



Zacta

# TEST REPORT

Report number : Z101C-15148

Issue date : January 8, 2016

The device, as described herewith, was tested pursuant to applicable test procedure and complies with the requirements of;

## FCC Part 24 Subpart E

The test results are traceable to the international or national standards.

Applicant	: KYOCERA Corporation
Equipment under test (EUT)	: Mobile Phone
Model number	: KA73
FCC ID	: JOYKA73

Date of test : October 30, November 12, December 15, 17, 2015  
 Test place : TÜV SÜD Zacta Ltd. Yonezawa Testing Center  
 4149-7 Hachimanpara 5-chome  
 Yonezawa-shi Yamagata 992-1128 Japan  
 Phone: +81-238-28-2880 Fax: +81-238-28-2888  
 Test results : Complied

The results in this report are applicable only to the equipment tested.  
 This report shall not be re-produced except in full without the written approval of TÜV SÜD Zacta Ltd.  
 This test report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the federal government.

Tested by : Kazunori Saito      Hikaru Shibata  
 Kazunori Saito      Hikaru Shibata  
Tadahiro Seino      Taiki Watanabe  
 Tadahiro Seino      Taiki Watanabe

Authorized by : A. Suzuki  
 Hiroaki Suzuki  
 Manager of EMC Technical Department



NVLAP LAB CODE 200306-0

## ***Table of contents***

---

	<b>Page</b>
<b>1. Summary of Test .....</b>	<b>4</b>
1.1 Purpose of test .....	4
1.2 Standards .....	4
1.3 List of applied test to the EUT .....	4
1.4 Modification to the EUT by laboratory .....	4
<b>2. Equipment Under Test .....</b>	<b>5</b>
2.1 General Description of equipment .....	5
2.2 EUT information .....	5
2.3 Variation of the family model(s) .....	6
2.4 Description of Test mode .....	6
<b>3. Configuration of equipment .....</b>	<b>7</b>
3.1 Equipment(s) used .....	7
3.2 System configuration .....	7
<b>4. Conducted Output Power .....</b>	<b>8</b>
4.1 Measurement procedure .....	8
4.2 Measurement result .....	8
<b>5. Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power .....</b>	<b>9</b>
5.1 Measurement procedure .....	9
5.2 Calculation method .....	10
5.3 Limit .....	10
5.4 Test data .....	11
<b>6. Peak to Average Ratio .....</b>	<b>12</b>
6.1 Measurement procedure .....	12
6.2 Limit .....	12
6.3 Measurement result .....	12
6.4 Trace data .....	13
<b>7. Occupied Bandwidth .....</b>	<b>14</b>
7.1 Measurement procedure .....	14
7.2 Limit .....	14
7.3 Measurement result .....	14
7.4 Trace data .....	15
<b>8. Band Edge Spurious and Harmonic at Antenna Terminals .....</b>	<b>16</b>
8.1 Measurement procedure .....	16
8.2 Limit .....	16
8.3 Measurement result .....	16
8.4 Trace data .....	17
<b>9. Radiated Emissions and Harmonic Emissions .....</b>	<b>21</b>
9.1 Measurement procedure .....	21
9.2 Calculation method .....	22
9.3 Limit .....	22
9.4 Test data .....	23
<b>10. Frequency Stability .....</b>	<b>24</b>
10.1 Measurement procedure .....	24



Zacta

<b>10.2 Limit.....</b>	<b>24</b>
<b>10.3 Measurement result.....</b>	<b>25</b>
<b>11. Uncertainty of measurement .....</b>	<b>26</b>
<b>12. Laboratory description .....</b>	<b>27</b>
<b>Appendix A. Test equipment .....</b>	<b>28</b>

## 1. Summary of Test

---

### 1.1 Purpose of test

It is the original test in order to verify conformance to FCC Part 24 Subpart E.

### 1.2 Standards

CFR47 FCC Part 24 Subpart E

#### 1.2.1 Test Methods

KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v02r02  
ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-D-2010

#### 1.2.2 Deviation from standards

None

### 1.3 List of applied test to the EUT

Test items Section	Test items	Condition	Result
2.1046	Conducted Output Power	Conducted	PASS
24.232(c)	Effective Radiated Power Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power	Radiated	PASS
24.232(d)	Peak to Average Ratio	Conducted	PASS
24.238(a) 2.1049	Occupied Bandwidth	Conducted	PASS
24.238(a) 2.1051	Band Edge Spurious and Harmonic at Antenna Terminal	Conducted	PASS
24.238(a) 2.1053	Radiated emissions and Harmonic Emissions	Radiated	PASS
24.235 2.1055	Frequency Stability	Conducted	PASS

#### 1.3.1 Test set up

Table-Top

### 1.4 Modification to the EUT by laboratory

None



Zacta

## **2. Equipment Under Test**

---

### **2.1 General Description of equipment**

EUT is the Mobile Phone.

### **2.2 EUT information**

Applicant : KYOCERA Corporation  
Yokohama Office 2-1-1 Kagahara, Tsuzuki-ku Yokohama-shi, Kanagawa,  
Japan  
Phone: +81-45-943-6253 Fax: +81-45-943-6314

Equipment under test : Mobile Phone

Trade name : Kyocera

Model number : KA73

Serial number : N/A

EUT condition : Pre-Production

Power ratings : Battery: DC 3.8V

Size : (W) 51.3 × (D) 113.8 × (H) 18.2 mm

Environment : Indoor and Outdoor use

Terminal limitation : -20°C to 60°C

RF Specification  
Frequency of Operation : Up Link  
GSM1900: 1850.2-1909.8MHz  
  
Down Link  
GSM1900: 1930.2-1989.8MHz

Modulation type : GSM1900: GMSK

Emission designator : GSM1900: 248KGXW

Output power : GSM1900: 0.995W (29.98dBm)

Antenna type : Internal antenna

Antenna gain : GSM1900: -0.5dBi

### 2.3 Variation of the family model(s)

Not applicable

### 2.4 Description of Test mode

The EUT had been tested under operating condition.  
There are three channels have been tested as following:

Band	Channel	Frequency
GSM1900	512	1850.2MHz
	661	1880.0MHz
	810	1909.8MHz

The field strength of spurious emissions was measured at each position of all three axis X, Y and Z to compare the level, and the maximum noise.

The worst emission was found in Z axis and the worst case recorded.



Zacta

### ***3. Configuration of equipment***

---

#### **3.1 Equipment(s) used**

<b>No.</b>	<b>Equipment</b>	<b>Company</b>	<b>Model No.</b>	<b>Serial No.</b>	<b>FCC ID / DoC</b>	<b>Comment</b>
1	Mobile Phone	KYOCERA	KA73	N/A	JOYKA73	EUT

#### **3.2 System configuration**

1. Mobile Phone  
(EUT)

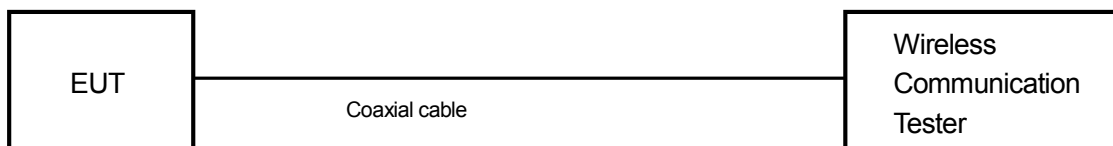
Note1: Numbers assigned to equipment or cables on this diagram correspond to the list in "3.1 Equipment(s) used".

## 4. Conducted Output Power

### 4.1 Measurement procedure [FCC 2.1046]

The conducted output power was measured with a wireless communication tester connected to the antenna terminal. The wireless communication tester parameters were set to produce the maximum power from the EUT.

- Test configuration



### 4.2 Measurement result

Date : October 30, 2015

Temperature : 24.7 [°C]

Humidity : 37.6 [%]

Test place : Shielded room No.4

Test engineer :

Tadahiro Seino

Band	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Maximum Burst-Averaged Output Power [dBm]				
			Voice GSM CS 1slot	GPRS/EDGE(GMSK)Data			
				GPRS 1 TX Slot	GPRS 2 TX Slot	GPRS 3 TX Slot	GPRS 4 TX Slot
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	<u>29.98</u>	29.97	28.49	26.56	25.42
	661	1880.0	29.84	29.79	28.19	26.51	25.45
	810	1909.8	29.73	29.60	28.02	26.26	25.24



## 5. Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power

### 5.1 Measurement procedure [FCC 24.232(c)]

#### <Step 1>

The EUT and support equipment are placed on a 1 meter x 2 meter surface, 0.8 meter height FRP table. Radiated emission measurements are performed at 3 meter distance with the broadband antenna (double ridged guide antenna). The antenna is positioned both the horizontal and vertical planes of polarization and height is varied 1 to 4 meters and stopped at height producing the maximum emission. The bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer is set to 1MHz. The turntable is rotated by 360 degrees and stopped at azimuth of producing the maximum emission.

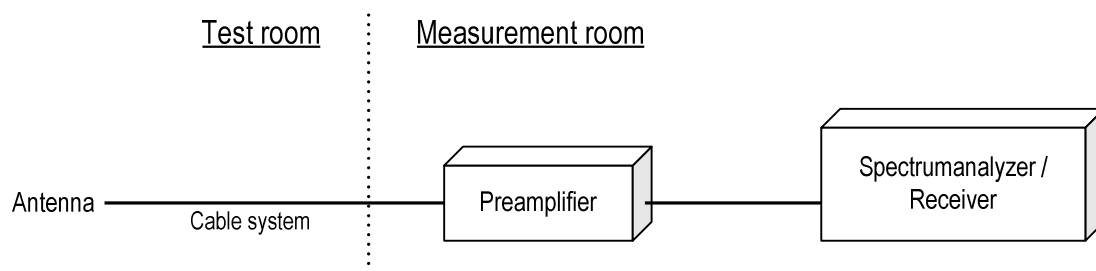
#### <Step 2>

The substitution antenna is replaced by the transmitter antenna (EUT). The frequency of the signal generator is adjusted to the measurement frequency. Level of the signal generator is adjusted to the level that is obtained from step 1, and record the emission level of signal generator.

The spectrum analyzer is set to;

- a) Span = 1.5 times the OBW
- b) RBW = 1-5% of the expected OBW, not to exceed 1MHz
- c) VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW
- d) Number of sweep points  $\geq 2 \times$  span / RBW
- e) Sweep time = auto-couple
- f) Detector = RMS (power averaging)
- g) If the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., burst duty cycle  $\geq 98\%$ ), then set the trigger to free run.
- h) If the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., burst duty cycle  $< 98\%$ ), then use a sweep trigger with the level set to enable triggering only on full power bursts and configure the EUT to transmit at full power for the entire duration of each sweep. Ensure that the sweep time is less than or equal to the transmission burst duration.
- i) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (i.e., RMS) mode.
- j) Compute the power by integrating the spectrum across the OBW of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function, with the band limits set equal to the OBW band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, then sum the spectrum levels (in linear power units) at intervals equal to the RBW extending across the entire OBW of the spectrum.

#### - Test configuration



## 5.2 Calculation method

Result (EIRP) = S.G Reading – Cable loss + Antenna Gain  
Margin = Limit – Result (EIRP)

Example:

Limit @ 1880MHz : 33.0dBm

S.G Reading = 18.9dBm Cable loss = 1.1dB Ant. Gain = 8.3dBi

Result = 18.9 - 1.1 + 8.3 = 26.1dBm

Margin = 33.0 - 26.1 = 6.9dB

## 5.3 Limit

2 W (33dBm)



Zacta

#### 5.4 Test data

Date : December 15, 2015  
 Temperature : 20.3 [°C]  
 Humidity : 40.0 [%]  
 Test place : 3m Semi-anechoic chamber

Test engineer :

Hikaru Shibata

Date : December 17, 2015  
 Temperature : 21.9 [°C]  
 Humidity : 29.1 [%]  
 Test place : 3m Semi-anechoic chamber

Test engineer :

Taiki Watanabe

#### [GSM1900]

H/V	Frequency [MHz]	S.A Reading [dBm]	S.G Reading [dBm]	Cable loss [dB]	Ant.Gain [dBi]	Result [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]
V	1850.2	-21.9	23.6	1.1	8.2	30.6	33.0	2.4
V	1880.0	-22.0	24.1	1.1	8.3	31.2	33.0	1.8
V	1909.8	-23.4	23.7	1.1	8.4	31.0	33.0	2.0

## 6. Peak to Average Ratio

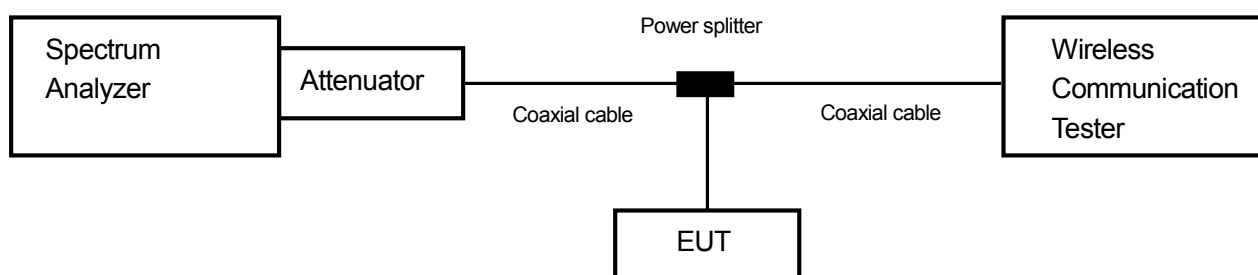
### 6.1 Measurement procedure [FCC 24.232(d)]

The peak to average ratio was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal.

The spectrum analyzer is set to;

- a) Span = 5MHz
- b) RBW = 1MHz
- c) VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW
- d) Detector = Peak / Average
- e) Sweep time = auto-couple
- f) Trace mode=Max hold

- Test configuration



### 6.2 Limit

13dB or less

### 6.3 Measurement result

Date : November 12, 2015  
 Temperature : 23.2 [°C]  
 Humidity : 48.1 [%]  
 Test place : Shielded room No.4

Test engineer :

Kazunori Saito

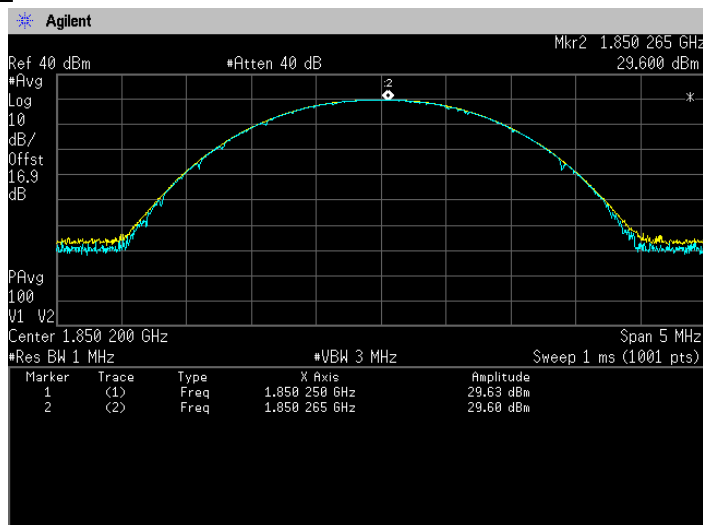
Mode	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Peak to Average Power Ratio [dB]	Limit [dB]
GSM1900	512	1850.2	0.03	13.0
	661	1880.0	0.02	
	810	1909.8	0.03	



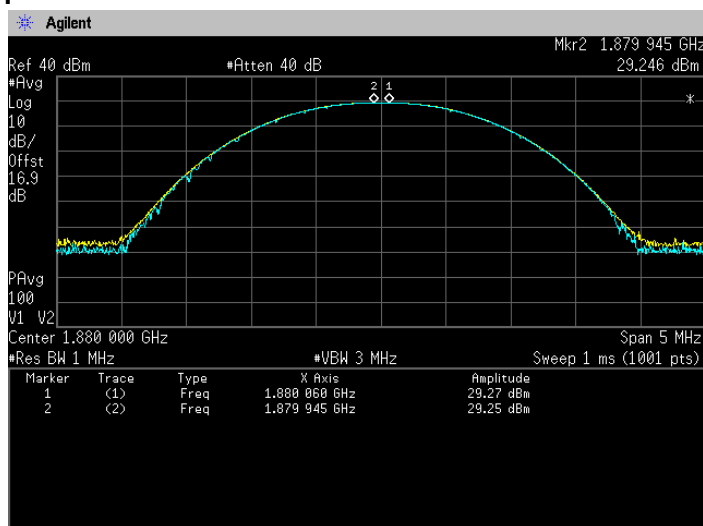
Zacta

### 6.4 Trace data [GSM1900]

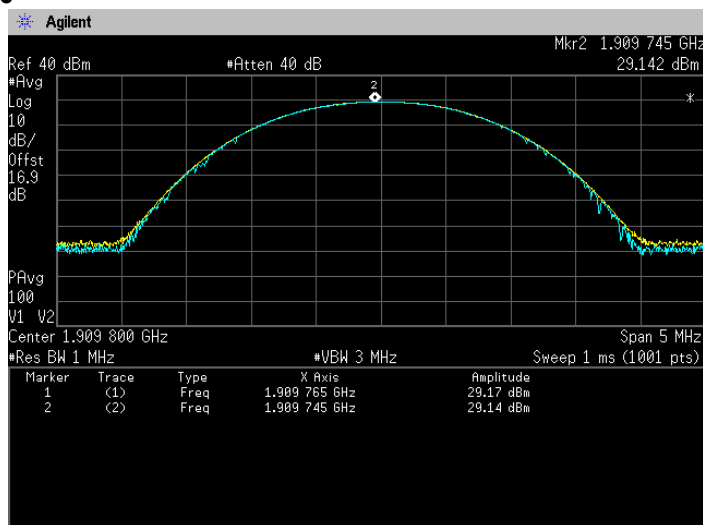
Channel: 512



Channel: 661



Channel: 810



## 7. Occupied Bandwidth

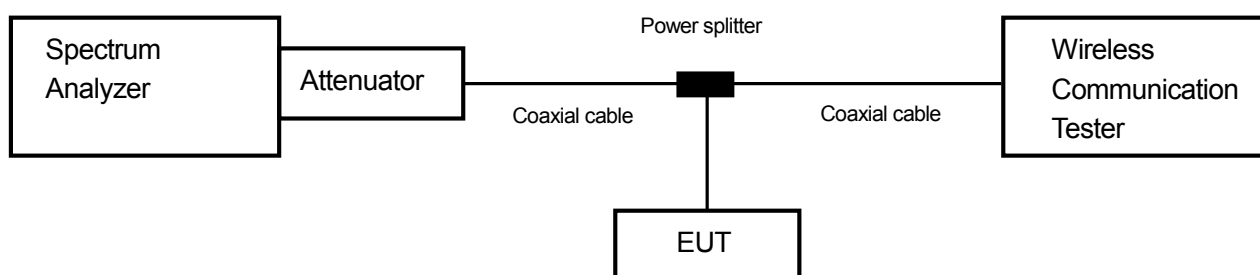
### 7.1 Measurement procedure [FCC 24.238(a), 2.1049]

The Occupied bandwidth was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal.

The spectrum analyzer is set to;

- a) RBW = 1-5% of the expected OBW & VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW
- b) Detector = Peak
- c) Trace mode = Max hold
- d) Sweep time = auto-couple

- Test configuration



### 7.2 Limit

None

### 7.3 Measurement result

Date : November 12, 2015  
 Temperature : 23.2 [°C]  
 Humidity : 48.1 [%]  
 Test place : Shielded room No.4

Test engineer :

Kazunori Saito

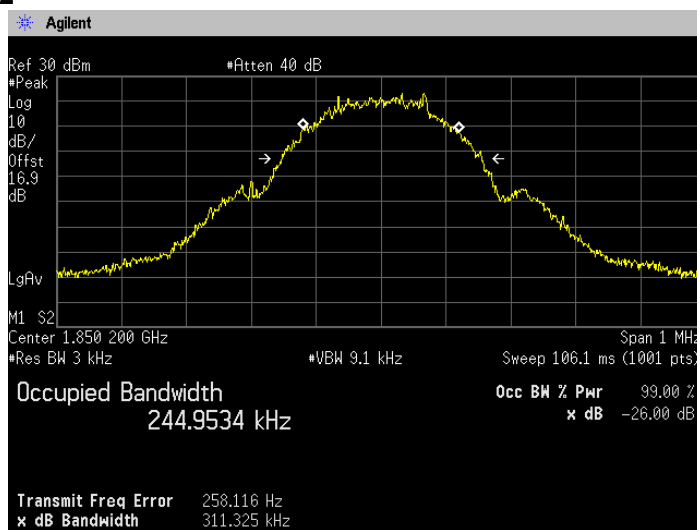
Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Test Result (kHz)
GSM1900	512	1850.2	244.9534
	661	1880.0	248.0488
	810	1909.8	245.9053



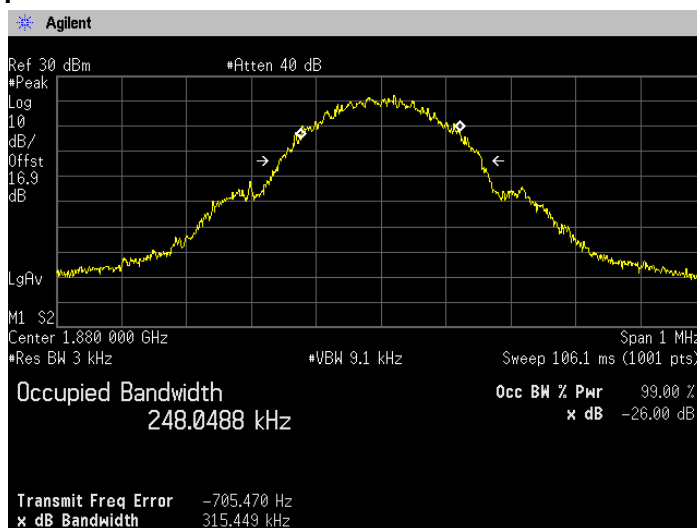
Zacta

7.4 Trace data  
[GSM1900]

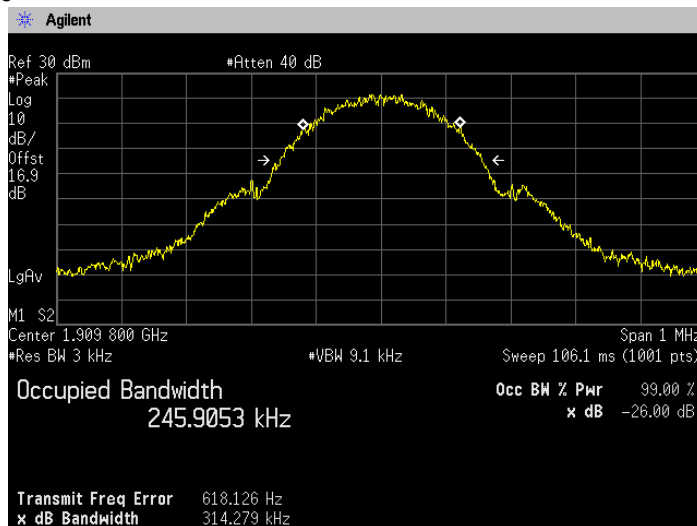
Channel: 512



Channel: 661



Channel: 810



## 8. Band Edge Spurious and Harmonic at Antenna Terminals

### 8.1 Measurement procedure

[FCC 24.238(a), 2.1051]

The band edge spurious and harmonic was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal.

The spectrum analyzer is set to;

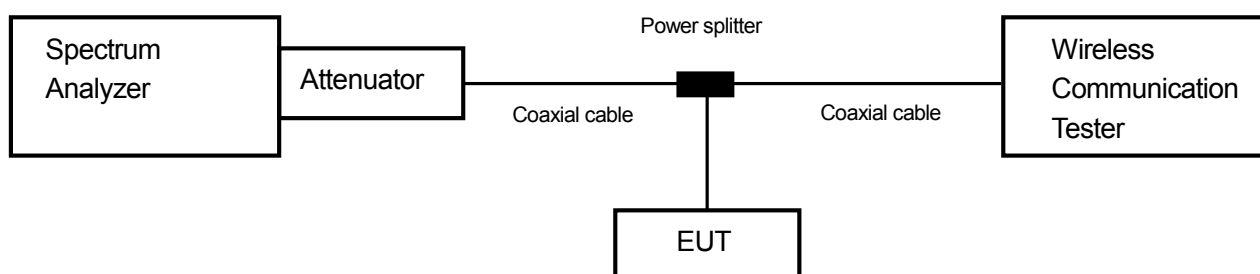
<Band Edge>

- Span was set large enough so as to capture all out of band emissions near the band edge
- RBW  $\geq$  1% of the emission bandwidth or 2% of the emission bandwidth
- VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW
- Detector = RMS
- Trace mode = Max hold
- Sweep time = auto-couple
- Number of sweep point  $\geq$  2 x span / RBW

<Spurious Emissions>

- RBW = 1MHz & VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW
- Detector = Peak
- Trace mode = Max hold
- Sweep time = auto-couple
- Number of sweep point  $\geq$  2 x span / RBW

- Test configuration



### 8.2 Limit

-13dBm or less

### 8.3 Measurement result

Date : November 12, 2015  
 Temperature : 23.2 [°C]  
 Humidity : 48.1 [%]  
 Test place : Shielded room No.4

Test engineer :

Kazunori Saito

Band	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Limit [dB]	Results	Results
GSM1900	512	1850.2	-13.0	See the trace data	PASS
	810	1909.8	-13.0	See the trace data	PASS

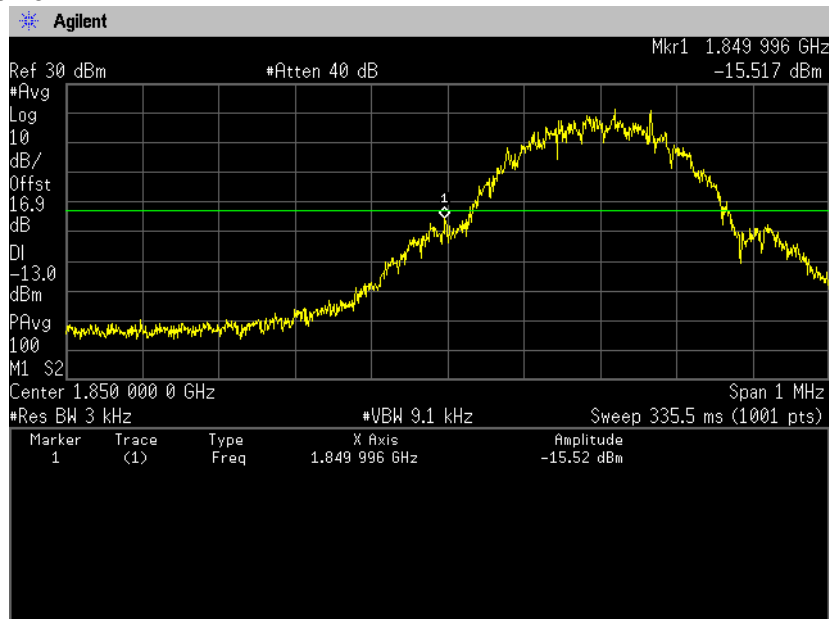




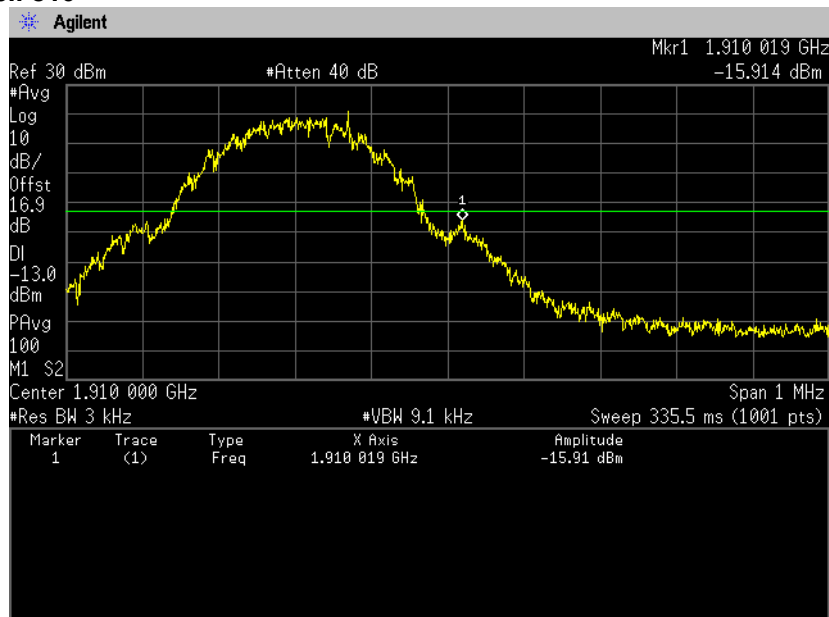
Zacta

**8.4 Trace data  
[GSM1900]  
(Band Edge)**

**Channel: 512**



**Channel: 810**



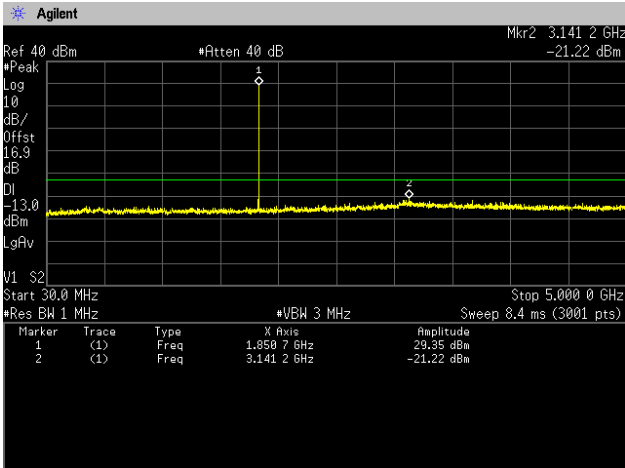


Zacta

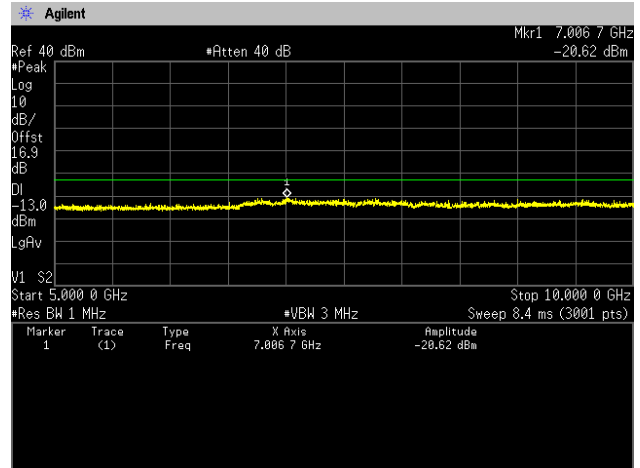
**(Spurious Emissions)**

**Note: Conducted spurious test was measured in the worst case of conducted output power.**

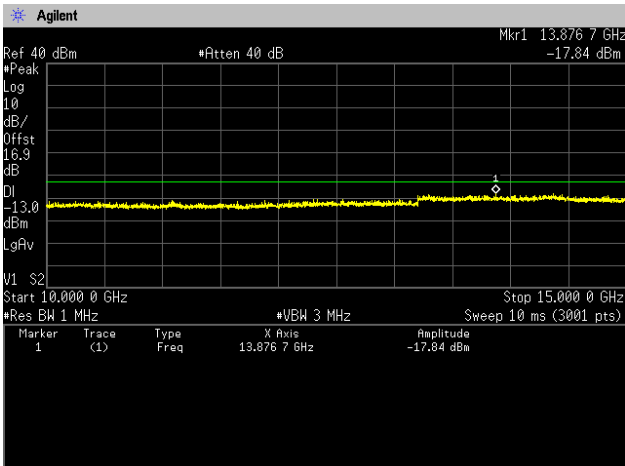
**Channel: 512  
30MHz-5GHz**



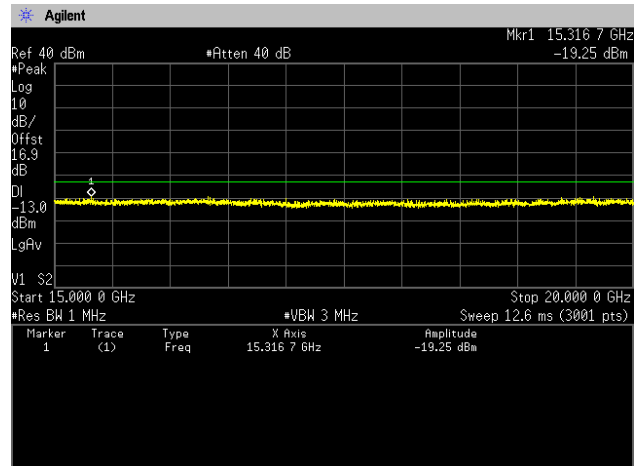
**5GHz-10GHz**



**10GHz-15GHz**



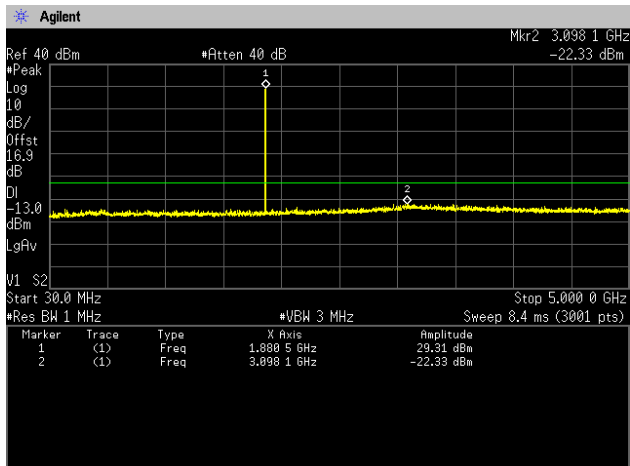
**15GHz-20GHz**



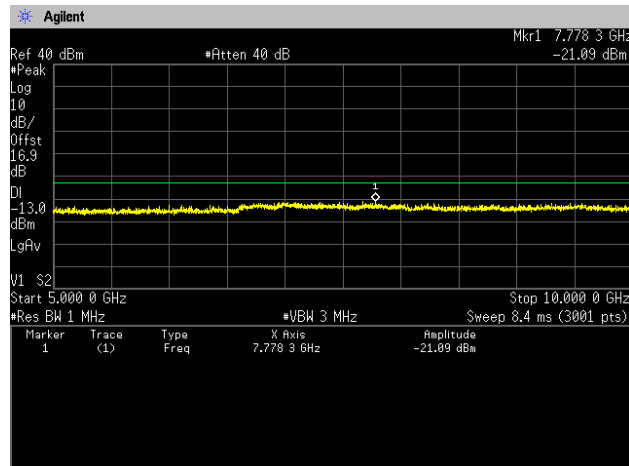


Zacta

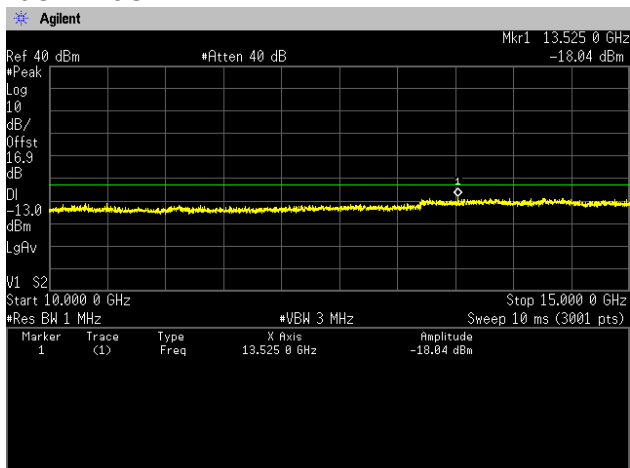
**Channel: 661  
30MHz-5GHz**



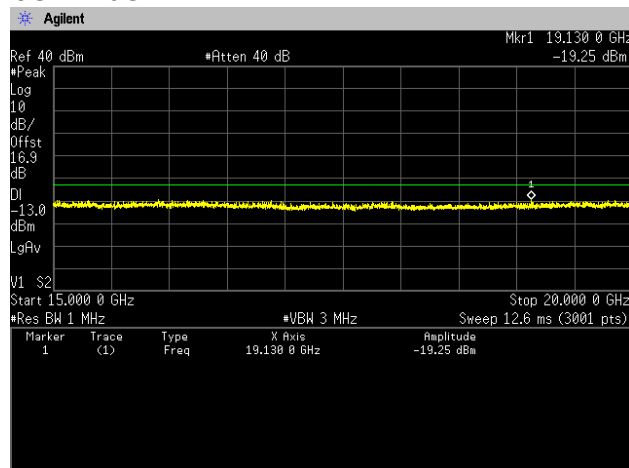
**5GHz-10GHz**



**10GHz-15GHz**



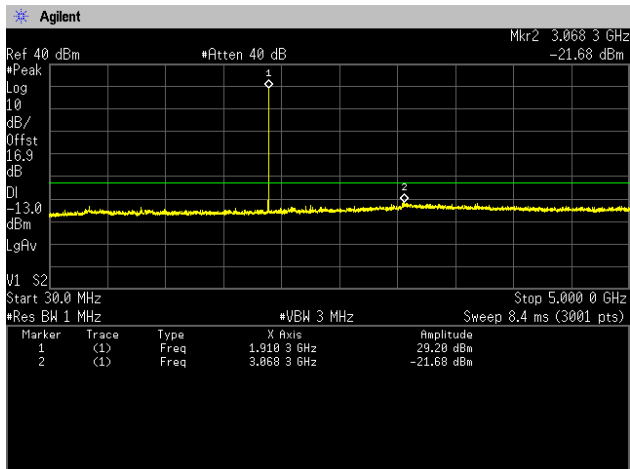
**15GHz-20GHz**



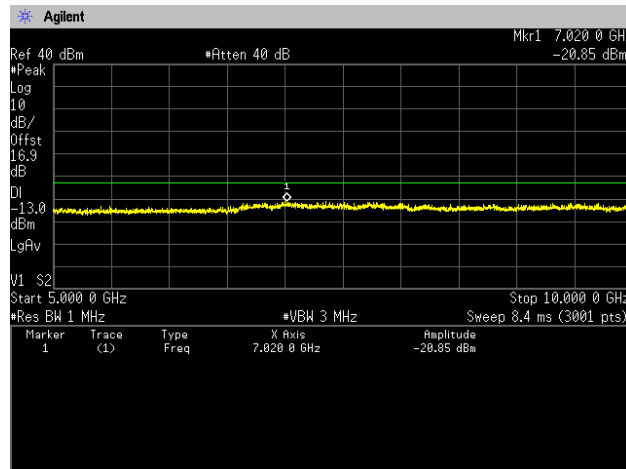


Zacta

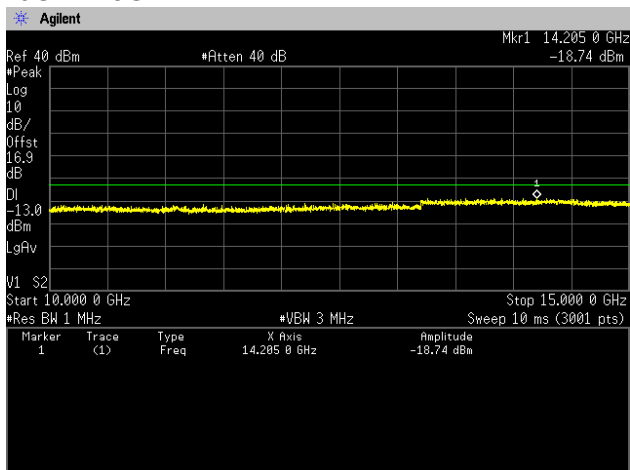
**Channel: 810  
30MHz-5GHz**



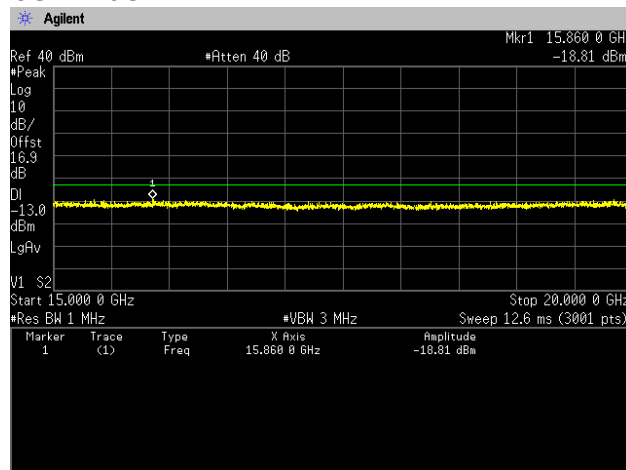
**5GHz-10GHz**



**10GHz-15GHz**



**15GHz-20GHz**



## 9. Radiated Emissions and Harmonic Emissions

### 9.1 Measurement procedure [FCC 24.238(a), 2.1053]

#### <Step 1>

The EUT and support equipment are placed on a 1 meter x 2 meter surface, 0.8 meter height FRP table. Radiated emission measurements are performed at 3 meter distance with the broadband antenna (Biconical antenna, Log periodic antenna and double ridged guide antenna). The antenna is positioned both the horizontal and vertical planes of polarization and height is varied 1 to 4 meters and stopped at height producing the maximum emission.

The bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer is set to 1MHz. The turntable is rotated by 360 degrees and stopped at azimuth of producing the maximum emission. The frequency is investigated up to 20GHz.

#### <Step 2>

The substitution antenna is replaced by the transmitter antenna (EUT).

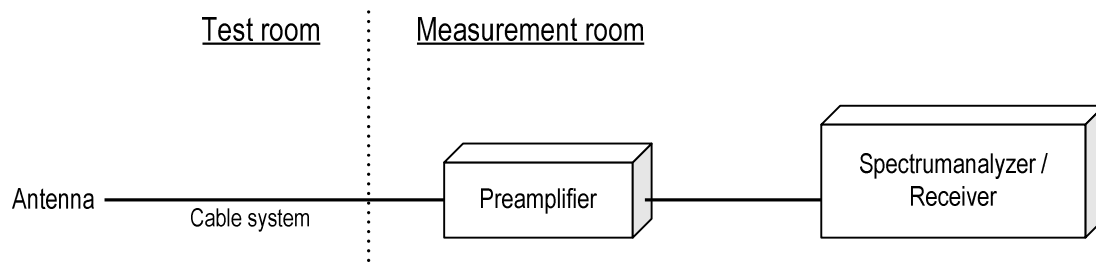
The frequency of the signal generator is adjusted to the measurement frequency.

Level of the signal generator is adjusted to the level that is obtained from step 1, and record the emission level of signal generator.

The spectrum analyzer is set to;

- a) RBW = 100kHz for below 1GHz and 1MHz for above 1GHz / VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW
- b) Detector = Peak
- c) Trace mode = Max hold
- d) Sweep time = auto-couple

- Test configuration



## 9.2 Calculation method

Result = S.G Reading – Cable loss + Antenna Gain  
Margin = Limit – Result (EIRP)

Example:

Limit @ 3757.5MHz : -13.0dBm  
S.G Reading = -54.3dBm Cable loss = 1.6dB Ant. Gain = 9.2dBi  
Result = -54.3 - 1.6 + 9.2 = -46.7dBm  
Margin = -13.0 - (-46.7) = 33.7dB

## 9.3 Limit

-13dBm or less

## 9.4 Test data

Date : December 15, 2015  
 Temperature : 20.3 [°C]  
 Humidity : 40.0 [%]  
 Test place : 3m Semi-anechoic chamber  
 Test engineer : Kazunori Saito

Date : December 17, 2015  
 Temperature : 21.9 [°C]  
 Humidity : 29.1 [%]  
 Test place : 3m Semi-anechoic chamber  
 Test engineer : Taiki Watanabe

### [GSM1900] (Channel: 512)

H/V	Frequency [MHz]	S.A Reading [dBm]	S.G Reading [dBm]	Cable loss [dB]	Ant.Gain [dBi]	Result [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]
H	3700.4	-56.3	-42.9	1.6	9.5	-35.0	-13.0	22.0
V	3700.4	-56.4	-49.4	1.6	9.5	-41.5	-13.0	28.5

### (Channel: 661)

H/V	Frequency [MHz]	S.A Reading [dBm]	S.G Reading [dBm]	Cable loss [dB]	Ant.Gain [dBi]	Result [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]
H	3760.0	-56.8	-44.0	1.6	9.2	-36.4	-13.0	23.4
V	3760.0	-56.3	-48.4	1.6	9.2	-40.8	-13.0	27.8

### (Channel: 810)

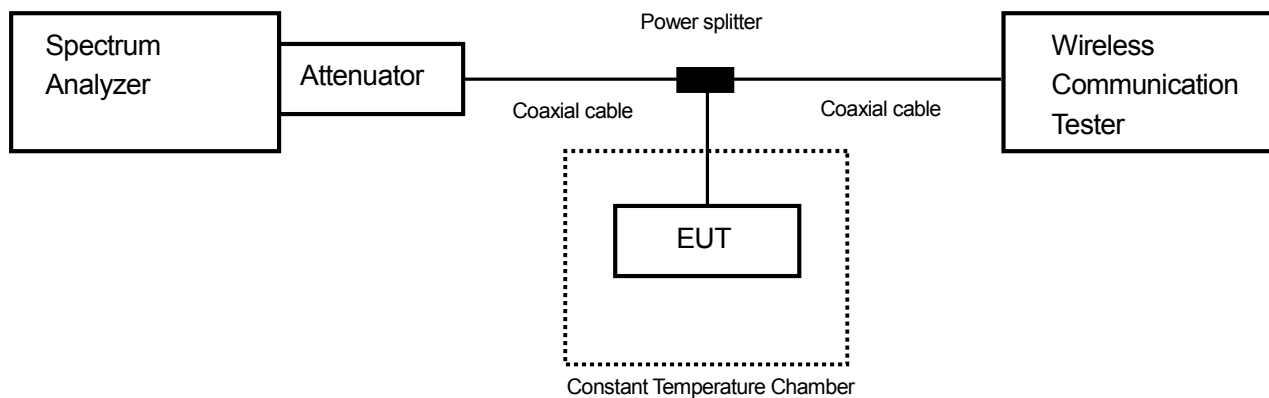
H/V	Frequency [MHz]	S.A Reading [dBm]	S.G Reading [dBm]	Cable loss [dB]	Ant.Gain [dBi]	Result [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]
H	3819.6	-56.6	-50.3	1.6	9.3	-42.6	-13.0	29.6
V	3819.6	-56.4	-48.4	1.6	9.3	-40.7	-13.0	27.7

## 10. Frequency Stability

### 10.1 Measurement procedure [FCC 24.235, 2.1055]

The EUT was placed inside of a constant temperature chamber as the temperature in the chamber was varied between  $-30^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $+50^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The temperature was incremented by  $10^{\circ}\text{C}$  intervals and the unit was allowed to stabilize at each measurement. The frequency drift was measured with the normal Temperature and voltage tolerance and it is presented as the ppm unit.

- Test configuration



### 10.2 Limit

$\pm 2.5\text{ppm}$





Zacta

### 10.3 Measurement result

Date : November 12, 2015  
 Temperature : 23.2 [°C]  
 Humidity : 48.1 [%]  
 Test place : Shielded room No.4

Test engineer :

Kazunori Saito

#### [GSM1900]

(Channel: 661)

Limit: ±0.00025% = ±2.5ppm					
Power Supply	Temperature	Measurements Frequency	Frequency Tolerance	Limit	Result
[V]	[°C]	[Hz]	[ppm]	[ppm]	
3.80	25(Ref.)	1,880,000,026	0.00000	±2.5	Pass
	50	1,880,000,028	0.00067	±2.5	Pass
	40	1,880,000,029	0.00155	±2.5	Pass
	30	1,880,000,038	0.00634	±2.5	Pass
	20	1,880,000,025	-0.00079	±2.5	Pass
	10	1,880,000,038	0.00615	±2.5	Pass
	0	1,880,000,029	0.00149	±2.5	Pass
	-10	1,880,000,033	0.00342	±2.5	Pass
	-20	1,880,000,037	0.00563	±2.5	Pass
	-30	1,880,000,039	0.00653	±2.5	Pass
3.230	25	1,880,000,033	0.00368	±2.5	Pass
4.370	25	1,880,000,029	0.00120	±2.5	Pass

Calculation;

Frequency Tolerance (ppm) = Measurements Frequency (Hz) – Reference Frequency (Hz) / Reference Frequency (Hz) x 1000000



Zacta

## 11. Uncertainty of measurement

---

Expanded uncertainties stated are calculated with a coverage Factor  $k=2$ .

Please note that these results are not taken into account when determining compliance or non-compliance with test result.

Test item	Measurement uncertainty
Conducted emission at mains port	$\pm 3.0\text{dB}$
Radiated emission (9kHz – 30MHz)	$\pm 4.4\text{dB}$
Radiated emission (30MHz – 1000MHz)	$\pm 4.5\text{dB}$
Radiated emission (1000MHz – 26GHz)	$\pm 3.9\text{dB}$



Zacta

## 12. Laboratory description

### 1. Location:

TÜV SÜD Zacta Ltd. Yonezawa Testing Center  
 4149-7 Hachimanpara 5-chome Yonezawa-shi Yamagata 992-1128 Japan  
 Phone: +81-238-28-2880 Fax: +81-238-28-2888

### 2. Facility filing information:

1) NVLAP accreditation: NVLAP Lab. code: 200306-0

2) VLAC accreditation: Lab. code: VLAC-013

Site name	Radiated emission	Conducted emission for mains port	Conducted emission for telecom port	Radiated emission (CMAD)	Expiry Date
3m Semi-anechoic chamber	VLAC-013	VLAC-013	VLAC-013	-	Jul. 3, 2017
10m Semi-anechoic chamber No.1				VLAC-013	
10m Semi-anechoic chamber No.2				VLAC-013	
Shielded room No.1	-	VLAC-013	-	-	

3) FCC filing:

Site name	Registration Number	Expiry Date
Site 3	91065	Oct. 1, 2017
3m Semi-anechoic chamber	540072	Feb. 20, 2017
10m Semi-anechoic chamber No.1		
10m Semi-anechoic chamber No.2		
Shielded room No.1		

4) Industry Canada Oats site filing:

Site name	Sites on file: Oats 3m/10m	Expiry Date
Site 3	4224A-3	Dec. 3, 2017
3m Semi-anechoic chamber	4224A-4	
10m Semi-anechoic chamber No.1	4224A-5	
10m Semi-anechoic chamber No.2	4224A-6	Jan. 15, 2017

5) VCCI site filing:

Site name	Radiated emission	Conducted emission for mains port	Conducted emission for telecom port	Expiry Date
Site 3	R-138	C-134	T-1222	Nov. 16, 2017
3m Semi-anechoic chamber	A-0166	A-0166	A-0166	Jul. 3, 2017
10m Semi-anechoic chamber No.1				
10m Semi-anechoic chamber No.2				
Shielded room No.1	-	A-0166	A-0166	

6) TÜV SÜD PS authorization:

Authorized as an EMC test laboratory

7) TÜV Rheinland authorization:

Authorized as an EMC test laboratory



Zacta

## Appendix A. Test equipment

### Antenna port conducted test

Equipment	Company	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. due	Cal. date
Spectrum analyzer	Agilent Technologies	E4440A	US44302655	Jun. 30, 2016	Jun. 11, 2015
Microwave cable	RS	YH_13S5	N/A (S403)	May 31, 2016	May 10, 2015
Attenuator	Weinschel	56-10	J4993	Nov. 30, 2016	Nov. 12, 2015
Microwave cable	SUHNER	SUCOFLEX104/1.5m	322086/4	May 31, 2016	May 29, 2015
Power splitter	ANRITSU	K240B	020205	Jul. 31, 2016	Jul. 12, 2015
Power meter	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	NRP2	103269	Jun. 20, 2016	Jun. 25, 2015
Power sensor	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	NRP-Z81	102467	Jun. 20, 2016	Jun. 25, 2015
Wideband radio frequency tester	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	CMW500	116338	Apr. 30, 2016	Apr. 2, 2015
Operation type temperature controlled bath	Espec	PL1KP	14007261	Jan. 31, 2016	Jan. 9, 2015

### Radiated emission

Equipment	Company	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. Due	Cal. Date
EMI Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESCI	100764	Aug. 31, 2016	Aug. 21, 2015
Preamplifier	ANRITSU	MH648A	M96057	Jun. 30, 2016	Jun. 30, 2015
Biconical antenna	Schwarzbeck	VHA9103/BBA9106	2125	Jun. 30, 2016	Jun. 4, 2015
Log periodic antenna	Schwarzbeck	UHALP9108A	0560	Jun. 30, 2016	Jun. 4, 2015
Attenuator	TME	CFA-01NPJ-6	N/A (S275)	Jun. 30, 2016	Jun. 23, 2015
Attenuator	TME	CFA-01NPJ-3	N/A (S272)	Jun. 30, 2016	Jun. 23, 2015
Spectrum analyzer	Agilent Technologies	E4440A	US40420937	Jul. 31, 2016	Jul. 23, 2015
Preamplifier	Agilent Technologies	8449B	3008A1008	Dec. 31, 2015	Dec. 5, 2014
Dipole antenna	Schwarzbeck	VHAP	1021	Oct. 31, 2016	Oct. 2, 2015
Dipole antenna	Schwarzbeck	UHAP	993	Oct. 31, 2016	Oct. 2, 2015
Double ridged guide antenna	EMCO	3115	5205	Feb. 29, 2016	Feb. 16, 2015
Attenuator	Agilent Technologies	8491B	MY39268633	Feb. 29, 2016	Feb. 1, 2015
Double ridged guide antenna	EMCO	3115	000058532	Nov. 30, 2016	Nov. 6, 2015
Signal generator	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	SMB100A	177525	Jun. 30, 2016	Jun. 19, 2015
Power amplifier	R&K	CGA020M602-2633R	B40240	Mar. 31, 2016	Mar. 23, 2015
Microwave cable	SUHNER	SUCOFELX102/2m	31648/2	Mar. 31, 2016	Mar. 10, 2015
High pass filter	Micro-Tronics	HPM50115	004	Jul. 31, 2016	Jul. 12, 2015
High pass filter	Wainwright	WHKX2.8/18G-6SS	1	Jul. 31, 2016	Jul. 29, 2015
Wideband radio frequency tester	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	CMW500	126079	Sep. 30, 2016	Sep. 15, 2015
Microwave cable	SUHNER	SUCOFLEX104/9m	346316/4	Oct. 31, 2016	Oct. 23, 2015
		SUCOFLEX104/1m	322084/4	Oct. 31, 2016	Oct. 23, 2015
		SUCOFLEX104/1.5m	317226/4	Oct. 31, 2016	Oct. 23, 2015
		SUCOFLEX104/7m	41625/6	Oct. 31, 2016	Oct. 23, 2015
PC	DELL	DIMENSION E521	75465BX	N/A	N/A
Software	TOYO Corporation	EP5/RE-AJ	0611193/V5.4.011	N/A	N/A
3m Semi-anechoic chamber	TOKIN	N/A	N/A (9002-NSA)	Apr. 30, 2016	Apr. 27, 2015
3m Semi-anechoic chamber	TOKIN	N/A	N/A (9002-SVSWR)	Apr. 30, 2016	Apr. 27, 2015

\*: The calibrations of the above equipment are traceable to NIST or equivalent standards of the reference organizations.