Appendix A

Calibration Certificate

Note:

According to ETS ‘s internal quality management instruction based on EN 17025 the calibration cycle for field probes and related equipment is determined to 2 years. Additionally, ETS has prolonged the calibration interval for SPEAG System Validation Dipoles by two additional years. These QM procedures are acknowledged by the accreditation bodies mentioned on page 3 of this report during several accreditation audits.

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S **Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst**
C **Service suisse d'étalonnage**
S **Servizio svizzero di taratura**
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **ETS Dr. Genz**

Certificate No: D900V2-164_Jul06

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	**D900V2 - SN: 164**
Calibration procedure(s)	**QA CAL-05.v6** **Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**
Calibration date:	**July 28, 2006**
Condition of the calibrated item	**In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	04-Oct-05 (METAS, No. 251-00516)	Oct-06
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	04-Oct-05 (METAS, No. 251-00516)	Oct-06
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498)	Aug-06
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 (10r)	11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498)	Aug-06
Reference Probe ET3DV6 (HF)	SN 1507	28-Oct-05 (SPEAG, No. ET3-1507_Oct05)	Oct-06
DAE4	SN 601	15-Dec-05 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Dec05)	Dec-06

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-05)	In house check: Oct-07
RF generator Agilent E4421B	MY41000675	11-May-05 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-07
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-06

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Claudio Leubler	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	Technical Director	F. Bomholt

Issued: August 3, 2006

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003

b) CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001

c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V4.9	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.97 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.9 ± 6 %	0.95 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(23.2 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.75 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	11.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters [1]	normalized to 1W	**10.9 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.76 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	7.04 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters [1]	normalized to 1W	**6.96 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

[1] Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.0	1.05 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.2 ± 6 %	1.06 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(23.5 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.71 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	10.8 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters [2]	normalized to 1W	**10.7 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.76 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	7.04 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters [2]	normalized to 1W	**6.96 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

[2] Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.1 Ω - 6.9 jΩ
Return Loss	- 23.0 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	44.9 Ω - 9.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 19.1 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.407 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	May 16, 2002

DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 28.07.2006 11:17:39

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

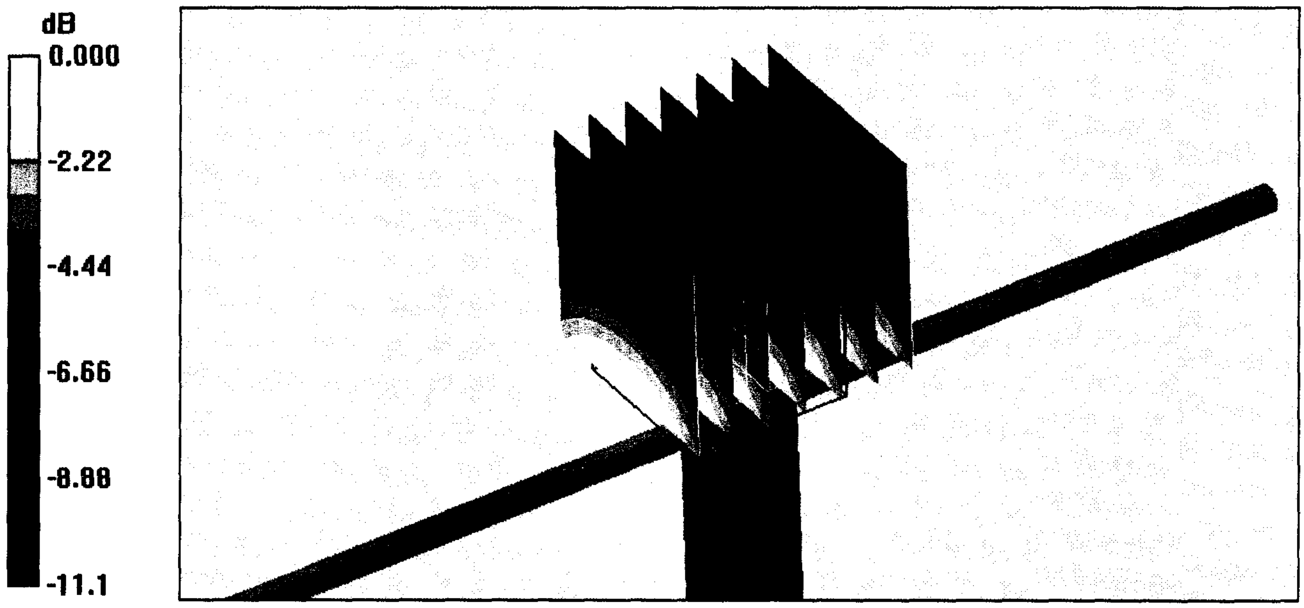
DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN:164

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL 900 MHz;
Medium parameters used: f = 900 MHz; σ = 0.953 mho/m; ε_r = 40.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

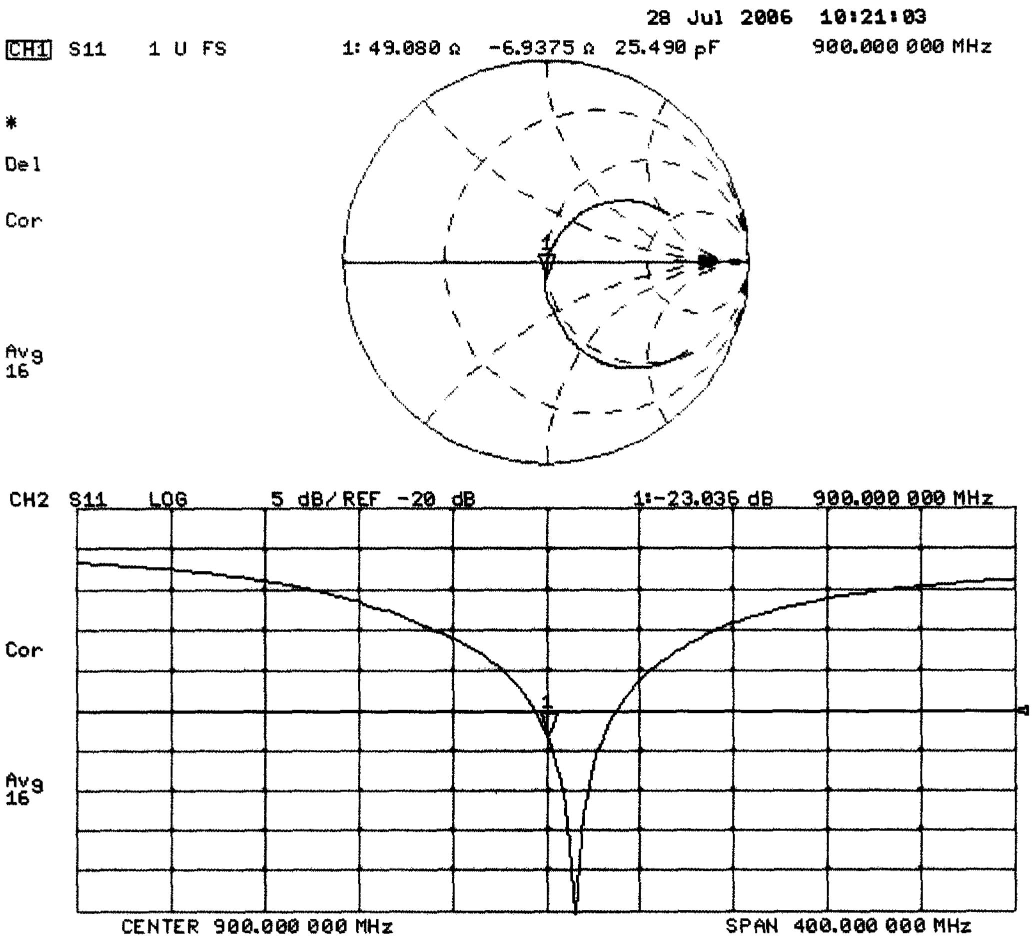
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(5.8, 5.8, 5.8); Calibrated: 28.10.2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 15.12.2005
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 171

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 57.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.026 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.16 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.75 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.76 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.98 mW/g



0 dB = 2.98mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 28.07.2006 13:09:12

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN:164

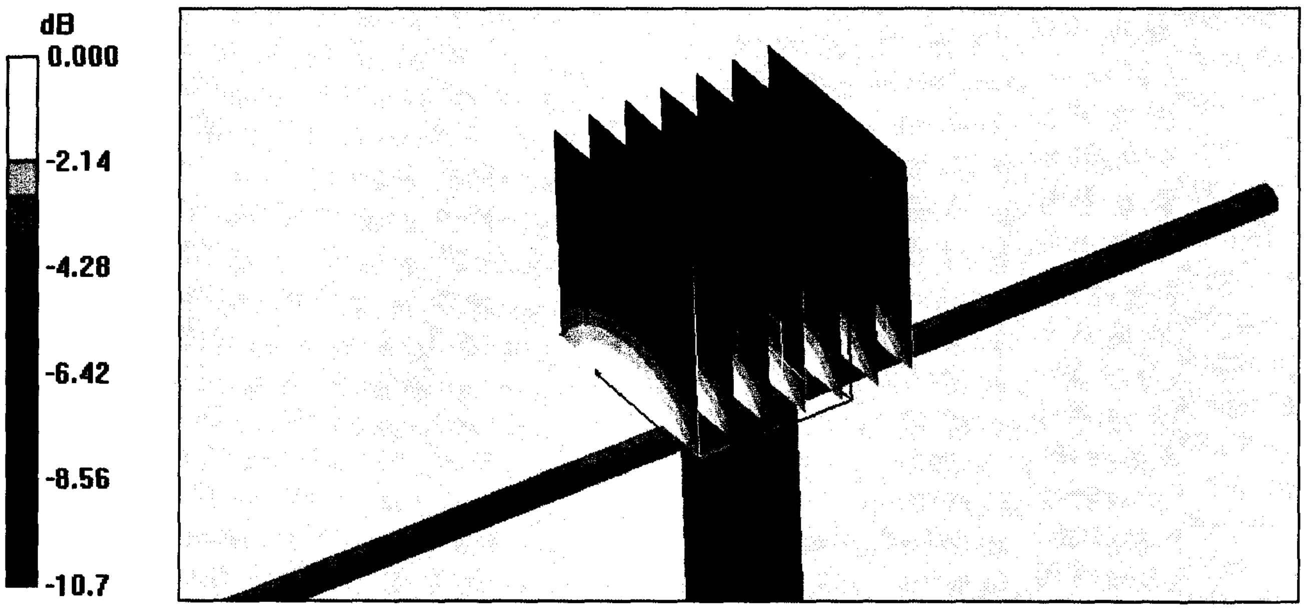
Communication System: CW-900; Frequency: 900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL 900;
Medium parameters used: f = 900 MHz; σ = 1.05 mho/m; ε_r = 53.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(5.76, 5.76, 5.76); Calibrated: 28.10.2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 15.12.2005
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 171

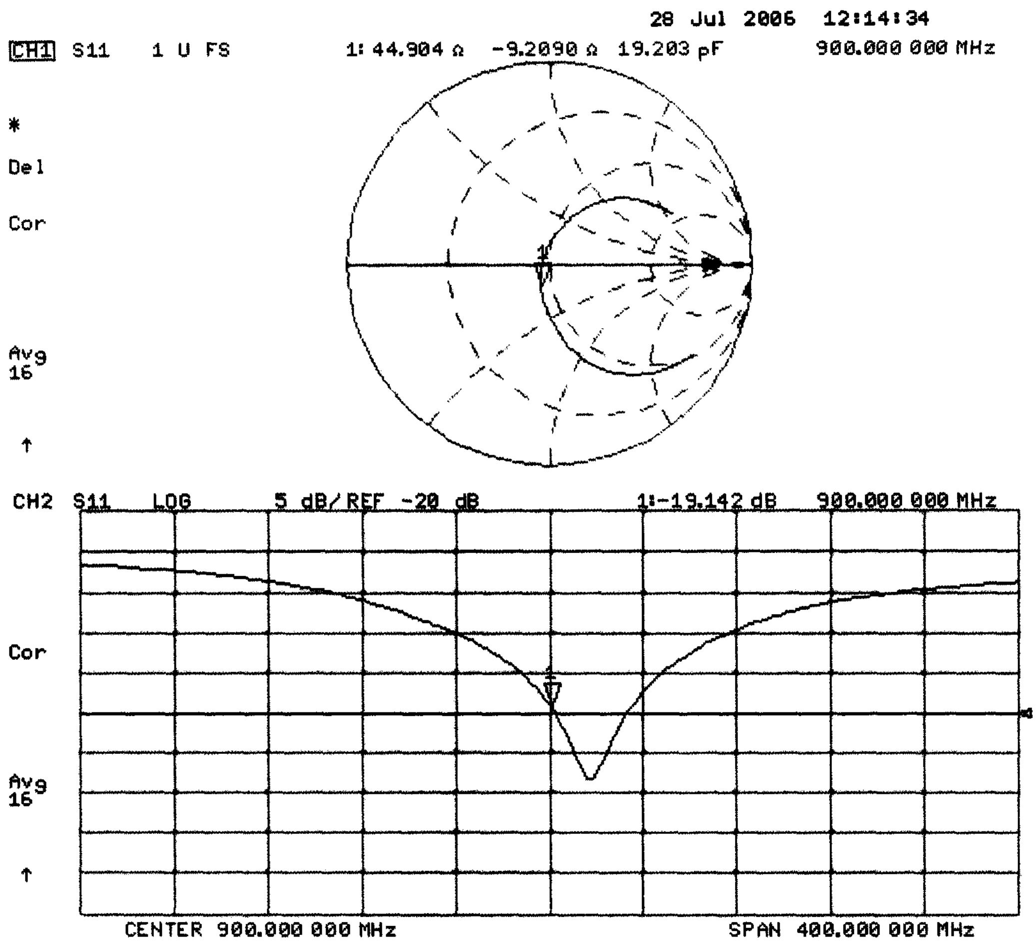
Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 55.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.020 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.97 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.71 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.76 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.95 mW/g



0 dB = 2.95mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY SYSTEMS DR. GENZ GMBH - ETS -
STORKOWER STRASSE 38c, D-15526 REICHENWALDE B. BERLIN Tel: 033631 888 00 FAX: 033631 888 660

D2: 900MHz SYSTEM VALIDATION DIPOLE

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

900 MHz System Validation Dipole (Muscle)

Type:	**D900V2**
Serial Number:	**164**
Place of Calibration:	**Reichenwalde**
Date of Calibration:	**September 05, 2003**
Calibration Interval:	**24 month**

ETS Dr. Genz GmbH hereby certifies, that this device has been calibrated on the date indicated above. The calibration was performed in accordance with specifications and procedures of ETS Dr. Genz GmbH.

Wherever applicable, the standards used in the calibration process are traceable to International standards.

Calibrated by:	**W. Treffke**
Approved by:	**K. Damm**

ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY SYSTEMS DR. GENZ GMBH - ETS -
STORKOWER STRASSE 38c, D-15526 REICHENWALDE B. BERLIN Tel: 033631 888 00 FAX: 033631 888 660

DASY

DIPOLE VALIDATION KIT

Type: **D900V2**

Serial: **164**

Manufactured : April 30, 2002
Calibrated : September 05, 2003

Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the new SAM twin phantom filled with body simulating solution of the following electrical parameters at 900 MHz:

Relative permittivity	54.41	+/- 5 %
Conductivity	1.038 mho/m	+/- 10 %

The DASY System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN: 1711, conversion factor 6.2 at 900 MHz body) was used for the measurements.

The dipole feed-point was positioned below the center marking and oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10 mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance holder was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 5 mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.
The dipole input power (forward power) was 250 mW +/- 3 %. The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 4. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1 W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1711 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

Averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of tissue: 11.2 mW/g

Averaged over 10 cm3 (10 g) of tissue: 7.16 mW/g

Dipole impedance and return loss

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 4 (Measurement conditions) (with body tissue inside the phantom) and the distance holder was in place during impedance measurements.

Feed-point impedance at 900 MHz: Re {Z} = 54.3 Ω

Im {Z} = -3.2 Ω

Return Loss at 900 MHz: - 23.6 dB

Date/Time: 09/05/03 13:33:02

Test Laboratory: ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY SYSTEMS DR. GENZ GMBH
File Name: Dipol Calibr.900 (m) 250mW.da4

Dipol Calibr.900 (m) 250mW

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: SN: 164
Program: Dipol Calibration 900 Muscle

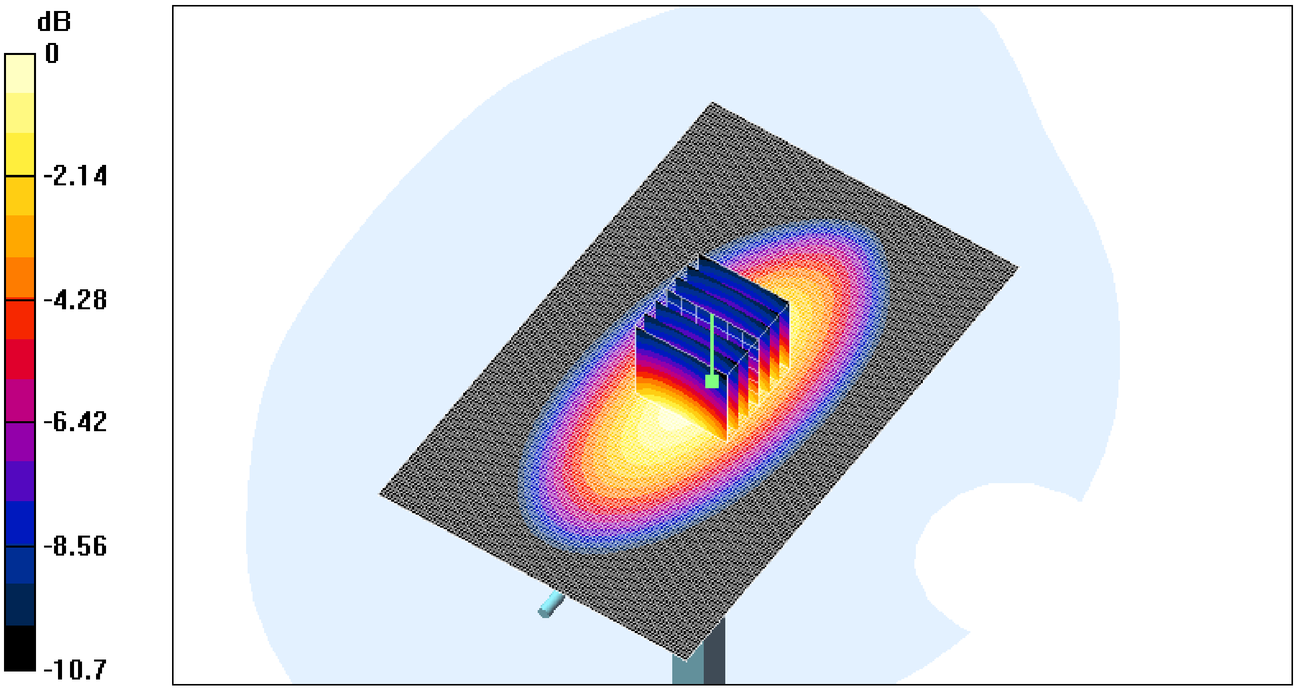
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Muscle 900 MHz (σ = 1.03749 mho/m, ε_r = 54.4094, ρ = 1000 kg/m^3)
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1711; ConvF(6.2, 6.2, 6.2); Calibrated: 11/29/2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn522; Calibrated: 9/11/2002
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: TP-1217; Serial: QD000P40CA
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115

_ (250 mW)/Area Scan (101x161x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Reference Value = 55.5 V/m
Power Drift = 0.009 dB
Maximum value of SAR = 3.03 mW/g

_ (250 mW)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.05 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.8 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.79 mW/g
Reference Value = 55.5 V/m
Power Drift = 0.009 dB
Maximum value of SAR = 3.02 mW/g



0 dB = 3.02mW/g

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

Calibration Certificate

1900 MHz System Validation Dipole

Type:	**D1900V2**
Serial Number:	**5d025**
Place of Calibration:	**Zurich**
Date of Calibration:	**October 14, 2002**
Calibration Interval:	**24 months**

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby certifies, that this device has been calibrated on the date indicated above. The calibration was performed in accordance with specifications and procedures of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG.

Wherever applicable, the standards used in the calibration process are traceable to international standards. In all other cases the standards of the Laboratory for EMF and Microwave Electronics at the Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (ETH) in Zurich, Switzerland have been applied.

Calibrated by:	N. Vetter
Approved by:	[signature]

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

DASY

Dipole Validation Kit

Type: D1900V2

Serial: 5d025

Manufactured: July 29, 2002
Calibrated: October 14, 2002

1. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the new SAM twin phantom filled with head simulating glycol solution of the following electrical parameters at 1900 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity	**38.7**	± 5%
Conductivity	**1.45 mho/m**	± 5%

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN:1507, Conversion factor 5.2 at 1900 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance holder was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.
The dipole input power (forward power) was 250mW ± 3 %. The results are normalized to 1W input power.

2 SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of tissue: **40.4 mW/g**

averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of tissue: **20.6 mW/g**

3. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The impedance was measured at the SMA-connector with a network analyzer and numerically transformed to the dipole feedpoint. The transformation parameters from the SMA-connector to the dipole feedpoint are:

Electrical delay:	**1.196 ns**	(one direction)
Transmission factor:	**0.997**	(voltage transmission, one direction)

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 1 and the distance holder was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 1900 MHz:	Re{Z} = **51.6 Ω**
	Im {Z} = **4.7 Ω**
Return Loss at 1900 MHz	**-26.3 dB**

4. Handling

Do not apply excessive force to the dipole arms, because they might bend. Bending of the dipole arms stresses the soldered connections near the feedpoint leading to a damage of the dipole.

5. Design

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

6. Power Test

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Date/Time: 10/14/02 17:57:28

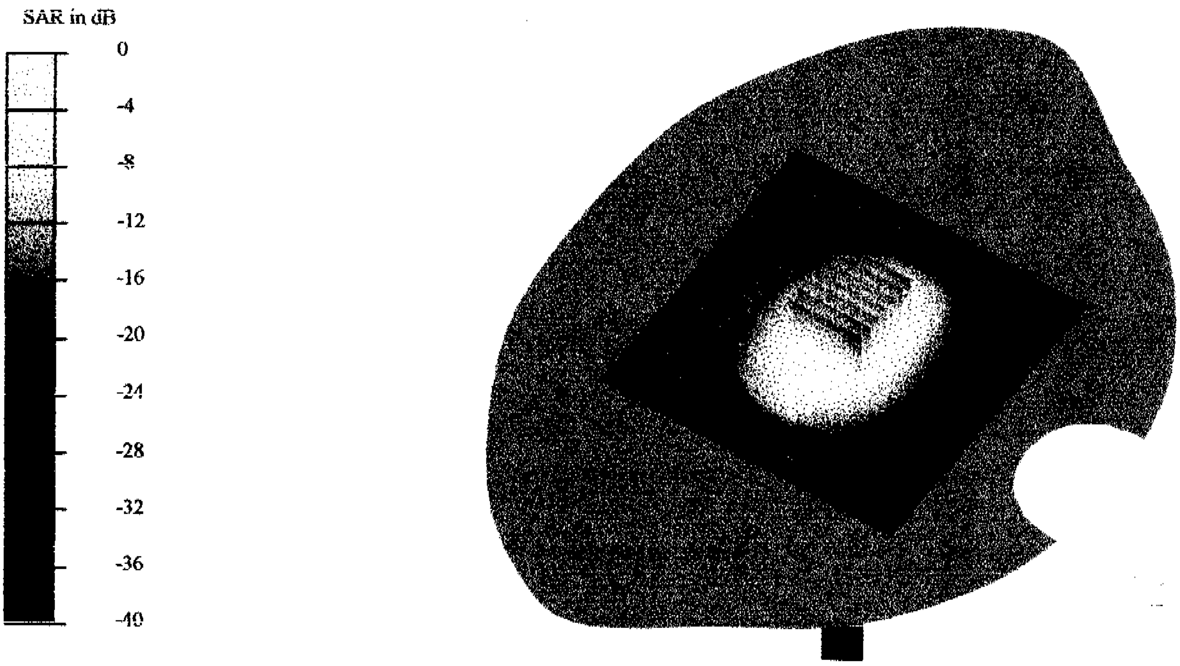
Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland
File Name: SN5d025_SN1507_HSL1900_141002.da4

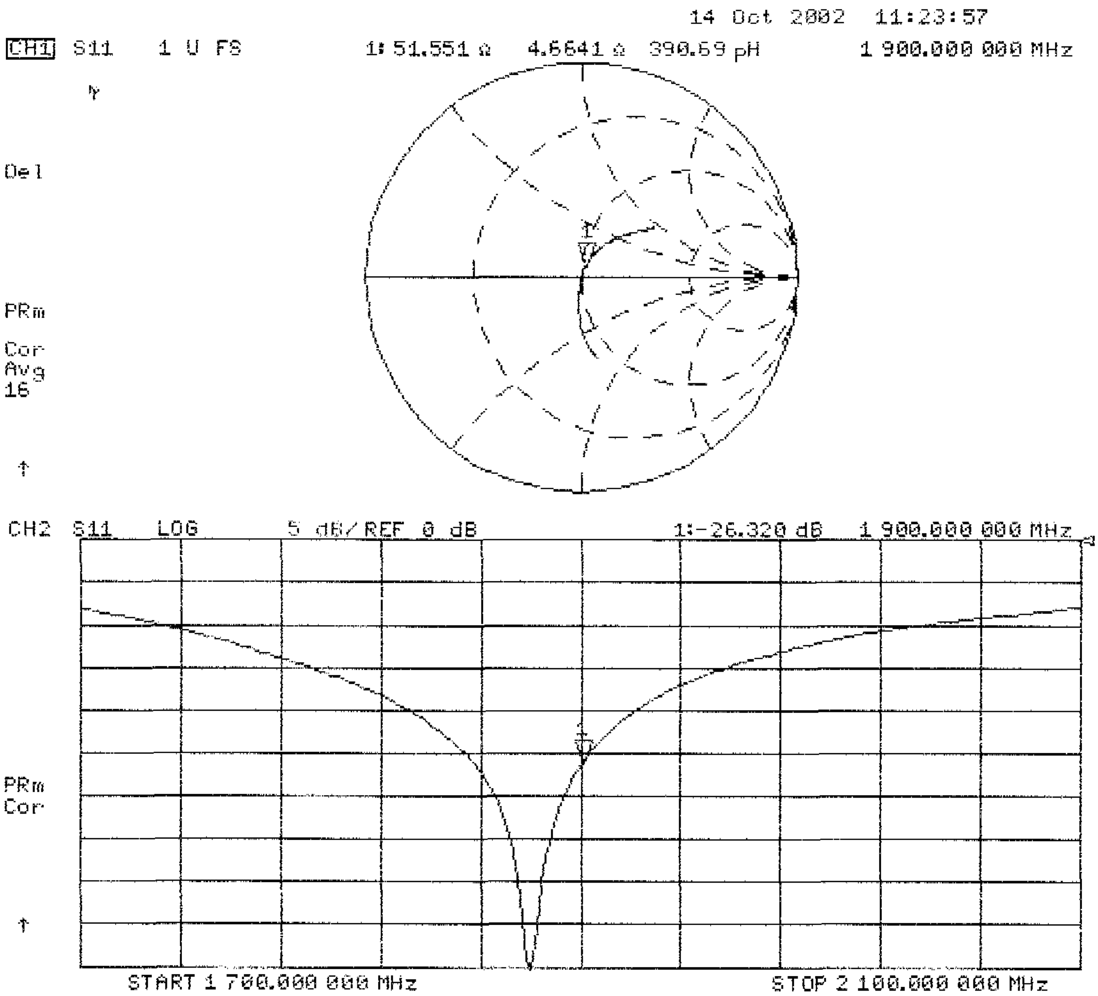
DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz Type & Serial Number: D1900V2 - SN5d025
Program: Dipole Calibration; Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm

Communication System: CW-1900; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL 1900 MHz (σ = 1.45 mho/m, ε = 38.7, ρ = 1000 kg/m3)
Phantom section: FlatSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(5.2, 5.2, 5.2); Calibrated: 1/24/2002
- *Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)*
- Electronics: DAE3 - SN410; Calibrated: 7/18/2002
- Phantom: SAM 4.0 - TP:1006
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 35

Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm
Reference Value = 93 V/m
Peak SAR = 18.3 mW/g
SAR(*1 g*) = *10.1* mW/g; SAR(*10 g*) = 5.16 mW/g
Power Drift = -0.0005 dB





14 Oct 2002 11:23:57
CH1 S11 1 U FS
1: 51.551 Ω 4.6641 Ω 390.69 pH 1 900.000 000 MHz
Del
PRm
Cor
Avg
16
CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/ REF 0 dB 1:-26.320 dB 1 900.000 000 MHz
PRm
Cor
START 1 700.000 000 MHz
STOP 2 100.000 000 MHz

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D2: 1900MHz SYSTEM VALIDATION DIPOLE

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

1900 MHz System Validation Dipole (Muscle)

Type:	**D1900V2**
Serial Number:	**5d025**
Place of Calibration:	**Reichenwalde**
Date of Calibration:	**July 24, 2003**
Calibration Interval:	**24 month**

ETS Dr. Genz GmbH hereby certifies, that this device has been calibrated on the date indicated above. The calibration was performed in accordance with specifications and procedures of ETS Dr. Genz GmbH.

Wherever applicable, the standards used in the calibration process are traceable to International standards.

Calibrated by:	**W. Treffke**
Approved by:	**K. Damm**

ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY SYSTEMS DR. GENZ GMBH - ETS -
STORKOWER STRASSE 38c, D-15526 REICHENWALDE B. BERLIN Tel: 033631 888 00 FAX: 033631 888 660

DASY

DIPOLE VALIDATION KIT

Type: **D1900V2**

Serial: **5d025**

Manufactured : Juli 29, 2002
Calibrated : Juli 24, 2003

Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the new SAM twin phantom filled with body simulating solution of the following electrical parameters at 1900 MHz:

Relative permittivity	51.41	+/- 5 %
Conductivity	1.565 mho/m	+/- 10 %

The DASY System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN: 1711, conversion factor 5,0 at 1900 MHz body) was used for the measurements.

The dipole feed-point was positioned below the center marking and oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10 mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance holder was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10 mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.
The dipole input power (forward power) was 250 mW +/- 3 %. The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 4. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1 W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1711 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

Averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of tissue: 45.6 mW/g

Averaged over 10 cm3 (10 g) of tissue: 23.7 mW/g

Dipole impedance and return loss

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 4 (Measurement conditions) (with body tissue inside the phantom) and the distance holder was in place during impedance measurements.

Feed-point impedance at 1900 MHz: Re {Z} = 54.9 Ω

Im {Z} = -3.8 Ω

Return Loss at 1900 MHz: - 24.2 dB

Date/Time: 07/24/03 09:06:17

Test Laboratory: ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY SYSTEMS DR. GENZ GMBH
File Name: Dipol Calibr.1900 (m) 250mW.da4

Dipol Calibr.1900 (m) 250mW

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d025
Program: Dipol Calibration 1900 Muscle

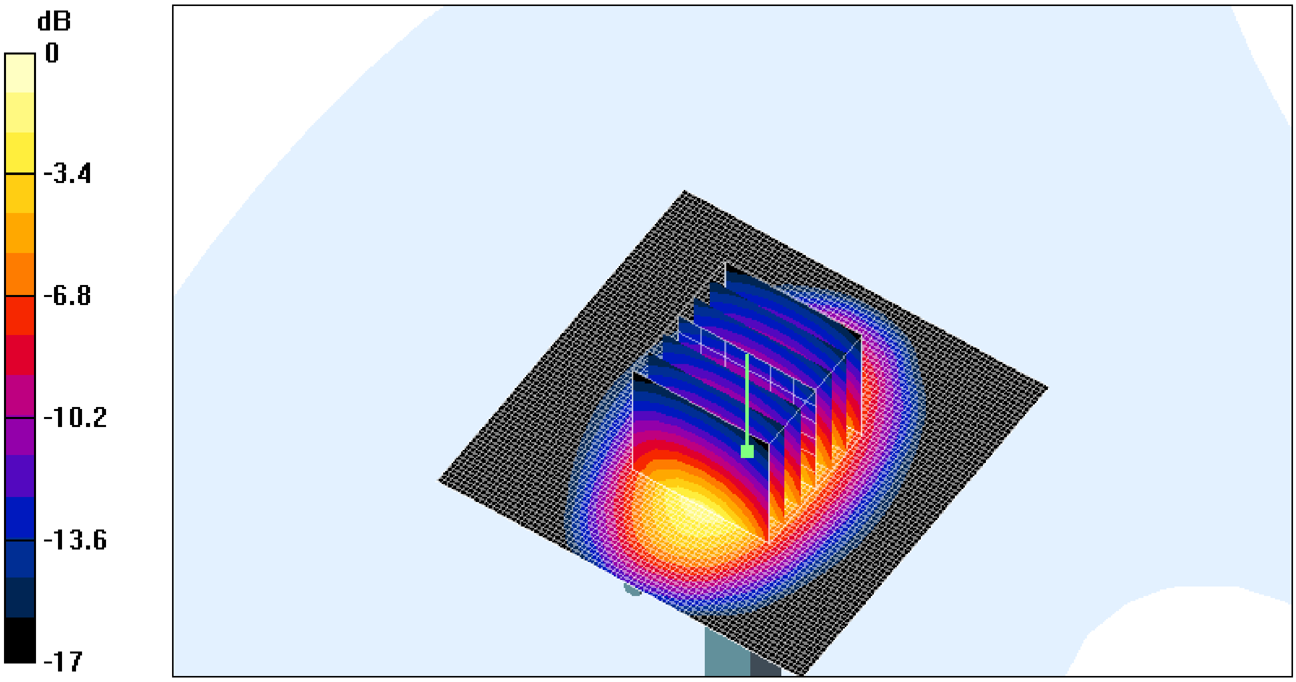
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Muscle 1800 MHz (σ = 1.56554 mho/m, ε_r = 51.4058, ρ = 1000 kg/m^3)
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1711; ConvF(5, 5, 5); Calibrated: 11/29/2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn522; Calibrated: 9/11/2002
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: TP-1217; Serial: QD000P40CA
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115

_ (24dBm)/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Reference Value = 92.1 V/m
Power Drift = 0.001 dB
Maximum value of SAR = 12.9 mW/g

_ (24dBm)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.4 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 11.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.93 mW/g
Reference Value = 92.1 V/m
Power Drift = 0.001 dB
Maximum value of SAR = 12.8 mW/g



0 dB = 12.8mW/g

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **ETS Dr. Genz**

Certificate No: **ET3-1711_Nov05**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	ET3DV6 - SN:1711
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v5 and QA CAL-12.v4 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date:	November 21, 2005
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00466)	May-06
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00466)	May-06
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00466)	May-06
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	11-Aug-05 (METAS, No. 251-00499)	Aug-06
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00467)	May-06
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	11-Aug-05 (METAS, No. 251-00500)	Aug-06
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	7-Jan-05 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan05)	Jan-06
DAE4	SN: 654	27-Oct-05 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Oct05)	Oct-06

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Dec-03)	In house check: Dec-05
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-04)	In house check: Nov 05

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Nico Vetterli	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: November 21, 2005

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., ϑ = 0 is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
b) CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z:* Assessed for E-field polarization ϑ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- *NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- *DCPx,y,z:* DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:* Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to *NORMx,y,z * ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1711

Manufactured:	August 7, 2002
Last calibrated:	December 16, 2003
Recalibrated:	November 21, 2005

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1711

Sensitivity in Free Space[A] / Diode Compression[B]

NormX	**1.45** ± 10.1%	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP X	**95** mV
NormY	**1.68** ± 10.1%	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP Y	**95** mV
NormZ	**1.59** ± 10.1%	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP Z	**95** mV

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

TSL 900 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		**3.7 mm**	**4.7 mm**
SAR_{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	8.2	4.4
SAR_{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.0	0.2

TSL 1810 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		**3.7 mm**	**4.7 mm**
SAR_{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	14.6	10.0
SAR_{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.6	0.1

Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center **2.7** mm

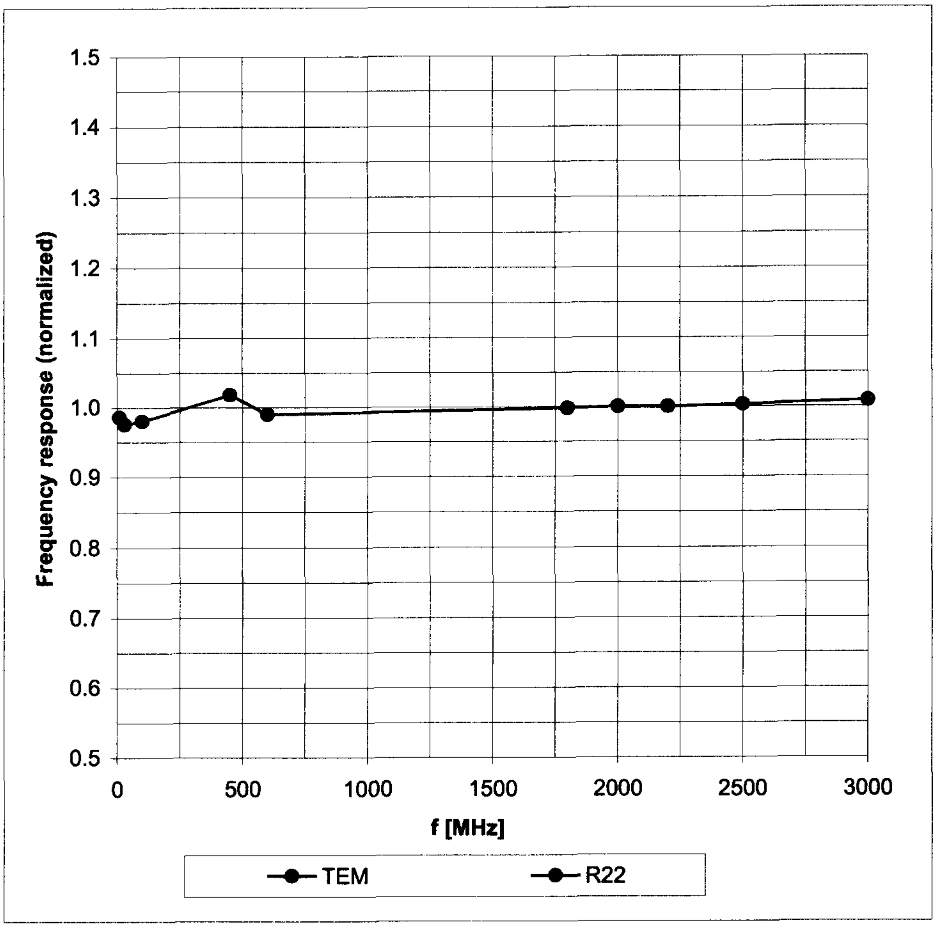
The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

[A] The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

[B] Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

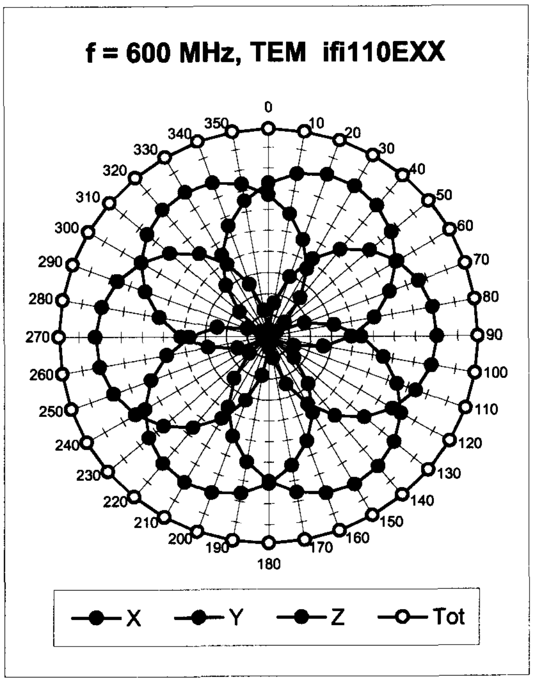
Frequency Response of E-Field

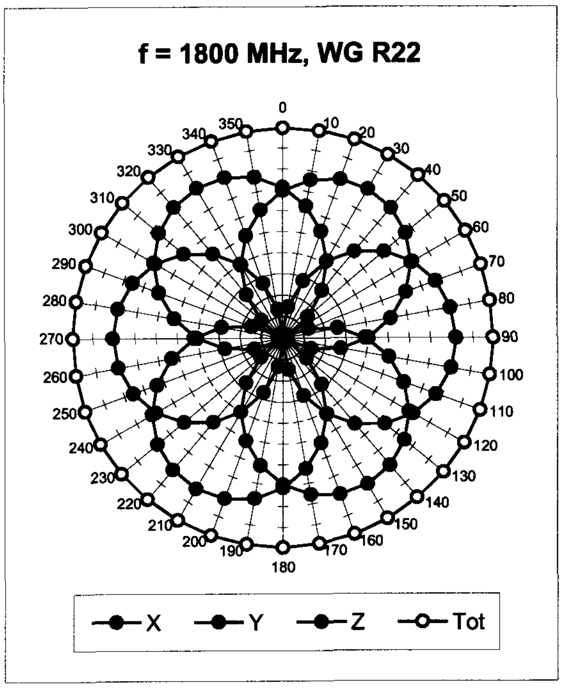
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

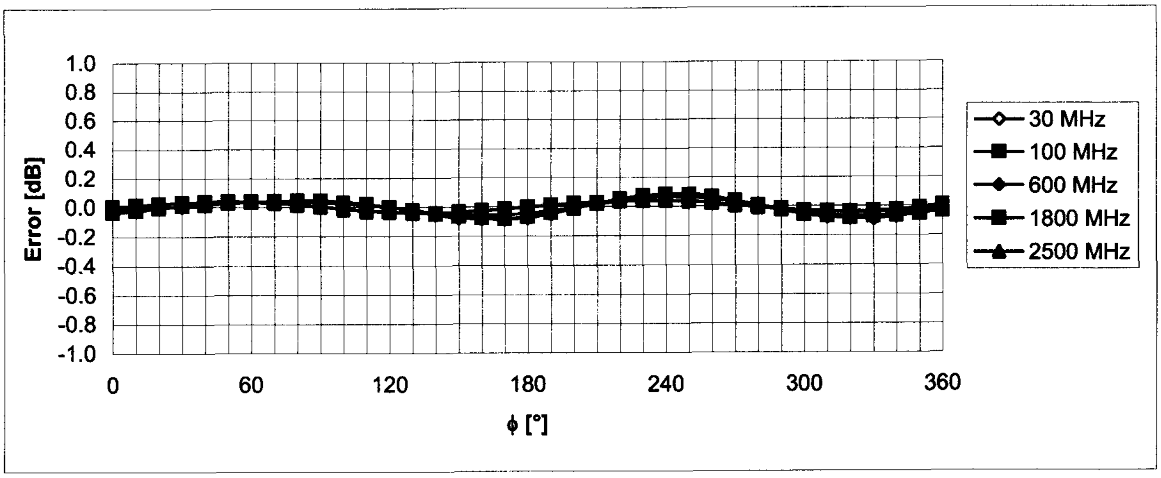


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 0°



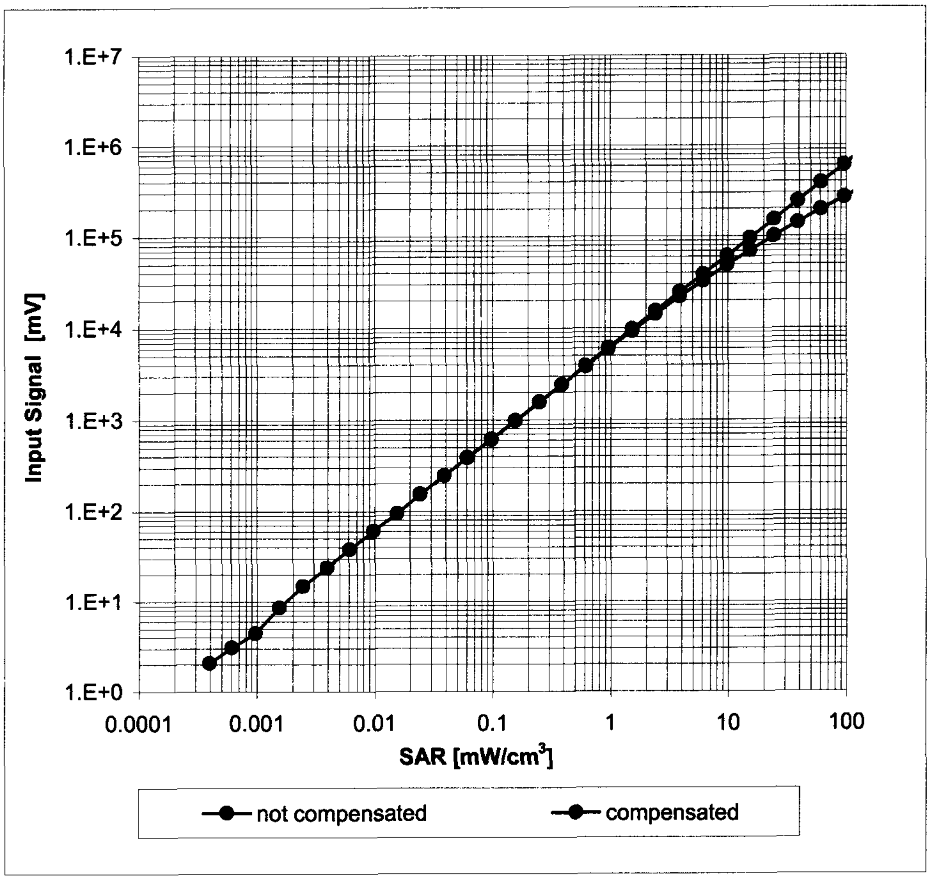


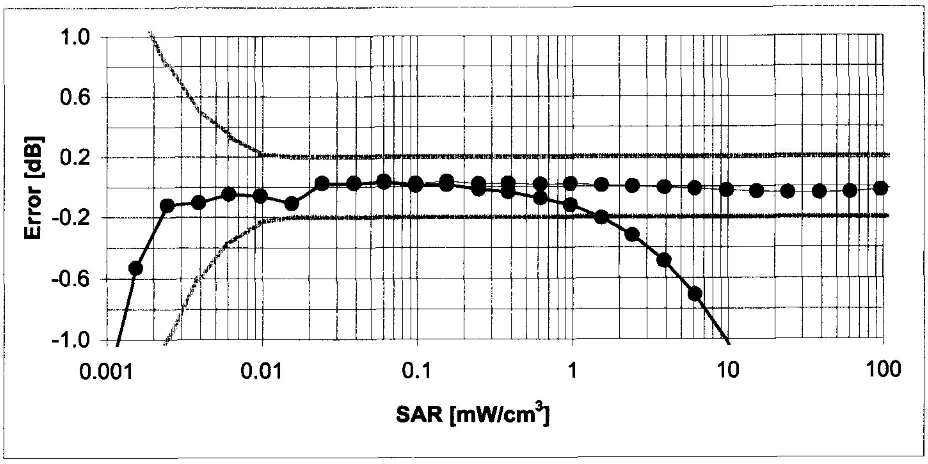


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

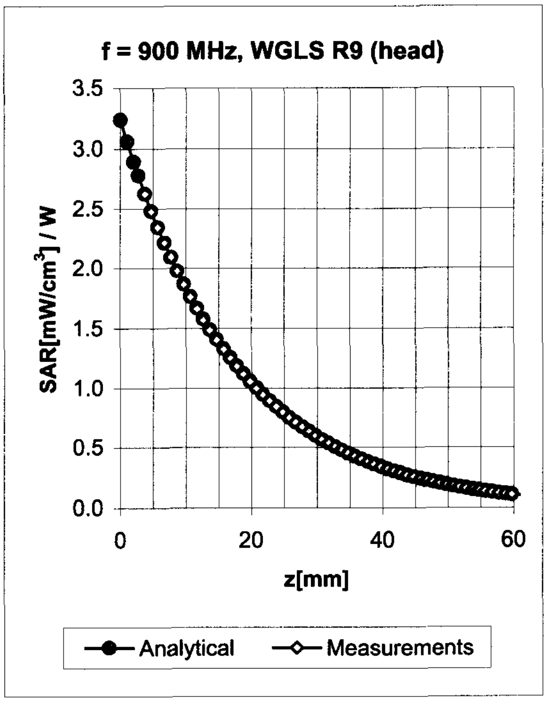
(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)

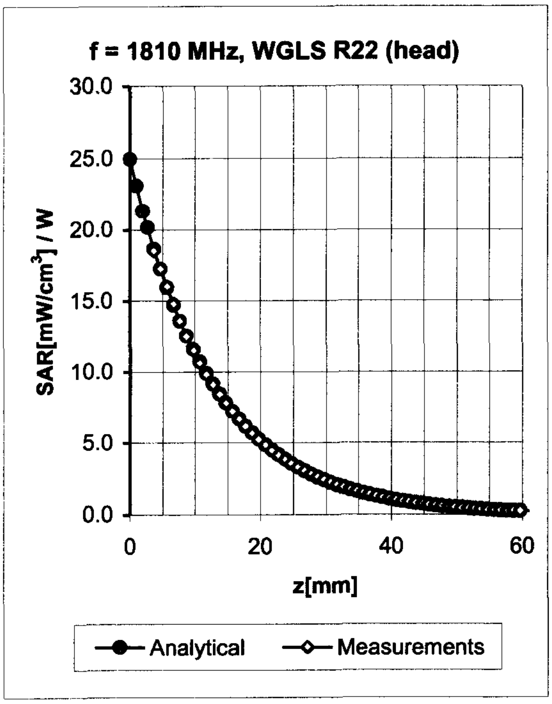




Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



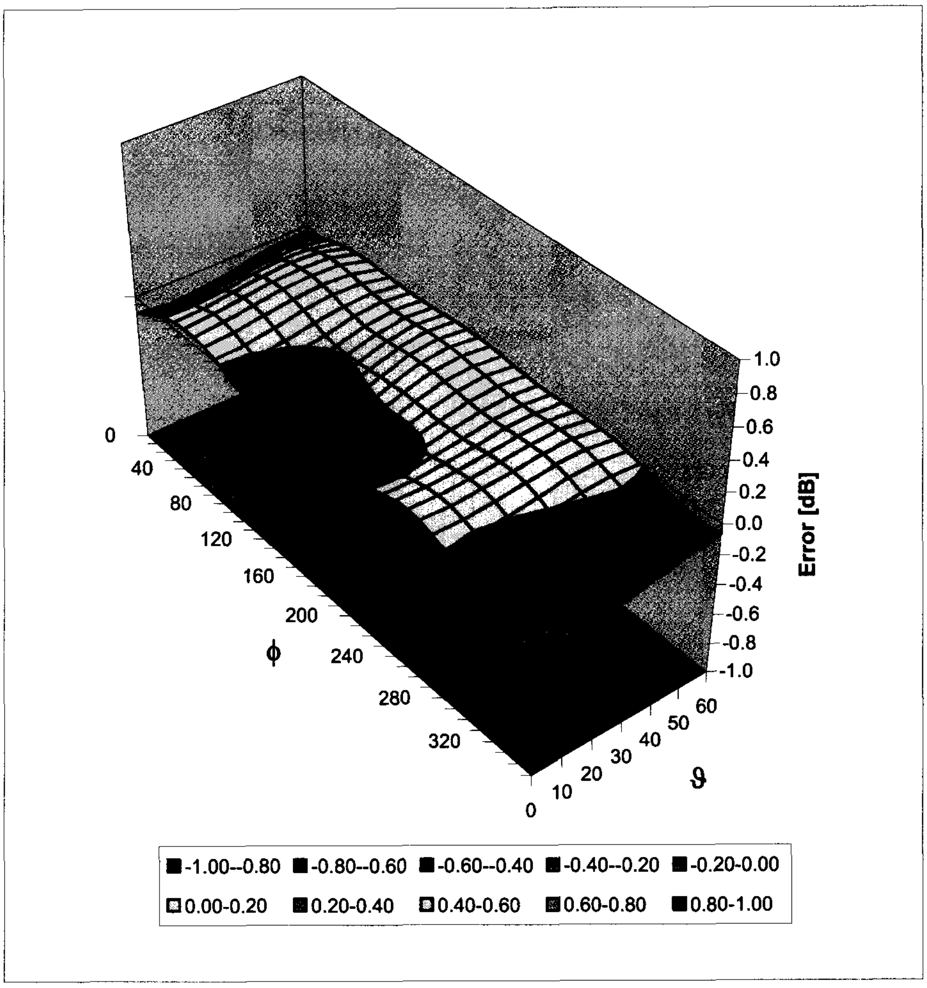


f [MHz]	Validity [MHz][C]	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF	Uncertainty
450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	43.5 ± 5%	0.87 ± 5%	0.02	2.48	6.52	± 13.3% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.55	1.87	5.99	± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.57	2.55	4.84	± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.56	2.59	4.54	± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.70	2.28	4.27	± 11.8% (k=2)
450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	56.7 ± 5%	0.94 ± 5%	0.02	2.36	6.96	± 13.3% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.49	2.11	5.73	± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.56	2.77	4.31	± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.57	2.61	4.13	± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.79	1.67	4.11	± 11.8% (k=2)

[C] The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (φ, ϑ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

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IMPORTANT NOTICE

USAGE OF PROBES IN ORGANIC SOLVENTS

Diethylene Gycol Monobuthy Ether (the basis for liquids above 1 GHz), as many other organic solvents, is a very effective softener for synthetic materials. These solvents can cause irreparable damage to certain SPEAG products, except those which are explicitly declared as compliant with organic solvents.

Compatible Probes:
- ET3DV6
- ET3DV6R
- ES3DVx
- EX3DVx
- ER3DV6
- H3DV6

Important Note for ET3DV6 Probes:
The ET3DV6 probes shall not be exposed to solvents longer than necessary for the measurements and shall be cleaned daily after use with warm water and stored dry.

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Additional Conversion Factors

for Dosimetric E-Field Probe

Type:	**ET3DV6**
Serial Number:	**1711**
Place of Assessment:	**Zurich**
Date of Assessment:	**November 23, 2005**
Probe Calibration Date:	**November 21, 2005**

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby certifies that conversion factor(s) of this probe have been evaluated on the date indicated above. The assessment was performed using the FDTD numerical code SEMCAD of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG. The evaluation is coupled with measured conversion factors (probe calibration date indicated above). The uncertainty of the numerical assessment is based on the extrapolation from measured value at 900 MHz or at 1810 MHz.

Assessed by:

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Dosimetric E-Field Probe ET3DV6 SN:1711

Conversion factor (± standard deviation)

150 ± 50 MHz	*ConvF*	**8.1 ± 10%**	**ε_r = 52.3 ± 5%** **σ = 0.76 ± 5% mho/m** (head tissue)
150 ± 50 MHz	*ConvF*	**7.8 ± 10%**	**ε_r = 61.9 ± 5%** **σ = 0.80 ± 5% mho/m** (body tissue)
300 ± 50 MHz	*ConvF*	**7.3 ± 9%**	**ε_r = 45.3 ± 5%** **σ = 0.87 ± 5% mho/m** (head tissue)

Important Note:

For numerically assessed probe conversion factors, parameters Alpha and Delta in the DASY software must have the following entries: Alpha = 0 and Delta = 1.

Please see also Section 4.7 of the DASY4 Manual.

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client ETS Dr. Genz

Certificate No: DAE3-522_Nov05

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	DAE3 - SD 000 D03 AA - SN: 522
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v12 Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)
Calibration date:	November 23, 2005
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702	SN: 6295803	7-Oct-05 (Sintrel, No.E-050073)	Oct-06

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Calibrator Box V1.1	SE UMS 006 AB 1002	29-Jun-05 (SPEAG, in house check)	In house check Jun-06

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Eric Hainfeld	Technician	[signature]
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	R&D Director	[signature]

Issued: November 23, 2005

Glossary

DAE	data acquisition electronics
Connector angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle*: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
- *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:* Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
- *Common mode sensitivity:* Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
- *Channel separation:* Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
- *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:* Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
- *Input Offset Measurement*: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
- *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
- *Input resistance:* DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
- *Low Battery Alarm Voltage:* Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
- *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1μV , full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV , full range = -1.......+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	404.289 ± 0.1% (k=2)	403.958 ± 0.1% (k=2)	404.788 ± 0.1% (k=2)
Low Range	3.95603 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.93852 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.96295 ± 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	60 ° ± 1 °

Appendix

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Input (µV)	Reading (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	200000	199999.5	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20000	20004.13	0.02
Channel X	- Input	20000	-19999.46	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	200000	200000.3	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20000	20003.71	0.02
Channel Y	- Input	20000	-20000.98	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	200000	199999.5	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20000	20001.35	0.01
Channel Z	- Input	20000	-20001.38	0.01

Low Range		Input (µV)	Reading (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2000	2000	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	200	200.74	0.37
Channel X	- Input	200	-200.66	0.33
Channel Y	+ Input	2000	2000	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	200	199.67	-0.17
Channel Y	- Input	200	-200.19	0.09
Channel Z	+ Input	2000	2000.1	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	200	199.46	-0.27
Channel Z	- Input	200	-200.78	0.39

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (µV)	Low Range Average Reading (µV)
Channel X	200	-4.69	-5.13
	- 200	5.48	5.55
Channel Y	200	-0.70	-0.94
	- 200	0.03	0.01
Channel Z	200	16.03	15.52
	- 200	-17.34	-18.11

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (µV)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (µV)
Channel X	200	-	2.29	0.70
Channel Y	200	1.28	-	2.45
Channel Z	200	-2.82	-0.11	-

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15727	15989
Channel Y	15754	16141
Channel Z	16032	16721

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec
Input 10MΩ

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (μV)
Channel X	0.86	-1.08	2.33	0.61
Channel Y	-1.73	-3.15	0.41	0.60
Channel Z	-1.20	-2.72	0.46	0.55

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance

	Zeroing (MOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	0.2000	199.2
Channel Y	0.2000	200.1
Channel Z	0.2001	197.2

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (verified during pre test)

Typical values	**Alarm Level (VDC)**
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

9. Power Consumption (verified during pre test)

Typical values	**Switched off (mA)**	**Stand by (mA)**	**Transmitting (mA)**
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.0	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	–0.01	-8	-9

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IMPORTANT NOTICE

USAGE OF THE DAE 3

The DAE unit is a delicate, high precision instrument and requires careful treatment by the user. There are no serviceable parts inside the DAE. Special attention shall be given to the following points:

Battery Exchange: The battery cover of the DAE3 unit is connected to a fragile 3-pin battery connector. Customer is responsible to apply outmost caution not to bend or damage the connector when changing batteries.

Shipping of the DAE: Before shipping the DAE to SPEAG for calibration Customer shall remove the batteries and pack the DAE in an antistatic bag. The packaging shall protect the DAE from impacts during transportation. The package shall be marked to indicate that a fragile instrument is inside.

E-Stop Failures: Touch detection may be malfunctioning due to broken magnets in the E-stop. Rough handling of the E-stop may lead to damage of these magnets. Touch and collision errors are often caused by dust and dirt accumulated in the E-stop. To prevent E-stop failure, Customer shall always mount the probe to the DAE carefully and keep the DAE unit in a non-dusty environment if not used for measurements.

Repair: Minor repairs are performed at no extra cost during the annual calibration. However, SPEAG reserves the right to charge for any repair especially if rough unprofessional handling caused the defect.

Important Note:
Warranty and calibration is void if the DAE unit is disassembled partly or fully by the Customer.

Important Note:
Never attempt to grease or oil the E-stop assembly. Cleaning and readjusting of the E-stop assembly is allowed by certified SPEAG personnel only and is part of the annual calibration procedure.

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