



CONFORMANCE TEST REPORT FOR HUMAN EXPOSURE TO ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS

Report No. : SRMC2010-H024-E0030

Product Name: GSM/GPRS/EDGE Digital Mobile Phone

Product Model: P4000

Applicant: Pantech Co Ltd

Manufacture: Pantech Co Ltd

Specification: FCC OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01)

Supplement C (Edition 01-01)

47CFR 2.1093

FCC ID: JYCP4000

The State Radio Monitoring Center

The State Radio Spectrum Monitoring and Testing Center

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Executive summary

Test report no.:	SRMC2010-H024-E0030
Product Model:	P4000
Date of test:	2010-4-12
Date of report:	2010-6-23
Laboratory:	The State Radio Monitoring Center
Test has been Carried out in accordance with:	<p>47CFR §2.1093 Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices</p> <p>FCC OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01) Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields</p> <p>RSS-102 Evaluation Procedure for Mobile and Portable Radio Transmitters with Respect to Health Canada's Safety Code 6 for Exposure of Humans to Radio Frequency Fields</p> <p>IEEE 1528 - 2003 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Technique</p>
Documentation:	The documentation of the testing performed on the tested devices is archived for 5 years at SRMC

Result summary:

Mode	CH/f(MHz)	Power	Position	Sar Limit (1g avg) (mW/g)	Measured value (1g avg)(mW/g)	Result
GSM850	251/848.8	31.6dBm	Towards ground	1.6	1.07	PASS

Checked By: 

Tested By: 

This Test Report Is Issued By: 

Issued date: **2010.06.23**

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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Notes of the test report

The test report may only be reproduced or published in full. Reproduction or publication of extracts from the report requires the prior written permission of The State Radio Monitoring Center.

The test results relate only to individual items of the samples which have been tested.

1.2 Information about the testing laboratory

Company: The State Radio Monitoring Center
The State Radio Spectrum Monitoring and Testing Center
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1.3 Applicant's details

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Country or Region: Korea
Grantee Code: JYC
Contacted person: InHyung Song
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Fax: 822 20302526
Email: doll@pantech.com

1.4 Manufacturer's details

Company: Pantech Co Ltd
Address: PANTECH Bldg,I-2,DMC,Sangam-dong,Mapo-gu,121-792
City: Seoul
Country or Region: Korea
Grantee Code: JYC
Contacted person: InHyung Song
Tel: 822 20300423
Fax: 822 20302526
Email: doll@pantech.com

1.5 Test Details

Period of test	2010.4.12
Batteries used in testing	Li-Lon/PK-BAT-001/BYD COMPANY LIMITED
State of sample	production unit
H/W Version	P2
S/W Version	P4000-MX-Tel-V0.1
IMEI	012274000100005

1.6 Maximum Results

The maximum measured SAR values for Head configuration and Body Worn configuration are given in section 1.6.1 and 1.6.2 respectively. The device conforms to the requirements of the standard(s) when the maximum measured SAR value is less than or equal to the limit.

1.6.1 Head Configuration

Mode	CH/f(MHz)	Power	Position	Sar Limit (1g avg) (mW/g)	Measured value (1g avg)(mW/g)	Result
GSM850	189/836.4	31.8dBm	Right cheek	1.6	0.80	PASS
GSM1900	661/1880.0	28.1dBm	Right cheek	1.6	0.56	PASS

1.6.2 Body Worn Configuration

Mode	CH/f(MHz)	Power	Position	Sar Limit (1g avg) (mW/g)	Measured value (1g avg)(mW/g)	Result
GPRS 850	251/848.8	31.6dBm	Towards ground	1.6	1.07	PASS
GPRS1900	661/1880.0	28.1dBm	Towards ground	1.6	0.26	PASS

2. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device category	production unit
Exposure environment	General population/uncontrolled

Mode and bands of operation	GSM 850/1900	GPRS 850/1900	EGPRS 850/1900	WCDMA 850	BT
Modulation Mode	GMSK	GMSK	GMSK/8PSK	QPSK	GFSK
Duty Cycle	1/8	1/8 to 3/8	1/8 to 3/8	1	1
Transmitter Frequency Range(MHz)	824-849 1850-1910	824-849 1850-1910	824-849 1850-1910	824-849	2402-2480

Outside of USA and Canada, the transmitter of the device is capable of operating also in 900/1800MHz bands, which are not part of this filing.

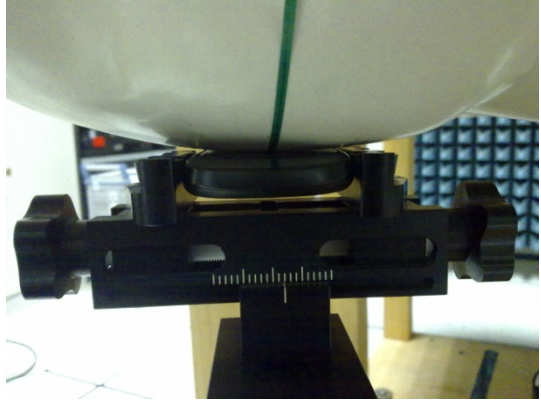

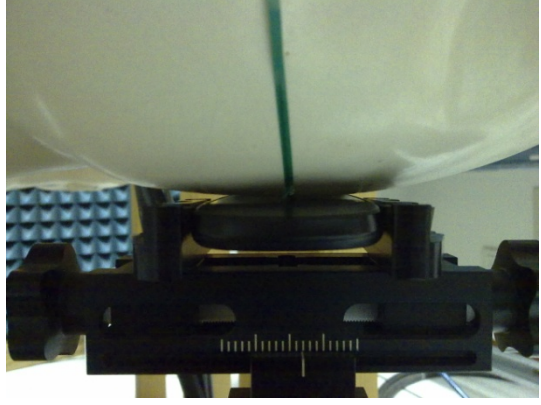
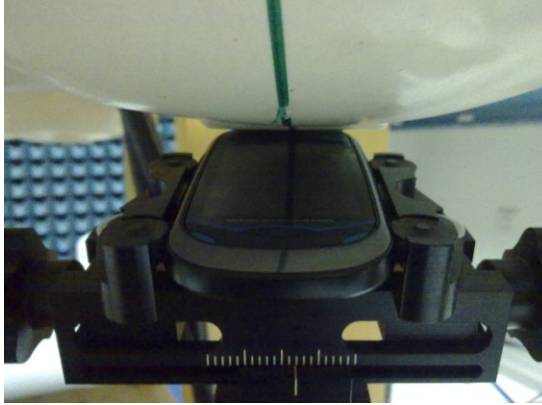


2.1 Description of the Antenna

The device has an internal antenna.

2.2 Picture of the EUT



2.3 Test Positions for the Device under test

	
Cheek position, left side	Tilt position, left side
	
Cheek position, Right side	Tilt position, Right side
	
Towards ground	Towards phantom

2.4 Picture to demonstrate the required liquid depth

the liquid depth in the used SAM phantoms



Liquid depth for SAR Measurement

3. TEST CONDITIONS

3.1 Temperature and Humidity

Ambient temperature (°C)	21.0 to 23.0
Ambient humidity (RH %)	30 to 45

3.2 Test Signal, Frequencies and Output Power

The device was put into operation by using a call tester. Communication between the device and the call tester was established by air link.

The device output power was set to maximum power level for all tests; a fully charged battery was used for every test sequence.

In all operating bands the measurements were performed on lowest, middle and highest channels.

4. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT

4.1 Measurement System and Components

The measurements were performed using an automated near-field scanning system, DASY4, manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Switzerland. The SAR extrapolation algorithm used in all measurements was the 'advanced extrapolation' algorithm.

The following table lists calibration dates of SPEAG components:

Test Equipment	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
DAE4	725	1year	2010.06
Dosimetric E-field Probe ES3DV3	3128	1year	2010.06
Dipole Validation Kit, D835V2	4d023	2years	2010.06
Dipole Validation Kit, D1900V2	5d024	2years	2010.06
DASY4 software Version	4.7	N/A	N/A

Note: the Dipole Calibration interval is 24 months

Additional test equipment used in testing:

Test Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
Signal Generator	E4428C	MY45280865	1year	2010.06
Amplifier	5S1G4	0323472	N/A	N/A
Power meter	E4417A	MY45101182	1year	2010.08
Power Sensor	E4412A	MY41502214	1year	2010.08
Power Sensor	E4412A	MY41502130	1year	2010.08
Call Tester	8960	GB43194054	1year	2010.08
Network Analyzer	8714ET	US40372083	1year	2010.08
Dielectric Probe Kit	85070D	US33030365	N/A	N/A

4.1.1 Isotropic E-field Probe Type ES3DV3

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	Calibration certificate in Appendix C
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)
Optical Surface Detection	± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear

	liquids over diffuse reflecting surfaces
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm
Dynamic Range	5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: \pm 0.2 dB
Application	General dosimetry up to 4 GHz Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of mobile phones

4.2 Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twinheaded "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The phantom conforms to the requirements of IEEE 1528 - 2003.

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.

The SPEAG device holder (see Section 5.1) was used to position the device in all tests whilst a tripod was used to position the validation dipoles against the flat section of phantom.

4.3 Tissue Simulants

Recommended values for the dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants are given in IEEE 1528 - 2003 and FCC Supplement C to OET Bulletin 65. All tests were carried out using simulants whose dielectric parameters were within \pm 5% of the recommended values. All tests were carried out within 24 hours of measuring the dielectric parameters.

The depth of the tissue simulant was 15.0 \pm 0.5 cm measured from the ear reference point during system checking and device measurements.

4.3.1 Tissue Simulant Recipes

The following recipe(s) were used for Head and Body tissue stimulant(s):

800MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Water	40.29	50.75
Sugar	57.90	48.21
Nacl	1.38	0.94
Cellulose	0.24	0
Preventol	0.18	0.10

1900MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Water	44.45	70.17
DGBE	55.24	29.44
Nacl	0.31	0.39

4.3.2 System Checking

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyser. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulant, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system checking results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the table below. Test Date is 2010.4.12.

System checking, head tissue simulant

		SAR _{1g} [w/kg]	ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	Temperature	
					Ambient[°C]	Liquid[°C]
835MHz	Target Value	10.8	41.5±2.1	0.97±0.05	15-30	-
	Measured Value	10.9	41.5	0.98	24.0	22.3

All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power

		SAR _{1g} [w/kg]	ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	Temperature	
					Ambient[°C]	Liquid[°C]
1900MHz	Target Value	39.7	40±1.9	1.40±0.07	15-30	-
	Measured Value	39.9	39.0	1.44	24.0	22.3

All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power

Plots of the system checking scans are given in Appendix A.

4.3.3 Tissue Simulants used in the Measurements

For the measurement of the following parameters the HP 85070D dielectric probe kit is used, representing the open-ended coaxial probe measurement procedure. Liquid temperature during the test: 22.3° C。 Tested date is 2010.4.12

Head		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	Temperature	
				Ambient [°C]	Liquid [°C]
850MHz	Recommended Value	41.5±2.1	0.97±0.05	15-30	-
	Measured Value	41.5	0.98	24.0	22.3
1900MHz	Recommended Value	40±1.9	1.40±0.07	15-30	-
	Measured Value	39.0	1.44	24.0	22.3

Body		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	Temperature	
				Ambient [°C]	Liquid [°C]
850MHz	Recommended Value	55.0±2.8	1.05±0.05	15-30	-
	Measured Value	54.6	1.00	24.0	22.3
1900MHz	Recommended Value	53.3±2.7	1.52±0.08	15-30	-
	Measured Value	54.6	1.49	24.0	22.3

5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE

5.1 Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the Dasy system.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

5.2 Test positions

5.2.1 Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made in “cheek” and “tilt” positions on both the left hand and right hand sides of the phantom.

The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2003 "IEEE

Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques".

5.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

The device was placed in the SPEAG holder below the flat section of the phantom. The distance between the device and the phantom was kept at the separation distance using a separate flat spacer that was removed before the start of the measurements. The device was oriented with its antenna facing the phantom since this orientation gives higher results.

5.3 scan procedure

First, area scans were used for determination of the field distribution. Next, a zoom scan, a minimum of 7 x 7x7 points covering a volume of at least 30x30x30mm, was performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR value. Drift was determined by measuring the same point at the start of the area scan and again at the end of the zoom scan.

5.4 SAR Averaging Methods

The maximum SAR value was averaged over a cube of tissue using interpolation and extrapolation.

The interpolation, extrapolation and maximum search routines within Dasy4 are all based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method (Robert J. Renka, "Multivariate Interpolation Of Large Sets Of Scattered Data", University of North Texas ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software, vol. 14, no. 2, June 1988, pp. 139-148).

The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method with a weighted average method. A trivariate 3-D / bivariate 2-D quadratic function is computed for each measurement point and fitted to neighbouring points by a least-square method. For the zoom scan, inverse distance weighting is incorporated to fit distant points more accurately. The interpolating function is finally calculated as a weighted average of the quadratics.

In the zoom scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the deepest measurement points to the inner surface of the phantom.

6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Table 6.1 – Measurement uncertainty evaluation

DASY4 Uncertainty Budget								
Error description	Uncertainty value	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(c_i) 1g	(c_i) 10g	Std.Unc (1g).	Std.Unc. (10g)	(v_i) V_{eff}
Measurement system								
Probe calibration	±5.9%	N	1	1	1	±5.9%	±5.9%	∞
Axial isotropy	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	±9.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary effects	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System detection limits	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Readout electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response time	±0.8%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration time	±2.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF ambient noise	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF ambient reflections	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe positioner	±0.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.2%	±0.2%	∞
Probe positioning	±2.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Max.SAR Eval.	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power drift	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom uncertainty	±4.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	∞
Liquid conductivity(target)	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	±1.8%	±1.2%	∞
Liquid conductivity(meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.64	0.43	±1.6%	±1.1%	∞
Liquid conductivity(target)	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	±1.7%	±1.4%	∞
Liquid onductivity(means.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.6	0.49	±1.5%	±1.2%	∞
Combined std. Uncertainty						±10.9%	±10.7%	387
Expanded STD Uncertainty						±21.9%	±21.4%	

7. RESULTS

7.1 Test result

The measured Head SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

BT and GSM are simultaneous transmission, The distance of BT's antenna and GSM's antenna is $d_{xy}, 2.5\text{cm} \leq d_{xy} < 5\text{cm}$, $P_{bt} \leq 12\text{mW}$, no stand-alone SAR, BT SAR is considered zero in the 1-g SAR summing process to determine simultaneous transmission SAR. GO to the only GSM sar testing.

Mode: GSM 850

$f_L(\text{MHz})=824.2\text{MHz}$ $f_M(\text{MHz})=836.4 \text{ MHz}$ $f_H(\text{MHz})= 848.8\text{MHz}$

SAR Values (Head, 850MHz Band)

Limit of SAR (W/kg)	1 g Average
	1.6
Test Case	Measurement Result (mW/g)
	1 g Average
Left hand, Touch cheek, f_H	---
Left hand, Touch cheek, f_M	0.789
Left hand, Touch cheek, f_L	---
Left hand, Tilt 15 Degree, f_M	0.467
Right hand, Touch cheek, f_H	0.472
Right hand, Touch cheek, f_M	0.798
Right hand, Touch cheek, f_L	0.390
Right hand, Tilt 15 Degree, f_M	0.487

Mode: GSM1900

$f_L(\text{MHz})=1850.2\text{MHz}$ $f_M(\text{MHz})=1880.0\text{MHz}$ $f_H(\text{MHz})=1909.8\text{MHz}$

SAR Values (Head, 1900MHz Band)

Limit of SAR (W/kg)	1 g Average
	1.6
Test Case	Measurement Result (mW/g)
	1 g Average
Left hand, Touch cheek , f_H	---
Left hand, Touch cheek, f_M	0.395
Left hand, Touch cheek , f_L	---

Left hand, Tilt 15 Degree,	f_M	0.224
Right hand, Touch cheek ,	f_H	---
Right hand, Touch cheek,	f_M	0.561
Right hand, Touch cheek	f_L	---
Right hand, Tilt 15 Degree,	f_M	0.207

The measured Body SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

Mode:GSM850/GPRS850

f_L (MHz)=824.2MHz f_M (MHz)=836.4 MHz f_H (MHz)= 848.8MHz

SAR Values (Body, 850MHz Band)

Limit of SAR (W/kg)		1g Average
		1.6
Test Case		Measurement Result (mW/g)
		1g Average
Towards ground with a headset	f_H	1.07
Towards ground with a headset	f_M	0.84
Towards ground with a headset	f_L	1.03
Towards phantom with a headset	f_M	0.67
Towards ground GPRS	f_H	0.95
Towards ground GPRS	f_M	0.85
Towards ground GPRS	f_L	0.96
Towards phantom GPRS	f_M	0.79
Towards ground EGPRS	f_M	0.54

Mode:GSM1900/GPRS1900

f_L (MHz)=1850.2MHz f_M (MHz)=1880.0MHz f_H (MHz)=1909.8MHz

SAR Values (Body, 1900MHz Band)

Limit of SAR (W/kg)		1g Average
		1.6
Test Case		Measurement Result (mW/g)
		1g Average
Towards ground with a headset	f_H	---
Towards ground with a headset	f_M	0.254
Towards ground with a headset	f_L	---
Towards phantom with a headset	f_M	0.214
Towards ground GPRS	f_H	---

Towards ground GPRS	f_M	0.237
Towards ground GPRS	f_L	---
Towards phantom GPRS	f_M	0.202
Towards ground EGPRS	f_M	0.184

Plots of the Measurement scans are given in Appendix B

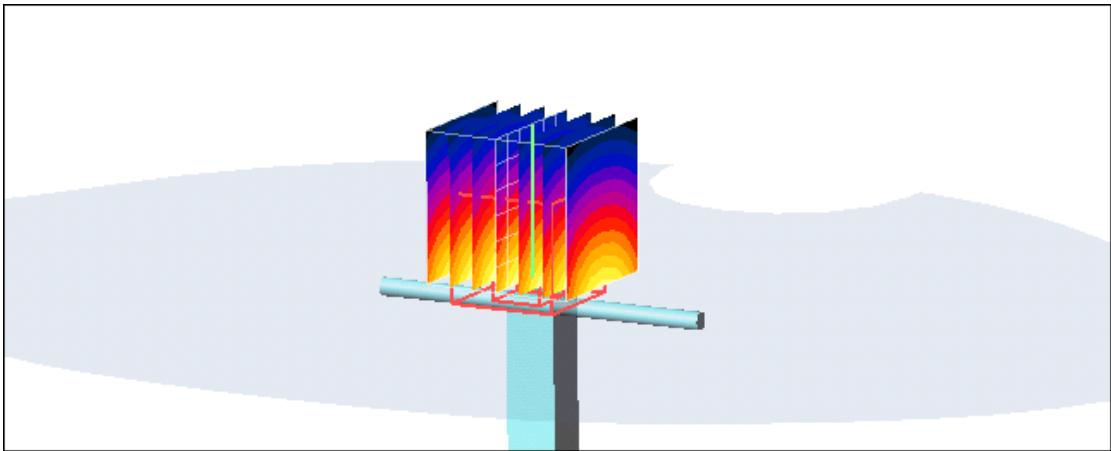
7.2 Conducted power

Mode	GSM850(Head) Duty cycle: 1:8(12.5%)			GSM1900(Head) Duty cycle: 1:8(12.5%)		
	128	189	251	512	661	810
Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810
Frequency(MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
Measured Power(dBm)	31.5	31.8	31.6	28.2	28.1	28.0

Mode	GPRS850 Duty cycle: 1:4(25%)			GPRS1900 Duty cycle: 1:4(25%)		
	128	189	251	512	661	810
Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810
Frequency(MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
Measured Power(dBm)	31.3	31.7	31.5	28.3	28.4	28.0

Mode	EDGE850 Duty cycle: 1:2(50%)			EDGE1900 Duty cycle: 1:2(50%)		
	128	189	251	512	661	810
Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810
Frequency(MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
Measured Power(dBm)	27.6	27.9	28.0	24.2	24.1	24.0

APPENDIX A: SYSTEM CHECKING SCANS

SYSTEM CHECKING SCANS	835MHz
<p>DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d023 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.98$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³</p> <p>DASY4 Configuration: Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(5.68,5.68,5.68); Calibrated: 6/22/2009 Electronics: DAE4 Sn725; Calibrated: 6/15/2009 Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Phantom: SAM 1315; Type: SAM; Serial: 1315 Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186</p> <p>d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 56.3V/m; Power Drift = -0.047 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.08 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.72 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.32 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.9 mW/g</p> <div></div> <p>0 dB = 2.9 mW/g</p>	

SYSTEM CHECKING SCANS

1900 MHz

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d113

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.75, 4.75, 4.75); Calibrated: 6/22/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn725; Calibrated: 6/15/2009

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Phantom: SAM 1267; Type: SAM; Serial: 1267

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

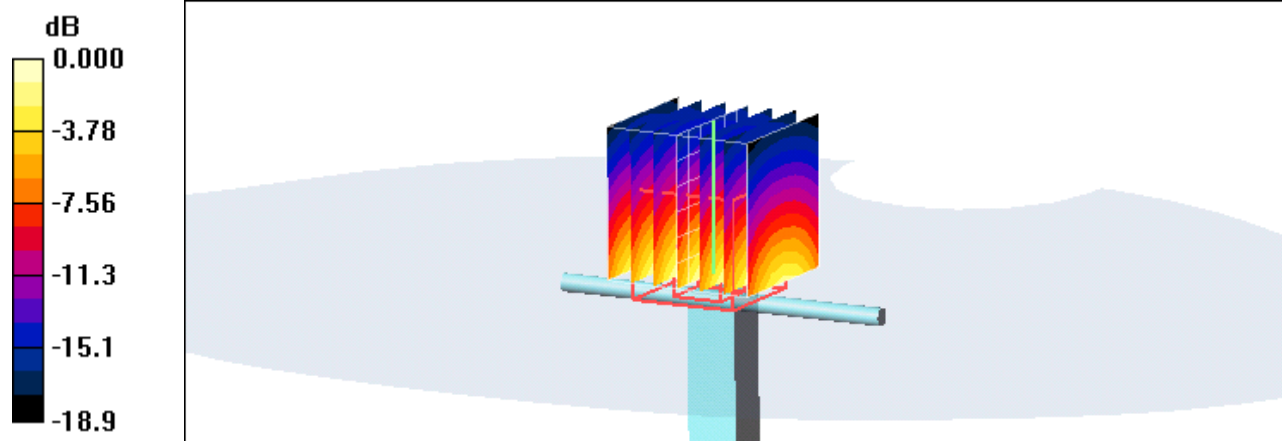
d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 92.3V/m; Power Drift = -0.047 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.98 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.32 mW/g

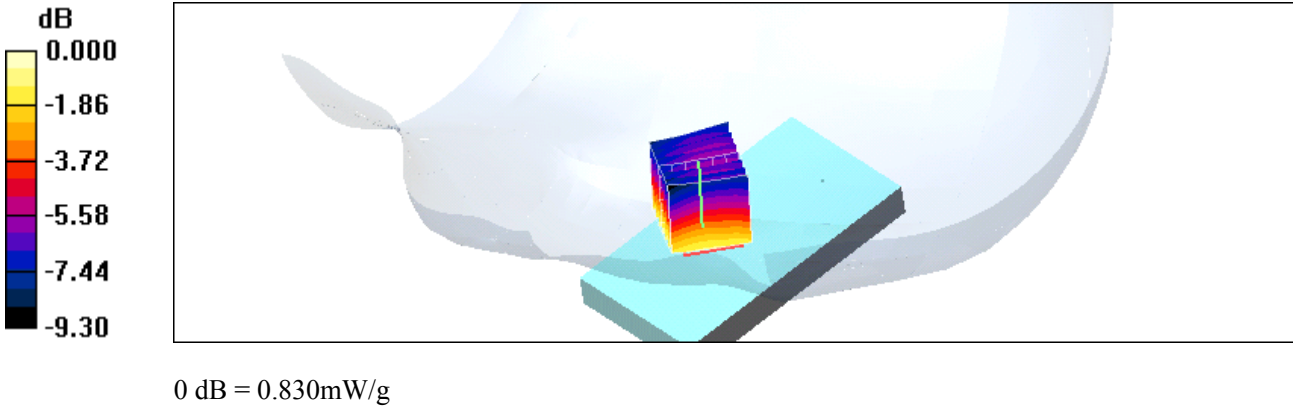
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.6 mW/g

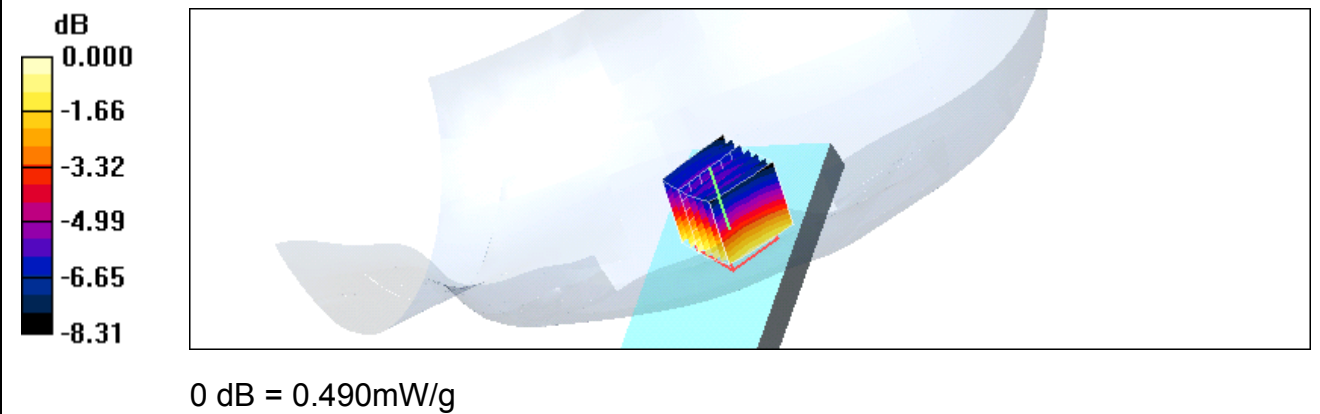


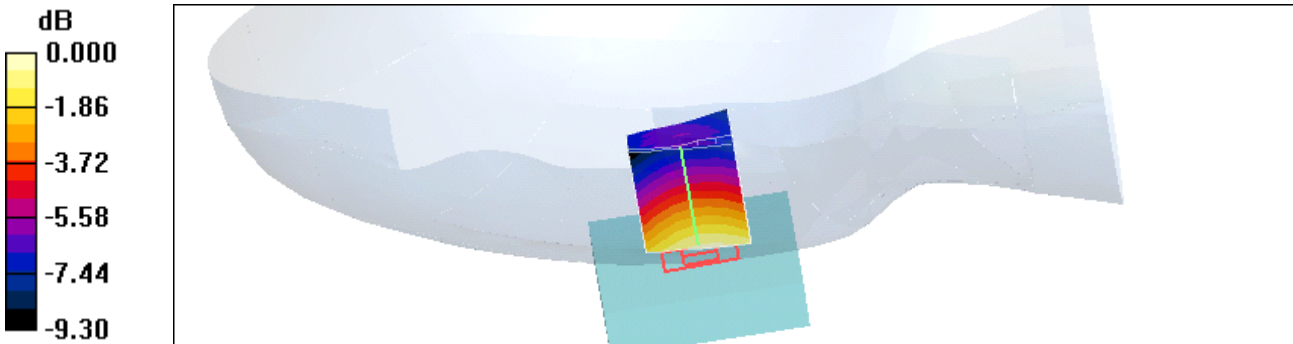
0 dB = 11.6 mW/g

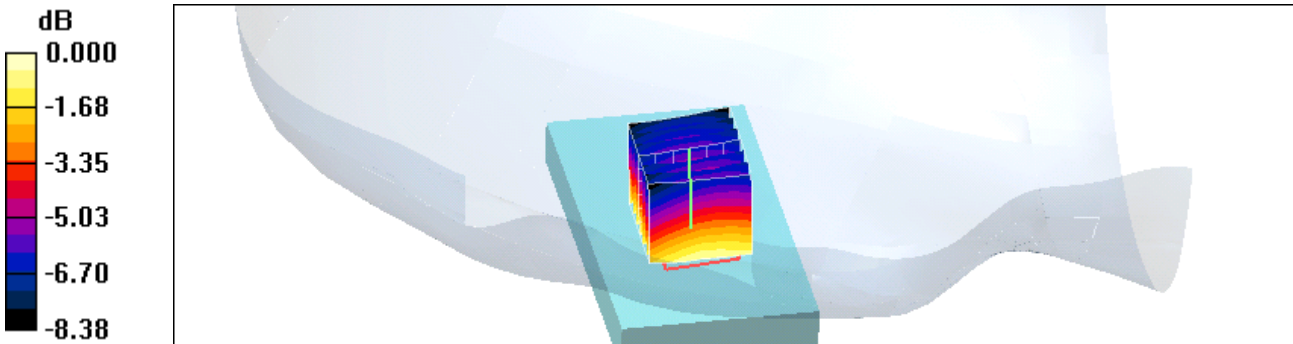
APPENDIX B: MEASUREMENT SCANS

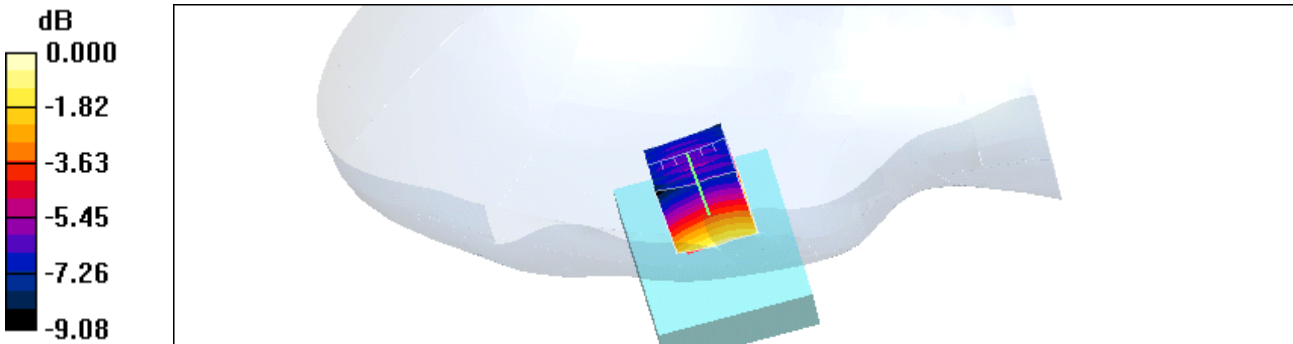
GSM (850MHz/Head)

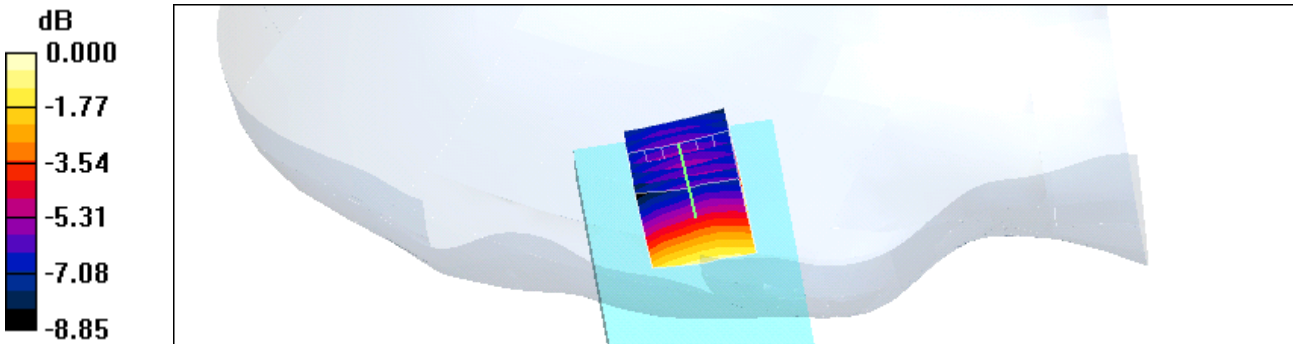
Left Side	Cheek	836.4 MHz
<p>Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.978$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Left Section</p> <p>DASY4 Configuration: - Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(5.68, 5.68, 5.68); Calibrated: 6/22/2009 - Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) - Electronics: DAE4 Sn725; Calibrated: 6/15/2009 - Phantom: SAM 1315; Type: SAM; Serial: 1315 - Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186</p> <p>Touch position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 13.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.054 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.982 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.789 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.592 mW/g</p> <p>Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.830 mW/g</p>		
		

Left Side	Tilt	836.4 MHz
<p>Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.978$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Left Section</p> <p>DASY4 Configuration: - Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(5.68, 5.68, 5.68); Calibrated: 6/22/2009 - Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) - Electronics: DAE4 Sn725; Calibrated: 6/15/2009 - Phantom: SAM 1315; Type: SAM; Serial: 1315 - Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186</p> <p>Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 16.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.003 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.584 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.467 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.355 mW/g</p> <p>Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.490 mW/g</p> <div><p>0 dB = 0.490mW/g</p></div>		

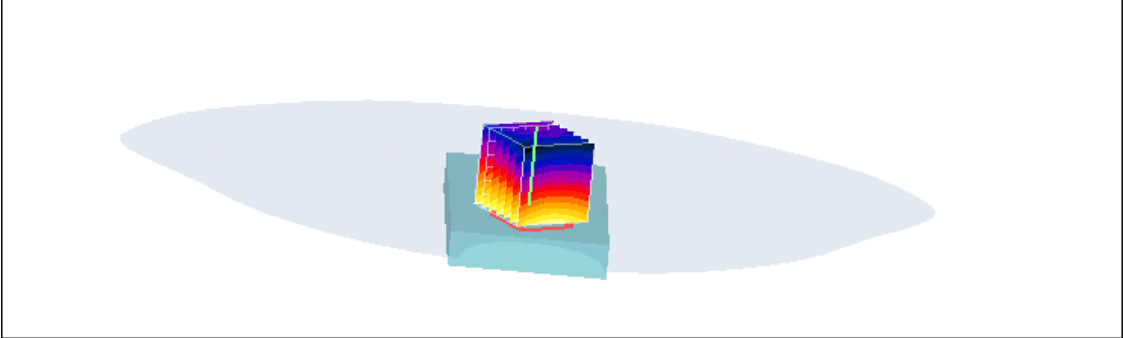
Right Side	Cheek	836.4 MHz
<p>Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.978$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Right Section</p> <p>DASY4 Configuration: - Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(5.68, 5.68, 5.68); Calibrated: 6/22/2009 - Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) - Electronics: DAE4 Sn725; Calibrated: 6/15/2009 - Phantom: SAM 1315; Type: SAM; Serial: 1315 - Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186</p> <p>Touch position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 15.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.123 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.979 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.798 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.605 mW/g</p> <p>Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.836 mW/g</p>		
 <p>0 dB = 0.836mW/g</p>		

Right Side	Cheek	824.2 MHz
<p>Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.961$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Right Section</p> <p>DASY4 Configuration: - Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(5.68, 5.68, 5.68); Calibrated: 6/22/2009 - Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) - Electronics: DAE4 Sn725; Calibrated: 6/15/2009 - Phantom: SAM 1315; Type: SAM; Serial: 1315 - Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186</p> <p>Touch position - Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 16.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.022 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.487 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.390 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.295 mW/g</p> <p>Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.410 mW/g</p>		
 <p>0 dB = 0.410mW/g</p>		

Right Side	Cheek	848.8 MHz
<p>Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 848.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.987$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Right Section</p> <p>DASY4 Configuration: - Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(5.68, 5.68, 5.68); Calibrated: 6/22/2009 - Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) - Electronics: DAE4 Sn725; Calibrated: 6/15/2009 - Phantom: SAM 1315; Type: SAM; Serial: 1315 - Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186</p> <p>Touch position - High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 17.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.117 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.603 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.472 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.353 mW/g</p> <p>Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.501 mW/g</p>		
 <p>0 dB = 0.501mW/g</p>		

Right Side	Tilt	836.4 MHz
<p>Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.978$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Right Section</p> <p>DASY4 Configuration: - Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(5.68, 5.68, 5.68); Calibrated: 6/22/2009 - Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) - Electronics: DAE4 Sn725; Calibrated: 6/15/2009 - Phantom: SAM 1315; Type: SAM; Serial: 1315 - Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186</p> <p>Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 17.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.024 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.617 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.487 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.366 mW/g</p> <p>Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.518 mW/g</p>		
 <p>0 dB = 0.518mW/g</p>		

GSM (850MHz/Flat)

FLAT	Towards ground	836.4 MHz						
<p>Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section</p> <p>DASY4 Configuration: - Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(5.72, 5.72, 5.72); Calibrated: 6/22/2009 - Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) - Electronics: DAE4 Sn725; Calibrated: 6/15/2009 - Phantom: SAM 1315; Type: SAM; Serial: 1315 - Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186</p> <p>Towards ground - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 22.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.044 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.15 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.843 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.620 mW/g</p> <p>Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.914 mW/g</p>								
<div style="display: flex; align-items: flex-start;"> <div style="margin-right: 20px;"> <p>dB</p> <table border="1"> <tr><td style="background-color: yellow;">0.000</td></tr> <tr><td style="background-color: orange;">-2.28</td></tr> <tr><td style="background-color: red;">-4.56</td></tr> <tr><td style="background-color: purple;">-6.84</td></tr> <tr><td style="background-color: blue;">-9.12</td></tr> <tr><td style="background-color: black;">-11.4</td></tr> </table> </div> <div style="flex-grow: 1;">  </div> </div> <p style="text-align: center;">0 dB = 0.914mW/g</p>			0.000	-2.28	-4.56	-6.84	-9.12	-11.4
0.000								
-2.28								
-4.56								
-6.84								
-9.12								
-11.4								

FLAT	Towards ground	824.2 MHz
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Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium parameters used: $f = 825$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.968$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(5.72, 5.72, 5.72); Calibrated: 6/22/2009
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn725; Calibrated: 6/15/2009
- Phantom: SAM 1315; Type: SAM; Serial: 1315
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

towards ground - low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

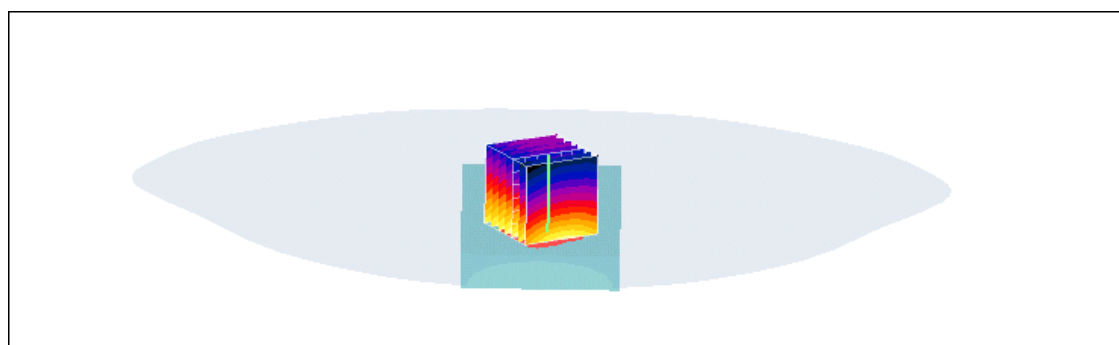
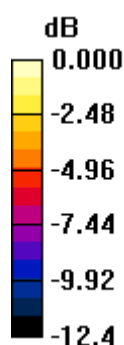
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 25.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.201 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.52 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.03 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.732 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.11 mW/g



0 dB = 1.11mW/g

FLAT	Towards ground	848.8MHz
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Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 848.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(5.72, 5.72, 5.72); Calibrated: 6/22/2009
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn725; Calibrated: 6/15/2009
- Phantom: SAM 1315; Type: SAM; Serial: 1315
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards ground-high/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

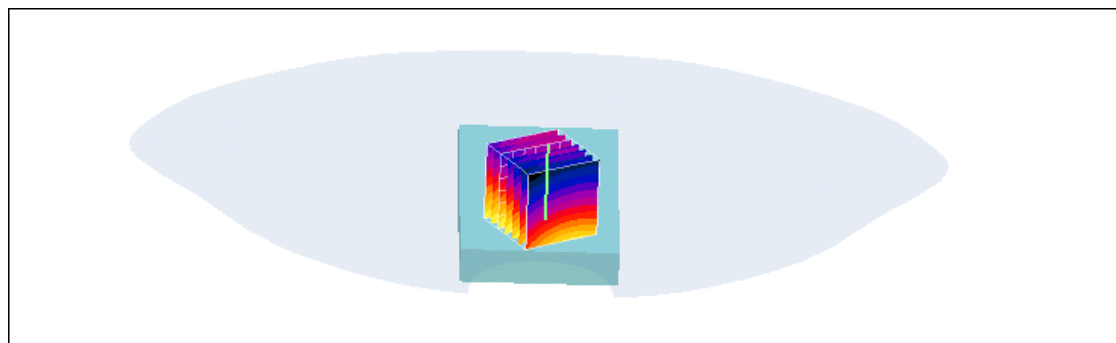
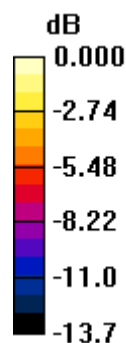
Reference Value = 26.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.137 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.55 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.07 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.749 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.14 mW/g



0 dB = 1.14mW/g

FLAT	Towards phantom	836.4 MHz
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Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(5.72, 5.72, 5.72); Calibrated: 6/22/2009
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn725; Calibrated: 6/15/2009
- Phantom: SAM 1315; Type: SAM; Serial: 1315
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards phantom-Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

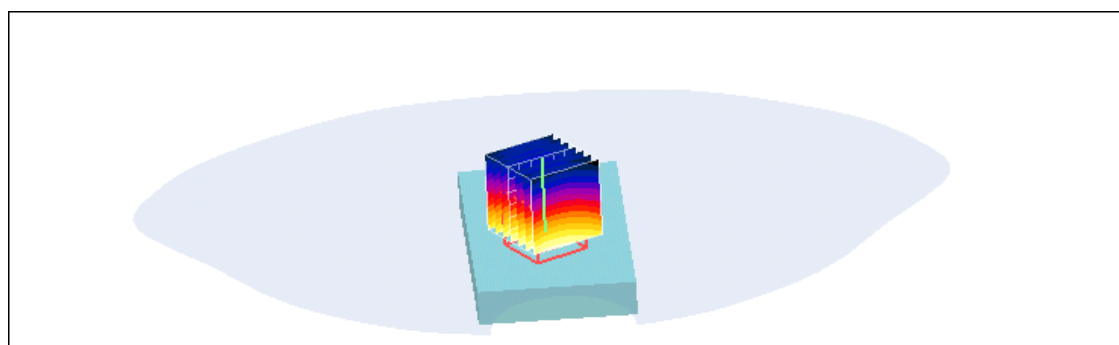
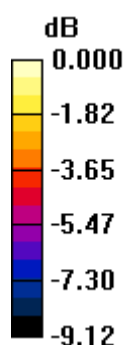
Reference Value = 22.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.205 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.855 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.666 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.489 mW/g

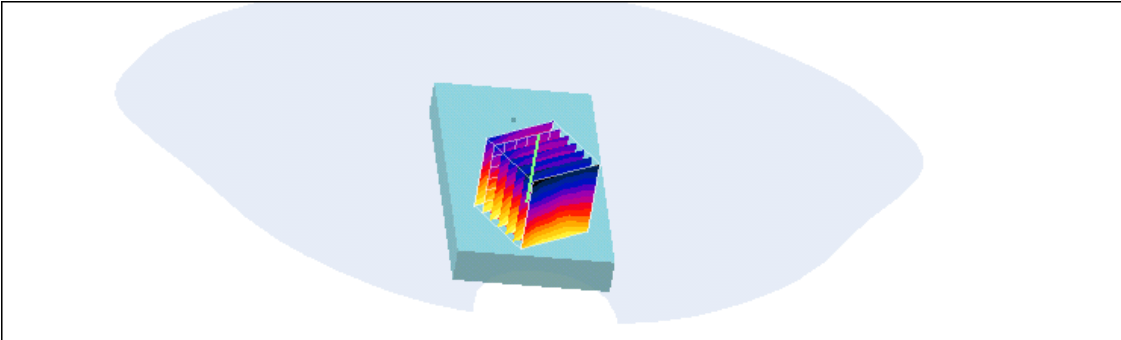
[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

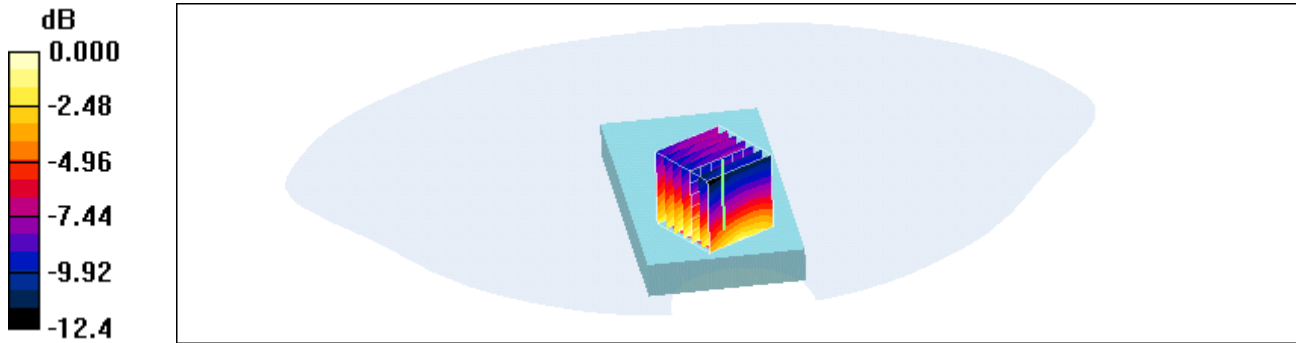
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.706 mW/g



0 dB = 0.706mW/g

GPRS (850MHz/Flat)

FLAT	Towards ground	836.4 MHz						
<p>Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section</p> <p>DASY4 Configuration: - Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(5.72, 5.72, 5.72); Calibrated: 6/22/2009 - Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) - Electronics: DAE4 Sn725; Calibrated: 6/15/2009 - Phantom: SAM 1315; Type: SAM; Serial: 1315 - Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186</p>								
<p>Towards ground - Middle gprs/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 24.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.037 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.15 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.849 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.601 mW/g</p>								
<p>Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.919 mW/g</p>								
<div style="display: flex; align-items: flex-start;"> <div style="margin-right: 20px;"> <p>dB</p> <table border="1"> <tr><td style="background-color: yellow;">0.000</td></tr> <tr><td style="background-color: orange;">-2.34</td></tr> <tr><td style="background-color: red;">-4.68</td></tr> <tr><td style="background-color: purple;">-7.02</td></tr> <tr><td style="background-color: blue;">-9.36</td></tr> <tr><td style="background-color: black;">-11.7</td></tr> </table> </div> <div style="flex-grow: 1;">  <p>0 dB = 0.919mW/g</p> </div> </div>			0.000	-2.34	-4.68	-7.02	-9.36	-11.7
0.000								
-2.34								
-4.68								
-7.02								
-9.36								
-11.7								

FLAT	Towards ground	824.2 MHz
<p>Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4 Medium parameters used: $f = 825$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.968$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section</p> <p>DASY4 Configuration:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(5.72, 5.72, 5.72); Calibrated: 6/22/2009- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)- Electronics: DAE4 Sn725; Calibrated: 6/15/2009- Phantom: SAM 1315; Type: SAM; Serial: 1315- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186 <p>Towards ground-low gprs/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 24.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.115 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.43 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.958 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.669 mW/g</p> <p>Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.03 mW/g</p> <div></div> <p>0 dB = 1.03 mW/g</p>		

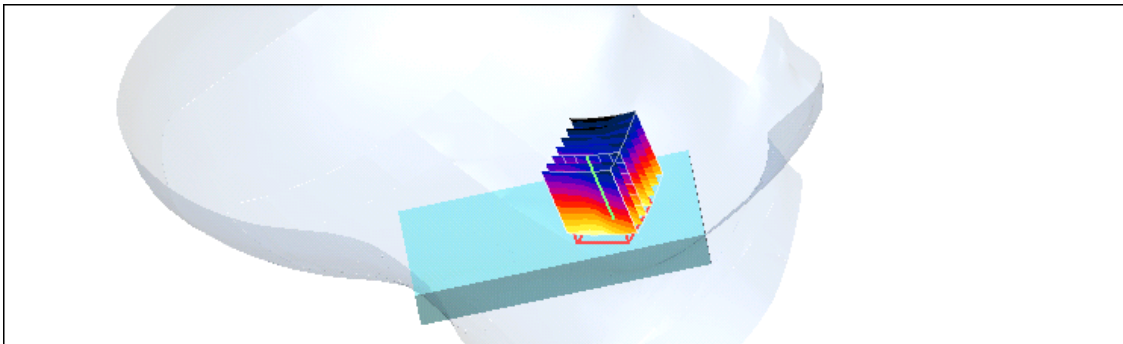
FLAT	Towards ground	848.8 MHz
<p>Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 848.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section</p> <p>DASY4 Configuration: - Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(5.72, 5.72, 5.72); Calibrated: 6/22/2009 - Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) - Electronics: DAE4 Sn725; Calibrated: 6/15/2009 - Phantom: SAM 1315; Type: SAM; Serial: 1315 - Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186</p> <p>Towards ground-high gprs/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 24.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.093 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.39 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.965 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.687 mW/g</p> <p>Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.06 mW/g</p> <div> <p>0 dB = 1.06 mW/g</p> </div>		

FLAT	Towards phantom	836.4 MHz
<p>Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section</p> <p>DASY4 Configuration: - Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(5.72, 5.72, 5.72); Calibrated: 6/22/2009 - Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) - Electronics: DAE4 Sn725; Calibrated: 6/15/2009 - Phantom: SAM 1315; Type: SAM; Serial: 1315 - Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186</p> <p>Towards phantom-Middle gprs/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 22.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.011 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.05 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.788 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.576 mW/g</p> <p>Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.849 mW/g</p> <div> </div>		

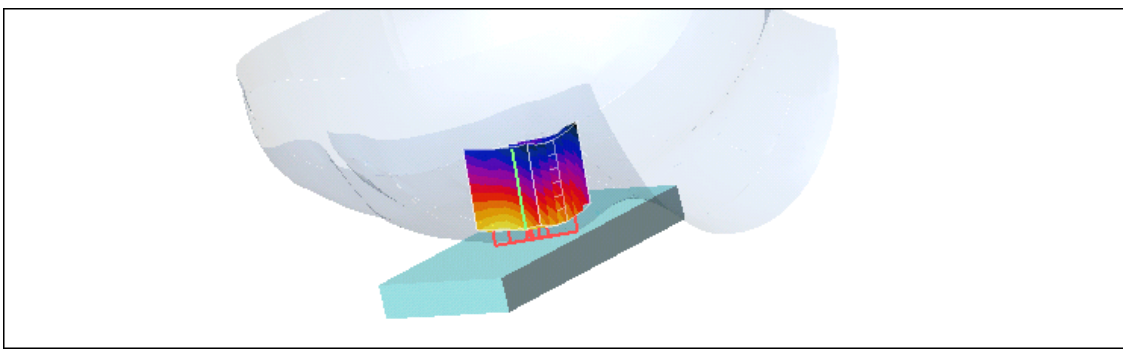
EDGE (850MHz/FLAT)

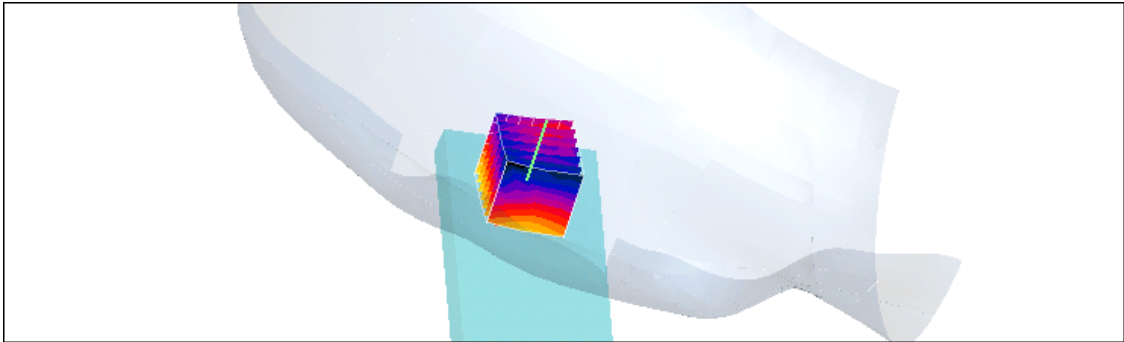
FLAT	Towards ground	836.4 MHz
<p>Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section</p> <p>DASY4 Configuration: - Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(5.72, 5.72, 5.72); Calibrated: 6/22/2009 - Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) - Electronics: DAE4 Sn725; Calibrated: 6/15/2009 - Phantom: SAM 1315; Type: SAM; Serial: 1315 - Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186</p> <p>Towards ground - Middle EDGE/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 23.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.037 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.15 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.540 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.301 mW/g</p> <p>Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.613 mW/g</p>		
<div style="display: flex; align-items: flex-start;"> <div style="margin-right: 20px;"> <p>dB</p> <p>0.000 -2.34 -4.68 -7.02 -9.36 -11.7</p> </div> <div style="flex-grow: 1;"> </div> </div> <p style="text-align: center;">0 dB = 0.613mW/g</p>		

GSM (1900MHz/Head)

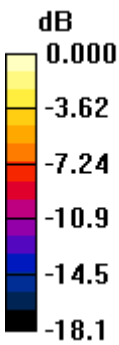
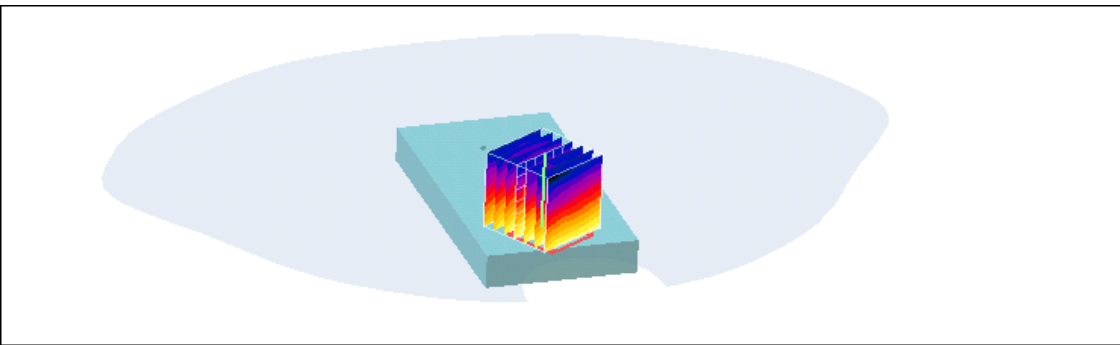
Left Side	Cheek	1880.0 MHz						
<p>Communication System: PCS1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Left Section</p> <p>DASY4 Configuration: - Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.75, 4.75, 4.75); Calibrated: 6/22/2009 - Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) - Electronics: DAE4 Sn725; Calibrated: 6/15/2009 - Phantom: SAM 1267; Type: SAM; Serial: 1267 - Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186</p>								
<p>Touch position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 8.48 V/m; Power Drift = -0.036 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.594 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.395 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.239 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.436 mW/g</p>								
<div style="display: flex; align-items: flex-start;"> <div style="margin-right: 20px;"> <p>dB</p> <table border="1"> <tr><td style="background-color: yellow;">0.000</td></tr> <tr><td style="background-color: orange;">-2.98</td></tr> <tr><td style="background-color: red;">-5.96</td></tr> <tr><td style="background-color: purple;">-8.94</td></tr> <tr><td style="background-color: blue;">-11.9</td></tr> <tr><td style="background-color: black;">-14.9</td></tr> </table> </div> <div style="flex-grow: 1;">  </div> </div> <p style="margin-top: 10px;">0 dB = 0.436mW/g</p>			0.000	-2.98	-5.96	-8.94	-11.9	-14.9
0.000								
-2.98								
-5.96								
-8.94								
-11.9								
-14.9								

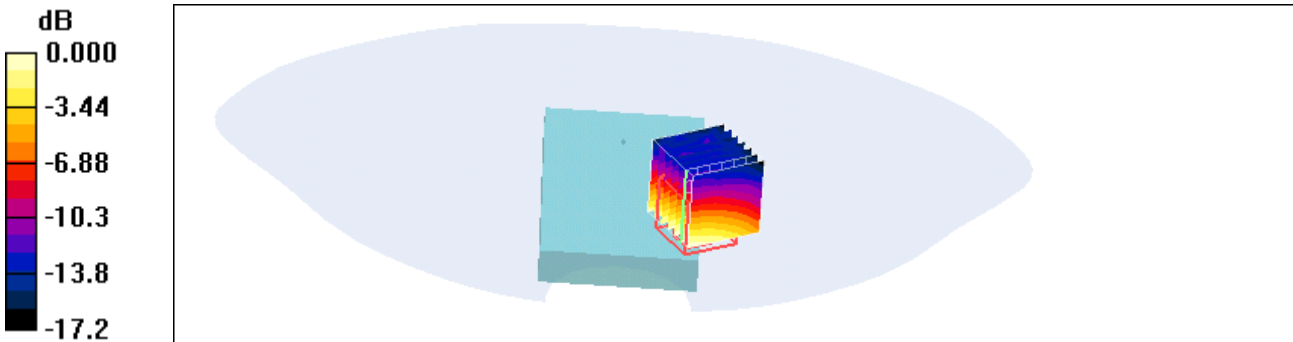
Left Side	Tilt	1880.0 MHz
<p>Communication System: PCS1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Left Section</p> <p>DASY4 Configuration: - Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.75, 4.75, 4.75); Calibrated: 6/22/2009 - Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) - Electronics: DAE4 Sn725; Calibrated: 6/15/2009 - Phantom: SAM 1267; Type: SAM; Serial: 1267 - Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186</p> <p>Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 11.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.013 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.348 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.224 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.133 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.244 mW/g</p> <div> </div> <p>0 dB = 0.244mW/g</p>		

Right Side	cheek	1880.0 MHz
<p>Communication System: PCS1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Right Section</p> <p>DASY4 Configuration: - Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.75, 4.75, 4.75); Calibrated: 6/22/2009 - Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) - Electronics: DAE4 Sn725; Calibrated: 6/15/2009 - Phantom: SAM 1267; Type: SAM; Serial: 1267 - Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186</p> <p>Touch position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.59 V/m; Power Drift = -0.093 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.00 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.561 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.303 mW/g</p> <p>Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.619 mW/g</p>		
<div><p>dB</p><p>0.000</p><p>-3.62</p><p>-7.24</p><p>-10.9</p><p>-14.5</p><p>-18.1</p></div> <div></div> <p>0 dB = 0.619mW/g</p>		

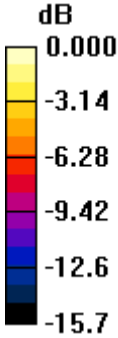
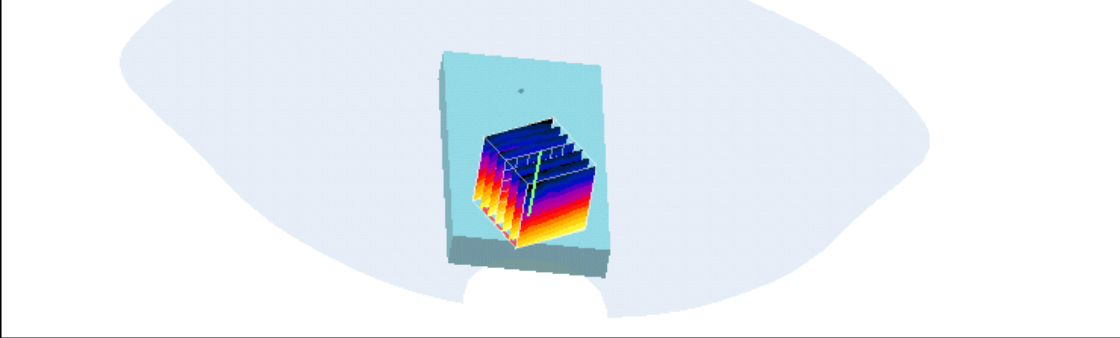
Right Side	Tilt	1880.0 MHz						
Communication System: PCS1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m ³ Phantom section: Right Section								
DASY4 Configuration: - Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.75, 4.75, 4.75); Calibrated: 6/22/2009 - Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) - Electronics: DAE4 Sn725; Calibrated: 6/15/2009 - Phantom: SAM 1267; Type: SAM; Serial: 1267 - Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186								
Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 11.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.060 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.352 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.207 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.113 mW/g								
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.250 mW/g								
<div style="display: flex; align-items: flex-start;"> <div style="margin-right: 20px;"> <p>dB</p> <table border="1"> <tr><td style="background-color: yellow;">0.000</td></tr> <tr><td style="background-color: orange;">-3.76</td></tr> <tr><td style="background-color: red;">-7.52</td></tr> <tr><td style="background-color: purple;">-11.3</td></tr> <tr><td style="background-color: blue;">-15.0</td></tr> <tr><td style="background-color: black;">-18.8</td></tr> </table> </div> <div style="flex-grow: 1;">  </div> </div> <p style="margin-top: 10px;">0 dB = 0.250mW/g</p>			0.000	-3.76	-7.52	-11.3	-15.0	-18.8
0.000								
-3.76								
-7.52								
-11.3								
-15.0								
-18.8								

GSM (1900MHz/Flat)

FLAT	Towards ground	1880 MHz
<p>Communication System: PCS1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.57$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section</p> <p>DASY4 Configuration:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.4, 4.4, 4.4); Calibrated: 6/22/2009 - Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) - Electronics: DAE4 Sn725; Calibrated: 6/15/2009 - Phantom: SAM 1267; Type: SAM; Serial: 1267 - Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186 		
<p>Towards ground - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:</p> <p>dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 8.74 V/m; Power Drift = 0.032 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.413 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.254 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.150 mW/g</p>		
<p>Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.278 mW/g</p>		
<div style="display: flex; align-items: flex-start;"> <div style="margin-right: 20px;"> <p>dB</p>  <p>0.000 -3.62 -7.24 -10.9 -14.5 -18.1</p> </div> <div style="flex-grow: 1;">  </div> </div> <p style="text-align: center;">0 dB = 0.278mW/g</p>		

FLAT	Towards phantom	1880 MHz
<p>Communication System: PCS1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.57$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section</p>		
<p>DASY4 Configuration: - Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.4, 4.4, 4.4); Calibrated: 6/22/2009 - Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) - Electronics: DAE4 Sn725; Calibrated: 6/15/2009 - Phantom: SAM 1267; Type: SAM; Serial: 1267 - Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186</p>		
<p>Towards phantom-Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 9.86 V/m; Power Drift = 0.063 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.362 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.214 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.126 mW/g</p>		
<p>Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.233 mW/g</p>		
 <p>0 dB = 0.233mW/g</p>		

GPRS (1900MHz/Flat)

FLAT	Towards ground	1880 MHz
<p>Communication System: PCS1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.57$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section</p> <p>DASY4 Configuration: - Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.4, 4.4, 4.4); Calibrated: 6/22/2009 - Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) - Electronics: DAE4 Sn725; Calibrated: 6/15/2009 - Phantom: SAM 1267; Type: SAM; Serial: 1267 - Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186</p> <p>towards ground - Middle-gprs/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 9.25 V/m; Power Drift = 0.038 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.384 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.237 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.140 mW/g</p> <p>Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.258 mW/g</p>		
<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 20px;"> <p>dB</p>  <p>0.000 -3.14 -6.28 -9.42 -12.6 -15.7</p> </div> <div style="flex-grow: 1;">  </div> </div> <p style="margin-top: 10px;">0 dB = 0.258mW/g</p>		

FLAT	Towards phantom	1880 MHz
------	-----------------	-----------------

Communication System: PCS1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.57$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.4, 4.4, 4.4); Calibrated: 6/22/2009
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn725; Calibrated: 6/15/2009
- Phantom: SAM 1267; Type: SAM; Serial: 1267
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards phantom-Middle-gprs/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

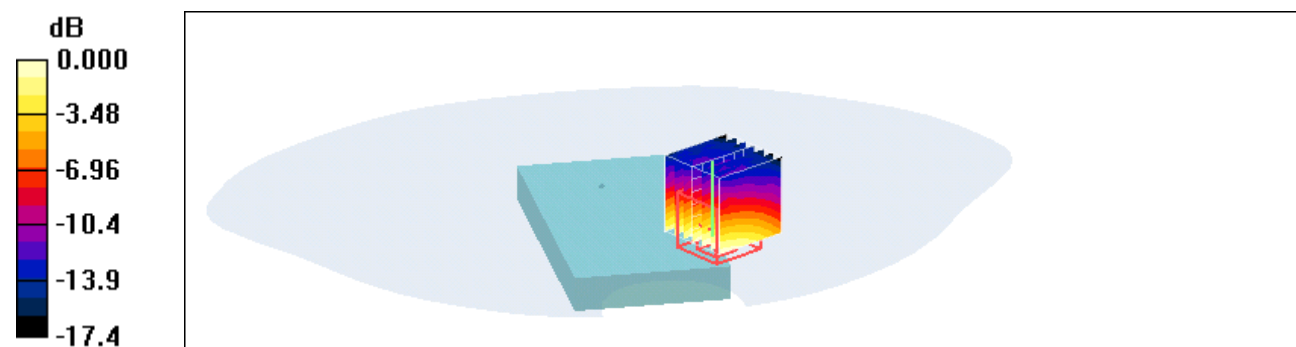
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.63 V/m; Power Drift = 0.079 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.340 W/kg

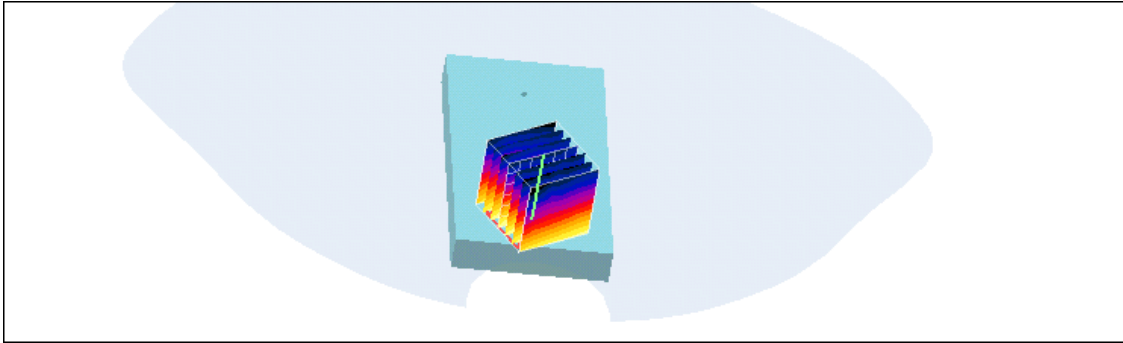
SAR(1 g) = 0.202 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.120 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.220 mW/g



0 dB = 0.220mW/g

EDGE (1900MHz/FLAT)

FLAT	Towards ground	1880 MHz
<p>Communication System: PCS1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.57$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section</p> <p>DASY4 Configuration: - Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.4, 4.4, 4.4); Calibrated: 6/22/2009 - Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) - Electronics: DAE4 Sn725; Calibrated: 6/15/2009 - Phantom: SAM 1267; Type: SAM; Serial: 1267 - Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186</p> <p>towards ground - Middle-EDGE/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.25 V/m; Power Drift = 0.008 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.324 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.184 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.074 mW/g</p> <p>Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.189 mW/g</p> <div>  <p>0 dB = 0.189mW/g</p> </div>		

APPENDIX C: RELEVANT PAGES FROM PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT(S)

Calibration Laboratory of
 Schmid & Partner
 Engineering AG
 Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
 C Service suisse d'étalonnage
 S Servizio svizzero di taratura
 S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **SRMC (PTT)**

Certificate No: **ES3-3128_Jun09**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ES3DV3 - SN:3128**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v6 and QA CAL-23.v3
 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **June 22, 2009**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility; environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026)	Mar-10
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028)	Mar-10
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027)	Mar-10
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	2-Jan-09 (No. ES3-3013_Jan09)	Jan-10
DAE4	SN: 660	9-Sep-08 (No. DAE4-660_Sep08)	Sep-09
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-08)	In house check: Oct-09

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: June 22, 2009

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(*f*)_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response** (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

ES3DV3 SN:3128

June 22, 2009

Probe ES3DV3

SN:3128

Manufactured:	July 11, 2006
Last calibrated:	January 24, 2007
Recalibrated:	June 22, 2009

Calibrated for DASYS Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASYS2 system!)

ES3DV3 SN:3128

June 22, 2009

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 SN:3128

Sensitivity in Free Space^A

NormX	1.26 ± 10.1%	μV/(V/m) ²
NormY	1.36 ± 10.1%	μV/(V/m) ²
NormZ	1.32 ± 10.1%	μV/(V/m) ²

Diode Compression^B

DCP X	92 mV
DCP Y	94 mV
DCP Z	94 mV

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

TSL 900 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		3.0 mm	4.0 mm
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	9.7	5.5
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.7	0.5

TSL 1750 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		3.0 mm	4.0 mm
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	8.9	5.2
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.8	0.6

Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center **2.0 mm**

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

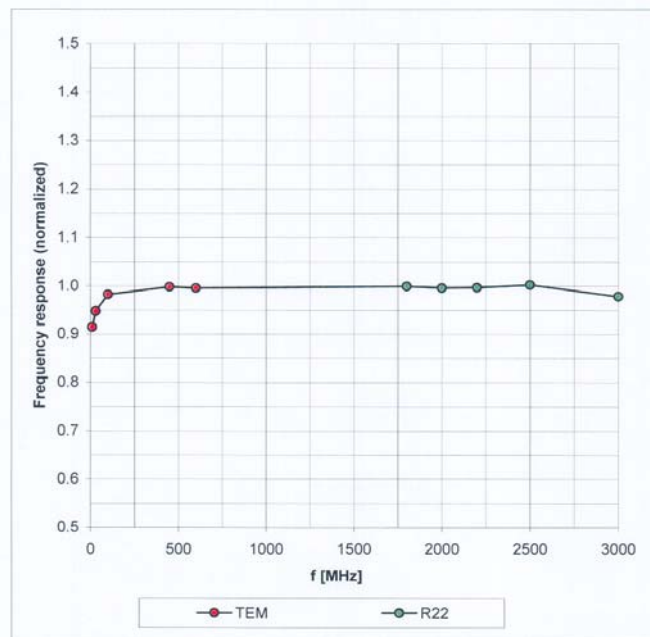
^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

ES3DV3 SN:3128

June 22, 2009

Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

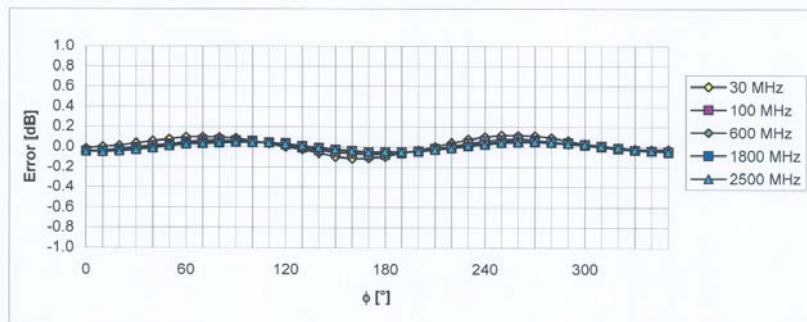
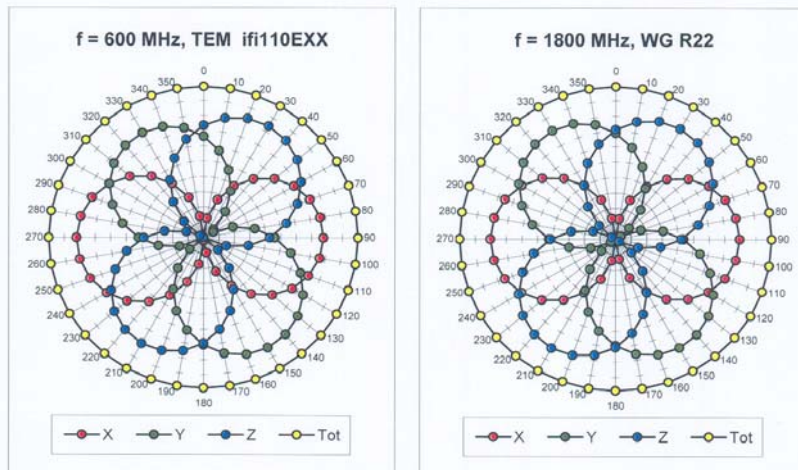


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ (k=2)

ES3DV3 SN:3128

June 22, 2009

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$

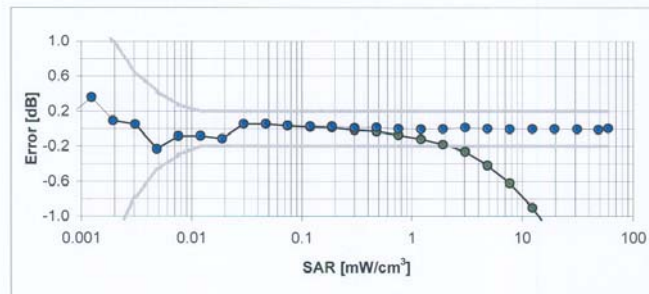
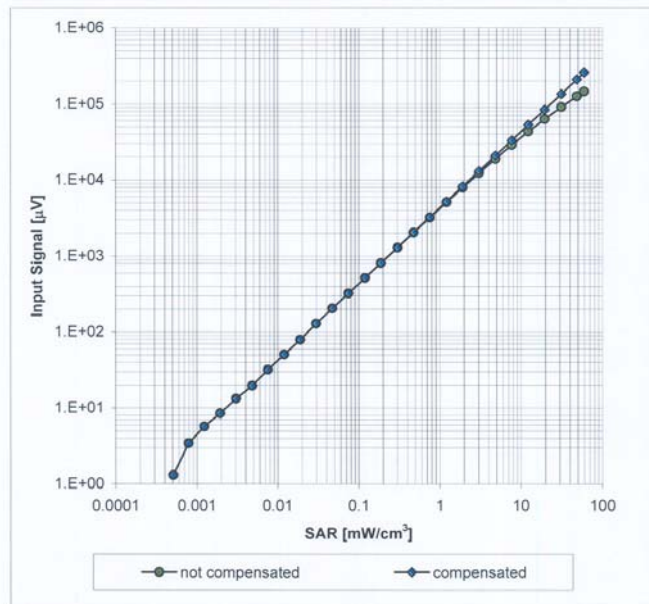


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

ES3DV3 SN:3128

June 22, 2009

Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (Waveguide R22, $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$)

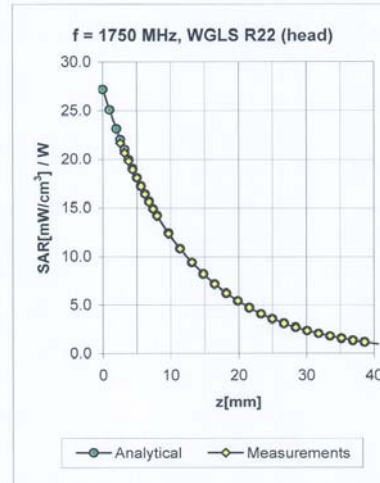
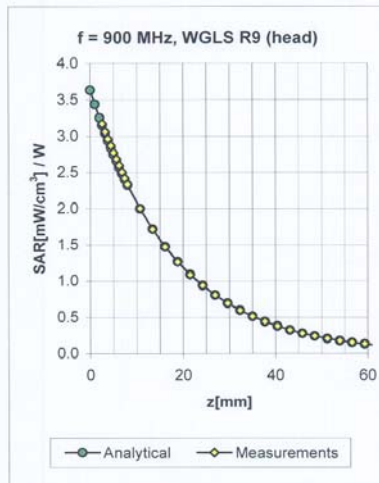


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

ES3DV3 SN:3128

June 22, 2009

Conversion Factor Assessment



f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
835	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.90 ± 5%	0.94	1.06	5.68 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.83	1.11	5.52 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.1 ± 5%	1.37 ± 5%	0.52	1.43	4.93 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.52	1.46	4.75 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2000	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.42	1.60	4.69 ± 11.0% (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.2 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.74	1.21	5.72 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.79	1.15	5.58 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.4 ± 5%	1.49 ± 5%	0.37	1.93	4.60 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.36	2.06	4.40 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2000	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.38	2.04	4.46 ± 11.0% (k=2)

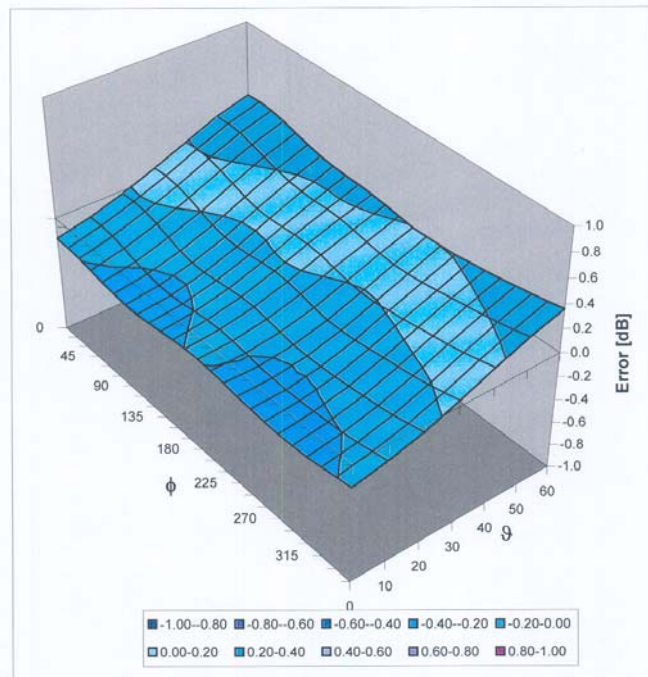
^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

ES3DV3 SN:3128

June 22, 2009

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (ϕ, θ), $f = 900$ MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\%$ ($k=2$)

**APPENDIX D: RELEVANT PAGES FROM DIPOLE VALIDATION KIT
REPORT(S)**

Calibration Laboratory of
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 Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Client SRMC (MTT)

Certificate No: D835V2-4d023_Jun08

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D835V2 - SN: 4d023

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v7
 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: June 17, 2008

Condition of the calibrated item In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	07-Aug-07 (METAS, No 217-00718)	Aug-08
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	08-Aug-07 (No. 217-00721)	Aug-08
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3025	28-Apr-08 (No. ES3-3025_Apr08)	Apr-09
DAE4	SN: 601	14-Mar-08 (No. DAE4-601_Mar08)	Mar-09
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: June 17, 2008

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result..

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V4.9	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.4 ± 6 %	0.88 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.37 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	9.48 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	9.46 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.56 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.24 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	6.21 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

¹ Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.4 ± 6 %	0.99 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	---	---

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.42 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	9.68 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ²	normalized to 1W	9.36 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.60 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.40 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ²	normalized to 1W	6.24 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

² Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.9 Ω - 2.6 j Ω
Return Loss	-25.5 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.3 Ω - 4.5 j Ω
Return Loss	- 27.0 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.390 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 04, 2005

DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 16.06.2008 10:59:00

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d023

Communication System: CW-835; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 900 MHz;

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.88$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(5.97, 5.97, 5.97); Calibrated: 28.04.2008
- Sensor-Surface: 3.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 14.03.2008
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

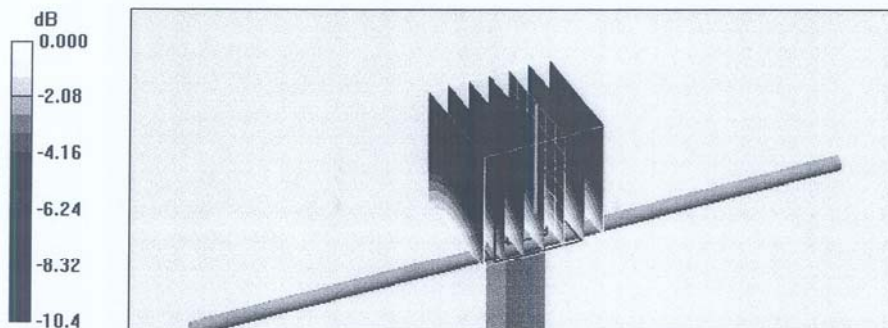
Pin=250mW; dip=15mm; dist=3.4mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.056 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.48 W/kg

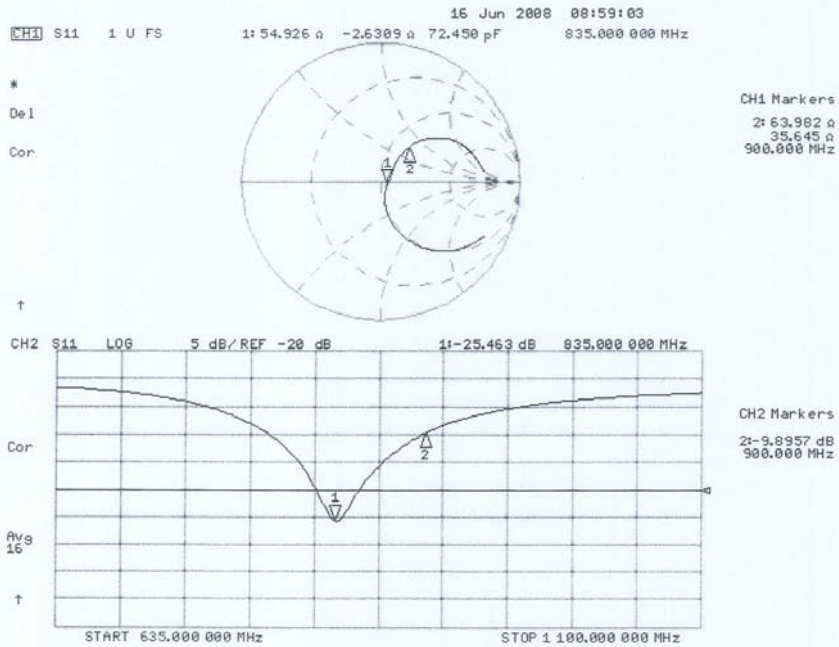
SAR(1 g) = 2.37 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.56 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.68 mW/g



0 dB = 2.68mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 06.06.2008 12:44:11

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d023

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL900;

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(5.9, 5.9, 5.9); Calibrated: 28.04.2008
- Sensor-Surface: 3.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 14.03.2008
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

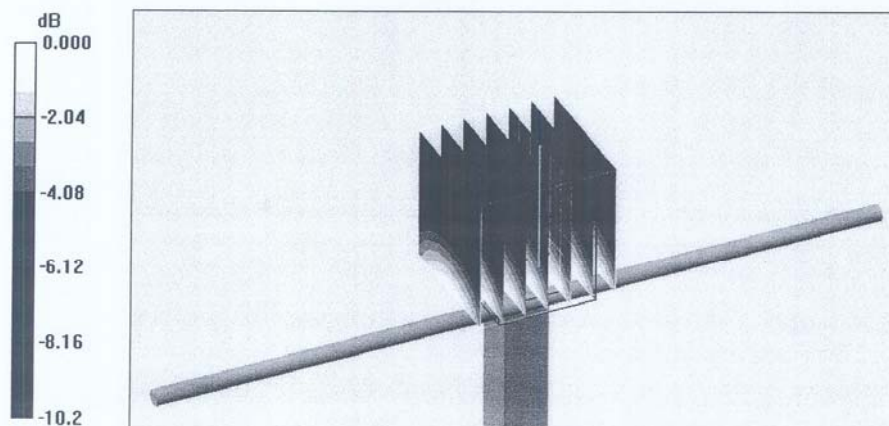
Pin = 250mW, d = 15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 53.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.008 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.49 W/kg

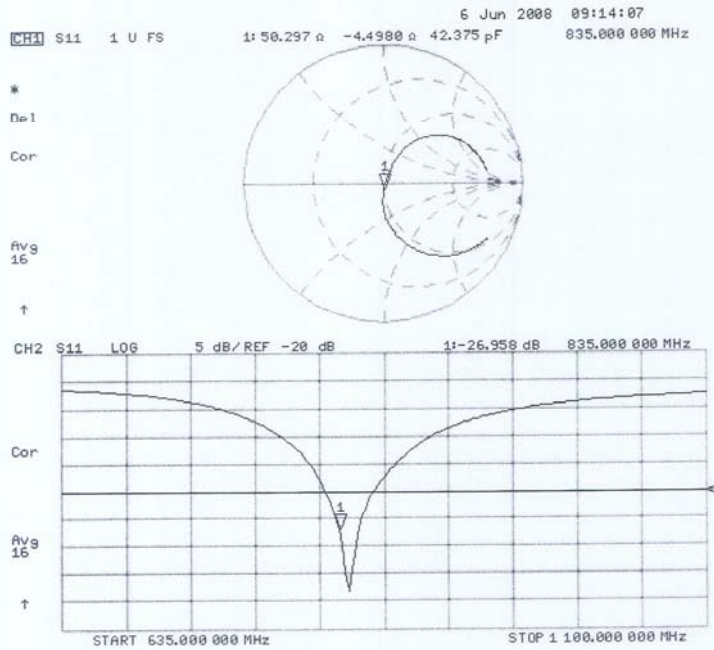
SAR(1 g) = 2.42 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.6 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.73 mW/g



0 dB = 2.73mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **SRMC (PTT)**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-5d113_Aug09**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D1900V2 - SN: 5d113**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v7
 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date: **August 05, 2009**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)	Oct-09
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)	Oct-09
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025)	Mar-10
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029)	Mar-10
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	26-Jun-09 (No. ES3-3205_Jun09)	Jun-10
DAE4	SN: 601	07-Mar-09 (No. DAE4-601_Mar09)	Mar-10
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-08)	In house check: Oct-09

Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Claudio Leubler	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: August 12, 2009

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V5.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.8 ± 6 %	1.45 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.2 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	40.8 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	40.1 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.32 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	21.3 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	21.1 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

¹ Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.5 Ω + 5.5 j Ω
Return Loss	- 25.2 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.202 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 24, 2009

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 05.08.2009 14:47:20

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d113

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09); Calibrated: 26.06.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Pin = 250 mW; dip = 10 mm, scan at 3.0 mm/Zoom Scan (dist=3.0 mm, probe 0deg)

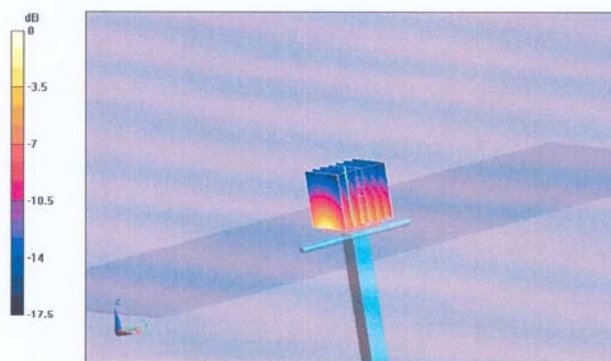
(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.017 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.32 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.5 mW/g



0 dB = 12.5mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

