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HAC T-Coil TEST REPORT

Pantech Co., Ltd.

Pantech Building, I-2, DMC,
Sangam-dong, Mapo-gu, Seoul, Korea
(ZIP : 121-792)

Date of Issue: June 16, 2011

Test Report No.: HCTA1201FT01

Test Site: HCT CO., LTD.

FCC ID: JYCBUDDY

APPLICANT: Pantech Co., Ltd.

Application Type : Permissive Change Class II
EUT Type : Dual-Band CDMA Phone with Bluetooth
Tx Frequency : 824.70 – 848.31 MHz (CDMA)
: 1 851.25 – 1 908.75 MHz (PCS CDMA)
Maximum Conducted : 0.251 W CDMA (24.0 dBm) 0.251 W PCS CDMA (24.0 dBm)
Power (HAC) :
Trade Name/Model(s) : Pantech / TXT8045US
FCC Classification : Licensed Portable Transmitter Held to Ear (PCE)
FCC Rule Part(s) : §20.19
HAC Standard : ANSI C63.19-2007

T Category: T3

This wireless portable device has been shown to be hearing-aid compatible under the above rated category, specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C63.19 and had been tested in accordance with the specified measurement procedures. Hearing-Aid Compatibility is based on the assumption that all production units will be designed electrically identical to the device tested in this report.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

HCT Co., Ltd. Certifies that no party to this application has been denied FCC benefits pursuant to section 5301 of the Anti- Drug Abuse Act of 1998, 21 U.S. C. 862.

Report prepared by
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Table of Contents

| | |
|--|----|
| 1. INTRODUCTION | 3 |
| 2. APPLICANT / EUT DESCRIPTION | 3 |
| 3. TEST CONDITIONS | 5 |
| 4. HAC T-Coil MEASUREMENT SET UP | 6 |
| 5. SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS | 7 |
| 6. ANSI/IEEE C63.19 PERFORMANCE CATEGORIES | 9 |
| 7. TEST PROCEDURE | 11 |
| 8. AUDIO SIGNALS | 12 |
| 9. T-COIL MEASUREMENT POINT AND REFERENCE PLANE | 14 |
| 10. SIGNAL VERIFICATION | 16 |
| 11. TEST SNR RESULTS..... | 18 |
| 12. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY OF AUDIO BAND MAGNETIC MEASUREMENTS--- | 20 |
| 13. T-COIL MESUREMENT RESULTS..... | 21 |
| 13.1 Field Strength and Signal Quality | 21 |
| 13.2 Frequency Response | 25 |
| 13.3 T-Rating Results | 31 |
| APPENDIX A: AMBIENT NOISE PLOTS | 35 |
| APPENDIX B: AUDIO MAGNETIC PROBE CERTIFICATE..... | 38 |
| APPENDIX C: AMCC CERTIFICATE (HELMHOLZ COIL) | 41 |
| APPENDIX D: CONTOUR PLOTS | |
| APPENDIX E: HAC T-COIL TEST SETUP PHOTOS | |

1. INTRODUCTION

This test report describes the Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC) measurement of a wireless portable device manufactured by UTStarcom, Inc. These measurements were performed for compliance with the rules and regulations of the U.S. Federal Communications Commission (FCC). The testing was performed in accordance with ANSI C63.19-2007.

2. APPLICANT / EUT DESCRIPTION

2.1 Applicant

- Company Name: Pantech Co., Ltd.
- Attention: Pantech Building, I-2, DMC,
Sangam-dong, Mapo-gu, Seoul, Korea (ZIP : 121-792)
- Tel. / Fax : +82-2-2030-1363 / +82-2-2030-2519

2.2 EUT Description

- EUT Type: Dual-Band CDMA Phone with Bluetooth
- Trade Name: Pantech
- Model(s): TXT8045US
- FCC ID: JYCBUDDY
- Serial Number(s): #1
- Tx Frequency: 824.70 – 848.31 MHz (CDMA),
1 851.25 – 1 908.75 MHz (PCS CDMA)
- FCC Classification: Licensed Portable Transmitter Held to Ear (PCE)
- FCC Rule Part(s): § 20.19(b); §6.3(v), §7.3(v)
- Modulation(s): CDMA835,PCS1900
- Antenna Type: Integral Antenna
- Date(s) of Tests: Jan.9, 2011
- Place of Tests: HCT CO., LTD.
Icheon, Gyeonggi-Do, KOREA
- Report Serial No.: HCTA1201FT01

| Air-Interface | Band (MHz) | Type | C63.19-2007 | Simultaneous Transmissions Note: Not to be tested | Reduced Power 20.19(C)(1) | Voice Over Digital Transport(Data) |
|---------------|-------------|------|-------------|--|---------------------------|------------------------------------|
| CDMA | Cellular835 | VO | Yes | Yes: BT | No | NA |
| | PCS1900 | | | | | |
| BT | 2450 | DT | NA | Yes: CDMA, GSM | NA | NA |

VO Voice CMRS/PSTN Service Only
V/D Voice CMRS /PSTN and Data Service
DT Digital Transport

* HAC Rating was not based on concurrent voice and data modes, Non current mode was found to represent worst case rating. for both M and T rating

3. TEST CONDITIONS

3.1 Environmental Conditions

All tests were performed under the following environmental conditions:

- 1) Ambient Temperature: (23 ± 2) °C
- 2) Relative Humidity (R.H.): 30 % < R.H. < 80 %

3.2 Ambient Noise of the test site

The test site's ambient magnetic level were determined and found to be at least 10 dB below the measurement data ABM2, unless a very low level of AMB2. Measurement of the ambient level was performed for each probe orientation and results are shown in Appendix A.

3.3 Conducted RF Power Test Data

Per the "Preliminary Guidance for Reviewing Applications for Certifications of 3G Devices" released on May 9, 2006, RC1 and RC3 CDMA modes are considered in SO55 service option (steps 3 & 4 of section 4.4.5.2 of 3GPP2 C.5.011 / TIA). In addition, RC1 and RC3 modes are considered in SO2 service option. The conducted power measurements for each mode are shown in the table below.

Maximum Average Output Power Measurement for FCC ID: JYCBUDDY

| Band | Channel | SO2 | SO2 | SO55 | SO55 | TDSO |
|------|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------------|
| | | RC1/1 | RC3/3 | RC1/1 | RC3/3 | SO32 RC3/3 |
| CDMA | 1013 | 24.44 | 24.45 | 24.51 | 24.45 | 24.40 |
| | 384 | 24.25 | 24.25 | 24.39 | 24.31 | 24.31 |
| | 777 | 24.47 | 24.45 | 24.60 | 24.54 | 24.48 |
| PCS | 25 | 23.90 | 23.75 | 23.91 | 23.75 | 23.77 |
| | 600 | 24.12 | 24.03 | 24.16 | 24.02 | 24.01 |
| | 1175 | 24.09 | 23.95 | 24.03 | 23.92 | 23.93 |

Table 1. CDMA Conducted output powers

4. HAC T-Coil MEASUREMENT SET-UP



Figure 1: T-Coil setup with HAC Test Arch and AMCC.

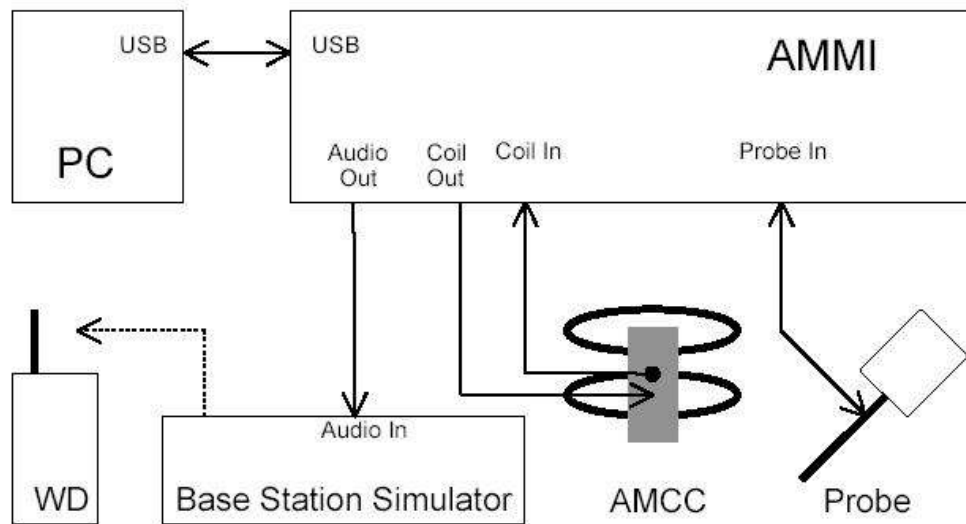


Figure 2: T-Coil setup cabling.

5. SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS

The HCT utilizes a Dosimetric Assessment system (Dasy4TM v4.7) manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAGTM) of Zurich, Switzerland. All T-coil measurements are taken within a shielded enclosure. The measurement uncertainty budget is shown in Table 7. The list of calibrated equipment used for the measurements is shown in Table 2.

| Manufacturer | Type / Model | S/N | Calib. Date | Calib. Interval | Calib. Due |
|--------------|-------------------------------|------------|-------------|-----------------|------------|
| SPEAG | DAE4 | 466 | 03/01/11 | Annual | 03/01/12 |
| SPEAG | Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe | 1013 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| SPEAG | AMMI SE UMS 010 AB | 1015 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| SPEAG | AMCC SD HAC P02 A | 1001 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| SPEAG | Test Arch SD HAC D01 BA | - | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| R&S | Base Station CMU200 | 93362 | 07/26/11 | Annual | 07/26/12 |
| HP | Power Supply E3632A | KR75306225 | 05/02/11 | Annual | 05/02/12 |

Table 2 : Test Equipment

5.1 Audio Magnetic Probe Description

Audio Magnetic Probe (AM1DV2) is an active probe with a single sensor. The same probe coil is used to measure three orthogonal field components (axial, radial 1, radial 2). The probe is rotated to properly orient the coil for each field component.

5.2 AMMI (Audio Magnetic Measurement Instrument)

AMMI is a desktop unit containing a sampling unit, a waveform generator for test, calibration signals and a USB interface. Front connectors include: Audio Out – predefined or user definable audio signals for injection into the WD; Probe In – the probe signal is evaluated by AMMI; Coil Out – test and calibration signal to the AMCC; Coil In – monitor signal from the AMCC.

5.3 AMCC (Audio Magnetic Calibration Coil)

AMCC is a Helmholtz coil for calibration of the AM1D probe. The two horizontal coils create a homogeneous magnetic field in the z direction. Refer to Appendix C for more details on AMCC coil. The probe is calibrated in AMCC coil. The frequency response and sensitivity are measured and stored. Sensitivity includes both probe sensitivity and pre-amplifier sensitivity.

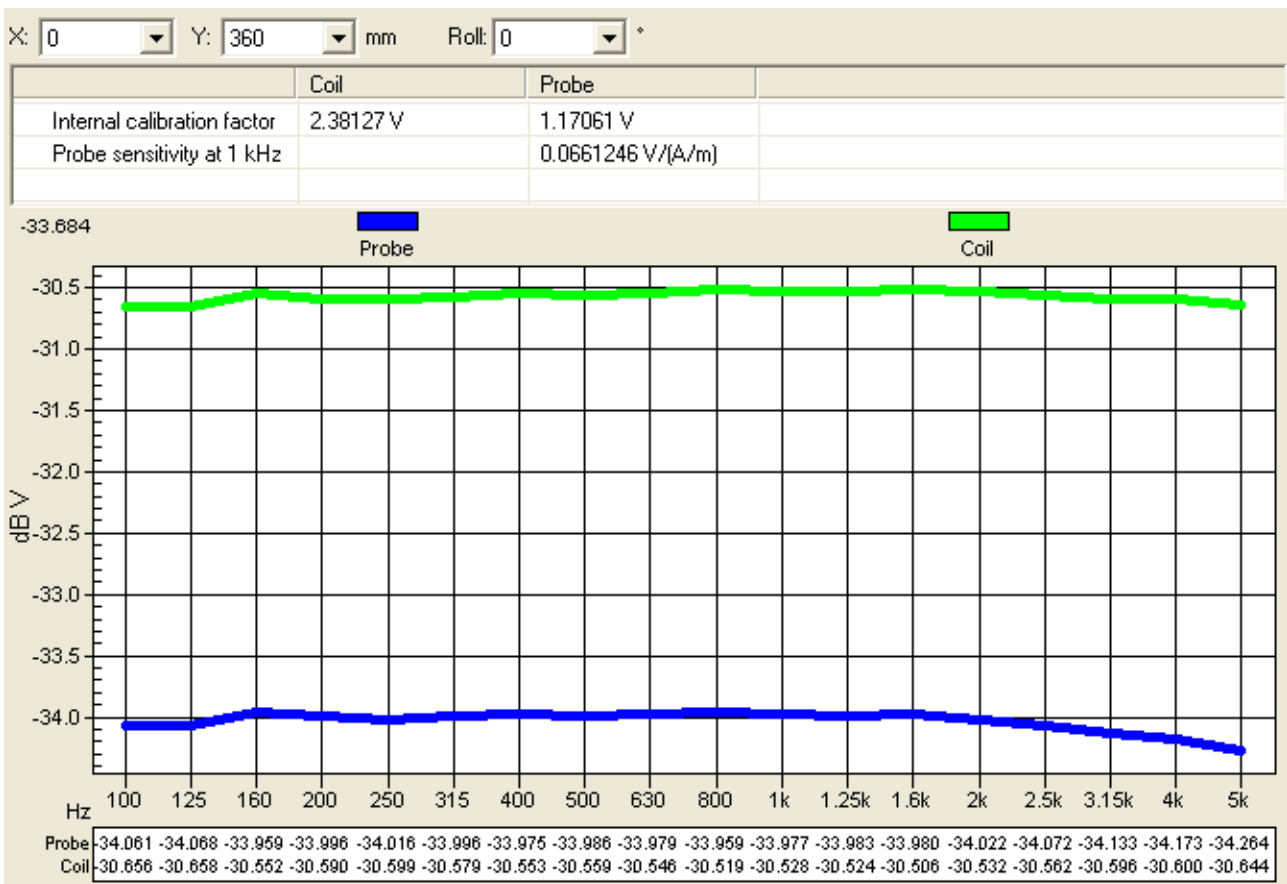


Figure 3: Frequency Response measured in AMCC

Sensitivity measured in AMCC: 0.0661246 V / (A/m)

The sensitivity is for 1 kHz sine signal. The sensitivity includes both probe sensitivity and pre-amplifier sensitivity. It is the total calibration, and there are no additional probe calibration factors. The voltage into the Helmholtz coil is across the shunt resistor.

6. ANSI/IEEE C63.19 PERFORMANCE CATEGORIES

Field Intensity

The T-Coil signal shall be ≥ -18 dB (A/m) at 1 kHz, in a 1/3 octave band filter for all orientations.

Frequency Response

The frequency response of the axial component of the magnetic field, measured in 1/3 octave bands, shall follow the response curve specified in EIA RS-504-1983, over the frequency range 300-3 000 Hz. These response curves are for true field strength measurements of the T-Coil signal.

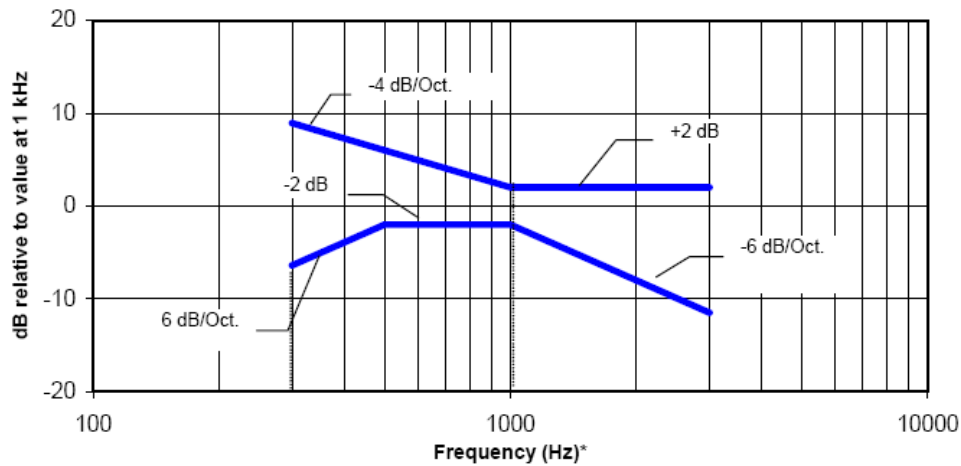


Figure 4 : Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a field ≤ -15 dB (A/m) at 1 kHz

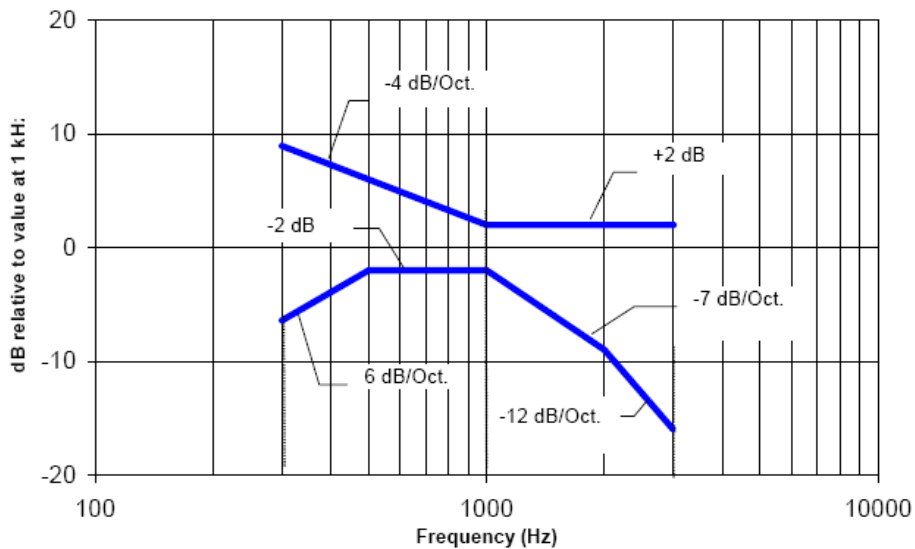


Figure 5 : Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a field that exceeds -15 dB(A/m) at 1 kHz

Signal Quality

This section provides the signal quality requirement for the intended T-Coil signal from a WD. Only the RF immunity of the hearing aid is measured in T-Coil mode. It is assumed that a hearing aid can have no immunity to an interference signal in the audio band, which is the intended reception band for this mode. So, the only criteria that can be measured is the RF immunity in T-Coil mode. This is measured using the same procedure as for the audio coupling mode and at the same levels.

A device may be classified according to its audio coupling mode (M1 through M4), its T-Coil mode (T1 through T4), or both. Note: the T mode rating may be higher than the M mode rating.

| Category | Telephone parameters WD signal quality [(signal + noise)-to-noise ratio in decibels] |
|-----------------|---|
| Category T1 | 0 dB to 10 dB |
| Category T2 | 10 dB to 20 dB |
| Category T3 | 20 dB to 30 dB |
| Category T4 | > 30 dB |

Table 3 : T-Coil signal quality categories

7. TEST PROCEDURE

The device was positioned and setup according to ANSI C63.19-2007. Figure 6 shows the T-Coil Signal measurement flowchart:

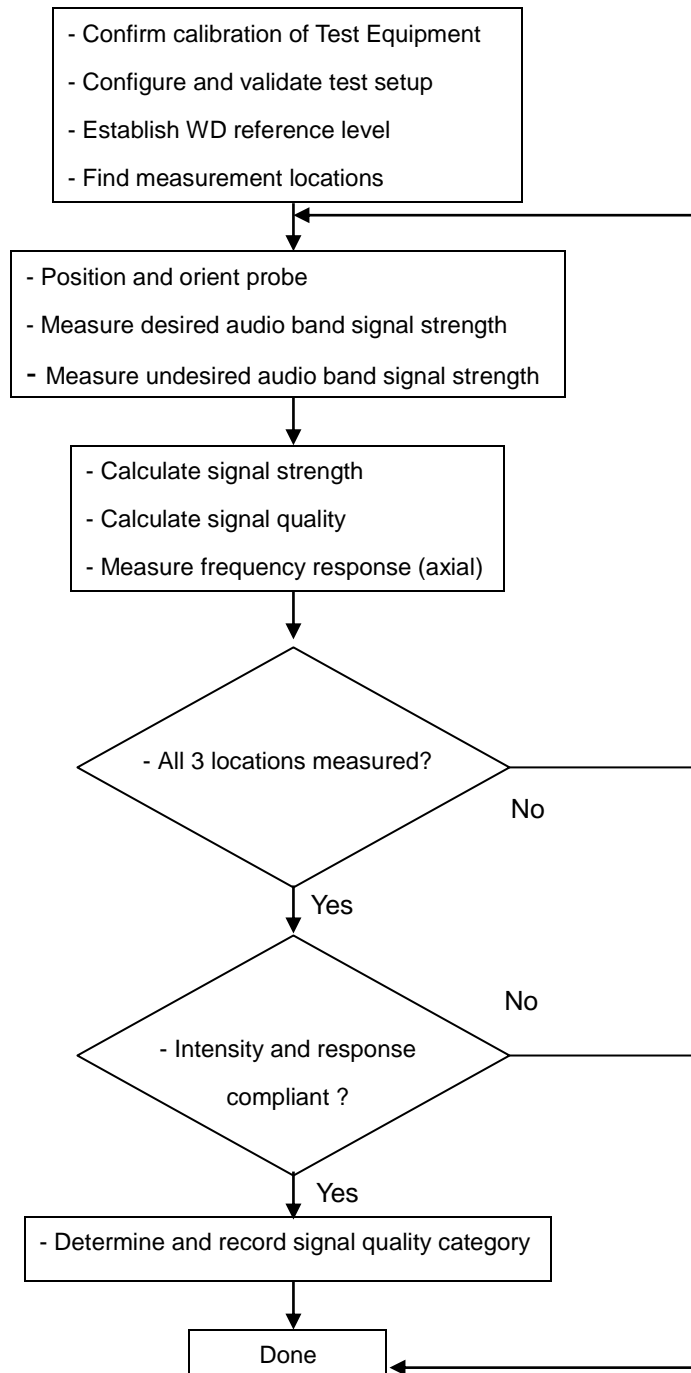


Figure 6: T-Coil measurement flowchart

8. AUDIO SIGNALS

During tests signal was fed to the EUT via communication Test set. Proper gain setting was used in software to ensure correct signal level fed to communication test set speech input.

The following audio signals were pre-defined by DASY4 and used for calibration and measurements:

48k voice 1kHz 1 s (duration 1 s): The signal is voice like and has been further processed from the below signal to have a narrow bandwidth mainly within the 1 kHz third-octave band and an even shorter duration of 1 second for faster measurement. This signal passes through a large variety of codecs and permits a direct amplitude and signal quality measurement without considerable bandwidth compensation.

Peak to RMS ratio: 15.7 dB

The spectrum is shown in a practical measurement in figure 7.

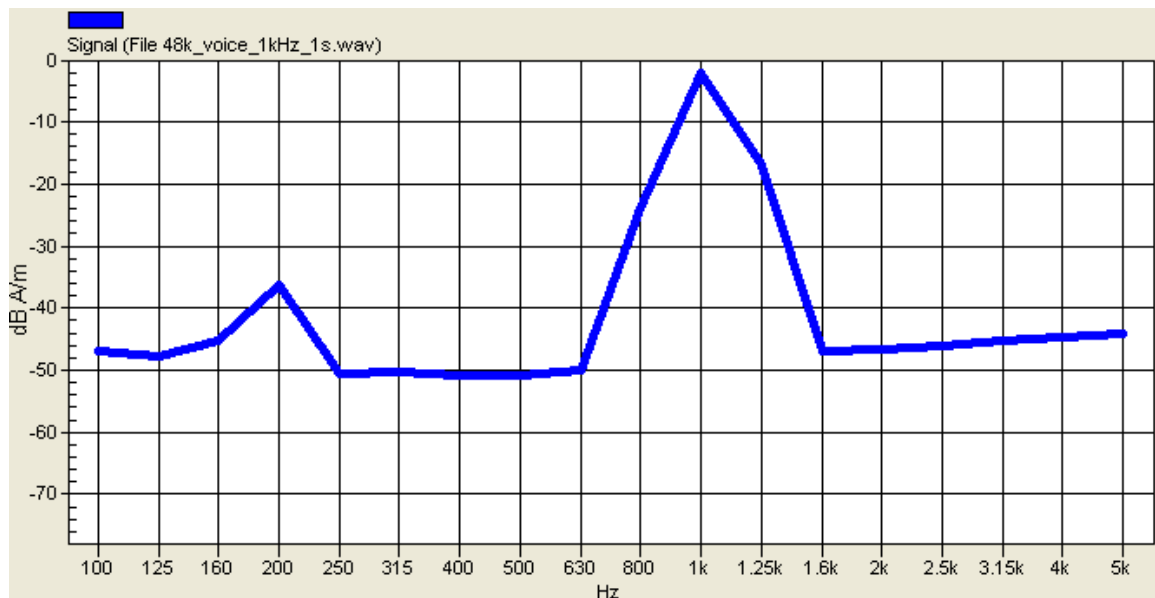


Figure 7: 1 KHz Voice signal spectrum

48k voice 300-3000 2 s (duration 2 seconds): The signals voice-like and has been processed to have duration of 2 seconds for fast measurement. At the same time, it has a flat spectrum across all third-octave band filters between 300 Hz to 3 kHz and is vanishing at the beginning and end in order to permit longer measurement sequences without transients. It has bandwidth sufficient for frequency response measurements. The spectrum is similar to the measurement in Figure. 8 but considerably flatter. The measurement window length of this signal must be set to a multiple of 2 seconds in order to integrate over the full voice sample.

Peak to RMS ratio: 21.6 dB

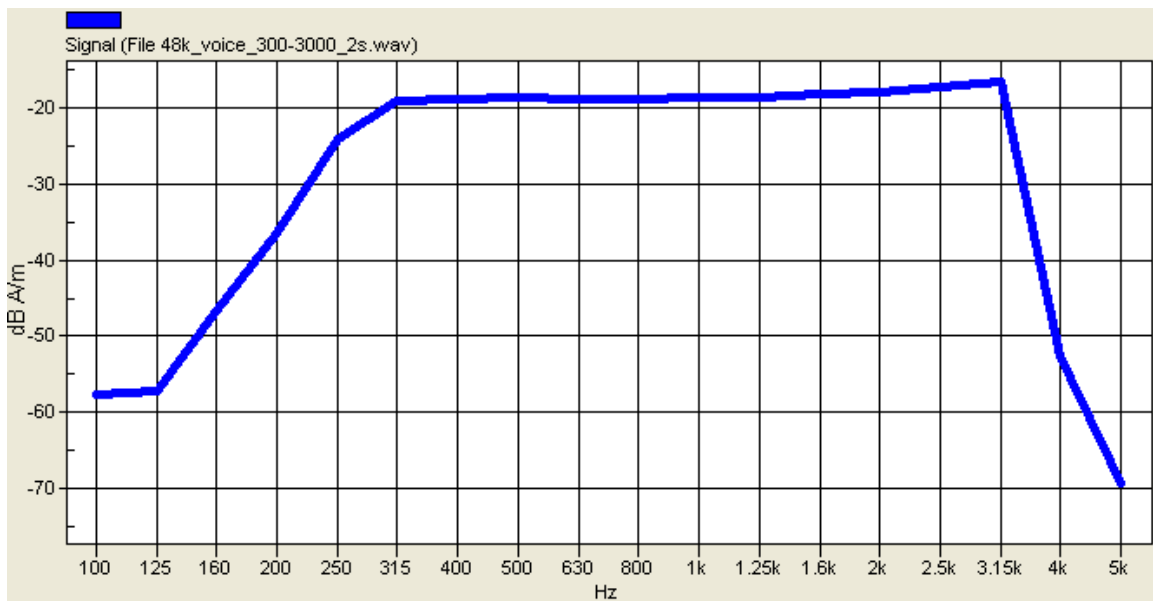


Figure 8: Broadband signal spectrum

9. T-COIL MEASUREMENT POINTS AND REFERENCE PLANE

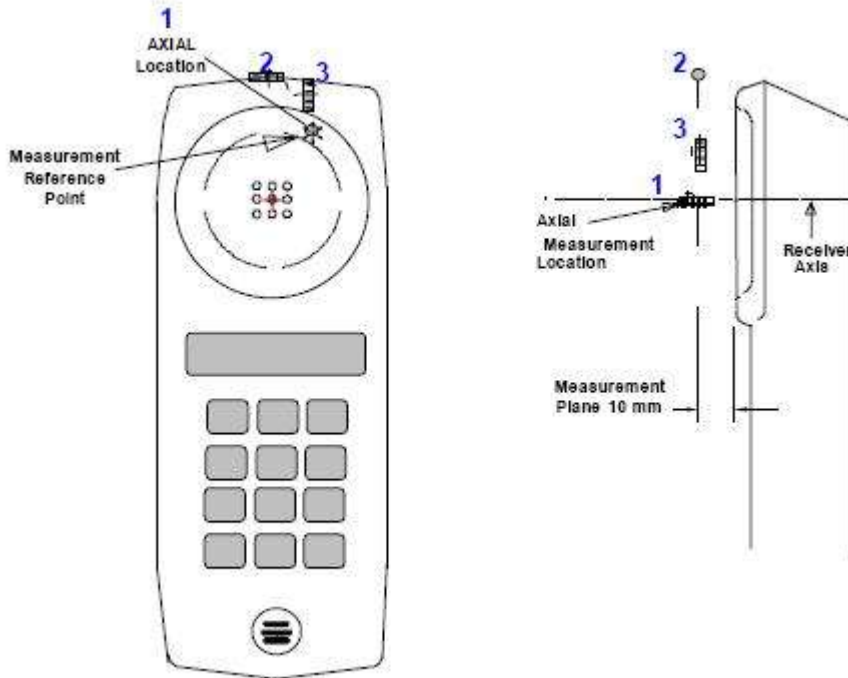


Figure 9: Axis and planes for WD audio frequency magnetic field measurements

Figure. 9 illustrates the three standard probe orientations. Position 1 is the axial orientation of the probe coil; orientation 2 and orientation 3 are radial orientations. The space between the measurement positions is not fixed. It is recommended that a scan of the WD be done for each probe coil orientation and that the maximum level recorded be used as the reading for that orientation of the probe coil.

1) The reference plane is the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. It is parallel to the centerline of the receiver area of the phone and is defined by the points of the receiver-end of the WD handset, which, in normal handset use, rest against the ear.

2) The measurement plane is parallel to, and 10 mm in front of, the reference plane.

3) The reference axis is normal to the reference plane and passes through the center of the receiver speaker section (or the center of the hole array); or may be centered on a secondary inductive source. The actual location of the measurement point shall be noted in the test report as the measurement reference point.

4) The measurement points may be located where the axial and radial field intensity measurements are optimum with regard to the requirements. However, the measurement points should be near

the acoustic output of the WD and shall be located in the same half of the phone as the WD receiver. In a WD handset with a centered receiver and a circularly symmetrical magnetic field, the measurement axis and the reference axis would coincide.

5) The relative spacing of each measurement orientation is not fixed. The axial and two radial orientations should be chosen to select the optimal position.

6) The measurement point for the axial position is located 10 mm from the reference plane on the measurement axis. The actual location of the measurement point shall be noted in test reports and designated as the measurement reference point.

10. SIGNAL VERIFICATION

An Input Level is measured to verify that it is within ± 0.2 dB from the Reference Input Level in section 6.3.2.1 of ANSI C63.19-2007 V3.12

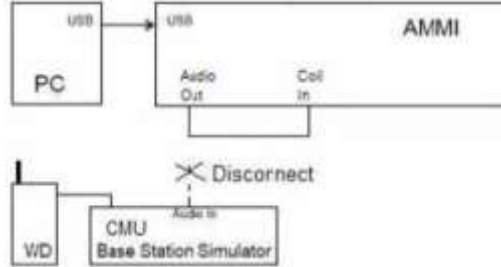


Figure 10 : Signal Verification Setup

In Figure 10 setup, “Audio Out” of the AMMI is connected to the “Coil In” of the AMMI.

Decoder: When an acoustic signal is provided to the phone of the device under test it travels through the device audio path. At the CMU this digital signal is Decoder and an analog voltage is generated at the CMU output. This voltage is measured and related to the dBm0 level according to the voltage generated and the dBm0 level.

When the CMU Decoder CAL is selected the CMU generated a voltage equivalent to the full-scale value(3.14 dBm0). The measured RMS voltage was 0.784 V ($= 20 \times \log(0.784) = -2.11$ dBV)

Section 6.3.2.1 of ANSI C63.19-2007 specifies the reference input level to be - 16 dBm0 for GSM and - 18 dBm0 for CDMA. Each CMU has a slightly different “0 dBm0 Input Reference” value that must be measured. When the CMU box is replaced or externally re-calibrated, an internal calibration procedure must be completed in each transmission mode.

To get the reference level of the CMU200 (SN 838207/050), establish a call to a WD. If call is established, select Network Bistream DecoderCal, and a signal of 3.14 dBm0 will appear at the OUT. Read the RMS voltage which is - 2.11 dBV (0.784 V).

The desired level is calculated, e.g. -18 dBm0 for CDMA signal. The level of the signal in this coder shall therefore appear -21.14 dB lower than the previous, in our system it would be $-2.11 - 21.14 = -23.25$ dBV.

The Target Level for “Audio Out” of the AMMI is shown in Table 4. This target level takes into account the difference between AMMI’s and CMU’s reference levels.

$$Z = Y - (3.14 - X)$$

Where;

Z: signal required into CMU(dBV)

Y: desired dBm0 level(- 18 dBm0 for CDMA HAC T-coil testing)

X: measured actual level in the DecoderCal.(dBV)

$$Y = -18 \text{ dBm0}, X = 0.784 \text{ V} = -2.11 \text{ dBV}$$

$$\text{Therefore, } Z = -18 - (3.14 + 2.11) = - 23.25 \text{ dBV}$$

The CMU's 0 dBm0 Input reference Value is - 3.14 - 2.11 = - 5.25 dBV

Table 4: Measured Input Level

| Modulation | Reference Input Level Form ANSI C63.19 (dBm0) | CMU's 0 dBm0 Input Reference Value(dB) | Target Level For "Audio Out" of AMMI (dBm0) |
|------------|---|--|---|
| CDMA | - 18 | - 5.25 | - 23.25 |

The signal level for "Audio Out" of the AMMI is measured. Signal Verification has been conducted on the same days as DUT measurements. If it is not within ± 0.2 dB, the gain settings in the DASY template are adjusted. The obtained results are displayed In Table 5.

Table 5: Measured Input Level

| Modulation | Measured date | Signal | Measured Level for "Audio Out" of AMMI (dBm0) | Target Level For "Audio Out" of AMMI (dBm0) |
|------------|---------------|------------|---|---|
| CDMA | Jan. 9, 2012 | Narrowband | - 23.27 | - 23.25 |
| | | Broadband | - 23.22 | |

11. TEST SNR RESULTS

The DASY4 v4.7 measurement system specified in section 3 was utilized within the intended operations as set by the SPEAG™ setup. The test Arch provided by SPEAG is used to position the DUT. This phone has one configuration for the ear use – folder open. This configuration is tested at the high, middle and low frequency channel of each applicable frequency band. All tests are done via conducted setup with CMU200. The volume on the phone is adjusted to maximum. Backlight was off during testing, and HAC compliance will be explained in the manual. The tests are performed using normal operation mode.

The distance is established by positioning the device beneath the test arch phantom so that it is touching the frame. The location and thickness of the arch, and the location/orientation of the coil within the probe housing, are precisely known values in the DASY software. The height of the measurement plane is further fine-tuned by performing a Surface Detection job at the beginning of each test. The end result is that the probe sensor is very precisely located 10 mm above the device reference plane.

T-coil SNR measurements are shown in Table 6. The sequence of the T-coil SNR measurement is listed in steps below.

- a) Geometry & signal check.
- b) Background noise measurement. The background noise is measured at the center of the listening area.
- c) Coarse resolution axial scans (narrow band signal, 1 second measurement times, 50 x 50 mm grid with 5.55 mm spacing). Only ABM1 is measured in order to find the location of the T- coil source.
- d) Fine resolution axial, radial-transverse, & radial-longitudinal scans, positioned appropriately based on optimal ABM1 of coarse resolution axial scan (narrowband signal, 1 second measurement times, variable grid size with 2 mm spacing). Both ABM1 and ABM2 are measured in order to find the location of the SNR point.
- e) ABM1 & ABM2 point measurements in axial, radial-transverse, & radial-longitudinal coil orientations, positioned appropriately based on optimal signal quality of fine resolution scans (narrowband signal, 2 seconds measurement times). SNR is calculated for each coil orientation.
- f) Frequency Response point measurement in axial coil orientation, positioned appropriately based on optimal signal quality of fine resolution axial scan (broadband signal, 12 seconds measurement time).

The ABM1, SNR and T-coil Rating results are shown in Table 6. Also shown are the measured conducted output power, location of the measured point, noise and ABM2. The delta between Ambient Noise measurement and ABM2 measurement should be greater than 10 dB. However, in cases where ABM2 is very low, it is suitable for the delta to be less than 10 dB. For the three probe positions, contour plots are given in Appendix D. For the three probe positions, noise spectrum plots for the highest ambient with an A-weight filter applied.

| T-coil SNR Limits for AWF = 0 | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|
| ABM 1 | Greater or equal to - 18 dB A/m | |
| SNR | T3 | Greater than 20 dB |
| | T4 | Greater than 30 dB |

Table 6: T-coil SNR Limits

12.MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY OF AUDIO BAND MAGNETIC MEASUREMENTS

| Error Description | Uncertainty value [%] | Prob. Dist. | Div. | c | c | Std. Unc. | Std. Unc. |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|------|--------|------|-----------|-----------|
| | | | | ABM1 | ABM2 | ABM1 [%] | ABM2 [%] |
| PROBE SENSITIVITY | | | | | | | |
| Reference level | 3.0 | N | 1.0 | 1 | 1 | 3.0 | 3.0 |
| AMCC geometry | 0.4 | R | 1.7 | 1 | 1 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| AMCC current | 0.6 | R | 1.7 | 1 | 1 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| Probe positioning during calibration | 0.1 | R | 1.7 | 1 | 1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Noise contribution | 0.7 | R | 1.7 | 0.0143 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.4 |
| Frequency slope | 5.9 | R | 1.7 | 0.1 | 1.0 | 0.3 | 3.5 |
| PROBE SYSTEM | | | | | | | |
| Repeatability / Drift | 1.0 | R | 1.7 | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| Linearity / Dynamic range | 0.6 | R | 1.7 | 1 | 1 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| Acoustic noise | 1.0 | R | 1.7 | 0.1 | 1 | 0.1 | 0.6 |
| Probe angle | 2.3 | R | 1.7 | 1 | 1 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
| Spectral processing | 0.9 | R | 1.7 | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| Integration time | 0.6 | N | 1.0 | 1 | 5 | 0.6 | 3.0 |
| Field disturbance | 0.2 | R | 1.7 | 1 | 1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| TEST SIGNAL | | | | | | | |
| Reference signal spectral response | 0.6 | R | 1.7 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.4 |
| POSITIONING | | | | | | | |
| Probe positioning | 1.9 | R | 1.7 | 1 | 1 | 1.1 | 1.1 |
| Phantom thickness | 0.9 | R | 1.7 | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| DUT positioning | 1.9 | R | 1.7 | 1 | 1 | 1.1 | 1.1 |
| EXTERNAL CONTRIBUTIONS | | | | | | | |
| RF interference | 0.0 | R | 1.7 | 1 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Test signal variation | 2.0 | R | 1.7 | 1 | 1 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| COMBINED UNCERTAINTY | | | | | | | |
| Combined Std. uncertainty (ABM field) | | | | | | 4.1 | 6.1 |
| Expanded Std. uncertainty [%] | | | | | | 8.1 | 12.3 |

\Table 7: Measurement uncertainty of audio band magnetic measurements

Notes for table

- 1. N: Nomal
- 2. R: Rectangular

13. T-COIL MEASUREMENT RESULTS

13.1 Field Strength and Signal Quality

13.1.1 Field Strength and Signal Quality (CDMA) Slide down

| Mode | Measurement Position | Channel | Probe Position | Measured Point Location (x mm/ y mm) | ABM2 (dB A/m) | ABM1 (dB A/m) | SNR (dB) | T-Rating |
|------|----------------------|---------|----------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|----------|----------|
| CDMA | Acoustic | 1013 | Axial (Z) | (- 2.5, 0.5) | - 37.2 | 4.86 | 42.1 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 1 (X) | (- 14, - 1.5) | - 33.2 | - 5.17 | 28.0 | T3 |
| | | | Radial 2 (Y) | (- 0.5, 10) | - 34.1 | - 3.24 | 30.9 | T4 |
| | | 384 | Axial (Z) | (- 2.5, 2.5) | - 38.9 | 3.65 | 42.6 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 1 (X) | (- 14, 2.5) | - 34.7 | - 4.86 | 29.9 | T3 |
| | | | Radial 2 (Y) | (- 7.5, 8) | - 38.1 | - 5.54 | 32.6 | T4 |
| | | 777 | Axial (Z) | (- 5.5, 0.5) | - 39.4 | 2.36 | 41.8 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 1 (X) | (- 5, 0.5) | - 28.6 | - 4.92 | 23.7 | T3 |
| | | | Radial 2 (Y) | (- 2.5, 8) | - 35.4 | - 2.25 | 33.2 | T4 |

Note:

- 1) Volume is set to maximum and LCD backlight is off during T-coil measurement.
- 2) Minimum Limit: ABM1 \geq -18 dB A/m.
- 3) SNR = ABM1/ABM2.

13.1.2 Field Strength and Signal Quality (PCS) Slide down

| Mode | Measurement Position | Channel | Probe Position | Measured Point Location (x mm/ y mm) | ABM2 (dB A/m) | ABM1 (dB A/m) | SNR (dB) | T-Rating |
|------|----------------------|---------|----------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|----------|----------|
| PCS | Acoustic | 25 | Axial (Z) | (- 2.5, 2.5) | - 39.0 | 4.91 | 43.9 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 1 (X) | (- 12, 2.5) | - 33.2 | - 3.32 | 29.9 | T3 |
| | | | Radial 2 (Y) | (- 0.5, - 7) | - 46.7 | - 5.41 | 41.3 | T4 |
| | | 600 | Axial (Z) | (- 3.5, 2.5) | - 40.0 | 4.92 | 44.9 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 1 (X) | (- 12, 2.5) | - 33.6 | - 3.23 | 30.4 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 2 (Y) | (- 4.5, - 8) | - 48.0 | - 5.26 | 42.7 | T4 |
| | | 1175 | Axial (Z) | (- 4.5, - 8) | - 41.2 | 2.52 | 43.7 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 1 (X) | (- 12, - 1.5) | - 33.2 | - 2.76 | 30.4 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 2 (Y) | (- 7.5, 8) | - 39.4 | - 5.38 | 34.0 | T4 |

Note:

- 1) Volume is set to maximum and LCD backlight is off during T-coil measurement.
- 2) Minimum Limit: ABM1 \geq -18 dB A/m.
- 3) SNR = ABM1/ABM2.

13.1.3 Field Strength and Signal Quality (CDMA) Slide up

| Mode | Measurement Position | Channel | Probe Position | Measured Point Location (x mm/ y mm) | ABM2 (dB A/m) | ABM1 (dB A/m) | SNR (dB) | T-Rating |
|------|----------------------|---------|----------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|----------|----------|
| CDMA | Acoustic | 1013 | Axial (Z) | (- 0.5, 0.5) | - 43.8 | 4.46 | 48.3 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 1 (X) | (- 10, 2.5) | - 44.8 | - 3.41 | 41.3 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 2 (Y) | (- 1.5, 10) | - 47.0 | - 4.13 | 42.9 | T4 |
| | | 384 | Axial (Z) | (- 2.5, 2.5) | - 50.6 | 3.85 | 54.5 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 1 (X) | (- 10, 0.5) | - 49.9 | - 3.61 | 46.3 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 2 (Y) | (1.5, - 8) | - 49.3 | - 4.48 | 44.8 | T4 |
| | | 777 | Axial (Z) | (- 0.5, 0.5) | - 43.7 | 4.83 | 48.6 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 1 (X) | (- 10, 0.5) | - 44.3 | - 2.09 | 42.3 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 2 (Y) | (- 4.5, 8) | - 47.5 | - 4.58 | 42.9 | T4 |

Note:

- 1) Volume is set to maximum and LCD backlight is off during T-coil measurement.
- 2) Minimum Limit: ABM1 \geq -18 dB A/m.
- 3) SNR = ABM1/ABM2.

13.1.4 Field Strength and Signal Quality (PCS) Slide up

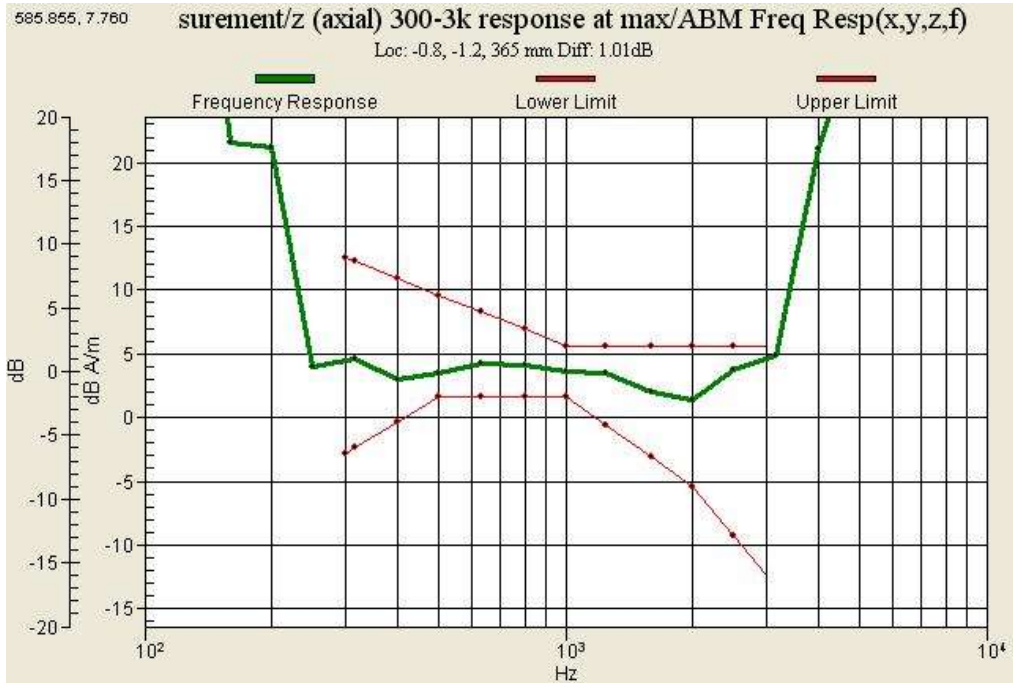
| Mode | Measurement Position | Channel | Probe Position | Measured Point Location (x mm/ y mm) | ABM2 (dB A/m) | ABM1 (dB A/m) | SNR (dB) | T-Rating |
|------|----------------------|---------|----------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|----------|----------|
| PCS | Acoustic | 25 | Axial (Z) | (- 4.5, - 1.5) | - 45.0 | 4.72 | 49.7 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 1 (X) | (- 12, 0.5) | - 46.3 | - 2.54 | 43.8 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 2 (Y) | (- 3.5, 6) | - 48.2 | - 3.26 | 44.9 | T4 |
| | | 600 | Axial (Z) | (- 4.5, 0.5) | - 45.1 | 4.81 | 49.9 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 1 (X) | (- 12, 0.5) | - 46.5 | - 5.36 | 41.1 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 2 (Y) | (- 3, 5.7) | - 48.3 | - 2.89 | 45.5 | T4 |
| | | 1175 | Axial (Z) | (- 4.5, 0.5) | - 26.1 | 4.78 | 30.9 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 1 (X) | (- 10, 2.5) | - 45.7 | - 3.92 | 41.8 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 2 (Y) | (- 2.5, 8) | - 48.3 | - 3.21 | 45.1 | T4 |

Note:

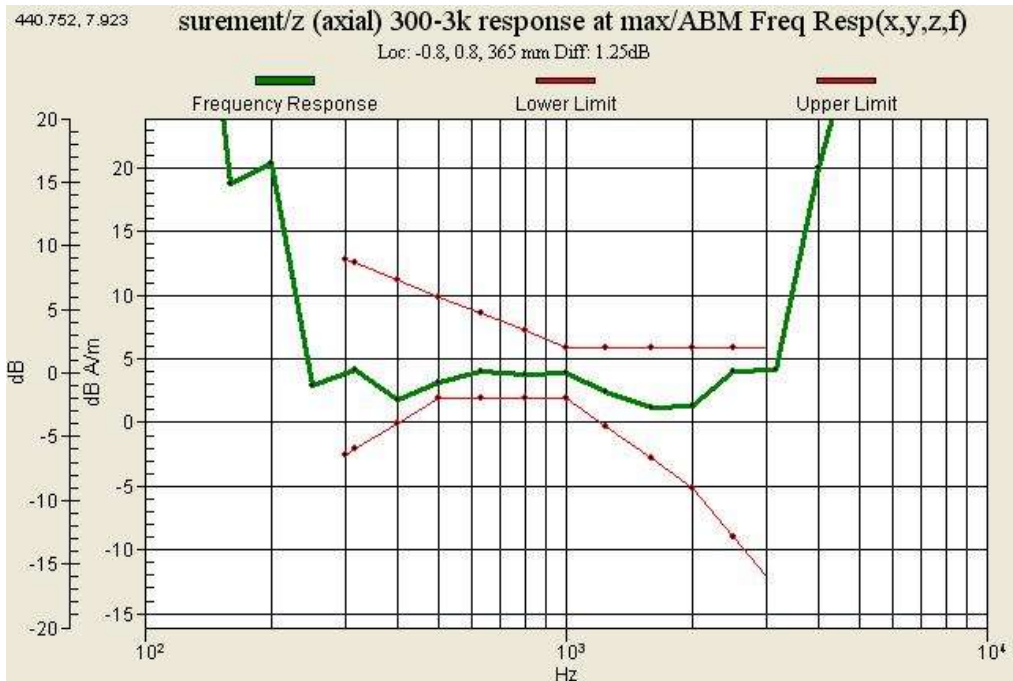
- 1) Volume is set to maximum and LCD backlight is off during T-coil measurement.
- 2) Minimum Limit: ABM1 \geq -18 dB A/m.
- 3) SNR = ABM1/ABM2.

13.2 Frequency Response

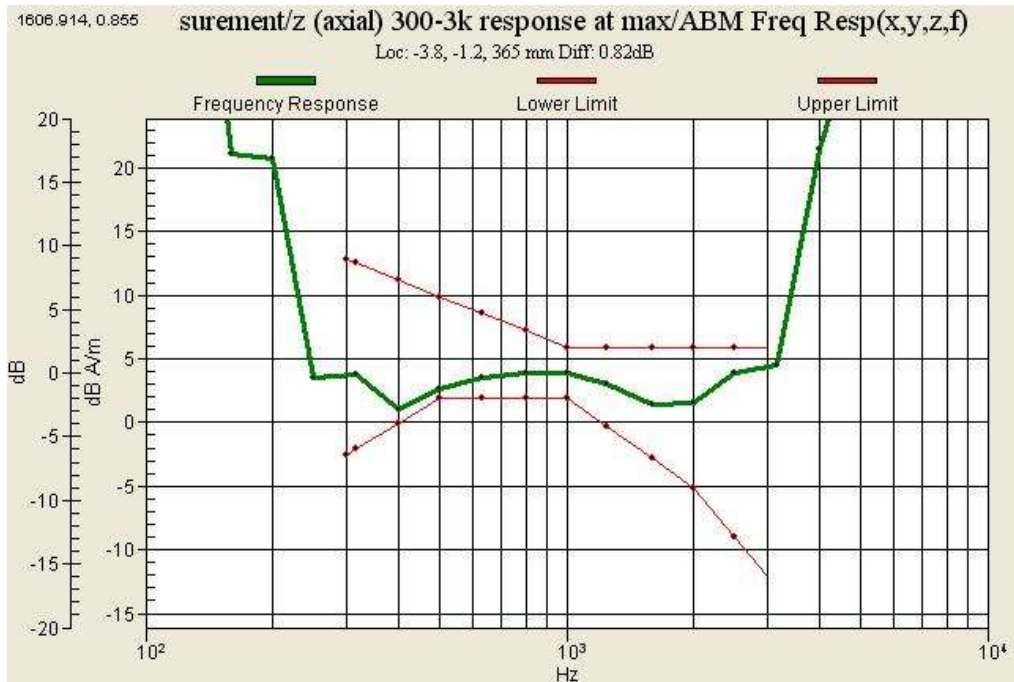
Graph 1 : CDMA 800 (CH 1013) Slide down Frequency Response



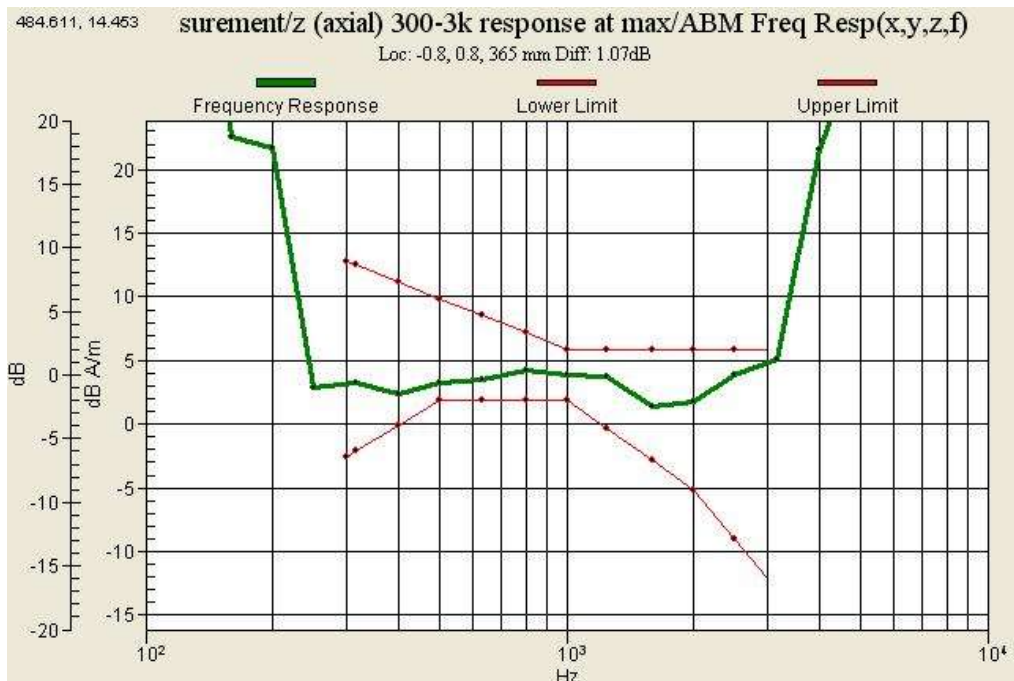
Graph 2 : CDMA 800 (CH 384) Slide down Frequency Response



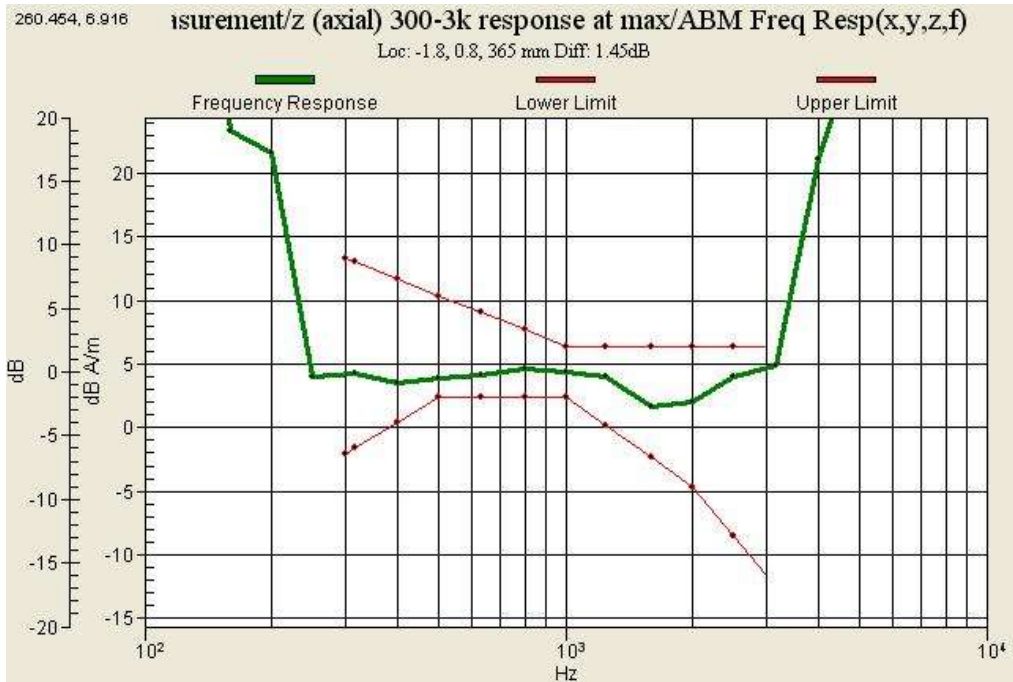
Graph 3 : CDMA 800 (CH 777) Slide down Frequency Response



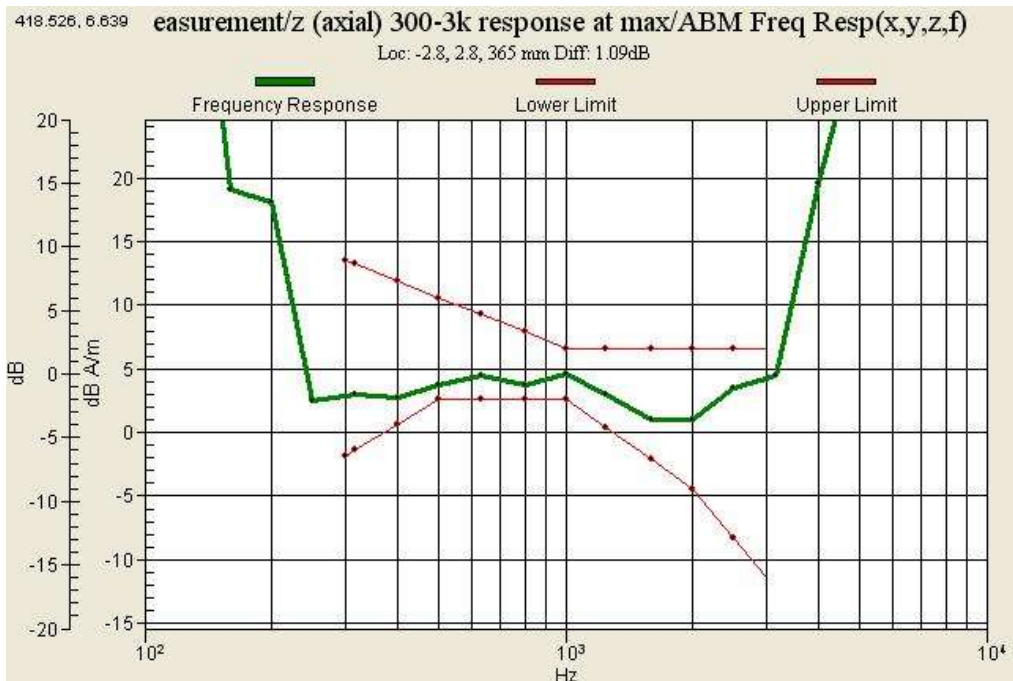
Graph 4 : PCS 1900 (CH 25) Slide down Frequency Response



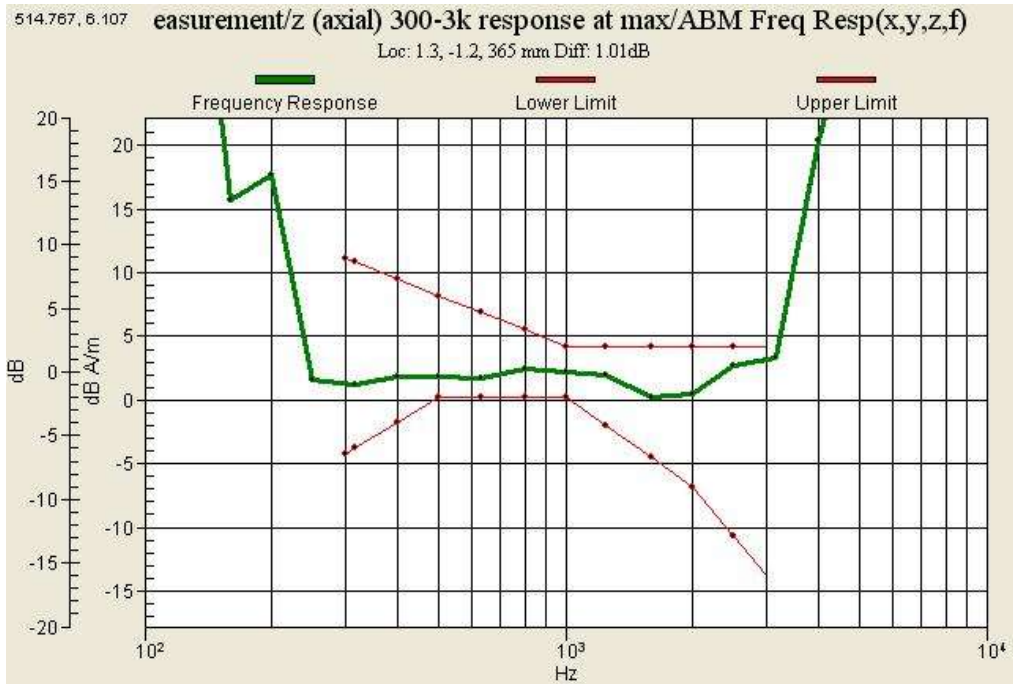
Graph 5 : PCS 1900 (CH 600) Slide down Frequency Response



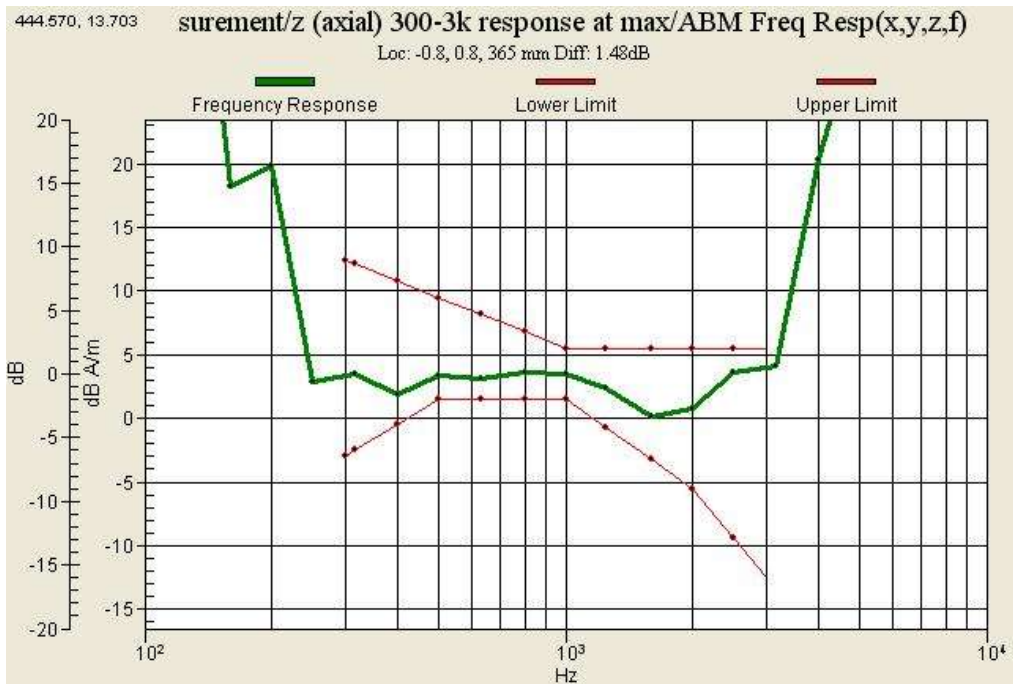
Graph 6 : PCS 1900 (CH 1175) Slide down Frequency Response



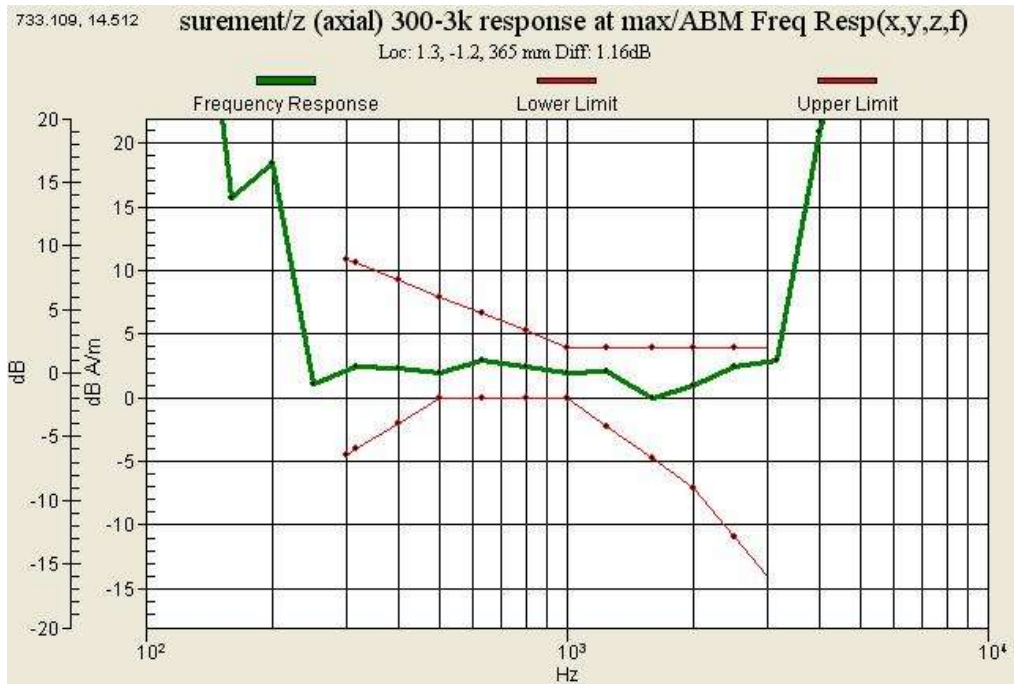
Graph 7 : CDMA 800 (CH 1013) Slide up Frequency Response



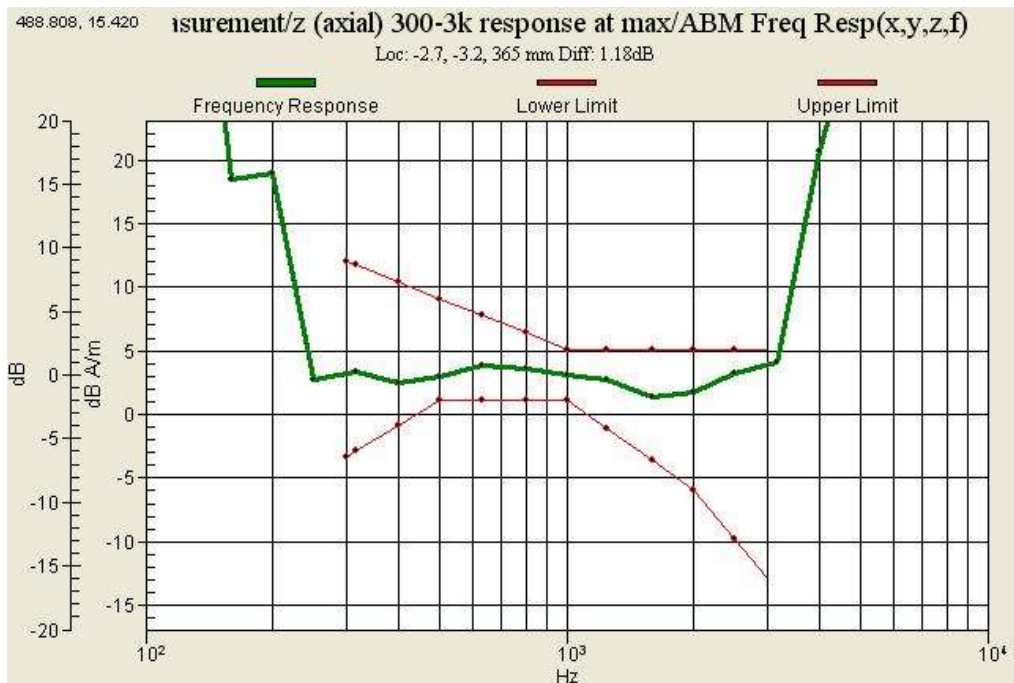
Graph 8 : CDMA 800 (CH 384) Slide up Frequency Response



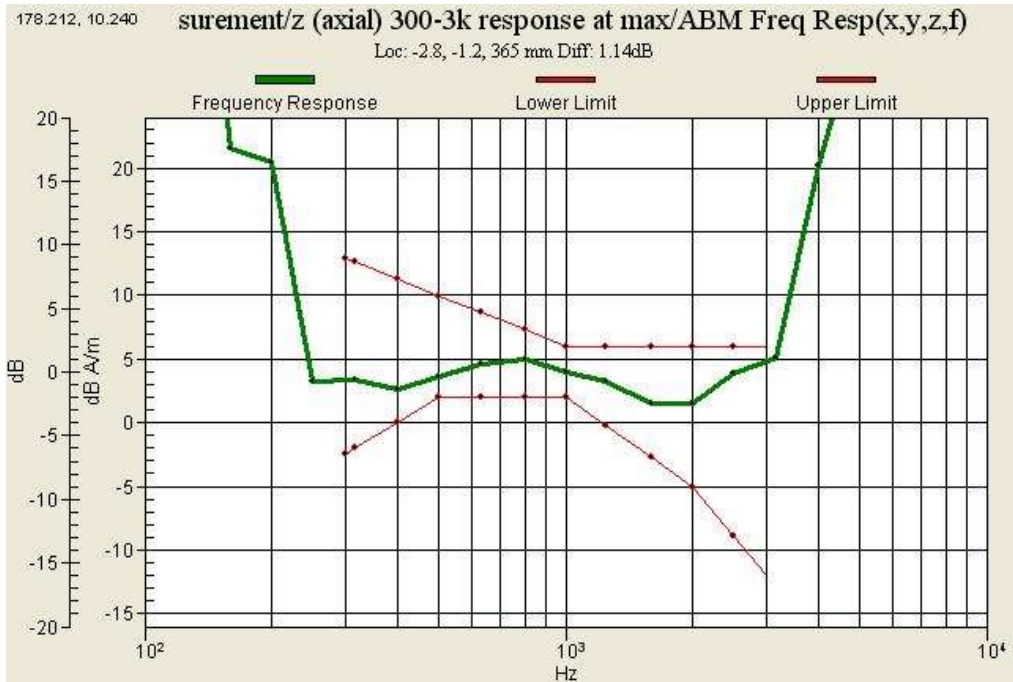
Graph 9 : CDMA 800 (CH 777) Slide up Frequency Response



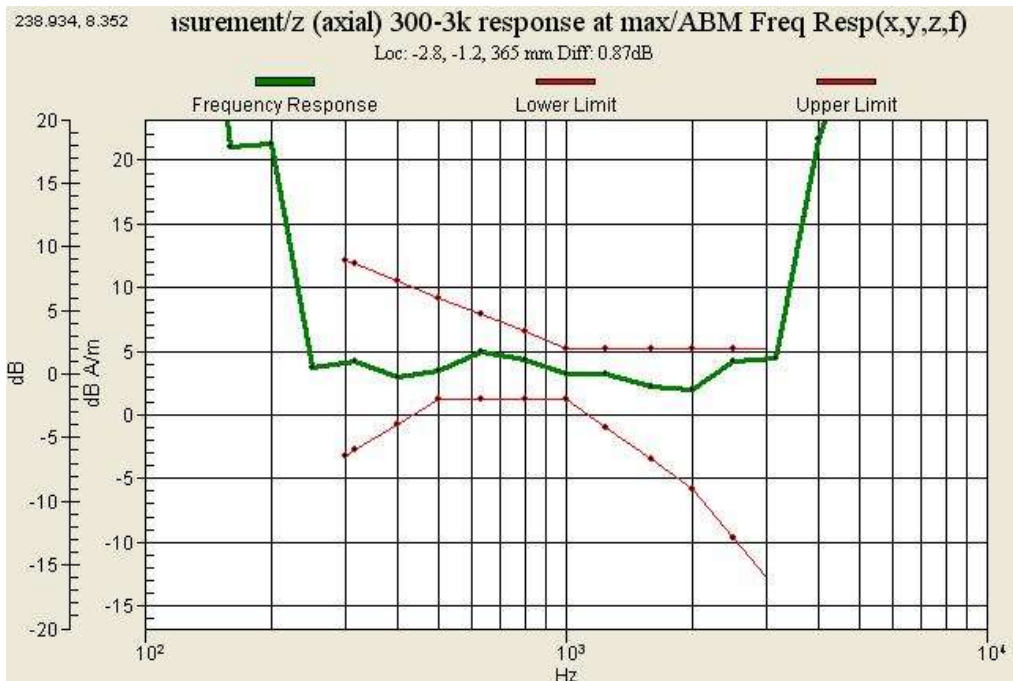
Graph 10 : PCS 1900 (CH 25) Slide up Frequency Response



Graph 11 : PCS 1900 (CH 600) Slide up Frequency Response



Graph 12 : PCS 1900 (CH 1175) Slide up Frequency Response



13.3 T-Rating Results

For each probe position and frequency band, the T-rating is determined from lower of T-coil SNR and T-coil Environment.

13.3.1 T-Rating Results (CDMA) Slide down

| Frequency Band (MHz) | Measurement Position | Channel | Probe Position | ABM1 | Frequency Response | T-coil SNR Rating | T-rating |
|----------------------|----------------------|---------|----------------|------|--------------------|-------------------|----------|
| CDMA | Acoustic | 1013 | Axial(Z) | pass | pass | T4 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 1(X) | pass | - | T3 | T3 |
| | | | Radial 2(Y) | pass | - | T4 | T4 |
| | | 384 | Axial(Z) | pass | pass | T4 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 1(X) | pass | - | T3 | T3 |
| | | | Radial 2(Y) | pass | - | T4 | T4 |
| | | 777 | Axial(Z) | pass | pass | T4 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 1(X) | pass | - | T3 | T3 |
| | | | Radial 2(Y) | pass | - | T4 | T4 |

This CDMA rating is the lowest category across channels and probe positions and measurement positions.

| | |
|---------------|-----------|
| CDMA T-rating | T3 |
|---------------|-----------|

13.3.2 T-Rating Results (PCS CDMA) Slide down

| Frequency Band (MHz) | Measurement Position | Channel | Probe Position | ABM1 | Frequency Response | T-coil SNR Rating | T-rating |
|----------------------|----------------------|---------|----------------|------|--------------------|-------------------|----------|
| PCS CDMA | Acoustic | 25 | Axial(Z) | pass | pass | T4 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 1(X) | pass | - | T3 | T3 |
| | | | Radial 2(Y) | pass | - | T4 | T4 |
| | | 600 | Axial(Z) | pass | pass | T4 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 1(X) | pass | - | T4 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 2(Y) | pass | - | T4 | T4 |
| | | 1175 | Axial(Z) | pass | pass | T4 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 1(X) | pass | - | T4 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 2(Y) | pass | - | T4 | T4 |

This PCS CDMA rating is the lowest category across channels and probe positions and measurement positions.

| | |
|-------------------|-----------|
| PCS CDMA T-rating | T3 |
|-------------------|-----------|

13.3.3 T-Rating Results (CDMA) Slide up

| Frequency Band (MHz) | Measurement Position | Channel | Probe Position | ABM1 | Frequency Response | T-coil SNR Rating | T-rating |
|----------------------|----------------------|---------|----------------|------|--------------------|-------------------|----------|
| CDMA | Acoustic | 1013 | Axial(Z) | pass | pass | T4 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 1(X) | pass | - | T4 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 2(Y) | pass | - | T4 | T4 |
| | | 384 | Axial(Z) | pass | pass | T4 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 1(X) | pass | - | T4 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 2(Y) | pass | - | T4 | T4 |
| | | 777 | Axial(Z) | pass | pass | T4 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 1(X) | pass | - | T4 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 2(Y) | pass | - | T4 | T4 |

This CDMA rating is the lowest category across channels and probe positions and measurement positions.

| | |
|---------------|-----------|
| CDMA T-rating | T4 |
|---------------|-----------|

13.3.4 T-Rating Results (PCS CDMA) Slide up

| Frequency Band (MHz) | Measurement Position | Channel | Probe Position | ABM1 | Frequency Response | T-coil SNR Rating | T-rating |
|----------------------|----------------------|---------|----------------|------|--------------------|-------------------|----------|
| PCS CDMA | Acoustic | 25 | Axial(Z) | pass | pass | T4 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 1(X) | pass | - | T4 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 2(Y) | pass | - | T4 | T4 |
| | | 600 | Axial(Z) | pass | pass | T4 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 1(X) | pass | - | T4 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 2(Y) | pass | - | T4 | T4 |
| | | 1175 | Axial(Z) | pass | pass | T4 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 1(X) | pass | - | T4 | T4 |
| | | | Radial 2(Y) | pass | - | T4 | T4 |

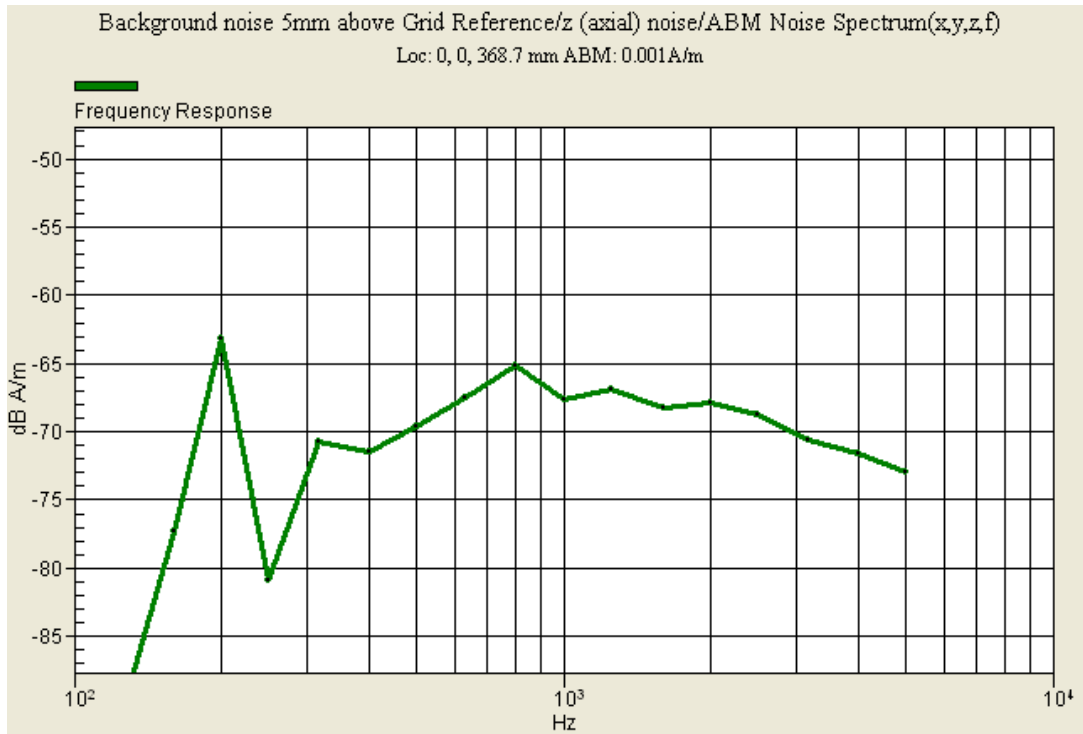
This PCS CDMA rating is the lowest category across channels and probe positions and measurement positions.

| | |
|-------------------|-----------|
| PCS CDMA T-rating | T4 |
|-------------------|-----------|

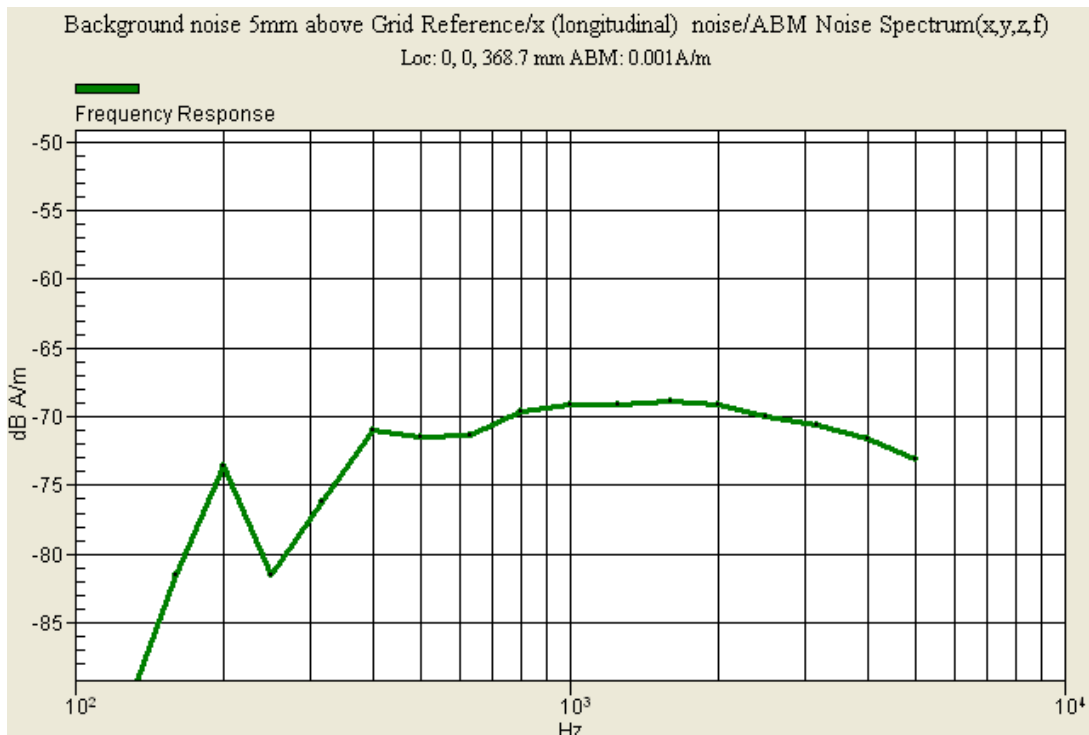
Appendix A

Ambient Noise Plots

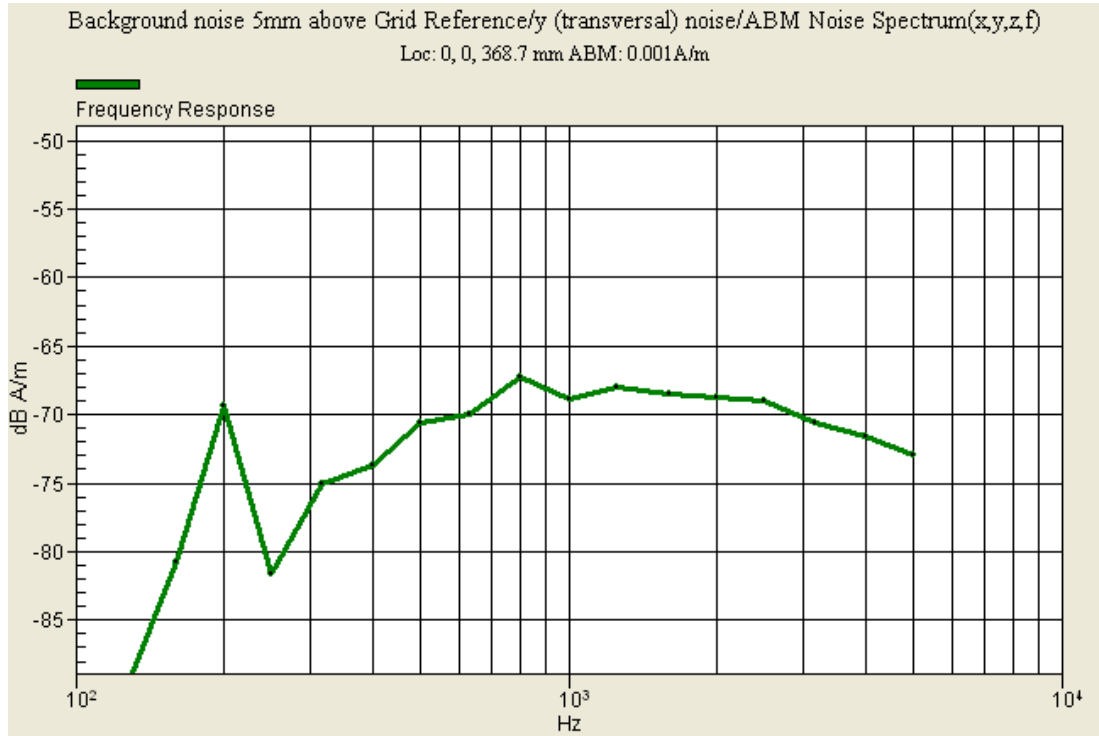
Ambient Noise Spectrum Plot Axial (Z)



Ambient Noise Spectrum Plot Radial (X)



Ambient Noise Spectrum Plot Radial (Y)



Appendix B

Audio Magnetic Probe Certificate

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

s p e a g

Zoeghausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland
Phone +41 44 245 9700, Fax +41 44 245 9779
info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

Client **HCT (Dymstec)**

Certificate of test and configuration

| | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Item | AM1DV2 Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe |
| Type No | SP AM1 001 AF |
| Series No | 1013 |
| Manufacturer / Origin | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG, Zürich, Switzerland |

Description of the item

The Audio Magnetic Field Probe is a fully shielded magnetic field probe for the frequency range from 100 Hz to 20 kHz. The pickup coil is compliant with the dimensional requirements of [1]. The probe includes a symmetric 40dB low noise amplifier for the signal available at the shielded 3 pin connector at the side. Power is supplied via the same connector (phantom power supply) and monitored via the LED near the connector. The 7 pin connector at the end of the probe does not carry any signals, but determines the angle of the sensor when mounted on the DAE. The probe supports mechanical detection of the surface. The single sensor in the probe is arranged in a tilt angle allowing measurement of 3 orthogonal field components when rotating the probe by 120° around its axis. It is aligned with the perpendicular component of the field, if the probe axis is tilted 35.3° above the measurement plane, using the connector rotation and Sensor angle stated below. The probe is fully RF shielded when operated with the matching signal cable (shielded) and allows measurement of audio magnetic fields in the close vicinity of RF emitting wireless devices according to [1] without additional shielding.

Handling of the item

The probe is manufactured from stainless steel. In order to maintain the performance and calibration of the probe, it must not be opened. The probe is designed for operation in air and shall not be exposed to humidity or liquids. For proper operation of the surface detection and emergency stop functions in the DASY system, the probe must be operated with the special probe cup provided (larger diameter). Verify that the probe can slide in the probe cup rubber smoothly.

Functional test, configuration data and sensitivity

The probe configuration data were evaluated after a functional test including noise level and RF immunity. Connector rotation, sensor angle and sensitivity are specific for this probe.

DASY configuration data for the probe

| Configuration item | Condition | Configuration Data | Dimension |
|--------------------|--|--------------------|-----------|
| Overall length | mounted on DAE in DASY system | 296 | mm |
| Tip diameter | at the cylindrical part | 6 | mm |
| Sensor offset | center of sensor, from tip | 3 | mm |
| Connector rotation | Evaluated in homogeneous 1 kHz magnetic field generated with AMCC Helmholtz Calibration Coil | 286.8 | ° |
| Sensor angle | | 3.43 | ° |
| Sensitivity | at 1 kHz | 0.0657 | V / (A/m) |

Standards

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2007

Test date 13.3.2008 MM

Issue date 14.3.2008

Signature



Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

s p e a g

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland
Phone +41 1 245 9700, Fax +41 1 245 9779
info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

Certificate of conformity

| | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Item | Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe AM1DV2 |
| Type No | SP AM1 001 A |
| Series No | 1001 ff. |
| Manufacturer / Origin | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zurich, Switzerland |

Description of the item

The Audio Magnetic Field Probe AM1DV2 is a fully RF shielded magnetic field probe for the frequency range from 100 Hz to 20 kHz. The signal from the pickup coil is amplified in a symmetric 40dB low noise amplifier and fed to a 3 pin connector at the side. Power is supplied via the same and monitored via the LED near the connector. The single sensor in the probe is arranged in a tilt angle allowing measurement of 3 orthogonal field components by rotating the probe around its axis.

Handling of the item

The probe is manufactured and designed for operation in air and shall not be exposed to humidity or liquids. In order to keep the performance and alignment, the probe must not be disassembled. The full performance can only be achieved using the SPEAG provided accessories and following the corresponding manual.

Tests

| Test | Requirement | Details | Units tested |
|--------------------|---|--|------------------------|
| Sensor angle | Probe configuration data for alignment with field | see corresponding probe certificate | all |
| Dimensions | according to corresponding probe certificate | verified at delivery / light beam alignment prior to measurement usage | all / in setup by user |
| Frequency response | within +/- 0.5 dB of ideal differentiator from 100 Hz to 10 kHz | Coil current of AMCC measured with R&S UPL, probe including amplifier and AMMI ADC input | First article |
| Dynamic range | max. + 21 dB A/m @ 1 kHz Noise level typ. -70 dB A/m @ 1 kHz ABM2 typ. -60 dB A/m | with AMMI | Samples / all |
| Linearity | within < 0.1 dB from 5 dB below limitation to 16 dB above noise level | tested between +15 dB A/m @ 1 kHz, to -70 dB A/m @ 10 kHz | Samples |
| Sensitivity | typ. -24 dBV / A/m @ 1 kHz at probe output | verified at delivery / calibrated in setup prior to measurement usage | all / in setup by user |
| RF shielding | immunity to AM modulated RF signal | 1 kHz 80 % AM | all |

Standards

[1] ANSI PC63.19-2006 Draft 3.12

Conformity

Based on the tests above, we certify that this item is in compliance with the requirements of [1].

Date 22.5.2006

Stamp / Signature

s p e a g

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Appendix C

AMCC Certificate (Helmholz Coil)

Appendix D: HAC T-Coil Contour Plots

(See attachment)

Appendix E: HAC T-Coil Setup Photos

(See attachment)