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Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) Evaluation Report

Report No. : EME-021367

Model No. : WAP-B11

Issued Date : Nov. 25, 2002

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Project Engineer

Reviewed By

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Summary of Tests

MPE Evaluation meet FCC OET No. 65: 1997/ IEEE C95.1-1999

2.4GHz Wireless Access Point: WAP-B11 FCC ID: KA22002040014-1

Test	Reference	Results
MPE Evaluation	FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure IEEE C95.1	Complies

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1. Introduction

The EUT operates in the 2.4GHz ISM band. Due to the EUT (include antenna) at its normal operation distance is at least 20 cm from the human body, the EUT was defined as a Mobile Device.

The reason to do the MPE Evaluation is to avoid the RF hazard to human body. The maximum output power and gain of the antenna were used to calculate the limited distance from the product. The limit for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) specified in FCC 1.1310 is followed.

The Notice in Installation Manual has been stated as below:

While installing and operating this transmitter, the radio frequency exposure limit of 1mW/(cm*cm) may be exceeded at distances close to the transmitter, therefore, the user must maintain a minimum distance of 20 cm from the device at all time.

2. RF Exposure Limit

According to FCC 1.1310: The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b).

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Average Time (minutes)		
(A) Limits for Occupational / Control Exposures						
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6		
300-1500	-	-	F/300	6		
1500-100,000	-	-	5	6		
(B) Limits for General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure						
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30		
300-1500	-	-	F/1500	30		
1500-100,000	-	-	1.0	30		

F= Frequency in MHz

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3. RF Exposure calculations

From FCC 1.1310 table 1, the maximum permissible RF exposure for an uncontrolled environment is 1mW/(cm*cm), where, $(cm*cm) = square \ cm$. The electric field generated for a 1mW/(cm*cm) exposure (S) is calculated as follows:

S = E*E/Z

where, S = Power density

E = Electric field

Z = Impedance

so, 1 mW/(cm*cm) = 10 W/(m*m)

Z is 377 ohm of the impedance of free space, where E and H field are perpendicular. Thus the Electric field to produce a 1 mW/(cm*cm) exposure is: E = $(10 \text{ x } 377)^{\frac{1}{2}} = 61.4 \text{ V/m}$, which is equivalent to 1 mW/(cm*cm)

Maximum conducted peak output power is 15.81 dBm and maximum antenna gain is 1.7 dBi. The maximum radiated output power resulted in 56.36 mW.

Using the relationship between electric field E, effective radiated power in watts P, and distance in meters D, the corresponding distance D to produce a 1mW/(cm*cm) is calculated by the following expression:

D =
$$(P \times 30)^{\frac{1}{2}}/E = (56.36 \times 10 \times 30)^{\frac{1}{2}}/61.4 = 2.12 \text{ cm}$$

where, P: maximum effective radiated power measured, 17.51 dBm (56.36 mW)
E: electric field equivalent to 1mW/(cm*cm) , 61.4 V/m

The minimum distance by calculation and normal use distance were listed in the table as below:

E.I.R.P.		Calculated RF Exposure	Normal Use
		Allowable Minimum	Minimum RF Exposure
		Separation Distance(cm)	Separation Distance(cm)
dBm	mW	2.12	20
17.51	56.36	2.12	20

The calculated Minimum allowable distance is very close to the antenna, and is far away from the normal use distance.