Report No: T130909N91-SF Rev1

ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992

in accordance with the requirements of FCC Report and Order: ET Docket 93-62



FCC TEST REPORT

For

AC750 Portable Router and Charger

Trade Name: D-Link

Model: DIR-510L

Issued to

D-Link Corporation
No.289, Sinhu 3rd Rd., Neihu District,
Taipei City 114, Taiwan R.O.C.

Issued by

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Revision History

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1 Certificate of Compliance (SAR Evaluation)

Applicant D-Link Corporation

No.289, Sinhu 3rd Rd., Neihu District, Taipei City 114,

Taiwan R.O.C.

Equipment Under Test: AC750 Portable Router and Charger

Trade Name: D-Link

Model Number: DIR-510L

Date of Test: October 02 ~ December 14, 2013

Device Category: PORTABLE DEVICES

Exposure Category: GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE

Applicable Standards								
FCC	 IEEE 1528 2003 KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r01 KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r01 KDB 248227 D01 SAR measurement for 802 11 a b g v01r02 KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v01r01 							
	Limit							
	1.6 W/kg							
	Test Result							
	Pass							

The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

Approved by:

Alex Wu

Section Manager

Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Tested by:

Scott Hsu SAR Engineer

Compliance Certification Services Inc.

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2 **DESCRIPTION OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST**

Pr	oduct	AC750 Portable Router and Charger							
Trad	e Name	D-Link							
Mode	l Number	DIR-510L							
Tran	smitters	Wi-Fi							
		802.11a: Orth	nogonal Freque	ncy Division Multiplexing (OFDM)					
Modulati	on Technique	802.11b: Dire	ect Sequence Sp	oread Spectrum(DSSS)					
iviodulatio	on recinique	802.11g: Orth	nogonal Freque	ncy Division Multiplexing (OFDM)					
		802.11n: Ortl	302.11n: Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM)						
			Brand name	WHA YU INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.					
		WLAN	I Parts Number⊢	Main: C381-510224					
		(2.4GHz)		Aux: C381-510226					
Antenna	Specification		Туре	PIFA					
		WLAN	Brand name	WHA YU INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.					
			Parts Number	C381-510225					
		(5GHz)	Туре	Dipole					
FCC Rule Parts	Band	Freque	ncy Range	Highest Reported 1-g SAR					
15.247	2.4GHz	2412 - 2	2462 MHz	0.640 W/kg (Front)					
13.247	5.8GHz	5725 - !	5850 MHz	1.268 W/kg (Edge3)					
15.407	5.2GHz	5150 - 5	5250 MHz	1.160W/kg (Edge3)					
Rechargeable		Brand: Everwiner Enterprisen Co., Ltd.							
Li-polymer		Model: G635148AR							
Battery–alternate	2	Rating: 4000mAh 3.7V							

Remark: The sample selected for test was prototype that approximated to production product and was provided by manufacturer

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3 Requirements for Compliance Testing Defined

3.1 Requirements for Compliance Testing Defined by the FCC

The US Federal Communications Commission has released the report and order "Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of RF Radiation", ET Docket No. 93-62 in August 1996 [1]. The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 W/kg for an uncontrolled environment and 8.0 mW/g for an occupational/controlled environment as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6]

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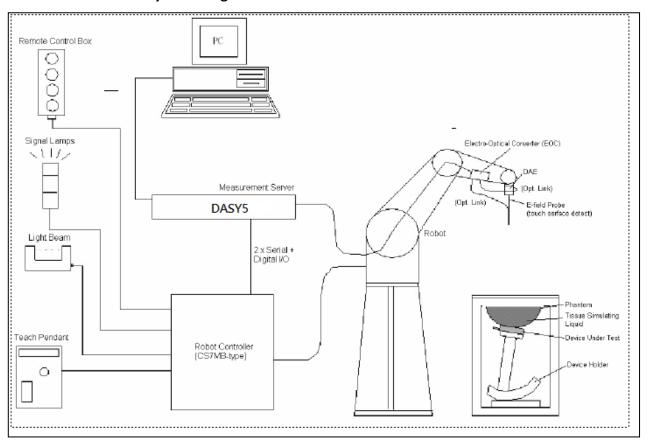
4 Dosimetric Assessment System

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY4/DAST5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG). The system is based on a high precision robot (working range greater than 0.9 m) which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than ± 0.02 mm. Special E- and H-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines to the data acquisition unit. The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4-SN: 3665 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe has been calibrated according to the procedure with accuracy of better than ±10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure and found to be better than ±0.25 dB. The phantom used was the SAM Twin Phantom as described in FCC supplement C, IEEE 1528 2003.

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4.1 Measurement System Diagram



The DASY4/DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (St"aubli RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, ADconversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is
 battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the
 EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to the DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 2000 or Windows XP.
- DASY4/DASY5 software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing validating the proper functioning of the system.

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4.2 System Components

DASY4/DASY5 Measurement Server



The DASY4/DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 166MHz low-power Pentium, 32MB chip disk and 64MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with either the DAE3 electronic box as well as the 16-bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY4/DASY5 I/O-board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation.



The PC-operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with two expansion slots which are reserved for future applications. Please note that the expansion slots do not have a standardized pinout and therefore only the expansion cards provided by SPEAG can be inserted. Expansion cards from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server. Calibration: No calibration required.

Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The input impedance of the DAE4 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



EX3DV4 Isotropic E-Field Probe for Dosimetric Measurements

Construction: Symmetrical design with triangular core

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

Calibration: Basic Broad Band Calibration in air: 10-3000 MHz.

Conversion Factors (CF) for HSL 900 and HSL 1800

 $\label{lem:cf-calibration} \textbf{CF-Calibration for other liquids and frequencies upon request.}$

Frequency: 10 MHz to > 6 GHz; Linearity: $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB}$ (30 MHz to 3 GHz)

Directivity: \pm 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.5 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range: $10 \mu W/g$ to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: $\pm 0.2 dB$

(noise: typically $< 1 \mu W/g$)



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Dimensions: Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm)

Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm

Application: High precision dosimetric measurements in any

exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision

of better 30%.



Interior of probe

SAM Phantom (V4.0)

Construction: The shell corresponds to the specifications of the

Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528-2003, CENELEC 50361 and IEC 62209. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually

teaching three points with the robot.

Shell Thickness: 2 ±0.2 mm **Filling Volume:** Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions: Height: 810mm; Length: 1000mm; Width: 500mm



Construction: Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and

body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with the latest draft of the standard IEC 62209 Part II and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI4 has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is supported by software version DASY4/DASY5 and higher and is compatible with all SPEAG

dosimetric probes and dipoles

Shell Thickness: $2.0 \pm 0.2 \text{ mm (sagging: } <1\%)$

Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions: Major ellipse axis: 600 mm

Minor axis: 400 mm 500mm





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Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom

Construction: In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom V4.0 or Twin SAM, the

Mounting Device (made from POM) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates, whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, CENELEC, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom

locations (left head, right head, and flat phantom).



System Validation Kits for SAM Phantom (V4.0)

Construction: Symmetrical dipole with I/4 balun Enables measurement

of feedpoint impedance with NWA Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with brain simulating solutions

Includes distance holder and tripod adaptor.

Frequency: 2450, 5200, 5800 MHz

Return loss: > 20 dB at specified validation position **Power capability:** > 100 W (f < 1GHz); > 40 W (f > 1GHz)

Dimensions: D2450V2: dipole length: 51.5 mm; overall height: 290 mm

D5GHzV2: dipole length: 20.6 mm; overall height: 300 mm



System Validation Kits for ELI4 phantom

Construction: Symmetrical dipole with I/4 balun Enables measurement

of feedpoint impedance with NWA Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with brain simulating solutions

Includes distance holder and tripod adaptor.

Frequency: 2450, 5200, 5800 MHz

Return loss: > 20 dB at specified validation position **Power capability:** > 100 W (f < 1GHz); > 40 W (f > 1GHz)

Dimensions: D2450V2: dipole length: 51.5 mm; overall height: 290 mm

D5GHzV2: dipole length: 20.6 mm; overall height: 300 mm



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5 Evaluation Procedures

Data Evaluation

Device parameters:

The DASY4/DASY5 post processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity Norm_i, a_{i0} , a_{i1} , a_{i2}

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{- Conversion factor} & \textit{ConvF}_i \\ \text{- Diode compression point} & \textit{dcp}_i \\ \text{- Frequency} & \textit{f} \\ \text{- Crest factor} & \textit{cf} \end{array}$

Media parameters: - Conductivity σ

- Density ho

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with V_i = Compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z) U_i = Input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 U_i = Input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z) cf = Crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

 dcp_i = Diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:

$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

H-field probes:

$$H_i = \sqrt{Vi} \cdot \frac{a_{i10} + a_{i11}f + a_{i12}f^2}{f}$$

with V_i = Compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 $Norm_i$ = Sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E0field Probes

ConvF = Sensitivity enhancement in solution

aij = Sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = Carrier frequency (GHz)

Ei = Electric field strength of channel i in V/mHi = Magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

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The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in W/kg

 E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

 ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field as a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{377}$$
 or $P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$

with P_{pwe} = Equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²

 E_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m

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6 SAR Measurement Procedures

6.1 Normal SAR Test Procedure

• Power Reference Measurement

The reference and drift jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method.

Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a finer measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY4/DASY5 software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. The scan area is defined by an editable grid. This grid is anchored at the grid reference point of the selected section in the phantom. When the area scan's property sheet is brought-up, the grid resolution has to less than 15 mm by 15 mm at frequency ≤2GHz; the grid resolution has to less than 12mm by 12 mm at frequency between 2GHz to 4GHz; grid resolution has to less than 10 mm by 10 mm at frequency between 4GHz to 6GHz.

According to KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r01

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe abgle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δxzoom, Δyzoom	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientati above, the measurement reso corresponding x or y dimension least one measurement point	on, is smaller than the olution must be ≤ the on of the test device with at

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Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default zoom scan measures points in accordance with the frequency can be divided into three parts. (1)The zoom scan volume was set to 5x5x7 points at frequency $\leq 2GHz$. (2) The zoom scan volume was set to 7x7x7 points at frequency between 2GHz to 4GHz (3) The zoom scan volume was set to 7x7x12 points at frequency between 4GHz to 6GHz. The measures points within a cube whose base faces are centered around the maximum found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. If the preceding Area Scan job indicates more then one maximum, the number of Zoom Scans has to be enlarged accordingly.

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According to KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r01

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz			
Maximum zoom scan spatia	resolution:	Δxzoom, Δyzoom	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm			
	Unifor	rm grid: Δzzoom(n)	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm			
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δzzoom(1):between 1st two points losest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm			
	grid	Δzzoom(n>1): between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·Δzzoom(n-1)				
Maximum zoom scan volume	х, у, z	≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm				

• Power Drift Measurement

The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. In the properties of the Drift job, the user can specify a limit for the drift and have DASY4/DASY5 software stop the measurements if this limit is exceeded.

Z-Scan

The Z Scan job measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a one-dimensional grid. A user can anchor the grid to the current probe location. As with any other grids, the local Z-axis of the anchor location establishes the Z-axis of the grid.

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7 Device Under Test

7.1 Band Interface

Tx Frequency Bands	• 802.11a/b/g/n/ac: 2412 - 2462 MHz 5180 - 5240 MHz 5745 - 5825 MHz
Mode	● 802.11 a/b/g/n HT20/HT40/ac

Band/Mode	Antenna 1 (2.4G-1)	Antenna 2 (2.4G-2)	Antenna 3 (5G)
Wi-Fi 2.4GHz 802.11b	✓		
Wi-Fi 2.4GHz 802.11g	✓		
Wi-Fi 2.4GHz 802.11n HT20	✓	✓	
Wi-Fi 2.4GHz 802.11n HT40	✓	✓	
Wi-Fi 2.4GHz 802.11a			✓
Wi-Fi 2.4GHz 802.11n HT20			✓
Wi-Fi 2.4GHz 802.11n HT40			✓
Wi-Fi 2.4GHz 802.11ac			√

Note: The antenna location is indicated in section 16.

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7.2 Simultaneous Transmission

According to KDB941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR V01r01, for battery operated standalone wireless routers that use external or peripheral transmitter(s), such as an approved USB dongle, to provide hotspot mode support, a 1-g SAR of 1.6 W/kg must be assumed for such transmitters to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion. The simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion procedures in KDB 447498 are applied to determine SAR test exclusion, according to the SAR to peak location separation ratio procedures. For USB dongles, the analysis must assume the peak SAR location is at 1 cm or less from the USB connector.

The product have two USB Ports – USB2(1A) & USB1(0.5A), It can be support Hotspot mode with USB dongle, but the USB1(0.5A) cannot connect a 3G/4G USB adapter to use Mobile Router Mode to share your internet broadband.

No.	Conditions	Hotspot
1	Wi-Fi 2.4GHz 802.11b + USB1	\checkmark
2	Wi-Fi 2.4GHz 802.11g + USB1	\checkmark
3	Wi-Fi 2.4GHz 802.11n + USB1	\checkmark
4	Wi-Fi 5GHz + USB1	\checkmark
5	Wi-Fi 2.4GHz 802.11b + USB2	X
6	Wi-Fi 2.4GHz 802.11g + USB2	X
7	Wi-Fi 2.4GHz 802.11n + USB2	X
8	Wi-Fi 5GHz + USB2	X

☑: The Product can simultaneously transmit

☒: The Product can't simultaneously transmit

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8 Summary of Test Configurations

8.1 Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Calculations

Since the Dedicated Host Approach is applied, the standalone SAR test exclusion procedure in KDB 447498 section 4.3.1 is applied in conjunction with KDB 616217 section 4.3 to determine the minimum test separation distance:

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- 1. According to KDB 447498 Section 4.1 5) if the antenna is at close proximity to user then the outer surface of the DUT should be treated as the radiating surface. The test separation distance is then determined by the smallest distance between the outer surface of the device and the user. For the purposes of this report close proximity has been defined as closer than 50 mm. For antennas <50 mm from the rear or edge the separation distance used for the estimated SAR calculations is 0 mm.
- 2. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5mm, a distance of 5mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.
- 3. When the separation distance from the antenna to an adjacent edge is > 5 mm, the actual antenna-to-edge separation distance is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.
- 4. If the antenna to DUT adjacent edge or bottom separation distance >50mm the actual antenna to user separation distance is used to determine SAR exclusion and estimated SAR value.

Refer to Appendix for the specific details on the antenna-to-antenna and antenna-to-edge distances used for test exclusion calculations.

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8.2 SAR Exclusion Calculations for Wi-Fi Antenna < 50mm from the User

Antenna	Band	d Trequency	Output	Power	Separation Distances(mm)						Calculated Threshold Value					
		(MHz)	dBm	mW	Rear	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4	Front	Rear	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4	Front
Antenna 1 (2.4G-1)	2.4GHz	2437	16.5	45	2	113	22	3.5	10	12	35.1	>50mm	3.2	20.1	7.0	5.9
Antenna 2 (2.4G-2)	2.4GHz	2437	16	40	11	3.5	30	116.5	2	3	5.7	17.8	2.1	>50mm	31.2	20.8
Antenna 3 (5G)	5.2GHz	5180	12.5	18	3	138	5	1.5	38	3	13.7	>50mm	8.2	27.3	1.1	13.7
Antenna 3 (5G)	5.8GHz	5745	10	10	3	138	5	1.5	38	3	8.0	>50mm	4.8	16.0	0.6	8.0

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Note(s):

- 1. According to KDB 447498 v05 r01 in section 4.3.1, if the calculated threshold value is > 3 then SAR testing required.
- 2. When the standalone SAR test exclusion of section 4.3.1 is applied to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to the following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion. For conditions where the estimated SAR is overly conservative for certain conditions, the test lab may choose to perform standalone SAR measurements and use the measured SAR to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

8.3 SAR Exclusion Calculations for Wi-Fi Antenna > 50mm from the User

Antenna	Band	Frequency (MHz)	Output	Power	Separation Distances(mm)						Calculated Threshold Value					
			dBm	mW	Rear	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4	Front	Rear	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4	Front
Antenna 1 (2.4G-1)	2.4GHz	2437	16.5	45	2	113	22	3.5	10	12	<50mm	631.4	<50mm	<50mm	<50mm	<50mm
Antenna 2 (2.4G-2)	2.4GHz	2437	16	40	11	3.5	30	116.5	2	3	<50mm	<50mm	<50mm	666.3	<50mm	<50mm
Antenna 3 (5G)	5.2GHz	5180	12.5	18	3	138	5	1.5	38	3	<50mm	881.2	<50mm	<50mm	<50mm	<50mm
Antenna 3 (5G)	5.8GHz	5745	10	10	3	138	5	1.5	38	3	<50mm	881.1	<50mm	<50mm	<50mm	<50mm

Note(s):

1. According to KDB 447498 v05 r01, if the calculated Power threshold is less than the output power then SAR testing is required.

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9 Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty for 300 MHz to 3 GHz averaged over 1 gram

Measurement uncertainty for 300 MHz to 3 GHz averaged over 1 gran	1					
Uncertainty Component	Uncertainty	Prob.	Div.	^C i (10g)	Std. Unc.(1-g)	^V i or Veff
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration (k=1)	6.00	Normal	1	1	6.00	80
Probe Isotropy	7.60	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	3.07	8
Boundary Effect	0.65	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.38	8
Linearity	4.70	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.71	∞
System Detection Limit	1.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.58	8
Readout Electronics	0.30	Normal	1	1	0.30	∞
Response Time	0.80	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.46	8
Integration Time	2.60	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.50	8
RF Ambient Conditions	3.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.73	8
RF Ambient Reflections	3.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.73	8
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	0.40	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.23	8
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	2.90	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.67	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	2.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.15	8
Test sample Related						
Test sample Positioning	3.70	Normal	1	1	3.7	89
Device Holder Uncertainty	3.40	Normal	1	1	3.4	5
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	5.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.89	8
Phantom and Tissue Parameters						
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	7.50	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	4.33	∞
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	4.14	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	1.53	8
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	-4.91	Normal	1	0.64	-3.14	39
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	3.92	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	1.36	8
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	3.24	Normal	1	0.6	1.94	39
Temp. Unc Conductivity	1.70	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.77	∞
Temp. Unc Permittivity	0.30	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.04	∞
		RSS			11.70	611
Expanded Uncertainty U, Coverage Factor = 2, > 95 % Confidence =		k=2			23.3	
Expanded Uncertainty U, Coverage Factor = 2, > 95 % Confidence =		k=2			1.83	dB

Measurement uncertainty for 3 to 6 GHz averaged over 1 gram

Measurement uncertainty for 3 to 6 GHz averaged over 1 gram						
Uncertainty Component	Uncertainty	Prob.	Div.	^C i (10g)	Std. Unc.(1-g)	^V i or Veff
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration (k=1)	6.55	Normal	1	1	6.55	80
Probe Isotropy	7.60	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	3.07	8
Boundary Effect	2.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.15	8
Linearity	4.70	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.71	8
System Detection Limit	1.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.58	8
Readout Electronics	0.30	Normal	1	1	0.30	∞
Response Time	0.80	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.46	8
Integration Time	2.60	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.50	8
RF Ambient Conditions	3.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.73	8
RF Ambient Reflections	3.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.73	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	0.80	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.46	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	6.70	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	3.87	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	4.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.31	8
Test sample Related						
Test sample Positioning	3.70	Normal	1	1	3.7	89
Device Holder Uncertainty	3.40	Normal	1	1	3.4	5
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	5.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.89	8
Phantom and Tissue Parameters						
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	7.90	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	4.56	8
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	5.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	1.85	8
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	-4.54	Normal	1	0.64	-2.91	39
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	5.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	1.73	8
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	-4.30	Normal	1	0.6	-2.58	39
Temp. Unc Conductivity	1.70	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.77	80
Temp. Unc Permittivity	0.30	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.04	∞
		RSS			12.92	611
Expanded Uncertainty U, Coverage Factor = 2, > 95 % Confidence =		k=2			25.8	
Expanded Uncertainty U, Coverage Factor = 2, > 95 % Confidence =		k=2			2.00	dB

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10 Exposure Limit

(A). Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body Partial-Body Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles

0.4 8.0 2.0

(B). Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body Partial-Body Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles

0.08 1.6 4.0

NOTE: Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any

1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the

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shape of a cube.

Population/Uncontrolled Environments:

are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments:

are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

NOTE GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE PARTIAL BODY LIMIT 1.6 W/kg

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11 Tissue Dielectric Properties

11.1 Test Liquid Confirmation

Simulating Liquids Parameter Check

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectric parameters are within the tolerances of the specified target values

The relative permittivity and conductivity of the tissue material should be within \pm 5% of the values given in the table below 5% may not be easily achieved at certain frequencies.

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in IEEE 1528 2003 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in IEEE 1528 2003 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in IEEE 1528 2003

Target Frequency	Не	ad	Во	ody
(MHz)	ε _r	σ(S/m)	ε _r	σ(S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5000	36.2	4.45	49.3	5.07
5100	36.1	4.55	49.1	5.18
5200	36.0	4.66	49.0	5.30
5300	35.9	4.76	48.9	5.42
5400	35.8	4.86	48.7	5.53
5500	35.6	4.96	48.6	5.65
5600	35.5	5.07	48.5	5.77
5700	35.4	5.17	48.3	5.88
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

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11.2 Typical Composition of Ingredients for Liquid Tissue Phantoms

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

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Ingredients					Frequen	cy (MHz)				
(% by weight)	4!	450		835		915		00	2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

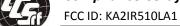
alt: $99^{+}\%$ Pure Sodium Chloride Sugar: $98^{+}\%$ Pure Sucrose Water: De-ionized, $16~\text{M}\Omega^{+}$ resistivity HEC: Hydroxy thyl Cellulose DGBE: $99^{+}\%$ Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100 (ultra-pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1, 1, 3, 3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

Simulating Liquids for 5 GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	78
Mineral oil	11
Emulsifiers	9
Additives and Salt	2

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11.3 Simulating Liquids Parameter Check Results

		- ()	Measured		Stan	dard		7	Limit		
Date	Band	Freq(MHz)	e' (εr)	e''	σ	e' (εr)	σ	e' (εr)	σ	±5	
		5180	48.67	17.72	5.10	49.07	5.25	-0.81%	-2.94%	±5	
		5200	48.64	17.74	5.12	49.04	5.28	-0.82%	-2.89%	±5	
		5300	48.48	17.80	5.24	48.88	5.41	-0.83%	-3.15%	±5	
0040/40/0	Dl 5000	5500	48.16	17.91	5.47	48.64	5.62	-0.98%	-2.67%	±5	
2013/10/2	Body 5000	5600	48.01	17.97	5.59	48.47	5.76	-0.95%	-2.91%	±5	
		5700	47.85	18.04	5.71	48.33	5.88	-1.00%	-2.83%	±5	
		5800	47.70	18.10	5.83	48.23	5.97	-1.11%	-2.31%	±5	
		5825	47.67	18.11	5.86	48.20	6.00	-1.09%	-2.32%	±5	
		5180	46.97	17.45	5.02	49.07	5.25	-4.27%	-4.40%	±5	
		5200	46.95	17.48	5.05	49.04	5.28	-4.27%	-4.27%	±5	
		5300	46.80	17.54	5.16	48.88	5.41	-4.25%	-4.54%	±5	
2013/10/3	Body 5000	5500	46.58	17.67	5.40	48.64	5.62	-4.23%	-4.02%	±5	
2013/10/3	Body 3000	5600	46.41	17.75	5.52	48.47	5.76	-4.24%	-4.12%	±5	
		5700	46.27	17.84	5.65	48.33	5.88	-4.27%	-3.92%	±5	
		5800	46.16	17.93	5.78	48.23	5.97	-4.30%	-3.22%	±5	
		5825	46.14	17.90	5.79	48.20	6.00	-4.27%	-3.45%	±5	
	Body 5000	5180	48.02	17.68	5.09	49.07	5.25	-2.13%	-3.13%	±5	
			5200	47.99	17.71	5.12	49.04	5.28	-2.14%	-3.06%	±5
			5300	47.84	17.78	5.23	48.88	5.41	-2.13%	-3.25%	±5
2013/10/16		5500	47.55	17.93	5.48	48.64	5.62	-2.24%	-2.59%	±5	
2013/10/10	Body 3000	5600	47.40	18.01	5.60	48.47	5.76	-2.21%	-2.73%	±5	
		5700	47.24	18.09	5.73	48.33	5.88	-2.25%	-2.58%	±5	
		5800	47.11	18.17	5.85	48.23	5.97	-2.34%	-1.96%	±5	
		5825	47.08	18.19	5.89	48.20	6.00	-2.33%	-1.89%	±5	
		5180	47.83	18.05	5.20	49.07	5.25	-2.52%	-1.10%	±5	
		5200	47.80	18.07	5.22	49.04	5.28	-2.54%	-1.05%	±5	
		5300	47.62	18.14	5.34	48.88	5.41	-2.58%	-1.25%	±5	
2013/10/17	Body 5000	5500	47.36	18.33	5.60	48.64	5.62	-2.62%	-0.41%	±5	
2010/10/17	Body coo	5600	47.19	18.42	5.73	48.47	5.76	-2.63%	-0.51%	±5	
		5700	47.04	18.51	5.86	48.33	5.88	-2.66%	-0.30%	±5	
		5800	46.90	18.61	6.00	48.23	5.97	-2.77%	0.43%	±5	
		5825	46.89	18.62	6.03	48.20	6.00	-2.73%	0.44%	±5	
		5180	47.86	18.14	5.22	49.07	5.25	-2.45%	-0.62%	±5	
		5200	47.82	18.16	5.25	49.04	5.28	-2.48%	-0.56%	±5	
		5300	47.66	18.23	5.37	48.88	5.41	-2.51%	-0.79%	±5	
2013/10/21	Body 5000	5500	47.32	18.38	5.62	48.64	5.62	-2.72%	-0.13%	±5	
20.0,10,21	200,0000	5600	47.15	18.47	5.74	48.47	5.76	-2.72%	-0.26%	±5	
		5700	46.97	18.53	5.87	48.33	5.88	-2.82%	-0.21%	±5	
		5800	46.80	18.59	5.99	48.23	5.97	-2.96%	0.34%	±5	
		5825	46.78	18.61	6.02	48.20	6.00	-2.95%	0.38%	±5	

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Limit Measured Standard Date Band Freq(MHz) e' (εr) e' (εr) e' (εr) 54.29 13.76 1.84 52.75 1.91 2.92% 2412 -3.65% ±5 54.26 14.00 1.90 52.72 1.94 -2.19% 2437 2.93% ±5 2013/10/23 **Body 2450** 1.90 52.71 1.94 2442 54.27 14.03 2.96% -2.01% ±5 2462 54.37 14.14 1.93 52.68 1.97 3.19% -1.65% ±5 14.16 1.94 52.67 1.98 54.38 3.24% -1.88% ±5 2472 53.45 13.58 1.82 52.75 1.91 -4.91% ±5 2412 1.33% 53.39 13.71 1.86 52.72 1.94 1.27% -4.24% 2437 ±5 2013/10/24 **Body 2450** 53.38 13.72 1.86 52.71 1.94 1.27% -4.17% ±5 2442 53.34 1.89 52.68 1.97 2462 13.80 1.24%-4.01% ±5 2472 53.32 13.84 1.90 52.67 1.98 1.22% -4.06% +5 2412 53.17 13.94 1.87 52.75 1.91 0.80% -2.41% ±5 13.98 1.89 53.12 52.72 1.94 0.76% -2.31% 2437 ±5 2013/12/14 **Body 2450** 53.10 13.99 1.90 52.71 1.94 0.74% -2.28% 2442 ±5 14.06 52.68 1.97 52.98 1.92 0.56% -2.27% 2462 ±5 52.91 14.11 1.94 52.67 1.98 2472 0.46% -2.20% ±5

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12 System Performance Check

The system performance check is performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. The system performance check results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

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System Performance Check Measurement Conditions

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with Body simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The DASY4/DASY5 system with an E-field probe EX3DV4 SN:3665 was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 15 mm (below 1 GHz) and 10 mm (above 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration (dx=dy= 5 mm, dz= 5 mm).
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 3.0 mm.
- The dipole input power (forward power) was 100 mW±3%.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

Reference SAR Values for System Performance Check

The reference SAR values can be obtained from the calibration certificate of system validation dipoles

System	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Freq. (MHz)	Target SAR Values (W/kg)				
Dipole	Serial No.	Cal. Date	1164. (171112)	1g/10g	Head	Body		
D2450V2	728	05/02/2012	2450	1g	53.5	51.1		
D2430V2	2450V2 728 05/0.		2430	10g	25.0	23.9		
D5GHzV2	1004	11/16/2012	5200	1g	77.8	71.8		
D3GH2V2	1004	11/10/2012	3200	10g	22.1	20.1		
D5GHzV2	5GHzV2 1004 11/16/2012		5800	1g	79.8	73.5		
D3GH2V2	1004	11/10/2012	3800	10g	22.7	20.4		

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12.1 System Performance Check Results

Date		System Dipole	1	Parameters	Target	Measured	Daviation[9/]	Limitad[9/]
Date	Туре	Serial No.	Liquid	Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]
2013/10/2	D5GHzV2	1004	Body	1g SAR:	71.80	68.60	-4.46	± 5
2013/10/2	(5.2GHz)	1004	воиу	10g SAR:	20.10	19.80	-1.49	± 5
2013/10/3	D5GHzV2	1004	Body	1g SAR:	71.80	70.50	-1.81	± 5
2013/10/3	(5.2GHz)	1004	войу	10g SAR:	20.10	20.20	0.50	± 5
2013/10/16	D5GHzV2	1004	Body	1g SAR:	73.50	72.10	-1.90	± 5
2013/10/10	(5.8GHz)	1004	войу	10g SAR:	20.40	20.60	0.98	± 5
2013/10/17	D5GHzV2	1004	Body	1g SAR:	73.50	74.50	1.36	± 5
2013/10/17	(5.8GHz)	1004	войу	10g SAR:	20.40	21.20	3.92	± 5
2013/10/21	D5GHzV2	1004	Body	1g SAR:	73.50	76.50	4.08	± 5
2013/10/21	(5.8GHz)	1004	войу	10g SAR:	20.40	21.30	4.41	± 5
2013/10/23	D2450V2	728	Body	1g SAR:	51.10	50.90	-0.39	± 5
2013/10/23	D2430V2	728	войу	10g SAR:	23.90	24.30	1.67	± 5
2013/10/24	D2450V2	728	Body	1g SAR:	51.10	49.90	-2.35	± 5
2013/10/24	D2430V2	728	Бойу	10g SAR:	23.90	23.90	0.00	± 5
2013/12/14	013/12/14 D2450V2 728	D2450/2 729 Body	Body	1g SAR:	51.10	52.20	2.15	± 5
2013/12/14 D	D2430V2	728	Body	10g SAR:	23.90	24.80	3.77	± 5

13 RF Output Power Measurement

13.1 Wi-Fi (2.4 GHz Band)

Required Test Channels per KDB 248227 D01

Mode	Band	Freq.	Ch #	Default Test Channels			
	(GHz)	(MHz)	G	802.11b	802.11g		
		2412	1#	✓	∇		
802.11 b/g	802.11 b/g 2.4		6	✓	∇		
		2462	11#	✓	∇		

Notes

√ = "default test channels"

 ∇ = possible 802.11g channels with maximum average output ¼ dB the "default test channels"

= when output power is reduced for channel 1 and /or 11 to meet restricted band requirements

the highest output channels closest to each of these channels should be tested.

The indicated Wi-Fi target powers in the following table are absolute maximums.

Output power table

Band	Mode	Data rate	Ch#	Freq.	1	arget Pw (dBm)	r	Tune-up Tolerance	Maximum Tune-up		Avg. Pwr (dBm)	
(GHz)		(Mbps)		(MHz)	Main	Aux	Total	(dBm)	Pwr (dBm)	Main	Aux	Total
			1	2412	15.0			±1.0	16.0	14.8		
	802.11b	1	6	2437	15.0			±1.0	16.0	15.5		
			11	2462	15.0			±1.0	16.0	15.8		
			1	2412	15.5			±1.0	16.5	15.1		
	802.11g	6	6	2437	15.5			±1.0	16.5	16.4		
2.4			11	2462	15.5			±1.0	16.5	15.0		
2.4			1	2412	10.5	10.5	13.5	±1.0	14.5	10.6	10.6	13.6
	802.11n HT20	MCS8	6	2437	12.0	12.0	15.0	±1.0	16.0	13.1	12.4	15.8
			11	2462	10.5	10.5	13.5	±1.0	14.5	11.8	10.8	14.3
			3	2412	10.0	10.0	13.0	±1.0	14.0	9.9	10.1	13.0
802.11n HT40	MCS8	6	2437	11.0	11.0	14.0	±1.0	15.0	12.2	11.5	14.9	
			9	2462	10.0	10.0	13.0	±1.0	14.0	11.1	10.1	13.6

Note(s):

- 1. SAR is not required for 802.11n HT40 channels when the maximum average output power is less than 1/4 dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels per KDB 248227 D01
- 2. The lowest data rate is higher than other data rate.

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13.2 Wi-Fi (5 GHz Band)

Required Test Channels per KDB 248227 D01

Mode	Band	Freq.	Ch#	ı	Default Tes	st Channels	5
Wode	(GHz)	(MHz)	CII #	§15.	247	U	NII
		5180	36			✓	
		5200	40				*
		5220	44				*
		5240	48			✓	
		5260	52			✓	
		5280	56				*
		5300	60				*
		5320	64			✓	
UNII		5500	100				*
	UNII	5520	104			✓	
		5540	108				*
802.11a		5560	112				*
002.11a		5580	116			✓	
		5600	120				*
		5620	124			✓	
		5640	128				*
		5660	132				*
		5680	136			✓	
		5700	140				*
	UNII	5745	149	✓		✓	
	or	5765	153		*		*
	§15.247	5785	157	✓			*
	313.27/	5805	161		*	✓	
	§15.247	5825	165	✓			

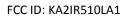
Notes

√ = "default test channels"

The indicated Wi-Fi target powers in the following table are absolute maximums

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^{* =} possible 802.11a channels with maximum average output > the "default test channels"



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Wi-Fi 5.2GHz Band:

Band	Mode	Data rate (Mbps)	Ch#	Freq.	٦	Target Pw (dBm)	r	Tune-up Tolerance	Maximum Tune-up		Avg. Pwr (dBm)	
(GHz)	Mode		Ci #	(MHz)	Main	Aux	Total	(dBm)	Pwr (dBm)	Main	Aux	Total
			36	5180	11.5			± 1.0	12.5	12.1		
	802.11a	6	40	5200	11.5			± 1.0	12.5	12.4		
	602.11d	0	44	5220	11.5			± 1.0	12.5	12.5		
			48	5240	11.5			± 1.0	12.5	12.5		
			36	5180	11.5			± 1.0	12.5	11.9		
5.2	802.11n	MCS0	40	5200	11.5			± 1.0	12.5	12.3		
	(HT20)	IVICSO	44	5220	11.5			± 1.0	12.5	12.4		
			48	5240	11.5			± 1.0	12.5	12.5		
	802.11n	MCSO	38	5190	13.5			± 1.0	14.5	14.5		
	(HT40) MCS0	46	5230	13.5			± 1.0	14.5	14.5			
	802.11ac	VTH80	42	5210	11.5			± 1.0	12.5	12.4		

SAR is not required for 802.11n HT20 channels when the maximum average output power is less than 1/4 dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11a channels per KDB 248227 D01

Wi-Fi 5.8GHz Band:

Band	Mode	Data rate	Ch#	Freq.	1	arget Pw (dBm)	r	Tune-up Tolerance	Maximum Tune-up		Avg. Pwr (dBm)	
(GHz)	Mode	(Mbps)	Ci #	(MHz)	Main	Aux	Total	(dBm)	Pwr (dBm)	Main	Aux	Total
			149	5745	9.0			± 1.0	10.0	9.3		
802.11a		153	5765	9.0			± 1.0	10.0	9.3			
	6	157	5785	9.0			± 1.0	10.0	9.5			
			161	5805	9.0			± 1.0	10.0	9.5		
			165	5825	9.0			± 1.0	10.0	9.7		
			149	5745	9.0			± 1.0	10.0	9.4		
5.8			153	5765	9.0			± 1.0	10.0	9.7		
	802.11n (HT20)	MCS0	157	5785	9.0			± 1.0	10.0	9.5		
	(-,		161	5805	9.0			± 1.0	10.0	9.5		
			165	5825	9.0			± 1.0	10.0	9.7		
	802.11n	MCS0	151	5755	9.0			± 1.0	10.0	9.7		
	(HT40)	IVICSO	159	5795	9.0			± 1.0	10.0	9.4		
	802.11ac	VTH80	155	5775	9.0			± 1.0	10.0	9.6		

SAR is not required for 802.11n HT20/ HT40 channels when the maximum average output power is less than 1/4 dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11a channels per KDB 248227 D01

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14 SAR Measurements Results

Wi-Fi (2.4GHz Band):

,	THOMES DUT	Test	Channe	Freq.		Dist.	Power	(dBm)	Measured	Reported	
Band	Mode	Position	I	(MHz)	Chain	(mm)	Tune up limit	Measure d	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Note
		Rear	11	2462	0	10	16.0	15.8	0.118	0.124	
		Front	11	2462	0	10	16.0	15.8	0.611	0.640	
	802.11b	Edge2	11	2462	0	10	16.0	15.8	0.061	0.064	
		Edge3	11	2462	0	10	16.0	15.8	0.274	0.287	
		Edge4	11	2462	0	10	16.0	15.8	0.049	0.051	
		Rear	6	2437	0	10	16.5	16.4	0.144	0.147	
		Front	6	2437	0	10	16.5	16.4	0.620	0.634	
	802.11g	Edge2	6	2437	0	10	16.5	16.4	0.055	0.056	
2.4GHz		Edge3	6	2437	0	10	16.5	16.4	0.291	0.298	
		Edge4	6	2437	0	10	16.5	16.4	0.054	0.055	
		Rear	6	2437	0+1	10	16.0	15.8	0.071	0.074	
		Front	6	2437	0+1	10	16.0	15.8	0.174	0.182	
	802.11n	Edge1	6	2437	0+1	10	16.0	15.8	0.121	0.127	
	HT20	Edge2	6	2437	0+1	10	16.0	15.8	0.023	0.024	
		Edge3	6	2437	0+1	10	16.0	15.8	0.140	0.147	
		Edge4	6	2437	0+1	10	16.0	15.8	0.040	0.042	

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FCC ID: KA2IR510LA1

Wi-Fi (5.2GHz Band):

		Test	Channe	Freq.	Dist.	Power	(dBm)	Measured	Reported	
Band	Mode	Position	I	(MHz)	(mm)	Tune up limit	Measure d	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Note
		Rear	40	5200	10	12.5	12.4	0.309	0.320	
		Neai	48	5240	10	12.5	12.5	0.467	0.467	
802.11a	Front	40	5200	10	12.5	12.4	0.372	0.385		
	FIOIIL	48	5240	10	12.5	12.5	0.398	0.398		
	802.11a	Edge2	40	5200	10	12.5	12.4	0.335	0.347	
			48	5240	10	12.5	12.5	0.362	0.362	
		Edge3	40	5200	10	12.5	12.4	0.574	0.594	
			48	5240	10	12.5	12.5	0.673	0.673	
5.2GHz		Rear	46	5230	10	14.5	14.5	0.577	0.577	
	002.44	Front	46	5230	10	14.5	14.5	0.556	0.556	
	802.11n HT40	Edge2	46	5230	10	14.5	14.5	0.506	0.506	
		Edge3	46	5230	10	14.5	14.5	1.120	1.120	
		Edge3	46	5230	10	14.5	14.5	1.160	1.160	1
	802.11 ac	Rear	42	5210	10	12.5	12.4	0.370	0.380	
		Front	42	5210	10	12.5	12.4	0.386	0.397	
		Edge2	42	5210	10	12.5	12.4	0.315	0.324	
		Edge3	42	5210	10	12.5	12.4	0.795	0.817	

Note(s):

- Repeated measurements are required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.80 W/kg. If the measured SAR values are < 1.45 W/kg with ≤20% variation, only one repeated measurement is required to reaffirm that the results are not expected to have substantial variations, which may introduce significant compliance concerns. (Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r01)
 - 1.1 Original SAR = 1.120 W/kg, therefore two times repeat SAR is required.
 - 1.2 Repeat SAR = 1.160 W/kg < 1.45 W/kg
 - 1.3 SAR variation= 3.4% < 20%

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Wi-Fi (5.8GHz Band):

		Test	Channe	Freq.	Dist.	Power	(dBm)	Measured	Reported	
Band	Mode	Position	I	(MHz)	(mm)	Tune up limit	Measure d	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Note
			153	5765	10	11.0	9.5	0.476	0.672	
		Rear	161	5805	10	11.0	9.5	0.441	0.623	
			165	5825	10	11.0	9.5	0.369	0.521	
			153	5765	10	11.0	9.5	0.242	0.342	
	002.44	Front	161	5805	10	11.0	9.5	0.222	0.314	
			165	5825	10	11.0	9.5	0.507	0.716	
	802.11a	Edge2	153	5765	10	11.0	9.5	0.311	0.439	
			161	5805	10	11.0	9.5	0.282	0.398	
5.8GHz			165	5825	10	11.0	9.5	0.229	0.323	
			153	5765	10	11.0	9.5	0.725	1.024	
		Edge3	161	5805	10	11.0	9.5	0.819	1.157	
			165	5825	10	11.0	9.5	0.769	1.086	
		Rear	155	5775	10	11.0	9.5	0.418	0.590	
		Front	155	5775	10	11.0	9.5	0.260	0.367	
	802.11ac	Edge2	155	5775	10	11.0	9.5	0.295	0.417	
		Edge3	155	5775	10	11.0	9.5	0.862	1.218	
		Edge3	155	5775	10	11.0	9.5	0.898	1.268	1

Note(s):

- 2 Repeated measurements are required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.80 W/kg. If the measured SAR values are < 1.45 W/kg with ≤20% variation, only one repeated measurement is required to reaffirm that the results are not expected to have substantial variations, which may introduce significant compliance concerns. (Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r01)
 - 1.1 Original SAR = 0.862 W/kg, therefore two times repeat SAR is required.
 - 1.2 Repeat SAR = 0.898 W/kg < 1.45W/kg
 - 1.3 SAR variation= 4.0% < 20%

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14.1 Summary of Highest SAR Values

Results for highest reported SAR values for each frequency band and mode

Technology/Band	Test configuration	Mode	Highest Reported 1g-SAR (W/kg)
WiFi 2.4 GHz	Front	802.11b	0.640
WiFi 5.2 GHz	Edge3	802.11n HT40	1.160
WiFi 5.8 GHz	Edge3	802.11ac	1.268

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15 Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis

For battery operated standalone wireless routers that use external or peripheral transmitter(s), such as an approved USB dongle or ExpressCard, to provide hotspot mode support, a 1-g SAR of 1.6 W/kg must be assumed for such transmitters to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion. The simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion procedures in KDB 447498 are applied to determine SAR test exclusion, according to the SAR to peak location separation ratio procedures. For USB dongles, the analysis must assume the peak SAR location is at 1 cm or less from the USB connector. For transmitter cards, the analysis must assume the peak SAR location is at the edge of the host device, centered along the width of the plug-in card slot.

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KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05, introduces a new formula for calculating the SAR to Peak Location Ratio (SPLSR) between pairs of simultaneously transmitting antennas:

$$SPLSR = (SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5} / R_i$$

Where:

 SAR_1 and SAR_2 are the highest reported or estimated SAR for the each antenna in the pair.

 R_i is the separation distance between the pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas. When the SAR is measured, for both antennas in the pair, it is determined by the actual x, y and z coordinates in the 1-g SAR for each SAR peak location. In this case, the SAR is considered to be in the exact middle of the USB port and on the same z-level as the other antennas, based on the extrapolated and interpolated result in the zoom scan measurement, using the formula of $[(x_1-x_2)^2+(y_1-y_2)^2+(z_1-z_2)^2]$, This SAR is considered to be in the exact middle of the USB port and on the same z-level as the other antennas.

A new threshold of 0.04 is also introduced in the KDB. Thus, in order for a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas with the sum of 1-g SAR > 1.6 W/kg to qualify for exemption from Simultaneous Transmission SAR measurements, it has to satisfy the condition of:

$$(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5} / R_i < 0.04$$

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15.1 Sum of the SAR for Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

15.1.1 Sum of the 1g SAR for Body Exposure Condition

Toot			Simulataneous Tra	nsmission Scenario	E 4 = 0AD	ODI OD
Test Position	Mode	Channel	USB Port1	WiFi 2.4 GHz Band	∑ 1-g SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR (Yes/No)
	802.11b	11	1.600	0.124	1.724	Yes
Rear/Bottom	802.11g	6	1.600	0.147	1.747	Yes
	802.11n HT20	6	1.600	0.074	1.674	Yes
	802.11b	11	1.600	0.640	2.240	Yes
Front	802.11g	6	1.600	0.634	2.234	Yes
	802.11n HT20	6	1.600	0.182	1.782	Yes

			Simulataneous Tra	nsmission Scenario		
Test Position	Mode	Channel	USB Port1	WiFi 5.2 GHz Band	∑ 1-g SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR (Yes/No)
	802.11a	40	1.600	0.320	1.920	Yes
Rear/Bottom	802.11a	48	1.600	0.467	2.067	Yes
Real/Bollotti	802.11n HT40	46	1.600	0.577	2.177	Yes
	802.11ac	42	1.600	0.380	1.980	Yes
	802.11a	40	1.600	0.385	1.985	Yes
Front	002.11d	48	1.600	0.398	1.998	Yes
Front	802.11n HT40	46	1.600	0.556	2.156	Yes
	802.11ac	42	1.600	0.397	1.997	Yes

			Simulataneous Tra	nsmission Scenario		
Test Position	Mode	Channel	USB Port1	WiFi 5.8 GHz Band	∑ 1-g SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR (Yes/No)
		153	1.600	0.672	2.272	Yes
Rear/Bottom	802.11a	161	1.600	0.623	2.223	Yes
Real/Bolloni		165	1.600	0.521	2.121	Yes
	802.11ac	155	1.600	0.590	2.190	Yes
		153	1.600	0.342	1.942	Yes
Front	802.11a	161	1.600	0.314	1.914	Yes
Front		165	1.600	0.716	2.316	Yes
	802.11ac	155	1.600	0.367	1.967	Yes

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15.1.2 SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio (SPLSR) for WiFi 2.4GHz

Test			Simulataneous Tra	nsmission Scenario	∑ 1-g SAR	Calculated		
Position	Mode	Channel	USB Port1	SB Port1 WiFi 2.4 GHz Band		distance (cm)	SPLSR	Figure
	802.11b	11	1.600	0.124	1.724	12.27	0.02	1
	802.11g	6	1.600	0.147	1.747	11.96	0.02	2
Rear/Bottom	802.11n HT20_Antenna 2 (2.4G-2)	6	1.600	0.074	1.674	5.55	0.04	3
	802.11n HT20_Antenna 1 (2.4G-1)	6	1.600	0.054	1.654	12.69	0.02	3-1
	802.11b	11	1.600	0.640	2.240	11.51	0.03	4
Front	802.11g	6	1.600	0.634	2.234	11.43	0.03	5
	802.11n HT20	6	1.600	0.182	1.782	11.49	0.02	6

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Note: The SPLSR is rounded to two decimal digits and ≦0.04.

15.1.3 SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio (SPLSR) for WiFi 5.2GHz

Test			Simulataneous Tra	nsmission Scenario	5.4 ~ CAD	Calculated		
Position	Mode	Channel	USB Port1	WiFi 5.2 GHz Band	∑ 1-g SAR (W/kg)	distance (cm)	SPLSR	Figure
	802.11a	40	1.600	0.320	1.920	11.76	0.02	7
Rear/Bottom		48	1.600	0.467	2.067	12.10	0.02	8
Real/Bottom	802.11n HT40	46	1.600	0.577	2.177	11.99	0.03	9
	802.11ac	42	1.600	0.380	1.980	12.43	0.02	10
	802.11a	40	1.600	0.385	1.985	11.86	0.02	11
Front	002.11d	48	1.600	0.398	1.998	11.80	0.02	12
TION	802.11n HT40	46	1.600	0.556	2.156	11.73	0.03	13
	802.11ac	42	1.600	0.397	1.997	11.14	0.03	14

Note: The SPLSR is rounded to two decimal digits and \leq 0.04.

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15.1.4 SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio (SPLSR) for WiFi 5.8GHz

Test			Simulataneous Tra	nsmission Scenario	Σ1α CΔD	Calculated		
Position	Mode	Channel	USB Port1	WiFi 5.8 GHz Band	∑ 1-g SAR (W/kg)	distance (cm)	SPLSR	Figure
		153	1.600	0.672	2.272	12.27	0.03	15
Rear/Bottom	802.11a	161	1.600	0.623	2.223	11.99	0.03	16
Neal/Bottom	1	165	1.600	0.521	2.121	12.37	0.02	17
	802.11ac	155	1.600	0.590	2.190	12.14	0.03	18
		153	1.600	0.342	1.942	12.41	0.02	19
Front	802.11a	161	1.600	0.314	1.914	12.41	0.02	20
Front		165	1.600	0.716	2.316	12.95	0.03	21
	802.11ac	155	1.600	0.367	1.967	12.15	0.02	22

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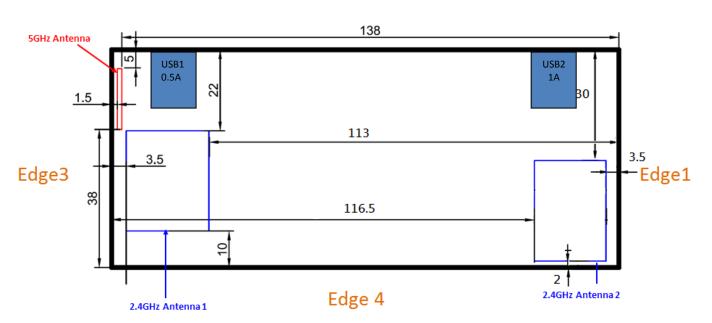
Note: The SPLSR is rounded to two decimal digits and ≤ 0.04 .

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16 Antenna Locations & Separation Distances

Unit: mm





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17 Equipment List & Calibration Status

_,qupc		0 1 1 0 10 10 10 10			
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration Cycle(year)	Calibration Due
S-Parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	E8358A	MY46213916	1	06/03/2014
Electronic Probe kit	Hewlett Packard	85070D	N/A	N/A	N/A
Power Meter	Agilent	E4416A	GB41291611	1	09/10/2014
Power Sensor	Agilent	8481H	MY41091956	1	09/11/2014
Wireless Communication Test Set	Agilent	E5515C 8960	MY48361017	1	09/06/2014
Radio Communication Analyzer	Anritsu	MT8820C	6200938900	1	05/30/2014
Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)	SPEAG	DAE4	877	1	03/11/2014
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3665	1	05/06/2014
2450 MHz System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	728	1	05/01/2014
5 GHz System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1004	1	11/27/2014
Robot	Staubli	RX60L	F02/5T69A1/A/01	N/A	N/A
Amplifier	Mini-Circuit	ZVE-8G	665500309	N/A	N/A
Amplifier	Mini-Circuit	ZHL-1724HLN	D072602#2	N/A	N/A

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18 Facilities

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at
No. 81-1, Lane 210, Bade Rd. 2, Luchu Hsiang, Taoyuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C
\boxtimes No.11, Wugong 6th Rd., Wugu Dist., New Taipei City 24891, Taiwan. (R.O.C.)
No. 199, Chunghsen Road, Hsintien City, Taipei Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.

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20 Attachments

Exhibit	Content
1	System Performance Check Plots
2	SAR test plots for Wi-Fi 2.4GHz Band
3	SAR test plots for Wi-Fi 5GHz Band
4	SPLSR Plots
5	SAR_Probe_EX3DV4_sn3665
6	SAR_DAE4_sn877
7	SAR_Dipole_D2450v2_sn728
8	SAR_Dipole_D5GHzv2_sn1004
9	T130909N91-SF PHOTOs

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