

# Appendix B. Maximum Permissible Exposure

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## Maximum Permissible Exposure

### 1.1. Applicable Standard

Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess limit for maximum permissible exposure. In accordance with 47 CFR FCC Part 2 Subpart J, section 2.1091 this device has been defined as a mobile device whereby a distance of 0.25 m normally can be maintained between the user and the device.

(A) Limits for Occupational / Controlled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/ cm²)	Averaging Time  E 2, H 2 or S (minutes)	
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	(100)*	6	
3.0-30	1842 / f	4.89 / f	(900 / f)*	6	
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6	
300-1500			F/300	6	
1500-100,000			5	6	

(B) Limits for General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/ cm²)	Averaging Time  E 2, H 2 or S (minutes)
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	(100)*	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	(180/f)*	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500			F/1500	30
1500-100,000			1.0	30

Note: f = frequency in MHz; \*Plane-wave equivalent power density

#### 1.2. MPE Calculation Method

$$E (V/m) = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d}$$
 Power Density:  $Pd (W/m^2) = \frac{E^2}{377}$ 

E = Electric field (V/m)

P = Peak RF output power (W)

G = EUT Antenna numeric gain (numeric)

**d** = Separation distance between radiator and human body (m)

The formula can be changed to

$$Pd = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{377 \times d^2}$$

From the peak EUT RF output power, the minimum mobile separation distance, d=0.2m, as well as the gain of the used antenna, the RF power density can be obtained.

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#### 1.3. Calculated Result and Limit

For 5GHz UNII Band:

Antenna Type: PCB Printed Antenna

Max Conducted Power for IEEE 802.11n MCS0 40MHz Ant. 1 + Ant. 2 + Ant. 3: 16.83dBm

Antenna Gain (dBi)	Antenna Gain (numeric)	POWER	Peak Output Power ( mW )	Power Density (S) (mW/cm²)	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm²)	Test Result
4.8	3.0200	16.8347	48.2472	0.007250	1	Complies

For 5GHz ISM Band:

Antenna Type: PCB Printed Antenna

Max Conducted Power for IEEE 802.11n MCS0 20MHz Ant. 1 + Ant. 2 + Ant. 3: 29.84dBm

Antenna Gain (dBi)	Antenna Gain (numeric)	PUMPL	Peak Output Power ( mW )	Power Density (S) (mW/cm²)	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm²)	Test Result
4.8	3.0200	29.8370	963.1577	0.144740	1	Complies

For 2.4GHz Band:

Antenna Type: PCB Printed Antenna

Max Conducted Power for IEEE 802.11n MCS0 20MHz Ant. 4 + Ant. 5: 30.00 dBm

Antenna Gain (dBi)	Antenna Gain (numeric)	POWER	Peak Output Power ( mW )	Power Density (S) (mW/cm²)	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm²)	Test Result
4.5	2.8184	29.9954	998.9508	0.140099	1	Complies

#### **CONCULSION:**

Both of the WLAN 2.4GHz Band and WLAN 5GHZ Band can transmit simultaneously, the formula of calculated the MPE is:

CPD1 / LPD1 + CPD2 / LPD2 + .....etc. < 1

CPD = Calculation power density

LPD = Limit of power density

Therefore, the worst-case situation is 0.144740 / 1 + 0.140099 / 1 = 0.284839, which isless than "1". This confirmed that the device comply with FCC 1.1310 MPE limit.

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