# REPORT ON Radio testing of the STANDARD HORIZON GX1500S In accordance with ANSI/TIA/EIA-603, RSS-182

Report number TA000245

December 2005

## GENERAL INFORMATION

MODEL NAME: FCC ID: IC ID: IC ID: MANUFACTURER: TRADE NAME: EUT DESCRIPTION: SERIAL NUMBER: VOLTAGE RQUIREMENTS: NUMBER OF CHANNELS: SPECIFICATION ARE REFERENCE	GX1500S K6630173X3D 511B-30173X3D Vertex Standard Co., Ltd. STANDARD HORIZON VHF FM Mobile Transceiver 5L000001 13.8 DC 65 EDANSI/TIA/EIA-603 RSS-182	[V]
TRANSMITTERS	40K000E 40K000D(4 D00)	
TYPE OF EMISSION: FREQUENCY RANGE:	16K0G3E, 16K0G2B( for DSC) 156 to 157.4	[MHz]
POWER OUTPUT RATING:	1 to 25 x Switchable	[W]
	Variable N/A	
MAXIMUM POWER RATING:	69	[W]
INPUT IMPEDANCE (MIC): OUTPUT IMPEDANCE (RF):	2000 50	$[\Omega]$
OUTPUT IMPEDANCE (RF): Collector Voltage:	50 13.8	[Ω] [V]
Collector Current:	4.8	[A]
RECEIVERS		
FREQUENCY RANGE:	156.050 to 163.425	[MHz]
INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCIES:	1st -21.4 2nd -450	[MHz] [kHz]
INPUT IMPEDANCE (RF):	50 4	$[\Omega]$
OUTPUT IMPEDANCE (SP): AUDIO OUTPUT POWER:	4.5	[Ω] [W]

This report was prepared by Vertex Standard Co., Ltd.

Test performed by \_\_\_\_\_ M.Kurihara

Date 01 / November /2005

## GX1500S Channel Settings

CH No.	Shown on LCD	Transmit Frequency		CH Spacing		wer
		[MHz]	[MHz]		HI	LOW
1	CH16	156.800	156.800	25k	25W	1W
2	CH70	156.525	156.525	25k	25W	1W
3						
4						
5						
6						
7						
8						
9						
10						
11						
12						
13						
14						
15						
16						
17						
18						
19						
20						

NAME OF TEST: R.F. Power Output (Conducted)

SPECIFICATION: 47 CFR 2.1046 (a)

GUIDE: ANSI/TIA/EIA-603, Paragraph 2.2.1

TEST EQUIPMENT: As per attached page

## MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

1. The EUT was connected to a resistive coaxial attenuator of normal load impedance, and the modulated output powerwas measured by means of an R.F. power meter.

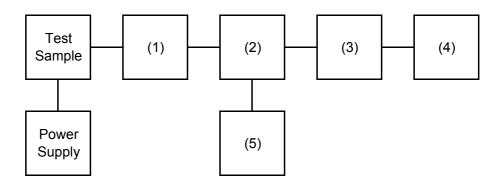
2. Measurement accuracy is ± 4%

## **MEASUREMENT RESULTS**

NOMINAL MH-	CHANNEL	R.F. POWE	R, WATTS
NOMINAL, MHz	CHAININEL	LOW	HIGH
156.800	16	0.778	24.200
156.525	70	0.783	24.210

## TRANSMITTER POWER CONDUCTED MEASUREMENTS

TEST 1: R.F. POWER OUTPUT TEST 2: FREQUENCY STABILITY



Instruments	Description	Serial Number
(1) COAXUAL ATTENUATOR	WEINSCHELL 49-10-43	KL458
(2) RF COUPLER	ADVANTEST TR4153	39730008
(3) POWER SENSOR	Agilent 8482B	2349A02533
(4) POWER METER	Agilent 8901B POWER MODE	3026A02806
(5) FREQUENCY COUNTER	Agilent 8901B FREQUENCY MODE	3026A02806

NAME OF TEST: Unwanted Emissions (Conducted)

SPECIFICATION: 47 CFR 2.1051

GUIDE: ANSI/TIA/EIA-603, Paragraph 2.2.13

TEST EQUIPMENT: As per attached page

#### MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

1. The emissions were measured for the worst case as follows:

- (a): within a band of frequencies defined by the carrier frequency plus and minus one channel.
- (b): from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT and to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency, or 40GHz, whichever is lower.
- 2. The magnitude of spurious emissions that are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible value need not be specified.
- 3. MEASUREMENT RESULTS:

FREQUENCY OF CARRIER, MHz = 156.8 , 156.525 , 0

SPECTRUM SEARCHED, GHz = 0 to 10 x Fc

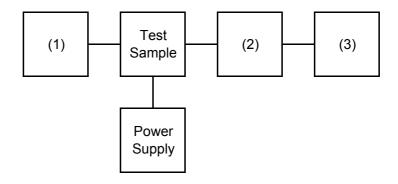
MAXIMUM RESPONSE, Hz = 2800

ALL OTHER EMISSIONS = >= 20dB BELOW LIMIT

## TRANSMITTER SPURIOUS EMISSION

TEST 1: OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (IN-BAND SPURIOUS)

TEST 2: OUT-OF-BAND SPURIOUS



Instruments	Description	Serial Number
(1) AUDIO GENERATOR	Agilent 8903B	2742A03633
(2) COAXUAL ATTENUATOR	WEINSCHELL 49-10-43	KL458
(2) COAXUAL ATTENUATOR	Agilent 8498A	1801A02723
(3) SPECTRUM ANALYZER	ADVANTEST TR4173	85580005

156.8000

156.5250

156.8000

15.0

15.0

16.0

NAME OF TEST: **Unwanted Emissions (Conducted)** 

313.6000

469.5750

470.4000

( 25 Watts ) ( 1 Watts ) LIMIT'S), dBc: -(43+10xLOG(P)) =-57

-(43+10xLOG(P)) = -43High Power

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	FREQUENCY	FREQUENCY	LEVEL,	LEVEL,	MARGIN,	
	TUNED, MHz	EMISSION, MHz	dBm	dBc	dB	
	156.5250	313.0500	-27.0	-71.0	14.0	

-28.0

-28.0

-29.0

-72.0

-72.0

-73.0

NAME OF TEST: **Unwanted Emissions (Conducted)** 

> -(43+10xLOG(P)) = -57-(43+10xLOG(P)) = -43( 25 Watts ) ( 1 Watts ) LIMIT'S), dBc:

Low Power

FREQUENCY	FREQUENCY	LEVEL,	LEVEL,	MARGIN,
TUNED, MHz	EMISSION, MHz	dBm	dBc	dB
156.5250	313.0500	-47.0	-77.0	28.0
156.8000	313.6000	-48.0	-78.0	28.0

NAME OF TEST: Field Strength of Spurious Radiation

SPECIFICATION: 47 CFR 2.1053 (a)

GUIDE: ANSI/TIA/EIA-603, Paragraph 1.2.12

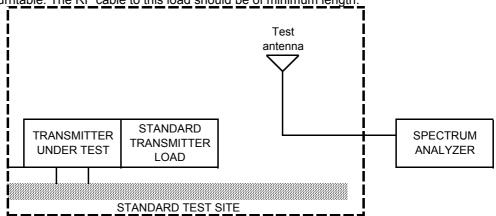
#### MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

1.2.12. Definition: Radiated spurious emissions are emissions from the equipment when transmitting load on a frequency or frequencies which are outside an occupied band sufficient to ensure transmission of information of required quality for the class of communications desired.

#### 1.2.12.2 Method of measurement

- A) Connect the equipment as illustrated.
- B) Adjust the spectrum analyzer for the following settings:
  - 1) Resolution Bandwidth <= 3kHz
  - 2) Video Bandwidth >= 10kHz
  - 3) Sweep Speed <= 2000Hz/second
  - 4) Detector Mode = Positive Peak
- C) Place the transmitter to be tested on the turntable in the standard test site.

  The transmitter is transmitting into a non-radiating load which is placed on the turntable. The RF cable to this load should be of minimum length.

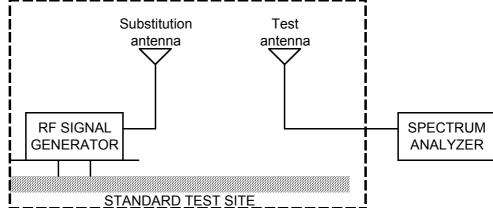


- D) For each spurious measurment the test antenna should be adjusted to the correct length for the frequency involved. This length maybe determined from a calibration ruler supplied with the equipment. Measurements shall be made from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment to the tenth harmonic of the carrier, except for the region close to the carrier qeual to ± the test bandwidth (see section 1.3.4.4).
- E) For each spurious frequency, raise and lower the test antenna from 1 m to 4 m to obtain a maximum reading on the spectrum analyzer with the test antenna at horizontal polarity.

#### NAME OF TEST:

Field Strength of Spurious Radiation

F) Repeat step E) for each spurious frequency with the test antenna polarized vertically.



- G) Reconnect the equipment as illustrated.
- H) Keep the spectrum analyzer adjusted as in step B).
- Remove the transmitter and replace it with a substitution antenna (the antenna should be half-wavelength for each frequency involved).
  The center of the substitutuion antenna should be approximately at the same location as the center of the transmitter. At lower frequencies, where the substitution antenna is very long, this will be impossible to achieve when the antenna is plarized vertically. In such case the lower end of the antenna should be 0.3m above the ground.
- J) Feed the substitution antenna at the transmitter end with a signal generator connected to the antenna by means of a non-radiating cable. With the antennas at both ends horizontally polarized and with the signal generator tuned to a particular spurious frequency, raise and lower the test antenna to obtain a maximum reading at the spectrum analyzer. Adjust the level of the signal generator output untill the previusl recorded maximum reading for the set of conditions is obtained. This should be done carefully repeating the adjustment of the test antenna and generator output.
- K) Repeat step J) with both antennas vertically polarized for each spurious frequency.
- L) Calculate power in dBm into a reference ideal half-wave dipole antenna by reducing the readings obtained in step J) and K) by the power loss in the cable between the generator and the antenna and futher corrected for the gain of the substitution antenna used relative to an ideal half-wave dipole antenna.
- M) The levels recorded in step L) are absolute levels of radiated spurious emissions in dBm. The radiated spurious emissions in dB can be calculated by the following:

Radiated spurious emissions dB = 10log10(TX power in watts/0.001) - the levels in step L)

NAME OF TEST: Field Strength of Spurious Radiation

Note: It is permissible that other antennas provided can be referenced to a dipole.

Instruments	Description	Serial Number
TRANSDUCER	Schaffner-Chase CBL6143	5001
TRANSDUCER	EMCO 3115	2637
AMPLIFIER	Agilent 8447D	2944A09741
AMPLIFIER	Agilent 8449B	3008A00120
SPECTRUM ANALYZER	Agilent 8561B	3040A00541

NAME OF TEST: Field Strength of Spurious Radiation

LIMIT'S), dBc: -(43+10xLOG(P)) = -57 ( 25 Watts ) -(43+10xLOG(P)) = -43 ( 1 Watts )

High Power

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FREQUENCY	FREQUENCY	METER,	C.F.,	ERP,	ERP,	
TUNED, MHz	EMISSION, MHz	dBuV	dB	dBm	dBc	
156.8000	470.4000	35.9	31.1	-40.0	-84.0	

NAME OF TEST: Field Strength of Spurious Radiation

> -(43+10xLOG(P)) = -57-(43+10xLOG(P)) = -43( 25 Watts ) ( 1 Watts ) LIMIT'S), dBc:

Low Power

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	FREQUENCY	FREQUENCY	METER,	C.F.,	ERP,	ERP,	
	TUNED, MHz	EMISSION, MHz	dBuV	dB	dBm	dBc	
-	156.8000	313 6000	44.5	27.7	-34 8	-64 8	

<u>SPECIFICATION:</u> 47 CFR 2.1049 (c) (1)

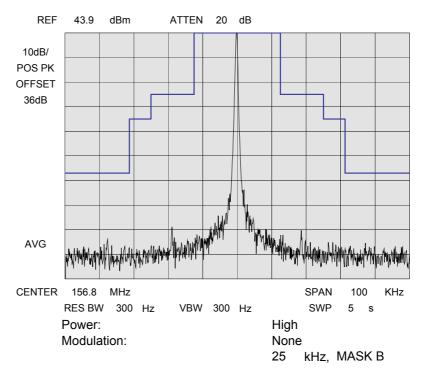
GUIDE: ANSI/TIA/EIA-603, Paragraph 2.2.11

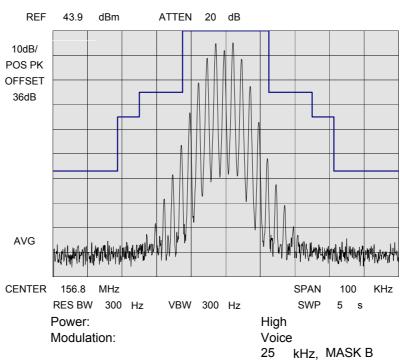
TEST EQUIPMENT: As per previous page

## MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

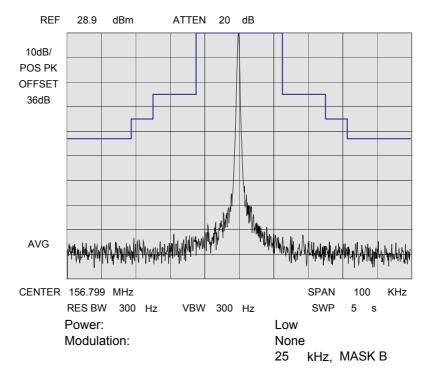
- 1. The EUT and test equipment ware set up as shown on the following page, with the spectrum analyzer connected.
- 2. For EUT's supporting audio modulation, the audio signal generator was adjusted to the frequency of maxmum response and with output level set for ±2.5/±1.5kHz deviation (or 50% modulation). With level constant, the signal level was increased 16dB.
- 3. For EUT's supporting digital modulation, the digital modulation mode was operated to its maximum extent.
- 4. The occupied bandwidth was measured with the spectrum analyzer controls set as shown on the test results.
- 5. MEASUREMENT RESULTS: ATTACHED

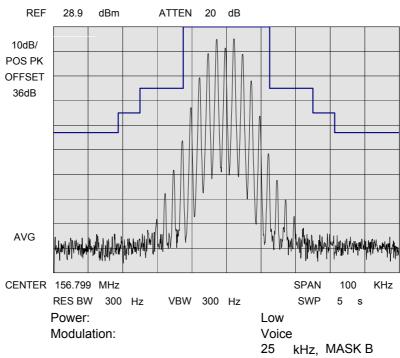
STATE: 1: High Power



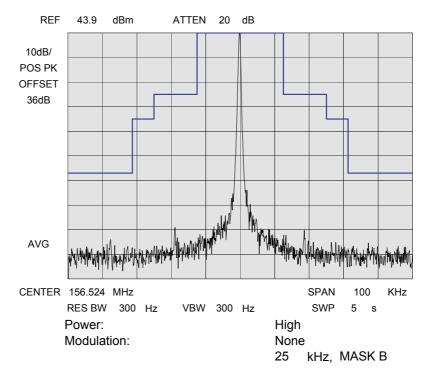


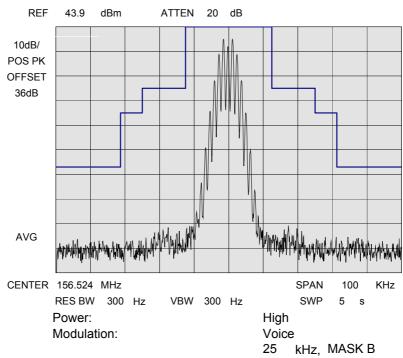
STATE: 2: Low Power



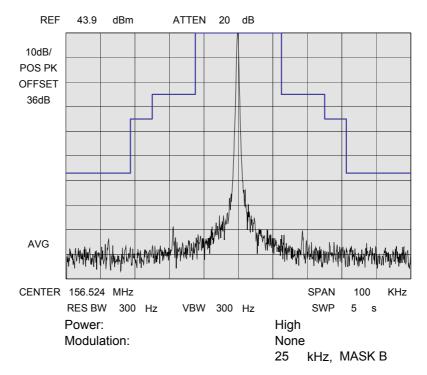


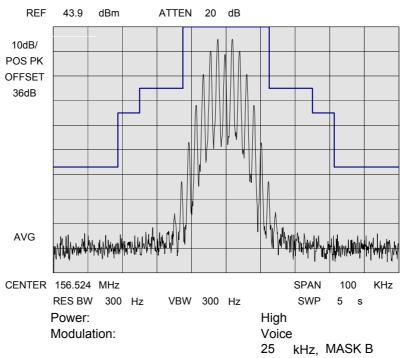
STATE: 1: High Power (DSC 1300Hz)



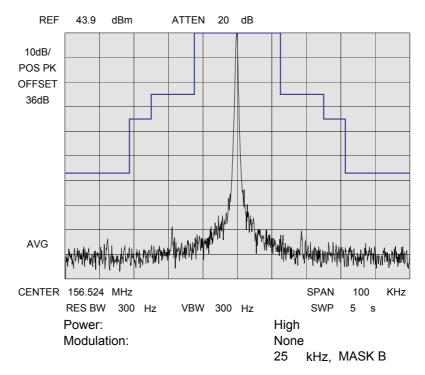


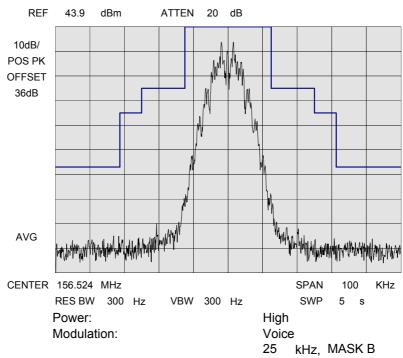
STATE: 2: High Power (DSC 2100Hz)





STATE: 2: High Power (DSC 1300Hz+2100Hz)





NAME OF TEST: Audio Low Pass Filter (Voice Input)

SPECIFICATION: 47 CFR 2.1047 (a)

GUIDE: ANSI/TIA/EIA-603, Paragraph 2.2.15

TEST EQUIPMENT: As per attached page

## MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

1. The EUT and test equipment ware set up such that the audio input was connected at the input of the modulation limiter, and the modulated stage.

2. The audio output was connected at the output to the modulated stage.

3. MEASUREMENT RESULTS: ATTACHED

#### TRANSMITTER TEST SET-UP

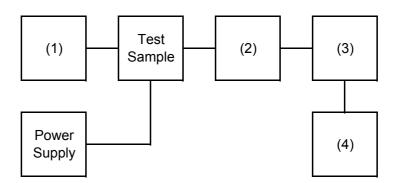
TEST A: MODULATION CAPABILITY / DISTORTION

TEST B: AUDIO FREQUENCY RESPONSE

TEST C: HUM AND NOISE LEVEL

TEST D: RESPONSE OF LOW PASS FILTER

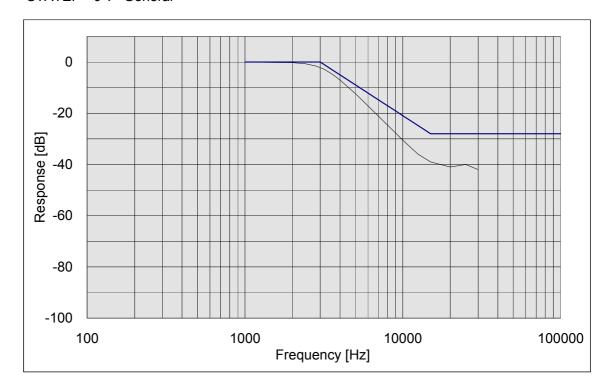
**TEST E: MODULATION KIMITING** 



Instruments	Description	Serial Number
(1) AUDIO GENERATOR	Agilent 8903B	2742A03633
(2) COAXIAL ATTENUATOR	Agilent 8498A	1801A02723
(2) COAXIAL ATTENUATOR	Weinschel 53-30-33	KX496
(3) MODULATION ANALYZER	Agilent 8901B	3026A02806
(4) AUDIO ANALYZER	Agilent 8903B	2742A03633

NAME OF TEST: Audio Low Pass Filter (Voice Input)

STATE: 0 : General



NAME OF TEST: Audio Frequency Response

SPECIFICATION: 47 CFR 2.1047 (a)

GUIDE: ANSI/TIA/EIA-603, Paragraph 2.2.6

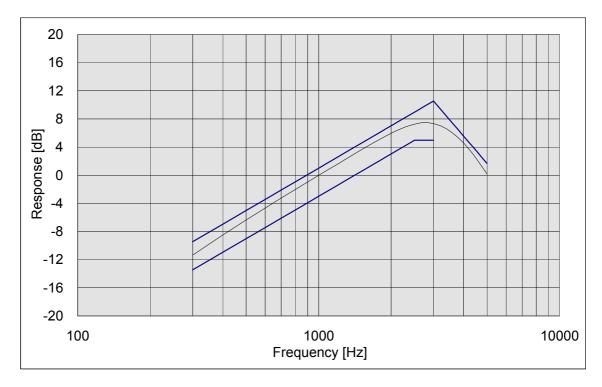
TEST EQUIPMENT: As per previous page

## MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

- 1. The EUT and test equipment ware set up as shown on the following page.
- 2. The audio signal generator was connected to the audio input circuit/microphone of the EUT.
- 3. The audio signal input was adjusted to obtain 20% modulation at 1kHz, and this point was taken as the 0dB reference level.
- 4. Which input levels hold constant and below limiting at all frequencies, the audio signal generator was varied from 100Hz to 5kHz.
- 5. The response in dB relative to 1kHz was then measured, using the Agilent 8901B modulation analyzer.
- 6. MEASUREMENT RESULTS: ATTACHED

## NAME OF TEST: Audio Frequency Response

STATE: 0 : General



PEAK AUDIO FREQUENCY : 2800 [Hz]

NAME OF TEST: Modulation Limiting SPECIFICATION: 47 CFR 2.1047 (b)

GUIDE: ANSI/TIA/EIA-603, Paragraph 2.2.3

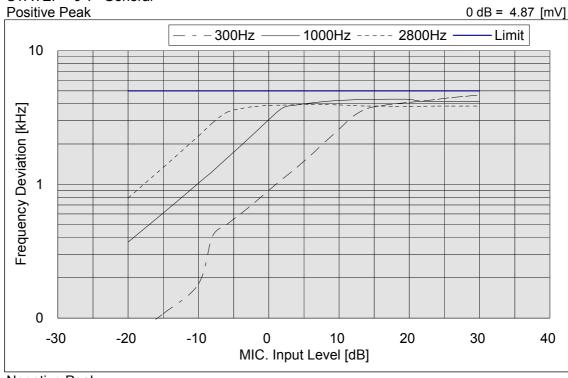
TEST EQUIPMENT: As per previous page

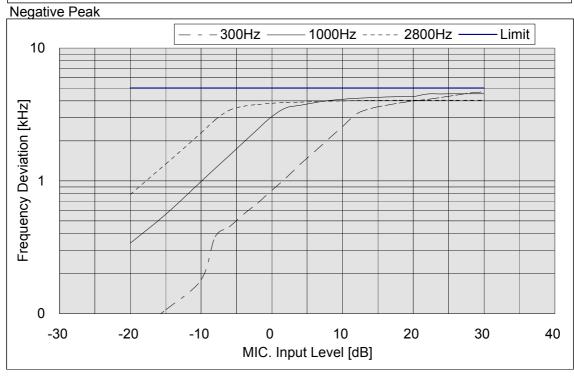
## MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

- 1. The signal generator was connected to the input of the EUT as for "Frequency Response of the Modulating Circuit".
- 2. The modulation response was measured for each of three frequencies (one of which was the frequency of maximum response), and the input voltage was varied and was observed on an Agilent 8901B modulation analyzer.
- 3. The input level was varied from 30% modulation (± 1.5kHz deviation) to at least 20dB higher than the saturation point.
- 4. Measurements ware performed for both negative and positive modulation and the respective results ware recorded.
- 5. MEASUREMENT RESULTS: ATTACHED

## NAME OF TEST: Modulation Limiting

STATE: 0 : General





NAME OF TEST: Frequency Stability (Temperature Variation)

<u>SPECIFICATION:</u> 47 CFR 2.1055 (a) (1)

GUIDE: ANSI/TIA/EIA-603, Paragraph 2.2.2

TEST CONDITIONS: As indicated

TEST EQUIPMENT: As per previous page

## MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

- 1. The EUT and test equipment ware set up as shown on the following page.
- 2. With all power removed, the temperature was decreased to -30 ℃ and permitted to stabilize for three hours. Power was applied and themaximum change in frequency was noted within one minute.
- 3. With power OFF, the temperature was raised in 10°C steps. The sample was permitted to stabilize at each step for at least one-half hour. Power was applied and the maximum frequency change was noted within one minute.
- 4. The temperature tests ware performed for the worst case.
- 5. MEASUREMENT RESULTS: ATTACHED

## TRANSMITTER TEST SET-UP

TEST A: OPERATIONAL STABILITY

TEST B: CARRIER FREQUENCY STABILITY

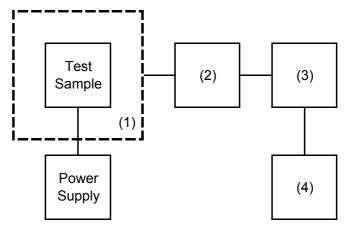
TEST C: OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE STABILITY

TEST D: HUMIDITY TEST E: VIBRATION

TEST F: ENVIRONMENTAL TEMPERATURE

TEST G: FREQUENCY STABILITY, YOU TAGE VARIATION

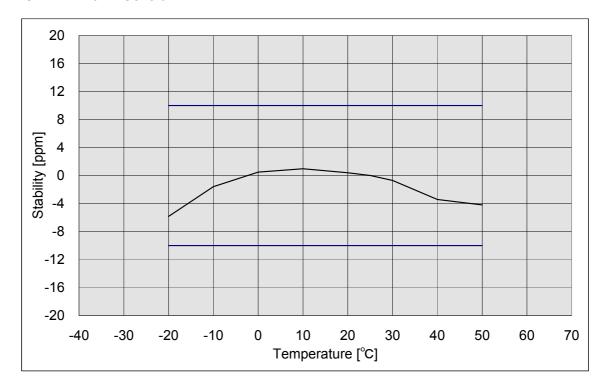




Instruments	Description	Serial Number
(1) TEMPERATURE CHAMBER	ETAC FX4100	C8031K01
(2) COAXIAL ATTENUATOR	Weinschel 53-30-33	KX496
(3) POWER METER	Agilent 436A	2604A25299
(4) FREQUENCY COUNTER	Agilent 8901B FREQUENCY MODE	3026A02806

NAME OF TEST: Frequency Stability (Temperature Variation)

STATE: 0 : General



NAME OF TEST: Frequency Stability (Voltage Variation)

SPECIFICATION: 47 CFR 2.1055 (b)

GUIDE: ANSI/TIA/EIA-603, Paragraph 2.2.2

TEST EQUIPMENT: As per previous page

## MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

1. The EUT was placed in a temperature chamber at 25±5℃ and connected as for "Frequency Stability - Temperature Variation" test.

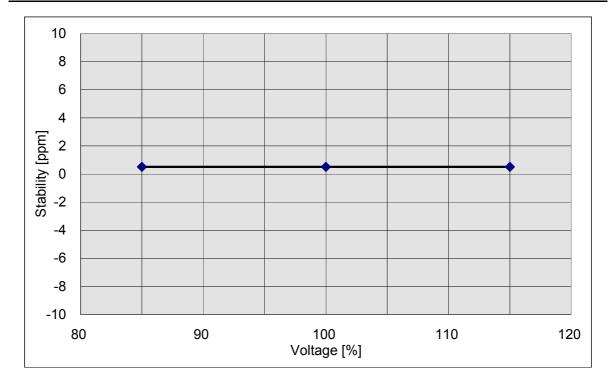
- 2. The power supply voltage to the EUT was varied from 85% to 115% of the nominal value measured at the input to the EUT.
- 3. The variation in frequency was measured for the worst case.

RESULTS: Frequency Stability (Voltage Variation)

STATE: 0 : General

LIMIT', ppm = 10.0 LIMIT', Hz = 1568

% of STV	Voltage	Frequency, MHz	Change, Hz	Change, ppm
85	11.73	156.800080	80	0.51
100	13.80	156.800080	80	0.51
115	15.87	156.800080	80	0.51



NAME OF TEST: Necessary Bandwidth and Emission Bandwidth

SPECIFICATION: 47 CFR 2.202 (g)

MODULATION = 16K0F3E

## **NECESSARY BANDWIDTH CALUCULATION:**

MAXIMUM MODULATION (M), kHz = 3 MAXIMUM DEVIATION (D), kHz = 5 CONSTANT FACTOR (K) = 1

NECESSARY BANDWIDTH (BN), kHz = (2xM) + (2xDxK)

= 16.0

NAME OF TEST: Receiver Spurious Emissions (Conducted)

STATE: 0 : General

All other emissions in the required measurement range ware mora than

20dB below the required limits.

**MEASUREMENT RESULTS** 

	FREQUENCY	FREQUENCY	LEVEL,	LEVEL,
	TUNED, MHz	EMISSION, MHz	dBm	nW
_	156.800	135.400	-76.0	0.0251
	156.525	135.125	-77.0	0.0200

NAME OF TEST: Receiver Spurious Emissions (Radiated)

STATE: 0 : General

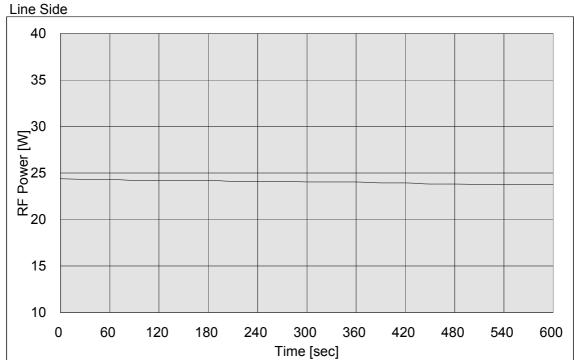
All other emissions in the required measurement range ware mora than 20dB below the required limits.

<b>MEASUREMENT</b>	<b>RESULTS</b>
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 FREQUENCY	FREQUENCY	LEVEL,	@m	CF,	uV/m
TUNED, MHz	EMISSION, MHz	dBuV		dB	
156.800	1338.833	54.3	3	-8.6	192.5
156.800	1475.000	54.2	3	-7.3	219.8
156.800	1744.167	49.5	3	-5.4	160.3
156.800	1899.333	49.0	3	-4.3	171.5

NAME OF TEST: Power Output Over Time SPECIFICATION: 47 CFR 80.959 (c) (1) (2) & (3)

STATE: 0 : General



NAME OF TEST: Subpart T G3E Emissions SPECIFICATION: 47 CFR 80.961 (a) & (b)

## MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

- (a) The receiver is capable of reception of G3E Emissions on the required frequencires.
- (b) The sensitivity of the receiver at 20dB SINAD is better than:

Sensitivity, dBm = -120 Sensitivity, uV = 0.224