#### FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART C

#### **TEST REPORT**

For

# **D-Link Corporation**

**Tri-Mode Dualband Wireless Access Point** 

Model: DWL-7000AP; WAP-D15

**Trade Name: D-Link** 

Prepared for

D-Link Corporation No. 8, Park Ave, II, Science-based Industrial Park, Hsinchu, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Prepared by

Compliance Certification Services Inc.
No. 81-1, Lane 210, Bade Rd. 2, Luchu Hsiang,
Taoyuan Hsien, (338) Taiwan, R.O.C.

TEL: 886-3-324-0332 FAX: 886-3-324-5235



**Note:** This report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of Compliance Certification Services Inc. This document may be altered or revised by Compliance Certification Services Inc. personnel only, and shall be noted in the revision section of the document.

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. T	EST RESULT CERTIFICATION	3
	UT DESCRIPTION	
3. T	EST METHODOLOGY	5
3.1	EUT CONFIGURATION	5
3.2	EUT EXERCISE	5
3.3	GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES	5
3.4	FCC PART 15.205 RESTRICTED BANDS OF OPERATIONS	6
3.5	DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES	6
4. IN	NSTRUMENT CALIBRATION	7
5. F	ACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS	8
5.1	FACILITIES 8	
5.2	EQUIPMENT	8
5.3	LABORATORY ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTING	8
	TABLE OF ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTINGS	
	ETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST	
	SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	
7. F	CC PART 15.247 REQUIREMENTS	
	CONDITION A: WLAN OPERATION	11
7.1	6DB BANDWIDTH	11
7.2	PEAK POWER	19
7.3		
7.4		
7.5	RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE	46
7.6		
	CONDITION B: CO-LACATED OPERATION	89
7.7	SPURIOUS EMISSIONS	89
7.8	POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS	92

#### Date of Issue: November 5, 2003

# **TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION**

**Applicant: D-Link Corporation** 

No. 8, Park Ave, II, Science-based Industrial Park,

Hsinchu, Taiwan, R.O.C.

**Equipment Under Test:** Tri-Mode Dualband Wireless Access Point

**Trade Name:** D-Link

Model: DWL-7000AP; WAP-D15

**Model Difference** All the above models are identical except the model

designation

B30929204-RP **Report Number:** 

**Date of Test:** October 1 ~ November 4, 2003

APPLICABLE STANDARDS			
STANDARD TEST RESULT			
FCC Part 15 Subpart C No non-compliance noted			

# We hereby certify that:

The above equipment was tested by Compliance Certification Services Inc. The test data, data evaluation, test procedures, and equipment configurations shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.4 and the energy emitted by the sample EUT tested as described in this report is in compliance with conducted and radiated emission limits of FCC Rules Part 15.247.

The test results of this report relate only to the tested sample identified in this report.

Approved by:

Jonson Lee

Director of Linkou Laboratory

Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Reviewed by:

Eric Wong

Section Manager

Compliance Certification Services Inc.

# **EUT DESCRIPTION**

Product	Tri-Mode Dualband Wireless Access Point
Trade Name	D-Link
Model Number	DWL-7000AP; WAP-D15
<b>Model Discrepancy</b>	All the above models are identical except the model designation
Power Supply	Input: AC 100-120V, 47-63 Hz; 0.5A Output: DC 5V, 2.0A
Frequency Range	IEEE 802.11a(DTS): 5745 ~ 5825 MHz (Base Mode) / 5760 ~ 5800 MHz (Turbo Mode) IEEE 802.11a(U-NII): 5180 ~ 5320 MHz (Base Mode) / 5210 ~ 5290 MHz (Turbo Mode) IEEE 802.11b: 2412 ~ 2462 MHz IEEE 802.11g: 2412 ~ 2462 MHz (Base Mode) IEEE 802.11g: 2437 MHz (Turbo Mode)
Transmit Power	IEEE 802.11a: 16.33 dBm(DTS) IEEE 802.11a: 15.60 dBm(U-NII) IEEE 802.11b: 16.63 dBm IEEE 802.11g: 16.38 dBm
<b>Modulation Technique</b>	IEEE 802.11a, g: OFDM IEEE 802.11b: DSSS (CCK; DQPSK; DBPSK)
Antenna Gain	Dipole antenna gain: IEEE 802.11a: 2 dBi (Max) IEEE 802.11b, g: 1.8 dBi (Max) PIFA antenna gain: IEEE 802.11a: -1.23 dBi (Max) IEEE 802.11b, g: 1.57 dBi (Max)
Antenna Designation	Two PIFA Antennas and two Dipole antennas

Note: This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for FCC ID: KA22003040018-1 filing to comply with Section 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rules.

# 3. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4 and FCC CFR 47 2.1046, 2.1047, 2.1049, 2.1051, 2.1053, 2.1055, 2.1057, and 15.247.

Date of Issue: November 5, 2003

#### 3.1EUT CONFIGURATION

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

#### 3.2EUT EXERCISE

The EUT (Tri-Mode Dualband Wireless Access Point) was operated in the engineering mode to fix the TX frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements.

According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.247 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C.

#### 3.3GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES

#### **Conducted Emissions**

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.4.Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

#### **Radiated Emissions**

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the max. emission, the relative positions of this hand-held transmitter (EUT) was rotated through three orthogonal axes according to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.4.

#### 3.4FCC PART 15.205 RESTRICTED BANDS OF OPERATIONS

(a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
<sup>1</sup> 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 -	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.52525	2655 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	156.7 - 156.9	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	162.0125 - 167.17	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	167.72 - 173.2	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	240 - 285	3600 - 4400	$\binom{2}{}$
13.36 - 13.41	322 - 335.4		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

(b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

#### 3.5DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT has been tested under operating condition.

Software used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode is programmed.

Condition A: WLAN operation

Condition B: (Co-located WLAN operation) Firstly, pretest all the combination of the operating mode, including: Mode 1 (IEEE 802.11b and IEEE 802.11a) also the mode 2 (IEEE 802.11g and IEEE 802.11a). By comparison with these 2 data of the radiated unwanted emission data, we can found that the mode1 (with IEEE 802.11b and IEEE 802.11a) is the worst mode.

- Final testes are carried with the mode with combination of the WLAN IEEE 802.11b (Maximum output power is found on the upper channel) and WLAN IEEE 802.11a (Maximum output power is found on the upper channel)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Above 38.6

Date of Issue: November 5, 2003

# 4. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

# 5. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

#### **5.1FACILITIES**

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at
No. 81-1, Lane 210, Bade Rd. 2, Luchu Hsiang, Taoyuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.
No. 199, Chunghsen Road, Hsintien City, Taipei Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.
The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.4 and
CISPR Publication 22.
A AT OLYMPIA FED VE

Date of Issue: November 5, 2003

# **5.2EQUIPMENT**

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, biconical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.

Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers.

Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

#### 5.3LABORATORY ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTING

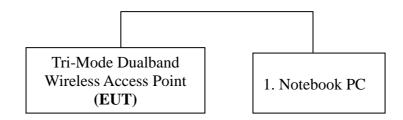
The test facilities used to perform radiated and conducted emissions tests are accredited by National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for the specific scope of accreditation under Lab Code: 200600-0 to perform Electromagnetic Interference tests according to FCC PART 15 AND CISPR 22 requirements. No part of this report may be used to claim or imply product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Government. In addition, the test facilities are listed with Federal Communications Commission (Registration no: 93105 and 90471).

# 5.4TABLE OF ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTINGS

Country	Agency	Scope of Accreditation	Logo
USA	NVLAP*	EN 55011, EN 55014-1, AS/NZS 1044, CNS 13783-1, EN 55022, CNS 13438, EN 61000-3-2, EN 61000-3-3, ANSI C63.4, FCC OST/MP-5, AS/NZS 3548IEC 61000-4-2, IEC 61000-4-3, IEC 61000-4-4, IEC 61000-4-5, IEC 61000-4-6, IEC 61000-4-8, IEC 61000-4-11	200600-0
USA	FCC	3/10 meter Open Area Test Sites to perform FCC Part 15/18 measurements	FC 93105, 90471
Japan	VCCI	4 3/10 meter Open Area Test Sites to perform conducted/radiated measurements	VCCI R-393/1066/725/879 C-402/747/912
Norway	NEMKO	EN 50081-1/2, EN 50082-1/2, IEC 61000-6-1/2, EN 50091-2, EN 50130-4, EN 55011, EN 55013, EN 55014-1/2, EN 55015, EN 55022, EN 55024, EN 61000-3-2/3, EN 61326-1, IEC 61000-4-2/3/4/5/6/8/11, EN 60601-1-2, EN 300 328-2, EN 300 422-2, EN 301 419-1, EN 301 489-01/03/07/08/09/17, EN 301 419-2/3, EN 300 454-2, EN 301 357-2	ELA 124a ELA 124b ELA 124c
Taiwan	CNLA	EN 300 328-1, EN 300 328-2, EN 300 220-1, EN 300 220-2, EN 300 220-3, 47 CFR FCC Part 15 Subpart C, EN 61000-3-2, EN 61000-3-3, CNS 13439, CNS 13783-1, CNS 14115, CNS 13438, AS/NZS 3548, CNS 13022-1, IEC 1000-4-3/4/5/6/8/11, CNS 13022-2/3	0 3 6 3 ILAC MRA
Taiwan	BSMI	CNS 13438, CNS 13783-1, CNS 13439, CNS 14115	SL2-IS-E-0014 SL2-IN-E-0014 SL2-A1-E-0014 SL2-R1-E-0014 SL2-R2-E-0014 SL2-L1-E-0014
Canada	Industry Canada	RSS212, Issue 1	<b>Canadä</b> IC 3991-3 IC 3991-4

<sup>\*</sup> No part of this report may be used to claim or imply product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Government.

# 6. SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST 6.1SUPPORT EQUIPMENT



Date of Issue: November 5, 2003

Device Type	Brand	Model	FCC ID	Series No.	Data Cable	Power Cord
Notebook PC	Compaq	Series PP2150	FCC DoC	1V31LDLZ3407	N/A	Unshielded, 1.8m

#### Notes:

- 1. All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test.
- 2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.

# 7. FCC PART 15.247 REQUIREMENTS

# **CONDITION A: WLAN OPERATION**

#### 7.1 6DB BANDWIDTH

#### **LIMIT**

For the direct sequence systems, the minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500kHz.

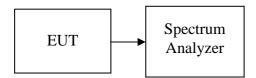
# MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	<b>Calibration Due</b>
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	US42510252	04/28/2004
Low Loss RF Cable	Huber + Suhner	Sucoflex 104	N/A	N/A

Date of Issue: November 5, 2003

**Remark:** Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year.

#### **Test Configuration**



# **TEST PROCEDURE**

- 1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in the transmitting mode.
- 2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.
- 3. Set the spectrum analyzer as RBW = 100kHz, VBW = RBW, Span = 20MHz, Sweep = auto.
- 4. Mark the peak frequency and –6dB (upper and lower) frequency.
- 5. Repeat until all the rest channels are investigated.

# **TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted

**Test Data** 

Test Mode: IEEE 802.11a / Base Mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Margin (kHz)
Low	5745	16530		PASS
Mid	5785	16500	>500	PASS
High	5825	16530		PASS

Test Mode: IEEE 802.11a / Turbo Mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Margin (kHz)
Low	5760	32830	>500	PASS
High	5800	32580		PASS

Test Mode: IEEE 802.11b

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Margin (kHz)
Low	2412	10170		PASS
Mid	2437	12630	>500	PASS
High	2462	11130		PASS

Test Mode: IEEE 802.11g / Base Mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Margin (kHz)
Low	2412	16570	>500	PASS
Mid	2437	16570		PASS
High	2462	16600		PASS

Test Mode: IEEE 802.11g / Turbo Mode

Frequency	Bandwidth	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)
2437	32920	>500	PASS

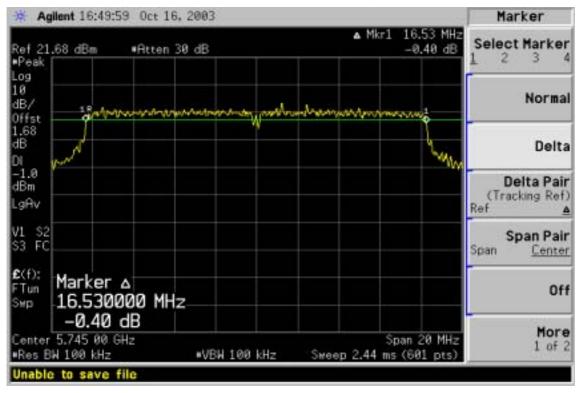


#### **Compliance Certification Services Inc.** Report No: B30929204-RP

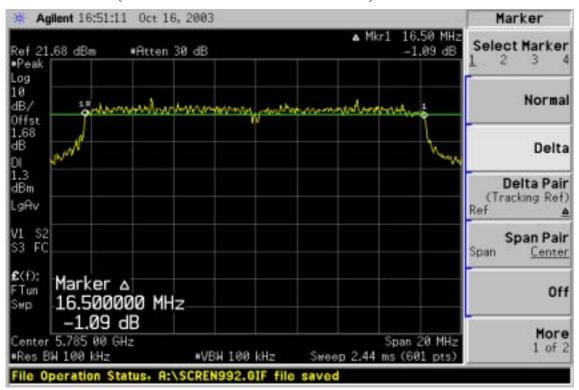
#### FCC ID: KA22003040018-1

#### **Test Plot**

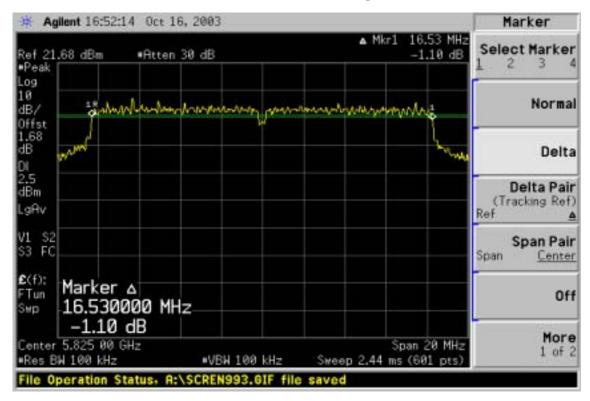
#### 6dB Bandwidth (IEEE 802.11a / Base Mode / Ch Low)



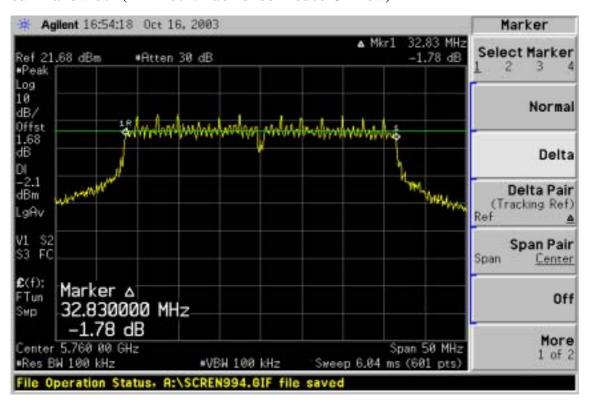
#### 6dB Bandwidth (IEEE 802.11a / Base Mode / Ch Mid)



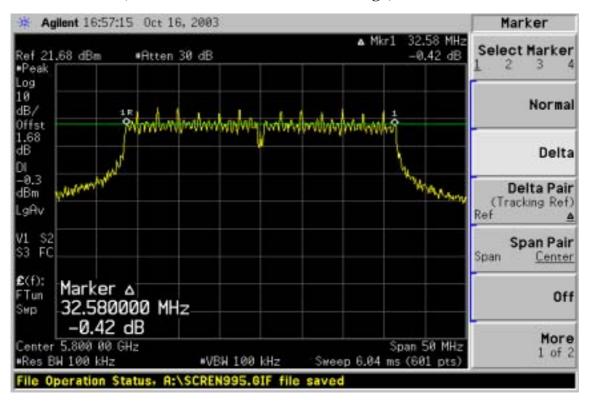
#### 6dB Bandwidth (IEEE 802.11a / Base Mode / Ch High)



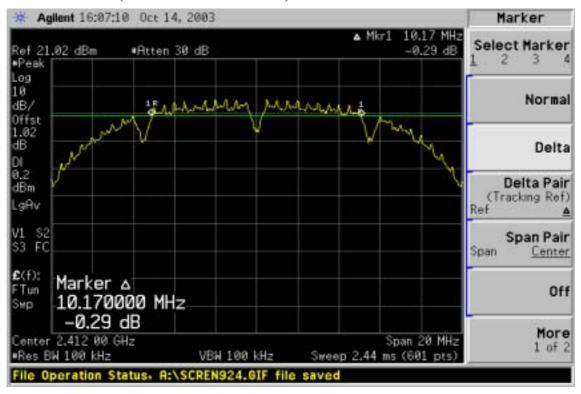
#### 6dB Bandwidth (IEEE 802.11a / Turbo Mode / Ch Low)



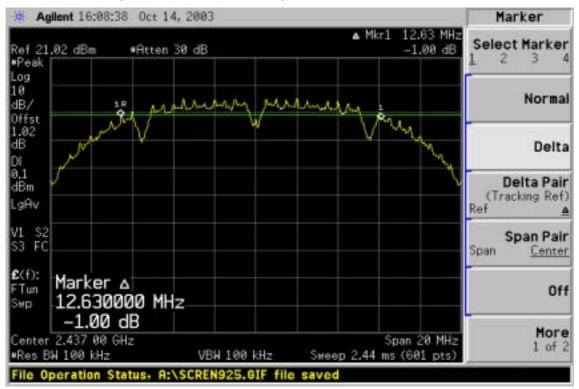
#### 6dB Bandwidth (IEEE 802.11a / Turbo Mode / Ch High)



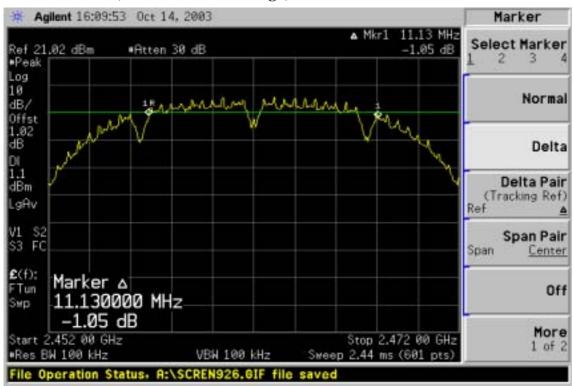
#### 6dB Bandwidth (IEEE 802.11b / Ch Low)



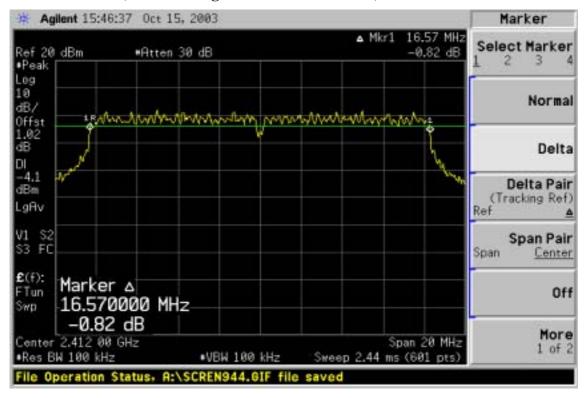
#### 6dB Bandwidth (IEEE 802.11b / Ch Mid)



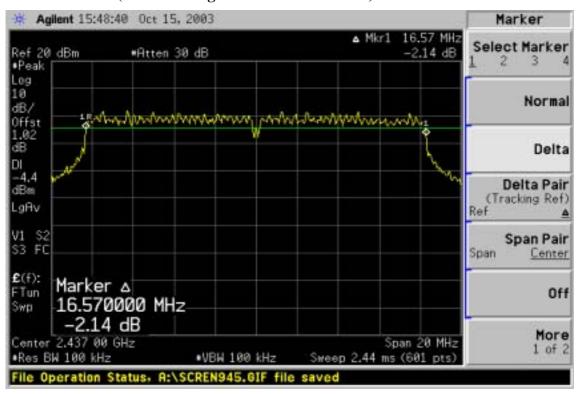
#### 6dB Bandwidth (IEEE 802.11b / Ch High)



#### 6dB Bandwidth (IEEE 802.11g / Base Mode / Ch Low)

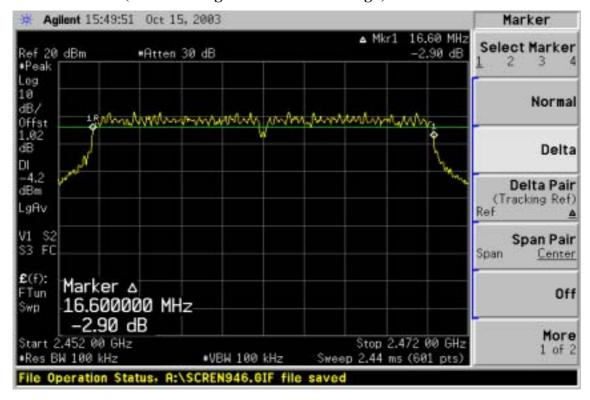


#### 6dB Bandwidth (IEEE 802.11g / Base Mode / Ch Mid)

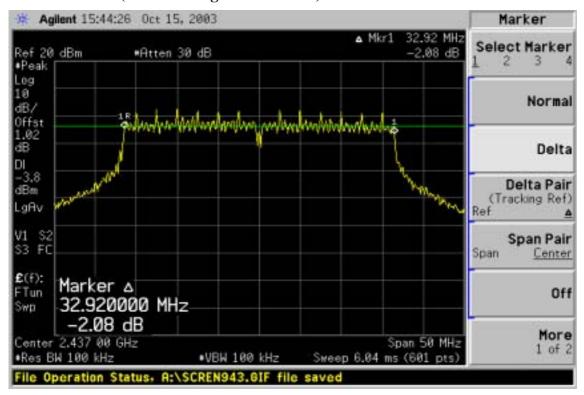


#### Date of Issue: November 5, 2003

#### 6dB Bandwidth (IEEE 802.11g / Base Mode / Ch High)



#### 6dB Bandwidth (IEEE 802.11g / Turbo Mode)



#### 7.2PEAK POWER

#### **LIMIT**

The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

1. For systems using digital modulation in the bands of 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz: 1 watt.

Date of Issue: November 5, 2003

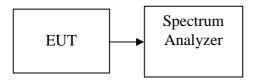
2. Except as shown in paragraphs (b)(3) (i), (ii) and (iii) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the peak output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1) or (b)(2) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

#### MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

Name of Equipment   Manufacturer		Model	Serial Number	<b>Calibration Due</b>
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	US42510252	04/28/2004
Low Loss Cable	Huber + Suhner	Sucoflex 104	N/A	N/A

**Remark:** Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year.

#### **Test Configuration**



#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum analyzer. The Spectrum analyzer is set to the peak power detection.

#### **TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted

# **Test Data**

Test Mode: IEEE 802.11a / Base Mode

Channel	Reading Power (dBm)	Factor (dB)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	13.34	1.68	15.02	0.03177	1	PASS
Mid	14.52	1.68	16.20	0.04169	1	PASS
High	14.64	1.68	16.32	0.04285	1	PASS

Test Mode: IEEE 802.11a / Turbo Mode

Channel	Reading Power (dBm)	Factor (dB)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	14.35	1.68	16.03	0.04009	1	PASS
High	14.65	1.68	16.33	0.04295	1	PASS

Test Mode: IEEE 802.11b

Channel	Reading Power (dBm)	Factor (dB)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	15.61	1.02	16.63	0.04603	1	PASS
Mid	15.61	1.02	16.63	0.04603	1	PASS
High	15.44	1.02	16.46	0.04426	1	PASS

Test Mode: IEEE 802.11g / Base Mode

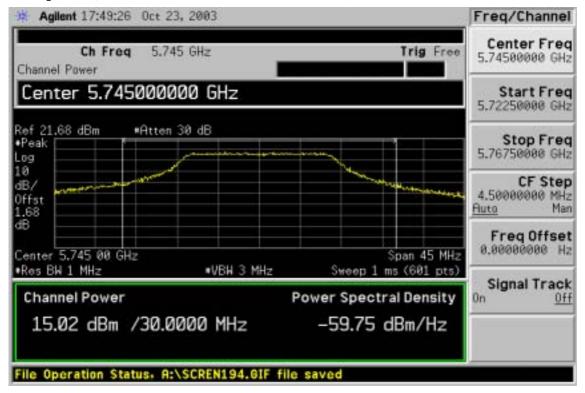
Channel	Reading Power (dBm)	Factor (dB)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	15.11	1.02	16.13	0.04102	1	PASS
Mid	15.15	1.02	16.17	0.04140	1	PASS
High	15.07	1.02	16.09	0.04064	1	PASS

Test Mode: IEEE 802.11g / Turbo Mode

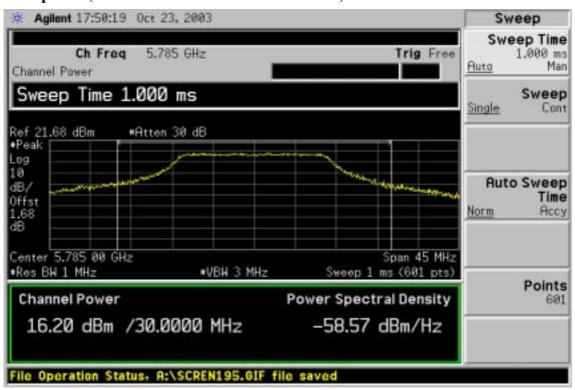
Reading Power (dBm)	Factor (dB)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
15.36	1.02	16.38	0.04345	1	PASS

#### **Test Plot**

#### Peak power (IEEE 802.11a / Base Mode / Ch Low)



#### Peak power (IEEE 802.11a / Base Mode / Ch Mid)

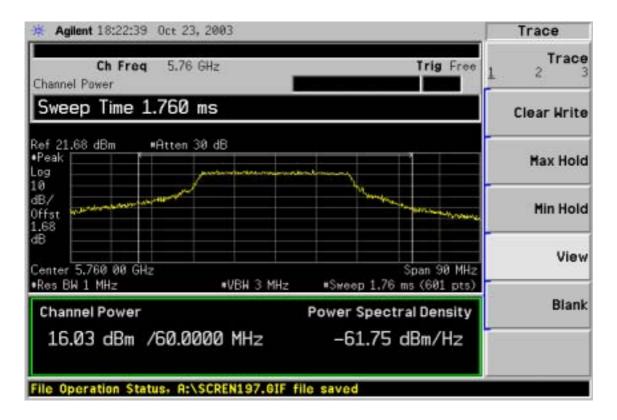


# **Compliance Certification Services Inc.**Report No: B30929204-RP FCC ID: KA220

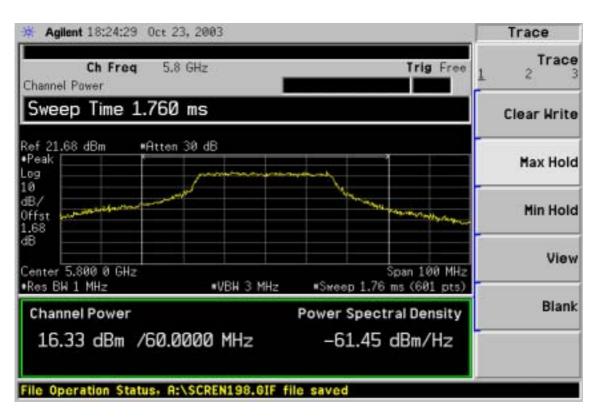
# Peak power (IEEE 802.11a / Base Mode / Ch High)



#### Peak power (IEEE 802.11a / Turbo Mode / Ch Low)



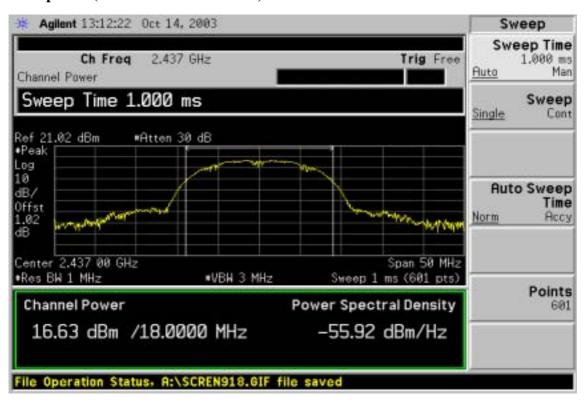
# Peak power (IEEE 802.11a / Turbo Mode / Ch High)



#### Peak power (IEEE 802.11b / Ch Low)

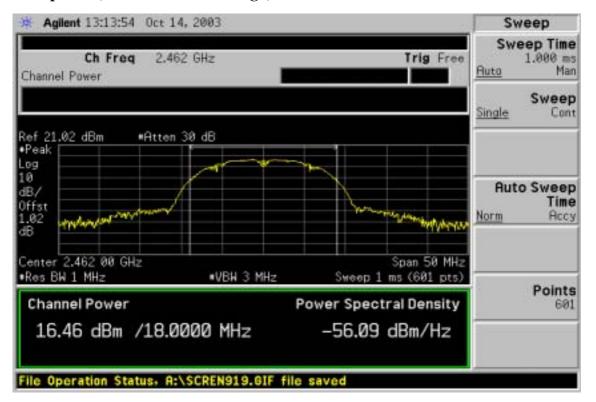


#### Peak power (IEEE 802.11b / Ch Mid)

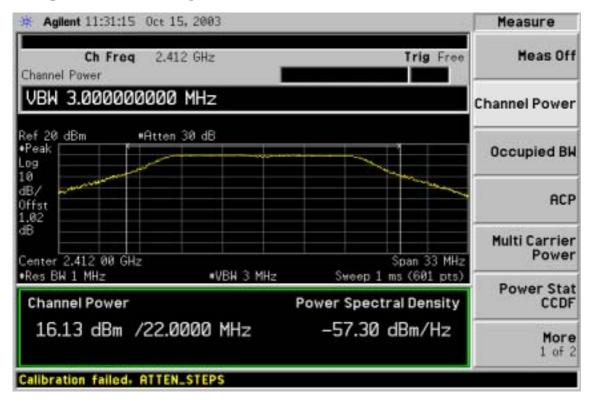


# Compliance Certification Services Inc. Report No: B30929204-RP FCC ID: KA220

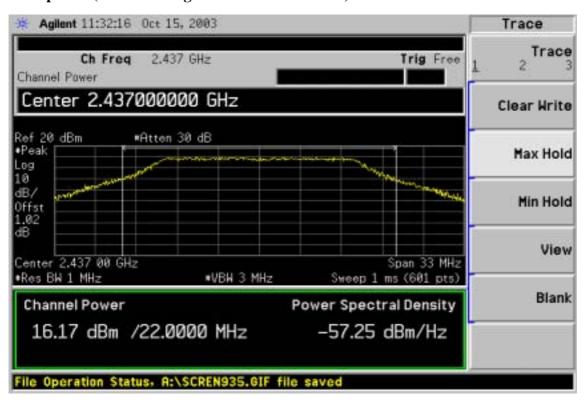
#### Peak power (IEEE 802.11b / Ch High)



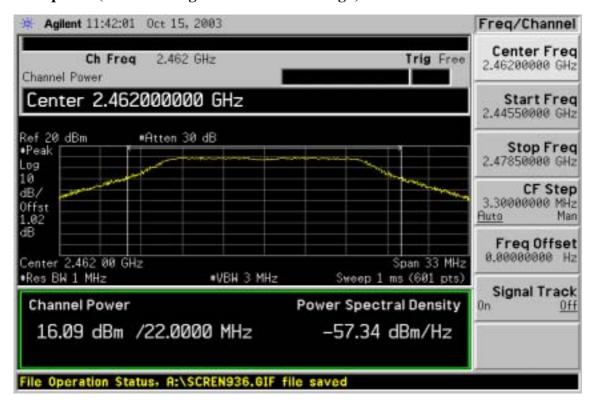
#### Peak power (IEEE 802.11g / Base Mode / Ch Low)



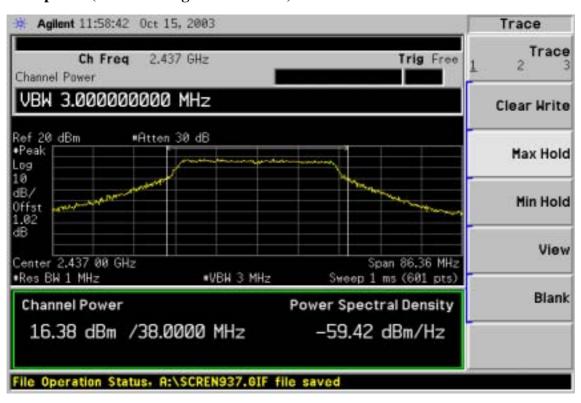
#### Peak power (IEEE 802.11g / Base Mode / Ch Mid)



#### Peak power (IEEE 802.11g / Base Mode / Ch High)



#### Peak power (IEEE 802.11g / Turbo Mode)



Date of Issue: November 5, 2003

#### 7.3BAND EDGES MEASUREMENT

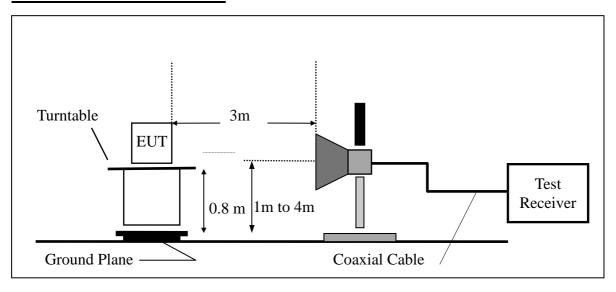
#### **LIMIT**

According to §15.247(c), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator in operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in15.209(a).

#### MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

EQUIPMENT TYPE	MFR	Model No.	Serial Number	<b>Calibration Due</b>
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	US42510252	04/27/2004
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP30	1093.4495.30	07/22/2004
Low loss cable	Huber + Suhner	Sucoflex 104	N/A	N/A

#### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

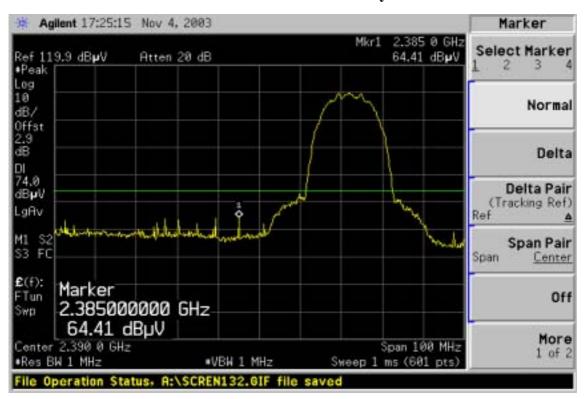
- 1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above the ground plane.
- 2. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
- 3. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission.
- 4. Set the spectrum analyzer in the following setting in order to capture the lower and upper band-edges of the emission:
  - (a) PEAK: RBW=VBW=1MHz / Sweep=AUTO
  - (b) AVERAGE: RBW=1MHz / VBW=10Hz / Sweep=AUTO
- 5. Repeat the procedures until all the PEAK and AVERAGE versus POLARIZATION are measured.

# TEST RESULTS

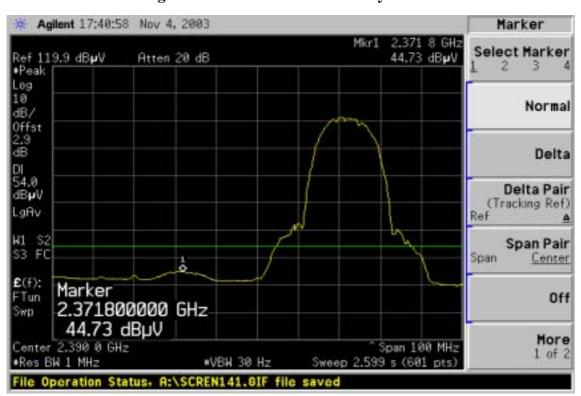
Refer to attach spectrum analyzer data chart.

#### Band Edges (IEEE 802.11b / CH Low)

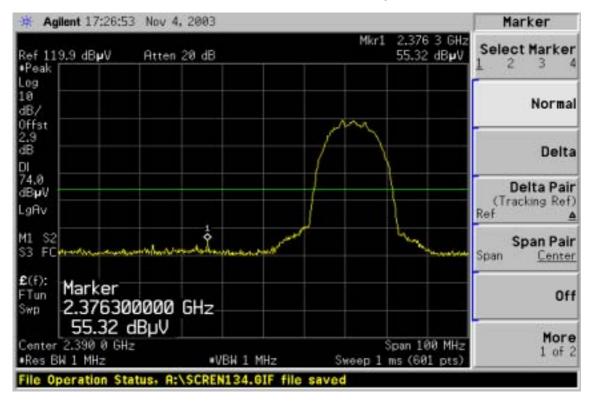
Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Vertical



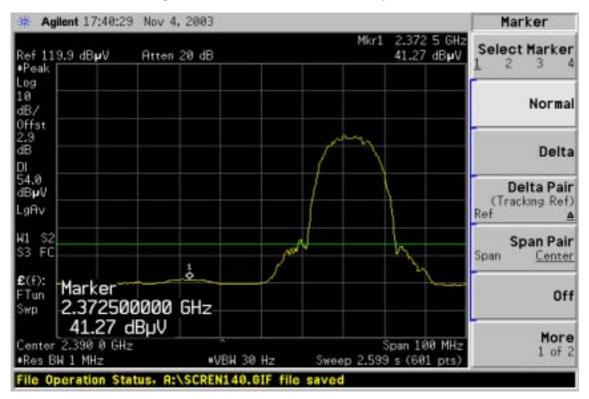
# Detector mode: Average Polarity: Vertical



# Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Horizontal

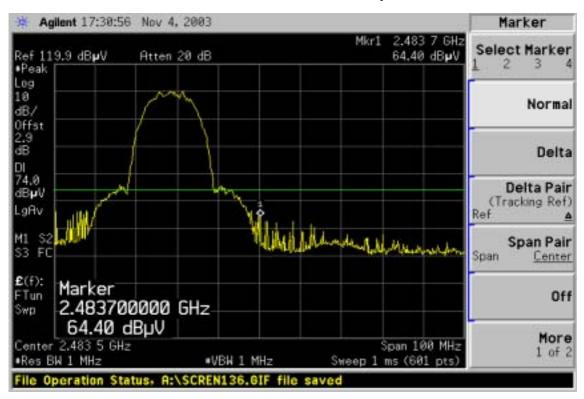


# Detector mode: Average Polarity: Horizontal

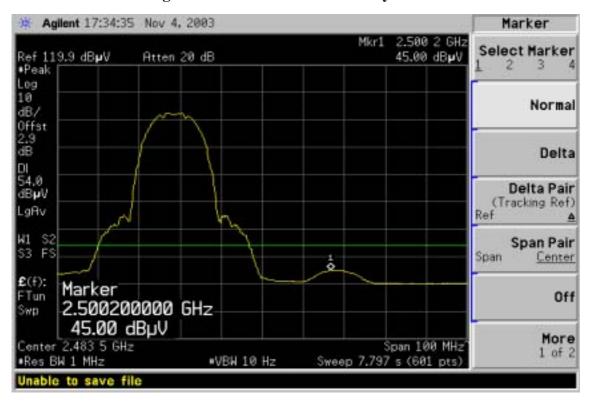


#### Band Edges (IEEE 802.11b / CH High)

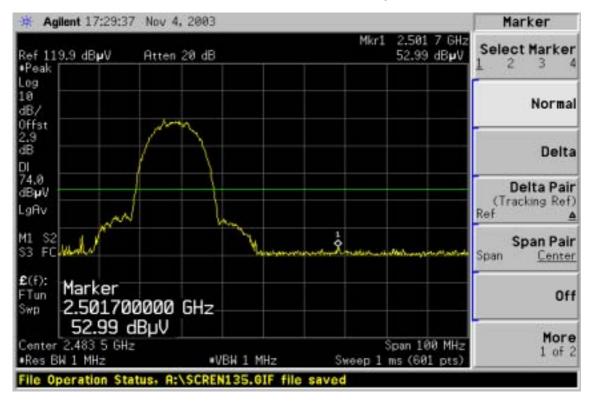
Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Vertical



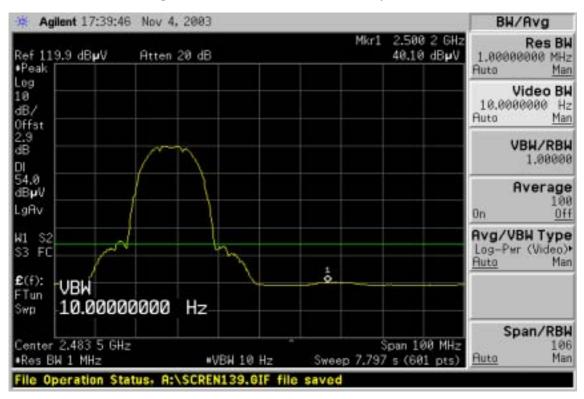
Detector mode: Average Polarity: Vertical



# Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Horizontal

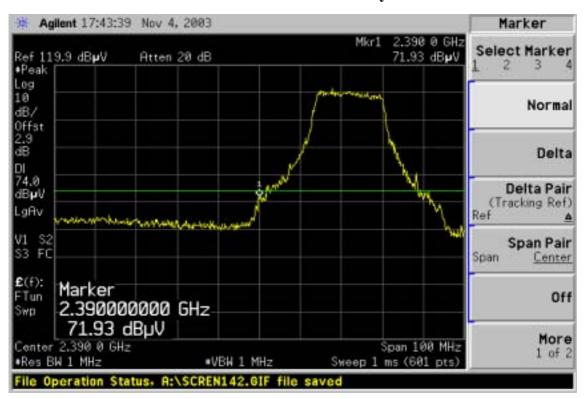


# Detector mode: Average Polarity: Horizontal

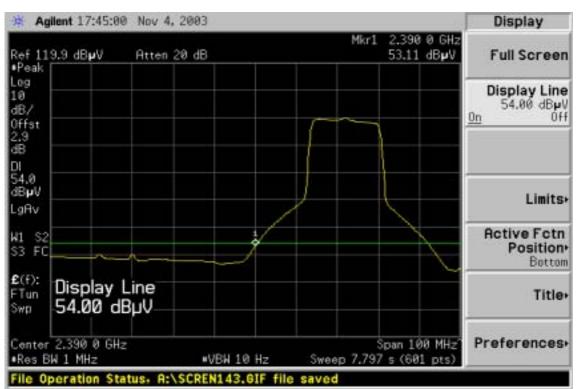


#### Band Edges (IEEE 802.11g / CH Low)

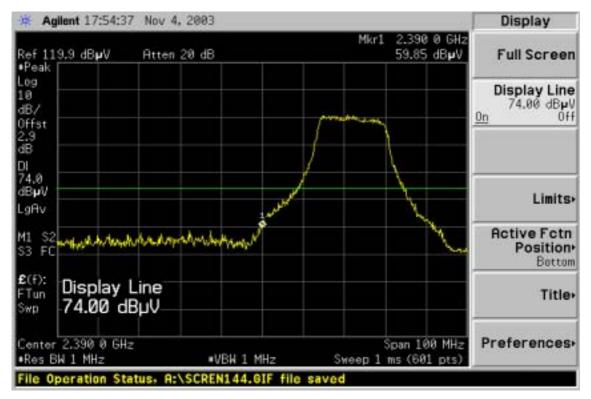
Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Vertical



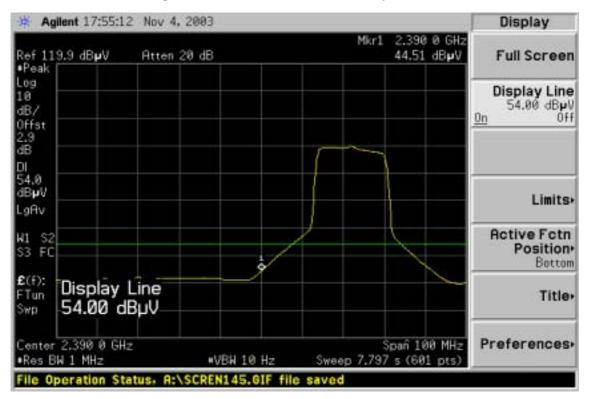
# Detector mode: Average Polarity: Vertical



# Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Horizontal

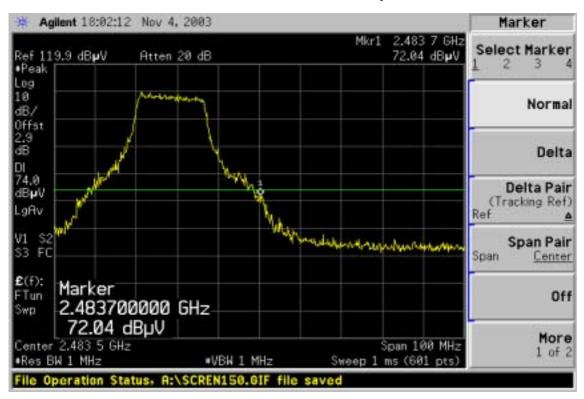


# Detector mode: Average Polarity: Horizontal

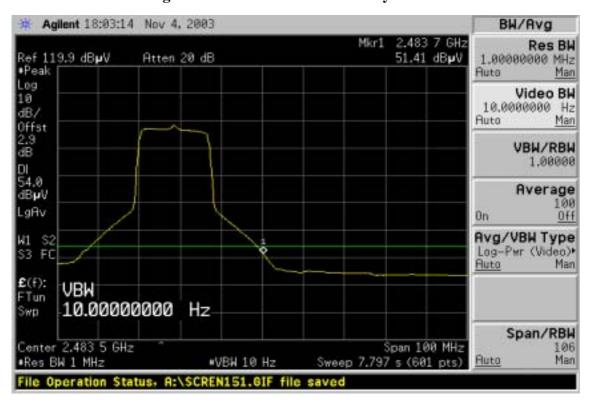


#### Band Edges (IEEE 802.11g / CH High)

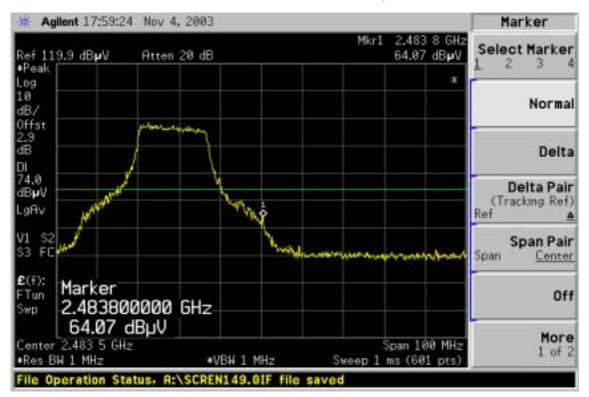
Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Vertical



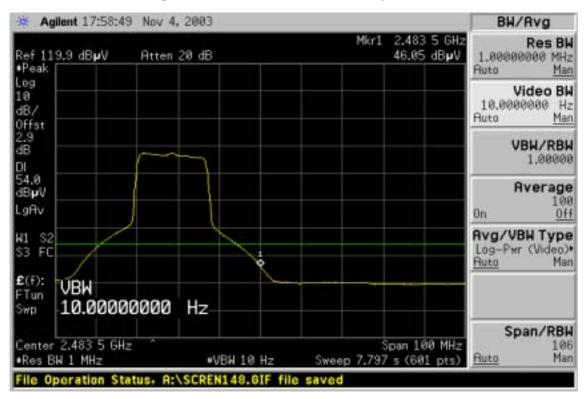
Detector mode: Average Polarity: Vertical



# Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Horizontal



# Detector mode: Average Polarity: Horizontal



## 7.4PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

## **LIMIT**

1. For direct sequence systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

Date of Issue: November 5, 2003

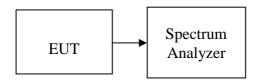
2. The direct sequence operating of the hybrid system, with the frequency hopping operation turned off, shall comply with the power density requirements of paragraph (d) of this section.

## **MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED**

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer Model Serial Number		<b>Calibration Due</b>	
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	US42510252	04/28/2004
Low loss Cable	Huber + Suhner	Sucoflex 104	N/A	N/A

**Remark:** Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year.

## **Test Configuration**



## **TEST PROCEDURE**

- 1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in transmitting mode.

  Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.
- 2. Set the spectrum analyzer as RBW = 3kHz, VBW = 10kHz, Span = 300kHz, Sweep=100s
- 3. Record the max. reading.
- 4. Repeat the above procedure until the measurements for all frequencies are completed.

## TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted

## **Test Data**

Test Mode: IEEE 802.11a / Base Mode

Channel	Reading (dBm)	Factor (dB)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Low	-6.62	1.68	-4.94		PASS
M id	-10.10	1.68	-8.42	8.00	PASS
High	-5.05	1.68	-3.37		PASS

Test Mode: IEEE 802.11a / Turbo Mode

Channel	Reading (dBm)	Factor (dB)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Low	-7.57	1.68	-5.89	8.00	PASS
High	-9.10	1.68	-7.42	8.00	PASS

Test Mode: IEEE 802.11b

Channel	Reading (dBm)	Factor (dB)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Low	-13.80	1.02	-12.78		PASS
M id	-14.87	1.02	-13.85	8.00	PASS
High	-15.00	1.02	-13.98		PASS

Test Mode: IEEE 802.11g / Base Mode

Channel	Reading (dBm)	Factor (dB)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Low	-6.97	1.02	-5.95		PASS
M id	-10.90	1.02	-9.88	8.00	PASS
High	-11.12	1.02	-10.10		PASS

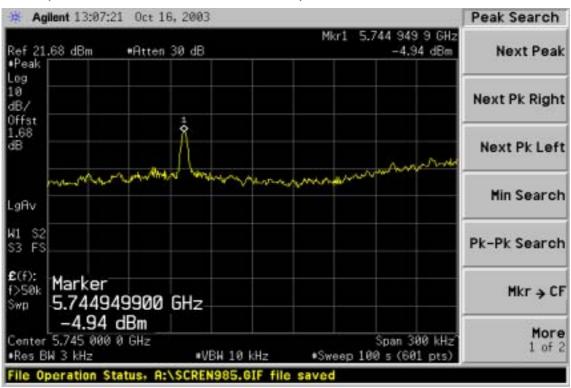
Test Mode: IEEE 802.11g / Turbo Mode

Reading (dBm)	Factor (dB)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
-11.95	1.02	-10.93	8.00	PASS

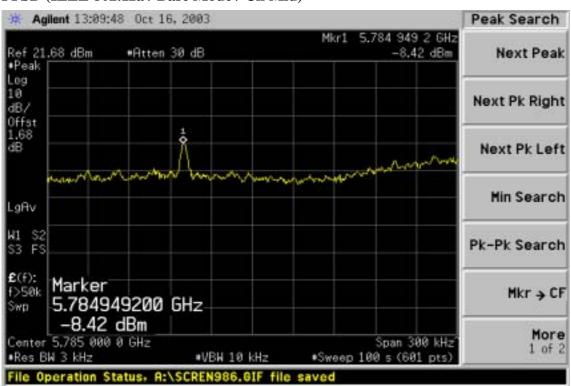


## **Test Plot**

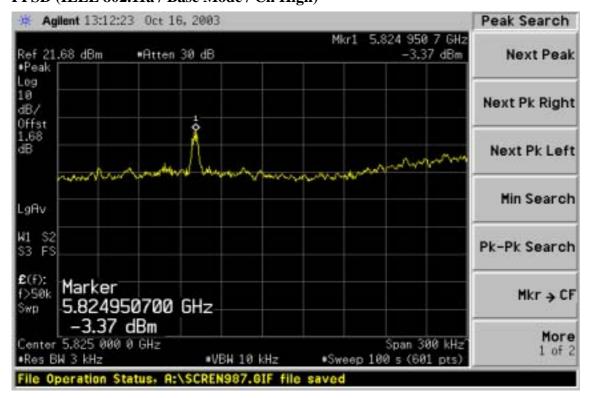
#### PPSD (IEEE 802.11a / Base Mode / Ch Low)



#### PPSD (IEEE 802.11a / Base Mode / Ch Mid)

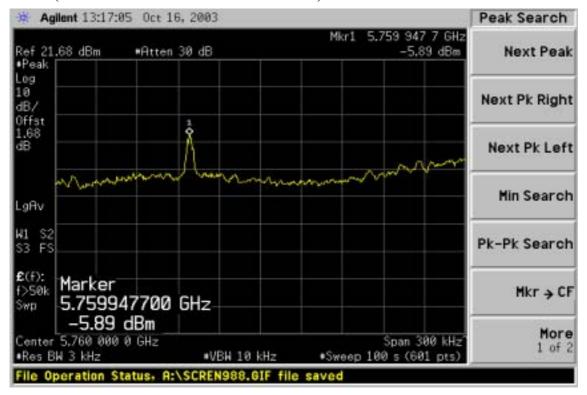


# PPSD (IEEE 802.11a / Base Mode / Ch High)

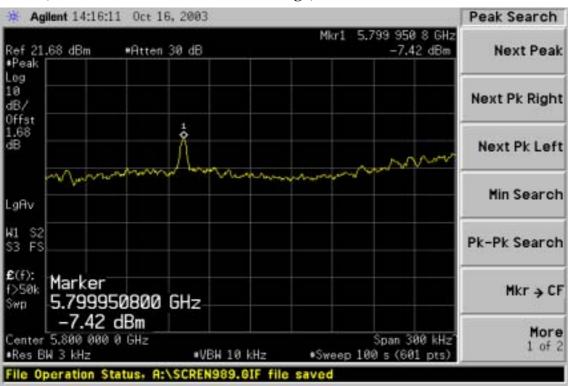


# Compliance Certification Services Inc. Report No: B30929204-RP FCC ID: KA220

## PPSD (IEEE 802.11a / Turbo Mode / Ch Low)

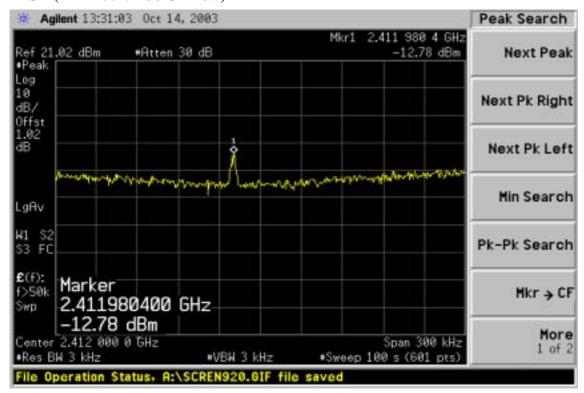


## PPSD (IEEE 802.11a / Turbo Mode / Ch High)

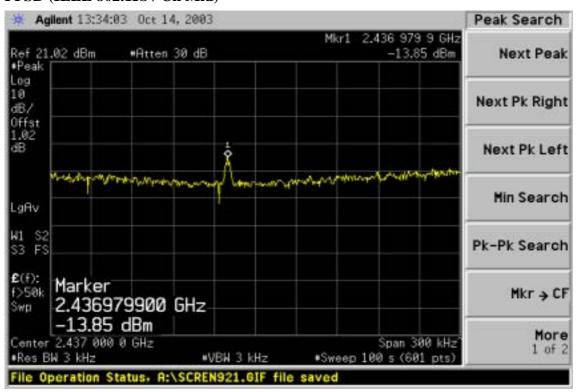




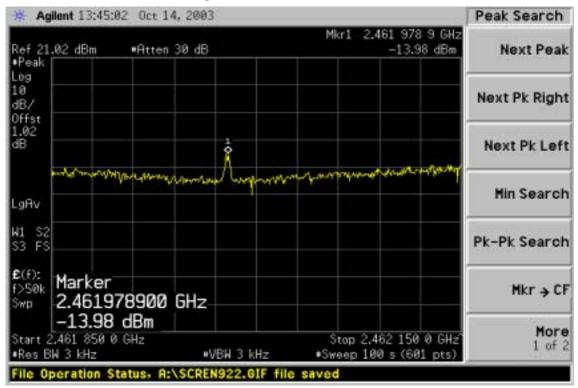
## PPSD (IEEE 802.11b / Ch Low)



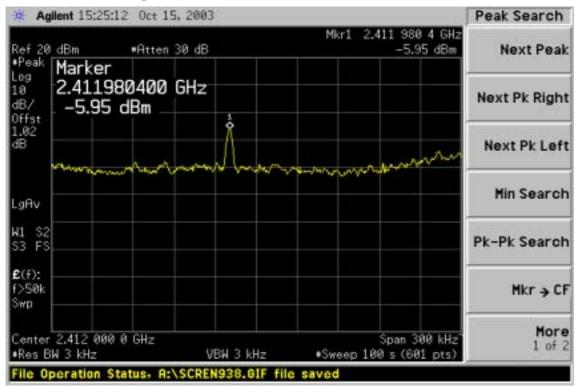
#### PPSD (IEEE 802.11b / Ch Mid)



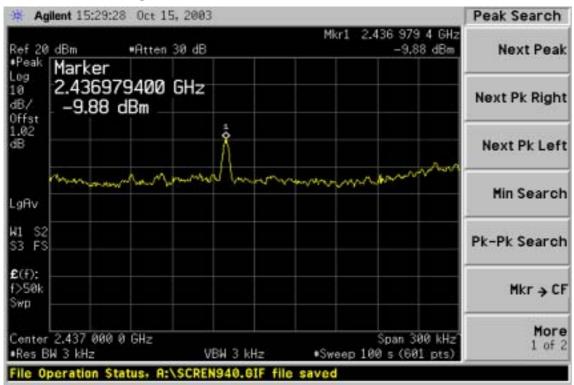
## PPSD (IEEE 802.11b / Ch High)



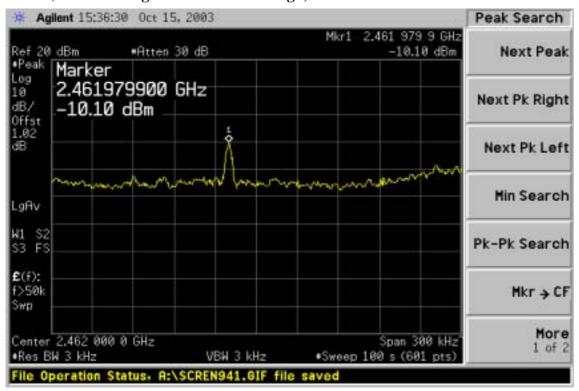
## PPSD (IEEE 802.11g / Base Mode / Ch Low)



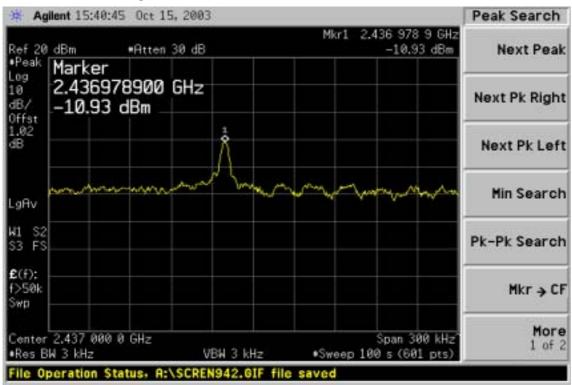
## PPSD (IEEE 802.11g / Base Mode / Ch Mid)



## PPSD (IEEE 802.11g / Base Mode /Ch High)



## PPSD (IEEE 802.11g / Turbo Mode)



# 7.5RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE

## **LIMIT**

Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See §15.247(b)(4) and §1.1307(b)(1) of this chapter.

## **EUT Specification**

EUT	Tri-Mode Dualband Wireless Access Point
Frequency band (Operating)	<ul> <li>WLAN: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz</li> <li>WLAN: 5.745GHz ~ 5.825GHz</li> <li>Others</li> </ul>
Device category	☐ Portable (<20cm separation) ☐ Mobile (>20cm separation) ☐ Others
Exposure classification	Occupational/Controlled exposure $(S = 5mW/cm^2)$ General Population/Uncontrolled exposure $(S=1mW/cm^2)$
Antenna diversity	☐ Single antenna ☐ Multiple antennas ☐ TX diversity ☐ RX diversity ☐ TX/RX diversity
Max. output power	IEEE 802.11a: 16.33 dBm (42.95mW) IEEE 802.11b: 16.63 dBm (46.03mW) IEEE 802.11g: 16.38 dBm (43.45mW)
Antenna gain (Max)	2.4GHz band: 1.8 dBi (Numeric gain: 1.51) 5GHz band: 2 dBi (Numeric gain: 1.58)
Evaluation applied	<ul><li></li></ul>
numeric antenna gain).  2. DTS device is not subject to	er is 16.63 dBm(46.03mW) at 2412 and 2437MHz(with 1.51 dBi rontine RF evaluation, MPE estimate is used to justify
	n transmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The minimum d is at least 20 cm, even if the calculations indicate that the ser.

# **TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted

## **Calculation**

Given

$$E = \sqrt{\frac{30 \times P \times G}{d}} \quad \& \quad S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$$

Where E = Field Strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

G=Numeric antenna gain

*d*=*Distance in meters* 

S=Power Density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$d = \sqrt{\frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770 \times S}}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P(mW) = P(W) / 1000$$
 and

$$d(cm) = 100 * d(m)$$

**Yields** 

$$d = 100 \times \sqrt{\frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times S}} = 0.282 \times \sqrt{\frac{P \times G}{S}}$$

Where d = distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power Density in mW/cm^2$ 

Substituting the logarithmic form of power and gain using:

$$P(mW) = 10 \land (P(dBm) / 10)$$
 and

$$G(numeric) = 10 \land (G(dBi) / 10)$$

**Yields** 

$$d = 0.282 \times \frac{10^{(P+G)/20}}{\sqrt{20}}$$

Equation 1

Where

d = MPE safe distance in cm

P = Power in dBm

G = Antenna Gain in dBi

 $S = Power Density Limit in mW/cm^2$ 

## **Maximum Permissible Exposure (WLAN IEEE 802.11a)**

EUT output power = 42.95 mW

Antenna Gain = 1.58

 $S = 1.0 \text{ mW} / \text{cm}^2 \text{ from } 1.1310 \text{ Table } 1$ 

Substituting these parameters into the above Equation 1:

 $\rightarrow$  MPE Safe Distance = 2.32 cm

## **Maximum Permissible Exposure (WLAN IEEE 802.11b)**

EUT output power = 46.03 mW

Antenna Gain = 1.51

 $S = 1.0 \text{ mW} / \text{cm}^2 \text{ from } 1.1310 \text{ Table } 1$ 

Substituting these parameters into the above Equation 1:

 $\rightarrow$  MPE Safe Distance = 2.35 cm

## Maximum Permissible Exposure (WLAN IEEE 802.11g)

EUT output power = 43.45 mW

Antenna Gain = 1.51

 $S = 1.0 \text{ mW} / \text{cm}^2 \text{ from } 1.1310 \text{ Table } 1$ 

Substituting these parameters into the above Equation 1:

 $\rightarrow$  MPE Safe Distance = 2.28 cm

(For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the minimum separation distance is 20 cm, even if calculations indicate that the MPE distance would be less.)

## 7.6 SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

## 7.6.1 Conducted Emission

## **LIMIT**

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the

Date of Issue: November 5, 2003

intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also

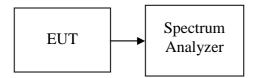
comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

## MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	<b>Calibration Due</b>	
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	US42510252	04/28/2004	

**Remark:** Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year.

## **TEST CONFIGURATION**



## **TEST PROCEDURE**

Conducted RF measurements of the transmitter output were made to confirm that the EUT antenna port conducted emissions meet the specified limit and to identify any spurious signals that require further investigation or measurements on the radiated emissions site.

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 KHz. The video bandwidth is set to 100 KHz.

Measurements are made over the 30MHz to 26GHzrange with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

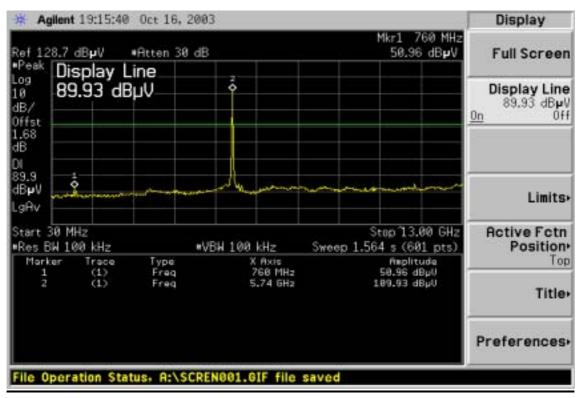
## **TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted

#### **Test Plot**

#### IEEE 802.11a / Base Mode / CH Low

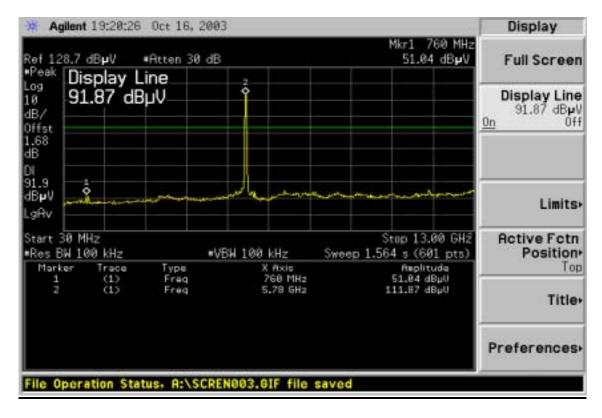
## 30MHz ~ 13GHz

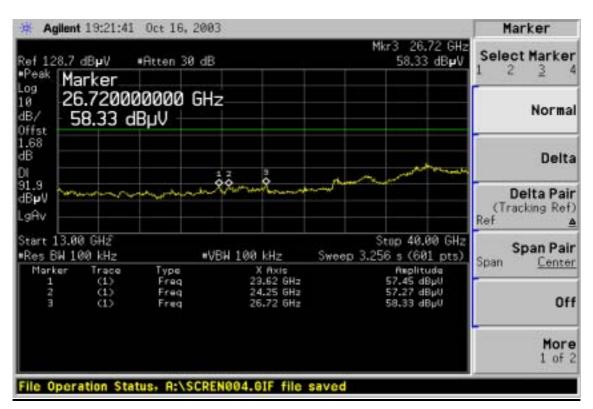




#### IEEE 802.11a / Base Mode / CH Mid

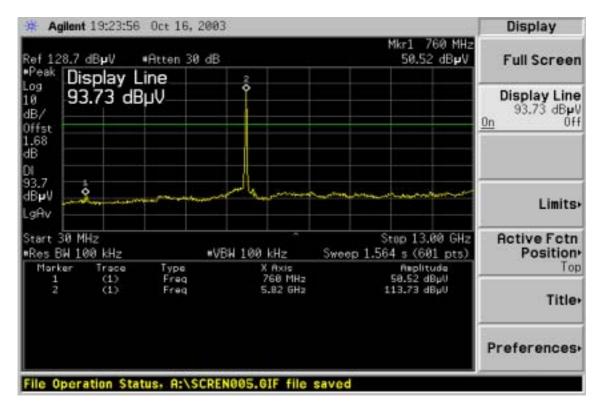
#### **30MHz** ~ **13GHz**

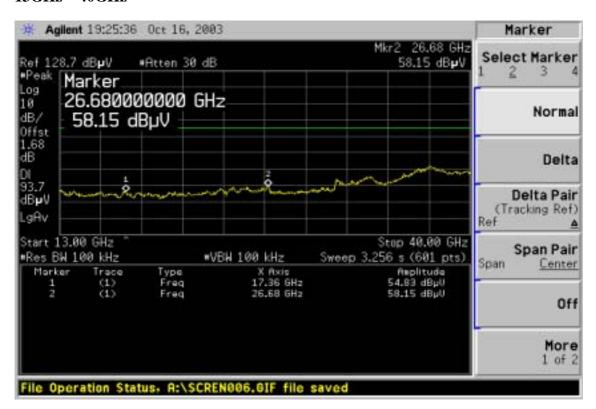




## IEEE 802.11a / Base Mode / CH High

#### 30MHz ~ 13GHz

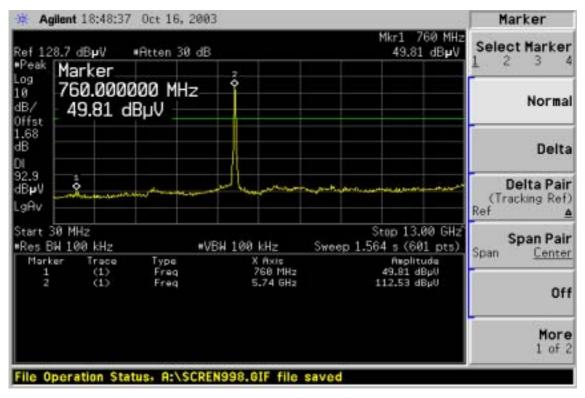


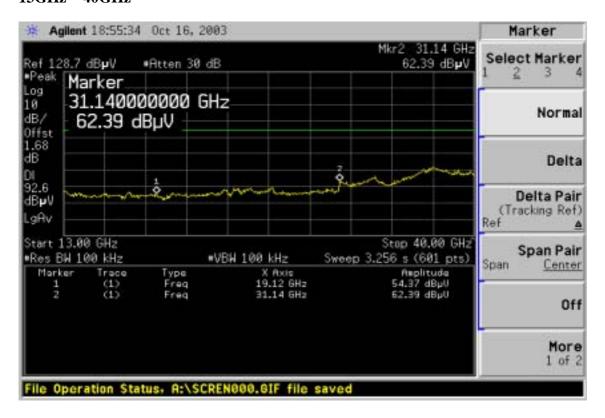


## **Compliance Certification Services Inc.** Report No: B30929204-RP

#### IEEE 802.11a / Turbo Mode / CH Low

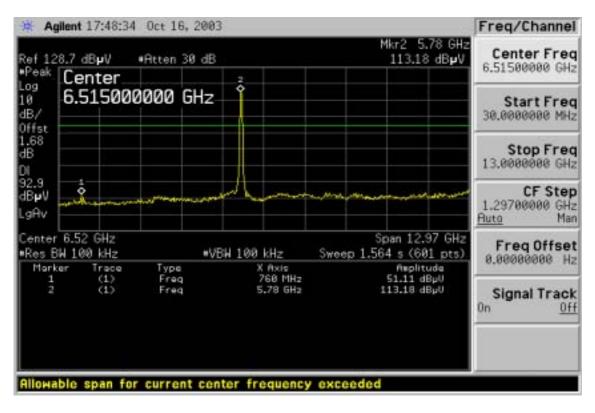
#### **30MHz** ~ **13GHz**

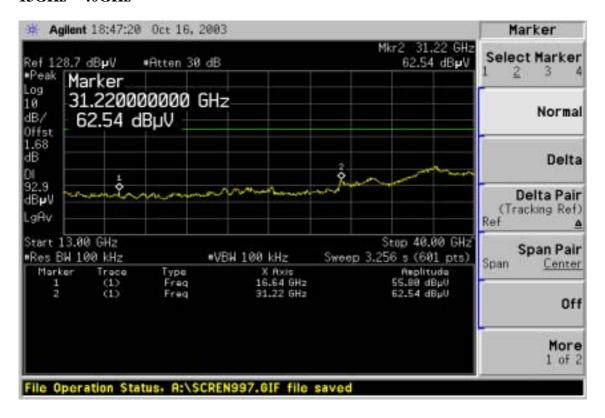




## IEEE 802.11a / Turbo Mode / CH High

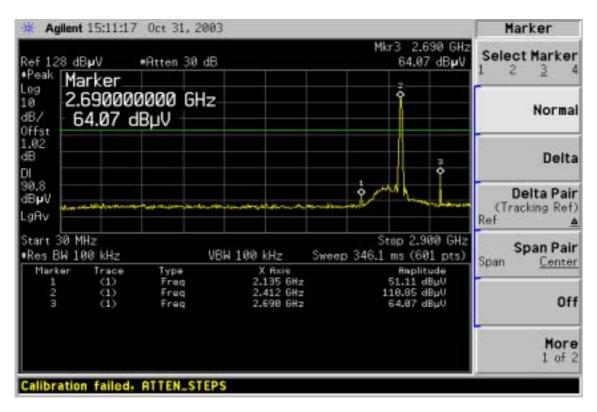
#### 6.52GHz ~ 12.97GHz

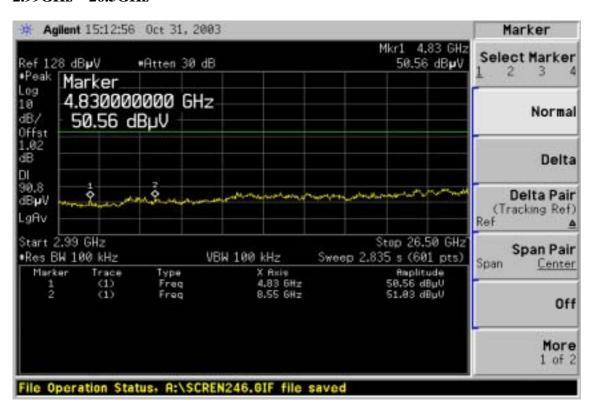




#### **IEEE 802.11b / CH Low**

#### **30MHz ~ 2.9GHz**

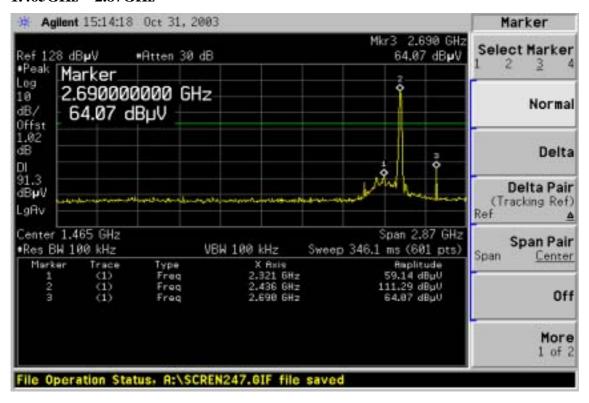


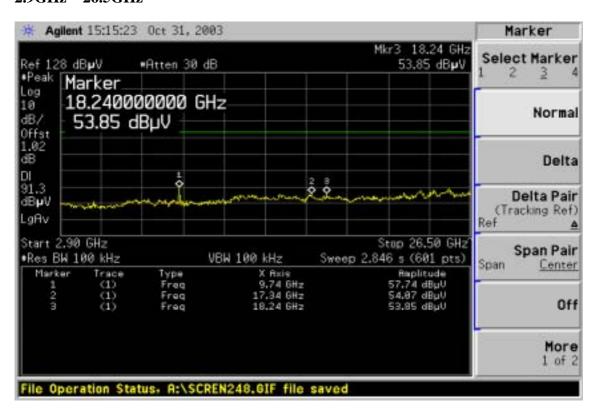


# Compliance Certification Services Inc. Report No: B30929204-RP FCC ID: KA220

#### **IEEE 802.11b / CH Mid**

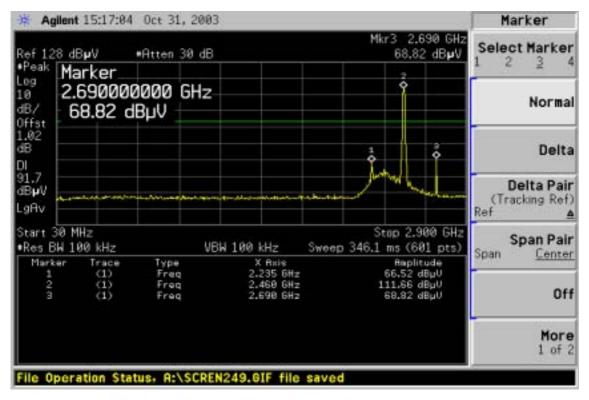
#### 1.465GHz ~ 2.87GHz

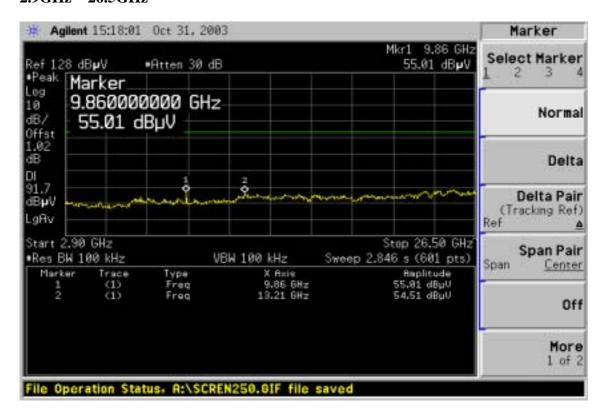




#### **IEEE 802.11b / CH High**

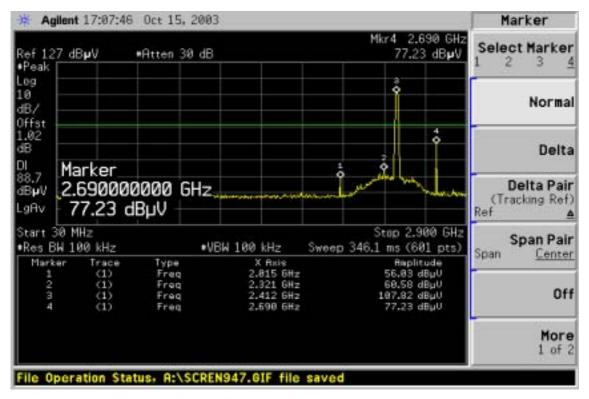
#### **30MHz ~ 2.9GHz**

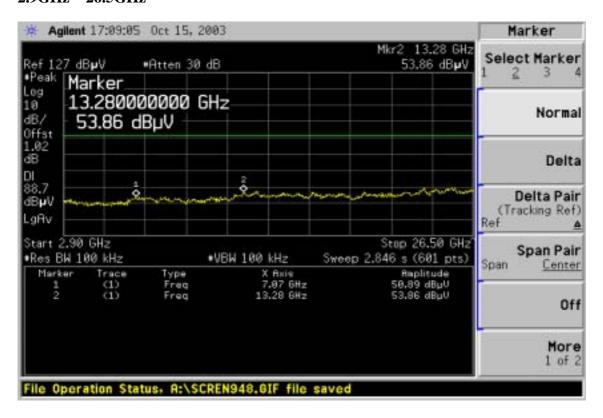




## IEEE 802.11g / Base Mode / CH Low

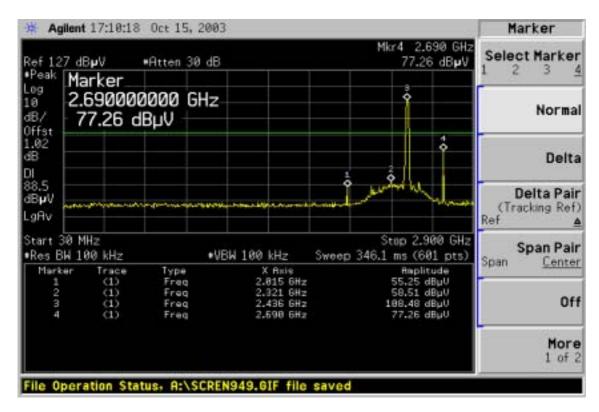
#### **30MHz ~ 2.9GHz**

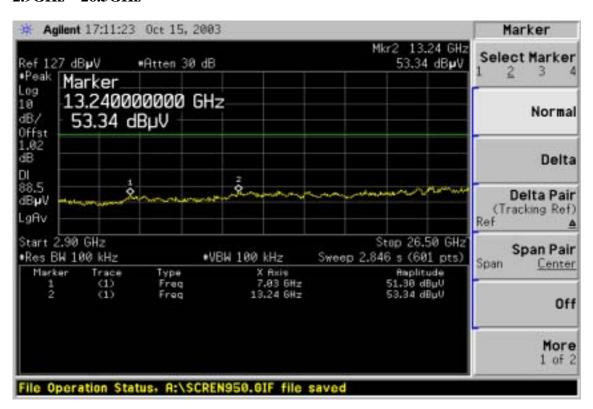




## IEEE 802.11g / Base Mode / CH Mid

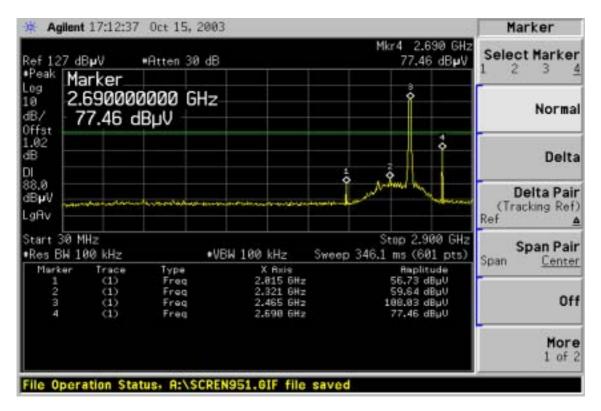
#### **30MHz ~ 2.9GHz**

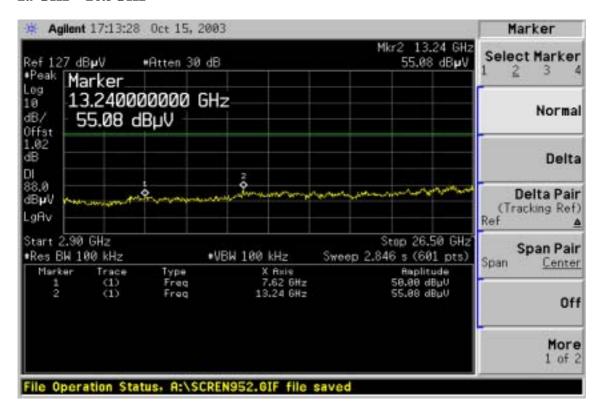




## IEEE 802.11g / Base Mode / CH High

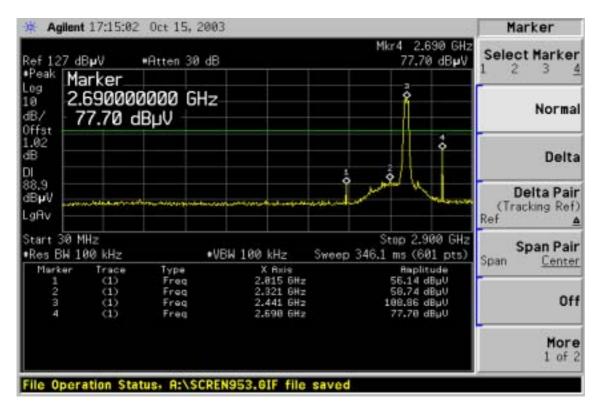
#### **30MHz ~ 2.9GHz**

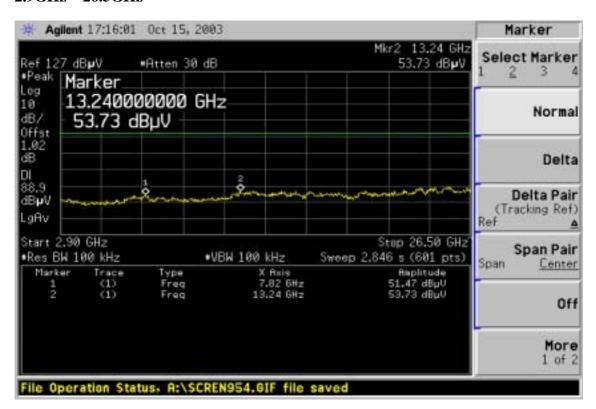




#### **IEEE 802.11g / Turbo Mode**

#### **30MHz ~ 2.9GHz**





## 7.6.2 Radiated Emissions

## **LIMIT**

1. Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (mV/m)	<b>Measurement Distance (m)</b>
30-88	100*	3
88-216	150*	3
216-960	200*	3
Above 960	500	3

**Note:** Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

2. In the above emission table, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

Frequency (Hz)	Field Strength (μV/m at 3-meter)	Field Strength (dBµV/m at 3-meter)
30-88	100	40
88-216	150	43.5
216-960	200	46
Above 960	500	54

# **Compliance Certification Services Inc.**Report No: B30929204-RP FCC ID: KA22003040018-1

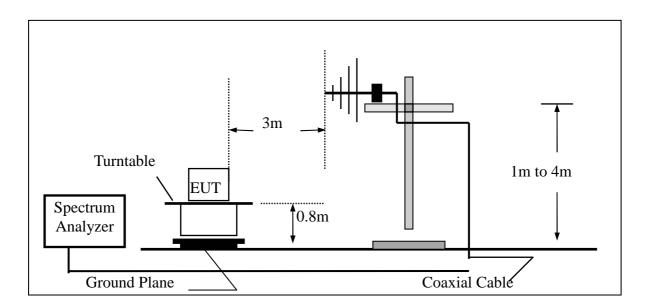
# **MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED**

	Open Area Test Site # 3							
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due				
Spectrum Analyzer	ADVANTEST	R3261A	N/A	03/18/2004				
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESVS20	838804/004	01/04/2004				
Pre-Amplifier	HP	8447D	2944A09173	03/03/2004				
Bilog Antenna	SCHWAZBECK	VULB9163	145	07/05/2004				
Turn Table	EMCO	2081-1.21	9709-1885	N.C.R				
Antenna Tower	EMCO	2075-2	9707-2060	N.C.R				
Controller	EMCO	2090	9709-1256	N.C.R				
RF Switch	ANRITSU	MP59B	M53867	N.C.R				
Site NSA	C&C	N/A	N/A	09/06/2004				
Horn antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120	D210	02/23/2004				
Loop Antenna	EMCO	6502	2356	07/10/2004				
Pre-Amplifier	НР	8449B	3008B00965	10/02/2004				

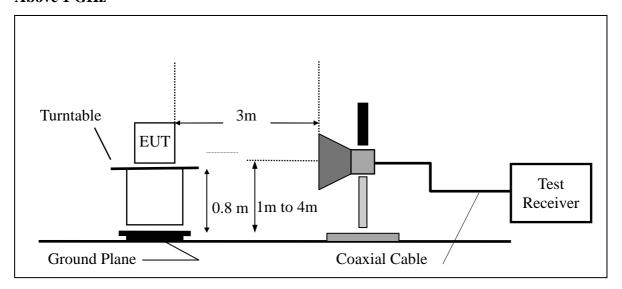
**Remark:** Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year.

## **Test Configuration**

## Below 1 GHz



#### **Above 1 GHz**



## **TEST PROCEDURE**

- 1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
- 2. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
- 3. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
- 4. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
- 5. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
- 6. Repeat above procedures until the measurements for all frequencies are complete.

# TEST RESULTS

# **Below 1 GHz**

Operation Mode: IEEE 802.11a / TX / Base Mode / CH Low Test Date: October 28, 2003

Date of Issue: November 5, 2003

**Temperature:** 20°C **Tested by:** Jim

**Humidity:** 70 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol. H/V	Detector Mode (PK/QP)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Actual FS (dBuV/m)	Limit 3m (dBuV/m)	Safe Margin (dB)
110.10	V	Peak	23.92	12.84	36.76	43.50	-6.74
124.95	V	Peak	21.58	11.40	32.98	43.50	-10.52
168.60	V	Peak	19.79	12.05	31.84	43.50	-11.66
549.66	V	Peak	11.10	24.27	35.37	46.00	-10.63
769.00	V	Peak	10.71	25.98	36.69	46.00	-9.31
878.66	V	Peak	5.42	27.78	33.20	46.00	-12.80
124.95	Н	Peak	21.48	11.40	32.88	43.50	-10.62
197.40	Н	Peak	17.19	14.66	31.85	43.50	-11.65
210.90	Н	Peak	17.26	15.09	32.35	43.50	-11.15
246.45	Н	Peak	16.80	16.17	32.97	46.00	-13.03
330.33	Н	Peak	15.28	17.50	32.78	46.00	-13.22
549.66	Н	Peak	9.10	24.27	33.37	46.00	-12.63

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 30 MHz to the 1GHz.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode.
- 3. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 4. The IF bandwidth of SPA between 30MHz to 1GHz was 100kHz.

Operation Mode: IEEE 802.11a / TX / Base Mode / CH Mid Test Date: October 28, 2003

Date of Issue: November 5, 2003

**Temperature:** 20°C **Tested by:** Jim

**Humidity:** 70 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol. H/V	Detector Mode (PK/QP)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Actual FS (dBuV/m)	Limit 3m (dBuV/m)	Safe Margin (dB)
110.10	V	Peak	25.59	12.84	38.43	43.50	-5.07
124.95	V	Peak	22.74	11.40	34.14	43.50	-9.36
330.33	V	Peak	13.78	17.50	31.28	46.00	-14.72
549.66	V	Peak	11.27	24.27	35.54	46.00	-10.46
769.00	V	Peak	11.04	25.98	37.02	46.00	-8.98
879.83	V	Peak	6.08	27.80	33.88	46.00	-12.12
110.10	Н	Peak	16.91	12.84	29.75	43.50	-13.75
124.95	Н	Peak	20.48	11.40	31.88	43.50	-11.62
196.50	Н	Peak	14.09	14.57	28.66	43.50	-14.84
330.33	Н	Peak	16.95	17.50	34.45	46.00	-11.55
549.66	Н	Peak	9.44	24.27	33.71	46.00	-12.29
879.83	Н	Peak	3.25	27.80	31.05	46.00	-14.95

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 30 MHz to the 1GHz.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode.
- 3. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 4. The IF bandwidth of SPA between 30MHz to 1GHz was 100kHz.

Operation Mode: IEEE 802.11a / TX / Base Mode / CH High Test Date: October 28, 2003

Date of Issue: November 5, 2003

**Temperature:** 20°C **Tested by:** Jim

**Humidity:** 70 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol. H/V	Detector Mode (PK/QP)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Actual FS (dBuV/m)	Limit 3m (dBuV/m)	Safe Margin (dB)
110.10	V	Peak	23.25	12.84	36.09	43.50	-7.41
125.40	V	Peak	21.59	11.38	32.97	43.50	-10.53
168.60	V	Peak	20.13	12.05	32.18	43.50	-11.32
549.66	V	Peak	11.10	24.27	35.37	46.00	-10.63
770.16	V	Peak	10.89	25.98	36.87	46.00	-9.13
878.66	V	Peak	5.75	27.78	33.53	46.00	-12.47
110.10	Н	Peak	17.41	12.84	30.25	43.50	-13.25
124.95	Н	Peak	20.98	11.40	32.38	43.50	-11.12
168.60	Н	Peak	16.13	12.05	28.18	43.50	-15.32
330.33	Н	Peak	15.11	17.50	32.61	46.00	-13.39
549.66	Н	Peak	9.10	24.27	33.37	46.00	-12.63
879.83	Н	Peak	3.58	27.80	31.38	46.00	-14.62

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 30 MHz to the 1GHz.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode.
- 3. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 4. The IF bandwidth of SPA between 30MHz to 1GHz was 100kHz.

Operation Mode: IEEE 802.11a / TX / Turbo Mode / CH Low Test Date: October 28, 2003

Date of Issue: November 5, 2003

**Temperature:** 20°C **Tested by:** Jim

**Humidity:** 70 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol. H/V	Detector Mode (PK/QP)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Actual FS (dBuV/m)	Limit 3m (dBuV/m)	Safe Margin (dB)
110.10	V	Peak	23.92	12.84	36.76	43.50	-6.74
124.95	V	Peak	23.24	11.40	34.64	43.50	-8.86
168.60	V	Peak	18.63	12.05	30.68	43.50	-12.82
549.66	V	Peak	10.94	24.27	35.21	46.00	-10.79
769.00	V	Peak	10.88	25.98	36.86	46.00	-9.14
879.83	V	Peak	6.08	27.80	33.88	46.00	-12.12
110.10	Н	Peak	17.74	12.84	30.58	43.50	-12.92
124.95	Н	Peak	21.64	11.40	33.04	43.50	-10.46
190.65	Н	Peak	14.80	13.99	28.79	43.50	-14.71
330.33	Н	Peak	15.28	17.50	32.78	46.00	-13.22
549.66	Н	Peak	9.77	24.27	34.04	46.00	-11.96
879.83	Н	Peak	2.75	27.80	30.55	46.00	-15.45

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 30 MHz to the 1GHz.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode.
- 3. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 4. The IF bandwidth of SPA between 30MHz to 1GHz was 100kHz.

Operation Mode: IEEE 802.11a / TX / Turbo Mode / CH High Test Date: October 28, 2003

Date of Issue: November 5, 2003

**Temperature:** 20°C **Tested by:** Jim

**Humidity:** 70 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol. H/V	Detector Mode (PK/QP)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Actual FS (dBuV/m)	Limit 3m (dBuV/m)	Safe Margin (dB)
110.10	V	Peak	23.42	12.84	36.26	43.50	-7.24
124.95	V	Peak	21.58	11.40	32.98	43.50	-10.52
168.60	V	Peak	18.29	12.05	30.34	43.50	-13.16
550.83	V	Peak	11.24	24.30	35.54	46.00	-10.46
770.16	V	Peak	10.55	25.98	36.53	46.00	-9.47
879.83	V	Peak	5.75	27.80	33.55	46.00	-12.45
110.10	Н	Peak	17.24	12.84	30.08	43.50	-13.42
124.95	Н	Peak	20.64	11.40	32.04	43.50	-11.46
168.60	Н	Peak	16.46	12.05	28.51	43.50	-14.99
330.33	Н	Peak	15.28	17.50	32.78	46.00	-13.22
549.66	Н	Peak	9.44	24.27	33.71	46.00	-12.29
879.83	Н	Peak	3.08	27.80	30.88	46.00	-15.12

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 30 MHz to the 1GHz.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode.
- 3. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 4. The IF bandwidth of SPA between 30MHz to 1GHz was 100kHz.

**Operation Mode:** IEEE 802.11b / TX / CH Low **Test Date:** October 27, 2003

Date of Issue: November 5, 2003

**Temperature:** 20°C **Tested by:** Jim

**Humidity:** 70 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol. H/V	Detector Mode (PK/QP)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Actual FS (dBuV/m)	Limit 3m (dBuV/m)	Safe Margin (dB)
110.10	V	Peak	24.59	12.84	37.43	43.50	-6.07
124.95	V	Peak	22.74	11.40	34.14	43.50	-9.36
330.33	V	Peak	16.78	17.50	34.28	46.00	-11.72
549.66	V	Peak	11.44	24.27	35.71	46.00	-10.29
769.00	V	Peak	11.38	25.98	37.36	46.00	-8.64
878.66	V	Peak	6.42	27.78	34.20	46.00	-11.80
124.95	Н	Peak	16.64	11.40	28.04	43.50	-15.46
168.60	Н	Peak	15.96	12.05	28.01	43.50	-15.49
266.70	Н	Peak	15.32	15.91	31.23	46.00	-14.77
330.33	Н	Peak	15.45	17.50	32.95	46.00	-13.05
549.66	Н	Peak	7.10	24.27	31.37	46.00	-14.63
878.66	Н	Peak	2.58	27.78	30.36	46.00	-15.64

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 30 MHz to the 1GHz.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode.
- 3. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 4. The IF bandwidth of SPA between 30MHz to 1GHz was 100kHz.

**Operation Mode:** IEEE 802.11b / TX / CH Mid **Test Date:** October 27, 2003

Date of Issue: November 5, 2003

**Temperature:** 20°C **Tested by:** Jim

**Humidity:** 70 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol. H/V	Detector Mode (PK/QP)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Actual FS (dBuV/m)	Limit 3m (dBuV/m)	Safe Margin (dB)
110.10	V	Peak	24.25	12.84	37.09	43.50	-6.41
125.40	V	Peak	22.75	11.38	34.13	43.50	-9.37
330.33	V	Peak	16.95	17.50	34.45	46.00	-11.55
549.66	V	Peak	11.44	24.27	35.71	46.00	-10.29
770.16	V	Peak	10.89	25.98	36.87	46.00	-9.13
879.83	V	Peak	6.58	27.80	34.38	46.00	-11.62
214.05	Н	Peak	14.96	15.14	30.10	43.50	-13.40
247.80	Н	Peak	18.99	16.22	35.21	46.00	-10.79
251.85	Н	Peak	17.67	16.27	33.94	46.00	-12.06
330.33	Н	Peak	17.78	17.50	35.28	46.00	-10.72
549.66	Н	Peak	7.44	24.27	31.71	46.00	-14.29
879.83	Н	Peak	3.08	27.80	30.88	46.00	-15.12

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 30 MHz to the 1GHz.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode.
- 3. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 4. The IF bandwidth of SPA between 30MHz to 1GHz was 100kHz.

**Operation Mode:** IEEE 802.11b / TX / CH High **Test Date:** October 27, 2003

Date of Issue: November 5, 2003

**Temperature:** 20°C **Tested by:** Jim

**Humidity:** 70 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol. H/V	Detector Mode (PK/QP)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Actual FS (dBuV/m)	Limit 3m (dBuV/m)	Safe Margin (dB)
110.10	V	Peak	24.09	12.84	36.93	43.50	-6.57
125.40	V	Peak	22.92	11.38	34.30	43.50	-9.20
330.33	V	Peak	17.45	17.50	34.95	46.00	-11.05
549.66	V	Peak	11.27	24.27	35.54	46.00	-10.46
769.00	V	Peak	11.21	25.98	37.19	46.00	-8.81
879.83	V	Peak	6.75	27.80	34.55	46.00	-11.45
125.40	Н	Peak	16.20	11.38	27.58	43.50	-15.92
168.60	Н	Peak	17.79	12.05	29.84	43.50	-13.66
238.80	Н	Peak	16.87	15.87	32.74	46.00	-13.26
256.80	Н	Peak	17.07	16.15	33.22	46.00	-12.78
330.33	Н	Peak	16.45	17.50	33.95	46.00	-12.05
879.83	Н	Peak	3.08	27.80	30.88	46.00	-15.12

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 30 MHz to the 1GHz.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode.
- 3. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 4. The IF bandwidth of SPA between 30MHz to 1GHz was 100kHz.

Operation Mode: IEEE 802.11g / TX / Base Mode / CH Low Test Date: October 27, 2003

Date of Issue: November 5, 2003

**Temperature:** 20°C **Tested by:** Jim

**Humidity:** 70 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol. H/V	Detector Mode (PK/QP)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Actual FS (dBuV/m)	Limit 3m (dBuV/m)	Safe Margin (dB)
110.10	V	Peak	23.75	12.84	36.59	43.50	-6.91
125.40	V	Peak	22.92	11.38	34.30	43.50	-9.20
330.33	V	Peak	17.45	17.50	34.95	46.00	-11.05
549.66	V	Peak	11.27	24.27	35.54	46.00	-10.46
770.16	V	Peak	10.89	25.98	36.87	46.00	-9.13
879.83	V	Peak	7.25	27.80	35.05	46.00	-10.95
110.10	Н	Peak	15.08	12.84	27.92	43.50	-15.58
201.00	Н	Peak	17.88	14.94	32.82	43.50	-10.68
258.15	Н	Peak	21.35	16.11	37.46	46.00	-8.54
330.33	Н	Peak	16.45	17.50	33.95	46.00	-12.05
549.66	Н	Peak	7.44	24.27	31.71	46.00	-14.29
879.83	Н	Peak	3.08	27.80	30.88	46.00	-15.12

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 30 MHz to the 1GHz.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode.
- 3. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 4. The IF bandwidth of SPA between 30MHz to 1GHz was 100kHz.

Operation Mode: IEEE 802.11g / TX / Base Mode / CH Mid Test Date: October 27, 2003

Date of Issue: November 5, 2003

**Temperature:** 20°C **Tested by:** Jim

**Humidity:** 70 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol. H/V	Detector Mode (PK/QP)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Actual FS (dBuV/m)	Limit 3m (dBuV/m)	Safe Margin (dB)
110.10	V	Peak	23.92	12.84	36.76	43.50	-6.74
125.40	V	Peak	22.75	11.38	34.13	43.50	-9.37
330.33	V	Peak	17.11	17.50	34.61	46.00	-11.39
549.66	V	Peak	11.44	24.27	35.71	46.00	-10.29
769.00	V	Peak	11.38	25.98	37.36	46.00	-8.64
878.66	V	Peak	6.92	27.78	34.70	46.00	-11.30
110.10	Н	Peak	14.58	12.84	27.42	43.50	-16.08
168.60	Н	Peak	16.13	12.05	28.18	43.50	-15.32
330.33	Н	Peak	17.11	17.50	34.61	46.00	-11.39
549.66	Н	Peak	6.44	24.27	30.71	46.00	-15.29
769.00	Н	Peak	5.21	25.98	31.19	46.00	-14.81
879.83	Н	Peak	3.25	27.80	31.05	46.00	-14.95

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 30 MHz to the 1GHz.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode.
- 3. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 4. The IF bandwidth of SPA between 30MHz to 1GHz was 100kHz.

Operation Mode: IEEE 802.11g / TX / Base Mode / CH High Test Date: October 27, 2003

Date of Issue: November 5, 2003

**Temperature:** 20°C **Tested by:** Jim

**Humidity:** 70 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol. H/V	Detector Mode (PK/QP)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Actual FS (dBuV/m)	Limit 3m (dBuV/m)	Safe Margin (dB)
110.10	V	Peak	23.75	12.84	36.59	43.50	-6.91
125.40	V	Peak	22.75	11.38	34.13	43.50	-9.37
330.33	V	Peak	17.11	17.50	34.61	46.00	-11.39
549.66	V	Peak	11.60	24.27	35.87	46.00	-10.13
769.00	V	Peak	11.04	25.98	37.02	46.00	-8.98
879.83	V	Peak	6.75	27.80	34.55	46.00	-11.45
168.60	Н	Peak	17.46	12.05	29.51	43.50	-13.99
250.05	Н	Peak	13.69	16.31	30.00	46.00	-16.00
330.33	Н	Peak	17.28	17.50	34.78	46.00	-11.22
549.66	Н	Peak	6.27	24.27	30.54	46.00	-15.46
770.16	Н	Peak	3.89	25.98	29.87	46.00	-16.13
879.83	Н	Peak	3.75	27.80	31.55	46.00	-14.45

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 30 MHz to the 1GHz.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode.
- 3. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 4. The IF bandwidth of SPA between 30MHz to 1GHz was 100kHz.

**Operation Mode:** IEEE 802.11g / TX / Turbo Mode **Test Date:** October 27, 2003

Date of Issue: November 5, 2003

**Temperature:** 20°C **Tested by:** Jim

**Humidity:** 70 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol. H/V	Detector Mode (PK/QP)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Actual FS (dBuV/m)	Limit 3m (dBuV/m)	Safe Margin (dB)
110.10	V	Peak	17.59	12.84	30.43	43.50	-13.07
124.95	V	Peak	20.41	11.40	31.81	43.50	-11.69
196.50	V	Peak	15.92	14.57	30.49	43.50	-13.01
201.45	V	Peak	15.55	14.94	30.49	43.50	-13.01
549.66	V	Peak	8.60	24.27	32.87	46.00	-13.13
770.16	V	Peak	8.22	25.98	34.20	46.00	-11.80
94.35	Н	Peak	16.73	12.98	29.71	43.50	-13.79
120.00	Н	Peak	17.32	11.57	28.89	43.50	-14.61
549.66	Н	Peak	6.27	24.27	30.54	46.00	-15.46
659.33	Н	Peak	4.09	25.05	29.14	46.00	-16.86
769.00	Н	Peak	7.88	25.98	33.86	46.00	-12.14
878.66	Н	Peak	7.92	27.78	35.70	46.00	-10.30

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 30 MHz to the 1GHz.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode.
- 3. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 4. The IF bandwidth of SPA between 30MHz to 1GHz was 100kHz.

## **Above 1 GHz**

Operation Mode: IEEE 802.11a / Base Mode / TX / CH Low Test Date: October 31, 2003

**Temperature:** 20°C **Tested by:** Jim

**Humidity:** 70 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Freq.	Ant. Pol	Peak	AV	Ant. / CL	Actu	al Fs	Peak	AV	Margin	
(MHz)	H/V	Reading	Reading		Peak	AV	Limit	Limit	(dR)	Remark
,		(dBuV)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(")	
1100.00	V	48.50		-9.71	38.79		74.00	54.00	-15.21	Peak
1540.00	V	42.67		-7.28	35.39		74.00	54.00	-18.61	Peak
1756.66	V	41.67		-5.96	35.71		74.00	54.00	-18.29	Peak
11475.00	V	37.34		13.24	50.58		74.00	54.00	-3.42	Peak
1100.00	Н	46.17		-9.71	36.46		74.00	54.00	-17.54	Peak
1210.00	Н	43.00		-8.98	34.02		74.00	54.00	-19.98	Peak

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode and average detector mode of the emission shown in Actual FS column.
- 4. Spectrum Peak Setting 1GHz 26GHz, RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz, Sweep time = 200 ms.
- 5. Spectrum AV Setting 1GH z- 26GHz, RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 10Hz, Sweep time = 200 ms

**Operation Mode:** IEEE 802.11a / Base Mode / TX / CH Mid **Test Date:** October 31, 2003

Date of Issue: November 5, 2003

**Temperature:** 20°C **Tested by:** Jim

**Humidity:** 70 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Freq.	Ant. Pol	Peak	AV	Ant. / CL	Actu	al Fs	Peak	AV	Margin	
(MHz)	H/V	Reading	Reading	CF	Peak	AV	Limit	Limit	(dB)	Remark
(MIIIZ)	11/ ¥	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(ub)	
1100.00	V	46.67		-9.71	36.96		74.00	54.00	-17.04	Peak
1756.66	V	42.50		-5.96	36.54		74.00	54.00	-17.46	Peak
11566.00	V	37.50		13.34	50.84		74.00	54.00	-3.16	Peak
1100.00	Н	45.34		-9.71	35.63		74.00	54.00	-18.37	Peak
		·		·	·	·				

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode and average detector mode of the emission shown in Actual FS column.
- 4. Spectrum Peak Setting 1GHz 26GHz, RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz, Sweep time = 200 ms.
- 5. Spectrum AV Setting 1GH z- 26GHz, RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 10Hz, Sweep time = 200 ms

October 31, 2003

**Temperature:** 20°C **Tested by:** Jim

**Operation Mode:** IEEE 802.11a / Base Mode / TX / CH High **Test Date:** 

**Humidity:** 70 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Freq. (MHz)	Ant. Pol H/V	Peak Reading (dBuV)	AV Reading (dBuV)	Ant. / CL CF (dB)	Peak	al Fs AV (dBuV/m)	Peak Limit (dBuV/m)	AV Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1100.00	V	46.00		-9.71	36.29		74.00	54.00	-17.71	Peak
1540.00	V	42.50		-7.28	35.22		74.00	54.00	-18.78	Peak
1100.00	Н	47.17		-9.71	37.46		74.00	54.00	-16.54	Peak

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode and average detector mode of the emission shown in Actual FS column.
- 4. Spectrum Peak Setting 1GHz 26GHz, RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz, Sweep time = 200 ms.
- 5. Spectrum AV Setting 1GH z- 26GHz, RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 10Hz, Sweep time = 200 ms

Operation Mode: IEEE 802.11a / Turbo Mode / TX / CH Low Test Date: October 31, 2003

Date of Issue: November 5, 2003

**Temperature:** 20°C **Tested by:** Jim

**Humidity:** 70 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Freq. (MHz)	Ant. Pol H/V	Peak Reading (dBuV)	AV Reading (dBuV)	Ant. / CL CF (dB)	Peak	al Fs AV (dBuV/m)	Peak Limit (dBuV/m)	AV Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
11516.66	V	39.34		13.28	52.62		74.00	54.00	-1.38	Peak
1100.00	Н	45.00		-9.71	35.29		74.00	54.00	-18.71	Peak

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode and average detector mode of the emission shown in Actual FS column.
- 4. Spectrum Peak Setting 1GHz 26GHz, RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz, Sweep time = 200 ms.
- 5. Spectrum AV Setting 1GH z- 26GHz, RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 10Hz, Sweep time = 200 ms

Operation Mode: IEEE 802.11a / Turbo Mode / TX / CH High Test Date: October 31, 2003

**Temperature:** 20°C **Tested by:** Jim

**Humidity:** 70 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Freq.	Ant. Pol	Peak	AV	Ant. / CL	Actu	al Fs	Peak	AV	Margin	
(MHz)	H/V	Reading	Reading		Peak	AV	Limit	Limit	(dB)	Remark
(11111)	, ,	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(42)	
1100.00	V	45.84		-9.71	36.13		74.00	54.00	-17.87	Peak
1540.00	V	42.50		-7.28	35.22		74.00	54.00	-18.78	Peak
11591.66	V	37.67		13.36	51.03		74.00	54.00	-2.97	Peak

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode and average detector mode of the emission shown in Actual FS column.
- 4. Spectrum Peak Setting 1GHz 26GHz, RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz, Sweep time = 200 ms.
- 5. Spectrum AV Setting 1GH z- 26GHz, RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 10Hz, Sweep time = 200 ms

**Operation Mode:** IEEE 802.11b / TX / CH Low **Test Date:** October 30, 2003

Date of Issue: November 5, 2003

**Temperature:** 20°C **Tested by:** Jim

**Humidity:** 70 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Freq. (MHz)	Ant. Pol H/V	Peak Reading (dBuV)	AV Reading (dBuV)		Peak	AV (dBuV/m)	Peak Limit (dBuV/m)	AV Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
2286.66	V	55.00		-3.42	51.58		74.00	54.00	-2.42	Peak
2683.33	V	54.00		-2.29	51.71		74.00	54.00	-2.29	Peak
4816.66	V	42.34		3.28	45.62		74.00	54.00	-8.38	Peak

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode and average detector mode of the emission shown in Actual FS column.
- 4. Spectrum Peak Setting 1GHz 26GHz, RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz, Sweep time = 200 ms.
- 5. Spectrum AV Setting 1GH z- 26GHz, RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 10Hz, Sweep time = 200 ms

**Operation Mode:** IEEE 802.11b / TX / CH Mid **Test Date:** October 30, 2003

Date of Issue: November 5, 2003

**Temperature:** 20°C **Tested by:** Jim

**Humidity:** 70 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Freq.	Ant. Pol	Peak	AV	Ant. / CL	Actu	al Fs	Peak	AV	Margin	
(MHz)	H/V	Reading (dBuV)	Reading (dBuV)	CF (dB)	Peak (dBuV/m)	AV (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	(dR)	Remark
2683.33	V	54.20		-2.29	51.91		74.00	54.00	-2.09	Peak
4866.66	V	42.67		3.38	46.05		74.00	54.00	-7.95	Peak
					·			·		

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode and average detector mode of the emission shown in Actual FS column.
- 4. Spectrum Peak Setting 1GHz 26GHz, RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz, Sweep time = 200 ms.
- 5. Spectrum AV Setting 1GH z- 26GHz, RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 10Hz, Sweep time = 200 ms

**Operation Mode:** IEEE 802.11b / TX / CH High **Test Date:** October 30, 2003

Date of Issue: November 5, 2003

**Temperature:** 20°C **Tested by:** Jim

**Humidity:** 70 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Freq.	Ant. Pol	Peak Reading	AV Reading	Ant. / CL CF	Actu Peak	al Fs AV	Peak Limit	AV Limit	Margin	Remark
(MHz)	H/V	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	(dB)			(dBuV/m)	-	(dB)	Kemar K
2233.33	V	57.34		-3.61	53.73		74.00	54.00	-0.27	Peak
2686.66	V	54.24		-2.28	51.96		74.00	54.00	-2.04	Peak
4916.66	V	42.67		3.49	46.16		74.00	54.00	-7.84	Peak
2233.33	Н	49.67		-3.61	46.06		74.00	54.00	-7.94	Peak
2686.66	Н	49.84		-2.28	47.56		74.00	54.00	-6.44	Peak

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode and average detector mode of the emission shown in Actual FS column.
- 4. Spectrum Peak Setting 1GHz 26GHz, RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz, Sweep time = 200 ms.
- 5. Spectrum AV Setting 1GH z- 26GHz, RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 10Hz, Sweep time = 200 ms

**Operation Mode:** IEEE 802.11g / Base Mode / TX / CH Low **Test Date:** October 30, 2003

Date of Issue: November 5, 2003

**Temperature:** 20°C **Tested by:** Jim

**Humidity:** 70 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Freq.	Ant. Pol	Peak	AV	Ant. / CL	Actu	al Fs	Peak	AV	Margin	
(MHz)	H/V	Reading	Reading	CF	Peak	AV	Limit	Limit	(dR)	Remark
(WIIIZ)	11/ 4	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(uD)	
2686.66	V	54.04		-2.28	51.76		74.00	54.00	-2.24	Peak
4816.66	V	40.84		3.28	44.12		74.00	54.00	-9.88	Peak
2683.33	Н	49.17		-2.29	46.88		74.00	54.00	-7.12	Peak
		·		·	·	·				·

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode and average detector mode of the emission shown in Actual FS column.
- 4. Spectrum Peak Setting 1GHz 26GHz, RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz, Sweep time = 200 ms.
- 5. Spectrum AV Setting 1GH z- 26GHz, RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 10Hz, Sweep time = 200 ms

**Operation Mode:** IEEE 802.11g / Base Mode / TX / CH Mid **Test Date:** October 30, 2003

Date of Issue: November 5, 2003

**Temperature:** 20°C **Tested by:** Jim

**Humidity:** 70 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Freq.	Ant. Pol	Peak	AV	Ant. / CL	Actu	al Fs	Peak	AV	Margin	
(MHz)	H/V	Reading	Reading	CF	Peak	AV	Limit	Limit	(dR)	Remark
(WIIIZ)	11/ 4	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(uD)	
2686.66	V	53.34		-2.28	51.06		74.00	54.00	-2.94	Peak
4866.66	V	41.34		3.38	44.72		74.00	54.00	-9.28	Peak
2683.33	Н	54.17		-2.29	51.88		74.00	54.00	-2.12	Peak

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode and average detector mode of the emission shown in Actual FS column.
- 4. Spectrum Peak Setting 1GHz 26GHz, RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz, Sweep time = 200 ms.
- 5. Spectrum AV Setting 1GH z- 26GHz, RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 10Hz, Sweep time = 200 ms

Operation Mode: IEEE 802.11g / Base Mode / TX / CH High Test Date: October 30, 2003

Date of Issue: November 5, 2003

**Temperature:** 20°C **Tested by:** Jim

**Humidity:** 70 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Freq. (MHz)	Ant. Pol H/V	Peak Reading (dBuV)	AV Reading (dBuV)	Ant. / CL CF (dB)	Peak	al Fs AV (dBuV/m)	Peak Limit (dBuV/m)	AV Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
2683.33	V	54.17		-2.29	51.88		74.00	54.00	-2.12	Peak
4916.66	V	40.50		3.49	43.99		74.00	54.00	-10.01	Peak

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode and average detector mode of the emission shown in Actual FS column.
- 4. Spectrum Peak Setting 1GHz 26GHz, RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz, Sweep time = 200 ms.
- 5. Spectrum AV Setting 1GH z- 26GHz, RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 10Hz, Sweep time = 200 ms

**Operation Mode:** IEEE 802.11g / Turbo Mode / TX **Test Date:** October 30, 2003

Date of Issue: November 5, 2003

**Temperature:** 20°C **Tested by:** Jim

**Humidity:** 70 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Freq.	Ant. Pol	Peak	AV	Ant. / CL	Actu	al Fs	Peak	AV	Margin	
(MHz)	H/V	Reading (dBuV)	Reading (dBuV)	CF (dB)	Peak (dBuV/m)	AV (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	(dR)	Remark
2253.33	V	48.17		-3.54	44.63		74.00	54.00	-9.37	Peak
2683.33	V	49.67		-2.29	47.38		74.00	54.00	-6.62	Peak
5125.00	V	39.50		3.93	43.43		74.00	54.00	-10.57	Peak
1100.00	Н	44.67		-9.71	34.96		74.00	54.00	-19.04	Peak
2236.66	Н	52.50		-3.60	48.90		74.00	54.00	-5.10	Peak
2683.33	Н	42.50		-2.29	40.21		74.00	54.00	-13.79	Peak
4858.33	Н	41.34		3.37	44.71		74.00	54.00	-9.29	Peak

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode and average detector mode of the emission shown in Actual FS column.
- 4. Spectrum Peak Setting 1GHz 26GHz, RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz, Sweep time = 200 ms.
- 5. Spectrum AV Setting 1GH z- 26GHz, RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 10Hz, Sweep time = 200 ms



# CONDITION B: CO-LACATED OPERATION (WLAN OPERATED SIMULTANEOUSLY)

## 7.7 SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

## 7.7.1 Radiated Emissions

## **LIMIT**

< Please refer sections 7.6.2>

## **MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED**

< Please refer sections 7.6.2>

## **Test Configuration**

< Please refer sections 7.6.2>

## **TEST PROCEDURE**

< Please refer sections 7.6.2>

## CC ID: KA22003040018-1 Date of Issue: November 5, 2003

**Test Date:** November 4, 2003

## **TEST RESULTS**

## Below 1 GHz

**Temperature:** 

**Operation Mode:** IEEE 802.11a / TX / Base Mode / CH High

' + IEEE 802.11b / TX / CH High

20°C **Tested by:** Jim

**Humidity:** 70 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol. H/V	Detector Mode (PK/QP)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Actual FS (dBuV/m)	Limit 3m (dBuV/m)	Safe Margin (dB)
168.60	V	Peak	47.84	-17.67	30.17	43.50	-13.33
220.35	V	Peak	47.67	-14.91	32.76	46.00	-13.24
255.90	V	Peak	47.00	-13.50	33.50	46.00	-12.50
549.66	V	Peak	42.84	-7.64	35.20	46.00	-10.80
770.16	V	Peak	42.00	-4.97	37.03	46.00	-8.97
878.66	V	Peak	36.67	-4.14	32.53	46.00	-13.47
110.10	Н	Peak	21.24	12.84	34.08	43.50	-9.42
125.40	Н	Peak	23.54	11.38	34.92	43.50	-8.58
258.15	Н	Peak	18.51	16.11	34.62	46.00	-11.38
659.33	Н	Peak	39.17	-6.20	32.97	46.00	-13.03
769.00	Н	Peak	39.17	-4.98	34.19	46.00	-11.81
879.83	Н	Peak	39.50	-4.12	35.38	46.00	-10.62

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 30 MHz to the 1GHz.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode.
- 3. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 4. The IF bandwidth of SPA between 30MHz to 1GHz was 100kHz.

## **Above 1 GHz**

IEEE 802.11a / TX / Base Mode / CH High + Test Date: November 4, 2003 **Operation Mode:** 

IEEE 802.11b / TX / CH High

**Temperature:**  $20^{\circ}$ C Tested by: Jim

**Humidity:** 70 % RH Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Freq.	Ant. Pol	Peak Reading	AV Reading	Ant. / CL CF	Actu Peak	al Fs AV	Peak Limit	AV Limit	Margin	Remark
(MHz)	H/V	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	
2233.33	V	57.00		-3.61	53.39		74.00	54.00	-0.61	Peak
2683.33	V	54.02		-2.29	51.73		74.00	54.00	-2.27	Peak
4916.66	V	48.12		3.49	51.61		74.00	54.00	-2.39	Peak
11641.66	V	38.21		13.42	51.63		74.00	54.00	-2.37	Peak
1100.00	Н	45.84		-9.71	36.13		74.00	54.00	-17.87	Peak
2233.33	Н	49.34		-3.61	45.73		74.00	54.00	-8.27	Peak

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode and average detector mode of the emission shown in Actual FS column.
- 4. Spectrum Peak Setting 1GHz 26GHz, RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz, Sweep time = 200 ms.
- 5. Spectrum AV Setting 1GH z- 26GHz, RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 10Hz, Sweep time = 200 ms

## 7.8 POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

## **LIMIT**

For an intentional radiator which is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed 250 microvolts (The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.50 MHz). The limits at specific frequency range is listed as follows:

Date of Issue: November 5, 2003

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limits (dBµV)					
rrequency Range (MIIIZ)	Quasi-peak	Average				
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46				
0.50 to 5	56	46				
5 to 30	60	50				

Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line (LINE and NEUTRAL) and ground at the power terminals.

## MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCS30	847793/012	12/20/2003
LISN	R&S	ESH2-Z5	843285/010	12/15/2003
LISN	EMCO	3825/2	9003-1628	07/25/2004

**Remark:** Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year.

## **Test Configuration**

1. The conducted emission tests were performed in the test site, using the setup in accordance with the ANSI C63.4.

Date of Issue: November 5, 2003

- 2. The EUT was plug-in the host PC via USB port. The host PC system was placed on the center of the back edge on the test table. The peripherals like modem, monitor printer, K/B, and mouse were placed on the side of the host PC system. The rear of the EUT and peripherals were placed flushed with the rear of the tabletop.
- 3. The keyboard was placed directly in the front of the monitor, flushed with the front tabletop. The mouse was placed next to the Keyboard, flushed with the back of keyboard.
- 4. The spacing between the peripherals was 10 centimeters.
- 5. External I/O cables were draped along the edge of the test table and bundle when necessary.
- 6. The host PC system was connected with 110Vac/60Hz power source.

The EUT is set to transmit in a continuous mode.

## **TEST PROCEDURE**

- 1. The EUT was placed on a table, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
- 2. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
- 3. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measured were complete.

## **TEST RESULTS**

The initial step in collecting conducted data is a spectrum analyzer peak scan of the measurement range. Significant peaks are then marked as shown on the following data page, and these signals are then quasi-peaked.

Date of Issue: November 5, 2003

**Operation Mode:** TX + RX mode **Test Date:** October 1, 2003

**Temperature:** 20°C **Tested by:** Jim

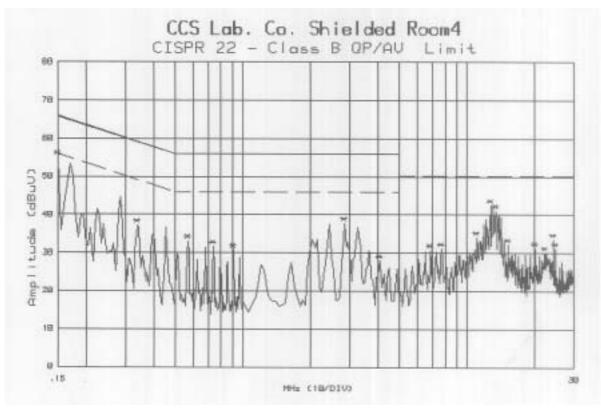
**Humidity:** 70 % RH

FREQ	Q.P.	AVG	Q.P.	AVG	Q .P .	AVG	NOTE
МНг	Raw dBuV	Raw dBuV	Limit dBuV	Limit dBuV	M argin d B	M argin dB	
0.150	55.10		66.00	56.00	-10.90		L 1
0.340	37.20		59.20	49.20	-22.00		L 1
0.570	33.10		56.00	46.00	-22.90		L 1
2.850	37.70		56.00	46.00	-18.30		L 1
12.750	42.50		60.00	50.00	-17.50		L 1
13.450	41.00		60.00	50.00	-19.00		L 1
0.165	49.70		65.21	55.21	-15.51		L 2
0.390	37.10		58.06	48.06	-20.96		L 2
0.560	33.50		56.00	46.00	-22.50		L 2
0.895	32.10		56.00	46.00	-23.90		L 2
2.750	37.40		56.00	46.00	-18.60		L 2
4.150	31.40		56.00	46.00	-24.60		L 2

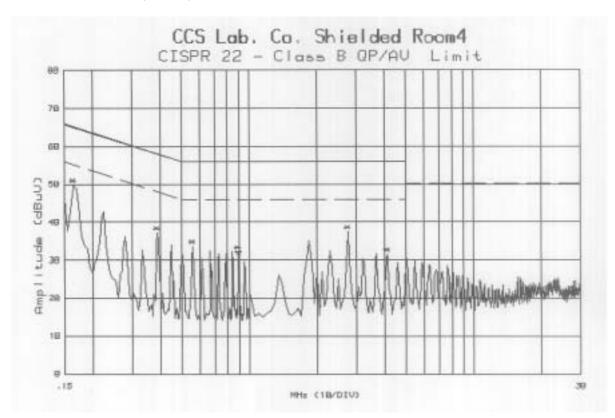
- 1. Measuring frequencies from 0.15 MHz to 30MHz.
- 2. The emissions measured in frequency range from 0.15 MHz to 30MHz were made with an instrument using Quasi-peak detector and average detector.
- 3. "---" denotes the emission level was or more than 2dB below the Average limit
- 4. The IF bandwidth of SPA between 0.15MHz to 30MHz was 10kHz; the IF bandwidth of Test Receiver between 0.15MHz to 30MHz was 9kHz;
- 5.  $L1 = Line \ One \ (Live \ Line) / L2 = Line \ Two \ (Neutral \ Line)$

## **Test Data Plots**

## Conducted emissions (Line 1)



## Conducted emissions (Line 2)



## APPENDIX 1 PHOTOGRPHS OF TEST SETUP

## **Radiated Emission Set up Photos**





# **Conducted Emission Set Up Photos**



