



IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / 5190 ~ 5230MHz

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)			Output Power (W)	Limit (dBm)	Result
		Antenna 0	Antenna 1	Total			
Low	5190	14.55	14.35	17.46	0.05574	29.49	PASS
High	5230	14.53	14.28	17.42	0.05517		PASS

IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / 5755 ~ 5795MHz

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)			Output Power (W)	Limit (dBm)	Result
		Antenna 0	Antenna 1	Total			
Low	5755	15.47	15.08	18.29	0.06745	29.49	PASS
High	5795	15.47	15.64	18.57	0.07188		PASS



6.5 BAND EDGES MEASUREMENT

6.5.1 LIMIT

According to §15.407(b)

- (1) The provisions of Section 15.205 of this part apply to intentional radiators operating under this section.
- (2) When measuring the emission limits, the nominal carrier frequency shall be adjusted as close to the upper and lower frequency block edges as the design of the equipment permits.

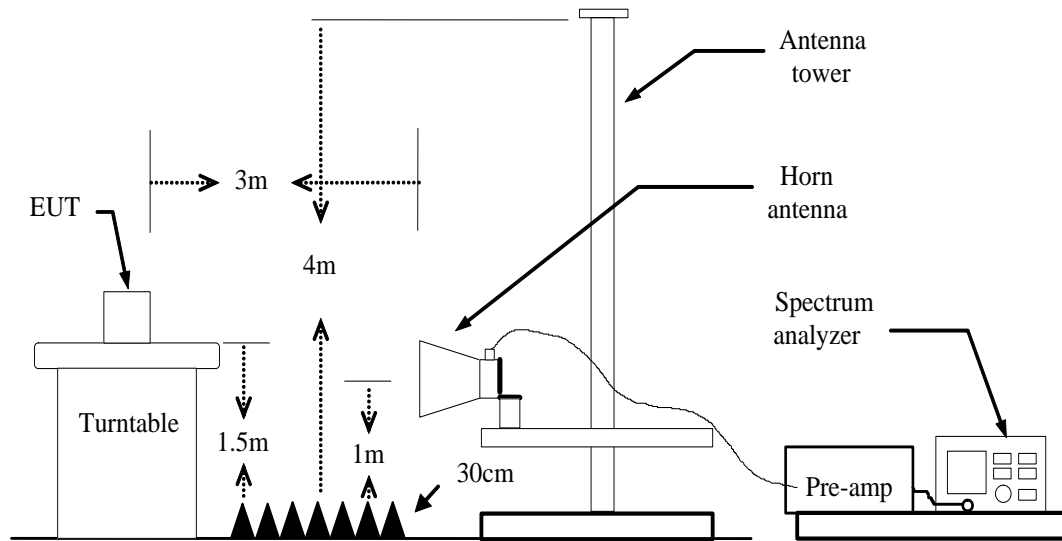
6.5.2 MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

Radiated Emission Test Site 966(2)					
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model Number	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Due Calibration
PSA Series Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	MY52221469	02/21/2016	02/20/2017
EMI TEST RECEIVER	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESCI	100783	02/21/2016	02/20/2017
Amplifier	EMEC	EM330	060661	03/18/2016	03/17/2017
High Noise Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A01838	02/21/2016	02/20/2017
Loop Antenna	COM-POWER	AL-130	121044	09/25/2015	09/24/2016
Bilog Antenna	SCHAFFNER	CBL6143	5082	02/21/2016	02/20/2017
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9120	D286	02/28/2016	02/27/2017
Board-Band Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9170	9170-497	02/28/2016	02/27/2017
Turn Table	N/A	N/A	N/A	N.C.R	N.C.R
Antenna Tower	SUNOL	TLT2	N/A	N.C.R	N.C.R
Controller	Sunol Sciences	SC104V	022310-1	N.C.R	N.C.R
Controller	CT	N/A	N/A	N.C.R	N.C.R
Temp. / Humidity Meter	Anymetre	JR913	N/A	02/21/2016	02/20/2017
Test S/W	FARAD	LZ-RF / CCS-SZ-3A2			

- NOTE:**
1. The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to NML/ROC and NIST/USA.
 2. The FCC Site Registration number is 101879.
 3. N.C.R = No Calibration Required.



6.5.3 TEST CONFIGURATION



6.5.4 TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 1.5m above the ground plane.
2. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
3. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission.
4. Set the spectrum analyzer in the following setting in order to capture the lower and upper band-edges of the emission:
 - (a) PEAK: RBW=1 / VBW=3MHz / Sweep=AUTO
 - (b) AVERAGE: RBW=1MHz / VBW=10Hz / Sweep=AUTO / Detector=Peak
5. Repeat the procedures until all the PEAK and AVERAGE versus POLARIZATION are measured.



6.5.5 TEST RESULT

IEEE 802.11a mode / 5745 ~ 5825MHz

Antenna 0:

1. Operating Frequency: 5745-5825MHz
2. CH Low: 5745MHz, CH High: 5825MHz
3. 26dB bandwidth: CH Low: 21.18MHz, CH High: 21.25MHz
4. Frequency Range: 5734.410MHz, 5835.625MHz

Antenna 1:

1. Operating Frequency: 5745-5825MHz
2. CH Low: 5745MHz, CH High: 5825MHz
3. 26dB bandwidth: CH Low: 21.17MHz, CH High: 21.17MHz
4. Frequency Range: 5734.415MHz, 5835.585MHz

IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / 5745 ~ 5825MHz

Antenna 0:

1. Operating Frequency: 5745-5825MHz
2. CH Low: 5745MHz, CH High: 5825MHz
3. 26dB bandwidth: CH Low: 21.22MHz, CH High: 20.68MHz
4. Frequency Range: 5733.395MHz, 5835.340MHz

Antenna 1:

1. Operating Frequency: 5745-5825MHz
2. CH Low: 5745MHz, CH High: 5825MHz
3. 26dB bandwidth: CH Low: 23.21MHz, CH High: 21.22MHz
4. Frequency Range: 5733.395MHz, 5835.610MHz



IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / 5755 ~ 5795MHz

Antenna 0:

1. Operating Frequency: 5755-5795MHz
2. CH Low: 5755MHz, CH High: 5795MHz
3. 26dB bandwidth: CH Low: 38.79MHz, CH High: 46.21MHz
4. Frequency Range: 5735.605MHz, 5818.105MHz

Antenna 1:

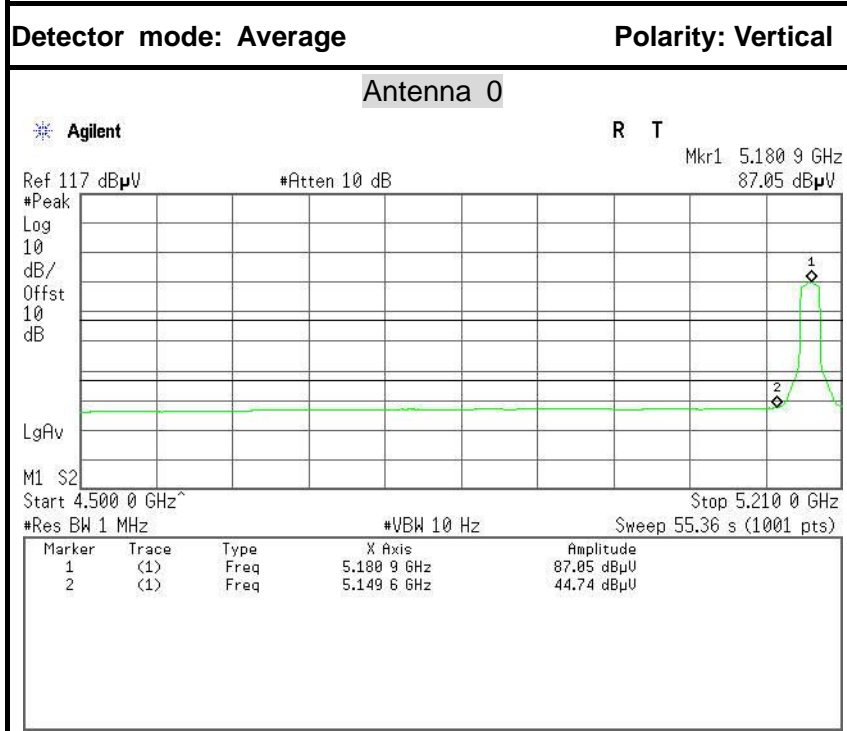
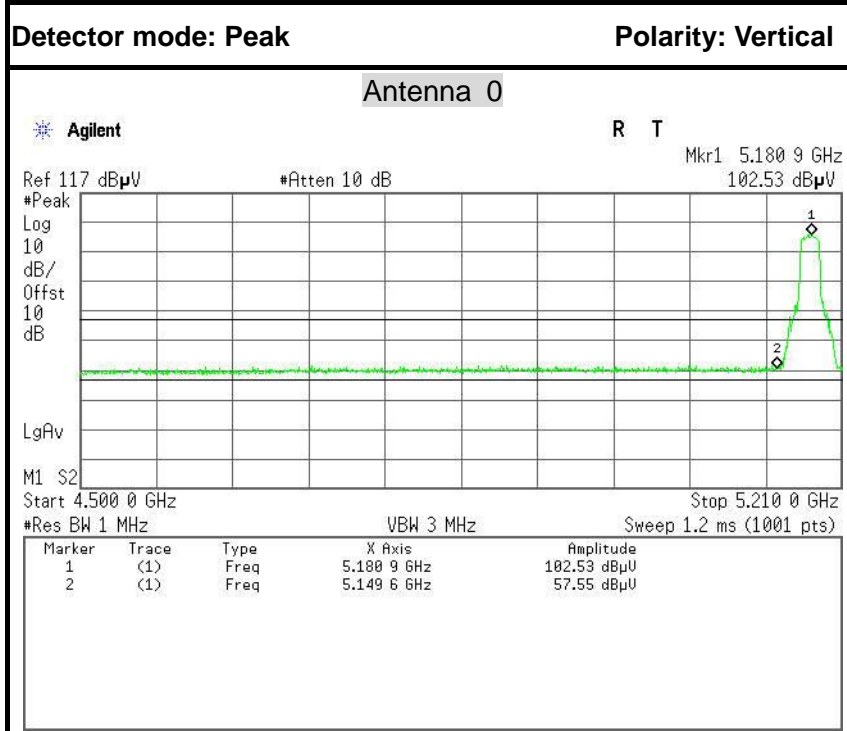
1. Operating Frequency: 5755-5795MHz
2. CH Low: 5755MHz, CH High: 5795MHz
3. 26dB bandwidth: CH Low: 43.76MHz, CH High: 40.00MHz
4. Frequency Range: 5733.120MHz, 5815.000MHz

Because the mentioned conditions, the test is not applicable.

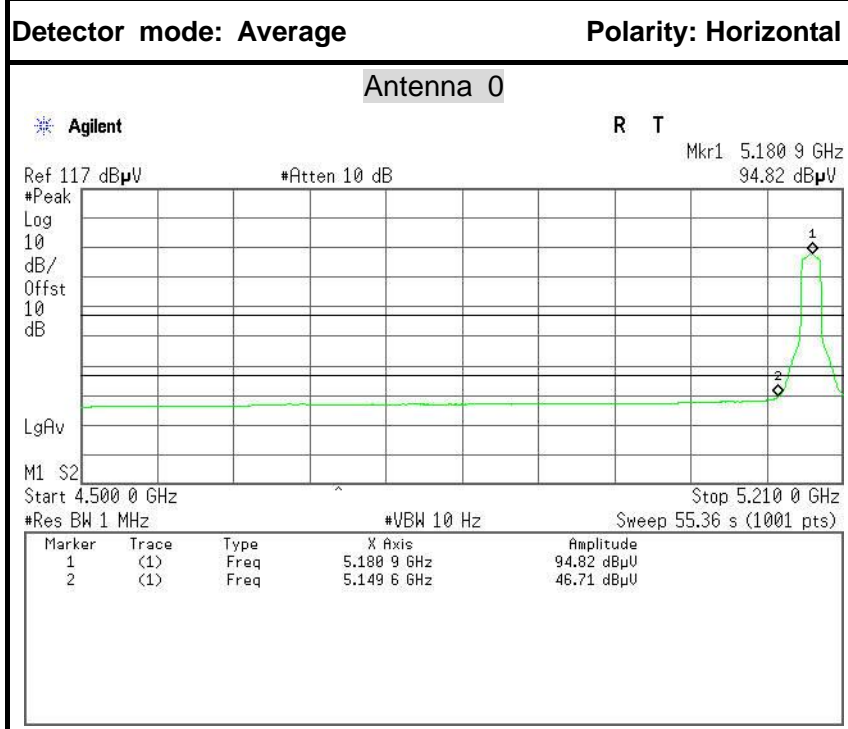
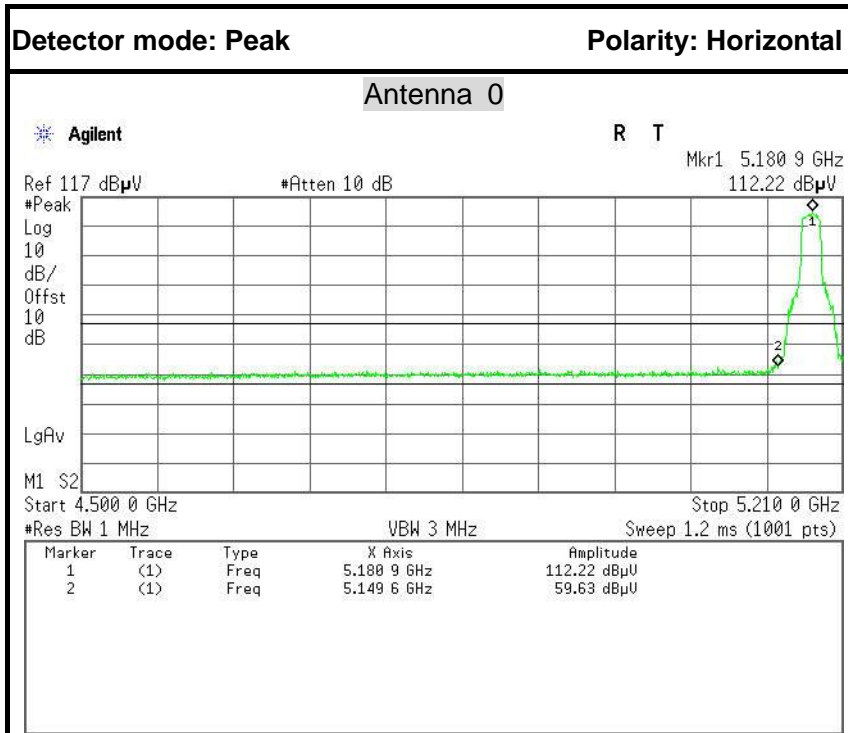


Test Plot

IEEE 802.11a mode / 5180MHz



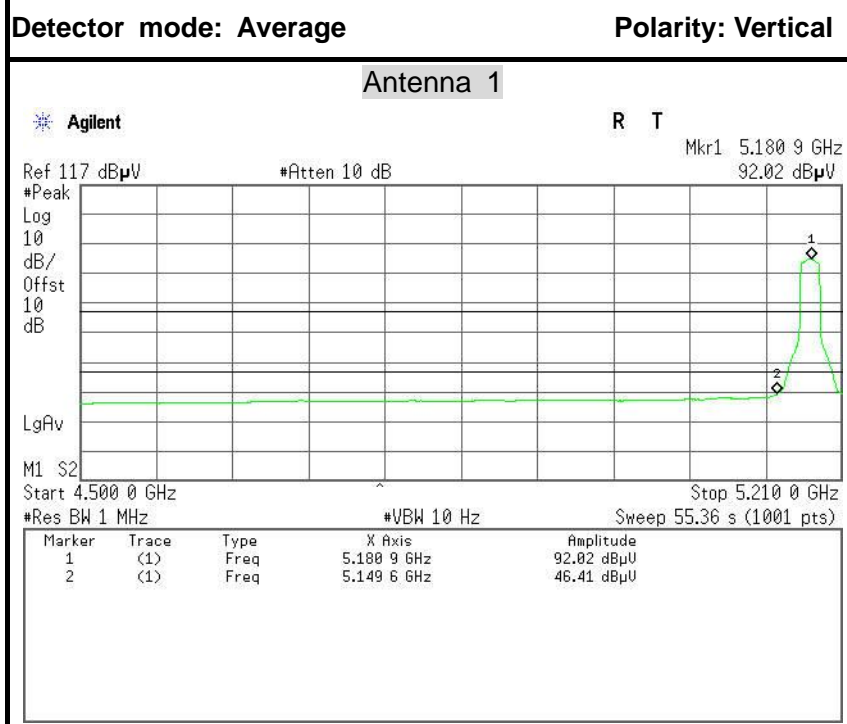
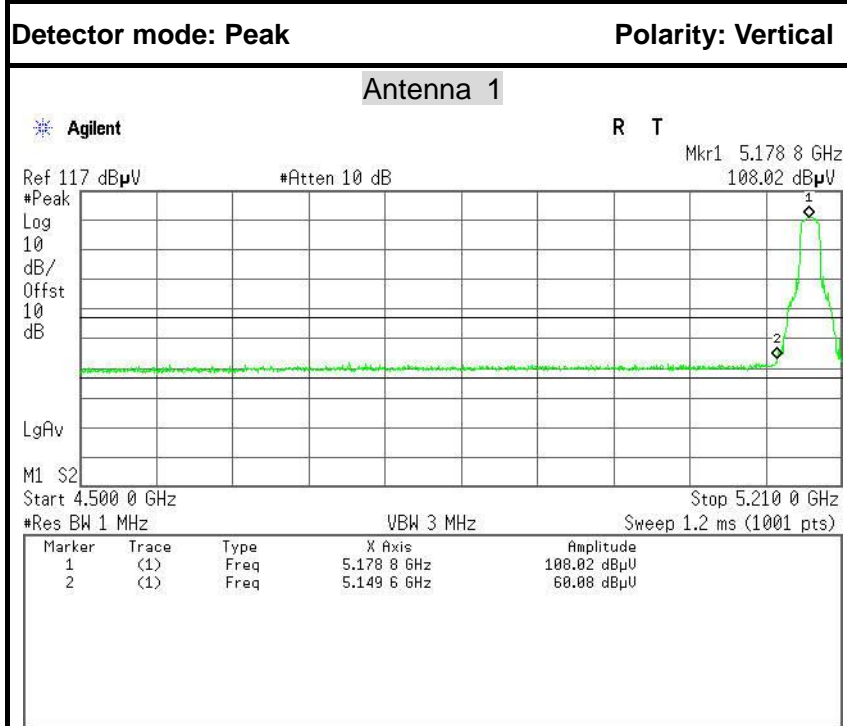
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Corrected (dB)	Result (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Pole
1	5150.0000	61.93	5.60	56.33	74.00	-17.67	Peak	Horizontal
2	5150.0000	50.06	5.60	44.46	54.00	-9.54	Average	Horizontal



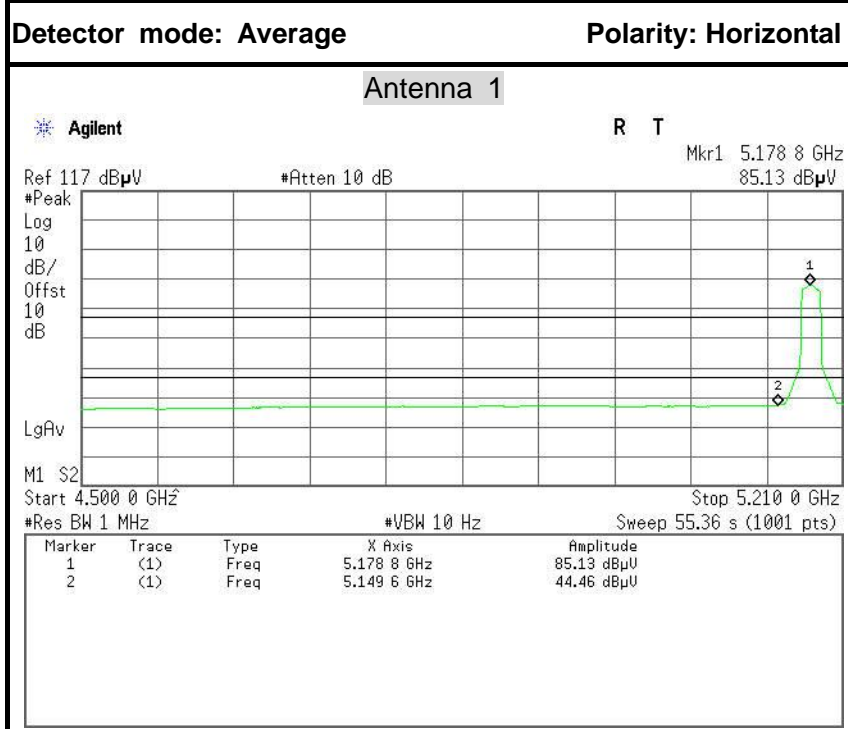
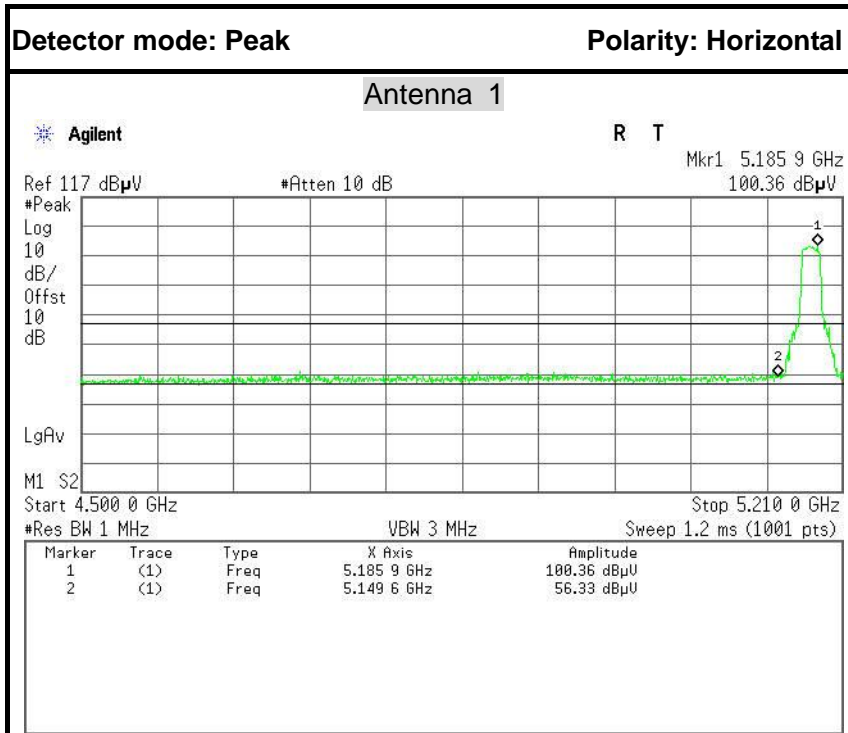
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ V)	Corrected (dB)	Result (dB μ V)	Limit (dB μ V)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Pole
1	5150.0000	63.76	5.60	58.16	74.00	-15.84	Peak	Vertical
2	5150.0000	51.66	5.60	46.06	54.00	-7.94	Average	Vertical



IEEE 802.11a mode / 5180MHz



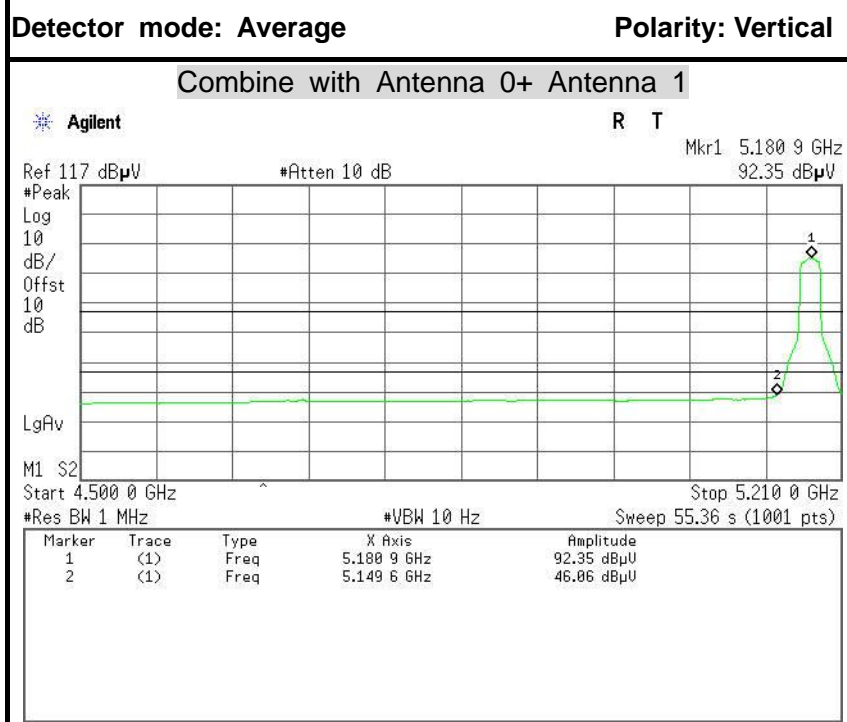
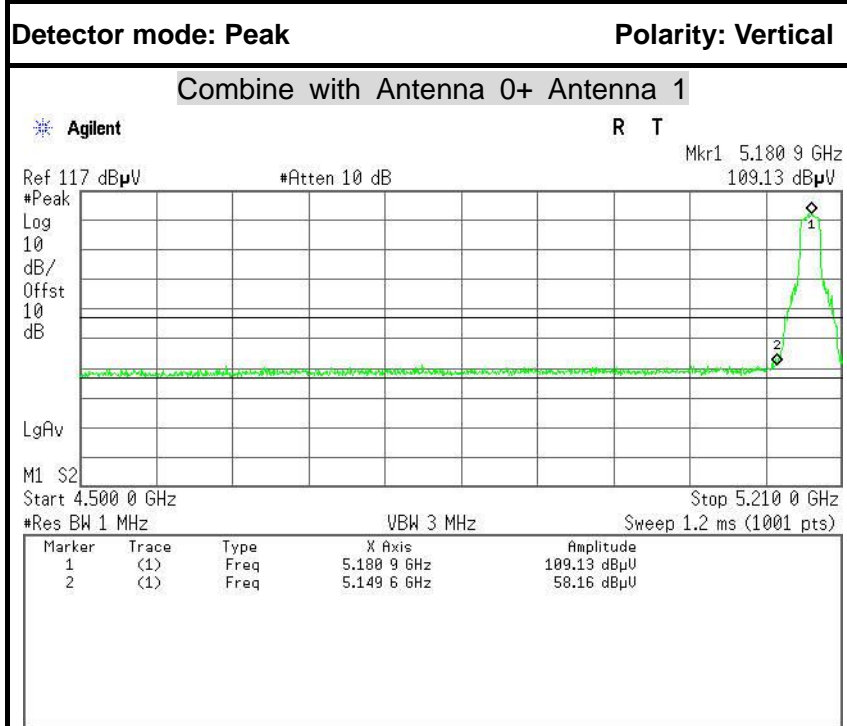
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Corrected (dB)	Result (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Pole
1	5150.0000	65.94	5.60	60.34	74.00	-13.66	Peak	Horizontal
2	5150.0000	52.55	5.60	46.95	54.00	-7.05	Average	Horizontal



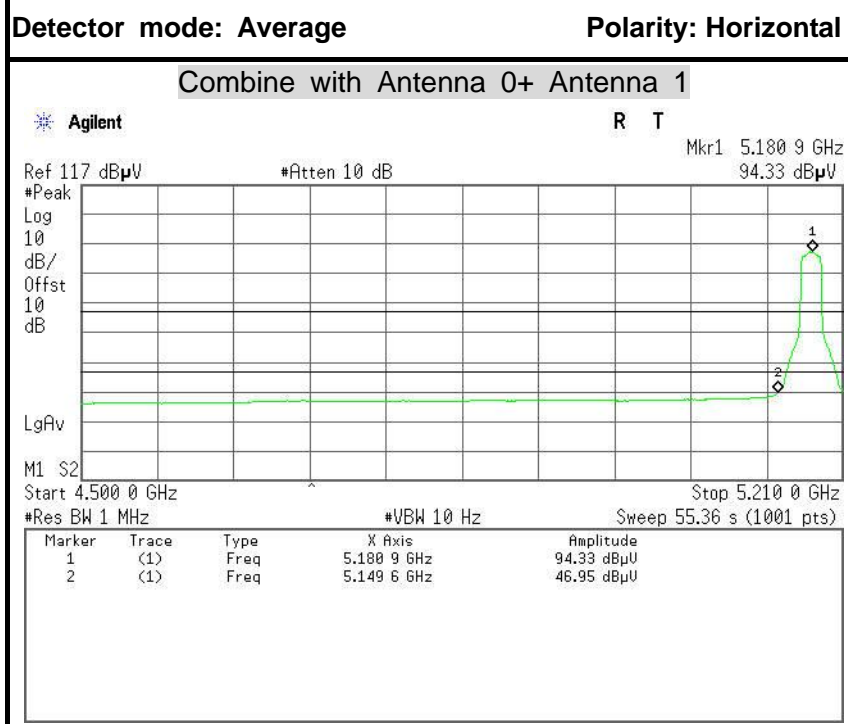
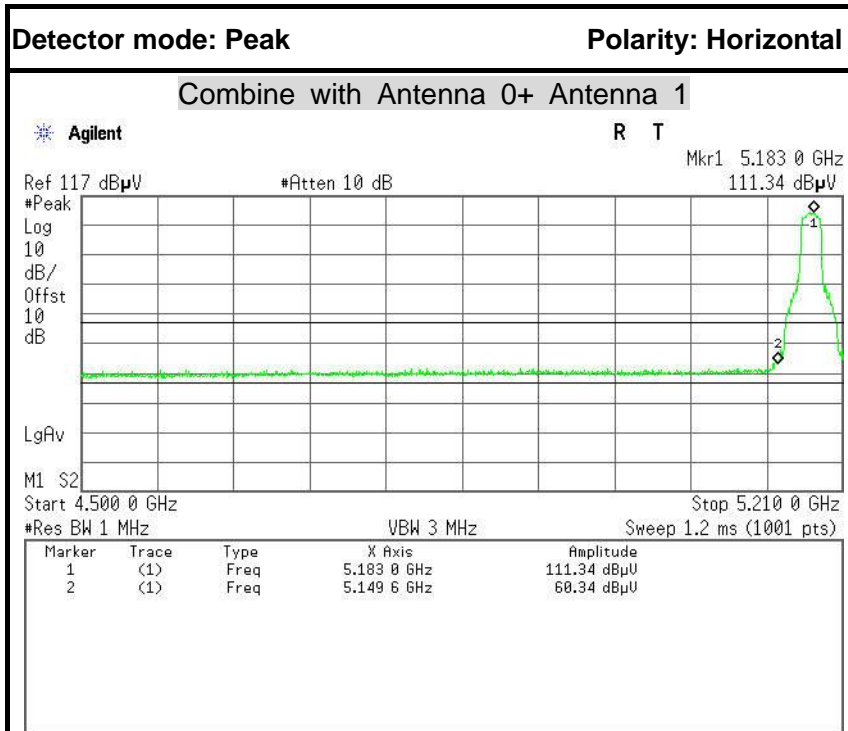
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ V)	Corrected (dB)	Result (dB μ V)	Limit (dB μ V)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Pole
1	5150.0000	72.06	5.60	66.46	74.00	-7.54	Peak	Vertical
2	5150.0000	56.00	5.60	50.40	54.00	-3.60	Average	Vertical



IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / 5180 MHz



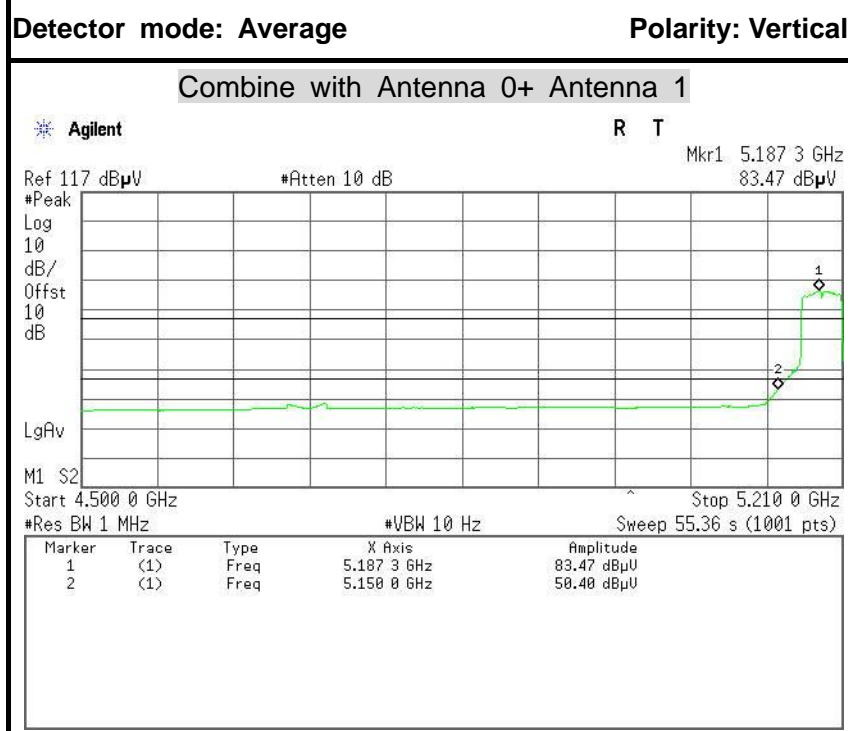
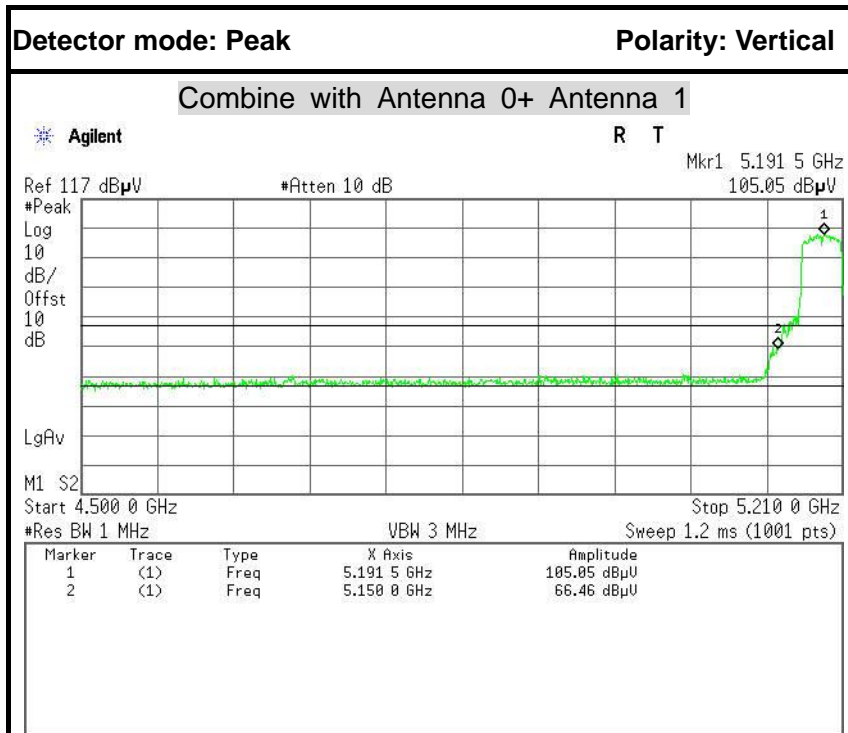
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Corrected (dB)	Result (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Pole
1	5150.0000	63.76	5.60	58.16	74.00	-15.84	Peak	Vertical
2	5150.0000	51.66	5.60	46.06	54.00	-7.94	Average	Vertical



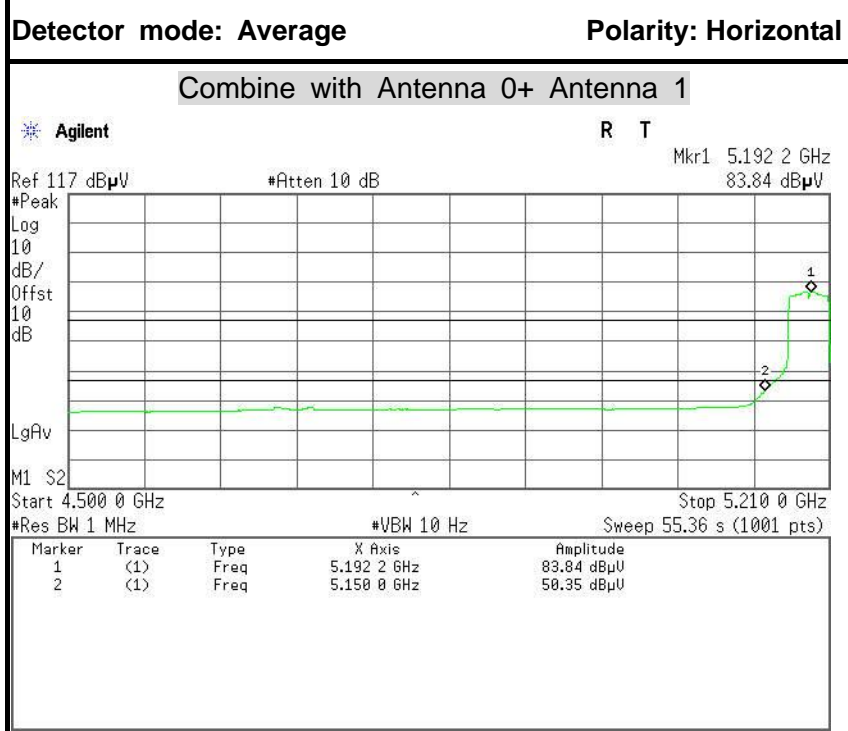
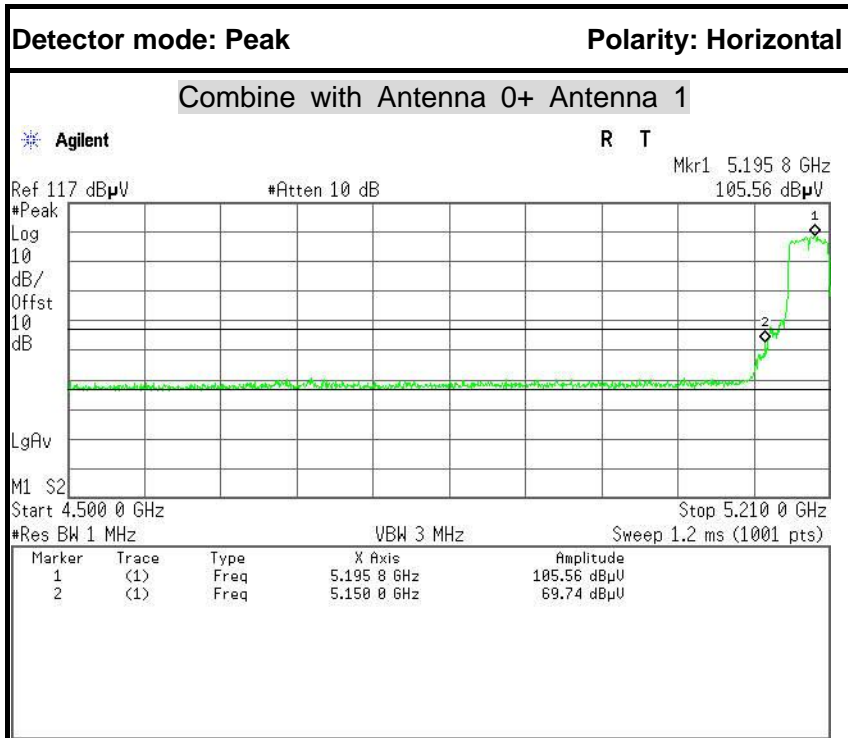
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Corrected (dB)	Result (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Pole
1	5150.0000	65.94	5.60	60.34	74.00	-13.66	Peak	Horizontal
2	5150.0000	52.55	5.60	46.95	54.00	-7.05	Average	Horizontal



IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / 5190 MHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Corrected (dB)	Result (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Pole
1	5150.0000	72.06	5.60	66.46	74.00	-7.54	Peak	Vertical
2	5150.0000	56.00	5.60	50.40	54.00	-3.60	Average	Vertical



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Corrected (dB)	Result (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Pole
1	5150.0000	75.34	5.60	69.74	74.00	-4.26	Peak	Horizontal
2	5150.0000	55.95	5.60	50.35	54.00	-3.65	Average	Horizontal



6.6 PEAK POWER SPECTAL DENSITY

6.6.1 LIMIT

According to §15.407(a) & FCC R&O FCC 14-30

(1) For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.

(i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).

(ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power or maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output power and maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

(iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(2) For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or $11 \text{ dBm} + 10 \log B$, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.



(3) For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

Note to paragraph (a)(3): The Commission strongly recommends that parties employing U-NII devices to provide critical communications services should determine if there are any nearby Government radar systems that could affect their operation.

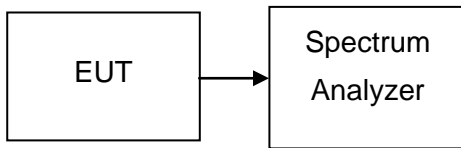
6.6.2 MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Due Calibration
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	MY52221469	02/21/2016	02/20/2017

Remark: Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year.



6.6.3 TEST CONFIGURATION



6.6.4 TEST PROCEDURE

1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in transmitting mode.
Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.
2. For devices operating in the bands 5.15-5.25 GHz, Set the spectrum analyzer as RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 3MHz, Span = 30MHz, Sweep=1ms
3. For devices operating in the bands 5.725-5.85 GHz, Set the spectrum analyzer as RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 3MHz, Span = 30MHz, Sweep=1ms
4. Record the max. reading.
5. Repeat the above procedure until the measurements for all frequencies are completed



6.6.5 TEST RESULTS

Test Data

Test mode: IEEE 802.11a mode / 5180 ~ 5240MHz

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD (dBm)		Limit (dBm)	Margain		Result
		Antenna 0	Antenna 1		Antenna 0	Antenna 1	
Low	5180	2.865	2.853	17	-14.135	-14.147	PASS
Mid	5200	2.732	3.096		-14.268	-13.904	PASS
High	5240	3.731	2.475		-13.269	-14.525	PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11a mode / 5745 ~ 5825MHz

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD (dBm)		factor	Limit (dBm)	Margain		Result
		Antenna 0	Antenna 1			Antenna 0	Antenna 1	
Low	5745	3.444	3.094	-3.01	17	-16.566	-16.916	PASS
Mid	5785	3.785	3.704	-3.01		-16.225	-16.306	PASS
High	5825	3.949	4.421	-3.01		-16.061	-15.589	PASS

Remark: factor =10*log10(500/RBW)

Test mode: IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / 5180 ~ 5240MHz

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD (dBm)		Total (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margain	Result
		Antenna 0	Antenna 1				
Low	5180	2.736	2.557	5.658	16.49	-10.832	PASS
Mid	5200	2.482	1.140	4.873		-11.617	PASS
High	5240	1.997	0.885	4.487		-12.003	PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / 5745 ~ 5825MHz

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD (dBm)		factor	Total (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margain	Result
		Antenna 0	Antenna 1					
Low	5745	2.200	2.552	-3.01	2.288	16.49	-14.202	PASS
Mid	5785	2.052	2.373	-3.01	2.400		-14.090	PASS
High	5825	2.048	2.722	-3.01	1.144		-15.346	PASS

Remark: factor =10*log10(500/RBW)



Test mode: IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / 5190 ~ 5230MHz

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD (dBm)		Total (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margain	Result
		Antenna 0	Antenna 1				
Low	5190	0.204	-1.631	2.393	16.49	-14.097	PASS
High	5230	-0.160	-1.065	2.421		-14.069	PASS

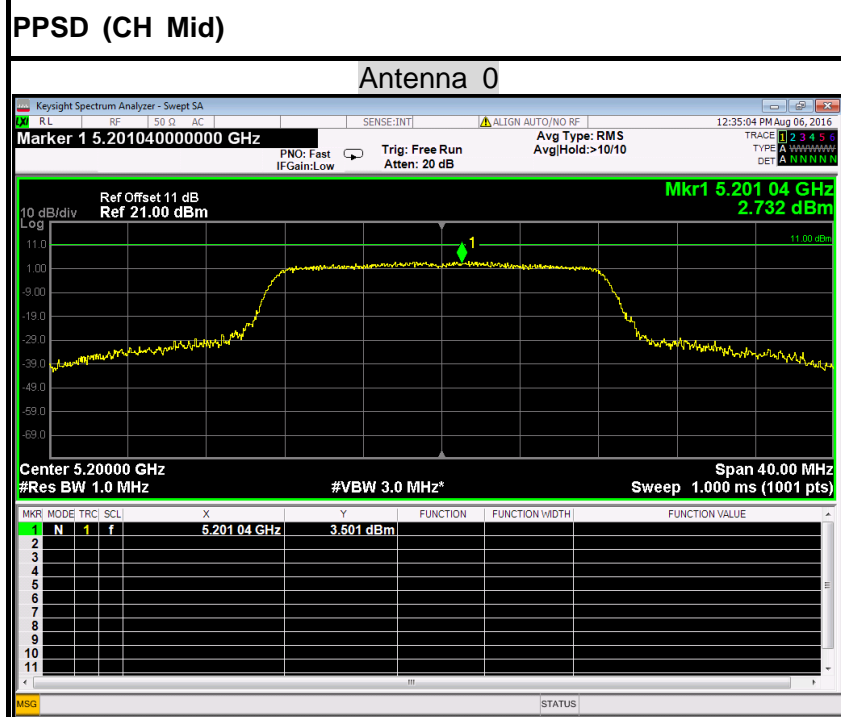
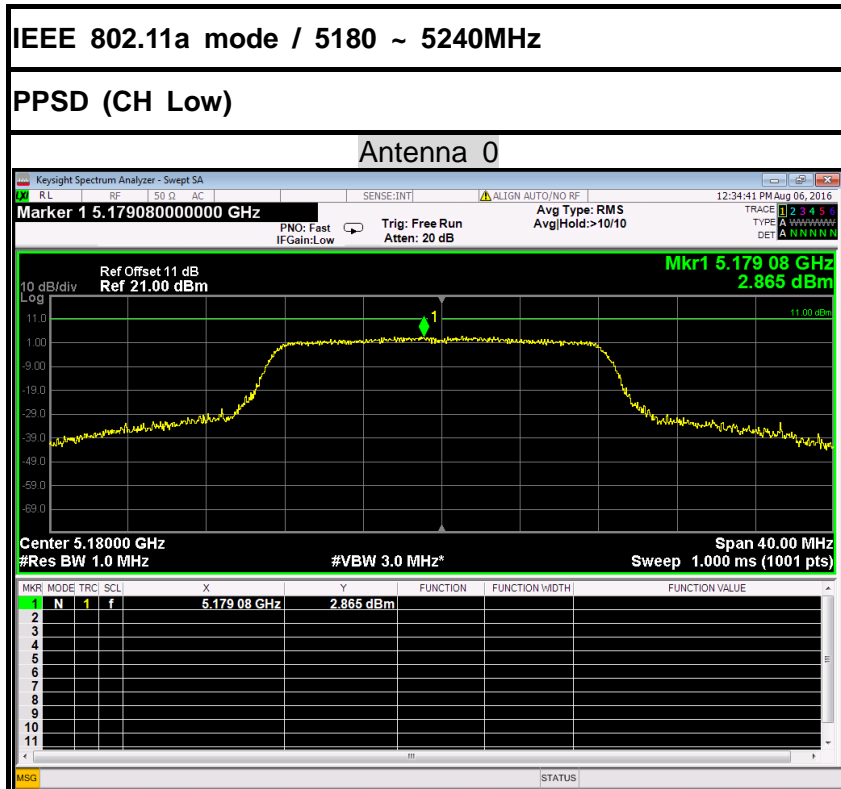
Test mode: IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / 5755 ~ 5795MHz

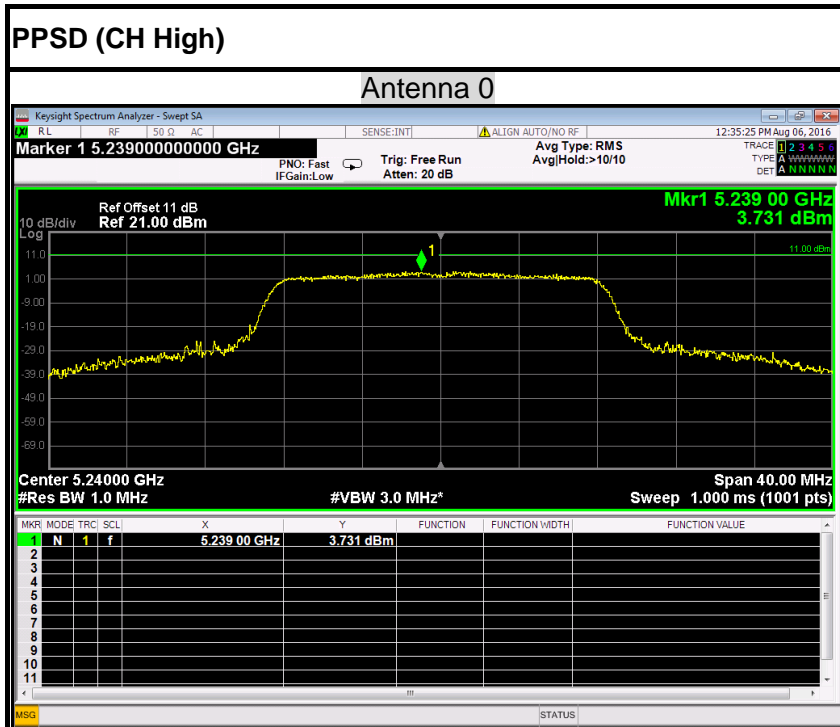
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD (dBm)		factor	Total (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margain	Result
		Antenna 0	Antenna 1					
Low	5755	0.159	-0.987	-3.01	-0.376	16.49	-16.866	PASS
High	5795	-0.223	-0.618	-3.01	-0.416		-16.906	PASS

Remark: factor = $10 \cdot \log_{10}(500/RBW)$

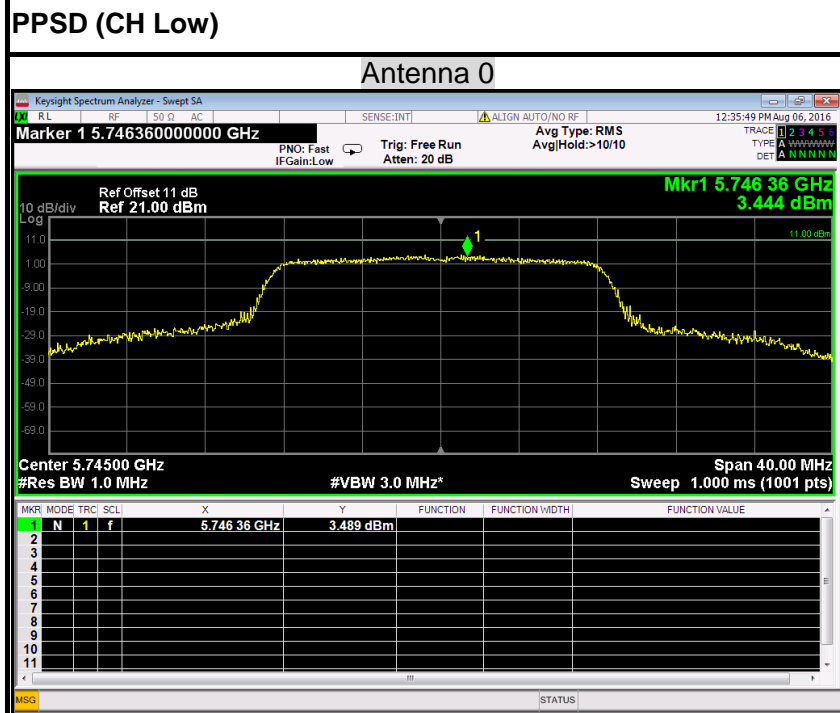


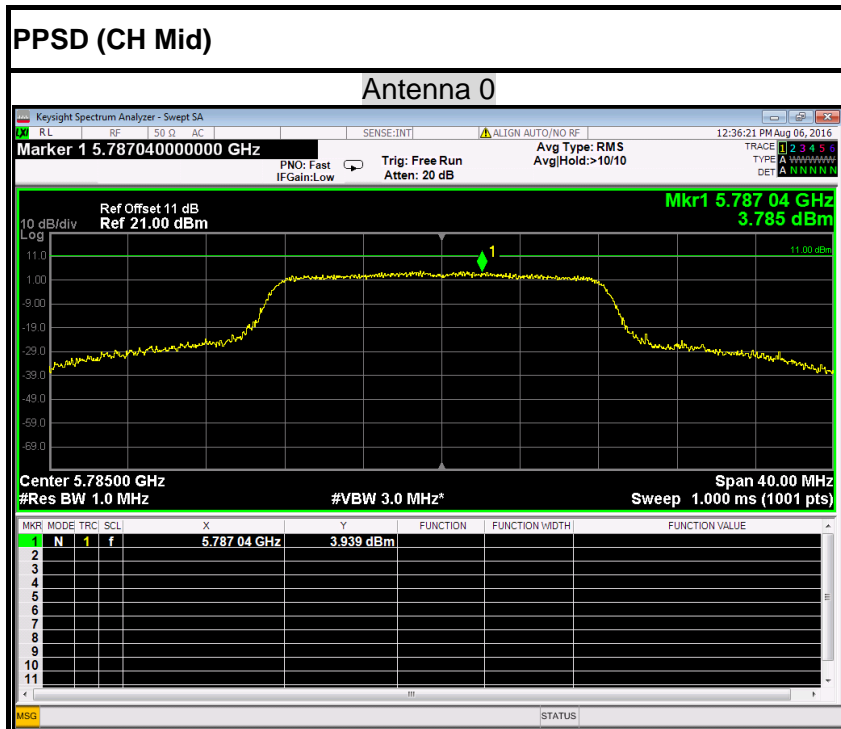
Test Plot

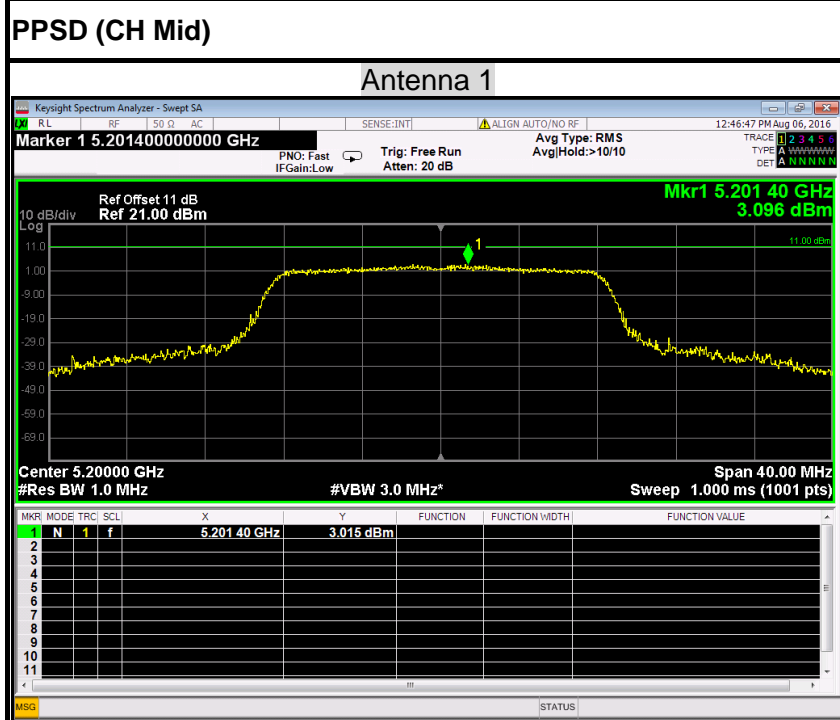
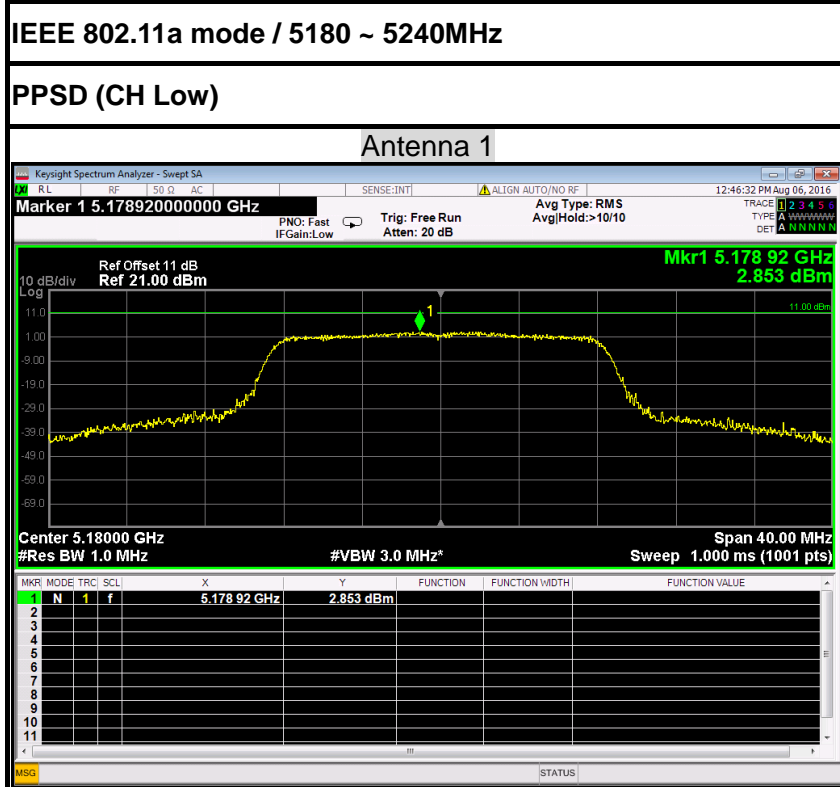


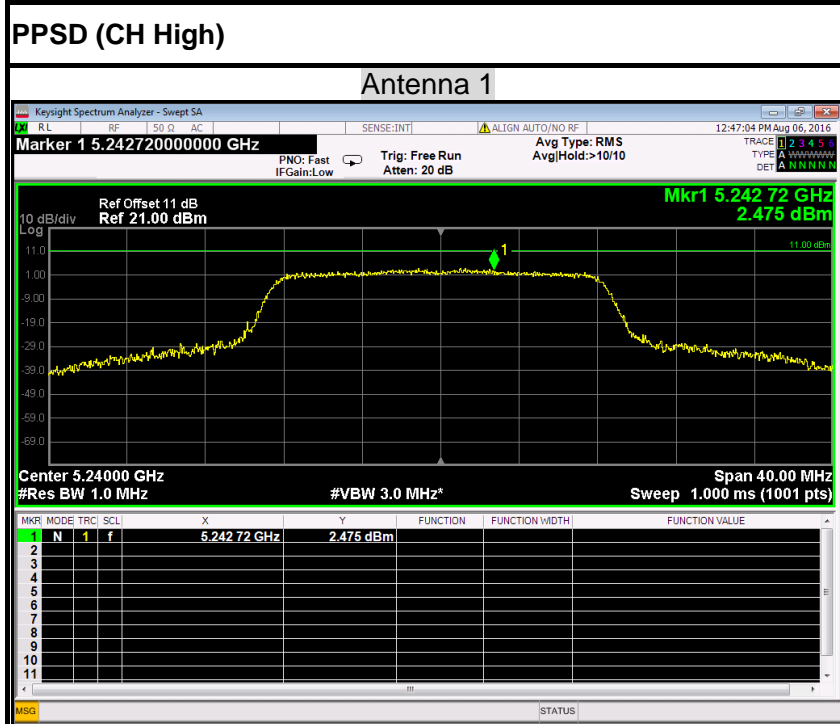


IEEE 802.11a mode / 5745 ~ 5825MHz

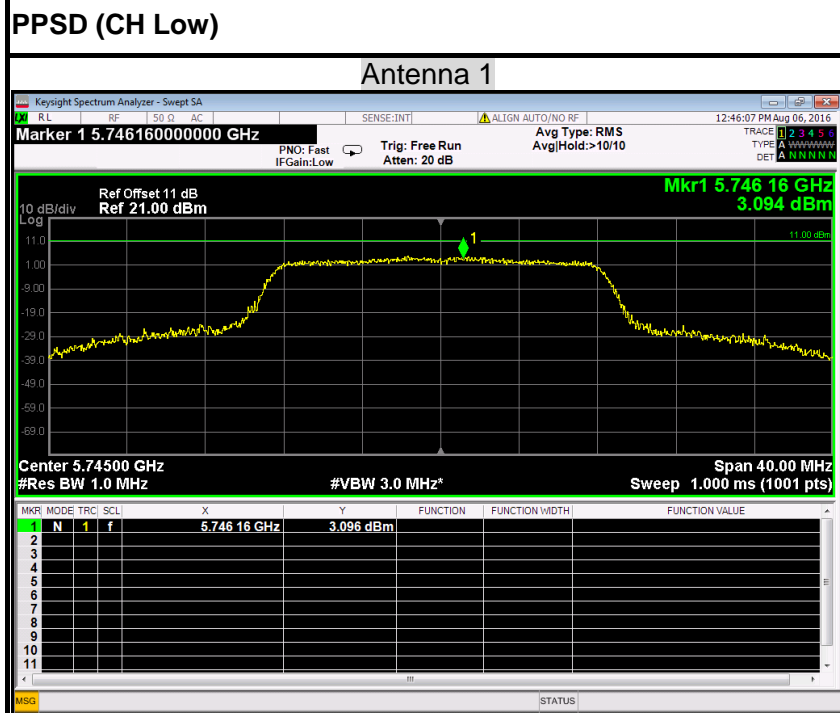


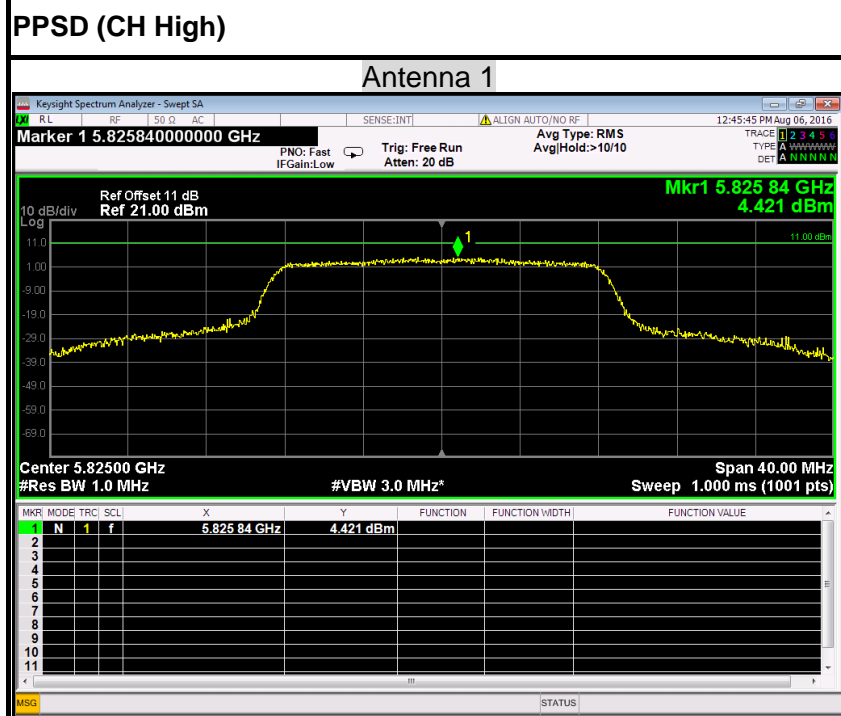
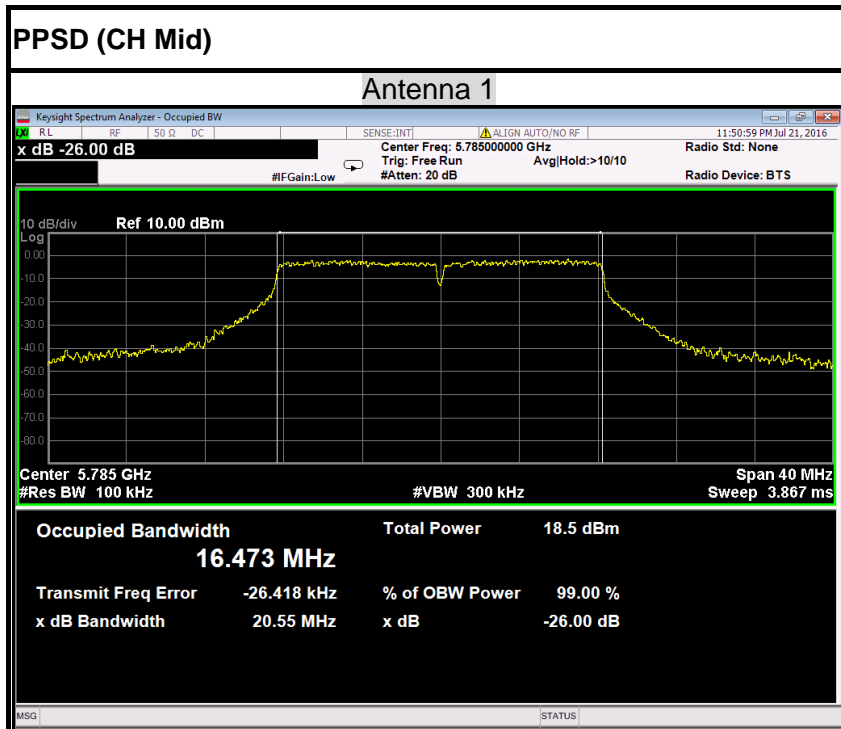






IEEE 802.11a mode / 5745 ~ 5825MHz



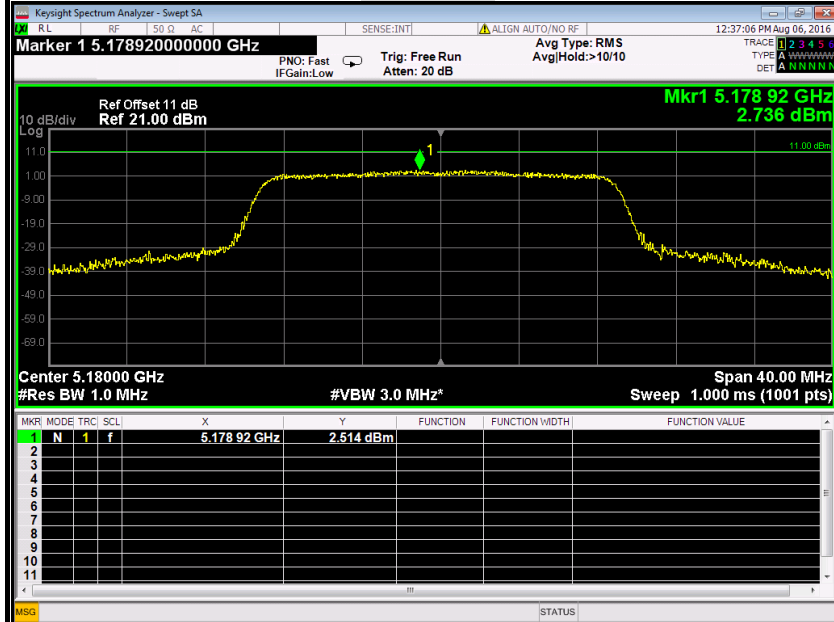




IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / 5180 ~ 5240MHz

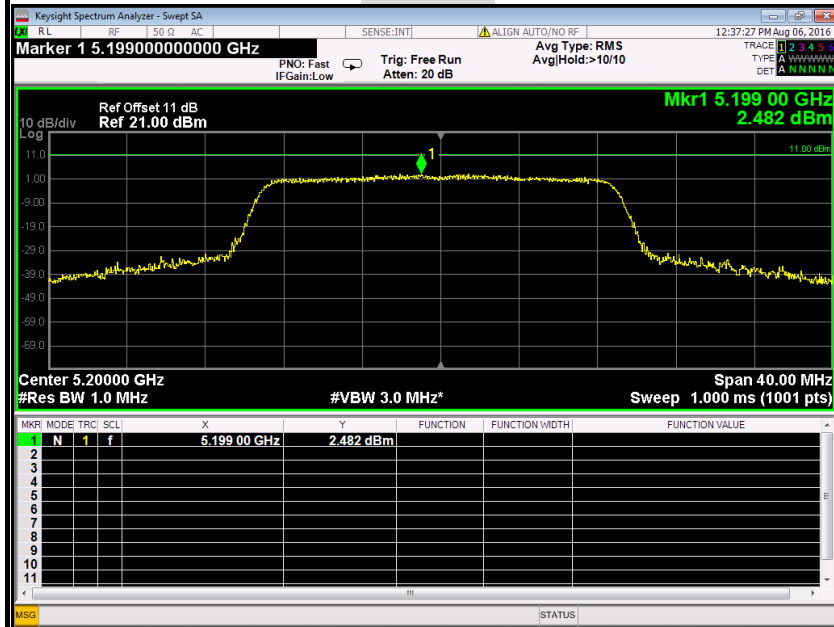
PPSD (CH Low)

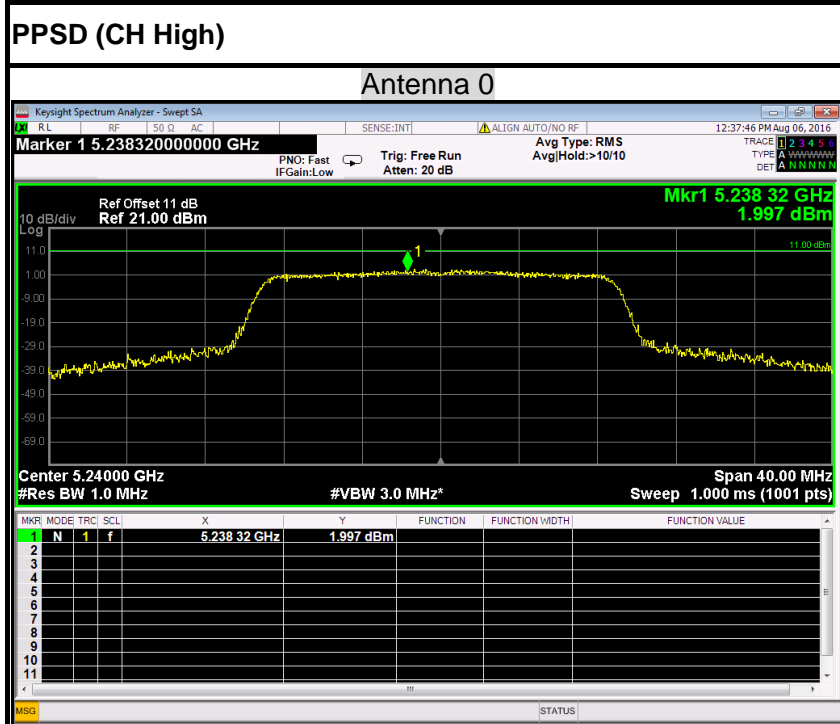
Antenna 0



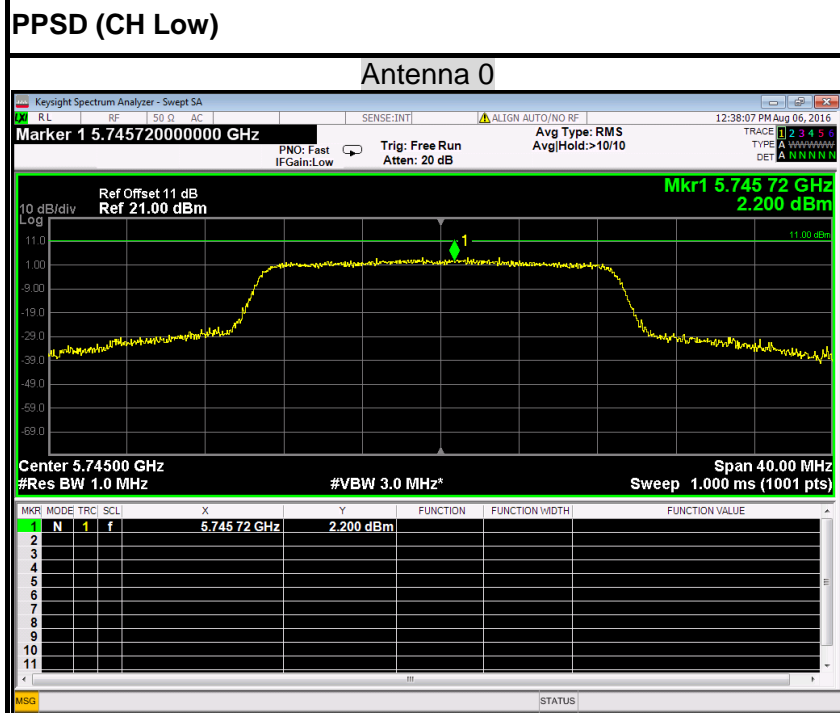
PPSD (CH Mid)

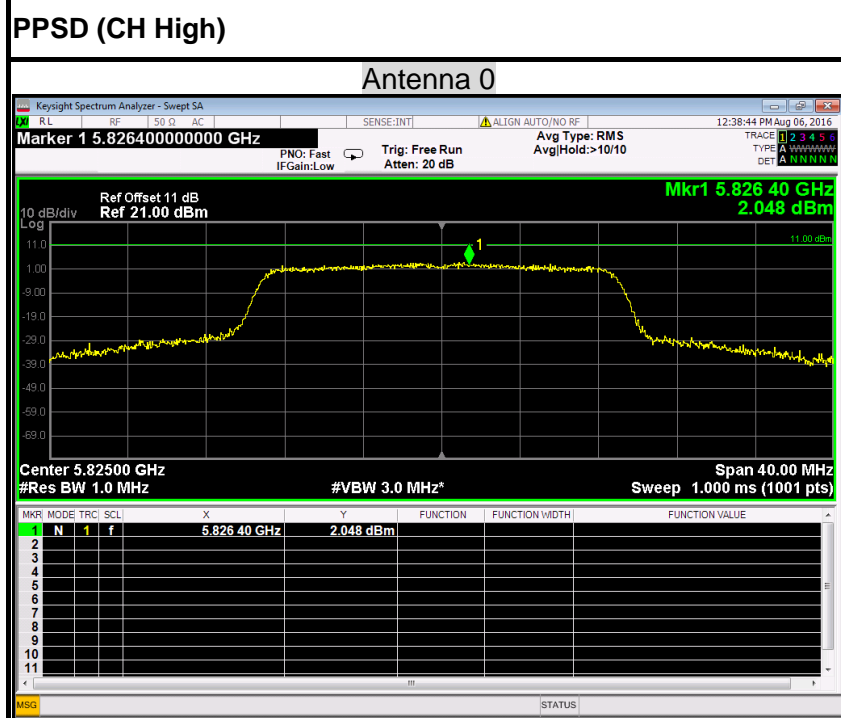
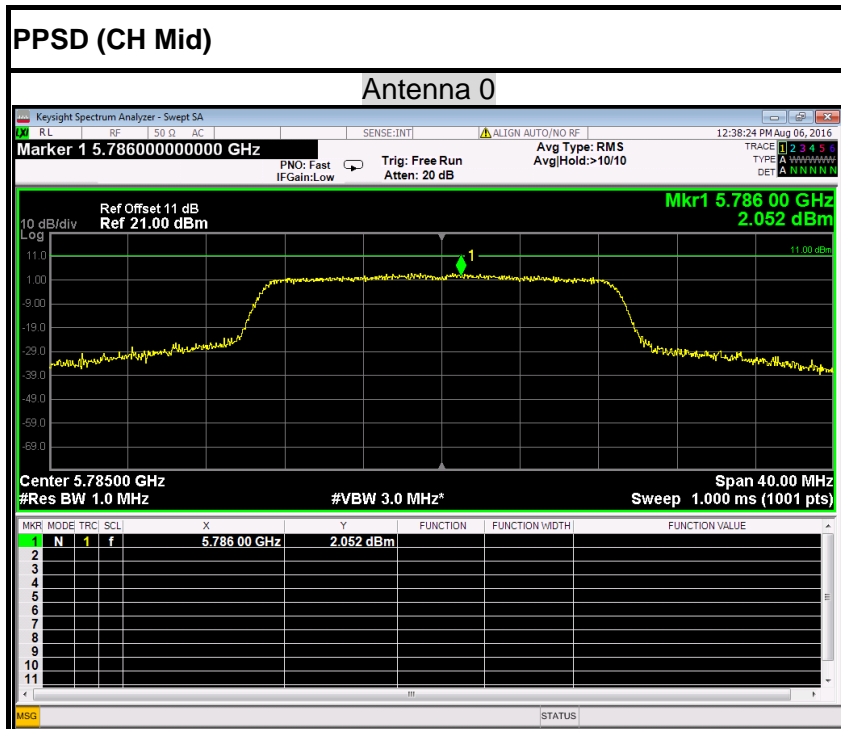
Antenna 0

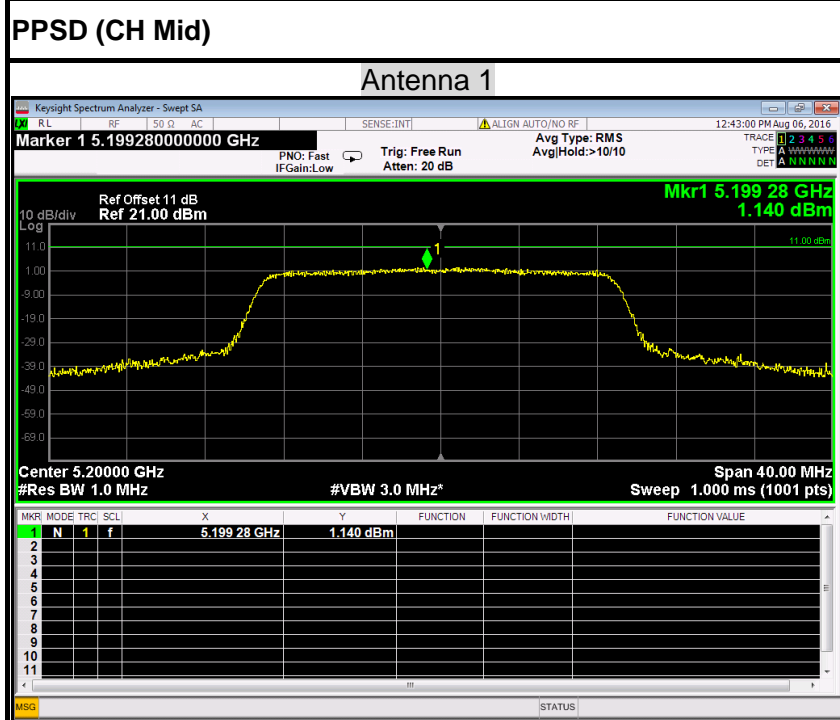
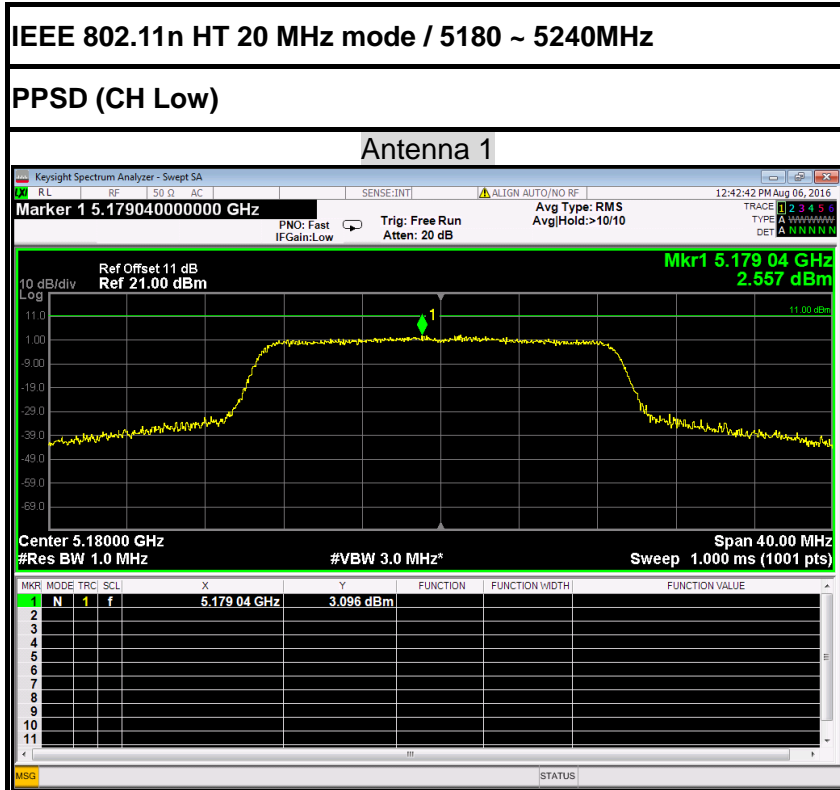


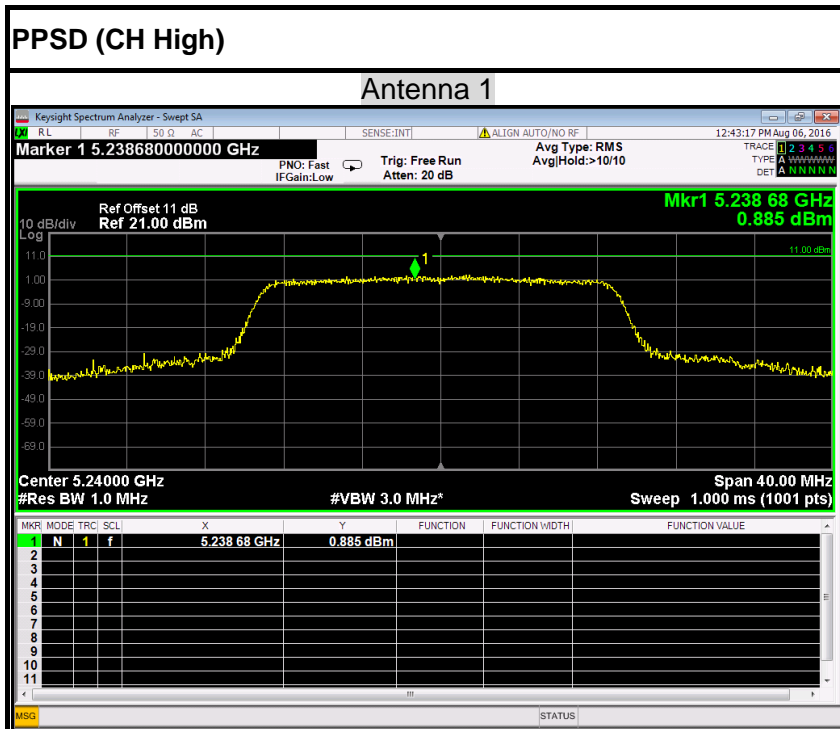


IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / 5745 ~ 5825MHz



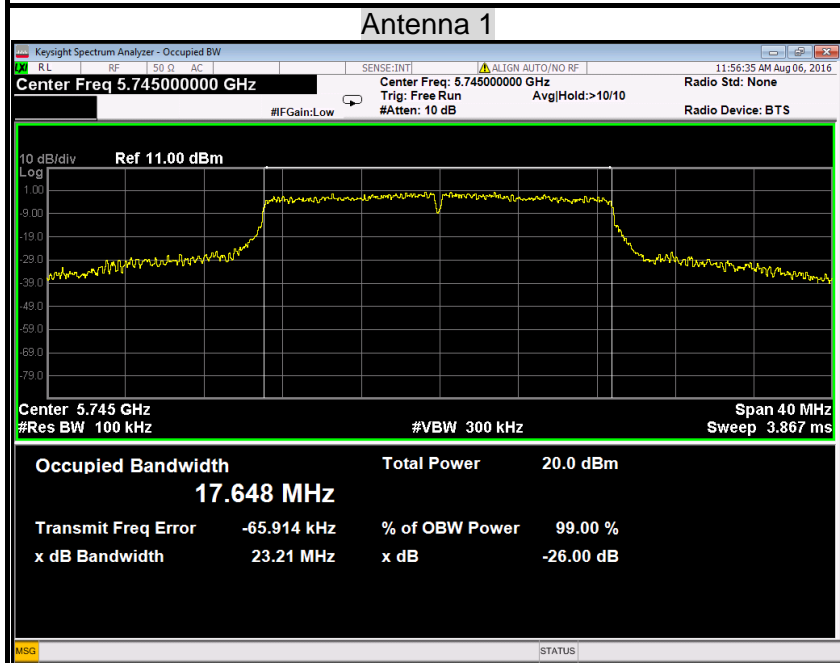


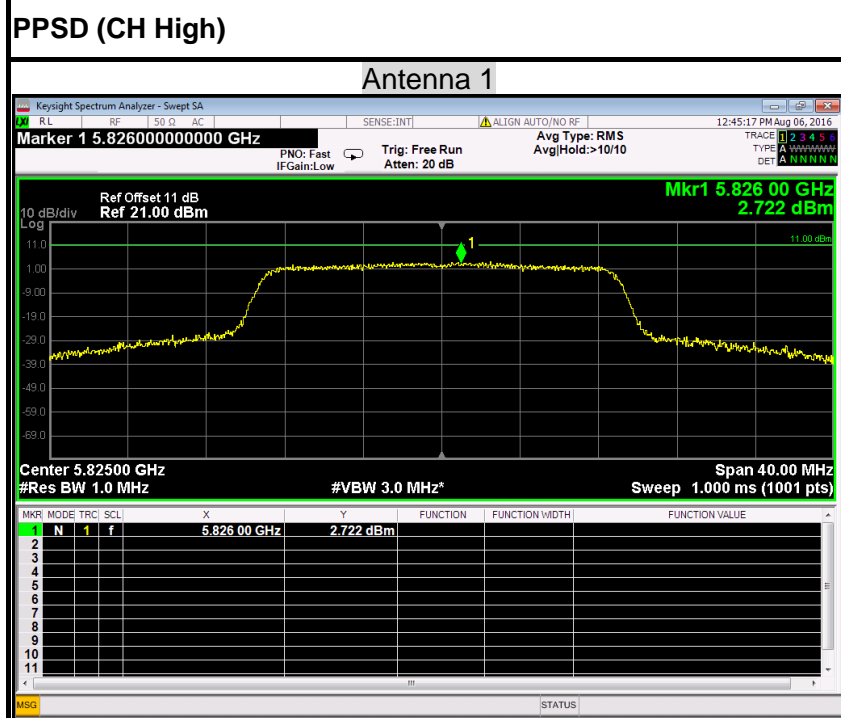
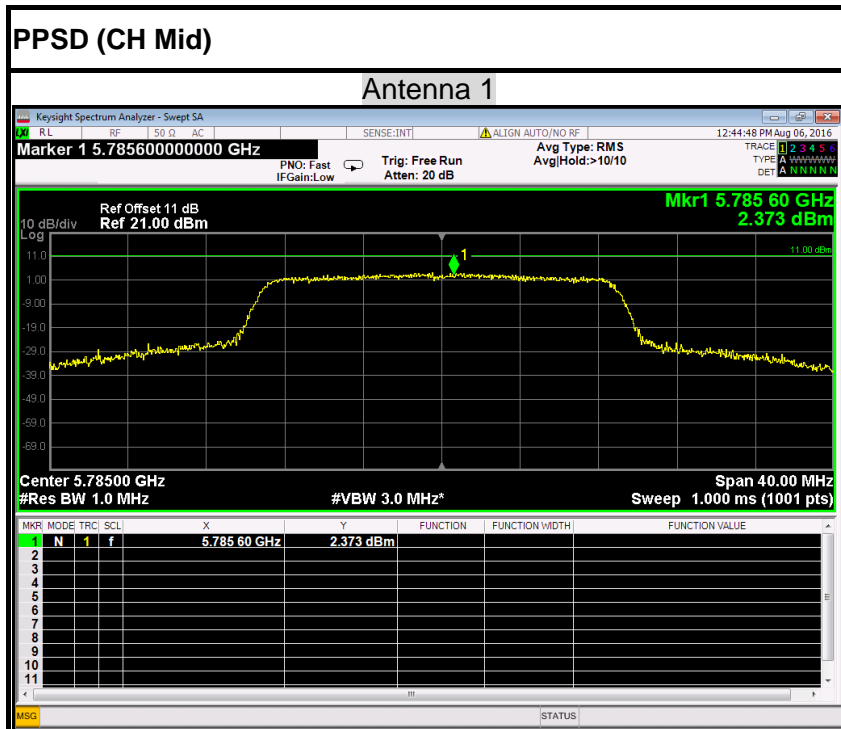




IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / 5745 ~ 5825MHz

PPSD (CH Low)



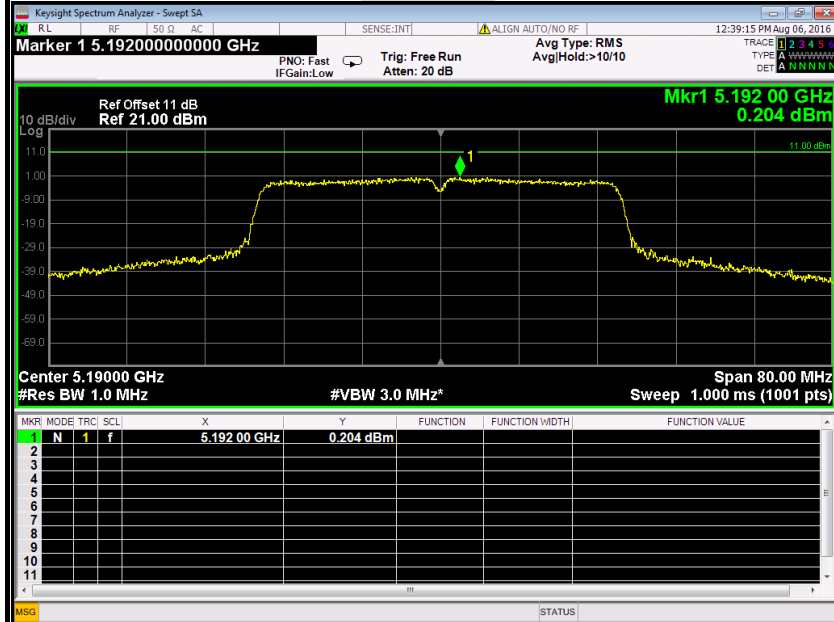




IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / 5190 ~ 5230MHz

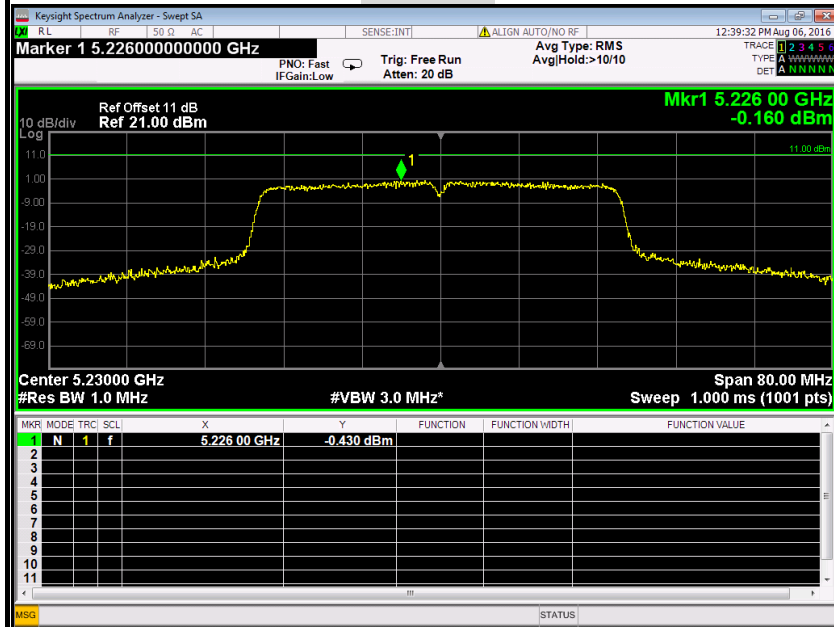
PPSD (CH Low)

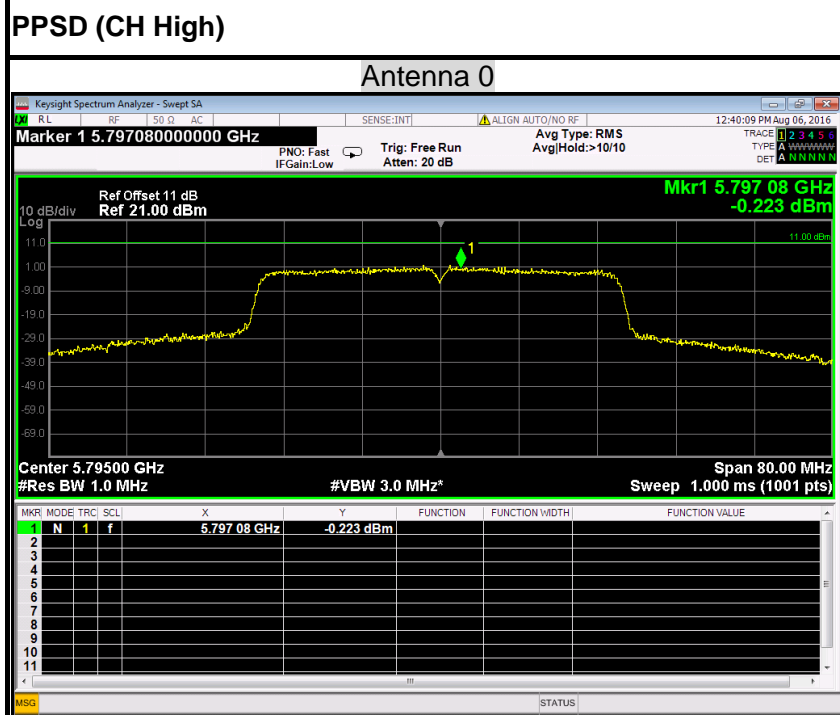
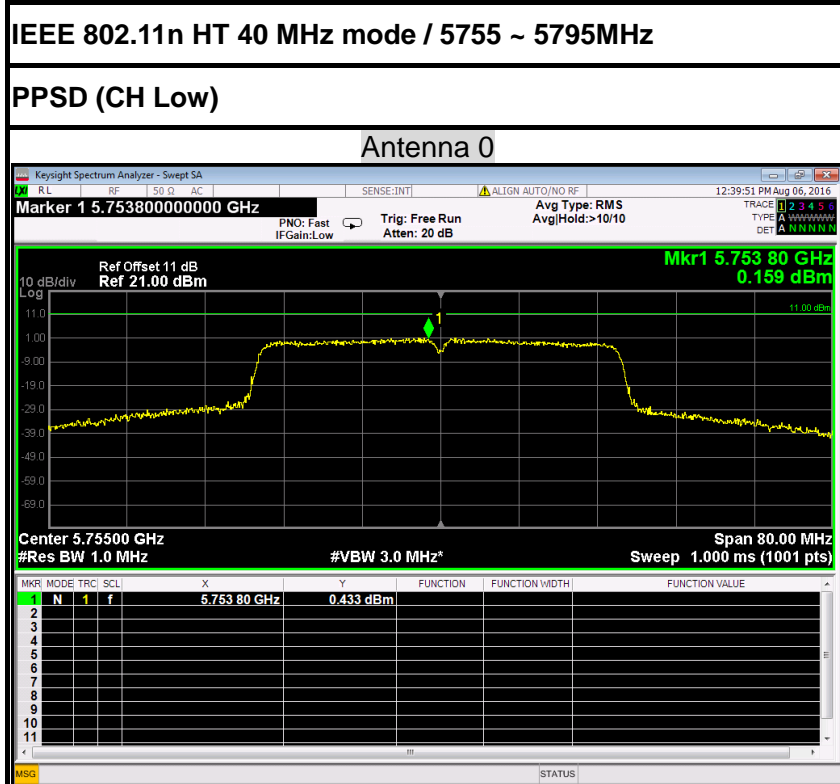
Antenna 0

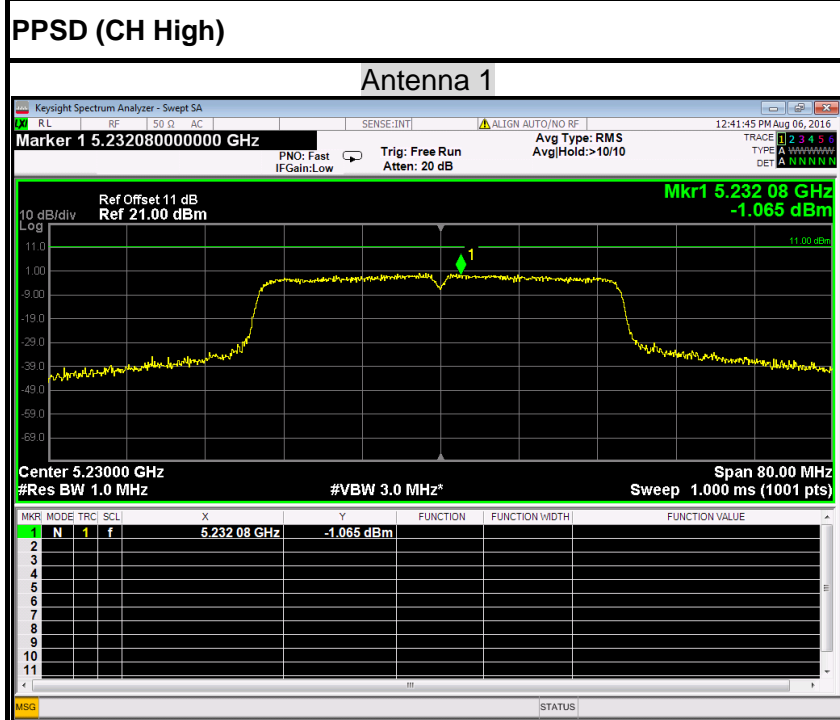
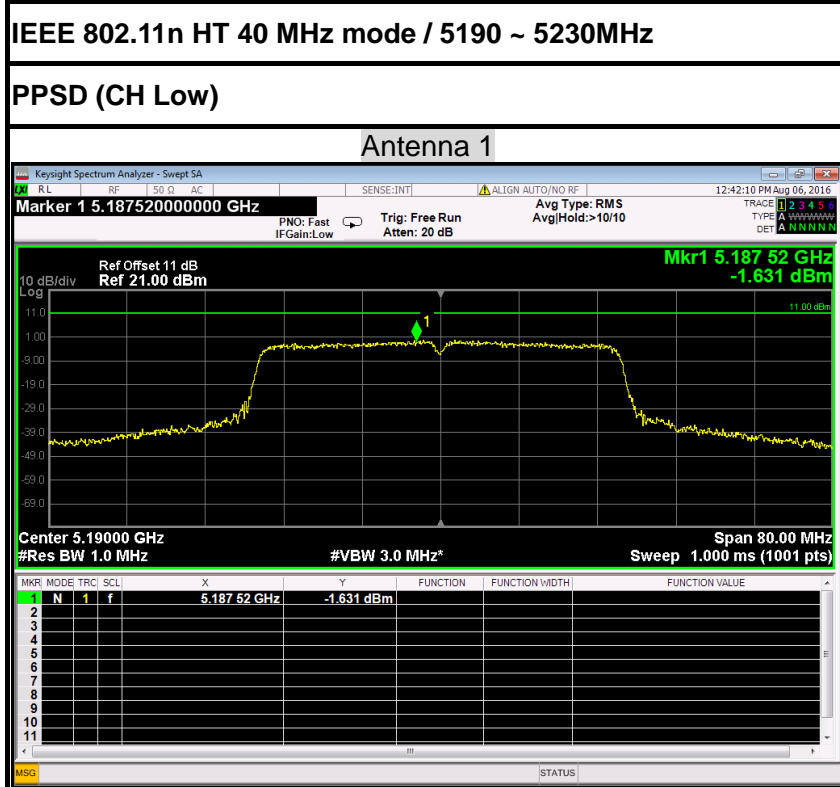


PPSD (CH High)

Antenna 0



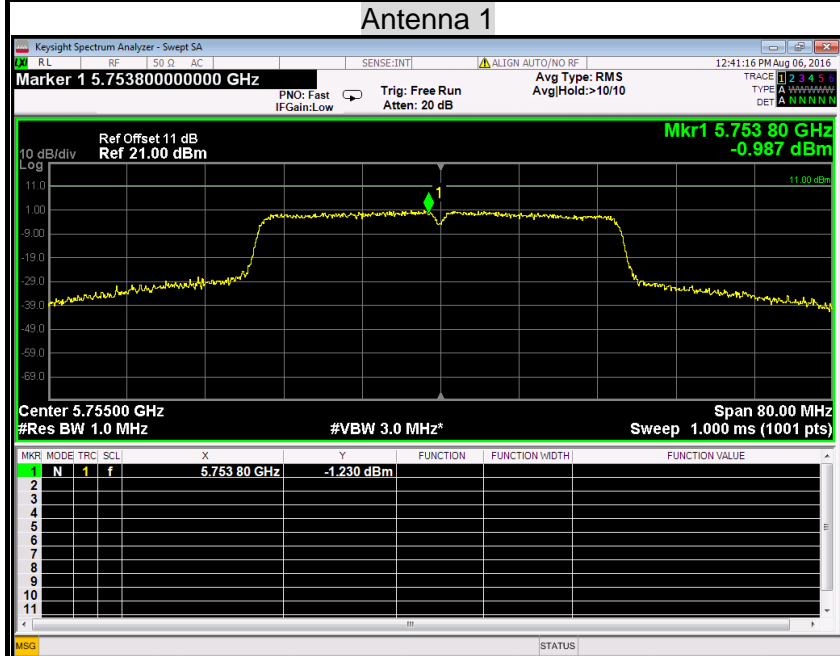




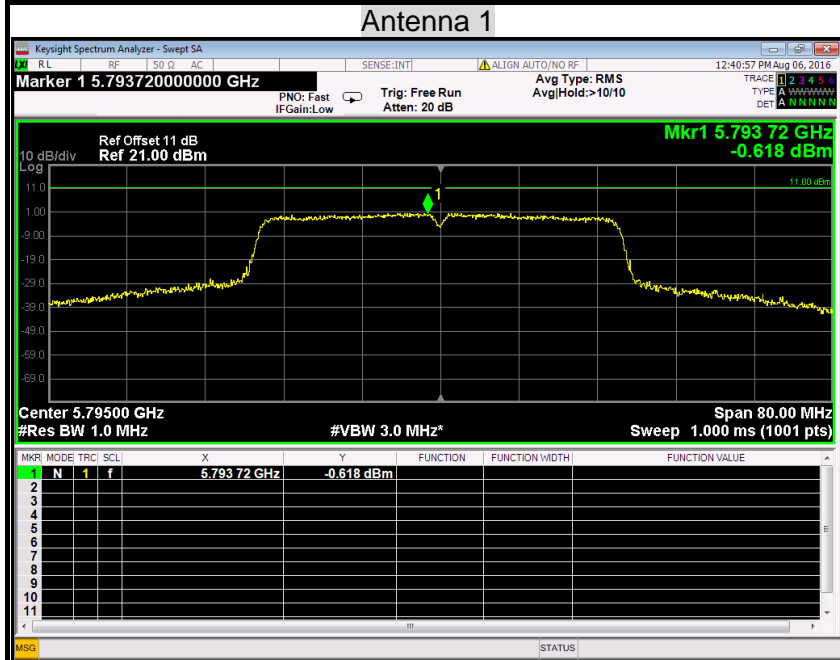


IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / 5755 ~ 5795MHz

PPSD (CH Low)



26dB Bandwidth (CH High)





6.7 RADIATED UNDESIRABLE EMISSION

6.7.1 LIMIT

1. According to §15.209(a), except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength ($\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$)	Measurement Distance (m)
30-88	100*	3
88-216	150*	3
216-960	200*	3
Above 960	500	3

Remark: Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

2. In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength ($\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$ at 3-meter)	Field Strength ($\text{dB}\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$ at 3-meter)
30-88	100	40
88-216	150	43.5
216-960	200	46
Above 960	500	54

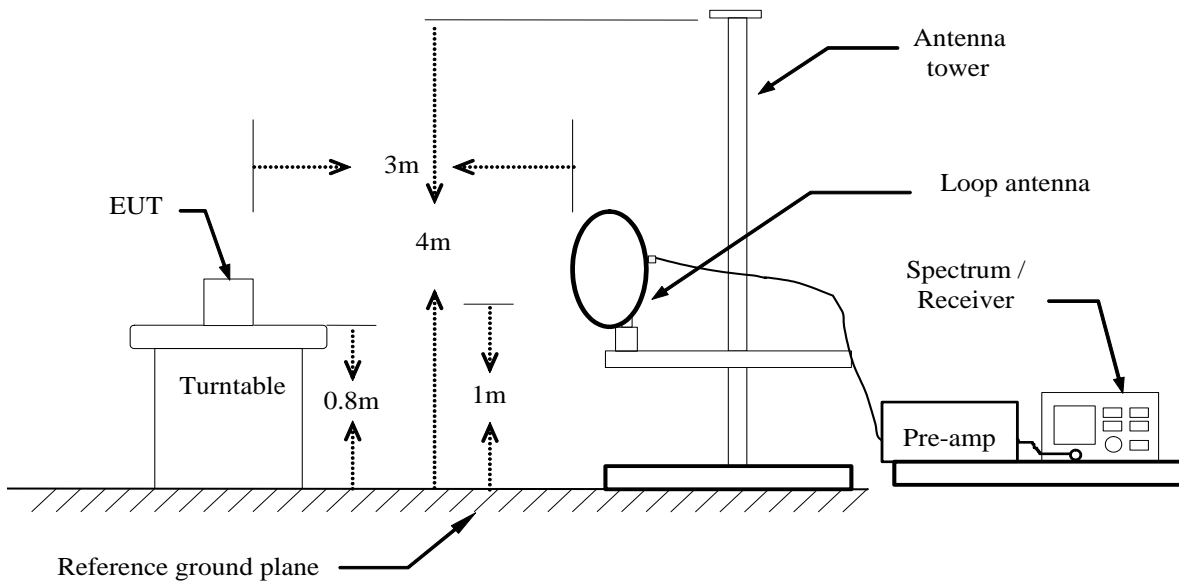


6.7.2 TEST INSTRUMENTS

Radiated Emission Test Site 966(2)						
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model Number	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Due Calibration	
PSA Series Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	US44300399	02/21/2016	02/20/2017	
EMI TEST RECEIVER	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESCI	100783	02/21/2016	02/20/2017	
Amplifier	EMEC	EM330	060661	03/18/2016	03/17/2017	
High Noise Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A01838	02/21/2016	02/20/2017	
Board-Band Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9170	9170-497	02/28/2016	02/27/2017	
Bilog Antenna	SCHAFFNER	CBL6143	5082	02/21/2016	02/20/2017	
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9120	D286	02/28/2016	02/27/2017	
Loop Antenna	COM-POWER	AL-130	121044	09/25/2015	09/24/2016	
Turn Table	N/A	N/A	N/A	N.C.R	N.C.R	
Controller	Sunol Sciences	SC104V	022310-1	N.C.R	N.C.R	
Controller	CT	N/A	N/A	N.C.R	N.C.R	
Temp. / Humidity Meter	Anymetre	JR913	N/A	02/21/2016	02/20/2017	
Antenna Tower	SUNOL	TLT2	N/A	N.C.R	N.C.R	
Test S/W	FARAD	LZ-RF / CCS-SZ-3A2				

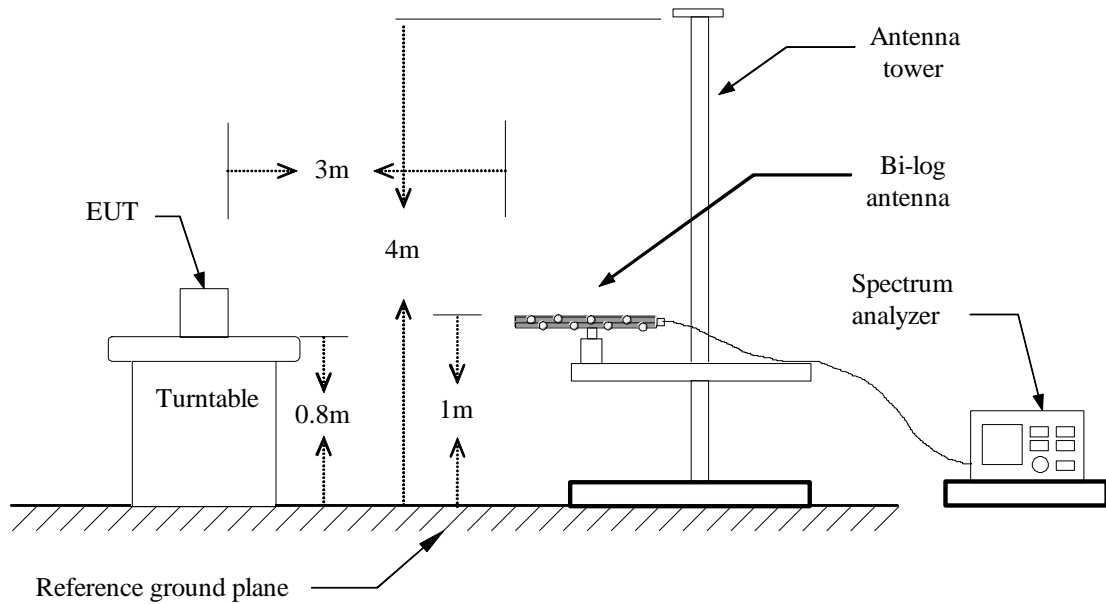
6.7.3 TEST CONFIGURATION

Below 30MHz

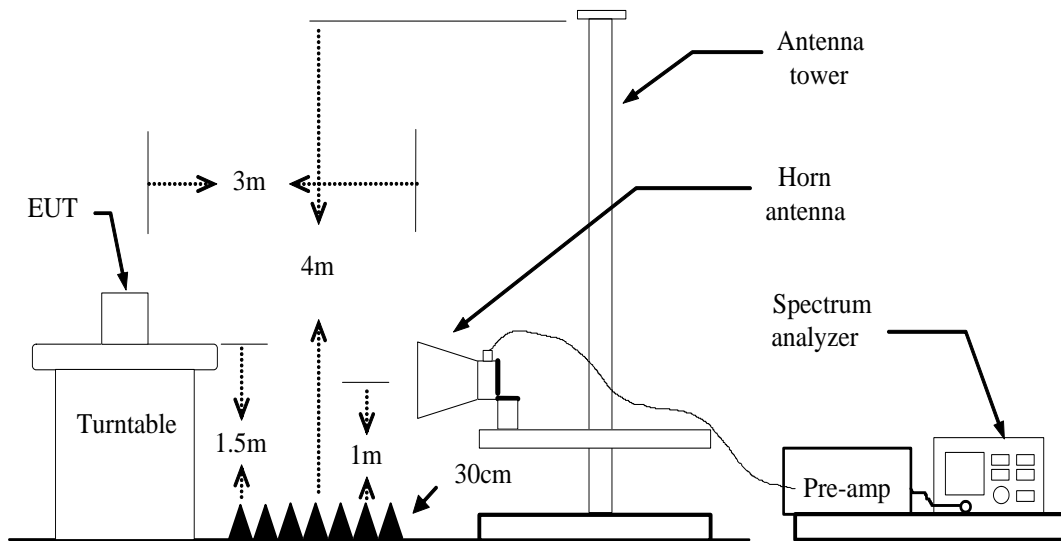




Below 1 GHz



Above 1 GHz



For the actual test configuration, please refer to the related item – Photographs of the TEST CONFIGURATION.



6.7.4 TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m or 1.5m above ground plane.
2. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
3. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
4. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
5. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
6. Set the spectrum analyzer in the following setting as:

Below 1GHz:

RBW=100kHz / VBW=300kHz / Sweep=AUTO

Above 1GHz:

(a) PEAK: RBW=VBW=1MHz / Sweep=AUTO

(b) AVERAGE: RBW=1MHz / VBW=10Hz / Sweep=AUTO / Detector=Peak

7. Repeat above procedures until the measurements for all frequencies are complete.



6.7.5 DATA SAPLE

Below 1GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pole (V/H)	Remark
XXX.XXXX	36.37	-12.20	24.17	40.00	-15.83	V	QP

Frequency (MHz) = Emission frequency in MHz
 Reading (dBuV) = Uncorrected Analyzer / Receiver reading
 Correct Factor (dB/m) = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
 Result (dBuV/m) = Reading (dBuV) + Corr. Factor (dB/m)
 Limit (dBuV/m) = Limit stated in standard
 Margin (dB) = Result (dBuV/m) – Limit (dBuV/m)
 Q.P. = Quasi-peak Reading

Above 1GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pole (V/H)	Remark
XXXX.XXXX	62.09	-11.42	50.67	74.00	-23.33	V	Peak
XXXX.XXXX	49.78	-11.42	38.36	54.00	-15.64	V	AVG

Frequency (MHz) = Emission frequency in MHz
 Reading (dBuV) = Uncorrected Analyzer / Receiver reading
 Correction Factor (dB/m) = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
 Result (dBuV/m) = Reading (dBuV) + Corr. Factor (dB/m)
 Limit (dBuV/m) = Limit stated in standard
 Margin (dB) = Result (dBuV/m) – Limit (dBuV/m)
 Peak = Peak Reading
 AVG = Average Reading

Calculation Formula

Margin (dB) = Result (dBuV/m) – Limits (dBuV/m)
 Result (dBuV/m) = Reading (dBuV) + Correction Factor

**6.7.6 TEST RESULTS****Below 1 GHz**Test Mode: TXTested by: Eve WangAmbient temperature: 24°C Relative humidity: 52% RHDate: August 5, 2016

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pole (V/H)	Remark
38.6160	41.17	-11.28	29.89	40.00	-10.11	V	QP
51.3005	43.37	-12.41	30.96	40.00	-9.04	V	QP
61.9951	47.42	-13.57	33.85	40.00	-6.15	V	QP
154.8204	44.61	-11.81	32.80	43.50	-10.70	V	QP
382.5880	39.94	-8.34	31.60	46.00	-14.40	V	QP
739.6604	37.95	-3.59	34.36	46.00	-11.64	V	QP

49.1865	41.49	-12.20	29.29	40.00	-10.71	H	QP
63.5356	40.27	-13.78	26.49	40.00	-13.51	H	QP
147.9214	40.96	-11.88	29.08	43.50	-14.42	H	QP
178.1326	42.42	-13.57	28.85	43.50	-14.65	H	QP
364.2595	43.80	-9.01	34.79	46.00	-11.21	H	QP
842.1295	36.37	-2.85	33.52	46.00	-12.48	H	QP

Remark:

1. No emission found between lowest internal used/generated frequency to 30MHz (9kHz~30MHz)
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/quasi-peak detector mode.
3. Quasi-peak test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the quasi-peak limit.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Quasi-peak limit (dBuV/m).