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Report number : Z101C-14129 Issue date : December 26, 2014

The device, as described herewith, was tested pursuant to applicable test procedure and complies with the requirements of;

FCC 47CFR §2. 1093

The test results are traceable to the international or national standards.

Applicant	: KYOCERA Corporation
Equipment under test (EUT)	: Mobile Phone
Model number	: KC-S701
FCC ID	: JOYKYO701
Test place : TÜV SÜD Zacta 4149-7 Hachima Yonezawa-shi Y	December 1-5, 2014 a Ltd. Yonezawa Testing Center anpara 5-chome ⁄amagata 992-1128 Japan 3-28-2880 Fax: +81-238-28-2888
Test results : Complied	

The results in this report are applicable only to the equipment tested.

This report shall not be re-produced except in full without the written approval of TÜV SÜD Zacta Ltd. This test report must not be used by client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the federal government.

Tested by : Kazuhot: Saito Chiaki Kamo Kazunori Saito Chiaki Kanno

Authorized by

Eiji Akiba

Manager of EMC Technical Department



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1. Summary of Test

1.1 Purpose of test

It is the original test in order to verify conformance to standards listed in section 1.2.

1.2 Standards

FCC 47CFR §2. 1093

1.2.1 Guidance applied

- FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C [June 2001]
- IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01 v03 (3G SAR Procedures)
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02 (Hotspot Mode)
- FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01 v01r02 (SAR Considerations for 802.11 Devices)
- FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 v05r02 (General SAR Guidance)
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01 v01r03, D02 v01r01 (SAR Measurements up to 6 GHz)
- FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04 v01r02 (Handset SAR)
- October 2012 TCB Workshop Notes (IEEE 802.11ac)

1.2.2 Deviation from standards

None

1.3 Modification to the EUT by laboratory

None



2. Equipment Under Test

2.1 General description of equipment

EUT is the Mobile Phone.

2.2 EUT information

Applicant	:	KYOCERA Corporation Yokohama Office 2-1-1 Kagahara, Tsuzuki-ku Yokohama-shi, Kanagawa, Japan Phone: +81-45-943-6253 Fax: +81-45-943-6314
Equipment under test	:	Mobile Phone
Trade name	:	Kyocera
Model number	:	KC-S701
Serial number	:	N/A
EUT condition	:	Pre-Production
Power ratings	:	Battery: DC 3.8V
Size	:	(W) 69.0 × (D) 13.5 × (H) 136.0 mm
Environment	:	Indoor and Outdoor use
Terminal limitation	:	-20°C to 60°C
RF Specification		
Equipment type	:	Transceiver
Mode(s) of operation	:	GSM850, PCS1900, WCDMA850, WCDMA1900, 2.4GHz W-LAN(802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n HT20), 5GHz W-LAN(802.11a, 802.11n HT20, HT40, 802.11ac VHT20, VHT40, VHT80)
Antenna type	:	Internal antenna
Antenna gain	:	GSM 850: -1.5dBi PCS 1900: -1.2dBi WCDMA 850: -1.5dBi WCDMA 1900: -1.2dBi 2.4GHz W-LAN: -1.2dBi 5.2, 5.3GHz W-LAN: 1.0dBi 5.6GHz W-LAN: 0.4dBi



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Frequency of operation	 Up Link GSM 850: 824.2-848.8MHz(Cellular Band) PCS 1900: 1850.2-1909.8MHz(PCS Band) WCDMA 850: 826.4-846.6MHz(WCDMA FDD V) WCDMA 1900: 1852.4-1907.6MHz(WCDMA FDD II) 802.11b: 2412-2462MHz 802.11a: 5180-5240MHz(5.2GHz Band) / 5260-5320MHz(5.3GHz Band) 5500-5700MHz(5.5GHz Band)
	Down Link GSM 850: 869.2-893.8MHz(Cellular Band) PCS 1900: 1930.2-1989.8MHz(PCS Band) WCDMA 850: 871.4-891.6MHz(WCDMA FDD V) WCDMA 1900: 1932.4-1987.6MHz(WCDMA FDD II) 802.11b: 2412-2462MHz 802.11a: 5180-5240MHz(5.2GHz Band) / 5260-5320MHz(5.3GHz Band) 5500-5700MHz(5.5GHz Band)

2.3 Variation of the family model(s)

Not applicable

2.4 Description of test modes

The EUT had been tested under operating condition. There are three channels have been tested as following:

Band	Channel	Test mode
GSM 850	128, 190, 251	Voice/Data
PCS 1900	512, 661, 810	Voice/ Data
WCDMA 850	4132, 4183, 4233	Voice/ Data
WCDMA 1900	9262, 9400, 9538	Voice/ Data
2.4GHz W-LAN	1, 6, 11	Data
5.2GHz W-LAN	36, 40, 48	Data
5.3GHz W-LAN	52, 56, 64	Data
5.5GHz W-LAN	100, 116, 140	Data
Bluetooth	0, 39, 78	Data

5.8 GHz Band is not supported for this device.

For the second mode, and test it against RF exposure of the best at each position of the channel in the worst case.

2.5 Test Results

Equipment Class	Band	Measured Conducted Power	Reported SAR 1g SAR [W/kg]			
		[dBm]	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	
	GSM 850	32.41	0.606	0.730	-	
	GPRS 850	31.31	0.794	0.994	0.994	
PCE	PCS 1900	29.75	0.501	0.401	-	
	GPRS 1900	28.56	0.768	0.602	0.602	
	WCDMA 850	22.58	0.386	0.497	0.497	
	WCDMA 1900	22.52	0.780	0.539	0.539	
DTS	2.4GHz W-LAN	15.31	0.235	0.274	0.274	
	5.2GHz W-LAN	12.07	0.169	0.277	-	
NII	5.3GHz W-LAN	14.28	0.296	0.423	-	
	5.5GHz W-LAN	14.33	0.484	0.439	-	
DSS/DTS	Bluetooth	7.41	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Simultaneo	ous SAR per KDB 690783	D01v01r03	1.278	1.433	1.268	



2.6 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications

This device operates using the following maximum and nominal output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02.

Band & Mode		Voice [dBm]		Burst Average	e GMSK [dBm]	
		1TX Slot	1TX Slot	2TX Slot	3TX Slot	4TX Slot
	Maximum	33.0	32.5	31.5	29.5	28.0
GSM/GPRS 850	Nominal	32.0	31.5	30.5	28.5	27.0
GSM/GPRS 1900	Maximum	30.0	30.0	29.0	27.0	26.0
GSIWI/GPRS 1900	Nominal	29.0	29.0	28.0	26.0	25.0

Band & Mode		Modulated Average [dBm]				
		3GPP RMC	3GPP HSDPA	3GPP HSUPA		
WCDMA 850	Maximum	23.0	23.0	23.0		
	Nominal	21.5	21.5	21.5		
WCDMA 1900	Maximum	23.0	23.0	23.0		
	Nominal	21.5	21.5	21.5		



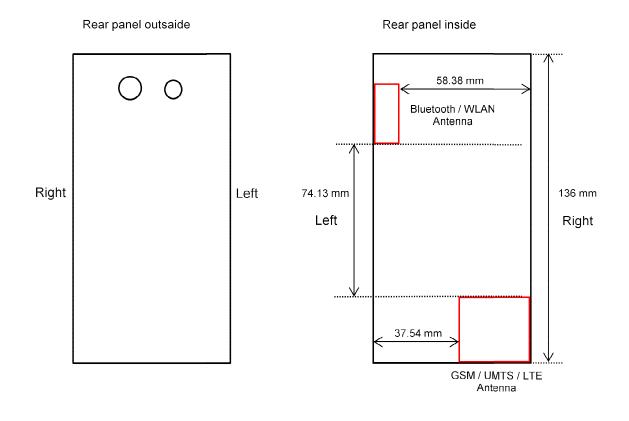
Band & Mode		Modulated Average [dBm]
	Maximum	16.9
IEEE 802.11b (2.4 GHz)	Nominal	16.0
	Maximum	12.9
IEEE 802.11g (2.4 GHz)	Nominal	12.0
	Maximum	12.9
IEEE 802.11n (2.4 GHz)	Nominal	12.0
IEEE 802.11a (5.2 GHz)	Maximum	13.9
	Nominal	13.0
	Maximum	14.9
IEEE 802.11a (5.3 / 5.6 GHz)	Nominal	14.0
IEEE 802.11n (5.2 GHz 20MHz BW)	Maximum	13.9
	Nominal	13.0
IEEE 802.11n (5.3 / 5.6 GHz 20MHz BW)	Maximum	15.9
IEEE 802.1111 (3.37 3.0 GHZ 2010HZ BVV)	Nominal	15.0
IEEE 802.11n (5.2 /5.3 /5.6 GHz 40MHz BW)	Maximum	13.9
1222 002. THT (3.273.373.0 GHz 40001 12 BW)	Nominal	13.0
IEEE 802.11ac (5.2 GHz 20MHz BW)	Maximum	13.9
IEEE 802. I Tac (3.2 GHZ 20MHZ BW)	Nominal	13.0
IEEE 802.11ac (5.3 / 5.6 GHz 20MHz BW)	Maximum	14.5
TEEE 802. Trac (5.57 5.6 GHZ 20MHZ BW)	Nominal	13.0
IEEE 802.11ac (5 GHz 40MHz BW)	Maximum	12.9
IEEE 802. I TAC (S GHZ 40101HZ BVV)	Nominal	12.0
	Maximum	12.9
IEEE 802.11ac (5 GHz 80MHz BW)	Nominal	12.0
Bluetooth	Maximum	7.9
	Nominal	7.0
Bluetooth LE	Maximum	0.9
	Nominal	0.0



2.7 DUT Antenna Locations & SAR Test Configurations

DUT Antenna Locations(Rear side view)

Note: Specific antenna dimensions and separation distances are shown in the antenna distance document.





SAR Test Configurations

Mode	Mobile Hotspot Sides for SAR Testing						
Mode	Тор	Bottom	Front	Rear	Right	Left	
GSM 850	Х	0	0	0	0	Х	
GSM 1900	Х	0	0	0	0	Х	
WCDMA 850	Х	0	0	0	0	Х	
WCDMA 1900	Х	0	0	0	0	Х	
2.4GHz W-LAN(802.11b/g/n)l	0	Х	0	0	Х	0	

Table 2.1 Mobile Hotspot Sides for SAR Testing

Note:

1. Particular DUT edges were not required to be evaluated for Wireless Router SAR if the edges were greater than 2.5 cm from the transmitting antenna according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v01r01 guidance, page 2. The antenna document shows the distances between the transmit antennas and the edges of the device. When the wireless router mode is enabled, all 5 GHz bands are disabled.

Therefore 5 GHz WIFI Wireless Router SAR is not considered in this section.

2. 5 GHz WIFI Direct GO is not supported in the 5 GHz band for this device.

WIFI Direct GO is supported in the 2.4 GHz band only.

The manufacturer expects 2.4 GHz WIFI Direct GO may be used in a similar manner to wireless router usage. Therefore, 2.4 GHz WIFI Direct GO was evaluated for SAR similarly to wireless router SAR procedures in FCC KDB Publication 941225.



2.8 SAR Test Exclusions Applied

(A) WIFI & BT

Since Wireless Router operations are not allowed by the chipset firmware using 5 GHz WIFI, only 2.4 GHz WIFI Hotspot SAR tests and combinations are considered for SAR with respect to Wireless Router configurations according to FCC KDB 941225 D06v01r01.

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the SAR exclusion threshold for distances < 50 mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{Max Power of Channel (mW)}{Test Separation Dist (mm)} * \sqrt{Frequency(GHz)} \le 3.0$$

Based on the maximum conducted power of Bluetooth (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance, Bluetooth SAR was not required; $[(6/10)^* \sqrt{2.480}] = 1.0 < 3.0$.

Based on the maximum conducted power of Bluetooth LE (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance, Bluetooth LE SAR was not required; $[(1/10)^* \sqrt{2.480}] = 0.2 < 3.0$.

Based on the maximum conducted power of 2.4 GHz WIFI (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance, 2.4 GHz WIFI SAR was required; [(50/10)* $\sqrt{2.437}$] = 7.8 > 3.0.

Based on the maximum conducted power of 5 GHz WIFI (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance, 5 GHz WIFI SAR was required; [(28/10)* $\sqrt{5.700}$] = 6.7 > 3.0.

Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02, the maximum power of the channel was rounded to the nearest mW before calculation.

This device supports 20 MHz and 40 MHz Bandwidths for IEEE 802.11n for 5 GHz WIFI only. IEEE 802.11n was not evaluated for SAR since the average output power of 20 MHz and 40 MHz bandwidths was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the average output power of IEEE 802.11a.

This device supports IEEE 802.11ac with the following features:

- a) Up to 80 MHz Bandwidth only
- b) No aggregate channel configurations
- c) 1 Tx antenna output
- d) 256 QAM is supported
- e) No new 5 GHz channels

Per April 2013 TCB workshop notes, full SAR tests for all IEEE 802.11ac configurations were not required because the average output power was not more than 0.25 dB higher than IEEE 802.11a mode. IEEE 802.11ac was evaluated for the highest IEEE 802.11a position in each 5 GHz band and exposure condition.

(B) Licensed Transmitter(s)

GSM/GPRS DTM is not supported for US bands.

Therefore, the GSM Voice modes in this report do not transmit simultaneously with GPRS Data. And this device is only supported for EDGE Rx.

WCDMA 850 and WCDMA 1900 support HSDPA and HSUPA.



2.9 Power Reduction for SAR

There is no power reduction used for any band/mode implemented in this device for SAR purposes.

2.10 Device Serial Numbers

Dand & Mada	Head Serial Number		Body-Worn Serial Number		Hotspot Serial Number	
Band & Mode	SAR Sample No.8	SAR Sample No.9	SAR Sample No.8	SAR Sample No.9	SAR Sample No.8	SAR Sample No.9
GSM 850	-	FCC #2	E00 #1	CC #1 FCC #2	FCC #1	FCC #2
GSM 1900						
WCDMA 850	FCC #1					
WCDMA 1900	FCC#1	FUU #2	FCC #1			
2.4GHz W-LAN						
5GHz W-LAN						



3. Introduction

The FCC and Industry Canada have adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency (RF) radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 and Health Canada Safety Code 6 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices.

The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices. The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95*.1-2005 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz. 1992 by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, New York 10017.

The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-1992 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave is used for guidance in measuring SAR due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields," NCRP Report No. 86 NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, MD 20814. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU)absorbed by(dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ) It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body.

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

SAR =
$$\frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ = conductivity of the tissue - simulating material (S/m) ρ = mass density of the tissue-simulating material (kg/m³) E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relations to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.



4. Description of test equipment

4.1 SAR Measurement Setup

Measurements are performed using the DASY5 automated dosimetric assessment system. The DASY5 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, desktop computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the generic twin phantom containing the brain equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Fig. 4.1).

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller teach pendant (Joystick), and a remote control used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the Intel Core i7-3770 3,40 GHz desktop computer with Windows NT system and SAR Measurement Software DASY5, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

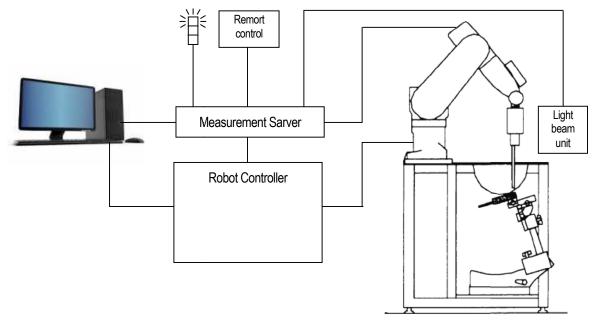


Figure 4.1 SAR Measurement system setup

The DAE consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer. The system is described in detail.



4.2 Probe measurement system

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4, designed in the classical triangular configuration (see Fig. 4.2) and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique: with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multi fiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY5 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.



DAE System

Probe specifications

Calibration

Frequency

Linearity

Dynamic

Range linearity

Tip diameter

Application

In air from 10 MHz to 6 GHz In brain and muscle simulating tissue at Frequencies of 750MHz, 835MHz, 900MHz, 1750MHz, 1900MHz, 2000MHz 2300MHz, 2450MHz, 2600MHz, 3500MHz, 5200MHz, 5300MHz, 5500MHz, 5600MHz, 5800MHz 10 MHz to 6 GHz ± 0.2 dB(30 MHz to 6 GHz) $10 \,\mu W/g$ to > $100 \,m W/g$ ± 0.2 dB **Dimensions Overall length** 337 mm(Tip: 20 mm) 2.5 mm(Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm Dosimetry testing Compliance tests of mobile phones

A-BEAM

Figure 4.2 Triangular Probe Configurations



Figure 4.3 Probe Thick-Film Technique



4.3 Probe calibration process

Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

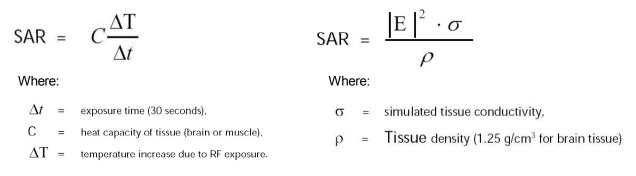
Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure described in with accuracy better than +/-10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in and found to be better than +/-0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe is tested.

Free Space Assessment

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz, and in a waveguide above 1GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

Temperature Assessment *

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium, correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent the remits or based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.



SAR is proportional to $\Delta T / \Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. Now it's possible to quantify the electric field in the simulated tissue by equating the thermally derived SAR to the E- field;

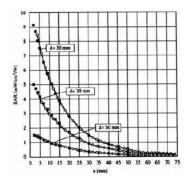


Figure 4.4 E-Field and Temperature Measurements at 900MHz

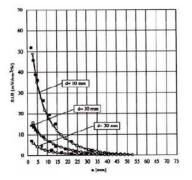


Figure 4.5 E-Field and Temperature Measurements at 1800MHz



Data Extrapolation

The DASY software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given like below;

$$V_{i} = U_{i} + U_{i}^{2} \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_{i}}$$
 with V_{i} = linearized voltage of channel i (uV) (i = x,y,z) (i = x,y,z)
 U_{i} = measured voltage of channel i (uV) (i = x,y,z) (i = x,y,z)
 cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) (Probe parameter, i = x,y,z)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated.

$$\begin{array}{cccc} \mathrm{E}-\mathrm{field probes}: & & \mathrm{with} & V_i & = \mathrm{linearized} \ \mathrm{voltage} \ \mathrm{of} \ \mathrm{channel} \ \mathrm{i} & & (\mathrm{i} = \mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}, \mathrm{z}) \\ E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i} \cdot ConvF} & & & & & \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{cccc} \mathrm{with} & V_i & & = \mathrm{linearized} \ \mathrm{voltage} \ \mathrm{of} \ \mathrm{channel} \ \mathrm{i} & & (\mathrm{i} = \mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}, \mathrm{z}) \\ & & \mu \mathrm{V}/(\mathrm{V/m})^2 \ \mathrm{for} \ \mathrm{E-field} \ \mathrm{Probes} \\ = \mathrm{sensitivity} \ \mathrm{ehancement} \ \mathrm{in} \ \mathrm{solution} \\ = \mathrm{electric} \ \mathrm{field} \ \mathrm{strength} \ \mathrm{of} \ \mathrm{channel} \ \mathrm{i} \ \mathrm{v/m} \end{array}$$

The RMS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

	with	SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g
$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \sigma$		Etot = total field strength in V/m
101		σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
$ ho \cdot 1000$		$\rho_{\rm c}$ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm ³

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770}$$
 with
$$P_{pwe} = \text{equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm}^2$$
$$E_{tot} = \text{total electric field strength in V/m}$$



4.4 SAM Twin phantom

The SAM Twin Phantom V5.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. (see Fig. 4.6)



Figure 4.6 SAM Twin phantom

SAM Twin Phantom Specification

Construction	The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot. Twin SAM V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as Twin SAM V4.0, but has reinforced top structure.
Shell Thickness Filling Volume Dimensions	2 ± 0.2 mm Approx. 25 liters Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet

Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) Specifications

The phantom for handset SAR assessment testing is a low-loss dielectric shell, with shape and dimensions derived from the anthropometric data of the 90th percentile adult male head dimensions as tabulated by the US Army. The SAM Twin Phantom shell is bisected along the mid-sagittal plane into right and left halves (see Fig. 4.7). The perimeter side walls of each phantom halves are extended to allow filling with liquid to a depth that is sufficient to minimized reflections from the upper surface.

The liquid depth is maintained at a minimum depth of 15cm to minimize reflections from the upper surface.



Figure 4.7 Sam Twin Phantom shell



4.5 Device Holder for Transmitters

In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom V5.0 or ELI5, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).

Note: A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produce infinite number of configurations. To produce the worst-case condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.



Figure 4.8 Mounting Device

4.6 Brain & Muscle Simulating Mixture Characterization

Simulated Tissue

The brain and muscle mixtures consist of a viscous gel using hydrox-ethyl cellulose (HEC) gelling agent and saline solution. (see Table 4.1)

Preservation with a bactericide is added and visual inspection is made to make sure air bubbles are not trapped during the mixing process.

The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. The mixture characterizations used for the brain and muscle tissue simulating liquids are according to the data by C. Gabriel and G. Harts grove.

Ingredients Frequency [MHz]										
[% by weight]	7	50	835		1900		2450		5200 - 5800	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	42.10	50.00	40.19	50.75	55.24	70.23	71.88	73.40	65.52	80.00
Salt(NaCl)	1.500	0.800	1.480	0.940	0.310	0.290	0.160	0.060	-	-
Sugar	56.00	48.80	57.90	48.21	-	-	-	-	-	-
HEC	0.200	0.200	0.250	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bactericide	0.200	0.200	0.180	0.100	-	-	-	-	-	-
Triton X-100	-	-	-	-	-	-	19.97	-	17.24	-
DGBE	-	-	-	-	48.45	29.48	7.990	26.54	-	-
Diethylenglycol monohexylether	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17.24	-
Polysorbate (Tween) 80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20.00
Target for Dielectric Constant	41.9	55.5	41.5	55.2	40.0	53.3	39.2	52.7	-	-
Target for Conductivity (S/m)	0.89	0.96	0.90	0.97	1.40	1.52	1.80	1.95	-	-

Table 4.1 Composition of the Equivalent Matter

Salt: 99 % Pure Sodium Chloride Sugar: 98 % Pure Sucrose

Water: De-ionized, 16M resistivity HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

DGBE: 99 % Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether,[2-(2-butoxyethoxy) ethanol]

Triton X-100(ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1, 1, 3, 3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]



4.7 SAR Test equipment

	Table 4.2 Test Equipment Calibration										
USE	Equipment	Company	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. Due	Cal. Date					
Х	SAR Test Room	TOKIN	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A					
Х	Robot Arm	speag	TX60L	F13/5SC6C1/A/01	N/A	N/A					
Х	Robot Controller	speag	CS8c	F13/5SC6C1/A/01	N/A	N/A					
Х	Probe Alignment Unit LB	speag	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A					
Х	Mounting Device	speag	SD000H01KA	N/A	N/A	N/A					
Х	Laptop Holder	speag	SMLH1001CD	N/A	N/A	N/A					
Х	SAM Twin Phantom	speag	QD000P40CD	1799	N/A	N/A					
Х	SAM Flat Phantom	speag	QDOVA001BB	1230	N/A	N/A					
Х	Data Acquisition Electronics	speag	DAE4	539	Oct. 31, 2015	Oct. 15, 2014					
Х	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	speag	EX3DV4	3745	Apr. 30, 2015	Apr. 15, 2014					
	750MHz SAR Dipole	speag	D750V3	1115	Jun .30,,2015	Jun. 12, 2014					
Х	835MHz SAR Dipole	speag	D835V2	4d104	Jun. 30, 2015	Jun. 12, 2014					
	900MHz SAR Dipole	speag	D900V2	174	Oct. 31,2015	Oct. 14, 2014					
	1450MHz SAR Dipole	speag	D1450V2	1015	May. 31,2015	May. 14, 2014					
	1750MHz SAR Dipole	speag	D1750V2	1037	May. 31,2015	May. 7, 2014					
Х	1900MHz SAR Dipole	speag	D1900V2	5d129	Jun. 30,2015	Jun. 18, 2014					
	1950MHz SAR Dipole	speag	D1950V3	1133	Oct. 31,2015	Oct. 14, 2014					
Х	2450MHz SAR Dipole	speag	D2450V2	894	Jun. 30,2015	Jun. 13, 2014					
	2600MHz SAR Dipole	speag	D2600V2	1084	Jun. 30,2015	Jun. 6, 2014					
Х	5000MHz SAR Dipole	speag	D5GHzV2	1092	Nov. 30,2015	Nov. 12, 2014					
Х	Dielectric Assessment Kit	speag	DAK-3.5	1191	Jun. 30,2015	Jun. 11, 2014					
Х	Network Analyzer	Agilent	8720ES	US39172791	Nov. 30,2015	Nov. 8, 2013					
Х	Signal generator	ROHDE	SMB100A	177525	Feb. 28,2015	Feb. 19, 2014					
Х	Power Amplifier	R&K	CGA020M602-2633R	B40240	Mar. 31,2015	Mar. 7, 2014					
Х	Power meter	ROHDE	NRP2	103269	May. 30,2015	May. 30, 2014					
Х	Power sensor	ROHDE	NRP-Z81	102459	May. 30,2015	May. 30, 2014					
Х	Power sensor	ROHDE	NRP-Z81	102467	May. 30,2015	May. 30, 2014					
Х	Directional Coupler	Narda	4226-20	09886	Feb. 28,2015	Feb. 14, 2014					
Х	Attenuator(3dB)	AEROFLEX	26A-03	081217-07	Nov. 30,2015	Nov. 16, 2014					
Х	Attenuator(10dB)	SUHNER	6810.19A	10005430	Jan. 31,2015	Jan. 15, 2014					
Х	Microwave cable(1m)	SUHNER	SUCOFLEX104	199120/4	Oct. 31,2015	Oct. 7, 2014					
Х	Microwave cable(1.5m)	SUHNER	SUCOFLEX104	199121/4	Oct. 31,2015	Oct. 7, 2014					
Х	Wideband Radio Frequency Tester	ROHDE	CMW500	126079	Aug. 31, 2015	Aug. 28, 2014					
Х	PC	HP	HP Compaq Elite 8300	CZC3234D1P	N/A	N/A					
Х	Software	speag	DAK	Ver 1.10.321.11	N/A	N/A					
Х	Software	speag	DASY5	Ver 52.8.8.1222	N/A	N/A					

NOTE: The E-field probe was calibrated by SPEAG, by temperature measurement procedure. Dipole Verification measurement is performed by TÜV SÜD Zacta before each test. The brain simulating material is calibrated by TÜV SÜD Zacta using the dielectric probe system and network analyzer to determine the conductivity and permittivity (dielectric constant) of the brain-equivalent material.



5. Test system specifications

Automated TEST SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS:

Positioner

RobotStäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: TX60LRepeatability0.02mmNo. of axis6

Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System

Cell Controller	
-----------------	--

Processor	Intel Core i7-3770
Clock Speed	3.40 GHz
Operating System	Windows 7 Professional
Data Card	DASY5 PC-Board

Data Converter

FeaturesSignal, multiplexer, A/D converter. & control logicSoftwareDASY5Connecting LinesOptical downlink for data and status info
Optical uplink for commands and clock

PC Interface Card

Function

24 bit (64 MHz) DSP for real time processing Link to DAE 4 16 bit A/D converter for surface detection system serial link to robot direct emergency stop output for robot

E-Field Probes

Model Construction Frequency Linearity EX3DV4 S/N: 3745 Triangular core fiber optic detection system 10 MHz to 6 GHz ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)

SAM Twin Phantom (V5.0)

Composite

2.0 ± 0.2 mm

Phantom 197

Phantom Shell Material Thickness



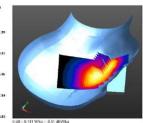
Figure 5.1 DASY5 Test System



6. SAR Measurement Procedure

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure:

- The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head or body was measured at a distance no greater than 5.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the device-head and body interface and the horizontal grid resolution was determined per FCC KDB Publication 865664D01v01r03.
- 2. The point SAR measurement was taken at the maximum SAR region determined from Step 1 to enable the monitoring of SAR fluctuations/drifts during the 1g/10g cube evaluation. SAR at this fixed point was measured and used as a reference value.



Sample SAR Area Scan

3. Based on the area scan data, the peak of the region with maximum SAR was determined by spline interpolation. Around this point, a volume was assessed according to the measurement resolution and volume size requirements of FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r03 (See Table6.1).

On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure (see references or the DASY manual online for more details):

- a. The data was extrapolated to the surface of the outer-shell of the phantom. The combined distance extrapolated was the combined distance from the center of the dipoles 2.7mm away from the tip of the probe housing plus the 1.2 mm distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point. The extrapolation was based on a least-squares algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in the z-axis (normal to the phantom shell).
- b. After the maximum interpolated values were calculated between the points in the cube,the SAR was averaged over the spatial volume (1g or 10g) using a 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was then integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were obtained through interpolation, in order to calculate the averaged SAR.
- c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
- 4. The SAR reference value, at the same location as step 2, was re-measured after the zoom scan was complete to calculate the SAR drift. If the drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.

Frequency	Maximum Area Scan Resolution[mm] (Δχarea'Δyarea)	Maximum Zoom Scan Resolution[mm] (Δχ _{zoom} :Δy _{zoom})	Maximum Zoom Scan Spatial Resolution[mm] Δzzoom(n)	Minimum Zoom Scan Volume[mm](x,y,z)
≦2GHz	≦15	≦8	≦5	≧30
2-3GHz	≦12	≦5	≦5	≧30
3-4GHz	≦12	≦5	≦4	≧28
4-5GHz	≦10	≦4	≦3	≧25
5-6GHz	≦10	≦4	≦2	≧22

Table 6.1 Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r03



7. Definition of reference points

7.1 EAR Reference Point

Figure 7.1 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM Twin Phantom. The point"M" is the reference point for the center of the mouth, "LE" is the left ear reference point(ERP), and "RE" is the right ERP. The ERPs are 15mm posterior to the entrance to the Earcanal (EEC) along the B- M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 7.1. The plane Passing, through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck- Front) is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the RE (or LE) is called the Reference Pivoting Line (see Figure 7.2).

Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning.

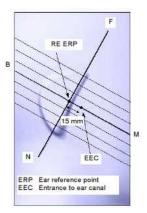


Figure 7.1 Close-up side view of ERPs

7.2 Handset Reference Points

Two imaginary lines on the handset were established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device was placed in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point" (See Fig. 7.3). The "test device reference point" was than located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device was positioned so that the "vertical centerline" was bisecting the front surface of the handset at it's top and bottom edges, positioning the "ear reference point" on the outersurface of the both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point.



Figure 7.2 Front, back and side view of SAM Twin Phantom

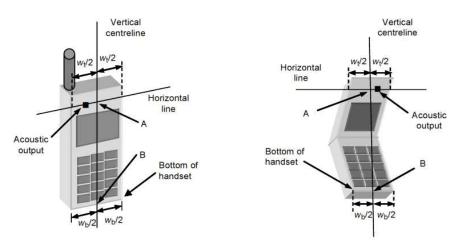


Figure 7.3 Handset Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points



7.3 Device Holder

The device holder is made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters:relative permittivity ϵ =3 and loss tangent δ = 0.02.

7.4 Positioning for Cheek/Touch

1. The test device was positioned with the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Fig. 7.4), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the phone is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.

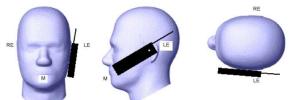


Figure 7.4 Front, Side and Top View of Cheek/Touch Position

- 2. The handset was translated towards the phantom along the line passing through RE & LE until the handset touches the ear.
- 3. While maintaining the handset in this plane, the handset was rotated around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline was in the plane normal to MB-NF including the line MB (reference plane).
- 4. The phone was hen rotated around the vertical centerline until the phone (horizontal line) was symmetrical was respect to the line NF.
- 5. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, the handset was rotated about the line NF until any point on the handset made contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek). (See Fig. 7.5)

7.5 Positioning for Ear / 15 ° Tilt

With the test device aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

- 1. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was retracted parallel to the reference plane far enough to enable a rotation of the phone by 15 degree.
- 2. The phone was then rotated around the horizontal line by 15 degree.
- 3. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was moved parallel to the reference plane until any part of the phone touches the head. (In this position, point A was located on the line RE-LE). The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact was at any location other than the pinna, the angle of the phone would then be reduced. The tilted position was obtained when any part of the phone was in contact of the ear as well as a second part of the phone was in contact with the head (see Figure 7.6).

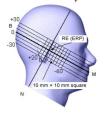


Figure 7.5 Side view/relevant markings



Figure 7.6 Front, Side and Top View of Ear/15° Position



Figure 7.7 Sample Body-Worn Diagram



7.6 Body-Worn Accessory Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Fig. 7.7). Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04_v01, Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01_v05 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance,without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented.

Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

7.7 Extremity Exposure Configurations

Devices that are designed or intended for use on extremities or mainly operated in extremity only exposure conditions; i.e., hands, wrists, feet and ankles, may require extremity SAR evaluation. When the device also operates in close proximity to the user's body, SAR compliance for the body is also required. The 1-g body and 10-g extremity SAR Exclusion Thresholds found in KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02 should be applied to determine SAR test requirements.

Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02, Cell phones (handsets) are not normally designed to be used on extremities or operated in extremity only exposure conditions. The maximum output power levels of handsets generally do not require

extremity SAR testing to show compliance. Therefore, extremity SAR was not evaluated for this device.

7.8 Wireless Router Configurations

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user data through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v01 where SAR test considerations for handsets(L x W \ge 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5 cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 publication procedures.

The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.



8. ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005 RF Exposure Limits

Uncontrolled Environment

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employmentrelated; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Controlled Environment

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are employment, which have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

	HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS								
	General Public Exposure (W/kg) or (mW/g)	Occupational Exposure (W/kg) or (mW/g)							
SPATIAL PEAK SAR * (Brain)	1.60	8.00							
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR ** (Whole Body)	0.08	0.40							
SPATIAL PEAK SAR *** (Hands / Feet / Ankle / Wrist)	4.00	20.0							

NOTES:

* The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 g of tissue

(defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

** The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole-body.

*** The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 g of tissue

(defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e.as a result of employment or occupation).



9. FCC Measurement Procedures

Power measurements were performed using a base station simulator under digital average power.

9.1 Measured and Reported SAR

Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02, When SAR is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance. For simultaneous transmission, the measured aggregate SAR must be scaled according to the sum of the differences between the maximum tune-up tolerance and actual power used to test each transmitter. When SAR is measured at or scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit, the results are referred to as reported SAR. The highest reported SAR results are identified on the grant of equipment authorization according to procedures in KDB 690783 D01v01r02.

9.2 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR

The following procedures are according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01v02r02 "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices" v02, October 2007.

The device was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a RF shielded chamber. Establishing connections in this manner ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4].

Devices under test were evaluated prior to testing, with a fully charged battery and were configured to operate at maximum output power. In order to verify that the device was tested throughout the SAR test at maximum output power, the SAR measurement system measures a "point SAR" at an arbitrary reference point at the start and end of the 1 gram SAR evaluation, to assess for any power drifts during the evaluation. If the power drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.

9.3 SAR Measurement Conditions for WCDMA(UMTS)

9.3.1 Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is measured on the High, Middle and Low channels for each applicable transmission band according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1s".

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121 (release 5), using the appropriate RMC with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1s" or applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active.

Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HS-DPCCH etc) are tabulated in this test report. All configurations that are not supported by the DUT or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations are identified.

9.3.2 Head SAR Measurements for Handsets

SAR for head exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1s". SAR in AMR configurations is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel for 12.2 kbps AMR is less than 0.25 dB higher than that measured in 2.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in 12.2 AMR with a 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the exposure configuration that resulted in the highest SAR for that RF channel in the 12.2 kbps RMC mode.

9.3.3 Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with the TPC bits all "1s".



9.3.4 SAR Measurements for Handsets with Rel 5 HSDPA

Body SAR for HSDPA is not required for handsets with HSDPA capabilities when the maximum average output power of each RF channel with HSDPA active is less than 0.25 dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is \leq 75% of the SAR limit. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA, using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, using the highest body SAR configuration measured in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA, on the maximum output channel with the body exposure configuration that resulted in the highest SAR in 12.2 kbps RMC mode for that RF channel. The H-set used in FRC for HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device.

The number of HS-DSCH/HSPDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the applicable H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the FRC for SAR testing.

HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 2 ms to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors of β c=9 and β d=15, and power offset parameters of Δ ACK= Δ NACK =5 and Δ CQI=2 is used. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the FRC.

			-					
Subtest	βc	βd	βd (SF)	βc/βd	β _{HS} (Note1, Note 2)	CM, dB (Note 3)	MPR, dB (Note 3)	
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0	
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64		24/15	1.0	0.0	
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5	
4	<mark>15/15</mark>	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1,5	0.5	

Figure 9.1 Table C.10.1.4 of TS 234.121-1

Notes:

1. $\triangle ACK$, $\triangle NACK$ and $\triangle CQI = 30/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta c$.

3. CM = 1 for $\beta c/\beta d$ =12/15, $\beta_{HS}/\beta c$ = 24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH, the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

4. For Subtest 2, the $\beta c/\beta d$ ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta c = 11/15$ and $\beta d = 15/15$.

9.3.5 SAR Measurements for Handsets with Rel 6 HSUPA

Body SAR for HSUPA is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSUPA/HSDPA active is less than 0.25 dB higher than as measured without HSUPA/HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is \leq 75 % of the SAR limit. Otherwise SAR is measured on the maximum output channel for the body exposure configuration produced highest SAR in 12.2 kbps RMC for that RF channel, using the additional procedures under "Release 6 HSPA data devices" Head SAR for VOIP operations under HSPA is not required when maximum average output of each RF channel with HSPA is less than 0.25 dB higher than as measured using 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise SAR is measured using same HSPA configuration as used for body SAR.

βc	βa	β₀ (SF)	β₀/β₫	β _{HS} (Note 1)	β _{ec}	β _{ed} (Note 5, Note 6)	β _{ed} (SF)	β _{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E- TFCI
11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/ 225	1309/ 225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
15/15	9/1 <mark>5</mark>	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β _{ed} 1: 47/15 β _{ed} 2: 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	3 <mark>0</mark> /15	24/15	134/ 15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81
	11/15 (Note 3) 6/15 15/15 2/15 15/15	11/15 15/15 (Note 3) (Note 3) 6/15 15/15 15/15 9/15 2/15 15/15 15/15 15/15	Pc Pd (SF) 11/15 15/15 64 6/15 15/15 64 15/15 9/15 64 2/15 15/15 64 15/15 15/15 64	Pc Pd (SF) PdPa 11/15 15/15 64 11/15 (Note 3) (Note 3) 64 6/15 6/15 15/15 64 6/15 15/15 9/15 64 15/9 2/15 15/15 64 2/15 15/15 15/15 64 15/9	Pc Pd (SF) PolPa (Note 1) 11/15 15/15 64 11/15 22/15 6/15 15/15 64 6/15 12/15 6/15 15/15 64 6/15 12/15 15/15 9/15 64 15/9 30/15 2/15 15/15 64 2/15 4/15 15/15 15/15 64 15/9 30/15 2/15 15/15 64 15/15 30/15	Pc Pd (SF) Pc/Pa (Note 1) 11/15 15/15 64 11/15 22/15 209/ 225 6/15 15/15 64 6/15 12/15 12/15 15/15 9/15 64 6/15 12/15 12/15 15/15 9/15 64 15/9 30/15 30/15 2/15 15/15 64 2/15 4/15 2/15 15/15 15/15 64 15/9 30/15 24/15	β_c β_d $\beta_s\beta_s$ $\beta_s\beta_a$ γ_{HS} γ_{HC} $\gamma_{Note 5}$ 11/15 15/15 64 11/15 22/15 209/ 1309/ 10/15 15/15 64 6/15 12/15 12/15 94/75 6/15 15/15 64 6/15 12/15 12/15 94/75 15/15 9/15 64 15/9 30/15 30/15 β_{es1} : 15/15 9/15 64 15/9 30/15 30/15 β_{es2} : 2/15 15/15 64 2/15 4/15 2/15 56/75 15/15 15/15 64 15/15 20/15 24/15 134/	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	β_c β_d $\beta_o \beta_d$ $\beta_o \beta_d$ ρ_{HB} (Note 1) ρ_{HC} $(Note 5, Note 6)$ ρ_{HC} $(Codes)$ 11/15 (Note 3)15/15 (Note 3)6411/15 (Note 3)22/15209/ 2251309/ 225416/1515/15646/1512/1512/1594/754115/159/156415/930/15 β_{eo11} 47/15422/1515/15642/154/1520/15 β_{eo21} 47/1542/1515/15642/154/152/1556/754115/1515/156415/1520/4524/15134/41	β_c β_d β_d β_o/β_d β_{HB} (Note 1) p_{ec} p_{ec} (Note 5) Note 6) p_{ed} p_{ed} (SF) p_{ed} (Codes) p_{ed} (Codes)11/1515/156411/15 (Note 3)22/15209/ 2251309/ 225411.06/1515/15646/1512/1512/1594/75413.06/1515/15646/1512/1512/1594/75422.015/159/156415/930/15 $30/15$ $\frac{\beta_{e0}1:}{\beta_{e0}2:}$ 47/15422.02/1515/15642/154/152/1556/75413.015/1515/156415/1520/452/15134/411.0	β_c β_d β_d β_0/β_d β_{HB} (Note 1) Pec Pec (Note 5, Note 6) Ped (SF) Ped (Codes) Ped 	β_c β_d β_d $\beta_J\beta_d$ β_{HS} (Note 1) p_{ec} p_{ec} (Note 5) p_{ed} (SF) p_{ed} (Codes) p_{ed} (Codes) (dB) (Note 2) $(ndex)$ (Note 3)11/1515/156411/15 (Note 3)22/15209/ 2251309/ 225411.00.0206/1515/15646/1512/1512/1594/75413.02.01215/15646/1512/1512/1594/75413.02.01215/156415/930/15 $30/15$ $\beta_{eo}1$: $47/15$ 422.01.0152/1515/15642/154/152/1556/75413.02.01715/1515/156415/1530/1524/15134/411.00.021

Figure 9.2 Table C.11.1.3 of TS 234.121	-1
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Notes:

1. Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_{C}$.

2. CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{HS}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

3. For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved

by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_a = 15/15$. 4. For subtest 5 the β_c/β_a ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved

by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 14/15 and β_d = 15/15. 5. In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

6. β_{eq} cannot be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value

^{2.} For clauses 5.2C, 5.7A, 5.13.1A and 5.13.1AA, \triangle ACK and \triangle NACK = 30/15 with β_{HS} = 30/15 * β c, and \triangle CQI = 24/15 with β_{HS} = 24/15 * β c.



9.4 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters

Normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 a/b/g/n /ac transmitters. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable. See KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02 for more details.

9.4.1 General Device Setup

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers.

The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

9.4.2 Frequency Channel Configurations

For 2.4 GHz, the highest average RF output power channel between the low, mid and high channel at the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation in 802.11b mode. 802.11g/n modes and higher data rates for 802.11b were additionally evaluated for SAR if the output power of the respective mode was 0.25 dB or higher than the powers of the SAR configurations tested in the 802.11b mode.

For 5 GHz, the highest average RF output power channel across the default test channels at the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation in 802.11a. When the adjacent channels are higher in power then the default channels, these "required channels" were considered instead of the default channels for SAR testing. 802.11n modes and higher data rates for 802.11a/n were evaluated only if the respective mode was 0.25 dB or higher than the 802.11a mode. 802.11ac SAR was evaluated for highest 802.11a configuration in each 5 GHz band and each exposure condition. 802.11ac modes were additionally evaluated for SAR if the output power for the respective mode was more than 0.25 dB higher than powers of 802.11a modes.

If the maximum extrapolated peak SAR of the zoom scan for the highest output channel was less than 1.6 W/kg and if the 1g averaged SAR was less than 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing was not required for the other test channels in the band.



10. RF Conducted Power

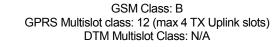
10.1 GSM Conducted Powers

				Maximum Burs	st-Averaged Outpu	ut Power [dBm]	
					GPRS/EDGE	(GMSK)Data	
Band	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Voice GSM CS 1slot	GPRS 1 TX Slot	GPRS 2 TX Slot	GPRS 3 TX Slot	GPRS 4 TX Slot
	128	824.2	32.40	32.29	31.41	29.16	27.83
GSM 850	190	836.6	<u>32.41</u>	32.28	31.31	29.13	27.92
	251	848.8	32.39	32.27	31.21	29.18	27.99
	512	1850.2	<u>29.78</u>	29.68	28.77	26.67	25.61
GSM 1900	661	1880.0	29.75	29.75	28.56	26.65	25.55
	810	1909.8	29.77	29.75	28.80	26.82	25.79
			Ca	Iculated Maximum			3m]
		_			GPRS/EDGE	(GMSK)Data	F
Band	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Voice GSM CS 1slot	GPRS 1 TX Slot	GPRS 2 TX Slot	GPRS 3 TX Slot	GPRS 4 TX Slot
	128	824.2	23.37	23.26	25.39	24.90	24.82
GSM 850	190	836.6	23.38	23.25	25.29	24.87	24.91
	251	848.8	23.36	23.24	25.19	24.92	24.98
	512	1850.2	20.75	20.65	22.75	22.41	22.60
GSM 1900	661	1880.0	20.72	20.72	22.54	22.39	22.54
	810	1909.8	20.74	20.72	22.78	22.56	22.78

Note:

Table 10.1 The power was measured by CMW500

- 1. Both burst-averaged and calculated frame-averaged powers are included. Frame-averaged power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.
- 2. The bolded GPRS modes were selected according to the highest frame-averaged output power table according to KDB 941225 D03v01.
- GPRS/EDGE (GMSK) output powers were measured with coding scheme setting of 1 (CS1) on the base station simulator. CS1 was configured to measure GPRS output power measurements and SAR to ensure GMSK modulation in the signal. Our Investigation has shown that CS1 - CS4 settings do not have any impact on the output levels or modulation in the GPRS modes.
- 4. This device does not support EDGE. (EDGE RX only)



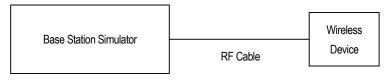


Figure 10.1 Power Measurement Setup

3GPP	Mode	Mode Channel		Cellu	lar Band [dBm]	PCS	PCS Band [dBm]		MDD			5.61
Release Version	Chanr	nel	Test	4132	4183	4233	9262	9400	9538	MPR	Вс	ßd	Bc/ßd
	Frequency	[MHz]		826.4	836.6	846.6	1852.4	1880	1907.6				
99	W-CDMA	RMC		22.67	22.58	<u>22.69</u>	22.59	22.52	<u>22.61</u>				
99	W-CDIVIA	AMR	-	22.57	22.54	22.57	22.44	22.44	22.59	-	-	-	-
5			1	21.59	21.58	21.63	21.62	21.48	21.62	0	2/15	15/15	2/15
5	HSDF	0.0	2	21.52	21.57	21.63	21.57	21.53	21.53	0	12/15	15/15	12/15
5	ПЭDF	A	3	21.07	21.15	21.21	21.00	21.00	21.14	0.5	15/15	8/15	15/8
5			4	21.17	21.10	21.17	20.99	20.89	21.12	0.5	15/15	4/15	15/4
6			1	21.40	21.35	21.16	21.17	21.28	20.96	0	11/15	15/15	11/15
6			2	20.28	20.34	20.02	20.06	20.05	20.22	2	6/15	15/15	6/15
6	HSUF	PA	3	20.31	20.61	20.45	20.18	20.14	20.23	1	15/15	9/15	15/9
6			4	20.72	20.82	20.81	20.58	20.53	20.15	2	2/15	15/15	2/15
6			5	21.57	21.54	21.52	21.58	21.45	21.62	0	15/15	15/15	15/15

10.2 WCDMA Conducted Powers

Table 10.2 The power was measured by CMW500

WCDMA SAR was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01v02r02.

HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg.

This device does not support DC-HSDPA.

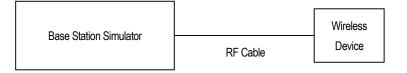


Figure 10.2 Power Measurement Setup



10.3 WLAN Conducted Powers

	_		802.11b (2.4 GHz) Co	onducted Power [dBm]	
Mode	Frequency [MHz]		Data Rat	te [Mbps]	
	נואורזבן	1	2	5.5	11
	2412	15.21	15.18	15.18	15.14
802.11b	2437	<u>15.31</u>	15.30	15.29	15.27
	2462	15.27	15.26	15.26	15.23

Table 10.3 IEEE 802.11b Average RF Power

	_			802.11g	g (2.4 GHz) Co	onducted Powe	er [dBm]		
Mode	Frequency				Data Rat	te [Mbps]			
	[MHz]	6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54
	2412	11.09	11.08	11.07	11.06	11.00	10.99	10.02	10.01
802.11g	2437	11.30	11.29	11.26	11.24	11.22	11.20	9.96	9.93
	2462	11.32	11.30	11.29	11.28	11.22	11.19	10.09	10.19

Table 10.4 IEEE 802.11g Average RF Power

	_			802.11n H	IT20 (2.4 GHz)	Conducted Po	ower [dBm]		
Mode	Frequency [MHz]				Data Ra	te [Mbps]			
	נויוו וצן	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
802.11n	2412	11.12	11.10	11.06	10.99	10.95	9.95	9.94	9.91
(HT20)	2437	11.36	11.32	11.29	11.22	11.20	10.08	10.06	10.04
(1120)	2462	11.16	11.14	11.12	11.06	11.04	10.09	10.06	10.04

Table 10.5 IEEE 802.11n Average RF Power



SUD

Zacta

	_			802.11	a (5 GHz) Cor	nducted Powe	r [dBm]		
Mode	Frequency [MHz]				Data Rat	te [Mbps]			
	נויוו וצן	6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54
	5180	11.95	11.80	11.79	11.73	11.68	11.64	11.59	11.57
	5200	11.92	11.88	11.88	11.87	11.84	11.82	11.79	11.78
	5240	<u>12.03</u>	11.82	11.80	11.78	11.75	11.71	11.67	11.66
	5260	14.12	14.09	13.17	13.16	11.87	11.84	11.81	11.78
802.11a	5280	14.29	14.14	13.23	13.22	11.97	11.94	11.90	11.89
	5320	<u>14.34</u>	14.33	13.28	13.16	12.18	12.13	12.09	12.08
	5500	<u>14.24</u>	14.21	13.20	13.17	12.23	12.20	12.14	12.13
	5580	14.14	14.13	13.16	13.15	11.93	11.90	11.86	11.84
	5700	14.11	14.10	13.18	13.16	12.13	12.12	11.95	11.93

Table 10.6 IEEE 802.11a Average RF Power

	-			802.11n H	IT20 (5 GHz)	Conducted Po	wer [dBm]		
Mode	Frequency [MHz]				Data Rat	te [Mbps]			
	[וייו וב]	6.5	13	19.5	26	39	52	58.5	65
	5180	12.10	12.06	12.05	12.00	11.98	11.93	11.91	11.67
	5200	<u>12.12</u>	11.90	11.89	11.85	11.84	11.81	11.80	11.79
	5240	12.09	12.07	12.05	12.00	11.99	11.95	11.93	11.71
802.11n	5260	14.18	13.22	13.21	11.94	11.91	11.87	11.63	11.62
	5280	<u>14.28</u>	13.36	13.34	12.02	11.96	11.89	11.84	11.82
(HT20)	5320	14.27	13.32	13.22	12.22	12.17	12.05	11.96	11.94
	5500	<u>14.33</u>	13.36	13.33	12.16	12.14	12.09	12.07	12.05
	5580	14.11	13.13	13.09	12.10	11.83	11.78	11.77	11.75
	5700	14.00	13.07	13.06	12.02	12.01	12.00	11.98	11.96

Table 10.7 IEEE 802.11n Average RF Power - 20 MHz Bandwidth

	F			802.11n H	IT40 (5 GHz)	Conducted Po	wer [dBm]		
Mode	Frequency [MHz]				Data Rat	te [Mbps]			
	נויוו ובן	13.5	27	40.5	54	81	108	121.5	135
	5190	10.65	10.45	10.43	10.37	10.28	10.24	10.22	10.21
	5230	10.59	10.57	10.53	10.47	10.40	10.34	10.32	10.30
000.44	5270	10.58	10.57	10.52	10.37	10.26	10.21	10.19	10.17
802.11n (HT40)	5310	10.69	10.66	10.62	10.56	10.45	10.41	10.40	10.26
(11140)	5510	10.84	10.80	10.77	10.68	10.59	10.53	10.52	10.51
	5590	10.87	10.83	10.82	10.72	10.64	10.59	10.57	10.54
	5670	10.79	10.76	10.69	10.61	10.55	10.48	10.46	10.33

Table 10.8 IEEE 802.11n Average RF Power - 40 MHz Bandwidth



			802.11ac VHT20 (5 GHz) Conducted Power [dBm]								
Mode	Frequency					Data Rat	e [Mbps]				
	[MHz]	6.5	13	19.5	26	39	52	58.5	65	78	86.5
	5180	12.05	12.04	11.97	11.90	11.88	11.78	11.67	11.65	10.67	10.91
	5200	11.96	11.94	11.92	11.84	11.83	11.79	11.71	11.69	10.80	10.97
	5240	<u>12.07</u>	12.05	12.03	11.92	11.89	11.71	11.68	11.65	10.73	11.00
000 11	5260	14.27	13.22	13.18	11.89	11.85	11.84	11.82	11.78	10.73	10.90
802.11ac	5280	<u>14.34</u>	13.25	13.20	12.09	12.06	12.02	11.91	11.79	10.77	10.96
(VHT20)	5320	14.31	13.30	13.28	12.08	12.05	12.02	11.99	11.98	10.85	11.07
	5500	<u>14.29</u>	13.35	13.33	12.19	12.09	12.09	12.05	12.04	10.80	10.97
	5580	14.00	13.05	13.01	11.89	11.84	11.82	11.74	11.71	10.39	10.60
	5700	14.13	13.28	13.20	12.13	12.11	12.09	12.06	12.04	10.83	11.10

Table 10.9 IEEE 802.11ac Average RF Power - 20 MHz Bandwidth

	F		802.11ac VHT40 (5 GHz) Conducted Power [dBm]								
Mode	Frequency [MHz]					Data Rat	te [Mbps]				
	נואוו וצן	13.5	27	40.5	54	81	108	121.5	135	162	180
	5190	10.85	10.77	10.68	10.48	10.47	10.43	10.40	10.36	9.58	9.54
	5230	10.90	10.84	10.79	10.69	10.66	10.64	10.45	10.38	9.52	9.69
902 11 22	5270	10.76	10.71	10.69	10.56	10.52	10.51	10.48	10.45	9.53	9.61
802.11ac (VHT40)	5310	10.97	10.94	10.89	10.78	10.72	10.67	10.47	10.41	9.46	9.55
(11140)	5510	10.85	10.81	10.74	10.60	10.59	10.55	10.52	10.47	9.41	9.47
	5550	10.97	10.94	10.89	10.76	10.74	10.70	10.70	10.64	9.40	9.47
	5670	10.76	10.73	10.58	10.43	10.44	10.36	10.36	10.30	9.32	9.38

Table 10.10 IEEE 802.11n Average RF Power - 40 MHz Bandwidth

	_			80	2.11ac VH	T80 (5 GHz) Conducte	ed Power [d	IBm]		
Mode						Data Ra	te [Mbps]				
	[MHz]	29.3	58.5	87.8	117	175.5	234	263.3	292.5	351	390
000.44	5210	10.87	10.74	10.69	10.58	10.50	10.44	10.38	10.32	9.51	9.47
802.11ac (VHT80)	5290	10.98	10.91	10.85	10.79	10.65	10.54	10.46	10.45	9.51	9.60
(011100)	5530	11.21	11.00	10.93	10.93	10.84	10.78	10.72	10.71	9.54	9.58

Table 10.11 IEEE 802.11n Average RF Power - 80 MHz Bandwidth



Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02 and October 2012 / April 2013 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes:

- For 2.4 GHz, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for IEEE 802.11b were selected for SAR evaluation. Other IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11g/n) were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of IEEE 802.11b mode.
- For 5 GHz, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for IEEE 802.11a were selected for SAR evaluation. Other IEEE 802.11 modes(including 802.11n 20 MHz and 40 MHz) were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of IEEE 802.11a mode.
- Full SAR tests for all IEEE 802.11ac configurations were not required because the average output power was not more than 0.25 dB higher than IEEE 802.11a mode. IEEE 802.11ac was evaluated for the highest IEEE 802.11a position in each 5 GHz band and exposure condition.
- When the maximum extrapolated peak SAR of the zoom scan for the maximum output channel is <1.6 W/kg and the reported 1g averaged SAR is <0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on other channels is not required. Otherwise, the other default (or corresponding required) test channels were additionally tested using the lowest data rate.
- The average output powers for 802.11ac 20MHz (VHT20) and 802.11 ac 40 MHz (VHT40) modes are equivalent to the 802.11n - 20 MHz (HT20) and 802.11n - 40 MHz (HT40). Therefore, no additional measurements were required for the lower bandwidth for 802.11ac.
- The underlined data rate and channel above were tested for SAR.

Power Meter Power Sensor	Rohde & Schwarz NRP2 Power Meter	Rohde & Schwarz NRP-Z81 Power Sensor	Wireless Device
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Figure 10.3 Power Measurement Setup for Bandwidths < 50 MHz



Figure 10.4 Power Measurement Setup for Bandwidths > 50 MHz



10.4 Bluetooth Conducted Powers

Ma	da	Frequency	Output		Output		Output		
IVIC	ode	[MHz]	[1M	opsj	[2MI	opsj	[3Mbps]		
		[וייוי וב]	[dBm]	[mW]	[dBm]	[mW]	[dBm]	[mW]	
Lo	W	2402	7.090	5.117	5.620	3.648	5.630	3.656	
М	lid	2441	7.030	5.047	5.630	3.656	5.640	3.664	
Hi	gh	2480	2480 7.410 5.508		5.980 3.963		5.980	3.963	

Table 10.12 Bluetooth Average RF Power

	F	Output Po	ower
Mode	Frequency [MHz]	[LE]	
	[ויוו וב]	[dBm]	[mW]
Low	2402	-4.220	0.378
Mid	2440	-5.000	0.316
High	2480	-3.920	0.406

Table 10.13 Bluetooth Average RF Power

Rohde & Schwarz	Rohde & Schwarz	Wireless
NRP2	NRP-Z81	Device
Power Meter	Power Sensor	Device

Figure 10.5 Power Measurement Setup



11. System Verification

11.1 Tissue verification

				MEASUR	ED TISSUE PAR	RAMETERS				
Date(s)	Tissue Type	Ambient Temp. [°C]	Liquid Temp. [°C]	Measured Frequency [MHz]	Target Dielectric constant, εr	Target Conductivity, σ[S/m]	Measured Dielectric constant, ɛr	Measured Conductivity, σ[S/m]	^{دہ} Deviation [%]	σ Deviation [%]
				824.2	41.551	0.899	41.89	0.910	0.82	1.28
				826.4	41.540	0.899	41.87	0.914	0.79	1.71
December 0.0014	835	00.0	04.0	835.0	41.500	0.900	41.70	0.922	0.48	2.46
December. 2, 2014	Head	22.8	21.6	836.6	41.500	0.902	41.71	0.923	0.51	2.35
				846.6	41.500	0.912	41.56	0.933	0.14	2.24
				848.8	41.500	0.915	41.54	0.933	0.10	1.95
				824.2	55.203	0.980	53.64	0.991	-2.83	1.19
				826.4	55.200	0.980	53.57	0.991	-2.95	1.12
D 1 0 0014	835	00 7	04.0	835.0	55.200	0.980	53.45	1.001	-3.17	2.14
December. 3, 2014	Body	22.7	21.3	836.6	55.200	0.980	53.51	1.000	-3.06	2.04
				846.6	55.200	0.987	53.42	1.015	-3.22	2.82
				848.8	55.200	0.989	53.35	1.013	-3.35	2.43
				1850.2	40.000	1.400	39.85	1.391	-0.37	-0.64
				1852.4	40.000	1.400	39.82	1.395	-0.45	-0.36
D L A 0044	2014 1900 Head	900		1880.0	40.000	1.400	39.78	1.432	-0.55	2.29
December. 4, 2014		20.7	20.4	1900.0	40.000	1.400	39.64	1.449	-0.90	3.50
				1907.6	40.000	1.400	39.63	1.459	-0.92	4.21
				1909.8	40.000	1.400	39.57	1.457	-1.08	4.07
				1850.2	53.300	1.520	51.24	1.524	-3.86	0.26
				1852.4	53.300	1.520	51.26	1.525	-3.83	0.33
December 5 2014	1900	00 F	00.0	1880.0	53.300	1.520	51.15	1.552	-4.03	2.11
December. 5, 2014	Body	20.5	20.2	1900.0	53.300	1.520	51.00	1.584	-4.32	4.21
				1907.6	53.300	1.520	51.02	1.588	-4.28	4.47
				1909.8	53.300	1.520	50.98	1.590	-4.35	4.61
				2412	39.265	1.766	37.92	1.755	-3.43	-0.64
5 1 0 0014	2450			2437	39.222	1.788	37.80	1.779	-3.63	-0.53
December. 2, 2014	Head	20.9	21.4	2450	39.200	1.800	37.77	1.797	-3.65	-0.17
				2462	39.184	1.813	37.70	1.802	-3.79	-0.60
				2412	52.752	1.914	51.19	1.942	-2.96	1.44
	2450		00.0	2437	52.700	1.940	51.11	1.983	-3.02	2.24
December. 2, 2014	Body	21.6	22.2	2450	52.700	1.950	51.06	1.994	-3.11	2.26
				2462	52.700	1.969	51.01	2.011	-3.21	2.12



				MEASUR	RED TISSUE PAR	RAMETERS				
Date(s)	Tissue Type	Ambient Temp. [°C]	Liquid Temp. [°C]	Measured Frequency [MHz]	Target Dielectric constant, εr	Target Conductivity, σ[S/m]	Measured Dielectric constant, ^{£r}	Measured Conductivity, σ[S/m]	^{دہ} Deviation [%]	σ Deviation [%]
				5200	36.000	4.660	36.19	4.640	0.53	-0.43
				5210	35.980	4.670	36.14	4.637	0.44	-0.71
				5240	35.920	4.700	36.12	4.660	0.56	-0.85
				5280	35.900	4.740	36.00	4.727	0.28	-0.27
	50U-			5290	35.900	4.750	36.02	4.726	0.33	-0.51
November. 28, 2014	5GHz Head	22.5	21.4	5300	35.900	4.760	35.99	4.731	0.25	-0.61
	Tiedu			5320	35.860	4.780	35.96	4.762	0.28	-0.38
				5500	35.600	4.960	35.71	4.951	0.31	-0.18
				5530	35.600	4.990	35.67	4.995	0.20	0.10
				5600	35.500	5.070	35.65	5.036	0.42	-0.67
				5800	35.300	5.270	35.25	5.257	-0.14	-0.25
				5200	36.000	4.660	37.11	4.430	3.08	-4.94
				5210	35.980	4.670	36.97	4.456	2.75	-4.58
				5240	35.920	4.700	37.07	4.496	3.20	-4.34
				5280	35.900	4.740	36.91	4.520	2.81	-4.64
				5290	35.900	4.750	36.94	4.538	2.90	-4.46
December. 1, 2014	5GHz Head	20.2	20.0	5300	35.900	4.760	36.88	4.547	2.73	-4.47
	neau			5320	35.860	4.780	36.83	4.569	2.70	-4.41
				5500	35.600	4.960	36.60	4.752	2.81	-4.19
				5530	35.600	4.990	36.58	4.782	2.75	-4.17
				5600	35.500	5.070	36.53	4.839	2.90	-4.56
				5800	35.300	5.270	36.25	5.073	2.69	-3.74
				5200	49.000	5.300	48.75	5.387	-0.51	1.64
				5210	48.980	5.312	48.69	5.394	-0.59	1.54
				5240	48.920	5.348	48.66	5.418	-0.53	1.31
				5280	48.900	5.396	48.56	5.495	-0.70	1.83
				5290	48.900	5.408	48.52	5.476	-0.78	1.26
December. 2, 2014	5GHz Body	22.4	23.2	5300	48.900	5.420	48.58	5.503	-0.65	1.53
	Body			5320	48.860	5.440	48.46	5.531	-0.82	1.67
				5500	48.600	5.650	48.22	5.752	-0.78	1.81
				5530	48.540	5.686	48.13	5.774	-0.84	1.55
				5600	48.500	5.770	48.06	5.831	-0.91	1.06
				5800	48.200	6.000	47.65	6.146	-1.14	2.43

Tissue Verification Note

Note: The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software. The DASY software was used to perform interpolation to determine the dielectric parameters at the SAR test device frequencies (per IEEE 1528 6.6.1.2). The tissue parameters listed in the SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above due to significant digit rounding in the software.



Measurement Procedure for Tissue verification

- 1) The network analyzer and probe system was configured and calibrated.
- 2) The probe was immersed in the sample which was placed in a nonmetallic container.
- Trapped air bubbles beneath the flange were minimized by placing the probe at a slight angle.
- 3) The complex admittance with respect to the probe aperture was measured.
- 4) The complex relative permittivity, for example from the below equation (Pournaropoulos and Misra):

$$Y = \frac{j2\omega\varepsilon'_{r}\varepsilon_{0}}{[\ln(b/a)]^{2}} \int_{a}^{b} \int_{a}^{b} \int_{0}^{\pi} \cos\phi' \frac{\exp\left[-j\omega(\alpha_{0}\varepsilon'_{r}\varepsilon_{0})^{1/2}r\right]}{r} d\phi' d\rho' d\rho$$

Where Y is the admittance of the probe in contact with the sample, the primed and unprimed coordinates refer to source and observation points, respectively, $r^2 = \rho^2 + \rho'^2 - 2\rho \rho' \cos \phi'$, ω is the angular frequency, and $j = \sqrt{-1}$.



11.2 Test system verification

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the \pm 10% of the specifications at 835 MHz, 1900 MHz, 2450 MHz and 5 GHz by using the SAR Dipole kit(s). (Graphic Plots Attached)

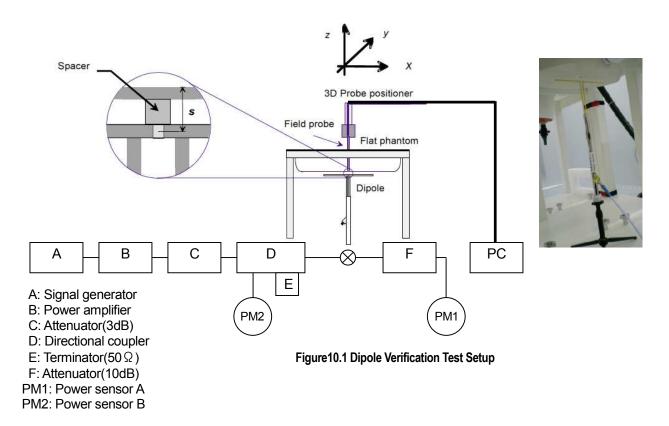
		SY	STEM DI	POLE VERIF	CATION TAR	GET & N	IEASURE	D			
Freq. [MHz]	SAR Dipole Kits	Date(s)	Liquid	Ambient Temp.[°C]	Liquid Temp.[°C]	Probe S/N	Input Power [mW]	1W Targeted SAR 1g [W/kg]	Measured SAR 1g [W/kg]	1W Normalized SAR 1g [W/kg]	Deviation [%]
835	D835V2, S/N: 4d104	December. 2, 2014	Head	22.8	21.6	3745	250	9.18	2.46	9.84	7.19
835	D835V2, S/N: 4d104	December. 3, 2014	Body	22.7	21.3	3745	250	9.43	2.40	9.60	1.80
1900	D1900V2, S/N: 5d129	December. 4, 2014	Head	20.7	20.4	3745	250	40.1	9.66	38.64	-3.64
1900	D1900V2, S/N: 5d129	December. 5, 2014	Body	20.5	20.2	3745	250	40.4	9.28	37.12	-8.12
2450	D2450V2, S/N: 894	December. 2, 2014	Head	20.9	21.4	3745	250	53.2	13.70	54.80	3.01
2450	D2450V2, S/N: 894	December. 2, 2014	Body	21.6	22.2	3745	250	51.4	13.40	53.60	4.28
5200	D5GHzV2, S/N: 1092	November. 28, 2014	Head	22.5	21.4	3745	100	80.6	8.61	86.10	6.82
5500	D5GHzV2, S/N: 1092	November. 28, 2014	Head	22.5	21.4	3745	100	87.1	8.61	86.10	-1.15
5800	D5GHzV2, S/N: 1092	November. 28, 2014	Head	22.5	21.4	3745	100	80.1	8.21	82.10	2.50
5200	D5GHzV2, S/N: 1092	December. 1, 2014	Head	20.2	20.0	3745	100	80.6	8.47	84.70	5.09
5500	D5GHzV2, S/N: 1092	December. 1, 2014	Head	20.2	20.0	3745	100	87.1	8.94	89.40	2.64
5800	D5GHzV2, S/N: 1092	December. 1, 2014	Head	20.2	20.0	3745	100	80.1	8.57	85.70	6.99
5200	D5GHzV2, S/N: 1092	December. 2, 2014	Body	22.4	23.2	3745	100	76.4	6.91	69.10	-9.55
5500	D5GHzV2, S/N: 1092	December. 2, 2014	Body	22.4	23.2	3745	100	81.2	7.61	76.10	-6.28
5800	D5GHzV2, S/N: 1092	December. 2, 2014	Body	22.4	23.2	3745	100	77.2	7.61	76.10	-1.42



Note1 : Validation was measured with input 250 mW, 100 mW and normalized to 1W.

Note2 : To confirm the proper SAR liquid depth, the z-axis plots from the system verifications were included since the system verifications were performed using the same liquid, probe and DAE as the SAR tests in the same time period.

Note3: Full system validation status and results can be found in Attachment 3.





12. SAR Test Results

12.1 Head SAR Results

						MEASURE	EMENT RE	SULTS						
Plot No.	Freque	ency	Mode/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power	Conducted Power	Drift Power	Phantom Position	Device Serial	# of Time	Dyty Cycle	1g SAR	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR
NO.	MHz	Ch	Dallu		[dBm]	[dBm]	[dB]	POSICION	Number	slots	Cycle	[W/kg]	Factor	[W/kg]
	836.6	190	GSM850	GSM	33.0	32.41	0.03	Left Touch	FCC#1	1	1:8.3	0.440	1.146	0.504
1	836.6	190	GSM850	GSM	33.0	32.41	-0.19	Right Touch	FCC#1	1	1:8.3	0.529	1.146	0.606
	836.6	190	GSM850	GSM	33.0	32.41	-0.04	Left Tilt	FCC#1	1	1:8.3	0.350	1.146	0.401
	836.6	190	GSM850	GSM	33.0	32.41	0.00	Right Tilt	FCC#1	1	1:8.3	0.366	1.146	0.419
	836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	32.5	32.28	-0.01	Right Touch	FCC#1	1	1:8.3	0.491	1.052	0.517
2	836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	31.5	31.31	-0.14	Right Touch	FCC#1	2	1:4.2	0.760	1.045	0.794
	836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	29.5	29.13	-0.14	Right Touch	FCC#1	3	1:2.8	0.692	1.089	0.754
	836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	28.0	27.92	-0.15	Right Touch	FCC#2	4	1:2.1	0.638	1.019	0.650
	836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	31.5	31.31	-0.19	Left Touch	FCC#2	2	1:4.2	0.593	1.172	0.695
	836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	31.5	31.31	-0.08	Left Tilt	FCC#2	2	1:4.2	0.518	1.172	0.607
	836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	31.5	31.31	-0.09	09 Right Tilt FCC#2 2 1:4.2 0.538 1.172 0.631						
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005– SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure									1.6 W aver	Head //kg(mW/g aged over 1 gram			

Table 12.1 GSM/GPRS 850 Head SAR

						MEASU	REMENT R	ESULTS						
Plot	Freque	псу	Mode/	Service	Maximum Allowed	Conducted Power	Drift Power	Phantom	Device Serial	# of Time	Dyty	1g SAR	Scaling	1g Scaled
No.	MHz	Ch	Band		Power [dBm]	[dBm]	[dB]	Position	Number	slots	Cycle	[W/kg]	Factor	SAR [W/kg]
	1880.0	661	PCS1900	PCS	30.0	29.75	-0.09	Left Touch	FCC#1	1	1:8.3	0.344	1.059	0.364
3	1880.0	661	PCS1900	PCS	30.0	29.75	-0.02	Right Touch	FCC#1	1	1:8.3	0.473	1.059	0.501
	1880.0	661	PCS1900	PCS	30.0	29.75	1.00	Left Tilt	FCC#1	1	1:8.3	0.121	1.059	0.128
	1880.0	661	PCS1900	PCS	30.0	29.75	-0.01	Right Tilt	FCC#1	1	1:8.3	0.109	1.059	0.115
	1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	30.0	29.75	0.04	Right Touch	FCC#1	1	1:8.3	0.437	1.059	0.463
4	1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	29.0	28.56	0.01	Right Touch	FCC#1	2	1:4.2	0.694	1.107	0.768
	1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	27.0	26.65	0.05	Right Touch	FCC#1	3	1:2.8	0.641	1.084	0.695
	1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	26.0	25.55	0.03	Right Touch	FCC#1	4	1:2.1	0.651	1.109	0.722
	1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	29.0	28.56	0.06	Left Touch	FCC#1	2	1:4.2	0.472	1.107	0.522
	1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	29.0	28.56	0.03	Left Tilt	FCC#1	2	1:4.2	0.152	1.107	0.168
	1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	29.0	28.56	-0.04	Right Tilt	FCC#1	2	1:4.2	0.137	1.107	0.152
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005– SAFETY LIMIT Soatial Peak									1.6	Head SW/kg(mW/	g)		

Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure 1.6 W/kg(mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

Table 12.2 PCS/GPRS 1900 Head SAR





					М	EASUREMENT	RESULTS						
Plot	Freque	ency	Mode/	Service	Maximum Allowed	Conducted Power	Drift Power	Phantom	Device Serial	1g SAR	Dyty	Scaling	1g Scaled
No.	MHz	Ch	Band	Service	Power [dBm]	[dBm]	[dB]	Position	Number	[W/kg]	Cycle	Factor	SAR [W/kg]
836.6 4183 WCDMA850 RMC 23.0 22.58								Left Touch	FCC#1	0.286	1:1	1.019	0.291
5	5 836.6 4183 W		WCDMA850	RMC	23.0	22.58	0.07	Right Touch	FCC#1	0.379	1:1	1.019	0.386
	836.6	4183	WCDMA850	RMC	23.0	22.58	0.06	Left Tilt	FCC#1	0.262	1:1	1.019	0.267
836.6 4183 WCDMA850 RMC 23.0 22.58								Right Tilt	FCC#1	0.262	1:1	1.019	0.267
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005- SAFETY LIMIT									Hea 1.6 W/kg			

Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure 1.6 W/kg(mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

Table 12.3 WCDMA 850 Head SAR

						MEASUREMENT	RESULTS	i					
Plot	Frequ	ency	Mode/	Service	Maximum Allowed	Conducted Power	Drift Power	Phantom	Device Serial	1g SAR	Dyty	Scaling	1g Scaled
No.	MHz	Ch	Band	bervice	Power [dBm]	[dBm]	[dB]	Position	Number	[W/kg]	Cycle	Factor	SAR [W/kg]
	1880.0	9400	WCDMA1900	RMC	23.0	22.52	-0.11	Left Touch	FCC#1	0.552	1:1	1.021	0.564
6	1880.0	9400	WCDMA1900	RMC	23.0	22.52	0.16	Right Touch	FCC#1	0.764	1:1	1.021	0.780
	1880.0	9400	WCDMA1900	RMC	23.0	22.52	0.09	Left Tilt	FCC#1	0.177	1:1	1.021	0.181
	1880.0	9400	WCDMA1900	RMC	23.0	22.52	0.00	Right Tilt	FCC#1	0.163	1:1	1.021	0.166
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005– SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure									Head 1.6 W/kg(r averaged 1 gran	mW/g) I over		



						MEASU	REMENT F	RESULTS						
Plot	Freque	ency	Mode/	Service	Maximum Allowed	Conducted Power	Drift Power	Phantom	Device Serial	Data Rate	Dyty	1g SAR	Scaling	1g Scaled
No.	MHz	Ch	Band	Control	Power [dBm]	[dBm]	[dB]	Position	Number	[Mbps]	Cycle	[W/kg]	Factor	SAR [W/kg]
	2437	6	802.11b	DSSS	16.9	15.31	0.01	Left Touch	FCC#1	1	1:1	0.0558	1.442	0.0805
7	2437 6 802.11			DSSS	16.9	15.31	0.04	Right Touch	FCC#1	1	1:1	0.163	1.442	0.235
	2437	6	802.11b	DSSS	16.9	15.31	-0.07	Left Tilt	FCC#1	1	1:1	0.0380	1.442	0.0548
	2437	6	802.11b	DSSS	16.9	15.31	0.03	Right Tilt	FCC#1	1	1:1	0.103	1.442	0.149
		Uncor	ANSI / IEEE C	Spatial Peak				1.6 W aver	Head //kg(mW/g aged over 1 gram)				

Table 12.5 DTS Head SAR



						MEASU	REMENTR	ESULTS						
Plot No.	Frequ	-	Mode/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Data Rate [Mbps]	Dyty Cycle	1g SAR [W/kg]	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR
	MHz	Ch			[dBm]	[]	[·]			[]]		1		[W/kg]
	5240	48	802.11a	OFDM	13.9	12.03	0.19	Left Touch	FCC#1	6	1:1	0.0805	1.538	0.124
	5240	48	802.11a	OFDM	13.9	12.03	-0.06	Right Touch	FCC#1	6	1:1	0.0689	1.538	0.106
8	5240	48	802.11a	OFDM	13.9	12.03	-0.11	Left Tilt	FCC#1	6	1:1	0.0966	1.538	0.149
	5210	42	802.11ac (80)	OFDM	12.9	10.87	-0.17	Left Tilt	FCC#1	29.3	1:1	0.0761	1.596	0.121
	5240	48	802.11a	OFDM	13.9	12.03	0.01	Right Tilt	FCC#1	6	1:1	0.0851	1.538	0.131
	5320	64	802.11a	OFDM	14.9	14.34	-0.12	Left Touch	FCC#1	6	1:1	0.169	1.138	0.192
	5320	64	802.11a	OFDM	14.9	14.34	0.01	Right Touch	FCC#1	6	1:1	0.180	1.138	0.205
9	5320	64	802.11a	OFDM	14.9	14.34	0.17	Left Tilt	FCC#1	6	1:1	0.213	1.138	0.242
	5290	58	802.11ac (80)	OFDM	12.9	10.98	-0.08	Left Tilt	FCC#1	29.3	1:1	0.100	1.556	0.156
	5320	64	802.11a	OFDM	14.9	14.34	0.00	Right Tilt	FCC#1	6	1:1	0.199	1.138	0.226
	5500	100	802.11a	OFDM	14.9	14.24	-0.12	Left Touch	FCC#2	6	1:1	0.273	1.164	0.318
	5500	100	802.11a	OFDM	14.9	14.24	0.13	Right Touch	FCC#2	6	1:1	0.221	1.164	0.257
	5500	100	802.11a	OFDM	14.9	14.24	-0.09	Left Tilt	FCC#2	6	1:1	0.281	1.164	0.327
10	5500	100	802.11a	OFDM	14.9	14.24	-0.01	Right Tilt	FCC#2	6	1:1	0.291	1.164	0.339
	5530	106	802.11ac (80)	OFDM	12.9	11.21	-0.03	Right Tilt	FCC#2	29.3	1:1	0.157	1.476	0.232
		Unco	ANSI / IEEE C95 Sp ntrolled Exposure	patial Peak		sure			·		Head W/kg(mW/ eraged ove 1 gram		·	

Table 12.6 NII Head SAR



						MEASU	REMENT R	ESULTS						
Plot No.	Frequ	ency	Mode/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power	Conducted Power	Drift Power	Phantom Position	Device Serial	Data Rate	Dyty Cycle	1g SAR	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR
	MHz	Ch			[dBm]	[dBm]	[dB]		Number	[Mbps]	-,	[W/kg]		[W/kg]
	5200	40	802.11n	OFDM	13.9	12.12	0.00	Left Touch	FCC#2	6.5	1:1	0.0884	1.507	0.133
	5200	40	802.11n	OFDM	13.9	12.12	-0.05	Right Touch	FCC#2	6.5	1:1	0.0818	1.507	0.123
	5200	40	802.11n	OFDM	13.9	12.12	0.13	Left Tilt	FCC#2	6.5	1:1	0.0885	1.507	0.133
11	5200	40	802.11n	OFDM	13.9	12.12	0.16	Right Tilt	FCC#2	6.5	1:1	0.0961	1.507	0.145
	5210	42	802.11ac (80)	OFDM	12.9	10.87	-0.05	Right Tilt	FCC#2	29.3	1:1	0.0566	1.596	0.0903
	5280	56	802.11n	OFDM	15.9	14.28	0.11	Left Touch	FCC#1	6.5	1:1	0.127	1.452	0.184
12	5280	56	802.11n	OFDM	15.9	14.28	-0.12	Right Touch	FCC#1	6.5	1:1	0.204	1.452	0.296
	5290	58	802.11ac (80)	OFDM	12.9	10.98	-0.05	Right Touch	FCC#1	29.3	1:1	0.105	1.556	0.163
	5280	56	802.11n	OFDM	15.9	14.28	0.17	Left Tilt	FCC#1	6.5	1:1	0.0715	1.452	0.104
	5280	56	802.11n	OFDM	15.9	14.28	-0.17	Right Tilt	FCC#1	6.5	1:1	0.170	1.452	0.247
	5500	100	802.11n	OFDM	15.9	14.33	0.09	Left Touch	FCC#1	6.5	1:1	0.252	1.435	0.362
13	5500	100	802.11n	OFDM	15.9	14.33	0.20	Right Touch	FCC#1	6.5	1:1	0.337	1.435	0.484
	5530	106	802.11ac (80)	OFDM	12.9	11.21	-0.05	Right Touch	FCC#1	29.3	1:1	0.148	1.476	0.218
	5500	100	802.11n	OFDM	15.9	14.33	0.00	Left Tilt	FCC#1	6.5	1:1	0.261	1.435	0.375
	5500	100	802.11n	OFDM	15.9	14.33	0.09	Right Tilt	FCC#1	6.5	1:1	0.290	1.435	0.416
		Unco	ANSI / IEEE C95 Si ntrolled Exposure	patial Peak		sure					Head W/kg(mW/ eraged ove 1 gram			

Table 12.7 NII Head SAR



						MEASUF	REMENTR	ESULTS						
Plot No.	Frequ	ency	Mode/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power	Conducted Power	Drift Power	Phantom Position	Device Serial	Data Rate	Dyty Cycle	1g SAR	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR
	MHz	Ch			[dBm]	[dBm]	[dB]		Number	[Mbps]		[W/kg]		[W/kg]
	5240	48	802.11ac	OFDM	13.9	12.07	-0.13	Left Touch	FCC#1	6.5	1:1	0.0907	1.524	0.138
	5240	48	802.11ac	OFDM	13.9	12.07	0.04	Right Touch	FCC#1	6.5	1:1	0.0957	1.524	0.146
14	5240	48	802.11ac	OFDM	13.9	12.07	0.00	Left Tilt	FCC#1	6.5	1:1	0.111	1.524	0.169
	5210	42	802.11ac (80)	OFDM	12.9	10.87	0.19	Left Tilt	FCC#1	29.3	1:1	0.0779	1.596	0.124
	5240	48	802.11ac	OFDM	13.9	12.07	0.11	Right Tilt	FCC#1	6.5	1:1	0.0893	1.524	0.136
	5280	56	802.11ac	OFDM	14.5	14.34	-0.03	Left Touch	FCC#1	6.5	1:1	0.195	1.038	0.202
	5280	56	802.11ac	OFDM	14.5	14.34	0.06	Right Touch	FCC#1	6.5	1:1	0.187	1.038	0.194
15	5280	56	802.11ac	OFDM	14.5	14.34	-0.17	Left Tilt	FCC#1	6.5	1:1	0.207	1.038	0.215
	5290	58	802.11ac (80)	OFDM	12.9	10.98	0.18	Left Tilt	FCC#1	29.3	1:1	0.104	1.556	0.162
	5280	56	802.11ac	OFDM	14.5	14.34	0.15	Right Tilt	FCC#1	6.5	1:1	0.206	1.038	0.214
	5500	100	802.11ac	OFDM	14.5	14.29	-0.19	Left Touch	FCC#2	6.5	1:1	0.257	1.050	0.270
16	5500	100	802.11ac	OFDM	14.5	14.29	-0.02	Right Touch	FCC#2	6.5	1:1	0.354	1.050	0.372
	5530	106	802.11ac (80)	OFDM	12.9	11.21	-0.18	Right Touch	FCC#2	29.3	1:1	0.166	1.476	0.245
	5500	100	802.11ac	OFDM	14.5	14.29	0.04	Left Tilt	FCC#2	6.5	1:1	0.272	1.050	0.285
	5500	100	802.11ac	OFDM	14.5	14.29	-0.02	Right Tilt	FCC#2	6.5	1:1	0.281	1.050	0.295
		Unco	ANSI / IEEE C95 Sp ntrolled Exposure	oatial Peak		sure					Head W/kg(mW, eraged ove 1 gram			

Table 12.8 NII Head SAR



12.2 Standalone Body-Worn SAR Results

						MEASUREME	NT RESULTS	6					
Plot No.	Freque	ncy	Mode/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power	Conducted Power	Drift Power	Spacing [Side]	Device Serial	# of Time	1g SAR	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR
NO.	MHz	Ch	Band		[dBm]	[dBm]	[dB]	[Side]	Number	slots	[W/kg]	Factor	[W/kg]
	836.6	190	GSM850	GSM	33.0	32.41	-0.03	10mm [Front]	FCC#1	1	0.542	1.146	0.621
17	836.6	190	GSM850	GSM	33.0	32.41	-0.08	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	1	0.637	1.146	0.730
	836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	31.5	31.31	0.02	10mm [Front]	FCC#1	2	0.710	1.045	0.742
	824.2	128	GSM850	GPRS	31.5	31.41	-0.10	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	2	0.622	1.021	0.635
	836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	31.5	31.31	-0.14	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	2	0.798	1.045	0.834
18	848.8	251	GSM850	GPRS	31.5	31.21	0.00	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	2	0.930	1.069	0.994
	1880.0	661	PCS1900	PCS	30.0	29.75	-0.18	10mm [Front]	FCC#1	1	0.363	1.059	0.385
19	1880.0	661	PCS1900	PCS	30.0	29.75	0.05	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	1	0.379	1.059	0.401
	1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	29.0	28.56	-0.09	10mm [Front]	FCC#1	2	0.435	1.107	0.481
20	1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	29.0	28.56	-0.02	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	2	0.544	1.107	0.602
	836.6	4183	WCDMA850	RMC	23.0	22.58	-0.03	10mm [Front]	FCC#1	N/A	0.427	1.102	0.470
21	836.6	4183	WCDMA850	RMC	23.0	22.58	0.01	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	N/A	0.451	1.102	0.497
	1880.0	9400	WCDMA1900	RMC	23.0	22.52	0.06	10mm [Front]	FCC#1	N/A	0.462	1.117	0.516
22	1880.0	9400	WCDMA1900	RMC	23.0	22.52	0.05	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	N/A	0.465	1.117	0.519
33	1880.0	9400	WCDMA1900	RMC	23.0	22.52	0.03	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	N/A	0.483	1.117	0.539
		Unc	ANSI / IEEE C9: Sj ontrolled Exposure	patial Peak		re				1.6 W/ avera	lead kg(mW/g) ged over gram		

Table 12.9 GSM/PCS/WCDMA Body-Worn SAR

Note: Yellow entries represent measurements with connected earphone cable.



						MEASU	REMENT R	ESULTS						
Plot	Freque	ency	Mode/	Service	Maximum Allowed	Conducted Power	Drift Power	Spacing	Device Serial	Data Rate	Dyty	1g SAR	Scaling	1g Scaled
No.	MHz	Ch	Band	Service	Power [dBm]	[dBm]	[dB]	[Side]	Number	[Mbps]	Cycle	[W/kg]	Factor	SAR [W/kg]
	2437	6	802.11b	DSSS	16.9	15.31	-0.06	10mm	FCC#1	1	1:1	0.0256	1.442	0.0369
	2401	0	002.110	2000	10.0	10.01	0.00	[Front]	100#1			0.0200	1.442	0.0000
23	2437	6	802.11b	DSSS	16.9	15.31	-0.01	10mm	FCC#1	1	1:1	0.190	1.442	0.274
23	2437	0	002.110	0000	10.9	15.51	-0.01	[Rear]	F00#1	I	1.1	0.190	1.442	0.274
		Uncor		Spatial Peak	SAFETY LIMIT	osure					Head 6 W/kg(m\ averaged o 1 gram			

Table 12.10 DTS Body-Worn SAR



						MEASUR	EMENT RE	SULTS						
Plot	Frequ	ency	Mode/	Service	Maximum Allowed	Conducted Power	Drift Power	Spacing	Device Serial	Data Rate	Dyty	1g SAR	Scaling	1g Scaled
No.	MHz	Ch	Band		Power [dBm]	[dBm]	[dB]	[Side]	Number	[Mbps]	Cycle	[W/kg]	Factor	SAR [W/kg]
	5240	48	802.11a	OFDM	13.9	12.03	0.12	10mm [Front]	FCC#1	6	1:1	0.0304	1.538	0.0468
24	5240	48	802.11a	OFDM	13.9	12.03	-0.06	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	6	1:1	0.168	1.538	0.258
	5210	42	802.11ac(80)	OFDM	12.9	10.87	-0.05	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	29.3	1:1	0.104	1.596	0.166
	5320	64	802.11a	OFDM	14.9	14.34	-0.08	10mm [Front]	FCC#1	6	1:1	0.0472	1.138	0.0537
25	5320	64	802.11a	OFDM	14.9	14.34	0.13	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	6	1:1	0.309	1.138	0.352
	5290	58	802.11ac(80)	OFDM	12.9	10.98	-0.16	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	29.3	1:1	0.137	1.556	0.213
	5500	100	802.11a	OFDM	14.9	14.24	-0.20	10mm [Front]	FCC#1	6	1:1	0.0797	1.164	0.0928
26	5500	100	802.11a	OFDM	14.9	14.24	0.19	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	6	1:1	0.364	1.164	0.424
	5530	106	802.11ac(80)	OFDM	12.9	11.21	0.05	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	29.3	1:1	0.175	1.476	0.258
		Unco	ANSI / IEEE C9 S Introlled Exposu	patial Peak		sure					Head 1.6 W/kg(r averaged 1 grar	mW/g) I over		

Table 12.11 NII Body-Worn SAR



						MEASUR	EMENT RES	SULTS						
Plot No.	Frequ	-	Mode/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Spacing [Side]	Device Serial Number	Data Rate [Mbps]	Dyty Cycle	1g SAR [W/kg]	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR
	MHz	Ch			[dBm]	[apin]	[ub]		Number	[wpba]		[W/Kg]		[W/kg]
	5200	40	802.11n	OFDM	13.9	12.12	0.00	10mm [Front]	FCC#1	6.5	1:1	0.0235	1.507	0.0354
27	5200	40	802.11n	OFDM	13.9	12.12	-0.19	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	6.5	1:1	0.149	1.507	0.224
	5210	42	802.11ac(80)	OFDM	12.9	10.87	-0.05	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	29.3	1:1	0.104	1.596	0.166
	5280	56	802.11n	OFDM	15.9	14.28	0.14	10mm [Front]	FCC#1	6.5	1:1	0.0511	1.452	0.0742
28	5280	56	802.11n	OFDM	15.9	14.28	-0.18	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	6.5	1:1	0.291	1.452	0.423
	5290	58	802.11ac(80)	OFDM	12.9	10.98	-0.16	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	29.3	1:1	0.137	1.556	0.213
	5500	100	802.11n	OFDM	15.9	14.33	-0.10	10mm [Front]	FCC#1	6.5	1:1	0.0837	1.435	0.120
29	5500	100	802.11n	OFDM	15.9	14.33	0.10	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	6.5	1:1	0.306	1.435	0.439
	5530	106	802.11ac(80)	OFDM	12.9	11.21	0.05	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	29.3	1:1	0.175	1.476	0.258
		Unco	ANSI / IEEE CS S Introlled Exposu	patial Peak		sure					Heac 1.6 W/kg(r averaged 1 grar	nW/g) over		

Table 12.12 NII Body-Worn SAR

						MEASURI	EMENT RES	SULTS						
Plot	Frequ	ency	Mode/	Service	Maximum Allowed	Conducted Power	Drift Power	Spacing	Device Serial	Data Rate	Dyty	1g SAR	Scaling	1g Scaled
No.	MHz	Ch	Band		Power [dBm]	[dBm]	[dB]	[Side]	Number	[Mbps]	Cycle	[W/kg]	Factor	SAR [W/kg]
	5240	48	802.11ac	OFDM	13.9	12.07	-0.17	10mm [Front]	FCC#2	6.5	1:1	0.0359	1.524	0.0547
30	5240	48	802.11ac	OFDM	13.9	12.07	0.11	10mm [Rear]	FCC#2	6.5	1:1	0.182	1.524	0.277
	5210	42	802.11ac(80)	OFDM	12.9	10.87	-0.05	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	29.3	1:1	0.104	1.596	0.166
	5280	56	802.11ac	OFDM	14.5	14.34	0.08	10mm [Front]	FCC#2	6.5	1:1	0.0576	1.038	0.0598
31	5280	56	802.11ac	OFDM	14.5	14.34	0.02	10mm [Rear]	FCC#2	6.5	1:1	0.315	1.038	0.327
	5290	58	802.11ac(80)	OFDM	12.9	10.98	-0.16	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	29.3	1:1	0.137	1.556	0.213
	5500	100	802.11ac	OFDM	14.5	14.29	0.08	10mm [Front]	FCC#2	6.5	1:1	0.0893	1.050	0.0937
32	5500	100	802.11ac	OFDM	14.5	14.29	-0.02	10mm [Rear]	FCC#2	6.5	1:1	0.312	1.050	0.327
	5530	106	802.11ac(80)	OFDM	12.9	11.21	0.05	10mm [Rear]	FCC #1	29.3	1:1	0.175	1.476	0.258
		Unco	ANSI / IEEE C9 S Introlled Exposu	patial Peak		sure					Heac 1.6 W/kg(r averaged 1 grar	nW/g) over		

Table 12.13 NII Body-Worn SAR



12.3 Standalone Wireless router SAR Results

						MEASUR	EMENT	RESULTS						
Plot No.	Freque	ncy Ch	Mode/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Spacing [Side]	Device Serial Number	# of Time slots	Dyty Cycle	1g SAR [W/kg]	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR [W/kg]
	836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	31.5	31.31	-0.09	10mm [Bottom]	FCC#1	2	1:4.2	0.154	1.172	0.181
	836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	31.5	31.31	0.02	10mm [Front]	FCC#1	2	1:4.2	0.710	1.045	0.742
	836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	32.5	32.28	-0.02	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	1	1:8.3	0.562	1.052	0.591
	824.2	128	GSM850	GPRS	31.5	31.41	-0.10	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	2	1:4.2	0.622	1.021	0.635
	836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	31.5	31.31	-0.14	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	2	1:4.2	0.798	1.045	0.834
18	848.8	251	GSM850	GPRS	31.5	31.21	0.00	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	2	1:4.2	0.930	1.069	0.994
	824.2	128	GSM850	GPRS	29.5	29.16	-0.04	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	3	1:2.8	0.687	1.081	0.743
	836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	29.5	29.13	0.16	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	3	1:2.8	0.847	1.089	0.922
	848.8	251	GSM850	GPRS	29.5	29.18	0.03	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	3	1:2.8	0.845	1.076	0.910
	824.2	128	GSM850	GPRS	28.0	27.83	-0.03	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	4	1:2.1	0.720	1.040	0.749
	836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	28.0	27.92	0.01	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	4	1:2.1	0.807	1.019	0.822
	848.8	251	GSM850	GPRS	28.0	27.99	-0.04	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	4	1:2.1	0.852	1.002	0.854
	836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	31.5	31.31	-0.11	10mm [Right]	FCC#1	2	1:4.2	0.509	1.045	0.532
	848.8	251	GSM850	GPRS	31.5	31.21	-0.01	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	2	1:4.2	0.878	1.069	0.939
	848.8	251	GSM850	GPRS	31.5	31.21	-0.09	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	2	1:4.2	0.907	1.069	0.970
			ANSI / IEEE C95 Sp ntrolled Exposure	atial Peak		sure					Head 6 W/kg(mW, weraged ove 1 gram			

Table 12.14 GSM850 GPRS Hotspot SAR

Note: Yellow entries represent measurements with connected earphone cable. / Blue entries represent repeatability measurements.



						MEASU	REMENT R	ESULTS						
Plot No.	Frequer MHz	ncy Ch	Mode/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Spacing [Side]	Device Serial Number	# of Time slots	Dyty Cycle	1g SAR [W/kg]	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR [W/kg]
	1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	29.0	28.56	0.13	10mm [Bottom]	FCC#1	2	1:4.2	0.212	1.107	0.235
	1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	29.0	28.56	-0.09	10mm [Front]	FCC#1	2	1:4.2	0.435	1.107	0.481
	1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	30.0	29.75	0.08	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	1	1:8.3	0.278	1.059	0.294
20	1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	29.0	28.56	-0.02	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	2	1:4.2	0.544	1.107	0.602
	1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	27.0	26.65	0.05	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	3	1:2.8	0.392	1.084	0.425
	1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	26.0	25.55	0.03	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	4	1:2.1	0.404	1.109	0.448
	1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	29.0	28.56	-0.12	10mm [Right]	FCC#1	2	1:2.8	0.206	1.107	0.228
	1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	29.0	28.56	0.02	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	2	1:2.8	0.423	1.107	0.468
		Uncor	ANSI / IEEE C95 Sp ntrolled Exposure	oatial Peak		osure					Head 6 W/kg(mW, weraged ove 1 gram	0,		

Table 12.15 PCS1900 GPRS Hotspot SAR

Note: Yellow entries represent measurements with connected earphone cable.



						MEASU	REMENT F	ESULTS						Zacta
Plot No.	Freque	ency Ch	Mode/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Spacing [Side]	Device Serial Number	# of Time slots	Dyty Cycle	1g SAR [W/kg]	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR [W/kg]
	836.6	4183	WCDMA850	RMC	23.0	22.58	-0.11	10mm [Bottom]	FCC#1	N/A	1:1	0.0710	1.102	0.0782
	836.6	4183	WCDMA850	RMC	23.0	22.58	-0.03	10mm [Front]	FCC#1	N/A	1:1	0.427	1.102	0.470
21	836.6	4183	WCDMA850	RMC	23.0	22.58	0.01	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	N/A	1:1	0.451	1.102	0.497
	836.6	4183	WCDMA850	RMC	23.0	22.58	-0.02	10mm [Right]	FCC#1	N/A	1:1	0.343	1.102	0.378
	836.6	4183	WCDMA850	RMC	23.0	22.58	0.01	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	N/A	1:1	0.414	1.102	0.456
	1880.0	9400	WCDMA1900	RMC	23.0	22.52	0.02	10mm [Bottom]	FCC#1	N/A	1:1	0.274	1.117	0.306
	1880.0	9400	WCDMA1900	RMC	23.0	22.52	0.06	10mm [Front]	FCC#1	N/A	1:1	0.462	1.117	0.516
22	1880.0	9400	WCDMA1900	RMC	23.0	22.52	0.05	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	N/A	1:1	0.465	1.117	0.519
	1880.0	9400	WCDMA1900	RMC	23.0	22.52	-0.05	10mm [Right]	FCC#1	N/A	1:1	0.219	1.117	0.245
33	1880.0	9400	WCDMA1900	RMC	23.0	22.52	0.03	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	N/A	1:1	0.483	1.117	0.539
		Uncor	ANSI / IEEE C95 Sp ntrolled Exposure	atial Peak		sure					Head 6 W/kg(mW/ veraged ove 1 gram			

Table 12.16 WCDMA Hotspot SAR

Note: Yellow entries represent measurements with connected earphone cable.



						MEASU	IREMENT F	RESULTS						
Plot No.	Freque	ency	Mode/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power	Conducted Power	Drift Power	Spacing [Side]	Device Serial	Data Rate	Dyty	1g SAR	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR
NO.	MHz	Ch	Dallu		[dBm]	[dBm]	[dB]	[Side]	Number	[Mbps]	Cycle	[W/kg]	Factor	[W/kg]
	2437	6	802.11b	DSSS	16.9	15.31	-0.15	10mm [Top]	FCC#1	1	1:1	0.0196	1.442	0.0283
	2437	6	802.11b	DSSS	16.9	15.31	-0.06	10mm [Front]	FCC#1	1	1:1	0.0256	1.442	0.0369
23	2437	6	802.11b	DSSS	16.9	15.31	-0.01	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	1	1:1	0.190	1.442	0.274
	2437	6	802.11b	DSSS	16.9	15.31	-0.02	10mm						
				Spatial Peak	SAFETY LIMIT	osure					Head 1.6 W/kg(r averaged 1 grai	mW/g) I over		

Table 12.17 WLAN Hotspot SAR



12.4 SAR Test Notes

General Notes:

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR values according to test procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003, FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [June 2001] and FCC KDB Publication447498 D01v05r02.
- 2. Batteries are fully charged at the beginning of the SAR measurements. A standard battery was used for all SAR measurements.
- 3. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm for all frequencies.
- 4. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.
- 5. SAR results were scaled to the maximum allowed power to demonstrate compliance per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02.
- 6. Device was tested using a fixed spacing for body-worn accessory testing. A separation distance of 10 mm was considered because the manufacturer has determined that there will be body-worn accessories available in the marketplace for users to support this separation distance.
- Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r01, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the standalone reported SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.
- 8. During SAR Testing for the Wireless Router conditions per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v01r01, the actual Portable Hotspot operation (with actual simultaneous transmission of a transmitter with WIFI) was not activated (See Section 6.7 for more details).
- Per FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r03, variability SAR tests were performed when the measured SAR results for a frequency band were greater than 0.8 W/kg. Repeated SAR measurements are highlighted in the tables above for clarity. Please see Section 14 for variability analysis.

GSM Notes:

- 1. This device supports GSM VOIP in the head and body-worn configurations, therefore GPRS was additionally evaluated for head and body-worn compliance.
- 2. Body-Worn accessory testing is typically associated with voice operations. Therefore, GSM voice was evaluated for body-worn SAR.
- 3. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > ½ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel was used.

WCDMA Notes:

- 1. WCDMA mode was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01v02r02.
- 2. Body SAR for HSPA is not required for handsets with HSDPA capabilities when the maximum average output power of each RF channel with HSPA active is less than 0.25 dB higher than that measured without HSPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is ≤ 75% of the SAR limit.
- 3. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > ½ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel was used.



WLAN Notes:

- 1. Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02 and October 2012 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes for 2.4 GHz WIFI: Highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation in 802.11b. Other IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11g/n) were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of IEEE 802.11b mode.
- 2. Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02 and October 2012 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes for 5 GHz WIFI: Highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation in 802.11a. Other IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11n 20 MHz and 40 MHz bandwidths) were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of IEEE 802.11a mode.
- 3. Per April 2013 TCB Workshop notes, full SAR tests for all IEEE 802.11ac configurations were not required because the average output power was not more than 0.25 dB higher than IEEE 802.11a mode. IEEE 802.11ac was evaluated for the highest IEEE 802.11a position in each 5 GHz band and exposure condition.
- 4. When Hotspot is enabled, all 5 GHz bands are disabled. Therefore no 5 GHz WIFI Wireless Router SAR Data was required.
- 5. 5 GHz WIFI Direct GO is not supported in the 5 GHz band for this device. WIFI Direct GO is supported in the 2.4 GHz band only. The manufacturer expects 2.4 GHz WIFI Direct GO may be used in a similar manner to wireless router usage. Therefore, 2.4 GHz WIFI Direct GO was evaluated for SAR similarly to wireless router SAR procedures in FCC KDB Publication 941225.
- 6. WIFI transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.
- 7. Since the maximum extrapolated peak SAR of the zoom scan for the maximum output channel is <1.6 W/kg and the reported 1g averaged SAR is <0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on other default channels was not required.



13. FCC Multi-TX and Antenna SAR Considerations

13.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02 are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11a/b/g/n/ac and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

13.2 Simultaneous Transmission Procedures

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02 IV.C.1.iii, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific a physical test configuration is \leq 1.6 W/kg. When standalone SAR is not required to be measured, per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02 4.3.2 2), the following equation must be used to estimate the standalone 1g SAR for simultaneous transmission assessment involving that transmitter.

Estimated SAR =	Max. Tune up Power _(mW)	$\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}}$
Estimateu SAR –	Min. Test Separation Distance _(mm)	7.5

Mode	Frequency	Allo	mum wed wer	Separation Distance (Body)	Estimated SAR (Body)
	MHz	[dBm]	[mW]	[mm]	[W/kg]
Bluetooth	2480	7.90	6.17	10	0.130

Table 13.1 Estimated SAR

Note : Held-to ear configurations are not applicable to Bluetooth operations and therefore were not considered for simultaneous transmission. Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02, the maximum power of the channel was rounded to the nearest mW before calculation.

13.3 Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities

According to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds. Possible transmission paths for the DUT are shown in Figure 13.1 and are color-coded to indicate communication modes which share the same path. Modes which share the same transmission path cannot transmit simultaneously with one another.

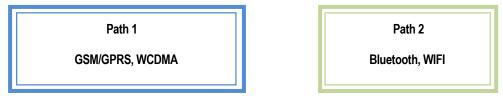


Figure 13.1 Simultaneous Transmission Paths

This device contains multiple transmitters that may operate simultaneously, and therefore requires a simultaneous transmission analysis according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02 3) procedures.



13.4 Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05, introduces a new formula for calculating the SAR to Peak Location Ratio (SPLSR) between pairs of simultaneously transmitting antennas:

 $SPLSR = (SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5} / Ri$

Where:

SAR1 is the highest measured or estimated SAR for the first of a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas, in a specific test operating mode and exposure condition

SAR2 is the highest measured or estimated SAR for the second of a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas, in the same test operating mode and exposure condition as the first

Ri is the separation distance between the pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas. When the SAR is measured, for both antennas in the pair, it is determined by the actual x, y and z coordinates in the 1-g SAR for each SAR peak location, based on the extrapolated and interpolated result in the zoom scan measurement, using the formula of

$$[(x_1-x_2)^2 + (y_1-y_2)^2 + (z_1-z_2)^2]$$

A new threshold of 0.04 is also introduced in the draft KDB. Thus, in order for a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas with the sum of 1-g SAR > 1.6 W/kg to qualify for exemption from Simultaneous Transmission SAR measurements, it has to satisfy the condition of:

 $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5} / Ri < 0.04$



		Head	Body-Worm Accessory	Hot Spot	
Ref.	Simultaneous Transmit Configurations	IEEE1528 Supp C	Supple- ment C	FCC KDB 941225 D06 Edges/sides	Note
1	GSM850 Voice + 2.4GHz WIFI	Yes	Yes	N/A	
2	PCS1900 Voice + 2.4GHz WIFI	Yes	Yes	N/A	
3	WCDMA850 Voice + 2.4GHz WIFI	Yes	Yes	Yes	
4	WCDMA1900 Voice + 2.4GHz WIFI	Yes	Yes	Yes	
5	GSM850 Voice + 5GHz WIFI	Yes	Yes	N/A	
6	PCS1900 Voice + 5GHz WIFI	Yes	Yes	N/A	
7	WCDMA850 Voice + 5GHz WIFI	Yes	Yes	N/A	
8	WCDMA1900 Voice + 5GHz WIFI	Yes	Yes	N/A	
9	GSM850 GPRS + 2.4GHz WIFI	Yes	Yes	Yes	
10	GPRS1900 GPRS + 2.4GHz WIFI	Yes	Yes	Yes	
11	GSM850 GPRS + 5GHz WIFI	Yes	Yes	N/A	
12	GPRS1900 GPRS + 5GHz WIFI	Yes	Yes	N/A	
13	GSM850 Voice + Bluetooth	N/A	Yes	N/A	
14	PCS1900 Voice + Bluetooth	N/A	Yes	N/A	
15	WCDMA850 + Bluetooth	N/A	Yes	N/A	
16	WCDMA1900 + Bluetooth	N/A	Yes	N/A	

Table 13.2 Simultaneous Transmission Scenarios

Notes:

1. 2.4 GHz WIFI is supported Hotspot and WIFI-Direct.

2. 5 GHz WIFI is not supported Hotspot and not supported WIFI-Direct.

3. WCDMA, GPRS is supported Hotspot.

4. Bluetooth and WIFI cannot transmit simultaneously since they share the same chip.

5. GSM and WCDMA cannot transmit simultaneously since they share the same chip.

6. VoIP is supported in WCDMA, GSM.

Per the manufacturer, WIFI Direct is expected to be used in conjunction with a held-to-ear or body-worn accessory voice call. Simultaneous transmission scenarios involving WIFI Direct are specified above.



13.5 Head SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Simult TX	Configuration	GSM850 SAR [W/kg]	2.4G W-LAN (802.11b) SAR [W/kg]	Σ SAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]	Simult TX	Configuration	PCS1900 SAR [W/kg]	2.4G W-LAN (802.11b) SAR [W/kg]	Σ SAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
	Right Touch	0.606	0.235	0.841	No		Right Touch	0.501	0.235	0.736	No
Head	Left Touch	0.504	0.0805	0.584	No	Head	Left Touch	0.364	0.0805	0.445	No
SAR	Right Tilt	0.419	0.149	0.568	No	SAR	Right Tilt	0.115	0.149	0.264	No
	Left Tilt	0.401	0.0548	0.456	No		Left Tilt	0.128	0.0548	0.183	No

Table 13.3 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 2.4 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

		GPRS	2.4G W-LAN		
Simult	Configuration	850	(802.11b)	ΣSAR	SPLSR
TX	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Right Touch	0.794	0.235	1.029	No
Head	Left Touch	0.695	0.0805	0.776	No
SAR	Right Tilt	0.631	0.149	0.779	No
	Left Tilt	0.607	0.0548	0.662	No

		GPRS	2.4G W-LAN		
Simult	Configuration	1900	(802.11b)	ΣSAR	SPLSR
TX	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Right Touch	0.768	0.235	1.003	No
Head	Left Touch	0.522	0.0805	0.603	No
SAR	Right Tilt	0.152	0.149	0.300	No
	Left Tilt	0.168	0.0548	0.223	No

Table 13.4 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 2.4 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

		WCDMA	2.4G W-LAN					WCDMA	2.4G W-LAN		
Simult	Configuration	850	(802.11b)	ΣSAR	SPLSR	Simult	Configuration	1900	(802.11b)	ΣSAR	SPLSR
TX	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]	TX	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]					[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Right Touch	0.386	0.235	0.621	No		Right Touch	0.780	0.235	1.015	No
Head	Left Touch	0.291	0.0805	0.372	No	Head	Left Touch	0.564	0.0805	0.644	No
SAR	Right Tilt	0.267	0.149	0.415	No	SAR	Right Tilt	0.166	0.149	0.315	No
	Left Tilt	0.267	0.0548	0.322	No		Left Tilt	0.181	0.0548	0.236	No

Table 13.5 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 2.4 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)



Simult TX	Configuration	GSM850 SAR [W/kg]	5.2G W-LAN (802.11a) SAR [W/kg]	Σ SAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]	Sir T
	Right Touch	0.606	0.106	0.712	No	
Head	Left Touch	0.504	0.124	0.628	No	He
SAR	Right Tilt	0.419	0.131	0.550	No	S
	Left Tilt	0.401	0.149	0.550	No	

Simult TX	Configuration	PCS1900 SAR [W/kg]	5.2G W-LAN (802.11a) SAR [W/kg]	Σ SAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
	Right Touch	0.501	0.106	0.607	No
Head	Left Touch	0.364	0.124	0.488	No
SAR	Right Tilt	0.115	0.131	0.246	No
	Left Tilt	0.128	0.149	0.277	No

Table 13.6 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

		GPRS	5.2G W-LAN					GPRS	5.2G W-LAN		
Simult	Configuration	850	(802.11a)	ΣSAR	SPLSR	Simult	Configuration	1900	(802.11a)	Σ SAR	SPLSR
ТХ	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]	TX	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]					[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Right Touch	0.794	0.106	0.900	No		Right Touch	0.768	0.106	0.874	No
Head	Left Touch	0.695	0.124	0.819	No	Head	Left Touch	0.522	0.124	0.646	No
SAR	Right Tilt	0.631	0.131	0.762	No	SAR	Right Tilt	0.152	0.131	0.283	No
	Left Tilt	0.607	0.149	0.756	No		Left Tilt	0.168	0.149	0.317	No

Table 13.7 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

Simult TX	Configuration	WCDMA 850 SAR [W/kg]	5.2G W-LAN (802.11a) SAR [W/kg]	Σ SAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]	Simult TX	Configuration	WCDMA 1900 SAR [W/kg]	5.2G W-LAN (802.11a) SAR [W/kg]	Σ SAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
	Right Touch	0.386	0.106	0.492	No		Right Touch	0.780	0.106	0.886	No
Head	Left Touch	0.291	0.124	0.415	No	Head	Left Touch	0.564	0.124	0.688	No
SAR	Right Tilt	0.267	0.131	0.398	No	SAR	Right Tilt	0.166	0.131	0.297	No
	Left Tilt	0.267	0.149	0.415	No		Left Tilt	0.181	0.149	0.329	No

Table 13.8 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)



		GSM	5.3G W-LAN			
Simult	Configuration	850	(802.11a)	ΣSAR	SPLSR	
ΤХ	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]	
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]			
	Right Touch	0.606	0.205	0.811	No	
Head	Left Touch	0.504	0.192	0.696	No	
SAR	Right Tilt	0.419	0.226	0.646	No	
	Left Tilt	0.401	0.242	0.643	No	

		PCS	5.3G W-LAN		
Simult	Confermation	1900	(802.11a)	Σ SAR	SPLSR
TX	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg] [W/			
	Right Touch	0.501	0.205	0.706	No
Head	Left Touch	0.364	0.192	0.557	No
SAR	Right Tilt	0.115	0.226	0.342	No
	Left Tilt	0.128	0.242	0.370	No

Table 13.9 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

		GPRS	5.3G W-LAN					GPRS	5.2G W-LAN		
Simult	Configuration	850	(802.11a)	ΣSAR	SPLSR	Simult	Configuration	1900	(802.11a)	Σ SAR	SPLSR
ТХ	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]	TX	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]					[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Right Touch	0.794	0.205	0.999	No		Right Touch	0.768	0.205	0.973	No
Head	Left Touch	0.695	0.192	0.887	No	Head	Left Touch	0.522	0.192	0.715	No
SAR	Right Tilt	0.631	0.226	0.857	No	SAR	Right Tilt	0.152	0.226	0.378	No
	Left Tilt	0.607	0.242	0.850	No		Left Tilt	0.168	0.242	0.411	No

Table 13.10 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

Simult	Configuration	WCDMA 850	5.3G W-LAN (802.11a)	ΣSAR	SPLSR	Simult	Configuration	WCDMA 1900	5.3G W-LAN (802.11a)	ΣSAR	SPLSR
TX		SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]	TX		SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]					[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Right Touch	0.386	0.205	0.591	No		Right Touch	0.780	0.205	0.985	No
Head	Left Touch	0.291	0.192	0.484	No	Head	Left Touch	0.564	0.192	0.756	No
SAR	Right Tilt	0.267	0.226	0.493	No	SAR	Right Tilt	0.166	0.226	0.393	No
	Left Tilt	0.267	0.242	0.509	No		Left Tilt	0.181	0.242	0.423	No

Table 13.11 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)



Simult TX	Configuration	GSM850 SAR [W/kg]	5.5G W-LAN (802.11a) SAR [W/kg]	Σ SAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]	
	Right Touch	0.606	0.257	0.863	No	
Head	Left Touch	0.504	0.318	0.822	No	
SAR	Right Tilt	0.419	0.339	0.758	No	
	Left Tilt	0.401	0.327	0.728	No	

Simult TX	Configuration	PCS1900 SAR [W/kg]	5.5G W-LAN (802.11a) SAR [W/kg]	Σ SAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
	Right Touch	0.501	0.257	0.758	No
Head	Left Touch	0.364	0.318	0.682	No
SAR	Right Tilt	0.115	0.339	0.454	No
	Left Tilt	0.128	0.327	0.455	No

Table 13.12 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

		GPRS	5.5G W-LAN					GPRS	5.5G W-LAN		
Simult	Configuration	850	(802.11a)	ΣSAR	SPLSR	Simult	Configuration	1900	(802.11a)	ΣSAR	SPLSR
ТХ	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]	TX	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]					[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Right Touch	0.794	0.257	1.051	No		Right Touch	0.768	0.257	1.025	No
Head	Left Touch	0.695	0.318	1.013	No	Head	Left Touch	0.522	0.318	0.840	No
SAR	Right Tilt	0.631	0.339	0.969	No	SAR	Right Tilt	0.152	0.339	0.490	No
	Left Tilt	0.607	0.327	0.934	No		Left Tilt	0.168	0.327	0.495	No

Table 13.13 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

Simult TX	Configuration	WCDMA 850 SAR [W/kg]	5.5G W-LAN (802.11a) SAR [W/kg]	Σ SAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]	Simult TX	Configuration	WCDMA 1900 SAR [W/kg]	5.5G W-LAN (802.11a) SAR [W/kg]	Σ SAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
	Right Touch	0.386	0.257	0.643	No		Right Touch	0.780	0.257	1.038	No
Head	Left Touch	0.291	0.318	0.609	No	Head	Left Touch	0.564	0.318	0.882	No
SAR	Right Tilt	0.267	0.339	0.606	No	SAR	Right Tilt	0.166	0.339	0.505	No
	Left Tilt	0.267	0.327	0.594	No		Left Tilt	0.181	0.327	0.508	No

Table 13.14 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)



Simult TX	Configuration	GSM850 SAR [W/kg]	5.2G W-LAN (802.11n) SAR [W/kg]	Σ SAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]	
	Right Touch	0.606	0.123	0.729	No	
Head	Left Touch	0.504	0.133	0.637	No	
SAR	Right Tilt	0.419	0.145	0.564	No	
	Left Tilt	0.401	0.133	0.534	No	

Simult TX	Configuration	PCS1900 SAR [W/kg]	5.2G W-LAN (802.11n) SAR [W/kg]	Σ SAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
	Right Touch	0.501	0.123	0.624	No
Head	Left Touch	0.364	0.133	0.498	No
SAR	Right Tilt	0.115	0.145	0.260	No
	Left Tilt	0.128	0.133	0.262	No

Table 13.15 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

		GPRS	5.2G W-LAN					GPRS	5.2G W-LAN		
Simult	Configuration	850	(802.11n)	ΣSAR	SPLSR	Simult	Configuration	1900	(802.11n)	Σ SAR	SPLSR
ТХ	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]	TX	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]					[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Right Touch	0.794	0.123	0.917	No		Right Touch	0.768	0.123	0.891	No
Head	Left Touch	0.695	0.133	0.828	No	Head	Left Touch	0.522	0.133	0.656	No
SAR	Right Tilt	0.631	0.145	0.775	No	SAR	Right Tilt	0.152	0.145	0.296	No
	Left Tilt	0.607	0.133	0.741	No		Left Tilt	0.168	0.133	0.302	No

Table 13.16 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

		WCDMA	5.2G W-LAN					WCDMA	5.2G W-LAN		
Simult	Confermation	850	(802.11n)	ΣSAR	SPLSR	Simult	Confermation	1900	(802.11n)	Σ SAR	SPLSR
TX	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]	ΤX	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]					[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Right Touch	0.386	0.123	0.509	No		Right Touch	0.780	0.123	0.904	No
Head	Left Touch	0.291	0.133	0.425	No	Head	Left Touch	0.564	0.133	0.697	No
SAR	Right Tilt	0.267	0.145	0.412	No	SAR	Right Tilt	0.166	0.145	0.311	No
	Left Tilt	0.267	0.133	0.400	No		Left Tilt	0.181	0.133	0.314	No

Table 13.17 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)



		GSM	5.3G W-LAN			
Simult	Configuration	850	(802.11n)	ΣSAR	SPLSR	
ТΧ	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]	
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]			
	Right Touch	0.606	0.296	0.902	No	
Head	Left Touch	0.504	0.184	0.688	No	
SAR	Right Tilt	0.419	0.247	0.666	No	
	Left Tilt	0.401	0.104	0.505	No	

		PCS	5.3G W-LAN		
Simult	Confermation	1900	(802.11n)	Σ SAR	SPLSR
ТΧ	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Right Touch	0.501	0.296	0.797	No
Head	Left Touch	0.364	0.184	0.549	No
SAR	Right Tilt	0.115	0.247	0.362	No
	Left Tilt	0.128	0.104	0.232	No

Table 13.18 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

		GPRS	5.3G W-LAN					GPRS	5.3G W-LAN		
Simult	Configuration	850	(802.11n)	ΣSAR	SPLSR	Simult	Configuration	1900	(802.11n)	Σ SAR	SPLSR
ТХ	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]	ТХ	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]					[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Right Touch	0.794	0.296	1.090	No		Right Touch	0.768	0.296	1.064	No
Head	Left Touch	0.695	0.184	0.880	No	Head	Left Touch	0.522	0.184	0.707	No
SAR	Right Tilt	0.631	0.247	0.878	No	SAR	Right Tilt	0.152	0.247	0.398	No
	Left Tilt	0.607	0.104	0.711	No		Left Tilt	0.168	0.104	0.272	No

Table 13.19 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

		WCDMA	5.3G W-LAN					WCDMA	5.3G W-LAN		
Simult	Configuration	850	(802.11n)	ΣSAR	SPLSR	Simult	Conferration	1900	(802.11n)	ΣSAR	SPLSR
TX	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]	TX	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]					[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Right Touch	0.386	0.296	0.682	No		Right Touch	0.780	0.296	1.077	No
Head	Left Touch	0.291	0.184	0.476	No	Head	Left Touch	0.564	0.184	0.748	No
SAR	Right Tilt	0.267	0.247	0.514	No	SAR	Right Tilt	0.166	0.247	0.413	No
	Left Tilt	0.267	0.104	0.371	No		Left Tilt	0.181	0.104	0.285	No

Table 13.20 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)



Simult TX	Configuration	GSM850 SAR [W/kg]	5.5G W-LAN (802.11n) SAR [W/kg]	Σ SAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]	
	Right Touch	0.606	0.484	1.090	No	
Head	Left Touch	0.504	0.362	0.866	No	
SAR	Right Tilt	0.419	0.416	0.836	No	
	Left Tilt	0.401	0.375	0.776	No	

Simult TX	Configuration	PCS1900 SAR [W/kg]	5.5G W-LAN (802.11n) SAR [W/kg]	Σ SAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
	Right Touch	0.501	0.484	0.985	No
Head	Left Touch	0.364	0.362	0.726	No
SAR	Right Tilt	0.115	0.416	0.532	No
	Left Tilt	0.128	0.375	0.503	No

Table 13.21 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

		GPRS	5.5G W-LAN					GPRS	5.5G W-LAN		
Simult	Configuration	850	(802.11n)	ΣSAR	SPLSR	Simul		1900	(802.11n)	Σ SAR	SPLSR
ТХ	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]	TX	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]					[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Right Touch	0.794	0.484	<u>1.278</u>	No		Right Touch	0.768	0.484	1.252	No
Head	Left Touch	0.695	0.362	1.057	No	Head	Left Touch	0.522	0.362	0.884	No
SAR	Right Tilt	0.631	0.416	1.047	No	SAR	Right Tilt	0.152	0.416	0.568	No
	Left Tilt	0.607	0.375	0.982	No		Left Tilt	0.168	0.375	0.543	No

Table 13.22 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

		WCDMA	5.5G W-LAN					WCDMA	5.5G W-LAN		
Simult	Configuration	850	(802.11n)	ΣSAR	SPLSR	Simult	Configuration	1900	(802.11n)	ΣSAR	SPLSR
TX	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]	ТХ	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]					[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Right Touch	0.386	0.484	0.870	No		Right Touch	0.780	0.484	1.264	No
Head	Left Touch	0.291	0.362	0.653	No	Head	Left Touch	0.564	0.362	0.926	No
SAR	Right Tilt	0.267	0.416	0.683	No	SAR	Right Tilt	0.166	0.416	0.583	No
	Left Tilt	0.267	0.375	0.642	No		Left Tilt	0.181	0.375	0.555	No

Table 13.23 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)



Simult TX	Configuration	GSM850 SAR [W/kg]	5.2G W-LAN (802.11ac) SAR [W/kg]	Σ SAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]	
	Right Touch	0.606	0.146	0.752	No	
Head	Left Touch	0.504	0.138	0.642	No	
SAR	Right Tilt	0.419	0.136	0.555	No	
	Left Tilt	0.401	0.169	0.570	No	

Simult TX	Configuration	PCS1900 SAR [W/kg]	5.2G W-LAN (802.11ac) SAR [W/kg]	Σ SAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
	Right Touch	0.501	0.146	0.647	No
Head	Left Touch	0.364	0.138	0.503	No
SAR	Right Tilt	0.115	0.136	0.252	No
	Left Tilt	0.128	0.169	0.297	No

Table 13.24 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

		GPRS	5.2G W-LAN						GPRS	5.2G W-LAN		
Simult	Configuration	850	(802.11ac)	ΣSAR	SPLSR	Sir	nult	Configuration	1900	(802.11ac)	ΣSAR	SPLSR
ТХ	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]	Т	Х	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]						[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Right Touch	0.794	0.146	0.940	No			Right Touch	0.768	0.146	0.914	No
Head	Left Touch	0.695	0.138	0.833	No	He	ead	Left Touch	0.522	0.138	0.661	No
SAR	Right Tilt	0.631	0.136	0.767	No	S	AR	Right Tilt	0.152	0.136	0.288	No
	Left Tilt	0.607	0.169	0.776	No			Left Tilt	0.168	0.169	0.337	No

Table 13.25 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

Simult TX	Configuration	WCDMA 850 SAR [W/kg]	5.2G W-LAN (802.11ac) SAR [W/kg]	Σ SAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]	Simult TX	Configuration	WCDMA 1900 SAR [W/kg]	5.2G W-LAN (802.11ac) SAR [W/kg]	Σ SAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
	Right Touch	0.386	0.146	0.532	No		Right Touch	0.780	0.146	0.926	No
Head	Left Touch	0.291	0.138	0.430	No	Head	Left Touch	0.564	0.138	0.702	No
SAR	Right Tilt	0.267	0.136	0.403	No	SAR	Right Tilt	0.166	0.136	0.303	No
	Left Tilt	0.267	0.169	0.436	No		Left Tilt	0.181	0.169	0.350	No

Table 13.26 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)



		GSM	5.3G W-LAN			
Simult	Configuration	850	(802.11ac)	ΣSAR	SPLSR	
ТΧ	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]	
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]			
	Right Touch	0.606	0.194	0.800	No	
Head	Left Touch	0.504	0.202	0.706	No	
SAR	Right Tilt	0.419	0.214	0.633	No	
	Left Tilt	0.401	0.215	0.616	No	

		PCS	5.3G W-LAN		
Simult	Confermation	1900	(802.11ac)	Σ SAR	SPLSR
TX	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Right Touch	0.501	0.194	0.695	No
Head	Left Touch	0.364	0.202	0.567	No
SAR	Right Tilt	0.115	0.214	0.329	No
	Left Tilt	0.128	0.215	0.343	No

Table 13.27 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

		GPRS	5.3G W-LAN					GPRS	5.3G W-LAN		
Simult	t Configuration	850	(802.11ac)	ΣSAR	SPLSR	Simult	Configuration	1900	(802.11ac)	Σ SAR	SPLSR
ТХ		SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]	ТХ		SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]					[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Right Touch	0.794	0.194	0.988	No		Right Touch	0.768	0.194	0.962	No
Head	Left Touch	0.695	0.202	0.897	No	Head	Left Touch	0.522	0.202	0.725	No
SAR	Right Tilt	0.631	0.214	0.844	No	SAR	Right Tilt	0.152	0.214	0.365	No
	Left Tilt	0.607	0.215	0.822	No		Left Tilt	0.168	0.215	0.383	No

Table 13.28 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

Simult TX	Configuration	WCDMA 850 SAR [W/kg]	5.3G W-LAN (802.11ac) SAR [W/kg]	Σ SAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]	Simult TX	Configuration	WCDMA 1900 SAR [W/kg]	5.3G W-LAN (802.11ac) SAR [W/kg]	Σ SAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
	Right Touch	0.386	0.194	0.580	No		Right Touch	0.780	0.194	0.974	No
Head	Left Touch	0.291	0.202	0.494	No	Head	Left Touch	0.564	0.202	0.766	No
SAR	Right Tilt	0.267	0.214	0.481	No	SAR	Right Tilt	0.166	0.214	0.380	No
	Left Tilt	0.267	0.215	0.482	No		Left Tilt	0.181	0.215	0.396	No

Table 13.29 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)



Simult TX	Configuration	GSM850 SAR [W/kg]	5.5G W-LAN (802.11ac) SAR [W/kg]	Σ SAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]	
	Right Touch	0.606	0.372	0.978	No	
Head	Left Touch	0.504	0.270	0.774	No	
SAR	Right Tilt	0.419	0.295	0.714	No	
	Left Tilt	0.401	0.285	0.686	No	

Simult TX	Configuration	PCS1900 SAR [W/kg]	5.5G W-LAN (802.11ac) SAR [W/kg]	Σ SAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
	Right Touch	0.501	0.372	0.873	No
Head	Left Touch	0.364	0.270	0.634	No
SAR	Right Tilt	0.115	0.295	0.410	No
	Left Tilt	0.128	0.285	0.414	No

Table 13.30 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

		GPRS	5.5G W-LAN					GPRS	5.5G W-LAN		
Simult	Configuration	850	(802.11ac)	ΣSAR	SPLSR	Simult	Configuration	1900	(802.11ac)	ΣSAR	SPLSR
ТХ		SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]	TX		SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]					[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Right Touch	0.794	0.372	1.166	No		Right Touch	0.768	0.372	1.140	No
Head	Left Touch	0.695	0.270	0.965	No	Head	Left Touch	0.522	0.270	0.792	No
SAR	Right Tilt	0.631	0.295	0.926	No	SAR	Right Tilt	0.152	0.295	0.447	No
	Left Tilt	0.607	0.285	0.893	No		Left Tilt	0.168	0.285	0.454	No

Table 13.31 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

Simult TX	Configuration	WCDMA 850 SAR [W/kg]	5.5G W-LAN (802.11ac) SAR [W/kg]	Σ SAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]	Sim T)		Configuration	WCDMA 1900 SAR [W/kg]	5.5G W-LAN (802.11ac) SAR [W/kg]	Σ SAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
	Right Touch	0.386	0.372	0.758	No			Right Touch	0.780	0.372	1.152	No
Head	Left Touch	0.291	0.270	0.561	No	Hea	ad	Left Touch	0.564	0.270	0.833	No
SAR	Right Tilt	0.267	0.295	0.562	No	SA	R	Right Tilt	0.166	0.295	0.461	No
	Left Tilt	0.267	0.285	0.552	No		Ī	Left Tilt	0.181	0.285	0.466	No

Table 13.32 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)



13.6 Body-Worn Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Configuration	Mode	2G/3G SAR [W/kg]	2.4G W-LAN (802.11b) SAR [W/kg]	ΣSAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
Front Side	GSM 850	0.621	0.0369	0.658	No
Rear Side	GSM 850	0.730	0.274	1.004	No
Front Side	GPRS 850	0.742	0.0369	0.779	No
Rear Side	GPRS 850	0.994	0.274	1.268	No
Front Side	PCS 1900	0.385	0.0369	0.421	No
Rear Side	PCS 1900	0.401	0.274	0.675	No
Front Side	GPRS 1900	0.481	0.0369	0.518	No
Rear Side	GPRS 1900	0.602	0.274	0.876	No
Front Side	WCDMA 850	0.470	0.0369	0.507	No
Rear Side	WCDMA 850	0.497	0.274	0.771	No
Front Side	WCDMA 1900	0.516	0.0369	0.553	No
Rear Side	WCDMA 1900	0.539	0.274	0.813	No

Table 13.33 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 2.4 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Configuration	Mode	2G/3G SAR [W/kg]	5.2G W-LAN (802.11a) SAR [W/kg]	ΣSAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
Front Side	GSM 850	0.621	0.0468	0.668	No
Rear Side	GSM 850	0.730	0.258	0.988	No
Front Side	GPRS 850	0.742	0.0468	0.789	No
Rear Side	GPRS 850	0.994	0.258	1.253	No
Front Side	PCS 1900	0.385	0.0468	0.431	No
Rear Side	PCS 1900	0.401	0.258	0.660	No
Front Side	GPRS 1900	0.481	0.0468	0.528	No
Rear Side	GPRS 1900	0.602	0.258	0.860	No
Front Side	WCDMA 850	0.470	0.0468	0.517	No
Rear Side	WCDMA 850	0.497	0.258	0.755	No
Front Side	WCDMA 1900	0.516	0.0468	0.563	No
Rear Side	WCDMA 1900	0.539	0.258	0.798	No

Table 13.34 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)



Configuration	Mode	2G/3G SAR [W/kg]	5.3G W-LAN (802.11a) SAR [W/kg]	ΣSAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
Front Side	GSM 850	0.621 0.0537 0.675		0.675	No
Rear Side	GSM 850	0.730	0.352	1.081	No
Front Side	Front Side GPRS 850 0.742		0.0537	0.795	No
Rear Side	GPRS 850	0.994	0.352	1.346	No
Front Side	Side PCS 1900	0.385	0.0537	0.438	No
Rear Side	PCS 1900	0.401	0.352	0.753	No
Front Side	GPRS 1900	0.481	0.0537	0.535	No
Rear Side	GPRS 1900	0.602	0.352	0.954	No
Front Side	WCDMA 850	0.470	0.0537	0.524	No
Rear Side	WCDMA 850	0.497	0.352	0.848	No
Front Side	WCDMA 1900	0.516	0.0537	0.570	No
Rear Side	WCDMA 1900	0.539	0.352	0.891	No

Table 13.35 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Configuration	Mode	2G/3G SAR [W/kg]	5.5G W-LAN (802.11a) SAR [W/kg]	ΣSAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
Front Side	GSM 850	0.621	0.0928	0.714	No
Rear Side	GSM 850	0.730	0.424	1.153	No
Front Side	GPRS 850	0.742	0.0928	0.835	No
Rear Side	GPRS 850	0.994	0.424	1.418	No
Front Side	PCS 1900	0.385	0.0928	0.477	No
Rear Side	PCS 1900	0.401	0.424	0.825	No
Front Side	GPRS 1900	0.481	0.0928	0.574	No
Rear Side	GPRS 1900	0.602	0.424	1.026	No
Front Side	WCDMA 850	0.470	0.0928	0.563	No
Rear Side	WCDMA 850	0.497	0.424	0.921	No
Front Side	WCDMA 1900	0.516	0.0928	0.609	No
Rear Side	WCDMA 1900	0.539	0.424	0.963	No

Table 13.36 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)



Configuration	Mode	2G/3G SAR [W/kg]	5.2G W-LAN (802.11n) SAR [W/kg]	ΣSAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
Front Side	GSM 850	0.621	0.0354	0.656	No
Rear Side	GSM 850	0.730	0.224	0.954	No
Front Side	GPRS 850	0.742	0.0354	0.777	No
Rear Side	GPRS 850	0.994	0.224	1.219	No
Front Side	PCS 1900	0.385	0.0354	0.420	No
Rear Side	PCS 1900	0.401	0.224	0.626	No
Front Side	GPRS 1900	0.481	0.0354	0.517	No
Rear Side	GPRS 1900	0.602	0.224	0.826	No
Front Side	WCDMA 850	0.470	0.0354	0.506	No
Rear Side	WCDMA 850	0.497	0.224	0.721	No
Front Side	WCDMA 1900	0.516	0.0354	0.551	No
Rear Side	WCDMA 1900	0.539	0.224	0.764	No

Table 13.37 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Configuration	Mode	2G/3G SAR [W/kg]	5.3G W-LAN (802.11n) SAR [W/kg]	ΣSAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
Front Side	GSM 850	0.621	0.0742	0.695	No
Rear Side	GSM 850	0.730	0.423	1.152	No
Front Side	GPRS 850	0.742	0.0742	0.816	No
Rear Side	GPRS 850	0.994	0.423	1.417	No
Front Side	PCS 1900	0.385	0.0742	0.459	No
Rear Side	PCS 1900	0.401	0.423	0.824	No
Front Side	GPRS 1900	0.481	0.0742	0.556	No
Rear Side	GPRS 1900	0.602	0.423	1.025	No
Front Side	WCDMA 850	0.470	0.0742	0.545	No
Rear Side	WCDMA 850	0.497	0.423	0.919	No
Front Side	WCDMA 1900	0.516	0.0742	0.590	No
Rear Side	WCDMA 1900	0.539	0.423	0.962	No

Table 13.38 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)



Configuration	Mode	2G/3G SAR [W/kg]	5.5G W-LAN (802.11n) SAR [W/kg]	ΣSAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
Front Side	GSM 850	0.621	0.120	0.741	No
Rear Side	GSM 850	0.730	0.439	1.169	No
Front Side	Front Side GPRS 850		0.120	0.862	No
Rear Side	GPRS 850	0.994	0.439	<u>1.433</u>	No
Front Side	PCS 1900	0.385	0.120	0.505	No
Rear Side	PCS 1900	0.401	0.439	0.841	No
Front Side	GPRS 1900	0.481	0.120	0.602	No
Rear Side	GPRS 1900	0.602	0.439	1.041	No
Front Side	WCDMA 850	0.470	0.120	0.591	No
Rear Side	WCDMA 850	0.497	0.439	0.936	No
Front Side	WCDMA 1900	0.516	0.120	0.636	No
Rear Side	WCDMA 1900	0.539	0.439	0.979	No

Table 13.39 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Configuration	Mode	2G/3G SAR [W/kg]	5.2G W-LAN (802.11ac) SAR [W/kg]	ΣSAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
Front Side	GSM 850	0.621	0.0547	0.676	No
Rear Side	GSM 850	0.730	0.277	1.007	No
Front Side	GPRS 850	0.742	0.0547	0.796	No
Rear Side	GPRS 850	0.994	0.277	1.272	No
Front Side	PCS 1900	0.385	0.0547	0.439	No
Rear Side	PCS 1900	0.401	0.277	0.679	No
Front Side	GPRS 1900	0.481	0.0547	0.536	No
Rear Side	GPRS 1900	0.602	0.277	0.879	No
Front Side	WCDMA 850	0.470	0.0547	0.525	No
Rear Side	WCDMA 850	0.497	0.277	0.774	No
Front Side	WCDMA 1900	0.516	0.0547	0.571	No
Rear Side	WCDMA 1900	0.539	0.277	0.817	No

Table 13.40 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)



Configuration	Mode	2G/3G SAR [W/kg]	5.3G W-LAN (802.11ac) SAR [W/kg]	ΣSAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
Front Side	GSM 850	0.621	0.0598	0.681	No
Rear Side	GSM 850	0.730	0.327	1.057	No
Front Side	GPRS 850	0.742	0.0598	0.802	No
Rear Side	GPRS 850	0.994	0.327	1.321	No
Front Side	PCS 1900	0.385	0.0598	0.444	No
Rear Side	PCS 1900	0.401	0.327	0.728	No
Front Side	GPRS 1900	0.481	0.0598	0.541	No
Rear Side	GPRS 1900	0.602	0.327	0.929	No
Front Side	WCDMA 850	0.470	0.0598	0.530	No
Rear Side	WCDMA 850	0.497	0.327	0.824	No
Front Side	WCDMA 1900	0.516	0.0598	0.576	No
Rear Side	WCDMA 1900	0.539	0.327	0.866	No

Table 13.41 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Configuration	Mode	2G/3G SAR [W/kg]	5.5G W-LAN (802.11ac) SAR [W/kg]	ΣSAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
Front Side	GSM 850	0.621	0.0937	0.715	No
Rear Side	GSM 850	0.730	0.327	1.057	No
Front Side	Front Side GPRS 850		0.0937	0.835	No
Rear Side	GPRS 850	0.994	0.327	1.322	No
Front Side	PCS 1900	0.385	0.0937	0.478	No
Rear Side	PCS 1900	0.401	0.327	0.729	No
Front Side	GPRS 1900	0.481	0.0937	0.575	No
Rear Side	GPRS 1900	0.602	0.327	0.929	No
Front Side	WCDMA 850	0.470	0.0937	0.564	No
Rear Side	WCDMA 850	0.497	0.327	0.824	No
Front Side	WCDMA 1900	0.516	0.0937	0.610	No
Rear Side	WCDMA 1900	0.539	0.327	0.867	No

Table 13.42 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)



Configuration	Mode	2G/3G SAR [W/kg]	Bluetooth SAR [W/kg]	ΣSAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
Front Side	GSM 850	0.621	0.130	0.751	No
Rear Side	GSM 850	0.730	0.130	0.860	No
Front Side	GPRS 850	0.742	0.130	0.872	No
Rear Side	GPRS 850	0.994	0.130	1.124	No
Front Side	PCS 1900	0.385	0.130	0.515	No
Rear Side	PCS 1900	0.401	0.130	0.531	No
Front Side	GPRS 1900	0.481	0.130	0.611	No
Rear Side	GPRS 1900	0.602	0.130	0.732	No
Front Side	WCDMA 850	0.470	0.130	0.600	No
Rear Side	WCDMA 850	0.497	0.130	0.627	No
Front Side	WCDMA 1900	0.516	0.130	0.646	No
Rear Side	WCDMA 1900	0.539	0.130	0.669	No

Table 13.43 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with Bluetooth (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Note: Bluetooth SAR was not required to be measured per FCC KDB 447498. Estimated SAR results were used in the above table to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.



13.7 Hotspot SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v01r01, the device edges with antennas more than 2.5 cm from edge are not required to be evaluated for SAR ("-").

Simult TX	Configuration	GPRS 850 SAR [W/kg]	2.4G W-LAN (802.11b) SAR [W/kg]	Σ SAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]	Simult TX	Configuration	GPRS 1900 SAR [W/kg]	2.4G W-LAN (802.11b) SAR [W/kg]	Σ SAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
	Тор	-	0.0283	0.0283	No		Тор	-	0.0283	0.0283	No
	Bottom	0.181	-	0.181	No		Bottom	0.235	-	0.235	No
Body	Front	0.742	0.0369	0.779	No	Body	Front	0.481	0.0369	0.518	No
SAR	Rear	0.994	0.274	<u>1.268</u>	No	SAR	Rear	0.602	0.274	0.876	No
	Right	0.532	-	0.532	No		Right	0.228	-	0.228	No
	Left	-	0.203	0.203	No		Left	-	0.203	0.203	No

Table 13.44 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario (Hotspot at 10 mm)

Simult TX	Configuration	WCDMA 850 SAR [W/kg]	2.4G W-LAN (802.11b) SAR [W/kg]	Σ SAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]	Simult TX	Configuration	WCDMA 1900 SAR [W/kg]	2.4G W-LAN (802.11b) SAR [W/kg]	Σ SAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
	Тор	-	0.0283	0.0283	No		Тор	-	0.0283	0.0283	No
	Bottom	0.0782	-	0.0782	No		Bottom	0.306	-	0.306	No
Body	Front	0.470	0.0369	0.507	No	Body	Front	0.516	0.0369	0.553	No
SAR	Rear	0.497	0.274	0.771	No	SAR	Rear	0.539	0.274	0.813	No
	Right	0.378	-	0.378	No		Right	0.245	-	0.245	No
	Left	-	0.203	0.203	No		Left	-	0.203	0.203	No

Table 13.45 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario (Hotspot at 10 mm)



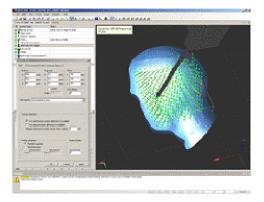
Description of Volume Scan:

In order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, volume scans are required. In free space, these assessments can help to gain more information on the performance of the DUT(e.g., to determine the degree of symmetry of the filed radiated from a horn antenna).

For dosimetric application, it is necessary to assess the peak spatial SAR value averaged over a volume. For this purpose, fine resolution volume scans need to be performed at the peak SAR location(s) determined during the Area Scan. In DASY5 software these scans are called Zoom Scan jobs. The default Zoom Scan measures 7 x 7 x 7 points with a step size of 5 mm. Faster evaluations can be achieved with a reduced number of measurement points. For example, a Zoom Scan with a grid step size in x- and y-directions of 7.5 mm (5 x 5 x 7cube configuration) reduces the measurement time to almost half with only 1-2% difference in SAR reading compared to the fine-resolution 7 x 7 x 7 scan.

For SAR evaluations with larger spatial extensions (e.g., within a complete phantom head section)a Volume Scan job should be used.

The Volume Scan job is compatible with DASY5 SAR, PRO and NEO system levels. Volume Scans are used to assess peak SAR and averaged SAR measurement in largely extended 3-dimensional volumes within any phantom. This measurement does not need any previous area scan. The grid can be anchored to a user specific point or to the current probe location With an Administrator access mode, the grid can be optionally graded in Z-direction, whereby the smallest grid step and the grading ratio can be defined. Chosen grading ratio is automatically adjusted so that the desired extent in Z-direction is fully covered.



Under the Report page, the quantity to be evaluated for an instant report may be selected.



SAR Assessment:

Alternative 1

- Evaluation Method
 - Maximum summed SAR Value
- Description
 - Easiest and most conservative method to determine the upper limit of multi-band SAR
- Example
 - F1's SAR Value is 0.9
 - F2's SAR Value is 1.3
 - Multi-band SAR Value is 0.9 + 1.3 = 2.2

Alternative 2

- Evaluation Method
 - Selection of highest assessed maximum SAR Value
- Description
 - Accurate estimate of the multi-band SAR
- Example
 - F1's SAR Value is 0.9
 - F2's SAR Value is 1.3
 - Multi-band SAR Value is 1.3

Alternative 3

- Evaluation Method
 - Combining existing Area and Zoom Scan results by Post-Processor
- Description
 - Rapid way of obtaining the multi-band SAR. It is always applicable.
- Example
 - F1's SAR Value is 0.9
 - F2's SAR Value is 1.3
 - Combining results by Post-Processor

Alternative 4

- Evaluation Method
 - Combining existing Area and Zoom Scan results by Post-Processor
- Description
 - The most accurate way of assessing the multi-band SAR and always
- Example
 - F1's SAR Value is 0.9
 - F2's SAR Value is 1.3
 - Combining results by Post-Processor





14. SAR Measurement Variability

14.1 Measurement Variability

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r03, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which was determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media were required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures were applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium.

These additional measurements were repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device was returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it was re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR Measurement Variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:

- 1. When the original highest measured SAR is \geq 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
- A second repeated measurement was preformed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.
- 4. Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg.

Freque	ency	Mode	Service	# of Time Slots	Spacing [Side]	[Side]		Ratio	2nd Repeated SAR(1g)	Ratio	3rd Repeated SAR(1g)	Ratio
MHz	Ch			01013		[W/kg]	[W/kg]		[W/kg]		[W/kg]	
848.8	251	GSM850	GPRS	2	10 mm [Rear]	0.994	0.970	1.02	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General population Exposure							Body 1.6 W/kg(mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					

Table 14.1 Body SAR Measurement Variability Results

14.2 Measurement Uncertainty

The measured SAR was <1.5 W/kg for all frequency bands. Therefore, per KDB Publication 865664D01v01r03, the standard measurement uncertainty analysis per IEEE 1528-2003 was not required.



15. IEEE P1528 - Measurement uncertainties

Expanded uncertainties stated are calculated with a coverage Factor k=2. Please note that these results are not taken into account when determining compliance or non-compliance with test result.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1g)	Standard uncertainty ±%,(1g)	vi or veff
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	± 6.0	Ν	1	1	± 6.0	œ
Axial Isotropy	± 4.7	R	√3	0.7	± 1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	± 9.6	R	√3	0.7	± 3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	∞
Linearity	± 4.7	R	√3	1	± 2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	± 0.3	Ν	1	1	± 0.3	∞
Response Time	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	∞
Integration Time	± 2.6	R	√3	1	± 1.5	∞
RF Ambient Noise	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	± 0.4	R	√3	1	± 0.2	∞
Probe Positioning	± 2.9	R	√3	1	± 1.7	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	∞
Test sample related						
Device Positioning	± 2.9	Ν	1	1	± 2.9	145
Device Holder	± 3.6	Ν	1	1	± 3.6	5
Power Drift	± 5.0	R	√3	1	± 2.9	œ
Phantom and set-up						
Phantom Uncertainty	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	∞
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.64	± 1.8	8
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 2.5	R	1	0.64	± 1.6	8
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.6	± 1.7	8
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 0.5	R	1	0.6	± 0.3	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty					± 11.0	387
Expanded uncertainty (95% confidence interval)					± 22.0	



Error Description	Uncertainty Value ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1g)	Standard uncertainty ±%,(1g)	vi or veff
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	± 6.0	Ν	1	1	± 6.0	8
Axial Isotropy	± 4.7	R	√3	0.7	± 1.9	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	± 9.6	R	√3	0.7	± 3.9	8
Boundary Effect	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	8
Linearity	± 4.7	R	√3	1	± 2.7	8
System Detection Limits	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	8
Readout Electronics	± 0.3	Ν	1	1	± 0.3	8
Response Time	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	8
Integration Time	± 2.6	R	√3	1	± 1.5	8
RF Ambient Noise	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
RF Ambient Reflections	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
Probe Positioner	± 0.4	R	√3	1	± 0.2	8
Probe Positioning	± 2.9	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
Max. SAR Eval.	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	8
Test sample related						
Device Positioning	± 2.9	Ν	1	1	± 2.9	145
Device Holder	± 3.6	Ν	1	1	± 3.6	5
Power Drift	± 5.0	R	√3	1	± 2.9	8
Phantom and set-up						
Phantom Uncertainty	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	8
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.64	± 1.8	8
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 2.1	R	1	0.64	± 1.3	8
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.6	± 1.7	8
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 3.2	R	1	0.6	± 1.9	8
Combined Std. Uncertainty					± 12.4	387
Expanded uncertainty (95% confidence interval)					± 24.8	



Error Description	Uncertainty Value ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1g)	Standard uncertainty ±%,(1g)	vi or veff
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	± 6.0	Ν	1	1	± 6.0	∞
Axial Isotropy	± 4.7	R	√3	0.7	± 1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	± 9.6	R	√3	0.7	± 3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	∞
Linearity	± 4.7	R	√3	1	± 2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	± 0.3	Ν	1	1	± 0.3	∞
Response Time	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	∞
Integration Time	± 2.6	R	√3	1	± 1.5	∞
RF Ambient Noise	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
Probe Positioner	± 0.4	R	√3	1	± 0.2	8
Probe Positioning	± 2.9	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
Max. SAR Eval.	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	8
Test sample related						
Device Positioning	± 2.9	Ν	1	1	± 2.9	145
Device Holder	± 3.6	Ν	1	1	± 3.6	5
Power Drift	± 5.0	R	√3	1	± 2.9	∞
Phantom and set-up						
Phantom Uncertainty	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	8
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.64	± 1.8	œ
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 3.5	R	1	0.64	± 2.2	œ
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.6	± 1.7	œ
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 0.9	R	1	0.6	± 0.5	œ
Combined Std. Uncertainty					± 11.9	387
Expanded uncertainty (95% confidence interval)					± 23.8	



Error Description	Uncertainty Value ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1g)	Standard uncertainty ±%,(1g)	vi or veff
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	± 6.0	Ν	1	1	± 6.0	∞
Axial Isotropy	± 4.7	R	√3	0.7	± 1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	± 9.6	R	√3	0.7	± 3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	∞
Linearity	± 4.7	R	√3	1	± 2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	± 0.3	Ν	1	1	± 0.3	∞
Response Time	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	∞
Integration Time	± 2.6	R	√3	1	± 1.5	∞
RF Ambient Noise	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
Probe Positioner	± 0.4	R	√3	1	± 0.2	8
Probe Positioning	± 2.9	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
Max. SAR Eval.	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	∞
Test sample related						
Device Positioning	± 2.9	Ν	1	1	± 2.9	145
Device Holder	± 3.6	Ν	1	1	± 3.6	5
Power Drift	± 5.0	R	√3	1	± 2.9	∞
Phantom and set-up						
Phantom Uncertainty	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	8
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.64	± 1.8	œ
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 4.2	R	1	0.64	± 2.7	œ
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.6	± 1.7	œ
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 4.3	R	1	0.6	± 2.6	œ
Combined Std. Uncertainty					± 14.4	387
Expanded uncertainty (95% confidence interval)					± 28.8	



Error Description	Uncertainty Value ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1g)	Standard uncertainty ±%,(1g)	vi or veff
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	± 6.0	Ν	1	1	± 6.0	∞
Axial Isotropy	± 4.7	R	√3	0.7	± 1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	± 9.6	R	√3	0.7	± 3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	∞
Linearity	± 4.7	R	√3	1	± 2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	± 0.3	Ν	1	1	± 0.3	∞
Response Time	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	∞
Integration Time	± 2.6	R	√3	1	± 1.5	∞
RF Ambient Noise	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
Probe Positioner	± 0.4	R	√3	1	± 0.2	8
Probe Positioning	± 2.9	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
Max. SAR Eval.	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	8
Test sample related						
Device Positioning	± 2.9	Ν	1	1	± 2.9	145
Device Holder	± 3.6	Ν	1	1	± 3.6	5
Power Drift	± 5.0	R	√3	1	± 2.9	∞
Phantom and set-up						
Phantom Uncertainty	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	∞
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.64	± 1.8	8
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 0.2	R	1	0.64	± 0.1	œ
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.6	± 1.7	œ
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 3.6	R	1	0.6	± 2.2	œ
Combined Std. Uncertainty					± 11.4	387
Expanded uncertainty (95% confidence interval)					± 22.8	



Error Description	Uncertainty Value ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1g)	Standard uncertainty ±%,(1g)	vi or veff
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	± 6.0	Ν	1	1	± 6.0	8
Axial Isotropy	± 4.7	R	√3	0.7	± 1.9	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	± 9.6	R	√3	0.7	± 3.9	8
Boundary Effect	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	8
Linearity	± 4.7	R	√3	1	± 2.7	8
System Detection Limits	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	8
Readout Electronics	± 0.3	Ν	1	1	± 0.3	8
Response Time	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	8
Integration Time	± 2.6	R	√3	1	± 1.5	8
RF Ambient Noise	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
RF Ambient Reflections	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
Probe Positioner	± 0.4	R	√3	1	± 0.2	8
Probe Positioning	± 2.9	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
Max. SAR Eval.	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	8
Test sample related						
Device Positioning	± 2.9	Ν	1	1	± 2.9	145
Device Holder	± 3.6	Ν	1	1	± 3.6	5
Power Drift	± 5.0	R	√3	1	± 2.9	8
Phantom and set-up						
Phantom Uncertainty	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	8
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.64	± 1.8	8
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 2.3	R	1	0.64	± 1.5	8
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.6	± 1.7	8
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 3.1	R	1	0.6	± 1.9	8
Combined Std. Uncertainty					± 12.4	387
Expanded uncertainty (95% confidence interval)					± 24.8	



Error Description	Uncertainty Value ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1g)	Standard uncertainty ±%,(1g)	vi or veff
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	± 6.55	Ν	1	1	± 6.55	8
Axial Isotropy	± 4.7	R	√3	0.7	± 1.9	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	± 9.6	R	√3	0.7	± 3.9	8
Boundary Effect	± 2.0	R	√3	1	± 1.2	8
Linearity	± 4.7	R	√3	1	± 2.7	8
System Detection Limits	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	8
Readout Electronics	± 0.3	Ν	1	1	± 0.3	8
Response Time	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	8
Integration Time	± 2.6	R	√3	1	± 1.5	8
RF Ambient Noise	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
RF Ambient Reflections	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
Probe Positioner	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	8
Probe Positioning	± 6.7	R	√3	1	± 3.9	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	8
Test sample related						
Device Positioning	± 2.9	Ν	1	1	± 2.9	145
Device Holder	± 3.6	Ν	1	1	± 3.6	5
Power Drift	± 5.0	R	√3	1	± 2.9	8
Phantom and set-up						
Phantom Uncertainty	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	∞
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.64	± 1.8	8
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 4.9	R	1	0.64	± 3.1	8
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.6	± 1.7	œ
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 3.1	R	1	0.6	± 1.9	8
Combined Std. Uncertainty					± 14.6	330
Expanded uncertainty (95% confidence interval)					± 29.2	



Error Description	Uncertainty Value ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1g)	Standard uncertainty ±%,(1g)	vi or veff
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	± 6.55	Ν	1	1	± 6.55	∞
Axial Isotropy	± 4.7	R	√3	0.7	± 1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	± 9.6	R	√3	0.7	± 3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	± 2.0	R	√3	1	± 1.2	∞
Linearity	± 4.7	R	√3	1	± 2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	8
Readout Electronics	± 0.3	Ν	1	1	± 0.3	8
Response Time	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	8
Integration Time	± 2.6	R	√3	1	± 1.5	8
RF Ambient Noise	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
Probe Positioner	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	8
Probe Positioning	± 6.7	R	√3	1	± 3.9	8
Max. SAR Eval.	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	8
Test sample related						
Device Positioning	± 2.9	Ν	1	1	± 2.9	145
Device Holder	± 3.6	Ν	1	1	± 3.6	5
Power Drift	± 5.0	R	√3	1	± 2.9	∞
Phantom and set-up						
Phantom Uncertainty	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	8
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.64	± 1.8	8
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 1.6	R	1	0.64	± 1.0	8
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.6	± 1.7	8
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 0.5	R	1	0.6	± 0.3	8
Combined Std. Uncertainty					± 11.5	330
Expanded uncertainty (95% confidence interval)					± 23.0	



Error Description	Uncertainty Value ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1g)	Standard uncertainty ±%,(1g)	vi or veff
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	± 6.55	Ν	1	1	± 6.55	8
Axial Isotropy	± 4.7	R	√3	0.7	± 1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	± 9.6	R	√3	0.7	± 3.9	8
Boundary Effect	± 2.0	R	√3	1	± 1.2	8
Linearity	± 4.7	R	√3	1	± 2.7	8
System Detection Limits	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	8
Readout Electronics	± 0.3	Ν	1	1	± 0.3	8
Response Time	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	8
Integration Time	± 2.6	R	√3	1	± 1.5	8
RF Ambient Noise	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
RF Ambient Reflections	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
Probe Positioner	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	8
Probe Positioning	± 6.7	R	√3	1	± 3.9	8
Max. SAR Eval.	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	8
Test sample related						
Device Positioning	± 2.9	Ν	1	1	± 2.9	145
Device Holder	± 3.6	Ν	1	1	± 3.6	5
Power Drift	± 5.0	R	√3	1	± 2.9	8
Phantom and set-up						
Phantom Uncertainty	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	8
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.64	± 1.8	8
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 4.5	R	1	0.64	± 2.9	8
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.6	± 1.7	8
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 2.7	R	1	0.6	± 1.6	8
Combined Std. Uncertainty					± 14.7	330
Expanded uncertainty (95% confidence interval)					± 29.4	



Error Description	Uncertainty Value ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1g)	Standard uncertainty ±%,(1g)	vi or veff
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	± 6.55	Ν	1	1	± 6.55	∞
Axial Isotropy	± 4.7	R	√3	0.7	± 1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	± 9.6	R	√3	0.7	± 3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	± 2.0	R	√3	1	± 1.2	8
Linearity	± 4.7	R	√3	1	± 2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	8
Readout Electronics	± 0.3	Ν	1	1	± 0.3	8
Response Time	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	8
Integration Time	± 2.6	R	√3	1	± 1.5	8
RF Ambient Noise	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
Probe Positioner	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	8
Probe Positioning	± 6.7	R	√3	1	± 3.9	8
Max. SAR Eval.	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	8
Test sample related						
Device Positioning	± 2.9	Ν	1	1	± 2.9	145
Device Holder	± 3.6	Ν	1	1	± 3.6	5
Power Drift	± 5.0	R	√3	1	± 2.9	8
Phantom and set-up						
Phantom Uncertainty	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	8
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.64	± 1.8	8
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 1.5	R	1	0.64	± 1.0	8
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.6	± 1.7	8
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 0.7	R	1	0.6	± 0.4	8
Combined Std. Uncertainty					± 11.4	330
Expanded uncertainty (95% confidence interval)					± 22.8	



Error Description	Uncertainty Value ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1g)	Standard uncertainty ±%,(1g)	vi or veff
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	± 6.55	Ν	1	1	± 6.55	∞
Axial Isotropy	± 4.7	R	√3	0.7	± 1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	± 9.6	R	√3	0.7	± 3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	± 2.0	R	√3	1	± 1.2	8
Linearity	± 4.7	R	√3	1	± 2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	8
Readout Electronics	± 0.3	Ν	1	1	± 0.3	∞
Response Time	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	∞
Integration Time	± 2.6	R	√3	1	± 1.5	∞
RF Ambient Noise	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
Probe Positioner	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	8
Probe Positioning	± 6.7	R	√3	1	± 3.9	8
Max. SAR Eval.	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	8
Test sample related						
Device Positioning	± 2.9	Ν	1	1	± 2.9	145
Device Holder	± 3.6	Ν	1	1	± 3.6	5
Power Drift	± 5.0	R	√3	1	± 2.9	∞
Phantom and set-up						
Phantom Uncertainty	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	8
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.64	± 1.8	8
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 4.2	R	1	0.64	± 2.7	8
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.6	± 1.7	8
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 2.8	R	1	0.6	± 1.7	8
Combined Std. Uncertainty					± 14.6	330
Expanded uncertainty (95% confidence interval)					± 29.2	



Error Description	Uncertainty Value ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1g)	Standard uncertainty ±%,(1g)	vi or veff
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	± 6.55	Ν	1	1	± 6.55	∞
Axial Isotropy	± 4.7	R	√3	0.7	± 1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	± 9.6	R	√3	0.7	± 3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	± 2.0	R	√3	1	± 1.2	∞
Linearity	± 4.7	R	√3	1	± 2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	± 0.3	Ν	1	1	± 0.3	∞
Response Time	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	∞
Integration Time	± 2.6	R	√3	1	± 1.5	∞
RF Ambient Noise	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	∞
Probe Positioning	± 6.7	R	√3	1	± 3.9	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	∞
Test sample related						
Device Positioning	± 2.9	Ν	1	1	± 2.9	145
Device Holder	± 3.6	Ν	1	1	± 3.6	5
Power Drift	± 5.0	R	√3	1	± 2.9	∞
Phantom and set-up						
Phantom Uncertainty	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	∞
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.64	± 1.8	œ
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 1.8	R	1	0.64	± 1.2	8
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.6	± 1.7	œ
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 0.8	R	1	0.6	± 0.5	œ
Combined Std. Uncertainty					± 10.7	330
Expanded uncertainty (95% confidence interval)					± 21.4	



16. Conclusion

Measurement Conclusion

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC. These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under the worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested. Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are very complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role impossible biological effect are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because innumerable factors may interact to determine the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide shall consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.

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