

USER MANUAL

DIR-456U

VERSION 1.0



Preface

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Package Contents

- D-Link DIR-456U Mobile Router
- Power Adapter
- Ethernet Cable
- RJ-11 Telephone Cable
- Manual and Warranty on CD



Note: Using a power supply with a different voltage rating than the one included with the DIR-456U will cause damage and void the warranty for this product.

System Requirements

- A compatible (U)SIM card with service*
- Computers with Windows®, Macintosh®, or Linux-based operating systems with an installed Ethernet adapter
- Internet Explorer Version 6.0 or Netscape Navigator™ Version 6.0 and above (for configuration)

*Subject to services and service terms available from your carrier.

Introduction

DIR-456U allows users to access worldwide mobile broadband networks. Once connected, users can transfer data, stream media, send SMS messages, and make mobile phone calls. Simply insert your UMTS/HSUPA SIM card, and share your 3.5G Internet connection through a secure 802.11n wireless network or using any of the four 10/100 Ethernet ports.

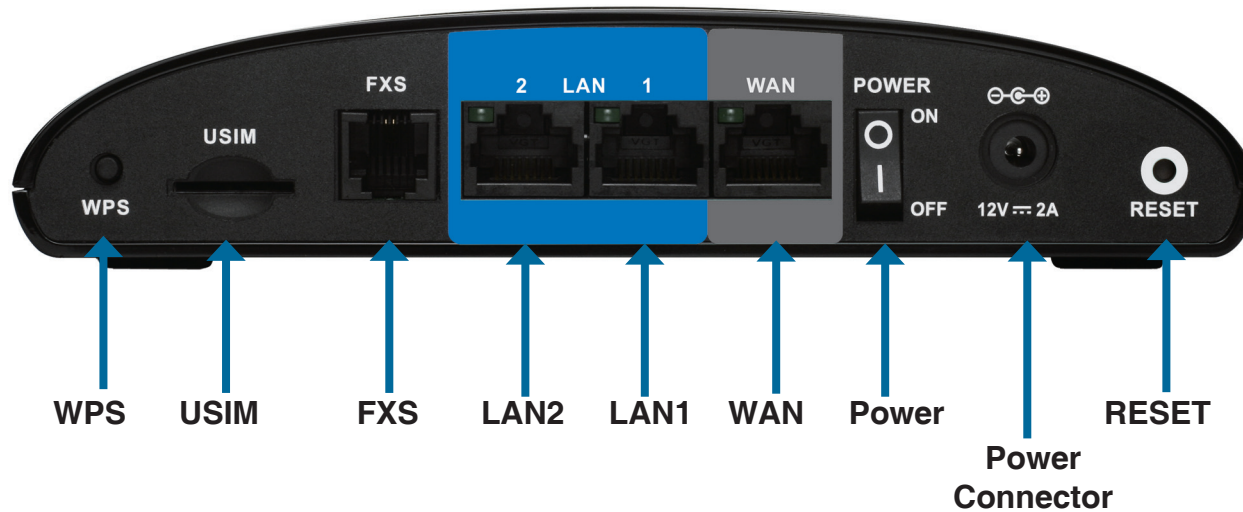
While accessing your 3.5G Internet connection, you will still have the ability to answer incoming mobile calls and respond to SMS messages. An RJ-11 jack allows you to attach a standard analog phone for high-quality mobile calls over a GSM network. Enjoy the comfort and convenience of your favorite office phone anywhere you go.

Keep your wireless network safe with WPA/WPA2 wireless encryption. The DIR-456U utilizes dual-active firewalls (SPI and NAT) to prevent potential attacks across the Internet.

DIR-456U can be installed quickly and easily almost anywhere. This router is great for situations where an impromptu wireless network must be set up, or wherever conventional network access is unavailable. The DIR-456U can even be installed in buses, trains, or boats, allowing passengers to check e-mail or chat online while commuting.

Hardware Overview

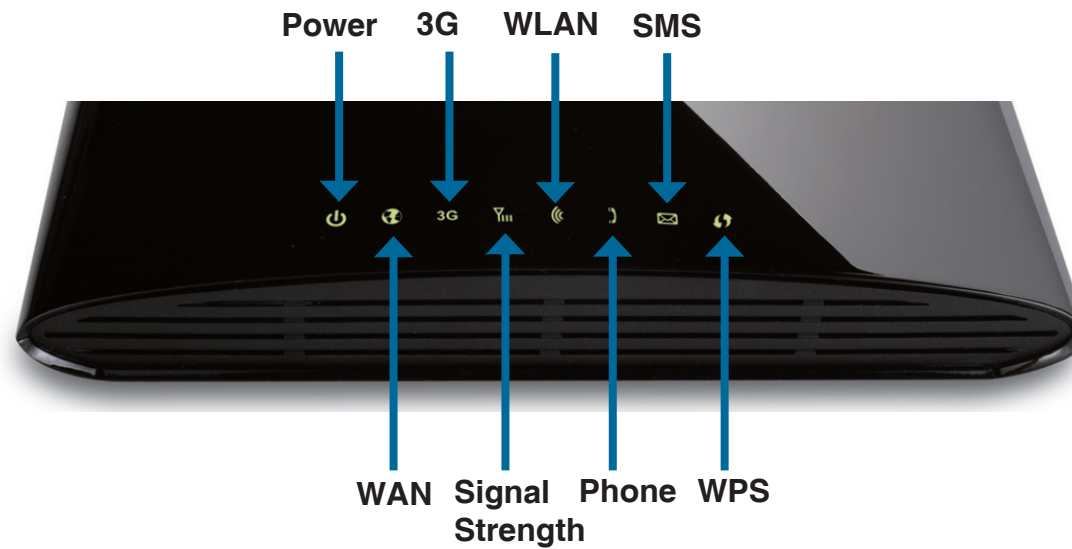
Rear Panel



| Port | Function |
|------------------------|--|
| LAN 1-2 (RJ-45) | Insert an Ethernet cable connected to a network device such as a desktop or notebook computer. |
| WAN (RJ-45) | Insert a standard CAT5 Ethernet cable connected to a DSL/ Cable modem or router. |
| SIM | Insert a standard (U)SIM card into this slot. |
| Power | Insert the provided DC power adapter into this socket. |
| Phone (RJ-11) | Insert an RJ-11 telephone cable connected to a standard landline telephone. |
| Reset | Hold this button down to reset the device. |
| WPS | Press this button to initiate a new WPS connection. |

Hardware Overview

Front Panel



Hardware Overview

LEDs

| LED Name | Function |
|------------------------|---|
| WAN | Solid Green: Ethernet connection has been established Blinking Green: Data is being transferred |
| LAN 1-2 | Solid Green: Ethernet connection has been established Blinking Green: Data is being transferred |
| Signal Strength | OFF: No signal ON (Blinking Orange): Signal is weak ON (Solid Orange): Signal strength is medium ON (Solid Green): Signal strength is strong |
| WPS | Slow Blinking Green: WPS is functioning normally Fast Blinking Green: WPS is functioning in PBC mode |
| 3.5G | Solid Green: UMTS/HSDPA/HSUPA connection is established Blinking: Data is being transferred via 3G |
| SMS | Solid Green: Lights up when an SMS has been received |
| WLAN | Solid Green: WLAN is active and available Blinking Green: Data is being transferred via WLAN |

Installation

This section will guide you through the installation process. Placement of the router is very important. Do not place the router in an enclosed area such as a closet, cabinet, or in an attic or garage.

Connect to Your Network

Note: Ensure that your DIR-456U Mobile Router is disconnected and powered **off** before performing the installation steps below.

1. Insert a standard (U)SIM card into the **SIM** card slot on the back of the router with the gold contacts facing downwards.
2. Insert your Internet/WAN network cable into the **INTERNET** port on the back of the router.

Note: The 3.5G connection can also be used as a backup WAN. Once a backup is configured, the router will automatically use 3.5G for the Internet connection if the Ethernet WAN is not available.

3. Insert the Ethernet cable into the LAN Port 1 on the back panel of the DIR-456U Mobile Router, and an available Ethernet port on the network adapter in the computer you will use to configure the unit.

Note: The DIR-456U Mobile Router LAN Ports are “Auto-MDI/MDIX.” Therefore, patch or crossover Ethernet cables can be used.

4. Connect the power adapter to the socket on the back panel of your DIR-456U Mobile Router. Plug the other end of the power adapter into a wall outlet or power strip.
 - a. The **Status LED** will light up to indicate that power has been supplied to the router.
 - b. The LEDs on the front panel will flash on and off as the DIR-456U Mobile Router performs initialization and Internet connection processes.
 - c. After a few moments, if a connection has been established, the following LEDs will turn solid green: Power, Status, WAN, WLAN, and LAN Port 1 (or whichever port(s) your Ethernet cable has been connected to).

Caution! Always unplug/power down the router before installing or removing the SIM card. Never insert or remove the SIM card while the router is in use.

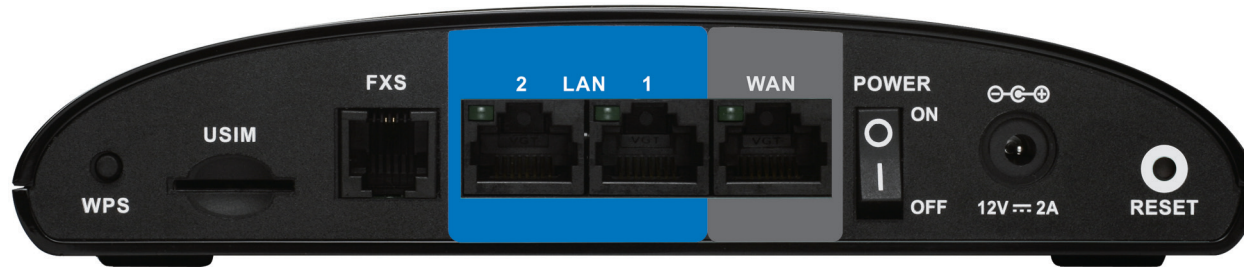
Connect a Telephone

A standard RJ-11 jack on the back of the router allows you to connect a standard analog telephone for voice calls.

Simply plug the phone cable into the jack labeled **FXS**.

You can then use your handset to dial out as you typically would with a standard landline.

Your attached phone will also ring for any incoming voice calls.



Wireless Installation Considerations

The DIR-456U can be accessed using a wireless connection from virtually anywhere within the operating range of your wireless network. Keep in mind, however, that the quantity, thickness and location of walls, ceilings, or other objects that the wireless signals must pass through, may limit the range. Ranges vary depending on the types of materials and background RF (radio frequency) noise in your home or office. The key to maximizing the wireless range is to follow these basic guidelines:

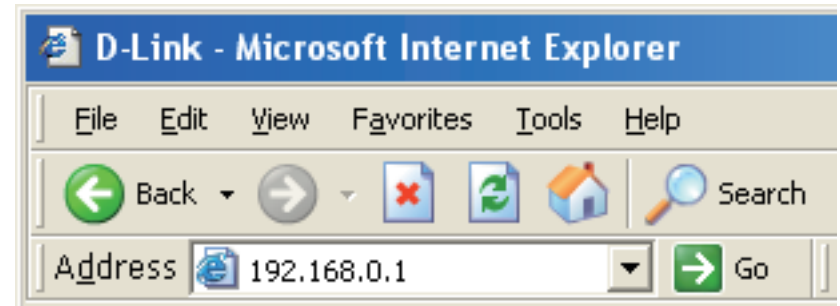
1. Minimize the number of walls and ceilings between the D-Link router and other network devices. Each wall or ceiling can reduce your adapter's range from 3 to 90 feet (1 to 30 meters).
2. Be aware of the direct line between network devices. A wall that is 1.5 feet thick (0.5 meters), at a 45-degree angle appears to be almost 3 feet (1 meter) thick. At a 2-degree angle it looks over 42 feet (14 meters) thick. Position devices so that the signal will travel straight through a wall or ceiling (instead of at an angle) for better reception.
3. Try to position access points, wireless routers, and computers so that the signal passes through open doorways and drywall. Materials such as glass, metal, brick, insulation, concrete and water can affect wireless performance. Large objects such as fish tanks, mirrors, file cabinets, metal doors and aluminum studs may also have a negative effect on range.
4. If you are using 2.4GHz cordless phones, make sure that the 2.4GHz phone base is as far away from your wireless device as possible. The base transmits a signal even if the phone is not in use. In some cases, cordless phones, X-10 wireless devices, and electronic equipment such as ceiling fans, fluorescent lights, and home security systems may dramatically degrade wireless connectivity.

Configuration

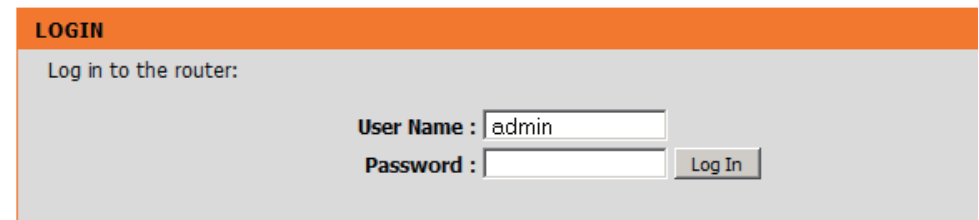
This section will show you how to configure your new D-Link mobile router using the web-based configuration utility.

Web-based Configuration Utility

To access the configuration utility, open a web-browser such as Internet Explorer and enter the IP address of the router (192.168.0.1).



Type **Admin** and then enter the password. By default, the password is blank.



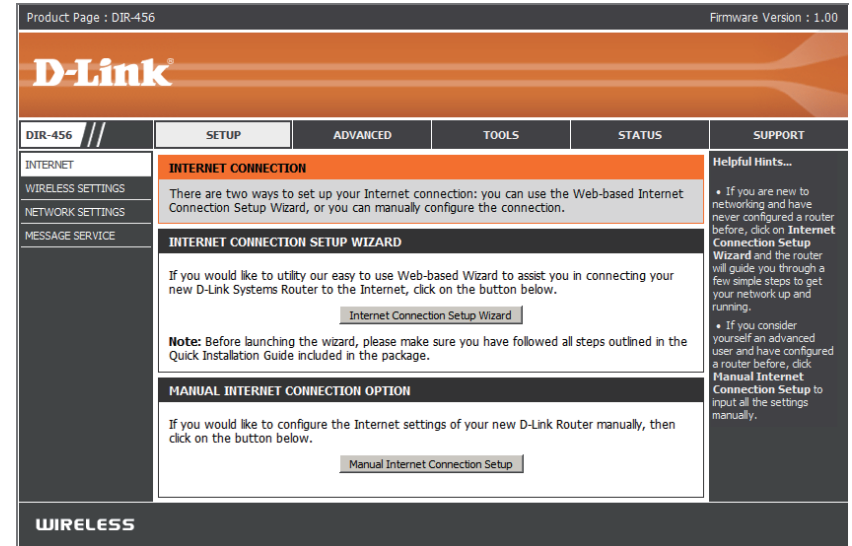
If you get a **Page Cannot be Displayed** error, please refer to the **Troubleshooting** section for assistance.

Setup Wizard

The setup wizard guides you through the initial setup of your router. There are two ways to setup your Internet connection. You can use the Web-based **Internet Connection Setup Wizard** or you can manually configure using the **Manual Internet Connection Setup** wizard.

Click **Internet Connection Setup Wizard** to begin.

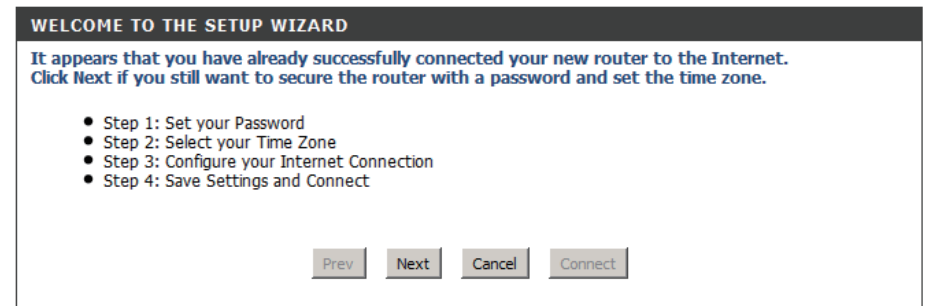
If you want to enter your settings without running the wizard, click **Manual Internet Connection Setup** and skip to page 14.



Internet Connection Setup Wizard

This wizard will guide you through a step-by-step process to configure your D-Link router to connect to the Internet.

Click **Next** to continue.



Create a new password and then click **Next** to continue.

Click **Prev** to go back to the previous page or click **Cancel** to close the wizard.

STEP 1: SET YOUR PASSWORD

To secure your new networking device, please set and verify a password below:

Password :

Verify Password :

Select your time zone from the drop-down box and then click **Next** to continue.

Click **Prev** to go back to the previous page or click **Cancel** to close the wizard.

STEP 2: SELECT YOUR TIME ZONE

Select the appropriate time zone for your location. This information is required to configure the time-based options for the router.

(GMT-08:00) Pacific Time (US & Canada)

Select the Internet connection type. The connection types are explained on the following page. If you are unsure of the correct connection type, you may have to contact your Internet Service Provider (ISP).

Click **Prev** to go back to the previous page or click **Cancel** to close the wizard.

STEP 3: CONFIGURE YOUR INTERNET CONNECTION

- DHCP Connection (Dynamic IP Address)**
Choose this if your Internet connection automatically provides you with an IP Address. Most Cable Modems use this type of connection.
- Username / Password Connection (PPPoE)**
Choose this option if your Internet connection requires a username and password to get online. Most DSL modems use this type of connection.
- Username / Password Connection (PPTP)**
Choose this option if your Internet connection requires a username and password to get online. Most DSL modems use this type of connection.
- Username / Password Connection (L2TP)**
Choose this option if your Internet connection requires a username and password to get online. Most DSL modems use this type of connection.
- Static IP Address Connection**
Choose this option if your Internet Setup Provider provided you with IP Address information that has to be manually configured.
- Russia PPTP (Dual Access)**
Choose this option if your Internet connection requires a username and password to get online as well as a static route to access the Internet Service Provider's internal network. Certain ISPs in Russia use this type of connection.
- Russia PPPoE (Dual Access)**
Choose this option if your Internet connection requires a username and password to get online as well as a static route to access the Internet Service Provider's internal network. Certain ISPs in Russia use this type of connection.

3G INTERNET CONNECTION

Skip 3G Configuration :

Note: The DIR-456U supports several kinds of WAN interfaces, allowing you to assign either a WAN or a WWAN(3.5G) connection as the Backup WAN. If the Primary WAN is down or unavailable, configure the Backup WAN to **Enable**, and all the traffic will be routed through Backup WAN. This feature is called **WAN Failover**. You can use WAN Failover if you need redundancy to your Internet connection or any other network.

The subsequent configuration pages will differ depending on the selection you make on this page.

Static IP Address Connection: Choose this option if your Internet connection uses an IP address that does not change. Your ISP generally will provide you with this information. See page 16 for information about how to configure this type of connection.

DHCP Connection (Dynamic IP Address): Choose this if your Internet connection automatically provides you with an IP Address. Most cable modems use this type of connection. See page 17 for information about how to configure this type of connection.

Username / Password Connection (PPPoE): Choose this option if your Internet connection requires a username and password to connect. Most DSL modems use this style of connection. See page 18 for information about how to configure this type of connection.

Username / Password Connection (PPTP): Choose this option if your Internet connection requires Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol (PPTP). See page 19 for information about how to configure this type of connection.

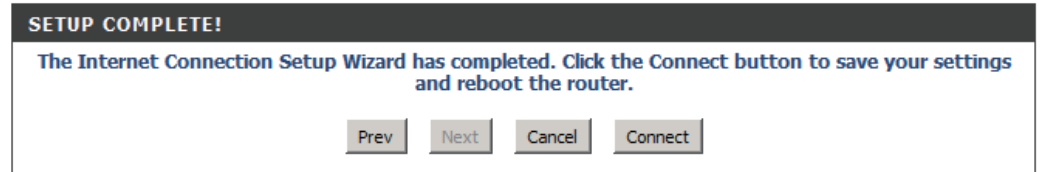
Username / Password Connection (L2TP): Choose this option if your Internet connection requires Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP). See page 21 for information about how to configure this type of connection.

Russia PPTP (Dual Access): To configure a Russian PPTP Internet connection, configure as previously described for PPTP connections. See page 21 for information about how to configure this type of connection.

Russia PPPoE (Dual Access): Some PPPoE connections use a static IP route to the ISP in addition to the global IP settings for the connection. This requires an added step to define IP settings for the physical WAN port. To configure a Russian PPPoE Internet connection, configure as previously described for PPPoE connections and add the physical WAN IP settings as instructed by your ISP. See page 23 for information about how to configure this type of connection.

Skip 3G Configuration: Select this option if you do not need to configure 3G.

You have completed the **Setup Wizard**.



Click **Connect** to save your settings.

A popup will appear to confirm your settings.

Click **OK** to save your settings.

Manual Internet Connection Setup

Click **Manual Internet Connection Setup** to begin.

If you prefer to configure your router's Internet connection using the wizard, click **Internet Connection Setup Wizard** and refer to page 10.

The screenshot shows the D-Link DIR-456 web interface. At the top, it displays 'Product Page : DIR-456' and 'Firmware Version : 1.00'. The D-Link logo is prominently featured. Below the logo is a navigation menu with tabs for 'DIR-456', 'SETUP', 'ADVANCED', 'TOOLS', 'STATUS', and 'SUPPORT'. The 'SETUP' tab is selected, and the 'INTERNET' sub-tab is active. The main content area is divided into three sections:

- INTERNET CONNECTION:** A header section with a blue background. Below it, text states: 'There are two ways to set up your Internet connection: you can use the Web-based Internet Connection Setup Wizard, or you can manually configure the connection.'
- INTERNET CONNECTION SETUP WIZARD:** A section with a blue background. Text reads: 'If you would like to utilize our easy to use Web-based Wizard to assist you in connecting your new D-Link Systems Router to the Internet, click on the button below.' A button labeled 'Internet Connection Setup Wizard' is visible. A note below states: 'Note: Before launching the wizard, please make sure you have followed all steps outlined in the Quick Installation Guide included in the package.'
- MANUAL INTERNET CONNECTION OPTION:** A section with a blue background. Text reads: 'If you would like to configure the Internet settings of your new D-Link Router manually, then click on the button below.' A button labeled 'Manual Internet Connection Setup' is visible.

On the right side of the interface, there is a 'Helpful Hints...' section with two bullet points:

- If you are new to networking and have never configured a router before, click on **Internet Connection Setup Wizard** and the router will guide you through a few simple steps to get your network up and running.
- If you consider yourself an advanced user and have configured a router before, click **Manual Internet Connection Setup** to input all the settings manually.

At the bottom of the interface, the word 'WIRELESS' is displayed in a blue bar.

Internet Connection

Internet Connection Type

Several different Internet Connection types can be selected depending upon the specifications of your Internet Service Provider (ISP).

My Internet Connection is: Select the Internet Connection type specified by your Internet Service Provider (ISP). The corresponding settings will be displayed below. Please see the following pages for details on how to configure these different connection types.

Enable WAN Failover: When this box is checked, the selected connection will act as a backup for the 3.5G connection. Select this box to enable checking wired-WAN alive. The router will test your connection status and connect to the 3G connection if your WAN connection goes down.

Internet Host: Enter the IP address of the Internet host to be used as the backup connection.

| | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---|-------------------------|----------|-------|--------|--|
| Product Page : DIR-456 | | Firmware Version : 1.00 | | | | |
| D-Link | | | | | | |
| DIR-456 // | | SETUP | ADVANCED | TOOLS | STATUS | SUPPORT |
| INTERNET | WAN | | | | | Helpful Hints... <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Internet Connection: When configuring the router to access the Internet, be sure to choose the correct Internet Connection Type from the drop down menu. If you are unsure of which option to choose, please contact your Internet Service Provider (ISP). • Support: If you are having trouble accessing the Internet through the router, double check any settings you have entered on this page and verify them |
| WIRELESS SETTINGS | Use this section to configure your Internet Connection type. There are several connection types to choose from: Static IP, DHCP, PPPoE, PPTP, and L2TP. If you are unsure of your connection method, please contact your Internet Service Provider. | | | | | |
| NETWORK SETTINGS | Note : If using the PPPoE option, you will need to remove or disable any PPPoE client software on your computers. <input type="button" value="Save Settings"/> <input type="button" value="Don't Save Settings"/> | | | | | |
| MESSAGE SERVICE | INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the Internet. My Internet Connection is : <input type="text" value="Dynamic IP (DHCP)"/> | | | | | |
| | | | | | | Enable WAN Failover : <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (Enable checking wired-WAN alive) Internet Host : <input type="text"/> (optional) |

Static IP

Choose this Internet connection if your ISP assigns you a static IP address.

IP Address: Enter the IP address assigned to your network connection.

Subnet Mask: Enter the subnet mask.

Default Gateway: Enter the default gateway.

Primary DNS Server: Enter the primary DNS server.

Secondary DNS Server: Enter the secondary DNS server.

MTU: You may need to change the Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) for optimal performance. The default value is 1500.

MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

The screenshot shows a configuration window titled "STATIC IP ADDRESS INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE". Below the title is a subtitle: "Enter the static address information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP)". The form contains several input fields and buttons:

- IP Address :** Input field with value "0.0.0.0"
- Subnet Mask :** Input field with value "255.255.255.0"
- Default Gateway :** Input field with value "0.0.0.0"
- Primary DNS Server :** Input field with value "0.0.0.0"
- Secondary DNS Server :** Input field with value "0.0.0.0"
- MTU :** Input field with value "1500" and text "(bytes) MTU default = 1500"
- MAC Address :** Input field with value "00-00-00-00-01-00"
- Buttons:** "Save", "Restore MAC", "Save Settings", and "Don't Save Settings"

Click **Save Settings** to save your changes, or click **Don't Save Settings** to discard your changes.

Dynamic IP (DHCP)

This section will help you to obtain IP Address information automatically from your ISP. Use this option if your ISP didn't provide you with IP Address information and/or a username and password.

Host Name: (Optional) Required by some ISPs.

Primary DNS Server: (Optional) Fill in with IP address of primary DNS server.

Secondary DNS Server: (Optional) Fill in with IP address of secondary DNS server.

MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit): You may need to change the Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) for optimal performance. The default value is 1500.

MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your PC.

DYNAMIC IP (DHCP) INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE :

Use this Internet connection type if your Internet Service Provider (ISP) didn't provide you with IP Address information and/or a username and password.

Host Name :

Primary DNS Server :

Secondary DNS Server : (optional)

MTU :

MAC Address :

Click **Save Settings** to save your changes, or click **Don't Save Settings** to discard your changes.

PPPoE

Choose this Internet connection if your ISP provides you PPPoE account.

Username: The username/account name that your ISP provides to you for PPPoE dial-up.

Password: The password that your ISP provides to you for PPPoE dial-up.

Verify Password: Re-enter the password.

IP Address: (Optional) Fill in if provided by your ISP. If not, keep the default value.

Primary DNS Server: (Optional) Fill in if provided by your ISP. If not, keep the default value.

Secondary DNS Server: (Optional) Fill in if provided by your ISP. If not, keep the default value.

MAC Address: MAC address of WAN interface. You can also copy MAC address of your PC to its WAN interface by pressing **Clone Your PC's MAC** button. The **Restore MAC** button will reset the router to its default MAC address.

Maximum Idle Time: The amount of time of inactivity before disconnecting established PPPoE session. Set it to zero or enable Auto-reconnect will disable this feature.

Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU): The default setting of PPPoE is 1492.

The screenshot shows the PPPoE configuration page with the following fields and options:

- Username:** [Text input field]
- Password:** [Text input field]
- Verify Password:** [Text input field]
- Service Name:** [Text input field] (optional)
- IP Address:** [Text input field] (default: 0.0.0.0)
- Primary DNS Server:** [Text input field] (optional) (default: 0.0.0.0)
- Secondary DNS Server:** [Text input field] (optional) (default: 0.0.0.0)
- MAC Address:** [Text input field] (default: 00-00-00-00-01-00) with **Save** and **Restore MAC** buttons.
- Maximum Idle Time:** [Text input field] (default: 300) seconds
- MTU:** [Text input field] (default: 1492) (bytes) MTU default = 1492
- Auto-reconnect:** Enable

At the bottom, there are two buttons: **Save Settings** and **Don't Save Settings**.

Click **Save Settings** to save your changes, or click **Don't Save Settings** to discard your changes.

PPTP

Choose this Internet connection if your ISP provides you PPTP account.

Address Mode: Choose Static IP only if your ISP assigns you an IP address. Otherwise, please choose Dynamic IP.

PPTP IP Address: Enter the information provided by your ISP. (Only applicable for Static IP PPTP.)

PPTP Subnet Mask: Enter the information provided by your ISP. (Only applicable for Static IP PPTP.)

PPTP Gateway IP Address: Enter the information provided by your ISP. (Only applicable for Static IP PPTP.)

PPTP Server IP Address: Enter the IP address of the PPTP server.

Username: User/account name that your ISP provides to you for PPTP dial-up.

Password: Password that your ISP provides to you for PPTP dial-up.

Verify Password: Re-enter the password.

Reconnect Mode: Choose **Always-on** when you want to establish PPTP connection all the time. If you choose **Connect-on-demand**, the device will establish PPTP connection when local users want to surf Internet, and disconnect if no traffic after time period of Maximum Idle Time.

Maximum Idle Time: The time of no activity to disconnect your PPTP session. Set it to zero or choose Always-on to disable this feature.

PPTP

Enter the information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).

Address Mode : Dynamic IP Static IP

PPTP IP Address :

PPTP Subnet Mask :

PPTP Gateway IP Address :

PPTP Server IP Address :

Username :

Password :

Verify Password :

Reconnect Mode : Always-on Connect-on-demand

Maximum Idle Time : seconds

Click **Save Settings** to save your changes, or click **Don't Save Settings** to discard your changes.

L2TP

Choose this Internet connection if your ISP provides you L2TP account.

Address Mode: Choose Static IP only if your ISP assigns you an IP address. Otherwise, please choose Dynamic IP.

L2TP IP Address: Enter the information provided by your ISP. (Only applicable for Static IP L2TP.)

L2TP Subnet Mask: Enter the information provided by your ISP. (Only applicable for Static IP L2TP.)

L2TP Gateway IP Address: Enter the information provided by your ISP. (Only applicable for Static IP L2TP.)

L2TP Server IP Address: IP address of L2TP server.

Username: User/account name that your ISP provides to you for L2TP dial-up.

Password: Password that your ISP provides to you for L2TP dial-up.

Verify Password: Re-enter the password.

Reconnect Mode: Choose Always-on when you want to establish L2TP connection all the time. Choose Connect-on-demand the device will establish L2TP connection when local users want to surf Internet, and disconnect if no traffic after time period of Maximum Idle Time.

Maximum Idle Time: The time of no activity to disconnect your L2TP session. Set it to zero or choose Always-on to disable this feature.

The screenshot shows the L2TP configuration window with the following fields and values:

- Address Mode:** Dynamic IP Static IP
- L2TP IP Address:**
- L2TP Subnet Mask:**
- L2TP Gateway IP Address:**
- L2TP Server IP Address:**
- Username:**
- Password:**
- Verify Password:**
- Reconnect Mode:** Always-on Connect-on-demand
- Maximum Idle Time:** seconds

At the bottom of the window are two buttons: "Save Settings" and "Don't Save Settings".

Click **Save Settings** to save your changes, or click **Don't Save Settings** to discard your changes.

Russia PPTP (Dual Access)

Choose this Internet connection if you are using PPTP in Russia.

Address Mode: Choose Static IP only if your ISP assigns you an IP address. Otherwise, please choose Dynamic IP.

PPTP IP Address: Enter the information provided by your ISP. (Only applicable for Static IP PPTP.)

PPTP Subnet Mask: Enter the information provided by your ISP. (Only applicable for Static IP PPTP.)

PPTP Gateway IP Address: Enter the information provided by your ISP. (Only applicable for Static IP PPTP.)

PPTP Server IP Address: Enter the IP address of the PPTP server.

Username: User/account name that your ISP provides to you for PPTP dial-up.

Password: Password that your ISP provides to you for PPTP dial-up.

Verify Password: Re-enter the password.

Reconnect Mode: Choose **Always-on** when you want to establish PPTP connection all the time. If you choose **Connect-on-demand**, the device will establish PPTP connection when local users want to surf Internet, and disconnect if no traffic after time period of Maximum Idle Time.

Maximum Idle Time: The time of no activity to disconnect your PPTP session. Set it to zero or choose Always-on to disable this feature.

Click **Save Settings** to save your changes, or click **Don't Save Settings** to discard your changes.

RUSSIA PPTP (DUAL ACCESS) :

Enter the information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).

Address Mode : Dynamic IP Static IP

PPTP IP Address :

PPTP Subnet Mask :

PPTP Gateway IP Address :

PPTP Server IP Address :

Username : MPPE :

Password :

Verify Password :

Reconnect Mode : Always On demand Manual

Maximum Idle Time : (minutes, 0=infinite)

Primary DNS Server :

Secondary DNS Server : (optional)

MTU :

MAC Address :

Primary DNS Server: (Optional) Fill in with IP address of primary DNS server.

Secondary DNS Server: (Optional) Fill in with IP address of secondary DNS server.

Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU): You may need to change the Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) for optimal performance. The default value is 1400.

MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your PC.

Russia PPPoE (Dual Access)

Choose this Internet connection if you are using PPPoE in Russia.

Address Mode: Choose Static IP only if your ISP assigns you an IP address. Otherwise, please choose Dynamic IP.

IP Address: (Optional) Fill in if provided by your ISP. If not, keep the default value.

Username: The username/account name that your ISP provides to you for PPPoE dial-up.

Password:

Verify Password: Password that your ISP provides to you for PPPoE dial-up.

Service Name: (Optional) Enter the service name.

Reconnect Mode: **Always** - The connection will always be on.
Schedule - The connection run according to a specified schedule.
On demand - The router will reconnect when needed.
Manual - The router will reconnect only when the user initiates a connection.

Maximum Idle Time: The amount of time of inactivity before disconnecting established PPPoE session. Setting it to zero or enabling Auto-reconnect will disable this feature.

DNS Mode: You may choose **Receive DNS from ISP** or **Enter DNS Manually**.

Primary DNS Server: (Optional) Fill in with IP address of primary DNS server.

Secondary DNS Server: (Optional) Fill in with IP address of secondary DNS server.

PPPOE INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE :

Enter the information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).

Address Mode : Dynamic IP Static IP

IP Address :

Username : MPPE :

Password :

Verify Password :

Service Name : (optional)

Reconnect Mode : Always On demand Manual

Maximum Idle Time : (minutes, 0=infinite)

DNS Mode : Receive DNS from ISP Enter DNS Manually

Primary DNS Server :

Secondary DNS Server : (optional)

MTU :

MAC Address :

WAN PHYSICAL SETTINGS

Dynamic IP Static IP

IP Address :

Subnet Mask :

Gateway :

Primary DNS Address :

Secondary DNS Address : (optional)

Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU): You may need to change the Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) for optimal performance. The default value is 1492.

MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your PC.

WAN PHYSICAL SETTINGS

Address Mode: Choose Static IP only if your ISP assigns you an IP address. Otherwise, please choose Dynamic IP.

IP Address: (Optional) Fill in if provided by your ISP. If not, keep the default value.

Subnet Mask: Enter the **Subnet Mask** of the router. The default subnet mask is **255.255.255.0**.

Gateway: Enter the default gateway.

Primary DNS Address: (Optional) Fill in with IP address of primary DNS server.

Secondary DNS Address: (Optional) Fill in with IP address of secondary DNS server.

PPPOE INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE :

Enter the information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).

Address Mode : Dynamic IP Static IP

IP Address :

Username : **MPPE :**

Password :

Verify Password :

Service Name : (optional)

Reconnect Mode : Always On demand Manual

Maximum Idle Time : (minutes, 0=infinite)

DNS Mode : Receive DNS from ISP Enter DNS Manually

Primary DNS Server :

Secondary DNS Server : (optional)

MTU :

MAC Address :

WAN PHYSICAL SETTINGS

Dynamic IP Static IP

IP Address :

Subnet Mask :

Gateway :

Primary DNS Address :

Secondary DNS Address : (optional)

3G Internet

Choose this Internet connection if you already apply a SIM card for 3G Internet service from Telecom company. The fields here may not be necessary for your connection. The information on this page is only be used when your service provider requires.

Prefer Service Type: You may select GPRS/EDGE or WCDMA as the preferred service type.

Auto Config: Select this box to enable automatic configuration.

Country: Select your country.

ISP: Select your ISP.

User Name: (Optional) Fill in only if requested by your ISP.

Password: (Optional) Fill in only if requested by your ISP.

Dial Number: Enter the number to be dialed.

APN: (Optional) Enter the APN information.

Reconnect Mode: You may select from the following option:

Always-on - The 3G connection will always be on.

Connect on demand - The router will reconnect when needed.

Manual - The router will reconnect only when the user initiates a connection.

MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit):

The default value for 3G is 1492.

3G INTERNET CONNECTION

Enter the information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).

Prefer Service Type : (dropdown)

Auto Config : Enable

Country : (dropdown)

ISP : (dropdown)

User Name : (optional)

Password : (optional)

Dial Number :

APN : (optional)

Reconnect Mode : Always-on Connect-on demand Manual

Maximum Idle Time : (minutes, 0=infinite)

MTU :

Click **Save Settings** to save your changes, or click **Don't Save Settings** to discard your changes.

Wireless Settings

This section will help you to manually configure the wireless settings of your router. Please note that changes made on this section may also need to be duplicated on your Wireless Client.

WIRELESS NETWORK SETTINGS

Enable Wireless: Select this checkbox to enable wireless access. When you set this option, the following parameters take effect.

Wireless Network Name: Also known as the SSID (Service Set Identifier), this is the name of your Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN). Enter a name using up to 32 alphanumeric characters. The SSID is case-sensitive.

Auto Channel Scan: A wireless network uses specific channels in the wireless spectrum to handle communication between clients. Some channels in your area may experience interference from other electronic devices. Choose the clearest channel to help optimize the performance and coverage of your wireless network.

Click **Save Settings** to save your changes, or click **Don't Save Settings** to discard your changes.

Product Page : DIR-456 Firmware Version : 1.0

D-Link

DIR-456 // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

WIRELESS NETWORK

Use this section to configure the wireless settings for your D-Link router. Please note that changes made in this section may also need to be duplicated on your wireless client.

To protect your privacy you can configure wireless security features. This device supports three wireless security modes including: WEP, WPA and WPA2.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

WIRELESS NETWORK SETTINGS

Enable Wireless : Always New Schedule

Wireless Network Name : (Also called the SSID)

Enable Auto Channel Selection :

Wireless Channel :

Transmission Rate : (Mbit/s)

WMM Enable : (Wireless QoS)

Enable Hidden Wireless : (Also called the SSID Broadcast)

WIRELESS SECURITY MODE

Security Mode :

WPA/WPA2

WPA/WPA2 requires stations to use high grade encryption and authentication.

Cipher Type :

PSK / EAP :

Network Key : (8~63 ASCII or 64 HEX)

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

Helpful Hints...

- Changing your Wireless Network Name is the first step in securing your wireless network. We recommend that you change it to a familiar name that does not contain any personal information.
- Enable Auto Channel Selection let the router can select the best possible channel for your wireless network to operate on.
- Enabling WMM can help control latency and jitter when transmitting multimedia content over a wireless connection.
- Enabling Hidden Mode is another way to secure your network. With this option enabled, no wireless clients will be able to see your wireless network when they perform a scan to see what's available. In order for your wireless devices to connect to your router, you will need to manually enter the Wireless Network Name on each device.
- If you have enabled Wireless Security, make sure you write down the WEP Key or Passphrase that you have configured. You will need to enter this information on any wireless device that you connect to your wireless network.

Wireless Channel: Indicates the channel setting for the DIR-456U. By default the channel is set to 11. This can be changed to fit the channel setting for an existing wireless network or to customize your wireless network. Click **Auto Channel Scan** to automatically select the channel that it will operate on. This option is recommended because the router will choose the channel with the least amount of interference.

Visibility Status: Select **Invisible** if you do not want the SSID of your wireless network to be broadcasted by DIR-456U. The SSID of your router will not be seen by Site Survey utilities. Therefore while setting up your wireless clients, you will have to manually enter your SSID to connect to the router.

WIRELESS SECURITY MODE

Security Mode: This device supports three wireless security modes, **WEP**, **WPA-Personal**, **WPA-Enterprise** or **None**. WEP is the original wireless encryption standard. WPA provides a higher level of security and WPA-Personal does not require an authentication server. When WPA enterprise is enabled, the router uses EAP (802.1x) to authenticate clients via a remote RADIUS server.

Radius Server IP: IP address of RADIUS server.

Radius Port: The port used for RADIUS server. The default port is 1812.

Radius Shared Key: Key value shared by RADIUS server and this device.

Please refer to **Section 4 - Wireless Security** for more information on security and encryption.

Click **Save Settings** to save your changes, or click **Don't Save Settings** to discard your changes.

The screenshot shows the D-Link DIR-456U web interface. The top navigation bar includes 'Product Page : DIR-456' and 'Firmware Version : 1.0'. The main menu has tabs for 'SETUP', 'ADVANCED', 'TOOLS', 'STATUS', and 'SUPPORT'. The 'WIRELESS NETWORK' section is active, displaying configuration options for the wireless network. The 'WIRELESS NETWORK SETTINGS' section includes:

- Enable Wireless:** Checked, with 'Always' selected in the dropdown and a 'New Schedule' button.
- Wireless Network Name:** 'dlink' (Also called the SSID).
- Enable Auto Channel Selection:** Unchecked.
- Wireless Channel:** '6'.
- Transmission Rate:** 'Best (automatic)' (Mbit/s).
- WMM Enable:** Checked (Wireless QoS).
- Enable Hidden Wireless:** Unchecked (Also called the SSID Broadcast).

 The 'WIRELESS SECURITY MODE' section shows:

- Security Mode:** 'Enable WPA/WPA2 Wireless Security (enhanced)'.

 The 'WPA/WPA2' section includes:

- Cipher Type:** 'AUTO(TKIP/AES)'.
- PSK / EAP:** 'PSK'.
- Network Key:** '22e7243e7393d8eb612e03a0d3ed4d023150' (8~63 ASCII or 64 HEX).

 A 'Helpful Hints...' sidebar on the right provides additional information:

- Changing your Wireless Network Name is the first step in securing your wireless network. We recommend that you change it to a familiar name that does not contain any personal information.
- Enable Auto Channel Selection let the router can select the best possible channel for your wireless network to operate on.
- Enabling WMM can help control latency and jitter when transmitting multimedia content over a wireless connection.
- Enabling Hidden Mode is another way to secure your network. With this option enabled, no wireless clients will be able to see your wireless network when they perform a scan to see what's available. In order for your wireless devices to connect to your router, you will need to manually enter the Wireless Network Name on each device.
- If you have enabled Wireless Security, make sure you write down the WEP Key or Passphrase that you have configured. You will need to enter this information on any wireless device that you connect to your wireless network.

Network Settings

Router Settings

This section will help you to change the internal network settings of your router and to configure the DHCP Server settings.

Router IP Address: Enter the IP address of the router. The default IP address is **192.168.0.1**.

If you change the IP address, you will need to enter the new IP address in your browser to get into the configuration utility.

Default Subnet Mask: Enter the **Subnet Mask** of the router. The default subnet mask is **255.255.255.0**.

Local Domain Name: Enter the local domain name for your network.

Click **Save Settings** to save your changes, or click **Don't Save Settings** to discard your changes.

Product Page : DIR-456 Firmware Version : 1.00

D-Link

| DIR-456 | SETUP | ADVANCED | TOOLS | STATUS | SUPPORT |
|---|--|----------|-------|--------|--|
| INTERNET WIRELESS SETTINGS NETWORK SETTINGS MESSAGE SERVICE | <div style="background-color: #f0f0f0; padding: 5px;">NETWORK SETTINGS</div> <p>Use this section to configure the internal network settings of your router and also to configure the built-in DHCP server to assign IP addresses to computers on your network. The IP address that is configured here is the IP address that you use to access the Web-based management interface. If you change the IP address in this section, you may need to adjust your PC's network settings to access the network again.</p> <p>Please note that this section is optional and you do not need to change any of the settings here to get your network up and running.</p> <p style="text-align: right;"> <input type="button" value="Save Settings"/> <input type="button" value="Don't Save Settings"/> </p> <hr/> <div style="background-color: #f0f0f0; padding: 5px;">ROUTER SETTINGS</div> <p>Use this section to configure the internal network settings of your router. The IP address that is configured here is the IP address that you use to access the Web-based management interface. If you change the IP address here, you may need to adjust your PC's network settings to access the network again.</p> <p> Router IP Address : <input type="text" value="192.168.0.1"/> Default Subnet Mask : <input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/> Host Name : <input type="text" value="DIR-456"/> Local Domain Name : <input type="text"/> (optional) Enable DNS Relay : <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> </p> <hr/> <div style="background-color: #f0f0f0; padding: 5px;">DHCP SERVER SETTINGS</div> <p>Use this section to configure the built-in DHCP server to assign IP address to the computers on your network.</p> <p> Enable DHCP Server : <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DHCP IP Address Range : <input type="text" value="100"/> to <input type="text" value="199"/> (addresses within the LAN subnet) DHCP Lease Time : <input type="text" value="1440"/> (minutes) </p> | | | | Helpful Hints... <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If you already have a DHCP server on your network or are using static IP addresses on all the devices on your network, uncheck Enable DHCP Server to disable this feature. • If you have devices on your network that should always have fixed IP addresses, add a DHCP Reservation for each such device. |

DHCP Server Settings

The DIR-456U has a built-in DHCP (Dynamic Host Control Protocol) server. The DHCP server assigns IP addresses to devices on the network that request them. By default, the DHCP Server is enabled on the device. The DHCP address pool contains a range of IP addresses, which is automatically assigned to the clients on the network.

Enable DHCP Server: Select this box to enable the DHCP server on your router.

DHCP IP Address Range: Enter the starting and ending IP address for the server's IP assignment.

DHCP Lease Time: The time period for the IP address lease. Enter the Lease time in minutes.

DHCP SERVER SETTINGS
Use this section to configure the built-in DHCP server to assign IP address to the computers on your network.
Enable DHCP Server :
DHCP IP Address Range : to (addresses within the LAN subnet)
DHCP Lease Time : (minutes)

Click **Save Settings** to save your changes, or click **Don't Save Settings** to discard your changes.

DHCP Reservations

Enable: Select the box next to the computer name to enable the DHCP reservation.

Computer Name: Specifies the name of the workstation.

IP Address: Specifies IP Address of the workstation.

MAC Address: Specifies the MAC Address of workstation.

Click **Save Settings** to save your changes, or click **Don't Save Settings** to discard your changes.

DHCP RESERVATIONS LIST

| Host Name | IP Address | MAC Address | Expired Time |
|-----------|------------|-------------|--------------|
| | | | |

NUMBER OF DYNAMIC DHCP CLIENTS

| Host Name | IP Address | MAC Address | Expired Time |
|-----------------|---------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| 07134PCWINXPSP2 | 192.168.0.100 | 00:21:9b:57:2a:9b | 23 Hours 52 Minutes |

24 - DHCP RESERVATION

Remaining number of rules that can be created: 24

| | Computer Name | IP Address | MAC Address | |
|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | << Computer Name ▼ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | << Computer Name ▼ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | << Computer Name ▼ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | << Computer Name ▼ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | << Computer Name ▼ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | << Computer Name ▼ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | << Computer Name ▼ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | << Computer Name ▼ |

Message Service

If your ISP provide **SMS** service, you can create new messages, and manage your messages from this page.

SMS INBOX

SMS Inbox: Click this button to view any SMS message that you may have received.

CREATE MESSAGE

Create Message: Click this button to create a message.

The screenshot shows the D-Link DIR-456 web interface. At the top, it displays 'Product Page : DIR-456' and 'Firmware Version : 1.00'. The D-Link logo is prominently featured. Below the logo is a navigation menu with tabs for 'DIR-456', 'SETUP', 'ADVANCED', 'TOOLS', 'STATUS', and 'SUPPORT'. The 'MESSAGE SERVICE' section is highlighted in orange. Underneath, there is a sub-section for 'MESSAGE SERVICE' with the text 'Message Service provides the useful tools for message management.' Below this, there is a section for 'SMS INBOX' with the text 'If you would like to view SMS message,click on the button below.' and a button labeled 'SMS Inbox'. Finally, there is a section for 'CREATE MESSAGE' with the text 'If you would like to create and send SMS message,then click on the button below.' and a button labeled 'Create Message'.

CREATE MESSAGE

This page allows you to send an SMS to your contacts. Just fill in the phone number of the recipient, and type the content of message. Then push the “Send Message” button to send out this message. If you would like to add more than one recipient, you must put a semicolon (;) between each of the phone numbers.

Receiver: Type the phone number of the recipient.

Text Message: Type the message that you would like to send.

Sent Message: Click this button to send the message.

Cancel: Click this button to cancel message input.

INBOX

This page shows all messages that are stored on the SIM card. Selecting a message, and the content will be shown in the SMS window. After you read it, you can delete it, or reply to the sender. Push the “Refresh” button to update the list.

SMS

Delete Message: Deletes the selected SMS message.

Reply Message: Replies to the selected SMS message.

Refresh: Click this button to check for new messages.

Virtual Server

The device can be configured as a virtual server so that users can access services such as Web or FTP via the public (WAN) IP address of the router.

Use schedule rule: You may select **Always On** or choose the number of a schedule rule that you have defined.

VIRTUAL SERVERS LIST

ID: Identifies the virtual server.

Server IP: Port: Enter the last digits of the IP address of the computer on your local network that you want to allow the incoming service. In the next box, enter the port number that you would like to open.

Enable: Select this box to enable the rule.

Schedule Rule #: Specify the schedule rule number.

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D-Link

DIR-456 // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

VIRTUAL SERVER

The Virtual Server option allows you to define a single public port on your router for redirection to an internal LAN IP Address and Private LAN port if required. This feature is useful for hosting online services such as FTP or Web Servers.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

24 - VIRTUAL SERVERS LIST

Remaining number of rules that can be created: 24

| | Name | Application Name | IP Address | Computer Name | Port | Traffic Type | Protocol | Schedule |
|--------------------------|------|---------------------|------------|------------------|--------|--------------|----------|----------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | | << Application Name | | << Computer Name | Public | | All | Always |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | | << Application Name | | << Computer Name | Public | | All | Always |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | | << Application Name | | << Computer Name | Public | | All | Always |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | | << Application Name | | << Computer Name | Public | | All | Always |

Helpful Hints...

- Check the **Application Name** drop down menu for a list of predefined server types. If you select one of the predefined server types, click the arrow button next to the drop down menu to fill out the corresponding field.
- You can select a computer from the list of DHCP clients in the **Computer Name** drop down menu, or you can manually enter the IP address of the computer at which you would like to open the specified port.
- Select a schedule for when the virtual server will be enabled. If you do not see the schedule you need in the list of schedules, go to the **Tools -> Schedules** screen and create a new schedule.

Click **Save Settings** to save your changes, or click **Don't Save Settings** to discard your changes.

Application Rules

Some applications require multiple connections, such as Internet gaming, video conferencing, Internet telephony and others. These applications have difficulties working through NAT (Network Address Translation). **Applications Rules** allow some of these applications work with the DIR-456U.

APPLICATION RULES

Enable: Select this box to enable the rule.

Name: Enter a name for the rule.

Applications: Select from a list of popular applications.

Trigger: The name of the trigger.

Trigger: The port that will be used on your internal network.

Firewall: The port that will be accessed from the Internet.

Protocol: Select TCP or UDP.

Schedule: Specify whether the rule should always be active, or active according a predefined schedule.

Click **Save Settings** to save your changes, or click **Don't Save Settings** to discard your changes.

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D-Link

DIR-456 // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

APPLICATION RULES

The Application Rules option is used to open single or multiple ports in your firewall when the router senses data sent to the Internet on an outgoing "Trigger" port or port range. Special Application rules apply to all computers on your internal network.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

24 -- APPLICATION RULES

Remaining number of rules that can be created: 24

| | Name | Application | Port | Traffic Type | Schedule |
|--------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="text"/> | << Application Name >> | Trigger <input type="text"/> Firewall <input type="text"/> | Protocol All Protocol All | Schedule Always |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="text"/> | << Application Name >> | Trigger <input type="text"/> Firewall <input type="text"/> | Protocol All Protocol All | Schedule Always |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="text"/> | << Application Name >> | Trigger <input type="text"/> Firewall <input type="text"/> | Protocol All Protocol All | Schedule Always |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="text"/> | << Application Name >> | Trigger <input type="text"/> Firewall <input type="text"/> | Protocol All Protocol All | Schedule Always |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="text"/> | << Application Name >> | Trigger <input type="text"/> Firewall <input type="text"/> | Protocol All Protocol All | Schedule Always |

Helpful Hints...

- Use this feature if you are trying to execute one of the listed network applications and it is not communicating as expected.
- Use the Application Name drop-down menu to view a list of pre-defined applications that you can select from. If you select one of the pre-defined applications, click the arrow button next to the drop-down menu to fill out the appropriate fields.

QoS Engine

The **QoS Engine** improves your online gaming experience by ensuring that your game traffic is prioritized over other network traffic, such as FTP or Web. For best performance, use the Automatic Classification option to automatically set the priority for the applications.

QoS ENGINE SETUP

Enable QoS Engine: Check this option if you want to enable the QoS function.

Automatic Uplink Speed: Check this option to automatically get the optimal performance.

Measured Uplink Speed: This field displays the current measured uplink speed here.

Manual Uplink Speed: If the measured uplink speed is not optimal, please disable the Automatic Uplink Speed and select the transmission rate from drop-down menu.

Connection Type: You can choose auto-detect for the known connection type. Or choose xDSL or cable etc if you know what connection type you use for the Internet network.

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DIR-456 // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

QoS ENGINE

Use this section to configure D-Link's Smart QoS. The QoS Engine improves your online gaming experience by ensuring that your game traffic is prioritized over other network traffic, such as FTP or Web.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

QoS ENGINE SETUP

Enable QoS Engine :

Automatic Uplink Speed :

Measured Uplink Speed : Not Estimated

Manual Uplink Speed : kbps << Select Transmission Rate

Connection Type : Auto-detect

Detected xDSL or Other Frame : Relay Network

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

Helpful Hints...

- Some experimentation and performance measurement may be required to converge on the optimal value.

Click **Save Settings** to save your changes, or click **Don't Save Settings** to discard your changes.

Network Filter

The **MAC (Media Access Controller) Address Filter** option is used to control network access based on the MAC Address of the network adapter. A MAC address is a unique ID assigned by the manufacturer of the network adapter. This feature can be configured to **ALLOW** or **DENY** network/Internet access.

MAC FILTERING SETTINGS

Enable: Select this box to enable MAC Filtering.

MAC Address: The MAC address of the network device to be added to the MAC Filter List.

DHCP Client List: DHCP clients will have their hostname in the Computer Name drop down menu. You can select the client computer you want to add to the MAC Filter List and click arrow button. This will automatically add that computer's MAC address to the appropriate field.

Click **Save Settings** to save your changes, or click **Don't Save Settings** to discard your changes.

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DIR-456 // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

MAC ADDRESS FILTER

The MAC (Media Access Controller) Address filter option is used to control network access based on the MAC Address of the network adapter. A MAC address is a unique ID assigned by the manufacturer of the network adapter. This feature can be configured to ALLOW or DENY network/Internet access.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

24 -- MAC FILTERING RULES

Configure MAC Filtering below:
Turn MAC Filtering OFF

Remaining number of rules that can be created: 24

| | MAC Address | | DHCP Client List | Schedule |
|--------------------------|-------------|----|------------------|---------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | | << | Computer Name | Always New Schedule |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | | << | Computer Name | Always New Schedule |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | | << | Computer Name | Always New Schedule |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | | << | Computer Name | Always New Schedule |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | | << | Computer Name | Always New Schedule |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | | << | Computer Name | Always New Schedule |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | | << | Computer Name | Always New Schedule |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | | << | Computer Name | Always New Schedule |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | | << | Computer Name | Always New Schedule |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | | << | Computer Name | Always New Schedule |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | | << | Computer Name | Always New Schedule |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | | << | Computer Name | Always New Schedule |

Helpful Hints...

- Create a list of MAC addresses and choose whether to allow or deny them access to your network.
- Computers that have obtained an IP address from the router's DHCP server will be in the DHCP Client List. Select a device from the drop down menu and click the arrow to add that device's MAC to the list.
- Use the check box on the left to either enable or disable a particular entry.
- Use the **Always** drop down menu if you have previously defined a schedule in the router. If not, click on the **New Schedule** button to add one.

Website Filter

URL Filter allows you to set up a list of Web-sites that will be blocked from users on your network.

WEBSITE FILTERING RULES

Configure Website Filter Below: Specify the way website filtering should operate. You may specify from the following:

- Turn OFF WEBSITE FILTERING
- **ALLOW** access to **ONLY** these sites
- **DENY** access to **ONLY** these sites

Website URL: Enter the URLs that you would like to filter. Select the checkbox next to the URL to enable the URL.

Schedule: Choose whether the filter should always be on, or specify a schedule to use. Select **New Schedule** to create a new schedule.

Click **Save Settings** to save your changes, or click **Don't Save Settings** to discard your changes.

Firewall Settings

Firewall rules can be used to allow or deny traffic passing through the router. You can specify a single port by utilizing the input box at the top or a range of ports by utilizing both input boxes. DMZ means “Demilitarized Zone.” DMZ allows computer behind the router firewall to be accessible to Internet traffic. Typically, your DMZ would contain Web servers, FTP servers and others.

FIREWALL SETTINGS

Enable SPI: Select this box to enable Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI).

DMZ HOST

Enable DMZ: Select this box to enable to the DMZ.

DMZ IP Address: Select a computer from the dropdown box and click the << button to display the IP address.

Product Page : DIR-456 Firmware Version : 1.00

D-Link

DIR-456 // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

FIREWALL & DMZ SETTINGS

Firewall rules can be used to allow or deny traffic passing through the router. You can specify a single port by utilizing the input box at the top or a range of ports by utilizing both input boxes. DMZ means "Demilitarized Zone". DMZ allows computers behind the router firewall to be accessible to Internet traffic. Typically, your DMZ would contain Web servers, FTP servers and others.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

FIREWALL SETTINGS

Enable SPI :

DMZ HOST

The DMZ (Demilitarized Zone) option lets you set a single computer on your network outside of the router. If you have a computer that cannot run Internet applications successfully from behind the router, then you can place the computer into the DMZ for unrestricted Internet access.

Note: Putting a computer in the DMZ may expose that computer to a variety of security risks. Use of this option is only recommended as a last resort.

Enable DMZ :

DMZ IP Address : <<
 Computer Name

Helpful Hints...

- DMZ:** Only enable the DMZ option as a last resort. If you are having trouble using an application from a computer behind the router, first try opening ports associated with the application in the Advanced Port Forwarding section.
- Firewall:** Firewall Rules are an advanced feature used to deny or allow traffic from passing through the device. You can create detailed rules for the device. Please refer to the manual for more details and examples.

FIREWALL RULES

- Name:** Enter a name for the rule.
- Interface:** Specify the interface for the source and destination. You may select **LAN**, **WAN**, or **WAN(3G)**.
- IP Address:** Enter the starting and ending IP address that you wish to apply the rule to. If you are only applying this rule to one IP address, you may enter the same IP address in both boxes.
- Protocol:** Specify a protocol for the rule. You may select **TCP**, **UDP**, **ICMP**.
- Action:** Specify whether to **Allow** or **Deny** access.
- Port Range:** Specify the starting port and ending port.
- Schedule:** Specify when the rule should be active. You may choose: Always or specify a schedule. Click **New Schedule** to open the Schedules page.

50 -- FIREWALL RULES

Remaining number of rules that can be created: 50

| | Interface | IP Address | | |
|--------|-----------|------------|------------|--------------|
| Name | Source | | Protocol | Always |
| | | | ALL | New Schedule |
| Action | Dest | | Port Range | |
| Allow | | | | |

Click **Save Settings** to save your changes, or click **Don't Save Settings** to discard your changes.

Advanced Wireless

Advanced Wireless contains settings which can negatively affect the performance of your router if configured improperly. Do not change these settings unless you are already familiar with them or have been instructed to make the change by one of our support personnel.

Transmit Power: You can lower the output power of the router by selecting lower percentage Transmit Power values from the drop down. Your choices are: 100%, 50%, 25%, and 12.5%.

Beacon Interval: Beacons are packets sent by an Access Point to synchronize a wireless network. Specify a Beacon interval value between 20 and 1000. The default value is set to 100 milliseconds.

RTS Threshold: This value should remain at its default setting of 2346. If you encounter inconsistent data flow, only minor modifications to the value range between 256 and 2346 are recommended. The default value for RTS Threshold is set to 2346.

Fragmentation: This value should remain at its default setting of 2346. If you experience a high packet error rate, you may slightly increase your “Fragmentation” value within the value range of 1500 to 2346. Setting the Fragmentation value too low may result in poor performance.

DTIM Interval: Enter a value between 1 and 255 for the Delivery Traffic Indication Message (DTIM). A DTIM is a countdown informing clients of the next window for listening to broadcast and multicast messages. When the Access Point has buffered broadcast or multicast messages for associated clients, it sends the next DTIM with a DTIM Interval value. AP clients hear the beacons and awaken to receive the broadcast and multicast messages. The default value for DTIM interval is set to 1.

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D-Link

DIR-456 // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

ADVANCED WIRELESS SETTINGS

These options are for users that wish to change the behavior of their 802.11n wireless radio from the standard settings. We do not recommend changing these settings from the factory defaults. Incorrect settings may impact the performance of your wireless radio. The default settings should provide the best wireless radio performance in most environments.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

ADVANCED WIRELESS SETTINGS

Transmit Power : 100% (msec, range: 20~1000, default: 100)

Beacon interval : 100 (msec, range: 20~1000, default: 100)

RTS Threshold : 2346 (range: 256~2346, default: 2346)

Fragmentation : 2346 (range: 1500~2346, default: 2346, even number only)

DTIM interval : 1 (range: 1~255, default: 1)

Preamble Type : Short Preamble Long Preamble

Wireless Mode : 802.11 Mixed(n/g/b)

Band Width : 20/40 MHz(Auto)

Short Guard Interval :

Helpful Hints...

- It is recommended that you leave these parameters with their default values. Adjusting them could limit the performance of your wireless network.
- Use 802.11n only for countries where it is required.

Preamble Type: The Preamble Type defines the length of the CRC (Cyclic Redundancy Check) block for communication between the Access Point and roaming wireless adapters. Make sure to select the appropriate preamble type and click the Apply button.

Note: High network traffic areas should use the shorter preamble type. CRC is a common technique for detecting data transmission errors.

Wireless Mode: If all of the wireless devices you want to connect with this access point can connect in the same transmission mode, you can improve performance slightly by choosing the appropriate “Only” mode. If you have some devices that use a different transmission mode, choose the appropriate “Mixed” mode.

Band Width: The “Auto 20/40 MHz” option is usually best. The other options are available for special circumstances.

Short Guard Interval: Using a short guard interval can increase throughput. However, it can also increase error rate in some installations, due to increased sensitivity to radio-frequency reflections. Select the option that works best for your installation .

Wi-Fi Protected Setup

Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) is used to easily add devices to a network using a PIN or button press. Devices must support Wi-Fi Protected Setup in order to be configured by this method.

If the PIN changes, the new PIN will be used in following Wi-Fi Protected Setup process. Clicking on “Don’t Save Settings” will not reset the PIN. However, if the new PIN is not saved, it will be lost when the device reboots or loses power.

WI-FI PROTECTED SETUP

Enable: Select this box to enable the WPS if wireless devices you wish to include in the local network support Wi-Fi Protected Setup.

PIN Settings: Only the “Admin” account can change security settings.

Reset PIN to Default: Resets the PIN to the default number shown on the device.

Generate New PIN: Generates a new PIN number for the device.

Add Wireless Station: Click **Connect your Wireless Device** to add wireless devices to the wireless network.

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D-Link

DIR-456 // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

WI-FI PROTECTED SETUP

Wi-Fi Protected Setup is used to easily add devices to a network using a PIN or button press. Devices must support Wi-Fi Protected Setup in order to be configured by this method. If the PIN changes, the new PIN will be used in following Wi-Fi Protected Setup process. Clicking on "Don't Save Settings" button will not reset the PIN. However, if the new PIN is not saved, it will get lost when the device reboots or loses power.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

WI-FI PROTECTED SETUP

Enable :

Reset to Unconfigured

PIN SETTINGS

PIN : 70556025

Reset PIN to Default Generate New PIN

ADD WIRELESS STATION

Connect your Wireless Device

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

Helpful Hints...

- Enable if other wireless devices you wish to include in the local network support Wi-Fi Protected Setup.
- Only "Admin" account can change security settings.
- Click **Connect your Wireless Device** to use Wi-Fi Protected Setup to add wireless devices to the wireless network.

Click **Save Settings** to save your changes, or click **Don't Save Settings** to discard your changes.

STEP 1: SELECT CONFIGURATION METHOD

You may select **Auto** if your device supports WPS. You may select **Manual** if you would like to view the current wireless setting for configuring your device manually.

STEP 2: CONNECT YOUR WIRELESS DEVICE

If **Auto** configuration is chose, you will be given the option to add a wireless device using a PIN, or using the Push Button Configuration (PBC).

PIN: Enter the PIN from your wireless device and click the **Connect** button on your screen within 120 seconds.

PBC: Press the WPS button on your wireless device and click the **Connect** button on your screen within 120 seconds.

If **Manual** Configuration is chosen, you will see a screen like the one shown on the right.

Click **Next** to save your changes, or click **Cancel** to discard your changes.

STEP 1: SELECT CONFIGURATION METHOD FOR YOUR WIRELESS NETWORK

Please select one of following configuration methods and click next to continue.

Auto Select this option if your wireless device supports WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup)

Manual Select this option will display the current wireless settings for you to configure the wireless device manually

Prev Next Cancel Connect

STEP 2: CONNECT YOUR WIRELESS DEVICE

There are two ways to add wireless device to your wireless network:
 -PIN (Personal Identification Number)
 -PBC (Push Button Configuration)

PIN :

please enter the PIN from your wireless device and click the below "Connect" Button within 120 seconds

PBC

please press the push button on your wireless device and click the below "Connect" Button within 120 seconds

Prev Next Cancel Connect

STEP 2: CONNECT YOUR WIRELESS DEVICE

Below is a detailed summary of your wireless security settings. Please print this page out, or write the information on a piece of paper, so you can configure the correct settings on your wireless client adapters.

SSID: dlink
 Security Mode: Auto (WPA or WPA2) - Personal
 Cipher Type: TKIP and AES
 Pre-shared Key: 22e7243e7393d8eb612e03a0d3ed4d023150c3c0be7b81e9060c19b4cef14a0e

Prev Next Cancel Wireless Status

Advanced Network

Advanced Network contains settings which can change the way the router handles certain types of traffic. We recommend that you do not change any of these settings unless you are already familiar with them or have been instructed to make the change by one of our support personnel.

Enable UPnP: UPnP is short for Universal Plug and Play which is a networking architecture that provides compatibility among networking equipment, software, and peripherals. The device is a UPnP enabled router, meaning it will work with other UPnP devices/software. If you do not want to use the UPnP functionality, it can be disabled by selecting “Disabled”.

Enable WAN Ping Respond: When you Enable WAN Ping respond, you are causing the public WAN (Wide Area Network) IP address on the device to respond to ping commands sent by Internet users. Pinging public WAN IP addresses is a common method used by hackers to test whether your WAN IP address is valid.

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D-Link

DIR-456 // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

ADVANCED NETWORK SETTINGS

These options are for users that wish to change the LAN settings. We do not recommend changing these settings from factory default. Changing these settings may affect the behavior of your network.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

UPNP

Universal Plug and Play(UPnP) supports peer-to-peer Plug and Play functionality for network devices.

Enable UPnP :

WAN PING

If you enable this feature, the WAN port of your router will respond to ping requests from the Internet that are sent to the WAN IP Address.

Enable WAN Ping Response :

WAN PORT SPEED

WAN Port Speed : Auto 10/100Mbps

MULTICAST STREAMS

Enable Multicast Streams :

Wireless Enhance Mode :

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

Helpful Hints...

- For added security, it is recommended that you disable the **WAN Ping Respond** option. Ping is often used by malicious Internet users to locate active networks or PCs.
- The WAN speed is usually detected automatically. If you are having problems connecting to the WAN, try selecting the speed manually.
- If you are having trouble receiving video on demand type of service from the Internet, make sure the Multicast Stream option is enabled.

WAN Port Speed: This allows you to select the speed of the WAN interface of the router. You may select 100Mbps, 10Mbps, or 10/100Mbps Auto.

Multicast Streams: Enable this option to allow Multicast traffic to pass from the Internet to your network more efficiently.

Enable Multicast Streams: Enable this option if you are receiving video on demand type of service from the Internet. The router uses the IGMP protocol to support efficient multicasting -- transmission of identical content, such as multimedia, from a source to a number of recipients. This option must be enabled if any applications on the LAN participate in a multicast group. If you have a multimedia LAN application that is not receiving content as expected, try enabling this option.

Click **Save Settings** to save your changes, or click **Don't Save Settings** to discard your changes.

Call Setting

The **Call Setting** page allows you to configure the settings for incoming calls. The DIR-456U allows you to connect a standard landline telephone and receive calls to the mobile number associated with your SIM card.

TELEPHONY SETTING

Caller ID Display: Select this box to enable Caller ID display.

Caller ID Delivery: Select this box to enable Caller ID delivery.

Call Waiting: Select this box to enable call waiting.

CALL FORWARDING

Unconditional Number: Select this box to enable the **Unconditional Number**. Enter the number in the box provided.

Busy Number: Select this box to enable the **Busy Number**. Enter the number in the box provided.

No Answer Number: Select this box to enable the **No Answer Number**. Enter the number in the box provided.

No Answer Timer: Specify the **No Answer Time** in seconds.

Not Reachable Number: Select this box to enable the **Not Reachable Number**. Enter the number in the box provided.

If your mobile service does not support these features, you will see a message at the bottom of the screen stating **No network service or Request was rejected**.

Click **Save Settings** to save your changes, or click **Don't Save Settings** to discard your changes.

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D-Link

DIR-456 // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

VIRTUAL SERVER
PORT FORWARDING
APPLICATION RULES
QOS ENGINE
NETWORK FILTER
WEBSITE FILTER
FIREWALL SETTINGS
ADVANCED WIRELESS
WI-FI PROTECTED SETUP
ADVANCED NETWORK
CALL SETTING

TELEPHONY SETTING

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

TELEPHONY SETTING

Caller ID Display :
 Caller ID Delivery :
 Call waiting :

CALL FORWARDING:

Unconditional Number :
 Busy Number :
 No Answer Number :
 No Answer Timer : sec
 Not Reachable Number :

No network service or Request was rejected

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

Admin

The **Admin** page allows you to change the Administrator password and enable Remote Management. Admin has read/write access while the user has read-only access. Only the admin has the ability to change both admin and user account passwords.

ADMINISTRATOR

Admin Password: Enter and confirm the password that the admin account will use to access the router's management interface.

REMOTE MANAGEMENT

Enable Graphical Authentication: Enabling Graphical Authentication make you router more secure by helping to prevent against automated attacks.

Remote Management: Remote management allows the DIR-456U to be configured from the Internet using a web browser. A username and password is still required to access the Web-Management interface. Usually only a member of your network can browse the built-in web pages to perform Administrator tasks. This feature enables you to perform Administrator tasks from the remote (Internet) host.

Remote Admin Port: This is the port number used to access the router.
Example: 8080 is the port used for the Web-Management interface.

The screenshot shows the D-Link DIR-456U web management interface. The top navigation bar includes 'DIR-456U', 'SETUP', 'ADVANCED', 'TOOLS', 'STATUS', and 'SUPPORT'. The 'ADMINISTRATOR SETTINGS' section is active, displaying the following content:

ADMINISTRATOR SETTINGS
The 'admin' account can access the management interface. The admin has read/write access and can change password.
By default there is no password configured. It is highly recommended that you create a password to keep your router secure.
[Save Settings] [Don't Save Settings]

ADMIN PASSWORD
Please enter the same password into both boxes, for confirmation.
Password :
Verify Password :

ADMINISTRATION
Enable Graphical Authentication :
Enable Remote Management :
Remote Admin Port :
[Save Settings] [Don't Save Settings]

Helpful Hints...
• For security reasons, it is recommended that you change the password for the Admin account. Be sure to write down the new password to avoid having to reset the router in case they are forgotten.

Click **Save Settings** to save your changes, or click **Don't Save Settings** to discard your changes.

Time

This section will help you set the time zone that you are in and the NTP (Network Time Protocol) Server. Daylight Saving can also be configured to adjust the time when needed.

Time Zone: Select the appropriate **Time Zone** from the drop-down box.

Enable Daylight Saving: Select this checkbox to enter a start date and an end date for daylight saving time.

Automatic Time and Date Configuration: The Network Time Protocol (NTP) synchronizes the computer's clock over a network.

Set the Time and Date Manually: Manually enter the values for **Year, Month, Day, Hour, Minute, and Second.**

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D-Link

DIR-456 // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

TIME AND DATE

The Time and Date Configuration option allows you to configure, update, and maintain the correct time on the internal system clock. From this section you can set the time zone you are in and set the NTP (Network Time Protocol) Server. Daylight Saving can also be configured to adjust the time when needed.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

TIME AND DATE CONFIGURATION

Time : 2000/01/01 00:18:52

Time Zone : (GMT+08:00) Taipei

Enable Daylight Saving : Sync. your computer's time settings

AUTOMATIC TIME AND DATE CONFIGURATION

Automatically synchronize with D-Link's Internet time server

NTP Server Used : Select NTP Server Update Now

SET THE TIME AND DATE MANUALLY

Year: 2009 Month: Nov Day: 27

Hour: 14 Minute: 4 Second: 47

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

Helpful Hints...

- Either enter the time manually by clicking the **Sync. Your Computers Time Settings** button, or use the **Automatic Time Configuration** option to have your router synchronize with a time server on the Internet.

Click **Save Settings** to save your changes, or click **Don't Save Settings** to discard your changes.

Email Settings

The Email feature can be used to send the system log files and router alert messages.

From Email Address: Enter the e-mail address to be displayed in the from field of the e-mail that is sent from the router.

To Email Address: Enter the e-mail address of the recipient.

Email Subject: Enter the subject of the e-mail to be sent.

SMTP Server Address: Enter the SMTP server address for your e-mail account.

Account Name: Enter the account name for your e-mail account.

Password: Enter the password associated with the account.

Verify Password: Re-enter the password associated with the account.

Send Mail Now: Click the **Send Mail Now** button to send a test message to e-mail address specified in the **To Email Address** field.

Click **Save Settings** to save your changes, or click **Don't Save Settings** to discard your changes.

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D-Link

DIR-456 // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

ADMIN
TIME
EMAIL SETTINGS
SYSTEM
FIRMWARE
DYNAMIC DNS
SYSTEM CHECK
SCHEDULES

EMAIL SETTINGS

The Email feature can be used to send the system log files, router alert messages.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

EMAIL SETTINGS

From Email Address :
To Email Address :
Email Subject :
SMTP Server Address :
Account Name :
Password :
Verify Password : Send Mail Now

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

Helpful Hints...
• You may want to make the email settings similar to those of your email client program.

System

Here, you can save the current system settings onto the local hard drive.

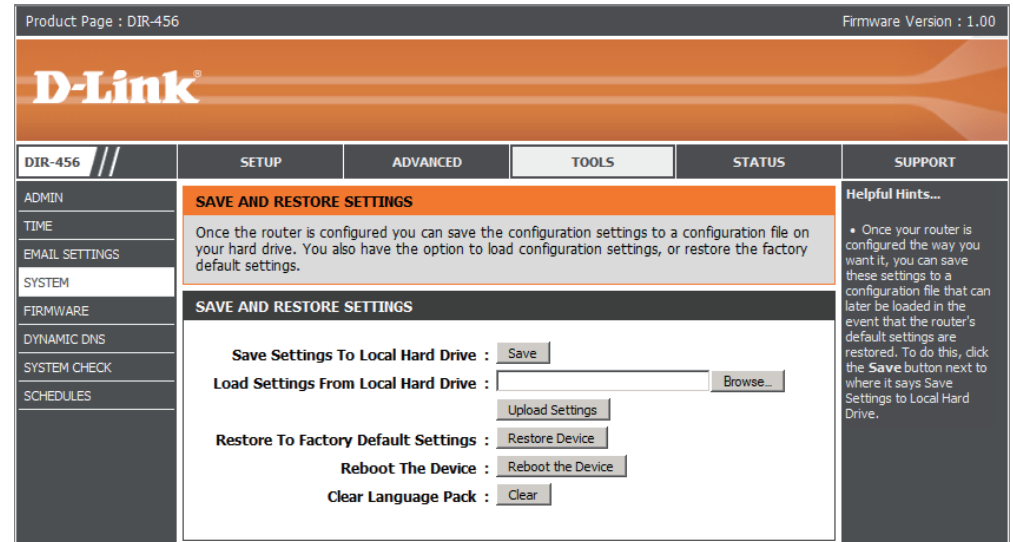
Save To Local Hard Drive: Use this option to save your current router configuration settings to a file and onto your computer. Click **Save** to open a file dialog, and then select a location and file name for the settings.

Load From Local Hard Drive: Use this option to load the previously saved router configuration settings. Browse to find the saved file and then click **Upload Settings** to transfer those settings to the router.

Restore To Factory Default Settings: This option will restore all settings back to their defaults. Any settings that have not been backed up will be lost, including any rules that you have created.

Reboot the Device: Click to reboot your router.

Clear Language Pack: Click **Clear** to clear the language pack that has been installed to the router and restore the default language.



Firmware

Here, you can upgrade the firmware of your Router. Make sure the firmware you want to use is on the local hard drive of the computer and then click **Browse** to select the file to be uploaded. Please check the D-Link support site for firmware updates at <http://support.dlink.com>. You can download firmware upgrades to your hard drive from the D-Link support site.

Current Firmware Version: Displays your current firmware version.

Browse: After you have downloaded the new firmware, click **Browse** to locate the firmware on your computer.

Click **Upload** to start the firmware upgrade.

The screenshot shows the D-Link DIR-456 web interface. At the top, it displays 'Product Page : DIR-456' and 'Firmware Version : 1.00'. The D-Link logo is prominently featured. Below the logo, there are navigation tabs: DIR-456 //, SETUP, ADVANCED, TOOLS, STATUS, and SUPPORT. The 'TOOLS' tab is selected, and the 'FIRMWARE UPDATE' section is active. This section contains instructions on how to upgrade the firmware and language pack, along with a link to the support site. Below this, the 'FIRMWARE INFORMATION' section shows the current firmware version (1.00) and date (Fri 13 Nov 2009), with a 'Check Now' button. The 'FIRMWARE UPGRADE' section includes a note about factory defaults and an 'Upload' button with a 'Browse...' button next to it. The 'LANGUAGE PACK UPGRADE' section also has an 'Upload' button with a 'Browse...' button next to it. On the right side, there is a 'Helpful Hints...' section with a bullet point about firmware updates.

Dynamic DNS

The DDNS feature allows you to host a server (Web, FTP, or Game Server) using a domain name that you have purchased (yourname.com) with your dynamically assigned IP address.

Sign up for D-Link's free DDNS service at www.dlinkddns.com.

Enable Dynamic DNS: Dynamic Domain Name System is a method of keeping a domain name linked to a changing IP Address. Select this box to enable DDNS.

Provider: Select your DDNS provider from the drop-down box.

Host Name: Enter the **Host Name** that you registered with your DDNS service provider.

Username / E-mail: Enter the **Username** for your DDNS account.

Password / Key: Enter the **Password** for your DDNS account.

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D-Link

DIR-456 // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

DYNAMIC DNS

The Dynamic DNS feature allows you to host a server (Web, FTP, Game Server, etc...) using a domain name that you have purchased (www.whateveryournameis.com) with your dynamically assigned IP address. Most broadband Internet Service Providers assign dynamic (changing) IP addresses. Using a DDNS service provider, your friends can enter your host name to connect to your game server no matter what your IP address is.

[Sign up for D-Link's Free DDNS service at www.DLinkDDNS.com.](http://www.DLinkDDNS.com)

DYNAMIC DNS SETTINGS

Enable DDNS :

Server Address :

Host Name :

User Account :

Password :

Helpful Hints...

- To use this feature, you must first have a Dynamic DNS account from one of the providers in the drop down menu.

Click **Save Settings** to save your changes, or click **Don't Save Settings** to discard your changes.

System Check

This useful diagnostic utility can be used to check if a computer is connected to the network. It sends ping packets and listens for responses from the specific host.

Host Name or IP Address: Enter a host name or the IP address that you want to ping (Packet Internet Groper) and click **Ping**.

PING Result: The status of your Ping attempt will be displayed in the Ping Result box.

The screenshot displays the D-Link DIR-456 web interface. At the top, it shows 'Product Page : DIR-456' and 'Firmware Version : 1.00'. The D-Link logo is prominently displayed. Below the logo, there is a navigation menu with tabs for 'DIR-456', 'SETUP', 'ADVANCED', 'TOOLS', 'STATUS', and 'SUPPORT'. The 'TOOLS' tab is selected, and the 'PING TEST' utility is active. The interface includes a sidebar with various system settings like ADMIN, TIME, EMAIL SETTINGS, SYSTEM, FIRMWARE, DYNAMIC DNS, SYSTEM CHECK, and SCHEDULES. The main content area is divided into three sections: 'PING TEST' (with a description: 'Ping Test sends "ping" packets to test a computer on the Internet.'), a form for 'Host Name or IP Address' with a 'Ping' button, and 'PING RESULT' (with the instruction: 'Enter a host name or IP address above and click "Ping"'). A 'Helpful Hints...' section on the right explains that 'Ping' checks if a computer is running and responding, and provides instructions on how to use the tool.

Schedules

This section allows you to manage schedule rules for various firewall and parental control features.

Name: The name of the schedule being defined.

Day(s): Select a day, range of days, or select the All Week checkbox to have this schedule apply every day.

All Day - 24 hrs: Check this box to have the schedule active the entire 24 hours on the days specified.

Start Time: Select the time at which you would like the schedule being defined to become active.

End Time: Select the time at which you would like the schedule being defined to become inactive.

Schedule Rules List: This displays all the schedules that have been defined.

Product Page : DIR-456 Firmware Version : 1.00

D-Link

DIR-456 // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

SCHEDULES

The Schedule configuration option is used to manage schedule rules for "WAN", "Wireless", "Virtual Server", "Port Forwarding", "Network Filter", "Website Filter" and "Firewall".

10 -- ADD SCHEDULE RULE

Name :

Day(s) : All Week Select Day(s)

Sun Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat

All Day - 24 hrs :

Start Time : : AM (hour:minute, 12 hour time)

End Time : : PM (hour:minute, 12 hour time)

SCHEDULE RULES LIST

| Name | Day(s) | Time Frame |
|------|--------|------------|
| | | |

Helpful Hints...

- Schedules are used with a number of other features to define when those features are in effect.
- Give each schedule a name that is meaningful to you. For example, a schedule for Monday through Friday from 3:00pm to 9:00pm, might be called "After School".

SCHEDULE RULE SETTING

Name of Rule 1 :

| Week Day | Start Time (hh:mm) | End Time (hh:mm) |
|-----------|---|---|
| Sunday | <input type="text"/> : <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> : <input type="text"/> |
| Monday | <input type="text"/> : <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> : <input type="text"/> |
| Tuesday | <input type="text"/> : <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> : <input type="text"/> |
| Wednesday | <input type="text"/> : <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> : <input type="text"/> |
| Thursday | <input type="text"/> : <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> : <input type="text"/> |
| Friday | <input type="text"/> : <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> : <input type="text"/> |
| Saturday | <input type="text"/> : <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> : <input type="text"/> |
| Every Day | <input type="text"/> : <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> : <input type="text"/> |

Device Information

All of your Internet and network connection details are displayed on this page. The firmware version is also displayed here.

General: Displays the current time and firmware version.

WAN: Displays the MAC address and the private (local) IP settings for the router.

LAN: Displays the MAC address and the public IP settings for the router.

Wireless LAN: Displays the wireless MAC address and your wireless settings such as SSID, Channel, and Encryption type.

The screenshot shows the D-Link DIR-456 web interface. The top navigation bar includes 'DIR-456 //', 'SETUP', 'ADVANCED', 'TOOLS', 'STATUS', and 'SUPPORT'. The main content area is titled 'DEVICE INFORMATION' and contains the following sections:


- GENERAL:**
 - Time : 2000/01/01 00:19:16
 - Firmware Version : 1.00 Fri 13 Nov 2009
- WAN:**
 - Connection Type : DHCP Client
 - Cable Status : Connected
 - WAN Failover Status : Active
 - Network Status : Connected
 - Buttons: Renew, Release
 - Connection Up Time : 0 Day 0 Hour 17 Min 43 Sec
 - MAC Address : 00:24:01:c9:1b:f7
 - IP Address : 172.17.5.77
 - Subnet Mask : 255.255.255.0
 - Default Gateway : 172.17.5.254
 - Primary DNS Server : 192.168.168.250
 - Secondary DNS Server : 192.168.168.201
- LAN:**
 - MAC Address : 00:24:01:c9:1b:f6
 - IP Address : 192.168.0.1
 - Subnet Mask : 255.255.255.0
 - DHCP Server : Enabled
- WIRELESS LAN:**
 - Wireless Radio : Enabled
 - MAC Address : 00:24:01:c9:1b:f6
 - 802.11 Mode : Mixed 802.11n, 802.11g and 802.11b
 - Channel Width : 20/40MHz
 - Channel : 6
 - Network Name (SSID) : dlink
 - Wi-Fi Protected Setup : Disabled
 - Security : WPA/WPA2-PSK

On the right side, there is a 'Helpful Hints...' section with a bullet point: 'All of your LAN, Internet and WIRELESS 802.11N connection details are displayed here.'

Logs

Here, you can view logs and define events that you would like to view.

Product Page : DIR-456 Firmware Version : 1.00



| DIR-456 | SETUP | ADVANCED | TOOLS | STATUS | SUPPORT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|----------|-------|--------|---------|---------|----------------------------|---|----------------------------|--|----------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|--|----------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|--|----------------------------|---|----------------------------|--|----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| DEVICE INFO LOGS STATISTICS INTERNET SESSIONS WIRELESS | <div style="background-color: #f4a460; padding: 5px;">VIEW LOG</div> <p>The View Log displays the activities occurring on the DIR-456.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"> <input type="button" value="Save Settings"/> <input type="button" value="Don't Save Settings"/> </p> <div style="background-color: #333; color: white; padding: 5px;">LOG TYPE & LEVEL</div> <p>Log Type: <input checked="" type="radio"/> System <input type="radio"/> Firewall & Security <input type="radio"/> Router Status</p> <p>Log Level: <input type="radio"/> Critical <input type="radio"/> Warning <input checked="" type="radio"/> Information</p> <div style="background-color: #333; color: white; padding: 5px;">LOG FILES</div> <p style="text-align: center;"> <input type="button" value="First Page"/> <input type="button" value="Last Page"/> <input type="button" value="Previous"/> <input type="button" value="Next"/> <input type="button" value="Clear"/> <input type="button" value="Link To Log Settings"/> </p> <p>Page 1 of 4</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr style="background-color: #eee;"> <th style="width: 20%;">Time</th> <th>Message</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Sat Jan 1 00:09:32 2000</td> <td>DHCP: Server sending ACK to 192.168.0.100. (Lease time = 86400)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sat Jan 1 00:09:32 2000</td> <td>DHCP: Server receive REQUEST from 00:21:9b:57:2a:9b.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sat Jan 1 00:01:55 2000</td> <td>Connect script failed</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sat Jan 1 00:01:38 2000</td> <td>speed 11520 not supported</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sat Jan 1 00:01:38 2000</td> <td>pppd 2.4.2b3 started by (unknown), uid 0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sat Jan 1 00:01:36 2000</td> <td>Connect script failed</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sat Jan 1 00:01:33 2000</td> <td>DHCP: Client receive ACK from 192.168.168.249, IP=172.17.5.77, Lease time=43200.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sat Jan 1 00:01:31 2000</td> <td>DHCP: Client send REQUEST, Request IP 172.17.5.77 from 192.168.168.249.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sat Jan 1 00:01:31 2000</td> <td>DHCP: Client receive OFFER from 192.168.168.249.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sat Jan 1 00:01:31 2000</td> <td>DHCP: Client send DISCOVER.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | | | | Time | Message | Sat Jan 1 00:09:32 2000 | DHCP: Server sending ACK to 192.168.0.100. (Lease time = 86400) | Sat Jan 1 00:09:32 2000 | DHCP: Server receive REQUEST from 00:21:9b:57:2a:9b. | Sat Jan 1 00:01:55 2000 | Connect script failed | Sat Jan 1 00:01:38 2000 | speed 11520 not supported | Sat Jan 1 00:01:38 2000 | pppd 2.4.2b3 started by (unknown), uid 0 | Sat Jan 1 00:01:36 2000 | Connect script failed | Sat Jan 1 00:01:33 2000 | DHCP: Client receive ACK from 192.168.168.249, IP=172.17.5.77, Lease time=43200. | Sat Jan 1 00:01:31 2000 | DHCP: Client send REQUEST, Request IP 172.17.5.77 from 192.168.168.249. | Sat Jan 1 00:01:31 2000 | DHCP: Client receive OFFER from 192.168.168.249. | Sat Jan 1 00:01:31 2000 | DHCP: Client send DISCOVER. | Helpful Hints... <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check the log frequently to detect unauthorized network usage. |
| Time | Message | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sat Jan 1 00:09:32 2000 | DHCP: Server sending ACK to 192.168.0.100. (Lease time = 86400) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sat Jan 1 00:09:32 2000 | DHCP: Server receive REQUEST from 00:21:9b:57:2a:9b. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sat Jan 1 00:01:55 2000 | Connect script failed | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sat Jan 1 00:01:38 2000 | speed 11520 not supported | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sat Jan 1 00:01:38 2000 | pppd 2.4.2b3 started by (unknown), uid 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sat Jan 1 00:01:36 2000 | Connect script failed | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sat Jan 1 00:01:33 2000 | DHCP: Client receive ACK from 192.168.168.249, IP=172.17.5.77, Lease time=43200. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sat Jan 1 00:01:31 2000 | DHCP: Client send REQUEST, Request IP 172.17.5.77 from 192.168.168.249. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sat Jan 1 00:01:31 2000 | DHCP: Client receive OFFER from 192.168.168.249. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sat Jan 1 00:01:31 2000 | DHCP: Client send DISCOVER. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Statistics

Here you can view the packets transmitted and received passing through your router on both WAN and LAN ports. The traffic counter will reset if the device is rebooted.

Product Page : DIR-456 Firmware Version : 1.00

D-Link

| DIR-456 // | SETUP | ADVANCED | TOOLS | STATUS | SUPPORT | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|---------------|-------|--------|--|--|---------|----------|-----------------|---------------|--------------|------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------|---------------|
| DEVICE INFO LOGS STATISTICS INTERNET SESSIONS WIRELESS | TRAFFIC STATISTICS Traffic Statistics displays Receive and Transmit packets passing through the device. | | | | Helpful Hints... <ul style="list-style-type: none"> This is a summary displaying the number of packets that have passed between the Internet and the LAN since the router was last initialized. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | TRAFFIC STATISTICS <div style="text-align: right;"> <input type="button" value="Refresh"/> <input type="button" value="Reset"/> </div> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th style="text-align: center;">Receive</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Transmit</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Internet</td> <td style="text-align: center;">14213 Packets</td> <td style="text-align: center;">8756 Packets</td> </tr> <tr> <td>LAN</td> <td style="text-align: center;">11067 Packets</td> <td style="text-align: center;">10002 Packets</td> </tr> <tr> <td>WIRELESS 11n</td> <td style="text-align: center;">17624 Packets</td> <td style="text-align: center;">120 Packets</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | | | | | | Receive | Transmit | Internet | 14213 Packets | 8756 Packets | LAN | 11067 Packets | 10002 Packets | WIRELESS 11n | 17624 Packets |
| | Receive | Transmit | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Internet | 14213 Packets | 8756 Packets | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LAN | 11067 Packets | 10002 Packets | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| WIRELESS 11n | 17624 Packets | 120 Packets | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

WIRELESS

Internet Sessions

This page displays Source and Destination packets passing through the device.

Product Page : DIR-456 Firmware Version : 1.00

D-Link®

| DIR-456 // | SETUP | ADVANCED | TOOLS | STATUS | SUPPORT | | | | | | |
|---|--|--------------|-------|--------|------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|---|---|--|
| DEVICE INFO LOGS STATISTICS INTERNET SESSIONS WIRELESS | <div style="background-color: #e67e22; color: white; padding: 2px;">INTERNET SESSIONS</div> <div style="background-color: #95a5a6; padding: 5px;"> <p>This page displays Source and Destination packets passing through the device.</p> <input type="button" value="Refresh"/> </div> <div style="background-color: #34495e; color: white; padding: 2px;">NAPT SESSIONS</div> <div style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;"> <p>TCP Sessions : 10</p> <p>UDP Sessions : 1</p> <p>Total : 11</p> </div> <div style="background-color: #34495e; color: white; padding: 2px;">NAPT ACTIVE SESSIONS</div> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr style="background-color: #95a5a6;"> <th style="width: 40%;">IP Address</th> <th style="width: 30%;">TCP Sessions</th> <th style="width: 30%;">UDP Sessions</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>192.168.168.250</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | | | | IP Address | TCP Sessions | UDP Sessions | 192.168.168.250 | 0 | 1 | Helpful Hints... <ul style="list-style-type: none"> An Active session is a conversation between a program or application on a LAN-side computer and a program or application on a WAN-side computer. |
| IP Address | TCP Sessions | UDP Sessions | | | | | | | | | |
| 192.168.168.250 | 0 | 1 | | | | | | | | | |

Wireless

This table displays a list of wireless clients that are connected to your wireless router. It also displays the connection time and MAC address of the connected wireless clients.

| Product Page : DIR-456 | | Firmware Version : 1.00 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|--|-------------------------|-------|---------------|--|------|-------------|------------|------|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| D-Link® | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| DIR-456 // | SETUP | ADVANCED | TOOLS | STATUS | SUPPORT | | | | | | | | | | |
| DEVICE INFO | CONNECTED WIRELESS CLIENT LIST | | | | Helpful Hints... <ul style="list-style-type: none"> This is a list of all wireless clients that are currently connected to your wireless router. | | | | | | | | | | |
| LOGS | View the wireless clients that are connected to the router. (A client might linger in the list for a few minutes after an unexpected disconnect.) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| STATISTICS | NUMBER OF WIRELESS CLIENTS: 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| INTERNET SESSIONS | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>SSID</th> <th>MAC Address</th> <th>IP Address</th> <th>Mode</th> <th>Rate (Mbps)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | | | | | SSID | MAC Address | IP Address | Mode | Rate (Mbps) | | | | | |
| SSID | MAC Address | IP Address | Mode | Rate (Mbps) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| WIRELESS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Support

| | | | | | |
|------------------------|--|-------------------------|--------------|---------------|----------------|
| Product Page : DIR-456 | | Firmware Version : 1.00 | | | |
| D-Link | | | | | |
| DIR-456 // | SETUP | ADVANCED | TOOLS | STATUS | SUPPORT |
| MENU | SUPPORT MENU | | | | |
| SETUP | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Setup • Advanced • Tools • Status | | | | |
| ADVANCED | SETUP HELP | | | | |
| TOOLS | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Internet • Wireless Settings • Network Settings | | | | |
| STATUS | ADVANCED HELP | | | | |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Virtual Server • Port Forwarding • Application Rules • QoS Engine • Network Filter • Website Filter • Firewall Settings • Advanced Wireless • Advanced Network | | | | |
| | TOOLS HELP | | | | |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Device Administration • Time and Date • Email Settings • System • Firmware • Dynamic DNS • System Check • Schedules | | | | |
| | STATUS HELP | | | | |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Device Info • Logs • Statistics • Internet Sessions • Wireless | | | | |

Wireless Security

This section will show you the different levels of security you can use to protect your data from intruders. The

DIR-456U offers the following types of security:

- WPA2 (Wi-Fi Protected Access 2)
- WPA2-PSK (Pre-Shared Key)
- WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access)
- WPA-PSK (Pre-Shared Key)
- WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy)

What is WEP?

WEP stands for Wired Equivalent Privacy. It is based on the IEEE 802.11 standard and uses the RC4 encryption algorithm. WEP provides security by encrypting data over your wireless network so that it is protected as it is transmitted from one wireless device to another.

To gain access to a WEP network, you must know the key. The key is a string of characters that you create. When using WEP, you must determine the level of encryption. The type of encryption determines the key length. 128-bit encryption requires a longer key than 64-bit encryption. Keys are defined by entering in a string in HEX (hexadecimal - using characters 0-9, A-F) or ASCII (American Standard Code for Information Interchange – alphanumeric characters) format. ASCII format is provided so you can enter a string that is easier to remember. The ASCII string is converted to HEX for use over the network. Four keys can be defined so that you can change keys easily.

Configure WEP

It is recommended to enable encryption on your wireless router before your wireless network adapters. Please establish wireless connectivity before enabling encryption. Your wireless signal may degrade when enabling encryption due to the added overhead.

1. Log into the web-based configuration by opening a web browser and entering the IP address of the router (192.168.0.1). Click on **Wireless Settings** on the left side.
2. Next to *Security Mode*, select **Enable WEP Security**.
3. Next to *Authentication*, select **Open** or **Shared Key**.
4. Select either **64-bit** or **128-bit** encryption from the drop-down box next to *WEP Encryption*.
5. Next to *Key Type*, select either **Hex** or **ASCII**.

Hex (recommended) - Letters A-F and numbers 0-9 are valid.

ASCII - All numbers and letters are valid.
6. Next to *Key 1*, enter a WEP key that you create. Make sure you enter this key exactly on all your wireless devices. You may enter up to 4 different keys.
7. Click **Save Settings** to save your settings. If you are configuring the router with a wireless adapter, you will lose connectivity until you enable WEP on your adapter and enter the same WEP key as you did on the router.

WEP :

WEP is the wireless encryption standard. To use it you must enter the same key(s) into the router and the wireless stations. For 64 bit keys you must enter 10 hex digits into each key box. For 128 bit keys you must enter 26 hex digits into each key box. A hex digit is either a number from 0 to 9 or a letter from A to F. For the most secure use of WEP set the authentication type to "Shared Key" when WEP is enabled.

You may also enter any text string into a WEP key box, in which case it will be converted into a hexadecimal key using the ASCII values of the characters. A maximum of 5 text characters can be entered for 64 bit keys, and a maximum of 13 characters for 128 bit keys.

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| Authentication : | <input type="text" value="Open"/> |
| WEP Encryption : | <input type="text" value="64Bit"/> |
| Key Type : | <input type="text" value="HEX"/> |
| Default WEP Key : | <input type="text" value="WEP Key 1"/> |
| WEP Key 1 : | <input type="text" value="0000000000"/> |
| WEP Key 2 : | <input type="text" value="0000000000"/> |
| WEP Key 3 : | <input type="text" value="0000000000"/> |
| WEP Key 4 : | <input type="text" value="0000000000"/> |

What is WPA?

WPA, or Wi-Fi Protected Access, is a Wi-Fi standard that was designed to improve the security features of WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy).

The 2 major improvements over WEP:

- Improved data encryption through the Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP). TKIP scrambles the keys using a hashing algorithm and, by adding an integrity-checking feature, ensures that the keys haven't been tampered with. WPA2 is based on 802.11i and uses Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) instead of TKIP.
- User authentication, which is generally missing in WEP, through the extensible authentication protocol (EAP). WEP regulates access to a wireless network based on a computer's hardware-specific MAC address, which is relatively simple to be sniffed out and stolen. EAP is built on a more secure public-key encryption system to ensure that only authorized network users can access the network.

WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK uses a passphrase or key to authenticate your wireless connection. The key is an alpha-numeric password between 8 and 63 characters long. The password can include symbols (!?*&_) and spaces. This key must be the exact same key entered on your wireless router or access point.

WPA/WPA2 incorporates user authentication through the Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP). EAP is built on a more secure public key encryption system to ensure that only authorized network users can access the network.

Configure WPA-PSK

It is recommended to enable encryption on your wireless router before your wireless network adapters. Please establish wireless connectivity before enabling encryption. Your wireless signal may degrade when enabling encryption due to the added overhead.

1. Log into the web-based configuration by opening a web browser and entering the IP address of the router (192.168.0.1). Click on **Wireless Settings** on the left side.
2. Next to *Security Mode*, select **Enable WPA-Personal Security** or **Enable WPA2-Personal Security**.
3. Next to *Cipher Mode*, select **TKIP**, **AES**, or **Auto**.
4. Next to *PSK/EAP*, select **PSK**.
5. Next to *Passphrase*, enter a key (passphrase). The key is an alphanumeric password between 8 and 63 characters long. The password can include symbols (!?*&_) and spaces. Make sure you enter this key exactly the same on all other wireless clients.
6. Enter the passphrase again next to *Confirmed Passphrase*.
7. Click **Save Settings** to save your settings. If you are configuring the router with a wireless adapter, you will lose connectivity until you enable WPA-PSK (or WPA2-PSK) on your adapter and enter the same passphrase as you did on the router.

WPA-PERSONAL :

WPA-Personal requires stations to use high grade encryption and authentication.

Cipher Type :

PSK / EAP :

Passphrase :

Confirmed Passphrase :

Configure WPA (RADIUS)

It is recommended to enable encryption on your wireless router before your wireless network adapters. Please establish wireless connectivity before enabling encryption. Your wireless signal may degrade when enabling encryption due to the added overhead.

1. Log into the web-based configuration by opening a web browser and entering the IP address of the router (192.168.0.1). Click on **Wireless Settings** on the left side.
2. Next to *Security Mode*, select **Enable WPA-Personal Security** or **Enable WPA2-Personal Security**.
3. Next to *Cipher Mode*, select **TKIP**, **AES**, or **Auto**.
4. Next to *PSK/EAP*, select **EAP**.
5. Next to *RADIUS Server 1* enter the IP Address of your RADIUS server.
6. Next to *Port*, enter the port you are using with your RADIUS server. 1812 is the default port.
7. Next to *Shared Secret*, enter the security key.
8. If you have a secondary RADIUS server, enter its IP address, port, and secret key.
9. Click **Apply Settings** to save your settings.

WPA-PERSONAL :

WPA-Personal requires stations to use high grade encryption and authentication.

Cipher Type :

PSK / EAP :

802.1X

RADIUS Server 1 : IP

Port

Shared Secret

RADIUS Server 2 : IP

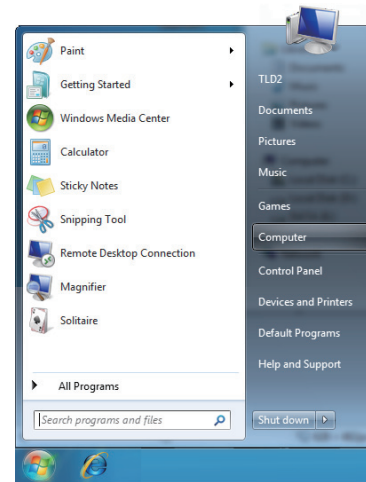
Port

Shared Secret

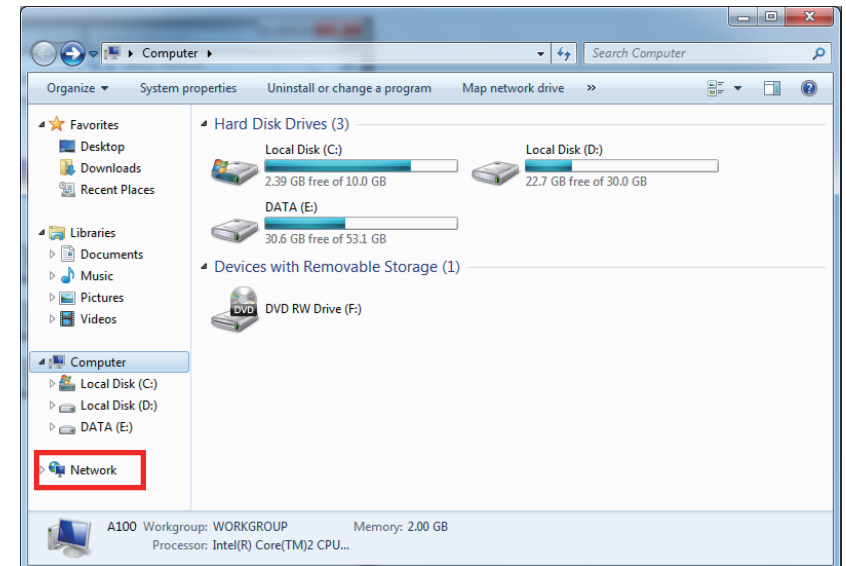
Using Windows® 7 and WPS for Wireless Configuration

The following steps allow you to configure your DIR-456U wireless network settings using Windows® 7 through WPS.

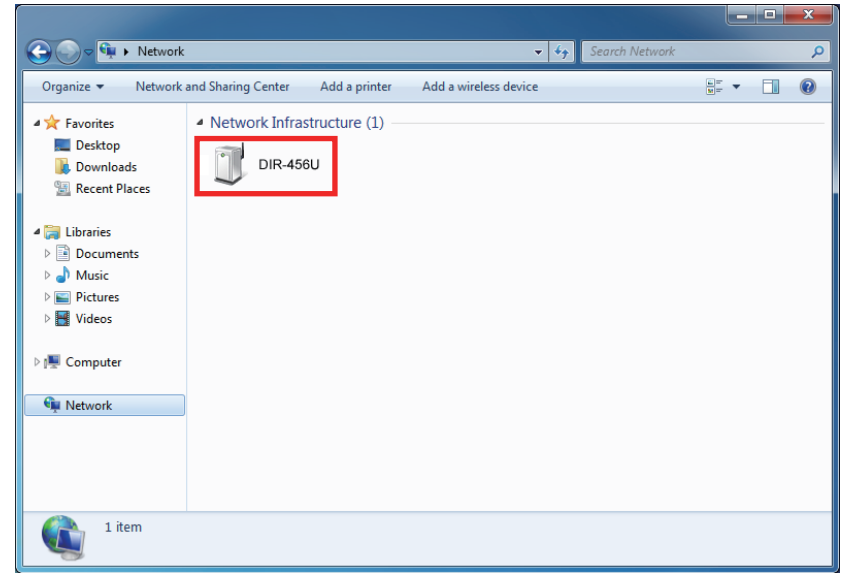
1. Click the **Start** button and select **Computer** from the Start menu.



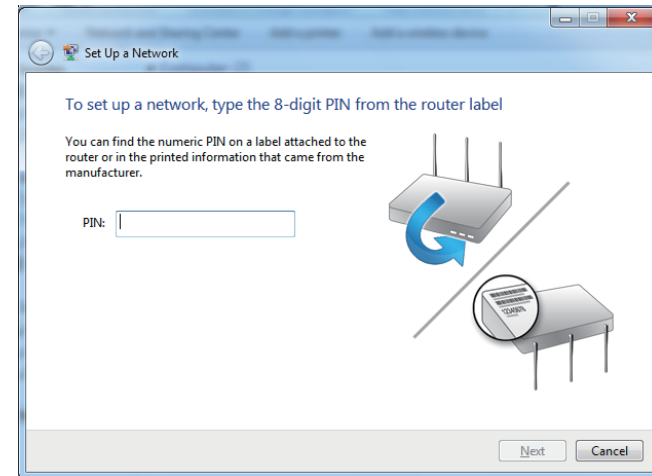
2. Click the **Network** option.



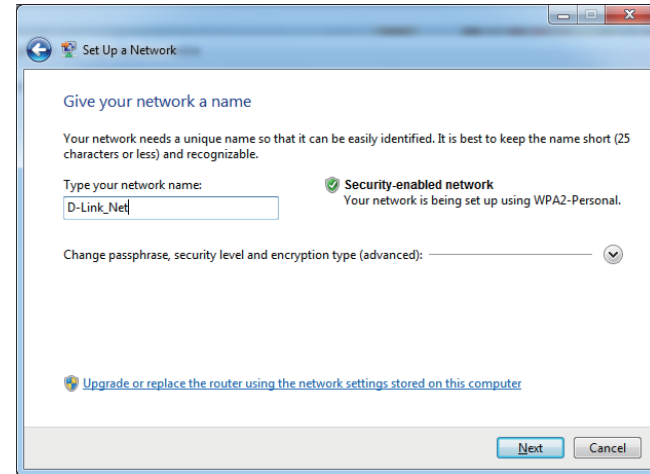
3. Double-click the DIR-456U router.



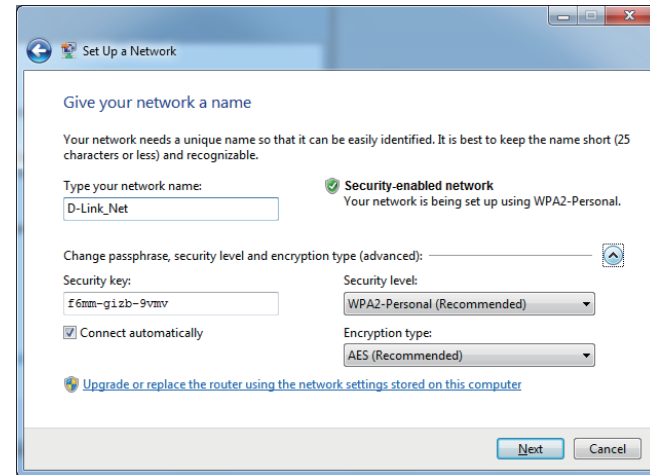
4. Input the WPS PIN number (displayed in the **Advanced > Wi-Fi Protected Setup** section in the Router's Web UI) and click **Next**.



5. Type a name for your wireless network.

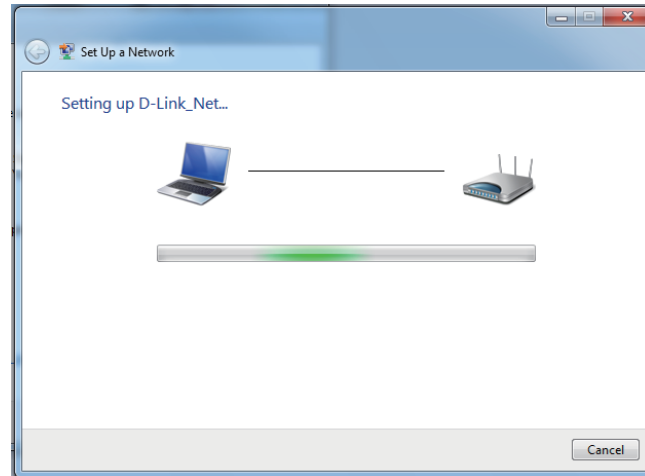


6. To configure advanced settings, click the  icon.



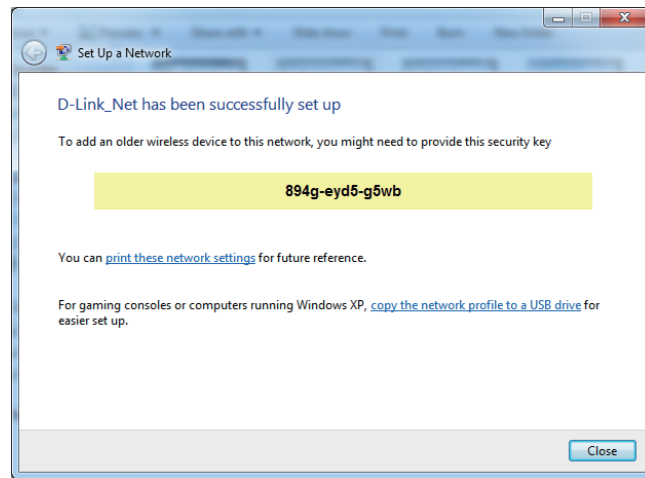
Click **Next** to continue.

7. The following window will appear while the Router is being configured.



Wait for the configuration to complete.

8. After configuration is complete, a window will appear that your wireless network has been set up successfully.



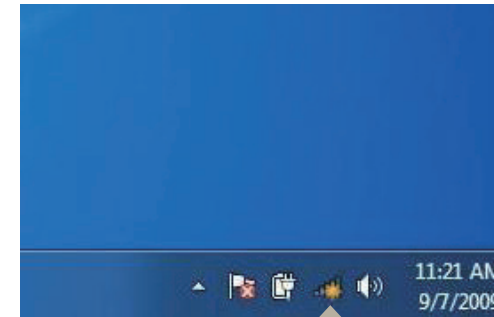
Make a note of the security key as you may need to provide this security key when adding an older wireless device to the network in the future.

Click **Close** to complete WPS setup.

Connecting to a Wireless Network Using Windows® 7

It is recommended that you enable wireless security (WPA/WPA2) on your wireless router or access point before configuring your wireless adapter. If you are joining an existing network, you will need to know the security key or passphrase being used.

1. Click on the wireless icon in the system tray in the lower-right corner of your screen.



Wireless Icon

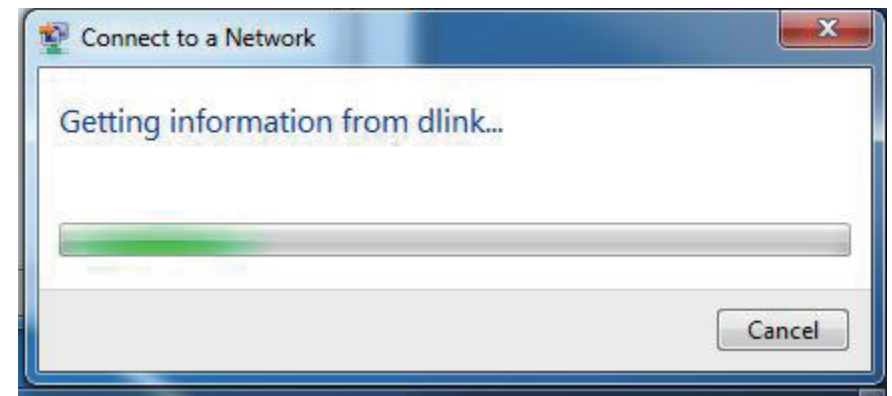
2. The utility will display any available wireless networks in your area.



3. Highlight the wireless network (SSID) you would like to connect to and click the **Connect** button.

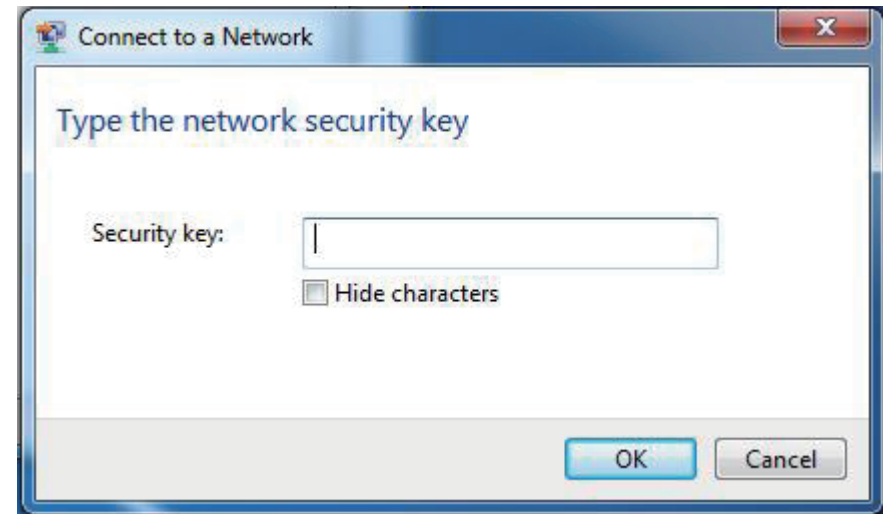


4. The following window appears while your computer tries to connect to the router.



5. If your wireless network uses encryption such as WEP or WPA/WPA2, enter the encryption password/passphrase for your wireless network and click **Connect**.

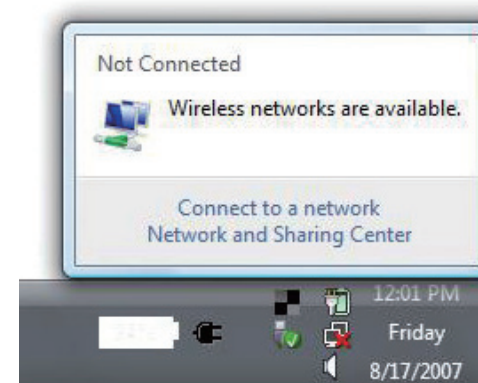
It may take 20-30 seconds to connect to the wireless network. If the connection fails, please verify that the key or passphrase is exactly the same as on the wireless router.



Connecting to a Wireless Network Using Windows Vista®

It is recommended that you enable wireless security (WPA/WPA2) on your wireless router or access point before configuring your wireless adapter. If you are joining an existing network, you will need to know the security key or passphrase being used.

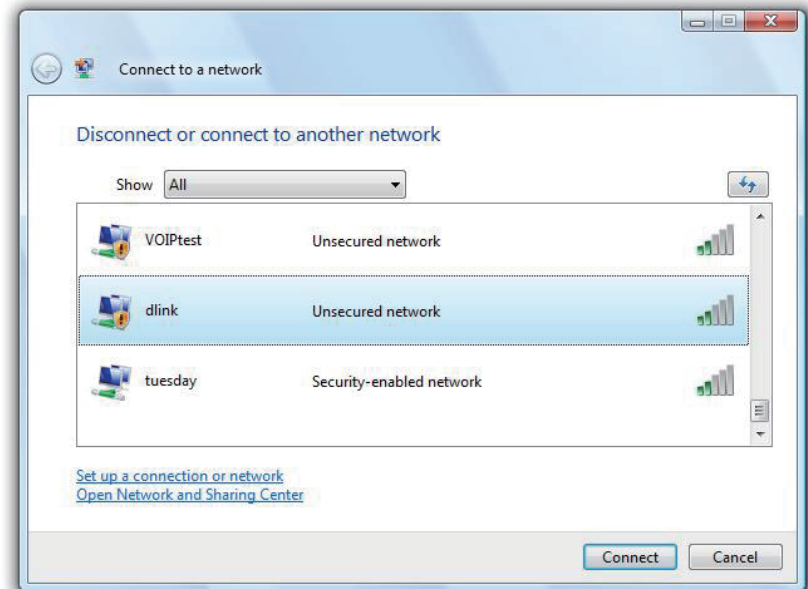
1. Open the Windows Vista® Wireless Utility by right-clicking on the wireless computer icon in the system tray in the lower right corner of the screen. Select **Connect to a network**.



2. The utility will display any available wireless networks in your area.

Highlight the wireless network (SSID) you would like to connect to and click **Connect**.

If you get a good signal but cannot access the Internet, check your TCP/IP settings for your wireless adapter. **Refer to the Networking Basics** section in this manual for more information.



3. If your wireless network uses encryption such as WEP or WPA/WPA2, enter the encryption password/passphrase for your wireless network and click **Connect**.

It may take 20-30 seconds to connect to the wireless network. If the connection fails, please verify that the key or passphrase is exactly the same as on the wireless router.



Connecting to a Wireless Network Using Windows® XP

Windows® XP users may use the built-in wireless utility (Zero Configuration Utility). The following instructions are for Service Pack 2 users. If you are using another company's utility or Windows® 2000, please refer to the user manual of your wireless adapter for help with connecting to a wireless network. Most utilities will have a "site survey" option similar to the Windows® XP utility as seen below.

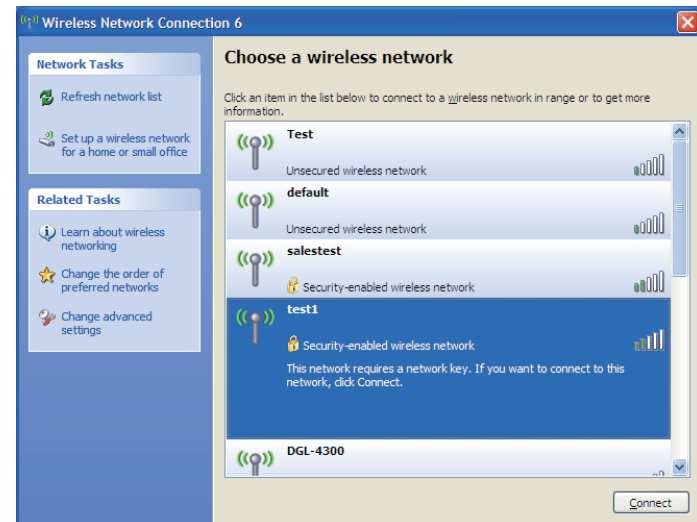
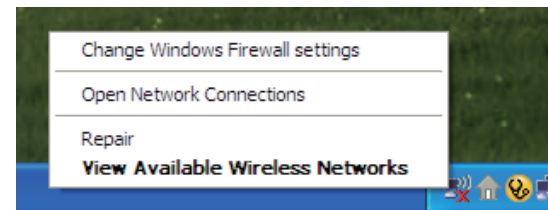
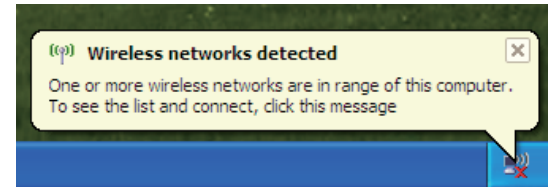
1. If you receive the **Wireless Networks Detected** bubble, click on the center of the bubble to access the utility.

or

Right-click on the wireless computer icon in the system tray in the lower-right corner of the screen. Select **View Available Wireless Networks**.

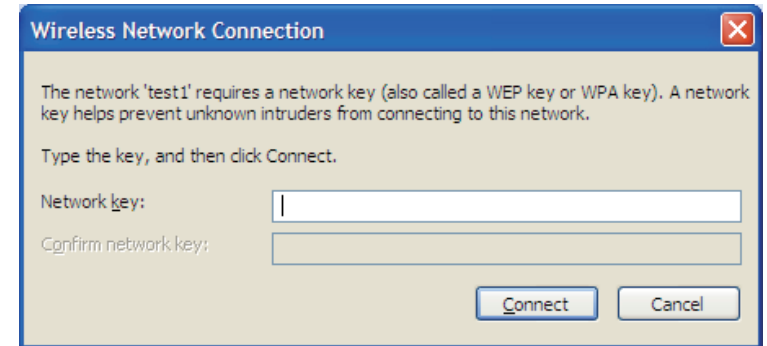
2. The utility will display any available wireless networks in your area. Click on a network (displayed using the SSID) and click the **Connect** button.

If you get a good signal but cannot access the Internet, check you TCP/IP settings for your wireless adapter. Refer to the **Networking Basics** section in this manual for more information.



3. If your wireless network uses encryption such as WEP or WPA/WPA2, enter the encryption password/passphrase for your wireless network and click **Connect**.

It may take 20-30 seconds to connect to the wireless network. If the connection fails, please verify that the key or passphrase is exactly the same as on the wireless router.



Troubleshooting

This chapter provides solutions to problems that can occur during the installation and operation of the DIR-456U. Read the following descriptions if you are having problems. (The examples below are illustrated in Windows® XP. If you have a different operating system, the screenshots on your computer will look similar to the following examples.)

1. Why can't I access the web-based configuration utility?

When entering the IP address of the D-Link router (192.168.0.1 for example), you are not connecting to a website on the Internet or have to be connected to the Internet. The device has the utility built-in to a ROM chip in the device itself. Your computer must be on the same IP subnet to connect to the web-based utility.

- Make sure you have an updated Java-enabled web browser. We recommend the following:
 - Internet Explorer 6.0 or higher
 - Netscape 8 or higher
 - Mozilla 1.7.12 (5.0) or higher
 - Opera 8.5 or higher
 - Safari 1.2 or higher (with Java 1.3.1 or higher)
 - Camino 0.8.4 or higher
 - Firefox 1.5 or higher
- Verify physical connectivity by checking for solid link lights on the device. If you do not get a solid link light, try using a different cable or connect to a different port on the device if possible. If the computer is turned off, the link light may not be on.
- Disable any internet security software running on the computer. Software firewalls such as Zone Alarm, Black Ice, Sygate, Norton Personal Firewall, and Windows® XP firewall may block access to the configuration pages. Check the help files included with your firewall software for more information on disabling or configuring it.

- Configure your Internet settings:
 - Go to **Start > Settings > Control Panel**. Double-click the **Internet Options** icon. From the **Security** tab, click the button to restore the settings to their defaults.
 - Click the **Connection** tab and set the dial-up option to Never Dial a Connection. Click the LAN Settings button. Make sure nothing is checked. Click **OK**.
 - Go to the **Advanced** tab and click the button to restore these settings to their defaults. Click **OK** three times.
 - Close your web browser (if open) and open it.
- Access the web management. Open your web browser and enter the IP address of your D-Link router in the address bar. This should open the login page for your the web management.
- If you still cannot access the configuration, unplug the power to the router for 10 seconds and plug back in. Wait about 30 seconds and try accessing the configuration. If you have multiple computers, try connecting using a different computer.

2. What can I do if I forgot my password?

If you forgot your password, you must reset your router. Unfortunately this process will change all your settings back to the factory defaults.

To reset the router, locate the reset button (hole) on the rear panel of the unit. With the router powered on, use a paperclip to hold the button down for 10 seconds. Release the button and the router will go through its reboot process. Wait about 30 seconds to access the router. The default IP address is 192.168.0.1. When logging in, the username is **admin** and leave the password box empty.

Wireless Basics

D-Link wireless products are based on industry standards to provide easy-to-use and compatible high-speed wireless connectivity within your home, business or public access wireless networks. Strictly adhering to the IEEE standard, the D-Link wireless family of products will allow you to securely access the data you want, when and where you want it. You will be able to enjoy the freedom that wireless networking delivers.

A wireless local area network (WLAN) is a cellular computer network that transmits and receives data with radio signals instead of wires. Wireless LANs are used increasingly in both home and office environments, and public areas such as airports, coffee shops and universities. Innovative ways to utilize WLAN technology are helping people to work and communicate more efficiently. Increased mobility and the absence of cabling and other fixed infrastructure have proven to be beneficial for many users.

Wireless users can use the same applications they use on a wired network. Wireless adapter cards used on laptop and desktop systems support the same protocols as Ethernet adapter cards.

Under many circumstances, it may be desirable for mobile network devices to link to a conventional Ethernet LAN in order to use servers, printers or an Internet connection supplied through the wired LAN. A Wireless Router is a device used to provide this link.

What is Wireless?

Wireless or Wi-Fi technology is another way of connecting your computer to the network without using wires. Wi-Fi uses radio frequency to connect wirelessly, so you have the freedom to connect computers anywhere in your home or office network.

Why D-Link Wireless?

D-Link is the worldwide leader and award winning designer, developer, and manufacturer of networking products. D-Link delivers the performance you need at a price you can afford. D-Link has all the products you need to build your network.

How does wireless work?

Wireless works similar to how cordless phone work, through radio signals to transmit data from one point A to point B. But wireless technology has restrictions as to how you can access the network. You must be within the wireless network range area to be able to connect your computer. There are two different types of wireless networks Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN), and Wireless Personal Area Network (WPAN).

Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN)

In a wireless local area network, a device called an Access Point (AP) connects computers to the network. The access point has a small antenna attached to it, which allows it to transmit data back and forth over radio signals. With an indoor access point as seen in the picture, the signal can travel up to 300 feet. With an outdoor access point the signal can reach out up to 30 miles to serve places like manufacturing plants, industrial locations, college and high school campuses, airports, golf courses, and many other outdoor venues.

Wireless Personal Area Network (WPAN)

Bluetooth is the industry standard wireless technology used for WPAN. Bluetooth devices in WPAN operate in a range up to 30 feet away.

Compared to WLAN the speed and wireless operation range are both less than WLAN, but in return it doesn't use nearly as much power which makes it ideal for personal devices, such as mobile phones, PDAs, headphones, laptops, speakers, and other devices that operate on batteries.

Who uses wireless?

Wireless technology has become so popular in recent years that almost everyone is using it, whether it's for home, office, business, D-Link has a wireless solution for it.

Home

- Gives everyone at home broadband access
- Surf the web, check e-mail, instant message, and etc
- Gets rid of the cables around the house
- Simple and easy to use

Small Office and Home Office

- Stay on top of everything at home as you would at office
- Remotely access your office network from home
- Share Internet connection and printer with multiple computers
- No need to dedicate office space

Where is wireless used?

Wireless technology is expanding everywhere not just at home or office. People like the freedom of mobility and it's becoming so popular that more and more public facilities now provide wireless access to attract people. The wireless connection in public places is usually called "hotspots".

Using a D-Link Cardbus Adapter with your laptop, you can access the hotspot to connect to Internet from remote locations like Airports, Hotels, Coffee Shops, Libraries, Restaurants, and Convention Centers.

Wireless network is easy to setup, but if you're installing it for the first time it could be quite a task not knowing where to start. That's why we've put together a few setup steps and tips to help you through the process of setting up a wireless network.

Tips

Here are a few things to keep in mind, when you install a wireless network.

Centralize your Router or Access Point

Make sure you place the router/access point in a centralized location within your network for the best performance. Try to place the router/access point as high as possible in the room, so the signal gets dispersed throughout your home. If you have a two-story home, you may need a repeater to boost the signal to extend the range.

Eliminate Interference

Place home appliances such as cordless telephones, microwaves, and televisions as far away as possible from the router/access point. This would significantly reduce any interference that the appliances might cause since they operate on same frequency.

Security

Don't let you next-door neighbors or intruders connect to your wireless network. Secure your wireless network by turning on the WPA or WEP security feature on the router. Refer to product manual for detail information on how to set it up.

Wireless Modes

There are basically two modes of networking:

- **Infrastructure** – All wireless clients will connect to an access point or wireless router.
- **Ad-Hoc** – Directly connecting to another computer, for peer-to-peer communication, using wireless network adapters on each computer, such as two or more WNA-2330 wireless network Cardbus adapters.

An Infrastructure network contains an Access Point or wireless router. All the wireless devices, or clients, will connect to the wireless router or access point.

An Ad-Hoc network contains only clients, such as laptops with wireless cardbus adapters. All the adapters must be in Ad-Hoc mode to communicate.

Networking Basics

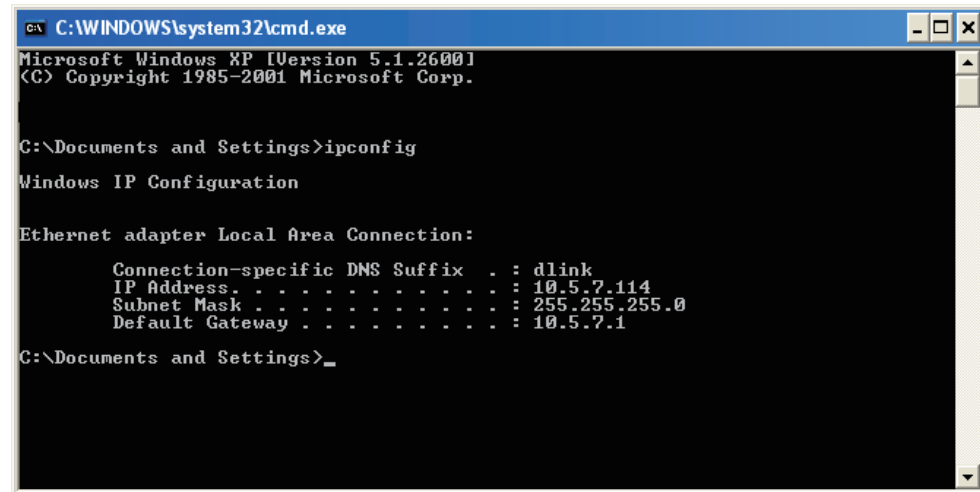
Check your IP address

After you install your new D-Link adapter, by default, the TCP/IP settings should be set to obtain an IP address from a DHCP server (i.e. wireless router) automatically. To verify your IP address, please follow the steps below.

Click on **Start > Run**. In the run box type **cmd** and click **OK**. (Windows® Vista™ users type **cmd** in the **Start Search** box.)

At the prompt, type **ipconfig** and press **Enter**.

This will display the IP address, subnet mask, and the default gateway of your adapter.



```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
Microsoft Windows XP [Version 5.1.2600]
(C) Copyright 1985-2001 Microsoft Corp.

C:\Documents and Settings>ipconfig

Windows IP Configuration

Ethernet adapter Local Area Connection:

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . : dlink
    IP Address. . . . .               : 10.5.7.114
    Subnet Mask . . . . .             : 255.255.255.0
    Default Gateway . . . . .         : 10.5.7.1

C:\Documents and Settings>_
```

If the address is 0.0.0.0, check your adapter installation, security settings, and the settings on your router. Some firewall software programs may block a DHCP request on newly installed adapters.

Statically Assign an IP address

If you are not using a DHCP capable gateway/router, or you need to assign a static IP address, please follow the steps below:

Step 1

Windows® Vista™ - Click on **Start > Control Panel > Network and Internet > Network and Sharing Center > Manage Network Connections.**

Windows® XP - Click on **Start > Control Panel > Network Connections.**

Windows® 2000 - From the desktop, right-click **My Network Places > Properties.**

Step 2

Right-click on the **Local Area Connection** which represents your network adapter and select **Properties.**

Step 3

Highlight **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)** and click **Properties.**

Step 4

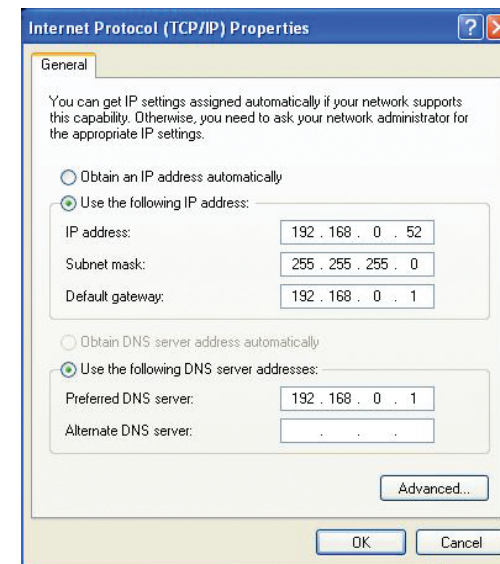
Click **Use the following IP address** and enter an IP address that is on the same subnet as your network or the LAN IP address on your router.

Example: If the router's LAN IP address is 192.168.0.1, make your IP address 192.168.0.X where X is a number between 2 and 99. Make sure that the number you choose is not in use on the network. Set Default Gateway the same as the LAN IP address of your router (192.168.0.1).

Set Primary DNS the same as the LAN IP address of your router (192.168.0.1). The Secondary DNS is not needed or you may enter a DNS server from your ISP.

Step 5

Click **OK** twice to save your settings.



Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

FCC Caution: Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

IEEE 802.11b or 802.11g operation of this product in the U.S.A. is firmware-limited to channels 1 through 11.

IMPORTANT NOTE:

FCC Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator & your body.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

The availability of some specific channels and/or operational frequency bands are country dependent and are firmware programmed at the factory to match the intended destination. The firmware setting is not accessible by the end user.

以下警語適用台灣地區

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低功率射頻電機之使用不得影響飛航安全及干擾合法通信；經發現有干擾現象時，應立即停用，並改善至無干擾時方得繼續使用。前項合法通信，指依電信法規定作業之無線電通信。低功率射頻電機須忍受合法通信或工業、科學及醫療用電波輻射性電機設備之干擾。

減少電磁波影響，請妥適使用