

3. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters:

Auto Zero Time: 3 sec,
High/Low Range

Measuring time: 3 sec

in μV	Common mode Input Voltage	High Range Reading	Low Range Reading
Channel X	200mV	5.15	5.17
	- 200mV	-4.35	-4.88
Channel Y	200mV	9.00	8.70
	- 200mV	-10.57	-10.21
Channel Z	200mV	8.93	8.00
	- 200mV	-10.74	-10.51

4. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters:

Auto Zero Time: 3 sec,
High Range

Measuring time: 3 sec

in μV	Input Voltage	Channel X	Channel Y	Channel Z
Channel X	200mV	-	0.87	-0.39
Channel Y	200mV	0.80	-	2.29
Channel Z	200mV	-2.73	-0.30	-

5. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

in LSB	Low Range	High Range
Channel X	16102	16311
Channel Y	16055	16139
Channel Z	15811	15833

6. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters:

Auto Zero Time: 3 sec,
Number of measurements:

Measuring time: 3 sec
100, Low Range

Input 10M Ω

in μV	Average	min. Offset	max. Offset	Std. Deviation
Channel X	0.25	-1.75	1.20	0.43
Channel Y	-1.47	-2.17	0.46	0.35
Channel Z	-1.64	-2.78	0.28	0.45

6. Input Offset Measurement (cont'd)

Input shorted

in μV	Average	min. Offset	max. Offset	Std. Deviation
Channel X	-0.02	-0.85	0.97	0.27
Channel Y	-0.69	-2.12	0.97	0.35
Channel Z	-0.96	-2.39	0.43	0.35

7. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

8. Input Resistance

In MOhm	Calibrating	Measuring
Channel X	0.2001	199.9
Channel Y	0.1999	203.3
Channel Z	0.2000	200.4

9. Low Battery Alarm Voltage

in V	Alarm Level
Supply (+ Vcc)	7.72
Supply (- Vcc)	7.55

10. Power Consumption

in mA	Switched off	Stand by	Transmitting
Supply (+ Vcc)	0.00	8.71	14.4
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8.03	-9.20



D4: 2450MHZ SYSTEM VALIDATION DIPOLE

Client **Auden > Chunghwa Telecom**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE



Object(s) **D2450V2 - SN:737**
 Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v2
 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**
 Calibration date: **August 27, 2003**
 Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)**

This calibration statement documents traceability of M&TE used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the procedures with the ISO/IEC 17025 international standard.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees Celsius and humidity < 75%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Model Type	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
RF generator R&S SML-03	100698	27-Mar-2002 (R&S, No. 20-92389)	In house check: Mar-05
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018)	Oct-04
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	30-Oct-02 (METAS, No. 252-0236)	Oct-03
Power meter EPM E442	GB37480704	30-Oct-02 (METAS, No. 252-0236)	Oct-03
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (Agilent, No. 24BR1033101)	In house check: Oct 03

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Judith Mueller	Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Laboratory Director	

Date issued: August 28, 2003

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

DASY

Dipole Validation Kit

Type: D2450V2

Serial: 737

Manufactured: August 26, 2003

Calibrated: August 27, 2003

1. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with **head simulating solution** of the following electrical parameters at 2450 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity	38.2	$\pm 5\%$
Conductivity	1.89 mho/m	$\pm 5\%$

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe ES3DV2 (SN:3013, Conversion factor 4.8 at 2450 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm from dipole center to the solution surface. Lossless spacer was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.

The dipole input power (forward power) was 250mW $\pm 3\%$. The results are normalized to 1W input power.

2. SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ES3DV2 SN:3013 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of tissue:	55.2 mW/g $\pm 16.8\%$ (k=2)¹
averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of tissue:	24.8 mW/g $\pm 16.2\%$ (k=2)¹

¹ validation uncertainty

3. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The impedance was measured at the SMA-connector with a network analyzer and numerically transformed to the dipole feedpoint. The transformation parameters from the SMA-connector to the dipole feedpoint are:

Electrical delay: **1.162 ns** (one direction)
Transmission factor: **0.983** (voltage transmission, one direction)

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 1 and the distance spacer was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 2450 MHz: $\text{Re}\{Z\} = 52.5 \Omega$

$\text{Im}\{Z\} = 5.4 \Omega$

Return Loss at 2450 MHz **-24.8 dB**

4. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with **body simulating solution** of the following electrical parameters at 2450 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity **50.8** $\pm 5\%$
Conductivity **2.03 mho/m** $\pm 5\%$

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe ES3DV2 (SN:3013, Conversion factor 4.2 at 2450 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm from dipole center to the solution surface. Lossless spacer was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.

The dipole input power (forward power) was 250mW $\pm 3\%$. The results are normalized to 1W input power.