Giant Electronics Ltd.

Application For Certification

2.4GHz Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Cordless Phone with Caller ID

(FCC ID: K7GO2400)

WO# 0209870 TL/Ann Choy August 28, 2002

- The test results reported in this report shall refer only to the sample actually tested and shall not refer or be deemed to refer to bulk from which such a sample may be said to have been obtained.
- This report shall not be reproduced except in full without prior authorization form Giant Electronics Limited Limited

LIST OF EXHIBITS

INTRODUCTION

EXHIBIT 1: Summary of Tests

EXHIBIT 2: General Description

EXHIBIT 3: System Test Configuration

EXHIBIT 4: Measurement Results

EXHIBIT 5: Equipment Photographs

EXHIBIT 6: Product Labelling

EXHIBIT 7: Technical Specifications

EXHIBIT 8: Instruction Manual

EXHIBIT 9: Security Code Information

MEASUREMENT/TECHNICAL REPORT

Giant Electronics Ltd. - MODEL: OL2400, OL2420 FCC ID: K7GO2400

Equipment Type: <u>DSS-Part 15 Spread Spectrum</u> Deferred grant requested per 47 CFR 0.457(d)(1		
Deferred grant requested per 47 CFR 0.457(d)(1)(ii)? Yes	No_X
		·
	If yes, def	er until:
Common Name of the Commission	. 1	date
Company Name agrees to notify the Commission	date	
of the intended date of announcement of the protection that date.	oduct so that the gra	nt can be issued on
Transition Rules Request per 15.37?	Yes	No_X
If no, assumed Part 15, Subpart C for intentional Edition] provision.	al radiator - the new	47 CFR [12-18-01
Report prepared by:	Tommy Leung Intertek Testing 2/F., Garment C 576 Castle Peak Kowloon, Hong	entre, Road,

Table of Contents

1.0 <u>Summary of test results</u>	2
2.0 General Description	4
2.1 Product Description	
2.2 Related Submittal(s) Grants	
2.3 Test Methodology	
2.4 Test Facility	
3.0 System Test Configuration	7
3.1 Justification	7
3.2 EUT Exercising Software	7
3.3 Support Equipment List and Description	8
3.4 Equipment Modification	9
4.0 Measurement Results	
4.1 Maximum Conducted Output Power at Antenna Terminals	
4.2 Maximum 20 dB RF Bandwidth	
4.3 Minimum Number of Hopping Frequencies	
4.4 Minimum Hopping Channel Carrier Frequency Separation	
4.5 Average Time of Occupancy	
4.6 Out of Band Conducted Emissions	
4.7 Out of Band Radiated Emissions	
4.8 Transmitter Radiated Emissions in Restricted Bands	
4.9 Field Strength Calculation.	
4.10 Radiated Emission Configuration Photograph - Base Unit	
4.11 Radiated Emission Data - Base Unit	
4.12 Radiated Emission Configuration Photograph - Handset	
4.13 Radiated Emission Data - Handset	29
4.14 AC Line Conducted Emission	
4.15 Line Conducted Configuration Photograph - Base Unit	
4.16 Line Conducted Emission Configuration Data	
4.17 Radiated Emission from Digital Section of Transceiver	
4.18 Transmitter Duty Cycle Calculation and Measurements	39
5.0 Equipment Photographs	41
6.0 Product Labelling	43
7.0 <u>Technical Specifications</u>	45
8.0 Instruction Manual	47
9.0 Security Code Information	49

List of attached file

Exhibit type	File Description	filename
Test Report	Test Report	report.doc
Operation	Technical Description	descri.pdf
Description		
Test Setup Photo	Radiated Emission for Base	config photos.doc
Test Setup Photo	Radiated Emission for Handset	config photos.doc
Test Report	Maximum Output Power Plot	bmaxop.pdf, hmaxop.pdf
Test Report	20 dB Bandwidth Plot	b20dB.pdf, h20dB.pdf
Test Report	Minimum Number of Hopping Frequencies	chno.pdf
Test Report	Minimum Hopping Channel Carrier	bfsepa.pdf, hfsepa.pdf
	Frequency Separation	
Test Report	Average Channel Occupancy Time	avetime.pdf
Test Report	Out Band Antenna Conducted	bobantcon.pdf, hobantcon.pdf
	Emission Plot	
Test Setup Photo	Conducted Emission	config photos.doc
Test Report	Conducted Emission Test Result	conduct.pdf
External Photo	External Photo	external photos.doc
Internal Photo	Internal Photo	internal photos.doc
Block Diagram	Block Diagram	block.pdf
Schematics	Circuit Diagram	beireuit.pdf, heireuit.pdf
ID Label/Location	Label Artwork and Location	label.pdf
User Manual	User Manual	manual.pdf
User Manual	FCC Information	FCC information.pdf
RF Exposure Info	RF Safety	RF exposure info.pdf

EXHIBIT 1 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

1.0 <u>Summary of Test</u>

Giant Electronics Ltd. - MODEL: OL2400, OL2420 FCC ID: K7GO2400

TEST	REFERENCE	RESULTS
Max. Output Power	15.247(b)	Pass
20 dB Bandwidth	15.247(a)(1)	Pass
Min. No. of Hopping Frequencies	15.247(a)(1)	Pass
Min. Hopping Channel Carrier Frequency Separation	15.247(a)(1)	Pass
Average Time of Occupancy	15.247(a)(1)	Pass
Out of Band Antenna Conducted Emission	15.247(c)	Pass
Radiated Emission in Restricted Bands	15.247(c)	Pass
AC Conducted Emission	15.207	Pass
Radiated Emission from Digital Part	15.109	Pass
Antenna Requirement	15.203	Pass (See Notes)

Notes: The EUT uses a permanently attached antenna which, in accordance to Section 15.203, is considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

EXHIBIT 2 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

2.0 General Description

2.1 Product Description

The OL2400 is a 2.4GHz Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Cordless Phone with Caller ID feature. It operates at frequency range of 2401.056 MHz to 2482.272 MHz with 95 hopping frequencies. The unit is capable of either tone or pulse dialing. The internal power supply's isolation is accomplished through a power transformer having an adequate dielectric rating. The circuit wiring is consistent under the requirement of part 68.

The handset unit consists of a keypad with twelve standard keys (0,...9,*,#), nine function keys (Mem, Clear/Del, Int, Redial/Pause, Flash, Prog, Cancel, Up, Down). A Phone key is provided to control pick/release telephone line in a toggle base.

The base unit has a intercom key, which is used to communicate with handset unit.

The antennas used in base unit and handset are integral, and the test sample is a prototype.

The model OL2420 is the same as the model OL2400 in hardware aspect. The difference in model number serves as marketing strategy of selling the handset standalone.

The circuit description and frequency hopping algorithm is saved with filename: descri.pdf

The hopping engine steps through a sequence, which is taken form a look-up table in Flash/ROM. All 95 channels are exercised once after a period of approximately 1 second (95 x 10ms), therefore, usage of channels are equal on average.

The receiver is a single conversion superheterodyne receiver. The channel filtering is realized by a fully integrated low IF band-pass filter at a center frequency of 864kHz (inside the IC). When locked to the transmitter, the receiver is able to predict the next slot channel based on the received RFPI (Radio Fixed Part Identity).

Connection between the device and the telephone network is accomplished through the use of USOC RJ11C in the 2-wire loop calling central office line.

2.2 Related Submittal(s) Grants

This is an application for Certification of a DSS-Part 15 Spread Spectrum Transceiver. The device is also subject to Part 68 Registration.

2.3 Test Methodology

Both AC mains line-conducted and radiated emission measurements were performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.4 (1992). All measurements were performed in Open Area Test Sites. Preliminary scans were performed in the Open Area Test Sites only to determine worst case modes. All Radiated tests were performed at an antenna to EUT distance of 3 meters, unless stated otherwise in the "**Justification Section**" of this Application. All other measurements were made in accordance with the procedures in part 2 of CFR 47.

2.4 Test Facility 1.4 Test Facility

The open area test site and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data is located at Garment Centre, 576 Castle Peak Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong. This test facility and site measurement data have been fully placed on file with the FCC.

EXHIBIT 3 SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

3.0 **System Test Configuration**

3.1 Justification 2.1 Justification

For emission testing, the equipment under test (EUT) was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it). During testing, all cables were manipulated to produce worst case emissions. The handset was powered by a fully charged battery.

For the measurements, the EUT is attached to a cardboard box if necessary and placed on the wooden turntable. If the base unit attaches to peripherals, they are connected and operational (as typical as possible). The handset is remotely located as far from the antenna and the base as possible to ensure full power transmission from the base. Else, the base is wired to transmit full power without modulation.

The signal is maximized through rotation and placement in the three orthogonal axes. The antenna height and polarization are varied during the search for maximum signal level. The antenna height is varied from 1 to 4 meters. Detector function is in peak mode. Radiated emissions are taken at three meters unless the signal level is too low for measurement at that distance. If necessary, a pre-amplifier is used and/or the test is conducted at a closer distance.

All readings are extrapolated back to the equivalent three meter reading using inverse scaling with distance. Analyzer resolution is 100 kHz or greater for frequencies below 1000MHz. The resolution is 1MHz or greater for frequencies above 1000MHz. The spurious emissions more than 20 dB below the permissible value are not reported.

Radiated emission measurement were performed from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device which is greater than 9kHz to 25GHz.

3.2 EUT Exercising Software

The EUT exercise program used during radiated and conducted testing was designed to exercise the various system components in a manner similar to a typical use.

For emissions testing, the units were setup to transmit continuously to simplify the measurement methodology. Care was taken to ensure proper power supply voltages during testing.

3.3 Support Equipment List and Description

The FCC ID's for all equipment, plus descriptions of all cables used in the tested system (included inserted cards, which have grants) are:

HARDWARE:

The unit was operated standalone. An AC adapter (provided with the unit) was used to power the device. Its description is listed below.

(1) AC adapter with two meter unshielded power cord permanently affixed.

CABLES:

(1) Telecommunication cable with RJ11C connectors (1m, unshielded), terminated

OTHERS:

(1) A headset for telephone use with 1.2m unshielded cable permanently affixed.

3.4 Equipment Modification

Any modifications installed previous to testing by Giant Electronics Ltd. will be incorporated in each production model sold/leased in the United States.

No modifications were installed by ETL Division, Intertek Testing Services Hong Kong Ltd.

All the items listed under section 2.0 of this report are confirmed by:

Confirmed by:

Tommy Leung Assistant Supervisor Intertek Testing Services Hong Kong Ltd. Agent for Giant Electronics Ltd.

Signature

September 6, 2002

Date

EXHIBIT 4 MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Company: Giant Electronics Ltd.	Date of Test: July 24-August 14, 2002
---------------------------------	---------------------------------------

Model: OL2400

4.0 Measurement Results

- 4.1 Maximum Conducted Output Power at Antenna Terminals, FCC Rules 15.247(b):
 - [] The antenna power of the EUT was connected to the input of a power meter. Power was read directly and cable loss correction was added to the reading to obtain power at the EUT antenna terminals.
 - [×] The antenna port of the EUT was connected to the input of a spectrum analyzer. The analyzer was set for maximum RES BW and power was read directly in dBm. External attenuation and cable loss were compensated by adding to SA raw reading.

For antennas with gains of 6 dBi or less, maximum allowed transmitter output is 1 watt (+30 dBm).

For antennas with gains greater than 6 dBi, transmitter output level must be decreased by an amount equal to (GAIN - 6) dBm.

(Base Unit) Antenna Gain = -1.0 dB			
Frequency (N	MHz)	Output in dBm	Output in mWatt
Low Channel:	2401.056	21.46	140.0
Middle Channel:	2441.643	22.19	165.6
High Channel:	2482.293	22.67	184.9

Cable loss: <u>0.5</u> dB External Attenuation: <u>0</u> dB

Cable loss, external attenuation: [x] included in OFFSET function

[] added to SA raw reading

Please refer to the attached plots for details:

Plot B1a: Low Channel Output Power Plot B1b: Middle Channel Output Power Plot B1c: High Channel Output Power

Company: Giant Electronics Ltd.

Date of Test: July 24-August 14, 2002

Model: OL2400

Maximum Conducted Output Power at Antenna Terminals, FCC Rules 15.247(b) - Continued:

(Handset Unit) Maximum Antenna Gain = -1.0 dB			
Frequency (1	MHz)	Output in dBm	Output in mWatt
Low Channel:	2401.235	20.28	106.7
Middle Channel:	2441.821	19.03	80.0
High Channel:	2482.358	18.11	64.7

Cable loss: <u>0.5</u> dB External Attenuation: <u>0</u> dB

Cable loss, external attenuation: [x] included in OFFSET function

[] added to SA raw reading

Please refer to the attached plots for details:

Plot H1a: Low Channel Output Power Plot H1b: Middle Channel Output Power Plot H1c: High Channel output Power

For electronic filing, the above plots are saved with filename: bmaxop.pdf, hmaxop.pdf

For RF Safety, the information is saved with filename: RF exposure info.pdf

Company: Giant Electronics Ltd.

Date of Test: July 24-August 14, 2002

Model: OL2400

4.2 Maximum 20 dB RF Bandwidth, FCC Rule 15.247(a)(1):

The antenna port of the EUT was connected to the input of a spectrum analyzer. Analyzer RES BW was chosen so that the display was a result of the hopping channel modulation. For each RF output channel investigated, the spectrum analyzer center frequency was set to the channel carrier. A PEAK output reading was taken, a DISPLAY line was drawn 20 dB lower than PEAK level. The 20 dB bandwidth was determined from where the channel output spectrum intersected the display line.

(Base Unit)	
Frequency (MHz)	20 dB Bandwidth (kHz)
2401.056	786

Refer to the following plots for 20 dB bandwidth sharp:

Plot B2a: Low Channel 20 dB RF Bandwidth Plot B2b: Middle Channel 20 dB RF Bandwidth Plot B2c: High Channel 20 dB RF Bandwidth

For electronic filing, the above plots are saved with filename: b20dB.pdf

Company: Giant Electronics Ltd.

Date of Test: July 24-August 14, 2002

Model: OL2400

Maximum 20 dB RF Bandwidth, FCC Rule 15.247(a)(1) - Continued:

(Handset Unit)		
Frequency (MHz)	20 dB Bandwidth (kHz)	
2441.664	671	

Refer to the following plots for 20 dB bandwidth sharp:

Plot H2a: Low Channel 20 dB RF Bandwidth Plot H2b: Middle Channel 20 dB RF Bandwidth Plot H2c: High Channel 20 dB RF Bandwidth

For electronic filing, the above plots are saved with filename: h20dB.pdf

Company: Giant Electronics Ltd.

Date of Test: July 24-August 14, 2002

Model: OL2400

4.3 Minimum Number of Hopping Frequencies, FCC Rule 15.247(a)(1):

The RF passband of the EUT was divided into 5 approximately equal bands. With the analyzer set to MAX HOLD readings were taken for 2-3 minutes in each band. The channel peaks so recorded were added together, and the total number compared to the minimum number of channels required in the regulation.

No. of hopping channels	95
-------------------------	----

Minimum Requirements: at least 75 channels for 2400-2483.5 and 5725-5850 MHz systems for equipment over 0.125W.

For electronic filing, the above plots are saved with filename: chno.pdf

Company: Giant Electronics Ltd.

Date of Test: July 24-August 14, 2002

Model: OL2400

4.4 Minimum Hopping Channel Carrier Frequency Separation, FCC Ref: 15.247(a)(1):

Using the DELTA MARKER function of the analyzer, the frequency separation between two adjacent channels was measured and compared against the limit.

[] 25 kHz [x] 20 dB bandwidth of hopping channel

Plot B4: Channel 0 and 1

For electronic filing, the above plots are saved with filename: bfsepa.pdf

Company: Giant Electronics Ltd.

Date of Test: July 24-August 14, 2002

Model: OL2400

4.4 Minimum Hopping Channel Carrier Frequency Separation, FCC Ref: 15.247(a)(1) - Continued:

Using the DELTA MARKER function of the analyzer, the frequency separation between two adjacent channels was measured and compared against the limit.

[] 25 kHz [x] 20 dB bandwidth of hopping channel

Channel Separation	864 kHz
Channel Separation	864 kHz

Plot H4: Channel 0 and 1

For electronic filing, the above plots are saved with filename: hfsepa.pdf

Company: Giant Electronics Ltd.

Date of Test: July 24-August 14, 2002

Model: OL2400

4.5 Average Channel Occupancy Time, FCC Ref: 15.247(a)(1)

The spectrum analyzer center frequency was set to one of the known hopping channels. The SWEEP was set to 50ms, the SPAN was set to ZERO SPAN, and the TRIGGER was set to VIDEO. The time duration of the transmission so captured was measured with the MARKER DELTA function.

The SWEEP was then set to the time required by the regulation (20 seconds for 902-928 MHz devices, 30 seconds for all other bands). The analyzer was set to SINGLE SWEEP, the total ON time was added and compared against the limit (0.4 seconds).

Average 0.4 seconds maximum occupancy in 30 seconds, 2400-2483.5/5725-5850 Hz.

[x] Refer to attached spectrum analyzer plots 5a-5b

Average Occupancy Time = 857μs x 32	27.4 ms
-------------------------------------	---------

For electronic filing, the above plots are saved with filename: avetime.pdf

Company: Giant Electronics Ltd.

Date of Test: July 24-August 14, 2002

Model: OL2400

4.6 Out of Band Radiated Emissions, FCC Rule 15.247(c):

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the EUT passband, the RF power produced by the modulation products of the spreading sequence, the information sequence, and the carrier frequency shall be at least 20 dB below that of the maximum in-band 100 kHz emission, or else shall meet the gereral limits for radiated emissions at frequencies outside the passband, whichever results in lower attenuation.

All other types of emissions from the EUT shall meet the general limits for radiated frequencies outside the passband.

Refer to the following plots for out of band conducted emissions data:

Plot B6a.1 - B6a.2: Low Channel Emissions Plot B6b.1 - B6b.2: Middle Channel Emissions

Plot B6c.1 - B6c.2: High Channel Emissions

Plot B6d.1 - B6d.2: Modulation Products Emissions

Plot H6a.1 - H6a.2: Low Channel Emissions

Plot H6b.1 - H6b.2: Middle Channel Emissions

Plot H6c.1 - H6c.2: High Channel Emissions

Plot H6d.1 - H6d.2: Modulation Products Emissions

The plots showed the 2^{nd} harmonic and modulation products at the band edges of 2400 MHz and 2483.5 MHz. In addition, all spurious emission and up to the tenth harmonic was measured and they were found to be at least 40 dB below the highest level of the desired power in the passband.

Furthermore, delta measurement technique for measuring bandedge emissions was incorported in the test of the edge at 2483.5MHz.

For electronic filing, the above plots are saved with filenames: bobantcon.pdf, hobantcon.pdf

Company: Giant Electronics Ltd.

Date of Test: July 24-August 14, 2002

Model: OL2400

4.7 Out of Band Radiated Emissions (for emissions in 4.6 above that are less than 26 dB below carrier), FCC Rule 15.247(c):

For out of band emissions that are close to or that exceed the 20dB attenuation requirement described in the specification, radiated measurements were performed at a 3m separation distance to determine whether these emissions complied with the general radiated emission requirement.

[x] Not required

[] See attached data sheet

Company: Giant Electronics Ltd.

Date of Test: July 24-August 14, 2002

Model: OL2400

4.8 Transmitter Radiated Emissions in Restricted Bands, FCC Rule 15.35(b), (c):

Data is included of the worst case configuration (the configuration which resulted in the highest emission levels). A sample calculation, configuration photographs and data tables of the emissions are included. All measurements were performed with peak detection unless otherwise specified.

The data on the following pages list the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance.

Company: Giant Electronics Ltd.

Date of Test: July 24-August 14, 2002

Model: OL2400

4.9 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Factor, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

$$FS = RA + AF + CF - AG$$

where $FS = Field Strength in dB\mu V/m$

RA = Receiver Amplitude (including preamplifier) in $dB\mu V$

CF = Cable Attenuation Factor in dB

AF = Antenna Factor in dB AG = Amplifier Gain in dB

In the following table(s), the reading shown on the data table reflects the preamplifier gain. An example for the calculations in the following table is as follows:-

$$FS = RR + LF$$

where $FS = Field Strength in dB\mu V/m$

 $RR = RA - AG \text{ in } dB\mu V$ LF = CF + AF in dB

Assume a receiver reading of 52.0 dB μ V is obtained. The antenna factor of 7.4 dB and cable factor of 1.6 dB is added. The amplifier gain of 29 dB is subtracted, giving a field strength of 32 dB μ V/m. This value in dB μ V/m was converted to its corresponding level in μ V/m.

 $RR = 23.0 \, dB\mu V$

LF = 9.0 dB

 $RA = 52.0 dB\mu V/m$

AF = 7.4 dB

CF = 1.6 dB

AG = 29.0 dB

FS = RR + LF

 $FS = 23 + 9 = 32 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V/m}$

Level in $\mu V/m = Common Antilogarithm [(32 dB<math>\mu V/m)/20] = 39.8 \mu V/m$

Company: Giant Electronics Ltd. Date of Test: July 24-August 14, 2002

Model: OL2400

4.10 Radiated Emission Configuration Photograph - Base Unit

Worst Case Radiated Emission at 12005.280 MHz

For electronic filing, the worst case radiated emission configuration photographs are saved with filename: config photos.doc

Company: Giant Electronics Ltd. Model: OL2400	Date of Test: July 24-August 14, 2002
4.11 Radiated Emission Data	
The data on the following pages list the significant emission of compliance.	ion frequencies, the limit and the margin
Judgement: Passed by	8.0 dB
**************	******
TEST PERSONNEL:	
Vorne leunes	
Tester Signature	
Yvonne Leung, Engineer Typed/Printed Name	
Sentember 6, 2002	

Date

Company: Giant Electronics Ltd.

Date of Test: July 24-August 14, 2002

Model: OL2400 Mode : TX-Channel 0

Table 1, Base Unit

Radiated Emissions

Ī		Frequency	Reading	Antenna	Pre-Amp	Net	Limit	Margin
	Polarity			Factor	Gain	at 3m		
		(MHz)	$(dB\mu V)$	(dB)	(dB)	$(dB\mu V/m)$	$(dB\mu V/m)$	(dB)
ĺ	V	*4802.112	32.9	34.0	34	32.9	54	-21.1
Ī	V	*12005.280	39.8	40.2	34	46.0	54	-8.0

NOTES: 1. Quasi-peak detector is used for the emission below or equal to 1000 MHz.

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Harmonic emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other harmonic emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna and average detector are used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- * Emission within the restricted band meets the requirement of part 15.205. The corresponding limit as per 15.209 is based on Quasi peak detector data for frequencies below 1000 MHz and average detector data for frequencies over 1000 MHz. The radio frequency emissions above 1000MHz also meet corresponding 20dB permitted peak limit with a peak detector function.

Company: Giant Electronics Ltd. Date of Test: July 24-August 14, 2002

Model: OL2400

Mode: TX-Channel 47

Table 2, Base unit

Radiated Emissions

	Frequency	Reading	Antenna	Pre-Amp	Net	Limit	Margin
Polarity			Factor	Gain	at 3m		
	(MHz)	$(dB\mu V)$	(dB)	(dB)	$(dB\mu V/m)$	$(dB\mu V/m)$	(dB)
V	*4883.328	33.4	34.0	34	33.4	54	-20.6
V	*7324.992	35.1	37.0	34	38.1	54	-15.9
V	*12208.320	39.3	40.2	34	45.5	54	-8.5

NOTES: 1. Quasi-peak detector is used for the emission below or equal to 1000 MHz.

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Harmonic emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other harmonic emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna and average detector are used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- * Emission within the restricted band meets the requirement of part 15.205. The corresponding limit as per 15.209 is based on Quasi peak detector data for frequencies below 1000 MHz and average detector data for frequencies over 1000 MHz. The radio frequency emissions above 1000MHz also meet corresponding 20dB permitted peak limit with a peak detector function.

Company: Giant Electronics Ltd. Date of Test: July 24-August 14, 2002

Model: OL2400

Mode: TX-Channel 94

Table 3, Base unit

Radiated Emissions

	Frequency	Reading	Antenna	Pre-Amp	Net	Limit	Margin
Polarity			Factor	Gain	at 3m		
	(MHz)	$(dB\mu V)$	(dB)	(dB)	$(dB\mu V/m)$	$(dB\mu V/m)$	(dB)
V	**2482.272	98.1	29.1	34	93.2		
V	*4964.544	33.8	34.0	34	33.8	54	-20.2
V	*7446.816	41.8	37.0	34	44.8	54	-9.2
V	*12411.360	39.5	40.2	34	45.7	54	-8.3

NOTES: 1. Quasi-peak detector is used for the emission below or equal to 1000 MHz.

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Harmonic emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other harmonic emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna and average detector are used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- * Emission within the restricted band meets the requirement of part 15.205. The corresponding limit as per 15.209 is based on Quasi peak detector data for frequencies below 1000 MHz and average detector data for frequencies over 1000 MHz. The radio frequency emissions above 1000MHz also meet corresponding 20dB permitted peak limit with a peak detector function.
- ** Fundamental emission was measured for determining band-edge compliance of using delta measurement technique.

Company: Giant Electronics Ltd. Date of Test: July 24-August 14, 2002

Model: OL2400

4.12 Radiated Emission Configuration Photograph - Handset

Worst Case Radiated Emission at 12208.320 MHz

For electronic filing, the worst case radiated emission configuration photographs are saved with filename: config photos.doc

Company: Giant Electronics Ltd. Model: OL2400	Date of Test: July 24-August 14, 2002
4.13 Radiated Emission Data	
The data on the following pages list the signific of compliance.	cant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin
Judgement:	Passed by 4.9 dB
************	*******
TEST PERSONNEL:	
Journaleune	
Tester Signature	
Yvonne Leung, Engineer Typed/Printed Name	
September 6, 2002	

Date

Company: Giant Electronics Ltd. Date of Test: July 24-August 14, 2002

Model: OL2400 Mode : TX-Channel 0

Table 4, Handset

Radiated Emissions

	Frequency	Reading	Antenna	Pre-Amp	Net	Limit	Margin
Polarity			Factor	Gain	at 3m		
	(MHz)	$(dB\mu V)$	(dB)	(dB)	$(dB\mu V/m)$	$(dB\mu V/m)$	(dB)
V	*4802.112	36.6	34.0	34	36.6	54	-17.4
V	*12005.280	42.8	40.2	34	49.0	54	-5.0

NOTES: 1. Quasi-peak detector is used for the emission below or equal to 1000 MHz.

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Harmonic emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other harmonic emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna and average detector are used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- * Emission within the restricted band meets the requirement of part 15.205. The corresponding limit as per 15.209 is based on Quasi peak detector data for frequencies below 1000 MHz and average detector data for frequencies over 1000 MHz. The radio frequency emissions above 1000MHz also meet corresponding 20dB permitted peak limit with a peak detector function.

Company: Giant Electronics Ltd.

Date of Test: July 24-August 14, 2002

Model: OL2400

Mode: TX-Channel 47

Table 5, Handset

Radiated Emissions

	Frequency	Reading	Antenna	Pre-Amp	Net	Limit	Margin
Polarity			Factor	Gain	at 3m		
	(MHz)	$(dB\mu V)$	(dB)	(dB)	$(dB\mu V/m)$	$(dB\mu V/m)$	(dB)
V	*4883.328	36.1	34.0	34	36.1	54	-17.9
V	*7324.992	37.0	37.0	34	40.0	54	-14.0
V	*12208.320	42.9	40.2	34	49.1	54	-4.9

NOTES: 1. Quasi-peak detector is used for the emission below or equal to 1000 MHz.

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Harmonic emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other harmonic emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna and average detector are used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- * Emission within the restricted band meets the requirement of part 15.205. The corresponding limit as per 15.209 is based on Quasi peak detector data for frequencies below 1000 MHz and average detector data for frequencies over 1000 MHz. The radio frequency emissions above 1000MHz also meet corresponding 20dB permitted peak limit with a peak detector function.

Company: Giant Electronics Ltd. Date of Test: July 24-August 14, 2002

Model: OL2400

Mode: TX-Channel 94

Table 6, Handset

Radiated Emissions

	Frequency	Reading	Antenna	Pre-Amp	Net	Limit	Margin
Polarity			Factor	Gain	at 3m		
	(MHz)	$(dB\mu V)$	(dB)	(dB)	$(dB\mu V/m)$	$(dB\mu V/m)$	(dB)
V	**2482.272	96.9	29.1	34	92.0		
V	*4964.544	36.5	34.0	34	36.5	54	-17.5
V	*7446.816	36.6	37.0	34	39.6	54	-14.4
V	*12411.360	42.8	40.2	34	49.0	54	-5.0

NOTES: 1. Quasi-peak detector is used for the emission below or equal to 1000 MHz.

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Harmonic emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other harmonic emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna and average detector are used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- * Emission within the restricted band meets the requirement of part 15.205. The corresponding limit as per 15.209 is based on Quasi peak detector data for frequencies below 1000 MHz and average detector data for frequencies over 1000 MHz. The radio frequency emissions above 1000MHz also meet corresponding 20dB permitted peak limit with a peak detector function.
- ** Fundamental emission was measured for determining band-edge compliance of using delta measurement technique.

Test Engineer: Yvonne Leung

Company: Giant Electronics Ltd.	Date of Test: July 24-August 14, 2002
---------------------------------	---------------------------------------

Model: OL2400

4.14 AC Line Conducted Emission, FCC Rule 15.207:

[] Not required; battery operation only

[x] Test data attached

Company: Giant Electronics Ltd.

Date of Test: July 24-August 14, 2002

Model: OL2400

4.15 Line Conducted Configuration Photograph - Base

Worst Case Line-Conducted Configuration

at 0.450 MHz

For electronic filing, the worst case line conducted configuration photographs are saved with filename: config photos.doc

Company: Giant Electronics Ltd. Date of Test: July 24-August 14, 2002

Model: OL2400

4.16 Line Conducted Emission Data

The data on the following pages list the significant emission frequencies, the limit, and the margin of compliance.

Judgement: Passed by 16.8 margin

For electronic filing, the worst case line conducted emission data are saved with filename: conduct.pdf

TEST PERSONNEL:

Journeleunes

Tester Signature

Yvonne Leung, Engineer

Typed/Printed Name

September 6, 2002

Date

	pany: Giant Electronics Ltd. el: OL2400	Date of Test: July 24-August 14, 2002
4.17	Radiated Emissions from Digital Section of Transce	iver (Transmitter), FCC Ref: 15.109
[]	Not required - No digital part	
[×]	Test results are attached	
[]	Included in the separated DOC report.	

Company: Giant Electronics Ltd.

Date of Test: July 24-August 14, 2002

Model: OL2400

Table 7, Base Unit

Radiated Emissions

	Frequency	Reading	Antenna	Pre-Amp	Net	Limit	Margin
Polarity			Factor	Gain	at 3m		
	(MHz)	$(dB\mu V)$	(dB)	(dB)	$(dB\mu V/m)$	$(dB\mu V/m)$	(dB)
V	41.474	30.9	11.7	16	26.6	40	-13.4
V	46.397	28.8	11.9	16	24.7	40	-15.3
V	53.038	28.2	11.7	16	23.9	40	-16.1
V	57.017	30.0	11.0	16	25.0	40	-15.0
V	60.936	32.2	9.9	16	26.1	40	-13.9
V	63.417	30.4	9.9	16	24.3	40	-15.7

NOTES: 1. Quasi-peak detector is used for the emission below or equal to 1000 MHz.

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Harmonic emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other harmonic emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna and average detector are used for the emission over 1000MHz.

Test Engineer: Yvonne Leung

Company: Giant Electronics Ltd. Date of Test: July 24-August 14, 2002

Model: OL2400

Table 8, Handset

Radiated Emissions

	Frequency	Reading	Antenna	Pre-Amp	Net	Limit	Margin
Polarity			Factor	Gain	at 3m		
	(MHz)	$(dB\mu V)$	(dB)	(dB)	$(dB\mu V/m)$	$(dB\mu V/m)$	(dB)
V	41.470	29.0	11.7	16	24.7	40	-15.3
V	48.336	28.0	11.9	16	23.9	40	-16.1
V	53.917	29.5	11.7	16	25.2	40	-14.8
V	57.213	30.4	11.0	16	25.4	40	-14.6
V	63.218	32.1	9.9	16	26.0	40	-14.0
V	64.776	31.4	9.9	16	25.3	40	-14.7

NOTES: 1. Quasi-peak detector is used for the emission below or equal to 1000 MHz.

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Harmonic emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other harmonic emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna and average detector are used for the emission over 1000MHz.

Test Engineer: Yvonne Leung

Company: Giant Electronics Ltd.

Date of Test: July 24-August 14, 2002

Model: OL2400

4.18 Transmitter Duty Cycle Calculation and Measurements, FCC Rule 15.35(b), (c)

The EUT antenna output port was connected to the input of the spectrum analyzer. The analyzer center frequency was set to EUT RF channel carrier. The SWEP function on the analyzer was set to ZERO SPAN. The transmitter ON time was determined from the resultant time-amplitude display:

Duty cycle = Maximum ON time in 100 msec/100

Duty cycle correction, $dB = 20* \log (DC)$

	See attached spectrum analyzer chart (s) for transmitter timing
	See transmitter timing diagram provided by manufacturer
X	Not applicable, duty cycle was not used.

EXHIBIT 5 EQUIPMENT PHOTOGRAPHS

5.0 Equipment Photographs

For electronic filing, the photographs are saved with filename: external photos.doc & internal photos.doc $\mbox{\ }$

EXHIBIT 6 PRODUCT LABELLING

6.0 Product Labelling

For electronic filing, the FCC ID label artwork and location is saved with filename: label.pdf $\,$

EXHIBIT 7 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

7.0 <u>Technical Specifications</u>

For electronic filing, the block diagram and circuit diagram are saved with filename: block.pdf , bcircuit.pdf and hcircuit.pdf respectively.

EXHIBIT 8 INSTRUCTION MANUAL

8.0 <u>Instruction Manual</u>

For electronic filing, a preliminary copy of the Instruction Manual is saved with filename: manual.pdf.

Please note that the required FCC Information to the User is saved with filename: FCC information.pdf.

This manual will be provided to the end-user with each unit sold/leased in the United States.

EXHIBIT 9 SECURITY CODE INFORMATION

9.0 Security code information

The OL2400 has at least 2⁶⁴ discrete digital codes, and the code is automatically generated during registration and send through the charging terminals to the base and the base confirms over the air.