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SAR TEST REPORT (15.407)

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MODEL NO.: DWA-160

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APPLICANT: D-Link Co.

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1. CERTIFICATION

PRODUCT: Xtreme N Dual Band USB Adapter

MODEL: DWA-160

BRAND: D-Link

APPLICANT: D-Link Co.

TESTED: Apr. 14 ~ Apr. 21, 2009

TEST SAMPLE: ENGINEERING SAMPLE

STANDARDS: FCC Part 2 (Section 2.1093)

FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (01-01)

RSS-102

The above equipment (model: DWA-160) has been tested by **Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's EMC characteristics under the conditions specified in this report.

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Gary Chang / Assistant Manager



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2. GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF EUT

PRODUCT	Xtreme N Dual Band USB Adapter	
MODEL NO.	DWA-160	
FCC ID	KA2WA160A2	
POWER SUPPLY	DC 5V ±10% from host equipment	
MODULATION TYPE	CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK for DSSS 64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK for OFDM	
MODULATION TECHNOLOGY	DSSS, OFDM	
TRANSFER RATE	802.11b: 11 / 5.5 / 2 / 1Mbps 802.11a / g: 54 / 48 / 36 / 24 / 18 / 12 / 9 / 6Mbps HT20 MCS0~7 (800ns GI): 65 / 58.5 / 52 / 39 / 26 / 19.5 / 13 / 6.5Mbps. HT20 MCS8~15 (800ns GI): 130 / 117 / 104 / 78 / 52 / 39 / 26 / 13Mbps. HT40 MCS0~7 (800ns GI): 135 / 121.5 / 108 / 81 / 54 / 40.5 / 27 / 13.5Mbps. HT40 MCS8~15 (800ns GI): 270 / 243 / 216 / 162 / 108 / 81 / 54 / 27Mbps.	
OPERATING FREQUENCY	For 15.247: 802.11b & 802.11g: 2412 ~ 2462MHz For 15.407: 5.18 ~ 5.32GHz, 5.50 ~ 5.70GHz, 5.745 ~ 5.805GHz	
NUMBER OF CHANNEL	For 15.247(2.4GHz) 11 for 802.11b, 802.11g, draft 802.11n (20MHz) 7 for draft 802.11n (40MHz) For 15.407(5GHz) 23 for 802.11a, draft 802.11n (20MHz) 11 for draft 802.11n (40MHz)	
CHANNEL FREQUENCIES UNDER TEST AND ITS CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER	802.11a: 26.730mW / Ch48: 5240MHz 39.084mW / Ch52: 5260MHz 38.107mW / Ch100: 5500MHz 36.898mW / Ch104: 5520MHz 35.645mW / Ch116: 5580MHz 37.239mW / Ch120: 5600MHz 35.237mW / Ch124: 5620MHz 35.645mW / Ch136: 5680MHz 41.210mW / Ch140: 5700MHz 38.994mW / Ch161: 5805MHz	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz): 28.584mW / Ch40: 5200MHz 67.871mW / Ch52: 5260MHz 67.505mW / Ch60: 5300MHz 65.214mW / Ch64: 5320MHz 66.088mW / Ch100: 5500MHz 59.416mW / Ch104: 5520MHz 60.381mW / Ch116: 5580MHz 62.171mW / Ch120: 5600MHz 60.058mW / Ch124: 5620MHz 59.800mW / Ch136: 5680MHz 48.350mW / Ch140: 5700MHz 63.535mW / Ch149: 5745MHz 61.051mW / Ch157: 5785MHz 60.403mW / Ch161: 5805MHz



CHANNEL FREQUENCIES UNDER TEST AND ITS CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER	DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz):
	49.807mW / Ch38: 5190MHz 49.437mW / Ch46: 5230MHz 60.770mW / Ch54: 5270MHz 61.532mW / Ch62: 5310MHz 49.911mW / Ch102: 5510MHz 50.043mW / Ch118: 5590MHz 56.916mW / Ch134: 5670MHz 54.374mW / Ch151: 5755MHz 58.440mW / Ch159: 5795MHz
AVERAGE SAR (1g)	1.110W/kg
ANTENNA TYPE	Please see note 1
DATA CABLE	NA
INTERFACE	USB
ASSOCIATED DEVICES	NA

NOTE:

1. There are two antennas provided to this EUT, please refer to the following table:

Chain	Antenna Type	For 2.4GHz Gain (dBi)	For 5GHz Gain (dBi)				Antenna Connector
			5.15~5.25GHz	5.25~5.35GHz	5.47~5.725GHz	5.725~5.825GHz	
0	PCB Printed	0.29	-0.14	-0.86	0.21	0.14	NA
1	PCB Printed						

2. The EUT is an Xtreme N Dual Band USB Adapter. The functions of EUT listed as below:

	REFERENCE REPORT
WLAN 802.11b/g, draft 802.11n	SA980110H01
WLAN 802.11a, draft 802.11n (5150 ~ 5350MHz, 5745~5825 MHz & 5470 ~ 5725MHz)	SA980110H01-1

- The EUT incorporates a MIMO function with 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g, draft 802.11n. Physically, the EUT provides two completed transmit and two completed receivers.
- The EUT is 2 * 2 spatial MIMO (2Tx & 2Rx) without beam forming function. The antenna configurations are two transmitter antennas and two receiver antennas, as there are 2 PCB Printed antennas. Spatial multiplexing modes for simultaneous transmission using 2 antennas, and for simultaneous receiver using 2 antennas. The legacy 11bg and legacy 11a modes are limited to single transmitter mode only.
- When the EUT operating in draft 802.11n, the software operation, which is defined by manufacturer, MCS (Modulation and Coding Schemes) from 0 to 15.
- The EUT complies with draft 802.11n standards and backwards compatible with 802. 11a, 802.11b, 802.11g products.
- The EUT was pre-tested in chamber as the following test modes:

Test Mode	Description
Mode A	With Cradle
Mode B	Without Cradle

**The worst case was found in Mode A. Its test data were recorded in this report individually.

8. The above EUT information was declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or user's manual.

2.2 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF APPLIED STANDARDS

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, this product must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

FCC Part 2 (2.1093)

FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (01- 01)

RSS-102

IEEE 1528-2003

All test items have been performed and recorded as per the above standards.

2.3 GENERAL INFORMATION OF THE SAR SYSTEM

DASY4 (**software 4.7 Build 53**) consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY4 software defined. The DASY4 software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.

EX3DV3 ISOTROPIC E-FIELD PROBE (FREQUENCY BAND 5 ~ 6GHz)

DIMENSIONS

Overall length: 330 mm (Tip Length: 20 mm)
Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body diameter: 12 mm)
Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1.0 mm

APPLICATION

General dosimetric measurements range 5 ~ 6 GHz.
Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms (EX3DV3)

NOTE

1. The Probe parameters have been calibrated by the SPEAG. Please reference "APPENDIX D" for the Calibration Certification Report.
2. For frequencies above 800 MHz, calibration in a rectangular wave-guide is used, because wave-guide size is manageable.
3. For frequencies below 800 MHz, temperature transfer calibration is used because the wave-guide size becomes relatively large.



TWIN SAM V4.0

CONSTRUCTION

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528-2003, EN 62209-1 and IEC 62209. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points with the robot.

SHELL THICKNESS

2 ± 0.2mm

FILLING VOLUME

Approx. 25liters

DIMENSIONS

Height: 810mm; Length: 1000mm; Width: 500mm

SYSTEM VALIDATION KITS:

CONSTRUCTION

Symmetrical dipole with 1/4 balun enables measurement of feedpoint impedance with NWA matched for use near flat phantoms filled with brain simulating solutions. Includes distance holder and tripod adaptor

CALIBRATION

Calibrated SAR value for specified position and input power at the flat phantom in brain simulating solutions

FREQUENCY

5200MHz

RETURN LOSS

> 20dB at specified validation position

POWER CAPABILITY

> 100W (f < 1GHz); > 40W (f > 1GHz)

OPTIONS

Dipoles for other frequencies or solutions and other calibration conditions upon request



DEVICE HOLDER FOR SAM TWIN PHANTOM

CONSTRUCTION

The device holder for the mobile phone device is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles. The holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered. The device holder for the portable device makes up of the polyethylene foam. The dielectric parameters of material close to the dielectric parameters of the air.

DATA ACQUISITION ELECTRONICS

CONSTRUCTION

The data acquisition electronics (DAE3) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplex, a fast 16 bit AD converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The mechanical probe is mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The input impedance of the DAE3 box is 200M Ω ; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

2.4 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE SPATIAL PEAK SAR EVALUATION

The DASY4 post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the micro-volt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	Norm _i , a _{i0} , a _{i1} , a _{i2}
	- Conversion factor	ConvF _i
	- Diode compression point	dcp _i
Device parameters:	- Frequency	F
	- Crest factor	Cf
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

V _i	=compensated signal of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
U _i	=input signal of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
Cf	=crest factor of exciting field	(DASY parameter)
dcp _i	=diode compression point	(DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\text{E-field probes: } E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{\text{Norm}_i \cdot \text{ConvF}}}$$

$$\text{H-field probes: } H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

- V_i = compensated signal of channel i ($i = x, y, z$)
- Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V/m})^2$ for E-field Probes ($i = x, y, z$)
- ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution
- a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes
- f = carrier frequency [GHz]
- E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m
- H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

- SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g
- E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m
- σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
- ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid. The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the Post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

1. The extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
2. The calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
3. The generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
4. The interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
5. The extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
6. The calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g.

The probe is calibrated at the center of the dipole sensors that is located 1 to 2.7mm away from the probe tip. During measurements, the probe stops shortly above the phantom surface, depending on the probe and the surface detecting system. Both distances are included as parameters in the probe configuration file. The software always knows exactly how far away the measured point is from the surface. As the probe cannot directly measure at the surface, the values between the deepest measured point and the surface must be extrapolated. The angle between the probe axis and the surface normal line is less than 30 degree.



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The maximum search is automatically performed after each area scan measurement. It is based on splines in two or three dimensions. The procedure can find the maximum for most SAR distributions even with relatively large grid spacing. After the area scanning measurement, the probe is automatically moved to a position at the interpolated maximum. The following scan can directly use this position for reference, e.g., for a finer resolution grid or the cube evaluations. The 1g and 10g peak evaluations are only available for the predefined cube 7 x 7 x 7 scans. The routines are verified and optimized for the grid dimensions used in these cube measurements. The measured volume of 30 x 30 x 30mm contains about 30g of tissue. The first procedure is an extrapolation (incl. boundary correction) to get the points between the lowest measured plane and the surface. The next step uses 3D interpolation to get all points within the measured volume in a 1mm grid (42875 points). In the last step, a 1g cube is placed numerically into the volume and its averaged SAR is calculated. This cube is moved around until the highest averaged SAR is found. If the highest SAR is found at the edge of the measured volume, the system will issue a warning: higher SAR values might be found outside of the measured volume. In that case the cube measurement can be repeated, using the new interpolated maximum as the center.

3. DESCRIPTION OF SUPPORT UNITS

The EUT has been tested as an independent unit together with other necessary accessories or support units. The following support units or accessories were used to form a representative test configuration during the tests.

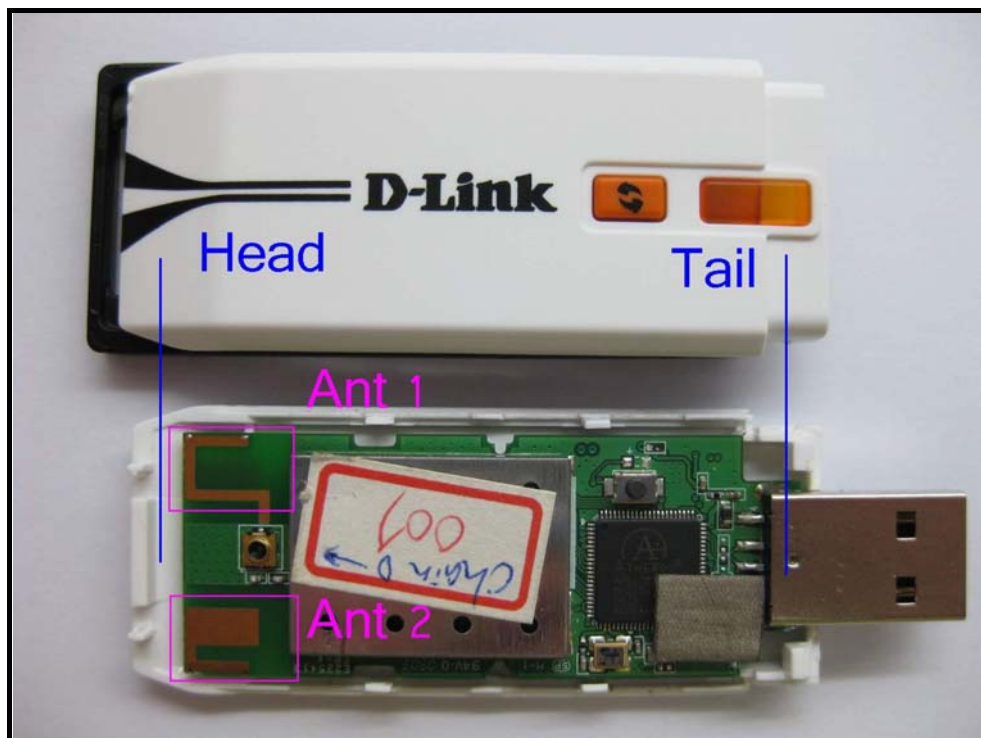
NO.	PRODUCT	BRAND	MODEL NO.	SERIAL NO.	FCC ID
1	NOTEBOOK	DELL	PP18L	29144041120	CXSMM01BRD02D330

NO.	SIGNAL CABLE DESCRIPTION OF THE ABOVE SUPPORT UNITS
1	NA

NOTE: The length of USB cable is 11.6 inch. USB cable does not affect device radiating characteristics and output power

4. DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES AND CONFIGURATIONS

4.1. DESCRIPTION OF ANTENNA LOCATION



4.2. DESCRIPTION OF ASSESSMENT POSITION

The following test configurations have been applied in this test report:

<p style="text-align: center;">A</p> <p>The bottom of the EUT faces to the phantom with 5mm-separation distance.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">B</p> <p>The right edge of the EUT faces to the phantom with 5mm-separation distance.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">C</p> <p>The front of the EUT faces to the phantom with 5mm-separation distance.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">D</p> <p>The left edge of the EUT faces to the phantom with 5mm-separation distance.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">E</p> <p>The tip of the EUT faces to the phantom with 5mm-separation distance.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">SETUP PHOTO</p>



4.3. DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODE

The EUT supports 1tx transmitting and 2 TX transmitting mode. When EUT operates under 1 TX mode, only antenna 1 can transmit, antenna 2 is not working. TX antenna diversity function is not supported for this EUT .Therefore, antenna 1 will be transmitted under 1 TX test mode, antenna 1 and antenna 2 will be transmitted under 2 TX test mode.

Test tool is ART provided by client. It can control EUT to transmit continuously at specific channel, output power level, data rates and 100 % duty signal.

“Per KDB 248277, for each frequency band, testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate.”

Comparing output power of all modulations and data rates of each mode can find the lowest data rates has max output power. Therefore, EUT will set under lowest data rates to test.

For 5180~5240 and 5260~5320MHz

“Per KDB 447498, when the SAR procedures require multiple channels to be tested and the 1-g SAR for the highest output channel is less than 0.8 W/kg and peak SAR is less than 1.6W/kg, where the transmission band corresponding to all channels is ≤ 100 MHz, testing for the other channels is not required.”

According to test data from table of section 4.4, , SAR value of highest output power channel for test mode 1,4,5,7,10 are less than 0.8 W/kg and Peak SAR values are less than 1.6W/kg. Therefore, testing for other channels is required except test mode 1, 4, 5, 7, 10.

For 5500~5700MHz

Per KDB 447498, when the SAR procedures require multiple channels to be tested and the 1-g SAR for the highest output channel is less than 0.4 W/kg and peak SAR is less than 0.8W/kg, where the transmission band corresponding to all channels is ≤ 200 MHz, testing for the other channels is not required.

According to test data from table of section 4.4, SAR value of highest output power channel for test mode 1,4,5,7,10 are less than 0.4 W/kg and Peak SAR values are less than 0.8W/kg. Therefore, testing for other channels is required except test mode 1, 4, 5,7,10.



ITEM	TEST MODE	MODULATION	ASSESSMENT POSITION	TESTED CHANNEL
1	802.11a	BPSK	A	48, 52, 100, 104, 116, 120, 124, 136, 140
2	Draft 802.11n (20MHz)	BPSK		40, 52, 60, 64, 100, 104, 116, 120, 124, 136, 140
3	Draft 802.11n (40MHz)	BPSK		38, 46, 54, 62, 102, 118, 134
4	802.11a	BPSK	B	48, 52, 140
5	Draft 802.11n (20MHz)	BPSK		40, 52, 100
6	Draft 802.11n (40MHz)	BPSK		38, 62, 102, 118, 134
7	802.11a	BPSK	C	48, 52, 140
8	Draft 802.11n (20MHz)	BPSK		40, 52, 60, 64, 100, 104, 116, 120, 124, 136, 140
9	Draft 802.11n (40MHz)	BPSK		38, 46, 54, 62, 102, 118, 134
10	802.11a	BPSK	D	48, 52, 140
11	Draft 802.11n (20MHz)	BPSK		40, 52, 60, 64, 100, 104, 116, 120, 124, 136, 140
12	Draft 802.11n (40MHz)	BPSK		38, 46, 54, 62, 102, 118, 134
13	802.11a	BPSK	E	48, 52, 100, 104, 116, 120, 124, 136, 140
14	Draft 802.11n (20MHz)	BPSK		40, 52, 100, 104, 116, 120, 124, 136, 140
15	Draft 802.11n (40MHz)	BPSK		38, 62, 102, 118, 134



ITEM	TEST MODE	MODULATION	ASSESSMENT POSITION	TESTED CHANNEL
16	802.11a	BPSK	A	161
17	Draft 802.11n (20MHz)	BPSK		149, 157, 161
18	Draft 802.11n (40MHz)	BPSK		151, 159
19	802.11a	BPSK	B	161
20	Draft 802.11n (20MHz)	BPSK		149
21	Draft 802.11n (40MHz)	BPSK		159
22	802.11a	BPSK	C	161
23	Draft 802.11n (20MHz)	BPSK		149
24	Draft 802.11n (40MHz)	BPSK		151, 159
25	802.11a	BPSK	D	161
26	Draft 802.11n (20MHz)	BPSK		149
27	Draft 802.11n (40MHz)	BPSK		159
28	802.11a	BPSK	E	161
29	Draft 802.11n (20MHz)	BPSK		149, 157, 161
30	Draft 802.11n (40MHz)	BPSK		151, 159



4.4. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

ITEM		1	2	ITEM		3
TEST MODE		802.11a	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	TEST MODE		DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)		CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)
40	5200	-	0.518	38	5190	0.945
48	5240	0.323	-	46	5230	0.900
52	5260	0.447	0.946	54	5270	1.040
60	5300	-	0.940	62	5310	0.936
64	5320	-	0.862	102	5510	0.764
100	5500	0.471	0.620	118	5590	0.925
104	5520	0.349	0.679	134	5670	0.981
116	5580	0.460	0.715	/		
120	5600	0.459	0.898			
124	5620	0.414	0.709			
136	5680	0.470	0.738			
140	5700	0.549	0.773			

ITEM		4	5	ITEM		6
TEST MODE		802.11a	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	TEST MODE		DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)		CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)
48	5240	0.285	0.298	38	5190	0.456
52	5260	0.419	0.575	62	5310	0.414
100	5500	-	0.398	102	5510	0.455
140	5700	0.379	-	118	5590	0.566
/				134	5670	0.673



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ITEM		7	8	ITEM		9
TEST MODE		802.11a	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	TEST MODE		DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)		CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)
40	5200	-	0.405	38	5190	0.718
48	5240	0.298	-	46	5230	-
52	5260	0.437	0.884	54	5270	-
60	5300	-	0.848	62	5310	0.786
64	5320	-	0.811	102	5510	0.558
100	5500	-	0.478	118	5590	0.661
104	5520	-	0.488	134	5670	0.758
116	5580	-	0.541	/		
120	5600	-	0.577			
124	5620	-	0.521			
136	5680	-	0.574			
140	5700	0.389	0.543			

ITEM		10	11	ITEM		12
TEST MODE		802.11a	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	TEST MODE		DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)		CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)
40	5200	-	0.394	38	5190	0.582
48	5240	0.111	-	46	5230	-
52	5260	0.156	0.818	54	5270	-
60	5300	-	0.758	62	5310	0.688
64	5320	-	0.713	102	5510	0.530
100	5500	-	0.462	118	5590	0.561
104	5520	-	0.454	134	5670	0.651
116	5580	-	0.506	/		
120	5600	-	0.483			
124	5620	-	0.516			
136	5680	-	0.545			
140	5700	0.308	0.476			



ITEM		13	14	ITEM		15
TEST MODE		802.11a	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	TEST MODE		DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)		CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)
40	5200	-	0.194	38	5190	0.318
48	5240	0.101	-	46	5230	-
52	5260	0.159	0.458	54	5270	-
60	5300	-	-	62	5310	0.466
64	5320	-	-	102	5510	0.485
100	5500	0.216	0.406	118	5590	0.651
104	5520	0.221	0.435	134	5670	0.866
116	5580	0.323	0.564	/		
120	5600	0.430	0.604			
124	5620	0.379	0.586			
136	5680	0.491	0.631			
140	5700	0.551	0.608			

NOTE: The worst value has been marked by boldface.

ITEM		16	17	ITEM		18
TEST MODE		802.11a	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	TEST MODE		DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)		CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)
149	5745	-	1.110	151	5755	1.050
157	5785	-	1.010	159	5795	1.010
161	5805	0.487	0.886	/		

ITEM		19	20	ITEM		21
TEST MODE		802.11a	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	TEST MODE		DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)		CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)
149	5745	-	0.723	151	5755	-
157	5785	-	-	159	5795	0.708
161	5805	0.327	-	/		



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ITEM		22	23	ITEM		24
TEST MODE		802.11a	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	TEST MODE		DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)		CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)
149	5745	-	0.765	151	5755	0.823
157	5785	-	-	159	5795	0.830
161	5805	0.415	-			

ITEM		25	26	ITEM		27
TEST MODE		802.11a	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	TEST MODE		DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)		CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)
149	5745	-	0.767	151	5755	-
157	5785	-	-	159	5795	0.733
161	5805	0.337	-			

ITEM		28	29	ITEM		30
TEST MODE		802.11a	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	TEST MODE		DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)		CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)
149	5745	-	0.968	151	5755	0.932
157	5785	-	0.824	159	5795	0.940
161	5805	0.573	0.747			

NOTE: The worst value has been marked by boldface.



4.5. ENHANCED ENERGY COUPLING AT INCREASED SEPARATION DISTANCES

INITIAL POSITION:

The probe tip is positioned at the peak SAR location of in test mode 3, 6, 8, 11, 15, at a distance of one half the probe tip diameter from the phantom surface. Under this condition to get a single sar value.

5mm INCREMENTS FROM INITIAL POSITION:

With the probe fixed at this location, the device is moved away from the phantom in 5 mm increments from the initial touching or minimum separation position. A single point SAR is measured for each of these device positions until the SAR is less than 50% of that measured at the initial position.

CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	INITIAL POSITION MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)	5mm INCREMENTS FROM INITIAL POSITION MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)	10mm INCREMENTS FROM INITIAL POSITION MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
54	5270	11n 40MHz Bottom	2.64	1.150	-
134	5670	11n 40MHz Right Edge	1.83	1.160	0.729
52	5260	11n 20MHz Front	1.97	0.962	-
52	5260	11n 20MHz Left Edge	1.42	0.979	0.679
134	5670	11n 40MHz Tip	2.13	0.951	-

RESULT: No Enhancement Energy Coupling observed.

5. TEST RESULTS

5.1 TEST PROCEDURES

Use the software to control the EUT channel and transmission power. Then record the conducted power before the testing. Place the EUT to the specific test location. After the testing, must writing down the conducted power of the EUT into the report. The SAR value was calculated via the 3D spline interpolation algorithm that has been implemented in the software of DASY4 SAR measurement system manufactured and calibrated by SPEAG. According to the IEEE 1528 standards, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- Power reference measurement
- Verification of the power reference measurement
- Area scan
- Zoom scan
- Power reference measurement

The area scan was performed for the highest spatial SAR location. The zoom scan with 30mm x 30mm x 30mm volume was performed for SAR value averaged over 1g and 10g spatial volumes.



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In the zoom scan, the distance between the measurement point at the probe sensor location (geometric center behind the probe tip) and the phantom surface is 3mm and maintained at a constant distance of ± 0.5 mm during a zoom scan to determine peak SAR locations. The distance is 3mm between the first measurement point and the bottom surface of the phantom. The secondary measurement point to the bottom surface of the phantom is with 8mm separation distance. The cube size is 7 x 7 x 7 points consists of 343 points and the grid space is 5mm.

The measurement time is 0.5s at each point of the zoom scan. The probe boundary effect compensation shall be applied during the SAR test. Because of the tip of the probe to the Phantom surface separated distances are longer than half a tip probe diameter.

In the area scan, the separation distance is 3mm between the each measurement point and the phantom surface. The scan size shall be included the transmission portion of the EUT. The measurement time is the same as the zoom scan. At last the reference power drift shall be less than $\pm 5\%$.



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5.2 MEASURED SAR RESULTS

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION			Air Temperature : 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.8°C Humidity : 59%RH					
TESTED BY			Sam Onn		DATE		Apr. 18, 2009	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	TEST MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (mW)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)	
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
48	5240	802.11a	26.730	26.388	-1.28	1	0.323	
52	5260	802.11a	39.084	38.552	-1.36	1	0.447	
100	5500	802.11a	38.107	37.558	-1.44	1	0.471	
104	5520	802.11a	36.898	36.341	-1.51	1	0.349	
116	5580	802.11a	35.645	35.043	-1.69	1	0.460	
120	5600	802.11a	37.239	36.587	-1.75	1	0.459	
124	5620	802.11a	35.237	34.599	-1.81	1	0.414	
136	5680	802.11a	35.645	34.957	-1.93	1	0.470	
140	5700	802.11a	41.210	40.78	-2.02	1	0.549	

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, **1.6 W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



A D T

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.8°C Humidity : 59%RH					
TESTED BY		Sam Onn		DATE		Apr. 18, 2009	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	TEST MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (mW)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST			
40	5200	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	28.584	28.378	-0.72	2	0.518
52	5260	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	67.871	67.267	-0.89	2	0.946
60	5300	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	67.505	66.891	-0.91	2	0.940
64	5320	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	65.214	64.529	-1.05	2	0.862
100	5500	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	66.088	65.321	-1.16	2	0.620
104	5520	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	59.416	58.679	-1.24	2	0.679
116	5580	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	60.381	59.578	-1.33	2	0.715
120	5600	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	62.171	61.270	-1.45	2	0.898
124	5620	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	60.058	59.139	-1.53	2	0.709
136	5680	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	59.800	58.819	-1.64	2	0.738
140	5700	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	48.350	47.489	-1.78	2	0.773

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, **1.6 W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



A D T

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION			Air Temperature : 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.8°C Humidity : 59%RH				
TESTED BY			Sam Onn		DATE	Apr. 18, 2009	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	TEST MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (mW)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST			
38	5190	DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)	49.807	48.676	-2.27	3	0.945
46	5230	DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)	49.437	48.265	-2.37	3	0.900
54	5270	DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)	60.770	59.299	-2.42	3	1.040
62	5310	DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)	61.532	59.938	-2.59	3	0.936
102	5510	DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)	49.911	48.583	-2.66	3	0.764
118	5590	DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)	50.043	48.667	-2.75	3	0.925
134	5670	DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)	56.916	55.305	-2.83	3	0.981

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, **1.6 W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



A D T

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION			Air Temperature : 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.8°C Humidity : 59%RH				
TESTED BY			Sam Onn		DATE		Apr. 18, 2009
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	TEST MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (mW)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST			
48	5240	802.11a	26.730	26.369	-1.35	4	0.285
52	5260	802.11a	39.084	38.529	-1.42	4	0.419
140	5700	802.11a	41.210	40.597	-1.56	4	0.379

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, **1.6 W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



A D T

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION			Air Temperature : 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.8°C Humidity : 59%RH				
TESTED BY			Sam Onn		DATE		Apr. 18, 2009
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	TEST MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (mW)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST			
40	5200	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	28.584	28.061	-1.83	5	0.298
52	5260	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	67.871	66.541	-1.96	5	0.575
100	5500	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	66.088	64.746	-2.03	5	0.398

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, **1.6 W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



A D T

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 22.7°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.5°C Humidity : 62%RH					
TESTED BY		Sam Onn		DATE		Apr. 19, 2009	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	TEST MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (mW)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST			
38	5190	DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)	49.807	49.279	-1.06	6	0.456
62	5310	DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)	61.532	60.843	-1.12	6	0.414
102	5510	DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)	49.911	49.297	-1.23	6	0.455
118	5590	DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)	50.043	49.372	-1.34	6	0.566
134	5670	DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)	56.916	56.085	-1.46	6	0.673
48	5240	802.11a	26.730	26.388	-1.28	7	0.298
52	5260	802.11a	39.084	38.552	-1.36	7	0.437
140	5700	802.11a	41.210	40.78	-2.02	7	0.389

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, **1.6 W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



A D T

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION			Air Temperature : 22.7°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.5°C Humidity : 62%RH				
TESTED BY			Sam Onn		DATE	Apr. 19, 2009	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	TEST MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (mW)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST			
40	5200	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	28.584	28.584	-3.02	8	0.405
52	5260	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	67.871	67.871	-3.17	8	0.884
60	5300	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	67.505	67.505	-3.26	8	0.848
64	5320	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	65.214	65.214	-3.37	8	0.811
100	5500	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	66.088	66.088	-3.46	8	0.478
104	5520	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	59.416	57.283	-3.59	8	0.488
116	5580	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	60.381	58.171	-3.66	8	0.541
120	5600	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	62.171	62.171	-3.72	8	0.577
124	5620	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	60.058	57.722	-3.89	8	0.521
136	5680	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	59.800	57.444	-3.94	8	0.574
140	5700	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	48.350	46.401	-4.03	8	0.543

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, **1.6 W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



A D T

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION			Air Temperature : 22.7°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.5°C Humidity : 62%RH				
TESTED BY			Sam Onn		DATE	Apr. 19, 2009	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	TEST MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (mW)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST			
38	5190	DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)	49.807	49.135	-1.35	9	0.718
62	5310	DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)	61.532	60.658	-1.42	9	0.786
102	5510	DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)	49.911	49.132	-1.56	9	0.558
118	5590	DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)	50.043	49.222	-1.64	9	0.661
134	5670	DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)	56.916	55.874	-1.83	9	0.758

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, **1.6 W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



A D T

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION			Air Temperature : 22.7°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.5°C Humidity : 62%RH				
TESTED BY			Sam Onn		DATE		Apr. 19, 2009
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	TEST MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (mW)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST			
48	5240	802.11a	26.730	26.580	-0.56	10	0.111
52	5260	802.11a	39.084	38.822	-0.67	10	0.156
140	5700	802.11a	41.210	40.913	-0.72	10	0.308

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, **1.6 W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



A D T

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION			Air Temperature : 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.5°C Humidity : 61%RH				
TESTED BY			Sam Onn		DATE	Apr. 20, 2009	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	TEST MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (mW)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST			
40	5200	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	28.584	27.892	-2.42	11	0.394
52	5260	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	67.871	66.113	-2.59	11	0.818
60	5300	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	67.505	65.709	-2.66	11	0.758
64	5320	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	65.214	63.421	-2.75	11	0.713
100	5500	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	66.088	64.218	-2.83	11	0.462
104	5520	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	59.416	57.651	-2.97	11	0.454
116	5580	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	60.381	58.557	-3.02	11	0.506
120	5600	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	62.171	60.200	-3.17	11	0.483
124	5620	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	60.058	58.100	-3.26	11	0.516
136	5680	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	59.800	57.758	-3.37	11	0.545
140	5700	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	48.350	46.677	-3.46	11	0.476

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, **1.6 W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



A D T

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION			Air Temperature : 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.5°C Humidity : 61%RH				
TESTED BY			Sam Onn		DATE	Apr. 20, 2009	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	TEST MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (mW)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST			
38	5190	DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)	49.807	48.851	-1.92	12	0.582
62	5310	DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)	61.532	60.271	-2.05	12	0.688
102	5510	DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)	49.911	48.828	-2.17	12	0.530
118	5590	DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)	50.043	48.917	-2.25	12	0.561
134	5670	DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)	56.916	55.601	-2.31	12	0.651

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, **1.6 W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



A D T

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.5°C Humidity : 61%RH					
TESTED BY		Sam Onn		DATE		Apr. 20, 2009	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	TEST MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (mW)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST			
48	5240	802.11a	26.730	26.460	-1.01	13	0.101
52	5260	802.11a	39.084	38.646	-1.12	13	0.159
100	5500	802.11a	38.107	37.627	-1.26	13	0.216
104	5520	802.11a	36.898	36.400	-1.35	13	0.221
116	5580	802.11a	35.645	35.139	-1.42	13	0.323
120	5600	802.11a	37.239	36.658	-1.56	13	0.430
124	5620	802.11a	35.237	34.659	-1.64	13	0.379
136	5680	802.11a	35.645	34.993	-1.83	13	0.491
140	5700	802.11a	41.210	40.402	-1.96	13	0.551

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, **1.6 W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



A D T

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION			Air Temperature : 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.5°C Humidity : 61%RH				
TESTED BY			Sam Onn		DATE	Apr. 20, 2009	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	TEST MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (mW)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST			
40	5200	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	28.584	28.141	-1.55	14	0.194
52	5260	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	67.871	66.738	-1.67	14	0.458
100	5500	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	66.088	64.918	-1.77	14	0.406
104	5520	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	59.416	58.341	-1.81	14	0.435
116	5580	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	60.381	59.222	-1.92	14	0.564
120	5600	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	62.171	60.896	-2.05	14	0.604
124	5620	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	60.058	58.755	-2.17	14	0.586
136	5680	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	59.800	58.455	-2.25	14	0.631
140	5700	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	48.350	47.233	-2.31	14	0.608

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, **1.6 W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



A D T

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION			Air Temperature : 22.9°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.6°C Humidity : 61%RH				
TESTED BY			Sam Onn		DATE	Apr. 21, 2009	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	TEST MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (mW)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST			
38	5190	DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)	49.807	49.135	-1.35	15	0.318
62	5310	DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)	61.532	60.634	-1.46	15	0.466
102	5510	DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)	49.911	49.147	-1.53	15	0.485
118	5590	DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)	50.043	49.222	-1.64	15	0.651
134	5670	DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)	56.916	55.903	-1.78	15	0.866

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, **1.6 W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



A D T

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION			Air Temperature : 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.8°C Humidity : 59%RH				
TESTED BY			Sam Onn		DATE		Apr. 18, 2009
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	TEST MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (mW)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST			
161	5805	802.11a	38.994	38.156	-2.15	16	0.487
149	5745	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	63.535	57.068	-1.83	17	1.110
157	5785	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	61.051	59.848	-1.97	17	1.010
161	5805	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	60.403	59.183	-2.02	17	0.886
151	5755	DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)	54.374	52.759	-2.97	18	1.050
159	5795	DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)	58.440	56.675	-3.02	18	1.010
161	5805	802.11a	38.994	38.354	-1.64	19	0.327

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, **1.6 W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



A D T

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 22.7°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.5°C Humidity : 62%RH					
TESTED BY		Sam Onn		DATE		Apr. 19, 2009	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	TEST MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (mW)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST			
149	5745	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	63.535	56.876	-2.16	20	0.723
159	5795	DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)	58.440	57.551	-1.59	21	0.708
161	5805	802.11a	38.994	38.163	-2.13	22	0.415
149	5745	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	63.535	55.708	-4.17	23	0.765
151	5755	DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)	54.374	53.308	-1.96	24	0.823
159	5795	DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)	58.440	57.254	-2.03	24	0.830

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, **1.6 W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



A D T

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION			Air Temperature : 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.5°C Humidity : 61%RH				
TESTED BY			Sam Onn		DATE	Apr. 20, 2009	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	TEST MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (mW)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST			
161	5805	802.11a	38.994	38.663	-0.85	25	0.337
149	5745	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	63.535	56.045	-3.59	26	0.767
159	5795	DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)	58.440	57.002	-2.46	27	0.733
161	5805	802.11a	38.994	38.202	-2.03	28	0.573
149	5745	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	63.535	56.702	-2.46	29	0.968
157	5785	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	61.051	59.482	-2.57	29	0.824
161	5805	DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz)	60.403	58.802	-2.65	29	0.747

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, **1.6 W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



A D T

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION			Air Temperature : 22.9°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.6°C Humidity : 62%RH				
TESTED BY			Sam Onn		DATE		Apr. 21, 2009
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	TEST MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (mW)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST			
151	5755	DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)	54.374	53.384	-1.82	30	0.932
159	5795	DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz)	58.440	57.312	-1.92	30	0.940

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, **1.6 W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



A D T

5.3 SAR LIMITS

HUMAN EXPOSURE	SAR (W/kg)	
	(GENERAL POPULATION / UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE ENVIRONMENT)	(OCCUPATIONAL / CONTROLLED EXPOSURE ENVIRONMENT)
Spatial Average (whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over 1 g)	1.6	8.0
Spatial Peak (hands / wrists / feet / ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

NOTE:

1. This limits accord to 47 CFR 2.1093 – Safety Limit.
2. The EUT property been complied with the partial body exposure limit under the general population environment.

5.4 RECIPES FOR TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUIDS

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom, the phantom must be filled with 25 liters of tissue simulation liquid.

The following ingredients are used :

- **WATER-** Deionized water (pure H₂O), resistivity ≈ 16 M - as basis for the liquid
- **SUGAR-** Refined sugar in crystals, as available in food shops - to reduce relative permittivity
- **SALT-** Pure NaCl - to increase conductivity
- **CELLULOSE-** Hydroxyethyl-cellulose, medium viscosity (75-125mPa.s, 2% in water, 20_C),
CAS # 54290 - to increase viscosity and to keep sugar in solution
- **PRESERVATIVE-** Preventol D-7 Bayer AG, D-51368 Leverkusen, CAS # 55965-84-9 - to prevent the spread of bacteria and molds
- **DGMBE-** Diethylenglycol-monobuthyl ether (DGMBE), Fluka Chemie GmbH, CAS # 112-34-5 - to reduce relative permittivity

THE INFORMATION FOR 5GHz SIMULATING LIQUID

The 5GHz liquids was purchased from SPEAG.

Body liquid model: HSL 5800, P/N: SL AAH 5800 AA

Head liquid model: M 5800, P/N: SL AAM 580 AD

5GHz liquids contain the following ingredients:

Water 64 - 78%

Mineral Oil 11 - 18%

Emulsifiers 9 - 15%

Additives and Salt 2 - 3%

Testing the liquids using the Agilent Network Analyzer E5071C and Agilent Dielectric Probe Kit 85070D. The testing procedure is following as

1. Turn Network Analyzer on and allow at least 30min. warm up.
2. Mount dielectric probe kit so that interconnecting cable to Network Analyzer will not be moved during measurements or calibration.
3. Pour de-ionized water and measure water temperature ($\pm 1^\circ$).
4. Set water temperature in Agilent-Software (Calibration Setup).
5. Perform calibration.
6. Validate calibration with dielectric material of known properties (e.g. polished ceramic slab with $>8\text{mm}$ thickness $\epsilon' = 10.0$, $\epsilon'' = 0.0$). If measured parameters do not fit within tolerance, repeat calibration (± 0.2 for ϵ' : ± 0.1 for ϵ'').
7. Conductivity can be calculated from ϵ'' by $\sigma = \omega \epsilon_0 \epsilon'' = \epsilon'' f [\text{GHz}] / 18$.
8. Measure liquid shortly after calibration. Repeat calibration every hour.
9. Stir the liquid to be measured. Take a sample ($\sim 50\text{ml}$) with a syringe from the center of the liquid container.
10. Pour the liquid into a small glass flask. Hold the syringe at the bottom of the flask to avoid air bubbles.
11. Put the dielectric probe in the glass flask. Check that there are no air bubbles in front of the opening in the dielectric probe kit.
12. Perform measurements.
13. Adjust medium parameters in DASY4 for the frequencies necessary for the measurements ('Setup Config', select medium (e.g. Brain 900MHz) and press 'Option'-button.
14. Select the current medium for the frequency of the validation (e.g. Setup Medium Brain 900MHz).



A D T

FOR WLAN 5GHz BAND SIMULATING LIQUID

LIQUID TYPE		MSL-5800		
SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP.		21.8		
TEST DATE		Apr. 18, 2009		
TESTED BY		Sam Onn		
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	ERROR PERCENTAGE (%)
5190	Permittivity (ϵ)	49.00	50.30	2.65
5200		49.00	50.30	2.65
5230		49.00	50.20	2.45
5240		49.00	50.20	2.45
5260		48.90	50.20	2.66
5270		48.90	50.20	2.66
5300		48.90	50.10	2.45
5310		48.90	50.10	2.45
5320		48.90	50.10	2.45
5500		48.60	49.70	2.26
5510		48.60	49.70	2.26
5520		48.60	49.60	2.06
5580		48.50	49.50	2.06
5590		48.50	49.50	2.06
5600		48.50	49.50	2.06
5620		48.40	49.40	2.07
5670		48.40	49.40	2.07
5680		48.40	49.30	1.86
5700	48.30	49.30	2.07	



A D T

LIQUID TYPE		MSL-5800		
SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP.		21.8		
TEST DATE		Apr. 18, 2009		
TESTED BY		Sam Onn		
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	ERROR PERCENTAGE (%)
5190	Conductivity (σ) S/m	5.29	5.20	-1.70
5200		5.30	5.21	-1.70
5230		5.33	5.26	-1.31
5240		5.35	5.27	-1.50
5260		5.37	5.31	-1.12
5270		5.38	5.32	-1.12
5300		5.42	5.36	-1.11
5310		5.43	5.38	-0.92
5320		5.44	5.39	-0.92
5500		5.65	5.65	0.00
5510		5.66	5.67	-0.18
5520		5.67	5.68	0.18
5580		5.74	5.76	0.35
5590		5.75	5.78	0.52
5600		5.77	5.79	0.35
5620		5.79	5.83	0.69
5670		5.85	5.90	0.85
5680		5.86	5.91	0.85
5700	5.88	5.94	1.02	
Dielectric Parameters Required at 22°C				



A D T

LIQUID TYPE		MSL-5800		
SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP.		21.5		
TEST DATE		Apr. 19, 2009		
TESTED BY		Sam Onn		
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	ERROR PERCENTAGE (%)
5190	Permittivity (ϵ)	49.00	50.80	3.67
5200		49.00	50.70	3.47
5240		49.00	50.60	3.27
5260		48.90	50.60	3.48
5300		48.90	50.60	3.48
5310		48.90	50.50	3.27
5320		48.90	50.50	3.27
5500		48.60	50.10	3.09
5510		48.60	50.10	3.09
5520		48.60	50.10	3.09
5580		48.50	49.90	2.89
5590		48.50	49.90	2.89
5600		48.50	49.90	2.89
5620		48.40	49.90	3.10
5670		48.40	49.80	2.89
5680		48.40	49.80	2.89
5700		48.30	49.70	2.90



A D T

LIQUID TYPE		MSL-5800		
SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP.		21.5		
TEST DATE		Apr. 19, 2009		
TESTED BY		Sam Onn		
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	ERROR PERCENTAGE (%)
5190	Conductivity (σ) S/m	5.29	5.23	-1.13
5200		5.30	5.24	-1.13
5240		5.35	5.30	-0.93
5260		5.37	5.33	-0.74
5300		5.42	5.39	-0.55
5310		5.43	5.41	-0.37
5320		5.44	5.42	-0.37
5500		5.65	5.68	0.53
5510		5.66	5.70	0.71
5520		5.67	5.71	0.71
5580		5.74	5.79	0.87
5590		5.75	5.81	1.04
5600		5.77	5.82	0.87
5620		5.79	5.86	1.21
5670		5.85	5.93	1.37
5680		5.86	5.94	1.37
5700		5.88	5.97	1.53
Dielectric Parameters Required at 22°C				



A D T

LIQUID TYPE		MSL-5800		
SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP.		21.5		
TEST DATE		Apr. 20, 2009		
TESTED BY		Sam Onn		
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	ERROR PERCENTAGE (%)
5190	Permittivity (ϵ)	49.00	50.00	2.04
5200		49.00	49.90	1.84
5240		49.00	49.80	1.63
5260		48.90	49.80	1.84
5300		48.90	49.70	1.64
5310		48.90	49.70	1.64
5320		48.90	49.70	1.64
5500		48.60	49.30	1.44
5510		48.60	49.30	1.44
5520		48.60	49.30	1.44
5580		48.50	49.20	1.44
5590		48.50	49.20	1.44
5600		48.50	49.10	1.24
5620		48.40	49.10	1.45
5670		48.40	49.00	1.24
5680		48.40	48.90	1.03
5700		48.30	48.90	1.24



A D T

LIQUID TYPE		MSL-5800		
SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP.		21.5		
TEST DATE		Apr. 20, 2009		
TESTED BY		Sam Onn		
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	ERROR PERCENTAGE (%)
5190	Conductivity (σ) S/m	5.29	5.19	-1.89
5200		5.30	5.20	-1.89
5240		5.35	5.27	-1.50
5260		5.37	5.29	-1.49
5300		5.42	5.36	-1.11
5310		5.43	5.37	-1.10
5320		5.44	5.38	-1.10
5500		5.65	5.64	-0.18
5510		5.66	5.66	0.00
5520		5.67	5.67	0.00
5580		5.74	5.75	0.17
5590		5.75	5.77	0.35
5600		5.77	5.78	0.17
5620		5.79	5.82	0.52
5670		5.85	5.89	0.68
5680		5.86	5.90	0.68
5700	5.88	5.92	0.68	
Dielectric Parameters Required at 22°C				



A D T

LIQUID TYPE		MSL-5800		
SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP.		21.6		
TEST DATE		Apr. 21, 2009		
TESTED BY		Sam Onn		
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	ERROR PERCENTAGE (%)
5200	Permittivity (ϵ)	49.00	49.80	1.63
5310		48.90	49.60	1.43
5500		48.60	49.20	1.23
5510		48.60	49.20	1.23
5590		48.50	49.00	1.03
5670		48.40	48.90	1.03
5200	Conductivity (σ) S/m	5.30	5.17	-2.45
5310		5.43	5.34	-1.66
5500		5.65	5.61	-0.71
5510		5.66	5.63	-0.53
5590		5.75	5.74	-0.17
5670		5.85	5.86	0.17
Dielectric Parameters Required at 22°C				



A D T

LIQUID TYPE		MSL-5800		
SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP.		21.8		
TEST DATE		Apr. 18, 2009		
TESTED BY		Sam Onn		
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	ERROR PERCENTAGE (%)
5745.0	Permittivity (ϵ)	48.30	49.20	1.86
5755.0		48.30	49.20	1.86
5785.0		48.20	49.10	1.87
5795.0		48.20	49.10	1.87
5800.0		48.20	49.10	1.87
5805.0		48.20	49.10	1.87
5745.0	Conductivity (σ) S/m	5.94	6.01	1.18
5755.0		5.95	6.03	1.34
5785.0		5.98	6.07	1.51
5795.0		5.99	6.09	1.67
5800.0		6.00	6.10	1.67
5805.0		6.01	6.10	1.50
Dielectric Parameters Required at 22°C				



A D T

LIQUID TYPE		MSL-5800		
SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP.		21.5		
TEST DATE		Apr. 19, 2009		
TESTED BY		Sam Onn		
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	ERROR PERCENTAGE (%)
5745.0	Permittivity (ϵ)	48.30	49.60	2.69
5755.0		48.30	49.60	2.69
5795.0		48.20	49.60	2.90
5800.0		48.20	49.60	2.90
5805.0		48.20	49.60	2.90
5745.0	Conductivity (σ) S/m	5.94	6.04	1.68
5755.0		5.95	6.06	1.85
5795.0		5.99	6.12	2.17
5800.0		6.00	6.13	2.17
5805.0		6.01	6.13	2.00
Dielectric Parameters Required at 22°C				



A D T

LIQUID TYPE		MSL-5800		
SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP.		21.5		
TEST DATE		Apr. 20, 2009		
TESTED BY		Sam Onn		
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	ERROR PERCENTAGE (%)
5745.0	Permittivity (ϵ)	48.30	48.80	1.04
5785.0		48.20	48.80	1.24
5795.0		48.20	48.80	1.24
5800.0		48.20	48.80	1.24
5805.0		48.20	48.80	1.24
5745.0	Conductivity (σ) S/m	5.94	6.00	1.01
5785.0		5.98	6.06	1.34
5795.0		5.99	6.08	1.50
5800.0		6.00	6.09	1.50
5805.0		6.01	6.12	1.83
Dielectric Parameters Required at 22°C				



A D T

LIQUID TYPE		MSL-5800		
SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP.		21.6		
TEST DATE		Apr. 21, 2009		
TESTED BY		Sam Onn		
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	ERROR PERCENTAGE (%)
5755.0	Permittivity (ϵ)	48.30	48.70	0.83
5795.0		48.20	48.70	1.04
5800.0		48.20	48.70	1.04
5755.0	Conductivity (σ) S/m	5.95	5.99	0.67
5795.0		5.99	6.05	1.00
5800.0		6.00	6.06	1.00
Dielectric Parameters Required at 22°C				



A D T

5.5 TEST EQUIPMENT FOR TISSUE PROPERTY

ITEM	NAME	BRAND	TYPE	SERIES NO.	DATE OF CALIBRATION	DUE DATE OF CALIBRATION
1	Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46104190	Nov. 27, 2008	Nov. 26, 2009
2	Dielectric Probe	Agilent	85070D	US01440176	NA	NA

NOTE:

1. Before starting, all test equipment shall be warmed up for 30min.
2. The tolerance (k=1) specified by Agilent for general dielectric measurements, deriving from inaccuracies in the calibration data, analyzer drift, and random errors, are usually $\pm 2.5\%$ and $\pm 5\%$ for measured permittivity and conductivity, respectively. However, the tolerances for the conductivity is smaller for material with large loss tangents, i.e., less than $\pm 2.5\%$ (k=1). It can be substantially smaller if more accurate methods are applied.



6. SYSTEM VALIDATION

The system validation was performed in the flat phantom with equipment listed in the following table. Since the SAR value is calculated from the measured electric field, dielectric constant and conductivity of the body tissue and the SAR is proportional to the square of the electric field. So, the SAR value will be also proportional to the RF power input to the system validation dipole under the same test environment. In our system validation test, 250mW RF input power was used.

6.1 TEST EQUIPMENT

ITEM	NAME	BRAND	TYPE	SERIES NO.	DATE OF CALIBRATION	DUE DATE OF CALIBRATION
1	SAM Phantom	S & P	QD000 P40 CA	TP-1150	NA	NA
2	Signal Generator	Anritsu	68247B	984703	May 27, 2008	May 26, 2009
3	E-Field Probe	S & P	EX3DV3	3504	Jan. 22, 2009	Jan. 21, 2010
4	DAE	S & P	DAE	510	Jan. 22, 2009	Jan. 21, 2010
5	Robot Positioner	Staubli Unimation	NA	NA	NA	NA
6	Validation Dipole	S & P	D5GHzV2	1019	Feb. 21, 2009	Feb. 20, 2010
7	Power Meter	Agilent	E4416A	GB41291763	Sep. 28, 2008	Sep. 29, 2009
8	Power Sensor	Agilent	E9327A	US40441181	Sep. 28, 2008	Sep. 29, 2009

NOTE: Before starting the measurement, all test equipment shall be warmed up for 30min.

6.2 TEST PROCEDURE

Before the system performance check, we need only to tell the system which components (probe, medium, and device) are used for the system performance check; the system will take care of all parameters. The dipole must be placed beneath the flat section of the SAM Twin Phantom with the correct distance holder in place. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking (little cross) and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. Accurate positioning is not necessary, since the system will search for the peak SAR location, except that the dipole arms should be parallel to the surface. The device holder for mobile phones can be left in place but should be rotated away from the dipole.

1. The "Power Reference Measurement" and "Power Drift Measurement" jobs are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the amplifier output power. If it is too high (above ± 0.1 dB), the system performance check should be repeated; some amplifiers have very high drift during warm-up. A stable amplifier gives drift results in the DASY system below ± 0.02 dB.
2. The "Surface Check" job tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above ± 0.1 mm). In that case it is better to abort the system performance check and stir the liquid.



3. The "Area Scan" job measures the SAR above the dipole on a plane parallel to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR. The proposed scan uses large grid spacing for faster measurement; due to the symmetric field, the peak detection is reliable. If a finer graphic is desired, the grid spacing can be reduced. Grid spacing and orientation have no influence on the SAR result.
4. The "Zoom Scan" job measures the field in a volume around the peak SAR value assessed in the previous "Area Scan" job (for more information see the application note on SAR evaluation).

About the validation dipole positioning uncertainty, the constant and low loss dielectric spacer is used to establish the correct distance between the top surface of the dipole and the bottom surface of the phantom, the error component introduced by the uncertainty of the distance between the liquid (i.e., phantom shell) and the validation dipole in the DAS4 system is less than $\pm 0.1\text{mm}$.

$$SAR_{tolerance} [\%] = 100 \times \left(\frac{(a + d)^2}{a^2} - 1 \right)$$

As the closest distance is 10mm, the resulting tolerance $SAR_{tolerance}[\%]$ is $< 2\%$.



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6.3 VALIDATION RESULTS

SYSTEM VALIDATION TEST OF SIMULATING LIQUID					
FREQUENCY (MHz)	REQUIRED SAR (mW/g)	MEASURED SAR (mW/g)	DEVIATION (%)	SEPARATION DISTANCE	TESTED DATE
MSL5200	7.69 (1g)	7.71	0.26	10mm	Apr. 18, 2009
MSL5200	7.69 (1g)	7.92	2.99	10mm	Apr. 19, 2009
MSL5200	7.69 (1g)	7.77	1.04	10mm	Apr. 20, 2009
MSL5200	7.69 (1g)	7.72	0.39	10mm	Apr. 21, 2009
MSL5500	8.30 (1g)	8.01	-3.49	10mm	Apr. 18, 2009
MSL5500	8.30 (1g)	8.14	-1.93	10mm	Apr. 19, 2009
MSL5500	8.30 (1g)	8.06	-2.89	10mm	Apr. 20, 2009
MSL5500	8.30 (1g)	8.03	-3.25	10mm	Apr. 21, 2009
MSL5800	7.31 (1g)	7.37	0.82	10mm	Apr. 18, 2009
MSL5800	7.31 (1g)	7.41	1.37	10mm	Apr. 19, 2009
MSL5800	7.31 (1g)	7.47	2.19	10mm	Apr. 20, 2009
MSL5800	7.31 (1g)	7.35	0.55	10mm	Apr. 21, 2009
TESTED BY	Sam Onn				

NOTE: Please see Appendix for the photo of system validation test.

6.4 SYSTEM VALIDATION UNCERTAINTIES

In the table below, the system validation uncertainty with respect to the analytically assessed SAR value of a dipole source as given in the IEEE 1528 standard is given. This uncertainty is smaller than the expected uncertainty for mobile phone measurements due to the simplified setup and the symmetric field distribution.

Error Description	Tolerance (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(C _i)		Standard Uncertainty (±%)		(v _i)
				(1g)	(10g)	(1g)	(10g)	
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	6.55	Normal	1	1	1	6.55	6.55	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.70	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	1.90	1.90	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	3.88	3.88	∞
Boundary effects	2.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Linearity	4.70	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.71	2.71	∞
System Detection Limits	1.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Readout Electronics	0.30	Normal	1	1	1	0.30	0.30	∞
Response Time	0.80	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration Time	2.60	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.50	1.50	∞
RF Ambient Noise	3.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	3.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe Positioner	0.80	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Probe Positioning	9.90	Rectangular	√3	1	1	5.72	5.72	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	4.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
Dipole Related								
Dipole Axis to Liquid Distance	2.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.15	1.15	145
Input Power Drift	5.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
Phantom and Tissue parameters								
Phantom Uncertainty	4.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.00	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	∞
Liquid Conductivity (measurement)	3.18	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	2.04	1.37	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.00	Rectangular	√3	0.6	0.49	1.73	1.41	∞
Liquid Permittivity (measurement)	4.19	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	2.51	2.05	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						12.22	11.92	
Coverage Factor for 95%						Kp=2		
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)						24.43	23.83	

NOTE: About the system validation uncertainty assessment, please reference the section 7.

7. MEASUREMENT SAR PROCEDURE UNCERTAINTIES

The assessment of spatial peak SAR of the hand handheld devices is according to IEEE 1528 / EN 62209-1. All testing situation shall be met below these requirements.

- The system is used by an experienced engineer who follows the manual and the guidelines taught during the training provided by SPEAG.
- The probe has been calibrated within the requested period and the stated uncertainty for the relevant frequency bands does not exceed 4.8% (k=1).
- The validation dipole has been calibrated within the requested period and the system performance check has been successful.
- The DAE unit has been calibrated within the within the requested period.
- The minimum distance between the probe sensor and inner phantom shell is selected to be between 4 and 5mm.
- The operational mode of the DUT is CW, CDMA, FDMA or TDMA (GSM, DCS, PCS, IS136 and PDC) and the measurement/integration time per point is >500 ms.
- The dielectric parameters of the liquid have been assessed using Agilent 85070D dielectric probe kit or a more accurate method.
- The dielectric parameters are within 5% of the target values.
- The DUT has been positioned as described in section 3.

7.1. PROBE CALIBRATION UNCERTAINTY

SPEAG conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528, EN 62209-1, IEC 62209, etc.) under ISO17025. The uncertainties are stated on the calibration certificate. For the most relevant frequency bands, these values do not exceed 4.8% (k=1). If evaluations of other bands are performed for which the uncertainty exceeds these values, the uncertainty tables given in the summary have to be revised accordingly.

7.2. ISOTROPY UNCERTAINTY

The axial isotropy tolerance accounts for probe rotation around its axis while the hemispherical isotropy error includes all probe orientations and field polarizations. These parameters are assessed by SPEAG during initial calibration. In 2001, SPEAG further tightened its quality controls and warrants that the maximal deviation from axial isotropy is $\pm 0.20\text{dB}$, while the maximum deviation of hemispherical isotropy is $\pm 0.40\text{dB}$, corresponding to $\pm 4.7\%$ and $\pm 9.6\%$, respectively. A weighting factor of c_p equal to 0.5 can be applied, since the axis of the probe deviates less than 30 degrees from the normal surface orientation.

7.3. BOUNDARY EFFECT UNCERTAINTY

The effect can be estimated according to the following error approximation formula

$$SAR_{tolerance} [\%] = SAR_{be} [\%] \times \frac{(d_{be} + d_{step})^2}{2d_{step}} \frac{e^{-\frac{d_{be}}{\delta/2}}}{\delta/2}$$

$$d_{be} + d_{step} < 10\text{mm}$$

The parameter d_{be} is the distance in mm between the surface and the closest measurement point used in the averaging process; d_{step} is the separation distance in mm between the first and second measurement points; δ is the minimum penetration depth in mm within the head tissue equivalent liquids (i.e., $\delta = 13.95\text{mm}$ at 3GHz); SAR_{be} is the deviation between the measured SAR value at the distance d_{be} from the boundary and the wave-guide analytical value SAR_{ref} . DASY4 applies a boundary effect compensation algorithm according to IEEE 1528, which is possible since the axis of the probe never deviates more than 30 degrees from the normal surface orientation. $SAR_{be} [\%]$ is assessed during the calibration process and SPEAG warrants that the uncertainty at distances larger than 4mm is always less than 1%. In summary, the worst case boundary effect SAR tolerance [%] for scanning distances larger than 4mm is $< \pm 0.8\%$.

7.4. PROBE LINEARITY UNCERTAINTY

Field probe linearity uncertainty includes errors from the assessment and compensation of the diode compression effects for CW and pulsed signals with known duty cycles. This error is assessed using the procedure described in IEEE 1528 / EN 62209-1. For SPEAG field probes, the measured difference between CW and pulsed signals, with pulse frequencies between 10Hz and 1kHz and duty cycles between 1 and 100, is $< \pm 0.20\text{dB}$ ($< \pm 4.7\%$).

7.5. READOUT ELECTRONICS UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties related to the probe readout electronics (DAE unit), including the gain and linearity of the instrumentation amplifier, its loading effect on the probe, and accuracy of the signal conversion algorithm, have been assessed accordingly to IEEE 1528 / EN 62209-1. The combination (root-sum-square RSS method) of these components results in an overall maximum error of $\pm 1.0\%$.

7.6. RESPONSE TIME UNCERTAINTY

The time response of the field probes is assessed by exposing the probe to a well-controlled electric field producing SAR larger than 2.0W/kg at the tissue medium surface. The signal response time is evaluated as the time required by the system to reach 90% of the expected final value after an on/of switch of the power source. Analytically, it can be expressed as:

$$SAR_{tolerance} [\%] = 100 \times \left(\frac{T_m}{T_m + \tau e^{-T_m/\tau}} - 1 \right)$$

where T_m is 500 ms, i.e., the time between measurement samples, and τ the time constant. The response time τ of SPEAG's probes is $< 5\text{ms}$. In the current implementation, DASY4 waits longer than 100 ms after having reached the grid point before starting a measurement, i.e., the response time uncertainty is negligible.

7.7. INTEGRATION TIME UNCERTAINTY

If the device under test does not emit a CW signal, the integration time applied to measure the electric field at a specific point may introduce additional uncertainties due to the discretization and can be assessed as follows

$$SAR_{tolerance} [\%] = 100 \times \sum_{all\ sub-frames} \frac{t_{frame}}{t_{integration}} \frac{slot_{idle}}{slot_{total}}$$

The tolerances for the different systems are given in Table 7.1, whereby the worst-case $SAR_{tolerance}$ is 2.6%.

System	$SAR_{tolerance}$ %
CW	0
CDMA*	0
WCDMA*	0
FDMA	0
IS-136	2.6
PDC	2.6
GSM/DCS/PCS	1.7
DECT	1.9
Worst-Case	2.6

TABLE 7.1

7.8. PROBE POSITIONER MECHANICAL TOLERANCE

The mechanical tolerance of the field probe positioner can introduce probe positioning uncertainties. The resulting SAR uncertainty is assessed by comparing the SAR obtained according to the specifications of the probe positioner with respect to the actual position defined by the geometric center of the probe sensors. The tolerance is determined as:

$$SAR_{tolerance} [\%] = 100 \times \frac{d_{ph}}{\delta/2}$$

The specified repeatability of the RX robot family used in DASY4 systems is $\pm 25\mu\text{m}$. The absolute accuracy for short distance movements is better than $\pm 0.1\text{mm}$, i.e., the $SAR_{tolerance}[\%]$ is better than 1.5% (rectangular).

7.9. PROBE POSITIONING

The probe positioning procedures affect the tolerance of the separation distance between the probe tip and the phantom surface as:

$$SAR_{tolerance} [\%] = 100 \times \frac{d_{ph}}{\delta/2}$$

where d_{ph} is the maximum deviation of the distance between the probe tip and the phantom surface. The optical surface detection has a precision of better than 0.2mm, resulting in an $SAR_{tolerance}[\%]$ of <2.9% (rectangular distribution). Since the mechanical detection provides better accuracy, 2.9% is a worst-case figure for DASY4 system.

7.10. PHANTOM UNCERTAINTY

The SAR measurement uncertainty due to SPEAG phantom shell production tolerances has been evaluated using

$$SAR_{tolerance} [\%] \cong 100 \times \frac{2d}{a}, \quad d \ll a$$

For a maximum deviation d of the inner and outer shell of the phantom from that specified in the CAD file of $\pm 0.2\text{mm}$, and a 10mm spacing a between source and tissue liquid, the calculated phantom uncertainty is $\pm 4.0\%$.

7.11. DASY4 UNCERTAINTY BUDGET

Error Description	Tolerance (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(C _i)		Standard Uncertainty (±%)		(v _i)
				(1g)	(10g)	(1g)	(10g)	
Measurement Equipment								
Probe Calibration	6.55	Normal	1	1	1	6.55	6.55	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.70	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	1.90	1.90	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	3.88	3.88	∞
Boundary effects	2.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Linearity	4.70	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.71	2.71	∞
System Detection Limits	1.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Readout Electronics	0.30	Normal	1	1	1	0.30	0.30	∞
Response Time	0.80	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration Time	2.60	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.50	1.50	∞
RF Ambient Noise	3.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	3.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe Positioner	0.80	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Probe Positioning	9.90	Rectangular	√3	1	1	5.72	5.72	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	4.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	0.79	Normal	1	1	1	0.79	0.79	10
Device Holder	3.60	Normal	1	1	1	3.60	3.60	5
Power Drift	5.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
Phantom and Tissue parameters								
Phantom Uncertainty	4.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.00	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	∞
Liquid Conductivity (measurement)	3.18	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	2.04	1.37	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.00	Rectangular	√3	0.6	0.49	1.73	1.41	∞
Liquid Permittivity (measurement)	4.19	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	2.51	2.05	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						12.71	12.42	
Coverage Factor for 95%						Kp=2		
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)						25.42	24.84	

TABLE 7.2

The table 7.2: Worst-Case uncertainty budget for DASY4 assessed according to IEEE 1528. The budget is valid for the frequency range 300MHz ~ 3GHz and represents a worst-case analysis. For specific tests and configurations, the uncertainty could be considerable smaller.



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8. INFORMATION ON THE TESTING LABORATORIES

We, Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch, were founded in 1988 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are accredited and approved by the following approval agencies according to ISO/IEC 17025.

USA	FCC, NVLAP
GERMANY	TUV Rheinland
JAPAN	VCCI
NORWAY	NEMKO
CANADA	INDUSTRY CANADA, CSA
R.O.C.	TAF, BSMI, NCC
NETHERLANDS	Telefication
SINGAPORE	GOST-ASIA (MOU)
RUSSIA	CERTIS (MOU)

Copies of accreditation certificates of our laboratories obtained from approval agencies can be downloaded from our web site: www.adt.com.tw/index.5/phtml. If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

Linko EMC/RF Lab:
Tel: 886-2-26052180
Fax: 886-2-26051924

Hsin Chu EMC/RF Lab:
Tel: 886-3-5935343
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Hwa Ya EMC/RF/Safety/Telecom Lab:
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Web Site: www.adt.com.tw

The address and road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

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