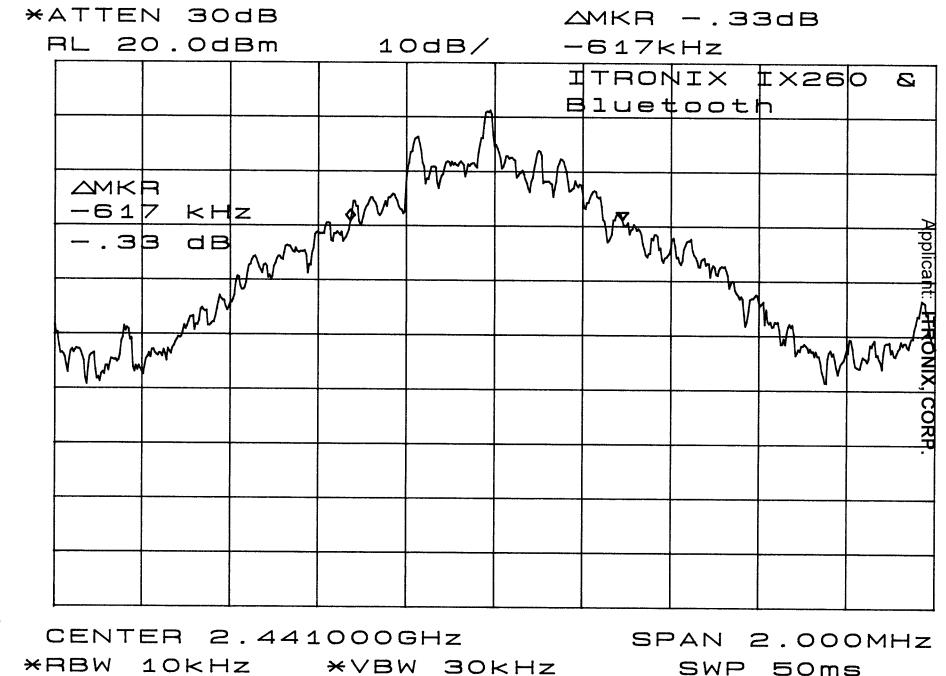


HIGH POWER PLOT -

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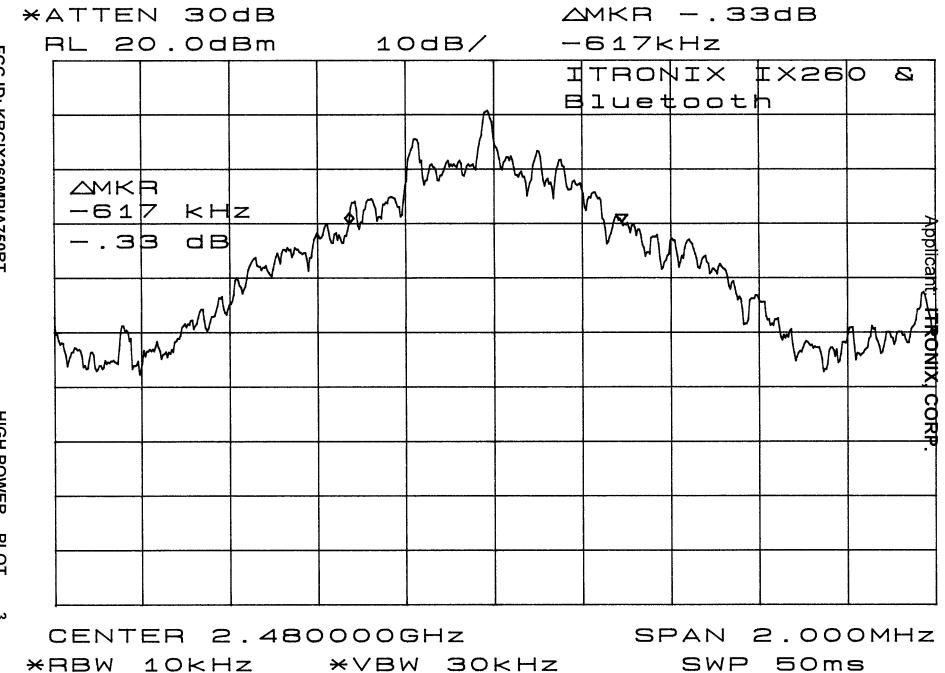
*RBW 10KHz *VBW 30KHz

SWP 50ms



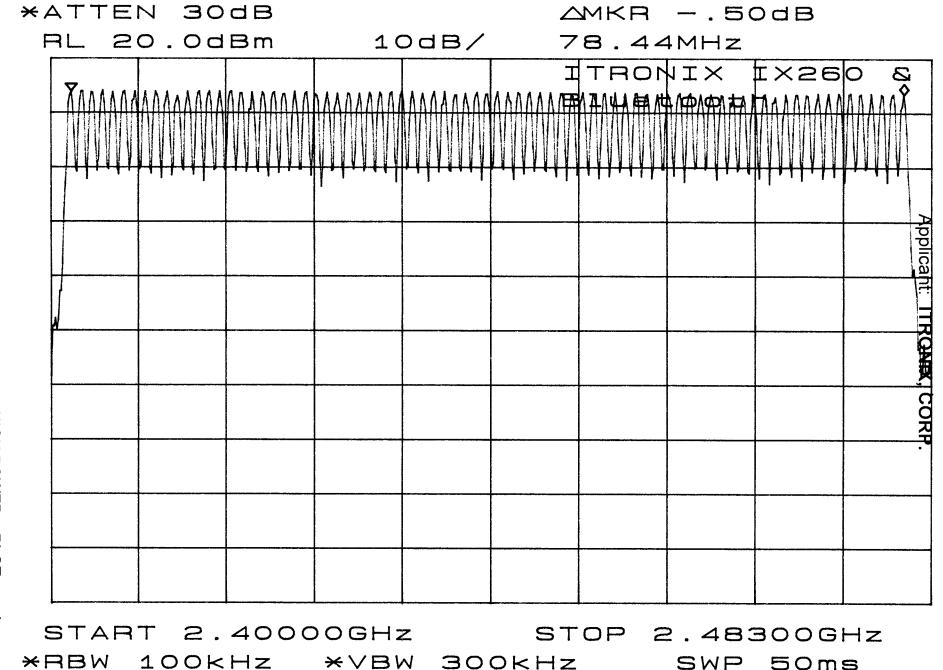
HIGH POWER PLOT -

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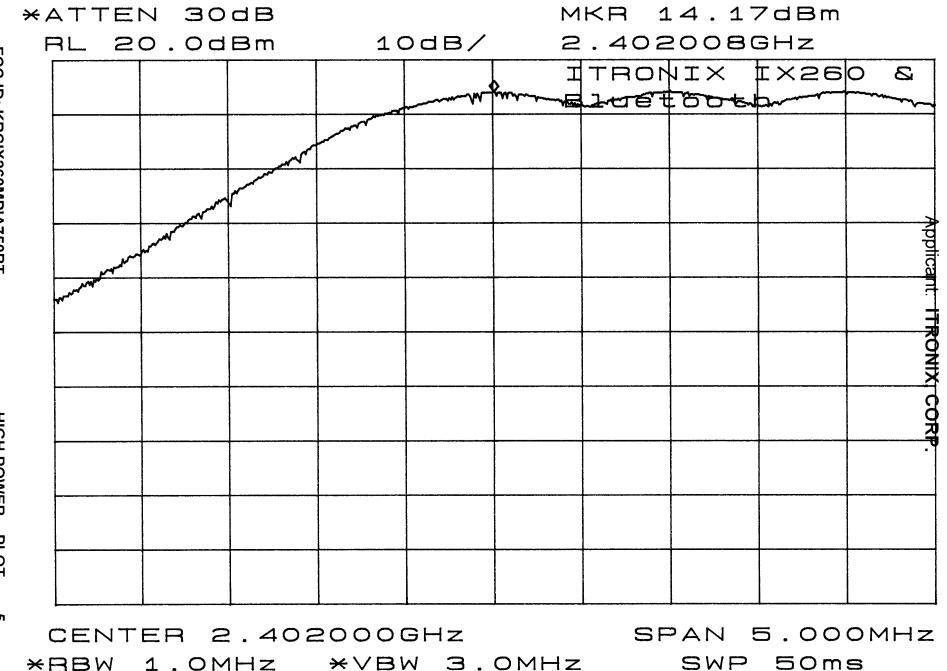
HIGH POWER PLOT 1

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HIGH POWER PLOT .

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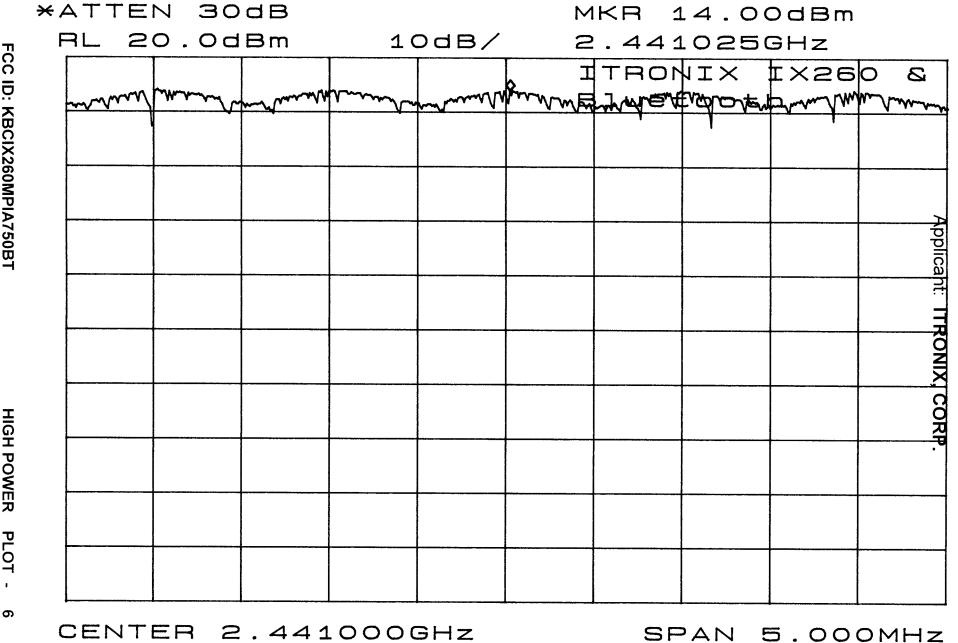
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FCC ID: KBCIX260MPIA750BT

HIGH POWER PLOT -

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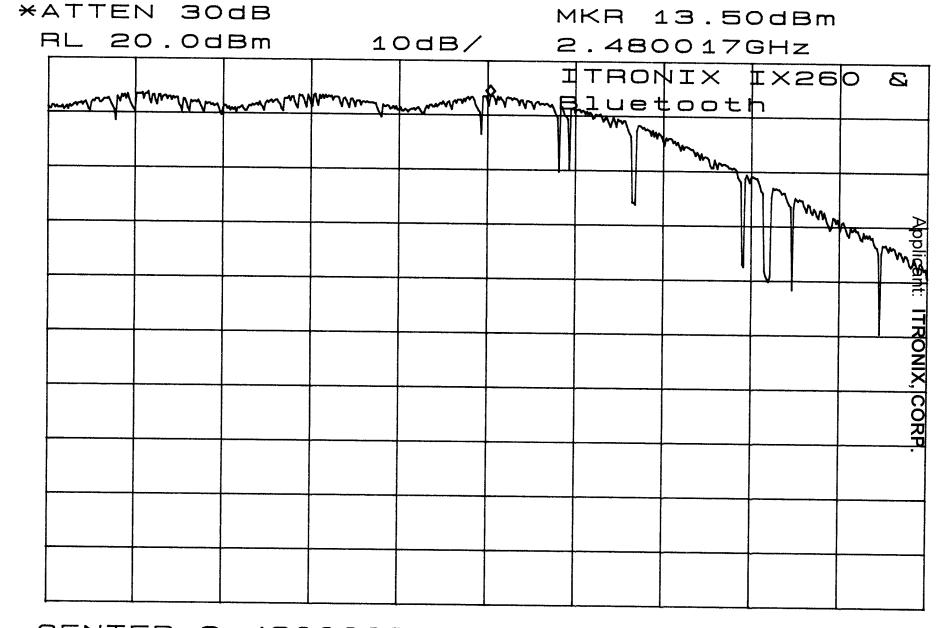


*RBW 1.0MHz *VBW 3.0MHz

SWP 50ms

FCC ID: KBCIX260MPIA750BT

HIGH POWER PLOT τ.



CENTER 2.480000GHz

SPAN 5.000MHz

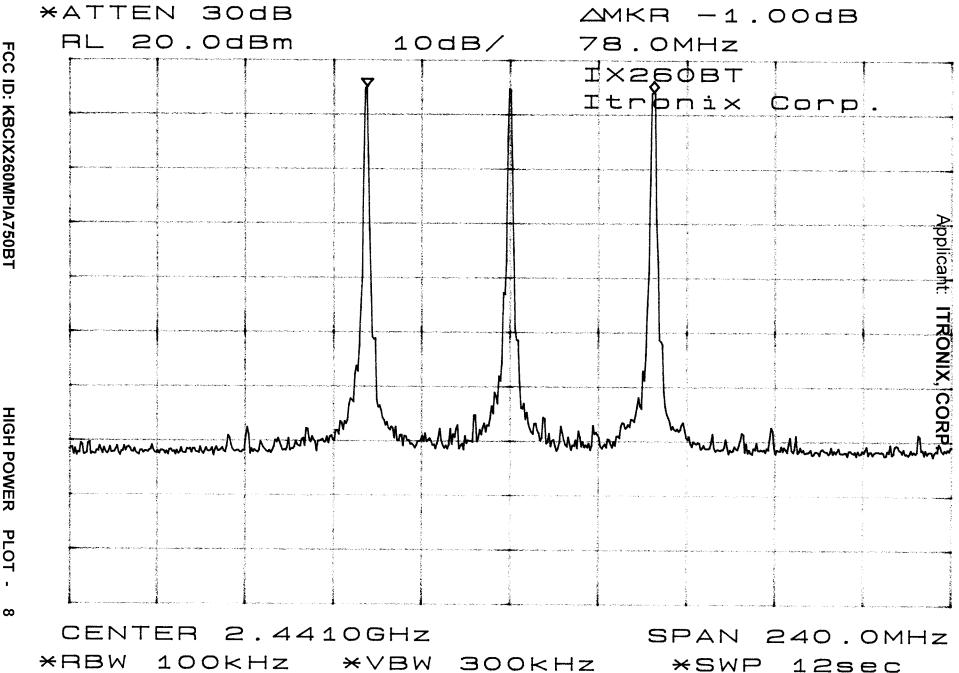
*RBW 1.0MHz *VBW 3.0MHz

SWP 50ms

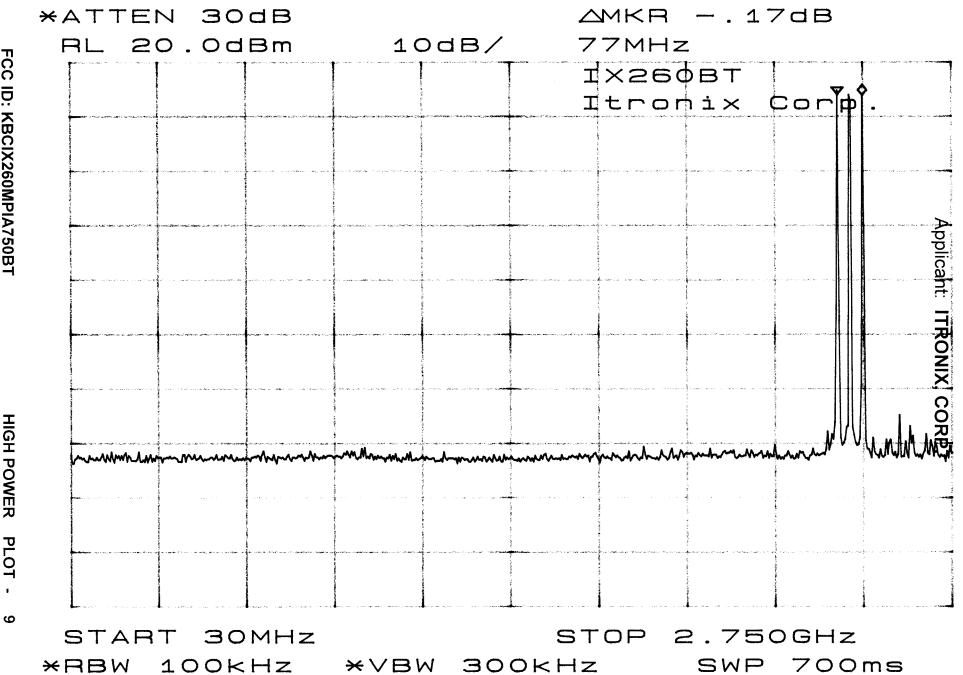
FCC ID: KBCIX260MPIA750BT

HIGH POWER PLOT -

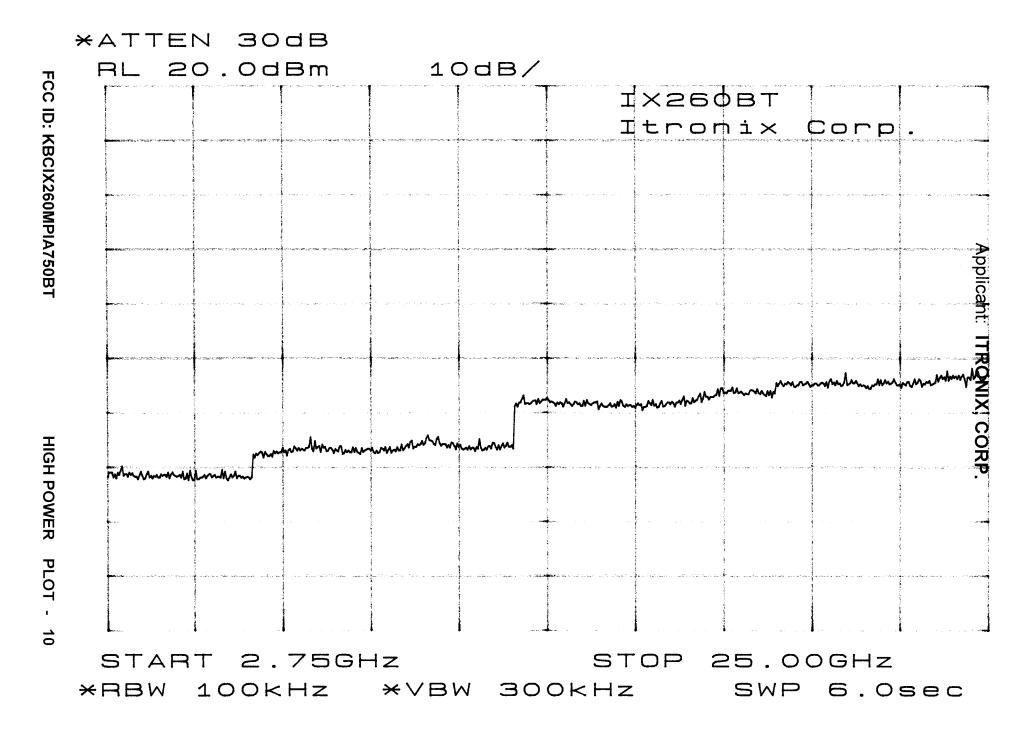
7

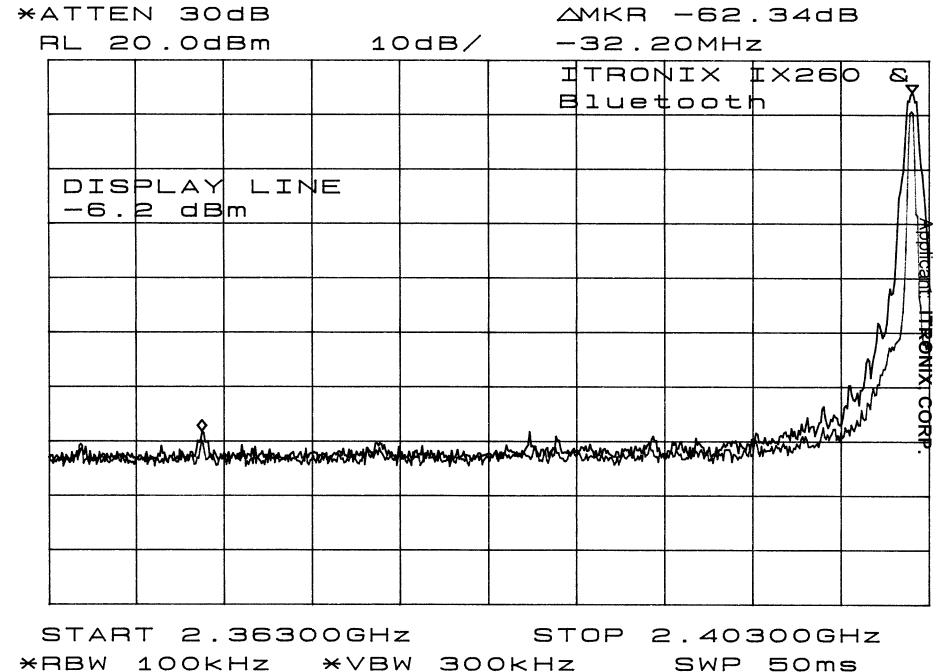


HIGH POWER PLOT .

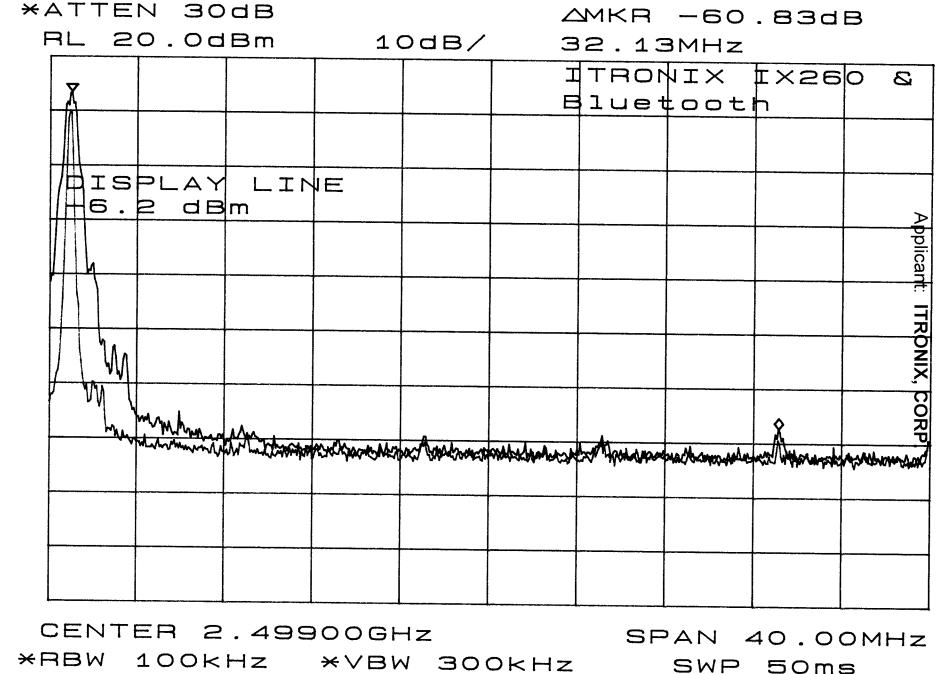


HIGH POWER PLOT .





HIGH POWER PLOT - 11

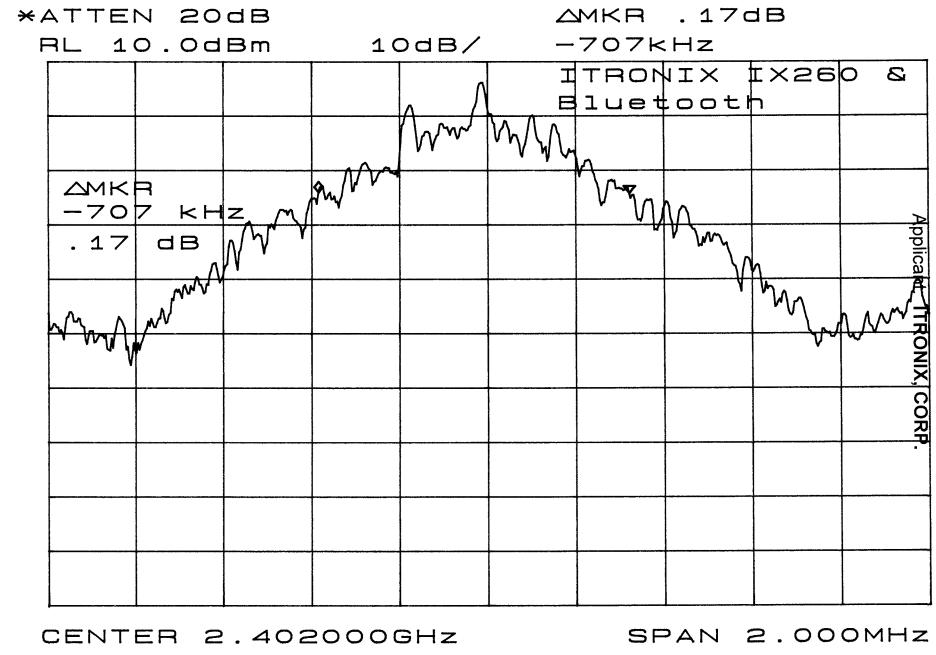


HIGH POWER PLOT - 12

Appendix 2 – LOW POWER

Plots 1 to 12 are located on the following pages.

- Plots 1 to 4 20 dB Bandwidth
- Plot 4 79 Hopping Frequencies Occupied Band
- Plots 5 to 7 Conducted Output Power
- Plot 8 240 MHz Span (high, mid & low channel transmit)
- Plots 9 to 10 Spurious RF Conducted Emissions
- Plot 11 Lower Band-edge Compliance of RF Conducted Emissions
- Plot 12 Upper Band-edge Compliance of RF Conducted Emissions

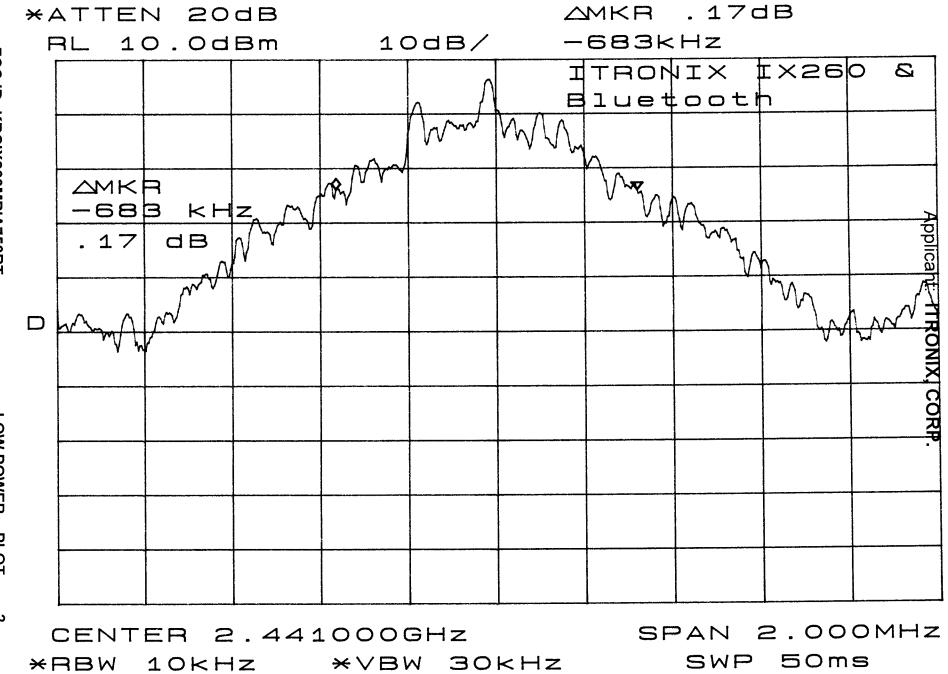


LOW POWER PLOT .

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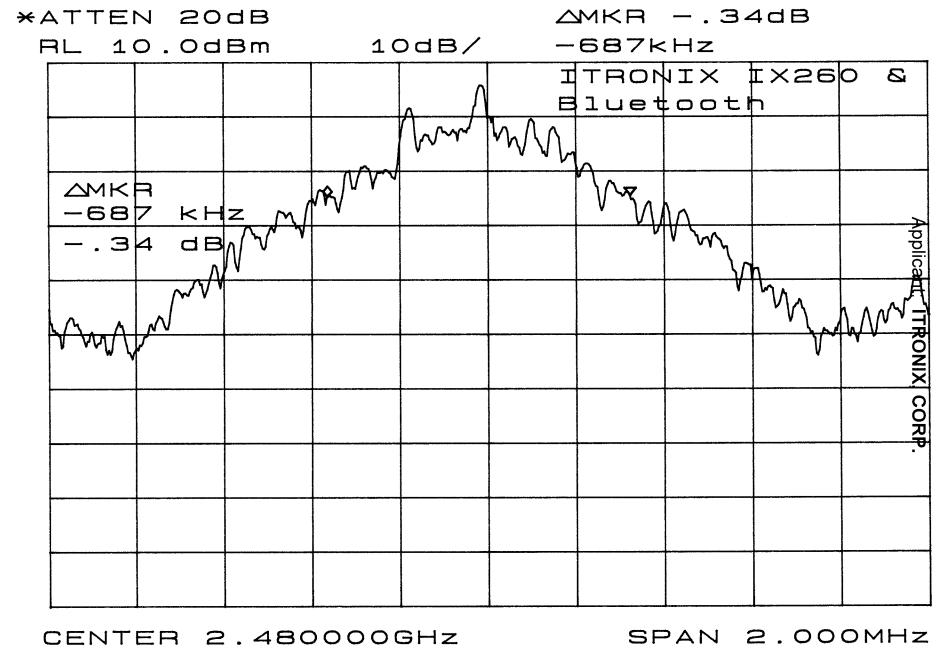
*RBW 10KHZ *VBW 30KHZ

SWP 50ms



LOW POWER PLOT .

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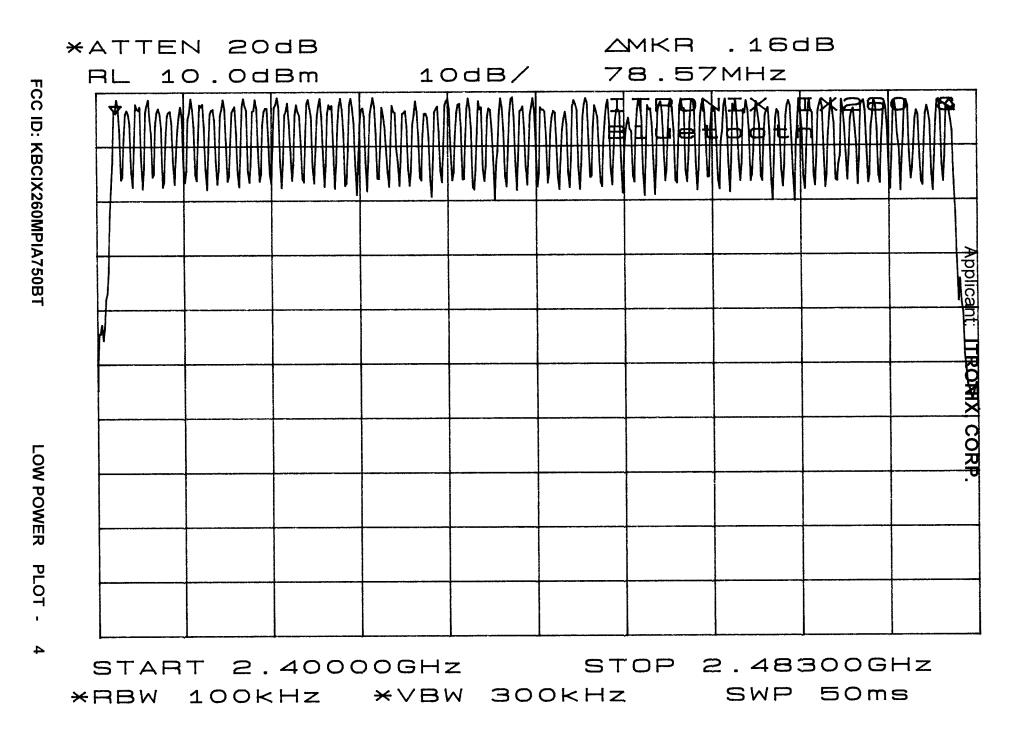
*RBW 10KHZ *VBW 30KHZ

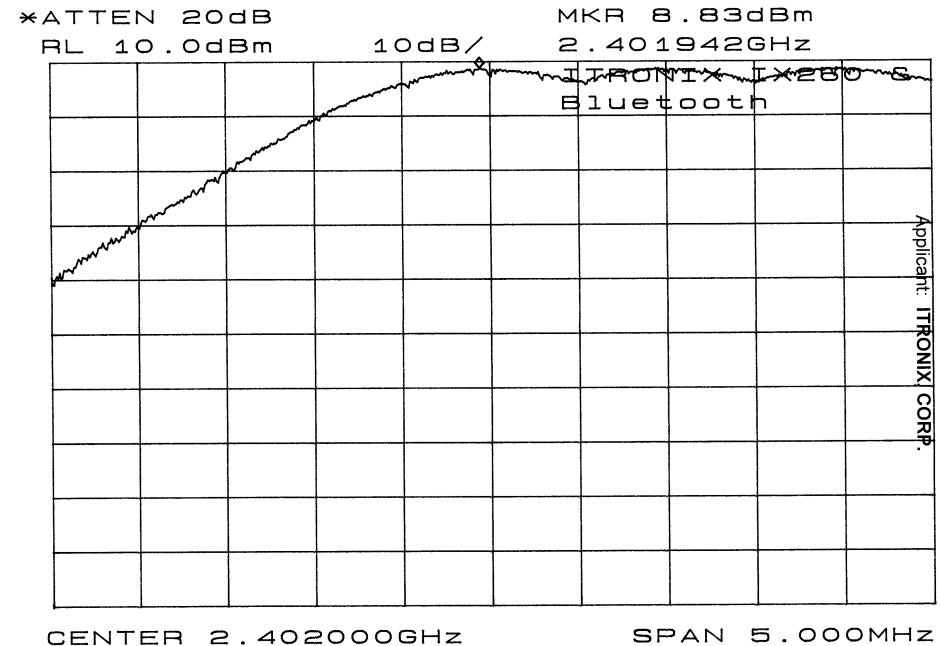
SWP 50ms

FCC ID: KBCIX260MPIA750BT

LOW POWER PLOT -

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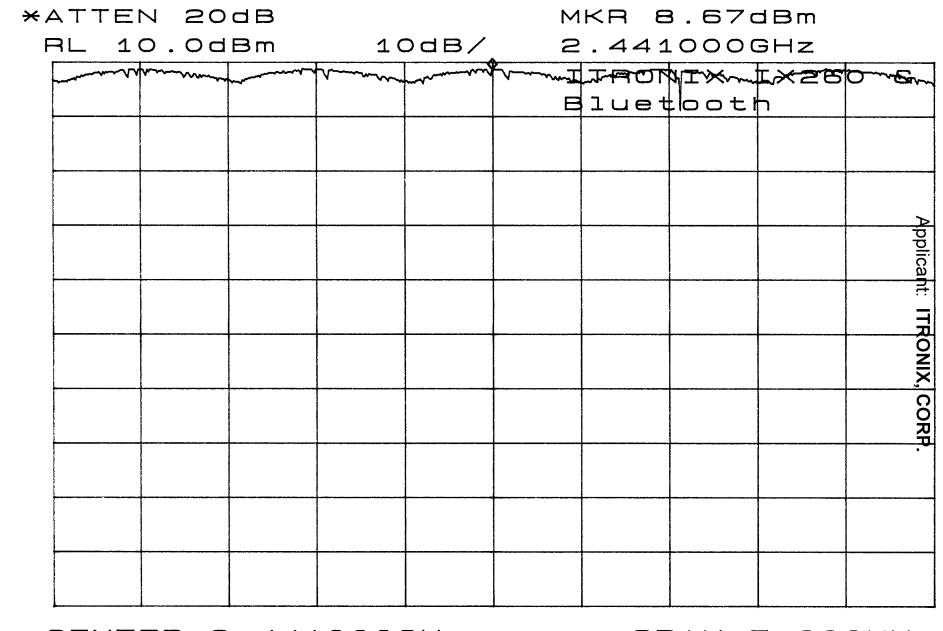
*RBW 1.0MHz *VBW 3.0MHz

SWP 50ms

FCC ID: KBCIX260MPIA750BT

LOW POWER PLOT -

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CENTER 2.441000GHz

SPAN 5.000MHz

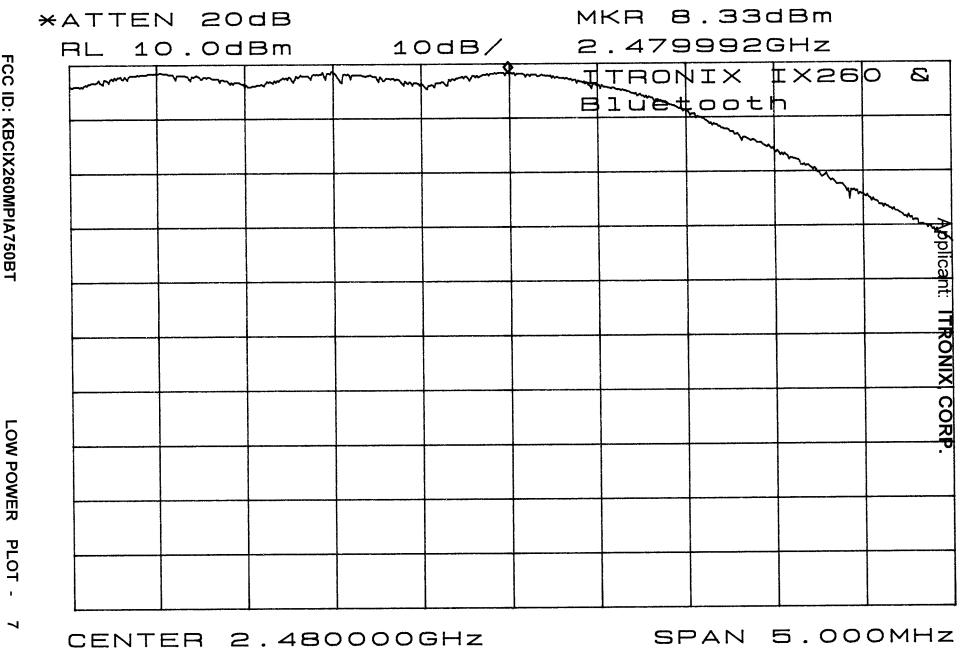
*RBW 1.0MHz *VBW 3.0MHz

SWP 50ms

FCC ID: KBCIX260MPIA750BT

LOW POWER PLOT -

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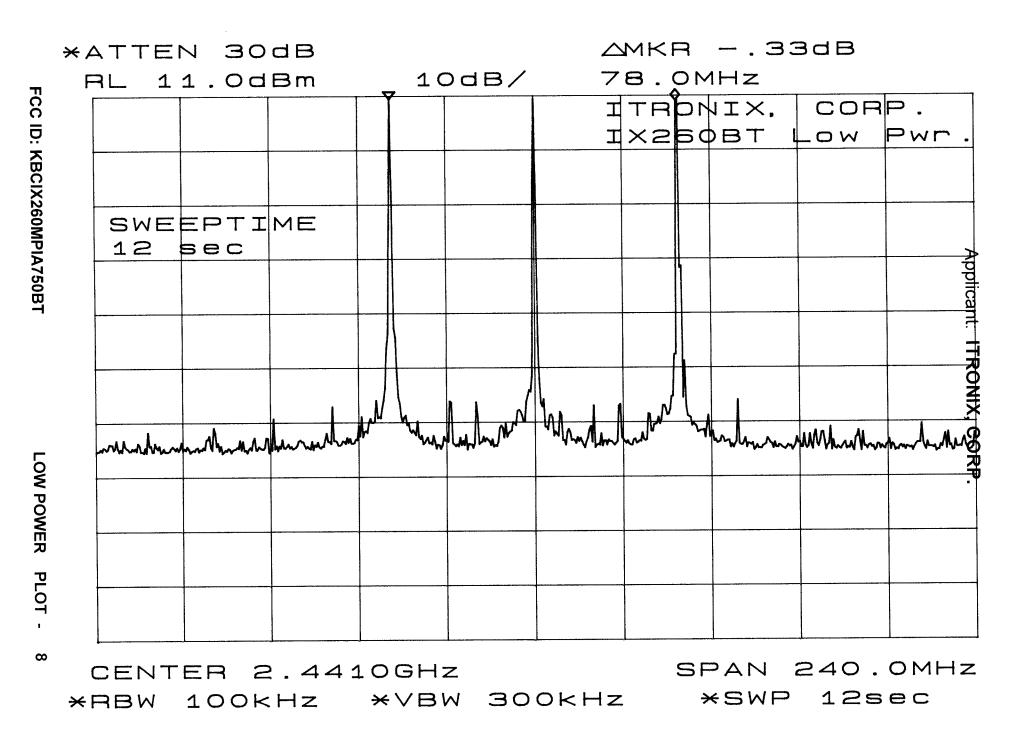


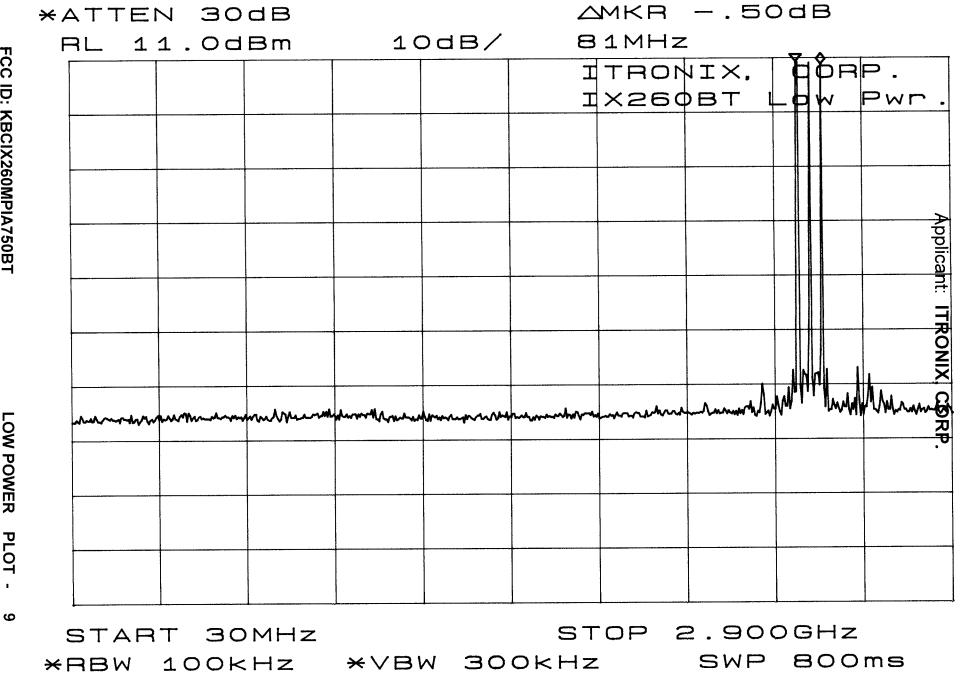
*RBW 1.0MHz *VBW 3.0MHz

SWP 50ms

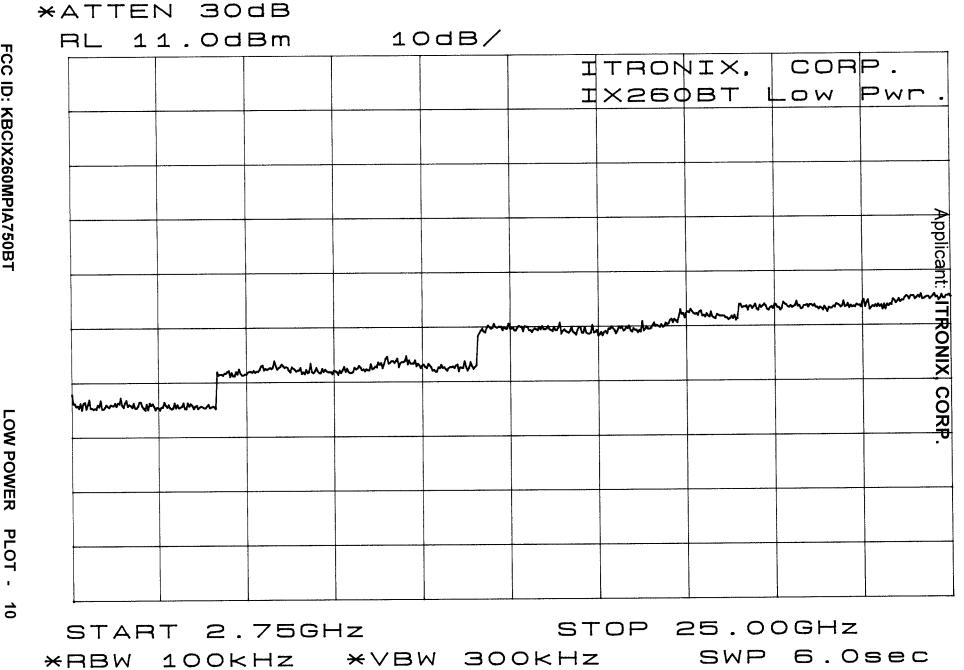
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FCC ID: KBCIX260MPIA750BT





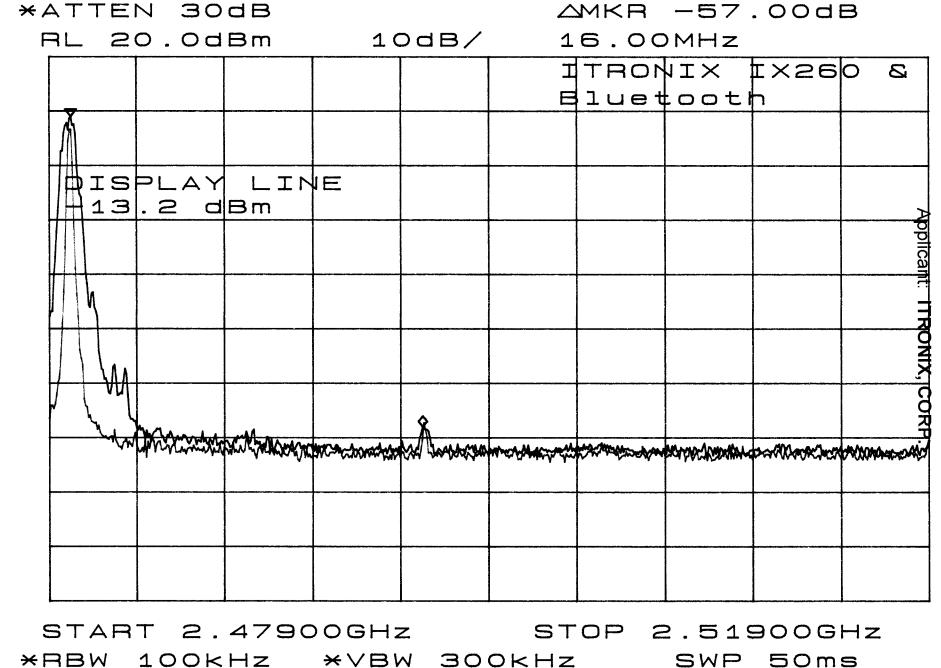
LOW POWER PLOT τ.



LOW POWER PLOT н.

*ATTEN 30dB		AMKR -55.00db
RL 20.0dBm		-16.07MHz
		ITROMIX IX260 &
	E	Bluetooth _
DISPLAY LIN	E	
-13.2 dBm		
		plicar
		N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N
		RP RAMANA RP
		and the second of the second o
		TOP 2.40300GHz
*RBW 100KHz	AVDW JUUKHZ	SWP SOMS

LOW POWER PLOT - 11



LOW POWER PLOT - 12