APPLICANT: YAESU MUSEN CO., LTD.

FCC ID: K66VR-500

TEST REPORT CONTAINING:

PAGE 1.....TEST PROCEDURE PAGE 2.....TEST PROCEDURE & CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION PAGE 3.....RADIATION INTERFERENCE TEST DATA

EXHIBITS CONTAINING:

EXHIBIT	1POWER OF ATTORNEY LETTER
EXHIBIT	2ATTESTATION LETTER
EXHIBIT	3BLOCK DIAGRAMS
EXHIBIT	4A-4CSCHEMATICS
EXHIBIT	5A-5BPARTS LIST
EXHIBIT	6INSTRUCTION MANUAL
EXHIBIT	7A-7BSAMPLE OF FCC ID LABEL AND SKETCH OF
	LOCATION
EXHIBIT	8A-8BEXTERNAL PHOTO - FRONT SIDE
EXHIBIT	8C-8EEXTERNAL PHOTO - BACK SIDE
EXHIBIT	8F EXTERNAL PHOTO - TOP VIEW
EXHIBIT	8GINTERNAL CHASSIS PHOTO
EXHIBIT	8H-8J INTERNAL PHOTOS - COMPONENT SIDE
EXHIBIT	8K INTERNAL PHOTO - COPPER SIDE

APPLICANT: YAESU MUSEN CO., LTD. FCC ID: K66VR-500 REPORT #: F:\CUS\Y\YAE\YAE267A9.RPT PAGE: TABLE OF CONTENTS LIST APPLICANT: YAESU MUSEN CO., LTD. FCC ID: K66VR-500

TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

- 1. Spectrum Analyzer: Hewlett Packard 8566B Opt 462, w/
 preselector 85685A, & Quasi-Peak Adapter HP 85650A, & HP
 8449B OPT H02 Cal. 6/26/98
- 2. Signal Generator, Hewlett Packard 8640B, cal. 10/1/98
- 3. Signal Generator, HP 8614A Serial No.2015A07428 cal. 5/27/99
- 3. Eaton Biconnical Antenna Model 94455-1 20-200 MHz Serial No. 0997 Cal. 10/30/98
- 4. Electro-Metric Dipole Kit, 20-1000 MHz, Model TDA-30 10/31/98
- 5. Electro-Metric Horn 1-18 GHz, Model RGA-180, Cal. 10/30/98
- 6. Electro-Metric Antennas Model TDA-30/1-4, Cal. 10/15/98
- Electro-Metric Line Impedance Stabilization Network Model No. EM-7821, Serial No. 101; 100KHz-30MHz 50uH. Cal.11/19/98
- Electro-Metric Line Impedance Stabilization Network Model No. EM-7820, Serial No. 2682; 10KHz-30MHz 50uH. Cal. 11/19/98
- 9. Special low loss cable was used above 1 GHz
- 10. Tenney Temperature Chamber

TEST PROCEDURE

GENERAL: This report shall NOT be reproduced except in full without the written approval of TIMCO ENGINEERING, INC.

RADIATION INTERFERENCE: The test procedure used was ANSI STANDARD C63.4-1992 using a HEWLETT PACKARD spectrum analyzer with a preselector. The bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was 100 kHz with an appropriate sweep speed. The analyzer was calibrated in dB above a microvolt at the output of the antenna. The resolution bandwidth was 100KHz and the video bandwidth was 300KHz. The ambient temperature of the UUT was 80oC with a humidity of 76%.

FORMULA OF CONVERSION FACTORS: The Field Strength at 3m was established by adding the meter reading of the spectrum analyzer (which is set to read in units of dBuV) to the antenna correction factor supplied by the antenna manufacturer. The antenna correction factors are stated in terms of dB. The gain of the Preselector was accounted for in the Spectrum Analyzer Meter Reading.

Example:	
Freq (MHz)	METER READING + ACF = FS
33	20 dBuV + 10.36 dB = 30.36 dBuV/m @ 3m

POWER LINE CONDUCTED INTERFERENCE: The procedure used was ANSI STAN-DARD C63.4-1992 using a 50uH LISN. Both lines were observed. The bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was 10kHz with an appropriate sweep speed. The ambient temperature of the UUT was 80oC with a humidity of 76%.

REPORT #: F:\CUS\Y\YAE\YAE267A9.RPT PAGE #: 1

TEST PROCEDURES CONTINUED

APPLICANT: YAESU MUSEN CO., LTD. FCC ID K66VR-500

ANSI STANDARD C63.4-1992 10.1.7 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES: The unit under test was placed on a table 80 cm high and with dimensions of 1m by 1.5m. The table used for radiated measurements is capable of continuous rotation.

When an emission was found, the table was rotated to produce the maximum signal strength. At this point, the antenna was raised and lowered from 1m to 4m. The antenna was placed in both the horizontal and vertical planes.

The situation was similar for the conducted measurement except that the table did not rotate. The EUT was setup as described in ANSIC63.4-1992 with the EUT 40 cm from the vertical ground wall.

CIRCUIT_DESCRIPTION:

In the receive is a dual conversion super hetrodyne . For a complete description of the circuitry please refer to the Instruction manual in exhibit 6.

ANTENNA_AND_GROUND_CIRCUITRY

This unit makes use of a external 5 inch antenna. The antenna is inductively coupled. This unit is powered from a 9.0V battery.

No ground connection is provided. The unit relies on the ground tract of the printed circuit board.

APPLICANT: YAESU MUSEN CO., LTD. FCC ID: K66VR-500 REPORT #: F:\CUS\Y\YAE\YAE267A9.RPT PAGE #: 2 APPLICANT: YAESU MUSEN CO., LTD.

FCC ID: K66VR-500

NAME OF TEST: RADIATION INTERFERENCE

RULES PART NUMBER: 15.109

REQUIREMENTS: 30 to 80 MHz: 40.0 dBuV/M @ 3 METERS 88 to 216 MHz: 43.5 dBuV/M 216 to 960 MHz: 46.0 dBuV/M ABOVE 960 MHz: 54.0 dBuV/M

TEST RESULTS: A search was made of the spectrum from 30 to 1000 MHz and the measurements indicate that the unit DOES meet the FCC requirements.

TEST DATA:

				ANTENNA			
TUNED	EMISSION	METER READING	G COAX	CORRECTION	FIELD		
FREQ	FREQUENCY	AT 3 METERS	LOSS	FACTOR	STRENGTH MARGIN		IN
MHz	MHz	dBuV	dB	dB	dBuV/m	@3m dB	ANT
30.00	418.40	11.10	1.60	17.42	30.12	15.88	V
30.00	836.80	8.20	2.90	23.44	34.54	11.46	V
30.00	918.20	5.70	2.90	24.13	32.73	13.27	V
200.00	418.40	11.20	1.60	17.42	30.22	15.78	V
200.00	629.10	10.60	1.60	20.74	32.94	13.06	Н
200.00	836.70	5.90	2.90	23.44	32.24	13.76	Н
1250.00	1258.20	3.60	1.00	25.03	29.63	24.37	V
1250.00	1468.50	5.50	1.00	25.87	32.37	21.63	Н
1250.00	1673.60	4.30	1.00	26.69	31.99	22.01	Н
1250.00	1887.30	4.40	1.01	27.55	32.96	21.04	V
1250.00	3145.58	-4.00	1.20	30.86	28.07	25.93	V
1250.00	4403.70	-5.10	1.39	33.45	29.75	24.25	V
1250.00	5661.70	-5.60	1.58	34.87	30.85	23.15	V

SAMPLE CALCULATION: FSdBuV/m = MR(dBuV) + ACFdB.

TEST PROCEDURE: ANSI STANDARD C63.4-1992 using a Hewlett Packard Model 8566B spectrum analyzer, a Hewlett Packard Model 85685A Preselector, a Hewlett Packard Model 85650A Quasi-Peak adapter, an Electro-Metric Dipole Kit, and an Eaton Model 94455-1 Biconical Antenna. The bandwidth of spectrum analyzer was 100 kHz with an appropriate sweep speed. When an emission was found, the table was rotated to produce the maximum signal strength. The antenna was placed in both the horizontal and vertical planes and the worse case emissions were reported. The receiver was put into the coherent mode by placing an antenna driven by a signal generator off site. The UUT was tested in 3 orthogonal planes.

PERFORMED BY: S. S. SANDERS

DATE: MAY 31, 1999

REPORT #: F:\CUS\Y\YAE\YAE267A9.RPT
PAGE #: 3