



**FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART C AND ANSI C63.4 : 2003**

**TEST REPORT**

**For**

**Wireless LAN Card**

**Model : DWA-645**

**Trade Name : D-Link**

**Issued for**

**D-Link Corporation**

**No. 289, Sinhu 3rd Rd., Neihu District,**

**Taipei City 114, Taiwan, R.O.C**

**Issued by**

**Compliance Certification Services Inc.**

**Hsinchu Lab.**

Rm. 258, Bldg. 17, NO.195, Sec.4 Chung Hsing Rd.,

ChuTung Chen, Hsinchu, Taiwan 310, R.O.C

**TEL: (03) 591-0068**

**FAX: (03) 582-5720**



---

*Note: This report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of Compliance Certification Services Inc. Ltd. This document may be altered or revised by Compliance Certification Services Inc. personnel only, and shall be noted in the revision section of the document.*



**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

TITLE	PAGE NO.
<b>1. TEST REPORT CERTIFICATION.....</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>2. EUT DESCRIPTION.....</b>	<b>4</b>
2.1 DESCRIPTION OF EUT & POWER.....	4
<b>3. DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES.....</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>4. TEST METHODOLOGY.....</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>5. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS.....</b>	<b>6</b>
5.1 FACILITIES.....	6
5.2 EQUIPMENT.....	6
5.3 LABORATORY ACCREDITATIONS LISTINGS.....	6
5.4 TABLE OF ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTINGS.....	7
<b>6. CALIBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY.....</b>	<b>8</b>
6.1 MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION.....	8
6.2 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY.....	8
<b>7. SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST.....</b>	<b>9-10</b>
<b>8. APPLICABLE LIMITS AND TEST RESULTS.....</b>	<b>11</b>
8.1 6dB BANDWIDTH.....	11-24
8.2 99% BANDWIDTH.....	25-38
8.3 MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER.....	39-53
8.4 MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE.....	54-55
8.5 AVERAGE POWER.....	56-58
8.6 POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY.....	59-78
8.7 CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION.....	79-95
8.8 RADIATED EMISSIONS.....	96
8.8.1 TRANSMITTER RADIATED SUPURIOUS EMSSIONS.....	96-99
8.8.2 WORST-CASE RADIATED EMISSION BELOW 1 GHz.....	100
8.8.3 TRANSMITTER RADIATED EMISSION ABOVE 1 GHz.....	101-112
8.8.4 RESTRICTED BAND EDGES.....	113-128
8.9 POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS.....	129-132
<b>9. ANTENNA REQUIREMENT.....</b>	<b>133</b>
9.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE.....	133
9.2 ANTENNA CONNECTED CONSTRUCTION.....	133
<b>APPENDIX SETUP PHOTOS.....</b>	<b>134-141</b>



# 1. TEST REPORT CERTIFICATION

**Applicant** : D-Link Corporation  
**Address** : No. 289, Sinhu 3rd Rd., Neihu District,  
 Taipei City 114, Taiwan, R.O.C.  
**Equipment Under Test** : Wireless LAN Card  
**Model** : DWA-645  
**Trade Name** : D-Link  
**Tested Date** : January 27 ~ March 15, 2007

APPLICABLE STANDARD	
STANDARD	TEST RESULT
FCC Part 15 Subpart C:2004 AND ANSI C63.4:2003	No non-compliance noted

*Approved by:*

*Reviewed by:*

S. B. Lu

Alan Fan

S. B. Lu  
 Assistant Manager of Hsinchu Laboratory  
 Compliance Certification Services Inc.



Alan Fan  
 Test Engineer of Hsinchu Laboratory  
 Compliance Certification Services Inc.

WE HEREBY CERTIFY THAT: The measurements shown in the attachment were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the energy emitted by the equipment was found to be within the limits applicable. We assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.



## 2. EUT DESCRIPTION

### 2.1 DESCRIPTION OF EUT & POWER

<b>Product Name</b>	Wireless LAN Card
<b>Model Number</b>	DWA-645
<b>Frequency Range</b>	IEEE 802.11b/g, 802.11n HT20 : 2412MHz~2462MHz IEEE 802.11n HT40 : 2422MHz~2452MHz
<b>Transmit Power</b>	IEEE 802.11b: 23.51dBm IEEE 802.11g: 21.09dBm IEEE 802.11n HT20: 22.95dBm IEEE 802.11n HT40: 19.85dBm
<b>Channel Spacing</b>	IEEE 802.11b/g ,802.11n HT20/HT40 : 5MHz
<b>Channel Number</b>	IEEE 802.11b/g ,802.11n HT20 : 11 Channels IEEE 802.11n HT40 : 7 Channels
<b>Transmit Data Rate</b>	IEEE 802.11b: 11, 5.5, 2, 1Mbps IEEE 802.11g : 54, 48 ,36, 24, 18, 12, 11, 9, 6Mbps IEEE 802.11n HT20: 130, 117 ,104, 78, 65, 58.5, 52, 39, 26, 19.5, 13, 6.5 Mbps IEEE 802.11n HT40: 270, 243 ,216, 162, 135, 121.5, 108, 81, 54, 40.5, 27, 13.5Mbps
<b>Type of Modulation</b>	IEEE 802.11b: DSSS (CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK) IEEE 802.11g: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11n HT20/40: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)
<b>Frequency Selection</b>	by software / firmware
<b>Antenna Type</b>	Printed (PCB) Antenna, Antenna Gain : 0.56dBi at 2.4GHz ( × 3 ).
<b>Power Source</b>	3.3 VDC (From Notebook PC ,Powered From Host Device)
<b>Note</b>	Ralink RF Module Model:RT2820 + RT2860

**Remark:**

1. The sample selected for test was engineering sample that approximated to production product and was provided by manufacturer.
2. This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for FCC ID: KA2WA645B1 filing to comply with Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rules.
3. For more details, please refer to the User's manual of the EUT.



### 3. DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT is an 802.11n MIMO transceiver in cardbus form factor. It has two transmitter chains and three receive chains (2x3 configurations). The 2x3 configuration is implemented with two outside chains (Chain 0 and 1) and the middle chain (chain 2) Rx only.

11b/g mode, only examines Chain 0, because only Chain 0 is functional according to the user diver of Ralink. The power is transmitted from TX0 only at 11b/g normal mode in Ralink solution.

The RF chipset is manufactured by Ralink Technology, Corp.

The antenna peak gain 0.56dBi (highest gain) were chosen for full testing.

#### IEEE 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n HT20 mode

The EUT had been tested under operating condition.

There are three channels have been tested as following :

Channel	Frequency (MHz)
Low	2412
Middle	2437
High	2462

IEEE 802.11b mode : 11Mbps data rate (worst case) were chosen for full testing.

IEEE 802.11g mode : 6Mbps data rate (worst case) were chosen for full testing.

IEEE 802.11n HT20 mode : 6.5Mbps data rate (worst case) were chosen for full testing.

#### IEEE 802.11n HT40 mode

The EUT had been tested under operating condition.

There are three channels have been tested as following :

Channel	Frequency (MHz)
Low	2422
Middle	2437
High	2452

IEEE 802.11n HT40 mode : 6.5Mbps data rate (worst case) were chosen for full testing.

The worst-case data rates are determined according to the description above, based on the investigations by measuring the PSD and average power across all the data rates, bandwidths, modulations and spatial stream modes.

The worst-case channel is determined as the channel with the highest output power. The highest measured output power was at 2437 MHz.



## **4. TEST METHODOLOGY**

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4 and FCC CRF 47 2.1046, 2046, 2.1047, 2.1049, 2.1051, 2.1053, 2.1055, 2.1057, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247.

## **5. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS**

### **5.1 FACILITIES**

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at Rm.258, Bldg.17, NO.195 , Sec. 4, Chung Hsing Rd., Chu-Tung Chen. Hsin-Chu, Taiwan 310 R.O.C.

The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.4 and CISPR Publication 22.

### **5.2 EQUIPMENT**

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, biconical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with preselectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.

Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers.







Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

### **5.3 LABORATORY ACCREDITATIONS LISTINGS**

The test facilities used to perform radiated and conducted emissions tests are accredited by National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for the specific scope of accreditation under Lab Code: 200118-0 to perform Electromagnetic Interference tests according to FCC PART 15 AND CISPR 22 requirements. No part of this report may be used to claim or imply product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Government. In addition, the test facilities are listed with Federal Communications Commission (registration no: 90585 and 90584).

### 5.4 TABLE OF ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTINGS

Country	Agency	Scope of Accreditation	Logo
USA	NVLAP	EN 55014-1, AS/NZS 1044, CNS 13783-1, IEC/CISPR 14-1, IEC/CISPR 22, EN 55022, EN 61000-3-2, EN 61000-3-3, ANSI C63.4, AS/NZS CISPR 22, AS/NZS 3548, IEC 61000-4-2/3/4/5/6/8/11	 200118-0
USA	FCC	3/10 meter Open Area Test Sites to perform FCC Part 15/18 measurements	 90585, 90584
Japan	VCCI	3/10 meter Open Area Test Sites to perform conducted/radiated measurements	 R-1229/1189 C-1250/1294
Taiwan	TAF	FCC Method-47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C,D,E CISPR 11, FCC METHOD-47 CFR Part 18, EN 55011, CNS 13803, CISPR 13, CNS 13439, FCC Method-47 CFR Part 15 Subpart B, CISPR 14-1, EN 55014-1, CNS 13783-1, EN 55015, CNS 14115, CISPR 22, EN 55022, VCCI CNS 13438, EN 61000-4-2/3/4/5/6/8/11	 Testing Laboratory 0240
Taiwan	BSMI	CNS 13803, CNS 13438, CNS 13439, CNS 13783-1, CNS 14115	 SL2-IS-E-0002 SL2-IN-E-0002 SL2-A1-E-0002 SL2-R1-E-0002 SL2-R2-E-0002 SL2-L1-E-0002
Canada	Industry Canada	RSS212, Issue 1	 IC 4417-1

\* No part of this report may be used to claim or imply product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Government.



## 6. CALIBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY

### 6.1 MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment utilized to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

### 6.2 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

PARAMETER	UNCERTAINTY
Radiated Emission, 30 to 1000 MHz	+/- 3.2 dB
Radiated Emission, 1 to 26.5 GHz	+/- 3.2 dB
Power Line Conducted Emission	+/- 2.1 dB

Uncertainty figures are valid to a confidence level of 95%





## 7. SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

### SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

No.	Product	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	FCC ID
1	Notebook PC	DELL	Latitude D610	CN-0C4708-48643-625 -5565	E2K24BNHM
2	Notebook PC	HP	Compaq nx6130	CNU543274R	CNTWM3B2200BG A
3	Wireless Access Point	D-Link	DWL-7100AP	DQ6114B00002	KA22003040018-1
4	Modem	ZyXEL	Omni 56K	S1Z4107727	1880MN156K
5	Printer	HP	hp desk jet 948c	CN19S6S1XS	DoC

### SETUP DIAGRAM FOR TESTS

EUT & peripherals setup diagram is shown in appendix setup photos.

### EUT OPERATING CONDITION

1. Set up all computers like the setup diagram.
2. The “**Ralink QA Test Program for RT 2860 ver1.0.0.8**” software was used for testing.  
The EUT driver software installed in the host support equipment during testing was RT2860 QA TEST PCI WDM Driver.

#### (1) TX Mode:

- ⇒ **Tx Data Rate: MCS=3; LP 11Mbps Bandwidth 20** (IEEE 802.11b mode)  
**MCS=0; 6Mbps Bandwidth 20** (IEEE 802.11g mode)  
**MCS=0; 6.5Mbps Bandwidth 20** (IEEE 802.11n HT20 mode)  
**MCS=0; 6.5Mbps Bandwidth 40** (IEEE 802.11n HT40 mode)

#### ⇒ Power control

IEEE 802.11b Channel Low (2412MHz) TX Power0 **0F** (only chain0 TX)  
IEEE 802.11b Channel Mid (2437MHz) TX Power0 **0F** (only chain0 TX)  
IEEE 802.11b Channel High (2462MHz) TX Power0 **0D** (only chain0 TX)

IEEE 802.11g Channel Low (2412MHz) TX Power0 **11** (only chain0 TX)  
IEEE 802.11g Channel Mid (2437MHz) TX Power0 **11** (only chain0 TX)  
IEEE 802.11g Channel High (2462MHz) TX Power0 **10** (only chain0 TX)



IEEE 802.11n HT20 Channel Low (2412MHz) TX Power0 **0E** / TX Power1 **14**

IEEE 802.11n HT20 Channel Mid (2437MHz) TX Power0 **0E** / TX Power1 **12**

IEEE 802.11n HT20 Channel High (2462MHz) TX Power0 **0D** / TX Power1 **11**

IEEE 802.11n HT40 Channel Low (2422MHz) TX Power0 **0A** / TX Power1 **0F**

IEEE 802.11n HT40 Channel Mid (2437MHz) TX Power0 **0A** / TX Power1 **0E**

IEEE 802.11n HT40 Channel High (2452MHz) TX Power0 **0A** / TX Power1 **0D**

(2) **RX Mode** : Start RX

3. All of the function are under run.
4. Start test.



## 8. APPLICABLE LIMITS AND TEST RESULTS

### 8.1 6dB BANDWIDTH

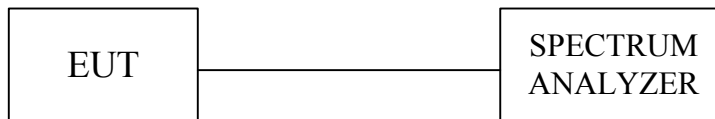
#### LIMIT

§ 15.207(a) (2) For direct sequence systems, the minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500kHz

#### TEST EQUIPMENTS

Description & Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Date of Calibration
ROHDE & SCHWARZ SPECTRUM ANALYZER	FSEK30	835253/002	October 18, 2006
AGILENT SPECTRUM ANALYZER	E4446A	MY433601.32	March 22, 2006

#### TEST SETUP



#### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output was connected to a spectrum analyzer. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured by spectrum analyzer with 100 KHz RBW and 300 KHz VBW. The 6dB bandwidth is defined as the total spectrum the power of which is higher than peak power minus 6dB.

**TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted

**IEEE 802.11b MODE**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (kHz)	Minimum Limit (kHz)	Pass / Fail
Low	2412	12150	500	PASS
Middle	2437	12150	500	PASS
High	2462	12100	500	PASS

**IEEE 802.11g MODE**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (kHz)	Minimum Limit (kHz)	Pass / Fail
Low	2412	16550	500	PASS
Middle	2437	16550	500	PASS
High	2462	16550	500	PASS

**IEEE 802.11n HT20 mode (Two TX)**

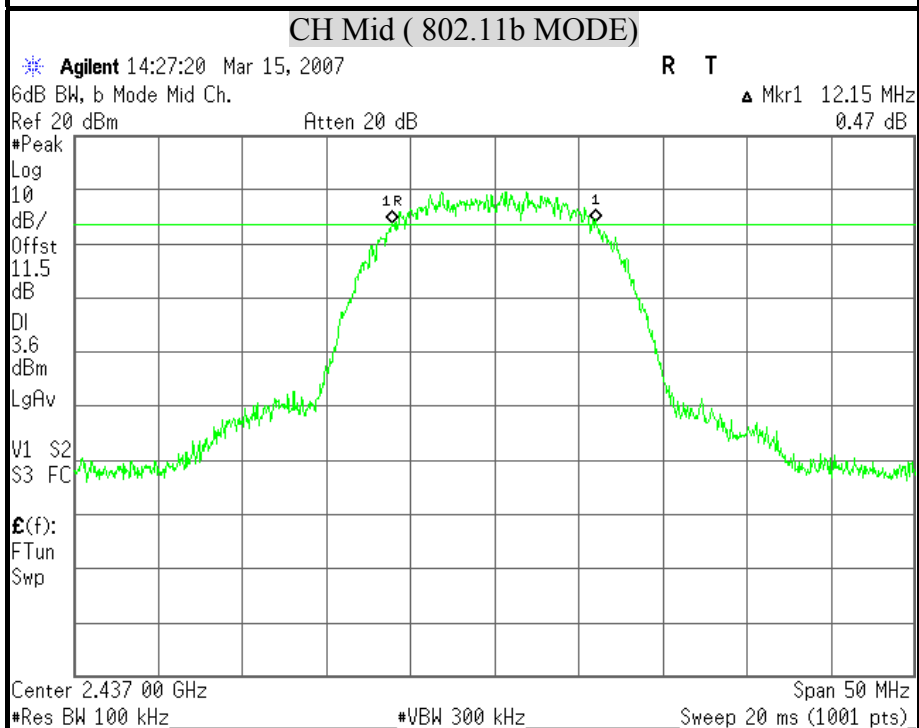
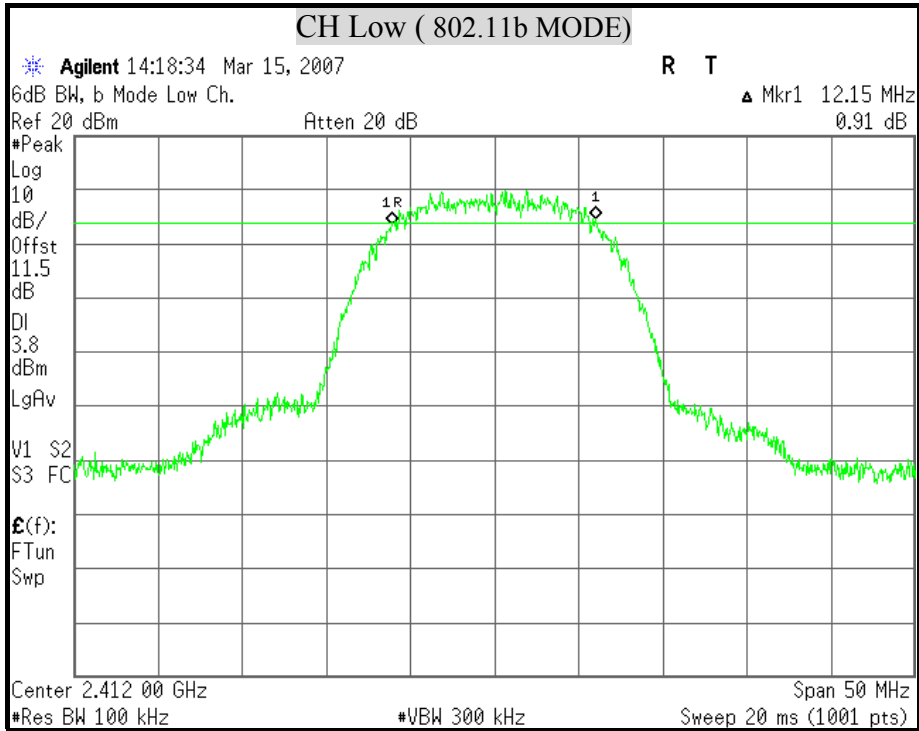
Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (kHz)		Minimum Limit (kHz)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0	Chain 1		
Low	2412	17700	17700	500	PASS
Middle	2437	17700	17700	500	PASS
High	2462	17750	17700	500	PASS

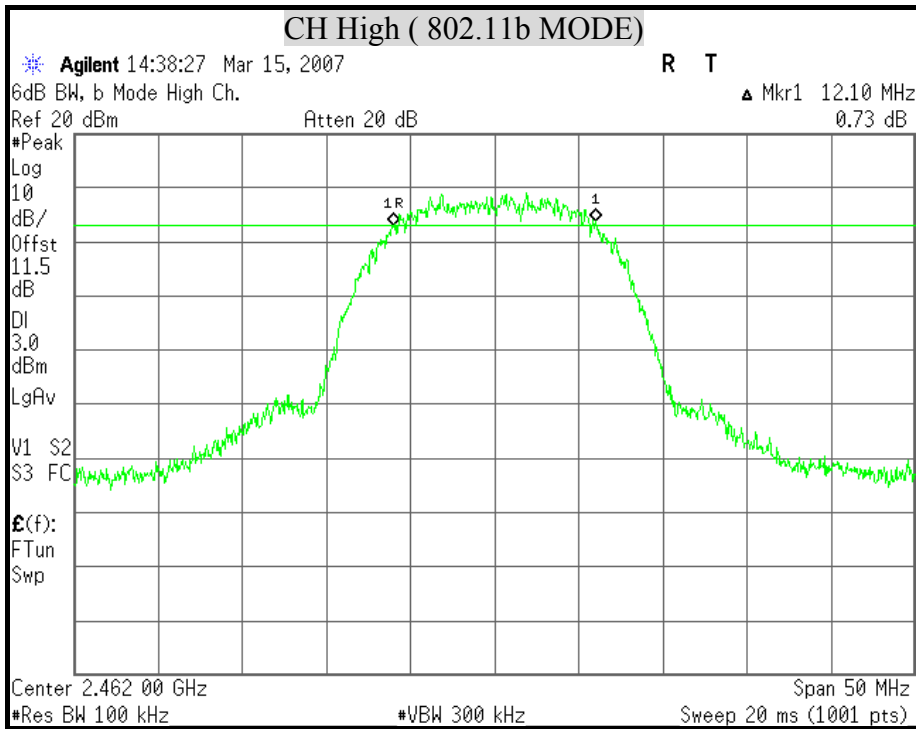
**IEEE 802.11n HT40 mode (Two TX)**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (kHz)		Minimum Limit (kHz)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0	Chain 1		
Low	2422	36400	36400	500	PASS
Middle	2437	36400	36400	500	PASS
High	2452	36400	36400	500	PASS



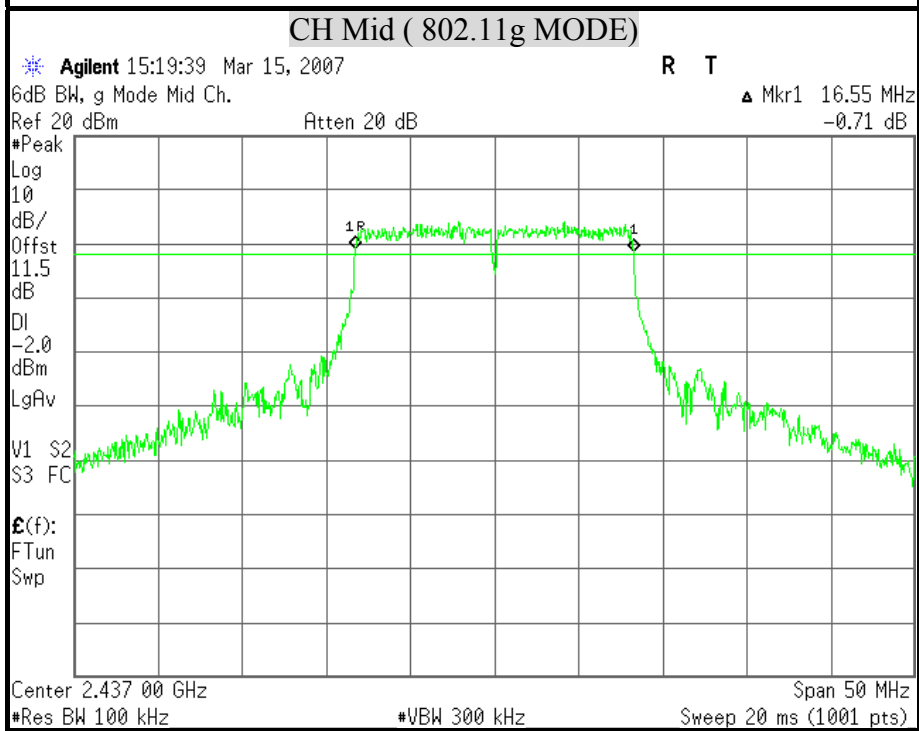
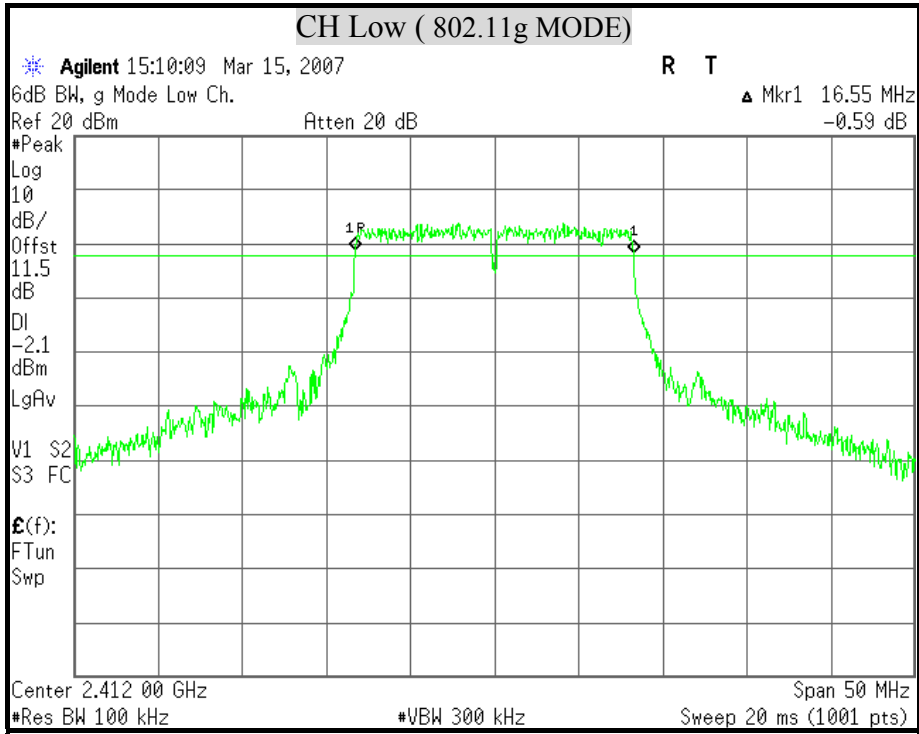
**6dB BANDWIDTH ( 802.11b MODE)**

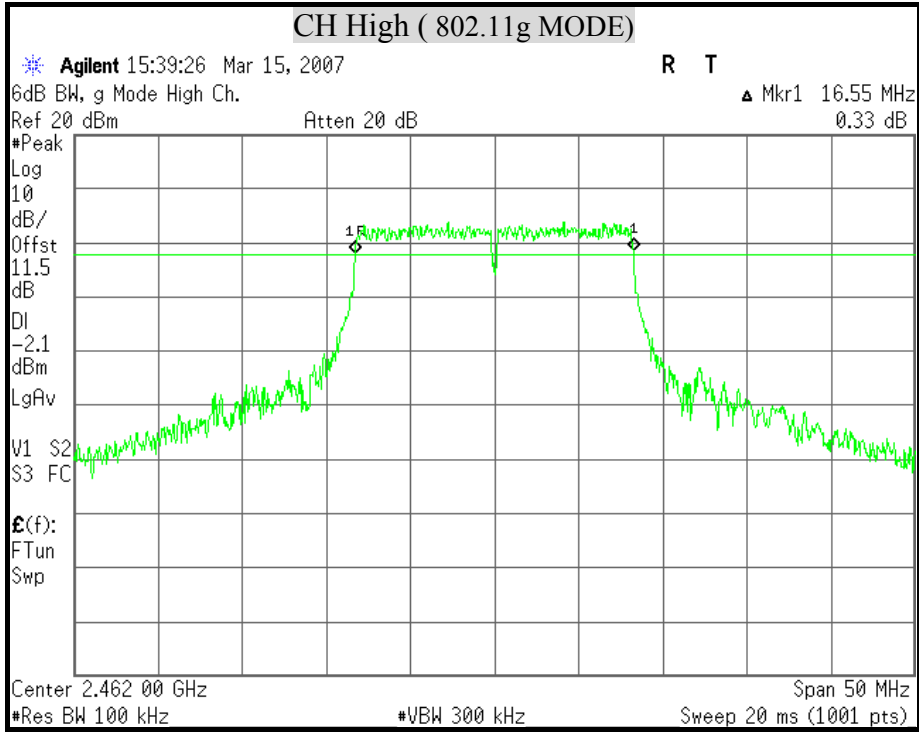






**6dB BANDWIDTH ( 802.11g MODE)**

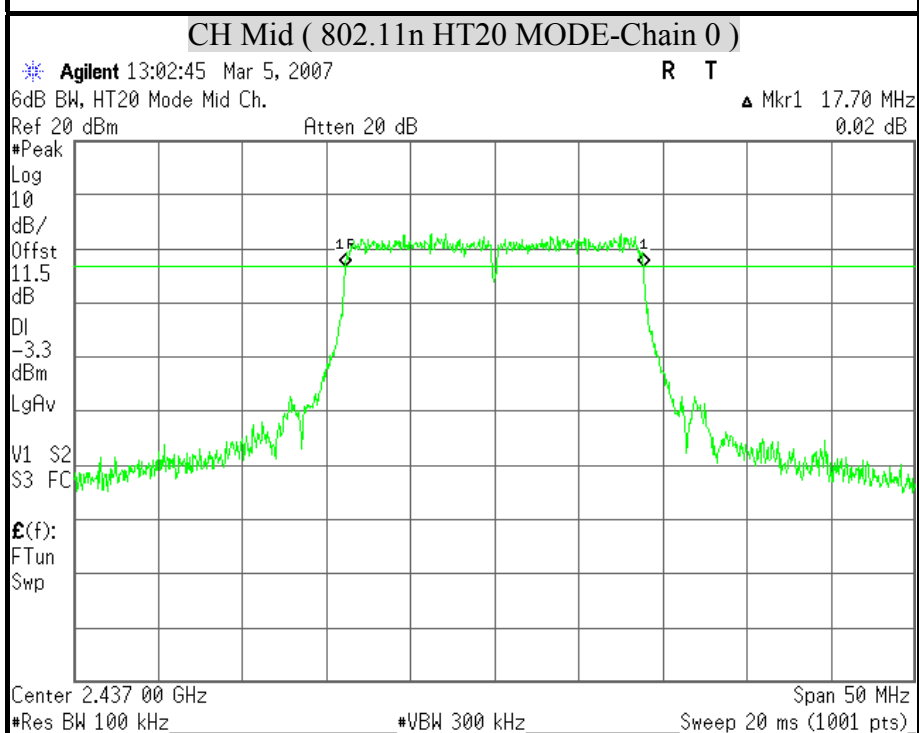
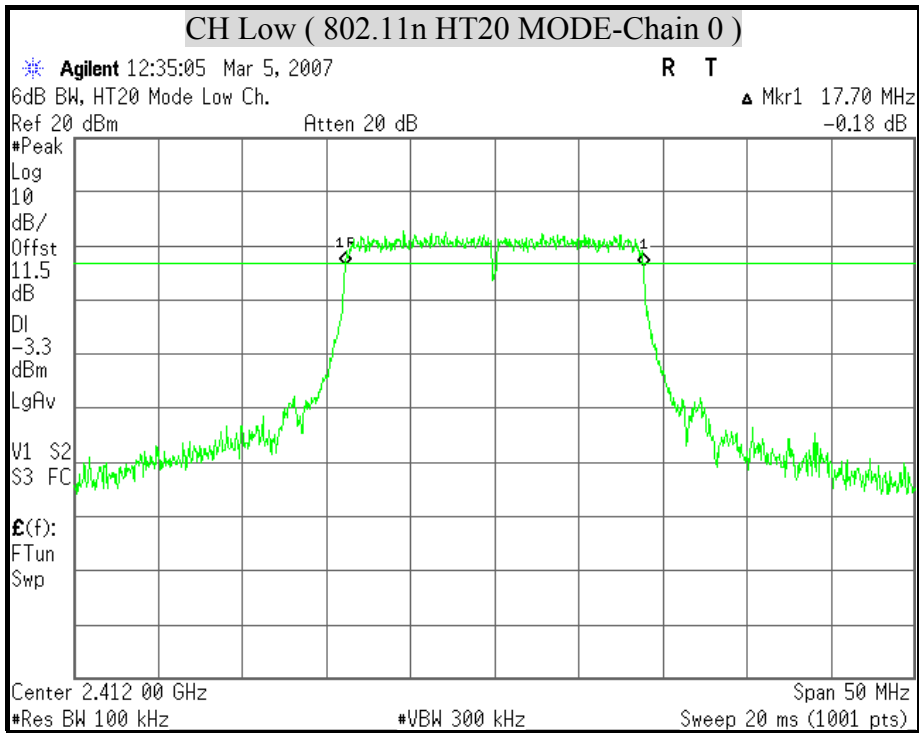


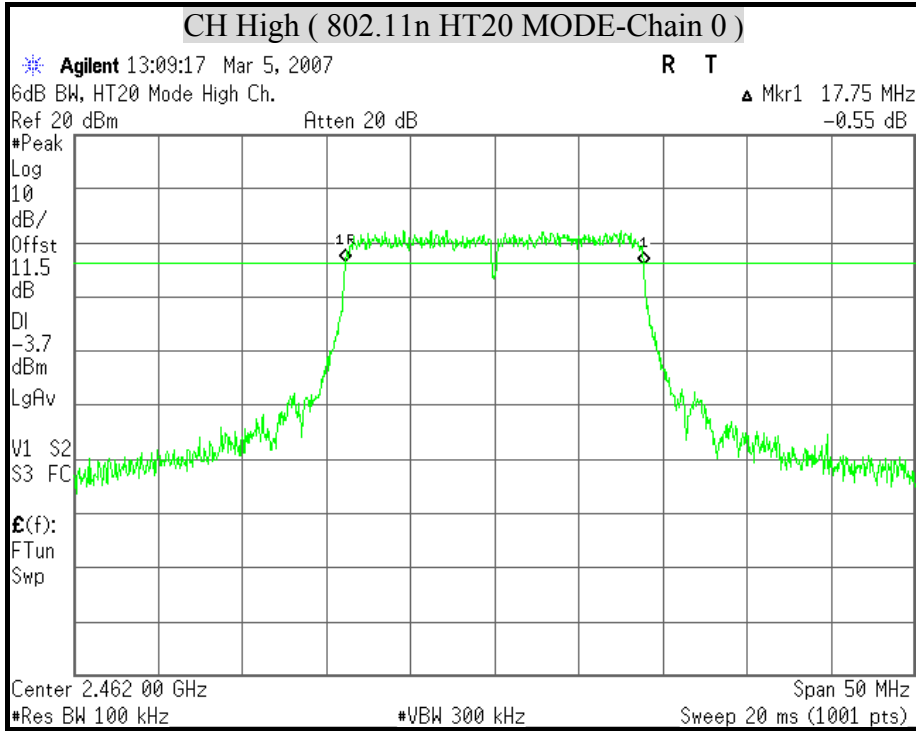


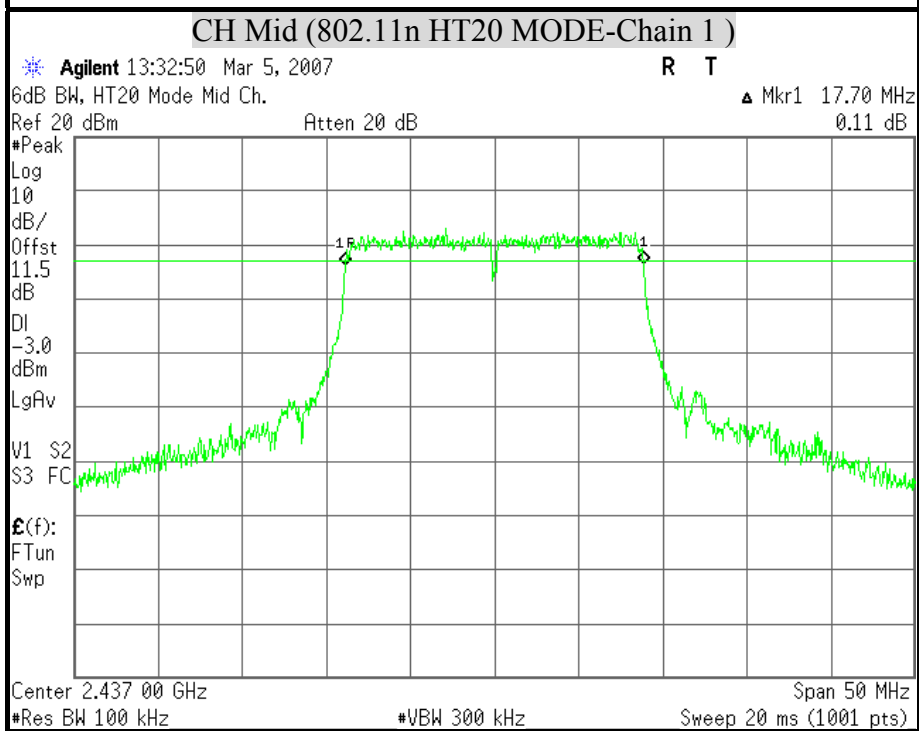
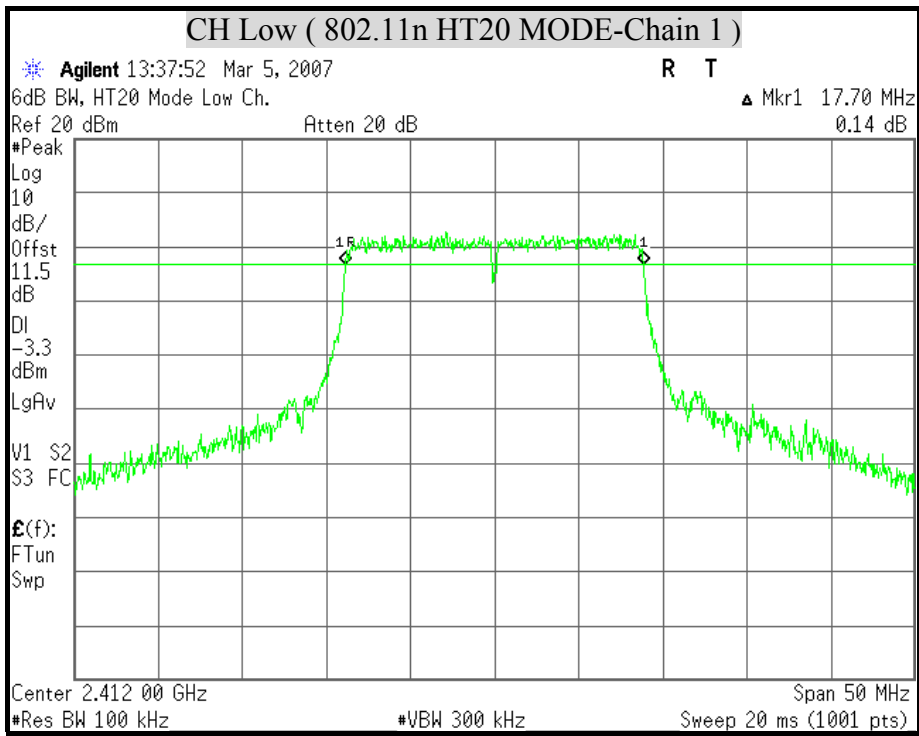


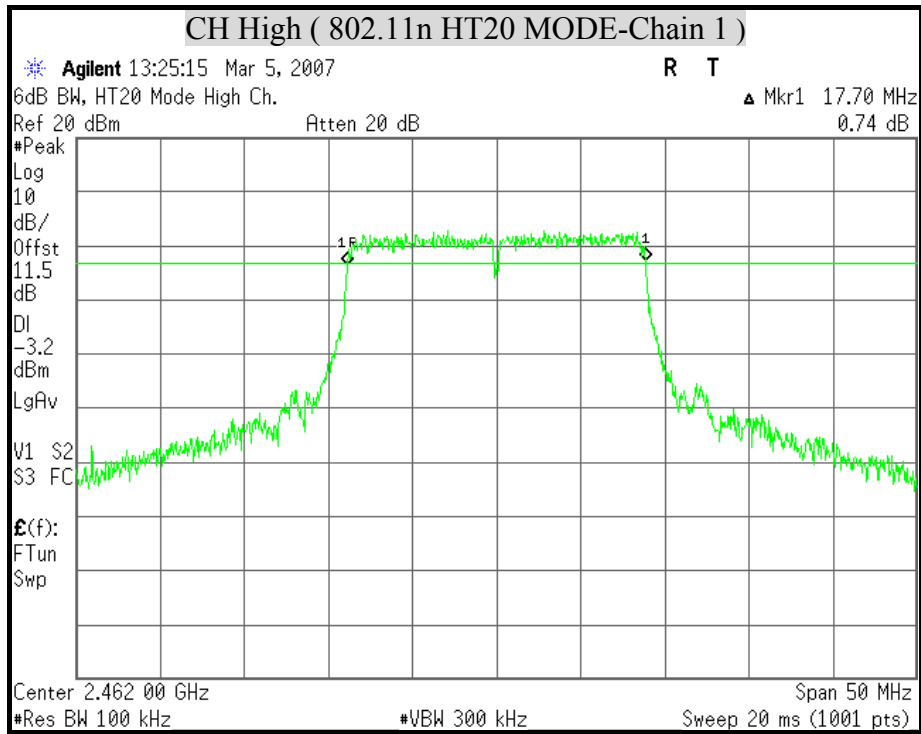


**6dB BANDWIDTH ( 802.11n HT20 MODE)**



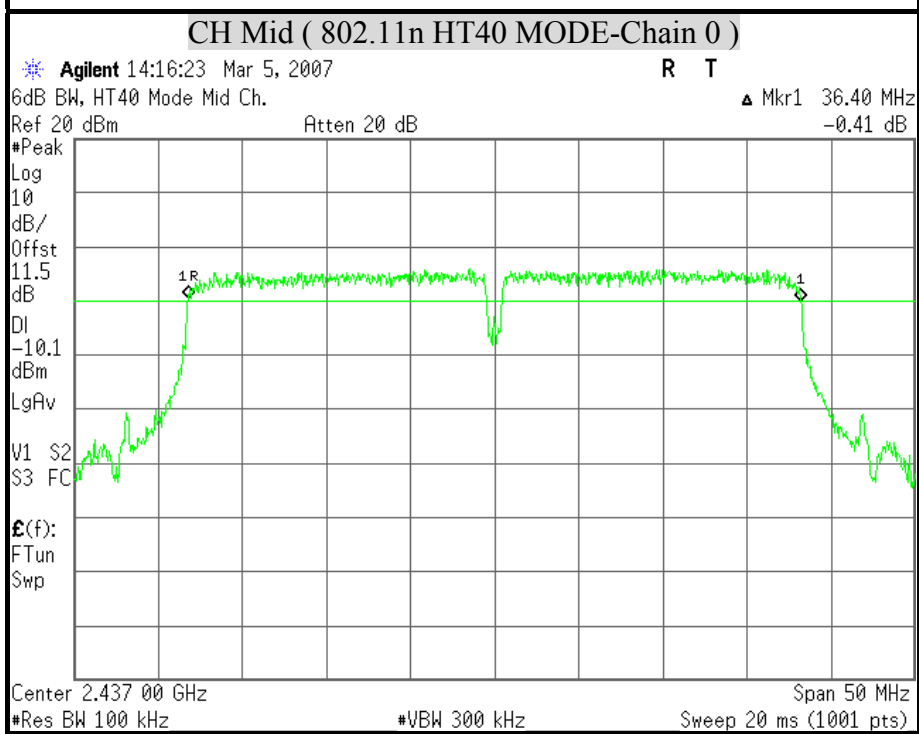
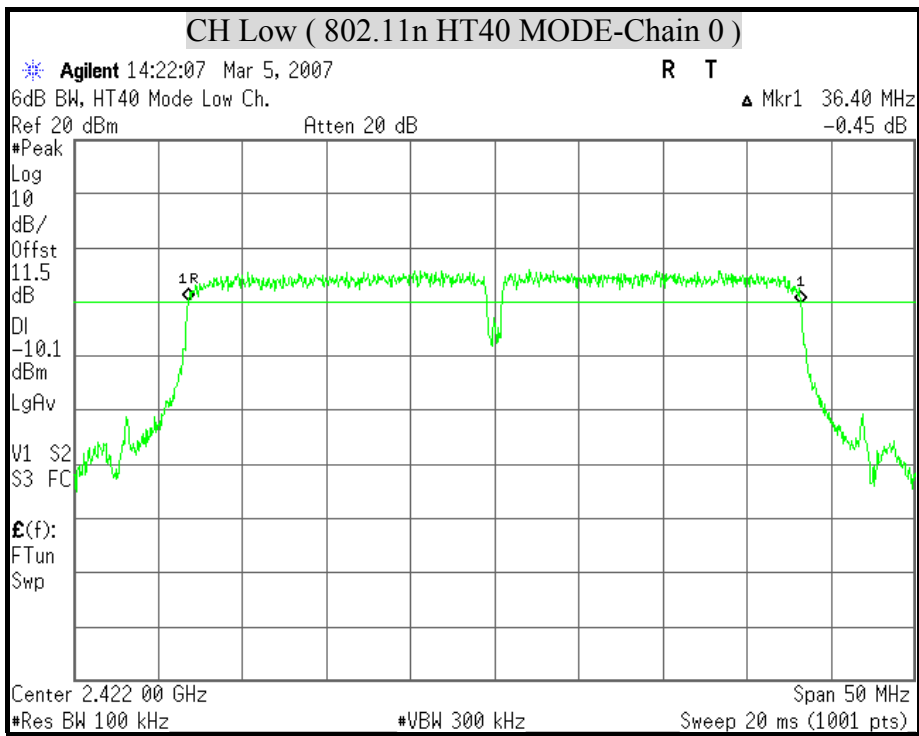


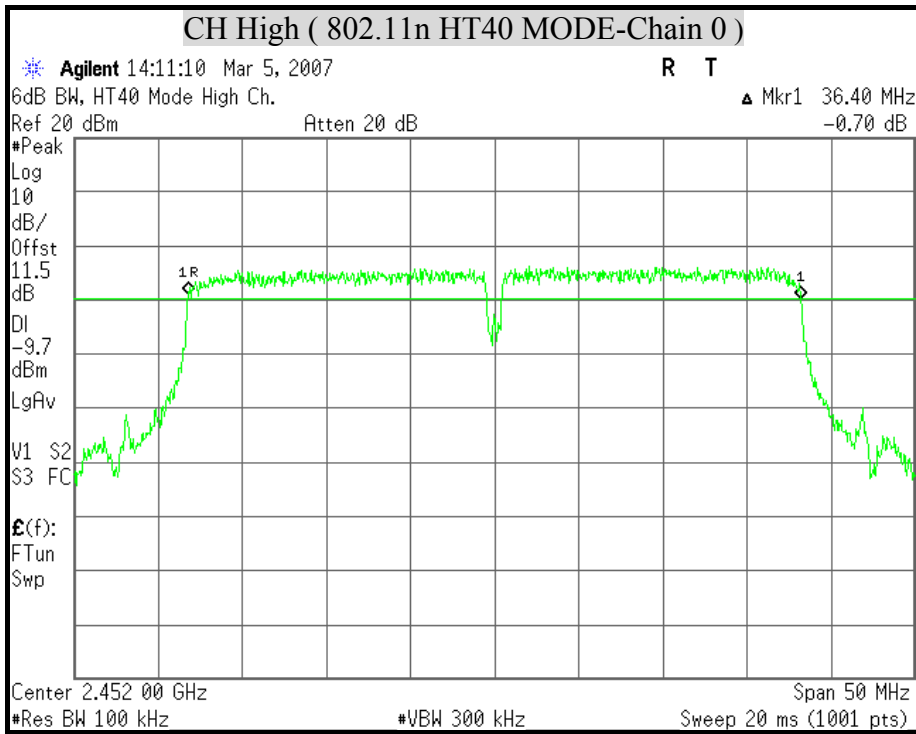


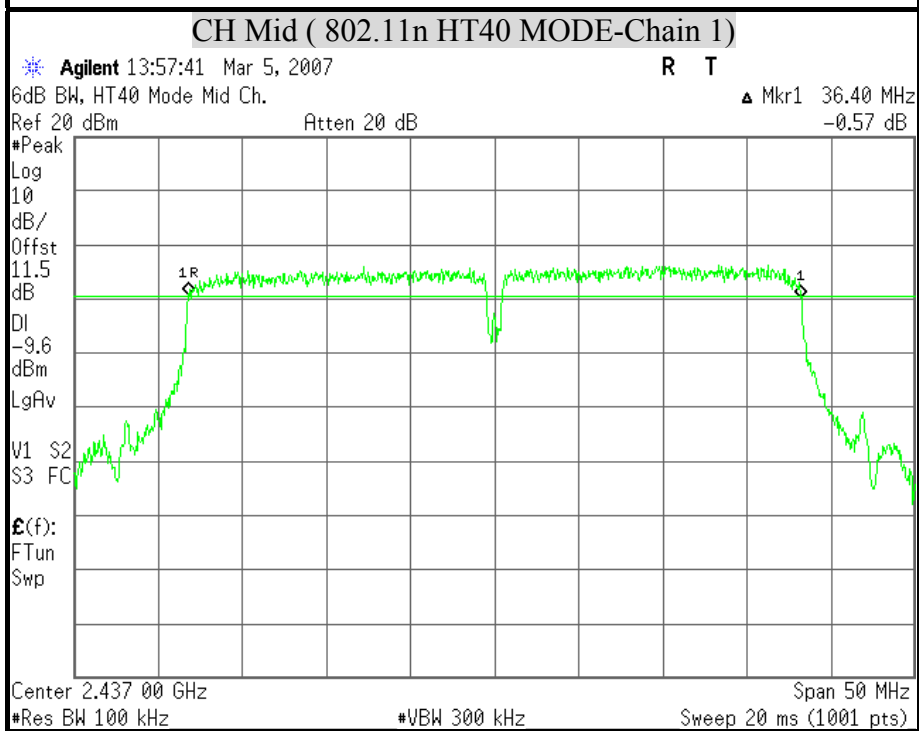
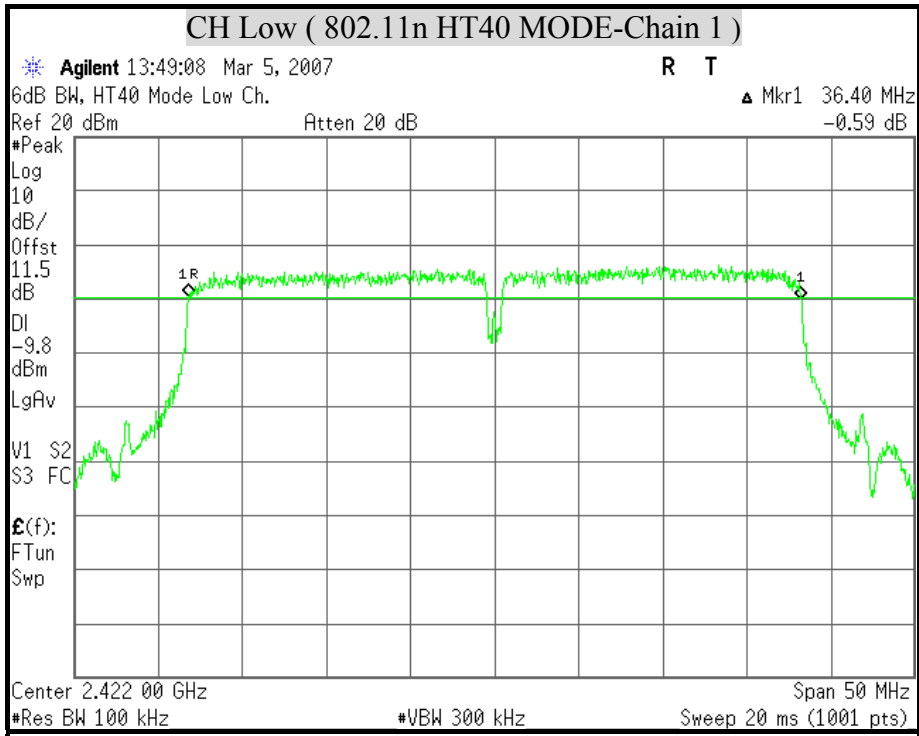


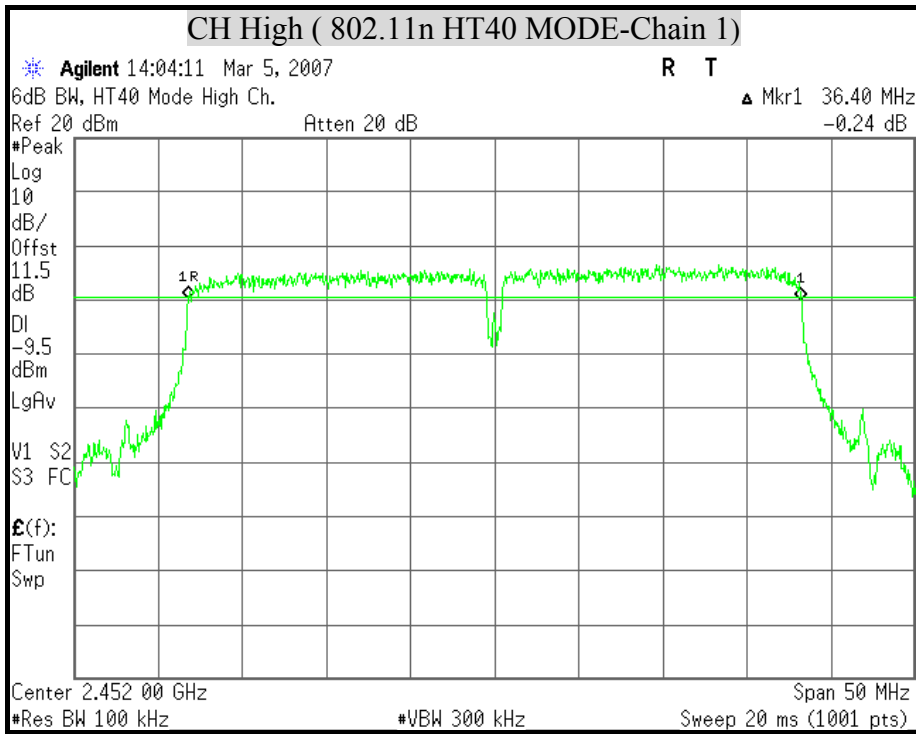


**6dB BANDWIDTH ( 802.11n HT40 MODE)**













## 8.2 99% BANDWIDTH

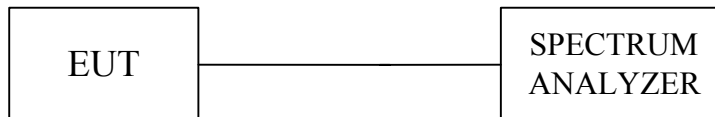
### LIMIT

None; for reporting purposes only.

### TEST EQUIPMENTS

Description & Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Date of Calibration
ROHDE & SCHWARZ SPECTRUM ANALYZER	FSEK30	835253/002	October 18, 2006
AGILENT SPECTRUM ANALYZER	E4446A	MY433601.32	March 22, 2006

### TEST SETUP



### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The spectrum shall be set as follows :

Span : The minimum span to fully display the emission and approximately 20dB below peak level.

RBW : The set to 1% to 3% of the approximate emission width.

2. Compute the combined power of all signal responses contained in the trace by covering all the data points.

3. For 99% occupied BW, place the markers at the frequency at which 0.5% of the power lies to the right of the right marker and 0.5% of the power lies to the left of the left marker.

4. The 99% BW is the bandwidth between the right and left markers.

**TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted

**IEEE 802.11b MODE**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	99% Occupied power bandwidth (MHz)
Low	2412	15.20
Middle	2437	15.20
High	2462	15.20

**IEEE 802.11g MODE**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	99% Occupied power bandwidth (MHz)
Low	2412.00	16.64
Middle	2437.00	16.65
High	2462.00	16.65

**IEEE 802.11n HT20 mode (Two TX)**

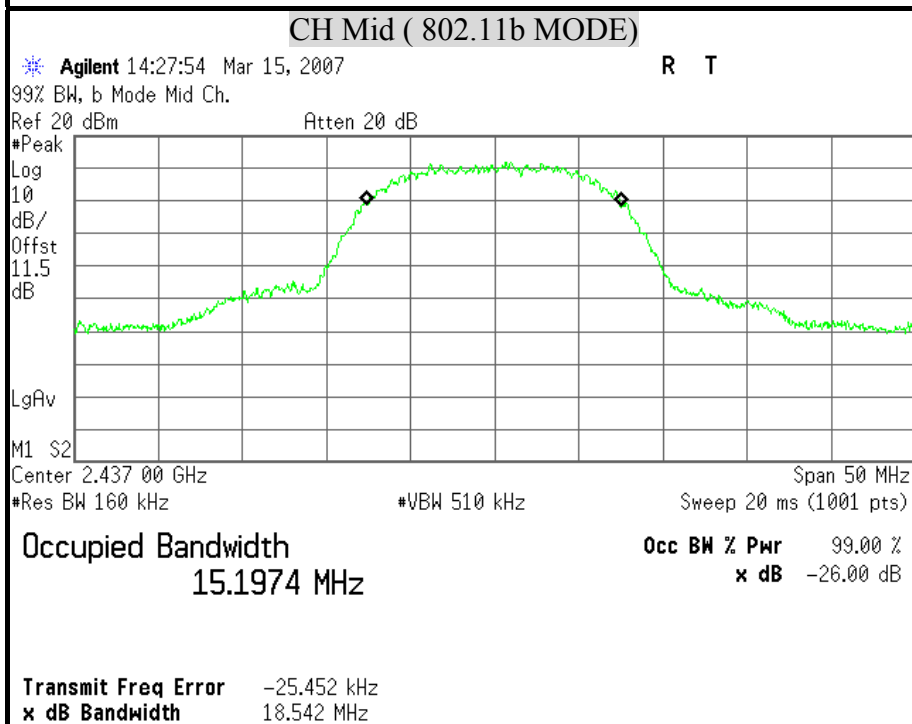
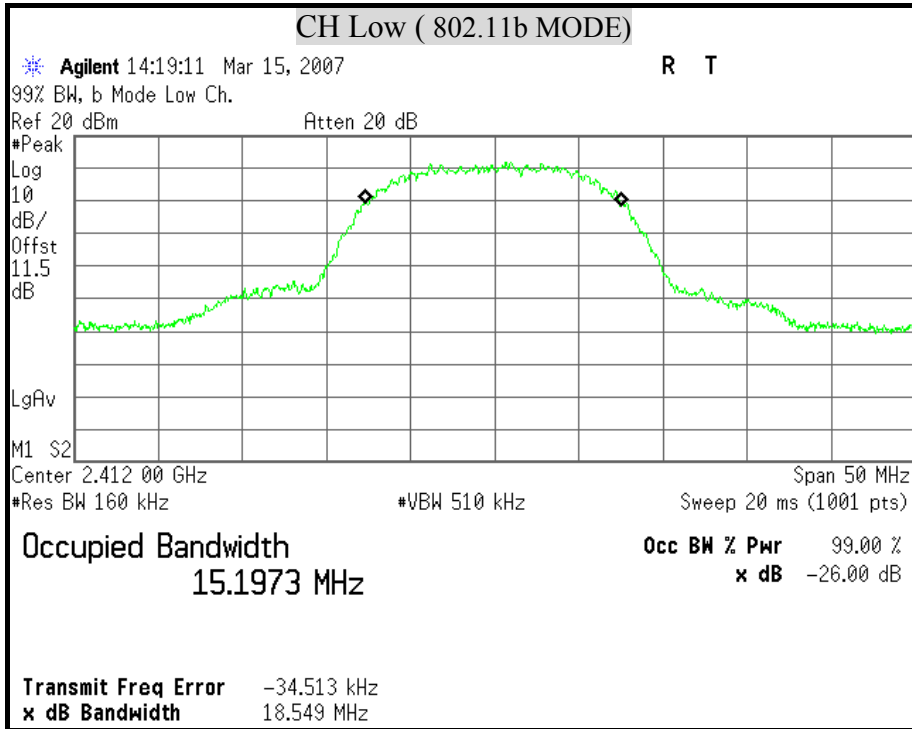
Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	99% Occupied power bandwidth (MHz)	
		Chain 0	Chain 1
Low	2412.00	17.58	17.61
Middle	2437.00	17.62	17.60
High	2462.00	17.61	17.60

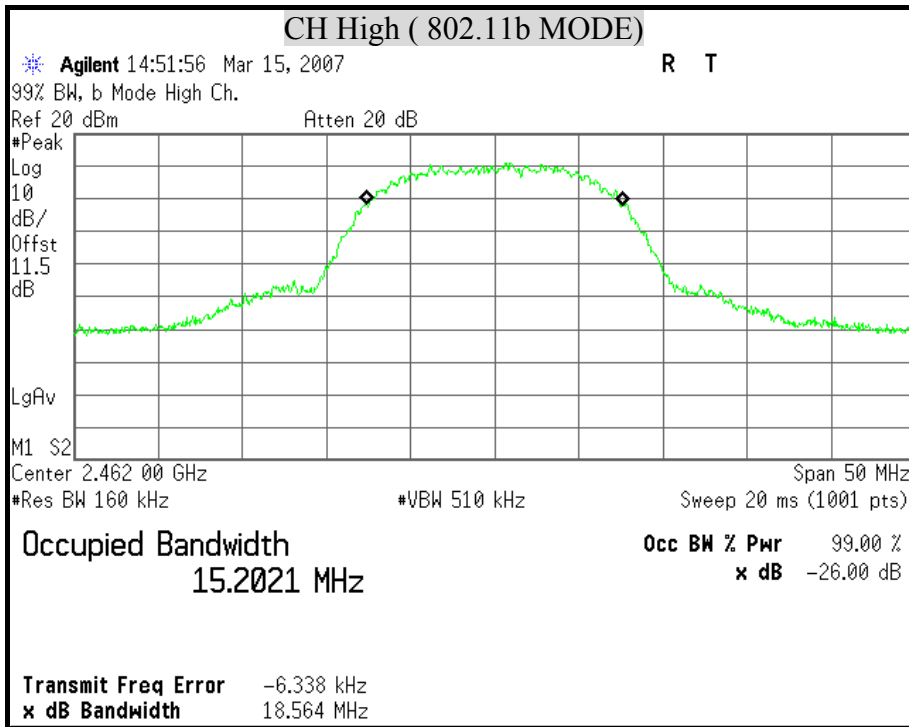
**IEEE 802.11n HT40 mode (Two TX)**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	99% Occupied power bandwidth (MHz)	
		Chain 0	Chain 1
Low	2422.00	36.03	36.01
Middle	2437.00	36.03	36.01
High	2452.00	36.03	36.02



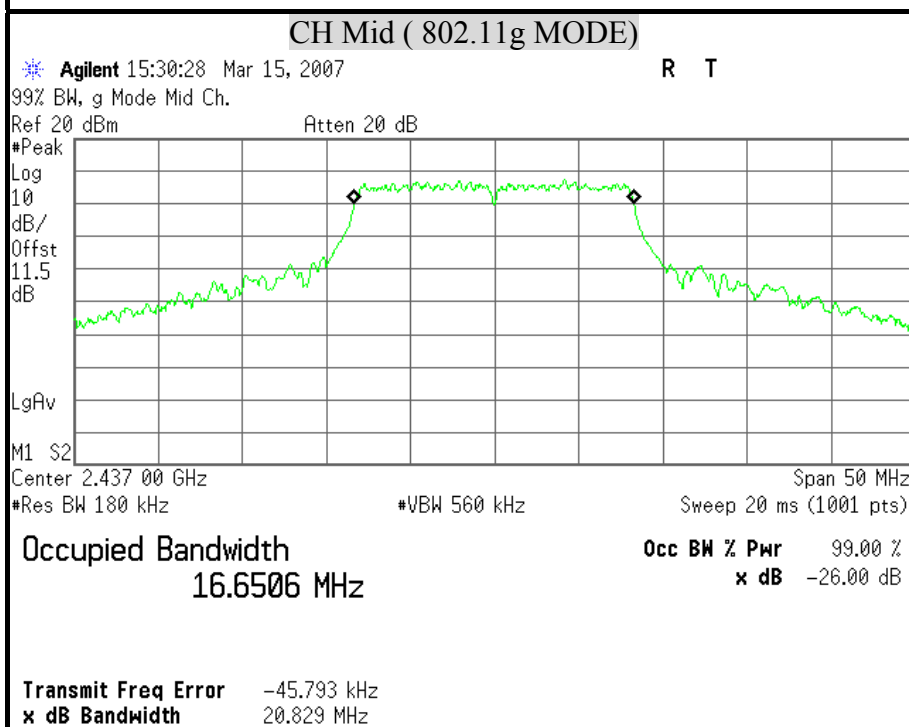
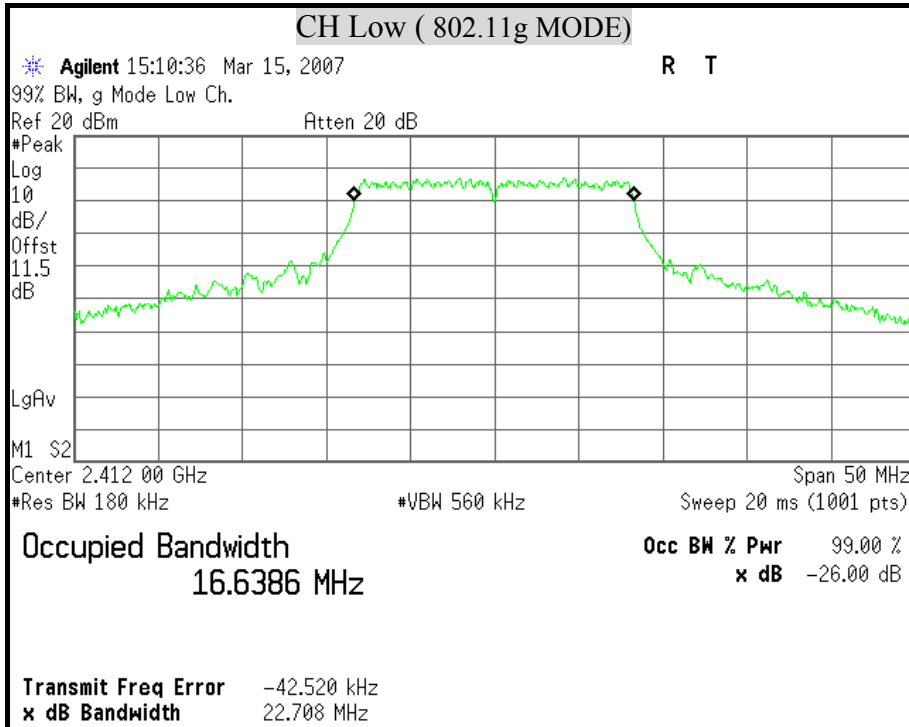
**99% BANDWIDTH ( 802.11b MODE)**

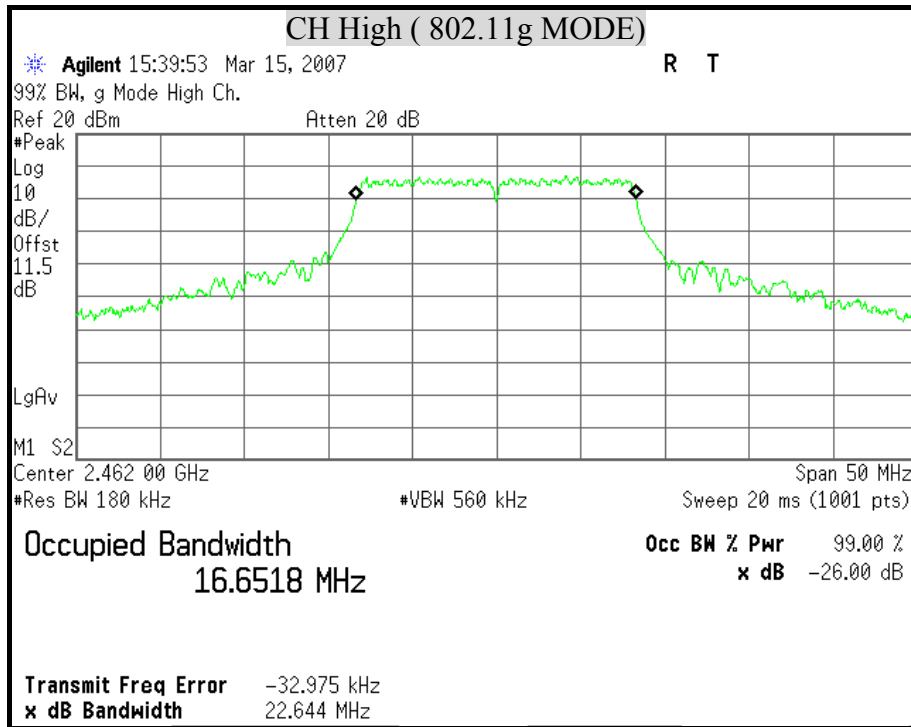






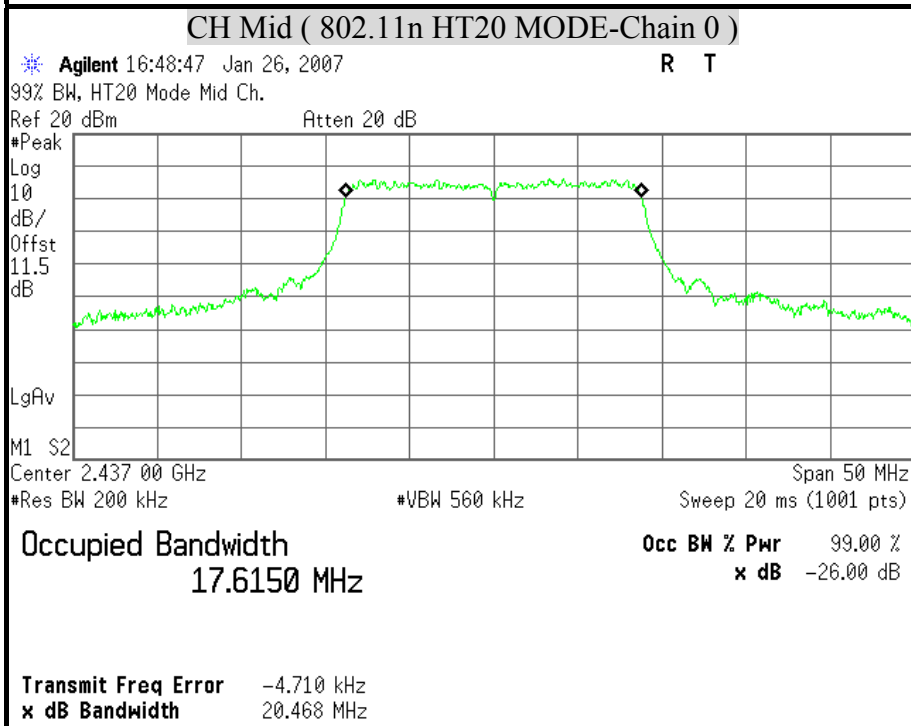
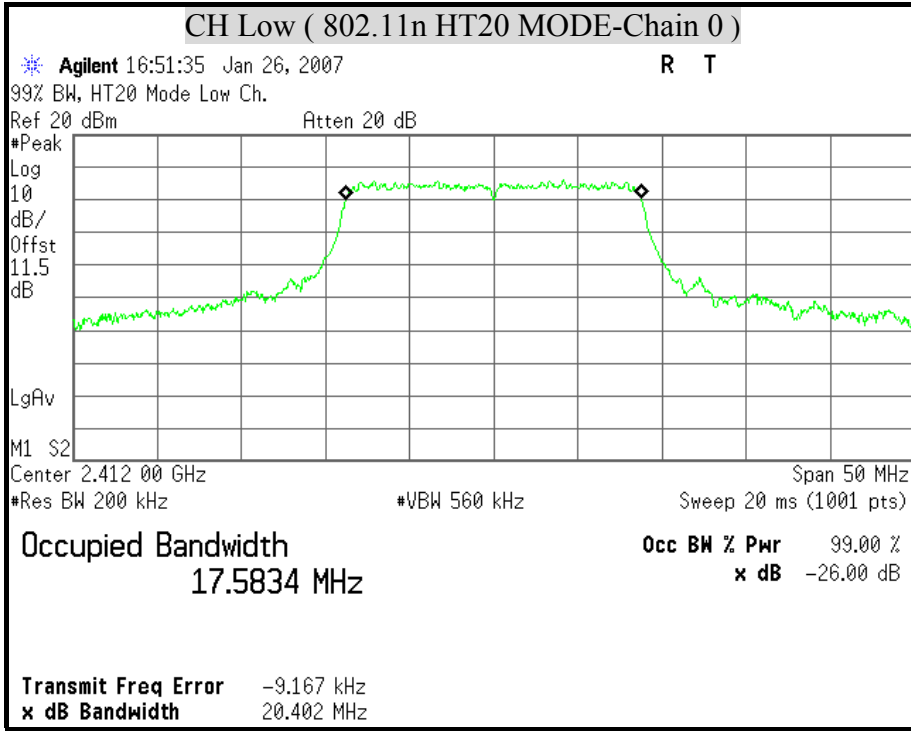
**99% BANDWIDTH ( 802.11g MODE)**

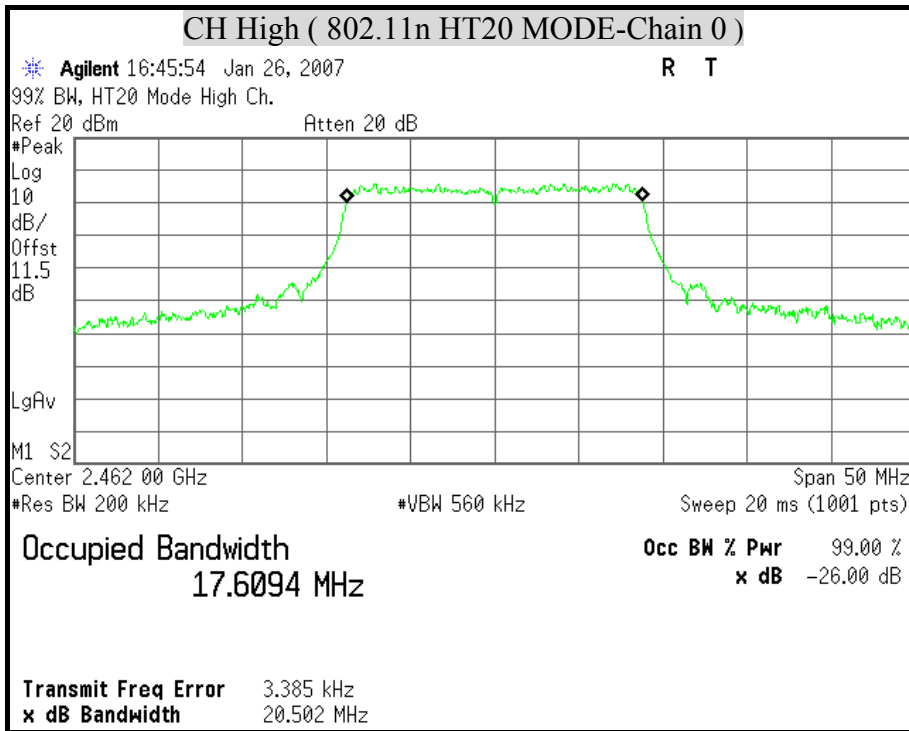




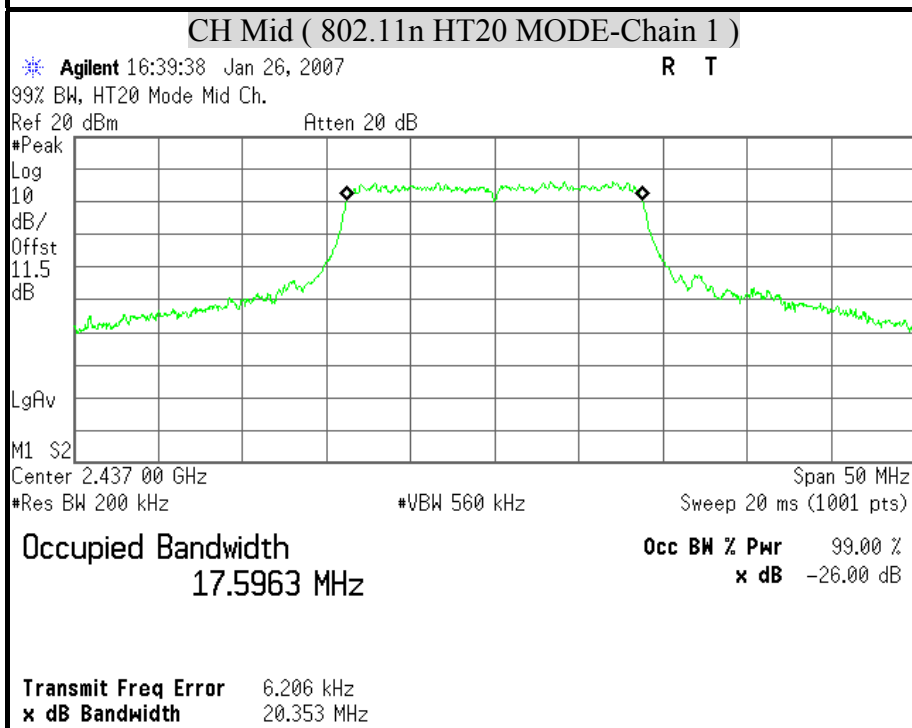
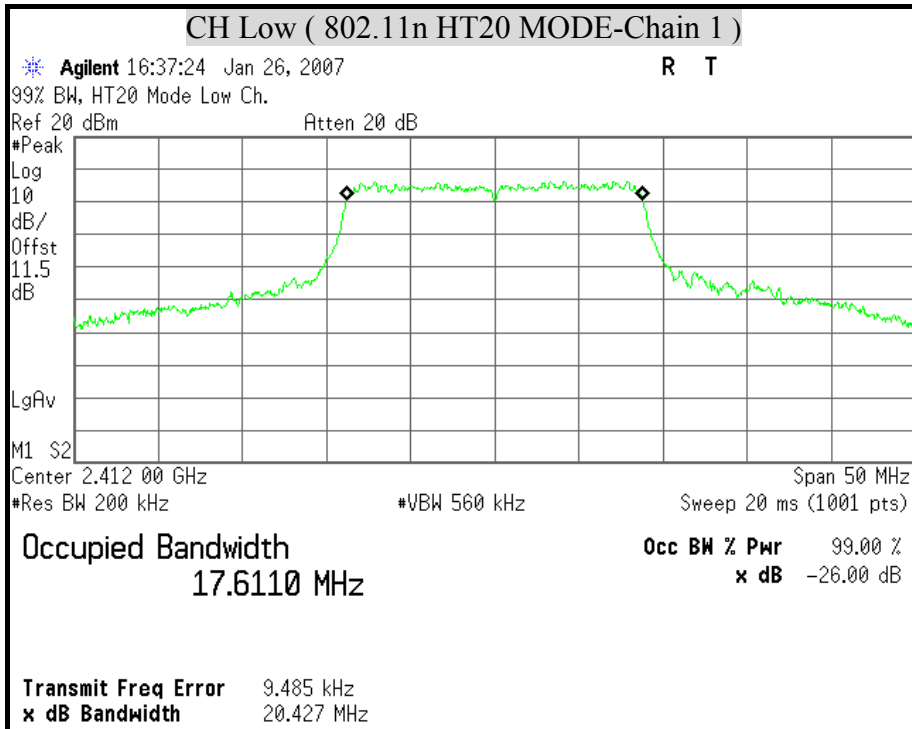


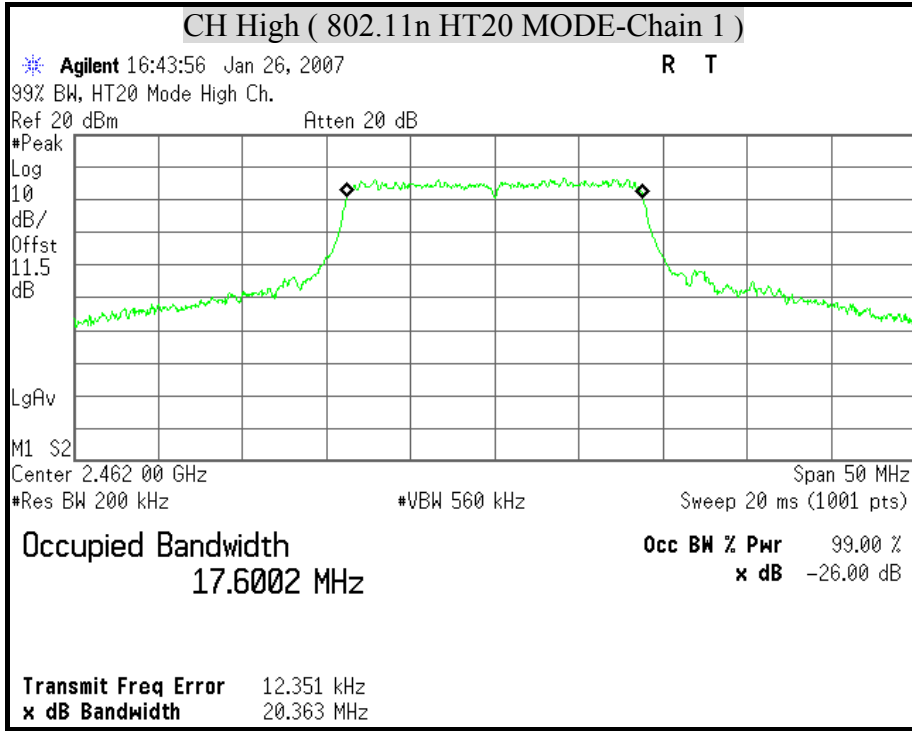
**99% BANDWIDTH ( 802.11n HT20 MODE )**





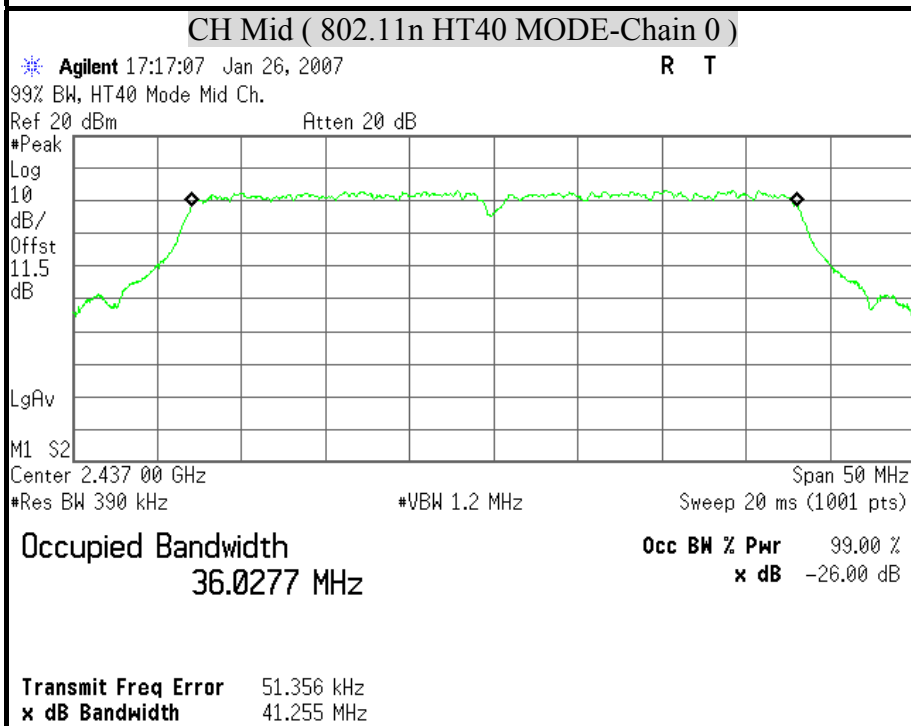
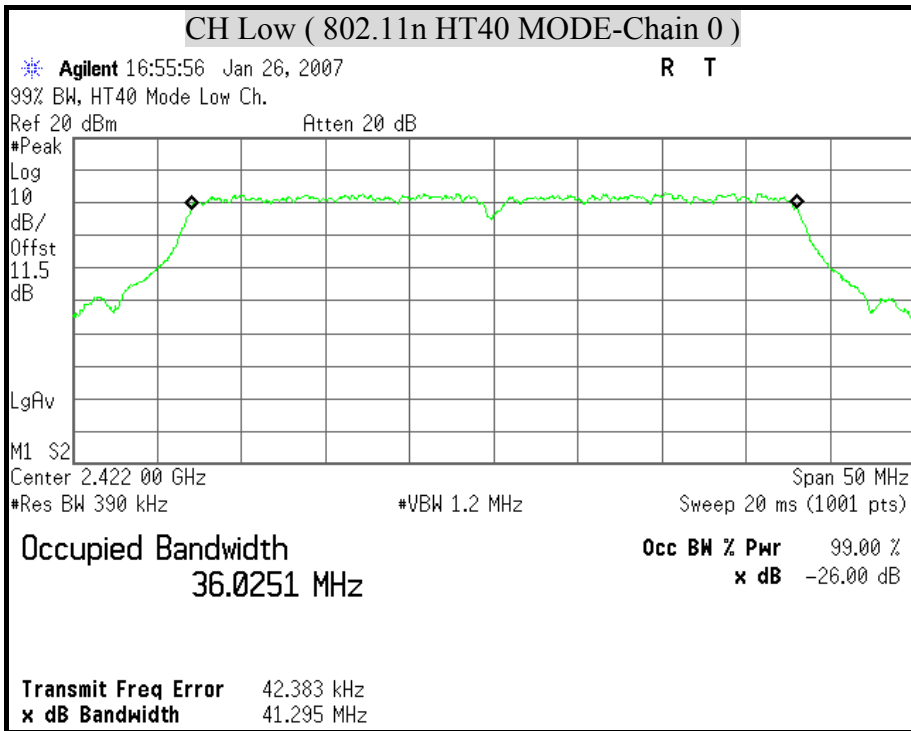


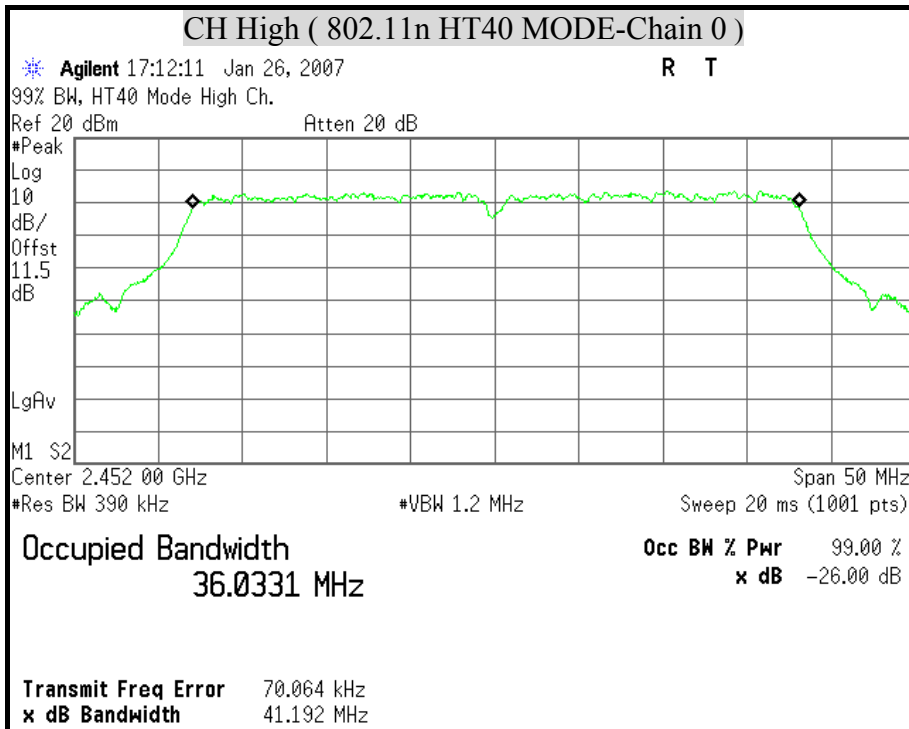


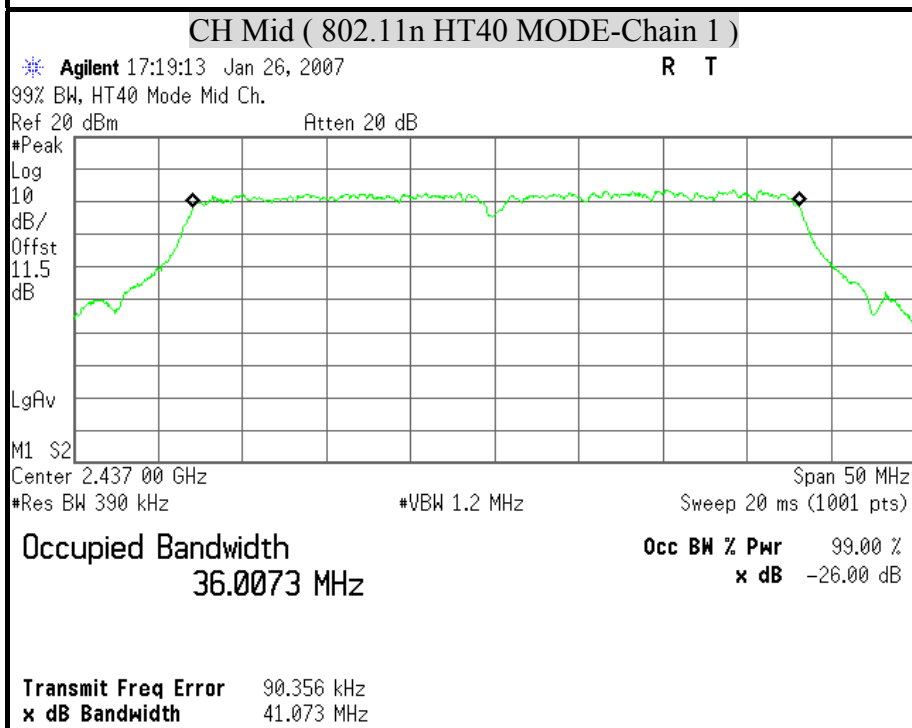
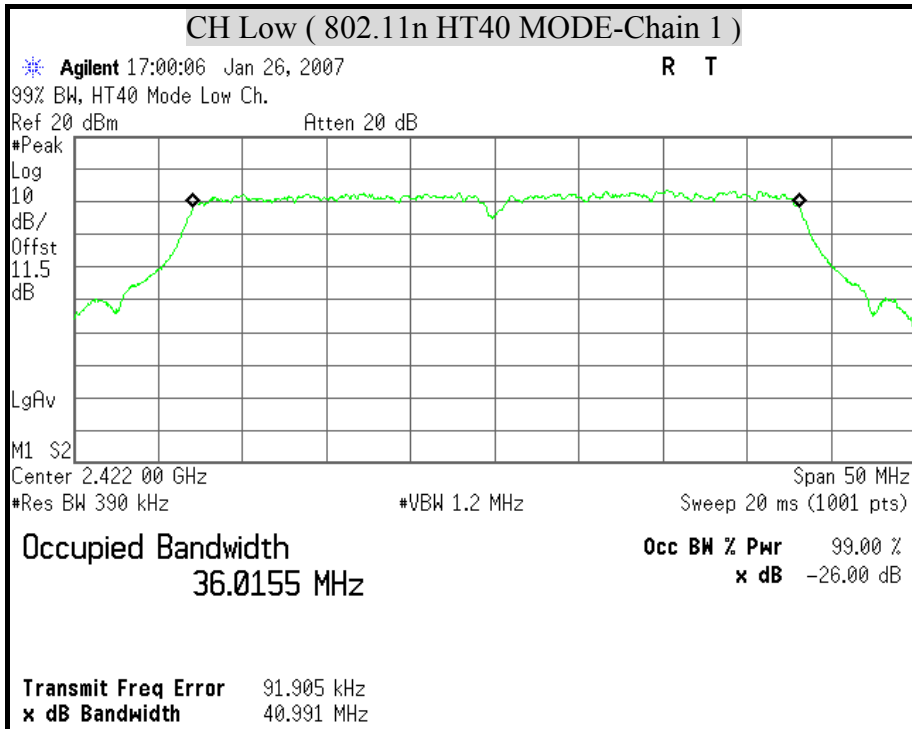


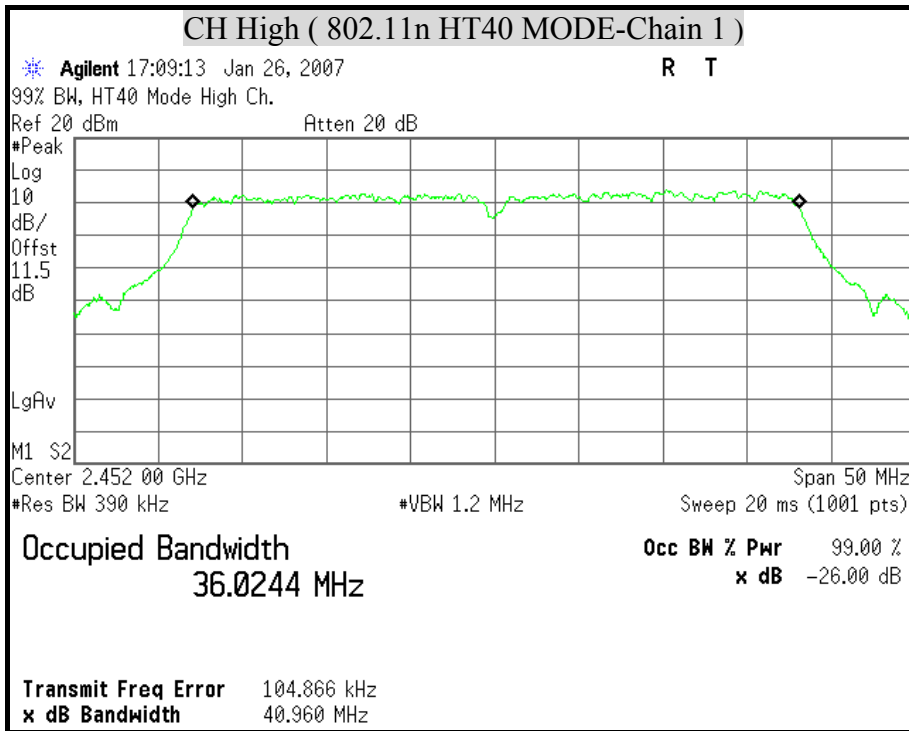


**99% BANDWIDTH (802.11n HT40 MODE)**











### 8.3 MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER

#### LIMIT

§ 15.247(b) The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following :

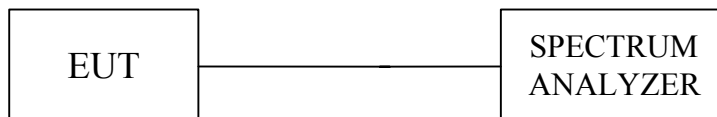
§ 15.247(b) (3) For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands : 1 watt.

§ 15.247(b) (4) Except as shown in paragraphs (c) of this section , if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the peak output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1) or (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section , as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

#### TEST EQUIPMENTS

Description & Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Date of Calibration
ROHDE & SCHWARZ SPECTRUM ANALYZER	FSEK30	835253/002	October 18, 2006
AGILENT SPECTRUM ANALYZER	E4446A	MY433601.32	March 22, 2006

#### TEST SETUP



#### TEST PROCEDURE

- The spectrum shall be set as follows :
  - Span : 1.5 times channel integration bandwidth.
  - RBW : 1MHz
  - VBW : 3MHz
  - Detector : Peak
  - Sweep : Single trace
- Compute the combined power of all signal responses contained in the trace by covering all the data points.
- For 99% occupied BW, place the markers at the frequency at which 0.5% of the power lies to the right of the right marker and 0.5% of the power lies to the left of the left marker.
- The peak output power is the channel power integrated over 99% bandwidth.

**TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted

Total peak power calculation formula:

$$10 \log (10^{\text{(Chain 0 Power / 10)}} + 10^{\text{(Chain1 Power / 10)}}).$$

The maximum antenna gain is 0.56dBi for other than fixed, point-to-point operations, therefore the limit is 30 dBm. In the legacy mode, the effective antenna gain is  $0.56 + 10 \times \text{Log}(2) = 3.57$  dBi.

**IEEE 802.11b MODE**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power (dBm)	Peak Power Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
Low	2412	23.50	30	PASS
Middle	2437	23.51	30	PASS
High	2462	22.77	30	PASS

**Remark:**

1. At final test to get the worst-case emission at 11Mbps.
2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.5 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.5 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.

**IEEE 802.11g MODE**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power (dBm)	Peak Power Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
Low	2412	21.02	30	PASS
Middle	2437	21.09	30	PASS
High	2462	21.03	30	PASS

**Remark:**

1. At final test to get the worst-case emission at 6Mbps.
2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.5 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.5 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.



**IEEE 802.11n HT20 mode (Two TX)**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power (dBm)		Peak Power Total (dBm)	Peak Power Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0	Chain 1			
Low	2412	19.74	20.05	22.91	30	PASS
Middle	2437	19.86	20.03	22.96	30	PASS
High	2462	19.59	20.18	22.91	30	PASS

**Remark:**

1. At final test to get the worst-case emission at 6.5Mbps.
2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.5 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.5 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.

**IEEE 802.11n HT40 mode (TwoTX)**

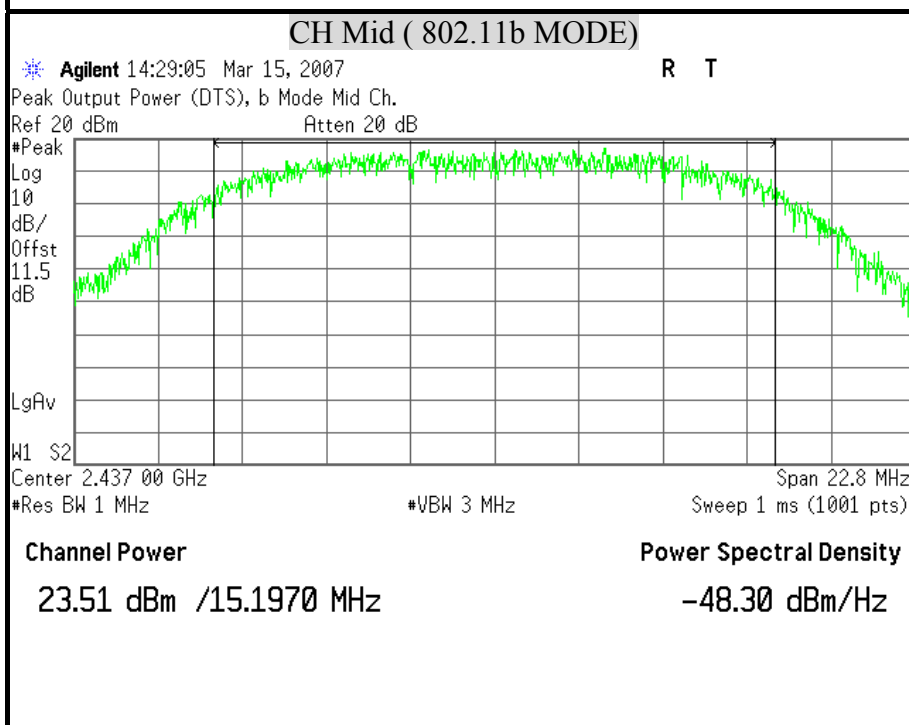
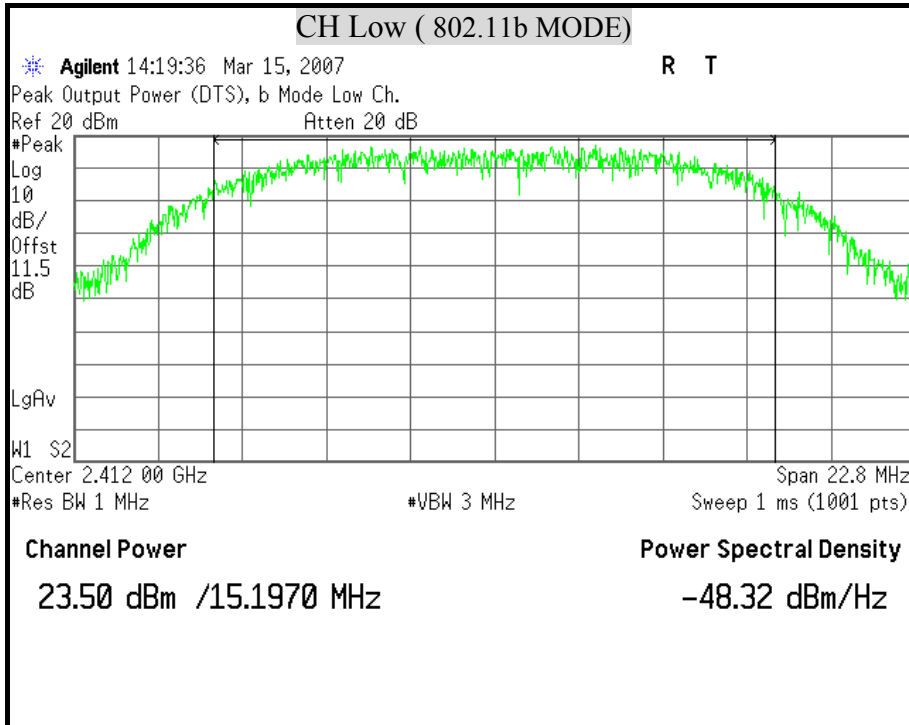
Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power (dBm)		Peak Power Total (dBm)	Peak Power Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0	Chain 1			
Low	2422	16.46	16.68	19.58	30	PASS
Middle	2437	16.56	16.65	19.62	30	PASS
High	2452	16.88	16.80	19.85	30	PASS

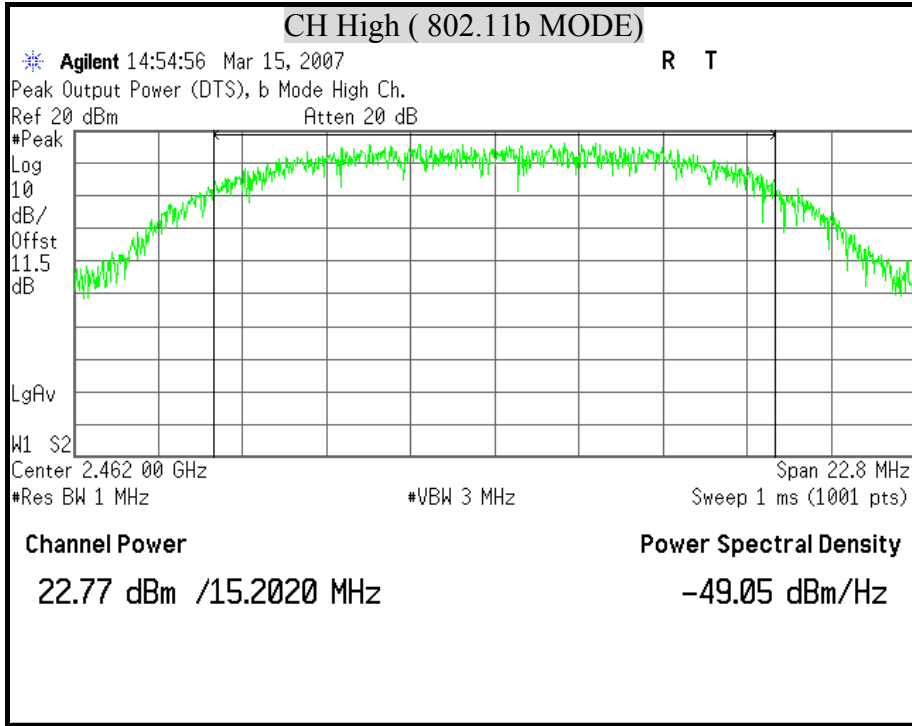
**Remark:**

1. At final test to get the worst-case emission at 6.5Mbps.
2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.5 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.5 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.



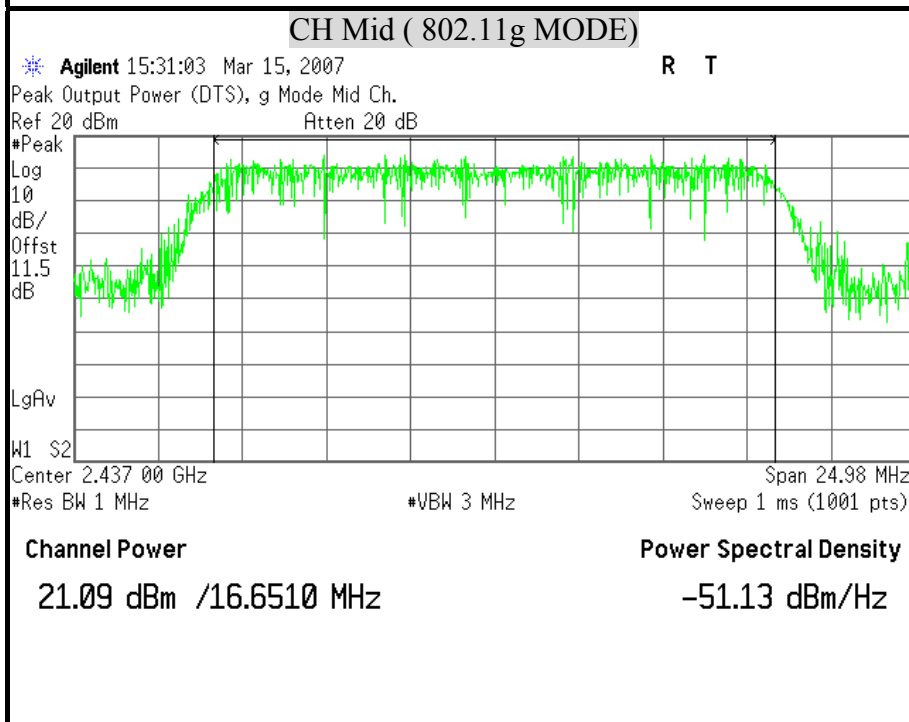
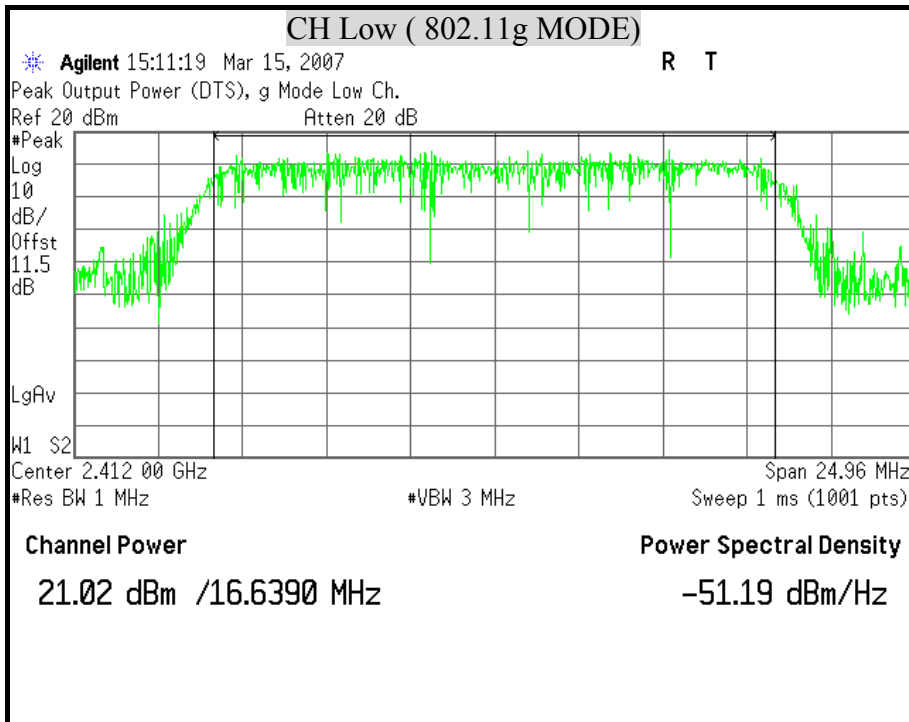
**MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER ( 802.11b MODE)**

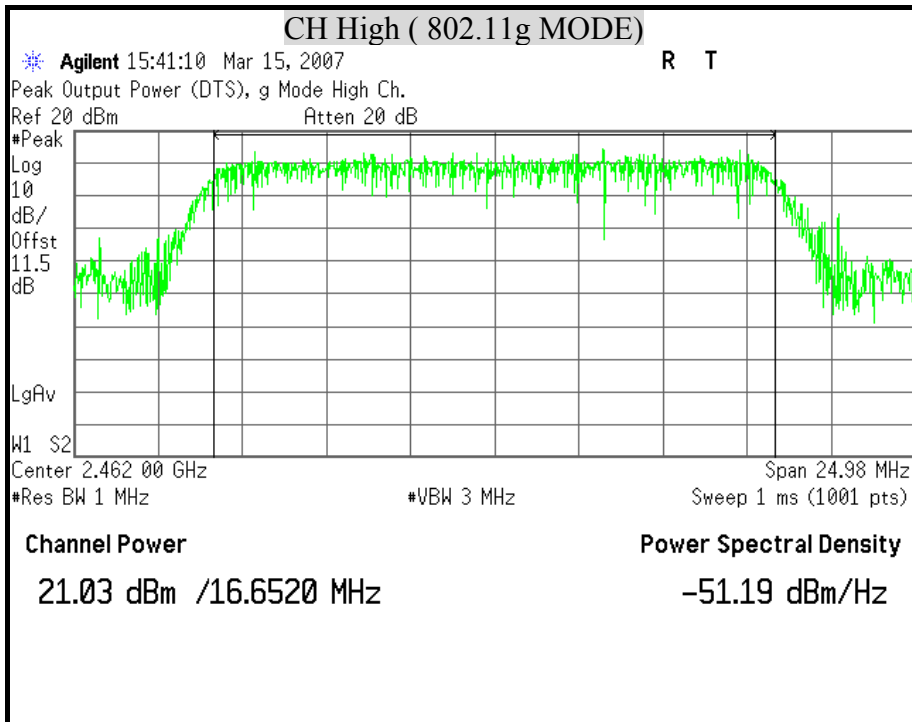






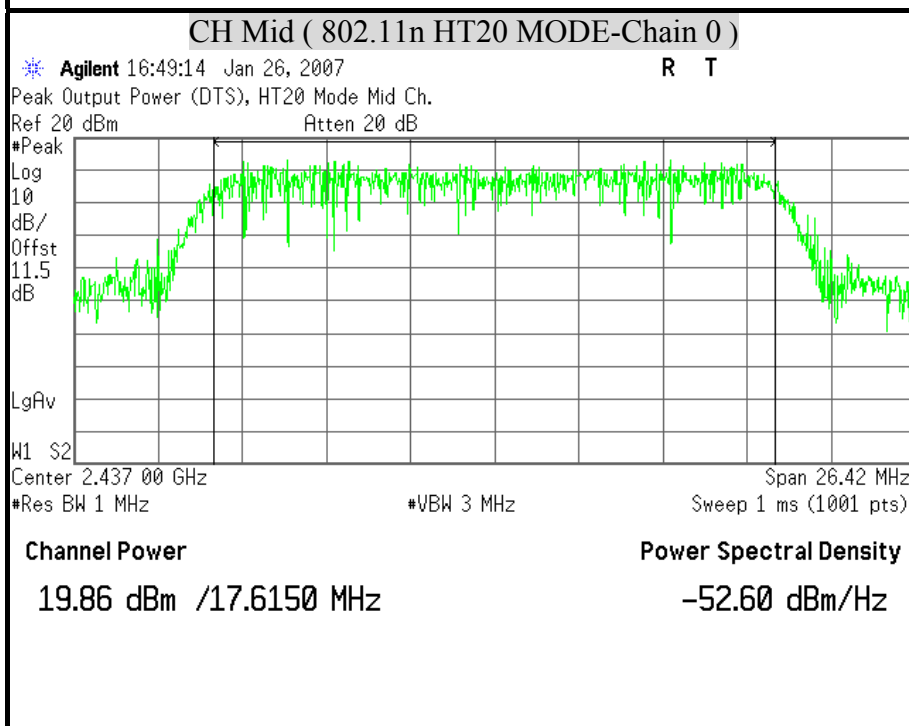
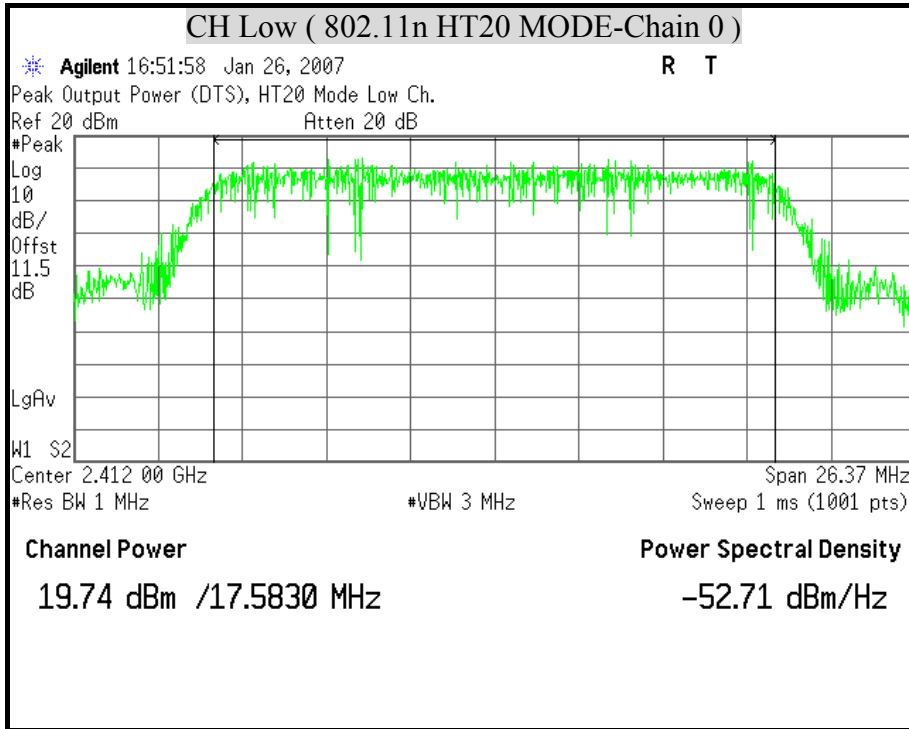
**MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER ( 802.11g MODE)**

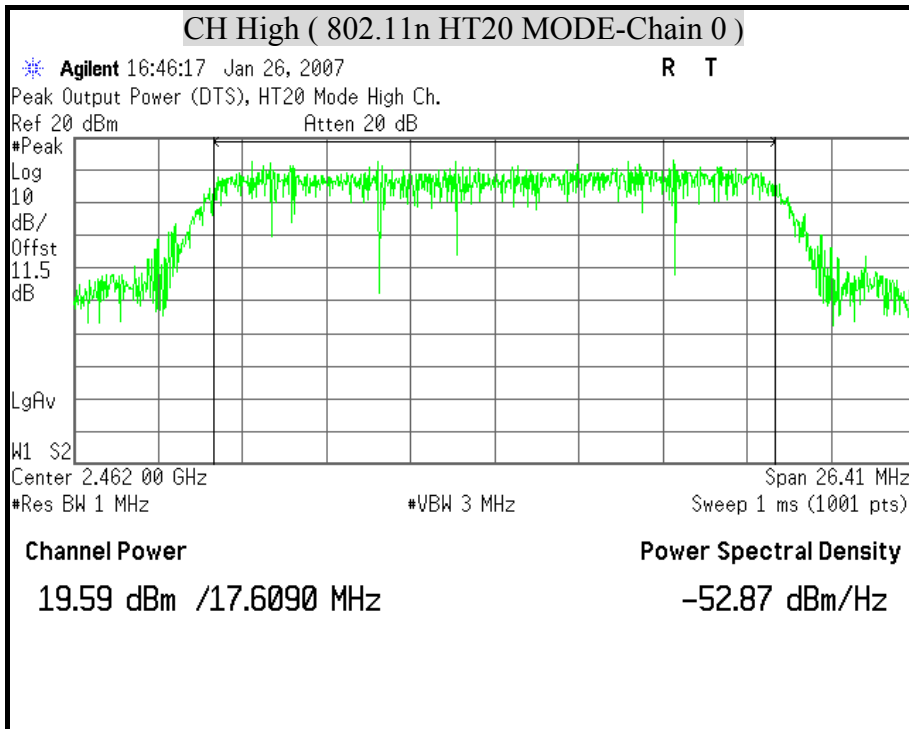


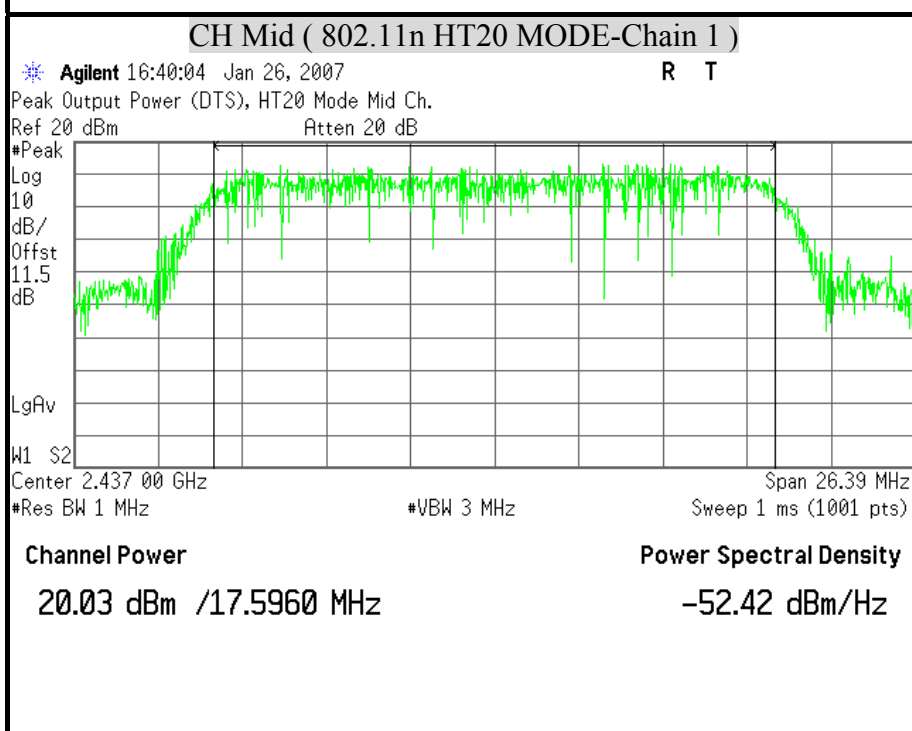
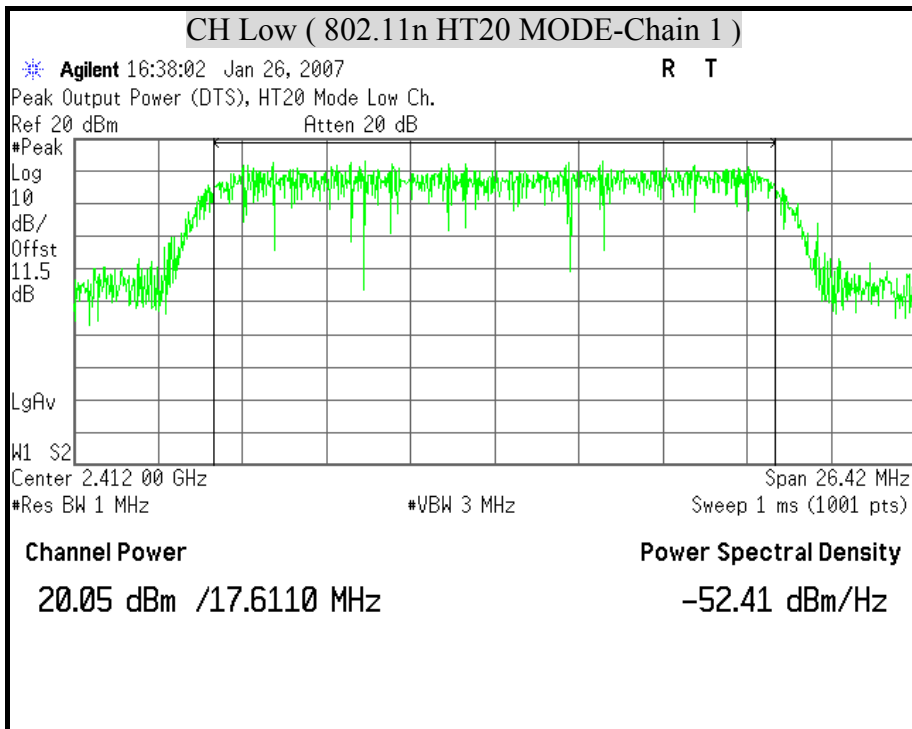




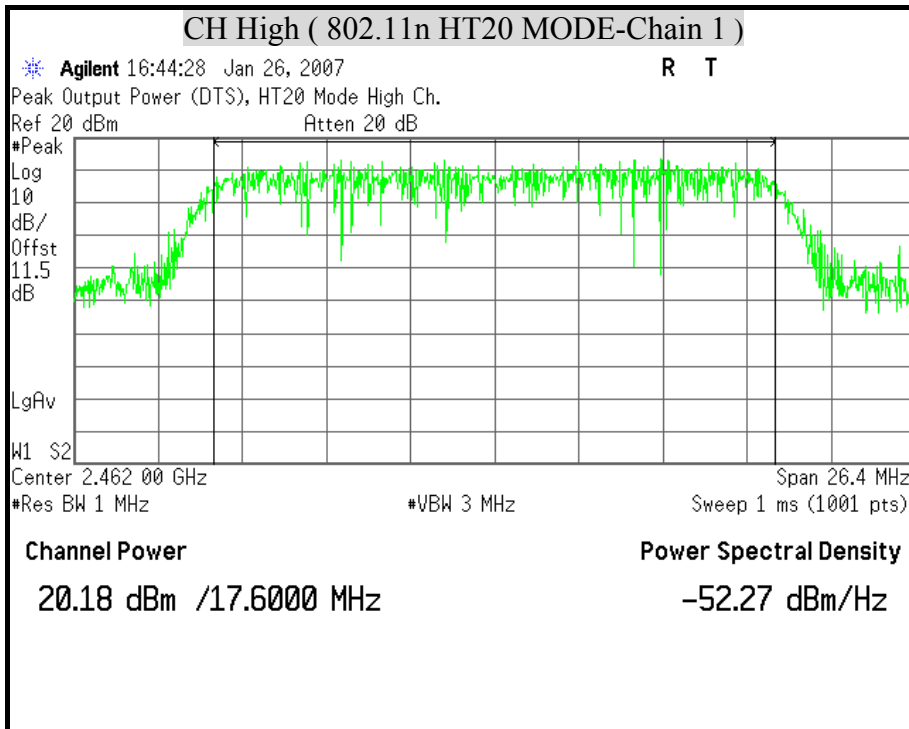
**MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER ( 802.11n HT20 MODE )**





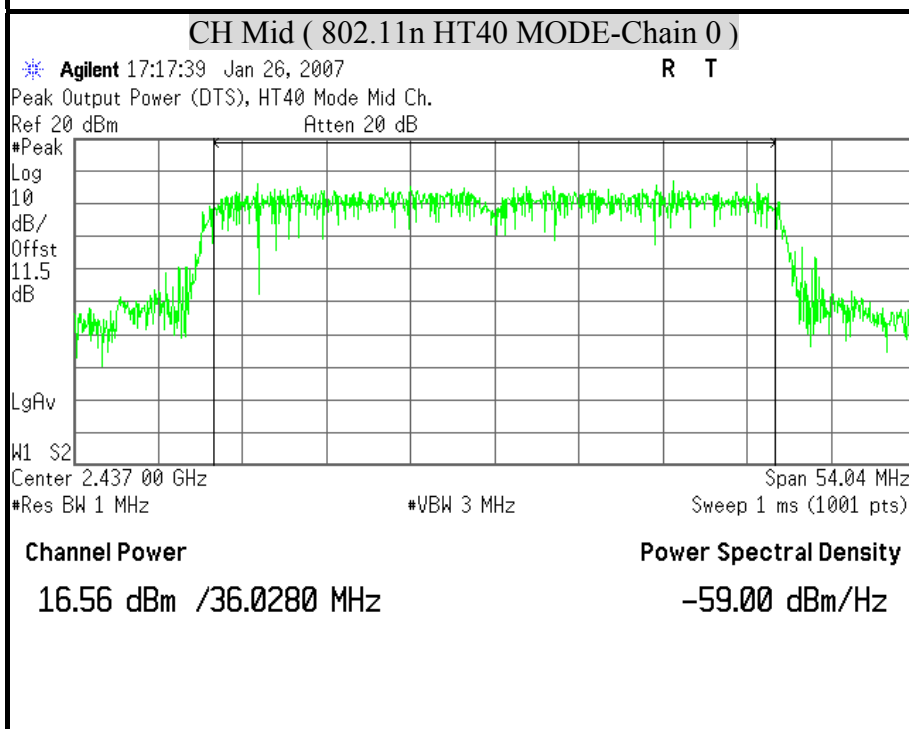
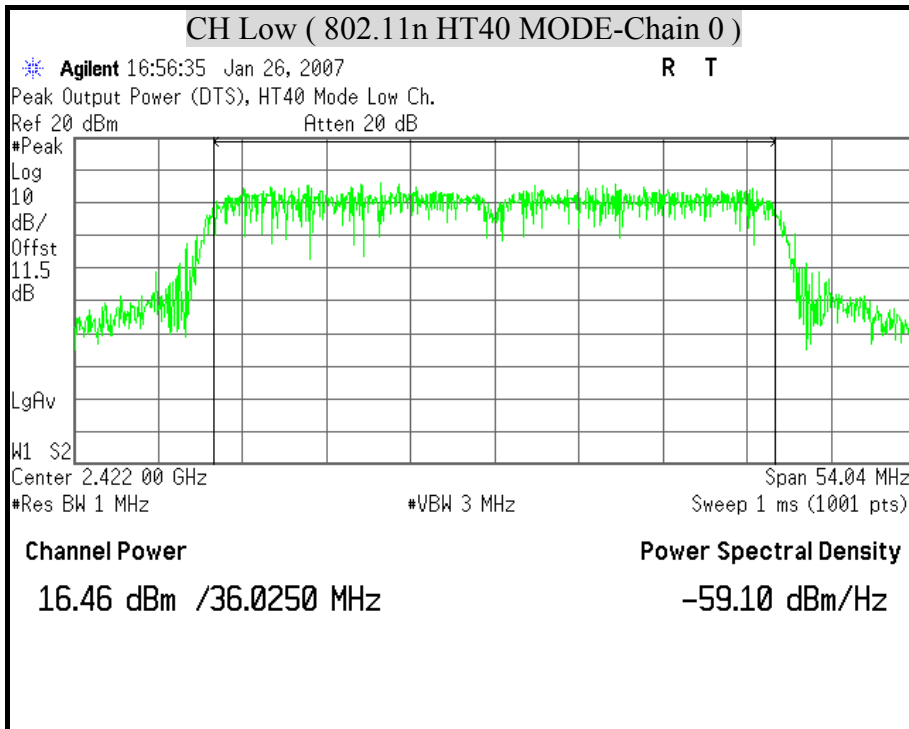


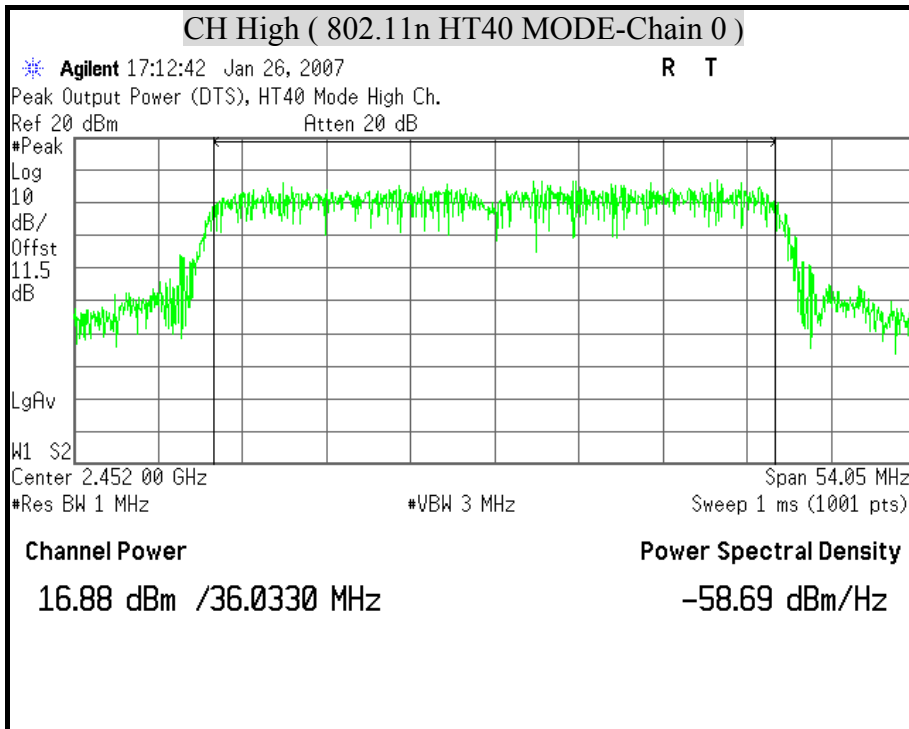


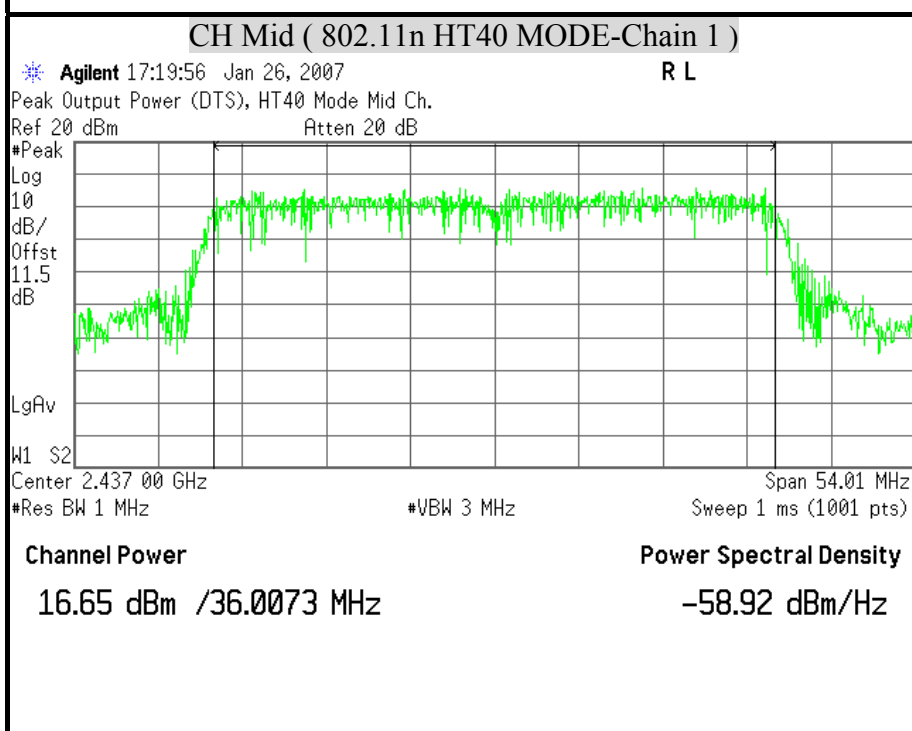
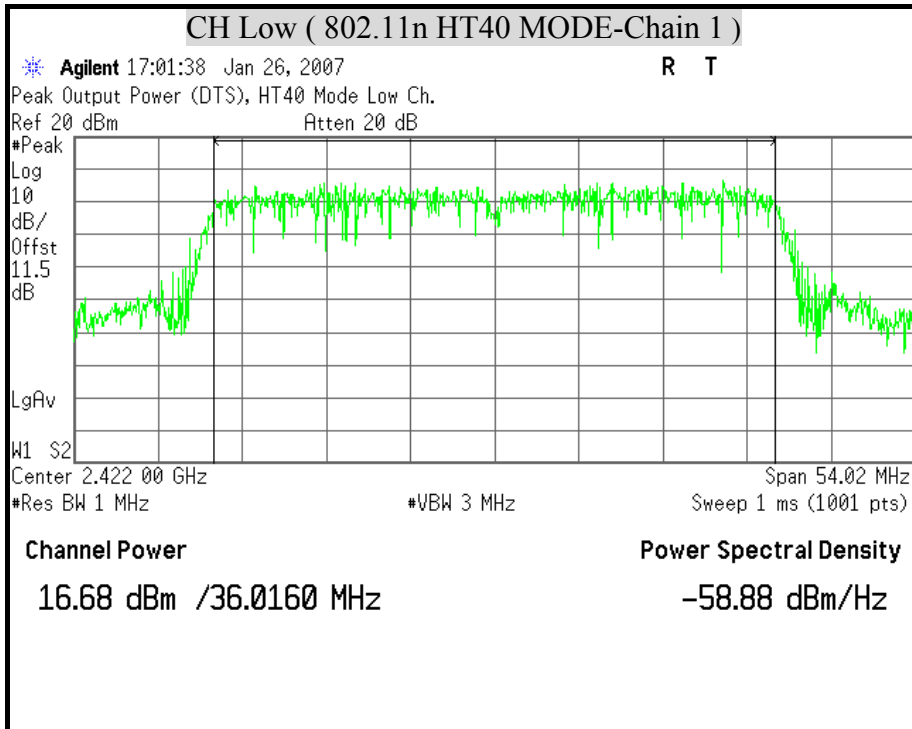


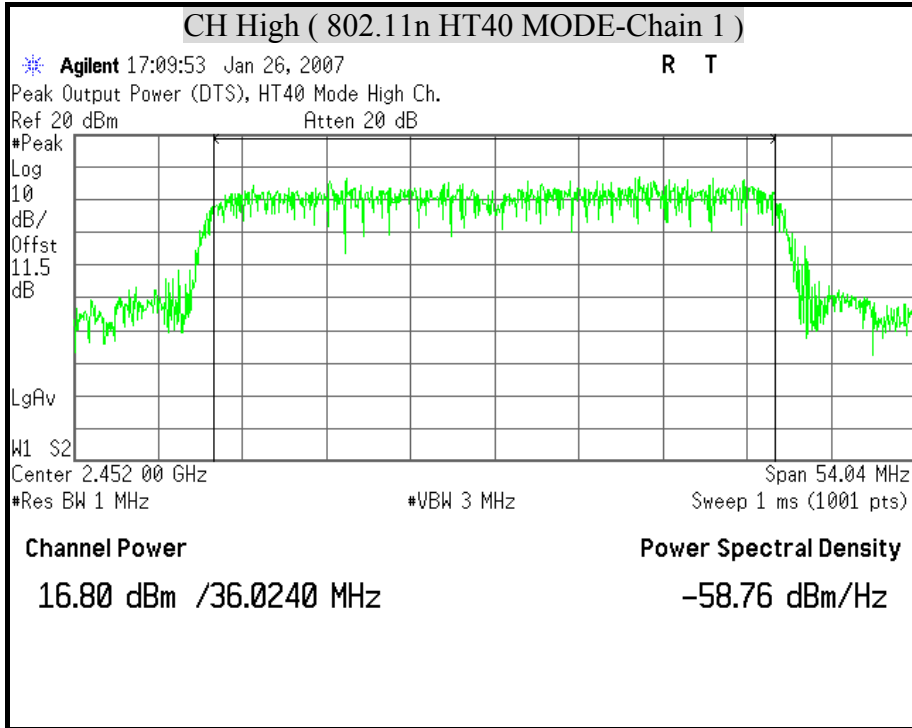


**MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER ( 802.11n HT40 MODE )**











## 8.4 MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE

According to FCC 1.1310 : The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environment impact of human exposure to radio frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b) LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Average Time
(A) Limits for Occupational / Control Exposures				
300-1,500	--	--	F/300	6
1,500-100,000	--	--	5	6
(B) Limits for General Population / Uncontrol Exposures				
300-1,500	--	--	F/1500	6
1,500-100,000	--	--	1	30

### CALCULATIONS

Given  $E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d}$  &  $S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$

Where  $E =$  Field strength in Volts / meter

$P =$  Power in Watts

$G =$  Numeric antenna gain

$d =$  Distance in meters

$S =$  Power density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P (mW) = P (W) / 1000 \text{ and}$$

$$d (cm) = d(m) / 100$$

Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$

Where  $d =$  Distance in cm

$P =$  Power in mW

$G =$  Numeric antenna gain

$S =$  Power density in mW / cm<sup>2</sup>

**LIMIT**

Power Density Limit,  $S=1.0\text{mW}/\text{cm}^2$

**TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted

Mode	Minimum separation distance (cm)	Output Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Power Density Limit ( $\text{mW}/\text{cm}^2$ )	Power Density at 20cm ( $\text{mW}/\text{cm}^2$ )
IEEE 802.11b	20.0	23.51	0.56	1.00	0.050784
IEEE 802.11g	20.0	21.09	0.56	1.00	0.029089
IEEE 802.11n HT20	20.0	22.95	0.56	1.00	0.044641
IEEE 802.11n HT40	20.0	19.85	0.56	1.00	0.021864

**Remark:** For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the maximum power density is  $1.0\text{ mW}/\text{cm}^2$  even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.



## 8.5 AVERAGE POWER

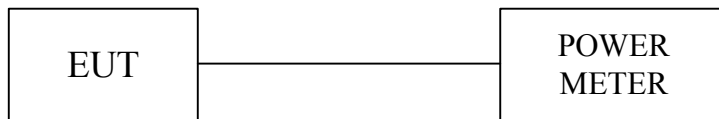
### LIMIT

None; for reporting purposes only.

### TEST EQUIPMENTS

Description & Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Date of Calibration
ANRITSU POWER METER	ML2487A MAL2491A	6K00001783 030982	March 08, 2006

### TEST SETUP



### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.



**TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted

Total average power calculation formula:

$10 \log (10^{(\text{Chain 0 Power} / 10)} + 10^{(\text{Chain1 Power} / 10)})$ .

**IEEE 802.11b MODE**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Average Power Output (dBm)
Low	2412	21.03
Middle	2437	21.08
High	2462	20.37

**Remark:**

1. At final test to get the worst-case emission at 11Mbps.
2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.5 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.5 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.

**IEEE 802.11g MODE**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Average Power Output (dBm)
Low	2412	18.38
Middle	2437	18.41
High	2462	18.29

**Remark:**

1. At final test to get the worst-case emission at 6Mbps.
2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.5 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.5 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.

**IEEE 802.11n HT20 mode (Two TX)**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Average Power (dBm)
		Chain 0	Chain 0	
Low	2412	17.23	17.13	20.19
Middle	2437	17.42	17.14	20.29
High	2462	16.81	17.23	20.04

**Remark:**

1. At final test to get the worst-case emission at 6.5Mbps.
2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.5 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.5 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.

**IEEE 802.11n HT40 mode (Two TX)**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Average Power (dBm)
		Chain 0	Chain 0	
Low	2422	13.65	13.84	16.75
Middle	2437	13.86	13.97	16.93
High	2452	13.95	13.87	16.92

**Remark:**

1. At final test to get the worst-case emission at 6.5Mbps.
2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.5 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.5 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.



### 8.6 POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

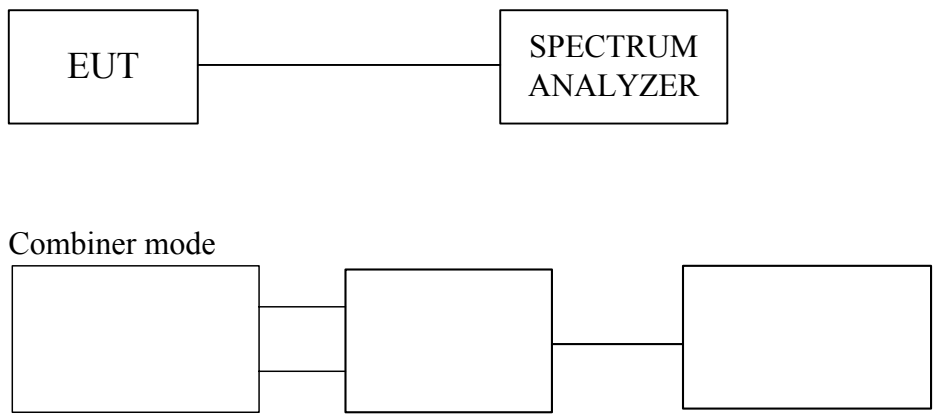
#### LIMIT

§ 15.247(e) For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

#### TEST EQUIPMENTS

Description & Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Date of Calibration
ROHDE & SCHWARZ SPECTRUM ANALYZER	FSEK30	835253/002	October 18, 2006
AGILENT SPECTRUM ANALYZER	E4446A	MY433601.32	March 22, 2006

#### TEST SETUP



#### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer, the bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using  $RBW = 3\text{KHz}$  and  $VBW \geq RBW$ , set sweep time = span / 3KHz.

The power spectral density was measured and recorded.

The sweep time is allowed to be longer than span / 3KHz for a full response of the mixer in the spectrum analyzer.

**TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted

Total power spectral density calculation formula:  
 $10 \log (10^{\text{(Chain 0 PPSD / 10)}} + 10^{\text{(Chain1 PPSD / 10)}})$ .

**IEEE 802.11b MODE**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Final RF Power Level in 3KHz BW (dBm)	Maxmum Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
Low	2412	-3.71	8	PASS
Middle	2437	-3.69	8	PASS
High	2462	-4.43	8	PASS

**Remark:**

1. At finial test to get the worst-case emission at 11Mbps.
2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.5 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.5 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.

**IEEE 802.11g MODE**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Final RF Power Level in 3KHz BW (dBm)	Maxmum Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
Low	2412	-10.63	8	PASS
Middle	2437	-10.63	8	PASS
High	2462	-10.95	8	PASS

**Remark:**

1. At finial test to get the worst-case emission at 6Mbps.
2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.5 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.5 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.

**IEEE 802.11n HT20 mode (Two TX)**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Final RF Power Level in 3KHz BW (dBm)		PPSD Total (dBm)	Maximum Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0	Chain 1			
Low	2412	-10.69	-10.39	-7.53	8	PASS
Middle	2437	-11.01	-10.74	-7.86	8	PASS
High	2462	-10.91	-11.75	-8.30	8	PASS

**Remark:**

1. At final test to get the worst-case emission at 6.5Mbps.
2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.5 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.5 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.

**IEEE 802.11n HT20 Combined mode (Two TX)**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Final RF Power Level in 3KHz BW (dBm)	Maximum Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
Low	2412	-0.89	8	PASS
Middle	2437	-2.58	8	PASS
High	2462	-3.28	8	PASS

**Remark:**

1. At final test to get the worst-case emission at 6.5Mbps.
2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 19 dB (including 10 dB pad and 9 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.

**IEEE 802.11n HT40 mode (Two TX)**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Final RF Power Level in 3KHz BW (dBm)		PPSD Total (dBm)	Maximum Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0	Chain 1			
Low	2422	-15.61	-16.76	-13.14	8	PASS
Middle	2437	-15.67	-15.39	-12.52	8	PASS
High	2452	-15.39	-15.29	-12.33	8	PASS

**Remark:**

1. At final test to get the worst-case emission at 6.5Mbps.
2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.5 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.5 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.

**IEEE 802.11n HT40 Combined mode (Two TX)**

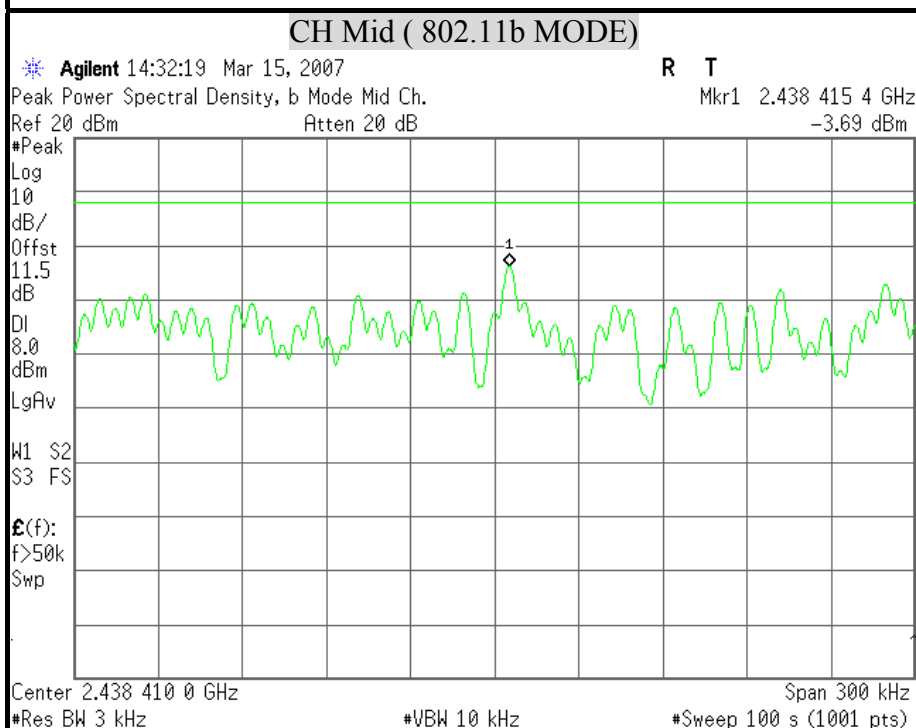
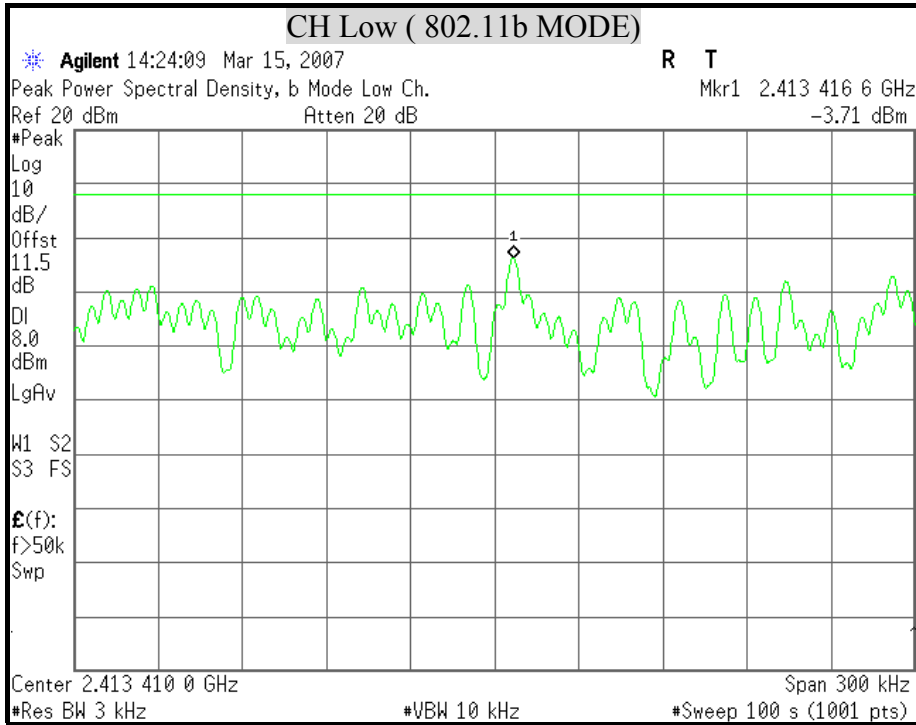
Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Final RF Power Level in 3KHz BW (dBm)	Maximum Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
Low	2422	-6.08	8	PASS
Middle	2437	-6.16	8	PASS
High	2452	-7.71	8	PASS

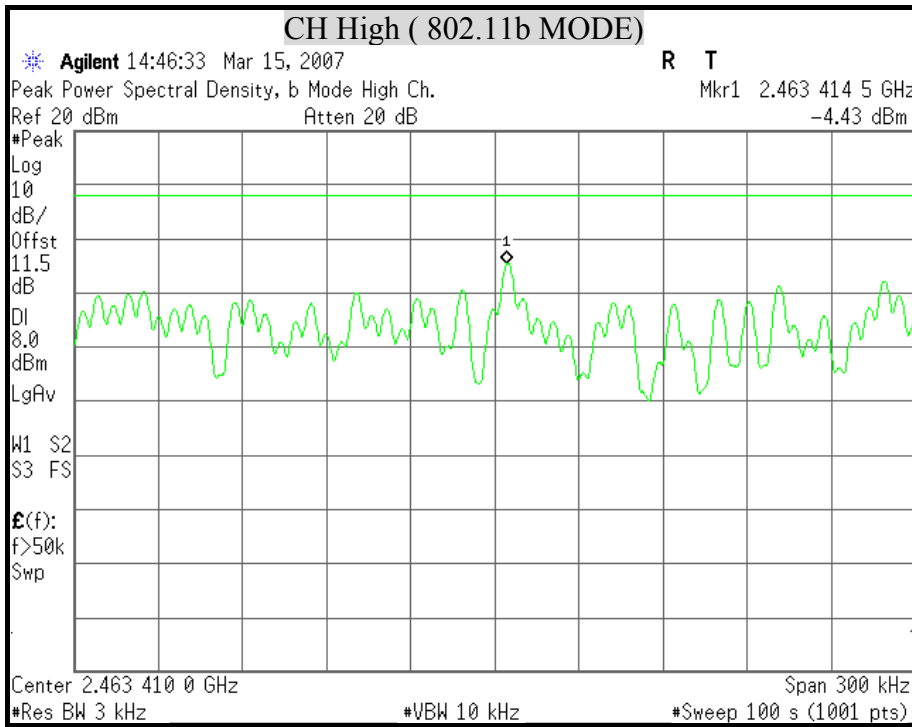
**Remark:**

1. At final test to get the worst-case emission at 6.5Mbps.
2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 19 dB (including 10 dB pad and 9 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.



**POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY ( IEEE 802.11b MODE)**

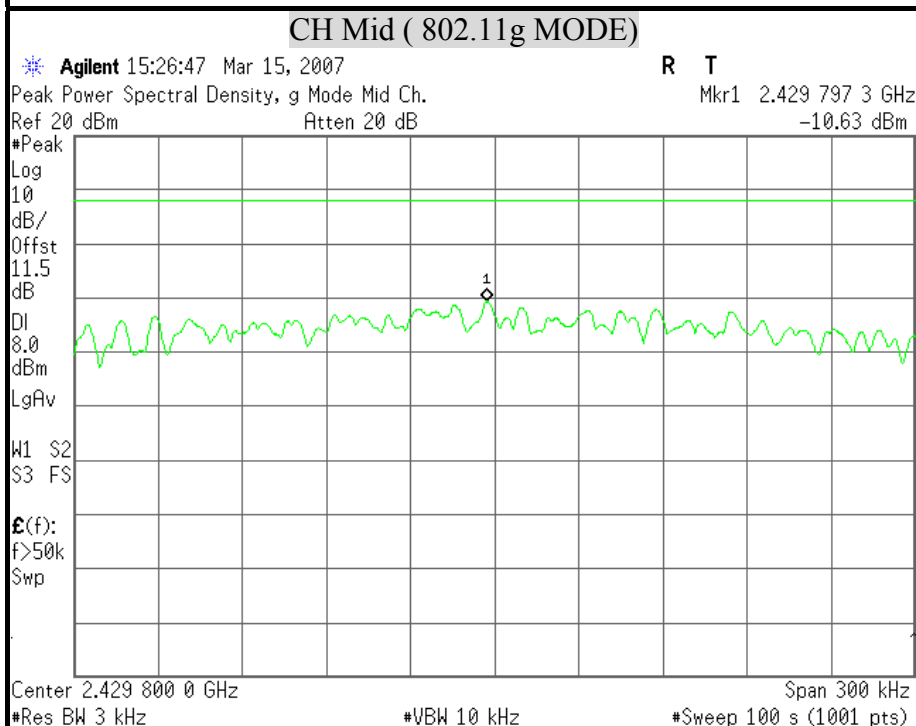
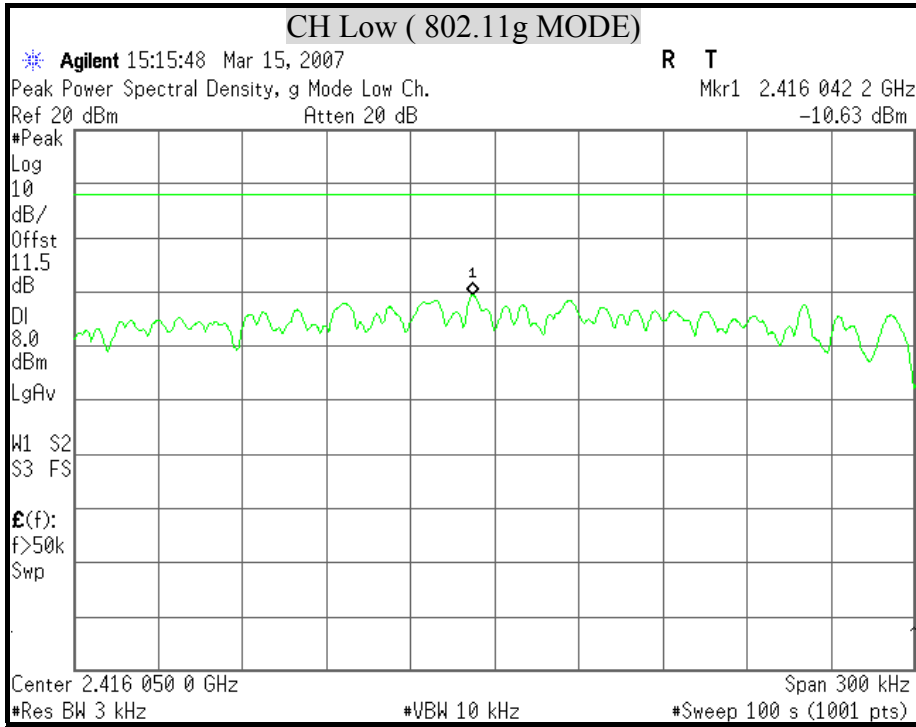


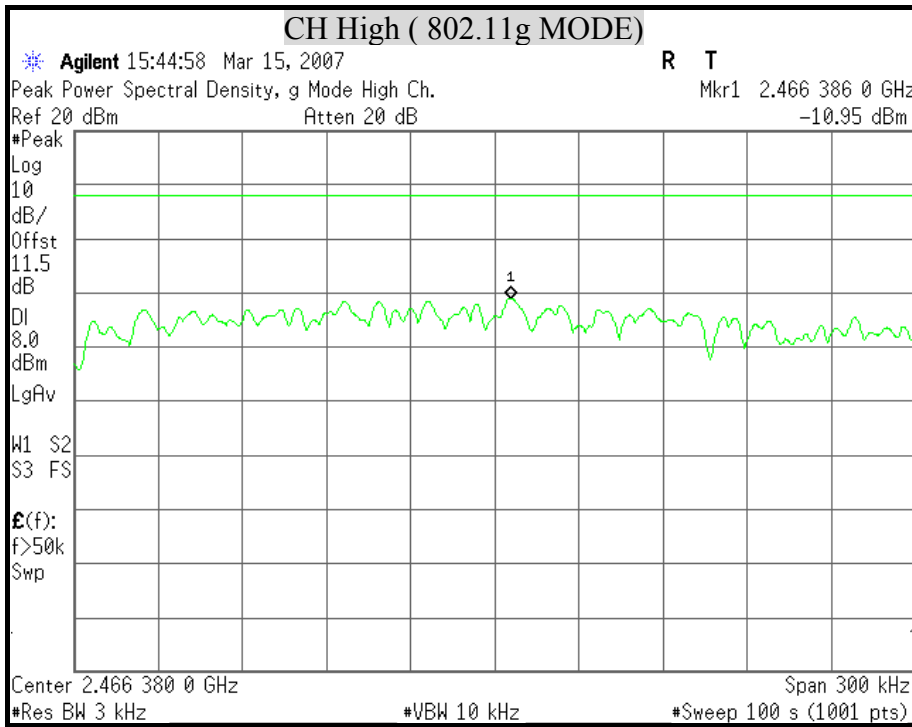






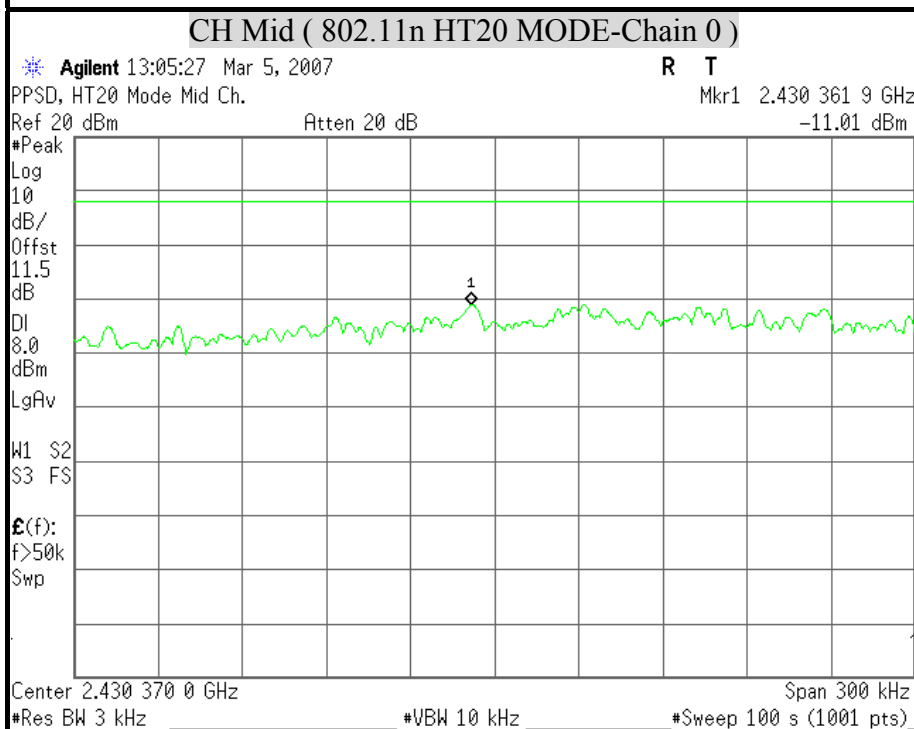
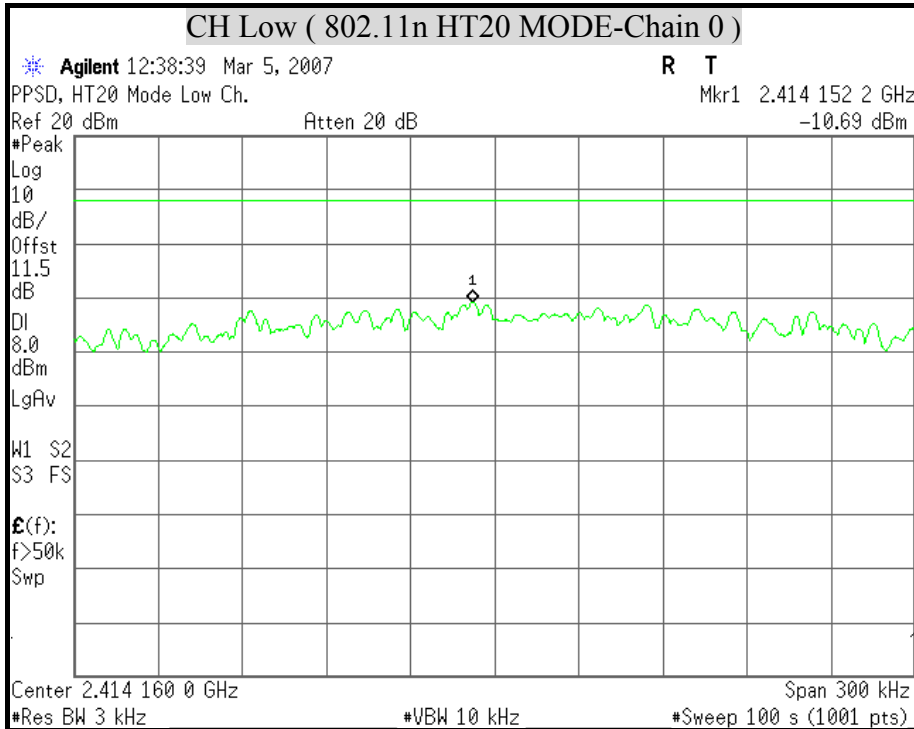
**POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY ( IEEE 802.11g MODE)**

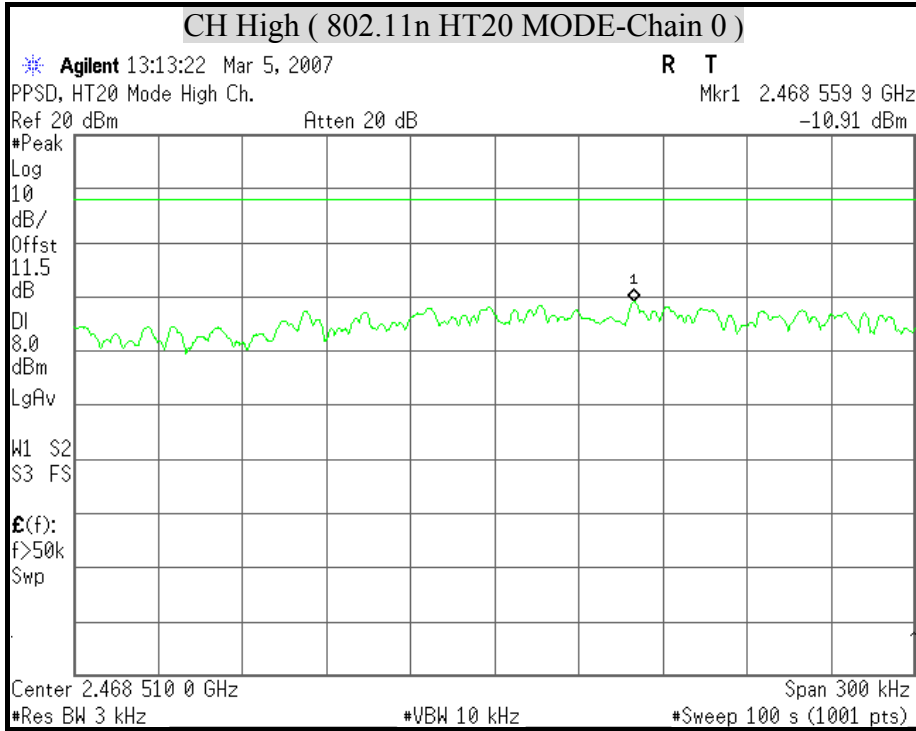


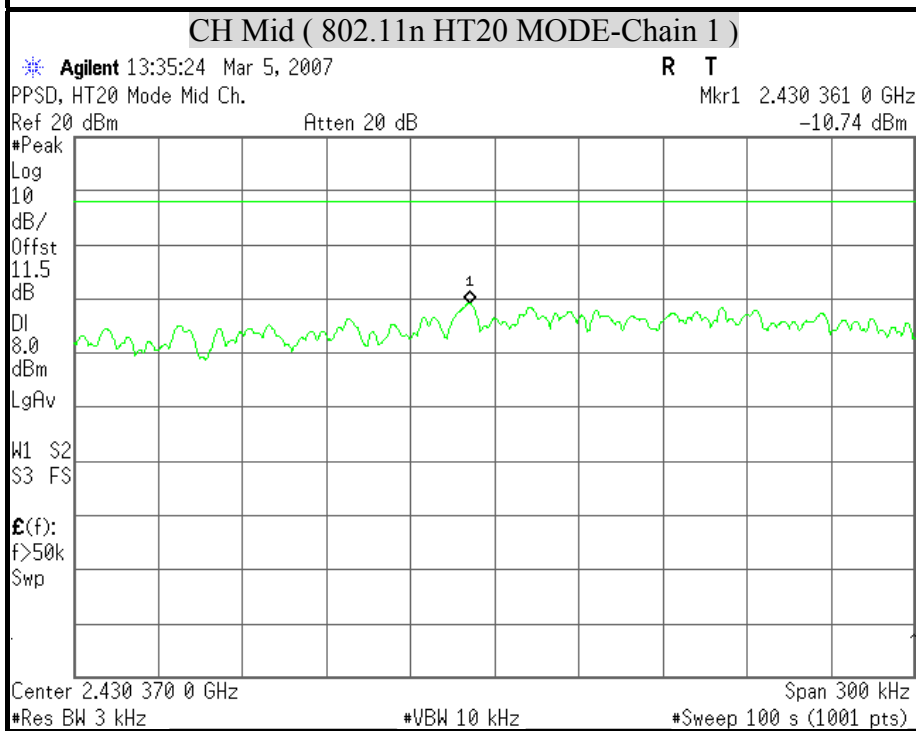
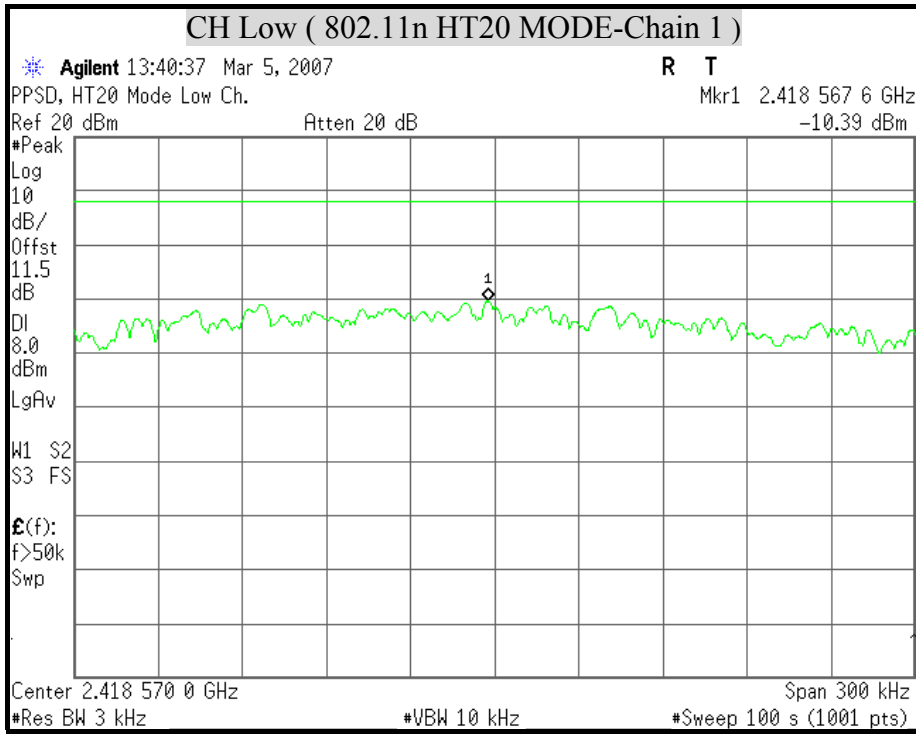


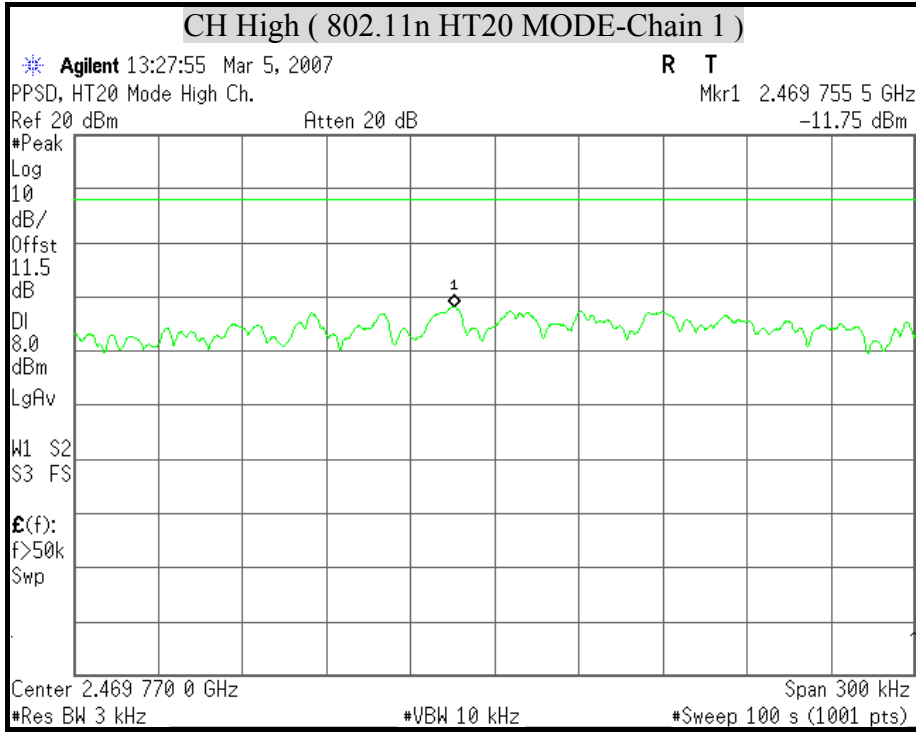


**POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY ( 802.11n HT20 MODE )**



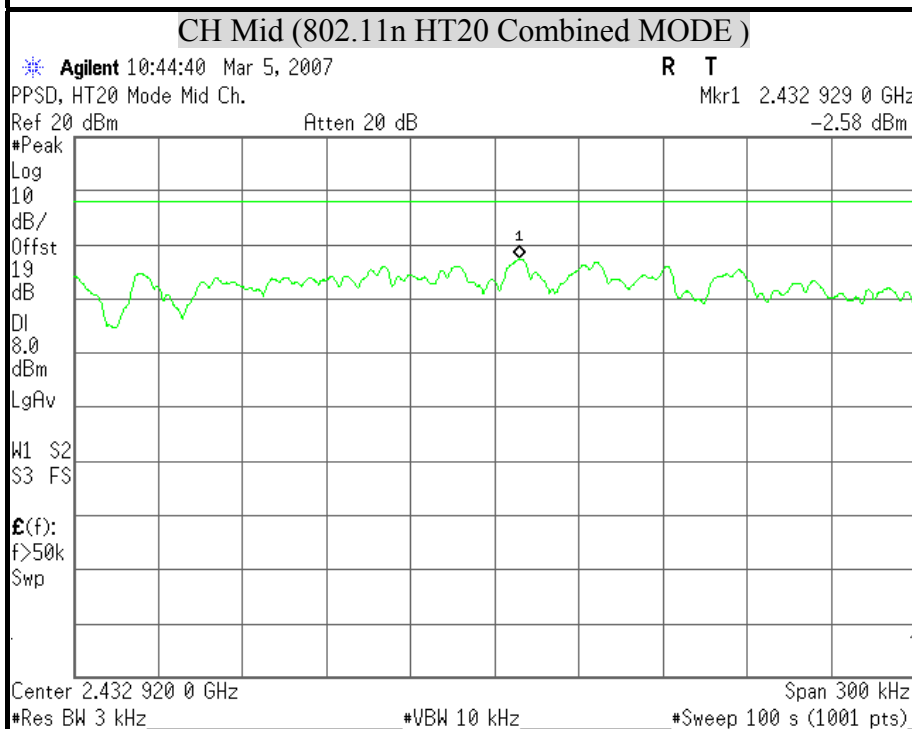
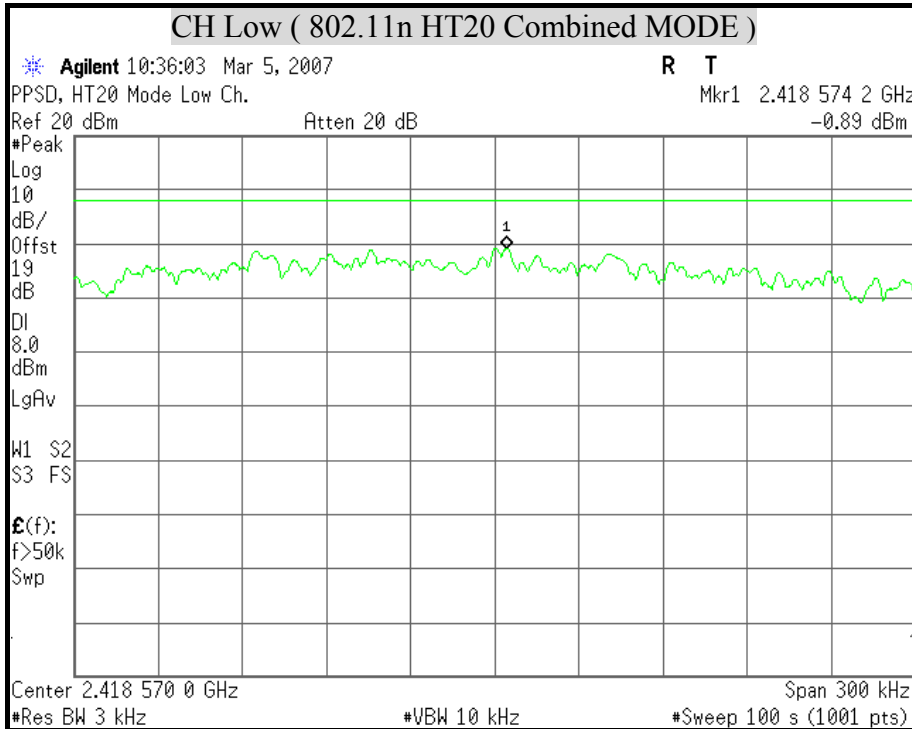


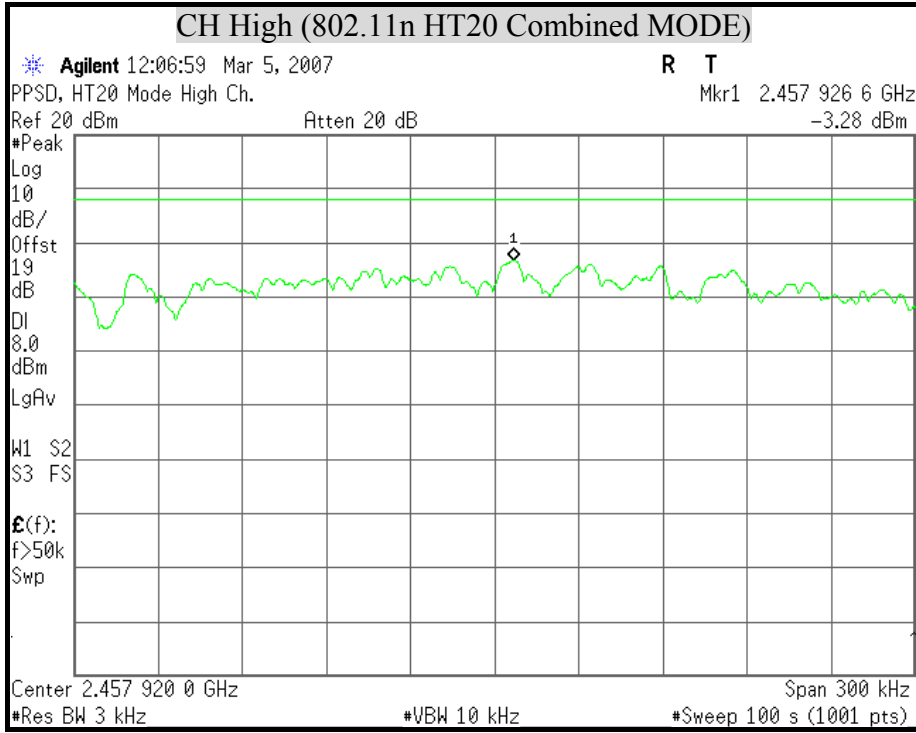






**POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY ( 802.11n HT20 Combined MODE )**

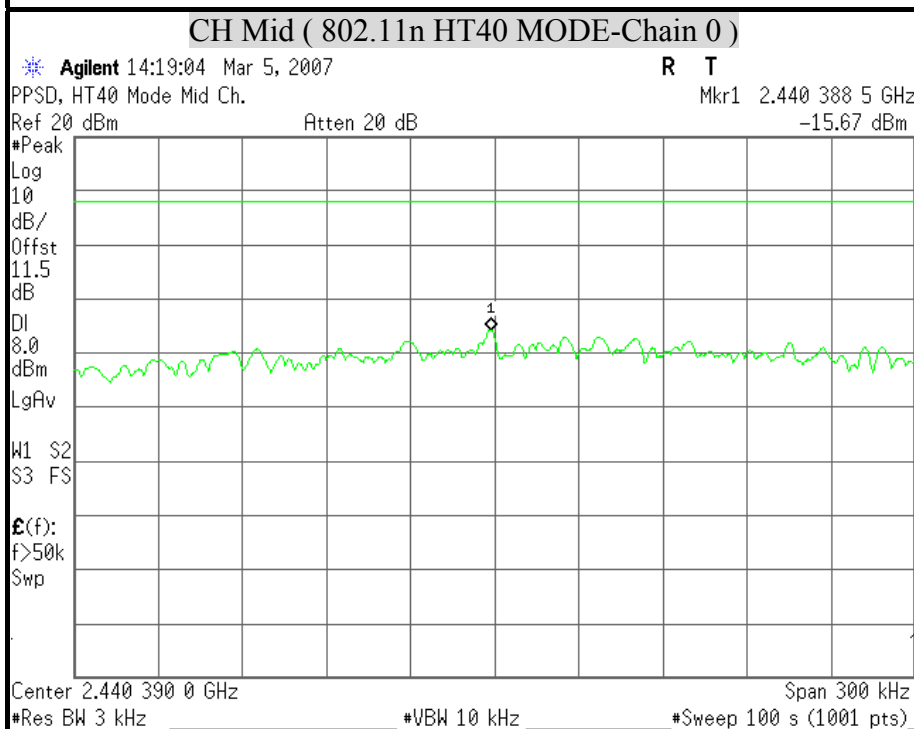
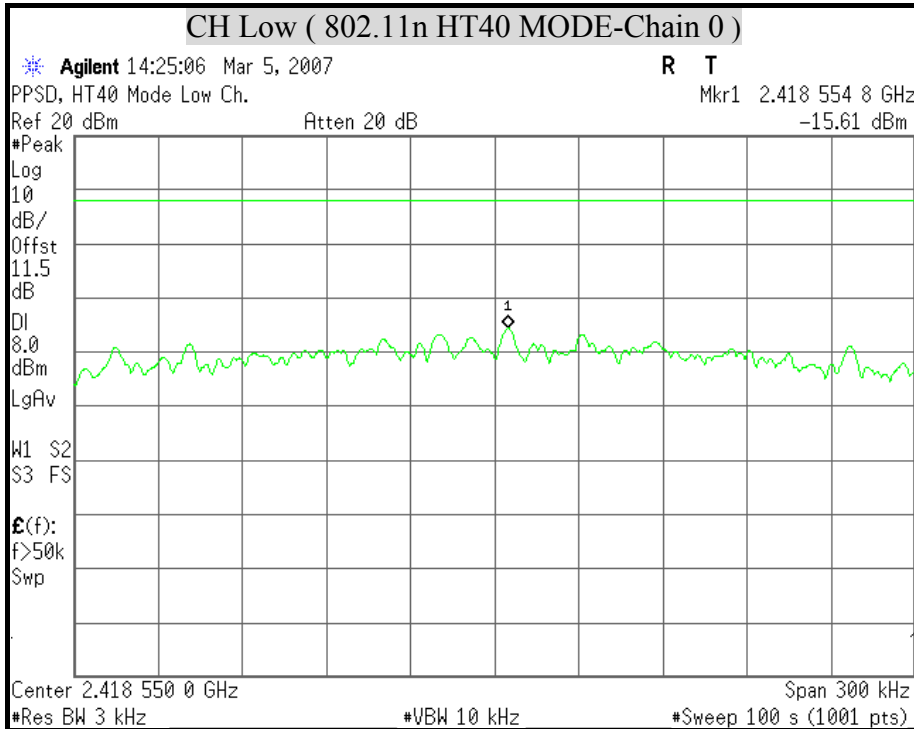


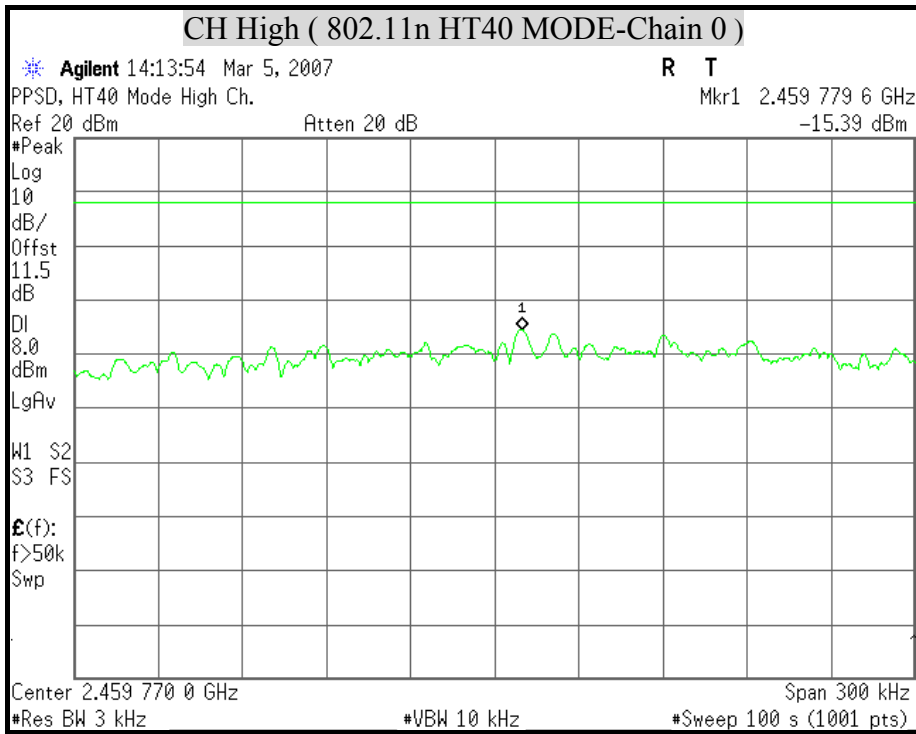


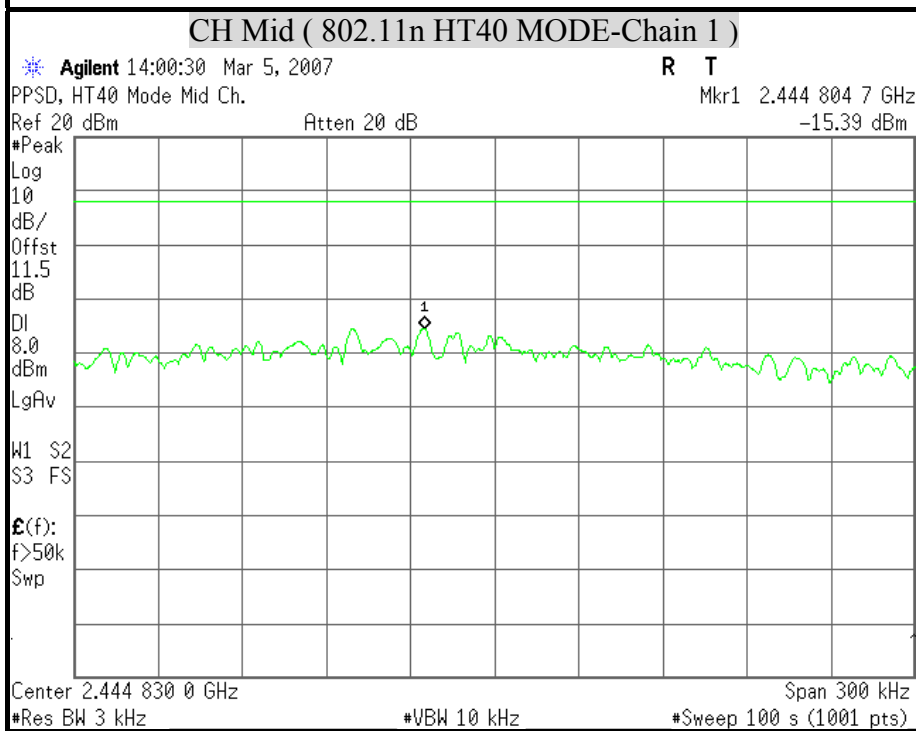
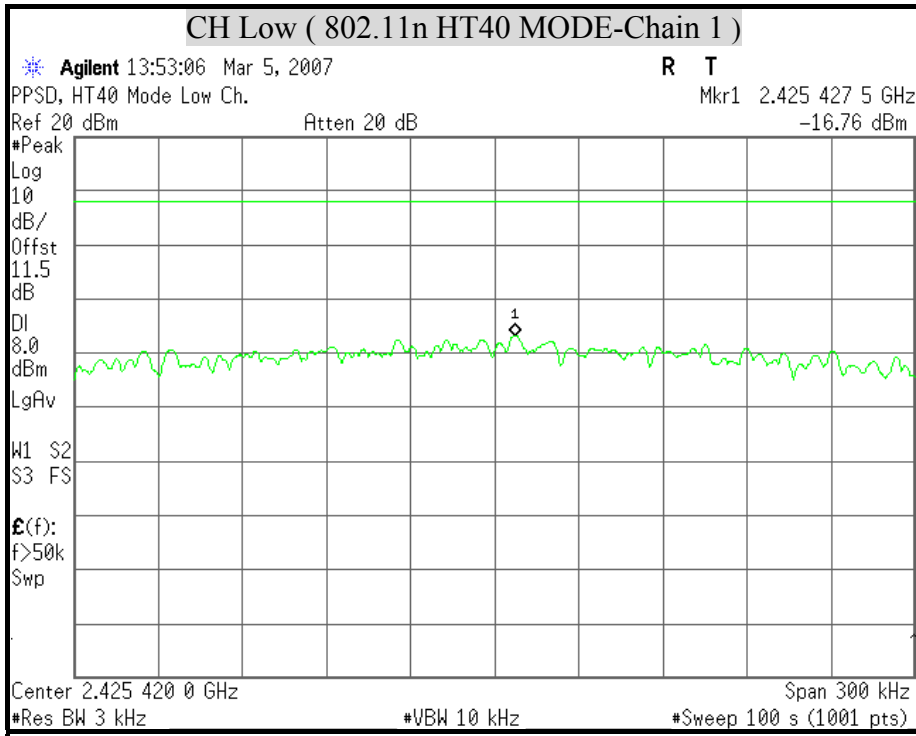


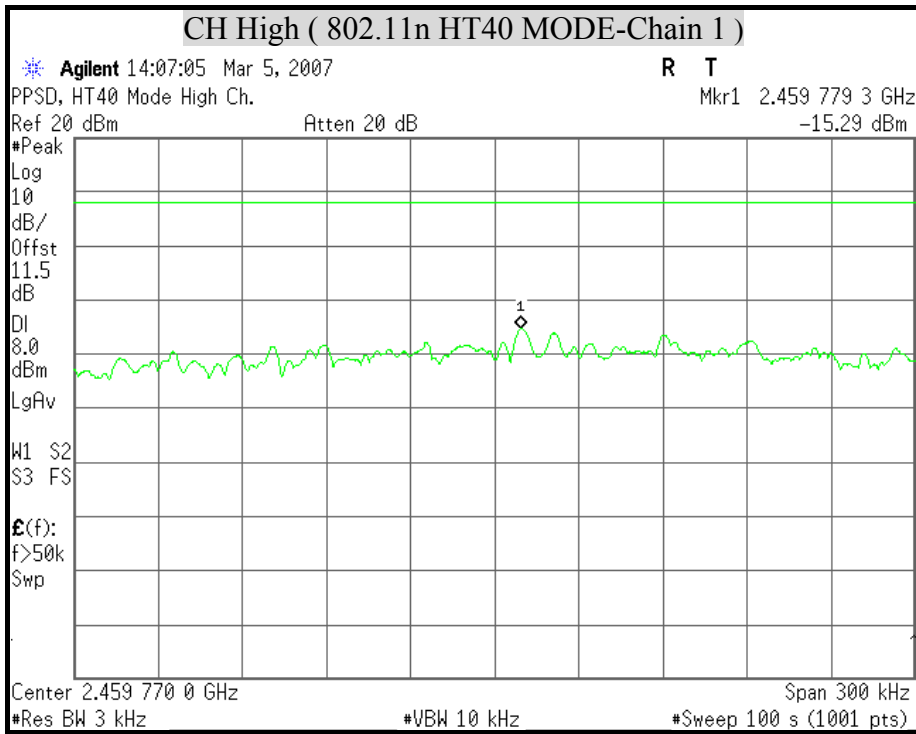


**POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY ( 802.11n HT40 MODE )**



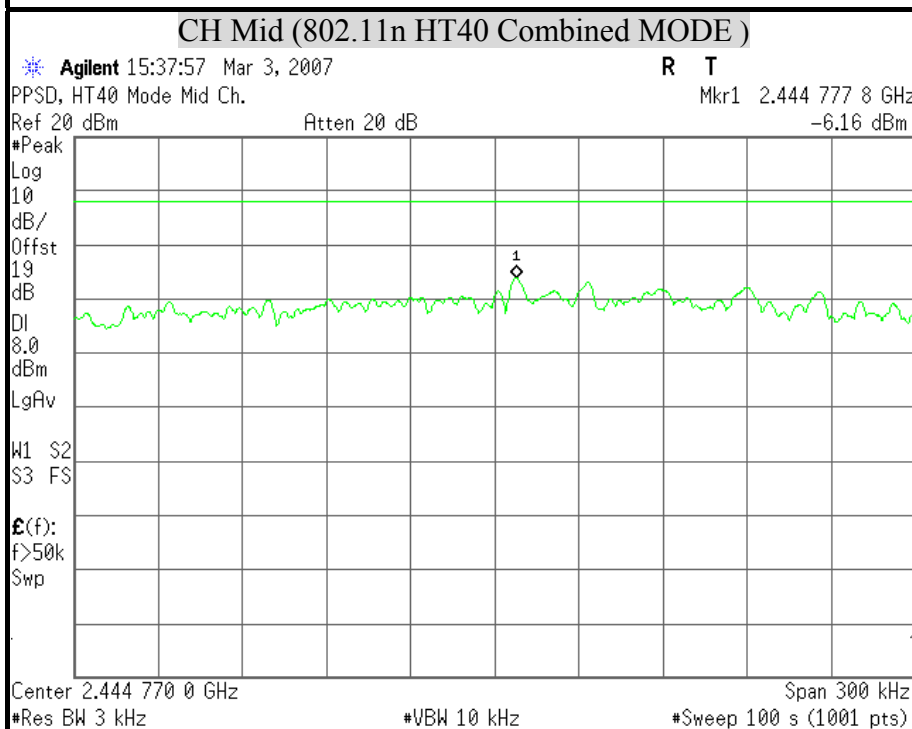
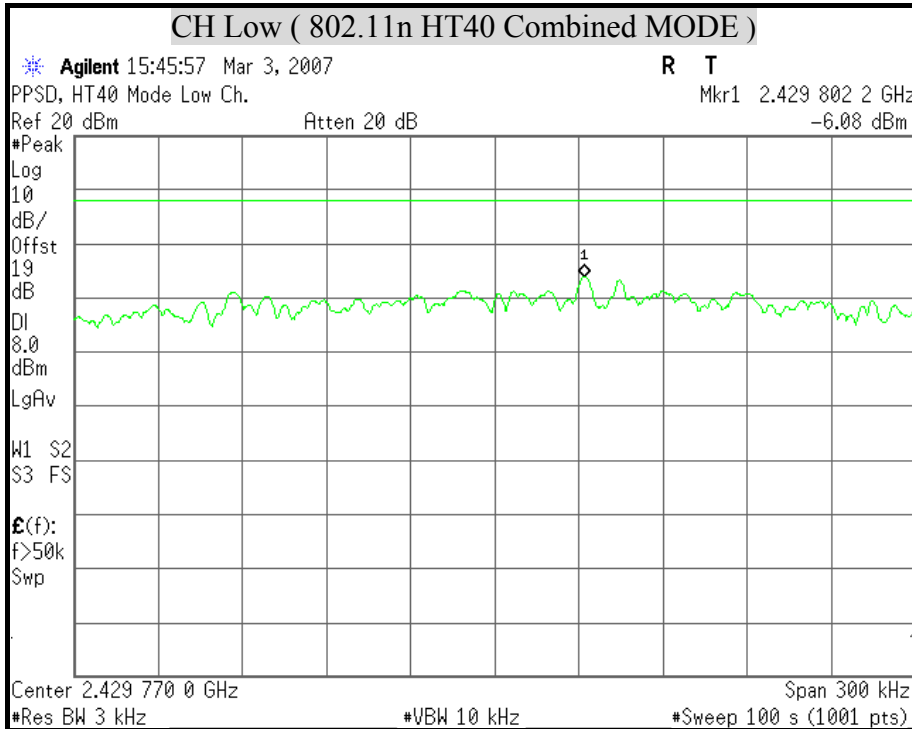


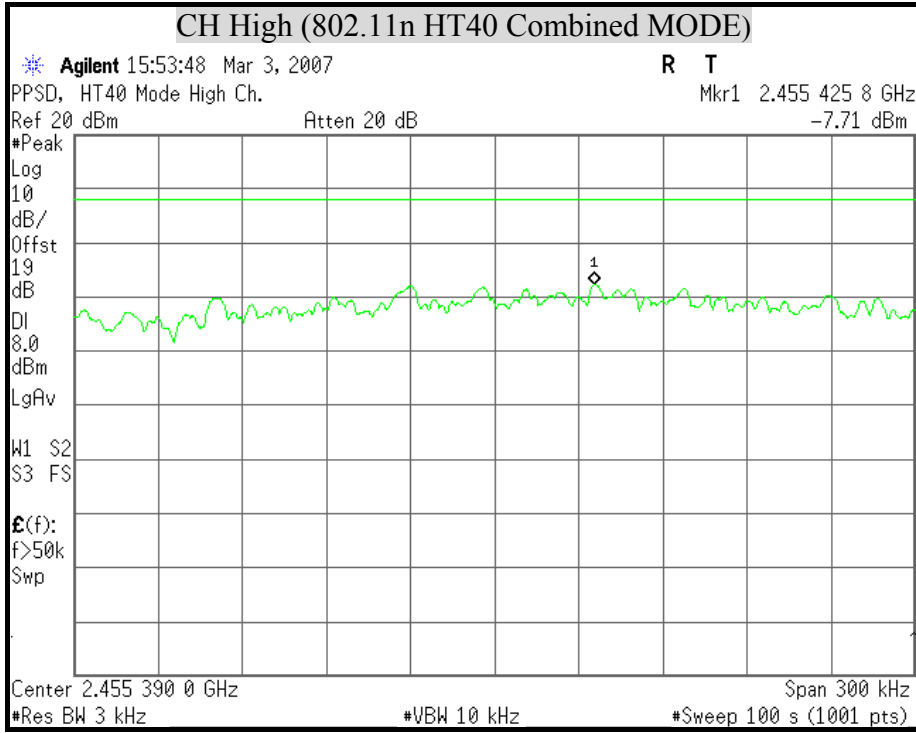






**POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY ( 802.11n HT40 Combined MODE )**







## 8.7 CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION

### LIMITS

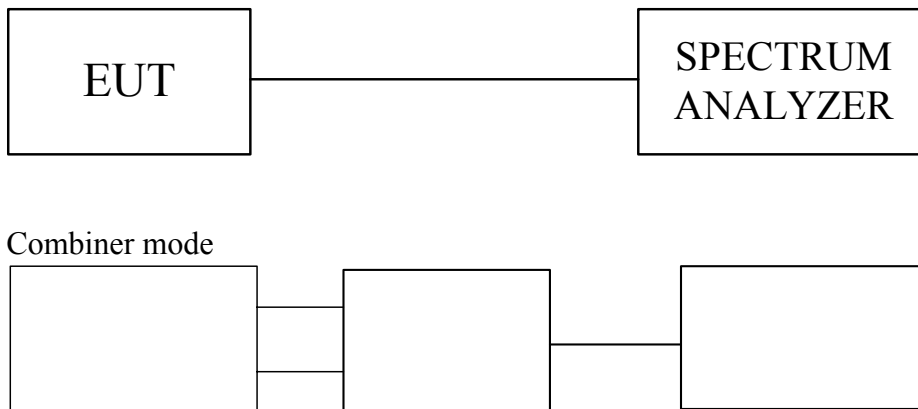
§ 15.247(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).

### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 300 kHz.

The spectrum from 30 MHz to 26 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels in the 2.4 GHz band.

### TEST SETUP

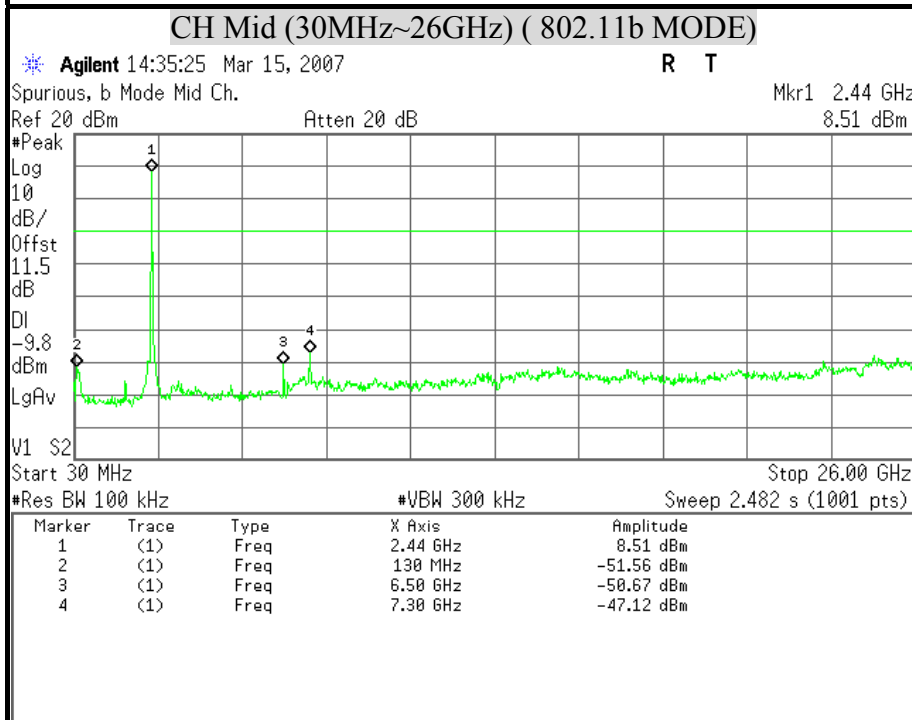
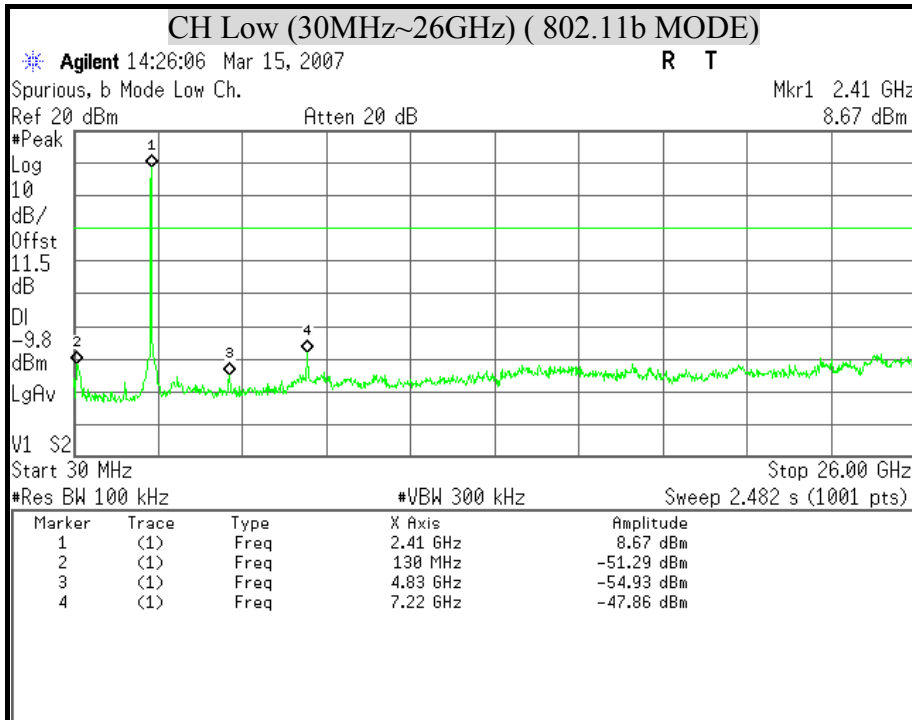


### TEST RESULTS

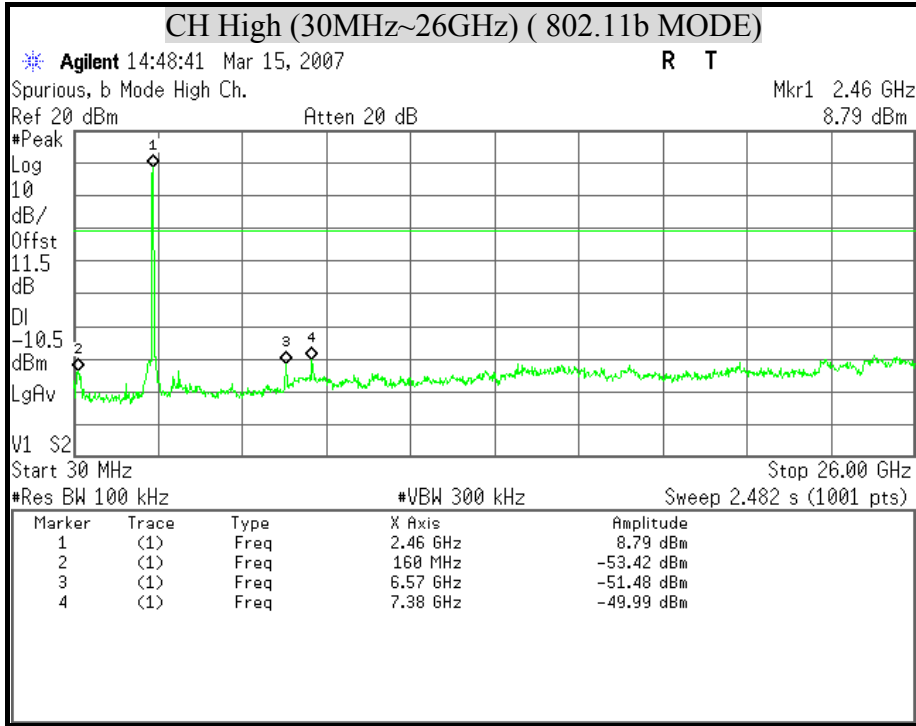
No non-compliance noted



### OUT-OF-BAND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS-CONDUCTED MEASUREMENT ( IEEE 802.11b MODE)

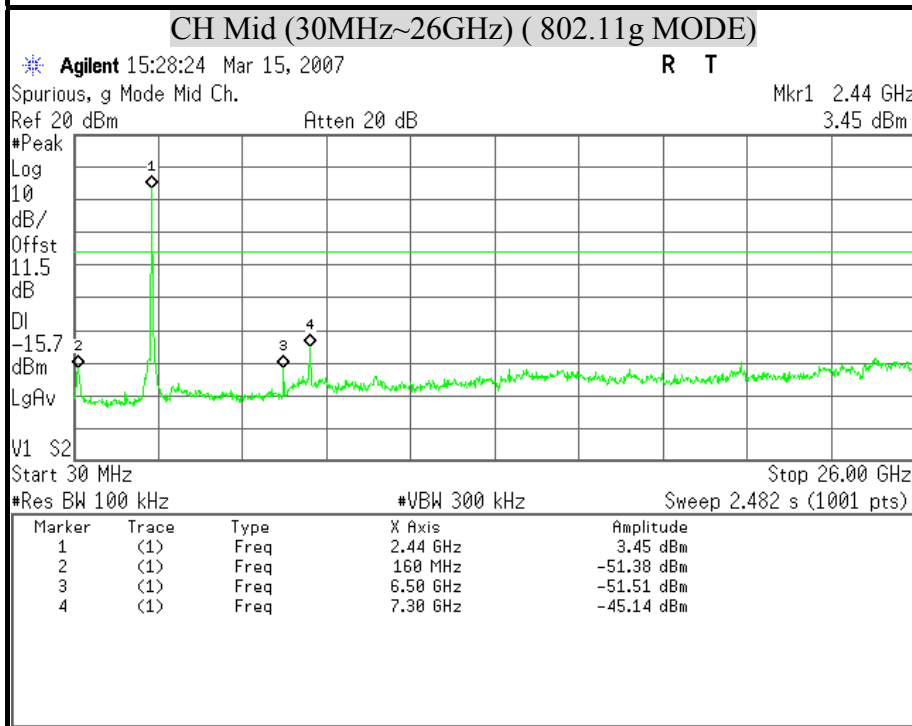
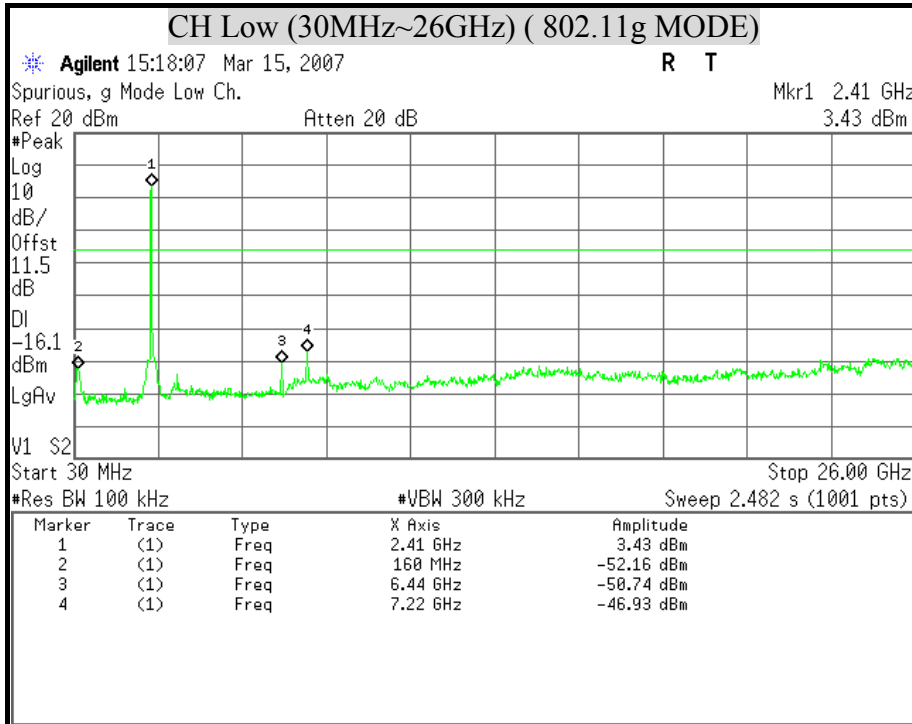


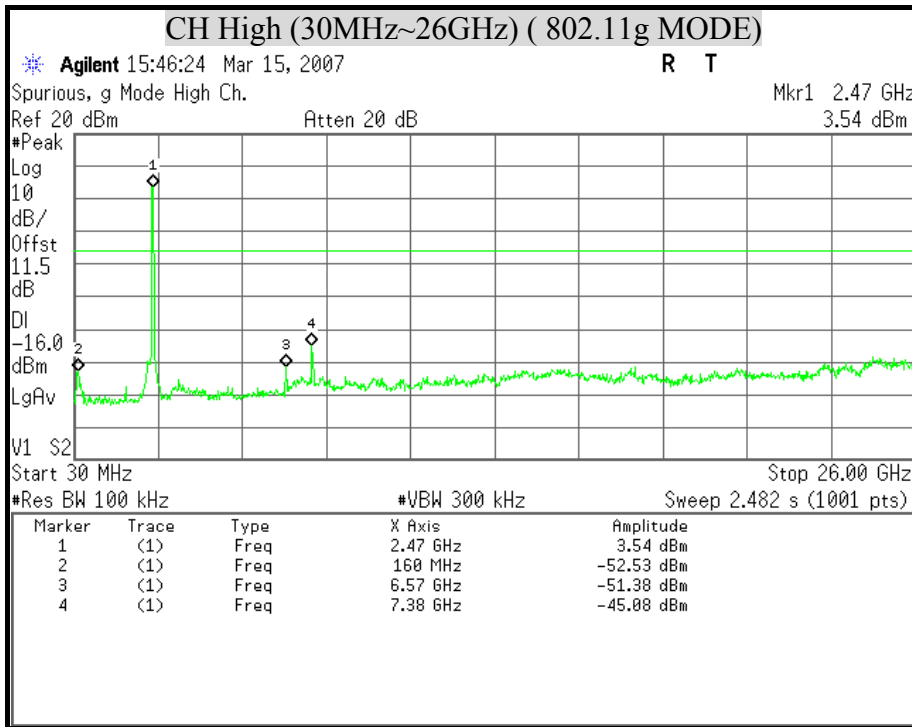






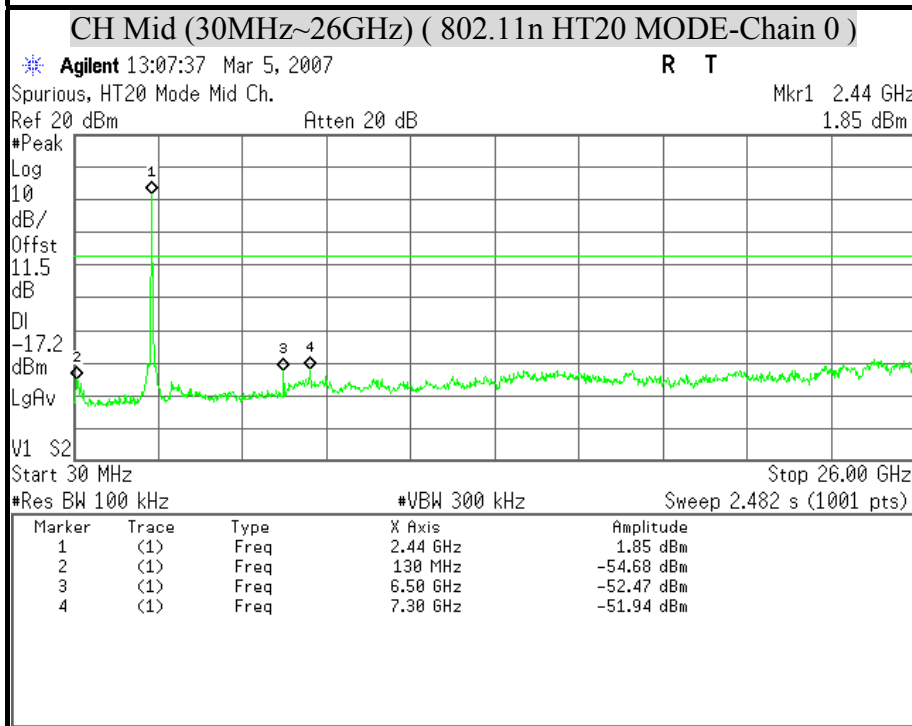
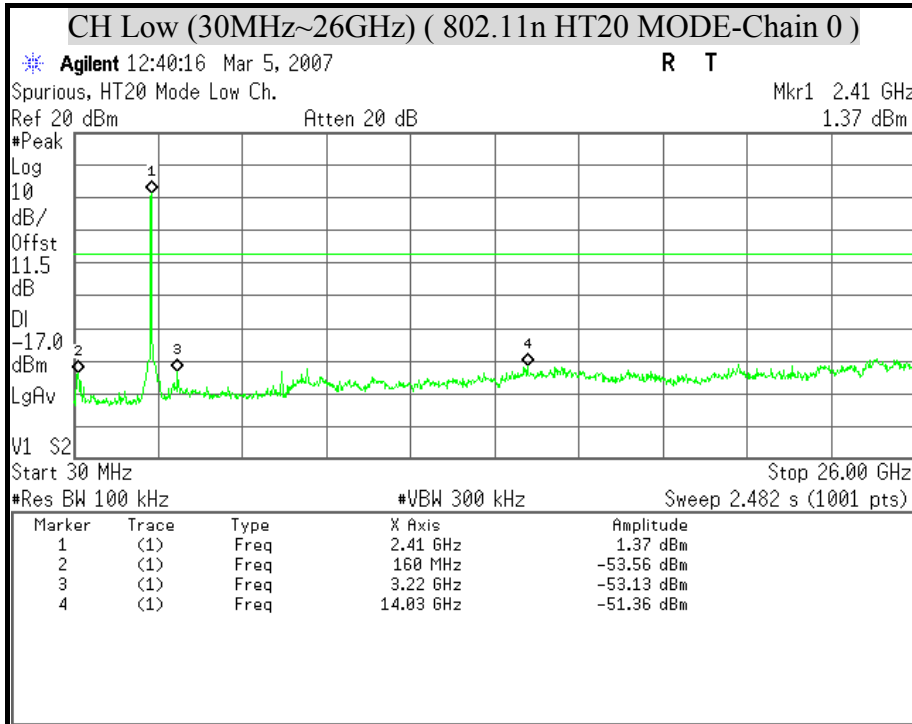
### OUT-OF-BAND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS-CONDUCTED MEASUREMENT ( 802.11g MODE)

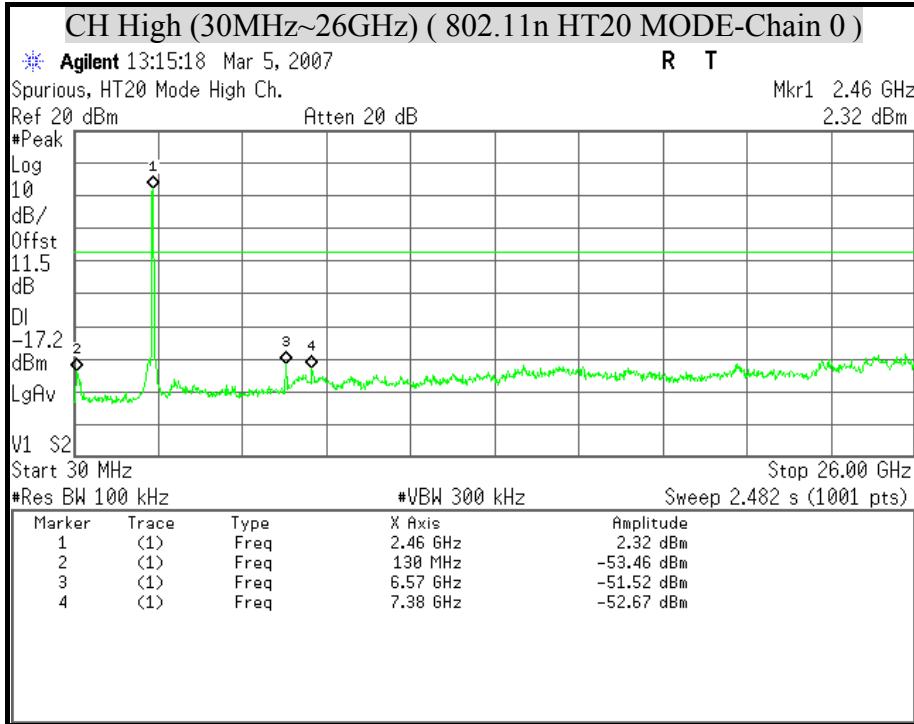


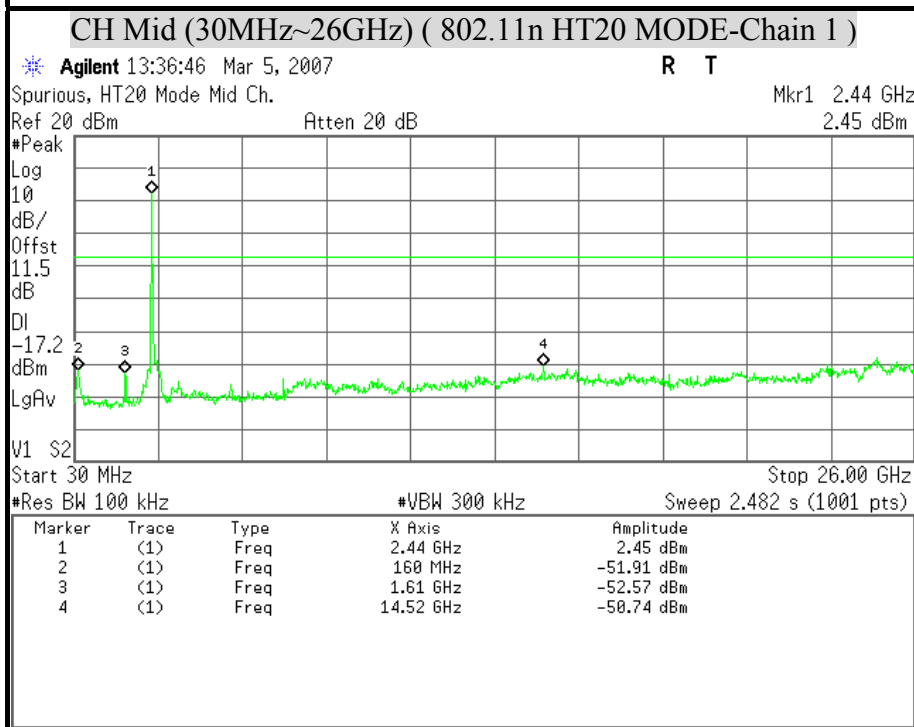
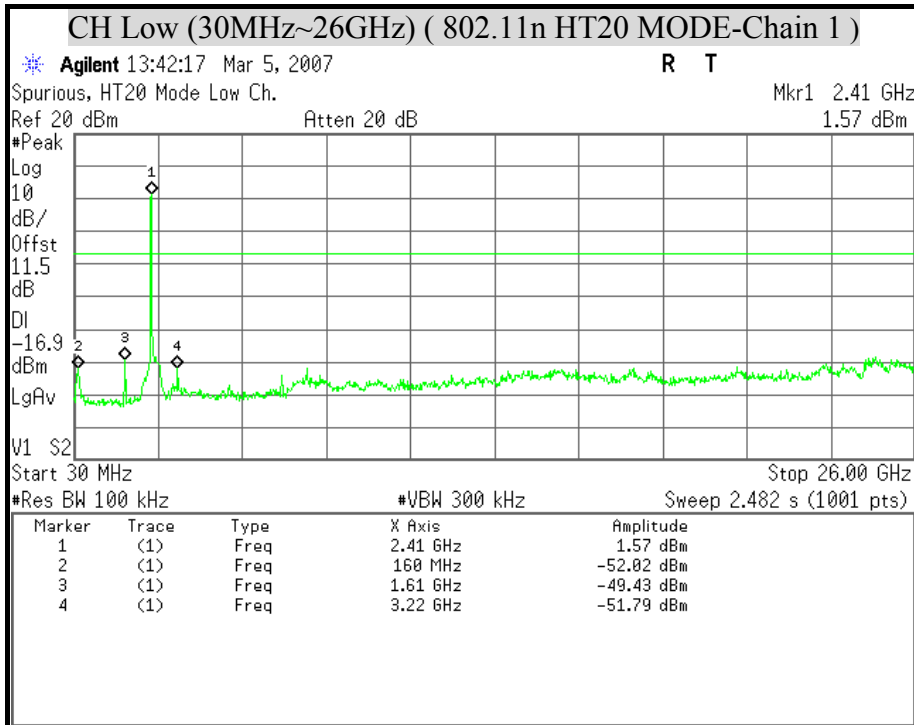


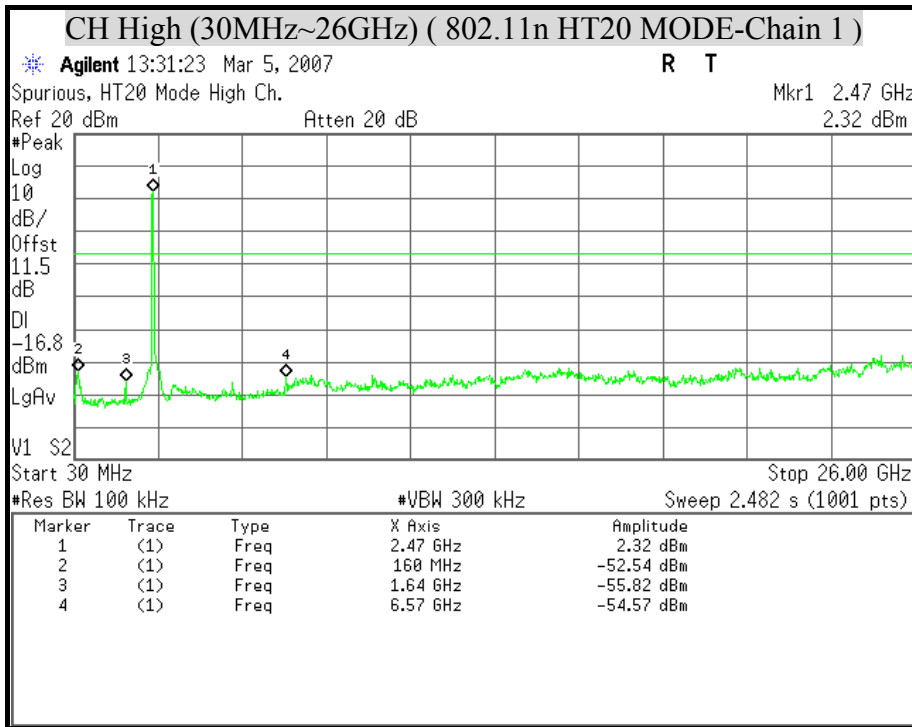


### OUT-OF-BAND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS-CONDUCTED MEASUREMENT ( 802.11n HT20 MODE )



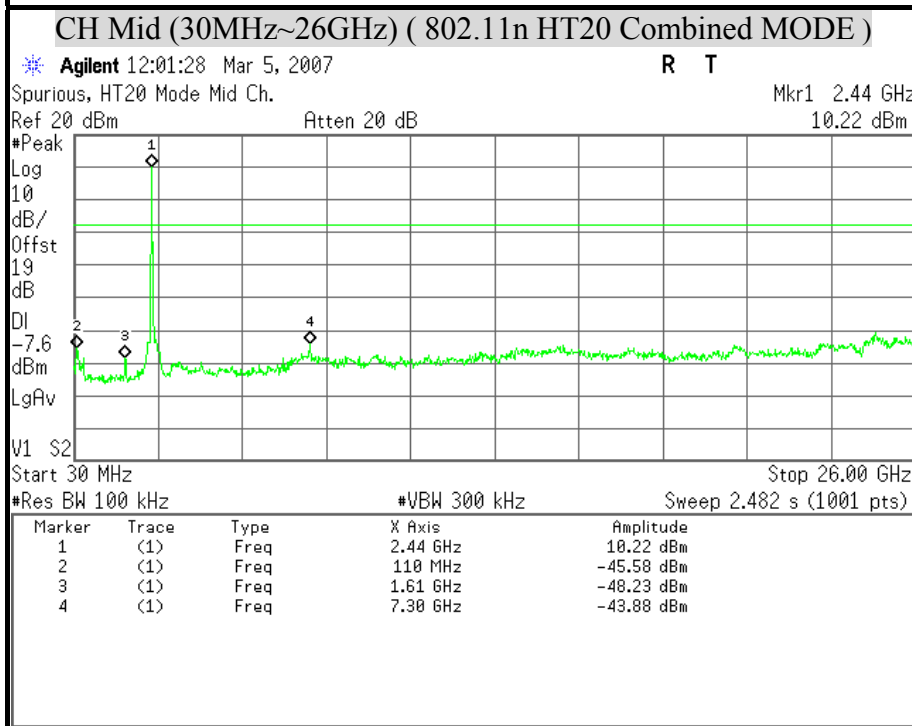
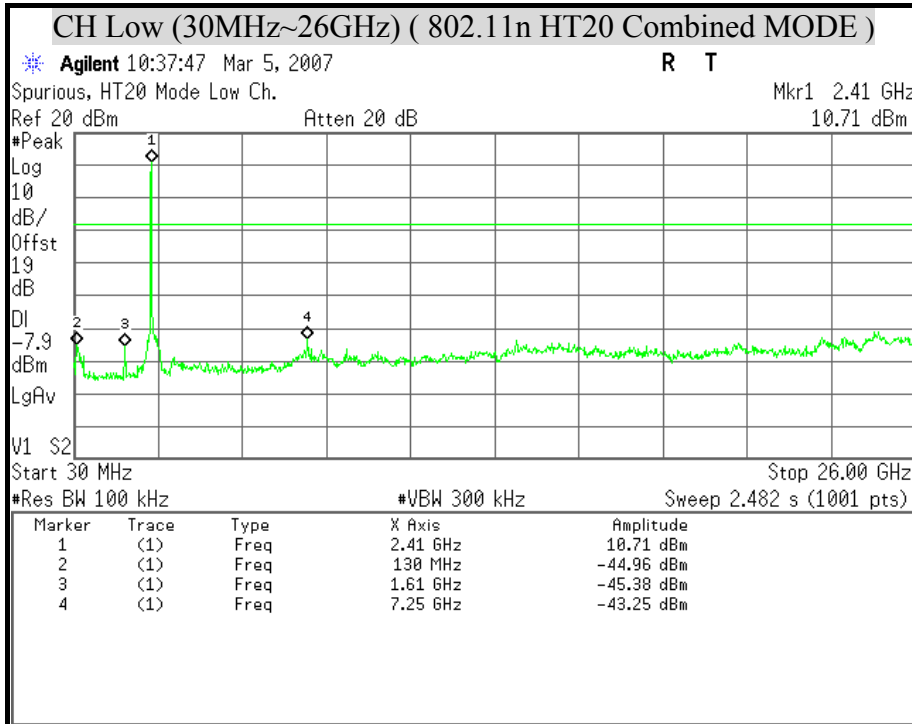




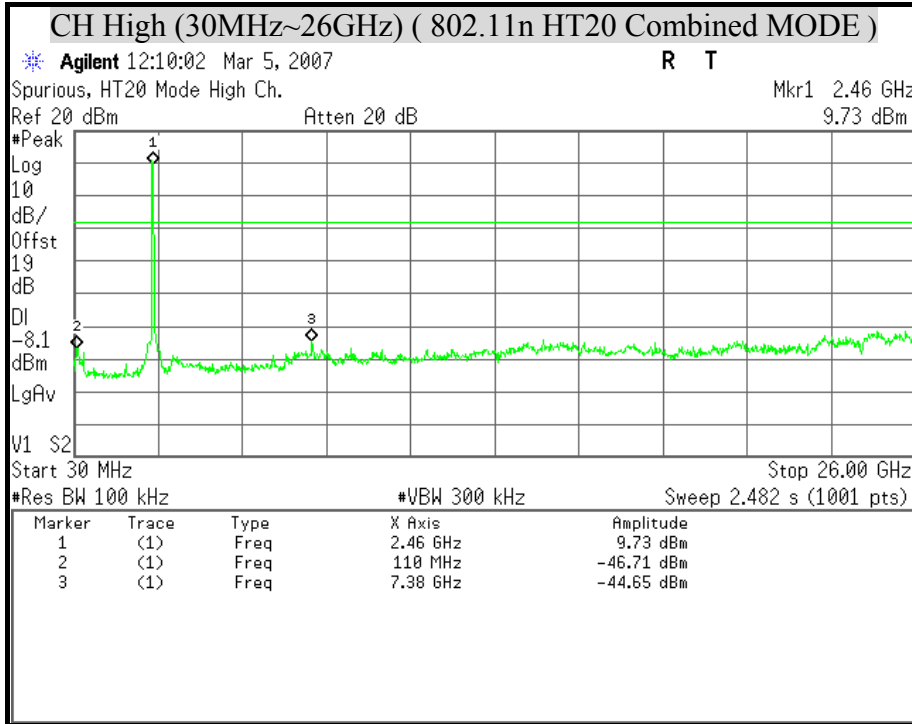




### OUT-OF-BAND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS-CONDUCTED MEASUREMENT ( 802.11n HT20 Combined MODE )

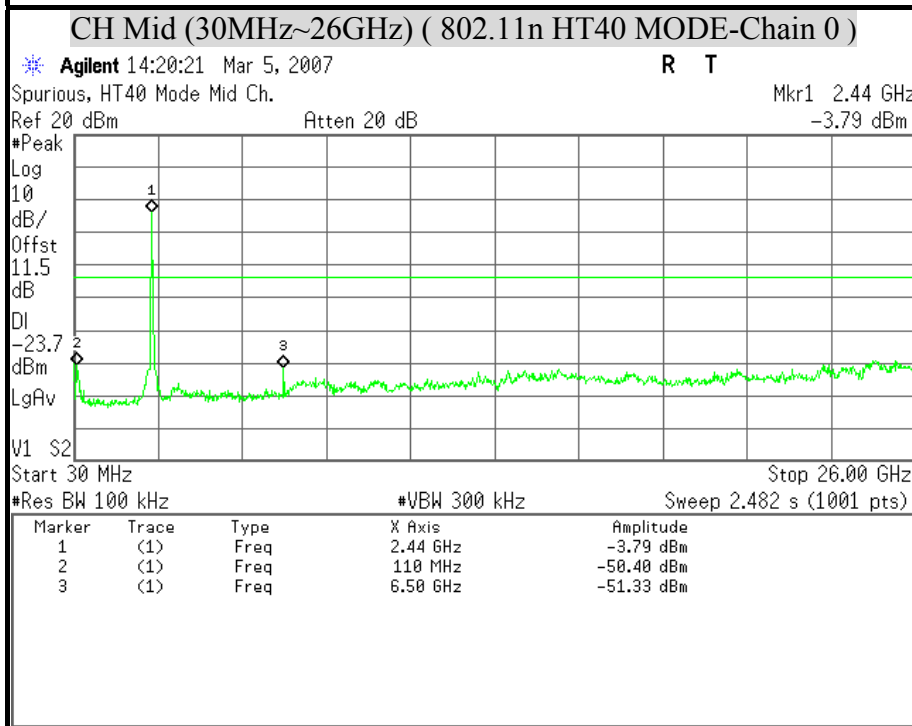
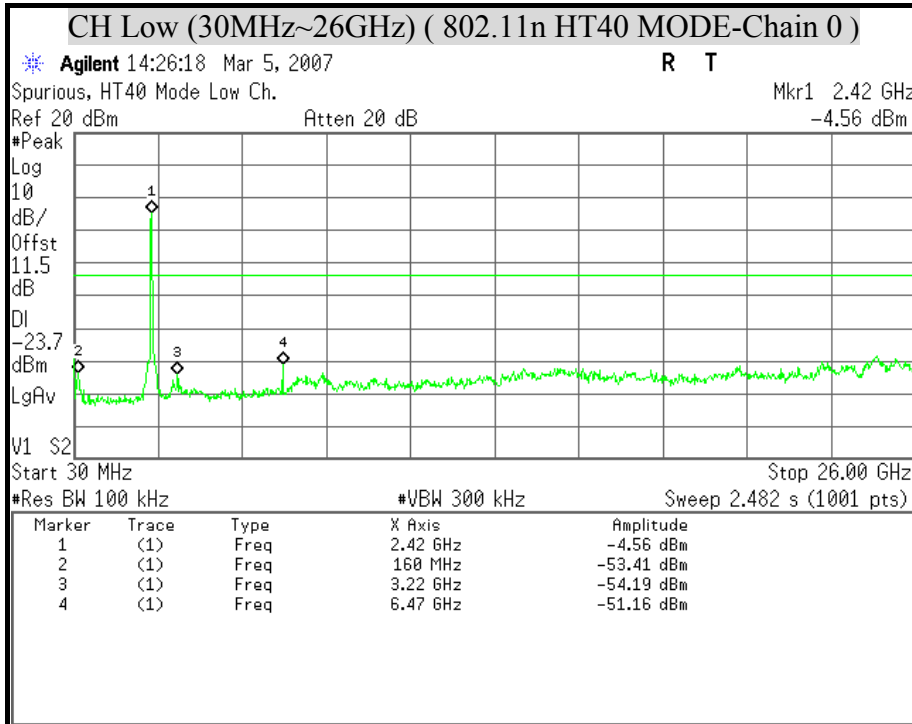


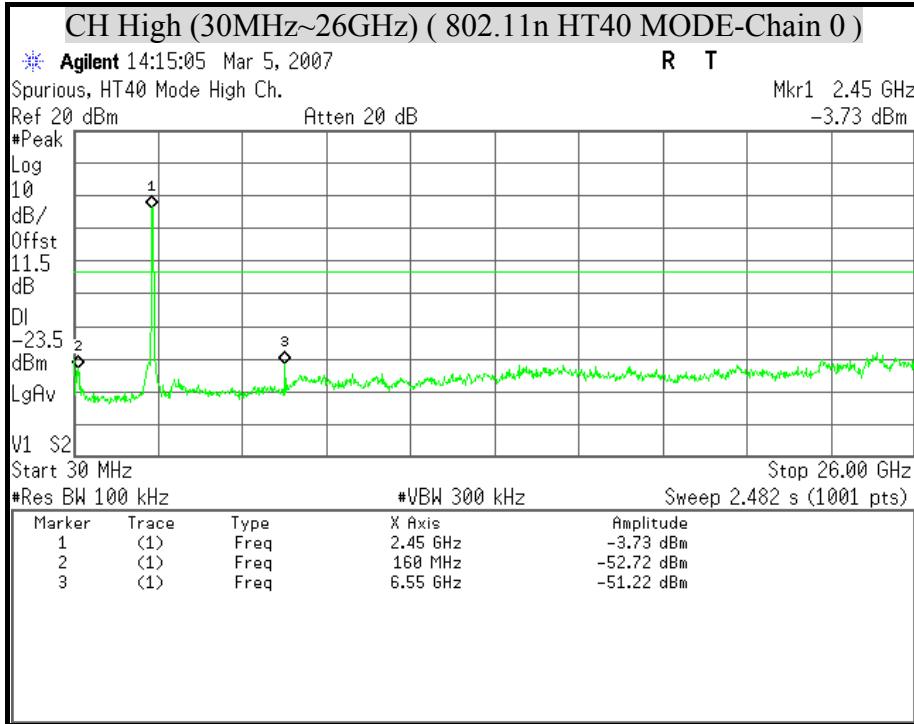


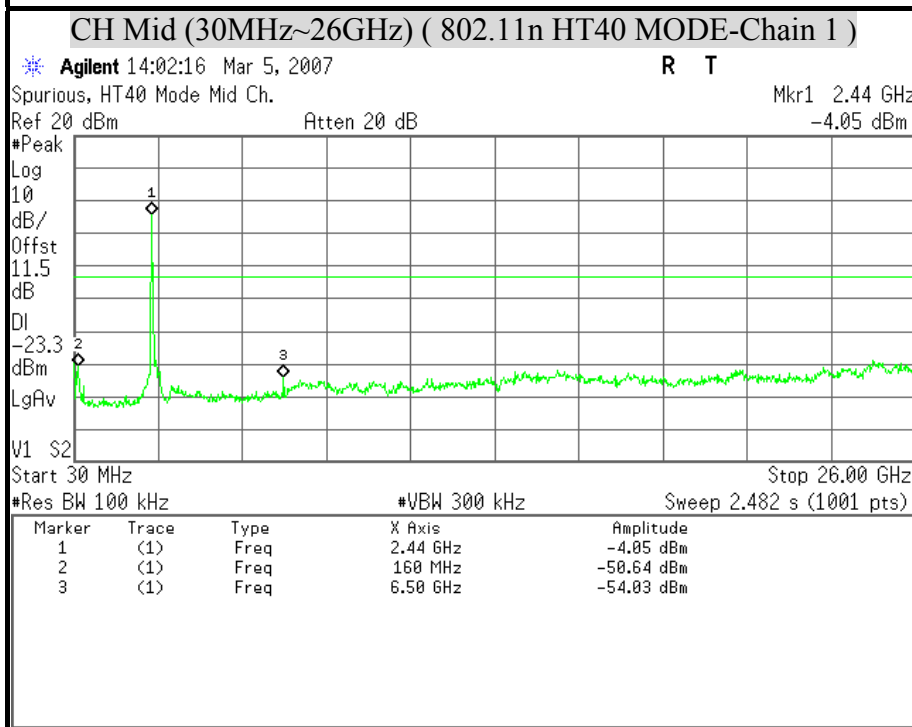
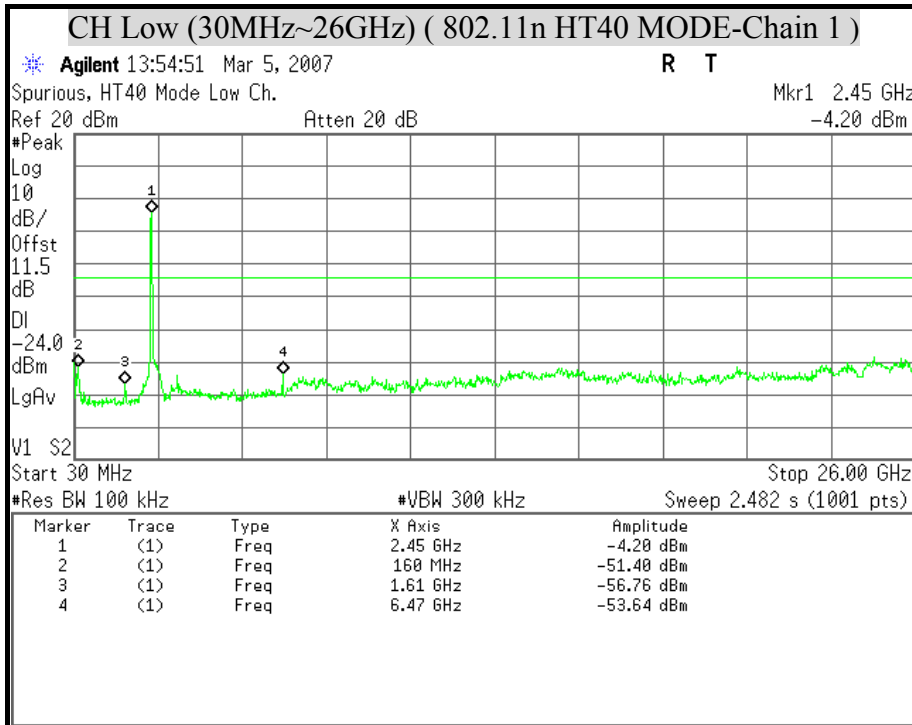


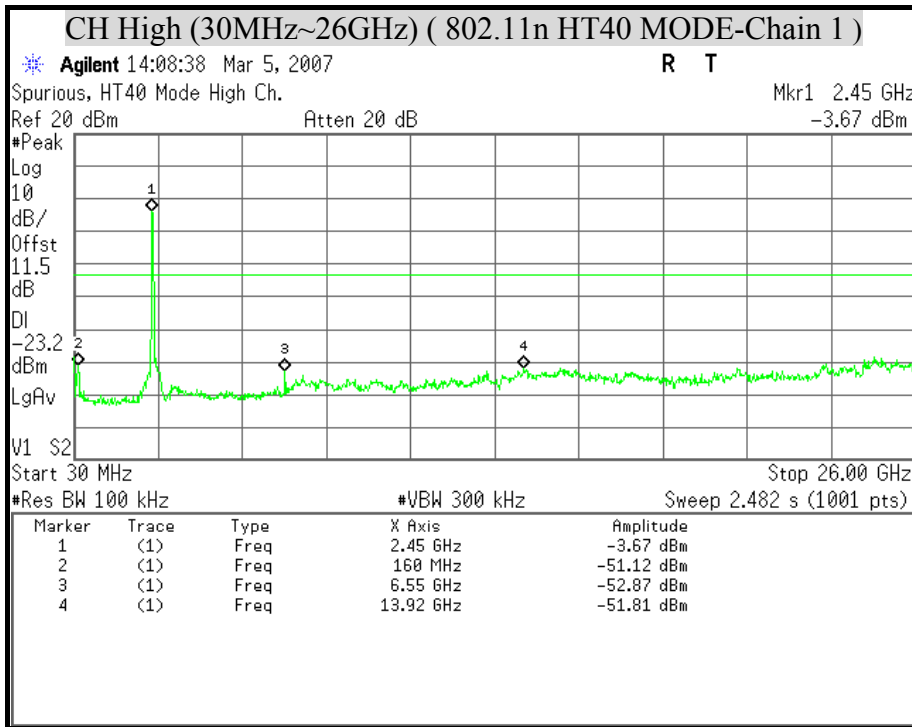


### OUT-OF-BAND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS-CONDUCTED MEASUREMENT ( 802.11n HT40 MODE )





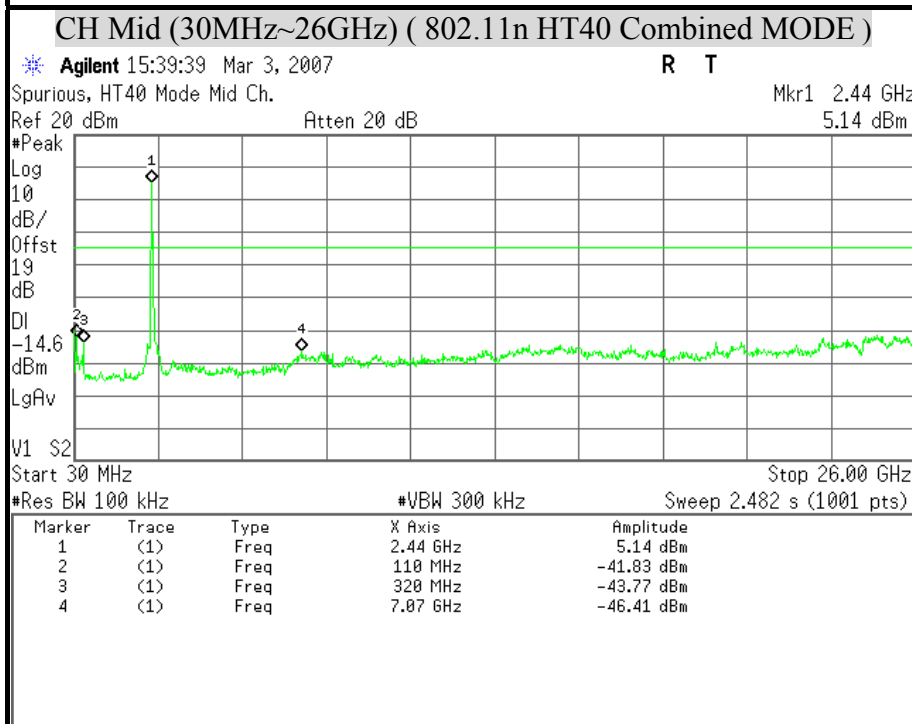
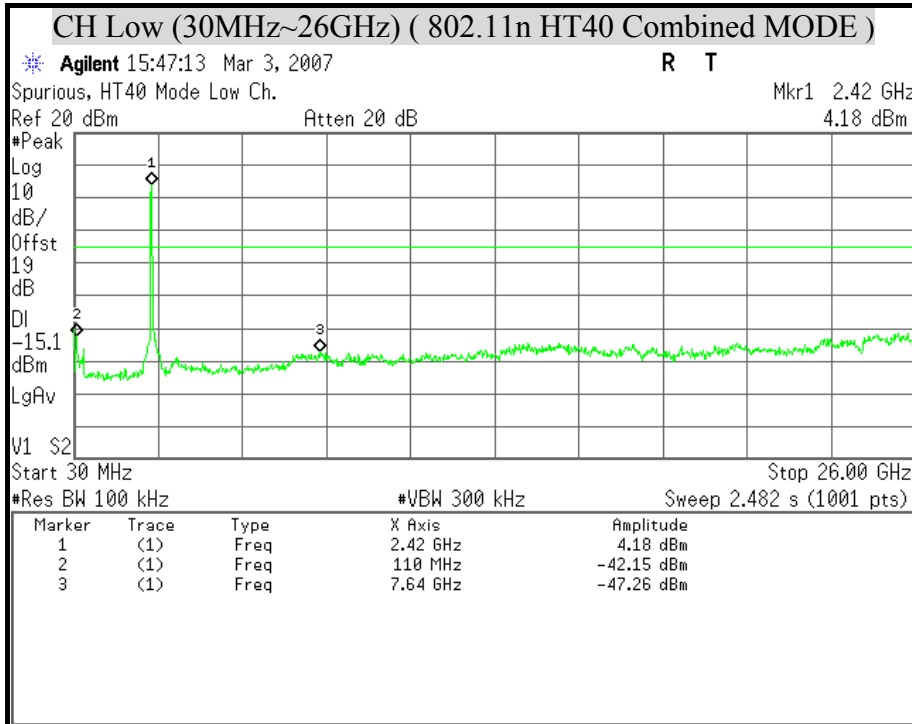


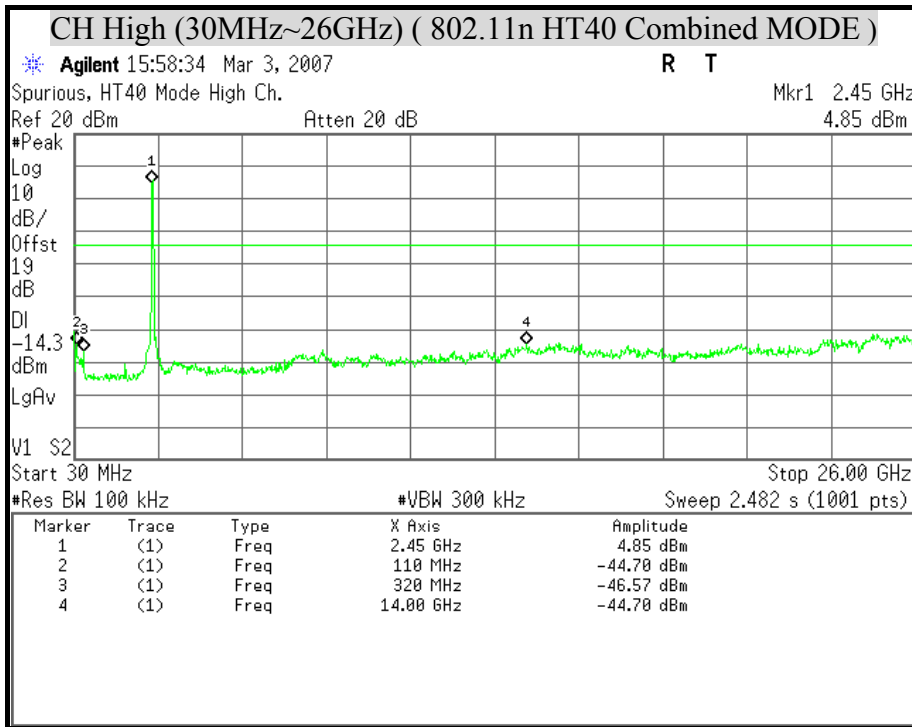




### OUT-OF-BAND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS-CONDUCTED MEASUREMENT

#### ( 802.11n HT40 Combined MODE )







## 8.8 RADIATED EMISSIONS

### 8.8.1 TRANSMITTER RADIATED SUPURIOUS EMSSIONS

#### LIMITS

§ 15.205 (a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
<sup>1</sup> 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2655 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3338	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 - 335.4	3600 - 4400	( <sup>2</sup> )
13.36 - 13.41			

<sup>1</sup> Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

<sup>2</sup> Above 38.6

§ 15.205 (b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.





§ 15.209 (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table :

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
30 - 88	100 **	3
88 - 216	150 **	3
216 - 960	200 **	3
Above 960	500	3

\*\* Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz, However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e-g, Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

§ 15.209 (b) In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

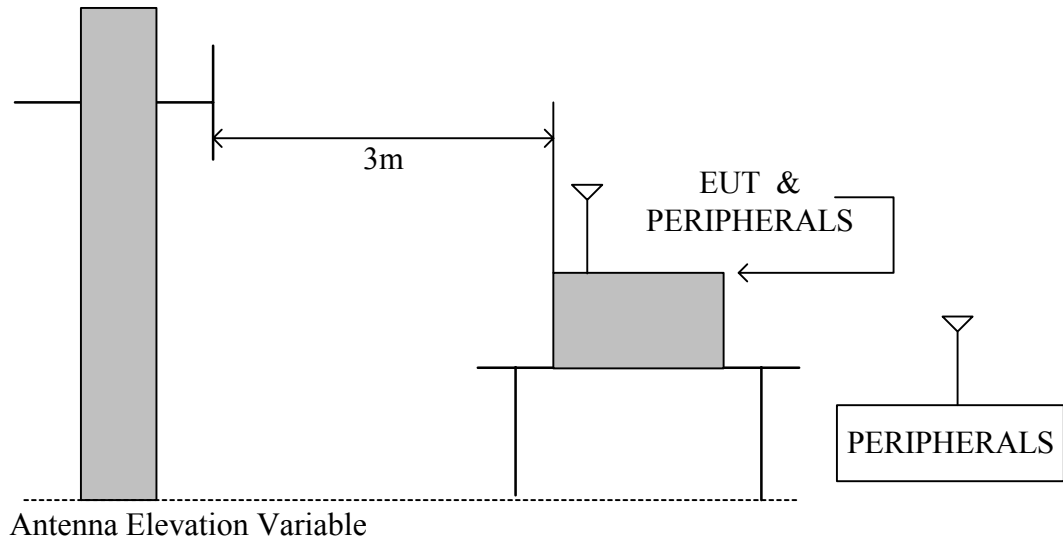
### **TEST EQUIPMENTS**

The following test equipments are utilized in making the measurements contained in this report.

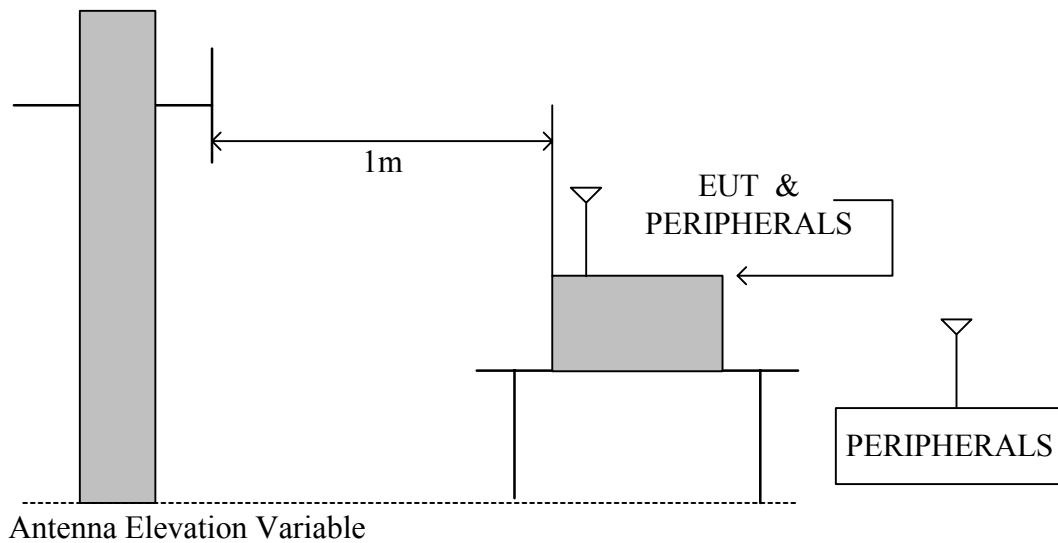
Manufacturer or Type	Model No.	Serial No.	Date of Calibration	Calibration Period	Remark
CHASE BI-LOG ANTENNA	CBL6112B	2817	August 28, 2006	1 Year	FINAL
R/S SPECTRUM ANALYZER	FSEK30	835253/002	October 18, 2006	1 Year	FINAL
AGILENT SPECTRUM ANALYZER	E4446A	MY433601.32	March 22, 2006	1 Year	FINAL
R/S EMI TEST RECEIVER	ESCS30	835418/008	September 02, 2006	1 Year	FINAL
OPEN SITE	-----	No.2	May 07, 2006	1 Year	FINAL
N TYPE COAXIAL CABLE	9913-30M	001	August 21, 2006	1 Year	FINAL
Horn Antenna	AH-118	10089	August 30, 2006	1 Year	FINAL
Horn Antenna	AH-840	03077	February 25, 2006	1 Year	FINAL
Agilent Pre-amplifier	8449B	3008A01471	December 25, 2006	1 Year	FINAL
HP Amplifier	8447D	1937A02748	December 25, 2006	1 Year	FINAL
HP High pass filter	84300/80038	002	CAL. ON USE	1 Year	FINAL
HP High pass filter	84300/80039	003	CAL. ON USE	1 Year	FINAL
Loop Antenna ETS-LINDGREN	6502	2356	June 15, 2006	1 Year	FINAL

## TEST SETUP

The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30 to 1GHz.



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission above 1GHz.





## **TEST PROCEDURE**

- a. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 10 meter open area test site. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- b. While measuring the radiated emission below 1GHz, the EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower. While measuring the radiated emission above 1GHz, the EUT was set 1 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna
- c. The antenna is a broadband antenna, and its height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarization of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- e. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.
- f. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10 dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10 dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.

### Note :

1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 KHz for Peak detection (PK) and Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1GHz.
2. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz for Peak detection and frequency above 1GHz.
3. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is 10 Hz for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1GHz.

## **TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted

**8.8.2 WORST-CASE RADIATED EMISSION BELOW 1 GHz**

<b>Product Name</b>	Wireless LAN Card	<b>Test Date</b>	2007/03/02
<b>Model</b>	DWA-645	<b>Test By</b>	Alan Fan
<b>Test Mode</b>	Normal operating (Worst-case)	<b>TEMP &amp; Humidity</b>	28°C, 61%

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Meter Reading at 3m(dBμV)		Limits (dBμV/m)	Emission Level at 3m(dBμV/m)	
			Horizontal	Vertical		Horizontal	Vertical
168.24	10.23	1.83	9.80	13.50	43.50	21.86	25.56
199.99	10.00	1.93	16.00	12.70	43.50	27.93	24.63
232.76	11.77	2.08	19.20	16.50	46.00	33.05	30.35
266.04	13.08	2.23	20.30	15.30	46.00	35.61	30.61
399.99	16.70	2.81	14.00	12.10	46.00	33.51	31.61
432.00	17.05	2.92	9.50	8.10	46.00	29.47	28.07
500.00	17.80	3.16	6.90	6.80	46.00	27.86	27.76
720.00	19.90	3.94	5.50	5.00	46.00	29.34	28.84

**Remark:** Emission level (dBμV/m) =Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) + Meter Reading (dBμV).

**8.8.3 TRANSMITTER RADIATED EMISSION ABOVE 1 GHz**

<b>Product Name</b>	Wireless LAN Card	<b>Test Date</b>	2007/03/14
<b>Model</b>	DWA-645	<b>Test By</b>	Alan Fan
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11b TX (CH Low)	<b>TEMP &amp; Humidity</b>	23°C, 85%

Measurement Distance at 1m Horizontal polarity											
Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	AF (dBμV)	Cable (dB)	Pre-amp (dB)	Dist (dB)	Filter (dB)	Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Mark (P/Q/A)	Height (Meter)
1607.87	54.25	27.34	3.77	35.24	9.50	0.00	40.63	74.00	-33.37	P	1.00
1607.87	40.90	27.34	3.77	35.24	9.50	0.00	27.28	54.00	-26.72	A	1.00
4823.84	68.81	34.52	6.32	35.46	9.50	0.35	65.03	74.00	-8.97	P	1.00
4823.84	56.09	34.52	6.32	35.46	9.50	0.35	52.31	54.00	-1.69	A	1.00
Measurement Distance at 1m Vertical polarity											
Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	AF (dBμV)	Cable (dB)	Pre-amp (dB)	Dist (dB)	Filter (dB)	Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Mark (P/Q/A)	Height (Meter)
1607.95	57.01	27.34	3.77	35.24	9.50	0.00	43.39	74.00	-30.61	P	1.00
1607.95	44.22	27.34	3.77	35.24	9.50	0.00	30.60	54.00	-23.40	A	1.00
4818.31	69.99	34.51	6.32	35.46	9.50	0.35	66.21	74.00	-7.79	P	1.00
4818.31	56.72	34.51	6.32	35.46	9.50	0.35	52.94	54.00	-1.06	A	1.00

**Remark:**

1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
3. Dist : correction to extra plate reading to 3m specification distance 1m measurement distance = -9.5dB
4. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  

$$\text{Level} = \text{Reading} + \text{AF} + \text{Cable} - \text{Preamp} + \text{Filter} - \text{Dist}, \text{Margin} = \text{Level-Limit}$$
5. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
6. The test limit distance is 3M limit.



<b>Product Name</b>	Wireless LAN Card	<b>Test Date</b>	2007/03/14
<b>Model</b>	DWA-645	<b>Test By</b>	Alan Fan
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11b TX (CH Middle)	<b>TEMP &amp; Humidity</b>	23°C, 85%

Measurement Distance at 1m Horizontal polarity											
Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	AF (dBμV)	Cable (dB)	Pre-amp (dB)	Dist (dB)	Filter (dB)	Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Mark (P/Q/A)	Height (Meter)
1624.55	51.39	27.47	3.80	35.23	9.50	0.00	37.93	74.00	-36.07	P	1.00
1624.55	37.89	27.47	3.80	35.23	9.50	0.00	24.43	54.00	-29.57	A	1.00
4873.92	67.14	34.60	6.32	35.47	9.50	0.30	63.38	74.00	-10.62	P	1.00
4873.92	54.03	34.60	6.32	35.47	9.50	0.30	50.27	54.00	-3.73	A	1.00
7307.48	58.20	39.61	8.30	35.66	9.50	0.84	61.78	74.00	-12.22	P	1.00
7307.48	47.73	39.61	8.30	35.66	9.50	0.84	51.31	54.00	-2.69	A	1.00

Measurement Distance at 1m Vertical polarity											
Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	AF (dBμV)	Cable (dB)	Pre-amp (dB)	Dist (dB)	Filter (dB)	Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Mark (P/Q/A)	Height (Meter)
1622.87	56.53	27.46	3.79	35.23	9.50	0.00	43.06	74.00	-30.94	P	1.00
1622.87	40.76	27.46	3.79	35.23	9.50	0.00	27.29	54.00	-26.71	A	1.00
4873.93	63.13	34.60	6.32	35.47	9.50	0.30	59.37	74.00	-14.63	P	1.00
4873.93	50.15	34.60	6.32	35.47	9.50	0.30	46.39	54.00	-7.61	A	1.00
7307.48	51.99	39.61	8.30	35.66	9.50	0.84	55.57	74.00	-18.43	P	1.00
7307.48	40.31	39.61	8.30	35.66	9.50	0.84	43.89	54.00	-10.11	A	1.00

**Remark:**

1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
3. Dist : correction to extra plate reading to 3m specification distance 1m measurement distance = -9.5dB
4. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  

$$\text{Level} = \text{Reading} + \text{AF} + \text{Cable} - \text{Preamp} + \text{Filter} - \text{Dist}, \text{Margin} = \text{Level-Limit}$$
5. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
6. The test limit distance is 3M limit.



<b>Product Name</b>	Wireless LAN Card	<b>Test Date</b>	2007/03/14
<b>Model</b>	DWA-645	<b>Test By</b>	Alan Fan
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11b TX (CH High)	<b>TEMP &amp; Humidity</b>	23°C, 85%

Measurement Distance at 1m Horizontal polarity											
Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	AF (dBμV)	Cable (dB)	Pre-amp (dB)	Dist (dB)	Filter (dB)	Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Mark (P/Q/A)	Height (Meter)
4924.45	69.43	34.68	6.32	35.48	9.50	0.25	65.69	74.00	-8.31	P	1.00
4924.45	57.05	34.68	6.32	35.48	9.50	0.25	53.31	54.00	-0.69	A	1.00
7384.96	59.45	39.68	8.33	35.68	9.50	0.77	63.05	74.00	-10.95	P	1.00
7384.96	48.76	39.68	8.33	35.68	9.50	0.77	52.36	54.00	-1.64	A	1.00

Measurement Distance at 1m Vertical polarity											
Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	AF (dBμV)	Cable (dB)	Pre-amp (dB)	Dist (dB)	Filter (dB)	Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Mark (P/Q/A)	Height (Meter)
4924.48	65.26	34.68	6.32	35.48	9.50	0.25	61.52	74.00	-12.48	P	1.00
4924.48	53.45	34.68	6.32	35.48	9.50	0.25	49.71	54.00	-4.29	A	1.00
7382.47	53.32	39.68	8.33	35.68	9.50	0.77	56.92	74.00	-17.08	P	1.00
7382.47	40.44	39.68	8.33	35.68	9.50	0.77	44.04	54.00	-9.96	A	1.00

**Remark:**

1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
3. Dist : correction to extra plate reading to 3m specification distance 1m measurement distance = -9.5dB
4. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  

$$\text{Level} = \text{Reading} + \text{AF} + \text{Cable} - \text{Preamp} + \text{Filter} - \text{Dist}, \text{Margin} = \text{Level} - \text{Limit}$$
5. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
6. The test limit distance is 3M limit.



<b>Product Name</b>	Wireless LAN Card	<b>Test Date</b>	2007/03/14
<b>Model</b>	DWA-645	<b>Test By</b>	Alan Fan
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11g TX (CH Low)	<b>TEMP &amp; Humidity</b>	23°C, 85%

Measurement Distance at 1m Horizontal polarity											
Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	AF (dBμV)	Cable (dB)	Pre-amp (dB)	Dist (dB)	Filter (dB)	Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Mark (P/Q/A)	Height (Meter)
1605.94	50.35	27.33	3.77	35.24	9.50	0.00	36.71	74.00	-37.29	P	1.00
1605.94	37.49	27.33	3.77	35.24	9.50	0.00	23.85	54.00	-30.15	A	1.00
4823.19	70.30	34.52	6.32	35.46	9.50	0.35	66.52	74.00	-7.48	P	1.00
4823.19	55.63	34.52	6.32	35.46	9.50	0.35	51.85	54.00	-2.15	A	1.00
Measurement Distance at 1m Vertical polarity											
Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	AF (dBμV)	Cable (dB)	Pre-amp (dB)	Dist (dB)	Filter (dB)	Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Mark (P/Q/A)	Height (Meter)
1611.12	51.00	27.37	3.78	35.23	9.50	0.00	37.41	74.00	-36.59	P	1.00
1611.12	38.63	27.37	3.78	35.23	9.50	0.00	25.04	54.00	-28.96	A	1.00
4820.11	69.65	34.51	6.32	35.46	9.50	0.35	65.87	74.00	-8.13	P	1.00
4820.11	55.50	34.51	6.32	35.46	9.50	0.35	51.72	54.00	-2.28	A	1.00

**Remark:**

1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
3. Dist : correction to extra plate reading to 3m specification distance 1m measurement distance = -9.5dB
4. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  

$$\text{Level} = \text{Reading} + \text{AF} + \text{Cable} - \text{Preamp} + \text{Filter} - \text{Dist}, \text{Margin} = \text{Level} - \text{Limit}$$
5. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
6. The test limit distance is 3M limit.





<b>Product Name</b>	Wireless LAN Card	<b>Test Date</b>	2007/03/14
<b>Model</b>	DWA-645	<b>Test By</b>	Alan Fan
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11g TX (CH Middle)	<b>TEMP &amp; Humidity</b>	23°C, 85%

Measurement Distance at 1m Horizontal polarity											
Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	AF (dBμV)	Cable (dB)	Pre-amp (dB)	Dist (dB)	Filter (dB)	Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Mark (P/Q/A)	Height (Meter)
1624.50	48.42	27.47	3.80	35.23	9.50	0.00	34.96	74.00	-39.04	P	1.00
1624.50	33.84	27.47	3.80	35.23	9.50	0.00	20.38	54.00	-33.62	A	1.00
4869.59	64.88	34.59	6.32	35.47	9.50	0.30	61.12	74.00	-12.88	P	1.00
4869.59	51.11	34.59	6.32	35.47	9.50	0.30	47.35	54.00	-6.65	A	1.00
7305.72	69.16	39.61	8.30	35.66	9.50	0.84	72.74	74.00	-1.26	P	1.00
7305.72	47.72	39.61	8.30	35.66	9.50	0.84	51.30	54.00	-2.70	A	1.00

Measurement Distance at 1m Vertical polarity											
Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	AF (dBμV)	Cable (dB)	Pre-amp (dB)	Dist (dB)	Filter (dB)	Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Mark (P/Q/A)	Height (Meter)
1624.50	53.87	27.47	3.80	35.23	9.50	0.00	40.41	74.00	-33.59	P	1.00
1624.50	35.76	27.47	3.80	35.23	9.50	0.00	22.30	54.00	-31.70	A	1.00
4880.75	61.30	34.61	6.32	35.48	9.50	0.29	57.54	74.00	-16.46	P	1.00
4880.75	47.75	34.61	6.32	35.48	9.50	0.29	43.99	54.00	-10.01	A	1.00
7306.24	62.96	39.61	8.30	35.66	9.50	0.84	66.54	74.00	-7.46	P	1.00
7306.24	41.97	39.61	8.30	35.66	9.50	0.84	45.55	54.00	-8.45	A	1.00

**Remark:**

1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
3. Dist : correction to extra plate reading to 3m specification distance 1m measurement distance = -9.5dB
4. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  

$$\text{Level} = \text{Reading} + \text{AF} + \text{Cable} - \text{Preamp} + \text{Filter} - \text{Dist}, \text{Margin} = \text{Level} - \text{Limit}$$
5. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
6. The test limit distance is 3M limit.



<b>Product Name</b>	Wireless LAN Card	<b>Test Date</b>	2007/03/14
<b>Model</b>	DWA-645	<b>Test By</b>	Alan Fan
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11g TX (CH High)	<b>TEMP &amp; Humidity</b>	23°C, 85%

Measurement Distance at 1m Horizontal polarity											
Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	AF (dBμV)	Cable (dB)	Pre-amp (dB)	Dist (dB)	Filter (dB)	Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Mark (P/Q/A)	Height (Meter)
4922.84	67.09	34.68	6.32	35.48	9.50	0.25	63.35	74.00	-10.65	P	1.00
4922.84	53.57	34.68	6.32	35.48	9.50	0.25	49.83	54.00	-4.17	A	1.00
7382.53	69.32	39.68	8.33	35.68	9.50	0.77	72.92	74.00	-1.08	P	1.00
7382.53	47.81	39.68	8.33	35.68	9.50	0.77	51.41	54.00	-2.59	A	1.00
Measurement Distance at 1m Vertical polarity											
Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	AF (dBμV)	Cable (dB)	Pre-amp (dB)	Dist (dB)	Filter (dB)	Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Mark (P/Q/A)	Height (Meter)
4929.11	63.72	34.69	6.32	35.49	9.50	0.24	59.98	74.00	-14.02	P	1.00
4929.11	50.99	34.69	6.32	35.49	9.50	0.24	47.25	54.00	-6.75	A	1.00
7383.08	63.76	39.68	8.33	35.68	9.50	0.77	67.36	74.00	-6.64	P	1.00
7383.08	42.19	39.68	8.33	35.68	9.50	0.77	45.79	54.00	-8.21	A	1.00

**Remark:**

1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
3. Dist : correction to extra plate reading to 3m specification distance 1m measurement distance = -9.5dB
4. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  

$$\text{Level} = \text{Reading} + \text{AF} + \text{Cable} - \text{Preamp} + \text{Filter} - \text{Dist}, \text{Margin} = \text{Level-Limit}$$
5. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
6. The test limit distance is 3M limit.



<b>Product Name</b>	Wireless LAN Card	<b>Test Date</b>	2007/01/25
<b>Model</b>	DWA-645	<b>Test By</b>	Alan Fan
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11n HT20 TX (CH Low)	<b>TEMP &amp; Humidity</b>	22°C, 63%

Measurement Distance at 1m Horizontal polarity											
Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	AF (dBμV)	Cable (dB)	Pre-amp (dB)	Dist (dB)	Filter (dB)	Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Mark (P/Q/A)	Height (Meter)
1611.30	48.90	27.37	3.78	35.23	9.50	0.00	35.31	74.00	-38.69	P	1.00
1611.30	35.74	27.37	3.78	35.23	9.50	0.00	22.15	54.00	-31.85	A	1.00
4825.30	60.99	34.52	6.32	35.47	9.50	0.34	57.21	74.00	-16.79	P	1.00
4825.30	43.03	34.52	6.32	35.47	9.50	0.34	39.25	54.00	-14.75	A	1.00
Measurement Distance at 1m Vertical polarity											
Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	AF (dBμV)	Cable (dB)	Pre-amp (dB)	Dist (dB)	Filter (dB)	Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Mark (P/Q/A)	Height (Meter)
1608.06	51.20	27.34	3.77	35.24	9.50	0.00	37.58	74.00	-36.42	P	1.00
1608.06	38.33	27.34	3.77	35.24	9.50	0.00	24.71	54.00	-29.29	A	1.00
4817.63	59.82	34.51	6.32	35.46	9.50	0.35	56.04	74.00	-17.96	P	1.00
4817.63	41.01	34.51	6.32	35.46	9.50	0.35	37.23	54.00	-16.77	A	1.00

**Remark:**

1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
3. Dist : correction to extra plate reading to 3m specification distance 1m measurement distance = -9.5dB
4. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  

$$\text{Level} = \text{Reading} + \text{AF} + \text{Cable} - \text{Preamp} + \text{Filter} - \text{Dist}, \text{Margin} = \text{Level} - \text{Limit}$$
5. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
6. The test limit distance is 3M limit.



<b>Product Name</b>	Wireless LAN Card	<b>Test Date</b>	2007/01/25
<b>Model</b>	DWA-645	<b>Test By</b>	Alan Fan
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11n HT20 TX (CH Middle)	<b>TEMP &amp; Humidity</b>	22°C, 63%

Measurement Distance at 1m Horizontal polarity											
Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	AF (dBμV)	Cable (dB)	Pre-amp (dB)	Dist (dB)	Filter (dB)	Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Mark (P/Q/A)	Height (Meter)
1624.71	47.36	27.47	3.80	35.23	9.50	0.00	33.90	74.00	-40.10	P	1.00
1624.71	34.02	27.47	3.80	35.23	9.50	0.00	20.56	54.00	-33.44	A	1.00
4878.42	59.94	34.61	6.32	35.48	9.50	0.29	56.18	74.00	-17.82	P	1.00
4878.42	42.76	34.61	6.32	35.48	9.50	0.29	39.00	54.00	-15.00	A	1.00
7306.55	60.58	39.61	8.30	35.66	9.50	0.84	64.16	74.00	-9.84	P	1.00
7306.55	40.46	39.61	8.30	35.66	9.50	0.84	44.04	54.00	-9.96	A	1.00

Measurement Distance at 1m Vertical polarity											
Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	AF (dBμV)	Cable (dB)	Pre-amp (dB)	Dist (dB)	Filter (dB)	Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Mark (P/Q/A)	Height (Meter)
1624.24	55.49	27.47	3.80	35.23	9.50	0.00	42.03	74.00	-31.97	P	1.00
1624.24	34.80	27.47	3.80	35.23	9.50	0.00	21.34	54.00	-32.66	A	1.00
4883.55	55.99	34.61	6.32	35.48	9.50	0.29	52.23	74.00	-21.77	P	1.00
4883.55	38.37	34.61	6.32	35.48	9.50	0.29	34.61	54.00	-19.39	A	1.00
7304.07	57.31	39.60	8.30	35.66	9.50	0.84	60.89	74.00	-13.11	P	1.00
7304.07	39.68	39.60	8.30	35.66	9.50	0.84	43.26	54.00	-10.74	A	1.00

**Remark:**

1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
3. Dist : correction to extra plate reading to 3m specification distance 1m measurement distance = -9.5dB
4. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  
Level = Reading + AF + Cable – Preamp + Filter – Dist, Margin = Level-Limit
5. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
6. The test limit distance is 3M limit.



<b>Product Name</b>	Wireless LAN Card	<b>Test Date</b>	2007/01/25
<b>Model</b>	DWA-645	<b>Test By</b>	Alan Fan
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11n HT20 TX (CH High)	<b>TEMP &amp; Humidity</b>	22°C, 63%

Measurement Distance at 1m Horizontal polarity											
Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	AF (dBμV)	Cable (dB)	Pre-amp (dB)	Dist (dB)	Filter (dB)	Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Mark (P/Q/A)	Height (Meter)
4921.89	59.20	34.68	6.32	35.48	9.50	0.25	55.46	74.00	-18.54	P	1.00
4921.89	43.04	34.68	6.32	35.48	9.50	0.25	39.30	54.00	-14.70	A	1.00
7383.96	61.57	39.68	8.33	35.68	9.50	0.77	65.17	74.00	-8.83	P	1.00
7383.96	39.04	39.68	8.33	35.68	9.50	0.77	42.64	54.00	-11.36	A	1.00
Measurement Distance at 1m Vertical polarity											
Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	AF (dBμV)	Cable (dB)	Pre-amp (dB)	Dist (dB)	Filter (dB)	Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Mark (P/Q/A)	Height (Meter)
4932.14	58.11	34.69	6.32	35.49	9.50	0.24	54.37	74.00	-19.63	P	1.00
4932.14	41.15	34.69	6.32	35.49	9.50	0.24	37.41	54.00	-16.59	A	1.00
7380.66	57.49	39.68	8.32	35.68	9.50	0.77	61.09	74.00	-12.91	P	1.00
7380.66	37.80	39.68	8.32	35.68	9.50	0.77	41.40	54.00	-12.60	A	1.00

**Remark:**

1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
3. Dist : correction to extra plate reading to 3m specification distance 1m measurement distance = -9.5dB
4. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  

$$\text{Level} = \text{Reading} + \text{AF} + \text{Cable} - \text{Preamp} + \text{Filter} - \text{Dist}, \text{Margin} = \text{Level-Limit}$$
5. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
6. The test limit distance is 3M limit.



<b>Product Name</b>	Wireless LAN Card	<b>Test Date</b>	2007/01/25
<b>Model</b>	DWA-645	<b>Test By</b>	Alan Fan
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11n HT40 TX (CH Low)	<b>TEMP &amp; Humidity</b>	22°C, 63%

Measurement Distance at 1m Horizontal polarity											
Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	AF (dBμV)	Cable (dB)	Pre-amp (dB)	Dist (dB)	Filter (dB)	Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Mark (P/Q/A)	Height (Meter)
1614.66	45.12	27.39	3.78	35.23	9.50	0.00	31.56	74.00	-42.44	P	1.00
1614.66	33.50	27.39	3.78	35.23	9.50	0.00	19.94	54.00	-34.06	A	1.00
4854.14	53.75	34.57	6.32	35.47	9.50	0.32	49.98	74.00	-24.02	P	1.00
4854.14	38.35	34.57	6.32	35.47	9.50	0.32	34.58	54.00	-19.42	A	1.00
7255.08	50.39	39.56	8.28	35.65	9.50	0.89	53.96	74.00	-20.04	P	1.00
7255.08	35.86	39.56	8.28	35.65	9.50	0.89	39.43	54.00	-14.57	A	1.00

Measurement Distance at 1m Vertical polarity											
Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	AF (dBμV)	Cable (dB)	Pre-amp (dB)	Dist (dB)	Filter (dB)	Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Mark (P/Q/A)	Height (Meter)
1614.52	48.58	27.39	3.78	35.23	9.50	0.00	35.02	74.00	-38.98	P	1.00
1614.52	34.04	27.39	3.78	35.23	9.50	0.00	20.48	54.00	-33.52	A	1.00
4850.44	49.78	34.56	6.32	35.47	9.50	0.32	46.01	74.00	-27.99	P	1.00
4850.44	35.62	34.56	6.32	35.47	9.50	0.32	31.85	54.00	-22.15	A	1.00
7269.76	50.25	39.57	8.28	35.65	9.50	0.87	53.82	74.00	-20.18	P	1.00
7269.76	35.29	39.57	8.28	35.65	9.50	0.87	38.86	54.00	-15.14	A	1.00

**Remark:**

1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
3. Dist : correction to extra plate reading to 3m specification distance 1m measurement distance = -9.5dB
4. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  

$$\text{Level} = \text{Reading} + \text{AF} + \text{Cable} - \text{Preamp} + \text{Filter} - \text{Dist}, \text{Margin} = \text{Level} - \text{Limit}$$
5. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
6. The test limit distance is 3M limit.



<b>Product Name</b>	Wireless LAN Card	<b>Test Date</b>	2007/01/25
<b>Model</b>	DWA-645	<b>Test By</b>	Alan Fan
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11n HT40 TX (CH Middle)	<b>TEMP &amp; Humidity</b>	22°C, 63%

Measurement Distance at 1m Horizontal polarity											
Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	AF (dBμV)	Cable (dB)	Pre-amp (dB)	Dist (dB)	Filter (dB)	Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Mark (P/Q/A)	Height (Meter)
1624.66	48.50	27.47	3.80	35.23	9.50	0.00	35.04	74.00	-38.96	P	1.00
1624.66	33.44	27.47	3.80	35.23	9.50	0.00	19.98	54.00	-34.02	A	1.00
4868.95	53.14	34.59	6.32	35.47	9.50	0.30	49.38	74.00	-24.62	P	1.00
4868.95	38.16	34.59	6.32	35.47	9.50	0.30	34.40	54.00	-19.60	A	1.00
7305.41	50.24	39.61	8.30	35.66	9.50	0.84	53.82	74.00	-20.18	P	1.00
7305.41	36.54	39.61	8.30	35.66	9.50	0.84	40.12	54.00	-13.88	A	1.00
Measurement Distance at 1m Vertical polarity											
Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	AF (dBμV)	Cable (dB)	Pre-amp (dB)	Dist (dB)	Filter (dB)	Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Mark (P/Q/A)	Height (Meter)
1625.35	51.85	27.48	3.80	35.22	9.50	0.00	38.40	74.00	-35.60	P	1.00
1625.35	37.04	27.48	3.80	35.22	9.50	0.00	23.59	54.00	-30.41	A	1.00
4861.88	48.87	34.58	6.32	35.47	9.50	0.31	45.10	74.00	-28.90	P	1.00
4861.88	36.21	34.58	6.32	35.47	9.50	0.31	32.44	54.00	-21.56	A	1.00
7305.00	48.45	39.61	8.30	35.66	9.50	0.84	52.03	74.00	-21.97	P	1.00
7305.00	35.58	39.61	8.30	35.66	9.50	0.84	39.16	54.00	-14.84	A	1.00

**Remark:**

1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
3. Dist : correction to extra plate reading to 3m specification distance 1m measurement distance = -9.5dB
4. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  

$$\text{Level} = \text{Reading} + \text{AF} + \text{Cable} - \text{Preamp} + \text{Filter} - \text{Dist}, \text{Margin} = \text{Level} - \text{Limit}$$
5. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
6. The test limit distance is 3M limit.



<b>Product Name</b>	Wireless LAN Card	<b>Test Date</b>	2007/01/25
<b>Model</b>	DWA-645	<b>Test By</b>	Alan Fan
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11n HT40 TX (CH High)	<b>TEMP &amp; Humidity</b>	22°C, 63%

Measurement Distance at 1m Horizontal polarity											
Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	AF (dBμV)	Cable (dB)	Pre-amp (dB)	Dist (dB)	Filter (dB)	Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Mark (P/Q/A)	Height (Meter)
4904.07	49.23	34.65	6.32	35.48	9.50	0.27	45.48	74.00	-28.52	P	1.00
4904.07	36.53	34.65	6.32	35.48	9.50	0.27	32.78	54.00	-21.22	A	1.00
7364.23	47.21	39.66	8.32	35.67	9.50	0.78	50.80	74.00	-23.20	P	1.00
7364.23	33.38	39.66	8.32	35.67	9.50	0.78	36.97	54.00	-17.03	A	1.00

Measurement Distance at 1m Vertical polarity											
Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	AF (dBμV)	Cable (dB)	Pre-amp (dB)	Dist (dB)	Filter (dB)	Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Mark (P/Q/A)	Height (Meter)
4903.31	47.85	34.65	6.32	35.48	9.50	0.27	44.10	74.00	-29.90	P	1.00
4903.31	35.08	34.65	6.32	35.48	9.50	0.27	31.33	54.00	-22.67	A	1.00
7358.85	47.03	39.66	8.32	35.67	9.50	0.79	50.62	74.00	-23.38	P	1.00
7358.85	34.58	39.66	8.32	35.67	9.50	0.79	38.17	54.00	-15.83	A	1.00

**Remark:**

1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
3. Dist : correction to extra plate reading to 3m specification distance 1m measurement distance = -9.5dB
4. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  

$$\text{Level} = \text{Reading} + \text{AF} + \text{Cable} - \text{Preamp} + \text{Filter} - \text{Dist}, \text{Margin} = \text{Level} - \text{Limit}$$
5. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
6. The test limit distance is 3M limit.

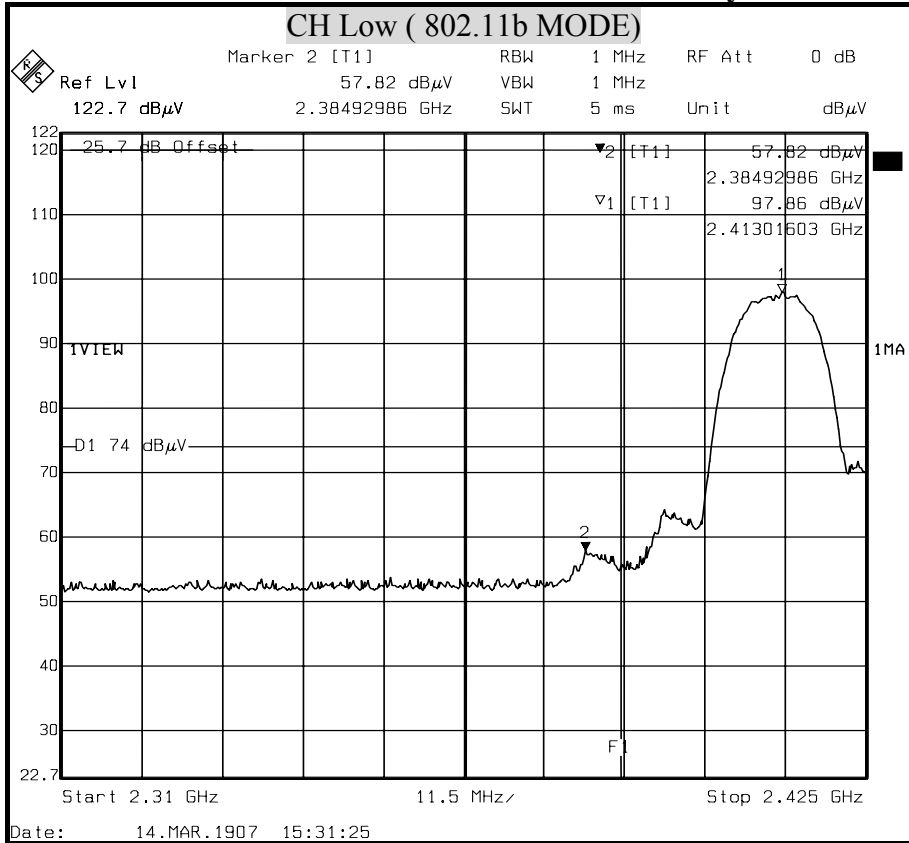




### 8.8.4 RESTRICTED BAND EDGES

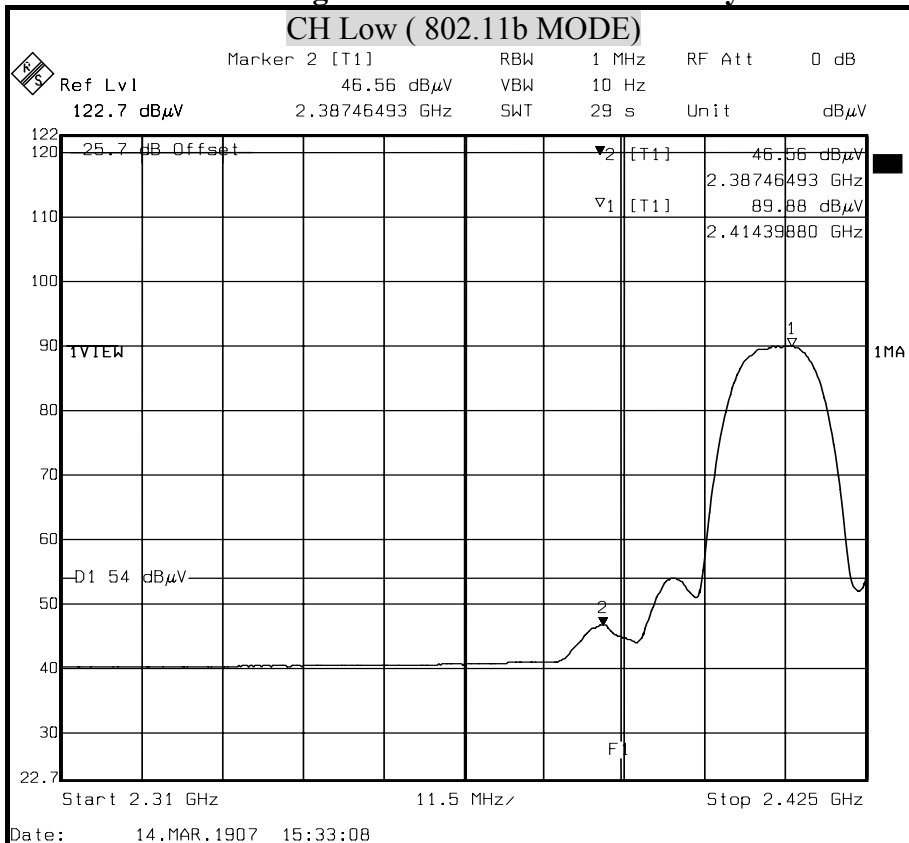
Detector mode : Peak

Polarity : Horizontal



Detector mode : Average

Polarity : Horizontal



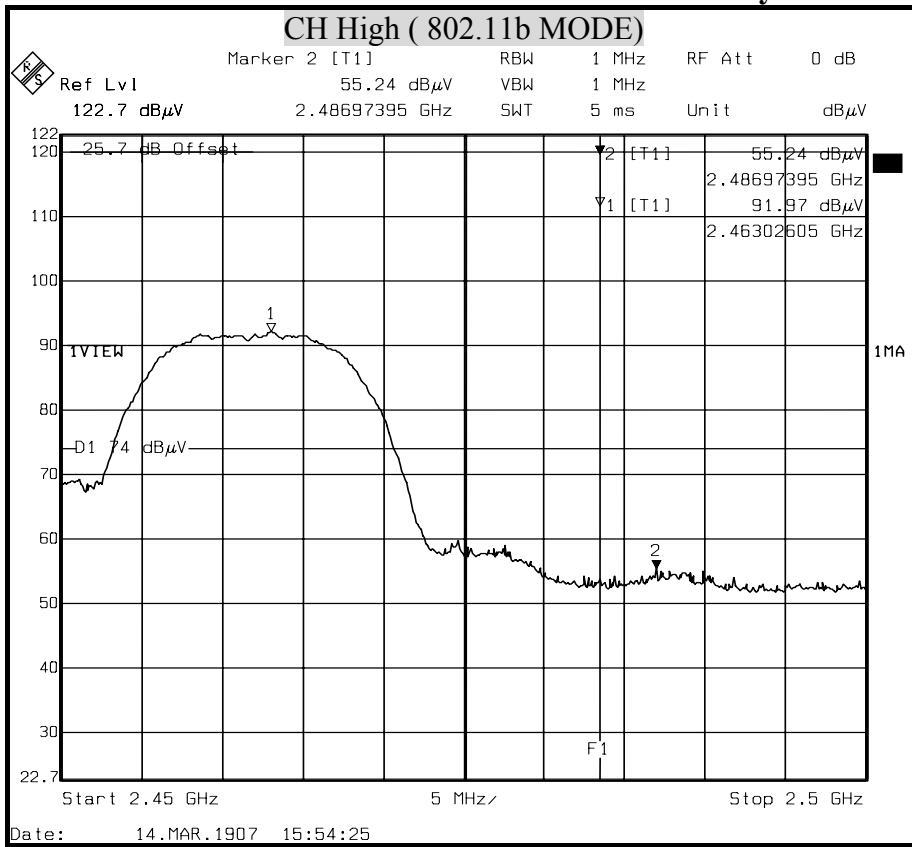






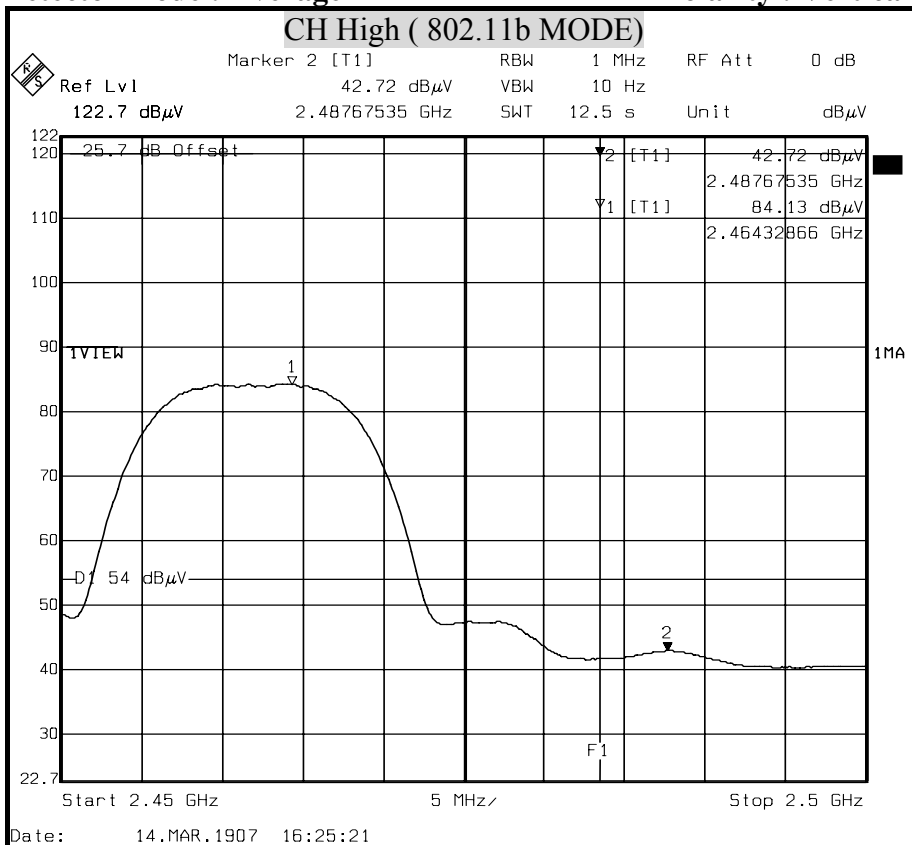
Detector mode : Peak

Polarity : Vertical



Detector mode : Average

Polarity : Vertical

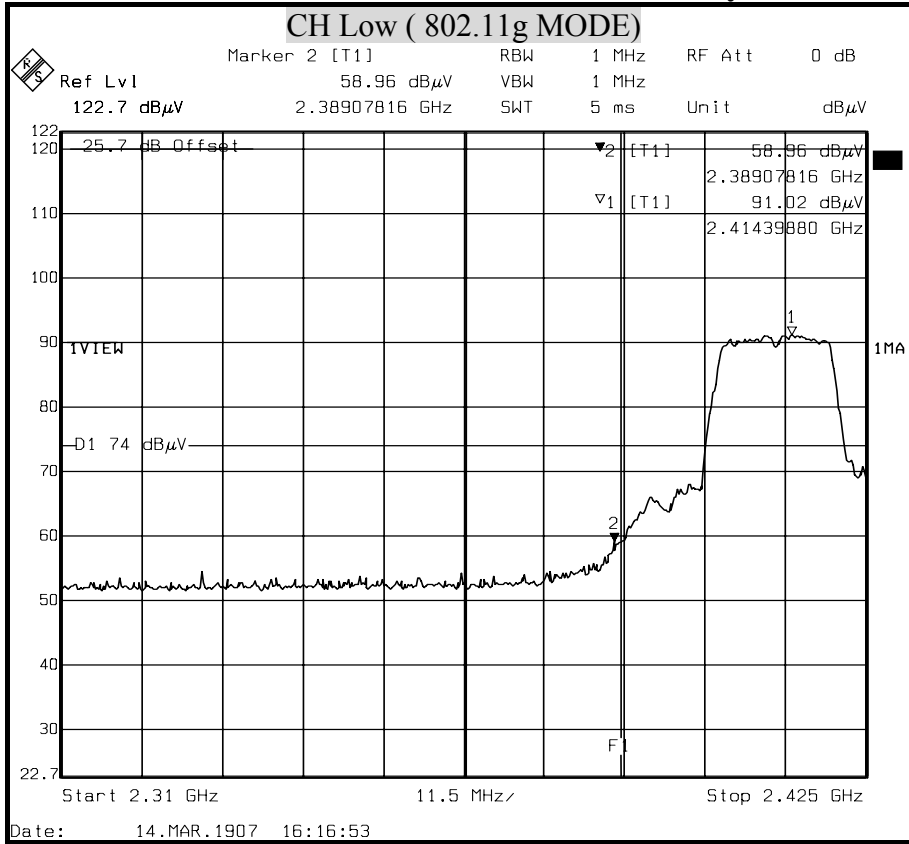






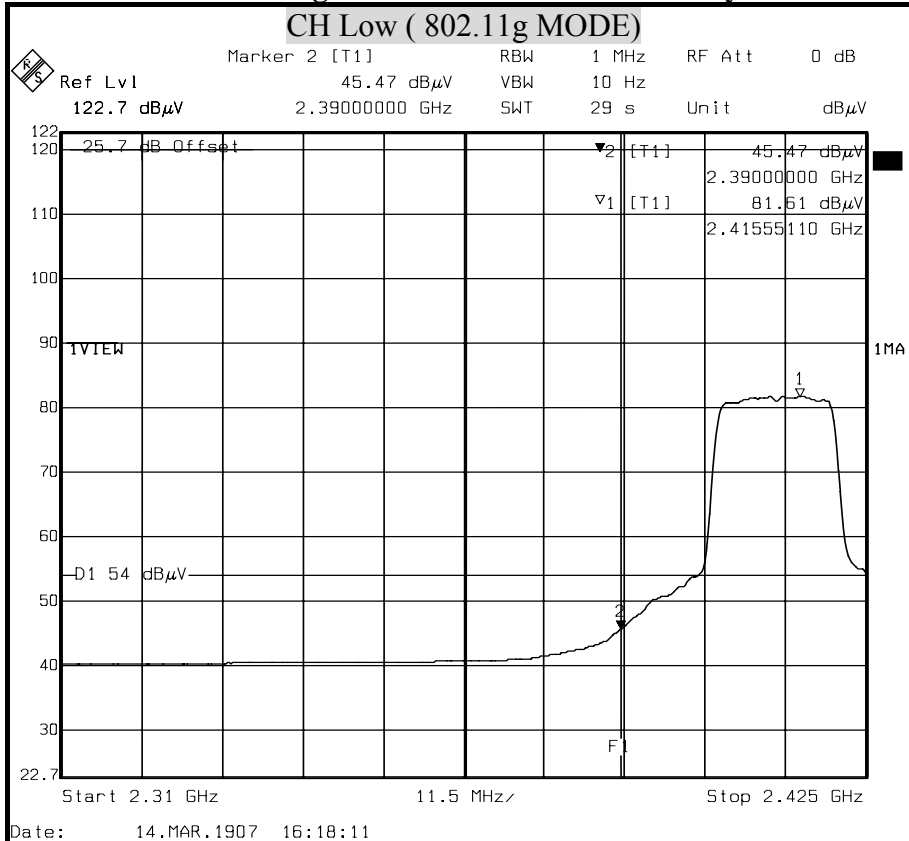
Detector mode : Peak

Polarity : Vertical



Detector mode : Average

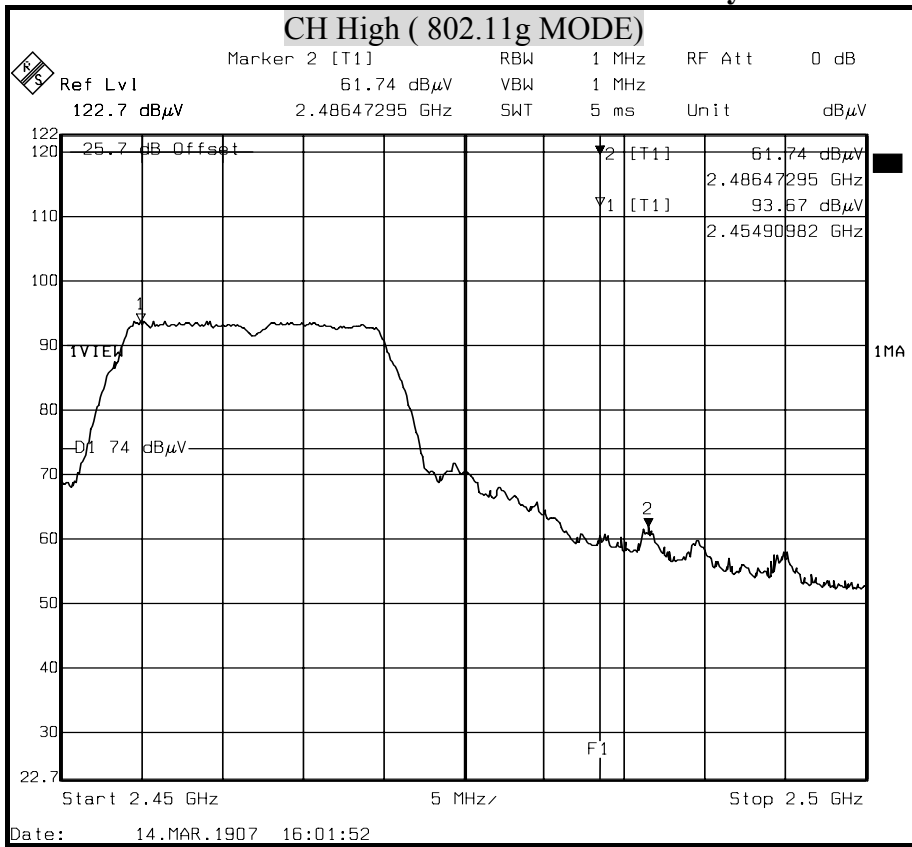
Polarity : Vertical





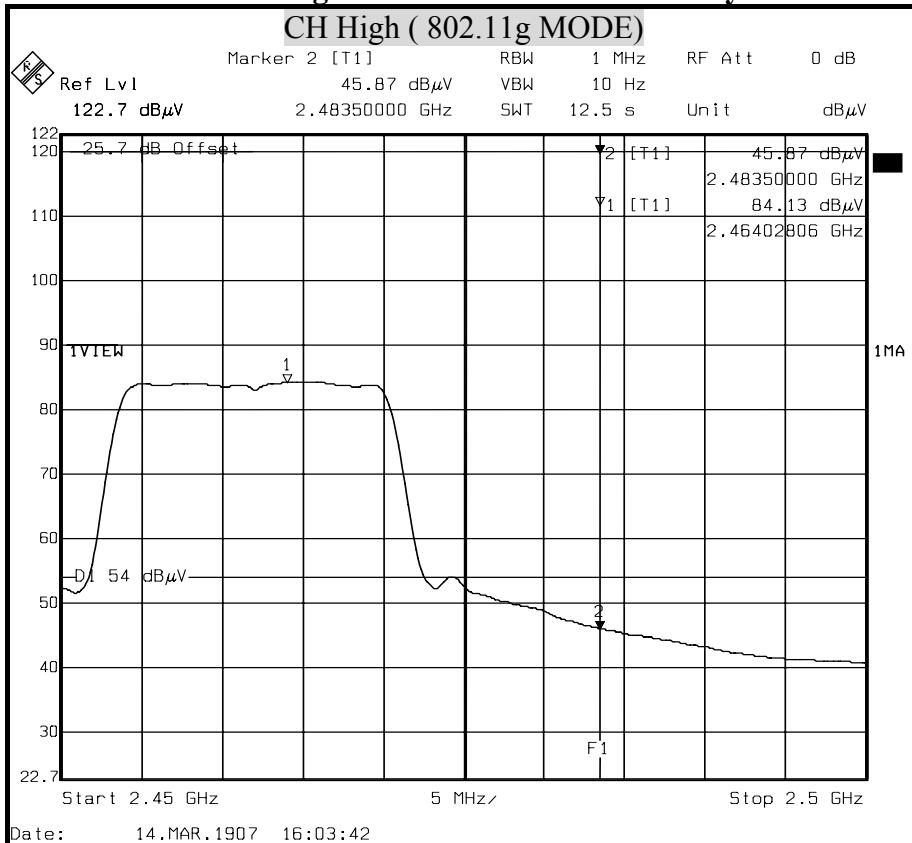
Detector mode : Peak

Polarity : Horizontal



Detector mode : Average

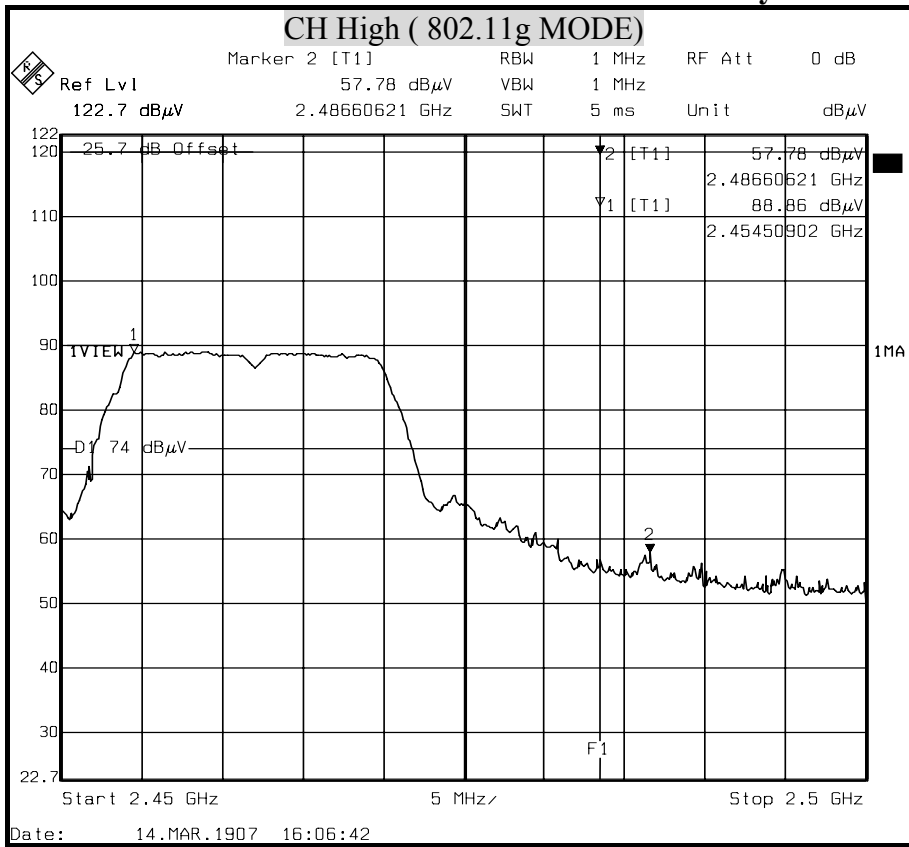
Polarity : Horizontal





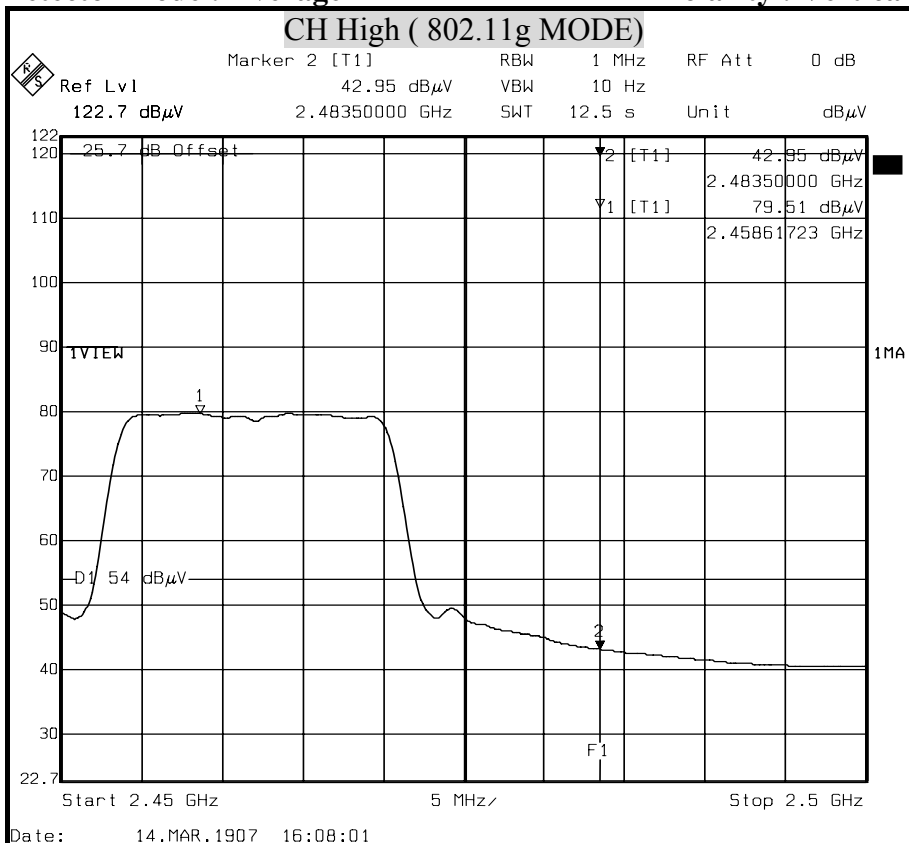
Detector mode : Peak

Polarity : Vertical



Detector mode : Average

Polarity : Vertical

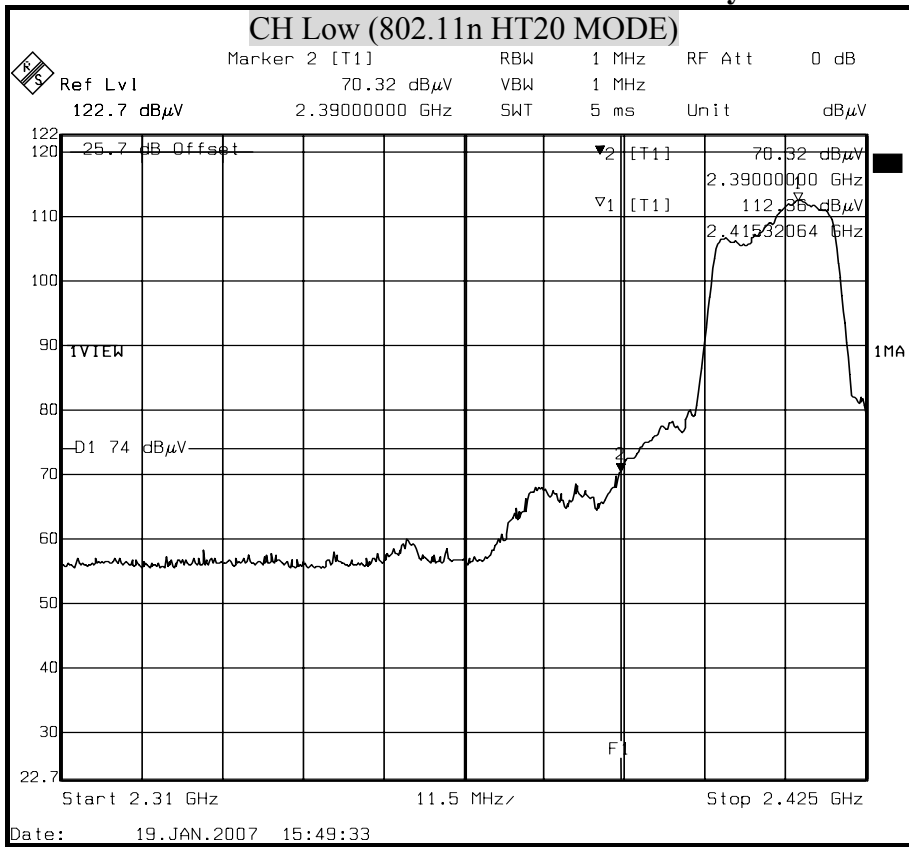






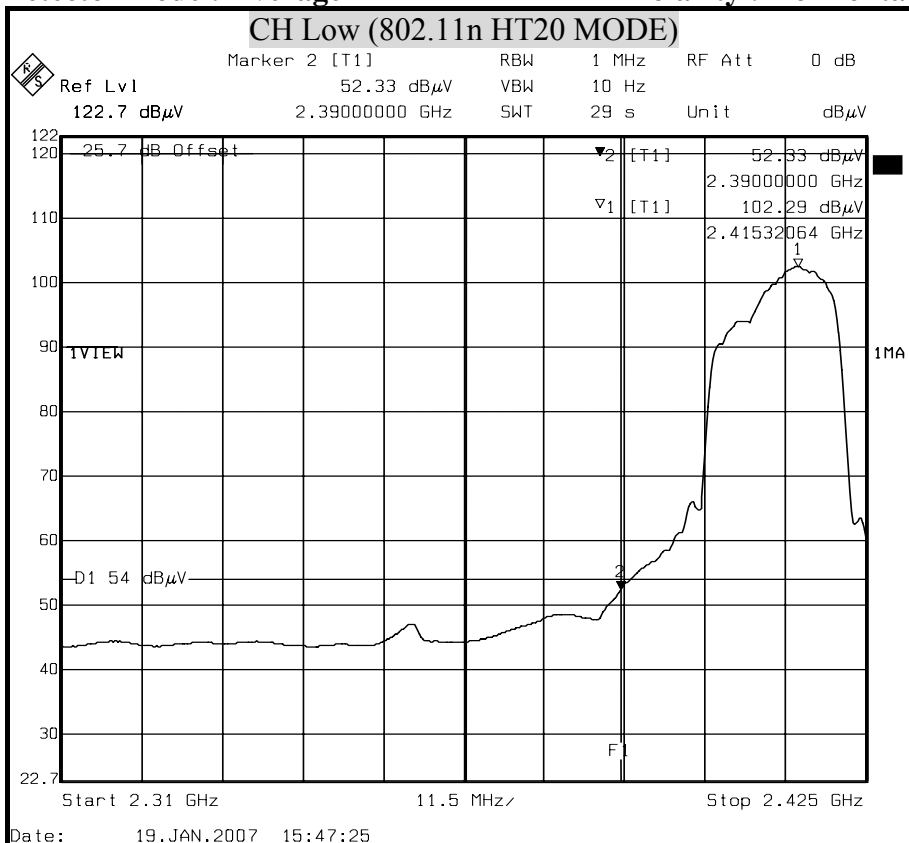
Detector mode : Peak

Polarity : Horizontal



Detector mode : Average

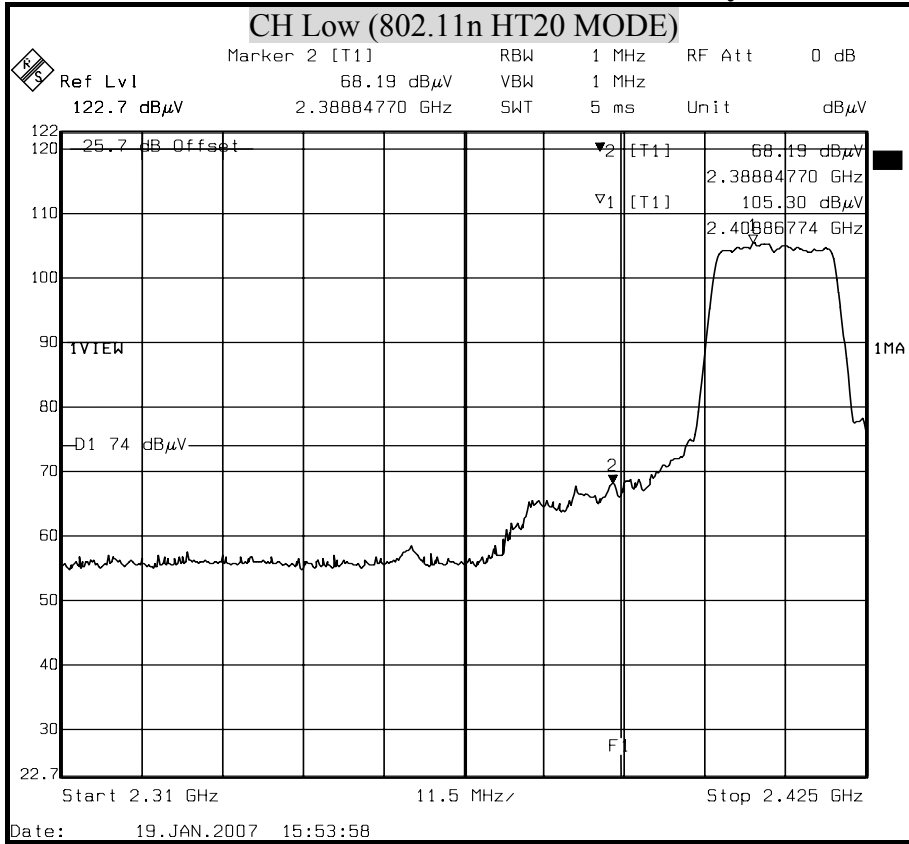
Polarity : Horizontal





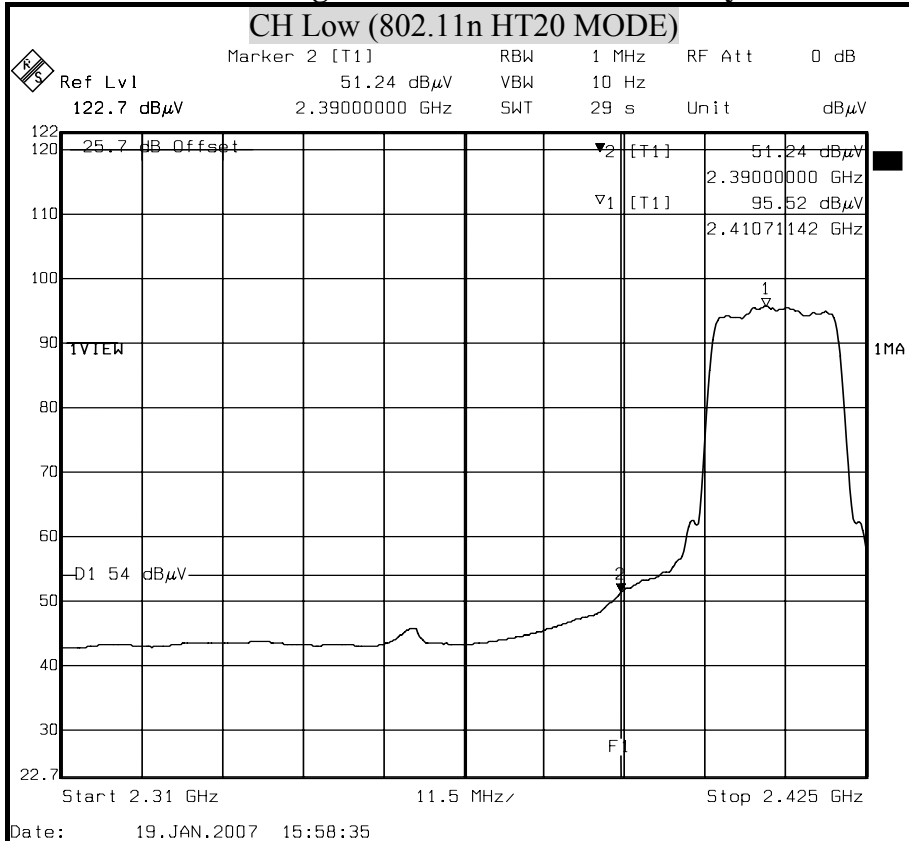
Detector mode : Peak

Polarity : Vertical



Detector mode : Average

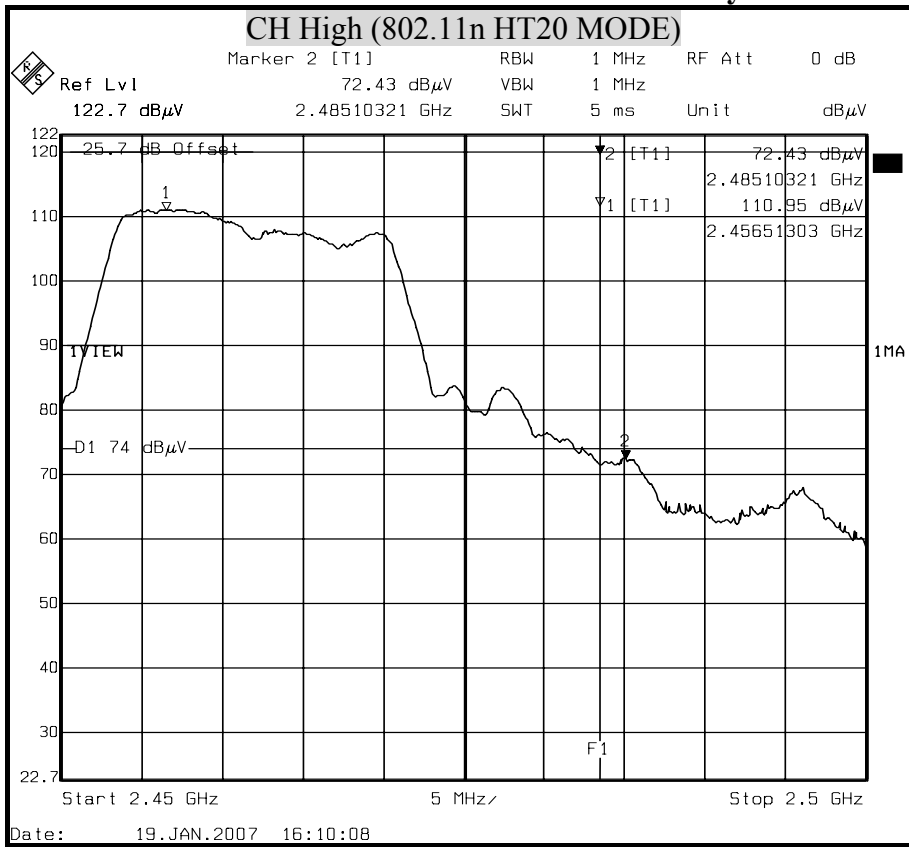
Polarity : Vertical





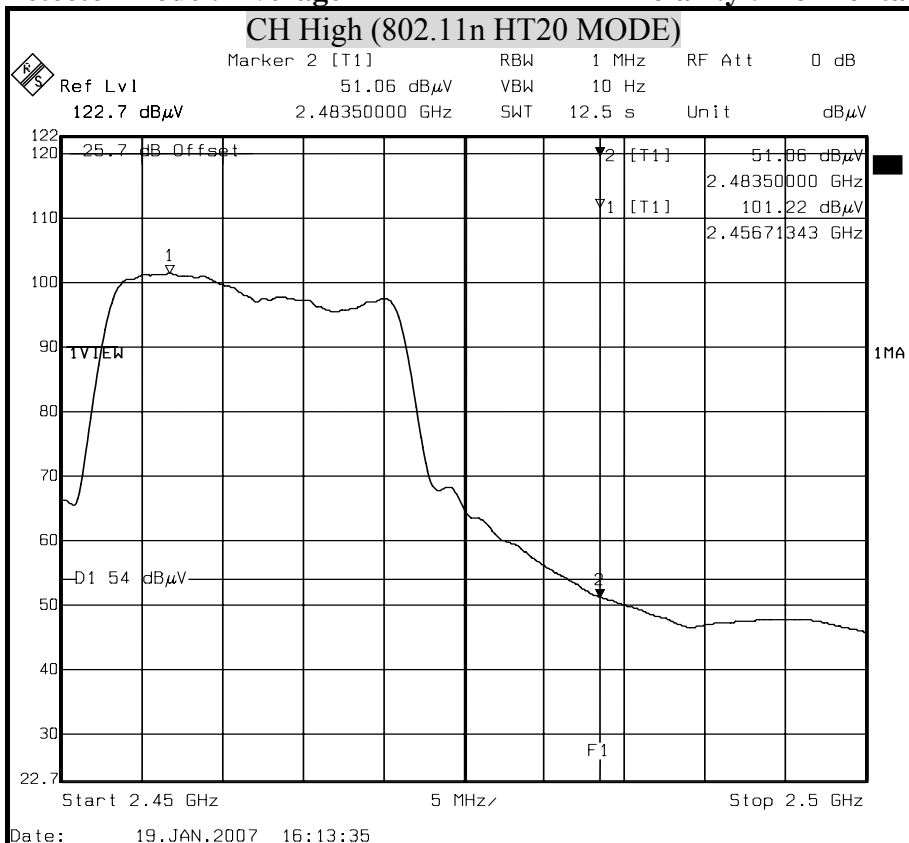
Detector mode : Peak

Polarity : Horizontal



Detector mode : Average

Polarity : Horizontal

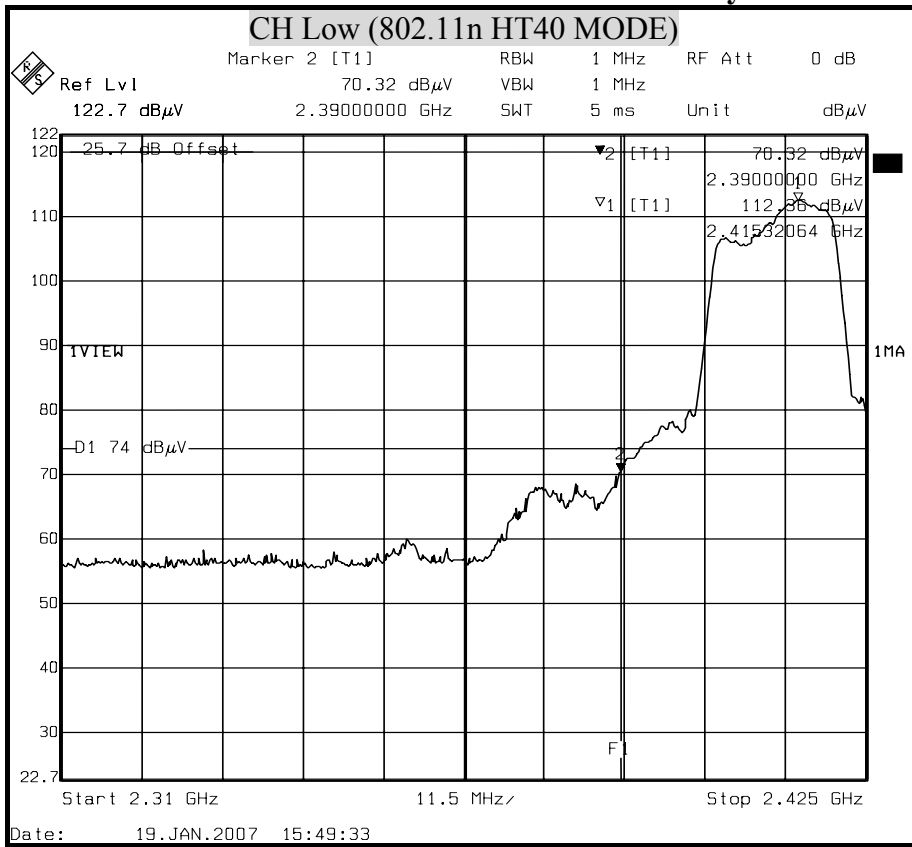






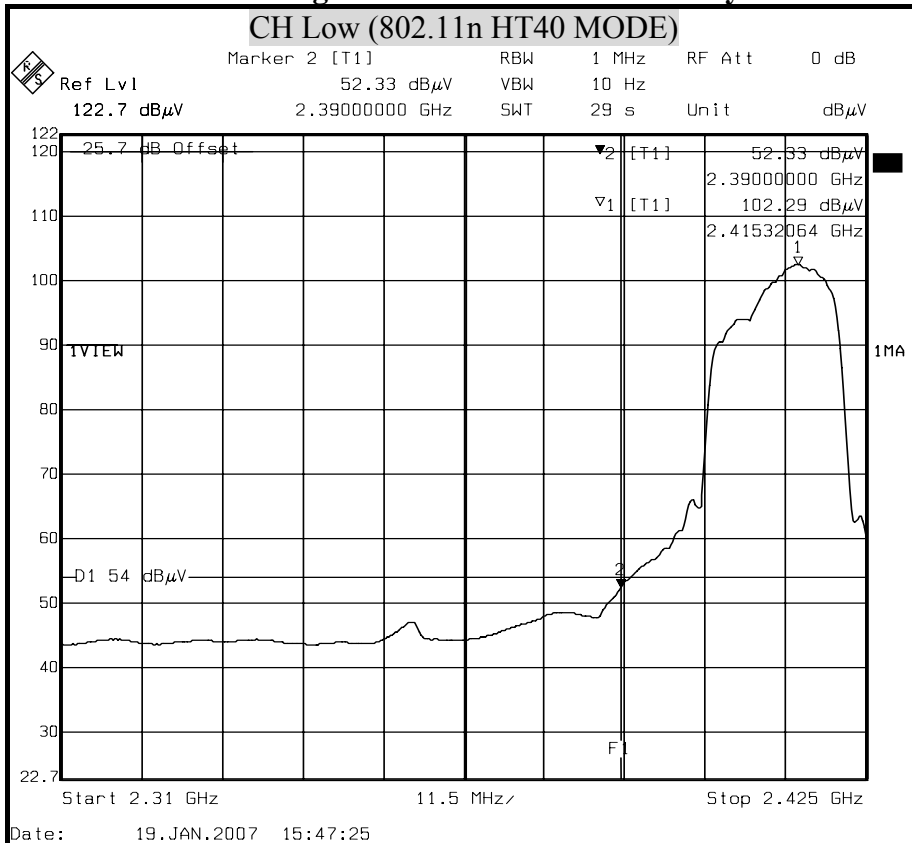
Detector mode : Peak

Polarity : Horizontal



Detector mode : Average

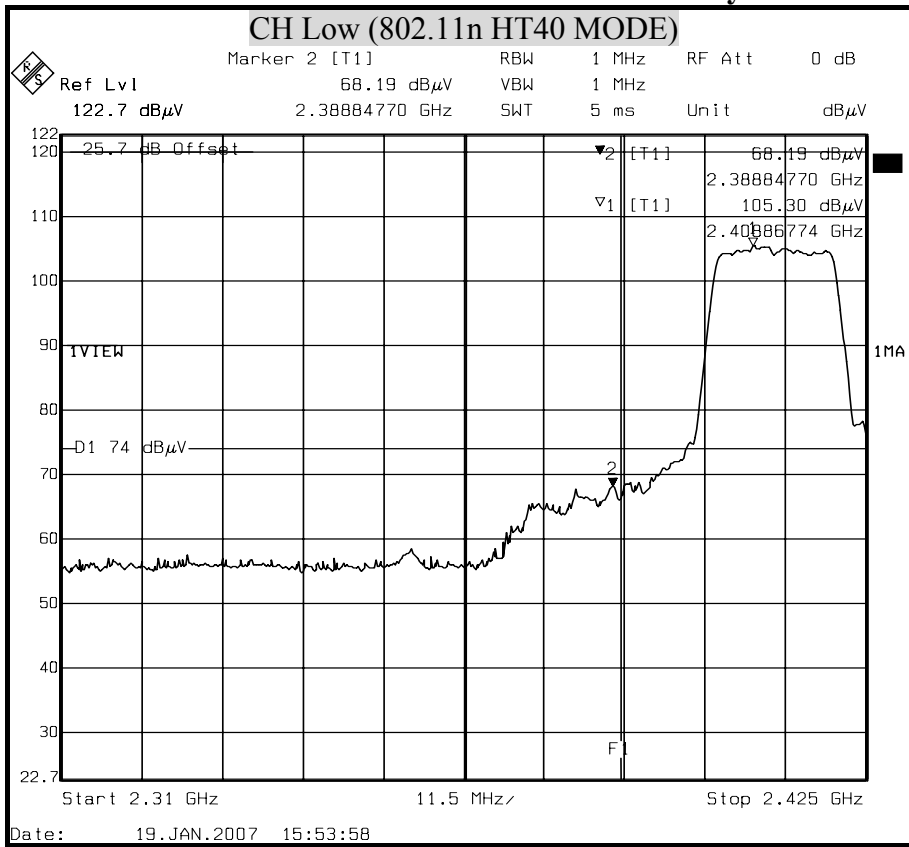
Polarity : Horizontal





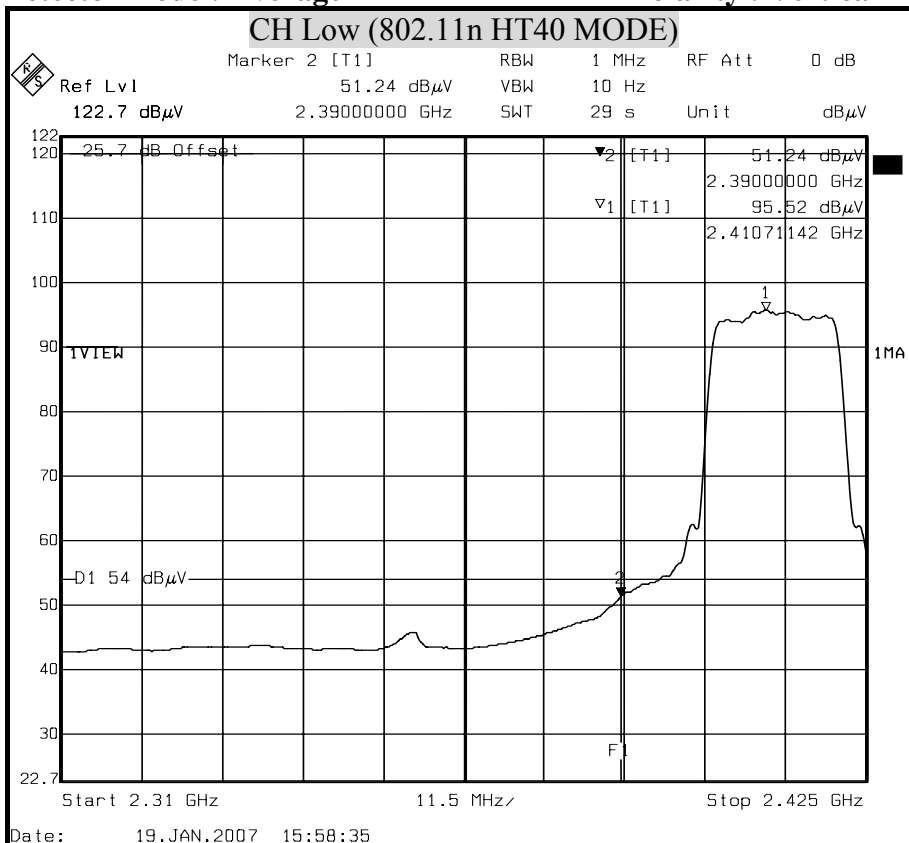
Detector mode : Peak

Polarity : Vertical



Detector mode : Average

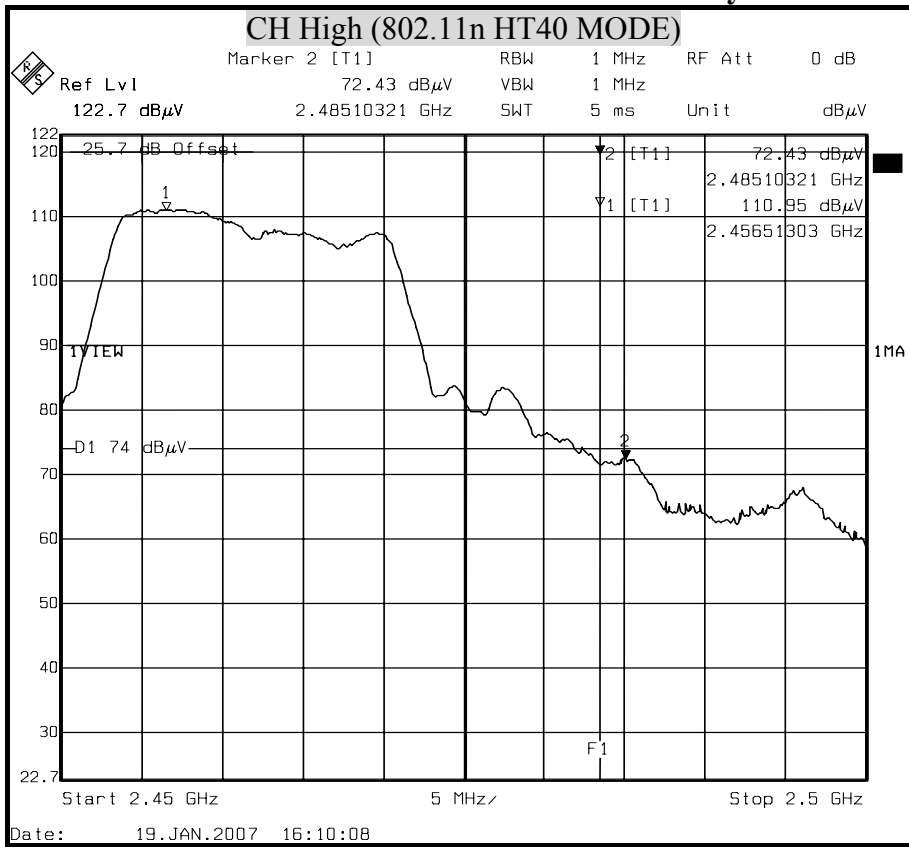
Polarity : Vertical





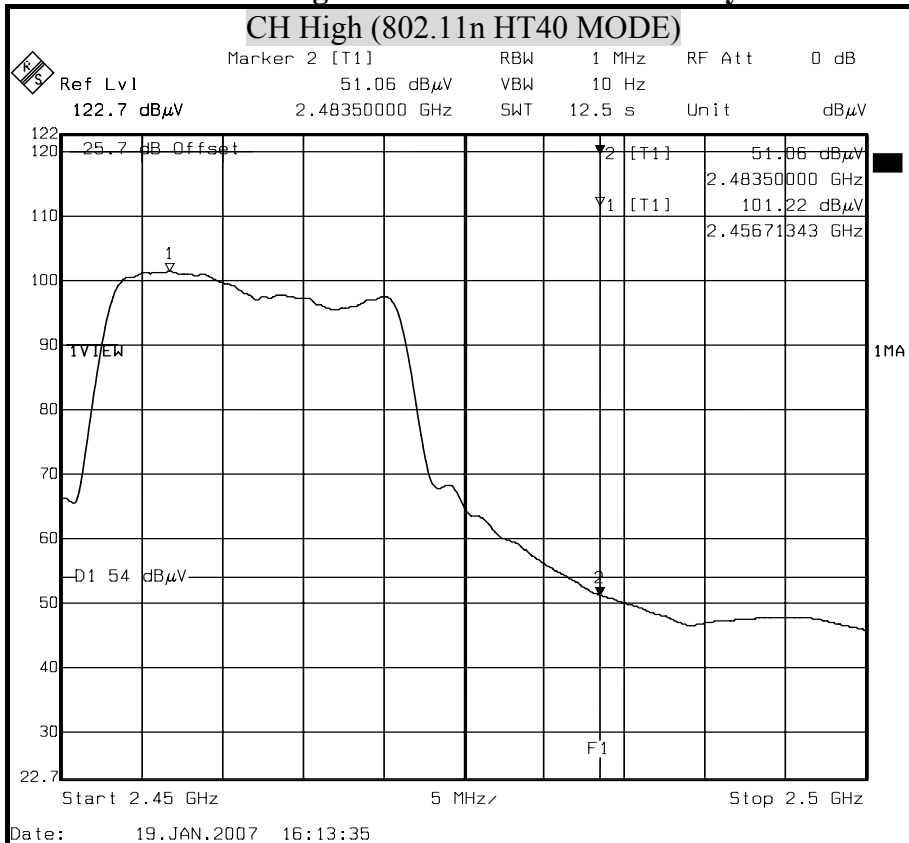
Detector mode : Peak

Polarity : Horizontal



Detector mode : Average

Polarity : Horizontal









## 8.9 POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

### LIMITS

§ 15.207 (a) Except as shown in paragraph (b) and (c) this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal.

The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted limit (dB $\mu$ v)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.5	66 to 56	56 to 46
0.5 - 5	56	46
5 - 30	60	50

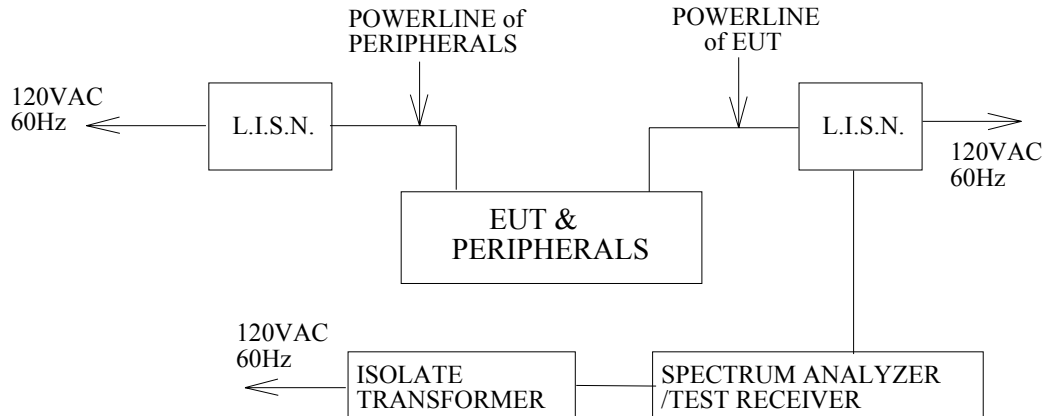
### TEST EQUIPMENTS

The following test equipments are used during the conducted powerline tests :

Manufacturer or Type	Model No.	Serial No.	Date of Calibration	Calibration Period	Remark
EMCO L.I.S.N.	3850/2	9311-1025	January 26, 2007	1 Year	FINAL
CHASE L.I.S.N	NNLK 8129	8129118	January 26, 2007	1 Year	FINAL
R & S TEST RECEIVER	ESHS30	838550/003	January 31, 2007	1 Year	FINAL
KEENE SHIELDED ROOM	5983	No.1	N/A	N/A	FINAL
R & S PULSE LIMIT	EHS3Z2	357.8810.52	July 10, 2006	1 Year	FINAL
N TYPE COAXIAL CABLE	-----	-----	August 21, 2006	1 Year	FINAL
50 $\Omega$ TERMINATOR	-----	-----	July 10, 2006	1 Year	FINAL



## TEST SETUP



## TEST PROCEDURE

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 40 cm from the vertical ground plane and 80cm above the horizontal ground plane. The EUT IS CONFIGURED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ANSI C63.4.

The resolution bandwidth is set to 9 kHz for both quasi-peak detection and average detection measurements.

Line conducted data is recorded for both NEUTRAL and LINE.

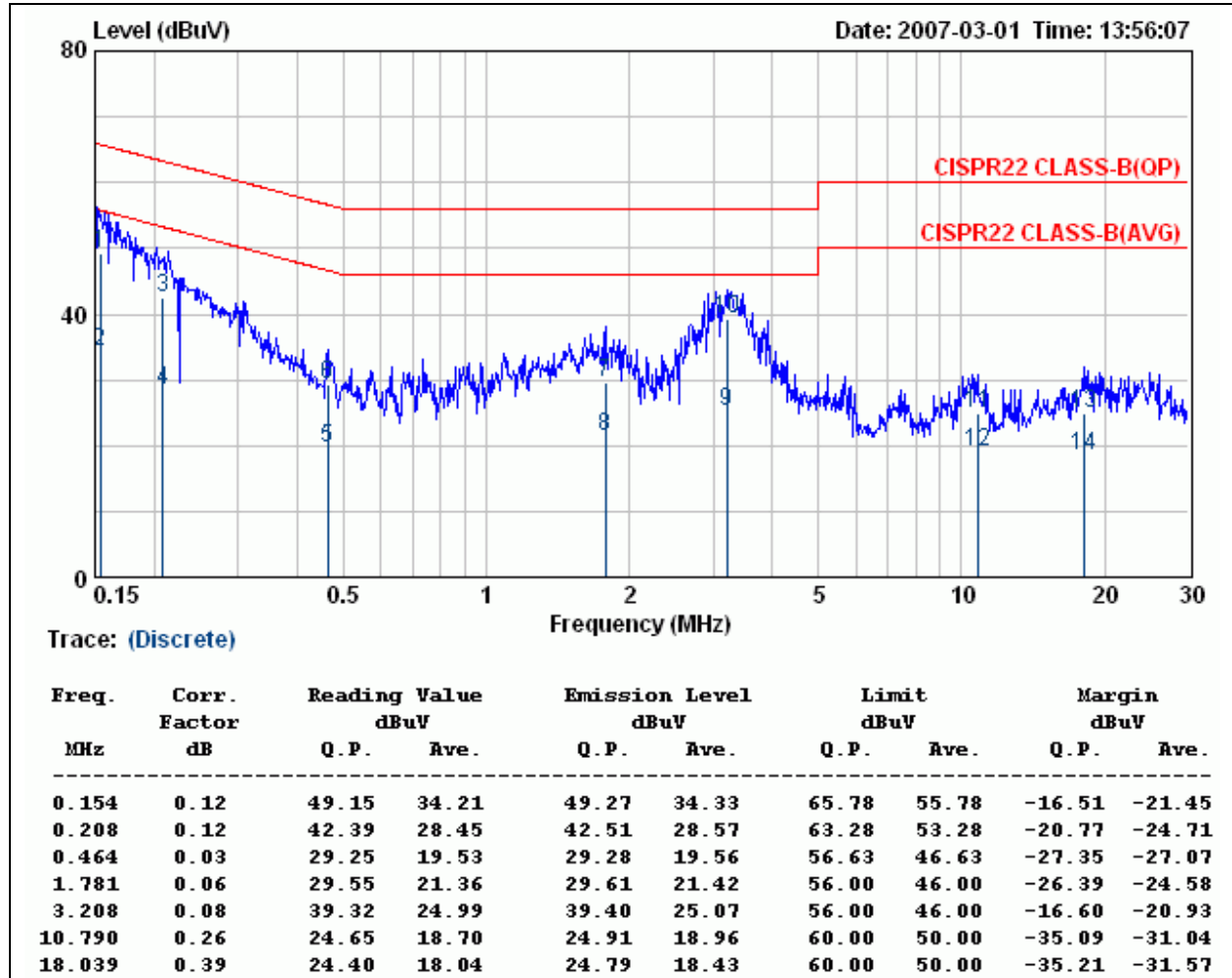
## TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted

**CONDUCTED RF VOLTAGE MEASUREMENT**

<b>Product Name</b>	Wireless LAN Card	<b>Test Date</b>	2007/03/01
<b>Model</b>	DWA-645	<b>Test By</b>	Alan Fan
<b>Test Mode</b>	Normal operating (Worst-case)	<b>TEMP &amp; Humidity</b>	25°C, 51%

LINE

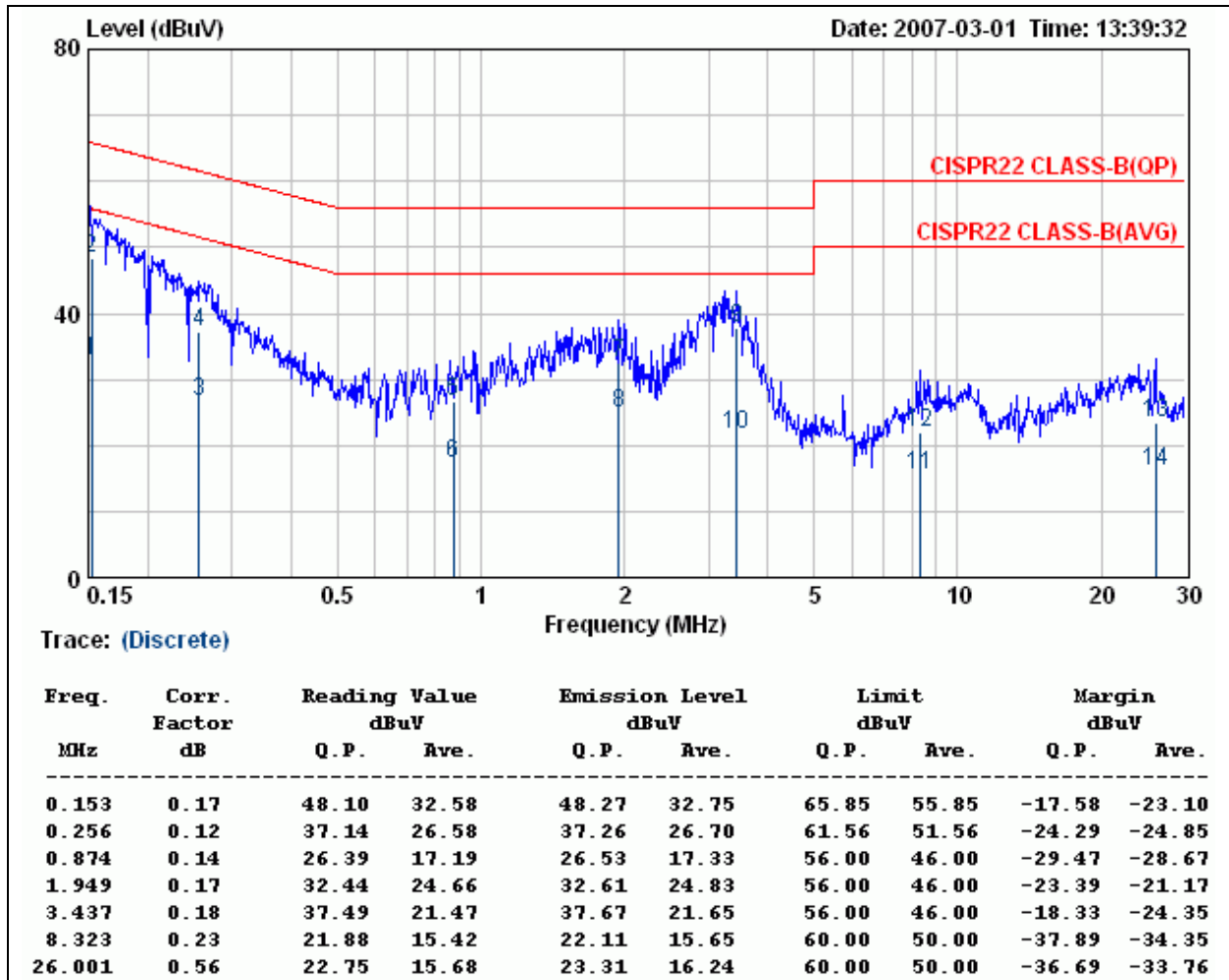
**Remark:**

1. Correction Factor = Insertion loss + cable loss
2. Margin value = Emission level - Limit value



<b>Product Name</b>	Wireless LAN Card	<b>Test Date</b>	2007/03/01
<b>Model</b>	DWA-645	<b>Test By</b>	Alan Fan
<b>Test Mode</b>	Normal operating (Worst-case)	<b>TEMP &amp; Humidity</b>	25°C, 51%

NEUTRAL



Remark:

1. Correction Factor = Insertion loss + cable loss
2. Margin value = Emission level - Limit value



## **9. ANTENNA REQUIREMENT**

### **9.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE**

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

And according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.247 (b), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

### **9.2 ANTENNA CONNECTED CONSTRUCTION**

The antenna used for this product is Printed (PCB) antenna. The peak Gain of this antenna is 0.56dBi at 2.4GHz.