REPORT ON Radio testing of the VERTEX STANDARD VX-4201-0-10 In accordance with ANSI/TIA/EIA-603, RSS-119

Report number TA000171

November 2004

GENERAL INFORMATION

MODEL NAME: VX-4201-0-10

FCC ID/IC ID: K6610353030/511B-1353030

MANUFACTURER: Vertex Standard Co., Ltd.

TRADE NAME: VERTEX STANDARD

EUT DESCRIPTION: VHF FM Transceiver

SERIAL NUMBER: 4M000001

VOLTAGE RQUIREMENTS: 13.6 [V]

DC

NUMBER OF CHANNELS: 501

SPECIFICATION ARE REFERENCED: ANSI/TIA/EIA-603

RSS-119

TRANSMITTERS

TYPE OF EMISSION: 16K0F3E, 11K0F3E

FREQUENCY RANGE: 134 to 174 [MHz] POWER OUTPUT RATING: 2 to 10 [W]

MAXIMUM POWER RATING:300[W]INPUT IMPEDANCE (MIC):600 $[\Omega]$ OUTPUT IMPEDANCE (RF):50 $[\Omega]$ Collector Voltage:13.6[V]Collector Current:2.7[A]

RECEIVERS

FREQUENCY RANGE: 134 to 174 [MHz] INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCIES: 1st 50.85 [MHz] 2nd 450 [kHz] INPUT IMPEDANCE (RF): 50 $[\Omega]$ OUTPUT IMPEDANCE (SP): 4 $[\Omega]$ AUDIO OUTPUT POWER: 12 [W]

This report was prepared by Vertex Standard Co., Ltd.

Test performed by N.Tamakoshi

Date 10 / November /2004

VX-4201-0-10 Channel Settings

| | | Transmit | Receive | | Pow | or. |
|--------|--------------|-----------|-----------|------------|------|-----|
| CH No. | Shown on LCD | Frequency | Frequency | CH Spacing | 1 OW | E1 |
| | | [MHz] | [MHz] | | High | Low |
| 1 | 134_WH | 134.000 | 134.000 | 25k | 10W | |
| 2 | 154_WH | 154.000 | 154.000 | 25k | 10W | |
| 3 | 174_WH | 174.000 | 174.000 | 25k | 10W | |
| 4 | 134_NH | 134.000 | 134.000 | 12.5k | 10W | |
| 5 | 154_NH | 154.000 | 154.000 | 12.5k | 10W | |
| 6 | 174_NH | 174.000 | 174.000 | 12.5k | 10W | |
| 7 | 134_WL | 134.000 | 134.000 | 25k | | 2W |
| 8 | 154_WL | 154.000 | 154.000 | 25k | | 2W |
| 9 | 174_WL | 174.000 | 174.000 | 25k | | 2W |
| 10 | 134_NL | 134.000 | 134.000 | 12.5k | | 2W |
| 11 | 154_NL | 154.000 | 154.000 | 12.5k | | 2W |
| 12 | 174_NL | 174.000 | 174.000 | 12.5k | | 2W |
| 13 | | | | | | |
| 14 | | | | | | |
| 15 | | | | | | |
| 16 | | | | | | |
| 17 | | | | | | |
| 18 | | | | | | |
| 19 | | | | | | |
| 20 | | | | | | |

NAME OF TEST: R.F. Power Output (Conducted)

SPECIFICATION: 47 CFR 2.1046 (a)

GUIDE: ANSI/TIA/EIA-603, Paragraph 2.2.1

TEST EQUIPMENT: As per attached page

MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

1. The EUT was connected to a resistive coaxial attenuator of normal load impedance, and the modulated output powerwas measured by means of an R.F. power meter.

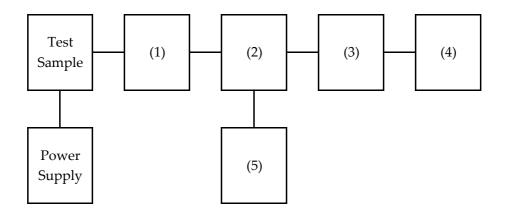
2. Measurement accuracy is $\pm 4\%$

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

| NOMINAL MUZ | CHANNEL | R.F. POWEI | R, WATTS |
|--------------|---------|------------|----------|
| NOMINAL, MHz | CHANNEL | LOW | HIGH |
| 134.000 | 1 | 2.150 | 10.410 |
| 154.000 | 2 | 2.300 | 11.000 |
| 174.000 | 3 | 2.270 | 10.750 |

TRANSMITTER POWER CONDUCTED MEASUREMENTS

TEST 1: R.F. POWER OUTPUT TEST 2: FREQUENCY STABILITY



| Instruments | Description | Serial Number |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| (1) COAXUAL ATTENUATOR | WEINSCHELL 49-10-43 | *** |
| (2) RF COUPLER | ADVANTEST TR4153 | *** |
| (3) POWER SENSOR | Agilent 8482B | *** |
| (4) POWER METER | Agilent 8901B POWER MODE | *** |
| (5) FREQUENCY COUNTER | Agilent 8901B FREQUENCY MOD | *** |

NAME OF TEST: Unwanted Emissions (Conducted)

SPECIFICATION: 47 CFR 2.1051

GUIDE: ANSI/TIA/EIA-603, Paragraph 2.2.13

TEST EQUIPMENT: As per attached page

MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

1. The emissions were measured for the worst case as follows:

- (a): within a band of frequencies defined by the carrier frequency plus and minus one channel.
- (b): from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT and to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency, or 40GHz, whichever is lower.
- 2. The magnitude of spurious emissions that are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible value need not be specified.
- 3. MEASUREMENT RESULTS:

FREQUENCY OF CARRIER, MHz = 134 , 154 , 174

SPECTRUM SEARCHED, GHz = 0 to 10 x Fc

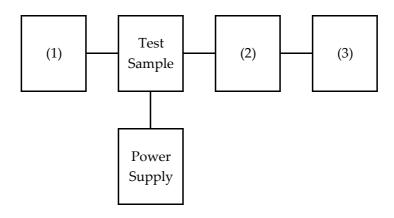
MAXIMUM RESPONSE, Hz = 2600

ALL OTHER EMISSIONS = >= 20dB BELOW LIMIT

TRANSMITTER SPURIOUS EMISSION

TEST 1: OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (IN-BAND SPURIOUS)

TEST 2: OUT-OF-BAND SPURIOUS



| Instruments | Description | Serial Number |
|------------------------|---------------------|---------------|
| (1) AUDIO GENERATOR | Agilent 8903B | *** |
| (2) COAXUAL ATTENUATOR | WEINSCHELL 49-10-43 | *** |
| (2) COAXUAL ATTENUATOR | Agilent 8498A | *** |
| (3) SPECTRUM ANALYZER | ADVANTEST TR4173 | *** |

NAME OF TEST: Unwanted Emissions (Conducted)

LIMIT'S), dBc: -(50+10xLOG(P)) = -60 (10 Watts) -(50+10xLOG(P)) = -53 (2 Watts)

High Power

| FREQUENCY | FREQUENCY | LEVEL, | LEVEL, | MARGIN, |
|------------|---------------|--------|--------|---------|
| TUNED, MHz | EMISSION, MHz | dBm | dBc | dB |
| 134,0000 | 268.0000 | -29.4 | -69.4 | 9.4 |

NAME OF TEST: Unwanted Emissions (Conducted)

LIMIT'S), dBc: -(50+10xLOG(P)) = -60 (10 Watts) -(50+10xLOG(P)) = -53 (2 Watts)

Low Power

| FREQUENCY | FREQUENCY | LEVEL, | LEVEL, | MARGIN, |
|------------|---------------|--------|--------|---------|
| TUNED, MHz | EMISSION, MHz | dBm | dBc | dB |
| 134.0000 | | < -40 | < -73 | |
| 154.0000 | | < -40 | < -73 | |
| 174.0000 | | < -40 | < -73 | |

SPECIFICATION: 47 CFR 2.1053 (a)

GUIDE: ANSI/TIA/EIA-603, Paragraph 1.2.12

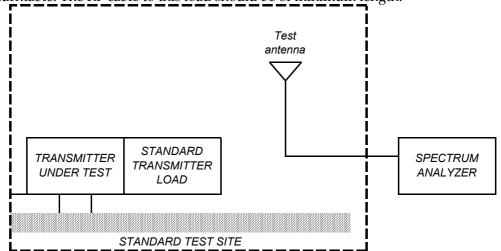
MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

1.2.12.1 Definition: Radiated spurious emissions are emissions from the equipment when transmitting load on a frequency or frequencies which are outside an occupied band sufficient to ensure transmission of information of required quality for the class of communications desired.

1.2.12.2 Method of measurement

- A) Connect the equipment as illustrated.
- B) Adjust the spectrum analyzer for the following settings:
 - 1) Resolution Bandwidth <= 3kHz
 - 2) Video Bandwidth \geq 10kHz
 - 3) Sweep Speed <= 2000Hz/second
 - 4) Detector Mode = Positive Peak
- C) Place the transmitter to be tested on the turntable in the standard test site.

 The transmitter is transmitting into a non-radiating load which is placed on the turntable. The RF cable to this load should be of minimum length.



- D) For each spurious measurment the test antenna should be adjusted to the correct length for the frequency involved. This length maybe determined from a calibration ruler supplied with the equipment. Measurements shall be made from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment to the tenth harmonic of the carrier, except for the region close to the carrier quual to \pm the test bandwidth (see section 1.3.4.4).
- E) For each spurious frequency, raise and lower the test antenna from 1 m to 4 m to obtain a maximum reading on the spectrum analyzer with the test antenna at horizontal polarity.

NAME OF TEST:

Field Strength of Spurious Radiation

Repeat step E) for each spurious frequency with the test antenna polarized vertically

Substitution Test antenna

RF SIGNAL GENERATOR

SPECTRUM ANALYZER

- G) Reconnect the equipment as illustrated.
- H) Keep the spectrum analyzer adjusted as in step B).

STANDARD TEST SITE

- I) Remove the transmitter and replace it with a substitution antenna (the antenna should be half-wavelength for each frequency involved).

 The center of the substitutuion antenna should be approximately at the same location as the center of the transmitter. At lower frequencies, where the substitution antenna is very long, this will be impossible to achieve when the antenna is plarized vertically. In such case the lower end of the antenna should be 0.3m above the ground.
- J) Feed the substitution antenna at the transmitter end with a signal generator connected to the antenna by means of a non-radiating cable. With the antennas at both ends horizontally polarized and with the signal generator tuned to a particular spurious frequency, raise and lower the test antenna to obtain a maximum reading at the spectrum analyzer. Adjust the level of the signal generator output untill the previusl recorded maximum reading for the set of conditions is obtained. This should be done carefully repeating the adjustment of the test antenna and generator output.
- K) Repeat step J) with both antennas vertically polarized for each spurious frequency.
- L) Calculate power in dBm into a reference ideal half-wave dipole antenna by reducing the readings obtained in step J) and K) by the power loss in the cable between the generator and the antenna and futher corrected for the gain of the substitution antenna used relative to an ideal half-wave dipole antenna.
- M) The levels recorded in step L) are absolute levels of radiated spurious emissions in dBm. The radiated spurious emissions in dB can be calculated by the following:

Radiated spurious emissions dB = 10log(TX power in watts/0.001) - the levels in step L)

Note: It is permissible that other antennas provided can be referenced to a dipole.

| Instruments | Description | Serial Number |
|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------|
| TRANSDUCER | Schaffner-Chase CBL6143 | *** |
| TRANSDUCER | EMCO 3115 | *** |
| AMPLIFIER | Agilent 8447D | *** |
| AMPLIFIER | Agilent 8449B | *** |
| SPECTRUM ANALYZER | Agilent 8561B | *** |

LIMIT'S), dBc: -(50+10xLOG(P)) = -60 (10 Watts) -(50+10xLOG(P)) = -53 (2 Watts)

High Power

| , | FREQUENCY | FREQUENCY | METER, | C.F., | ERP, | ERP, |
|---|------------|---------------|--------|-------|-------|-------|
| | TUNED, MHz | EMISSION, MHz | dBuV | dB | dBm | dBc |
| | 134.0000 | 670.0000 | 39.7 | 30.1 | -37.2 | -77.2 |
| | 154.0000 | 770.0000 | 38.3 | 31.9 | -36.8 | -76.8 |
| | 174.0000 | 870.0000 | 40.1 | 31.4 | -35.5 | -75.5 |

LIMIT'S), dBc: -(50+10xLOG(P)) = -60 (10 Watts) -(50+10xLOG(P)) = -53 (2 Watts)

Low Power

| FREQUENCY | FREQUENCY | METER, | C.F., | ERP, | ERP, |
|------------|---------------|--------|-------|-------|-------|
| TUNED, MHz | EMISSION, MHz | dBuV | dB | dBm | dBc |
| 134.0000 | 670.0000 | 39.9 | 30.1 | -37.0 | -70.0 |
| 134.0000 | 770.0000 | 38.6 | 31.9 | -36.5 | -69.5 |
| 174.0000 | 870.0000 | 40.6 | 31.4 | -35.0 | -68.0 |

<u>SPECIFICATION:</u> 47 CFR 2.1049 (c) (1)

GUIDE: ANSI/TIA/EIA-603, Paragraph 2.2.11

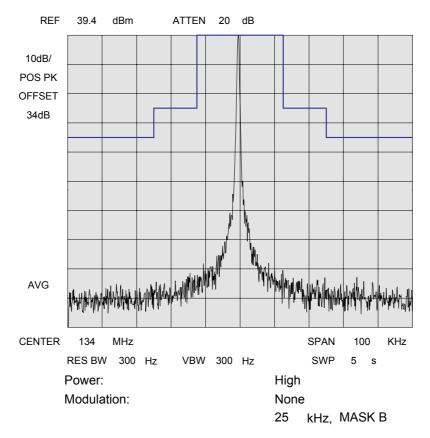
TEST EQUIPMENT: As per previous page

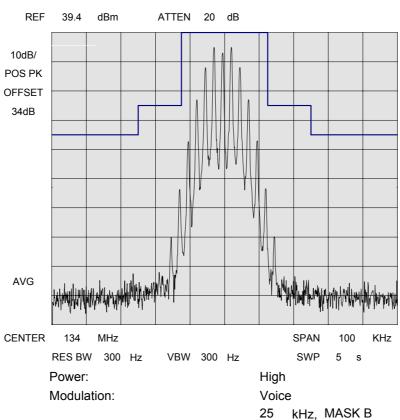
MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

1. The EUT and test equipment ware set up as shown on the following page, with the spectrum analyzer connected.

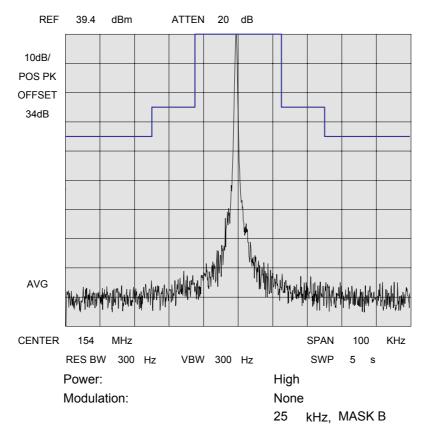
- 2. For EUT's supporting audio modulation, the audio signal generator was adjusted to the frequency of maxmum response and with output level set for ±2.5/±1.5kHz deviation (or 50% modulation). With level constant, the signal level was increased 16dB.
- 3. For EUT's supporting digital modulation, the digital modulation mode was operated to its maximum extent.
- 4. The occupied bandwidth was measured with the spectrum analyzer controls set as shown on the test results.
- 5. MEASUREMENT RESULTS: ATTACHED

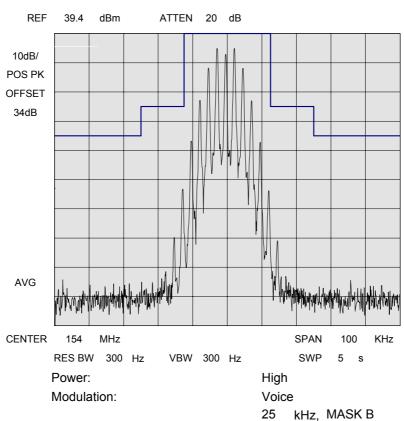
STATE: 1: High Power



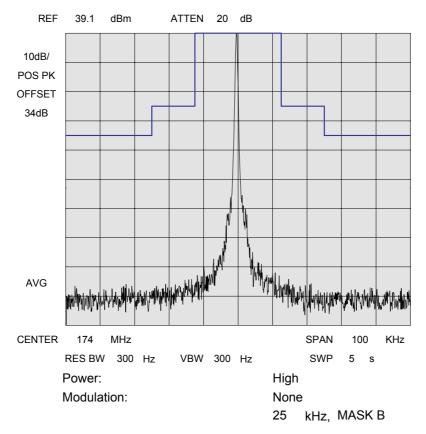


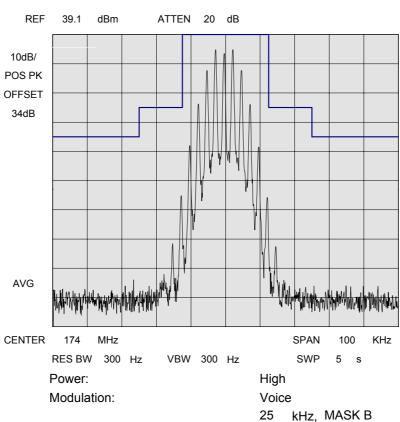
STATE: 1: High Power



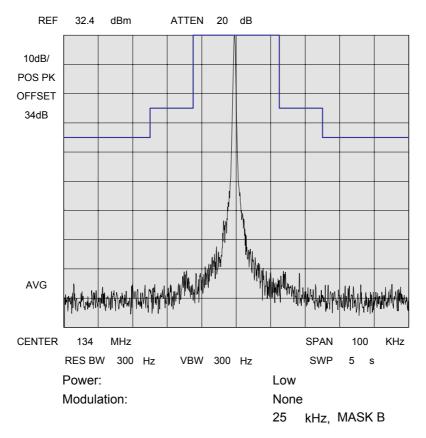


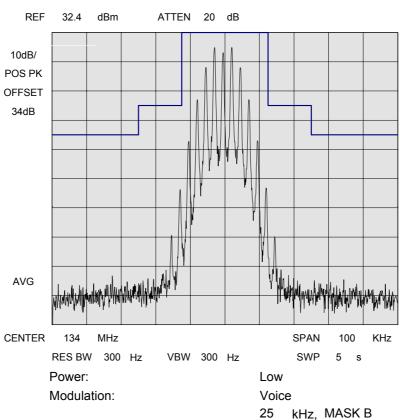
STATE: 1: High Power



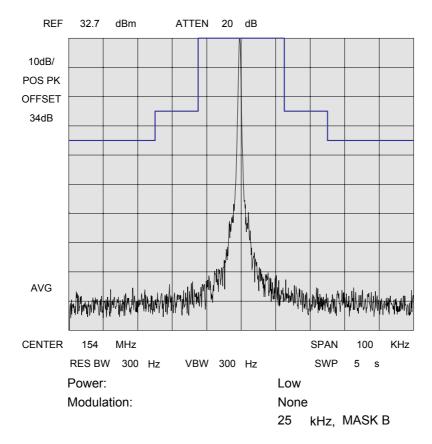


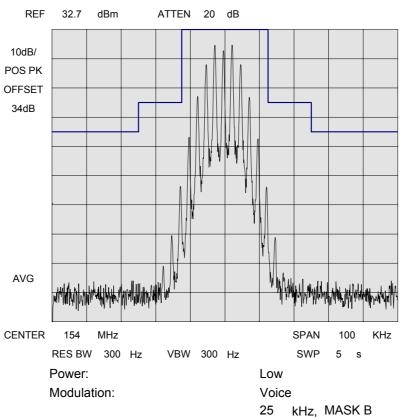
STATE: 2: Low Power



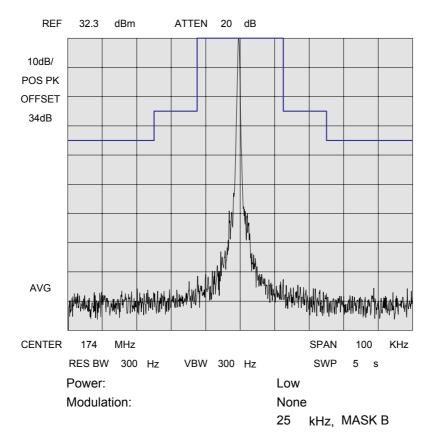


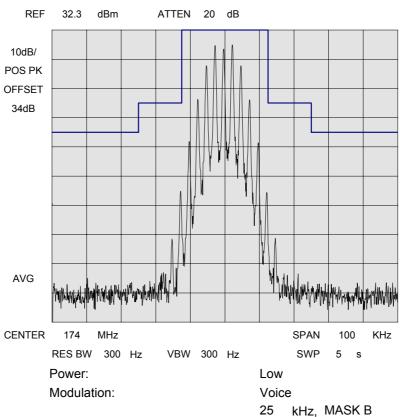
STATE: 2: Low Power



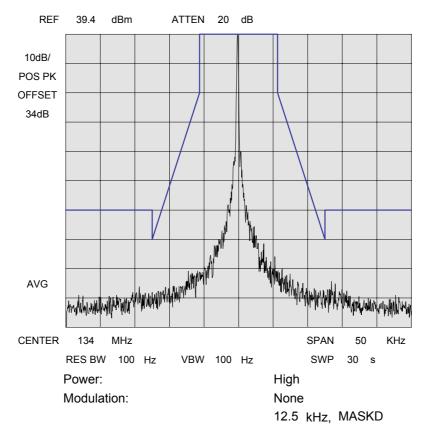


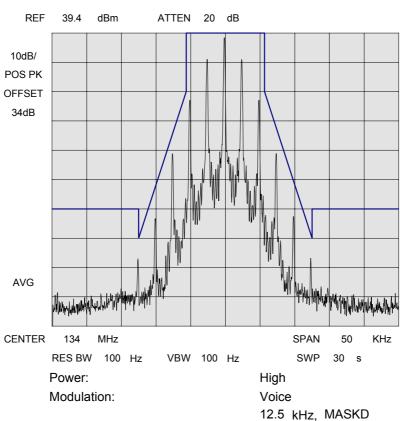
STATE: 2: Low Power



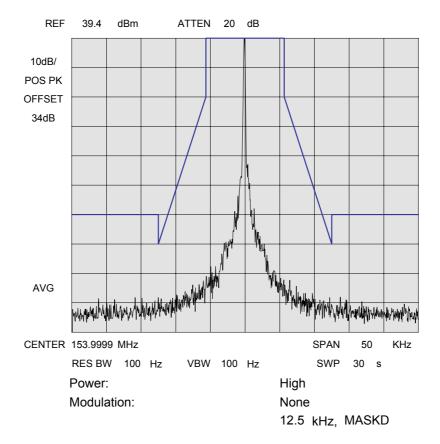


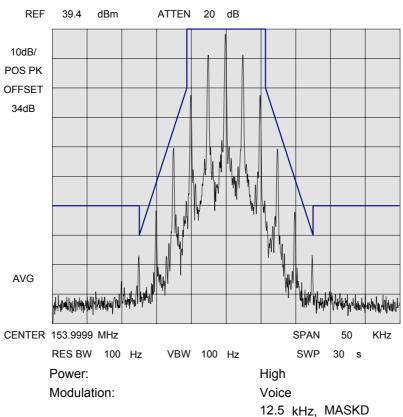
STATE: 1: High Power



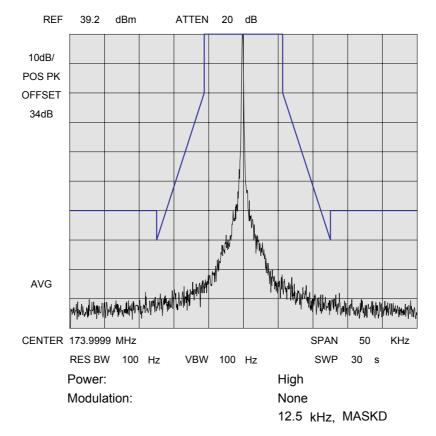


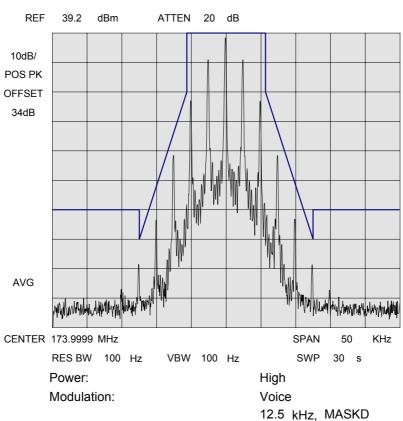
STATE: 1: High Power



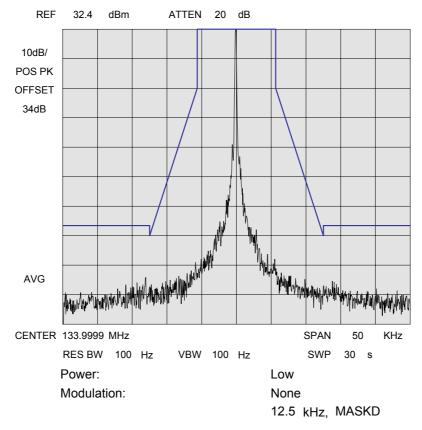


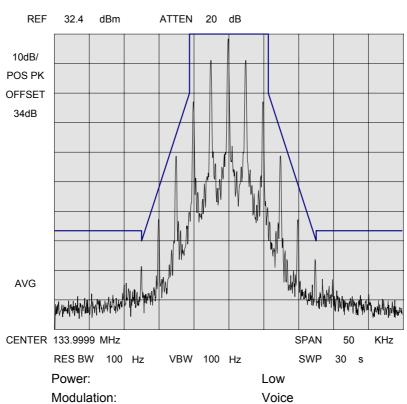
STATE: 1: High Power





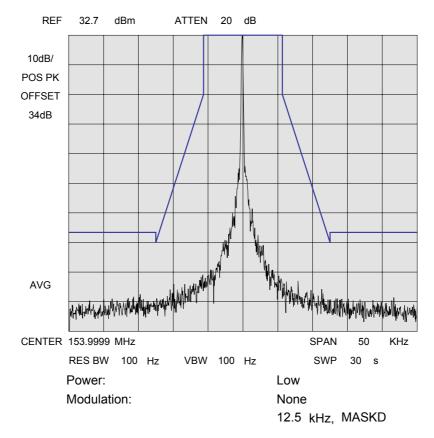
STATE: 2: Low Power

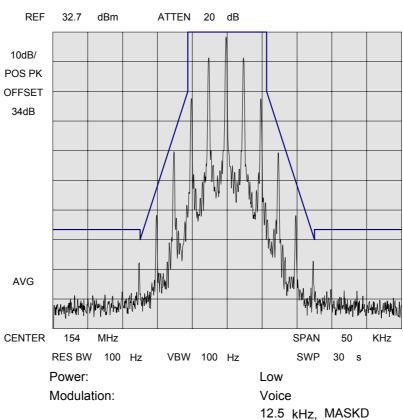




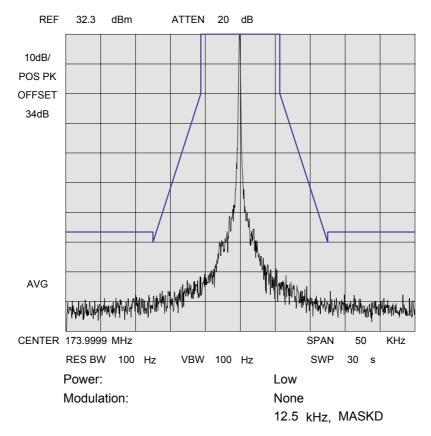
12.5 kHz, MASKD

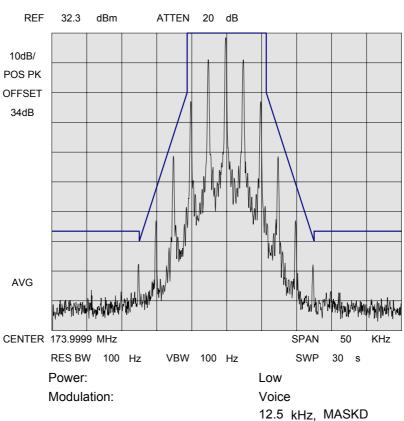
STATE: 2: Low Power



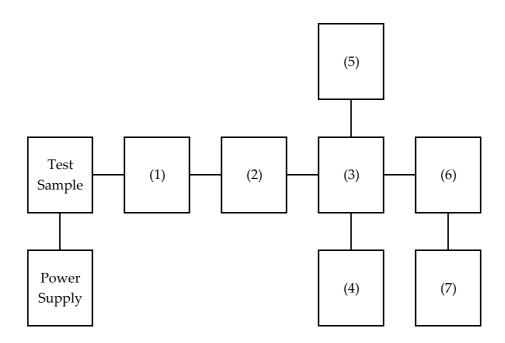


STATE: 2: Low Power



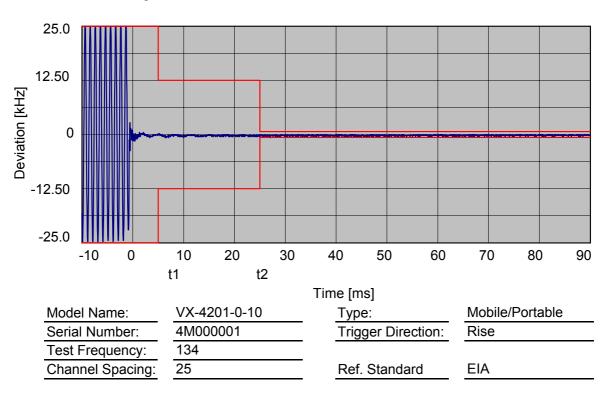


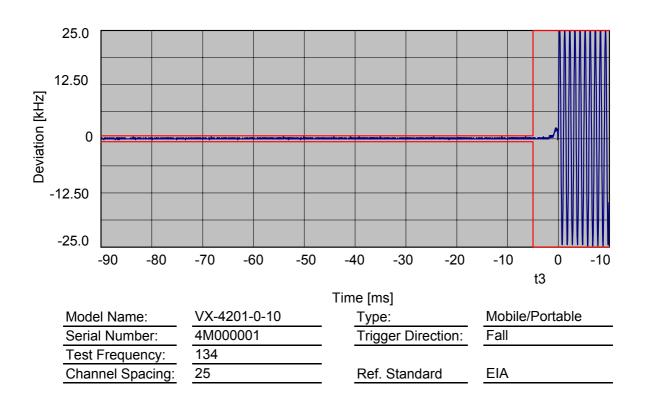
TRANSIENT FREQUENCY BEHAVIOR



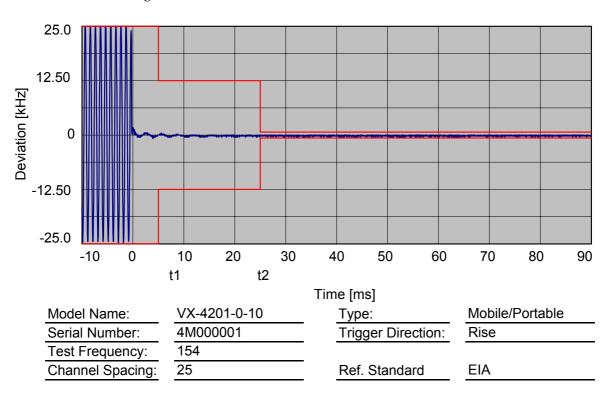
| Instruments | Description | Serial Number |
|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------|
| (1) COAXUAL ATTENUATOR | WEINSCHELL 49-10-43 | *** |
| (2) COAXUAL ATTENUATOR | WEINSCHELL 49-10-43 | *** |
| (3) COMBINER | IWATSU B-504D | *** |
| (4) CRYSTAL DETECTOR | Agilent 8470B | *** |
| (5) RF SIGNAL GENERATOR | Agilent 8642B | *** |
| (5) MODULATION ANALYZER | Agilent 8901B | *** |
| (5) SCOPE | Agilent 54504A | *** |

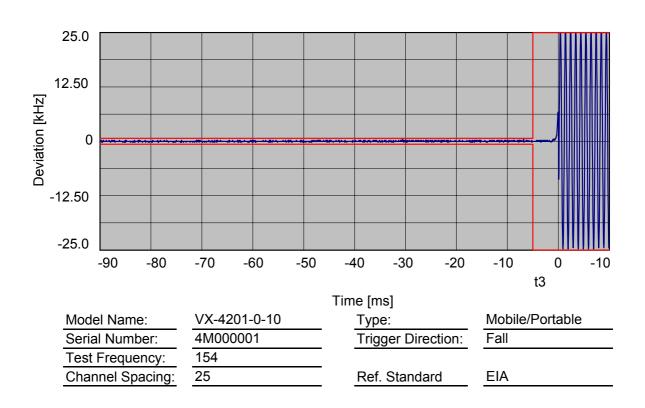
STATE: 1: High Power





STATE: 1: High Power

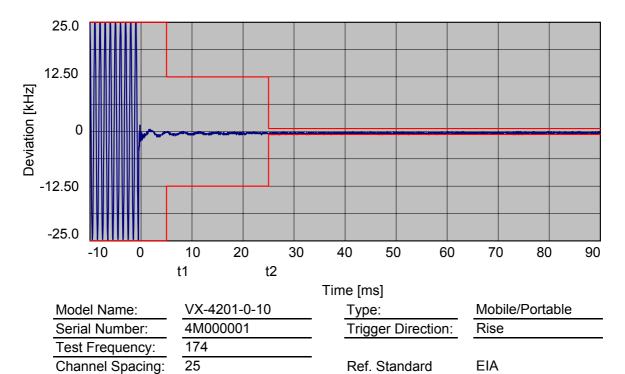


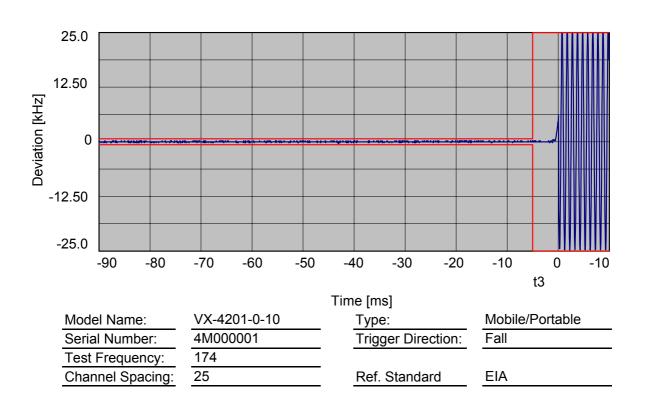


NAME OF TEST:

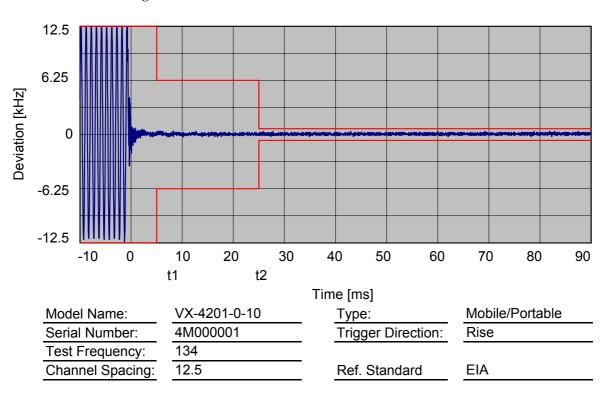
Transient Frequency Behaviour

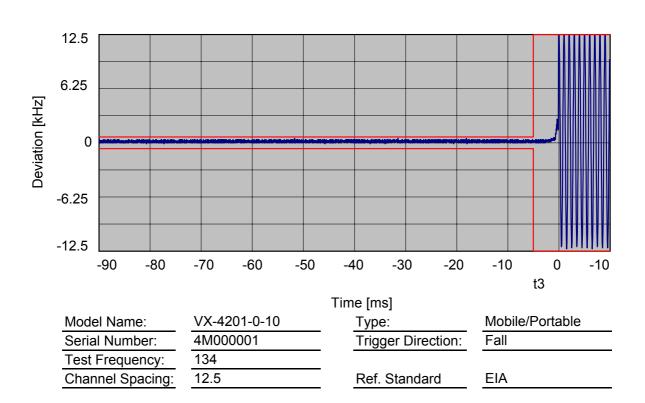
STATE: 1: High Power



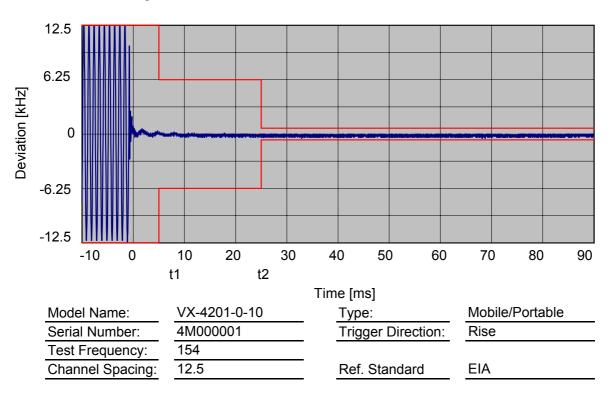


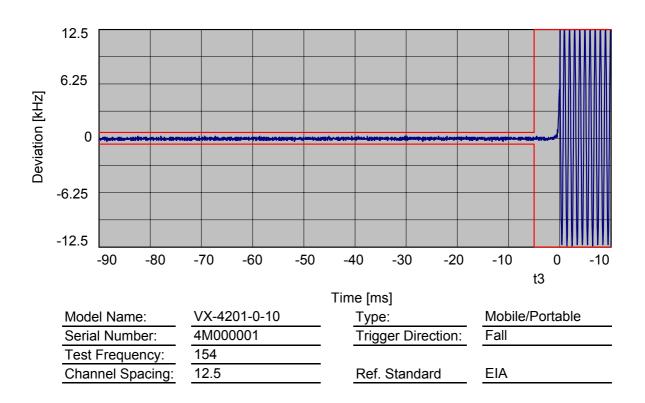
STATE: 1: High Power



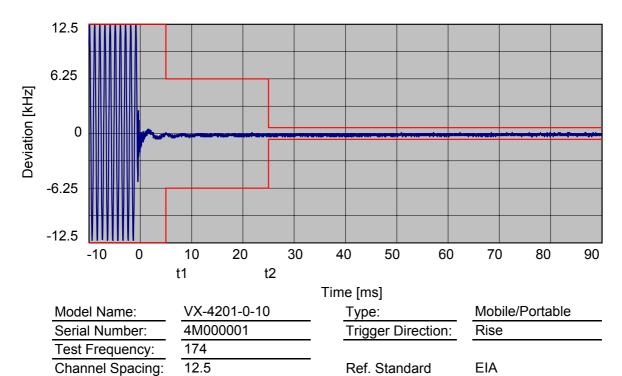


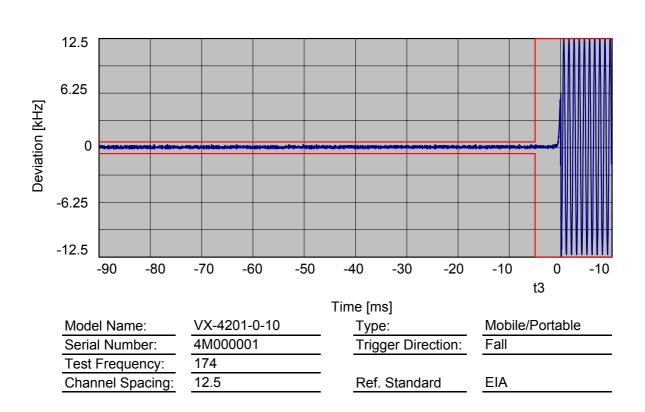
STATE: 1: High Power





STATE: 1: High Power





NAME OF TEST: Audio Low Pass Filter (Voice Input)

SPECIFICATION: 47 CFR 2.1047 (a)

GUIDE: ANSI/TIA/EIA-603, Paragraph 2.2.15

TEST EQUIPMENT: As per attached page

MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

1. The EUT and test equipment ware set up such that the audio input was connected at the input of the modulation limiter, and the modulated stage.

2. The audio output was connected at the output to the modulated stage.

3. MEASUREMENT RESULTS: ATTACHED

TRANSMITTER TEST SET-UP

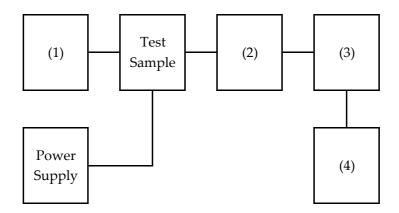
TEST A: MODULATION CAPABILITY / DISTORTION

TEST B: AUDIO FREQUENCY RESPONSE

TEST C: HUM AND NOISE LEVEL

TEST D: RESPONSE OF LOW PASS FILTER

TEST E: MODULATION KIMITING

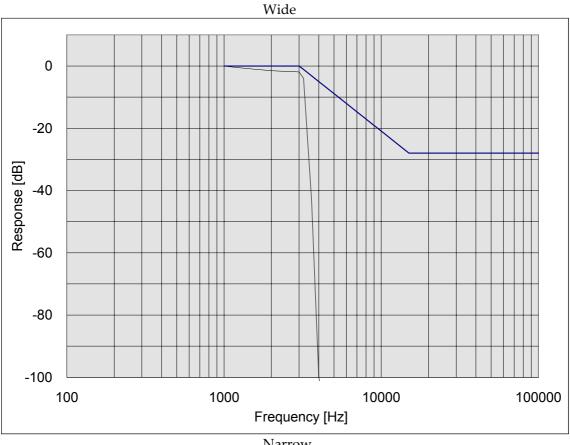


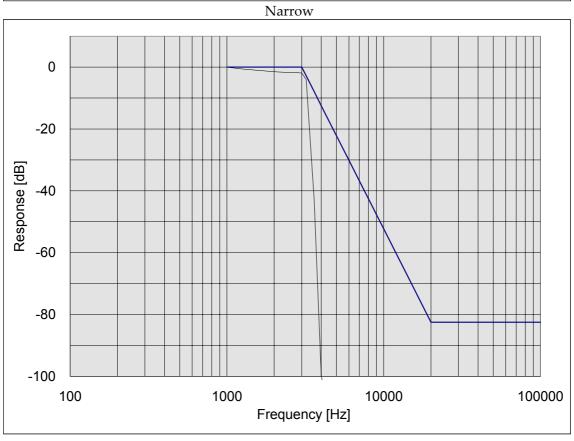
| Instruments | Description | Serial Number |
|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| (1) AUDIO GENERATOR | Agilent 8903B | *** |
| (2) COAXIAL ATTENUATOR | Agilent 8498A | *** |
| (3) MODULATION ANALYZER | Agilent 8901B | *** |
| (4) AUDIO ANALYZER | Agilent 8903B | *** |

NAME OF TEST:

Audio Low Pass Filter (Voice Input)

STATE: 0 : General





NAME OF TEST: Audio Frequency Response

SPECIFICATION: 47 CFR 2.1047 (a)

GUIDE: ANSI/TIA/EIA-603, Paragraph 2.2.6

TEST EQUIPMENT: As per previous page

MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

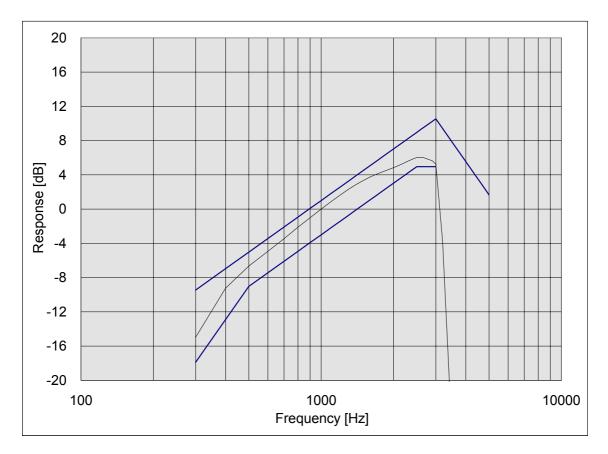
1. The EUT and test equipment ware set up as shown on the following page.

- 2. The audio signal generator was connected to the audio input circuit/microphone of the EUT.
- 3. The audio signal input was adjusted to obtain 20% modulation at 1kHz, and this point was taken as the 0dB reference level.
- 4. Which input levels hold constant and below limiting at all frequencies, the audio signal generator was varied from 100Hz to 5kHz.
- 5. The response in dB relative to 1kHz was then measured, using the Agilent 8901B modulation analyzer.
- 6. MEASUREMENT RESULTS: ATTACHED

NAME OF TEST:

Audio Frequency Response

STATE: 0 : General



PEAK AUDIO FREQUENCY : 2600 [Hz]

NAME OF TEST: Modulation Limiting SPECIFICATION: 47 CFR 2.1047 (b)

GUIDE: ANSI/TIA/EIA-603, Paragraph 2.2.3

TEST EQUIPMENT: As per previous page

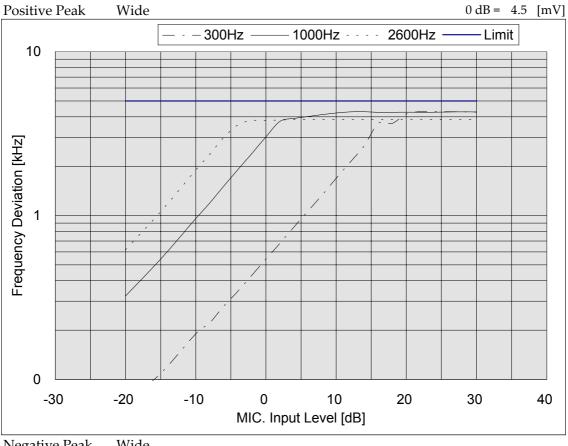
MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

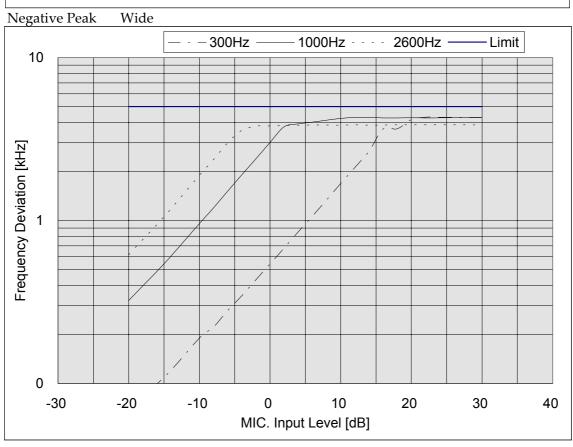
- 1. The signal generator was connected to the input of the EUT as for "Frequency Response of the Modulating Circuit".
- 2. The modulation response was measured for each of three frequencies (one of which was the frequency of maximum response), and the input voltage was varied and was observed on an Agilent 8901B modulation analyzer.
- 3. The input level was varied from 30% modulation (± 1.5kHz deviation) to at least 20dB higher than the saturation point.
- 4. Measurements ware performed for both negative and positive modulation and the respective results ware recorded.
- 5. MEASUREMENT RESULTS: ATTACHED

NAME OF TEST:

Modulation Limiting

STATE: 0 : General

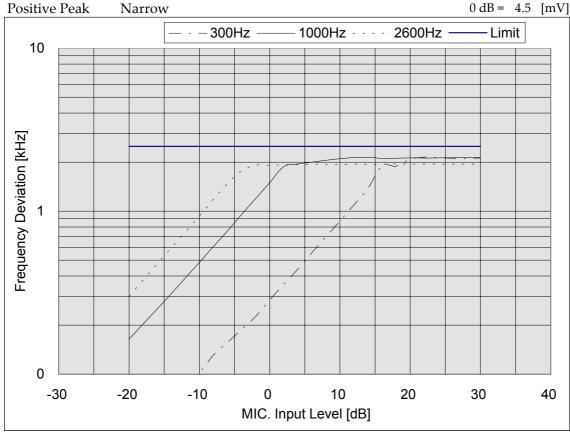




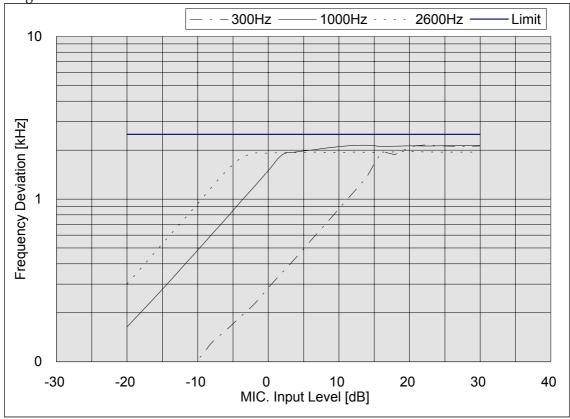
NAME OF TEST: Modulation Limiting

STATE: 0 : General









NAME OF TEST: Frequency Stability (Temperature Variation)

<u>SPECIFICATION:</u> 47 CFR 2.1055 (a) (1)

GUIDE: ANSI/TIA/EIA-603, Paragraph 2.2.2

TEST CONDITIONS: As indicated

TEST EQUIPMENT: As per previous page

MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

1. The EUT and test equipment ware set up as shown on the following page.

- 2. With all power removed, the temperature was decreased to -30°C and permitted to stabilize for three hours. Power was applied and themaximum change in frequency was noted within one minute.
- 3. With power OFF, the temperature was raised in 10° C steps. The sample was permitted to stabilize at each step for at least one-half hour. Power was applied and the maximum frequency change was noted within one minute.
- 4. The temperature tests ware performed for the worst case.
- 5. MEASUREMENT RESULTS: ATTACHED

TRANSMITTER TEST SET-UP

TEST A: OPERATIONAL STABILITY

TEST B: CARRIER FREQUENCY STABILITY

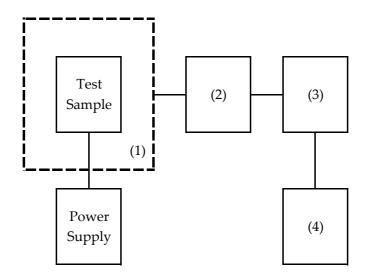
TEST C: OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE STABILITY

TEST D: HUMIDITY TEST E: VIBRATION

TEST F: ENVIRONMENTAL TEMPERATURE

TEST G: FREQUENCY STABILITY, TEMPERATURE VARIATION

TEST H: FREQUENCY STABILITY, VOLTAGE VARIATION

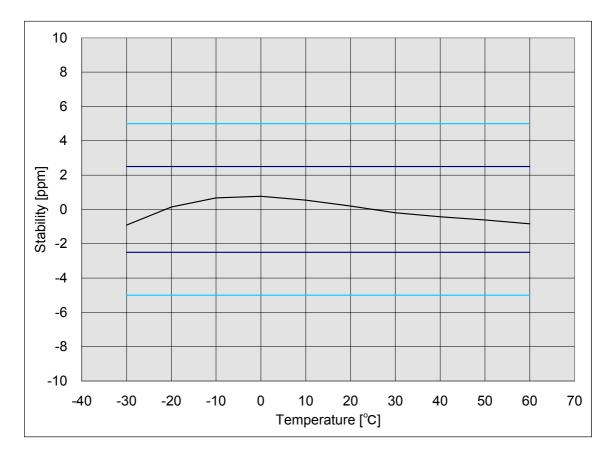


| Instruments | Description | Serial Number |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| (1) TEMPERATURE CHAMBER | ETAC FX4100 | *** |
| (2) COAXIAL ATTENUATOR | Weinschel 53-30-33 | *** |
| (3) POWER METER | Agilent 436A | *** |
| (4) FREQUENCY COUNTER | Agilent 8901B FREQUENCY MOD | *** |

NAME OF TEST:

Frequency Stability (Temperature Variation)

STATE: 0 : General



NAME OF TEST: Frequency Stability (Voltage Variation)

SPECIFICATION: 47 CFR 2.1055 (b)

GUIDE: ANSI/TIA/EIA-603, Paragraph 2.2.2

TEST EQUIPMENT: As per previous page

MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

1. The EUT was placed in a temperature chamber at $25\pm5^{\circ}$ C and connected as for "Frequency Stability - Temperature Variation" test.

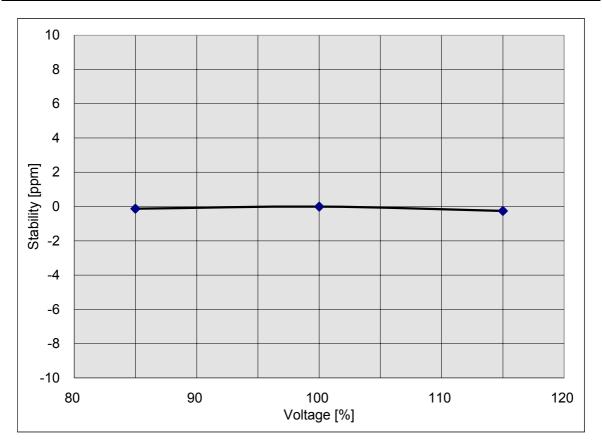
- 2. The power supply voltage to the EUT was varied from 85% to 115% of the nominal value measured at the input to the EUT.
- 3. The variation in frequency was measured for the worst case.

<u>RESULTS:</u> Frequency Stability (Voltage Variation)

STATE: 0 : General

LIMIT', ppm = 2.5 LIMIT', Hz = 385

| % of STV | Voltage | Frequency, MHz | Change, Hz | Change, ppm |
|----------|---------|----------------|------------|-------------|
| 85 | 11.56 | 153.999980 | -20 | -0.13 |
| 100 | 13.60 | 154.000000 | 0 | 0.00 |
| 115 | 15.64 | 153.999960 | -40 | -0.26 |



NAME OF TEST: Necessary Bandwidth and Emission Bandwidth

SPECIFICATION: 47 CFR 2.202 (g)

MODULATION = 16K0F3E

NECESSARY BANDWIDTH CALUCULATION:

MAXIMUM MODULATION (M), kHz = 3 MAXIMUM DEVIATION (D), kHz = 5 CONSTANT FACTOR (K) = 1

NECESSARY BANDWIDTH (BN), kHz = (2xM) + (2xDxK)

= 16

MODULATION = 11K0F3E

NECESSARY BANDWIDTH CALUCULATION:

MAXIMUM MODULATION (M), kHz = 3 MAXIMUM DEVIATION (D), kHz = 3

MAXIMUM DEVIATION (D), kHz = 3 CONSTANT FACTOR (K) = 1

NECESSARY BANDWIDTH (BN), kHz = (2xM) + (2xDxK)

= 11

NAME OF TEST: Receiver Spurious Emissions (Conducted)

STATE: 0 : General

All other emissions in the required measurement range ware mora than 20dB below the required limits.

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

| FREQUENCY | FREQUENCY | LEVEL, | LEVEL, |
|------------|---------------|--------|--------|
| TUNED, MHz | EMISSION, MHz | dBm | nW |
| 134.000 | | < -77 | < 0.02 |
| 154.000 | | < -77 | < 0.02 |
| 174.000 | | < -77 | < 0.02 |

NAME OF TEST: Receiver Spurious Emissions (Radiated)

STATE: 0 : General

All other emissions in the required measurement range ware mora than 20dB below the required limits.

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

| FREQUENCY | FREQUENCY | LEVEL, | @m | CF, | uV/m |
|------------|---------------|--------|----|-----|------|
| TUNED, MHz | EMISSION, MHz | dBuV | | dB | |
| 134.000 | | | | | < 63 |
| 154.000 | | | | | < 63 |
| 174.000 | | | | | < 63 |