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Client : **NIM**

Certificate No: **Z17-97164**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: DAE4 - SN: 1390

Calibration Procedure(s): FF-Z11-002-01  
 Calibration Procedure for the Data Acquisition Electronics (DAEx)

Calibration date: September 15, 2017

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards      | ID #    | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|------------------------|---------|--|-----------------------|
| Process Calibrator 753 | 1971018 | 27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05859)           | June-18               |

|                | Name        | Function           | Signature |
|----------------|-------------|--------------------|-----------|
| Calibrated by: | Yu Zongying | SAR Test Engineer  |           |
| Reviewed by:   | Lin Hao     | SAR Test Engineer  |           |
| Approved by:   | Qi Dianyuan | SAR Project Leader |           |

Issued: September 18, 2017

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



### **Glossary:**

DAE data acquisition electronics  
Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

### **Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle:* The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.



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### DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1 $\mu$ V, full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| Calibration Factors | X                         | Y                         | Z                         |
|---------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| High Range          | 403.764 $\pm$ 0.15% (k=2) | 403.475 $\pm$ 0.15% (k=2) | 404.354 $\pm$ 0.15% (k=2) |
| Low Range           | 3.98341 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2)  | 3.98246 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2)  | 3.98373 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2)  |

### Connector Angle

|   |                                    |
|---|------------------------------------|
| Connector Angle to be used in DASY system | 70.5 $^{\circ}$ $\pm$ 1 $^{\circ}$ |
|---|------------------------------------|



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Client **BTL-CN**

Certificate No: **Z17-97061**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **EX3DV4 - SN:7396**

Calibration Procedure(s) **FF-Z11-004-01**  
 Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date: **May 25, 2017**

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

### Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards       | ID #        | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-------------------------|-------------|--|-----------------------|
| Power Meter NRP2        | 101919      | 27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777)           | Jun-17                |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91    | 101547      | 27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777)           | Jun-17                |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91    | 101548      | 27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777)           | Jun-17                |
| Reference10dBAttenuator | 18N50W-10dB | 13-Mar-16(CTTL,No.J16X01547)             | Mar-18                |
| Reference20dBAttenuator | 18N50W-20dB | 13-Mar-16(CTTL, No.J16X01548)            | Mar-18                |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4  | SN 7433     | 26-Sep-16(SPEAG,No.EX3-7433_Sep16)       | Sep-17                |
| DAE4                    | SN 549      | 13-Dec-16(SPEAG, No.DAE4-549_Dec16)      | Dec -17               |
| Secondary Standards     | ID #        | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| SignalGeneratorMG3700A  | 6201052605  | 27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04776)           | Jun-17                |
| Network Analyzer E5071C | MY46110673  | 13-Jan-17 (CTTL, No.J17X00285)           | Jan -18               |

|                | Name        | Function           | Signature |
|----------------|-------------|--------------------|-----------|
| Calibrated by: | Yu Zongying | SAR Test Engineer  |           |
| Reviewed by:   | Lin Hao     | SAR Test Engineer  |           |
| Approved by:   | Qi Dianyuan | SAR Project Leader |           |

Issued: May 26, 2017

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## Glossary:

|                       |   |
|-----------------------|---|
| TSL                   | tissue simulating liquid  |
| NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub> | sensitivity in free space   |
| ConvF                 | sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>  |
| DCP                   | diode compression point   |
| CF                    | crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal  |
| A,B,C,D               | modulation dependent linearization parameters   |
| Polarization $\Phi$   | $\Phi$ rotation around probe axis   |
| Polarization $\theta$ | $\theta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i<br>$\theta=0$ is normal to probe axis |

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

## Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\theta=0$  ( $f \leq 900\text{MHz}$  in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800\text{MHz}$ : waveguide). NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> does not effect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)<sub>x,y,z</sub> = NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>\* frequency\_response** (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- A<sub>x,y,z</sub>; B<sub>x,y,z</sub>; C<sub>x,y,z</sub>; VR<sub>x,y,z</sub>; A,B,C** are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800\text{MHz}$ ) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800\text{MHz}$ . The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>\* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50\text{MHz}$  to  $\pm 100\text{MHz}$ .
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM<sub>x</sub> (no uncertainty required).



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# Probe EX3DV4

## SN: 7396

Calibrated: May 25, 2017

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)



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## DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 7396

### Basic Calibration Parameters

|  | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2)    |
|--|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| Norm( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup> | 0.54     | 0.53     | 0.50     | $\pm 10.0\%$ |
| DCP(mV) <sup>B</sup>                                     | 97.8     | 104.5    | 102.5    |              |

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

| UID | Communication System Name |   | A<br>dB | B<br>dB/ $\mu\text{V}$ | C   | D<br>dB | VR<br>mV | Unc <sup>E</sup><br>(k=2) |
|-----|---------------------------|---|---------|------------------------|-----|---------|----------|---------------------------|
| 0   | CW                        | X | 0.0     | 0.0                    | 1.0 | 0.00    | 199.9    | $\pm 2.4\%$               |
|     |                           | Y | 0.0     | 0.0                    | 1.0 |         | 203.3    |                           |
|     |                           | Z | 0.0     | 0.0                    | 1.0 |         | 195.0    |                           |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

- <sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5 and Page 6).  
<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.  
<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



## DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 7396

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

| f [MHz] <sup>C</sup> | Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup> | Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup> | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha <sup>G</sup> | Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| 750                  | 41.9                               | 0.89                            | 9.82    | 9.82    | 9.82    | 0.30               | 0.85                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 835                  | 41.5                               | 0.90                            | 9.71    | 9.71    | 9.71    | 0.15               | 1.36                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 900                  | 41.5                               | 0.97                            | 9.87    | 9.87    | 9.87    | 0.16               | 1.37                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 1750                 | 40.1                               | 1.37                            | 8.61    | 8.61    | 8.61    | 0.25               | 1.04                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 1900                 | 40.0                               | 1.40                            | 8.13    | 8.13    | 8.13    | 0.24               | 1.01                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 2100                 | 39.8                               | 1.49                            | 8.14    | 8.14    | 8.14    | 0.24               | 1.04                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 2300                 | 39.5                               | 1.67                            | 7.85    | 7.85    | 7.85    | 0.40               | 0.75                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 2450                 | 39.2                               | 1.80                            | 7.57    | 7.57    | 7.57    | 0.50               | 0.75                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 2600                 | 39.0                               | 1.96                            | 7.38    | 7.38    | 7.38    | 0.64               | 0.68                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 5250                 | 35.9                               | 4.71                            | 5.33    | 5.33    | 5.33    | 0.45               | 1.30                    | ± 13.3%     |
| 5600                 | 35.5                               | 5.07                            | 4.89    | 4.89    | 4.89    | 0.45               | 1.35                    | ± 13.3%     |
| 5750                 | 35.4                               | 5.22                            | 4.92    | 4.92    | 4.92    | 0.45               | 1.45                    | ± 13.3%     |

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.





## DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 7396

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

| f [MHz] <sup>C</sup> | Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup> | Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup> | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha <sup>G</sup> | Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| 750                  | 55.5                               | 0.96                            | 10.09   | 10.09   | 10.09   | 0.30               | 0.90                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 835                  | 55.2                               | 0.97                            | 9.88    | 9.88    | 9.88    | 0.19               | 1.32                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 900                  | 55.0                               | 1.05                            | 9.82    | 9.82    | 9.82    | 0.23               | 1.15                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 1750                 | 53.4                               | 1.49                            | 8.24    | 8.24    | 8.24    | 0.24               | 1.06                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 1900                 | 53.3                               | 1.52                            | 7.97    | 7.97    | 7.97    | 0.19               | 1.24                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 2100                 | 53.2                               | 1.62                            | 8.18    | 8.18    | 8.18    | 0.19               | 1.39                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 2300                 | 52.9                               | 1.81                            | 7.88    | 7.88    | 7.88    | 0.55               | 0.80                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 2450                 | 52.7                               | 1.95                            | 7.53    | 7.53    | 7.53    | 0.46               | 0.89                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 2600                 | 52.5                               | 2.16                            | 7.38    | 7.38    | 7.38    | 0.52               | 0.80                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 5250                 | 48.9                               | 5.36                            | 4.93    | 4.93    | 4.93    | 0.45               | 1.80                    | ± 13.3%     |
| 5600                 | 48.5                               | 5.77                            | 4.19    | 4.19    | 4.19    | 0.48               | 1.90                    | ± 13.3%     |
| 5750                 | 48.3                               | 5.94                            | 4.52    | 4.52    | 4.52    | 0.48               | 1.95                    | ± 13.3%     |

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

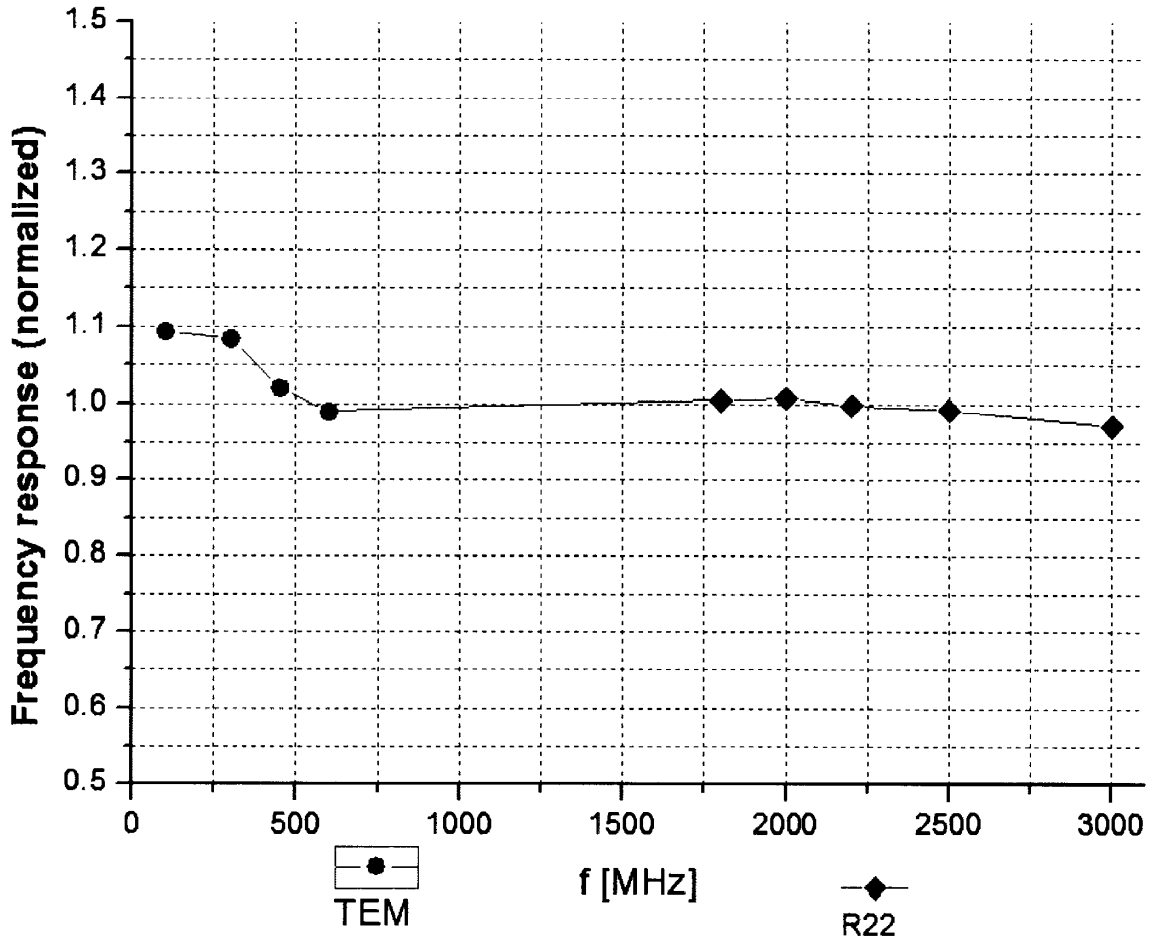
<sup>F</sup> At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



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## Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 7.4\%$  ( $k=2$ )



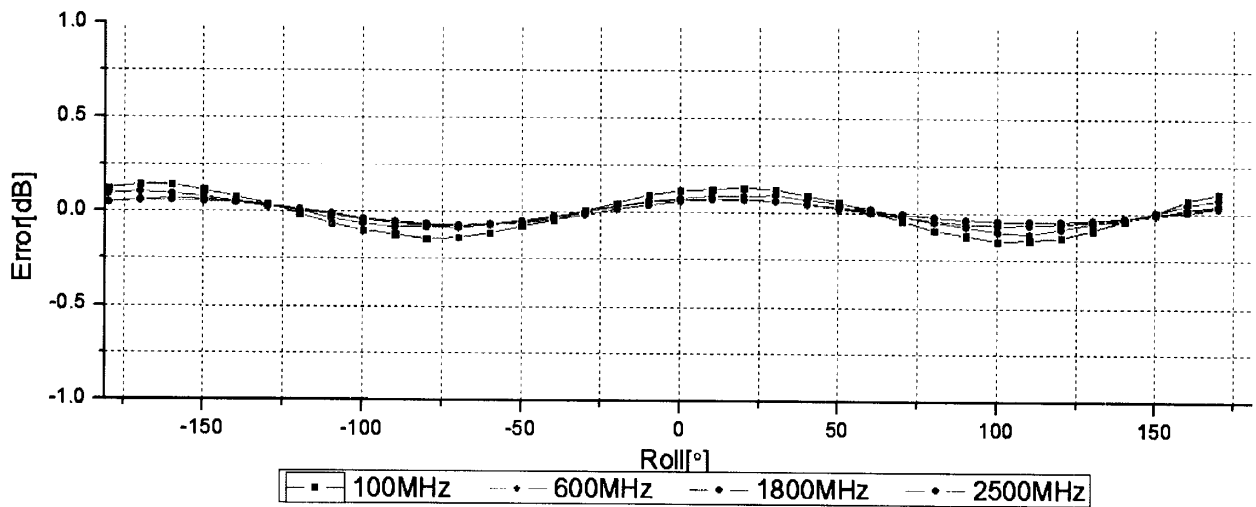
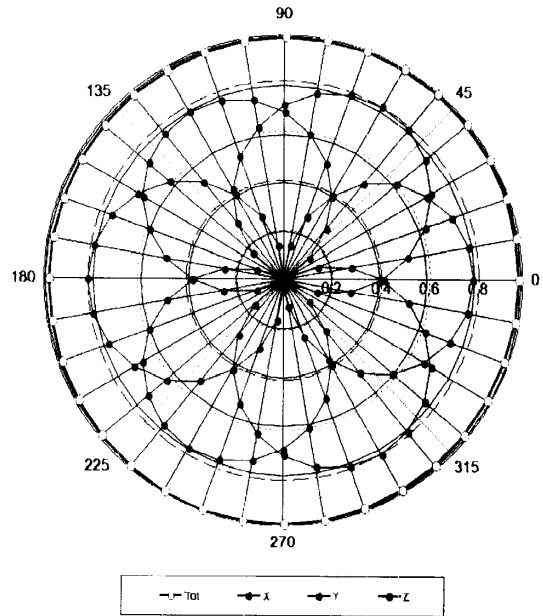
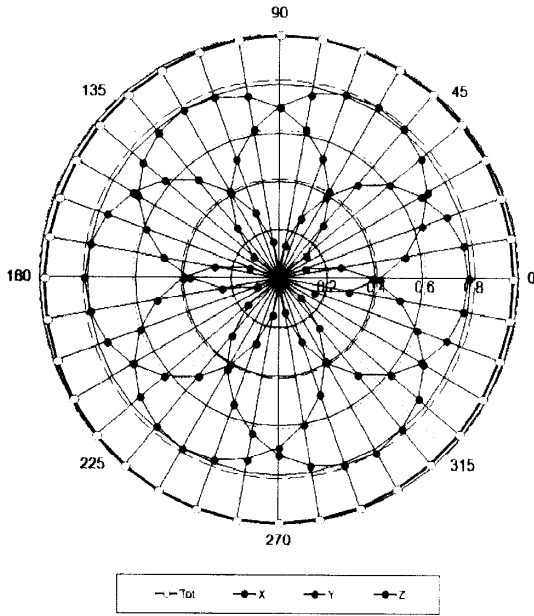
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## Receiving Pattern ( $\Phi$ ), $\theta=0^\circ$

**f=600 MHz, TEM**

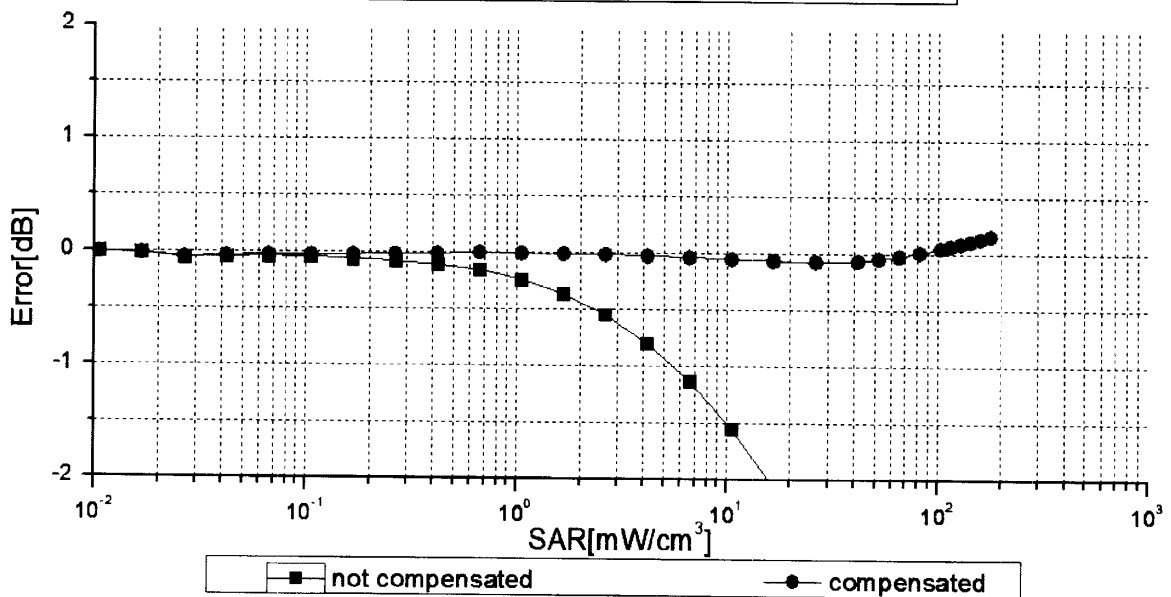
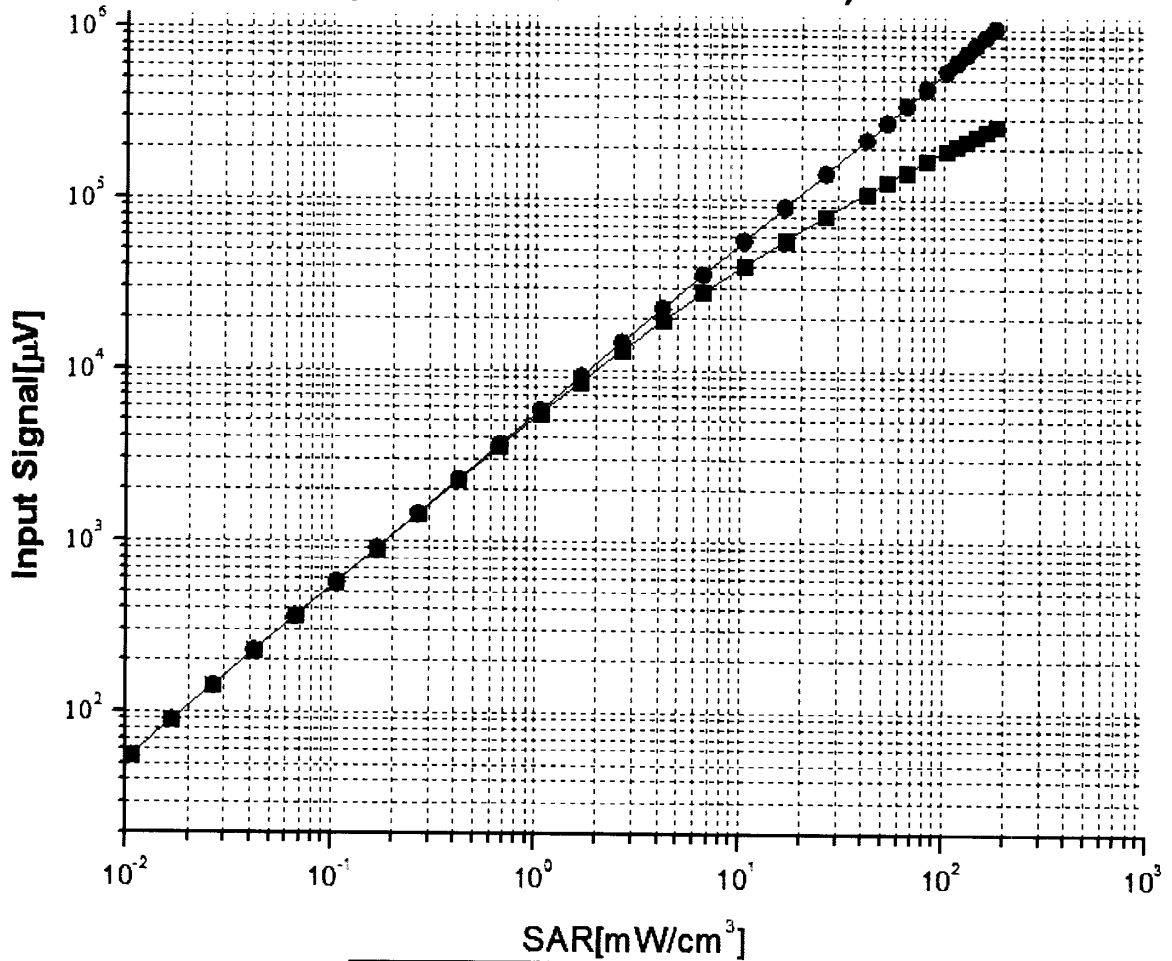
**f=1800 MHz, R22**



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 1.2\%$  ( $k=2$ )



## Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ±0.9% (k=2)

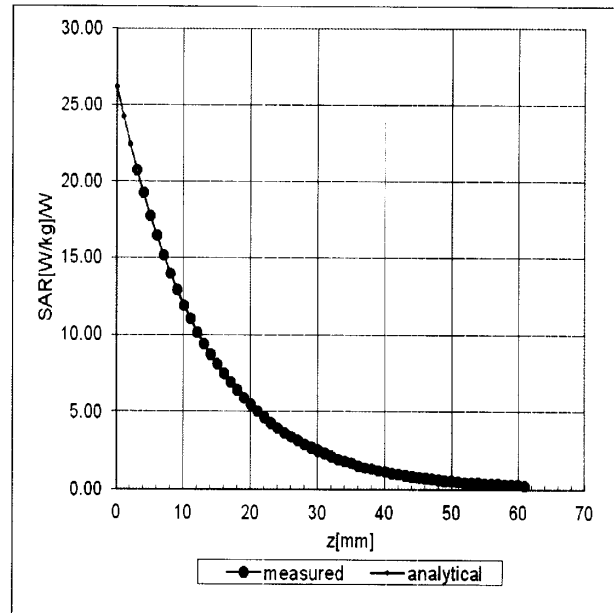
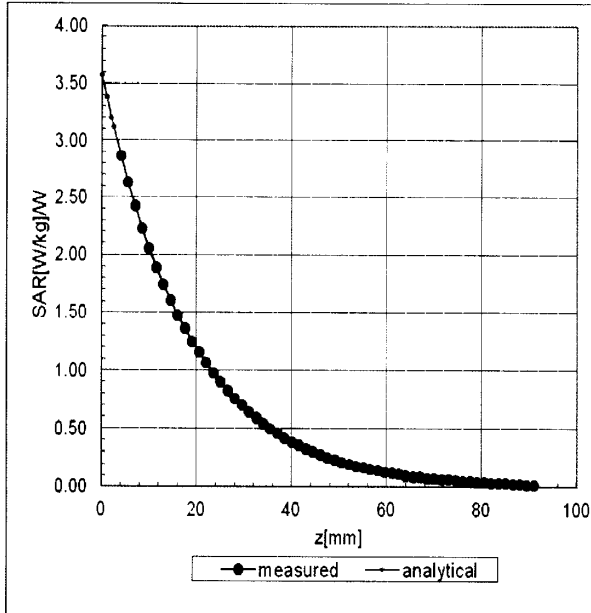


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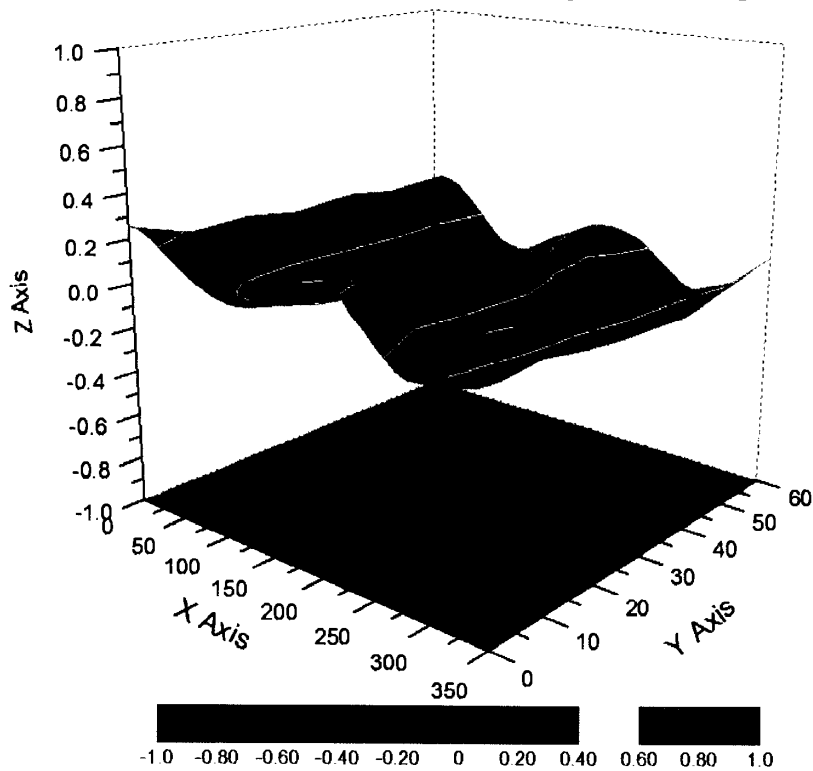
## Conversion Factor Assessment

f=900 MHz, WGLS R9(H\_convF)

f=1750 MHz, WGLS R22(H\_convF)



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 3.2\%$  (K=2)



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## DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 7396

### Other Probe Parameters

|  |                   |
|--|-------------------|
| <b>Sensor Arrangement</b>                            | <b>Triangular</b> |
| <b>Connector Angle (°)</b>                           | <b>156.9</b>      |
| <b>Mechanical Surface Detection Mode</b>             | <b>enabled</b>    |
| <b>Optical Surface Detection Mode</b>                | <b>disable</b>    |
| <b>Probe Overall Length</b>                          | <b>337mm</b>      |
| <b>Probe Body Diameter</b>                           | <b>10mm</b>       |
| <b>Tip Length</b>                                    | <b>9mm</b>        |
| <b>Tip Diameter</b>                                  | <b>2.5mm</b>      |
| <b>Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point</b>       | <b>1mm</b>        |
| <b>Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point</b>       | <b>1mm</b>        |
| <b>Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point</b>       | <b>1mm</b>        |
| <b>Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface</b> | <b>1.4mm</b>      |



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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **BTL-CN (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D2450V2-919\_Sep15**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D2450V2 - SN: 919**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v9  
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz**

Calibration date: **September 28, 2015**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards           | ID #               | Cal Date (Certificate No.)        | Scheduled Calibration  |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter EPM-442A        | GB37480704         | 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)         | Oct-15                 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A       | US37292783         | 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)         | Oct-15                 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A       | MY41092317         | 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)         | Oct-15                 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator  | SN: 5058 (20k)     | 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131)         | Mar-16                 |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 5047.2 / 06327 | 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134)         | Mar-16                 |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4      | SN: 7349           | 30-Dec-14 (No. EX3-7349_Dec14)    | Dec-15                 |
| DAE4                        | SN: 601            | 17-Aug-15 (No. DAE4-601_Aug15)    | Aug-16                 |
| Secondary Standards         | ID #               | Check Date (in house)             | Scheduled Check        |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06     | 100972             | 15-Jun-15 (in house check Jun-15) | In house check: Jun-18 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E   | US37390585 S4206   | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14) | In house check: Oct-15 |

|                |                               |  |               |
|----------------|-------------------------------|--|---------------|
| Calibrated by: | Name<br><b>Jeton Kastrati</b> | Function<br><b>Laboratory Technician</b> | Signature<br> |
| Approved by:   | Name<br><b>Katja Pokovic</b>  | Function<br><b>Technical Manager</b>     | Signature<br> |

Issued: September 28, 2015

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

### Glossary:

|       |                                 |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid        |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured  |

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

### Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                              |                        |             |
|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| DASY Version                 | DASY5                  | V52.8.8     |
| Extrapolation                | Advanced Extrapolation |             |
| Phantom                      | Modular Flat Phantom   |             |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm                  | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm      |             |
| Frequency                    | 2450 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz   |             |

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|---|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C             | 39.2           | 1.80 mho/m           |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 39.2 $\pm$ 6 % | 1.86 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C            | ----           | ----                 |

## SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |  |
|---|--------------------|--|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 13.2 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | <b>52.0 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 17.0 % (k=2)</b> |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | condition          |  |
|---|--------------------|--|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 6.10 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | <b>24.2 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 16.5 % (k=2)</b> |

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|---|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C             | 52.7           | 1.95 mho/m           |
| Measured Body TSL parameters            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 53.2 $\pm$ 6 % | 2.00 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C            | ----           | ----                 |

## SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition          |  |
|---|--------------------|--|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 12.9 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | <b>51.1 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 17.0 % (k=2)</b> |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL | condition          |  |
|---|--------------------|--|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 6.02 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | <b>24.0 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 16.5 % (k=2)</b> |

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

|                                      |                             |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | $55.5 \Omega + 3.2 j\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 24.4 dB                   |

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

|                                      |                             |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | $51.0 \Omega + 4.7 j\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 26.5 dB                   |

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.158 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

|                 |                   |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG             |
| Manufactured on | December 19, 2012 |

## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 28.09.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz ; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 919**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.86$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.67, 7.67, 7.67); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 17.08.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

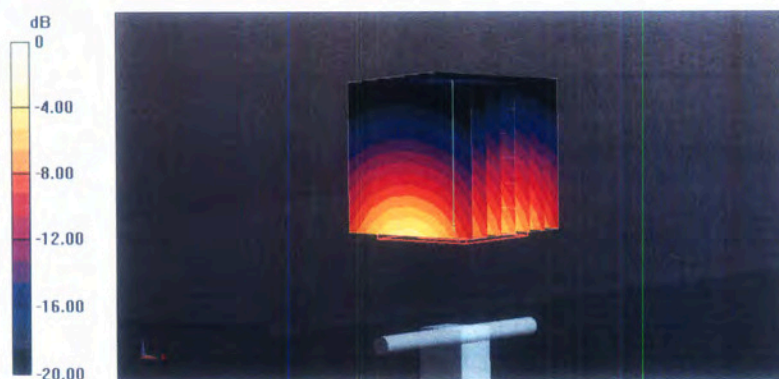
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 113.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.4 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.1 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.0 W/kg



0 dB = 22.0 W/kg = 13.42 dBW/kg

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

28 Sep 2015 12:43:16  
[CH1] S11 1 U FS 4: 55.486  $\Omega$  3.1699  $\Omega$  205.92  $\mu\text{H}$  2 450.000 000 MHz

\*

De 1

Ca

Avg  
16

H1 d

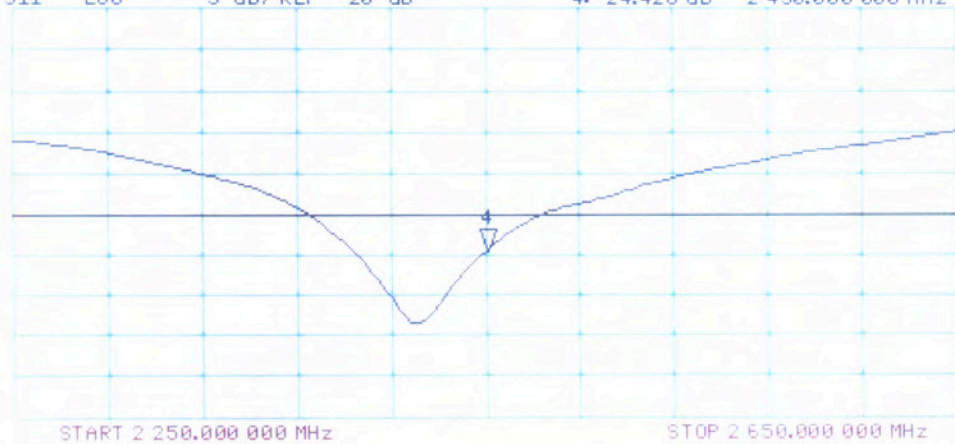


CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 4:-24.428 dB 2 450.000 000 MHz

Ca

Avg  
16

H1 d



## DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 28.09.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz ; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 919**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.53, 7.53, 7.53); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 17.08.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

### Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

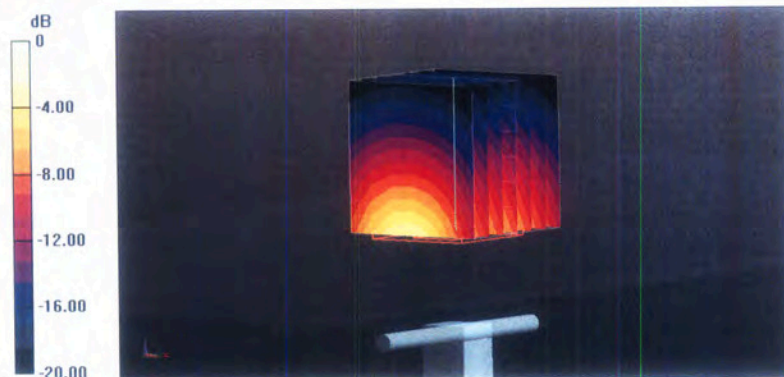
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 105.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.7 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 12.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.02 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.6 W/kg



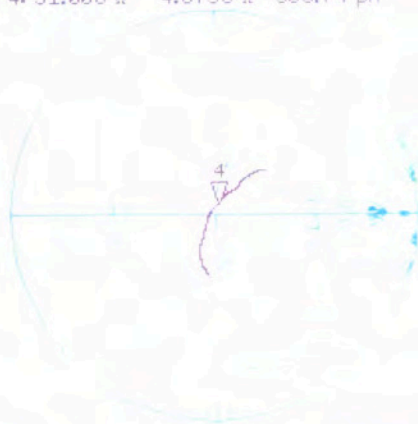
0 dB = 20.6 W/kg = 13.14 dBW/kg

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

28 Sep 2015 12:41:59

[CH1] S11 1 U FS 4: 51.008  $\Omega$  4.6758  $\Omega$  303.74 pF 2 450.000 000 MHz

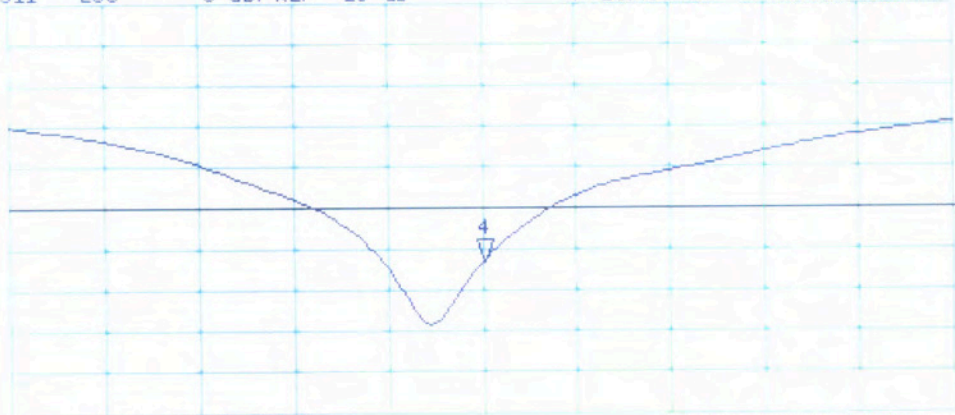
Del  
Ca



Avg  
16  
H1d

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 4: -26.498 dB 2 450.000 000 MHz

Ca  
Avg  
16  
H1d



START 2 250.000 000 MHz

STOP 2 650.000 000 MHz



## Dipole Internal Calibration Record

NO. :

|                           |                      |              |            |                  |            |
|---------------------------|----------------------|--------------|------------|------------------|------------|
| Asset No. :               | E-434                | Model No. :  | D2450MHzV2 | Cal. Date :      | 2015年9月28日 |
| Equipment :               | ENA Network Analyzer | Serial No. : | 919        | Next Cal. Date : | 2018年9月28日 |
| Environmental condition : |                      | Temp :       | 23.2°C     | R.H. :           | 58%        |

### Standard List

|   |                    |  |
|---|--------------------|--|
| 1 | IEEE Std 1528-2013 | IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate(SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Techniques, June 2013 |
| 2 | IEC 62209-2        | Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body(frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz), March 2010     |
| 3 | KDB865664          | SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz  |

### Equipment Information

|                      |                |             |              |                    |                   |               |
|----------------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Equipment :          | Manufacturer : | Model No. : | Serial No. : | Cal.Organization : | Certificate No. : | Cal. Date :   |
| ENA Network Analyzer | Agilent        | E5071C      | MY46102965   | NA                 | NA                | Mar. 26, 2017 |

### For Head Tissue

| Frequency | Item                                 | Original Cal. Result | Verified on 2017/8/22 | Deviation | Result | Annex |
|-----------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------|--------|-------|
| 2450MHz   | Impedance, transformed to feed point | 55.5Ω+3.2jΩ          | 55.52Ω+1.19jΩ         | <5Ω       | Pass   |       |
|           | Return Loss(dB)                      | -24.4                | -24.78                | -1.6%     | Pass   |       |

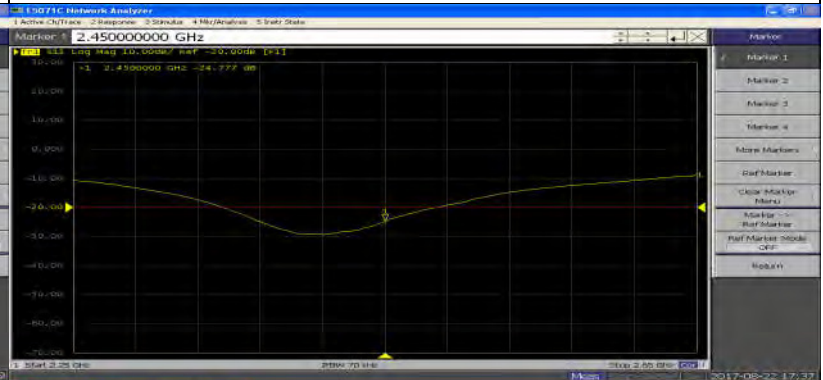
### For Body Tissue

| Frequency | Item                                 | Original Cal. Result | Verified on 2017/8/24 | Deviation | Result | Annex |
|-----------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------|--------|-------|
| 2450MHz   | Impedance, transformed to feed point | 51Ω+4.7jΩ            | 50.97Ω+4.53jΩ         | <5Ω       | Pass   |       |
|           | Return Loss(dB)                      | -26.5                | -26.16                | 1.3%      | Pass   |       |

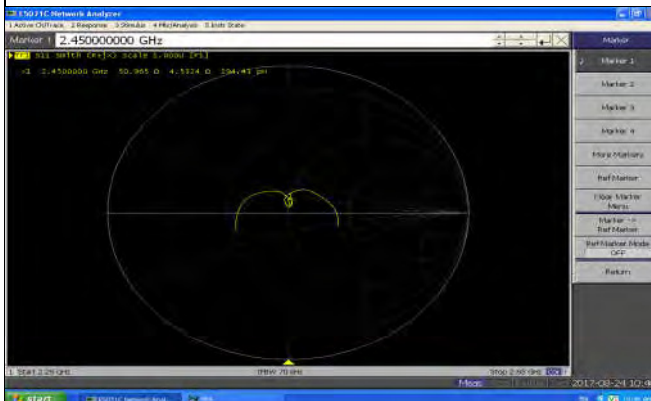
### Impedance Test-Head



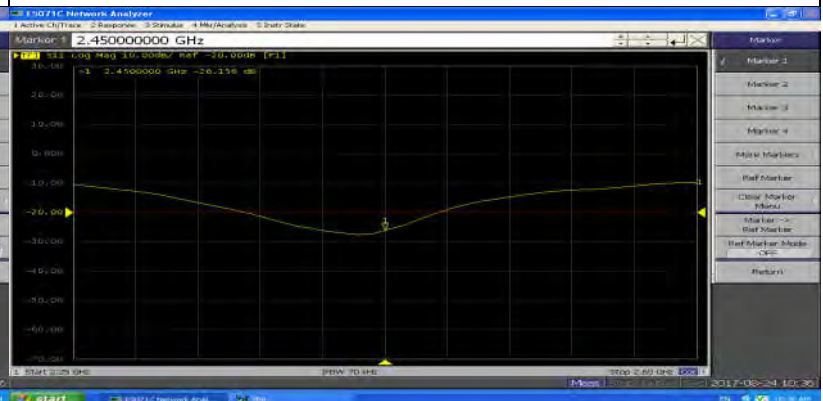
### Return Loss-Head



### Impedance Test-Body



### Return Loss-Body



From NO. : E\_YYMMDD ; E=Dipole NO. ,YYMMDD=Year/Month/Date.



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **BTL-CN (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D5GHzV2-1160\_Oct15**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D5GHzV2 - SN: 1160**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-22.v2  
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits between 3-6 GHz**

Calibration date: **October 05, 2015**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards           | ID #               | Cal Date (Certificate No.)        | Scheduled Calibration  |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter EPM-442A        | GB37480704         | 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)         | Oct-15                 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A       | US37292783         | 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)         | Oct-15                 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A       | MY41092317         | 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)         | Oct-15                 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator  | SN: 5058 (20k)     | 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131)         | Mar-16                 |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 5047.2 / 06327 | 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134)         | Mar-16                 |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4      | SN: 3503           | 30-Dec-14 (No. EX3-3503_Dec14)    | Dec-15                 |
| DAE4                        | SN: 601            | 17-Aug-15 (No. DAE4-601_Aug15)    | Aug-16                 |
| Secondary Standards         | ID #               | Check Date (in house)             | Scheduled Check        |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06     | 100972             | 15-Jun-15 (in house check Jun-15) | In house check: Jun-18 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E   | US37390585 S4206   | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14) | In house check: Oct-15 |

Calibrated by: **Name** Leif Klysner **Function** Laboratory Technician

**Signature**

Approved by: **Name** Katja Pokovic **Function** Technical Manager

Issued: October 6, 2015

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

### Glossary:

|       |                                 |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid        |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured  |

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

### Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                              |  |                                  |
|------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| DASY Version                 | DASY5  | V52.8.8                          |
| Extrapolation                | Advanced Extrapolation   |                                  |
| Phantom                      | Modular Flat Phantom V5.0  |                                  |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm  | with Spacer                      |
| Zoom Scan Resolution         | dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm   | Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction) |
| Frequency                    | 5200 MHz ± 1 MHz<br>5300 MHz ± 1 MHz<br>5600 MHz ± 1 MHz<br>5800 MHz ± 1 MHz |                                  |

## Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C         | 36.0         | 4.66 mho/m       |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 36.4 ± 6 %   | 4.57 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C        | ----         | ----             |

## SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |                                 |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 8.06 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | <b>80.7 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b> |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | condition          |                                 |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 2.31 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | <b>23.1 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b> |

### Head TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C         | 35.9         | 4.76 mho/m       |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 36.2 ± 6 %   | 4.68 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C        | ----         | ----             |

### SAR result with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |                                   |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 8.26 W/kg                         |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | <b>82.7 W / kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b> |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | condition          |                                 |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 2.39 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | <b>23.9 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b> |

### Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C         | 35.5         | 5.07 mho/m       |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 35.7 ± 6 %   | 5.03 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C        | ----         | ----             |

### SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |                                 |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 8.69 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | <b>87.0 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b> |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | condition          |                                 |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 2.47 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | <b>24.7 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b> |

### Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C         | 35.3         | 5.27 mho/m       |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 35.3 ± 6 %   | 5.26 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C        | ----         | ----             |

### SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |                                 |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 8.20 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | <b>82.0 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b> |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | condition          |                                 |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 2.31 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | <b>23.1 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b> |

### Body TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C         | 49.0         | 5.30 mho/m       |
| Measured Body TSL parameters            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 47.9 ± 6 %   | 5.35 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C        | ----         | ----             |

### SAR result with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition          |                                 |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 7.81 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | <b>77.8 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b> |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL | condition          |                                 |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 2.18 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | <b>21.7 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b> |

### Body TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C         | 48.9         | 5.42 mho/m       |
| Measured Body TSL parameters            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 47.7 ± 6 %   | 5.49 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C        | ----         | ----             |

### SAR result with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition          |                                 |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 7.88 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | <b>78.4 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b> |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL | condition          |                                 |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 2.20 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | <b>21.9 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b> |

### Body TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C         | 48.5         | 5.77 mho/m       |
| Measured Body TSL parameters            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 46.7 ± 6 %   | 5.99 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C        | ----         | ----             |

### SAR result with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition          |                                 |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 8.20 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | <b>81.5 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b> |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL | condition          |                                 |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 2.30 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | <b>22.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b> |

### Body TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C         | 48.2         | 6.00 mho/m       |
| Measured Body TSL parameters            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 46.4 ± 6 %   | 6.27 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C        | ----         | ----             |

### SAR result with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition          |                                 |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 7.88 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | <b>78.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b> |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL | condition          |                                 |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 2.20 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | <b>21.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b> |

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 48.1 $\Omega$ - 8.5 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 21.0 dB                      |

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 50.2 $\Omega$ - 5.2 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 25.7 dB                      |

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 54.8 $\Omega$ - 2.5 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 25.7 dB                      |

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 53.0 $\Omega$ - 3.0 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 27.7 dB                      |

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 48.6 $\Omega$ - 6.8 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 23.0 dB                      |

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 49.0 $\Omega$ - 4.2 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 27.1 dB                      |

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 56.2 $\Omega$ - 0.7 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 24.6 dB                      |

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 55.9 $\Omega$ - 1.7 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 24.8 dB                      |

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.199 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

|                 |               |
|-----------------|---------------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG         |
| Manufactured on | June 06, 2013 |



## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 24.09.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1160**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5200$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.57$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 36.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used:  $f = 5300$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.68$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 36.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used:  $f = 5600$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.03$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used:  $f = 5800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.26$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(5.51, 5.51, 5.51); Calibrated: 30.12.2014, ConvF(5.21, 5.21, 5.21); Calibrated: 30.12.2014, ConvF(4.92, 4.92, 4.92); Calibrated: 30.12.2014, ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 17.08.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 64.41 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.3 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.06 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.31 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.7 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 65.31 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.1 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.26 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.39 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.4 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 65.34 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.7 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.69 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.47 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.0 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan,**

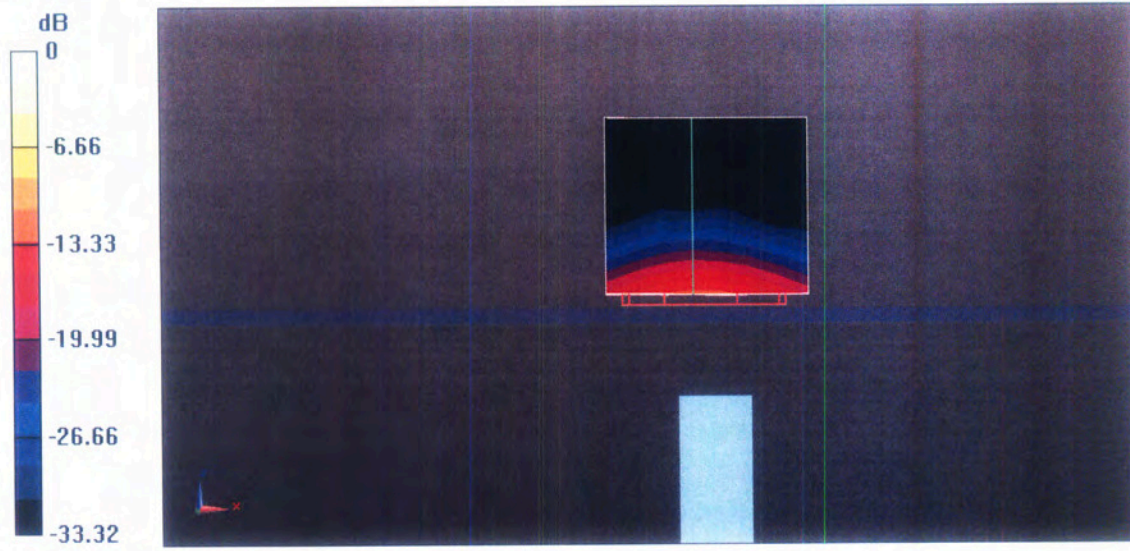
**dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 62.41 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.5 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.31 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.5 W/kg



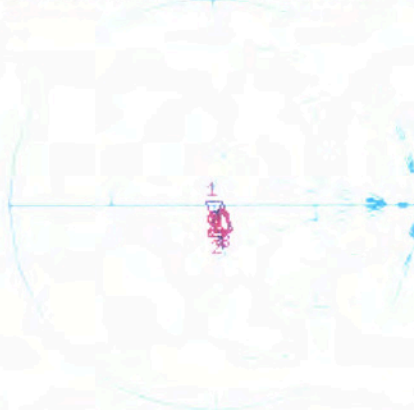
0 dB = 18.7 W/kg = 12.72 dBW/kg

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

1 Oct 2015 13:14:41

CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 48.109  $\Omega$  -8.5195  $\Omega$  3.5925 pF 5 200.000 000 MHz

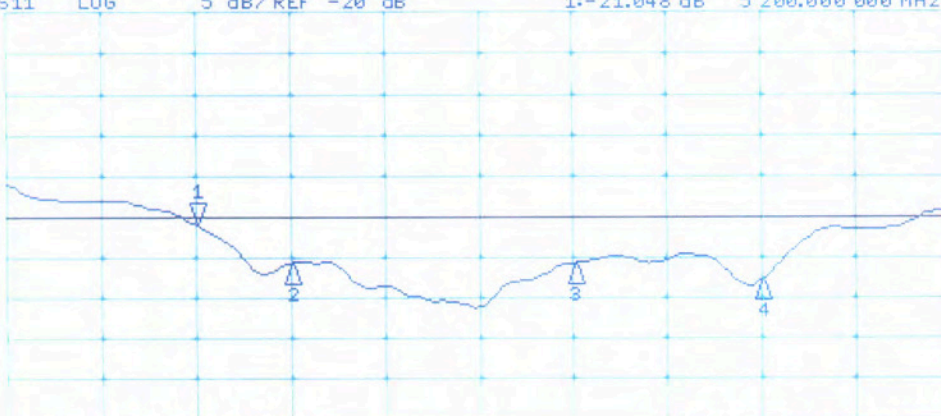
\*  
Del  
Cor  
Avg 16  
H1d



CH1 Markers  
2: 50.164  $\Omega$   
-5.2285  $\Omega$   
5.30000 GHz  
3: 54.785  $\Omega$   
-2.5352  $\Omega$   
5.60000 GHz  
4: 53.006  $\Omega$   
-2.9746  $\Omega$   
5.80000 GHz

CH2 S11 L06 5 dB/REF -20 dB 1: -21.048 dB 5 200.000 000 MHz

Del  
Cor  
Avg 16  
H1d



CH2 Markers  
2: -25.658 dB  
5.30000 GHz  
3: -25.735 dB  
5.60000 GHz  
4: -27.734 dB  
5.80000 GHz

START 5 000.000 000 MHz

STOP 6 000.000 000 MHz

## DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 05.10.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1160**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5200$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.35$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 47.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used:  $f = 5300$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.49$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 47.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used:  $f = 5600$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.99$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 46.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used:  $f = 5800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 6.27$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 46.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(4.95, 4.95, 4.95); Calibrated: 30.12.2014, ConvF(4.78, 4.78, 4.78); Calibrated: 30.12.2014; ConvF(4.35, 4.35, 4.35); Calibrated: 30.12.2014, ConvF(4.32, 4.32, 4.32); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 17.08.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 67.32 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.4 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.81 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.18 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.2 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 67.22 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.6 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.88 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.2 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.8 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 67.36 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.6 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.3 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.2 W/kg

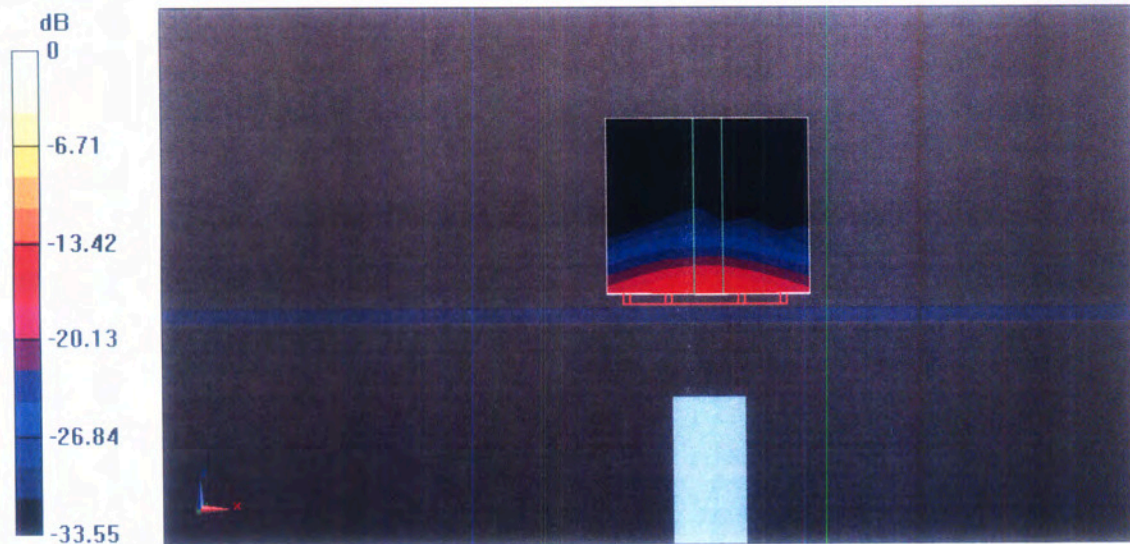
**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 65.22 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 37.1 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.88 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.2 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.7 W/kg



0 dB = 18.2 W/kg = 12.60 dBW/kg

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

2 Oct 2015 11:12:20

CH1 S11 1 U FS

1: 48.553  $\Omega$  -6.8105  $\Omega$  4.4940 pF

5 200.000 000 MHz

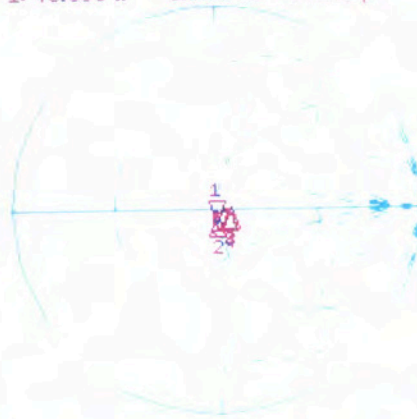
\*

Del

Cor

Avg  
16

H1d



CH1 Markers

2: 49.000  $\Omega$   
-4.2461  $\Omega$   
5.30000 GHz

3: 56.195  $\Omega$   
-738.28 m $\Omega$   
5.60000 GHz

4: 55.875  $\Omega$   
-1.7090  $\Omega$   
5.80000 GHz

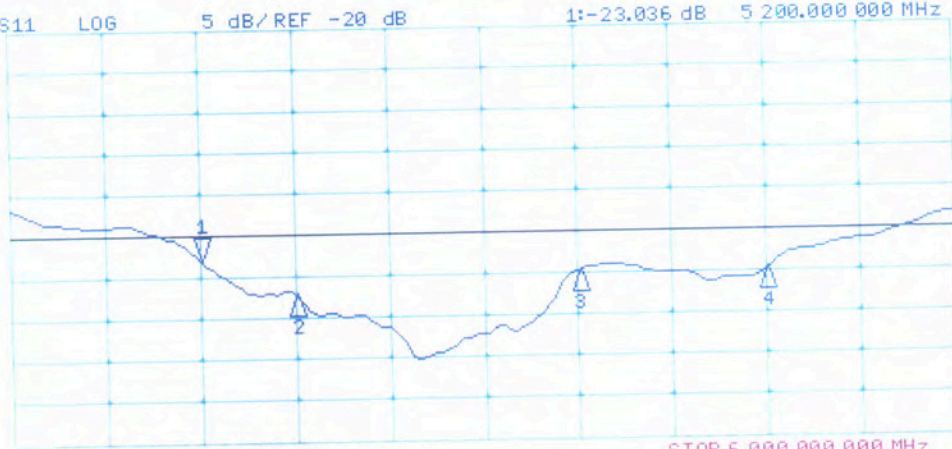
CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 1: -23.036 dB 5 200.000 000 MHz

Del

Cor

Avg  
16

H1d



CH2 Markers

2: -27.128 dB  
5.30000 GHz

3: -24.619 dB  
5.60000 GHz

4: -24.764 dB  
5.80000 GHz

START 5 000.000 000 MHz

STOP 5 800.000 000 MHz



## Dipole Internal Calibration Record

NO. :

|                           |                      |              |         |                  |            |
|---------------------------|----------------------|--------------|---------|------------------|------------|
| Asset No. :               | E-436                | Model No. :  | D5GHzV2 | Cal. Date :      | 2015年10月5日 |
| Equipment :               | ENA Network Analyzer | Serial No. : | 1160    | Next Cal. Date : | 2018年10月5日 |
| Environmental condition : | Temp :               | 23.8 °C      | R.H. :  | 59%              |            |

### Standard List

|   |                    |   |
|---|--------------------|---|
| 1 | IEEE Std 1528-2013 | IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorpton Rate(SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Texhniques, June 2013 |
| 2 | IEC 62209-2        | Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body(frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz), March 2010    |
| 3 | KDB865664          | SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz   |

### Equipment Information

|                      |                |             |              |                    |                   |               |
|----------------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Equipment :          | Manufacturer : | Model No. : | Serial No. : | Cal.Organization : | Certificate No. : | Cal. Date :   |
| ENA Network Analyzer | Agilent        | E5071C      | MY46102965   | NA                 | NA                | Mar. 26, 2017 |

### For Head Tissue

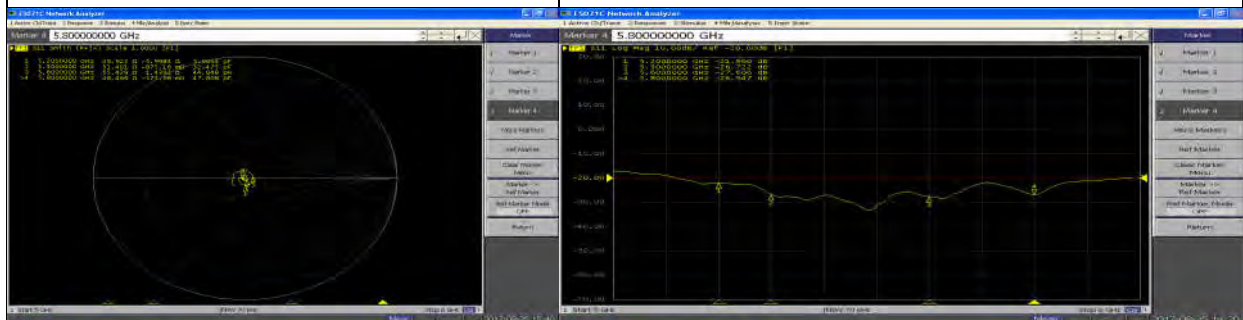
| Frequency | Item   | Originak Cal. Result         | Verified on 2017/8/25          | Deviation   | Result | Annex |
|-----------|--|------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|--------|-------|
| 5.2G      | Impedance, transformed to feed point( $\Omega$ ) | 48.1 $\Omega$ -8.5j $\Omega$ | 49.92 $\Omega$ -6j $\Omega$    | <5 $\Omega$ | Pass   |       |
|           | Return Loss(dB)                                  | -21                          | -21.96                         | -4.6%       | Pass   |       |
| 5.3G      | Impedance, transformed to feed point             | 50.2 $\Omega$ -5.2j $\Omega$ | 51.4 $\Omega$ -0.88j $\Omega$  | <5 $\Omega$ | Pass   |       |
|           | Return Loss(dB)                                  | -25.7                        | -26.72                         | -4.0%       | Pass   |       |
| 5.6G      | Impedance, transformed to feed point             | 54.8 $\Omega$ -2.5j $\Omega$ | 55.43 $\Omega$ +1.44j $\Omega$ | <5 $\Omega$ | Pass   |       |
|           | Return Loss(dB)                                  | -25.7                        | -27.61                         | -7.4%       | Pass   |       |
| 5.8G      | Impedance, transformed to feed point             | 53.0 $\Omega$ -3.0j $\Omega$ | 48.47 $\Omega$ -0.57j $\Omega$ | <5 $\Omega$ | Pass   |       |
|           | Return Loss(dB)                                  | -27.7                        | -26.95                         | 2.7%        | Pass   |       |

### For Body Tissue

| Frequency | Item                                 | Originak Cal. Result         | Verified on 2017/8/28          | Deviation   | Result | Annex |
|-----------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|--------|-------|
| 5.2G      | Impedance, transformed to feed point | 48.6 $\Omega$ -6.8j $\Omega$ | 46.59 $\Omega$ -3.21j $\Omega$ | <5 $\Omega$ | Pass   |       |
|           | Return Loss(dB)                      | -23                          | -24.18                         | -5.1%       | Pass   |       |
| 5.3G      | Impedance, transformed to feed point | 49 $\Omega$ -4.2j $\Omega$   | 47.36 $\Omega$ -5.48j $\Omega$ | <5 $\Omega$ | Pass   |       |
|           | Return Loss(dB)                      | -27.1                        | -27.56                         | -1.7%       | Pass   |       |
| 5.6G      | Impedance, transformed to feed point | 56.2 $\Omega$ -0.7j $\Omega$ | 55.08 $\Omega$ -2.67j $\Omega$ | <5 $\Omega$ | Pass   |       |
|           | Return Loss(dB)                      | -24.6                        | -26.41                         | -7.4%       | Pass   |       |
| 5.8G      | Impedance, transformed to feed point | 55.9 $\Omega$ -1.7j $\Omega$ | 53.16 $\Omega$ +1.64j $\Omega$ | <5 $\Omega$ | Pass   |       |
|           | Return Loss(dB)                      | -24.8                        | -24.87                         | -0.3%       | Pass   |       |

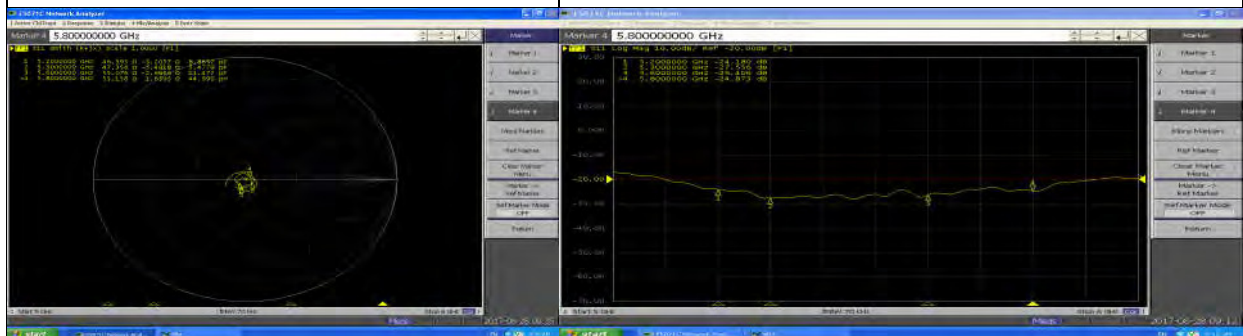
Impedance Test-Head

Return Loss-Head



Impedance Test-Body

Return Loss-Body



From NO. : E\_YYMMDD ; E=Dipole NO. ,YYMMDD=Year/Month/Date.