

APPLICANT: D-Link Corporation

EQUIPMENT: HSPA+ Le Petit Router

BRAND NAME: D-Link

MODEL NAME : DWR-710

FCC ID : KA2WR710B1

STANDARD : **FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)**

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

IEEE 1528-2003

The product was completely tested on Jan. 08, 2014. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and shown the compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by: Eric Huang / Deputy Manager

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Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager

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Report No. : FA3D1605-01

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

No. 52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.

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Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA3D1605-01	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Jan. 28, 2014

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1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **D-Link Corporation HSPA+ Le Petit Router**, **D-Link**, **DWR-710** are as follows.

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<Highest SAR Summary>

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Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Reported 1g-SAR (W/kg)	Equipment Class	Highest Reported 1g-SAR (W/kg)
	GPRS850	0.39		
	GPRS1900	0.50	PCB	0.05
Body (Separation 0.5cm)	WCDMA Band V	0.19	PCB	0.65
(Coparation o.com)	WCDMA Band II	0.65		
	WLAN 2.4GHz Band	0.43	DTS	0.43

<Highest Simultaneous transmission SAR>

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Equipment Class	Highest Reported Simultaneous Transmission 1g-SAR (W/kg)
Dody	WCDMA Band II	PCB	4.00
Body	WLAN 2.4GHz Band	DTS	1.08

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003.

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2. Administration Data

2.1 Testing Laboratory

Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.
Test Site Location	No. 52, Hwa Ya 1 st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C. TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978

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2.2 Applicant

Company Name	D-Link Corporation
Address	No. 289, Sinhu 3rd rd., Neihu District, Taipei City 114, Taiwan

2.3 Manufacturer

Company Name	D-Link Corporation
Address	No. 289, Sinhu 3rd rd., Neihu District, Taipei City 114, Taiwan

2.4 Application Details

Date of Start during the Test	Jan. 01, 2014
Date of End during the Test	Jan. 08, 2014

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3. General Information

3.1 <u>Description of Equipment Under Test (EUT)</u>

Product Feature & Specification		
EUT	ISPA+ Le Petit Router	
Brand Name	D-Link	
Model Name	DWR-710	
FCC ID	KA2WR710B1	
IMEI Code	Sample for WWAN SAR testing: 355189037155308 Sample for WLAN SAR testing: 355189037155332	
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz	
	WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz	
Mode	GPRS/EGPRS RMC 12.2Kbps Rel 99 HSDPA Rel 7, Cat14 HSUPA Rel 6, Cat6	
	• HSPA+ Rel 7, Cat7 • 802.11b/g/n HT20/HT40	
Antenna Type	WWAN: Fixed Internal Antenna WLAN: PIFA Antenna	
HW Version	B1	
SW Version	2.0.0b01	
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype	
Remark:	·	

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Remark

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^{1.} The above EUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.

3.2 Maximum RF output power among production units

Mada	GSM 850	GSM 1900
Mode	Average power(dBm)	
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	32.5	29.0
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	31.5	28.0
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots)	30.0	26.5
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	29.0	25.5
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot)	27.5	26.0
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots)	26.0	25.0
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots)	24.0	22.5
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots)	22.5	21.5

Mode	WCDMA Band V	WCDMA Band II
iviode	Average po	ower(dBm)
RMC 12.2K	22.5	24.5
HSDPA Subtest-1	21.0	22.5
HSUPA Subtest-5	21.0	22.5
HSPA+ (16QAM) Subtest-1	20.0	21.5

	Mode	IEEE 802.11 Average Power (dBm)
	WLAN2.4GHz 802.11b	17.0
2.4GHz WLAN	WLAN2.4GHz 802.11g	15.0
	WLAN2.4GHz 802.11n	14.0

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3.3 Applied Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

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- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r01
- FCC KDB 447498 D02 SAR Procedures for Dongle Xmtr v02
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 SAR meas for 802 11abg v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 SAR test for 3G devices v02
- FCC KDB 941225 D02 HSPA and 1x Advanced v02r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D03 SAR Test Reduction GSM GPRS EDGE v01

3.4 Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

3.5 Test Conditions

3.5.1 Ambient Condition

Ambient Temperature	20 to 24 ℃
Humidity	< 60 %

3.5.2 Test Configuration

For WWAN SAR testing, the device was controlled by using a base station emulator. Communication between the device and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the EUT and the antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of EUT.

During WLAN SAR testing EUT is configured with the WLAN continuous TX tool, and the transmission duty factor was monitored on the spectrum analyzer with zero-span setting

Duty factor observed as below:

802.11b, 1Mbps: 99.32%

For WLAN SAR testing, WLAN engineering testing software installed on the EUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal.

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4. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

4.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

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4.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C\left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t}\right)$$

Where: C is the specific heat capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

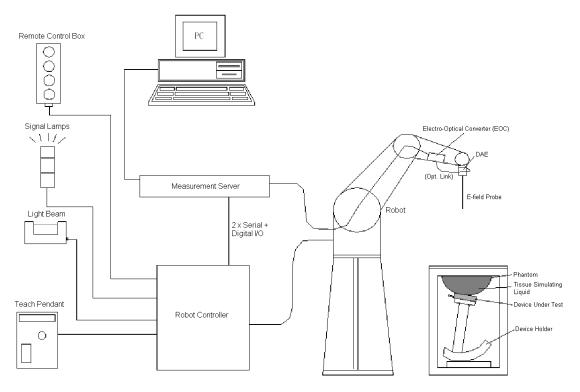
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5. SAR Measurement System



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Fig 5.1 SPEAG DASY System Configurations

The DASY system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system
- > The electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning
- A computer operating Windows XP
- DASY software
- > Remove control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warming lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom
- A device holder
- > Tissue simulating liquid
- Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system

Component details are described in in the following sub-sections.

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5.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

5.1.1 E-Field Probe Specification

<EX3DV4 Probe>

_		
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core	
	Built-in shielding against static charges	
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic	
	solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	*
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)	
	± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to	99
	probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
	(noise: typically < 1 μW/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm)	
	Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)	
	Typical distance from probe tip to dipole	
	centers: 1 mm	
		Fig 5.2 Photo of
		EX3DV4/ES3DV4

5.1.2 E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than \pm 10%. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within \pm 0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, and NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix C of this report.

5.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



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Fig 5.3 Photo of DAE

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5.3 Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY4: RX90BL; DASY5: TX90XL) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY4: CS7MB; DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- ➤ High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- > High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- > Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



Fig 5.4 Photo of DASY4



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Fig 5.5 Photo of DASY5

5.4 Measurement Server

The measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with CPU (DASY4: 166 MHz, Intel Pentium; DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chipdisk (DASY4: 32 MB; DASY5: 128 MB), RAM (DASY4: 64 MB, DASY5: 128 MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.



Fig 5.6 Photo of Server for DASY4



Fig 5.7 Photo of Server for DASY5

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5.5 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm;					
	Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm					
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters					
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm;					
	Height: adjustable feet	<u> </u>				
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	Fig 5.8 Photo of SAM Phantom				

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The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI4 Phantom>

Fig 5.9 Photo of ELI4 Phantom

The ELI4 phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

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5.6 Device Holder

<Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom>

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of \pm 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of \pm 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

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The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity ϵ = 3 and loss tangent δ = 0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



Fig 5.10 Device Holder

<Laptop Extension Kit>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.

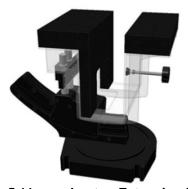


Fig 5.11 Laptop Extension Kit

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5.7 Data Storage and Evaluation

5.7.1 Data Storage

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The post-processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.

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The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type (e.g., [V/m], [A/m], [mW/g]). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or give meaningless results, e.g., a SAR-output in a non-lose media, will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

5.7.2 Data Evaluation

Device parameters:

The DASY post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity Norm_i, a_{i0}, a_{i1}, a_{i2}

- Conversion factor ConvF_i
- Diode compression point dcp_i
- Frequency f
- Crest factor cf

Media parameters : - Conductivity σ
- Density ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

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The formula for each channel can be given as :

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

 U_i = input signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field Probes : $E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$

H-field Probes : $H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i, (i = x, y, z), $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

 E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

 ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.

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5.8 Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Nows of Favinasset	Trung/Mandal	Serial Number	Calib	Calibration		
Manutacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date		
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d162	Nov. 11, 2013	Nov. 10, 2014		
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d182	Nov. 12, 2013	Nov. 11, 2014		
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	924	Nov. 13, 2013	Nov. 12, 2014		
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	577	May. 08, 2013	May. 07, 2014		
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1279	Jan. 28, 2013	Jan. 27, 2014		
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3931	Sep. 10, 2013	Sep. 09, 2014		
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3661	Jan. 15, 2013	Jan. 14, 2014		
Wisewind	Thermometer	ETP-101	TM685	Oct. 22, 2013	Oct. 21, 2014		
Wisewind	Thermometer	HTC-1	TM642	Oct. 22, 2013	Oct. 21, 2014		
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	GB46311322	Mar. 25, 2013	Mar. 24, 2014		
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY50266977	May. 06, 2013	May. 05, 2014		
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR		
R&S	Signal Generator	SMF 100A	101107	May. 27, 2013	May. 26, 2014		
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1126	Jul. 23, 2013	Jul. 22, 2014		
Agilent	ENA Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46316648	Feb. 07, 2013	Feb. 06, 2014		
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1132003	Aug. 28, 2013	Aug. 27, 2014		
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1126017	Aug. 27, 2013	Aug. 26, 2014		
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	No	te 2		
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	No	te 2		
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	Note 2			
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	No	te 2		
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	328767	No	te 3		
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP 7	101131	Jul. 09, 2013	Jul. 08, 2014		

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Table 5.1 Test Equipment List

Note:

- 1. The calibration certificate of DASY can be referred to appendix C of this report.
- 2. The Insertion Loss calibration of Dual Directional Coupler and Attenuator were characterized via the network analyzer and compensated during system check.
- 3. In system check we need to monitor the level on the power meter, and adjust the power amplifier level to have precise power level to the dipole; the measured SAR will be normalized to 1W input power according to the ratio of 1W to the input power to the dipole. For system check, the calibration of the power amplifier is deemed not critically required for correct measurement; the power meter is critical and we do have calibration for it
- 4. Attenuator 1 insertion loss is calibrated by the network Analyzer, which the calibration is valid, before system check.

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6. Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 6.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 6.2.





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Fig 6.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR

Fig 6.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid.

Frequency	Water	Sugar	Cellulose	Salt	Preventol	DGBE	Conductivity	Permittivity					
(MHz)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(σ)	(ε _r)					
For Head													
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9					
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5					
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5					
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0					
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2					
				For Body									
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5					
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2					
900	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	1.05	55.0					
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3					
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7					

Table 6.1 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Simulating Liquid for 5G, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

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The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an SPEAG DAK-3.5 Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

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The following table shows the measuring results for simulating liquid.

	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε _r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε _r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε _r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
	850	Body	22.5	0.978	53.298	0.97	55.20	0.82	-3.45	±5	2014/1/1
Ī	1900	Body	22.7	1.530	52.859	1.52	53.30	0.66	-0.83	±5	2014/1/1
	2450	Body	22.5	2.020	53.886	1.95	52.70	3.59	2.25	±5	2014/1/8

Table 6.2 Measuring Results for Simulating Liquid

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7. System Verification Procedures

Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

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7.1 Purpose of System Performance check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

7.2 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

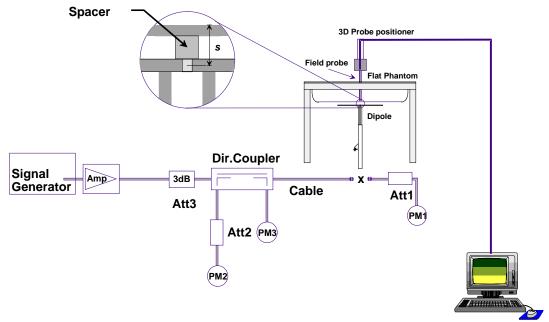


Fig 7.1 System Setup for System Evaluation

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- 1. Signal Generator
- 2. Amplifier
- 3. Directional Coupler
- 4. Power Meter
- 5. Calibrated Dipole



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Fig 7.2 Photo of Dipole Setup

7.3 SAR System Verification Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Table 7.1 shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Targeted SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2014/1/1	850	Body	250	D835V2-4d162	3931	577	2.49	9.28	9.96	7.33
2014/1/1	1900	Body	250	D1900V2-5d182	3931	577	9.69	39.50	38.76	-1.87
2014/1/8	2450	Body	250	D2450V2-924	3661	1279	13.50	50.20	54.00	7.57

Table 7.1 Target and Measurement SAR after Normalized

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8. EUT Testing Position

This EUT was tested in five different USB configurations. They are "direct laptop plug-in for configuration 1 and 3", "USB cable plug-in for configuration 2 and 4", and "USB cable plug-in for Tip Mode (the tip of the EUT)" shown as below. Both direct laptop plug-in and USB cable plug-in test configurations are tested with 5 cm separation between the particular dongle orientation and the flat phantom. Please refer to Appendix D for the test setup photos.

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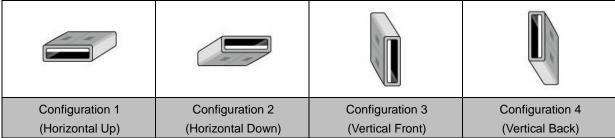


Fig 8.1 Illustration for USB Connector Orientations

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9. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

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- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix E demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

9.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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9.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

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9.3 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01v01r02 quoted below.

For any secondary peaks found in the area scan which are within 2 dB of the maximum peak and are not within this zoom scan, the zoom scan should be repeated

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz			
Maximum distance fron (geometric center of pro			5 ± 1 mm	½-8-ln(2) ± 0.5 mm			
Maximum probe angle to normal at the measurem		exis to phantom surface	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°			
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm			
Maximum area scan spa	atial resoluti	on: Δx _{Area} , Δy _{Area}	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, to measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.				
Maximum zoom scan sp	oatial resolu	tion: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 - 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*			
Maximum zoom scan s	uniform g	zrid: ∆z _{Zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm			
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm			
sarace	grid	Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Z_{OOM}}(n-1)$				
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	1	≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm			

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

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When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



9.4 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

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9.5 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

9.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

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10. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<GSM Conducted Power>

Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r01, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.

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2. For Body SAR testing, GPRS and EDGE should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS 4 Tx slots for GSM850 Band /GSM1900 Band due to its highest frame-average power.

Band GSM850	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up	ne-up Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up
TX Channel	128	189	251	Limit	128	189	251	Limit
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	31.95	31.94	31.88	32.50	22.95	22.94	22.88	23.50
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	31.13	31.14	31.08	31.50	25.13	25.14	25.08	25.50
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots)	29.49	29.45	29.37	30.00	25.23	25.19	25.11	25.74
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	28.63	28.66	28.60	29.00	25.63	25.66	25.60	26.00
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot)	26.94	26.92	26.89	27.50	17.94	17.92	17.89	18.50
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots)	25.83	25.78	25.80	26.00	19.83	19.78	19.80	20.00
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots)	23.47	23.41	23.37	24.00	19.21	19.15	19.11	19.74
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots)	22.21	22.17	22.14	22.50	19.21	19.17	19.14	19.50

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

Band GSM1900	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up	Frame-A	Tune-up		
TX Channel	512	661	810	Limit	512	661	810	Limit
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dBm)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dBm)
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	28.45	28.50	28.51	29.00	19.45	19.50	19.51	20.00
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	27.56	27.74	27.66	28.00	21.56	21.74	21.66	22.00
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots)	25.95	26.08	26.00	26.50	21.69	21.82	21.74	22.24
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	25.16	25.33	25.20	25.50	22.16	22.33	22.20	22.50
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot)	25.44	25.53	25.37	26.00	16.44	16.53	16.37	17.00
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots)	24.18	24.57	24.21	25.00	18.18	18.57	18.21	19.00
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots)	21.86	22.33	21.97	22.50	17.60	18.07	17.71	18.24
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots)	20.73	21.01	20.74	21.50	17.73	18.01	17.74	18.50

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

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<WCDMA Conducted Power>

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

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HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βc	βd	βd (SF)	βс/βа	βнs (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15	15/15	64	12/15	24/15	1.0	0.0
	(Note 4)	(Note 4)		(Note 4)			
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: $\Delta_{\rm ACK}$, $\Delta_{\rm NACK}$ and $\Delta_{\rm CQI}$ = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c .

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, \triangle ACK and \triangle NACK = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c , and \triangle CQI = 24/15 with β_{hs} = 24/15 * β_c .

Note 3: CM = 1 for $\beta_{\text{o}}/\beta_{\text{d}}$ =12/15, $\beta_{\text{hs}}/\beta_{\text{e}}$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HSDPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 11/15 and β_d = 15/15

Setup Configuration

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HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting *:
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121

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- iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
- v. Set UE Target Power
- vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
- vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
- viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βς	βa	β _d (SF)	βc/βd	βнs (Note1)	βес	β _{ed} (Note 5) (Note 6)	β _{ed} (SF)	β _{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β _{ed} 1: 47/15 β _{ed} 2: 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

- Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c .
- Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 10/15 and β_d = 15/15.
- Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 14/15 and β_d = 15/15.
- Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.
- Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Setup Configuration

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HSPA+ 3GPP release 7 (uplink category 7) 16QAM, Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting *:
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2E:HSPA+:UL with 16QAM
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121-1 s5.2E

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- iii. Set Channel Parms
- iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- v. Set Channel Type = HSPA
- vi. Set UE Target Power =21 dBm
- vii. Power Ctrl Mode= All Up Bits
- viii. Set Manual Uplink DPCH Bc/Bd = Manual
- ix. Set Manual Uplink DPCH Bc and Bd=15,15(for 34.121-1 v8.10.0 table C11.1.4 sub-test 1)
- x. Set HSPA Conn DL Channel Levels
- xi. Set HS-SCCH Configs
- xii. Set RB Test Mode Setup
- xiii. Set Common HSUPA Parameters
- xiv. Set Serving Grant
- xv. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 105 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH with 16QAM

Sub- test	β _c (Note3)	β _d	β _{HS} (Note1)	βec	β _{ed} (2xSF2) (Note 4)	β _{ed} (2xSF4) (Note 4)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)		E-TFCI (Note 5)	
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	β _{ed} 1: 30/15 β _{ed} 2: 30/15	β _{ed} 3: 24/15 β _{ed} 4: 24/15	3.5	2.5	14	105	105

Note 1: \triangle_{ACK} , \triangle_{NACK} and $\triangle_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$

Note 2: CM = 3.5 and the MPR is based on the relative CM difference, MPR = MAX(CM-1,0).

Note 3: DPDCH is not configured, therefore the β_c is set to 1 and β_d = 0 by default.

Note 4: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Note 5: All the sub-tests require the UE to transmit 2SF2+2SF4 16QAM EDCH and they apply for UE using E-DPDCH category 7. E-DCH TTI is set to 2ms TTI and E-DCH table index = 2. To support these E-DCH configurations DPDCH is not allocated. The UE is signaled to use the extrapolation algorithm.

Setup Configuration

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< WCDMA Conducted Power>

Note:

1. Applying the subtest setup in Table C.11.1.3 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 V9.1.0 to Rel. 6 HSPA, and the subtest setup in Table C.11.1.4 to Rel. 7 HSPA+.

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- By design, HSDPA/HSUPA and HSPA+ (16QAM in uplink) RF power will not be larger than RMC 12.2kbps., detailed information is included in Tune-up Procure exhibit.
 It is expected by the manufacturer that MPR for some HSDPA/HSUPA, HSPA+ (16QAM in uplink) subtests may
- 3. It is expected by the manufacturer that MPR for some HSDPA/HSUPA, HSPA+ (16QAM in uplink) subtests may differ from the specification of 3GPP, according to the chipset implementation in this model. The implementation and expected deviation are detailed in tune-up procedure exhibit.

	[Band		WCDMA V	,			WCDMA II		
	TX	Channel	4132	4182	4233	Tune-up	9262	9400	9538	Tune-up
	Rx (Channel	4357	4407	4458	Limit (dBm)	9662	9800	9938	Limit (dBm)
	Freque	ency (MHz)	826.4	836.4	846.6	(5.2)	1852.4	1880	1907.6	(32)
MPR(dB)	3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	21.08	21.93	21.21	22.50	22.80	22.65	22.51	24.50
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	19.91	20.93	20.22	21.00	21.80	21.66	21.40	22.50
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	19.90	20.91	20.20	21.00	21.85	21.60	21.45	22.50
0.5	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	19.40	19.92	19.75	20.50	21.37	21.23	20.99	22.00
0.5	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	19.40	19.91	19.75	20.50	21.28	21.20	20.92	22.00
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	19.60	20.29	19.87	21.00	21.20	21.00	20.81	22.50
2	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	18.15	18.81	18.34	19.00	19.42	19.28	19.19	20.50
1	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	19.13	19.90	19.43	20.00	20.30	20.20	20.18	21.50
2	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	17.65	18.37	17.89	19.00	20.50	19.88	18.79	20.50
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	20.18	20.88	20.39	21.00	21.81	21.66	21.42	22.50
2.5	3GPP Rel 7	HSPA+ (16QAM) Subtest-1	19.08	19.71	19.27	20.00	20.51	20.45	20.30	21.50

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<WLAN 2.4GHz Conducted Power>

		WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b Average	Power (dBm)							
Power vs. Channel Power vs. Data Rate											
Channal	Frequency	Data Rate	Channal	2Mhna	E EMbno	11N/bpo	(dBm)				
Channel	(MHz)	1Mbps	Channel	2Mbps	5.5Mbps	11Mbps					
CH 1	2412	16.36					17.0				
CH 6	2437	15.90	CH 1	16.35	16.32	16.35	17.0				
CH 11	2462	15.45					17.0				

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			WLAN 2.4	GHz 802.	11g Averag	ge Power (dBm)				
Power vs. Channel Power vs. Data Rate											
Channel	Frequency	Data Rate	Channel	9Mbps	12Mbps	18Mbps	24Mbps	36Mbps	48Mbps	54Mbps	(dBm)
Criannei	(MHz)	6Mbps	Chamilei	alvibba	12IVIDPS	Tolvibps	241010005	Solvibbs	40IVIDPS	54Mbps	
CH 1	2412	13.60									15.0
CH 6	2437	13.14	CH 1	13.57	13.58	13.59	13.59	13.54	13.58	13.56	15.0
CH 11	1 2462 12.86								15.0		

		W	LAN 2.4GH	lz 802.11n	-HT20 Ave	erage Powe	er (dBm)				
Power vs. Channel Power vs. MCS Index											
Channel	Frequency	MCS Index	Channel	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	(dBm)
Charmer	(MHz)	MCS0	Charine	IVICOT	IVICOZ	IVICOS	101034	IVICOS	IVICOU	IVICS7	
CH 1	2412	9.51									14.0
CH 6	2437	13.18	CH 1	13.12	13.10	13.11	13.12	13.10	13.08	13.07	14.0
CH 11	2462	12.73									14.0

		W	LAN 2.4GF	lz 802.11n	-HT40 Ave	erage Powe	er (dBm)				
Power vs. Channel Power vs. MCS Index											
Channel	requeries	MCS Index	Channel	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	(dBm)
Chamilei	(MHz)	MCS0	Charine	NO 1	WCGZ	WCCC	101004	IVICOS	IVICOU	IVICO	
CH 3	2422	1041									14.0
CH 6	2437	12.95	CH 3	12.84	12.89	12.88	12.93	12.94	12.77	12.93	14.0
CH 9 2452 9.08									14.0		

Note:

- Per KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion
- For each frequency band, testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than 1/4dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate
- 3. Apply the test exclusion rule in KDB 248227 D01 v01r02 11g, 11n-HT20/HT40 output power is less than 1/4dB higher than 11b mode, thus the SAR can be excluded.

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11. Exposure Positions Consideration



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12. SAR Test Results

Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r01, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

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- b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
- c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- d. For WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r01, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - · ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - · ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

12.1 Body SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Horizontal Up	0.5cm	189	836.4	28.66	29	1.081	-0.03	0.361	0.390
2	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Horizontal Down	0.5cm	189	836.4	28.66	29	1.081	-0.06	0.246	0.266
3	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Vertical Front	0.5cm	189	836.4	28.66	29	1.081	-0.08	0.118	0.128
4	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Vertical Back	0.5cm	189	836.4	28.66	29	1.081	-0.09	0.154	0.167
5	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Tip Mode	0.5cm	189	836.4	28.66	29	1.081	0.11	0.053	0.057
11	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Horizontal Up	0.5cm	661	1880	25.33	25.5	1.040	-0.17	0.482	0.501
12	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Horizontal Down	0.5cm	661	1880	25.33	25.5	1.040	-0.11	0.182	0.189
13	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Vertical Front	0.5cm	661	1880	25.33	25.5	1.040	-0.09	0.189	0.197
14	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Vertical Back	0.5cm	661	1880	25.33	25.5	1.040	-0.14	0.053	0.055
15	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Tip Mode	0.5cm	661	1880	25.33	25.5	1.040	0.18	0.119	0.124

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<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
6	WCDMA V	RCM 12.2Kbps	Horizontal Up	0.5cm	4182	836.4	21.93	22.5	1.140	-0.01	0.162	<mark>0.185</mark>
7	WCDMA V	RCM 12.2Kbps	Horizontal Down	0.5cm	4182	836.4	21.93	22.5	1.140	0.01	0.109	0.124
8	WCDMA V	RCM 12.2Kbps	Vertical Front	0.5cm	4182	836.4	21.93	22.5	1.140	0.07	0.051	0.058
9	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Vertical Back	0.5cm	4182	836.4	21.93	22.5	1.140	-0.1	0.057	0.065
10	WCDMA V	RCM 12.2Kbps	Tip Mode	0.5cm	4182	836.4	21.93	22.5	1.140	0.16	0.018	0.021
16	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Horizontal Up	0.5cm	9262	1852.4	22.8	24.5	1.479	-0.1	0.440	<mark>0.651</mark>
17	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Horizontal Down	0.5cm	9262	1852.4	22.8	24.5	1.479	-0.1	0.324	0.479
18	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Vertical Front	0.5cm	9262	1852.4	22.8	24.5	1.479	-0.13	0.338	0.500
19	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Vertical Down	0.5cm	9262	1852.4	22.8	24.5	1.479	-0.1	0.072	0.106
20	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Tip Mode	0.5cm	9262	1852.4	22.8	24.5	1.479	0.15	0.166	0.246

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<WLAN2.4GHz SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor			Drift	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
21	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Horizontal Up	0.5cm	1	2412	16.36	17	1.159	99.32	1.007	-0.1	0.370	0.432
22	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Horizontal Down	0.5cm	1	2412	16.36	17	1.159	99.32	1.007	-0.04	0.361	0.421
23	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Vertical Front	0.5cm	1	2412	16.36	17	1.159	99.32	1.007	0.02	0.072	0.084
24	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Vertical Back	0.5cm	1	2412	16.36	17	1.159	99.32	1.007	0.18	0.335	0.391
25	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Tip Mode	0.5cm	1	2412	16.36	17	1.159	99.32	1.007	0.04	0.06	0.070

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12.2 Highest SAR Plot

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2014/1/1

#01 GSM850 GPRS (4 Tx slots) Horizontal Up 0.5cm Ch189

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08

Medium: MSL 850_140101 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.98$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.279$; $\rho =$

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.5°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3931; ConvF(9.66, 9.66, 9.66); Calibrated: 2013/9/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2013/5/8
- Phantom: ELI 4.0 Front; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1029
- Measurement SW: DASY 52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

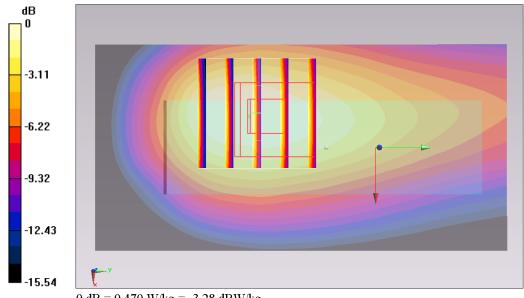
Configuration/Ch189/Area Scan (41x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.510 W/kg

Configuration/Ch189/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.393 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.571 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.361 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.225 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.470 W/kg



0~dB = 0.470~W/kg = -3.28~dBW/kg

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Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2014/1/1

#11 GSM1900 GPRS (4 Tx slots)_Horizontal Up_0.5cm_Ch661

Communication System: PCS; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08

Medium: MSL_1900_140101 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.513$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.954$; ρ

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 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.7°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3931; ConvF(7.61, 7.61, 7.61); Calibrated: 2013/9/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2013/5/8
- Phantom: ELI 4.0 Front; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1029
- Measurement SW: DASY 52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

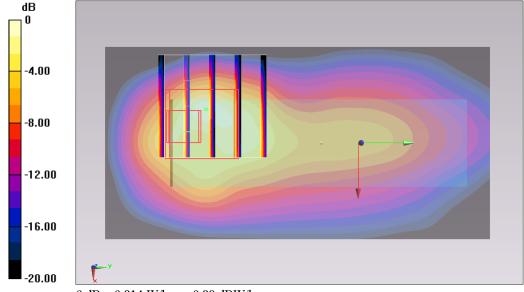
Configuration/Ch661/Area Scan (41x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.728 W/kg

Configuration/Ch661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.809 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.07 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.482 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.224 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.814 W/kg



0 dB = 0.814 W/kg = -0.89 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2014/1/1

#06 WCDMA V RCM 12.2Kbps Horizontal Up 0.5cm Ch4182

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 850 140101 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.98$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.279$; $\rho =$

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.5°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3931; ConvF(9.66, 9.66, 9.66); Calibrated: 2013/9/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2013/5/8
- Phantom: ELI 4.0 Front; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1029
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

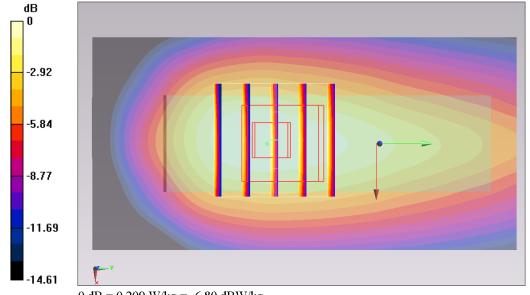
Configuration/Ch4182/Area Scan (41x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.215 W/kg

Configuration/Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.962 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.250 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.162 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.103 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.209 W/kg



0 dB = 0.209 W/kg = -6.80 dBW/kg

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Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2014/1/1

#16 WCDMA II RMC 12.2Kbps Horizontal Up 0.5cm Ch9262

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 1900_140101 Medium parameters used : f = 1852.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1.49$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.057$; ρ

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.7°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3931; ConvF(7.61, 7.61, 7.61); Calibrated: 2013/9/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2013/5/8
- Phantom: ELI 4.0_Front; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1029
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Ch9262/Area Scan (41x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.842 W/kg

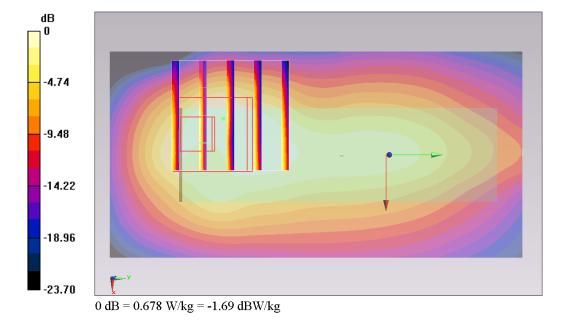
Configuration/Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.003 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.902 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.440 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.213 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.678 W/kg



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Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2014/1/8

#21_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b 1Mbps_Horizontal Up_0.5cm_Ch1

Communication System: 802.11b ; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.007 Medium: MSL_2450_140108 Medium parameters used: f=2412 MHz; $\sigma=1.964$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=53.978$; $\rho=1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.5°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(7.35, 7.35, 7.35); Calibrated: 2013/1/15;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2013/1/28
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1227
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Ch1/Area Scan (51x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.585 W/kg

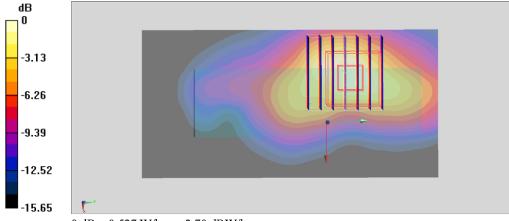
Configuration/Ch1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.867 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.765 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.370 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.183 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.537 W/kg



0 dB = 0.537 W/kg = -2.70 dBW/kg

13. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Supported
1.	GPRS/EDGE(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes
2.	WCDMA(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes

Note:

- 1. The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v05r01, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,

 - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
 ii) SPLSR = (SAR₁ + SAR₂)^{1.5} / (*min. separation distance, mm*), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x₁-x₂)² + (y₁-y₂)² + (z₁-z₂)²], where (x₁, y₁, z₁) and (x₂, y₂, z₂) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan

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- If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary
- iii) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg

13.1 Body Exposure Conditions

< WWAN + WLAN2.4GHz >

	WWAN			WL	Summed		
Position	WWAN Band	Plot No	SAR (W/kg)	Plot No	SAR (W/kg)	SAR (W/kg)	
Horizontal Up	GSM850	1	0.390	21	0.432	0.82	
	GSM1900	11	0.501	21	0.432	0.93	
	WCDMA V	6	0.185	21	0.432	0.62	
	WCDMA II	16	0.651	21	0.432	1.08	
Horizontal Down	GSM850	2	0.266	22	0.421	0.69	
	GSM1900	12	0.189	22	0.421	0.61	
	WCDMA V	7	0.124	22	0.421	0.55	
	WCDMA II	17	0.479	22	0.421	0.90	
Vertical Front	GSM850	3	0.128	23	0.084	0.21	
	GSM1900	13	0.197	23	0.084	0.28	
	WCDMA V	8	0.058	23	0.084	0.14	
	WCDMA II	18	0.500	23	0.084	0.58	
Vertical Back	GSM850	4	0.167	24	0.391	0.56	
	GSM1900	14	0.055	24	0.391	0.45	
	WCDMA V	9	0.065	24	0.391	0.46	
	WCDMA II	19	0.106	24	0.391	0.50	
Tip Mode	GSM850	5	0.057	25	0.070	0.13	
	GSM1900	15	0.124	25	0.070	0.19	
	WCDMA V	10	0.021	25	0.070	0.09	
	WCDMA II	20	0.246	25	0.070	0.32	

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14. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

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A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in Table 12.1

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor ^(a)	1/k ^(b)	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

- (a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity
- (b) κ is the coverage factor

Table 12.1 Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

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Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (10g)	
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	± 6.0 %	± 6.0 %	
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %	
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %	
Boundary Effects	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %	
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %	
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %	
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.5 %	
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %	
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	
Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %	
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.6 %	± 3.6 %	
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %	
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %	
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	± 1.8 %	± 1.2 %	
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	± 1.6 %	± 1.1 %	
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	0.49	± 1.7 %	± 1.4 %	
Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	± 1.5 %	± 1.2 %	
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 11.0 %	± 10.8 %	
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K=2		
Expanded Uncertainty						± 22.0 %	± 21.5 %	

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Table 12.2 Uncertainty Budget of DASY for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz from IEEE Std 1528™-2003

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15. References

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