

### DECLARATION OF COMPLIANCE SAR EVALUATION

### **Test Lab**

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**Applicant Information** 

**ITRONIX CORPORATION** 

801 South Stevens Street Spokane, WA 99210-0179

Rule Part(s): FCC 47 CFR §2.1093; IC RSS-102 Issue 1 (Provisional)

Test Procedure(s): FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (01-01)

FCC Device Classification: Digital Transmission System (DTS)

IC Device Classification: Low Power License-Exempt Radiocommunication Device

FCC ID: KBCIX260AC555-MPI

Model(s): IX260

Device Type: Rugged Laptop PC with Cisco Systems MPI-350 Mini-PCI DSSS WLAN Card

(Co-located with Sierra Wireless AirCard 555/550 PCS/Cellular CDMA Modem)

Tx Frequency Range: 2412 - 2462 MHz

RF Output Power Tested: 21.2 dBm Peak Conducted (2412 MHz)

21.1 dBm Peak Conducted (2437 MHz) 21.1 dBm Peak Conducted (2462 MHz)

Antenna Type(s): Dual Internal (DSSS WLAN Card)

External Dipole (Co-located CDMA Modem) 11.1V Lithium-lon, 6.0Ah (Model: A2121-2)

Max. SAR Measured: 0.256 W/kg (1g average)

Celltech Labs Inc. declares under its sole responsibility that this device was found to be in compliance with the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) RF exposure requirements specified in FCC 47 CFR §2.1093 and Health Canada's Safety Code 6. The device was tested in accordance with the measurement standards and procedures specified in FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C, Edition 01-01 and Industry Canada RSS-102 Issue 1 (Provisional) for the General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure environment.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

This test report shall not be reproduced partially, or in full, without the prior written approval of Celltech Labs Inc. The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

Russell Pipe

**Battery Type:** 

**Senior Compliance Technologist** 

rall W. Pupe

Celltech Labs Inc.





TABLE OF CONTENTS						
1.0	INTRODUCTION	3				
2.0	DESCRIPTION OF EUT	3				
3.0	SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM	4				
4.0	MEASUREMENT SUMMARY	5				
5.0	DETAILS OF SAR EVALUATION	C				
5.0	DETAILS OF SAR EVALUATION	6				
6.0	EVALUATION PROCEDURES	7				
0.0	LVALUATION I NOCEDONEO	•				
7.0	SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK	8				
8.0	EQUIVALENT TISSUES	9				
9.0	SAR LIMITS	9				
10.0	SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS	10				
44.0	DDODE ODEOLEIGATION	4.4				
11.0	PROBE SPECIFICATION	11				
12.0	SAM PHANTOM	11				
12.0	JAN THAITON	• • •				
13.0	DEVICE HOLDER	11				
10.0						
14.0	TEST EQUIPMENT LIST	12				
15.0	MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES	13				
16.0	REFERENCES	14				
APPEN	DIX A - SAR MEASUREMENT DATA	15				
	APPENDIX B - SYSTEM CHECK DATA					
	APPENDIX C - SYSTEM VALIDATION					
	DIX D - PROBE CALIBRATIONDIX E - MEASURED FLUID DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS	18				
	DIX F - SAM PHANTOM CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMITY	20				
	DIX G - SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS	21				

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### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

This measurement report demonstrates that the ITRONIX CORPORATION Model: IX260 Rugged Laptop PC with internal Cisco Systems MPI-350 Mini-PCI DSSS WLAN Card (co-located with Sierra Wireless AirCard 555/550 Dual-Band PCS/Cellular CDMA Modem) FCC ID: KBCIX260AC555-MPI complies with the RF exposure requirements specified in FCC 47 CFR §2.1093 (see reference [1]), and Health Canada Safety Code 6 (see reference [2]) for the General Population environment. The test procedures described in FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C, Edition 01-01 (see reference [3]) and IC RSS-102 Issue 1 (Provisional) (see reference [4]) were employed. A description of the product, operating configuration, detailed summary of the test results, methodology and procedures used in the evaluation, equipment used, and the various provisions of the rules are included within this test report.

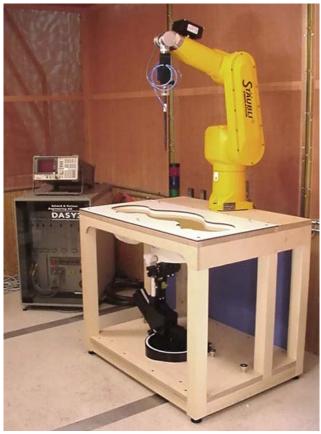
### 2.0 DESCRIPTION of Equipment Under Test (EUT)

	<del></del>		
FCC Rule Part(s)	47 CFR §2.1093		
IC Rule Part(s)	IC RSS-102 Issue 1 (Provisional)		
Test Procedure(s)	FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (01-01)		
FCC Device Classification	Digital Transmission System (DTS)		
IC Device Classification	Low Power License-Exempt Radiocommunication Device		
Device Type	Rugged Laptop PC with Cisco MPI-350 Mini-PCI DSSS WLAN Card (co-located with Sierra Wireless AirCard 555/550 Dual-Band PCS/Cellular CDMA Modem)		
FCC ID	KBCIX260AC555-MPI		
Model(s)	IX260		
Serial No.	Pre-production		
Tx Frequency Range	2412 - 2462 MHz		
RF Output Power Tested	21.2 dBm Peak Conducted (2412 MHz) 21.1 dBm Peak Conducted (2437 MHz) 21.1 dBm Peak Conducted (2462 MHz)		
Antenna Type	Dual Internal (DSSS WLAN Card) External Dipole (Co-located CDMA Modem)		
Battery Type	11.1V Lithium-Ion, 6.0Ah (Model: A2121-2)		



### 3.0 SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

Celltech Labs SAR measurement facility utilizes the Dosimetric Assessment System (DASY™) manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG™) of Zurich, Switzerland. The DASY system is comprised of the robot controller, computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, specific anthropomorphic mannequin (SAM) phantom, and various planar phantoms for brain and/or body SAR evaluations. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF). A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors. The Staubli robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card. The DAE3 utilizes a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16-bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe-mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.



**DASY3 SAR Measurement System with SAM phantom** 

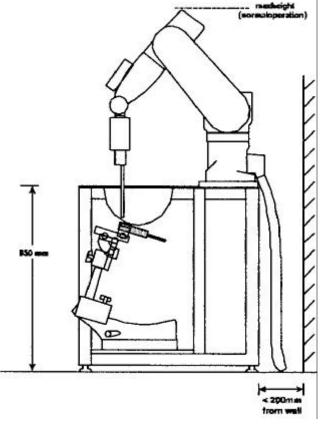


Figure 1. DASY3 Compact Version - Side View



### 4.0 MEASUREMENT SUMMARY

The measurement results were obtained with the EUT tested in the conditions described in this report. Detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT are reported in Appendix A.

	BODY SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS											
Transmit	Freq.	Channel	Test	Peak Conducted Power (dBm)		Phantom	Antenna	Laptop PC Position to			Measured SAR 1g	
Mode	(MHz)		Mode	Before	After	Section		Planar Phanto	om	(cm)	(W/kg)	
WLAN	2437	Mid	CW	21.1	21.2	Planar	Left Side	Back of LCD (LCD Closed	_	1.5	0.210	
WLAN & CDMA	2437	Mid	CW	21.1	21.2	Planar	Left Side	Back of LCD (LCD Closed	_	1.5	0.177	
WLAN	2437	Mid	CW	21.1	20.9	Planar	Right Side	Back of LCD (LCD Closed	_	1.5	0.256	
WLAN & CDMA	2437	Mid	CW	21.1	20.9	Planar	Right Side	Back of LCD (LCD Closed)		1.5	0.223	
WLAN	2437	Mid	CW	21.1	21.0	Planar	Left Side	Bottom of Laptop (LCD Closed)		0.0	0.0119	
WLAN & CDMA	2437	Mid	CW	21.1	21.0	Planar	Left Side	Bottom of Laptop (LCD Closed)		0.0	0.0113	
WLAN	2437	Mid	CW	21.1	20.9	Planar	Right Side	Bottom of Laptop (LCD Closed)		0.0	0.0090	
WLAN & CDMA	2437	Mid	CW	21.1	20.9	Planar	Right Side	Bottom of Lap (LCD Closed		0.0	0.0234	
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT BODY: 1.6 W/kg (averaged over 1 gram) Spatial Peak - Uncontrolled Exposure / General Population											
Tes	t Date(s)			12/10/0	)2		Relative Humidity			52 %		
Measured	Measured Mixture Type			2450MHz	Body		Atmospheric Pressure			101.0 kPa		
Dielecti	Dielectric Constant		IEEE T	arget	Measure	d	Ambient Temperature			23.3 °C		
	$oldsymbol{\epsilon}_{r}$			10%	47.7		Fluid Temperature			22.8 °C		
	ductivity		IEEE T	arget	Measure	d	Fluid Depth			≥ 15 cn	n	
σ (mho/m)		1.95 ±	±5%	2.01		ρ (Kg/m³)			1000			

### Note(s):

- 1. If the SAR measurements performed at the middle channel were ≥ 3dB below the SAR limit, SAR evaluation for the low and high channels was optional (per FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C, Edition 01-01 (see reference [3]).
- 2. The simultaneous transmit tests were performed with the co-located Sierra Wireless AirCard 555 dual-band CDMA Modem set to the maximum conducted power level (23.0 dBm) at PCS mid channel (1880MHz) transmitting in the "always up" power control mode with a modulated CDMA signal. The simultaneous transmit tests were performed with the Sierra Wireless AirCard 555 dual-band CDMA Modem in PCS CDMA mode based on the fact that PCS CDMA mode was the highest SAR level configuration during the Part 24 evaluation filed simultaneously with this application.
- 3. The ambient and fluid temperatures were measured prior to, and during, the fluid dielectric parameter check and the SAR evaluation. The temperatures listed in the table above were consistent for all measurement periods.
- 4. The dielectric properties of the simulated body fluid were verified prior to the evaluation using an 85070C Dielectric Probe Kit and an 8753E Network Analyzer (see Appendix E for printout of measured fluid dielectric parameters).



### 5.0 DETAILS OF SAR EVALUATION

The ITRONIX CORPORATION Model: IX260 Rugged Laptop PC with internal Cisco Systems MPI-350 Mini-PCI DSSS WLAN Card (co-located with Sierra Wireless AirCard 555/550 Dual-Band PCS/Cellular CDMA Modem) FCC ID: KBCIX260AC555-MPI was found to be compliant for localized Specific Absorption Rate based on the following test provisions and conditions described below. The detailed test setup photographs are shown in Appendix G.

- 1. The EUT was tested for body SAR with the LCD display closed and the back of the LCD display facing parallel to the outer surface of the SAM phantom (planar section). A 1.5 cm separation distance was maintained between the back of the LCD display and the outer surface of the SAM phantom (planar section). Both the left and right sides of the back of the LCD display were evaluated due to the dual antenna placement internal to the back of the LCD display.
- 2. The EUT was tested for body SAR with the LCD display closed and the bottom of the Laptop PC facing parallel to, and touching, the outer surface of the SAM phantom (planar section). Both the left and right sides of the bottom of the Laptop PC were evaluated due to the dual antenna placement internal to the back of the LCD display.
- A 1.3 dB cable offset was entered into the Gigatronics 8652A Universal Power Meter prior to the conducted power measurements. The peak conducted power levels were measured before and after each test according to the procedures described in FCC 47 CFR §2.1046. Any unusual anomalies over the course of the test warranted a reevaluation.
- 4. The EUT was controlled via internal software and tested in unmodulated continuous transmit operation (Continuous Wave mode at 100% duty cycle).
- 5. The simultaneous transmit tests were performed with the co-located Sierra Wireless AirCard 555 dual-band CDMA Modem set to the maximum conducted power level (23.0 dBm) at PCS mid channel (1880MHz) transmitting in the "always up" power control mode with a modulated CDMA signal. The simultaneous transmit tests were performed with the Sierra Wireless AirCard 555 dual-band CDMA Modem in PCS CDMA mode based on the fact that PCS CDMA mode was the highest SAR level configuration during the Part 24 evaluation filed simultaneously with this application.
- 6. The planar section of the SAM phantom was used for the evaluation. Currently there is no approved flat phantom available that is twice the dimensions of the Laptop PC.
- Due to the dimensions of the EUT, a stack of low-density, low-loss dielectric foamed polystyrene was used in place of the device holder.
- 8. The location of the maximum spatial SAR distribution (Hot Spot) was determined relative to the device and its antenna.
- 9. The EUT was tested with a fully charged battery.

### **6.0 EVALUATION PROCEDURES**

- a. (i) The evaluation was performed in the applicable area of the phantom depending on the type of device being tested. For devices held to the ear during normal operation, both the left and right ear positions were evaluated in accordance with FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (Edition 01-01) using the SAM phantom.
  - (ii) For body-worn and face-held devices a planar phantom was used.
- b. The SAR was determined by a pre-defined procedure within the DASY3 software. Upon completion of a reference and optical surface check, the exposed region of the phantom was scanned near the inner surface with a grid spacing of 20mm x 20mm.
- c. Based on the area scan data, the area of maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. Around this point, a volume of  $40 \times 40 \times 35$  mm (fine resolution volume scan, zoom scan) was assessed by measuring  $5 \times 5 \times 7$  points.
- d. The 1g and 10g spatial peak SAR was determined as follows:
- 1. The first step was an extrapolation to find the points between the dipole center of the probe and the surface of the phantom. This data cannot be measured, since the center of the dipoles is 2.7 mm away form the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm (see probe calibration document in Appendix D). The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.168-180] (see reference [6]). Through the points in the first 3 cm in all z-axis, polynomials of the fourth order were calculated. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
- 2. The next step used 3D-spline interpolation to get all points within the measured volume in a 1mm grid (35000 points). The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.141-150] (x, y and z -direction) [Numerical Recipes in C, Second Edition, p.123ff] (see reference [6]).
- 3. The maximal interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10g) were computed using the 3D-spline interpolation algorithm. 8000 points (20x20x20) were interpolated to calculate the average.



### **EVALUATION PROCEDURES (Cont.)**

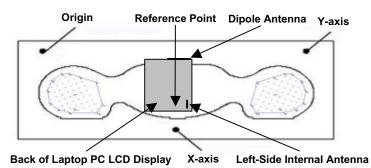


Figure 2. Phantom Reference Point & EUT Positioning Back Left Side of LCD Display (Closed)- Left-Side Antenna

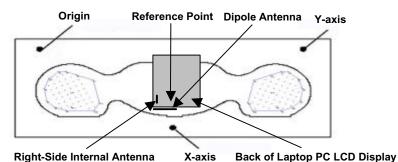


Figure 3. Phantom Reference Point & EUT Positioning Back Right Side of LCD Display (Closed)- Right-Side Antenna

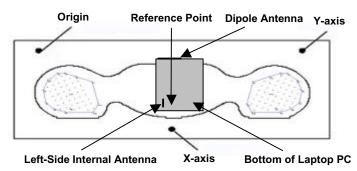


Figure 4. Phantom Reference Point & EUT Positioning Bottom Left Side of Laptop PC (LCD Display Closed)- Left-Side Antenna

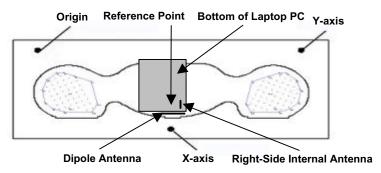


Figure 5. Phantom Reference Point & EUT Positioning Bottom Right Side of Laptop PC (LCD Display Closed)- Right-Side Antenna



### 7.0 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK

Prior to the evaluation a system check was performed in the planar section of the SAM phantom with a 2450MHz dipole (see Appendix C for detailed system validation procedures). The dielectric parameters of the simulated brain tissue mixture were verified using an 85070C Dielectric Probe Kit and an 8753E Network Analyzer prior to the system check (see Appendix E for printout of measured fluid dielectric parameters). A forward power of 250 mW was applied to the dipole and system was verified to a tolerance of  $\pm 10\%$  (see Appendix B for system check test plot).

	SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK										
Test Date	Equiv. Tissue	SAR 1g (W/kg)			lectric Constant Conductivity ε <sub>r</sub> σ (mho/m)		ρ (Kg/m³)	Ambient Temp.	Fluid Temp.	Fluid Depth	
12/10/02	2450MHz	IEEE Target	Measured	IEEE Target	Measured	IEEE Target	Measured	1000	23.5 °C*	24.0 °C*	≥ 15 cm
12/10/02	Brain	13.1 ±10%	13.5	39.2 ±10%	36.4	1.80 ±5%	1.85	1000	23.3 °C**	23.8 °C**	2 13 GIII

<sup>\*</sup> Fluid Parameter Check

<sup>\*\*</sup> System Performance Check

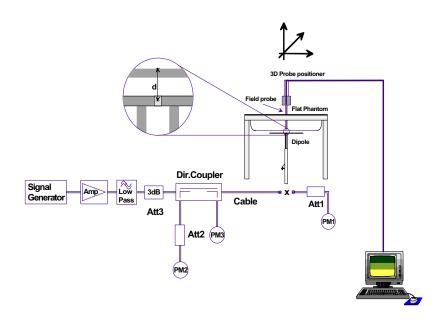


Figure 6. System Check Setup Diagram



2450MHz System Check Setup Photograph



### 8.0 EQUIVALENT TISSUES

The 2450MHz brain and body simulated tissue mixtures consist of Glycol-monobutyl, water, and salt (body mixture only). The fluid was prepared according to standardized procedures and measured for dielectric parameters (permittivity and conductivity).

SIMULATED TISSUE MIXTURES						
INGREDIENT 2450MHz Brain 2450MHz Body (System Check) (EUT Evaluation)						
Water	55.20 %	69.95 %				
Glycol Monobutyl	44.80 %	30.00 %				
Salt	-	0.05 %				

### 9.0 SAR SAFETY LIMITS

	SAR (W/kg)			
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)		
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4		
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0		
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0		

### Notes:

- 1. Uncontrolled environments are defined as locations where there is potential exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their potential exposure.
- 2. Controlled environments are defined as locations where there is potential exposure of individuals who have knowledge of their potential exposure and can exercise control over their exposure.



### 10.0 ROBOT SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS

**Specifications** 

**POSITIONER:** Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: RX60L

Repeatability: 0.02 mm

No. of axis:

**Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System** 

**Cell Controller** 

Processor: Pentium III 450 MHz **Clock Speed: Operating System:** Windows NT **Data Card:** DASY3 PC-Board

**Data Converter** 

Features: Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter, and control logic

DASY3 software Software:

Optical downlink for data and status info. **Connecting Lines:** 

Optical uplink for commands and clock

**PC Interface Card** 

**Function:** 24 bit (64 MHz) DSP for real time processing

Link to DAE3

16-bit A/D converter for surface detection system

serial link to robot

direct emergency stop output for robot

E-Field Probe

Model: ET3DV6 Serial No.: 1387

Construction: Triangular core fiber optic detection system

10 MHz to 6 GHz Frequency:

Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)

**Phantom** 

SAM V4.0C Type: Fiberglass **Shell Material:** Thickness:  $2.0 \pm 0.1 \text{ mm}$ Volume: Approx. 20 liters



### 11.0 PROBE SPECIFICATION (ET3DV6)

Construction: Symmetrical design with triangular core

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g. glycol)

Calibration: In air from 10 MHz to 2.5 GHz

In brain simulating tissue at frequencies of 900 MHz

and 1.8 GHz (accuracy ± 8%)

Frequency: 10 MHz to >6 GHz; Linearity:  $\pm 0.2$  dB

(30 MHz to 3 GHz)

Directivity:  $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB}$  in brain tissue (rotation around probe axis)

 $\pm 0.4$  dB in brain tissue (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynam. Rnge:  $5 \mu W/g$  to >100 mW/g; Linearity:  $\pm 0.2 dB$ 

Srfce. Detect.  $\pm 0.2$  mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over

diffuse reflecting surfaces

Dimensions: Overall length: 330 mm

Tip length: 16 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 6.8 mm

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm

Application: General dosimetry up to 3 GHz

Compliance tests of mobile phone



ET3DV6 E-Field Probe

### 12.0 SAM PHANTOM V4.0C

The SAM phantom V4.0C is a fiberglass shell phantom with a 2.0 mm shell thickness for left and right head and flat planar area integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the fiberglass shell corresponds to the phantom defined by SCC34-SC2. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections.



SAM Phantom

### 13.0 DEVICE HOLDER

The DASY3 device holder has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear openings). The plane between the ear openings and the mouth tip has a rotation angle of  $65^{\circ}$ . The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections.



**Device Holder** 



### 14.0 TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM					
EQUIPMENT	SERIAL NO.	CALIBRATION DATE			
DASY3 System					
-Robot	599396-01	N/A			
-ET3DV6 E-Field Probe	1387	Feb 2002			
-300MHz Validation Dipole	135	Oct 2002			
-450MHz Validation Dipole	136	Oct 2002			
-900MHz Validation Dipole	054	June 2001			
-1800MHz Validation Dipole	247	June 2001			
-2450MHz Validation Dipole	150	Oct 2002			
-SAM Phantom V4.0C	N/A	N/A			
-Small Planar Phantom	N/A	N/A			
-Medium Planar Phantom	N/A	N/A			
-Large Planar Phantom	N/A	N/A			
85070C Dielectric Probe Kit	N/A	N/A			
Gigatronics 8652A Power Meter	1835272	Feb 2002			
-Power Sensor 80701A	1833535	Feb 2002			
-Power Sensor 80701A	1833542	Mar 2002			
E4408B Spectrum Analyzer	US39240170	Nov 2002			
8594E Spectrum Analyzer	3543A02721	Feb 2002			
8753E Network Analyzer	US38433013	Feb 2002			
8648D Signal Generator	3847A00611	Feb 2002			
5S1G4 Amplifier Research Power Amplifier	26235	N/A			



### 15.0 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

Error Description	Uncertainty Value ±%	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c <sub>i</sub> 1g	Standard Uncertainty ±% (1g)	V <sub>i</sub> or V <sub>eff</sub>
Measurement System						
Probe calibration	± 4.8	Normal	1	1	± 4.8	∞
Axial isotropy of the probe	± 4.7	Rectangular	√3	(1-c <sub>p</sub> )	± 1.9	∞
Spherical isotropy of the probe	± 9.6	Rectangular	√3	(c <sub>p</sub> )	± 3.9	∞
Spatial resolution	± 0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.0	∞
Boundary effects	± 5.5	Rectangular	√3	1	± 3.2	∞
Probe linearity	± 4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7	∞
Detection limit	± 1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6	∞
Readout electronics	± 1.0	Normal	1	1	± 1.0	∞
Response time	± 0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.5	∞
Integration time	± 1.4	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.8	∞
RF ambient conditions	± 3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7	∞
Mech. constraints of robot	± 0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.2	∞
Probe positioning	± 2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7	∞
Extrapolation & integration	± 3.9	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.3	∞
Test Sample Related						
Device positioning	± 6.0	Normal	√3	1	± 6.7	12
Device holder uncertainty	± 5.0	Normal	√3	1	± 5.9	8
Power drift	± 5.0	Rectangular	√3		± 2.9	∞
Phantom and Setup						
Phantom uncertainty	± 4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.3	∞
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 1.7	∞
Liquid conductivity (measured)	± 5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 1.7	∞
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 10.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 3.5	∞
Liquid permittivity (measured)	± 10.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 3.5	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty	,				± 13.7	
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)					± 27.5	

Measurement Uncertainty Table in accordance with IEEE Std 1528 (Draft - see reference [5])



### 16.0 REFERENCES

- [1] Federal Communications Commission, "Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices", Rule Part 47 CFR §2.1093: 1999.
- [2] Health Canada, "Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3 kHz to 300 GHz", Safety Code 6.
- [3] Federal Communications Commission, "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (Edition 01-01), FCC, Washington, D.C.: June 2001.
- [4] Industry Canada, "Evaluation Procedure for Mobile and Portable Radio Transmitters with respect to Health Canada's Safety Code 6 for Exposure of Humans to Radio Frequency Fields", Radio Standards Specification RSS-102 Issue 1 (Provisional): September 1999.
- [5] IEEE Standards Coordinating Committee 34, Std 1528-200X, "DRAFT Recommended Practice for Determining the Spatial-Peak Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques".
- [6] W. Gander, Computermathematick, Birkhaeuser, Basel: 1992.



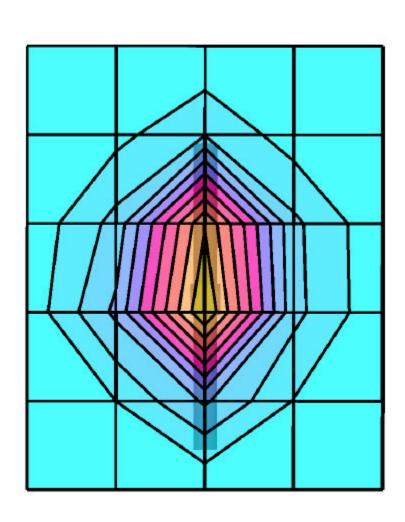
### **APPENDIX B - SYSTEM CHECK DATA**

# System Performance Check - 2450MHz Dipole

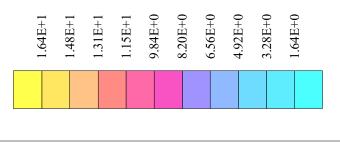
SAM Phantom; Flat Section

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1387; ConvF(4.70,4.70); Crest factor: 1.0; 2450 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 1.85$  mho/m  $\epsilon_r = 36.4$   $\rho = 1.00$  g/cm<sup>3</sup> Cube 5x5x7: Peak: 28.7 mW/g, SAR (1g): 13.5 mW/g, SAR (10g): 6.14 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation) Penetration depth: 6.3 (6.1, 7.1) [mm]; Powerdrift: -0.15 dB Ambient Temp: 23.3°C; Fluid Temp: 23.8°C

Forward Conducted Power: 250 mW Test Date: December 10, 2002



 $SAR_{Tot}\ [mW/g]$ 







### **APPENDIX C - SYSTEM VALIDATION**



Type:

### 2450MHz SYSTEM VALIDATION DIPOLE

2450MHz Validation Dipole

Serial Number:	150
Place of Calibration:	Celltech Research Inc.
Date of Calibration:	October 24, 2002
Celltech Research Inc. hereby certifies that t	this device has been calibrated on the date indicated above.
Calibrated by:	Russell W. Pupe
Approved by:	GH2-

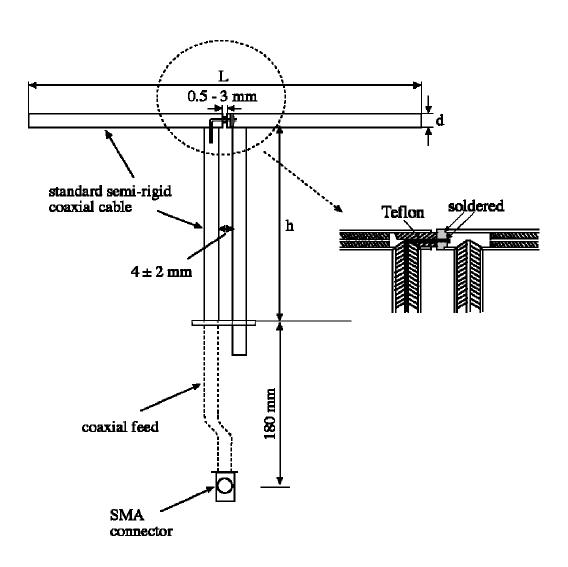
### 1. Dipole Construction & Electrical Characteristics

The validation dipole was constructed in accordance with the IEEE Std "Recommended Practice for Determining the Spatial-Peak Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques". The electrical properties were measured using an HP 8753E Network Analyzer. The network analyzer was calibrated to the validation dipole N-type connector feed point using an HP85032E Type N calibration kit. The dipole was placed parallel to a planar phantom at a separation distance of 10.0mm from the simulating fluid using a loss-less dielectric spacer. The measured input impedance is:

Feed point impedance at 2450MHz  $Re{Z} = 49.838\Omega$ 

 $Im{Z} = 0.2207\Omega$ 

Return Loss at 2450MHz -49.398 dB



### **Validation Dipole Dimensions**

Frequency (MHz)	L (mm)	h (mm)	d (mm)
300	420.0	250.0	6.2
450	288.0	167.0	6.2
835	161.0	89.8	3.6
900	149.0	83.3	3.6
1450	89.1	51.7	3.6
1800	72.0	41.7	3.6
1900	68.0	39.5	3.6
2000	64.5	37.5	3.6
2450	51.8	30.6	3.6
3000	41.5	25.0	3.6

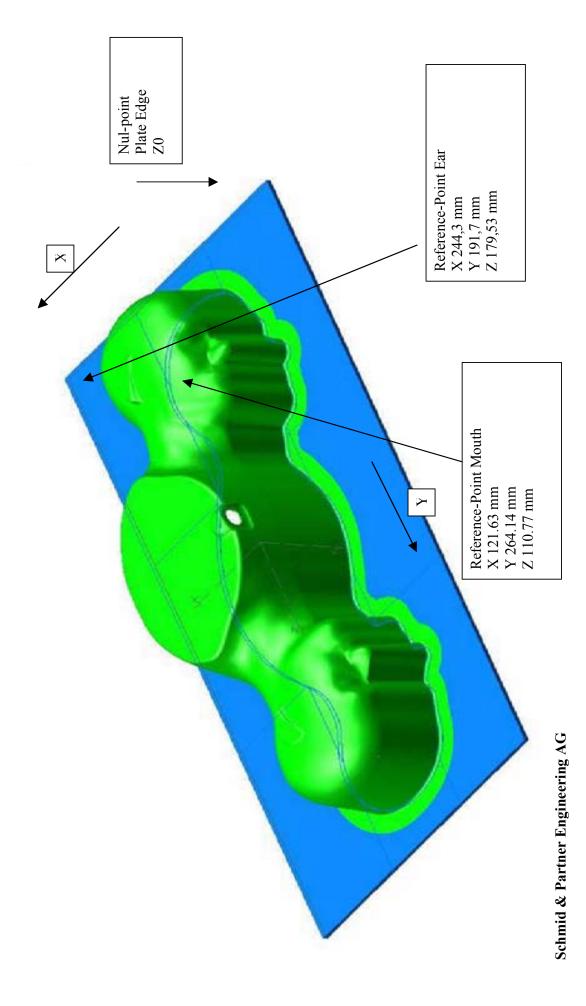
### 2. Validation Phantom

The validation phantom is the SAM (Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin) phantom manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG. The SAM phantom is a Fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell corresponds to the phantom defined by SCC34-SC2. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot.

**Shell Thickness:**  $2.0 \pm 0.1 \text{ mm}$  **Filling Volume:** Approx. 20 liters

**Dimensions:** 50 cm (W) x 100 cm (L)

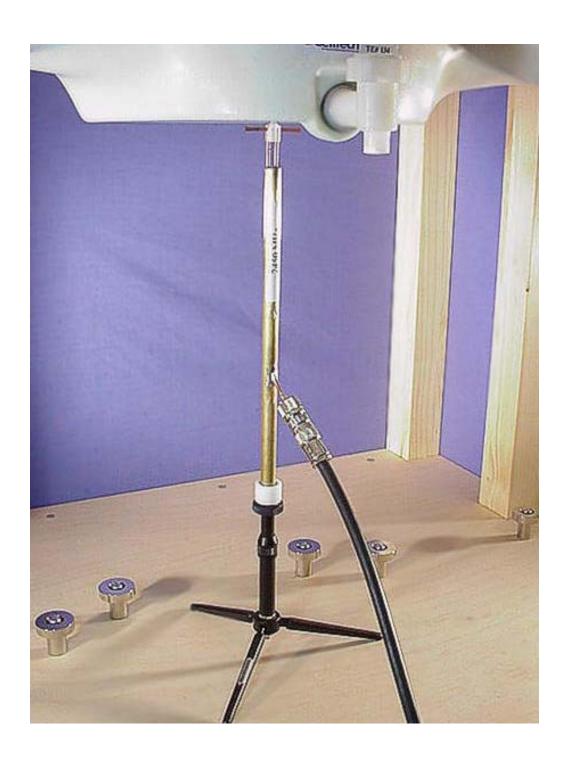
## **SAM Twin-Phantom**



### 2450MHz Dipole Calibration



### 2450MHz Dipole Calibration



### 3. Measurement Conditions

The planar phantom was filled with brain simulating tissue having the following electrical parameters at 2450MHz:

Relative Permittivity: 36.8

Conductivity: 1.79 mho/m

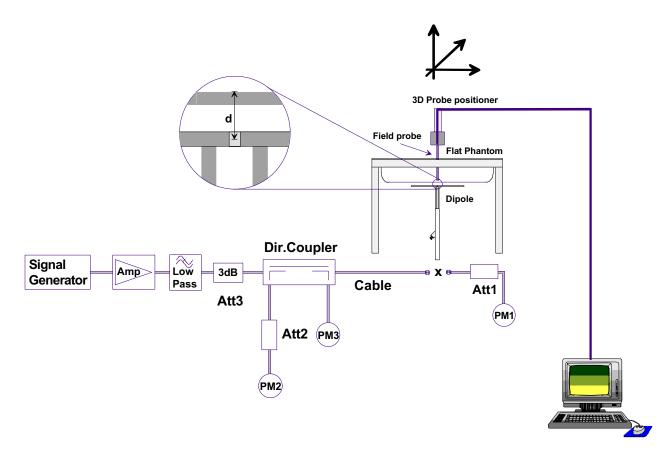
Ambient Temperature: 23.6°C Fluid Temperature: 23.8°C Fluid Depth:  $\geq$  15cm

The 2450MHz simulating tissue consists of the following ingredients:

Ingredient	Percentage by weight
Water	55.20%
Glycol Monobutyl	44.80%
Target Dielectric Parameters at 22°C	$\varepsilon_{\rm r}$ = 39.2 (+/-10%) $\sigma$ = 1.80 S/m (+/-5%)

### 4. SAR Measurement

The SAR measurement was performed with the E-field probe in mechanical detection mode only. The setup and determination of the forward power into the dipole was performed using the following procedures.



First, the power meter PM1 (including attenuator Att1) is connected to the cable to measure the forward power at the location of the dipole connector (X). The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power at the dipole connector (taking into account the attenuation of Att1) as read by power meter PM2. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter PM2. If the signal generator does not allow adjustment in 0.01dB steps, the remaining difference at PM2 must be taken into consideration. PM3 records the reflected power from the dipole to ensure that the value is not changed from the previous value. The reflected power should be 20dB below the forward power.

Ten SAR measurements were performed in order to achieve repeatability and to establish an average target value.

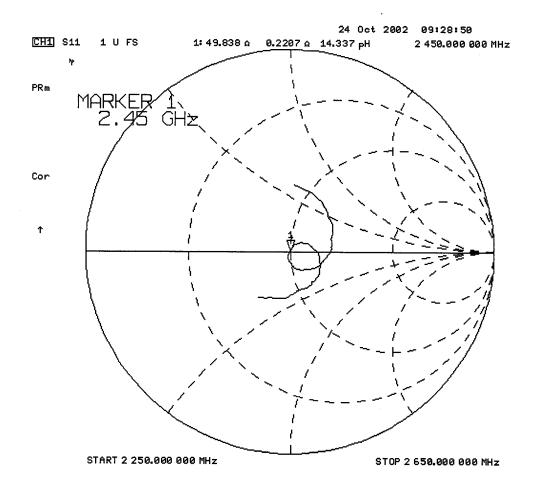
### **Validation Dipole SAR Test Results**

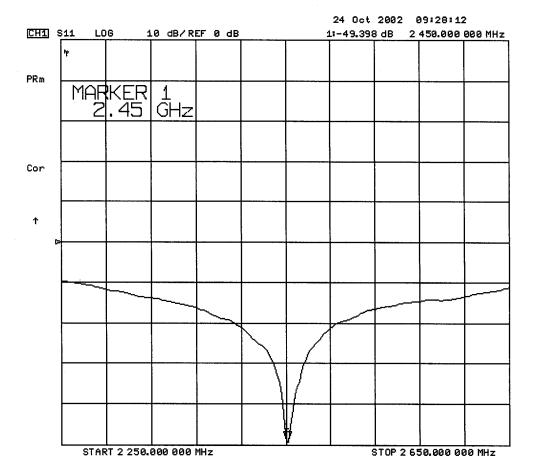
Validation Measurement	SAR @ 0.25W Input averaged over 1g	SAR @ 1W Input averaged over 1g	SAR @ 0.25W Input averaged over 10g	SAR @ 1W Input averaged over 10g	Peak SAR @ 0.25W Input
Test 1	14.4	57.6	6.55	26.20	30.5
Test 2	14.2	56.8	6.44	25.76	30.0
Test 3	14.0	56.0	6.35	25.40	29.7
Test 4	13.9	55.6	6.32	25.28	29.5
Test 5	14.0	56.0	6.33	25.32	29.7
Test 6	14.0	56.0	6.33	25.32	29.7
Test 7	13.9	55.6	6.31	25.24	29.5
Test 8	13.8	55.2	6.28	25.12	29.3
Test 9	13.8	55.2	6.28	25.12	29.4
Test10	14.0	56.0	6.33	25.32	29.7
Average Value	14.0	56.0	6.35	25.41	29.7

The results have been normalized to 1W (forward power) into the dipole.

Averaged over 1cm (1g) of tissue: 56.00 mW/g

Averaged over 10cm (10g) of tissue: 25.41 mW/g





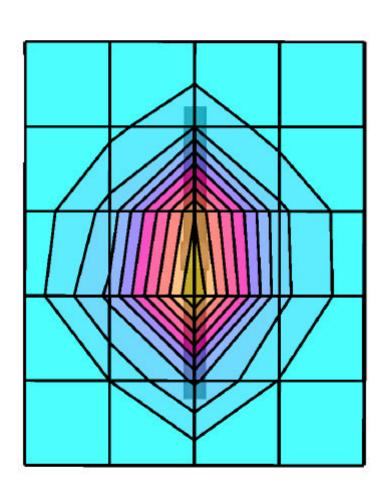
### Dipole 2450MHz

SAM Phantom; Flat Section

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1387; ConvF(4.70,4.70); Crest factor: 1.0; 2450 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 1.79$  mho/m  $\epsilon_r = 36.8$   $\rho = 1.00$  g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Cubes (4): Peak: 29.7 mW/g  $\pm$  0.04 dB, SAR (1g): 14.0 mW/g  $\pm$  0.04 dB, SAR (10g): 6.35 mW/g  $\pm$  0.04 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation) Penetration depth: 6.4 (6.1, 7.2) [mm]; Powerdrift: -0.04 dB Ambient Temp.: 23.6°C; Fluid Temp.: 23.8°C

Forward Conducted Power: 250 mW Calibration Date: October 24, 2002



9.52E+0

7.94E+0

1.43E+1 1.27E+1 1.11E+1

1.59E+1

6.35E+0 4.76E+0 3.17E+01.59E+0

 $SAR_{Tot}\ [mW/g]$ 

### 2450MHz System Validation Measured Fluid Dielectric Parameters (Brain) October 24, 2002

Frequency		e¹	ell
2.350000000	${\tt GHz}$	37.2108	12.9039
2.360000000	${\tt GHz}$	37.1695	12.9350
2.370000000	GHz	37.1398	12.9630
2.380000000	GHz	37.1057	12.9945
2.390000000	GHz	37.0746	13.0290
2.400000000	GHz	37.0424	13.0464
2.410000000	GHz	36.9746	13.0743
2.420000000	GHz	36.9322	13.1074
2.430000000	GHz	36.8908	13.1372
2.440000000	GHz	36.8449	13.1527
2.450000000	GHz	36.7983	13.1767
2.460000000	GHz	36.7651	13.2038
2.470000000	GHz	36.7300	13.2377
2.480000000	GHz	36.7004	13.2677
2.490000000	GHz	36.6658	13.2862
2.500000000	${\tt GHz}$	36.6120	13.2988
2.510000000	GHz	36.5655	13.3268
2.520000000	${\tt GHz}$	36.5147	13.3582
2.530000000	${\tt GHz}$	36.4743	13.3922
2.540000000	${\tt GHz}$	36.4044	13.4131
2.550000000	${\tt GHz}$	36.3807	13.4402



### **APPENDIX D - PROBE CALIBRATION**

### Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

### **Calibration Certificate**

### **Dosimetric E-Field Probe**

Type:	ET3DV6
Serial Number:	1387
Place of Calibration:	Zurich
Date of Calibration:	February 22, 2002
Calibration Interval:	12 months

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby certifies, that this device has been calibrated on the date indicated above. The calibration was performed in accordance with specifications and procedures of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG.

Wherever applicable, the standards used in the calibration process are traceable to international standards. In all other cases the standards of the Laboratory for EMF and Microwave Electronics at the Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (ETH) in Zurich, Switzerland have been applied.

Calibrated by:

Approved by:

### Probe ET3DV6

SN:1387

Manufactured: September 21, 1999 Last calibration: September 22, 1999 Recalibrated: February 22, 2002

Calibrated for System DASY3

### DASY3 - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1387

### **Diode Compression**

NormX	<b>1.58</b> μV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup>	DCP X	97	mV
NormY	<b>1.67</b> μV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup>	DCP Y	97	mV
NormZ	<b>1.67</b> μV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup>	DCP Z	97	mV

### Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid

Head Head	900 MHz 835 MHz		$\varepsilon_r = 41.5 \pm 5\%$ $\varepsilon_r = 41.5 \pm 5\%$	0.97 ± 5% m 0.90 ± 5% m	
	ConvF X	6.6	± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary eff	ect:
	ConvF Y	6.6	± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha	0.40
	ConvF Z	6.6	± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth	2.38
Head Head	1800 MHz 1900 MHz		$\varepsilon_r$ = 40.0 ± 5% $\varepsilon_r$ = 40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5% m	
	ConvF X	5.4	± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary eff	ect:
	ConvF Y	5.4	± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha	0.57

### **Boundary Effect**

nead 900 Minz Typical SAR gradient. 5 % per min	Head	900 MHz	Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm
---	------	---------	----------------------------------

Probe Tip to Boundary		1 mm	2 mm
SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	9.7	5.4
SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.3	0.6

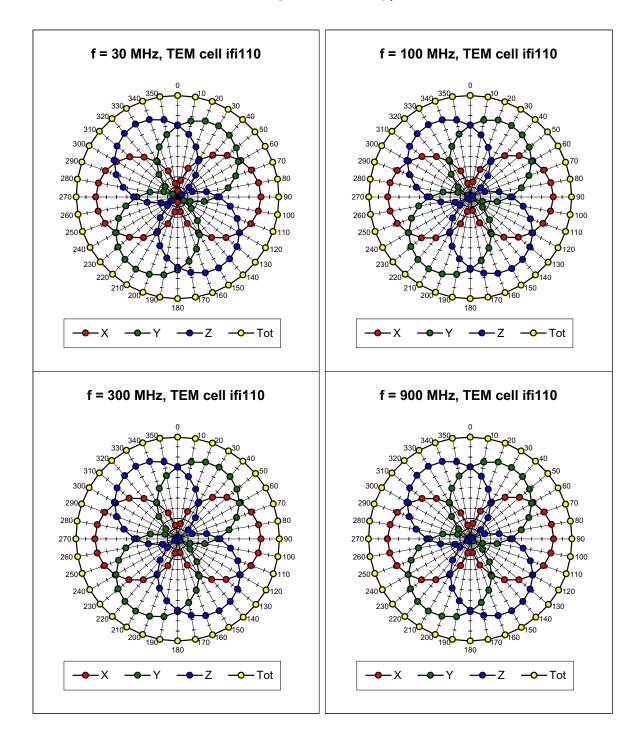
### Head 1800 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

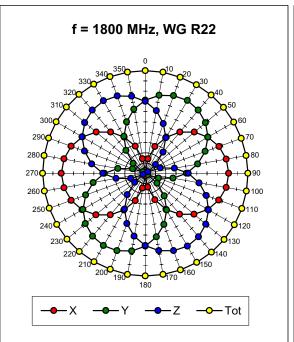
Probe Tip to Boundary		1 mm	2 mm
SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	11.5	7.3
SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.1	0.3

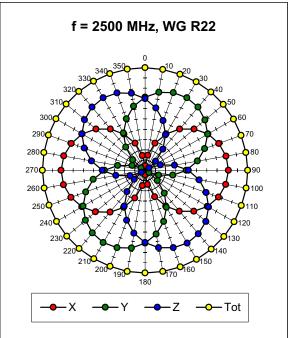
### Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center	2.7	mm
Optical Surface Detection	1.3 ± 0.2	mm

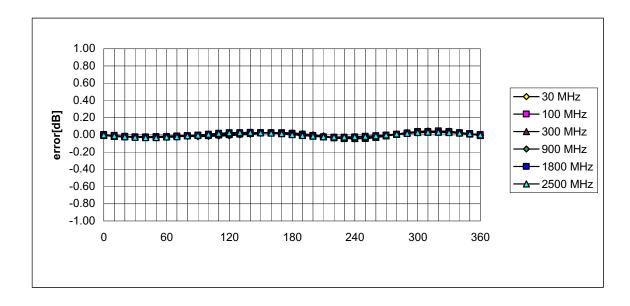
### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\theta$ = 0°





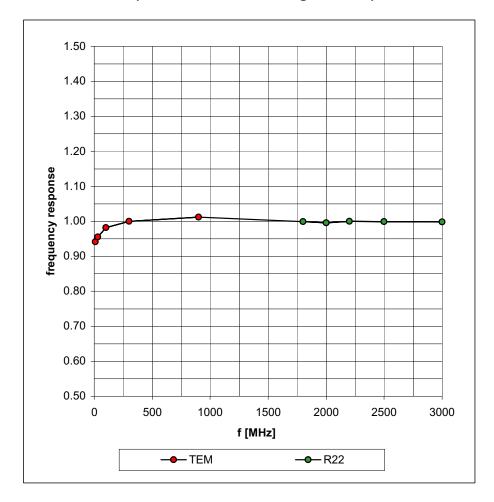


### Isotropy Error ( $\phi$ ), $\theta = 0^{\circ}$



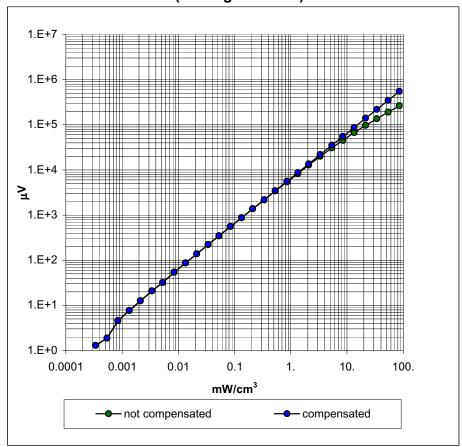
ET3DV6 SN:1387

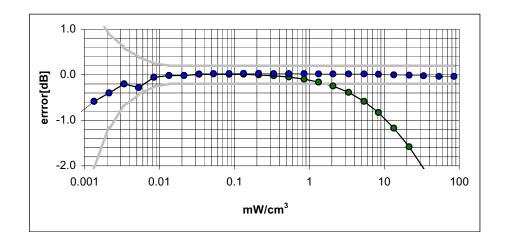
(TEM-Cell:ifi110, Waveguide R22)



## **Dynamic Range f(SAR**<sub>brain</sub>)

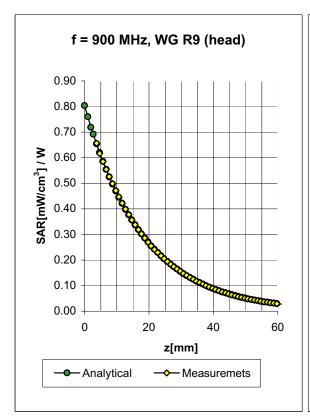
(Waveguide R22)

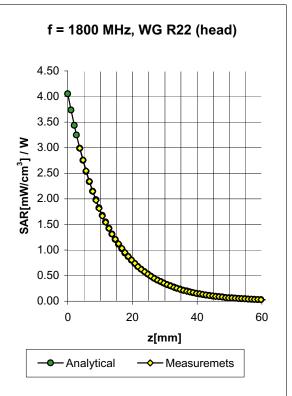




ET3DV6 SN:1387

## **Conversion Factor Assessment**



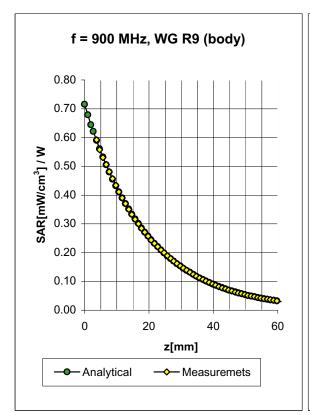


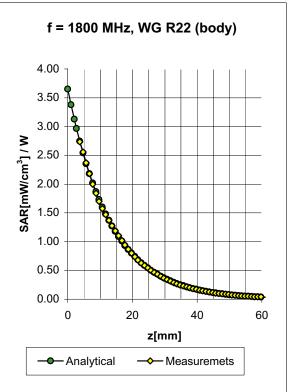
Head	900 MHz	$\varepsilon_{\rm r}$ = 41.5 ± 5%	$\sigma$ = 0.97 ± 5% mho/m	
Head	835 MHz	$\varepsilon_{\rm r}$ = 41.5 ± 5%	$\sigma$ = 0.90 ± 5% mho/m	
	ConvF X	<b>6.6</b> $\pm$ 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
	ConvF Y	<b>6.6</b> ± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha <b>0.40</b>	)
	ConvF Z	<b>6.6</b> $\pm$ 9.5% (k=2)	Depth <b>2.38</b>	;

Head	1800 MHz	$\varepsilon_{\rm r}$ = 40.0 ± 5%	$\sigma$ = 1.40 ± 5% mho/m	
Head	1900 MHz	$\varepsilon_{\rm r}$ = 40.0 ± 5%	$\sigma$ = 1.40 ± 5% mho/m	
	ConvF X	<b>5.4</b> ± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
	ConvF Y	<b>5.4</b> ± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha <b>0.5</b> 7	7
	ConvF Z	<b>5.4</b> ± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth <b>2.18</b>	3

ET3DV6 SN:1387 February 22, 2002

## **Conversion Factor Assessment**





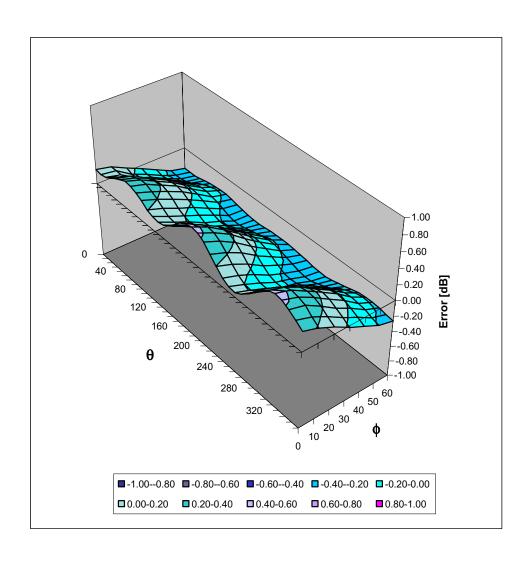
Body	900 MHz	$\varepsilon_{\rm r}$ = 55.0 ± 5%	$\sigma$ = 1.05 ± 5% mho/m
Body	835 MHz	$\varepsilon_{\rm r}$ = 55.2 ± 5%	$\sigma$ = 0.97 ± 5% mho/m
	ConvF X	<b>6.3</b> ± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:
	ConvF Y	<b>6.3</b> ± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha <b>0.42</b>
	ConvF Z	<b>6.3</b> $\pm$ 9.5% (k=2)	Depth <b>2.44</b>

Body	1800 MHz	$\varepsilon_{\rm r}$ = 53.3 ± 5%	$\sigma$ = 1.52 ± 5% mho/m
Body	1900 MHz	$\varepsilon_{\rm r}$ = 53.3 ± 5%	$\sigma$ = 1.52 ± 5% mho/m
	ConvF X	<b>5.0</b> ± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:
	ConvF Y	<b>5.0</b> ± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha <b>0.76</b>
	ConvF Z	<b>5.0</b> ± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth <b>2.01</b>

ET3DV6 SN:1387 February 22, 2002

## **Deviation from Isotropy in HSL**

Error ( $\theta \phi$  ), f = 900 MHz



## Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

### **Additional Conversion Factors**

for Dosimetric E-Field Probe

Type:	ET3DV6
Serial Number:	1387
Place of Assessment:	Zurich
Date of Assessment:	February 25, 2002
Probe Calibration Date:	February 22, 2002

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby certifies that conversion factor(s) of this probe have been evaluated on the date indicated above. The assessment was performed using the FDTD numerical code SEMCAD of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG. Since the evaluation is coupled with measured conversion factors, it has to be recalculated yearly, i.e., following the re-calibration schedule of the probe. The uncertainty of the numerical assessment is based on the extrapolation from measured value at 900 MHz or at 1800 MHz.

Assessed by:

## Dosimetric E-Field Probe ET3DV6 SN:1387

Conversion Factor ( $\pm$  standard deviation)

150 MHz	ConvF	9.2 <u>+</u> 8%	$\epsilon_{\rm r} = 52.3$ $\sigma = 0.76 \ mho/m$ (head tissue)
300 MHz	ConvF	8.0 ± 8%	$\epsilon_r = 45.3$ $\sigma = 0.87 \text{ mho/m}$ (head tissue)
450 MHz	ConvF	7.3 ± 8%	$\epsilon_r = 43.5$ $\sigma = 0.87 \text{ mho/m}$ (head tissue)
2450 MHz	ConvF	4.7 <u>+</u> 8%	$\epsilon_{\rm r} = 39.2$ $\sigma = 1.80 \; mho/m \; (head \; tissue)$
150 MHz	ConvF	8.8 ± 8%	$\epsilon_{\rm r} = 61.9$ $\sigma = 0.80 \ mho/m$ (body tissue)
450 MHz	ConvF	7.7 <u>+</u> 8%	$\epsilon_{\rm r} = 56.7$ $\sigma = 0.94 \ mho/m$ (body tissue)
2450 MHz	ConvF	4.3 ± 8%	$\epsilon_{\rm r} = 52.7$ $\sigma = 1.95 \ mho/m$ (body tissue)



### **APPENDIX E - MEASURED FLUID DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS**

# 2450MHz System Performance Check Measured Fluid Dielectric Parameters (Brain) December 10, 2002

Frequency		e¹	ell
2.350000000	GHz	36.8272	13.3406
2.360000000	${\tt GHz}$	36.7859	13.3717
2.370000000	GHz	36.7562	13.3997
2.380000000	GHz	36.7221	13.4312
2.390000000	GHz	36.6910	13.4657
2.400000000	GHz	36.6588	13.4831
2.410000000	GHz	36.5910	13.5110
2.420000000	GHz	36.5486	13.5441
2.430000000	GHz	36.5072	13.5739
2.440000000	GHz	36.4613	13.5894
2.450000000	GHz	36.4147	13.6134
2.460000000	GHz	36.3815	13.6405
2.470000000	GHz	36.3464	13.6744
2.480000000	GHz	36.3168	13.7044
2.490000000	GHz	36.2822	13.7229
2.500000000	GHz	36.2284	13.7355
2.510000000	GHz	36.1819	13.7635
2.520000000	GHz	36.1311	13.7949
2.530000000	GHz	36.0907	13.8289
2.540000000	GHz	36.0208	13.8498
2.550000000	GHz	35.9971	13.8769

# 2450MHz EUT Evaluation (Body) Measured Fluid Dielectric Parameters (Muscle) December 10, 2002

Frequency		e¹	e''
2.350000000	${\tt GHz}$	48.1454	14.4131
2.360000000	${\tt GHz}$	48.1126	14.4703
2.370000000	GHz	48.0801	14.5106
2.380000000	GHz	48.0451	14.5473
2.390000000	GHz	48.0106	14.5704
2.400000000	GHz	47.9610	14.6036
2.410000000	GHz	47.9172	14.6346
2.420000000	GHz	47.8604	14.6804
2.430000000	GHz	47.8023	14.7113
2.440000000	GHz	47.7464	14.7678
2.450000000	GHz	47.7097	14.8002
2.460000000	GHz	47.6605	14.8540
2.470000000	GHz	47.6371	14.8898
2.480000000	GHz	47.5999	14.9213
2.490000000	GHz	47.5731	14.9517
2.500000000	GHz	47.5573	14.9667
2.510000000	GHz	47.4852	14.9882
2.520000000	GHz	47.4566	15.0257
2.530000000	GHz	47.3898	15.0528
2.540000000	GHz	47.3346	15.0947
2.550000000	GHz	47.2979	15.1160



### **APPENDIX F - SAM PHANTOM CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMITY**

## Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

### Certificate of conformity / First Article Inspection

Item	SAM Twin Phantom V4.0
Type No	QD 000 P40 BA
Series No	TP-1002 and higher
Manufacturer / Origin	Untersee Composites Hauptstr. 69 CH-8559 Fruthwilen Switzerland

#### **Tests**

The series production process used allows the limitation to test of first articles. Complete tests were made on the pre-series Type No. QD 000 P40 AA, Serial No. TP-1001 and on the series first article Type No. QD 000 P40 BA, Serial No. TP-1006. Certain parameters have been retested using further series units (called samples).

Test	Requirement	Details	Units tested
Shape	Compliance with the geometry according to the CAD model.	IT'IS CAD File (*)	First article, Samples
Material thickness	Compliant with the requirements according to the standards	2mm +/- 0.2mm in specific areas	First article, Samples
Material parameters	Dielectric parameters for required frequencies	200 MHz – 3 GHz Relative permittivity < 5 Loss tangent < 0.05.	Material sample TP 104-5
Material resistivity	The material has been tested to be compatible with the liquids defined in the standards	Liquid type HSL 1800 and others according to the standard.	Pre-series, First article

### Standards

- [1] CENELEC EN 50361
- [2] IEEE P1528-200x draft 6.5
- [3] IEC PT 62209 draft 0.9
- (\*) The IT'IS CAD file is derived from [2] and is also within the tolerance requirements of the shapes of [1] and [3].

#### Conformity

Based on the sample tests above, we certify that this item is in compliance with the uncertainty requirements of SAR measurements specified in standard [1] and draft standards [2] and [3].

Date

18.11.2001

Signature / Stamp

Schmid & Partner Fin Boulott

Zeughausstrasse 43, CH-8004 Zurich Tel. +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79