

If you chose **Automatically assign a network key**, this screen will appear with your automatically generated key. Please print this out or record this information in a safe place and then click **Save** to continue.

The router will save your new settings and reboot. After rebooting, you will be returned to the Internet Setup screen.

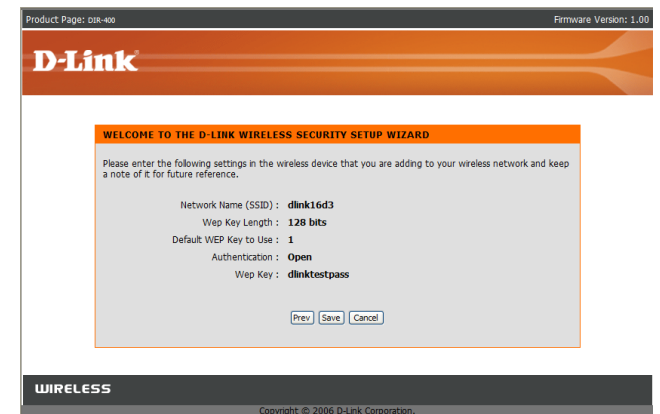
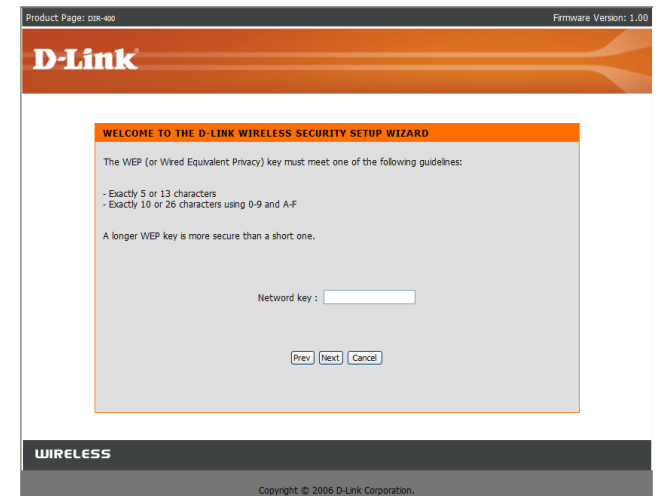
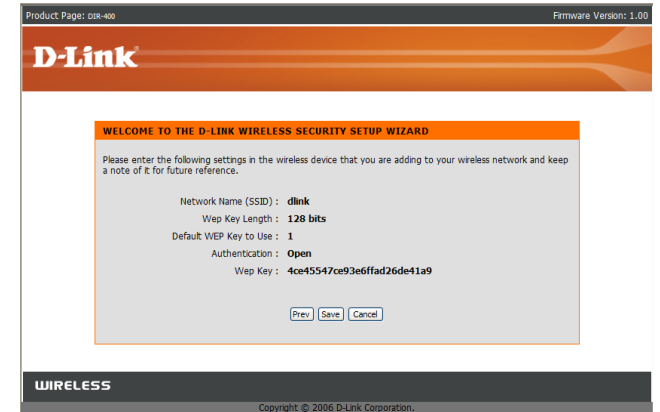
If you chose **Manually enter a network key**, this screen will appear. Enter a network key and click **Next**.

If you chose **WEP**, the network key must be exactly 5 or 13 characters long, or 10 to 26 characters using 0-9 or A-F only (hexidecimal). Longer network keys will be more secure.

If you chose **WPA**, the network key must be between 8 and 63 characters long, or exactly 64 characters using 0-9 or A-F only (hexidecimal). Longer network keys will be more secure.

After clicking Next, this screen will appear with your wireless settings. Please print this out or record this information in a safe place and then click **Save** to continue.

The router will save your new settings and reboot. After rebooting, you will be returned to the Internet Setup screen.



Wireless Setup (Manual)

If you clicked the **Manual Wireless Connection Setup** button, this screen will appear, allowing you to manually configure your wireless settings.

Wi-Fi Protected Setup: To implement Wi-Fi protection, or WCN 2.0, tick the Enable checkbox, click either **Generate New PIN** or **Reset PIN to Default**, and then configure the Wi-Fi settings below. Please see the Setting Up Wi-Fi Protection (WCN 2.0 in Windows Vista) section later in this manual for detailed configuration information.

Enable Wireless: Check the box to enable wireless. If you do not want to use wireless, uncheck the box to disable all wireless functions.

Wireless Network Name: Service Set Identifier (SSID) is the name of your wireless network. Create a name using up to 32 characters. The SSID is case-sensitive.

Wireless Channel: Indicates the channel setting for the DIR-400. By default the channel is set to 6. The wireless channel can be changed to fit the channel setting for an existing wireless network or to customize the wireless network. The **Auto Channel Selection** setting can be selected to allow the DIR-400 to choose the channel with the least amount of interference.

Super G Mode: You can enable a Super G Mode to allow the router to communicate with other D-Link 108 G products at boosted transmission rates.

Choosing *Super G without Turbo* allows you to have enhanced transfer speeds through use of Dynamic Packet Bursting, Fast Frames and Hardware Encryption and Compression.

Choosing *Super G with Dynamic Turbo* allows the router to use two channels to double the data transfer rate in addition to Dynamic Packet Bursting, Fast Frames and Hardware Encryption and Compression. However, all wireless clients must be Turbo capable for this function to work. If a non-Turbo wireless client connects to the network, all devices on the wireless network will transfer data at normal rates.

Transmission Rate: Use the drop-down menu to select the appropriate Transmission Rate in Mbits per second. Many users will want to use the default setting, *Best (automatic)*.

WMM Enable: Enable WMM (Wi-Fi Multimedia) to enjoy basic quality of service features. WMM prioritizes traffic according to four access categories: voice, video, best effort, and background.

Enable Hidden Wireless: Check this option if you would not like the SSID of your wireless network to be broadcasted by the router. If this option is checked, the SSID of the DIR-400 will not be seen by wireless network finding utilities, so your wireless clients will have to know the SSID of your DIR-400 in order to connect to it.

Product Page: DIR-400 Firmware Version: 1.00

D-Link

DIR-400 // SETUP ADVANCED MAINTENANCE STATUS HELP

Internet Setup
Wireless Setup
LAN Setup
Time and Date
Parental Control
Logout

Internet Offline
Reboot

WIRELESS NETWORK :

Use this section to configure the wireless settings for your D-Link Router. Please note that changes made on this section may also need to be duplicated on your Wireless Client.

To protect your privacy you can configure wireless security features. This device supports three wireless security modes including: WEP or WPA.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

WI-FI PROTECTED SETUP (ALSO CALLED WCN 2.0 IN WINDOW VISTA) :

Enable :
Current PIN : 00000000
Generate New PIN Reset PIN to Default
Wi-Fi Protected Status : Disabled / Not Configured
Reset to Unconfigured

WIRELESS NETWORK SETTINGS :

Enable Wireless :
Wireless Network Name : dlink (Also called the SSID)
Wireless Channel : 6
Enable Auto Channel selection :
Super G Mode : Disabled
WMM Function : (Wireless QoS)
Enable Hidden Wireless : Visible Invisible(Also called Disable SSID Broadcast)

WIRELESS SECURITY MODE :

Security Mode : Disable Wireless Security (not recommended)

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

Helpful Hints...

- Changing your Wireless Network Name is the first step in securing your wireless network. We recommend that you change it to a familiar name that does not contain any personal information.
- We recommend that you Enable Auto Channel Scan so that the router can select the best possible channel for your wireless network to operate on.
- If you have enabled Wireless Security, make sure you write down WEP Key or Passphrase that you have configured. You will need to enter this information on any wireless device that you connect to your wireless network.

Enabling WEP Wireless Security

Security Mode:

1. To enable wireless security on the router, use the drop-down menu to select the desired option. To enable WEP, select *Enable WEP Wireless Security (basic)*.
2. Next to **Authentication**, select either *Open* or *Shared Key*. Shared Key provides greater security.
3. Select either *64Bit* or *128Bit* encryption from the drop-down menu next to **WEP Encryption**.
4. Next to **Default Key Type**, select *WEP Key 1* and enter a WEP key that you create. Make sure you enter this key exactly on all your wireless devices. You may enter up to four different keys either using *Hex* or *ASCII*. *Hex* is recommended (letters A-F and numbers 0-9 are valid). In *ASCII* all numbers and letters are valid.
5. Click **Save Settings** to save your settings. If you are configuring the router with a wireless adapter, you will lose connectivity until you enable WEP on your adapter and enter the same WEP key as you did on the router.

WIRELESS SECURITY MODE :

Security Mode :

WEP :

WEP is the wireless encryption standard. To use it you must enter the same key(s) into the router and the wireless stations. For 64 bit keys you must enter 10 hex digits into each key box. For 128 bit keys you must enter 26 hex digits into each key box. A hex digit is either a number from 0 to 9 or a letter from A to F. For the most secure use of WEP set the authentication type to "Shared Key" when WEP is enabled.

You may also enter any text string into a WEP key box, in which case it will be converted into a hexadecimal key using the ASCII values of the characters. A maximum of 5 text characters can be entered for 64 bit keys, and a maximum of 13 characters for 128 bit keys.

Authentication :
 WEP Encryption :
 Default WEP Key :
 WEP Key : (5 ASCII or 10 HEX)

NOTE: It is recommended to enable encryption on your wireless router before your wireless network adapters. Please establish wireless connectivity before enabling encryption. Your wireless signal may degrade when enabling encryption due to the added overhead.

Enabling WPA, WPA2, WPA/WPA2 Wireless Security

1. To enable WPA, WPA2, or WPA/WPA2, select either *Enable WPA Only Wireless Security (enhanced)*, *Enable WPA2 Only Wireless Security (enhanced)*, or *Enable WPA/WPA2 Wireless Security (enhanced)*.
2. Next to **Cipher Type**, select *TKIP*, *AES*, or *Both*.
3. Next to **PSK/EAP**, select *PSK*.
4. Next to **Network Key**, enter a passphrase. The key is an alpha-numeric password between 8 and 63 characters long. The password can include symbols (!?*&_) and spaces. Make sure you enter this key exactly the same on all other wireless clients.
5. Click **Save Settings** to save your settings. If you are configuring the router with a wireless adapter, you will lose connectivity until you enable WPA, WPA2, or WPA/WPA2 (whichever of the three options you have selected above) on your adapter and enter the same network key as you did on the router.

WIRELESS SECURITY MODE :

Security Mode :

WPA ONLY :

WPA Only requires stations to use high grade encryption and authentication.

Cipher Type :

PSK / EAP :

Network Key :
(8~63 ASCII or 64 HEX)

WIRELESS SECURITY MODE :

Security Mode :

WPA2 ONLY :

WPA2 Only requires stations to use high grade encryption and authentication.

Cipher Type :

PSK / EAP :

Network Key :
(8~63 ASCII or 64 HEX)

WIRELESS SECURITY MODE :

Security Mode :

WPA / WPA2 AUTO :

WPA2-PSK auto requires stations to use high grade encryption and authentication.

Cipher Type :

PSK / EAP :

Network Key :
(8~63 ASCII or 64 HEX)

Enabling WPA, WPA2, WPA/WPA2 Wireless Security for a RADIUS Server

1. To enable WPA, WPA2, or WPA/WPA2 for a RADIUS server, next to **Security Mode**, select *Enable WPA Only Wireless Security (enhanced)*, *Enable WPA2 Only Wireless Security (enhanced)*, or *Enable WPA/WPA2 Wireless Security (enhanced)*.
2. Next to **Cipher Type**, select *TKIP*, *AES*, or *Auto*.
3. Next to **PSK/EAP**, select *EAP*.
4. Next to **RADIUS Server 1** enter the **IP Address** of your RADIUS server.
5. Next to **Port**, enter the port you are using with your RADIUS server. *1812* is the default port.
6. Next to **Shared Secret**, enter the security key.
7. If you have a secondary RADIUS server, enter its IP address, port, and secret key.
8. Click **Save Settings** to save your settings.

Note: When using EAP mode, you cannot have WPS enabled.

WPA / WPA2 AUTO :

WPA2-PSK auto requires stations to use high grade encryption and authentication.

Cipher Type : TKIP

PSK / EAP : EAP

802.1X

RADIUS Server 1 : IP []
Port 1812
Shared Secret []

RADIUS Server 2 : IP []
Port 1812
Shared Secret []

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

Adding a Wireless Device through WPS

You can add WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup) compatible devices with the help of a wizard by clicking the **Add Wireless Device with WPS** button.

The screenshot shows the D-Link DIR-400 web interface. The top navigation bar includes 'SETUP', 'ADVANCED', 'MAINTENANCE', 'STATUS', and 'HELP'. The left sidebar shows 'Internet Setup' with sub-items: 'Wireless Setup', 'LAN Setup', 'Time and Date', 'Parental Control', and 'Logout'. The main content area is titled 'WIRELESS CONNECTION' and contains the following sections:

- WIRELESS CONNECTION**: A message stating there are two ways to setup a wireless connection (via the wizard or manually) and a note that changes made in this section need to be duplicated to wireless clients and PC.
- WIRELESS CONNECTION SETUP WIZARD**: A section with a 'Wireless Connection Setup Wizard' button. A note below it says: 'Note: Before launching the wizard, please make sure you have followed all steps outlined in the Quick Installation Guide included in the package.'
- MANUAL WIRELESS CONNECTION OPTIONS**: A section with a 'Manual Wireless Connection Setup' button.
- ADD WIRELESS DEVICE WITH WPS(WI-FI PROTECTED SETUP) WIZARD**: A section with an 'Add Wireless Device with WPS' button.

On the right side, there are 'Helpful Hints..' with instructions for users who already have a wireless network, are new to wireless networking, or are advanced users.

At the bottom of the page, it says 'WIRELESS' and 'Copyright © 2006 D-Link Corporation.'

If you have not already enabled WPS, this message will appear. Click **Yes** to enable WPS.

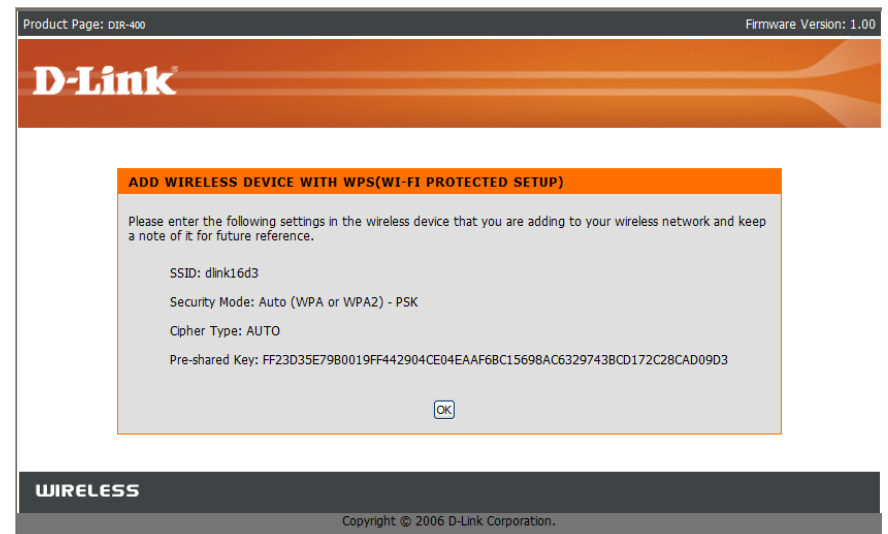
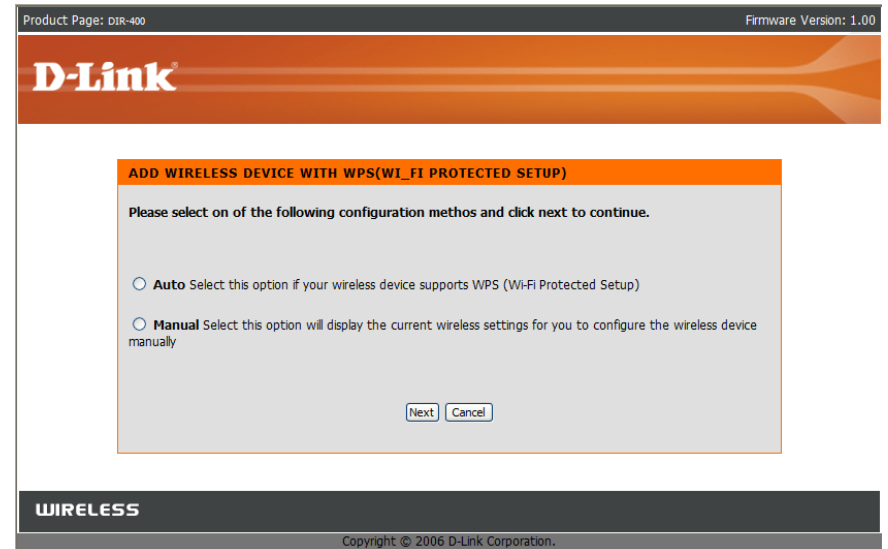
The screenshot shows a dialog box titled 'ADD WIRELESS DEVICE WITH WPS'. The message inside reads: 'The WPS Function is currently set to disable. Please click "Yes" to enable it or "No" to exit the wizard.' At the bottom of the dialog box, there are two buttons: 'Yes' and 'No'.

At the bottom of the page, it says 'WIRELESS' and 'Copyright © 2006 D-Link Corporation.'

Adding a Wireless Device through WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup)

On this screen, select **Automatic** if your wireless device supports WPS and you want to use those features to help configure it. Click **Next**.

Select **Manual** if your device does not support WPS, or if you want to configure your device manually. Clicking **Next** will show your router's SSID and encryption information, which you can use to configure your wireless device. For more help on configuring your wireless device, consult the owner's manual for that device.



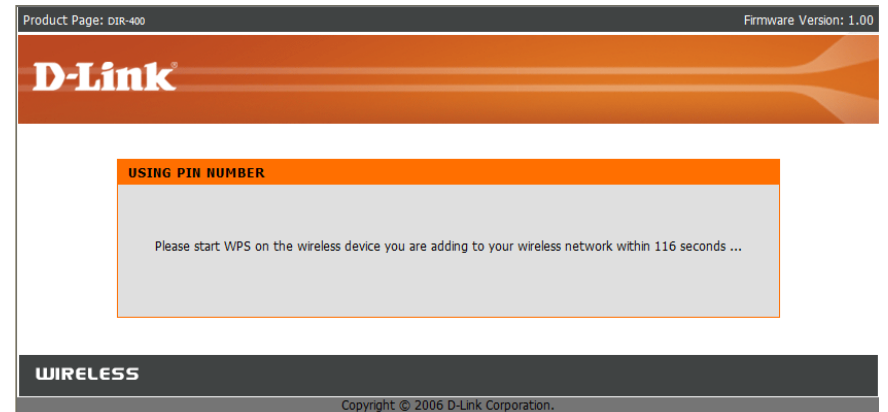
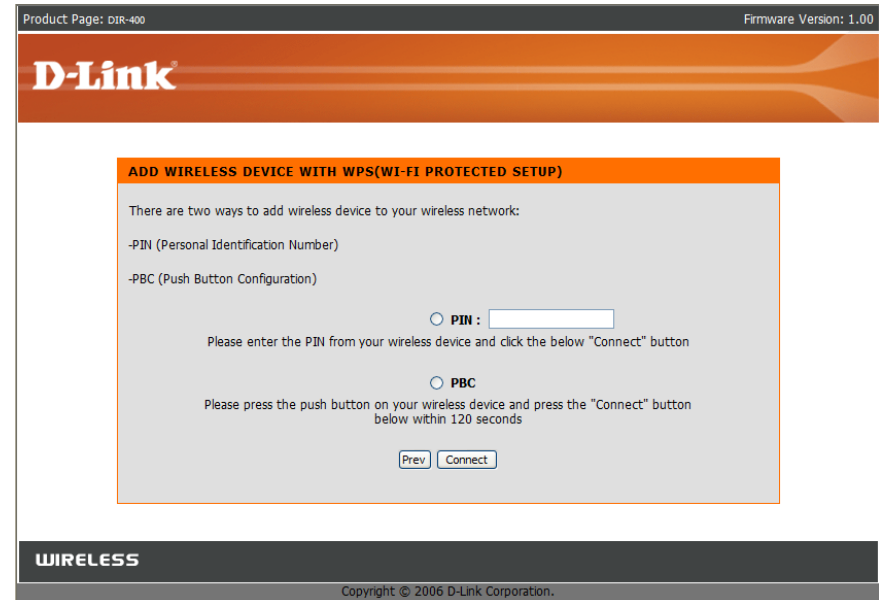
Adding a Wireless Device through WPS (PIN)

Here, you can add a device by using a PIN number, or by using Push Button Configuration (PBC). Connecting using a PIN number is more secure, while PBC is much easier to use.

If you chose to add your device by PIN number, click the circle next to **PIN** and enter the PIN number of your device. Click **Connect**.

Press the PBC Connect button on your device within 2 minutes to automatically configure that device's wireless connection.

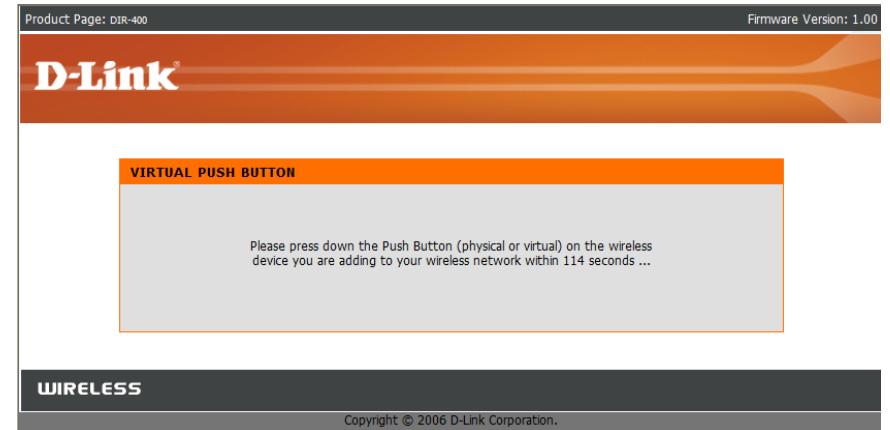
After 2 minutes, you will be taken back to the Wireless Setup screen. If no devices were connected during that time, a screen will appear allowing you to retry device connection.



Adding a Wireless Device through WPS (PBC)

If you selected PBC, you will need to press the WPS push button on your device within 2 minutes, and the device's wireless connection will automatically be configured.

After 2 minutes, you will be taken back to the Wireless Setup screen. If no devices were connected during that time, a screen will appear allowing you to retry device connection.



LAN Setup

This section will allow you to change the local network settings of the router and to configure the DHCP settings.

Router IP Address: Enter the IP address of the router. The default IP address is 192.168.0.1.

If you change the IP address, once you click **Apply**, you will need to enter the new IP address in your browser to get back into the configuration utility.

Default Subnet Mask: Enter the Subnet Mask. The default subnet mask is 255.255.255.0.

Local Domain Name: Enter the Domain name (Optional).

Enable DNS Relay: Check the box to transfer the DNS server information from your ISP to your computers. If unchecked, your computers will use the router for a DNS server.

Refer to the next page for DHCP settings.

The screenshot displays the D-Link DIR-400 web-based configuration utility. The page is titled "LAN Setup" and is part of the "SETUP" section. The interface includes a navigation menu on the left with options like "Internet Setup", "Wireless Setup", "LAN Setup", "Time and Date", "Parental Control", and "Logout". The main content area is divided into several sections:

- NETWORK SETTINGS :** This section provides instructions on configuring the internal network settings and the built-in DHCP server. It includes a warning: "Please note that this section is optional and you do not need to change any of the settings here to get your network up and running." Below this are buttons for "Save Settings" and "Don't Save Settings".
- ROUTER SETTINGS :** This section allows for configuring the router's IP address. It includes input fields for "Router IP Address" (default: 192.168.0.1), "Default Subnet Mask" (default: 255.255.255.0), and "Local Domain Name". There is also a checkbox for "Enable DNS Relay" which is checked.
- DHCP SERVER SETTINGS :** This section allows for configuring the DHCP server. It includes a checkbox for "Enable DHCP Server" which is checked, and input fields for "DHCP IP Address Range" (100 to 199) and "DHCP Lease Time" (10080 minutes).
- DHCP CLIENT LIST :** This section shows a table of DHCP clients. The table has columns for "Host Name", "IP Address", "MAC Address", and "Expired Time". One client is listed: "06955PCWINKP2" with IP "192.168.0.100" and MAC "00:19:b9:43:71:1e", expiring on "Thu Jun 14 14:20:17 2007".
- 25 - DHCP RESERVATION :** This section shows the "Remaining number of clients that can be configured : 25". It contains a table with columns for "Computer Name", "IP Address", "MAC Address", and a dropdown menu for "Computer Name". There are 25 rows, each with an empty input field for the computer name and a dropdown menu.

The bottom of the page features a "WIRELESS" section and a footer with the copyright notice "Copyright © 2006 D-Link Corporation." and a "More..." link.

DHCP Server Settings

DHCP stands for Dynamic Host Control Protocol. The DIR-400 has a built-in DHCP server. The DHCP Server will automatically assign an IP address to the computers on the LAN/private network. Be sure to set your computers to be DHCP clients by setting their TCP/IP settings to “Obtain an IP Address Automatically.” When you turn your computers on, they will automatically load the proper TCP/IP settings provided by the DIR-400. The DHCP Server will automatically allocate an unused IP address from the IP address pool to the requesting computer. You must specify the starting and ending address of the IP address pool.

DHCP SERVER SETTINGS :

Use this section to configure the built-in DHCP Server to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network.

Enable DHCP Server :

DHCP IP Address Range : to (addresses within the LAN subnet)

DHCP Lease Time : (minutes)

DHCP CLIENT LIST :

Host Name	IP Address	MAC Address	Expired Time
06955PCWINXP2	192.168.0.100	00:19:b9:43:71:1e	Thu Jun 14 14:20:17 2007

Enable DHCP Server: Check the box to enable the DHCP server function on your router. Uncheck to disable this function.

DHCP IP Address Range: Enter the starting and ending IP addresses for the DHCP server’s IP assignment.

DHCP Lease Time: The length of time for the IP address lease. Enter the lease time in minutes.

DHCP Reservation

DHCP Reservation lets you manually assign IP addresses for computers connected to your network. It allows you to reserve an IP to be used for a particular computer only. This is useful when also using other network management features, such as firewall rules and port forwarding.

After entering a reservation, click on **Save Settings** to save your changes.

Computer Name: Enter a name for the computer you want to reserve an IP for.

IP Address: Enter the IP you wish to assign to the computer.

MAC Address: Enter the MAC address of the computer you want to reserve an IP for. To find the MAC address on a computer, please refer to the Networking Basics section in this manual.

You can also use the dropdown box (Computer Name) to automatically enter the Computer Name, current IP Address, and MAC Address of a computer currently connected to the router. To do so, select a computer from the dropdown box, then click the << button.

25 – DHCP RESREVATION :

Remaining number of clients that can be configured : 25

	Computer Name	IP Address	MAC Address	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name ▾
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name ▾
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name ▾
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name ▾
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name ▾
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name ▾
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name ▾
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name ▾
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name ▾
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name ▾

[More...](#)

Time and Date

This section will allow you to configure, update, and maintain the correct time on the router's internal system clock.

Time Zone: Select your Time Zone from the drop-down menu.

Enable Daylight Saving: Ticking this checkbox enables Daylight Saving time. Click **Sync. your computer's time settings** to copy your PC's time settings.

NTP Server Used: Tick the "Automatically synchronize with D-Link's Internet time server" checkbox and then use the drop-down menu to select an NTP Server. NTP is short for Network Time Protocol. NTP synchronizes computer clock times in a network of computers.

Manual: To manually input the time, enter the values in these fields for the Year, Month, Day, Hour, Minute, and Second. Click **Save Settings**.

Product Page: DIR-400 Firmware Version: 1.00

D-Link

DIR-400 // SETUP ADVANCED MAINTENANCE STATUS HELP

Internet Setup
Wireless Setup
LAN Setup
Time and Date
Parental Control
Logout

Internet Offline
Reboot

TIME AND DATE :

The Time Configuration option allows you to configure, update, and maintain the correct time on the internal system clock. From this section you can set the time zone that you are in and set the NTP (Network Time Protocol) Server. Daylight Saving can also be configured to adjust the time when needed

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

TIME AND DATE CONFIGURATION :

Time : 06/07/2007 15:31:31
Time Zone : (GMT-08:00) Pacific Time (US & Canada); Tijuana

Enable Daylight Saving : Sync. your computer's time settings

AUTOMATIC TIME AND DATE CONFIGURATION :

Automatically synchronize with D-Link's Internet time server

NTP Server Used : Select NTP Server Update Now

SET THE TIME AND DATE MANUALLY :

Year 2007 Month Jul Day 9
Hour 15 Minute 51 Second 00

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

Helpful Hints..

• If you plan on using the scheduling feature of this router, then making sure the time is correct is extremely important. Either enter the time manually by clicking the **Copy Your Computers Time Settings** button, or use the **Automatic Time Configuration** option to have your router synchronize with a time server on the Internet.

Parental Control

This feature allows you to create a list of websites that you want to either allow or deny users access to.

Configure Parental Control: Select *Turn Parental Control OFF*, *Turn Parental Control ON* and *ALLOW* computers access to *ONLY* these sites, or *Turn Parental Control ON* and *DENY* computers access to *ONLY* these sites.

Website URL: Enter the keywords or URLs that you want to block (or allow). Any URL with the keyword in it will be blocked (or allowed).

Schedule: The schedule of time when the parental control rule will be enabled. The schedule may be set to *Always*, which will allow the particular service to always be enabled, or you can create your own schedule in the **Maintenance > Schedules** section.

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DIR-400 // SETUP ADVANCED MAINTENANCE STATUS HELP

Internet Setup
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PARENTAL CONTROL RULES :

Parental Control provides the useful tools for restricting Internet access. Website URL allows you to quickly create a list of all web sites that you wish to allow or deny users from accessing. Schedule allows you to control when clients or PCs connected to Router are allowed to access the Internet.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

25 – PARENTAL CONTROL RULES

Configure Parental Control below:
Turn Parental Control OFF

Remaining number of rules that can be created: 25

	Website URL	Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>		Always Add New
<input type="checkbox"/>		Always Add New
<input type="checkbox"/>		Always Add New
<input type="checkbox"/>		Always Add New
<input type="checkbox"/>		Always Add New
<input type="checkbox"/>		Always Add New
<input type="checkbox"/>		Always Add New
<input type="checkbox"/>		Always Add New
<input type="checkbox"/>		Always Add New
<input type="checkbox"/>		Always Add New
<input type="checkbox"/>		Always Add New
<input type="checkbox"/>		Always Add New
<input type="checkbox"/>		Always Add New
<input type="checkbox"/>		Always Add New
<input type="checkbox"/>		Always Add New

Helpful Hints..

- Create a list of Websites that you would like the devices on your network to be allowed or denied access to.
- Keywords can be entered in this list in order to block any URL containing the keyword entered.

Port Forwarding

This will allow you to open a single port or a range of ports. This may be necessary for some online applications, such as online gaming. Check with your software's technical support site to see if your software requires port forwarding.

Rule: Check the box to enable the rule.

Name: Enter a name for the rule.

You can also use the dropdown box (Application Name) to automatically enter the Name, Ports and Traffic Type for common applications such as FTP, Telnet, and more. To do so, select an application from the dropdown box, then click the << button.

IP Address: Enter the IP address of the computer on your local network that you want to allow the incoming service to.

You can also use the dropdown box (Computer Name) to automatically enter the IP address of a computer currently connected to the router. To do so, select a computer from the dropdown box, then click the << button.

Port: Enter the port or ports that you want to open for both Public Ports(WAN ports) and Private Ports(LAN ports). You can open a range of ports by entering the starting port in the first box and the ending port in the second box. If you want to open a single port, enter the same port number in both boxes.

Traffic Type: Select what kind of traffic to allow through the ports: TCP, UDP, or Any.

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DIR-400 // SETUP ADVANCED MAINTENANCE STATUS HELP

Port Forwarding

Application Rules

Access Control

Firewall & DMZ

Advanced Wireless

Advanced Network

Routing

Logout

Internet Offline

Reboot

PORT FORWARDING RULES :

The Advanced Port Forwarding option allow you to define a single public port on your router for redirection to an internal LAN IP Address and Private LAN port if required. This feature is useful for hosting online service such as FTP or Web Servers.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

25 - PORT FORWARDING RULES

Remaining number of rules that can be created: 25

Name	IP Address	Port	Traffic Type
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="text"/> << Application Name	<input type="text"/> << Computer Name	Public Port <input type="text"/> ~ <input type="text"/>	Any
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="text"/> << Application Name	<input type="text"/> << Computer Name	Private Port <input type="text"/> ~ <input type="text"/>	Schedule Always <input type="button" value="Add New"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="text"/> << Application Name	<input type="text"/> << Computer Name	Public Port <input type="text"/> ~ <input type="text"/>	Any
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="text"/> << Application Name	<input type="text"/> << Computer Name	Private Port <input type="text"/> ~ <input type="text"/>	Schedule Always <input type="button" value="Add New"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="text"/> << Application Name	<input type="text"/> << Computer Name	Public Port <input type="text"/> ~ <input type="text"/>	Any
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="text"/> << Application Name	<input type="text"/> << Computer Name	Private Port <input type="text"/> ~ <input type="text"/>	Schedule Always <input type="button" value="Add New"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="text"/> << Application Name	<input type="text"/> << Computer Name	Public Port <input type="text"/> ~ <input type="text"/>	Any
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="text"/> << Application Name	<input type="text"/> << Computer Name	Private Port <input type="text"/> ~ <input type="text"/>	Schedule Always <input type="button" value="Add New"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="text"/> << Application Name	<input type="text"/> << Computer Name	Public Port <input type="text"/> ~ <input type="text"/>	Any

Helpful Hints..

- Check the **Application Name** drop down menu for a list of pre-defined applications that you can select from. If you select one of the pre-defined applications, click the arrow button next to the drop down menu to fill out the appropriate fields.
- You can select your computer from the list of DHCP clients in the **Computer Name** drop down menu, or enter the IP address manually of the computer you would like to open the specified port to.
- In order to apply a schedule to a Port Forwarding Rule, you must first define a schedule on the **Maintenance>Schedules** page.
- This feature allows you to open a range of ports to a computer on your network. To do so, enter the first port in the range you would like to open in the **Start** field and last port of the range in the **End** field.
- To open a single port using this feature, simply enter the same number in both the **Start** and **End** fields.

Application Rules

Some applications require multiple connections, such as Internet gaming, video conferencing, Internet telephony and others. These applications may have difficulty working through NAT (Network Address Translation) functions of a router. Application Rules help these applications work through the DIR-400.

Rule: Check the box to enable the rule.

Name: Enter a name for the rule.

You can also use the dropdown box (Application Name) to automatically enter the Name, Ports and Traffic Type for common applications such as FTP, Telnet, and more. To do so, select an application from the dropdown box, then click the << button.

Trigger Port: This is the port used to trigger the rule. It can be either a single port or a range of ports.

Firewall Port: This is the port number on the WAN side that will be used to access the application. You may define a single port or a range of ports. You can use a comma to add multiple ports or port ranges.

Traffic Type: Select what kind of traffic to control: TCP, UDP, or Any.

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APPLICATION RULE

The Application Rules option is used to open single or multiple ports in your firewall when the router senses data sent to the Internet on a outgoing "Trigger" port or port range. Special Applications rules apply to all computers on your internal network.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

25 - APPLICATION RULES

Remaining number of rules that can be created: 25

			Port	Traffic Type
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Application Name	Trigger 0	TCP
			Firewall 0	TCP
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Application Name	Trigger 0	TCP
			Firewall 0	TCP
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Application Name	Trigger 0	TCP
			Firewall 0	TCP
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Application Name	Trigger 0	TCP
			Firewall 0	TCP

Helpful Hints...

- Check the **Application Name** drop down menu for a list of pre-defined applications that you can select from. If you select one of the pre-defined applications, click the arrow button next to the drop down menu to fill out the appropriate fields.

Access Control

Use MAC (Media Access Control) Filters to allow or deny LAN (Local Area Network) computers from accessing the Network based on their MAC addresses. You can either manually add a MAC address or select the MAC address from the list of clients that are currently connected to the router.

Configure MAC Filter: Here, you have three options: Select *Turn MAC Filtering OFF*, *Turn MAC Filtering ON and ALLOW computers listed to access the network*, or *Turn MAC Filtering ON and DENY computers listed to access the network*.

MAC Address: Enter the MAC address you would like to filter. To find the MAC address on a computer, please refer to the Networking Basics section in this manual.

DHCP Client List: You can use the dropdown box (Computer Name) to automatically enter the MAC address of a computer currently connected to the router. To do so, select a computer from the dropdown box, then click the << button.

Schedule: This selects which schedule will be used to determine when the MAC filter will be enabled. The schedule may be set to Always, which will allow the particular service to always be enabled.

Clicking on **Add New** will allow you to make a new schedule. You can view current schedule settings in the **Maintenance > Schedules** section.

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MAC FILTERING

The MAC (Media Access Controller) Address filter option is used to control network access based on the MAC Address of the network adapter. A MAC address is a unique ID assigned by the manufacturer of the network adapter. This feature can be configured to ALLOW or DENY network/Internet access.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

25 - MAC FILTERING RULES

Configure MAC Filtering below:
Turn MAC Filtering OFF

Remaining number of rules that can be created: 25

	MAC Address		DHCP Client List	Schedule	
<input type="checkbox"/>	00:00:00:00:00:00	<<	Computer Name	Always	Add New
<input type="checkbox"/>	00:00:00:00:00:00	<<	Computer Name	Always	Add New
<input type="checkbox"/>	00:00:00:00:00:00	<<	Computer Name	Always	Add New
<input type="checkbox"/>	00:00:00:00:00:00	<<	Computer Name	Always	Add New
<input type="checkbox"/>	00:00:00:00:00:00	<<	Computer Name	Always	Add New
<input type="checkbox"/>	00:00:00:00:00:00	<<	Computer Name	Always	Add New
<input type="checkbox"/>	00:00:00:00:00:00	<<	Computer Name	Always	Add New
<input type="checkbox"/>	00:00:00:00:00:00	<<	Computer Name	Always	Add New
<input type="checkbox"/>	00:00:00:00:00:00	<<	Computer Name	Always	Add New
<input type="checkbox"/>	00:00:00:00:00:00	<<	Computer Name	Always	Add New
<input type="checkbox"/>	00:00:00:00:00:00	<<	Computer Name	Always	Add New
<input type="checkbox"/>	00:00:00:00:00:00	<<	Computer Name	Always	Add New

Helpful Hints..

- Create a list of MAC addresses that you would either like to allow or deny access to your network.
- Computers that have obtained an IP address from the router's DHCP server will be in the DHCP Client List. Select a device from the drop down menu and click the arrow to add that device's MAC to the list.
- Use the check box on the left to either enable or disable a particular entry.
- Use the **Always** drop down menu if you have previously defined a schedule in the router. If not, click on the **Add New** button to add one.

Firewall & DMZ - DMZ Host

This section will allow you to set up a DMZ host.

If you have a client PC that cannot run Internet applications properly from behind the DIR-400, then you can set the client up for unrestricted Internet access. It allows a computer to be fully exposed to the Internet. This feature is useful for some applications such as gaming. Note that adding a client to the DMZ (Demilitarized Zone) may expose your local network to a variety of security risks, so only use this option as a last resort.

Enable SPI: Check this to enable SPI (Stateful Packet Inspection).

Enable DMZ Host: Check this box to enable the DMZ Host feature.

DMZ IP Address: Enter the IP address of the computer you would like to open all ports to (the DMZ Host).

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FIREWALL & DMZ SETTINGS

Firewall rules can be used to allow or deny traffic passing through the router. You can specify a single port by utilizing the input box on the top or a range of ports by utilizing both input boxes.

DMZ means "Demilitarized Zone". DMZ allows computers behind the router firewall to be accessible to Internet traffic. Typically, your DMZ would contain Web servers, FTP servers and others.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

FIREWALL SETTING

Enable SPI:

DMZ HOST

The DMZ (Demilitarized Zone) option provides you with an option to set a single computer on your network outside of the router. If you have a computer that cannot run Internet applications successfully from behind the router, then you can place the computer into the DMZ for unrestricted Internet access.

Note: Putting a computer in the DMZ may expose that computer to a variety of security risks. Use of this option is only recommended as a last resort.

Enable DMZ Host:

DMZ IP Address: 0.0.0.0 << Computer Name

50 - FIREWALL RULES

Remaining number of clients that can be configured : 50

	Name	Interface	IP Address	Protocol	Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	Source <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	all <input type="text"/>	Schedule Always <input type="text"/>
	Action Allow <input type="text"/>	Dest <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	Port Range <input type="text"/>	Add New <input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	Source <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	all <input type="text"/>	Schedule Always <input type="text"/>
	Action Allow <input type="text"/>	Dest <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	Port Range <input type="text"/>	Add New <input type="text"/>

Helpful Hints..

- DMZ:** Only enable the DMZ option as a last resort. If you are having trouble using an application from a computer behind the router, first try opening ports associated with the application in the Virtual Server or Port Forwarding sections.
- Firewall:** Firewall Rules is an advanced feature used to deny or allow traffic from passing through the device. You can create detailed rules for the device. Please refer to the manual for more details and examples.

Firewall & DMZ - Firewall Rules

This section will allow you to set up firewall rules.

Firewall Rules allow you to specifically allow or deny traffic to and from specific IPs and ports between your network and the internet.

Name: Choose a name for the firewall rule.

Action: Select to *Allow* or *Deny* transport of the data packets according to the criteria defined in the rule.

Source/Dest: The Source/Destination is the TCP/UDP port on either the LAN (local network) or WAN (Internet) side.

IP Address: Enter a beginning and ending IP address. If you only want to affect a single IP address, enter the same IP address in both boxes.

Protocol: Select the transport protocol that will be used for the filter rule.

Port Range: Enter the desired port range for the filter rule. If you only want to affect a single port, enter the same port in both boxes.

Schedule: This selects which schedule will be used to determine when the firewall rule will be enabled. The schedule may be set to *Always*, which will allow the particular service to always be enabled.

Clicking on **Add New** will allow you to make a new schedule. You can view current schedule settings in the **Maintenance > Schedules** section.

50 – FIREWALL RULES

Remaining number of clients that can be configured : 50

	Interface	IP Address		Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>	Name Source	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	Protocol all	Schedule Always
	Action Allow	Dest <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	Port Range <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="Add New"/>

Advanced Wireless

This window allows you to change the behavior of the 802.11g wireless radio from the standard settings. Please be aware that any changes to the factory default settings may adversely affect the behavior of your network.

Transmit Power: Set the transmit power of the antennas.

Beacon interval: Beacons are packets sent by an Access Point to synchronize a wireless network. Specify a value. *100* is the default setting and is recommended.

RTS Threshold: This value should remain at its default setting of *2346*. If inconsistent data flow is a problem, only a minor modification should be made.

Fragmentation: The fragmentation threshold, which is specified in bytes, determines whether packets will be fragmented. Packets exceeding the *2346* byte setting will be fragmented before transmission. *2346* is the default setting.

DTIM Interval: A DTIM (Delivery Traffic Indication Message) is a countdown informing clients of the next window for listening to broadcast and multicast messages. *1* is the default setting.

Preamble Type: Select Short or Long Preamble. The Preamble defines the length of the CRC block (Cyclic Redundancy Check is a common technique for detecting data transmission errors) for communication between the wireless router and the roaming wireless network adapters. Auto is the default setting. Note: High network traffic areas should use the shorter preamble type.

CTS Mode: CTS (Clear To Send) is a function used to minimize collisions among wireless devices on a wireless local area network (LAN). CTS will make sure the wireless network is clear before a wireless client attempts to send wireless data. Enabling CTS will add overhead and may lower wireless throughput. **None:** CTS is typically used in a pure 802.11g environment. If CTS is set to “None” in a mixed mode environment populated by 802.11b clients, wireless collisions may occur frequently. **Always:** CTS will always be used to make sure the wireless LAN is clear before sending data. **Auto:** CTS will monitor the wireless network and automatically decide whether to implement CTS based on the amount of traffic and collisions that occurs on the wireless network.

802.11g Only Mode: Tick this checkbox to restrict access to 802.11g devices only.

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D-Link

DIR-400 // SETUP ADVANCED MAINTENANCE STATUS HELP

ADVANCED NETWORK SETTINGS :

These options are for users that wish to change the behavior of their 802.11g wireless radio from the standard setting. We do not recommend changing these settings from the factory default. Incorrect settings may impact the performance of your wireless radio. The default settings should provide the best wireless radio performance in most environment.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

ADVANCED WIRELESS SETTINGS

Transmit Power : 100% ▾

Beacon interval : 100 (msec, range:20~1000, default:100)

RTS Threshold : 2346 (range: 256~2346, default:2346)

Fragmentation : 2346 (range: 1500~2346, default:2346, even number only)

DTIM interval : 1 (range: 1~255, default:1)

Preamble Type : Short Preamble Long Preamble

CTS Mode : None Always Auto

802.11g Only Mode Enable

Helpful Hints...
It is recommended that you leave these options at their default values. Adjusting them could negatively impact the performance of your wireless network.

Advanced Network

This window allows you to change the LAN settings. Please be aware that any changes from the factory default settings may affect the behavior of your network.

Enable UPnP: To use the Universal Plug and Play (UPnP™) feature tick this checkbox. UPnP provides compatibility with networking equipment, software and peripherals.

Enable WAN Ping Respond: Unchecking the box will not allow the DIR-400 to respond to ping requests. Blocking pings may provide some extra security from hackers. Tick this checkbox to allow the WAN port to be “Pinged”.

WAN Port Speed: You may set the port speed of the WAN port to *10Mbps*, *100Mbps*, or *10/100Mbps Auto*. Some older cable or DSL modems may require you to set the port speed to 10Mbps.

Enable Gaming Mode: Gaming mode allows a form of pass-through for certain internet games. If you are using an XBox/XBox 360, Playstation 2/Playstation 3, Nintendo Wii or a PC, make sure you are using the latest firmware and Gaming Mode is enabled. To utilize Gaming Mode, tick this checkbox. If you are not using an online gaming application, it is recommended that you disable Gaming Mode by leaving the checkbox unticked.

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D-Link

DIR-400 // SETUP ADVANCED MAINTENANCE STATUS HELP

ADVANCED NETWORK SETTINGS :

These options are for users that wish to change the LAN settings. We do not recommend changing these settings from factory default. Changing these settings may affect the behavior of your network.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

UPNP :

Universal Plug and Play (UPnP) supports peer-to-peer Plug and Play functionality for network devices.

Enable UPnP :

WAN PING :

If you enable this feature, the WAN port of your router will respond to ping requests from the Internet that are sent to the WAN IP Address.

Enable WAN Ping Respond :

WAN PORT SPEED :

10/100Mbps Auto

GAMING MODE :

If you are having difficulties playing some online games - please enable this mode.

Enable GAMING mode:

MULTICAST STREAMS :

Enable Multicast Streams:

Helpful Hints..

- For added security, it is recommended that you disable the **WAN Ping Respond** option. Ping is often used by malicious Internet users to locate active networks or PCs.
- Gaming Mode should be used when you are playing games on the Internet from behind the router.

Internet Offline

Reboot

Routing

This option allows you to define fixed routes to defined destinations.

Enable: Tick this checkbox to enable or disable fixed routes to defined destinations.

Interface: Use the drop-down menu to choose which interface, *WAN* or *WAN (Physical Port)*, the IP packet must use to transit out of the router.

Destination: The IP address of the packets that will take this route.

Subnet Mask: The subnet of the IP address of the packets that will take this route.

Gateway: Specifies the next hop to be taken if this route is used.

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ROUTING :

The Routing option allows you to define fixed routes to defined destinations.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

50 - STATIC ROUTING

Remaining number of rules that can be created: 50

	Interface	Destination	Subnet Mask	Gateway
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN			
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN			
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN			
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN			
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN			
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN			
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN			
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN			
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN			
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN			
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN			
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN			
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN			
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN			
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN			
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN			
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN			
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN			
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN			
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN			
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN			
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN			
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN			

Helpful Hints..

- **Enable:** Specifies whether the entry will be enabled or disabled.
- **Interface:** Specifies the interface — LAN or WAN — that the IP packet must use to transit out of the router, when this route is used.
- **Destination IP:** The IP address or packet that will take this route.
- **Subnet Mask:** One bits in the mask specify which bits of the IP address must match.
- **Gateway:** Specifies the next hop to be taken if this route is used. A gateway of 0.0.0.0 implies there is no next hop, and the IP address matched is directly connected to the router on the interface specified: WAN or WAN Physical.

Device Administration

This window will allow you to change the Administrator password. You can also enable Remote Management from this screen.

Administrator Login Name: Enter a new Login Name for the Administrator account. The default Login Name is *admin*. Note that the Login Name is case-sensitive, e.g. *admin* would be a different Login Name than *Admin*.

Administrator Password: Enter a new password for the Administrator Login Name and then retype the new password in the Confirm Password textbox. The administrator can make changes to the settings.

Enable Remote Management: Remote management allows the DIR-400 to be configured from the Internet through a web browser. The Administrator Login Name and Password are still required to access the web management interface. Normally, only a member of your network can browse the built-in web pages to perform Administrator tasks. This feature enables you to perform Administrator tasks from a remote (Internet) host.

IP Allowed to Access: The Internet IP address of the computer that has access to the router. If you input an asterisk (*) into this field, then any computer will be able to access the router. Putting an asterisk (*) into this field would present a security risk and is not recommended.

Port: The port number used to access the DIR-400. For example: `http://x.x.x.x:8080`, where x.x.x.x is the WAN IP address of the DIR-400 and 8080 is the port used for the web management interface.

The screenshot shows the D-Link DIR-400 web management interface. At the top, it displays 'Product Page: DIR-400' and 'Firmware Version: 1.00'. The D-Link logo is prominently featured. Below the logo is a navigation menu with tabs for 'DIR-400', 'SETUP', 'ADVANCED', 'MAINTENANCE', 'STATUS', and 'HELP'. The 'SETUP' tab is selected, and the 'ADMINISTRATOR SETTINGS' page is displayed. The page contains the following sections:

- ADMINISTRATOR SETTINGS:** A message states, 'There is password for this router by default. To help secure your network, we recommend that you should choose a new password.' Below this message are two buttons: 'Save Settings' and 'Don't Save Settings'.
- ADMINISTRATOR (THE DEFAULT LOGIN NAME IS "ADMIN"):** This section contains three input fields: 'Login name' (with 'admin' entered), 'New Password' (with masked characters), and 'Confirm Password' (with masked characters).
- REMOTE MANAGEMENT:** This section contains three items: 'Enable Remote Management' (with an unchecked checkbox), 'IP Allowed to Access' (with an empty input field), and 'Port' (with a dropdown menu showing '8080').

On the right side of the interface, there is a 'Helpful Hints...' section with two bullet points:

- For security reasons, it is recommended that you change the Login Name and Password for the Administrator and User accounts. Be sure to write down the new Login Names and Passwords to avoid having to reset the router in the event that they are forgotten.
- When enabling Remote Management, you can specify the IP address of the computer on the Internet that you want to have access to your router, or leave it blank to allow access to any computer on the Internet.

On the left side of the interface, there is a sidebar menu with options: 'Device Administration', 'Save and Restore', 'Firmware Update', 'DDNS Setting', 'System Check', 'Schedules', 'Log Settings', 'Logout', 'Internet Offline', and 'Reboot'.

Save and Restore

This window allows you to save your configuration file to a hard drive, load configuration settings from a hard drive, and restore the router's factory default settings.

Save Settings to Local Hard Drive: Use this option to save the current router configuration settings to a file on the hard disk of the computer you are using. First, click the **Save** button. You will then see a file dialog, where you can select a location and file name for the settings.

Load Settings from Local Hard Drive: Use this option to load previously saved router configuration settings. First, use the **Browse** control to find a previously save file of configuration settings. Then, click the **Upload Settings** button to transfer those settings to the router.

Restore to Factory Default Settings: This option will restore all configuration settings back to the default settings that the router came with. Any settings that have not been saved will be lost, including any rules that you have created. If you want to save the current router configuration settings, use the **Save** button above.

Reboot: Click the **Reboot** button on the left side of the window to restart the router.

The screenshot shows the D-Link DIR-400 web interface. At the top, it displays 'Product Page: DIR-400' and 'Firmware Version: 1.00'. The D-Link logo is prominently featured. Below the logo is a navigation menu with tabs for 'DIR-400', 'SETUP', 'ADVANCED', 'MAINTENANCE', 'STATUS', and 'HELP'. The 'SETUP' tab is selected, and the 'SAVE AND RESTORE SETTINGS' page is displayed. The page contains the following text and controls:

SAVE AND RESTORE SETTINGS

Once th router is configured you can save the configuration settings to a configuration file on your hard drive. You also have the option to load configuration settings, or restore the factory default settings.

SAVE AND RESTORE SETTINGS

Save Settings To Local Hard Drive :

Load Settings From Local Hard Drive :

Restore To Factory Default Settings :

Helpful Hints..

- Once your router is configured they way you want it, you can save these settings to a configuration file that can later be loaded in the event that the router's default settings are restored. To do this, click the **Save** button next to where it says Save Settings to Local Hard Drive.

Firmware Update

You can upgrade the firmware of the router here. Make sure the firmware you want to use is on the local hard drive of the computer. Click on **Browse** to locate the firmware file to be used for the update. Please check the D-Link support site for firmware updates at <http://support.dlink.com>. You can download firmware upgrades to your hard drive from the D-Link support site.

Firmware Upgrade: Click the **Check Now** button (or the link at the top of the window) to find out if there is an updated firmware; if so, download the new firmware to your hard drive.

Browse: After you have downloaded the new firmware, click **Browse** in this window to locate the firmware update on your hard drive. Click **Save Settings** to complete the firmware upgrade.

The screenshot shows the D-Link DIR-400 web interface. At the top, it says 'Product Page: DIR-400' and 'Firmware Version: 1.00'. The D-Link logo is prominently displayed. Below the logo is a navigation menu with tabs for 'DIR-400', 'SETUP', 'ADVANCED', 'MAINTENANCE', 'STATUS', and 'HELP'. The 'MAINTENANCE' tab is selected, and the 'FIRMWARE UPGRADE' section is active. The main content area contains the following text:

FIRMWARE UPGRADE :

There may be new firmware for your DIR-400 to improve functionality and performance. [Click here to check for an upgrade on our support site.](#)

To upgrade the firmware, locate the upgrade file on the local hard drive with the Browse button. Once you have found the file to be used, click the Save Settings button below to start the firmware upgrade.

CURRENT FIRMWARE INFO

Current Firmware Version 1.00
Firmware Date Thu, 07 June 2007

Check Online Now for Latest Firmware Version

UPDATE SETTING

Update :

The sidebar on the right contains 'Helpful Hints...' with the following text:

• Firmware Update are released periodically to improve the functionality of your router and also to add features. If you run into a problem with a specific feature of the router, check our support site by clicking on the [Click here to check for an upgrade on our support site link](#) and see if an updated firmware is available for your router.

DDNS Settings

The router supports DDNS (Dynamic Domain Name Service). The Dynamic DNS feature allows you to host a server (Web, FTP, game server, etc.) using a domain name that you have purchased or reserved (www.yourdomain.com). Many ISPs assign public IP addresses using DHCP, this can make it difficult to locate a specific host on the Internet using standard DNS as the IP keeps changing. Using the DDNS feature with a DDNS service provider allows you to use a host name that connects to your server no matter what your IP address is. Using the DDNS feature requires that an account be setup with one of the supported DDNS providers.

Enable DDNS: Tick the Enable DDNS checkbox to enable support for DDNS.

Server Address: Select one of the DDNS registration organizations from those listed in the pull-down menu. Available servers include *dlinkddns.com(Free)*, *DynDns.org(Custom)*, *Dyn.Dns.org(free)*, and *Dyn.Dns.org(Static)*.

Host Name: Enter the host name of the DDNS server.

Username: Enter the username given to you by your DDNS server.

Password: Enter the password or key given to you by your DDNS server.

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DYNAMIC DNS

The Dynamic DNS feature allows you to host a server (Web, FTP, Game Server, etc...) using a domain name that you have purchased (www.whateveryournameis.com) with your dynamically assigned IP address. Most broadband Internet Service Providers assign dynamic (changing) IP addresses. Using a DDNS service provider, your friends can enter your host name to connect to your game server no matter what your IP address is.

Sign up for D-Link's Free DDNS service at www.dlinkddns.com.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

DYNAMIC DNS SETTINGS

Enable DNS :

Server Address : dlinkddns.com << dlinkddns.com(Free) >>

Host Name :

Username or Key :

Password or Key :

Verify Password or Key :

Timeout : (hours)

Status : Disconnect

Helpful Hints...

- In order to use this feature you must first have a DDNS account from one of the providers in the drop down menu.

System Check

This tool is used to verify physical connectivity on both the LAN and the WAN interfaces. The Ping Test can be used to test the status of the Internet.

Virtual Cable Tester (VCT) VCT is an advanced feature that integrates a LAN cable tester on every Ethernet port on the router.

Info: Through the graphical user interface (GUI), VCT can be used to remotely diagnose and report cable faults such as opens, shorts, swaps, and impedance mismatch. This feature significantly reduces service calls and returns by allowing users to easily troubleshoot their cable connections. Click on **More Info** to find out more information about a particular connection.

Ping Test: The Ping Test is used to send ping packets to test if a computer is on the Internet. Enter the Host Name or IP Address that you wish to ping, and click **Ping**.

The screenshot displays the D-Link DIR-400 web interface. At the top, it shows 'Product Page: DIR-400' and 'Firmware Version: 1.00'. The main navigation bar includes 'SETUP', 'ADVANCED', 'MAINTENANCE', 'STATUS', and 'HELP'. The 'SYSTEM CHECK' section is highlighted in orange and contains the following text:

The System Check tool can be used to verify the physical connectivity on both the LAN and WAN interfaces. The Ping Test tool can be used to verify the status of the Internet.

Below this is the 'VCT INFO' section, which includes a table of port link statuses:

Ports	Link Status		
WAN		Disconnected	More Info
LAN1		Disconnected	More Info
LAN2		Disconnected	More Info
LAN3		Disconnected	More Info
LAN4		100Mbps full Duplex	More Info

The 'PING TEST' section is located below the VCT INFO section and contains the following text:

Ping Test is used to send "Ping" packets to test if a computer is on the Internet.

Host Name or IP Address :

Below the ping test section is the 'PING RESULT' section, which is currently empty.

On the right side of the interface, there is a 'Helpful Hints...' section with the following text:

- "Ping" checks whether a computer on the Internet is running and responding. Enter either the IP address of the target computer or enter its fully qualified domain name.