

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD  
EUT Type: Dual-Band Dual-Mode GSM/WCDMA Phone with Bluetooth  
Liquid Temperature: 21.3 °C  
Ambient Temperature: 21.5 °C  
Test Date: Mar.21, 2010

**DUT: P9050; Type: Bar; Serial: #1**

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 836.6$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.975$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

## DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(6.4, 6.4, 6.4); Calibrated: 2010-02-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2009-09-18
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

**WCDMA850 Body 4183/Area Scan (61x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.725 mW/g

**WCDMA850 Body 4183/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

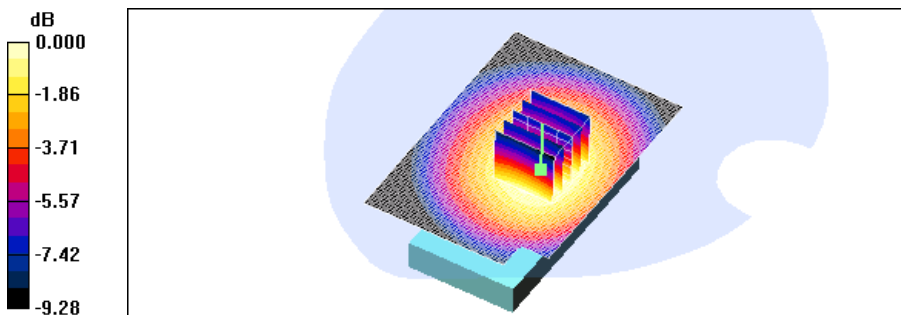
Reference Value = 15.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.007 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.878 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.683 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.501 mW/g**

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.725 mW/g



0 dB = 0.725mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD  
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Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
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Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

## DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(6.4, 6.4, 6.4); Calibrated: 2010-02-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2009-09-18
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

**WCDMA850 Body 4183/Area Scan (61x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.490 mW/g

**WCDMA850 Body 4183/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

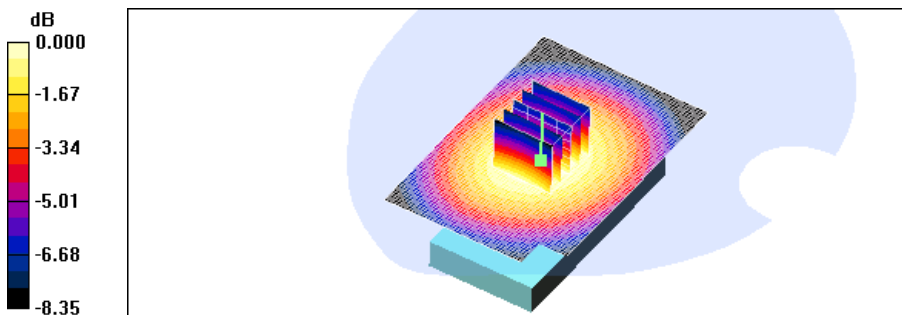
Reference Value = 13.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.045 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.580 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.469 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.352 mW/g**

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.494 mW/g



0 dB = 0.494mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD  
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Liquid Temperature: 21.3 °C  
Ambient Temperature: 21.5 °C  
Test Date: Mar.22, 2010

**DUT: P9050; Type: Bar; Serial: #1**

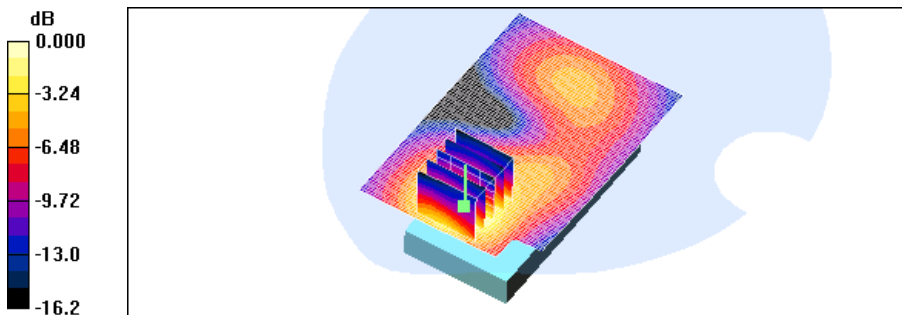
Communication System: WCDMA1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.47$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

## DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(4.65, 4.65, 4.65); Calibrated: 2010-02-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2009-09-18
- Phantom: SAM 1800/1900 MHz; Type: SAM

**WCDMA1900 Body 9400/Area Scan (61x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.600 mW/g

**WCDMA1900 Body 9400/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 12.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.021 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.824 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.548 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.321 mW/g**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.609 mW/g



0 dB = 0.609mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD  
EUT Type: Dual-Band Dual-Mode GSM/WCDMA Phone with Bluetooth  
Liquid Temperature: 21.3 °C  
Ambient Temperature: 21.5 °C  
Test Date: Mar.22, 2010

**DUT: P9050; Type: Bar; Serial: #1**

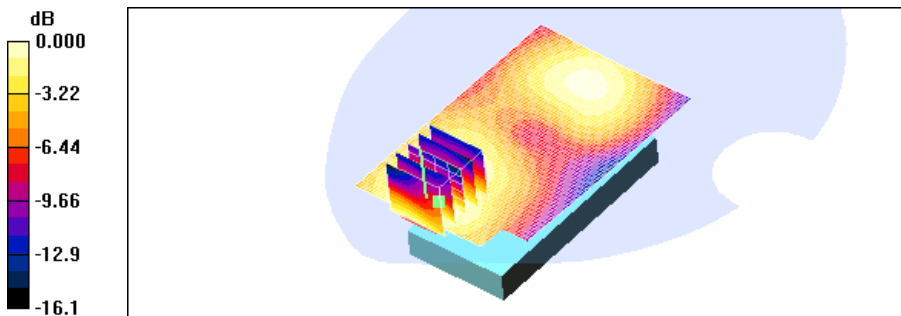
Communication System: WCDMA1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.47$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

## DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(4.65, 4.65, 4.65); Calibrated: 2010-02-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2009-09-18
- Phantom: SAM 1800/1900 MHz; Type: SAM

**WCDMA1900 Body 9400/Area Scan (61x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.168 mW/g

**WCDMA1900 Body 9400/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 10.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.146 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.227 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.160 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.102 mW/g**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.171 mW/g



0 dB = 0.171mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD  
 EUT Type: Dual-Band Dual-Mode GSM/WCDMA Phone with Bluetooth  
 Liquid Temperature: 21.3 °C  
 Ambient Temperature: 21.5 °C  
 Test Date: Mar.21, 2010

**DUT: P9050; Type: Bar; Serial: #1**

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3  
 Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.89 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 42.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
 Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

DASY4 Configuration:  
 - Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(6.37, 6.37, 6.37); Calibrated: 2010-02-23  
 - Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)  
 - Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2009-09-18  
 - Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

**Left touch 190/Area Scan (51x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.442 mW/g

**Left touch 190/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

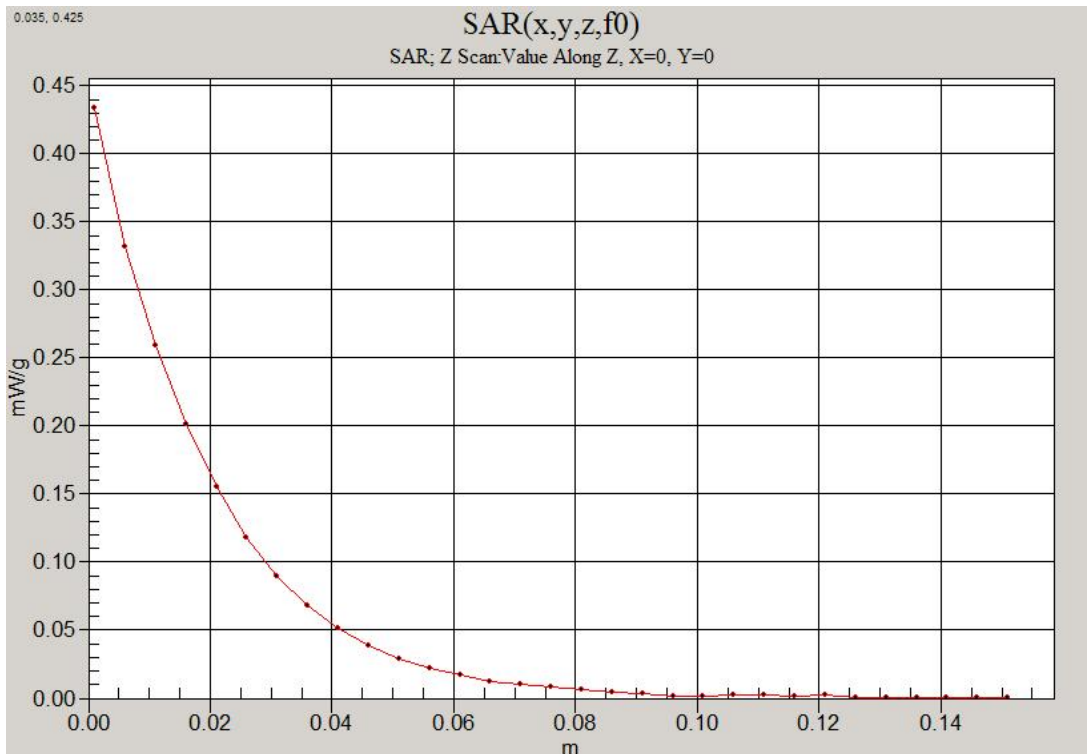
Reference Value = 10.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.124 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.518 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.412 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.307 mW/g**

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.433 mW/g



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 EUT Type: Dual-Band Dual-Mode GSM/WCDMA Phone with Bluetooth  
 Liquid Temperature: 21.3 °C  
 Ambient Temperature: 21.5 °C  
 Test Date: Mar.21, 2010

**DUT: P9050; Type: Bar; Serial: #1**

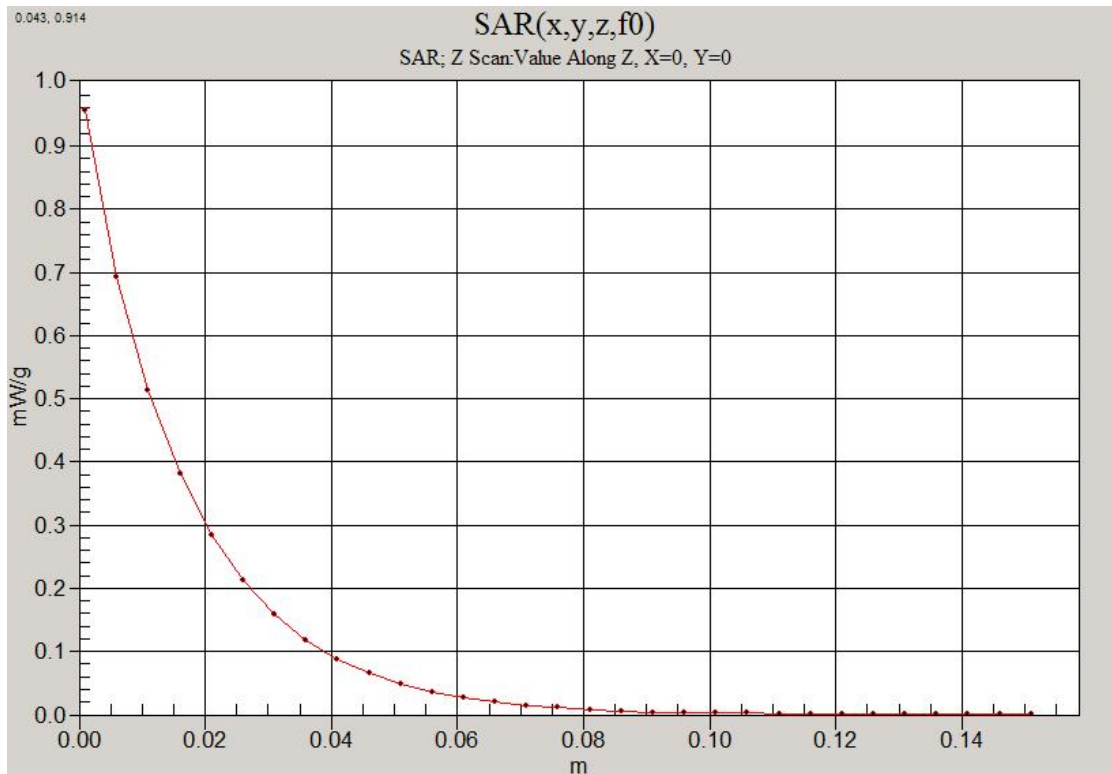
Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15  
 Medium parameters used:  $f = 825$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.88$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 42.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DAS4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(6.37, 6.37, 6.37); Calibrated: 2010-02-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2009-09-18
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

**GSM850 Body 128/Area Scan (61x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.01 mW/g

**GSM850 Body 128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
 Reference Value = 19.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.017 dB  
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.22 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.931 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.680 mW/g**  
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.983 mW/g



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**DUT: P9050; Type: Bar; Serial: #1**

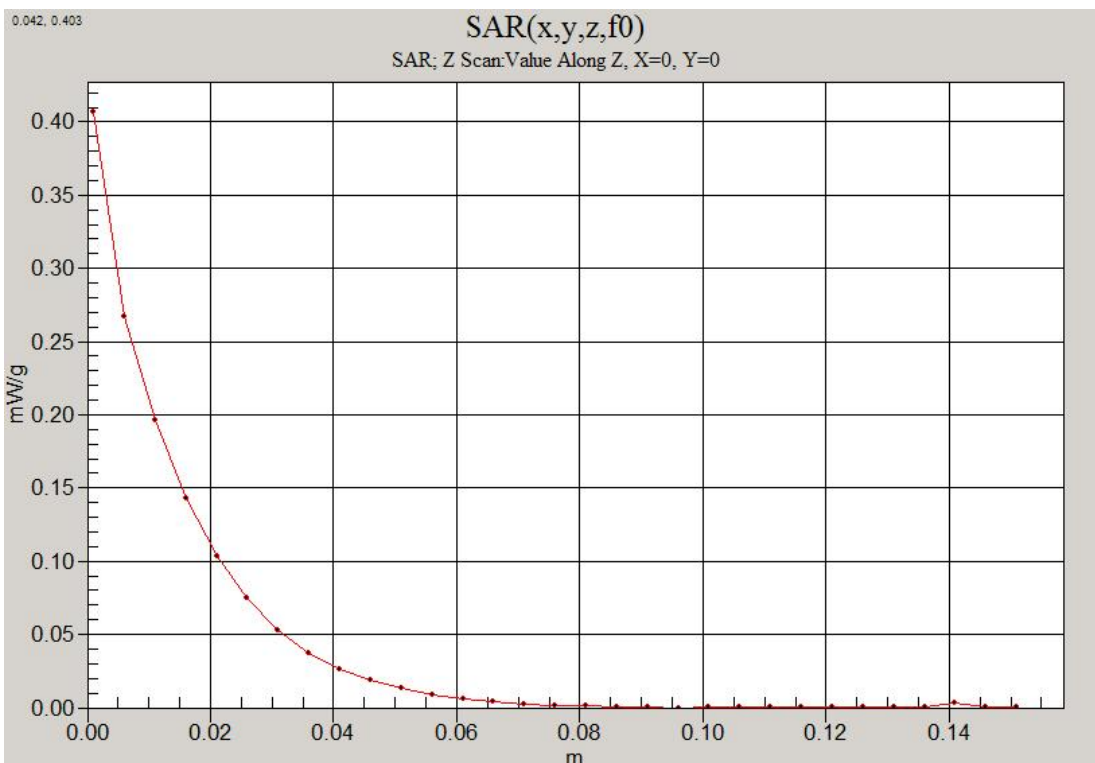
Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.38$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

## DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(5.3, 5.3, 5.3); Calibrated: 2010-02-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2009-09-18
- Phantom: SAM 1800/1900 MHz; Type: SAM

**Left touch 661/Area Scan (51x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.413 mW/g

**Left touch 661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 8.08 V/m; Power Drift = -0.021 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.514 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.371 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.236 mW/g**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.401 mW/g



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Liquid Temperature: 21.3 °C  
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Test Date: Mar.22, 2010

**DUT: P9050; Type: Bar; Serial: #1**

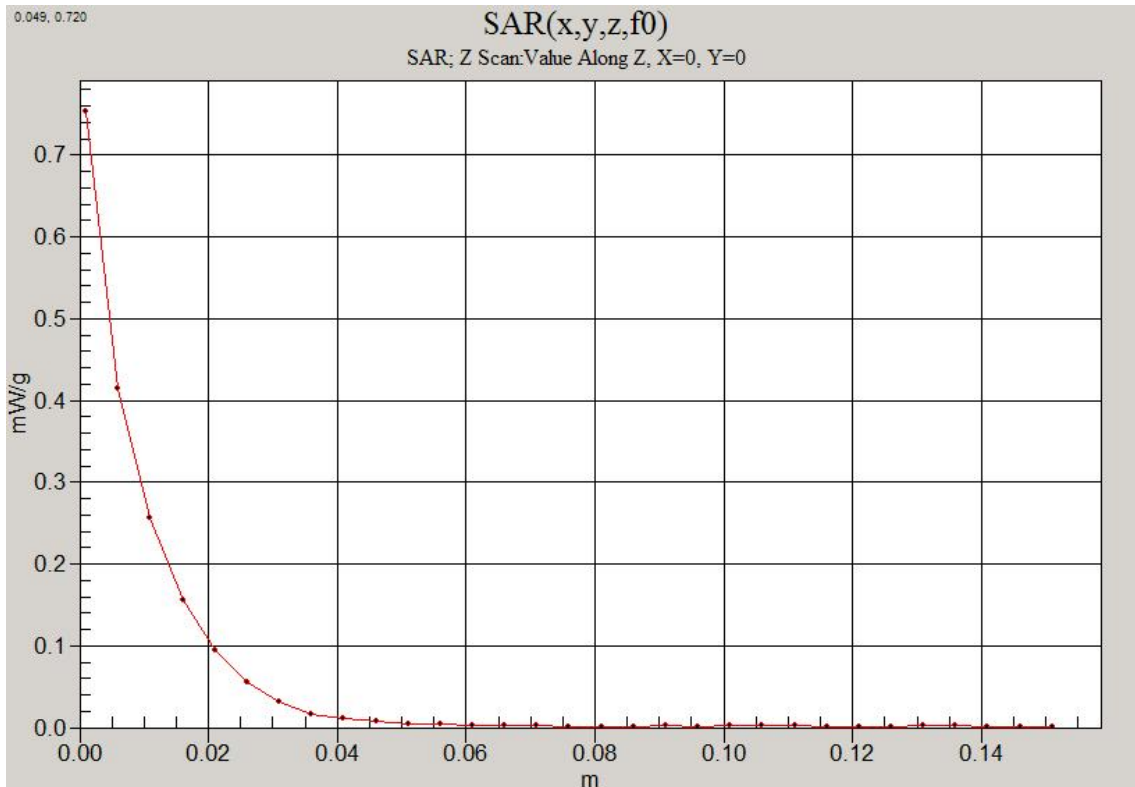
Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.47$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(4.65, 4.65, 4.65); Calibrated: 2010-02-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2009-09-18
- Phantom: SAM 1800/1900 MHz; Type: SAM

**GSM1900 Body 661/Area Scan (61x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.719 mW/g

**GSM1900 Body 661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 11.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.097 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.952 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.650 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.379 mW/g**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.729 mW/g





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**DUT: P9050; Type: Bar; Serial: #1**

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 836.6$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.89$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 42.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

## DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(6.37, 6.37, 6.37); Calibrated: 2010-02-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2009-09-18
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

**Left touch 4183/Area Scan (51x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.671 mW/g

**Left touch 4183/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

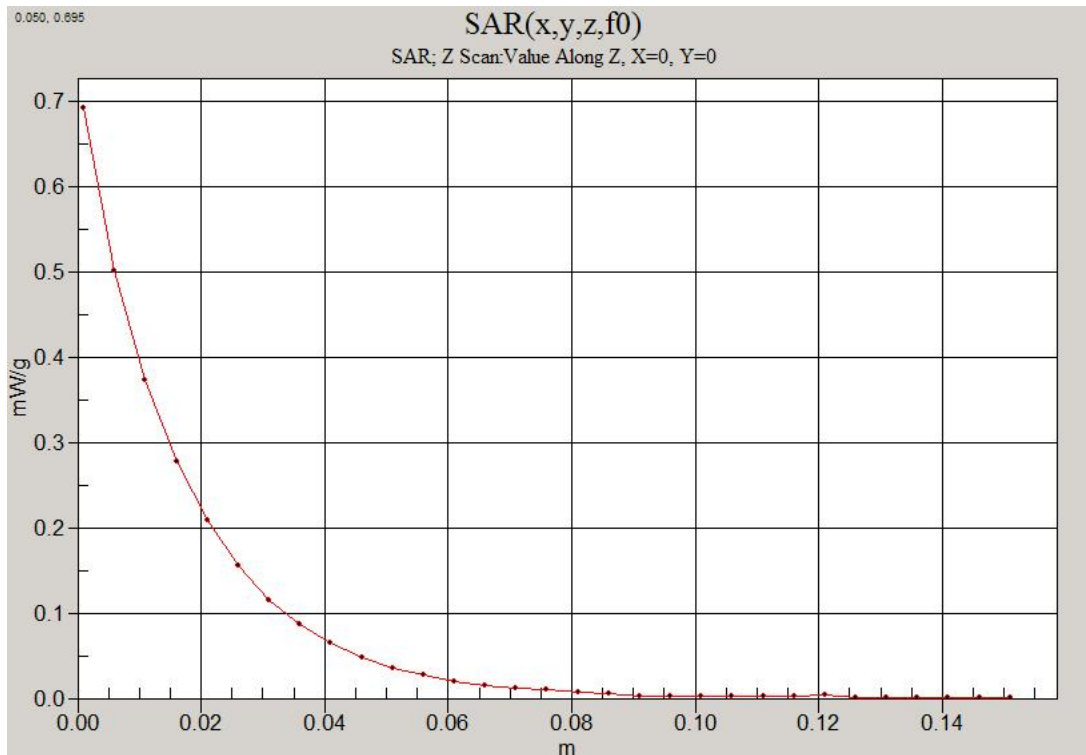
Reference Value = 10.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.039 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.890 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.649 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.468 mW/g**

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.695 mW/g



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD  
EUT Type: Dual-Band Dual-Mode GSM/WCDMA Phone with Bluetooth  
Liquid Temperature: 21.3 °C  
Ambient Temperature: 21.5 °C  
Test Date: Mar.21, 2010

**DUT: P9050; Type: Bar; Serial: #1**

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 836.6$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.975$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(6.4, 6.4, 6.4); Calibrated: 2010-02-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2009-09-18
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

**WCDMA850 Body 4183/Area Scan (61x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.725 mW/g

**WCDMA850 Body 4183/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

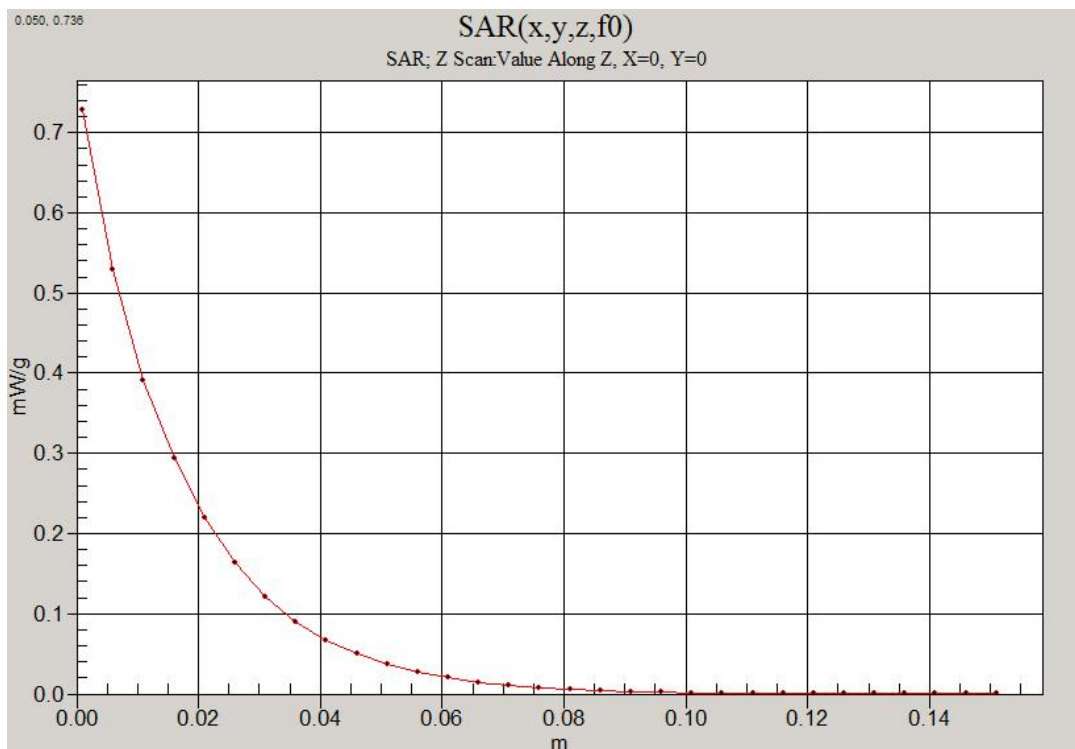
Reference Value = 15.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.007 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.878 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.683 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.501 mW/g**

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.725 mW/g



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD  
EUT Type: Dual-Band Dual-Mode GSM/WCDMA Phone with Bluetooth  
Liquid Temperature: 21.3 °C  
Ambient Temperature: 21.5 °C  
Test Date: Mar.22, 2010

**DUT: P9050; Type: Bar; Serial: #1**

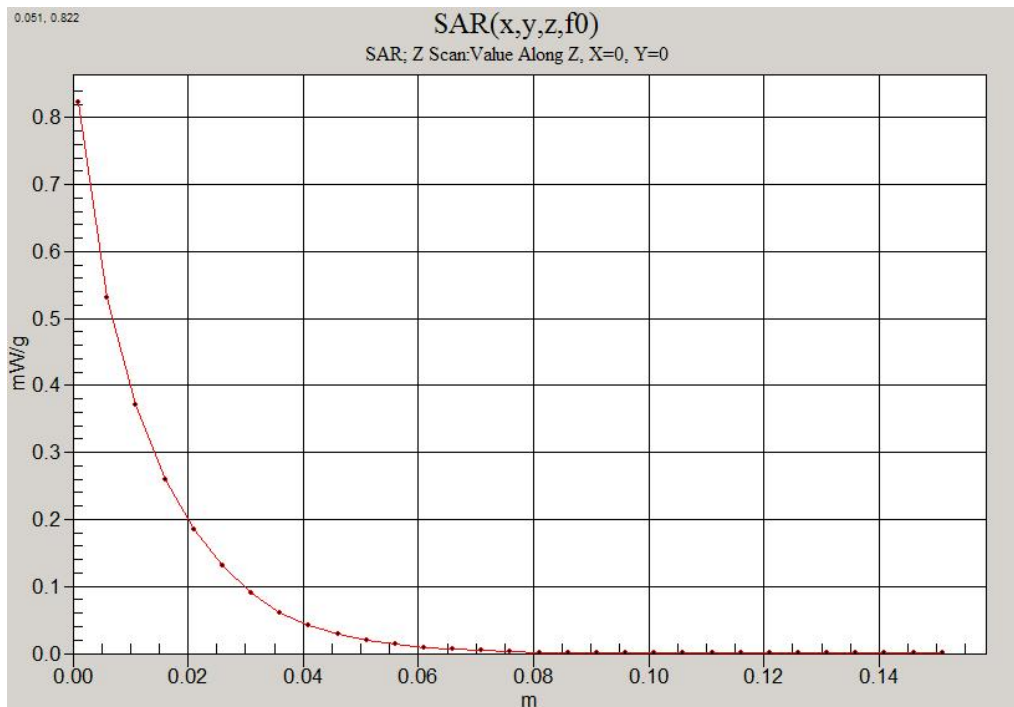
Communication System: WCDMA1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.38$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

## DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(5.3, 5.3, 5.3); Calibrated: 2010-02-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2009-09-18
- Phantom: SAM 1800/1900 MHz; Type: SAM

**Left touch 9400/Area Scan (51x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.836 mW/g

**Left touch 9400/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 11.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.167 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.07 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.746 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.458 mW/g**



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD  
EUT Type: Dual-Band Dual-Mode GSM/WCDMA Phone with Bluetooth  
Liquid Temperature: 21.3 °C  
Ambient Temperature: 21.5 °C  
Test Date: Mar.22, 2010

**DUT: P9050; Type: Bar; Serial: #1**

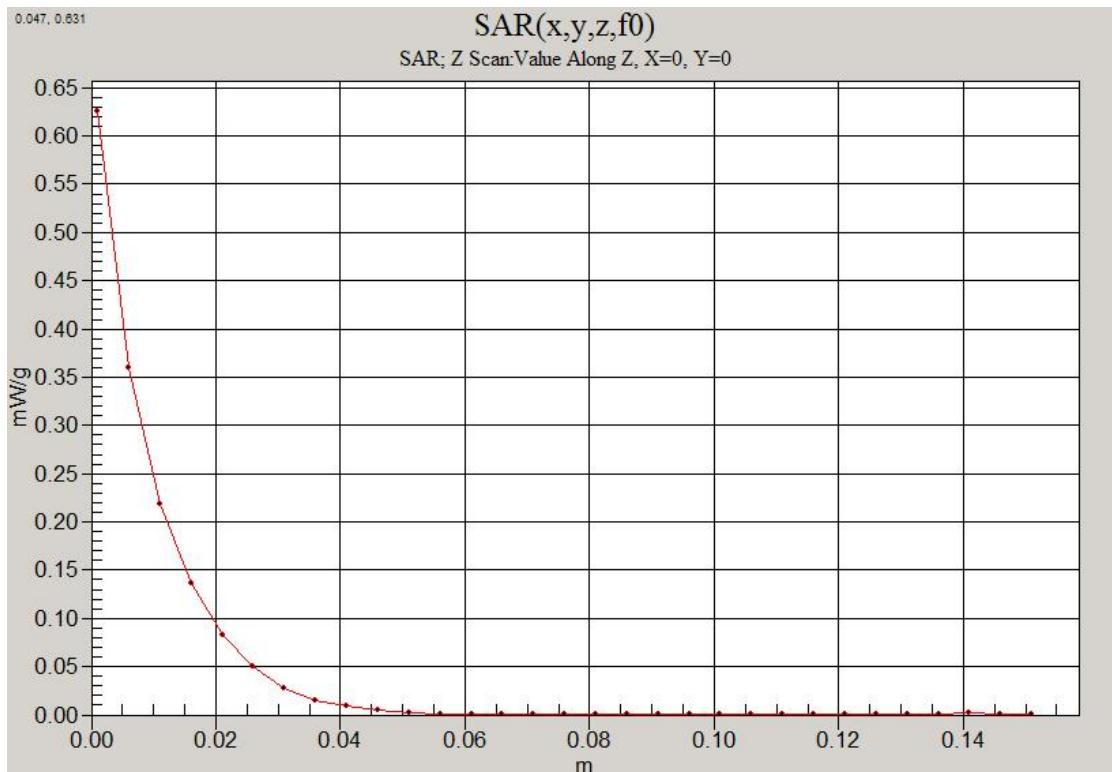
Communication System: WCDMA1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.47$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

## DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(4.65, 4.65, 4.65); Calibrated: 2010-02-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2009-09-18
- Phantom: SAM 1800/1900 MHz; Type: SAM

**WCDMA1900 Body 9400/Area Scan (61x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.600 mW/g

**WCDMA1900 Body 9400/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 12.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.021 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.824 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.548 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.321 mW/g**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.609 mW/g



## Attachment 2. – Dipole Validation Plots

## ■ Validation Data (835 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD  
Input Power 100 mW (20 dBm)  
Liquid Temp: 21.3 °C  
Test Date: Mar.21, 2010

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 – SN:441**

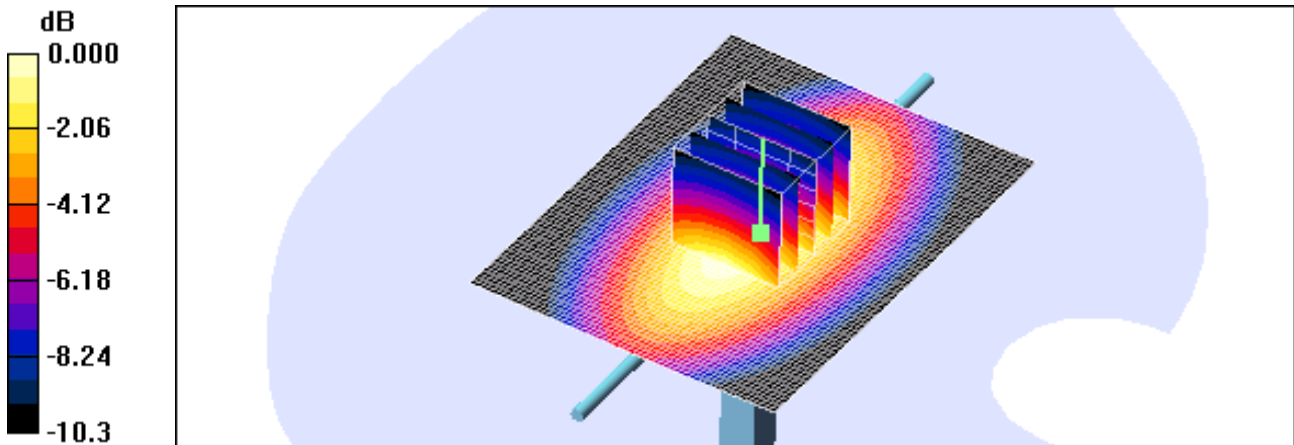
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.889 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 42.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 – SN1798; ConvF(6.37, 6.37, 6.37); Calibrated: 2010-02-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2009-09-18
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

**Validation 835 MHz/Area Scan (61x81x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$   
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.9 mW/g

**Validation 835 MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$   
Reference Value = 114.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.021 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 14.4 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 9.86 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.5 mW/g**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.7 mW/g



0 dB = 10.7mW/g

## ■ Validation Data (1900 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD  
Input Power 100 mW (20 dBm)  
Liquid Temp: 21.3 °C  
Test Date: Mar.22, 2010

**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 – SN:5d032**

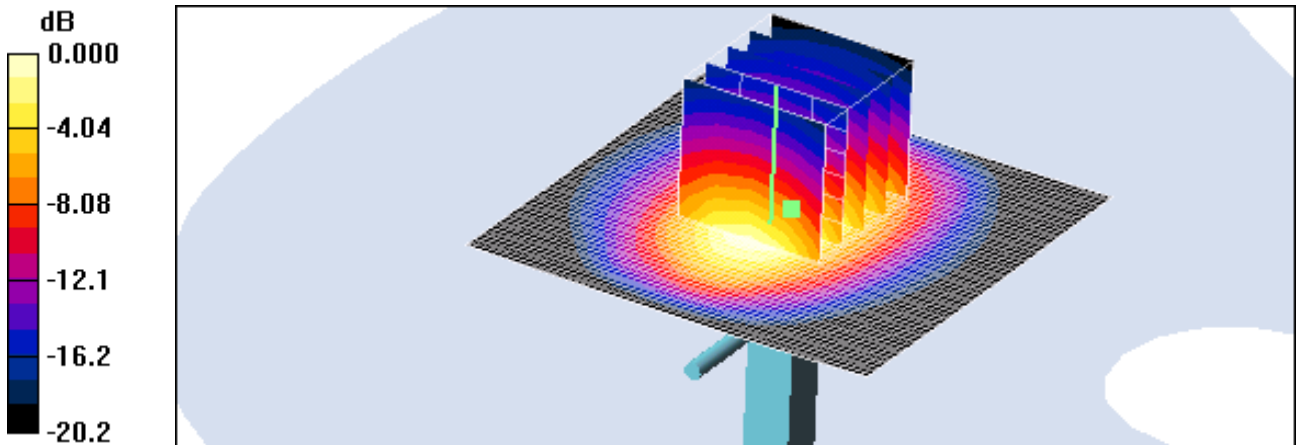
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.4$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 – SN1798; ConvF(5.3, 5.3, 5.3); Calibrated: 2010-02-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2009-09-18
- Phantom: SAM 1800/1900 MHz; Type: SAM

**Dipole 1900MHz Validation/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.90 mW/g

**Dipole 1900MHz Validation/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 59.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.008 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.50 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 4.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.09 mW/g**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.53 mW/g



0 dB = 4.53mW/g

**■ Dielectric Parameter (835 MHz Head)**

Title P9050  
SubTitle GSM850(Head)  
Test Date Mar.22, 2010

| Frequency      | e'      | e''     |
|----------------|---------|---------|
| 800000000.0000 | 42.4259 | 19.2597 |
| 805000000.0000 | 42.3552 | 19.1730 |
| 810000000.0000 | 42.3150 | 19.1545 |
| 815000000.0000 | 42.2739 | 19.1686 |
| 820000000.0000 | 42.2330 | 19.1611 |
| 825000000.0000 | 42.1824 | 19.1725 |
| 830000000.0000 | 42.0937 | 19.1577 |
| 835000000.0000 | 42.0771 | 19.1333 |
| 840000000.0000 | 42.0535 | 19.1006 |
| 845000000.0000 | 41.9610 | 19.0619 |
| 850000000.0000 | 41.9020 | 19.1179 |
| 855000000.0000 | 41.8588 | 19.0813 |
| 860000000.0000 | 41.7976 | 19.0863 |
| 865000000.0000 | 41.7366 | 19.0709 |
| 870000000.0000 | 41.6564 | 19.0563 |
| 875000000.0000 | 41.6015 | 19.0549 |
| 880000000.0000 | 41.5125 | 19.0033 |
| 885000000.0000 | 41.5018 | 19.0095 |
| 890000000.0000 | 41.4122 | 19.0341 |
| 895000000.0000 | 41.3555 | 19.0142 |
| 900000000.0000 | 41.2846 | 18.9938 |



**■ Dielectric Parameter (835 MHz Body)**

Title P9050  
SubTitle GSM850(Body)  
Test Date Mar.22, 2010

| Frequency      | e'      | e''     |
|----------------|---------|---------|
| 800000000.0000 | 54.8323 | 21.1745 |
| 805000000.0000 | 54.7703 | 21.1082 |
| 810000000.0000 | 54.7103 | 21.1052 |
| 815000000.0000 | 54.5990 | 21.0524 |
| 820000000.0000 | 54.5361 | 21.0205 |
| 825000000.0000 | 54.4457 | 21.0620 |
| 830000000.0000 | 54.4117 | 21.0026 |
| 835000000.0000 | 54.3033 | 20.9609 |
| 840000000.0000 | 54.2618 | 20.9335 |
| 845000000.0000 | 54.2119 | 20.9464 |
| 850000000.0000 | 54.2227 | 20.9623 |
| 855000000.0000 | 54.1576 | 20.9659 |
| 860000000.0000 | 54.1482 | 20.9398 |
| 865000000.0000 | 54.1954 | 20.9353 |
| 870000000.0000 | 54.1545 | 20.9438 |
| 875000000.0000 | 54.1732 | 20.9629 |
| 880000000.0000 | 54.1459 | 20.9596 |
| 885000000.0000 | 54.1610 | 20.9369 |
| 890000000.0000 | 54.1325 | 20.9042 |
| 895000000.0000 | 54.1265 | 20.9020 |
| 900000000.0000 | 54.0371 | 20.8871 |

**■ Dielectric Parameter (1900 MHz Head)**

Title P9050  
SubTitle GSM1900(Head)  
Test Date Mar.22, 2010

| Frequency       | e'      | e''     |
|-----------------|---------|---------|
| 1800000000.0000 | 41.9553 | 12.9126 |
| 1810000000.0000 | 41.9145 | 12.9458 |
| 1820000000.0000 | 41.8880 | 13.0128 |
| 1830000000.0000 | 41.9044 | 13.0392 |
| 1840000000.0000 | 41.8493 | 13.0817 |
| 1850000000.0000 | 41.7990 | 13.0965 |
| 1860000000.0000 | 41.7624 | 13.1392 |
| 1870000000.0000 | 41.7177 | 13.1629 |
| 1880000000.0000 | 41.6669 | 13.1848 |
| 1890000000.0000 | 41.6065 | 13.1951 |
| 1900000000.0000 | 41.5434 | 13.2441 |
| 1910000000.0000 | 41.4975 | 13.2938 |
| 1920000000.0000 | 41.4453 | 13.3146 |
| 1930000000.0000 | 41.4301 | 13.3344 |
| 1940000000.0000 | 41.4246 | 13.3534 |
| 1950000000.0000 | 41.4257 | 13.3889 |
| 1960000000.0000 | 41.4214 | 13.3978 |
| 1970000000.0000 | 41.4113 | 13.4227 |
| 1980000000.0000 | 41.3540 | 13.4389 |
| 1990000000.0000 | 41.3193 | 13.4723 |
| 2000000000.0000 | 41.2566 | 13.4690 |

**■ Dielectric Parameter (1900 MHz Body)**

Title P9050  
SubTitle GSM1900(Body)  
Test Date Mar.22, 2010

| Frequency       | e'      | e''     |
|-----------------|---------|---------|
| 1850000000.0000 | 53.8856 | 13.9662 |
| 1855000000.0000 | 53.8913 | 13.9765 |
| 1860000000.0000 | 53.8961 | 13.9720 |
| 1865000000.0000 | 53.8609 | 14.0117 |
| 1870000000.0000 | 53.8681 | 13.9914 |
| 1875000000.0000 | 53.7997 | 14.0247 |
| 1880000000.0000 | 53.7486 | 14.0443 |
| 1885000000.0000 | 53.7138 | 14.0605 |
| 1890000000.0000 | 53.6756 | 14.0741 |
| 1895000000.0000 | 53.6076 | 14.0842 |
| 1900000000.0000 | 53.5967 | 14.0983 |
| 1905000000.0000 | 53.5508 | 14.1381 |
| 1910000000.0000 | 53.5212 | 14.1528 |
| 1915000000.0000 | 53.4476 | 14.1658 |
| 1920000000.0000 | 53.4518 | 14.1959 |
| 1925000000.0000 | 53.4533 | 14.2265 |
| 1930000000.0000 | 53.4237 | 14.2476 |
| 1935000000.0000 | 53.4258 | 14.2909 |
| 1940000000.0000 | 53.4405 | 14.3017 |
| 1945000000.0000 | 53.4494 | 14.3561 |
| 1950000000.0000 | 53.4510 | 14.3630 |

## Attachment 3. – Probe Calibration Data

**Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **HCT (Dymstec)**

Certificate No: **ET3-1789\_Feb10**

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object **ET3DV6 - SN:1789**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v6, QA CAL-12.v6, QA CAL-23.v3 and QA CAL-25.v2  
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **February 23, 2010**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards          | ID #            | Cal Date (Certificate No.)        | Scheduled Calibration  |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter E4419B         | GB41293874      | 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)          | Apr-10                 |
| Power sensor E4412A        | MY41495277      | 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)          | Apr-10                 |
| Power sensor E4412A        | MY41498087      | 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)          | Apr-10                 |
| Reference 3 dB Attenuator  | SN: S5054 (3c)  | 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026)         | Mar-10                 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: S5086 (20b) | 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028)         | Mar-10                 |
| Reference 30 dB Attenuator | SN: S5129 (30b) | 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027)         | Mar-10                 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2     | SN: 3013        | 30-Dec-09 (No. ES3-3013_Dec09)    | Dec-10                 |
| DAE4                       | SN: 660         | 29-Sep-09 (No. DAE4-660_Sep09)    | Sep-10                 |
| Secondary Standards        | ID #            | Check Date (in house)             | Scheduled Check        |
| RF generator HP 8648C      | US3642U01700    | 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)  | In house check: Oct-11 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E  | US37390585      | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09) | In house check: Oct10  |

|                | Name          | Function          | Signature |
|----------------|---------------|-------------------|-----------|
| Calibrated by: | Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager |           |
| Approved by:   | Niels Kuster  | Quality Manager   |           |

Issued: February 24, 2010

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
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Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

**Glossary:**

|                       |   |
|-----------------------|---|
| TSL                   | tissue simulating liquid  |
| NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub> | sensitivity in free space   |
| ConvF                 | sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>  |
| DCP                   | diode compression point   |
| CF                    | crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal  |
| A, B, C               | modulation dependent linearization parameters   |
| Polarization φ        | φ rotation around probe axis  |
| Polarization θ        | θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),<br>i.e., θ = 0 is normal to probe axis |

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>*: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). *NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>* are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of *NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>* does not effect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- *NORM(f)<sub>x,y,z</sub>* = *NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>* \* *frequency\_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- *DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>*: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- *A<sub>x,y,z</sub>*; *B<sub>x,y,z</sub>*; *C<sub>x,y,z</sub>*; *VR<sub>x,y,z</sub>*: *A, B, C* are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. *VR* is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters*: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to *NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>* \* *ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

ET3DV6 SN:1798

February 23, 2010

# Probe ET3DV6

## SN:1798

|                  |                   |
|------------------|-------------------|
| Manufactured:    | August 14, 2003   |
| Last calibrated: | March 20, 2008    |
| Recalibrated:    | February 23, 2010 |

Calibrated for DASYS Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASYS2 system!)

ET3DV6 SN:1798

February 23, 2010

**DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1798**
**Basic Calibration Parameters**

|                                       | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2) |
|---------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| Norm ( $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ ) <sup>A</sup> | 2.00     | 1.87     | 2.04     | ± 10.1%   |
| DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>                 | 94.5     | 89.8     | 89.8     |           |

**Modulation Calibration Parameters**

| UID   | Communication System Name | PAR  |   | A<br>dB | B<br>dBuV | C    | VR<br>mV | Unc <sup>E</sup><br>(k=2) |
|-------|---------------------------|------|---|---------|-----------|------|----------|---------------------------|
| 10000 | CW                        | 0.00 | X | 0.00    | 0.00      | 1.00 | 300.0    | ± 1.5%                    |
|       |                           |      | Y | 0.00    | 0.00      | 1.00 | 300.0    |                           |
|       |                           |      | Z | 0.00    | 0.00      | 1.00 | 300.0    |                           |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter; uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the maximum deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



ET3DV6 SN:1798

February 23, 2010

**DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1798****Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media**

| f [MHz] | Validity [MHz] <sup>c</sup> | Permittivity | Conductivity | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha | Depth Unc (k=2) |
|---------|-----------------------------|--------------|--------------|---------|---------|---------|-------|-----------------|
| 450     | ± 50 / ± 100                | 43.5 ± 5%    | 0.87 ± 5%    | 7.51    | 7.51    | 7.51    | 0.27  | 1.87 ± 13.3%    |
| 900     | ± 50 / ± 100                | 41.5 ± 5%    | 0.97 ± 5%    | 6.37    | 6.37    | 6.37    | 0.26  | 3.11 ± 11.0%    |
| 1750    | ± 50 / ± 100                | 40.1 ± 5%    | 1.37 ± 5%    | 5.53    | 5.53    | 5.53    | 0.60  | 2.15 ± 11.0%    |
| 1900    | ± 50 / ± 100                | 40.0 ± 5%    | 1.40 ± 5%    | 5.30    | 5.30    | 5.30    | 0.67  | 2.16 ± 11.0%    |
| 1950    | ± 50 / ± 100                | 40.0 ± 5%    | 1.40 ± 5%    | 5.12    | 5.12    | 5.12    | 0.74  | 2.12 ± 11.0%    |
| 2450    | ± 50 / ± 100                | 39.2 ± 5%    | 1.80 ± 5%    | 4.64    | 4.64    | 4.64    | 0.99  | 1.75 ± 11.0%    |

<sup>c</sup> The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

ET3DV6 SN:1798

February 23, 2010

### DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1798

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

| f [MHz] | Validity [MHz] <sup>c</sup> | Permittivity | Conductivity | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha | Depth Unc (k=2) |
|---------|-----------------------------|--------------|--------------|---------|---------|---------|-------|-----------------|
| 450     | ± 50 / ± 100                | 56.7 ± 5%    | 0.94 ± 5%    | 7.98    | 7.98    | 7.98    | 0.21  | 1.90 ± 13.3%    |
| 835     | ± 50 / ± 100                | 55.2 ± 5%    | 0.97 ± 5%    | 6.40    | 6.40    | 6.40    | 0.33  | 2.71 ± 11.0%    |
| 1750    | ± 50 / ± 100                | 53.4 ± 5%    | 1.49 ± 5%    | 4.98    | 4.98    | 4.98    | 0.63  | 2.93 ± 11.0%    |
| 1900    | ± 50 / ± 100                | 53.3 ± 5%    | 1.52 ± 5%    | 4.65    | 4.65    | 4.65    | 0.87  | 2.38 ± 11.0%    |
| 1950    | ± 50 / ± 100                | 53.3 ± 5%    | 1.52 ± 5%    | 4.76    | 4.76    | 4.76    | 0.97  | 2.21 ± 11.0%    |
| 2450    | ± 50 / ± 100                | 52.7 ± 5%    | 1.95 ± 5%    | 4.22    | 4.22    | 4.22    | 0.99  | 1.73 ± 11.0%    |

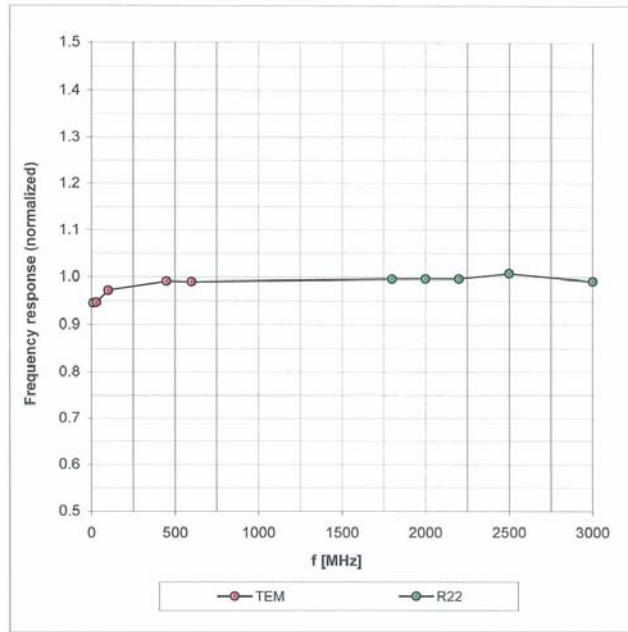
<sup>c</sup> The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

ET3DV6 SN:1798

February 23, 2010

### Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

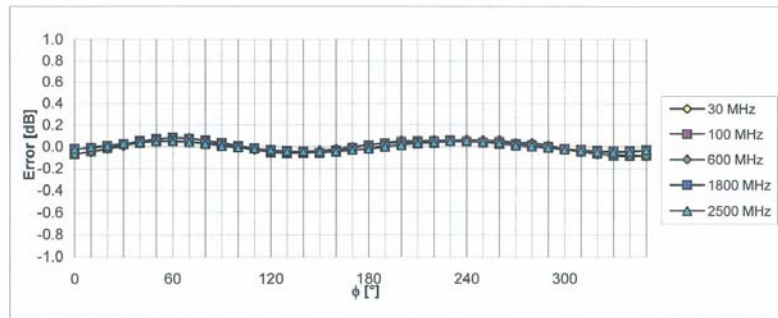
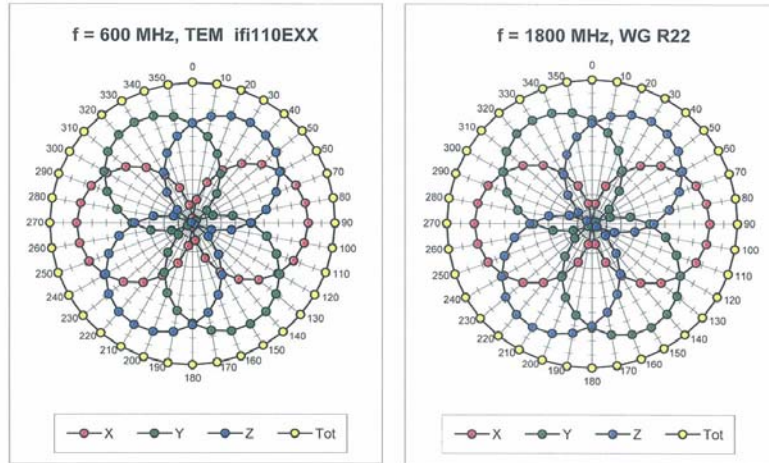


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  ( $k=2$ )

ET3DV6 SN:1798

February 23, 2010

**Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ),  $\theta = 0^\circ$**

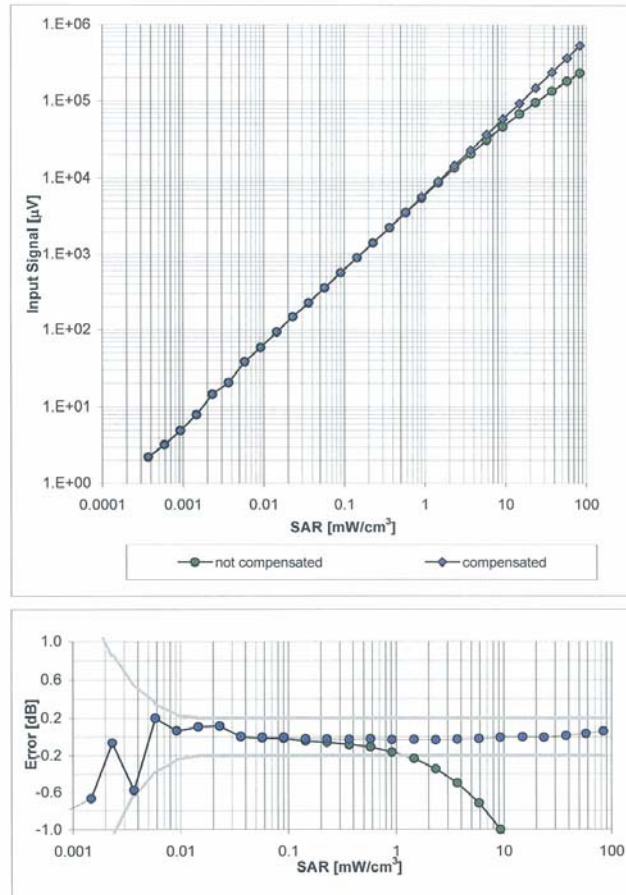


**Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  (k=2)**

ET3DV6 SN:1798

February 23, 2010

**Dynamic Range  $f(SAR_{head})$**   
(Waveguide R22,  $f = 1800$  MHz)

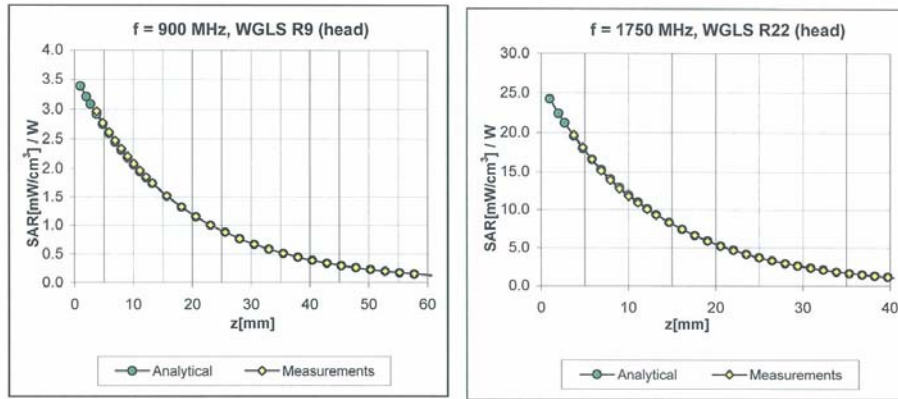


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )

ET3DV6 SN:1798

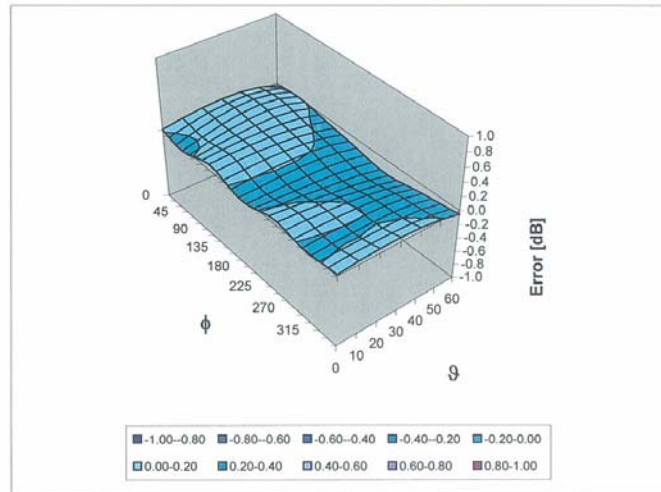
February 23, 2010

### Conversion Factor Assessment



### Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error ( $\phi, \vartheta$ ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 2.6\%$  (k=2)

ET3DV6 SN:1798

February 23, 2010

**Other Probe Parameters**

|   |                |
|---|----------------|
| Sensor Arrangement                            | Triangular     |
| Connector Angle (°)                           | Not applicable |
| Mechanical Surface Detection Mode             | enabled        |
| Optical Surface Detection Mode                | disabled       |
| Probe Overall Length                          | 337 mm         |
| Probe Body Diameter                           | 10 mm          |
| Tip Length                                    | 10 mm          |
| Tip Diameter                                  | 6.8 mm         |
| Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point       | 2.7 mm         |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point       | 2.7 mm         |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point       | 2.7 mm         |
| Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface | 4 mm           |

## Attachment 4. – Dipole Calibration Data



**Calibration Laboratory of  
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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **HTC (Dymstec)**

Certificate No: **D835V2-441\_May09**

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

|  |  |                                   |                              |
|--|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Object   | D835V2 - SN: 441   |                                   |                              |
| Calibration procedure(s)   | QA CAL-05.v7<br>Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits |                                   |                              |
| Calibration date:  | May 25, 2009   |                                   |                              |
| Condition of the calibrated item   | In Tolerance   |                                   |                              |
| <p>This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).<br/>The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.</p> <p>All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity &lt; 70%.</p> <p>Calibration Equipment used (M&amp;TE critical for calibration)</p> |  |                                   |                              |
| <b>Primary Standards</b>   | <b>ID #</b>  | <b>Cal Date (Certificate No.)</b> | <b>Scheduled Calibration</b> |
| Power meter EPM-442A   | GB37480704   | 08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)         | Oct-09                       |
| Power sensor HP 8481A  | US37292783   | 08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)         | Oct-09                       |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator   | SN: 5086 (20g)   | 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025)         | Mar-10                       |
| Type-N mismatch combination  | SN: 5047.2 / 06327   | 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029)         | Mar-10                       |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2   | SN: 3025   | 30-Apr-09 (No. ES3-3025_Apr09)    | Apr-10                       |
| DAE4   | SN: 601  | 07-Mar-09 (No. DAE4-601_Mar09)    | Mar-10                       |
| <b>Secondary Standards</b>   | <b>ID #</b>  | <b>Check Date (in house)</b>      | <b>Scheduled Check</b>       |
| Power sensor HP 8481A  | MY41092317   | 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-07) | In house check: Oct-09       |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06  | 100005   | 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)  | In house check: Oct-09       |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E  | US37390585 S4206   | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-08) | In house check: Oct-09       |
| Calibrated by:   | Name<br>Jeton Kastrati   | Function<br>Laboratory Technician | Signature<br>                |
| Approved by:   | Name<br>Katja Pokovic  | Function<br>Technical Manager     | Signature<br>                |
|  |  |                                   | Issued: May 25, 2009         |
| This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.  |  |                                   |                              |

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

**Glossary:**

|       |                                 |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid        |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured  |

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

**Additional Documentation:**

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

**Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                                     |                           |             |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| <b>DASY Version</b>                 | DASY5                     | V5.0        |
| <b>Extrapolation</b>                | Advanced Extrapolation    |             |
| <b>Phantom</b>                      | Modular Flat Phantom V4.9 |             |
| <b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b> | 15 mm                     | with Spacer |
| <b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm         |             |
| <b>Frequency</b>                    | 835 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz       |             |

**Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|---|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| <b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>      | 22.0 °C             | 41.5           | 0.90 mho/m           |
| <b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>     | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 40.8 $\pm$ 6 % | 0.89 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| <b>Head TSL temperature during test</b> | (21.6 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | ----           | ----                 |

**SAR result with Head TSL**

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |  |
|---|--------------------|--|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 2.38 mW / g                                      |
| SAR normalized  | normalized to 1W   | 9.52 mW / g                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>      | normalized to 1W   | <b>9.56 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 17.0 % (k=2)</b> |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | condition          |  |
|---|--------------------|--|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 1.56 mW / g                                      |
| SAR normalized  | normalized to 1W   | 6.24 mW / g                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>        | normalized to 1W   | <b>6.26 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 16.5 % (k=2)</b> |

<sup>1</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"



**Appendix****Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 50.3 $\Omega$ - 7.4 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 22.7 dB                      |

**General Antenna Parameters and Design**

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.393 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

**Additional EUT Data**

|                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG          |
| Manufactured on | March 09, 2001 |

**DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date/Time: 25.05.2009 09:55:22

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:441**

Communication System: CW-835; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 900 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.89$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(5.86, 5.86, 5.86); Calibrated: 30.04.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

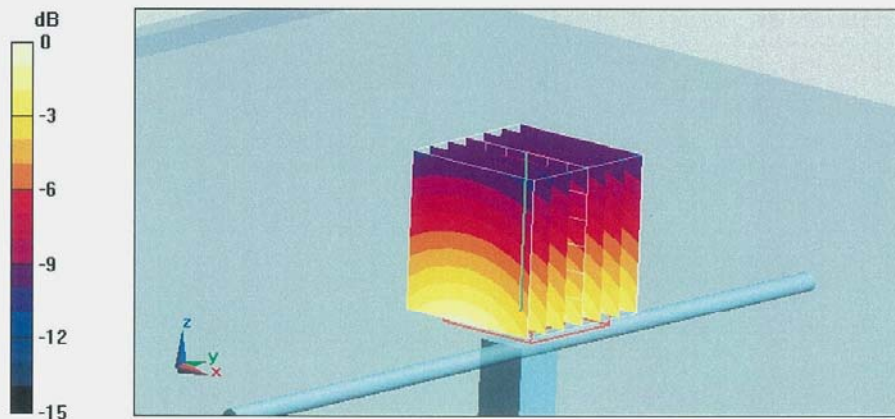
**Pin=250mW; dip=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0073 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.53 W/kg

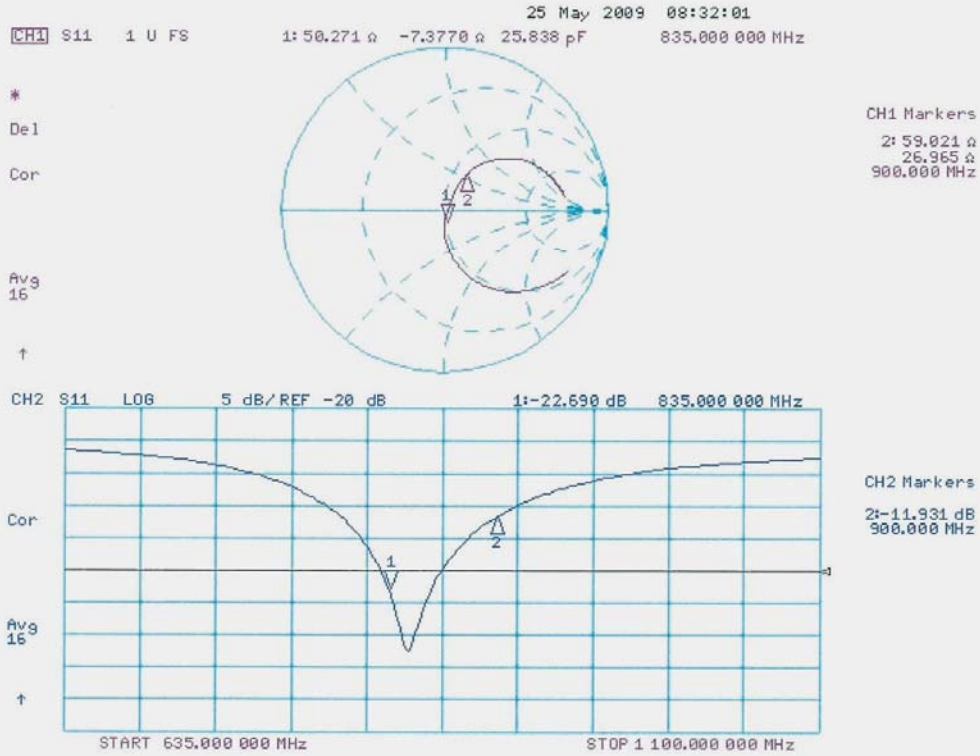
**SAR(1 g) = 2.38 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.56 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.77 mW/g



0 dB = 2.77mW/g

### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



**Calibration Laboratory of**  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **HCT (Dymstec)**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-5d032\_Jul09**

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object: **D1900V2 - SN: 5d032**

Calibration procedure(s): **QA CAL-05.v7  
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date: **July 20, 2009**

Condition of the calibrated item: **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards           | ID #               | Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration  |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|---|------------------------|
| Power meter EPM-442A        | GB37480704         | 08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)                 | Oct-09                 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A       | US37292783         | 08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)                 | Oct-09                 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator  | SN: 5086 (20g)     | 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025)                 | Mar-10                 |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 5047.2 / 06327 | 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029)                 | Mar-10                 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2      | SN: 3025           | 30-Apr-09 (No. ES3-3025_Apr09)            | Apr-10                 |
| DAE4                        | SN: 601            | 07-Mar-09 (No. DAE4-601_Mar09)            | Mar-10                 |
| Secondary Standards         | ID #               | Check Date (in house)                     | Scheduled Check        |
| Power sensor HP 8481A       | MY41092317         | 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-07)         | In house check: Oct-09 |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06     | 100005             | 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)          | In house check: Oct-09 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E   | US37390585 S4206   | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-08)         | In house check: Oct-09 |

Calibrated by: **Claudio Leubler** (Name), **Laboratory Technician** (Function), *[Signature]* (Signature)

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** (Name), **Technical Manager** (Function), *[Signature]* (Signature)

Issued: July 22, 2009

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



**Calibration Laboratory of  
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**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

**Accreditation No.: SCS 108**

**Glossary:**

|       |                                 |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid        |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured  |

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

**Additional Documentation:**

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.



**Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                                     |                           |             |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| <b>DASY Version</b>                 | DASY5                     | V5.0        |
| <b>Extrapolation</b>                | Advanced Extrapolation    |             |
| <b>Phantom</b>                      | Modular Flat Phantom V5.0 |             |
| <b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b> | 10 mm                     | with Spacer |
| <b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm         |             |
| <b>Frequency</b>                    | 1900 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz      |             |

**Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|---|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| <b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>      | 22.0 °C             | 40.0           | 1.40 mho/m           |
| <b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>     | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 40.9 $\pm$ 6 % | 1.43 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| <b>Head TSL temperature during test</b> | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | ----           | ----                 |

**SAR result with Head TSL**

| <b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b> | condition          |  |
|---|--------------------|--|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 10.2 mW / g                                      |
| SAR normalized  | normalized to 1W   | 40.8 mW / g                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>            | normalized to 1W   | <b>40.5 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 17.0 % (k=2)</b> |

| <b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b> | Condition          |  |
|---|--------------------|--|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 5.36 mW / g                                      |
| SAR normalized  | normalized to 1W   | 21.4 mW / g                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>              | normalized to 1W   | <b>21.4 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 16.5 % (k=2)</b> |

<sup>1</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

**Appendix****Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 51.2 $\Omega$ + 4.4 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 27.0 dB                      |

**General Antenna Parameters and Design**

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.197 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

**Additional EUT Data**

|                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG          |
| Manufactured on | March 17, 2003 |

**DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date/Time: 20.07.2009 14:41:47

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d032**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.43$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(4.88, 4.88, 4.88); Calibrated: 30.04.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

**Pin = 250 mW; dip = 10 mm, scan at 3.0 mm/Zoom Scan (dist=3.0 mm, probe 0deg)****(7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.063 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.6 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 10.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.36 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.8 mW/g



0 dB = 12.8mW/g

**Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL**

