



Report No	CHTEW19030079	Report verification	
Project No	SQ201811002303EW		
FCC ID	K6630653X3D		
IC	511B- 30653X3D		
Applicant's name:	YAESU MUSEN CO., LT	D.	
Address	Tennozu Parkside Buildir Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo 14		nagawa,
Manufacturer	QUANZHOU QIXIANG E TECHNOLOGY CO., LTI		E &
Address	Wan'An Tangxi Industrial Fujian, China	Zone, Luojiang Dist	rict, Quanzhou,
Test item description:	25 Watt VHF/FM Marine	Transceiver	
Trade Mark:	STANDARD HORIZON		
Model/Type reference:	GX1400GPS		
Listed Model(s):	GX1400		
Standard:	IEC 62238		
Date of receipt of test sample:	Mar.01, 2019		
Date of testing	Mar.01, 2019- Mar.13, 20	)19	
Date of issue	Mar.14, 2019		
Result:	PASS		
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The test report merely correspond to the test sample.

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# 1. TEST STANDARDS AND REPORT VERSION

### 1.1. Test Standards

The tests were performed according to following standards:

<u>IEC 62238:2003</u>-Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems –VHF radiotelephone equipment incorporating Class "D" Digital Selective Calling (DSC) – Methods of testing and required test results

### 1.2. Report version information

Revision No.	Date of issue	Description
N/A	2019-03-14	Original

# 2. <u>Test Description</u>

	Environmental	Requirement		
Test	item	Standards requirement (IEC62238)	Result	Test Engineer
Vibrati	Sub-clause 7.4	Pass	Gaosheng Pan	
	Dry heat	Sub-clause 7.5	Gaoshe ng Pan	Gaosheng Pan
Temperature tests	Damp heat	Sub-clause 7.5	Gaoshe ng Pan	Gaosheng Pan
	Low temperature	Sub-clause 7.5	Gaoshe ng Pan	Gaosheng Pan
	Transmitter R	-		
Test	item	Standards requirement (IEC62238)	Result	Test Engineer
Frequer	ncy error	Sub-clause 8.1	Pass	Gaosheng Pan
Carrier	power	Sub-clause 8.2	Pass	Gaosheng Pan
Frequency	/ deviation	Sub-clause 8.3	Pass	Gaosheng Pan
Sensitivity of the modulat	tor, including microphone	Sub-clause 8.4	Pass	Gaosheng Pan
Audio freque	ncy response	Sub-clause 8.5	Pass	Gaosheng Pan
Audio frequency harmonic	distortion of the emission	Sub-clause 8.6	Pass	Gaosheng Pan
Adjacent ch	annel power	Sub-clause 8.7	Pass	Gaosheng Pan
Conducted spurious em ante	Sub-clause 8.8	Pass	Gaosheng Pan	
Transient frequency beh	Sub-clause 8.9	Pass	Gaosheng Pan	
Residual modulation	Sub-clause 8.10	Pass	Gaosheng Pan	
Frequency erro	Sub-clause 8.11	Pass	Gaosheng Pan	
Modulation ir	Sub-clause 8.12	Pass	Gaosheng Pan	
Modulation	rate for DSC	Sub-clause 8.13	Pass	Gaosheng Pan
Testing of generat	ed call sequences	Sub-clause 8.14	Pass	Gaosheng Pan
	Receiver for Radiotele	phone Requirement		
Test	item	Standards requirement (IEC62238)	Result	Test Engineer
	ted audio frequency output wer	Sub-clause 9.1	Pass	Gaosheng Pan
Audio freque	ncy response	Sub-clause 9.2	Pass	Gaosheng Pan
Maximum usa	able sensitivity	Sub-clause 9.3	Pass	Gaosheng Pan
Co-channe	el rejection	Sub-clause 9.4	Pass	Gaosheng Pan
Adjacent char	Sub-clause 9.5	Pass	Gaosheng Pan	
Spurious resp	Sub-clause 9.6	Pass	Gaosheng Pan	
Intermodulat	Sub-clause 9.7	Pass	Gaosheng Pan	
Blocking or d	esensitization	Sub-clause 9.8	Pass	Gaosheng Pan
Spurious	emissions	Sub-clause 9.9	Pass	Gaosheng Pan
Receiver resid	ual noise level	Sub-clause 9.10	Pass	Gaosheng Pan
Squelch	operation	Sub-clause 9.11	Pass	Gaosheng Pan
Squelch ł	nysteresis	Sub-clause 9.12	Pass	Gaosheng Pan
Multiple watch	characteristic	Sub-clause 9.13	Pass	Gaosheng Pan

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Report Template Version: V01 (2018-01)

Receiver for DSC decoder Requirement							
Test item	Standards requirement (IEC62238)	Result	Test Engineer				
Maximum usable sensitivity	Sub-clause 10.1	Pass	Gaosheng Pan				
Co-channel rejection	Sub-clause 10.2	Pass	Gaosheng Pan				
Adjacent channel selectivity	Sub-clause 10.3	Pass	Gaosheng Pan				
Spurious response and blocking immunity	Sub-clause 10.4	Pass	Gaosheng Pan				
Intermodulation response	Sub-clause 10.5	Pass	Gaosheng Pan				
Dynamic range	Sub-clause 10.6	Pass	Gaosheng Pan				
Spurious emissions	Sub-clause 10.7	Pass	Gaosheng Pan				
Verification of correct decoding of various types of DSC calls	Sub-clause 10.8	Pass	Gaosheng Pan				
Reaction to VTS and AIS channel management DSC transmissions	Sub-clause 10.9	Pass	Gaosheng Pan				
Simultaneous reception	Sub-clause 10.10	Pass	Gaosheng Pan				

# 3. SUMMARY

### 3.1. Client Information

Applicant:	YAESU MUSEN CO., LTD.
Address:	Tennozu Parkside Building 2-5-8 Higashi-Shinagawa, Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo 140-0002 Japan
Manufacturer:	QUANZHOU QIXIANG ELECTRON SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.
Address:	Wan'An Tangxi Industrial Zone, Luojiang District, Quanzhou, Fujian, China

## 3.2. Product Description

GX1400							
SPP01							
TX:156.025MHz to 161.600MHz							
RX:156.050MHz to 162.025MHz							
ver 1W (30.00dBm)							

### 3.3. Test frequency list

Modulation Type	Madulation Type Channel		Test Frequency (MHz)		
woodulation Type	Separation	Test Channel	ТХ	RX	
Analog Voice	25kHz	CH <sub>L</sub> (CH60)	156.025	160.625	
		CH <sub>M</sub> (CH16)	156.800	156.800	
		CH <sub>H</sub> (CH88)	157.425	157.425	
Digital Data(DSC)	25kHz	CH <sub>M1</sub> (CH70)	156.525	156.525	

### 3.4. EUT operation mode

Test mode		Tropomittir	a a	Possiving			Power	level	Analog Voice
restmode		Transmittir	ig	Receiv	Receiving		ligh	Low	25kHz
TX-AWH		$\checkmark$					$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$
TX-AWL		~						$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
RX-AW				$\checkmark$					$\checkmark$
					State		States		Digital
Test mode	Test mode Transmitting Receivin		eceiving	ving			Data(DSC)		
					E	3	Y	B+Y	25kHz
TX-B		$\checkmark$			~	/			$\checkmark$
TX-Y		$\checkmark$					$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$
TX-(B+Y)		$\checkmark$						$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
RX-DSC				$\checkmark$					$\checkmark$

 $\checkmark$  : is operation mode.

### 3.5. EUT configuration

The following peripheral devices and interface cables were connected during the measurement:

• - supplied by the manufacturer

 $\odot\,$  - supplied by the lab

0	Power Cable	Length (m) :	/
		Shield :	Unshielded
		Detachable :	Undetachable
0	Multimeter	Manufacturer :	/
		Model No. :	/

# 4. <u>TEST ENVIRONMENT</u>

#### 4.1. Address of the test laboratory

Laboratory: Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. Address: 1/F, Bldg 3, Hongfa Hi-tech Industrial Park, Genyu Road, Tianliao, Gongming, Shenzhen, China Phone: 86-755-26748019 Fax: 86-755-26748089

### 4.2. Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

#### CNAS-Lab Code: L1225

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for Testing and Calibration Laboratories (identical to ISO/IEC17025: 2005 General Requirements) for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories.

#### A2LA-Lab Cert. No.: 3902.01

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been accredited by A2LA for technical competence in the field of electrical testing, and proved to be in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025: 2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories and any additional program requirements in the identified field of testing.

#### FCC-Registration No.: 762235

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration 762235.

#### IC-Registration No.: 5377B-1

Two 3m Alternate Test Site of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for the performance of radiated measurements with Registration No. 5377B-1.

#### ACA

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory can also perform testing for the Australian C-Tick mark as a result of our A2LA accreditation.

### 4.3. Environmental conditions

	Temperature	15 °C to 35 °C					
Manual	Relative humidity	20 % to 75 %.					
Normal Conditon		Mains voltage	Nominal mains voltage				
Contactori	Voltage	Lead-acid battery	1.1 * the nominal voltage of the battery				
	Vollage	□Other	the normal test voltage shall be that declared by the equipment provider				
		-15 °C and +55 °C for equipment intended for mounting below deck					
	Temperature	$\boxtimes$ –20 °C and +55 °C for equipment intended for mounting above deck.					
		-10 °C to +55 °C for Base stations for indoor/controlled climate conditions					
Extreme		Mains voltage	$\pm$ 10 %* the nominal mains voltage				
Conditon	Voltage	Secondary battery power sources	1,3 and 0,9 multiplied by the nominal voltage of the battery				
		⊠Other	For equipment using other power sources, the extreme test voltages shall be as stated by the manufacturer.				

Normal Conditon	V <sub>N</sub> =nominal Voltage	DC 13.8V
Normal Condition	T <sub>N</sub> =normal Temperature	25 °C
	V <sub>L</sub> =lower Voltage	DC 11.73V
Extrama Conditon	T <sub>L</sub> =lower Temperature	-20 °C
Extreme Conditon	V <sub>H</sub> =higher Voltage	DC 15.87V
	T <sub>H</sub> =higher Temperature	55 °C

#### 4.4. Statement of the measurement uncertainty

The data and results referenced in this document are true and accurate. The reader is cautioned that there may be errors within the calibration limits of the equipment and facilities. The measurement uncertainty was calculated for all measurements listed in this test report acc. to CISPR 16 - 4 "Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 4: Uncertainty in EMC Measurements" and is documented in the Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd quality system acc. to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. Furthermore, component and process variability of devices similar to that tested may result in additional deviation. The manufacturer has the sole responsibility of continued compliance of the device.

Hereafter the best measurement capability for Shenzhen Huatongwei laboratory is reported:

Test Items	Measurement Uncertainty	Notes
Frequency stability & Occupied Bandwidth	18Hz for <1GHz 69Hz for >1GHz	(1)
Conducted Output Power	0.63dB	(1)
ERP / EIRP / RSE	2.38dB for <1GHz 3.45dB for >1GHz	(1)
Conducted Emission 9KHz-30MHz	3.35 dB	(1)
Radiated Emission 30~1000MHz	4.80 dB	(1)
Radiated Emission 1~18GHz	5.16 dB	(1)
Radiated Emission 18-40GHz	5.54 dB	(1)
FM deviation	25 Hz	(1)
Audio level	0.62 dB	(1)
Low Pass Filter Response	0.76 dB	(1)
Modulation Limiting	0.42 %	(1)
Transient Frequency Behavior	6.8 %	(1)
Radiated Emission30~1000MHz	4.28 dB	(1)
Radiated Emission1~18GHz	5.16 dB	(1)
Conducted Disturbance0.15~30MHz	3.35 dB	(1)

 This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=1.96.

•	TS8613 Test sys	stem				
Used	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal. Date (YY-MM-DD)	Next Cal. Date (YY-MM-DD)
•	Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY50510187	2018/09/29	2019/09/28
•	Signal & Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSW26	103440	2018/10/28	2019/10/27
•	RF Communication Test Set	HP	8920A	3813A10206	2018/10/28	2019/10/27
•	Digital intercom communication tester	Aeroflex	3920B	1001682041	2018/10/28	2019/10/27
•	Signal Generator	R&S	SML02	100507	2018/10/27	2019/10/26
•	Signal Generator	IFR	2032	203002\100	2018/11/11	2019/11/10
•	RF Control Unit	Tonscend	JS0806-2	N/A	N/A	N/A
•	Fliter-VHF	Microwave	N26460M1	498702	2018/03/19	2019/03/18
0	Fliter-UHF	Microwave	N25155M2	498704	2018/03/19	2019/03/18
0	Power Divider	Microwave	OPD1040-N-4	N/A	2018/11/15	2019/11/14
0	Attenuator	JFW	50FH-030-100	N/A	2018/11/15	2019/11/14
0	Attenuator	JFW	50-A-MFN-20	0322	2018/11/15	2019/11/14
•	Test software	HTW	Radio ATE	N/A	N/A	N/A

# 4.5. Equipments Used during the Test

•	Auxiliary Equipment								
Used	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal. Date (YY-MM-DD)	Next Cal. Date (YY-MM-DD)			
•	Climate chamber	ESPEC	GPL-2	N/A	2018/11/08	2019/11/07			
•	DC Power Supply	Gwinstek	SPS-2415	GER835793	2018/10/28	2019/10/27			

# 5. TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

### 5.1. Environmental Requirement

### 5.1.1. Vibration test

### TEST RESULTS:

Complies

Please refer to the below test data:

Frequency Error:

Operation	Test	conditions		Frequency Error(kHz)	Limit	
Operation Mode	Temperature (℃)	Voltage (V)	Vibration Frequency (Hz)	CH <sub>M</sub>	(KHz)	Result
TX-AWH	T <sub>N</sub>	V <sub>N</sub>	2.5~100	0.078	±1.5	Pass

Carrier power:

Operation Mode	Temperature (℃)	Voltage (V)	Vibration Frequency (Hz)	Test Channel	Measured power (dBm)	Limit (dB)	Result
TX-AWH	T <sub>N</sub>	V <sub>N</sub>	2.5~100	CH <sub>M</sub>	43.19	37.78~43.98	Pass

Maximum usable sensitivity:

Operation Mode	Temperature (℃)	Voltage (V)	Vibration Frequency (Hz)	Test Channel	Measured SINAD (dB)	Limit (dB)	Result
				$CH_{L}$	30.16		
RX-AW	T <sub>N</sub>	V <sub>N</sub>	2.5~100	CH <sub>M</sub>	31.53	≥20	Pass
				CH <sub>H</sub>	30.21		

Operation Mode	Temperature (℃)	Voltage (V)	Vibration Frequency (Hz)	Test Channel	Measured (error ratio)	Limit (error ratio)	Result
RX-DSC	T <sub>N</sub>	V <sub>N</sub>	2.5~100	CH <sub>M1</sub>	0.003	≤10 <sup>-2</sup>	Pass

# 5.1.2. Dry heat

### TEST RESULTS:

Complies

Please refer to the below test data:

Frequency Error:

Operation	Charaction Test condition:		Frequency Error(kHz)	Limit	
Operation Mode	Temperature(℃) Voltage		CH <sub>M</sub>	Limit (kHz)	Result
TX-AWH	55	V <sub>N</sub>	0.164	±1.5	Pass

Carrier power:

Operation Mode	Temperature (℃)	Voltage (V)	Test Channel	Measured power (dBm)	Limit (dB)	Result
TX-AWH	55	V <sub>N</sub>	CH <sub>M</sub>	43.46	37.78~43.98	Pass

Maximum usable sensitivity:

Operation Mode	Temperature (℃)	Voltage (V)	Test Channel	Measured SINAD (dB)	Limit (dB)	Result
			$CH_{L}$	32.64		
RX-AW	55	V <sub>N</sub>	CH <sub>M</sub>	30.85	≥20	Pass
			СН <sub>н</sub>	30.67		

Operation Mode	Temperature (℃)	Voltage (V)	Test Channel	Measured (error ratio)	Limit (error ratio)	Result
RX-DSC	55	V <sub>N</sub>	CH <sub>M1</sub>	0.004	≤10 <sup>-2</sup>	Pass

### 5.1.3. Damp heat

### TEST RESULTS:

Complies

Please refer to the below test data:

Frequency Error:

Operation	Tes	t conditions	Frequency Error(kHz)	Limit	Decult	
Mode	Temperature( $^{\circ}$ C)	rature(°C) Humidity(%)		CH <sub>M</sub>	(kHz)	Result
TX-AWH	40	93	V <sub>N</sub>	0.213	±1.5	Pass

Carrier power:

	eration ⁄lode	Temperature( $^{\circ}C$ )	Humidity(%)	Voltage (V)	Test Channel	Measured power (dBm)	Limit (dB)	Result
ΤX	(-AWH	40	93	V <sub>N</sub>	CH <sub>M</sub>	43.01	37.78~43.98	Pass

Maximum usable sensitivity:

Operation Mode	Humidity(%)	Voltage (V)	Voltage (V)	Test Channel	Measured SINAD (dB)	Limit (dB)	Result
				$CH_{L}$	30.75		
RX-AW	40	93	V <sub>N</sub>	CH <sub>M</sub>	31.88	≥20	Pass
				CH <sub>H</sub>	30.69		

Operation Mode	Temperature( $^{\circ}$ C)	Humidity(%)	Voltage (V)	Test Channel	Measured (error ratio)	Limit (error ratio)	Result
RX-DSC	40	93	V <sub>N</sub>	CH <sub>M1</sub>	0.006	≤10 <sup>-2</sup>	Pass

### 5.1.4. Low temperature

#### TEST RESULTS:

Complies

Please refer to the below test data:

Frequency Error:

Operation	Test conditior	IS	Frequency Error(kHz)	Limit	
Operation Mode	Temperature(℃)	Voltage (V)	CH <sub>M</sub>	Limit (kHz)	Result
TX-AWH	-15	V <sub>N</sub>	0.186	±1.5	Pass

Carrier power:

Operation Mode	Temperature (℃)	Voltage (V)	Test Channel	Measured power (dBm)	Limit (dB)	Result
TX-AWH	-15	V <sub>N</sub>	CH <sub>M</sub>	42.84	37.78~43.98	Pass

Maximum usable sensitivity:

Operation Mode	Temperature (℃)	Voltage (V)	Test Channel	Measured SINAD (dB)	Limit (dB)	Result
			$CH_{L}$	31.16		
RX-AW	-15	V <sub>N</sub>	CH <sub>M</sub>	34.02	≥20	Pass
			СН <sub>н</sub>	31.58		

Operation Mode	Temperature ( $^{\circ}$ C)	Voltage (V)	Test Channel	Measured (error ratio)	Limit (error ratio)
RX-DSC	-15	V <sub>N</sub>	CH <sub>M1</sub>	0.007	≤10 <sup>-2</sup>

### 5.2. Transmitter Requirement

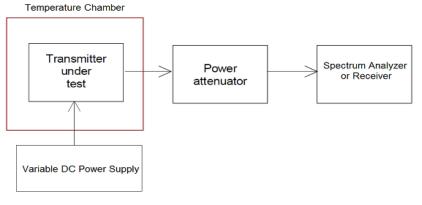
### 5.2.1. Frequency error

The frequency error is the difference between the measured carrier frequency and its nominal value.

### <u>LIMIT</u>

IEC 62238 Sub-clause 8.1.3 The frequency error shall be within  $\pm$  1,5 kHz.

#### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The test conditions.  $\square$  normal condition

Extreme conditions

2. Please refer to IEC 62238 Sub-clause 8.1.2 for the measurement method.

#### TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

### TEST RESULTS

☑ Passed □ Not Applicable

Please refer to the below test data:

Operation	Test condit	tions	Free	quency Error(I	(Hz)	Limit (kHz)	
Mode	Temperature(℃)	Voltage (V)	$CH_{L}$	СН <sub>м</sub>	СН <sub>н</sub>		Result
	T <sub>N</sub>	V <sub>N</sub>	-0.006	-0.001	0.005		
	т	V <sub>H</sub>	-0.012	-0.008	0.014	±1.5	Pass
TX-AWH	TL	VL	-0.019	-0.015	0.021		
	Т <sub>н</sub>	V <sub>H</sub>	-0.011	-0.006	0.012		
		VL	-0.022	-0.013	0.024		
	T <sub>N</sub>	V <sub>N</sub>	-0.006	-0.002	0.002		
	т	V <sub>H</sub>	-0.010	-0.007	0.009		
TX-AWL	TL	VL	-0.022	-0.015	0.017	±1.5	Pass
	Т <sub>н</sub>	V <sub>H</sub>	-0.013	-0.009	0.011		
	Ч	VL	-0.025	-0.021	0.026		

### 5.2.2. Carrier Power (Conducted)

The carrier power is the mean power delivered to the artificial antenna during one radio frequency cycle in the absence of modulation. The rated output power is the carrier power declared by the manufacturer.

#### <u>LIMIT</u>

IEC 62238 Sub-clause 8.2.3

Normal test conditions:

The rated output power of the equipment shall be between 6 W and 25 W.

With the output power switch set at maximum, the carrier power shall be within  $\pm 1.5$  dB of the rated output power under normal test conditions. The output power shall never however exceed 25 W.

With the output power switch set at minimum the carrier power shall remain between 0,1 W and 1 W.

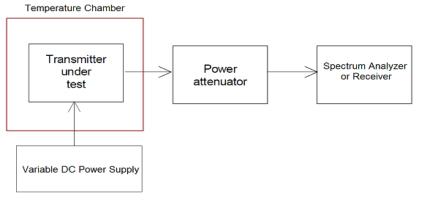
The maximum continuous transmission time shall be between 5 min and 6 min.

Extreme test conditions:

With the output power switch set at maximum, the carrier power shall remain between 6 W and 25 W and be within +2 dB, -3 dB of the rated output power under extreme conditions. The output power shall never however exceed 25 W.

With the output power switch set at minimum the carrier power shall remain between 0,1 W and 1 W. The maximum continuous transmission time shall be between 5 min and 6 min.

#### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



#### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The test conditions.

☑ normal condition
☑ Extreme conditions

2. Please refer to IEC 62238 Sub-clause 8.2.2 for the measurement method.

#### TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

#### TEST RESULTS

#### ☑ Passed □ Not Applicable

Please refer to the below test data:

Operation Mode	Temperature (℃)	Voltage (V)	Test Channel	Measured power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
			CH∟	43.88		
	T <sub>N</sub>	V <sub>N</sub>	CH <sub>M</sub>	43.87	42.48~43.98	
			СН <sub>н</sub>	43.86		
			CH∟	43.92		
		V <sub>H</sub>	CH <sub>M</sub>	43.91		
	т		CH <sub>H</sub>	43.89	40.98~43.98	
	TL		CH∟	43.65	40.90~43.90	
TX-AWH		VL	CH <sub>M</sub>	43.65		Pass
			CH <sub>H</sub>	43.58		
			CH∟	43.68		
		V <sub>H</sub>	CH <sub>M</sub>	43.61		
	Т <sub>н</sub>		CH <sub>H</sub>	43.64	40.98~43.98	
	ЧΗ		CH∟	43.59	40.90~43.90	
		VL	CH <sub>M</sub>	43.59		
			CH <sub>H</sub>	43.58		
			CH∟	29.15		
	T <sub>N</sub>	V <sub>N</sub>	CH <sub>M</sub>	29.14	20~30	
			CH <sub>H</sub>	29.13		
			CH∟	29.31		1
		V <sub>H</sub>	CH <sub>M</sub>	29.29		
	TL		CH <sub>H</sub>	29.27	20~30	
	ιL		CH∟	28.87	20~30	
TX-AWL		VL	CH <sub>M</sub>	28.89		Pass
			СН <sub>н</sub>	28.86		
			CH∟	28.90		
		V <sub>H</sub>	CH <sub>M</sub>	28.90		
	Т <sub>н</sub>		СН <sub>н</sub>	28.86	20~30	
			CH∟	28.87	20~30	
		VL	CH <sub>M</sub>	28.86		
			СН <sub>н</sub>	28.87		

### 5.2.3. Frequency Deviation

For the purpose of the present document, the frequency deviation is the difference between the instantaneous frequency of the modulated radio frequency signal and the carrier frequency.

#### <u>LIMIT</u>

IEC 62238 Sub-clause 8.3.3

The maximum permissible frequency deviation shall be:

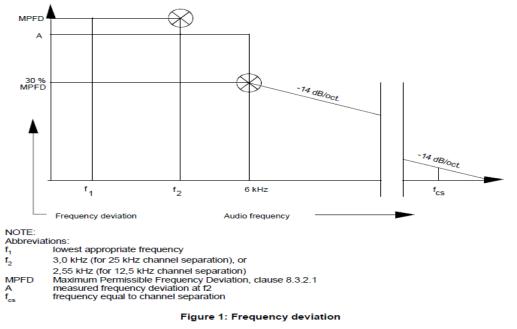
25 kHz channels:  $\pm$ 5 kHz.

12,5 kHz channels:  $\pm$ 2,5 kHz.

between 3,0 kHz/2,55 kHz and 6,0 kHz: shall not exceed the frequency deviation at a modulation frequency of 3,0 kHz/2,55 kHz.

At 6,0 kHz the deviation shall be not more than 30,0 % of the maximum permissible frequency deviation. between 6,0 kHz and a frequency equal to the channel separation for which the equipment is intended shall not exceed that given by a linear representation of the frequency deviation (dB) relative to the modulation frequency, starting at the 6,0 kHz limit and having a slope of -14,0 dB per octave.

These limits are illustrated in figure 1.



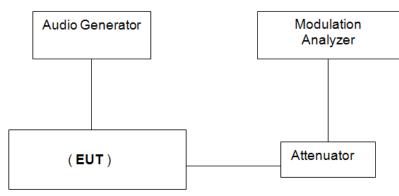
#### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The test conditions.

Inormal condition In Extreme conditions

2. Please refer to IEC 62238 Sub-clause 8.3.2 for the measurement method.

#### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



#### TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

#### TEST RESULTS

### 🛛 Passed

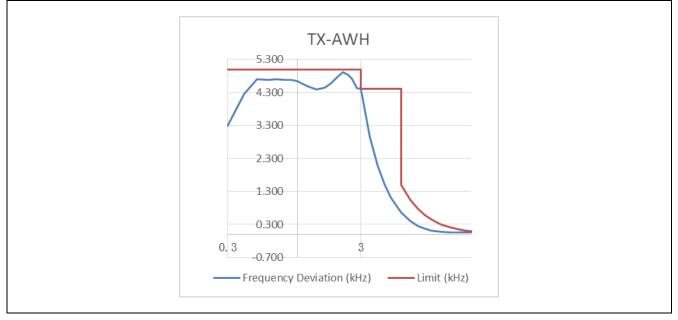
Not Applicable

Note:

We tested TX-AWH and TX-AWL all channel, recorded worst case TX-AWH for  $\mathsf{CH}_{\mathsf{M}}$  .

	TX-AWH:CH <sub>M</sub>								
Modulation Frequency (kHz)	Frequency Deviation (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result						
0.3	3.280	5.00	Pass						
0.4	4.248	5.00	Pass						
0.5	4.692	5.00	Pass						
0.6	4.687	5.00	Pass						
0.7	4.705	5.00	Pass						
0.8	4.687	5.00	Pass						
0.9	4.683	5.00	Pass						
1	4.645	5.00	Pass						
1.2	4.480	5.00	Pass						
1.4	4.386	5.00	Pass						
1.6	4.448	5.00	Pass						
1.8	4.580	5.00	Pass						
2	4.768	5.00	Pass						
2.2	4.908	5.00	Pass						
2.4	4.833	5.00	Pass						
2.55	4.714	5.00	Pass						
2.6	4.682	5.00	Pass						
2.8	4.437	5.00	Pass						
3	4.409	5.00	Pass						
3	4.409	3.26	Pass						
3.5	2.953	3.26	Pass						
4	2.100	3.26	Pass						
4.5	1.505	3.26	Pass						
5	1.106	3.26	Pass						
6	0.667	3.26	Pass						
6	0.667	1.50	Pass						
7	0.415	1.05	Pass						
8	0.258	0.77	Pass						
9	0.165	0.58	Pass						
10	0.124	0.46	Pass						
11	0.086	0.37	Pass						
12	0.073	0.30	Pass						
14	0.054	0.21	Pass						
16	0.059	0.15	Pass						
18	0.061	0.12	Pass						
20	0.062	0.09	Pass						
22	0.058	0.07	Pass						
24	0.058	0.06	Pass						
25	0.047	0.05	Pass						

#### Test plot as follow:



### 5.2.4. Sensitivity of the modulator, including microphone

This characteristic expresses the capability of the transmitter to produce sufficient modulation when an audio frequency signal corresponding to the normal mean speech level is applied to the microphone.

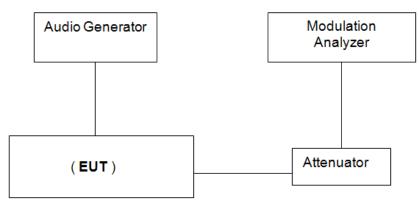
#### <u>LIMIT</u>

IEC 62238 Sub-clause 8.4.3 The resulting frequency deviation shall be between  $\pm$  1,5 kHz and  $\pm$  3 kHz.

#### TEST PROCEDURE

- 1. The test conditions.
  - ⊠ normal condition □ Extreme conditions
- 2. Please refer to IEC 62238 Sub-clause 8.4.2 for the measurement method.

#### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



#### TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

#### TEST RESULTS

🛛 Passed

#### Not Applicable

Operation Mode	Test Channel	Measured (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result	
	$CH_{L}$	3.1			
TX-AWH	CH <sub>M</sub>	3.1	$\pm$ 2.5 $\sim$ $\pm$ 4.5	Pass	
	СН <sub>н</sub>	3.1			

Operation Mode	Test Channel	Measured (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
	CH∟	3.1		
TX-AWL	CH <sub>M</sub>	3.1	$\pm$ 2.5 $\sim$ $\pm$ 4.5	Pass
	СН <sub>н</sub>	3.1		

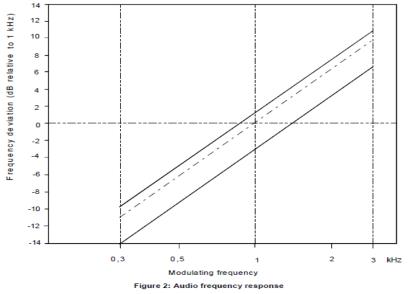
### 5.2.5. Audio frequency response

The audio frequency response is the frequency deviation of the transmitter as a function of the modulating frequency.

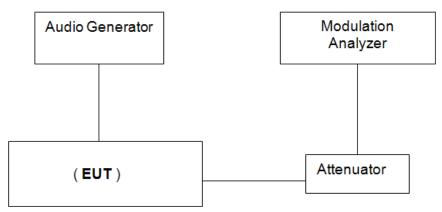
#### <u>LIMIT</u>

IEC 62238 Sub-clause 8.5.3

The audio frequency response shall be within +1 dB and -3 dB of a 6 dB/octave line passing through the reference point (see figure 2). The upper limit frequency shall be 2,55 kHz for 12,5 kHz channels.



#### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The test conditions.

- ⊠ normal condition □ Extreme conditions
- 2. Please refer to IEC 62238 Sub-clause 8.5.2 for the measurement method.

#### TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

#### TEST RESULTS

### ☑ Passed □ Not Applicable

Note:

We tested TX-AWH and TX-AWL all channel, recorded worst case TX-AWH for  $\text{CH}_{\text{M}}$  .

		TX-AWH:CH <sub>M</sub>	
Frequency	Frequency Deviation	1kHz Reference Deviation	Audio Frequency Response
(kHz )	(kHz)	(kHz)	(dB)
0.3	0.285	1.000	-11.210
0.4	0.347	1.000	-9.240
0.5	0.482	1.000	-6.520
0.6	0.588	1.000	-4.610
0.7	0.695	1.000	-3.230
0.8 0.9	0.804 0.899	1.000	-2.150 -1.030
1	1.004	1.000	-0.180
1.2	1.202	1.000	1.460
1.4	1.432	1.000	2.950
1.6	1.667	1.000	4.290
1.8	1.885	1.000	5.390
2	2.142	1.000	6.390
2.2	2.367	1.000	7.270
2.55	2.647	1.000	8.270
2.4	2.536	1.000	7.880
2.6	2.682	1.000	8.310
2.7	2.709	1.000	8.380
2.8	2.736	1.000	8.440
3	2.721	1.000	8.340
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0.3 0.6 0.9 1.2 1.5 1	.8 2.1 2.4 2.7 3 3.3	<ul> <li>limit1</li> <li>limit2</li> <li>Audio Frequency Response (dB)</li> </ul>

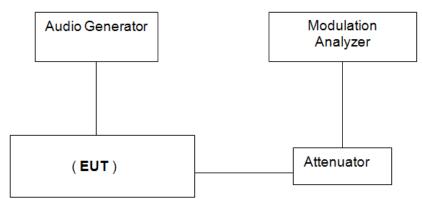
### 5.2.6. Audio frequency harmonic distortion of the emission

The harmonic distortion of the emission modulated by an audio frequency signal is defined as the ratio, expressed as a percentage, of the root mean square (rms) voltage of all the harmonic components of the fundamental modulation frequency to the total rms voltage of the modulation signal after linear demodulation

#### <u>LIMIT</u>

IEC 62238 Sub-clause 8.6.3 The harmonic distortion shall not exceed 10 %.

### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



#### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The test conditions.

⊠ normal condition ⊠ Extreme conditions

2.Please refer to IEC 62238 Sub-clause 8.6.2 for the measurement method.

#### TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

#### TEST RESULTS

🛛 Passed

Not Applicable

Operation Mode	Temperature (℃)	Voltage (V)	Modulated Frequency (kHz)	Test Channel	Measured (%)	Limit (%)	Result
				CHL	3.9		
			0.3	CH <sub>M</sub>	3.6		
				CH <sub>H</sub>	4.0		
	_			CHL	2.3		
	T <sub>N</sub>	V <sub>N</sub>	0.5	CH <sub>M</sub>	2.4	≤10	
				CH <sub>H</sub>	2.2		
				CHL	1.3		
			1.0	CH <sub>M</sub>	1.2		
				CH <sub>H</sub>	1.3		
				CHL	1.4		_
TX-AWH		V <sub>H</sub>	1.0	CH <sub>M</sub>	1.5		Pass
	ΤL			CH <sub>H</sub>	1.6		
				CH∟	1.5		
		VL	1.0	CH <sub>M</sub>	1.6		
				CH <sub>H</sub>	1.4	≤10	
	Т <sub>н</sub>	V <sub>H</sub> V <sub>L</sub>	1.0	CHL	1.3		
				CH <sub>M</sub>	1.5		
				CH <sub>H</sub>	1.6		
			1.0	CHL	1.4		
				CH <sub>M</sub>	1.5		
				CH <sub>H</sub>	1.5		
		T <sub>N</sub> V <sub>N</sub>	0.3 0.5	CHL	3.9		
				CH <sub>M</sub>	3.8		
				CH <sub>H</sub>	3.6		
	_			CHL	2.4		
	T <sub>N</sub>			CH <sub>M</sub>	2.3	≤10	
				CH <sub>H</sub>	2.3		
				CH∟	1.2		
			1.0	CH <sub>M</sub>	1.3		
				CH <sub>H</sub>	1.2		
				CH∟	1.4		_
TX-AWL		V <sub>H</sub>	1.0	CH <sub>M</sub>	1.4		Pass
	T∟			CH <sub>H</sub>	1.7		
				CH∟	1.6		
		$V_L$	1.0	CH <sub>M</sub>	1.8		
				CH <sub>H</sub>	1.9	≤10	
				CHL	1.5		
		V <sub>H</sub>	1.0	CH <sub>M</sub>	1.5		
	Т <sub>н</sub>			CH <sub>H</sub>	1.8		
	• •			$CH_{L}$	1.7		
		VL	1.0	CH <sub>M</sub>	1.8	]	
				CH <sub>H</sub>	1.8		

### 5.2.7. Adjacent Channel Power

The adjacent channel power is that part of the total power output of a transmitter under defined conditions of modulation, which falls within a specified passband centred on the nominal frequency of either of the adjacent channels. This power is the sum of the mean power produced by the modulation, hum and noise of the transmitter.

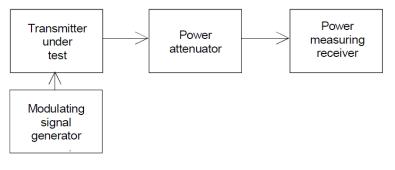
#### <u>LIMIT</u>

IEC 62238 Sub-clause 8.7.3

The adjacent channel power shall not exceed a value of:

25 kHz channel: 70 dB below the carrier power of the transmitter without any need to be below 0,2  $\mu$ W. 12 kHz channel: 60 dB below the carrier power of the transmitter without any need to be below 0,2  $\mu$ W.

#### TEST CONFIGURATION



#### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The test conditions.

☑ normal condition
☑ Extreme conditions

2.Please refer to IEC 62238 Sub-clause 8.7.2 for the measurement method.

#### TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

### TEST RESULTS

### ☐ Passed ☐ Not Applicable

Please refer to the below test data:

TX-AWH						
Test Channel	Test Channel	Measurement Power (dBc)	Limit (dB)	Result		
	Lower adjacent	-71.23	≪-70	Pass		
CH∟	Upper adjacent	-71.29	<i>M</i> -70	r ass		
CH <sub>M</sub>	Lower adjacent	-71.51	≪-70	Deee		
	Upper adjacent	-71.34	<i>₹</i> 70	Pass		
CH <sub>H</sub>	Lower adjacent	-71.64				
	Upper adjacent	-71.83	≪-70	Pass		

TX-AWL						
Test Channel	Test Channel	Measurement Power (dBc)	Limit (dB)	Result		
CH	Lower adjacent	-71.08	≤-70	Pass		
CH∟	Upper adjacent	-71.76	≪-70	F 855		
	Lower adjacent	-71.18	≤-70	Deee		
CH <sub>M</sub>	Upper adjacent	-71.46	≪-70	Pass		
	Lower adjacent	-71.69				
CH <sub>H</sub>	Upper adjacent	-71.23	≤-70	Pass		

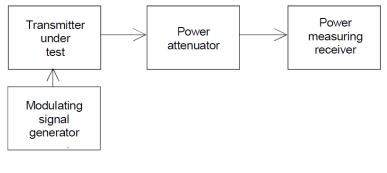
### 5.2.8. Conducted spurious emissions conveyed to the antenna

Conducted spurious emissions are emissions on a frequency or frequencies which are outside the necessary bandwidth and the level of which may be reduced without affecting the corresponding transmission of information. Spurious emissions include harmonic emissions, parasitic emissions, intermodulation products and frequency conversion products, but exclude out of band emissions.

#### <u>LIMIT</u>

IEC 62238 Sub-clause 8.8.3 The power of any conducted spurious emission on any discrete frequency shall not exceed 0,25µW(-36dBm).

#### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



#### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The test conditions.  $\square$  normal condition

Extreme conditions

2. Please refer to IEC 62238 Sub-clause 8.8.2 for the measurement method.

#### TEST MODE:

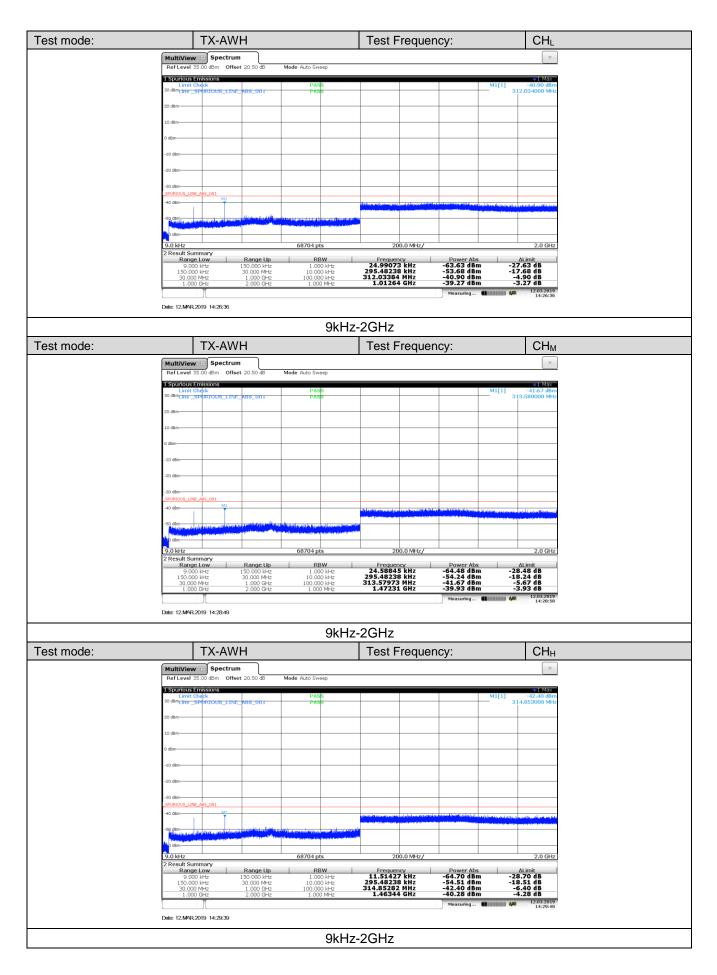
Please reference to the section 3.4

#### TEST RESULTS

☑ Passed □ Not Applicable

Note:

We tested TX-AWH to TX-AWL, recorded worst case for TX-AWH.



### 5.2.9. Transient frequency behaviour of the transmitter

The residual modulation of the transmitter is the ratio, in decibels, of the demodulated radiofrequency signal in the absence of wanted modulation, to the modulated radiofrequency signal produced when the normal test modulation is applied.

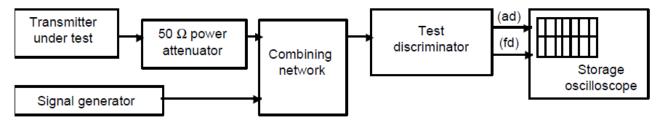
### <u>LIMIT</u>

IEC 62238 Sub-clause 8.9.3

During the period of time  $t_1$  and  $t_3$  the frequency difference shall not exceed the value of one channel separation. The frequency difference, after the end of  $t_2$ , shall be within the limit of the frequency error of ±1,5 kHz.

During the period of time  $t_2$  the frequency difference shall not exceed the value of half a channel separation. Before the start of  $t_3$  the frequency difference shall be within the limit of the frequency error of ±1,5 kHz.

### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The test conditions.

☑ normal condition
☑ Extreme conditions

2. Please refer to IEC 62238 Sub-clause 8.9.2 for the measurement method.

### TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

### TEST RESULTS

☑ Passed □ Not Applicable

Please refer to the below test data:

Note:

We tested TX-AWH to TX-AWL, recorded worst case at TX-AWH for  $CH_M$ .

### Transmitter Frequency Behaviour @ 25kHz Channel Separation-----Off - On

MultiView	/ ⊟( Spectrum	1 🛛 🛛 Analog D	emod 🛛 🔍				
Ref Level 4 Att	45.00 dBm Offse 27 dB AQT	t 27.50 dB 100 ms DBW 50 kHz	Erea 156.8 MHz				
TRG:IFP(17N	MHz) YIG Bypass						
1 FM Time D	Domain					●1AP Clrw [	DC Ref:0.00 Hz
25 KHz							
18.75 kHz							
12.5 k-la							
UN LON NY U							
6 25 kHz							
. n un	, DA						
HHHUM							
-6.25 kHz							
-18.75 kHz⊶							
-29 kHz	<b>∦</b> ┼──┸───						
							10.0 (
CF 156.8 MH			10	01 pts			10.0 ms/
4 Result Sur	Carrier	Power 45.96 dBm			Carrier Offse		
FM	+Peak 48.788 kHz	-Peak -32.616 kHz	±Peak/2 40.702 kHz	RMS 5.3102	Mod. Free kHz	a, SINAD	THD
		Analog De	mod: Waiting for Trigge		<b> </b> ¢ M	easuring	06.03.2019

Date: 6.MAR.2019 15:44:24

	Transmitt	er Frequency Be	haviour @ 25	kHz Chan	nel Separation-	On – Of	f
MultiView	s 🕫 Spectrum	× Analog Dei	nod 🛛 🗙				
Att	45.00 dBm Offset 27 dB AQT MHz) YIG Bypass	27.50 dB 100 ms DBW 50 kHz	Freq 156.8 MHz				
1 FM Time D	Domain					●1AP Clrw D	C Ref: 0.00 Hz
25 kHz							
18.75 kHz							
12.5 kHz							
6.25 kHz							
8 Hz							
							UKUKUMIMI
-6.25 kHz							
OLD KILL							
10 5 10 10							
-12.5 kHz							
							- 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
-18.75 kHz							
-25 kHz						I	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++
CF 156.8 MI	H7		1001	nts			10.0 ms/
4 Result Su			1001	563			1010 1137
Tresare ba		Power 46.02 dBm			Carrier Offset -1	6.76 Hz	
	+Peak	-Peak	±Peak/2	RMS	Mod. Freq.	SINAD	THD
FM	69.551 kHz	-30.158 kHz	49.855 kHz	5.663 kł	1z	·	
		Analog Demo	od: Waiting for Trigger		A Measuri	ing 🚺 🚺 🖗	06.03.2019 15:43:12
							13.43.12

Date: 6.MAR.2019 15:43:12

### 5.2.10. Residual modulation of the transmitter

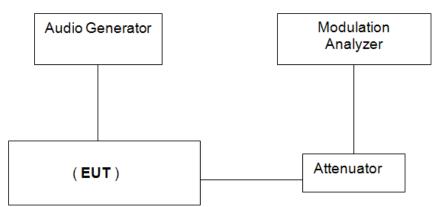
The residual modulation of the transmitter is the ratio, in dB, of the demodulated RF signal in the absence of wanted modulation, to the demodulated RF signal produced when the normal test modulation is applied.

### <u>LIMIT</u>

IEC 62238 Sub-clause 8.10.3

The residual modulation shall not exceed -40 dB on either 25 kHz or 12,5 kHz channels.

#### TEST CONFIGURATION



#### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The test conditions.  $\square$  normal condition

Extreme conditions

2. Please refer to IEC 62238 Sub-clause 8.10.2 for the measurement method.

#### TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

#### TEST RESULTS

🛛 Passed

Not Applicable

Operation Mode	Test Channel	Measured (dB)	Limit (dB)	Result	
	$CH_{L}$	-41.05			
TX-AWH	CH <sub>M</sub>	-41.23	≪-40	Pass	
	CH <sub>H</sub>	-41.41			
	$CH_{L}$	-41.22			
TX-AWL	CH <sub>M</sub>	-41.35	≪-40	Pass	
	CH <sub>H</sub>	-41.14			

### 5.2.11. Frequency error (demodulated DSC signal)

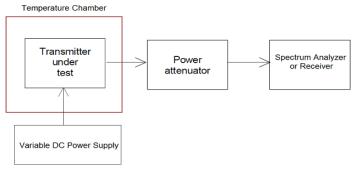
The frequency error for the B- and the Y-state is the difference between the measured frequency from the demodulator and the nominal values.

#### <u>LIMIT</u>

IEC 62238 Sub-clause 8.11.3

The measured frequency from the demodulator at any time for the B-state shall be within 2 100 Hz  $\pm$ 10 Hz and for the Y-state within 1 300 Hz  $\pm$  10 Hz.

#### TEST CONFIGURATION



### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The test conditions.

Inormal condition In Extreme conditions

2. Please refer to IEC 62238 Sub-clause 8.11.2 for the measurement method.

#### TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

### TEST RESULTS

#### ☑ Passed □ Not Applicable

Operation Mode Te	Test conditions		Frequency Error (kHz)	Limit	Desult
	Temperature(℃)	Voltage(V)	CH <sub>M1</sub>	(Hz)	Result
	T <sub>N</sub>	V <sub>N</sub>	2099.72		
	TL	V <sub>H</sub>	2099.61		Pass
TX-B		VL	2099.54	2100±10	
	т <sub>н</sub>	V <sub>H</sub>	2099.64		
		VL	2099.56		
	T <sub>N</sub>	V <sub>N</sub>	1299.65		
		V <sub>H</sub>	1299.54		
ТХ-Ү	TL	VL	1299.48	1300±10	Pass
	<b>–</b>	V <sub>H</sub>	1299.57		
	Τ <sub>Η</sub>	VL	1299.51		

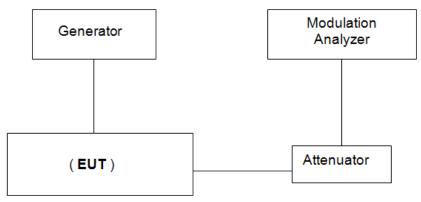
### 5.2.12. Modulation index for DSC

This test measures the modulation index in the B and Y states.

#### <u>LIMIT</u>

IEC 62238 Sub-clause 8.12.3 The modulation index shall be 2,0  $\pm$  10 %.

### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The test conditions.

☑ normal condition
☐ Extreme conditions

2.Please refer to IEC 62238 Sub-clause 8.12.2 for the measurement method.

#### TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

#### TEST RESULTS

🛛 Passed

Not Applicable

Operation Mode	Test Channel	Modulation index	Limit	Result
TX-B	CH <sub>M1</sub>	1.65	2.0 ± 10 %	Pass
TX-Y	CH <sub>M1</sub>	1.38	2.0 ± 10 %	Pass

#### 5.2.13. Modulation rate for DSC

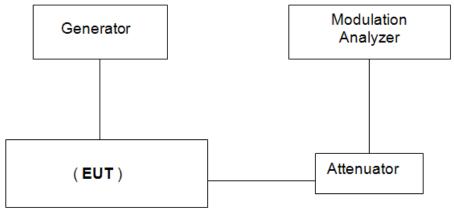
The modulation rate is the bit stream speed measured in bit/s.

#### LIMIT

IEC 62238 Sub-clause 8.13.3

The frequency shall be 600 Hz  $\pm$  30 ppm corresponding to a modulation rate of 1 200 baud.

#### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



#### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The test conditions.

 $\boxtimes$  normal condition

Extreme conditions 2. Please refer to IEC 62238 Sub-clause 8.13.2 for the measurement method.

#### TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

#### **TEST RESULTS**

**Passed** Not Applicable

Operation Mode	Test Channel	Modulation rate (Hz)	Limit	Result
TX-(B+Y)	CH <sub>M1</sub>	599.999	600Hz ± 30 ppm	Pass

# 5.2.14. Testing of generated call sequences

Generated call sequences are call which comply with the requirements of ITU-R. Recommendation M.493-10.

#### **Requirement**

IEC 62238 Sub-clause 8.14.3

The requirements of ITU-R Recommendation M.493-14 regarding message composition and content shall be met.

The generated calls shall be analyzed with the calibrated apparatus for correct configuration of the signal format, including time diversity. It shall be verified that, after transmission of a DSC call, the transmitter re-tunes to the original channel. However, in the case of a distress call, the transmitter shall tune to channel 16 and automatically select the maximum power. The telecommands used and the channels tested for switching shall be stated in the test report.

#### TEST RESULTS

☑ Passed □ Not Applicable

Call Sent	Received without error	Telecommand 1	Telecommand 2
Distress	Yes	100	126
All Ships Urgency	Yes	100	126
All Ships Safety	Yes	100	126
Individual Routine	Yes	100	126
Group Routine	Yes	100	126

# 5.3. Receiver for Radiotelephone Requirement

# 5.3.1. Harmonic distortion and rated audio frequency output power

The harmonic distortion at the receiver output is defined as the ratio, expressed as a percentage, of the total rms voltage of all the harmonic components of the modulation audio frequency to the total rms voltage of the signal delivered by the receiver.

The rated audio frequency output power is the value stated by the manufacturer to be the maximum power available at the output, for which all the requirements of the present document are met.

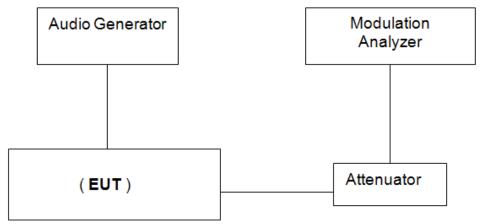
# <u>LIMIT</u>

IEC 62238 Sub-clause 9.1.3

- 2 W in a loudspeaker;
- 1 mW in the handset earphone.

The harmonic distortion shall not exceed 10 %.

### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



# TEST PROCEDURE

1. The test conditions.  $\square$  normal condition

Extreme conditions

2. Please refer to IEC 62238 Sub-clause 9.1.2 for the measurement method.

# TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

# TEST RESULTS

# ☑ Passed □ Not Applicable

#### Harmonic distortion:

RX-AW					
Signals Level (dBµV)	Modulated Frequency (kHz)	Test Frequency (MHz)	Measured (%)	Limit (%)	Result
		$CH_{L}$	2.4		
	0.3	CH <sub>M</sub>	2.4		
		CH <sub>H</sub>	2.5		
		CH∟	1.9		
60	0.5	CH <sub>M</sub>	1.9	≤10	Pass
		CH <sub>H</sub>	2	-	
		CHL	7.6		
	1.0	CH <sub>M</sub>	7.6		
		CH <sub>H</sub>	7.6		
		CH∟	2.7		
	0.3	CH <sub>M</sub>	2.7		
		CH <sub>H</sub>	2.8		
		$CH_{L}$	2.4		
100	0.5	CH <sub>M</sub>	2.3	≤10	Pass
		СН <sub>н</sub>	2.3		
		$CH_{L}$	7.5		
	1.0	CH <sub>M</sub>	7.6		
		CH <sub>H</sub>	7.5		

rated audio frequency output power:

RX-AW				
Test Channel	Measured (W)	Limit (W)	Result	
CH∟	3.979			
CH <sub>M</sub>	3.976	≥2.0	Pass	
CH <sub>H</sub>	3.973			

# 5.3.2. Audio frequency response

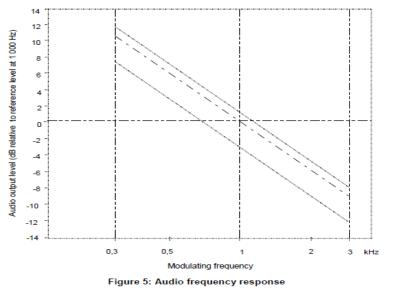
The audio frequency response is the variation in the receiver's audio frequency output level as a function of the modulating frequency of a received radio frequency signal modulated with constant deviation.

### <u>LIMIT</u>

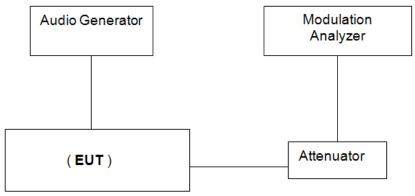
IEC 62238 Sub-clause 9.2.3

The audio frequency response shall not deviate by more than +1 dB or -3 dB from a characteristic giving the output level as a function of the audio frequency, decreasing by 6 dB per octave and passing through the measured point at 1 kHz (figure 5).

Certified Intrinsically Safe equipment need not comply with the limits below 700 Hz.







# TEST PROCEDURE

1. The test conditions.

 $\boxtimes$  normal condition

Extreme conditions

2.Please refer to IEC 62238 Sub-clause 9.2.2 for the measurement method.

#### TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

# TEST RESULTS

☑ Passed □ Not Applicable

RX-AW					
Frequency (kHz )	Output Level (V)	1kHz Reference Deviation (kHz)	Audio Frequency Response (dB)		
0.3	3.228	0.2417	8.79		
0.4	2.387	0.2417	7.16		
0.5	1.934	0.2417	5.52		
0.6	1.665	0.2417	4.13		
0.7	1.427	0.2417	2.88		
0.8	1.252	0.2417	1.87		
0.9	1.121	0.2417	0.93		
1	1.015	0.2417	0.04		
1.2	0.845	0.2417	-1.56		
1.4	0.706	0.2417	-2.83		
1.6	0.6257	0.2417	-4.05		
1.8	0.5703	0.2417	-5.09		
2	0.5313	0.2417	-6.06		
2.2	0.4867	0.2417	-6.94		
2.4	0.4489	0.2417	-7.8		
2.6	0.4038	0.4038 0.2417			
2.7	0.3816	0.2417	-8.93 -9.27		
2.8	0.3738	0.2417			
3	0.3587	0.2417	-9.94		
14 12 10 8 6 4 -2 -4 -6 -8 -10 -12 -14 0 0.3 0.6 0.9 1.2 1.5 1.8 2.1 2.4 2.7 3 3.3					

# 5.3.3. Maximum Usable Sensitivity

The maximum usable sensitivity of the receiver is the minimum level of the signal (emf) at the nominal frequency of the receiver which, when applied to the receiver input with normal test modulation (clause 6.4), will produce:

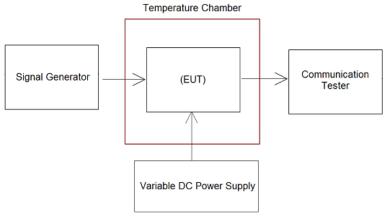
- in all cases, an audio frequency output power of at least 50 % of the rated output power (clause 9.1); and - a SINAD ratio of 20 dB, measured at the receiver output through a psophometric telephone filtering network such as described in ITU-T Recommendation O.41 [6].

# <u>LIMIT</u>

IEC 62238 Sub-clause 9.3.3

The maximum usable sensitivity for either 25 kHz or 12,5 kHz channels shall not exceed +6 dB $\mu$ V (emf) under normal test conditions and +12 dB $\mu$ V (emf) under extreme test conditions.

#### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



#### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The test conditions.  $\square$  normal condition

Extreme conditions

2.Please refer to IEC 62238 Sub-clause 9.3.2 for the measurement method.

#### TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

#### TEST RESULTS

☑ Passed □ Not Applicable

Operation Mode	Temperature (℃)	Voltage (V)	Test Channel	Measured (dBµV)	Limit (dB)	Result
			CH∟	-1.8		
	T <sub>N</sub>	V <sub>N</sub>	CH <sub>M</sub>	-1.9	≤+6.0	
			CH <sub>H</sub>	-2.0		
			CH∟	-1.5		
		V <sub>H</sub>	CH <sub>M</sub>	-1.4		
	т		CH <sub>H</sub>	-1.7		
	TL		CH∟	1.3		
RX-AW		VL	CH <sub>M</sub>	1.2		Pass
			CH <sub>H</sub>	-1.5	≤+12.0	
			CH∟	-1.6	≪+12.0	
		V <sub>H</sub>	CH <sub>M</sub>	-1.5		
	Т <sub>н</sub>		CH <sub>H</sub>	-1.8		
	Ч		CHL	-1.4		
		VL	CH <sub>M</sub>	-1.2		
			CH <sub>H</sub>	-1.6		

# 5.3.4. Co-channel rejection

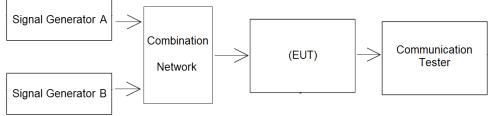
The co-channel rejection is a measure of the capability of the receiver to receive a wanted modulated signal without exceeding a given degradation due to the presence of an unwanted modulated signal, both signals being at the nominal frequency of the receiver.

# <u>LIMIT</u>

IEC 62238 Sub-clause 9.4.3

The co-channel rejection ratio, at any frequency of the unwanted signal within the specified range, shall be between: -10 dB and 0 dB.

### TEST CONFIGURATION



# TEST PROCEDURE

The test conditions.
 ☑ normal condition

Extreme conditions

2. Please refer to IEC 62238 Sub-clause 9.4.2 for the measurement method.

#### TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

#### TEST RESULTS

☑ Passed □ Not Applicable

RX-AW				
Test Channel	Measurement Offset (kHz)	SG B – SG A (dB)	Limit (dB)	Result
CHL	-3 0 3	-8.6 -8.1 -9.1	-10~0	Pass
CH <sub>M</sub>	-3 0 3	-8.4 -7.8 -9.3	-10~0	Pass
СН <sub>н</sub>	-3 0 3	-8.3 -7.9 -9.4	-10~0	Pass

# 5.3.5. Adjacent channel selectivity

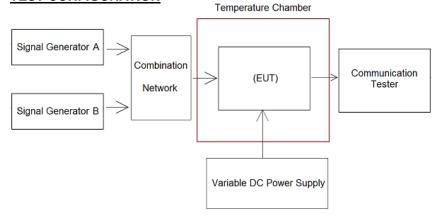
The adjacent channel selectivity is a measure of the capability of the receiver to receive a wanted modulated signal without exceeding a given degradation due to the presence of an unwanted modulated signal which differs in frequency from the wanted signal by the nominal channel spacing.

# <u>LIMIT</u>

IEC 62238 Sub-clause 9.5.3

The adjacent channel selectivity shall be not less than 70 dB under normal test conditions and not less than 60 dB under extreme test conditions.

# TEST CONFIGURATION



# TEST PROCEDURE

1. The test conditions.  $\square$  normal condition

Extreme conditions

2. Please refer to IEC 62238 Sub-clause 9.5.2 for the measurement method.

# TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

#### TEST RESULTS

☑ Passed □ Not Applicable

			RX-AW			
Test C Temperature ( ℃ )	Condition Voltage (V)	Test Channel	Measurement Position	SG B – SG A (dB)	Limit (dB)	Result
		CH∟	Lower adjacent Upper adjacent	71.2 70.9		
T <sub>N</sub>	V <sub>N</sub>	СН <sub>м</sub>	Lower adjacent Upper adjacent	71.1 71.7	≥70	Pass
		СН <sub>н</sub>	Lower adjacent	72.2		
		CH∟	Upper adjacent Lower adjacent	71.5		
			Upper adjacent Lower adjacent	73.8 73.3		
	V <sub>H</sub>	CH <sub>M</sub>	Upper adjacent	73.2	≥60	Pass Pass
TL		CH <sub>H</sub>	Lower adjacent Upper adjacent	73.5 73.2		
'L		CH∟	Lower adjacent Upper adjacent	73.9 72.6	≥60	
	VL	CH <sub>M</sub>	Lower adjacent Upper adjacent	72.3 72.5		
		СН <sub>н</sub>	Lower adjacent	73.9		
		CH∟	Upper adjacent Lower adjacent	72.8 73.3		
			Upper adjacent Lower adjacent	72.7 72.8		
	V <sub>H</sub>	CH <sub>M</sub>	Upper adjacent	73.4	≥60	Pass
т <sub>н</sub> —		CH <sub>H</sub>	Lower adjacent Upper adjacent	73.3 73.1		
		$CH_{L}$	Lower adjacent Upper adjacent	72.1 73.2	≥60	
	VL	CH <sub>M</sub>	Lower adjacent	73.7		Pass
		СН <sub>н</sub>	Upper adjacent Lower adjacent	73.3 72.2		
			Upper adjacent	72.5		

# 5.3.6. Spurious Response Rejection

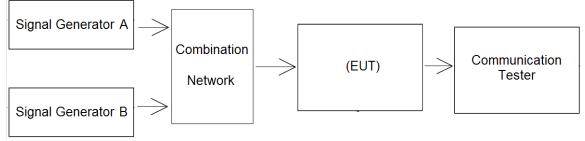
The spurious response rejection is a measure of the capability of the receiver to discriminate between the wanted modulated signal at the nominal frequency and an unwanted signal at any other frequency at which a response is obtained.

# LIMIT

IEC 62238 Sub-clause 9.6.3

At any frequency separated from the nominal frequency of the receiver by more than 25 kHz, the spurious response rejection ratio shall be not less than 70 dB.

# TEST CONFIGURATION



### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The test conditions.

Inormal condition

Extreme conditions

2. Please refer to IEC 62238 Sub-clause 9.6.2 for the measurement method.

#### TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

#### TEST RESULTS

☑ Passed □ Not Applicable

Please refer to the below test data:

RX-AW				
Test Channel	Spurious Frequency (MHz)	SG B – SG A (dB)	Limit (dB)	Result
	156.075	94.0		
CH∟	156.525	92.3	≥70	Pass
	134.900	101.4	≥70	F 855
	177.700	99.7		
	156.575	78.6		
СН <sub>м</sub>	157.025	78.7	≥70	Pass
CHM	135.400	103.7	≥70	F 855
	178.200	101.8		
	161.775	94.1		
СН <sub>Н</sub>	162.225	92.5	≥70	Pass
υΠΗ	140.600	101.1	≥70	Fa\$\$
	183.400	99.9		

An increment sweep was made between 100 kHz - 2000 MHz with no other significant responses detected.

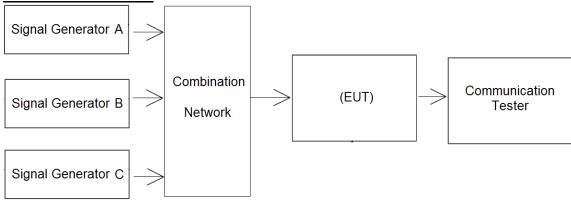
# 5.3.7. Intermodulation response

The intermodulation response is a measure of the capability of a receiver to receive a wanted modulated signal without exceeding a given degradation due to the presence of two or more unwanted signals with a specific frequency relationship to the wanted signal frequency.

# <u>LIMIT</u>

IEC 62238 Sub-clause 9.7.3 The intermodulation response ratio shall not be less than 68 dB.

# TEST CONFIGURATION



# TEST PROCEDURE

1. The test conditions. ⊠ normal condition

Extreme conditions

2. Please refer to IEC 62238 Sub-clause 9.7.2 for the measurement method.

# TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

# TEST RESULTS

☑ Passed □ Not Applicable

RX-AW					
Test Channel	Measurement Offset (kHz)		SG B/C – SG A	Limit	Result
Channel	SG B	SG C	(dB) (dB	(dB)	
CH∟	-50	-100	73.1	≥68	Pass
Ch	50	100	69.2		
СНм	-50	-100	69.2	>60	Pass
	50	100	68.8	≥68	Fa55
CH	-50	-100	74.8	≥68	Pass
СН <sub>н</sub>	50	100	71.1	≥00	Fass

# 5.3.8. Blocking or Desensitization

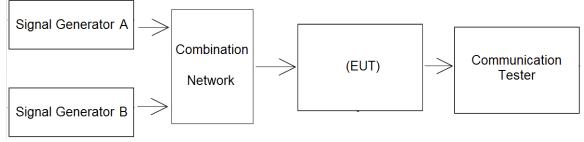
Blocking is a change (generally a reduction) in the wanted output power of the receiver or a reduction of the SINAD ratio due to an unwanted signal on another frequency.

#### LIMIT

IEC 62238 Sub-clause 9.8.3

The blocking level for any frequency within the specified ranges, shall be not less than 90 dBµV (emf), except at frequencies on which spurious responses are found

#### TEST CONFIGURATION



#### TEST PROCEDURE

The test conditions.
 ☑ normal condition

Extreme conditions

2.Please refer to IEC 62238 Sub-clause 9.8.2 for the measurement method.

#### TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

#### TEST RESULTS

☑ Passed □ Not Applicable

		RX-AW		
Test	Measurement Offset	SG B	Limit	Result
Channel	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dBµV)	Result
	-10	103.1		
	-5	101.7		
	-2	94.6		
	-1	91.3	≥90	Pass
CH∟	1	92.5	≥90	F d 5 5
	2	94.6		
	5	94.6		
	10	102.9		
	-10	102.8	≥90	Pass
	-5	101.3		
	-2	94.9		
	-1	92.0		
CH <sub>M</sub>	1	91.9		
	2	94.7		
	5	95.1		
	10	102.2		
	-10	103.4		
	-5	102.1		
	-2	95.1		
	-1	91.8		Deee
CH <sub>H</sub>	1	91.6	≥90	Pass
	2	94.5		
	5	94.8		
	10	102.7		

# 5.3.9. Conducted spurious emissions

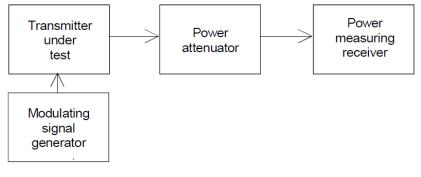
Conducted spurious emissions from the receiver are components at any frequency, present at the receiver input port.

### <u>LIMIT</u>

IEC 62238 Sub-clause 9.9.3

The power of any spurious radiation shall not exceed 2 nw(-57dBm) at any frequency in the range between 9 kHz and 2 GHz.

#### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The test conditions.  $\square$  normal condition

Extreme conditions

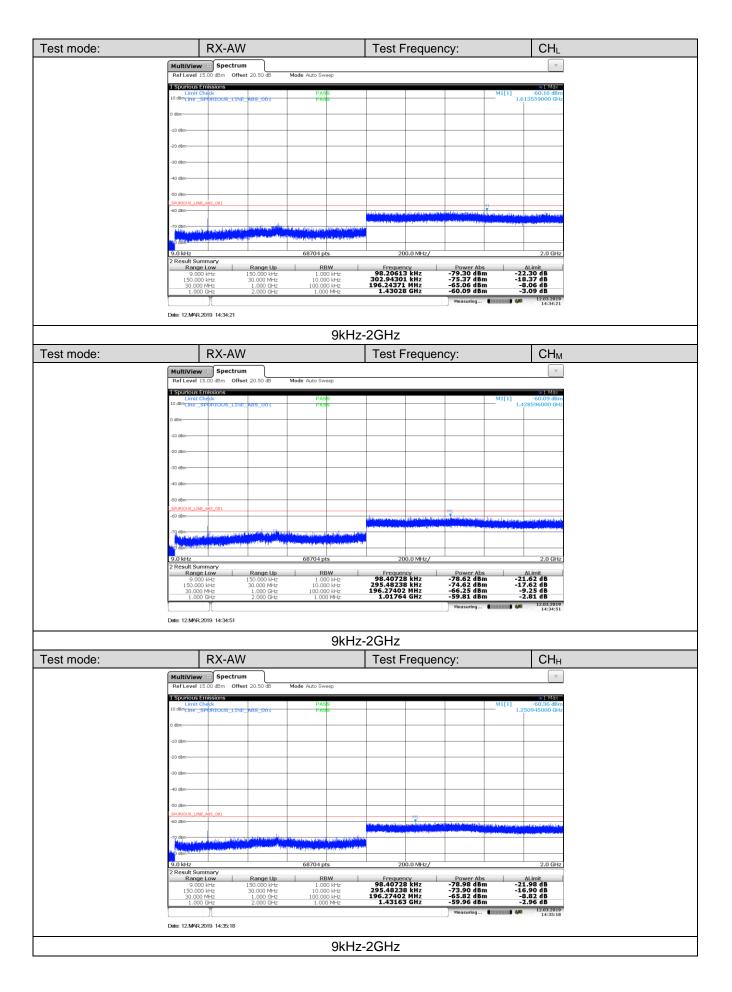
2. Please refer to IEC 62238 Sub-clause 9.9.2 for the measurement method.

#### TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

#### TEST RESULTS

☑ Passed □ Not Applicable



# 5.3.10. Receiver noise and hum level

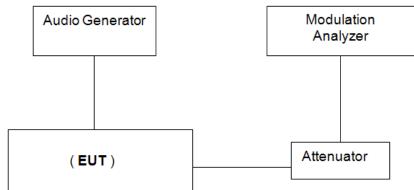
The receiver noise and hum level is defined as the ratio, in dB, of the audio frequency power of the noise and hum resulting from spurious effects of the power supply system or from other causes, to the audio frequency power produced by a high frequency signal of average level, modulated by the normal test modulation and applied to the receiver input.

# <u>LIMIT</u>

IEC 62238 Sub-clause 9.10.3

The receiver noise and hum level shall not exceed -40 dB, relative to the modulated signal.

#### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The test conditions.

Normal condition

Extreme conditions

2. Please refer to IEC 62238 Sub-clause 9.10.2 for the measurement method.

#### TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

#### TEST RESULTS

☑ Passed □ Not Applicable

Operation Mode	Test Channel	Measured (dB)	Limit (dB)	Result
	CH∟	-41.6		
RX-AW	CH <sub>M</sub>	-42.8	≪-40	Pass
	CH <sub>H</sub>	-42.2		

# 5.3.11. Squelch operation

The purpose of the squelch facility is to mute the receiver audio output signal when the level of the signal at the receiver input is less than a given value.

# LIMIT

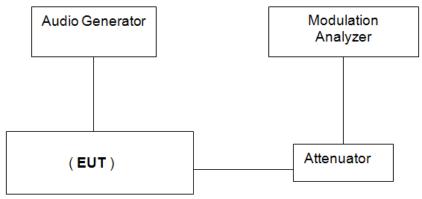
IEC 62238 Sub-clause 9.11.3

Under the conditions specified in a) clause 9.11.2, the audio frequency output power shall not exceed -40 dB relative to the rated output power.

Under the conditions specified in b) clause 9.11.2, the input level shall not exceed +6 dB $\mu$ V (emf) and the SINAD ratio shall be at least 20 dB.

Under the conditions specified in c) clause 9.11.2, the input signal shall not exceed +6 dB $\mu$ V (emf) when the control is set at maximum.

#### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



### TEST PROCEDURE

- 1. The test conditions. ⊠ normal condition ⊡ Extreme conditions
- 2. Please refer to IEC 62238 Sub-clause 9.11.2 for the measurement method.

#### TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

#### TEST RESULTS

☑ Passed □ Not Applicable

# Under the conditions specified in a):

RX-AW					
Test	Measured	Limit	Result		
Channel	(dB)	(dB)	rtooutt		
CH∟	-41.3				
CH <sub>M</sub>	-40.9	≤-40	Pass		
CH <sub>H</sub>	-40.8				

#### Under the conditions specified in b):

RX-AW						
Test Channel	Measured (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Result			
CHL	1.9					
CH <sub>M</sub>	2.6	≤+6.0	Pass			
CH <sub>H</sub>	2.9					

RX-AW						
Test Channel	Measured SINAD (dB)	Limit (dBµV)	Result			
CHL	32.19					
CH <sub>M</sub>	32.16	≥20	Pass			
CH <sub>H</sub>	31.85					

Under the conditions specified in c):

RX-AW						
Test	Measured	Limit	Result			
Channel	(dBµV)	(dBµV)	Result			
CHL	1.6					
CH <sub>M</sub>	1.3	≤+6.0	Pass			
CH <sub>H</sub>	1.4					

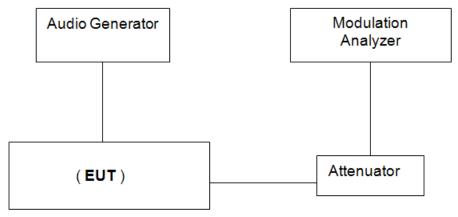
# 5.3.12. Squelch hysteresis

Squelch hysteresis is the difference in dB between the receiver input signal levels at which the squelch opens and closes.

# <u>LIMIT</u>

IEC 62238 Sub-clause 9.12.3 The squelch hysteresis shall be between 3 dB and 6 dB.

#### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



#### TEST PROCEDURE

The test conditions.
 ☑ normal condition

Extreme conditions

2. Please refer to IEC 62238 Sub-clause 9.12.2 for the measurement method.

#### TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

#### TEST RESULTS

☑ Passed □ Not Applicable

RX-AW						
Test Channel	Measured (dB)	Limit (dB)	Result			
CHL	3.5					
CH <sub>M</sub>	3.3	3~6	Pass			
CH <sub>H</sub>	3.6					

# 5.3.13. Multiple watch characteristic

The scanning period is the time between the start of two successive samples of the priority channel in the absence of a signal on that channel.

#### LIMIT

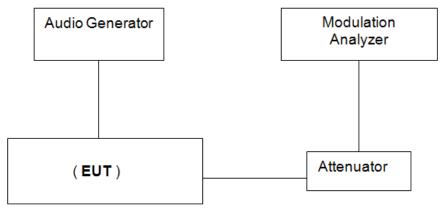
IEC 62238 Sub-clause 9.13.3

The scanning period shall not exceed 2 s.

The dwell time on the priority channel shall not exceed 150 ms.

The dwell time on the additional channel shall be between 850 ms and 2 s as indicated by the time of the gap between two output bursts.

#### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



#### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The test conditions.  $\square$  normal condition

Extreme conditions

2. Please refer to IEC 62238 Sub-clause 9.13.2 for the measurement method.

#### TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

#### TEST RESULTS

☑ Passed □ Not Applicable

Scanning Period:

RX-AW								
Test Con Temperature ( ℃ )	dition Voltage (V )	Test Channel	Measured Scanning Period (s)	Limit (s)	Result			
T <sub>N</sub>	V <sub>N</sub>	CH <sub>L</sub> CH <sub>M</sub> CH <sub>H</sub>	1 1 1	≤2.0	Pass			
	V <sub>H</sub>	CH <sub>L</sub> CH <sub>M</sub> CH <sub>H</sub>	1 1 1	≤2.0 ≤2.0	Pass			
TL	VL	CH <sub>L</sub> CH <sub>M</sub> CH <sub>H</sub>	1 1 1		Pass			
-	V <sub>H</sub>	CH <sub>L</sub> CH <sub>M</sub> CH <sub>H</sub>	1 1 1	≤2.0	Pass			
Τ <sub>Η</sub>	VL	CH <sub>L</sub> CH <sub>M</sub> CH <sub>H</sub>	1 1 1	≤2.0	Pass			

#### Dwell Time:

	RX-AW							
Test Cond Temperature ( ℃ )	dition Voltage (V)	Test Channel	Measured Dwell Time (ms)	Limit (ms)	Result			
T <sub>N</sub>	V <sub>N</sub>	CH <sub>L</sub> CH <sub>M</sub> CH <sub>H</sub>	100 100 100	≤150	Pass			
	V <sub>H</sub>	CH <sub>L</sub> CH <sub>M</sub> CH <sub>H</sub>	100 100 100	≤150	Pass			
TL	VL	CH <sub>L</sub> CH <sub>M</sub> CH <sub>H</sub>	100 101 100	≤150	Pass			
	V <sub>H</sub>	CH <sub>L</sub> CH <sub>M</sub> CH <sub>H</sub>	100 100 100	≤150	Pass			
Тн	VL	CH <sub>L</sub> CH <sub>M</sub> CH <sub>H</sub>	100 100 101	≤150	Pass			

#### Dwell time on the additional channel:

RX-AW							
Test Condition		Test	Measured	Limit			
Temperature (℃)	Voltage (V)	Channel	(s)	(s)	Result		
		CHL	1				
T <sub>N</sub>	V <sub>N</sub>	CH <sub>M</sub>	1	0.85~2	Pass		
		СН <sub>н</sub>	1				
		CHL	1		Pass		
	V <sub>H</sub>	CH <sub>M</sub>	1	0.85~2			
		CH <sub>н</sub>	1				
TL	VL	CH∟	1	0.85~2	Pass		
		CH <sub>M</sub>	1				
		СН <sub>н</sub>	1				
		CH∟	1				
	V <sub>H</sub>	CH <sub>M</sub>	1	0.85~2	Pass		
Т <sub>н</sub>		СН <sub>н</sub>	1				
		CH∟	1	0.85~2	Pass		
	VL	CH <sub>M</sub>	1				
		СН <sub>н</sub>	1				

# 5.4. Receiver for DSC decoder Requirement

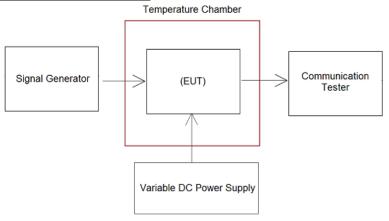
# 5.4.1. Maximum usable sensitivity

The maximum usable sensitivity of the receiver is the minimum level of the signal (e.m.f.) at the nominal frequency of the receiver which when applied to the receiver input with a test modulation will produce a bit error ratio of  $10^{-2}$ 

# <u>LIMIT</u>

IEC 62238 Sub-clause 10.1.3 The bit error ratio shall be equal to or less than  $10^{-2}$ 

### TEST CONFIGURATION



# TEST PROCEDURE

1. The test conditions.  $\square$  normal condition

Extreme conditions

2. Please refer to IEC 62238 Sub-clause 10.1.2 for the measurement method.

# TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

# TEST RESULTS

☑ Passed □ Not Applicable

Operation Mode	Temperature (℃)	Voltage (V)	Test Channel	Measured (error ratio)	Limit (error ratio)	Result
	T <sub>N</sub>	V <sub>N</sub>	CH <sub>M1</sub>	0.003	≤10 <sup>-2</sup>	
	T <sub>L</sub> T <sub>H</sub>	V <sub>H</sub>	CH <sub>M1</sub>	0.005	≤10 <sup>-2</sup>	Pass
RX-DSC		VL	CH <sub>M1</sub>	0.005		
		V <sub>H</sub>	CH <sub>M1</sub>	0.007		
		VL	CH <sub>M1</sub>	0.006		

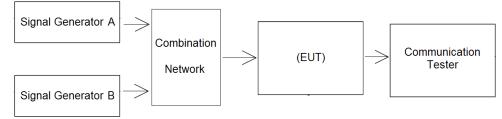
# 5.4.2. Co-channel rejection

The co-channel rejection is a measure of the capability of the receiver to receive a wanted modulated signal without exceeding a given degradation due to the presence of an unwanted modulated signal, both signals being at the nominal frequency of the receiver.

# <u>LIMIT</u>

IEC 62238 Sub-clause 10.2.3 The bit error ratio shall be equal to or less than  $10^{-2}$ .

# TEST CONFIGURATION



### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The test conditions.  $\square$  normal condition

Extreme conditions

2. Please refer to IEC 62238 Sub-clause 10.2.2 for the measurement method.

### TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

#### TEST RESULTS

☑ Passed □ Not Applicable

Operation Mode	Test Channel	Measurement Offset (kHz)	Measured (error ratio)	Limit(error ratio)	Result
		-3	0.004		
RX-DSC	CH <sub>M1</sub>	0	0.006	≤10 <sup>-2</sup>	Pass
		3	0.003		

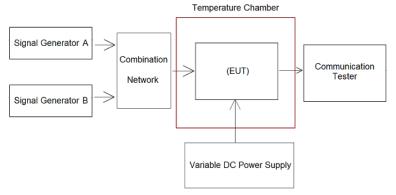
# 5.4.3. Adjacent channel selectivity

The adjacent channel selectivity is a measure of the capability of the receiver to receive a wanted modulated signal without exceeding a given degradation due to the presence of an unwanted modulated signal which differs in frequency from the wanted signal by 25 kHz.

# <u>LIMIT</u>

IEC 62238 Sub-clause 10.3.3 The bit error ratio shall be equal to or less than 10<sup>-2</sup>

# **TEST CONFIGURATION**



# TEST PROCEDURE

1. The test conditions.

 $\boxtimes$  normal condition  $\boxtimes$  Extreme conditions

2. Please refer to IEC61138 Sub-clause 10.3.2 for the measurement method.

# TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

# TEST RESULTS

# ☑ Passed □ Not Applicable

Operation	Test Co	Test Condition		Magguramont	Maggurad	Limit		
Mode	Operation Mode Temperature \ ( °C )		Test Channel	Measurement Position	Measured (error ratio)	(error ratio)	Result	
	т	V		Lower adjacent	0.006	≤10 <sup>-2</sup>	Pass	
	Τ <sub>Ν</sub>	V <sub>N</sub>	CH <sub>M1</sub>	Upper adjacent	0.006	≪10	Pass	
		V <sub>H</sub>	CH <sub>M1</sub>	Lower adjacent	0.007	≤10 <sup>-2</sup>	Pass	
		٧H		Upper adjacent	0.006	≪10		
RX-DSC	ΤL	VL	V	CH <sub>M1</sub>	Lower adjacent	0.008	≤10 <sup>-2</sup>	Pass
KA-DSC				Upper adjacent	0.007	≪10	F a 55	
		V		Lower adjacent	0.006	≤10 <sup>-2</sup>	Pass	
		V <sub>H</sub>	CH <sub>M1</sub>	Upper adjacent	0.007	×10	Pass	
	ΤL	V		Lower adjacent	0.008	≤10 <sup>-2</sup>	Pass	
		$V_L$	CH <sub>M1</sub>	Upper adjacent	0.007	×10	ra55	

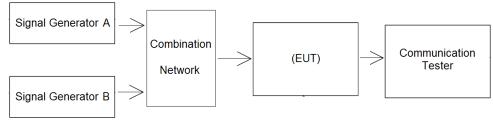
# 5.4.4. Spurious response and blocking immunity

The spurious response and blocking immunity is a measure of the capability of the receiver to receive a wanted modulated signal without exceeding a given degradation due to the presence of an unwanted modulated signal with frequencies outside the pass band of the receiver.

### <u>LIMIT</u>

IEC 62238 Sub-clause 10.4.3 The bit error ratio shall be equal to or less than  $10^{-2}$ 

### TEST CONFIGURATION



#### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The test conditions.  $\square$  normal condition

Extreme conditions

2. Please refer to IEC 62238 Sub-clause 10.4.2 for the measurement method

#### TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

#### TEST RESULTS

☑ Passed □ Not Applicable

Spurious response:

Operation Mode	Test Channel	Spurious Frequency (MHz)	Measured (error ratio)	Limit (error ratio)	Result
		156.3	0.006	≤10 <sup>-2</sup>	Daaa
RX-DSC		156.75	0.006		
RX-DSC CH <sub>M1</sub>	135.125	0.004	≈10	Pass	
	177.925	0.006			

#### Blocking immunity:

Operation Mode	Test Channel	Measurement Offset (MHz)	Measured (error ratio)	Limit (error ratio)	Result			
		-10	0.004					
		-5	0.005					
	RX-DSC CH <sub>M1</sub>				-2	0.005		
		-1	0.008	≤10 <sup>-2</sup>	Deee			
RA-DOC			1	0.007	≪10	Pass		
			2	0.007				
		5	0.004					
		10	0.003					

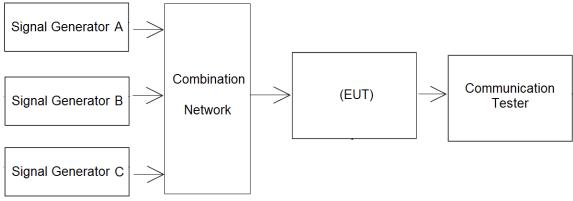
# 5.4.5. Intermodulation response

The intermodulation response is a measure of the capability of the receiver to receive a wanted modulated signal without exceeding a given degradation due to the presence of two or more unwanted signals with a specific frequency relationship to the wanted signal frequency.

### <u>LIMIT</u>

IEC 62238 Sub-clause 10.5.3 The bit error ratio shall be equal to or less than  $10^{-2}$ 

### TEST CONFIGURATION



#### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The test conditions.  $\square$  normal condition

Extreme conditions

2. Please refer to IEC 62238 Sub-clause 10.5.2 for the measurement method.

#### TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

#### TEST RESULTS

☑ Passed □ Not Applicable

Operation Mode	Test Channel	Measurement Offset (kHz)		Measured	Limit	Result
Mode		SG B	SG C	(error ratio)	(error ratio)	
RX-DSC		-50	-100	0.008	≤10 <sup>-2</sup>	Deee
KX-DSC	CH <sub>M1</sub>	50	100	0.007	≪10	Pass

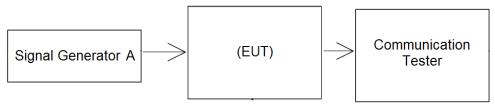
# 5.4.6. Dynamic range

The dynamic range of the equipment is the range from the minimum to the maximum level of a radio frequency input signal at which the bit error ratio in the output of the decoder does not exceed a specified value.

#### <u>Limit</u>

IEC 62238 Sub-clause 10.6.3 The bit error ratio shall be equal to or less than  $10^{-2}$ .

#### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



#### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The test conditions.

 $\boxtimes$  normal condition

Extreme conditions

2. Please refer to IEC 62238 Sub-clause 10.6.2 for the measurement method

#### TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

#### TEST RESULTS

☑ Passed □ Not Applicable

Operation Mode	Test Channel	Measured (error ratio)	Limit (error ratio)	Result
RX-DSC	CH <sub>M1</sub>	0.007	≤10 <sup>-2</sup>	Pass

# 5.4.7. Spurious emissions

Spurious emissions from the receiver are components at any frequency, present at the receiver input port.

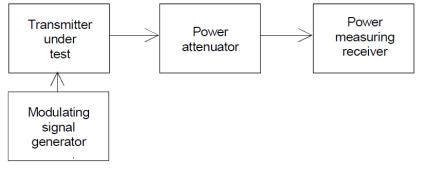
The level of spurious emissions shall be measured as the power level at the antenna.

#### <u>Limit</u>

IEC 62238 Sub-clause 10.7.3

The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed 2 nW at any frequency in the range between 9 kHz and 2 GHz.

### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



#### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The test conditions.  $\square$  normal condition

Extreme conditions

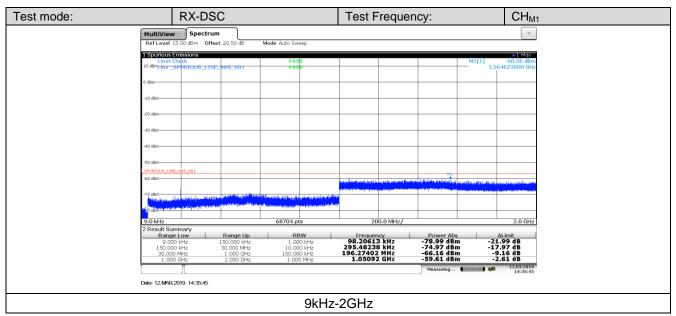
2. Please refer to IEC 62238 Sub-clause 10.7.2 for the measurement method.

#### TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

#### TEST RESULTS

☑ Passed □ Not Applicable



# 5.4.8. Verification of correct decoding of various types of DSC calls

DSC call sequences are calls that comply with ITU-R Recommendation M.493-14.

#### **Requirement**

The requirements of ITU-R Recommendation M.493-14 regarding message composition and content shall be met.

The decoded call sequences at the output of the receiver shall be examined for correct technical format, including error-check characters.

When receiver measurements are made by use of a printer or a computer, a check shall be made to ensure accordance between printer output and display indication.

It shall be verified that the equipment is capable of switching to a channel identified in the DSC call.

#### TEST RESULTS

#### ☑ Passed □ Not Applicable

Call Sent	Received (Y or N)	Telecommand 1	Telecommand 2
Distress	Y	100	126
All Ships Distress Ack	Y	110	126
All Ships Distress Relay	Y	112	126
All Ships Urgency	Y	110	126
All Ships Safety	Y	100	126
Individual Urgency	Y	100	126
Individual Safety	Y	100	126
Individual Routine	Y	100	126
Group Routine	V	100	126

Function Check	Result
Confirm that the decoded call sequences at the output of the receiver have been examined for correct technical format, including error check characteristics.	Yes
Errors found:	No
Confirm that the checks have been made to ensure accordance between printer output and display	Yes
Errors found:	No
It has been verified that the equipment is capable of switching to a channel identified in the DSC call:	Yes

# 5.4.9. Reaction to VTS and AIS channel management DSC transmissions

VTS and AIS channel management DSC transmissions are any DSC transmissions that are in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R M.825 or M.1371.

#### **Requirement**

The equipment shall not sound an alarm, display a message (an accurate, imformative display is permissible but not required), transmit a response or suggest a transmitted response, lock up, or require operator intervention.

#### TEST RESULTS

☑ Passed □ Not Applicable

Function Check	Received (Y or N)
Not sound an alarm	Y
Not display a message(An accurate informative display is permissible but not required)	Y
Not transmit a response	Y
Not suggest a transmitted response	Y
Not lock up	Y
Not require operator intervention	Y

#### 5.4.10. Simultaneous reception

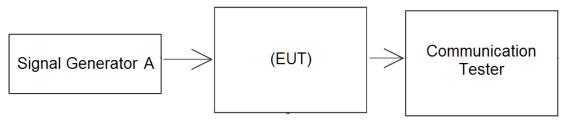
Simultaneous reception is the ability of the unit to correctly receive DSC traffic and radiotelephony traffic at the same time.

#### Limit

IEC 62238 Sub-clause 10.10.3

The bit error ratio shall be equal to or less than 10<sup>-2</sup>

### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



#### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The test conditions.

Inormal condition

Extreme conditions 2. Please refer to IEC 62238 Sub-clause 10.10.2 for the measurement method.

### TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

### **TEST RESULTS**

**Passed** Not Applicable

Please refer to the below test data:

#### TEST RESULTS

**Passed** 

Not Applicable

Operation Mode	Test Channel	Measured SINAD (dB)	Limit (dB)	Result
RX-AW	CH <sub>M</sub>	22.49	≥20	Pass

Operation Mode	Test Channel	Measured (error ratio)	Limit (error ratio)	Result
RX-DSC	CH <sub>M1</sub>	0.008	≤10 <sup>-2</sup>	Pass

-----End of Report-----