

TEST REPORT



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1. Report No : DRRFCC2109-00078

2. Customer

- Name : Kyocera Corporation
- Address : Yokohama Office 2-1-1 Kagahara, Tsuzuki-ku Yokohama-shi, Kanagawa, Japan

3. Use of Report : FCC Original Grant

4. Product Name / Model Name : Mobile Phone / EB1086

FCC ID : JOYEB1086

5. FCC Regulation(s) : CFR 47 Part 2 subpart 2.1093

Test Method Used : IEEE 1528-2013, IEC/IEEE 62209-1528

FCC SAR KDB Publications (Details in test report)

6. Date of Test : 2021.08.24 ~ 2021.09.07



7. Location of Test : Permanent Testing Lab On Site Testing

8. Testing Environment : Refer to appended test report.

9. Test Result : Refer to attached test report.

The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated.

This test report is not related to KOLAS accreditation.

Affirmation	Tested by	Reviewed by
	Name : YeJin Seo 	Name : HakMin Kim 

2021 . 09 . 10 .

DT&C Co., Ltd.

If this report is required to confirmation of authenticity, please contact to report@dtnc.net

Test Report Version

Test Report No.	Date	Description	Tested by	Reviewed by
DRRFCC2109-0078	Sep. 10, 2021	Initial issue	YeJin Seo	HakMin Kim

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1. DESCRIPTION OF DEVICE

1.1 General Information

EUT type	Mobile Phone					
FCC ID	JOYEB1086					
Equipment model name	EB1086					
Equipment add model name	N/A					
Equipment serial no.	Identical prototype					
FCC & ISED MRA Designation No.	KR0034					
Mode(s) of Operation	GSM 850, GSM 1900, WCDMA 850, LTE Band 12, 5, 2.4 G W-LAN (802.11b/g/n-HT20/ac-VHT20), 5 G W-LAN (802.11a/n-HT20/n-HT40/ac-VHT20/ac-VHT40/ac-VHT80), Bluetooth					
TX Frequency Range	Band	Mode	Operating Modes	Bandwidth	Frequency	
	GSM 850	GSM/GPRS	Voice/Data	-	824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz	
	GSM 1900	GSM/GPRS	Voice/Data	-	1 850.2 MHz ~ 1 909.8 MHz	
	WCDMA 850	WCDMA	Voice/Data	-	826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz	
	LTE Band 12	LTE	Voice/Data	1.4/3/5/10MHz	699.7 MHz ~ 715.3 MHz	
	LTE Band 5	LTE	Voice/Data	1.4/3/5/10MHz	824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz	
	2.4 GHz W-LAN	802.11b/g/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	2 412 MHz ~ 2 462 MHz	
	5.2 GHz W-LAN	802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5 180 MHz ~ 5 240 MHz	
		802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 190 MHz ~ 5 230 MHz	
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 210 MHz	
	5.3 GHz W-LAN	802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5 260 MHz ~ 5 320 MHz	
		802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 270 MHz ~ 5 310 MHz	
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 290 MHz	
	5.6 GHz W-LAN	802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5 500 MHz ~ 5 720 MHz	
		802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 510 MHz ~ 5 710 MHz	
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 530 MHz ~ 5 690 MHz	
	Bluetooth	-	Data	-	2 402 MHz ~ 2 480 MHz	
	RX Frequency Range	GSM 850	GSM/GPRS	Voice/Data	-	869.2 MHz ~ 893.8 MHz
		GSM 1900	GSM/GPRS	Voice/Data	-	1 930.2 MHz ~ 1 989.8 MHz
		WCDMA 850	WCDMA	Voice/Data	-	871.4 MHz ~ 891.6 MHz
		LTE Band 12	LTE	Voice/Data	1.4/3/5/10MHz	729.7 MHz ~ 745.3 MHz
LTE Band 5		LTE	Voice/Data	1.4/3/5/10MHz	869.7 MHz ~ 893.3 MHz	
2.4 GHz W-LAN		802.11b/g/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	2 412 MHz ~ 2 462 MHz	
5.2 GHz W-LAN		802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5 180 MHz ~ 5 240 MHz	
		802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 190 MHz ~ 5 230 MHz	
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 210 MHz	
5.3 GHz W-LAN		802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT200	5 260 MHz ~ 5 320 MHz	
		802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 270 MHz ~ 5 310 MHz	
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 290 MHz	
5.6 GHz W-LAN		802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5 500 MHz ~ 5 720 MHz	
		802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 510 MHz ~ 5 710 MHz	
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 530 MHz ~ 5 690 MHz	
Bluetooth		-	Data	-	2 402 MHz ~ 2 480 MHz	

SAR Summary Table

Equipment Class	Band	Reported SAR			
		1g SAR (W/kg)			10g SAR (W/kg)
		Head	Body-Worn	Hotspot	Phablet
PCE	GSM 850	0.34	0.74	-	-
PCE	GPRS 850	0.35	0.74	0.74	-
PCE	GSM 1900	0.31	0.46	-	-
PCE	GPRS 1900	0.32	0.51	0.51	-
PCE	WCDMA 850	0.26	0.88	0.88	-
PCE	LTE Band 12	0.23	0.45	0.45	-
PCE	LTE Band 5	0.33	0.82	0.82	-
DTS	2.4 GHz W-LAN	0.17	0.27	0.27	-
U-NII-1	5.2 GHz W-LAN	-	-	-	-
U-NII-2A	5.3 GHz W-LAN	0.14	0.35	-	0.63
U-NII-2C	5.6 GHz W-LAN	0.16	0.38	-	0.80
U-NII-3	5.8 GHz W-LAN	0.28	0.37	-	1.25
DSS	Bluetooth	0.27	0.34	0.34	-
Simultaneous SAR per KDB 690783 D01v01r03		0.90	1.59	1.21	-
FCC Equipment Class	Licensed Portable Transmitter Held to Ear (PCE) Part 15 Spread Spectrum Transmitter(DSS) Digital Transmission System(DTS) Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (UNII)				
Date(s) of Tests	2021.08.24 ~ 2021.09.07				
Antenna Type	Internal Antenna				
Functions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● GSM/GPRS (GPRS Class: 12) supported. * DTM not supported. ● No simultaneous transmission between BT & 2.4GHz WLAN ● Simultaneous transmission between [GSM, WCDMA voice & WLAN], [GPRS, WCDMA & WLAN], [LTE & WLAN]. ● VoIP is supported. ● W-LAN 2.4GHz is supported Hotspot. ● W-LAN 5 GHz is not supported Hotspot. 				

1.2 Power Reduction for SAR

There is no power reduction used for any band/mode implemented in this device for SAR purposes.

1.3 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications

The Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications are in section 9 of this test report.

1.4 DUT Antenna Locations

The overall dimensions of this device are > 9 x 5 cm. A diagram showing the location of the device of the device antenna can be found in JOYEB1086_Antenna Location. Since the diagonal dimension of this device is > 160 mm and < 200 mm. it is considered a "phablet".

Mode	Device Sides for SAR Testing					
	Top	Bottom	Front	Rear	Right	Left
GSM/GPRS 850	X	O	O	O	X	O
GSM/GPRS 1900	X	O	O	O	X	O
WCDMA 850	X	O	O	O	X	O
LTE Band 12	X	O	O	O	X	O
LTE Band 5	X	O	O	O	X	O
2.4G W-LAN	O	X	O	O	X	O
5G W-LAN	O	X	O	O	X	O
Bluetooth	O	X	O	O	X	O

Note 1: Particular DUT edges were not required to be evaluated for Hotspot SAR or Phablet SAR if the edges were greater than 2.5 cm from the transmitting antenna according to FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03. The antenna document shows the distances between the transmit antennas and the edges of the device.

Note 2: O - Test / X - Not test.

1.5 Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities

The Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities are in section 12 of this test report.

1.6 Miscellaneous SAR Test Considerations

(A) WIFI

Since U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands have the same maximum output power and the highest reported SAR for U-NII-2A is less than 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band according to FCC KDB publication 248227 D01v02r02.

Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03, this device is considered a "phablet" since the diagonal dimension is greater than 160 mm and less than 200 mm. Phablet SAR tests were not required when wireless router 1g SAR < 1.2 W/kg.

(B) Licensed Transmitter(s)

GSM/GPRS DTM is not supported for US bands. Therefore, the GSM Voice modes in this report do not transmit simultaneously with GPRS Data.

LTE SAR for the higher modulations and lower bandwidths were not tested since the maximum average output power of all required channels and configurations was not more than 0.5 dB higher than the highest bandwidth and the reported LTE SAR for the highest bandwidth was less than 1.45 W/kg for all configurations according to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r04.

Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04 v01r03, this device is considered a "phablet" since the diagonal dimension is greater than 160 mm and less than 200 mm. Therefore, phablet SAR tests are required when wireless router mode does not apply or if wireless router 1g SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

1.7 Guidance Applied

- IEEE 1528-2013
- IEC/IEEE 62209-1528
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01 (3G SAR Procedures)
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05v02r05 (SAR for LTE Devices)
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05Av01r02 (LTE Rel.10 KDB Inquiry Sheet)
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01(Hotspot Mode)
- FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 (802.11 Wi-Fi SAR)
- FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 (General RF Exposure Guidance)
- FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03 (Handset SAR)
- FCC KDB Publication 690783 D01v01r03 (SAR Listings on Grants)
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 (SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz)
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D02v01r02 (RF Exposure Reporting)
- October 2013 TCB Workshop Notes (GPRS testing criteria)
- April 2015 TCB Workshop Notes (Simultaneous transmission summation clarified)
- October 2016 TCB Workshop Notes (Bluetooth Duty Factor)
- April 2019 TCB Workshop Notes (Tissue Simulating Liquids)

1.8 Device Serial Numbers

Several samples with identical hardware were used to support SAR testing. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units. The serial numbers used for each test are indicated alongside the results in Section 11.

1.9 FCC & ISED MRA test lab designation no. : KR0034

2. LTE INFORMATION

LTE Information					
FCC ID	JOYEB1086				
Form Factor	Mobile Phone				
Frequency Range of each LTE transmission Band	LTE Band 12 (699.7 ~ 715.3 MHz) LTE Band 5 (Cell) (824.7 ~ 848.3 MHz)				
Channel Bandwidths	LTE Band 12 : 1.4 MHz, 3 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz LTE Band 5 : 1.4 MHz, 3 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz				
Channel Number and Frequencies(MHz)	Low	Low-Mid	Mid	Mid-High	High
LTE Band 12: 1.4 MHz	699.7 (23017)	N/A	707.5 (23095)	N/A	715.3 (23173)
LTE Band 12: 3 MHz	700.5 (23025)	N/A	707.5 (23095)	N/A	714.5 (23165)
LTE Band 12: 5 MHz	701.5 (23035)	N/A	707.5 (23095)	N/A	713.5 (23155)
LTE Band 12: 10 MHz	704.0 (23060)	N/A	707.5 (23095) ^{Note1}	N/A	711.0 (23130)
LTE Band 5 (Cell): 1.4 MHz	824.7 (20407)	N/A	836.5 (20525)	N/A	848.3 (20643)
LTE Band 5 (Cell): 3 MHz	825.5 (20415)	N/A	836.5 (20525)	N/A	847.5 (20635)
LTE Band 5 (Cell): 5 MHz	826.5 (20425)	N/A	836.5 (20525)	N/A	846.5 (20625)
LTE Band 5 (Cell): 10 MHz	829.0 (20450)	N/A	836.5 (20525) ^{Note2}	N/A	844.0 (20600)
UE Category	UE Cat 4				
Modulations Supported in UL	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM				
LTE MPR Permanently implemented per 3GPP TS 36.101 section 6.2.3-6.2.5? (manufacturer attestation to be provided)	Yes				
A-MPR (Additional MPR) disabled for SAR Testing?	Yes				
LTE Carrier Aggregation Possible Combinations	This device does not support both UL and DL carrier aggregation.				

Note(s)

- LTE B12 can not contain three non-overlapping channels of 10 MHz bandwidth.
Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
- LTE B5(Cell) can not contain three non-overlapping channels of 10 MHz bandwidth.
Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

3. INTROCUCTION

The FCC and Industry Canada have adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency (RF) radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 and Health Canada Safety Code 6 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices.

The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices. The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz. The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave is used for guidance in measuring SAR due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields," NCRP Report No. 86 NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, MD 20814. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ) It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Fig. 3.1)

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{\rho dv} \right)$$

Fig. 3.1 SAR Mathematical Equation

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

where:

- σ = conductivity of the tissue-simulating material (S/m)
- ρ = mass density of the tissue-simulating material (kg/m³)
- E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relations to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.

4. DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT

4.1 Measurement Procedure

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure compliant to FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 and IEEE 1528-2013:

1. The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head or body was measured at a distance no greater than 5.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the device-head and body interface and the horizontal grid resolution was determined per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 (See Table 4.1) and IEEE1528-2013.
2. The point SAR measurement was taken at the maximum SAR region determined from Step 1 to enable the monitoring of SAR fluctuations/drifts during the 1g/10g cube evaluation. SAR at this fixed point was measured and used as a reference value.
3. Based on the area scan data, the peak of the region with maximum SAR was determined by spline interpolation. Around this point, a volume was assessed according to the measurement resolution and volume size requirements of FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 (See Table 4.1) and IEEE 1528-2013. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure (see references or the DASY manual online for more details):
 - a. SAR values at the inner surface of the phantom are extrapolated from the measured values along the line away from the surface with spacing no greater than that in Table 4.1. The extrapolation was based on a least-squares algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in the z-axis (normal to the phantom shell).
 - b. After the maximum interpolated values were calculated between the points in the cube, the SAR was averaged over the spatial volume (1g or 10g) using a 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was then integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were obtained through interpolation, in order to calculate the averaged SAR.
 - c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
4. The SAR reference value, at the same location as step 2, was re-measured after the zoom scan was complete to calculate the SAR drift. If the drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.

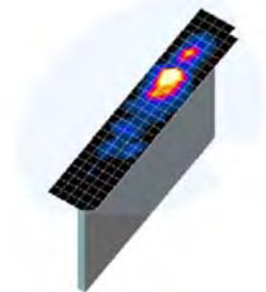


Figure 4.1
Sample SAR Area Scan

		≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface		$5 \text{ mm} \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location		$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}		≤ 2 GHz: $\leq 15 \text{ mm}$ 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq 12 \text{ mm}$	3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 12 \text{ mm}$ 4 – 6 GHz: $\leq 10 \text{ mm}$
		When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}		≤ 2 GHz: $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$ 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$	3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$ 4 – 6 GHz: $\leq 4 \text{ mm}^*$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	$\leq 5 \text{ mm}$	3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 4 \text{ mm}$ 4 – 5 GHz: $\leq 3 \text{ mm}$ 5 – 6 GHz: $\leq 2 \text{ mm}$
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	$\leq 4 \text{ mm}$
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1) \text{ mm}$
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	$\geq 30 \text{ mm}$	3 – 4 GHz: $\geq 28 \text{ mm}$ 4 – 5 GHz: $\geq 25 \text{ mm}$ 5 – 6 GHz: $\geq 22 \text{ mm}$
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details. * When zoom scan is required and the <i>reported</i> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$, $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$, $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$ and $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.			

Table 4.1 Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04*

5. DEFINITION OF REFERENCE POINTS

5.1 Ear Reference Point

Figure 5.1 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM Twin Phantom. The point “M” is the reference point for the center of the mouth, “LE” is the left ear reference point(ERP), and “RE” is the right ERP. The ERPs are 15 mm posterior to the entrance to the Ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 5.1. The plane Passing, through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck- Front) is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the RE (or LE) is called the Reference Pivoting Line (see Figure 5.1). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning.

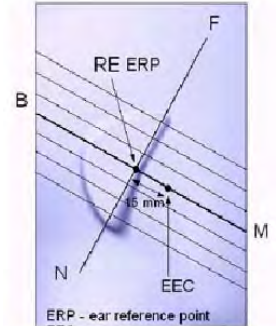


Figure 5.1
Close-up side view of ERP

5.2 Handset Reference Points

Two imaginary lines on the handset were established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device was placed in a normal operating position with the “test device reference point” located along the “vertical centerline” on the front of the device aligned to the “ear reference point” (See Fig. 5.3). The “test device reference point” was then located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device was positioned so that the “vertical centerline” was bisecting the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges, positioning the “ear reference point” on the outer surface of the both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point.



Figure 5.2 Front, back and side view SAM Twin Phantom

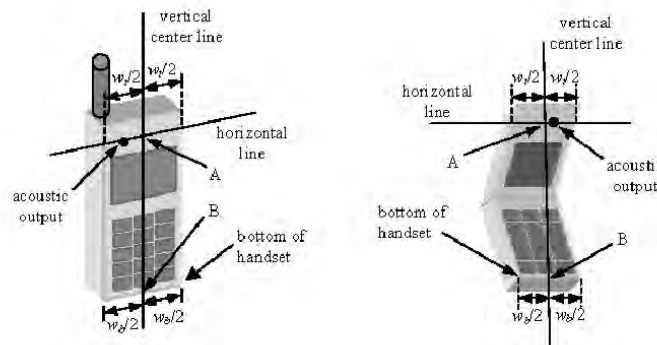


Figure 5.3 Handset Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points

6. TEST CONFIGURATION POSITIONS FOR HANDSETS

6.1 Device Holder

The device holder is made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$.

6.2 Positioning for Cheek/Touch

1. The test device was positioned with the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 6.1), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the phone is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.



Figure 6.1 Front, Side and Top View of Cheek/Touch Position

2. The handset was translated towards the phantom along the line passing through RE & LE until the handset touches the ear.
3. While maintaining the handset in this plane, the handset was rotated around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline was in the plane normal to MB-NF including the line MB (reference plane).
4. The phone was then rotated around the vertical centerline until the phone (horizontal line) was symmetrical with respect to the line NF.
5. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, the handset was rotated about the line NF until any point on the handset made contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek). (See Figure 6.2)

6.3 Positioning for Ear / 15 ° Tilt

With the test device aligned in the “Cheek/Touch Position”:

1. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was retracted parallel to the reference plane far enough to enable a rotation of the phone by 15 degree.
2. The phone was then rotated around the horizontal line by 15 degree.
3. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was moved parallel to the reference plane until any part of the phone touches the head. (In this position, point A was located on the line RE-LE). The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact was at any location other than the pinna, the angle of the phone would then be reduced. The tilted position was obtained when any part of the phone was in contact of the ear as well as a second part of the phone was in contact with the head (see Figure 6.3).

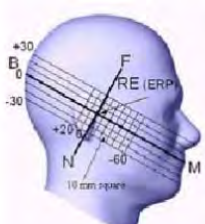


Figure 6.2 Side view w/relevant markings



Figure 6.3 Front, Side and Top View of Ear/15° Position

6.4 Body-Worn Accessory Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 6.4). Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03, Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

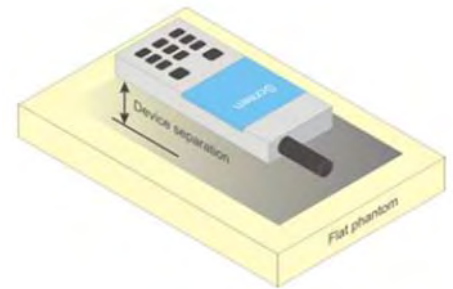


Figure 6.4 Sample Body-Worn Diagram

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented.

Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

6.5 Extremity Exposure Configurations

Devices that are designed or intended for use on extremities or mainly operated in extremity only exposure conditions; i.e., hands, wrists, feet and ankles, may require extremity SAR evaluation. When the device also operates in close proximity to the user's body, SAR compliance for the body is also required. The 1-g body and 10-g extremity SAR Exclusion Thresholds found in KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 should be applied to determine SAR test requirements.

Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, Cell phones (handsets) are not normally designed to be used on extremities or operated in extremity only exposure conditions. The maximum output power levels of handsets generally do not require extremity SAR testing to show compliance. Therefore, extremity SAR was not evaluated for this device.

6.6 Wireless Router Configurations

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user data through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets ($L \times W \geq 9 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front, rear and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5 cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. When the same wireless transmission configuration is used for testing body-worn accessory and hotspot mode SAR, respectively, in voice and data mode, SAR results for the most conservative test separation distance configuration may be used to support both SAR conditions.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitter often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was not activated during SAR assessment, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

6.7 Phablet Configurations

For smart phones with a display diagonal $> 150 \text{ mm}$ or an overall diagonal dimension $> 160 \text{ mm}$ that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, the phablets procedures outlined in KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03 should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance. A device marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance. In addition to the normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures required for handsets, the UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna $\leq 25 \text{ mm}$ from that surface or edge, in direct contact with the phantom, for 10g SAR. The UMPC mini-tablet 1g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10g SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1g SAR $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$.

7. RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

Uncontrolled Environment:

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Controlled Environment:

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Table 8.1.SAR Human Exposure Specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

	HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS	
	General Public Exposure (W/kg) or (mW/g)	Occupational Exposure (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR * (Brain)	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR ** (Whole Body)	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR *** (Hands / Feet / Ankle / Wrist)	4.00	20.0

1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e.as a result of employment or occupation).

8. FCC MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

Power measurements were performed using a base station simulator under digital average power.

8.1 Measured and Reported SAR

Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, When SAR is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance. For simultaneous transmission, the measured aggregate SAR must be scaled according to the sum of the differences between the maximum tune-up tolerance and actual power used to test each transmitter. When SAR is measured at or scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit, the results are referred to as reported SAR. The highest reported SAR results are identified on the grant of equipment authorization according to procedures in KDB 690783 D01v01r03.

8.2 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR

The following procedures are according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01.

The device was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a RF shielded chamber. Establishing connections in this manner ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. Devices under test were evaluated prior to testing, with a fully charged battery and were configured to operate at maximum output power. In order to verify that the device was tested throughout the SAR test at maximum output power, the SAR measurement system measures a “point SAR” at an arbitrary reference point at the start and end of the 1 gram SAR evaluation, to assess for any power drifts during the evaluation. If the power drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.

8.3 SAR Measurement Conditions for WCDMA (UMTS)

8.3.1 Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is measured on the High, Middle and Low channels for each applicable transmission band according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all “1s”.

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to the general, descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121 (release 5), using the appropriate RMC with TPC,(transmit power control) set to all “1s” or applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HS-DPCCH etc) are tabulated in this test report. All configurations that are not supported by the DUT or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations are identified.

8.3.2 Head SAR Measurements for Handsets

SAR for head exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1s”. SAR in AMR configurations is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel for 12.2 kbps AMR is less than 0.25 dB higher than that measured in 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in 12.2 AMR with a 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the exposure configuration that resulted in the highest SAR for that RF channel in the 12.2 kbps RMC mode.

8.3.3 Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with the TPC bits all "1s".

8.3.4 Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices

The following procedures are applicable to HSDPA data devices operating under 3GPP Release 5. SAR is required for devices in body-worn accessory and other body exposure conditions, including handsets and data modems operating in various electronic devices. HSDPA operates in conjunction with WCDMA and requires an active DPCCH. The default test configuration is to measure SAR in WCDMA with HSDPA remain inactive, to establish a radio link between the test device and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1. SAR for HSDPA is selectively measured using the highest reported SAR configuration in WCDMA, with an FRC in H-set 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC. SAR is selectively confirmed for other physical channel configurations (DPCCH & DPDCHn) according to exposure conditions, device operating capabilities and maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance by applying the 3G SAR test reduction procedures. Maximum output power is verified according to the applicable versions of 3GPP TS 34.121. SAR must be measured based on these maximum output conditions and requirements in KDB Publication 447498, with respect to the UE Categories, and explained in the SAR report. When Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) applies, the implementations must be clearly identified in the SAR report to support test results according to Cubic Metric (CM) and, as appropriate, Enhanced MPR (E-MPR) requirements.

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	CM (dB) ⁽²⁾
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	12/15 ⁽³⁾	24/15	1.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$
 Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$.
 Note 3: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Figure 9.1 Table 1

8.3.5 Release 6 HSUPA Data Devices

The following procedures are applicable to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA) data devices operating under 3GPP Release 6. SAR is required for devices in body-worn accessory and other body exposure conditions, including handsets and data modems operating in various electronic devices. HSUPA operates in conjunction with WCDMA and HSDPA. SAR is initially measured in WCDMA test configurations with HSPA remain inactive. The default test configuration is to establish a radio link between the test device and a communication test set to configure a 12.2 kbps RMC in Test Loop Mode 1. SAR for HSPA is selectively measured with HS-DPCCH, E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH, all enabled, along with a 12.2 kbps RMC using the highest reported SAR configuration in WCDMA with 12.2 kbps RMC only.

An FRC is configured according to HS-DPCCH Sub-test 1 using H-set 1 and QPSK. HSPA is configured according to E-DCH Sub-test 5 requirements. SAR for other HSPA sub-test configurations is confirmed selectively according to exposure conditions, E-DCH UE Category and maximum output power of production units, including tune-up tolerance by applying the 3G SAR test reduction procedure. Maximum output power is verified according to procedures in applicable versions of 3GPP TS 34.121. SAR must be measured based on these maximum output conditions and requirements in KDB Publication 447498, with respect to the UE Categories for HS-DPCCH and HSPA, and explained in the SAR report. When Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) applies, the implementations must be clearly identified in the SAR report to support test results according to Cubic Metric (CM) and, as appropriate, Enhanced MPR (E-MPR) requirements.

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	β_{ec}	β_{ed}	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (codes)	CM ⁽²⁾ (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG ⁽⁴⁾ Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	11/15 ⁽³⁾	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}: 47/15$ $\beta_{ed2}: 47/15$	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	64	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 2/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ed} cannot be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Figure 9.2 Table 2

8.4 SAR Measurement Conditions for LTE

LTE modes were tested according to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05 publication. Please see notes after the tabulated SAR data for required test configurations. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR. The call simulator was used for LTE output power measurement and SAR testing. Closed loop power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. SAR tests were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames (maximum TTI).

8.4.1 Spectrum Plots for RB Configurations

A properly configured base station simulator was used for SAR tests and power measurements. Therefore, spectrum plots for RB configurations were not required to be included in this report.

8.4.2 MPR

MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36. 101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.

8.4.3 A-MPR

A-MPR (Addition MPR) has been disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.

8.4.4 Required RB Size and RB Offsets for SAR Testing

According to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05:

- a. Per Section 5.2.1, SAR is required for QPSK 1 RB Allocation for the largest bandwidth
 - i. The required channel and offset combination with the highest maximum output power is required for SAR.
 - ii. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channel is not required. Otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels using the RB offset configuration with highest output power for that channel.
 - iii. When the reported SAR for a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all RB offset configurations for that channel.
- b. Per Section 5.2.2, SAR is required for 50% RB allocation using the largest bandwidth following the same procedures outlined in Section 5.2.1.
- c. Per Section 5.2.3, QPSK SAR is not required for the 100% allocation when the highest maximum output power for the 100% allocation is less than the highest maximum output power of the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations and the reported SAR for the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations is < 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- d. Per Section 5.2.4 and 5.3, SAR tests for higher order modulations and lower bandwidths configurations are not required when the conducted power of the required test configurations determined by Sections 5.2.1 through 5.2.3 is less than or equal to 0.5 dB higher than the equivalent configuration using QPSK modulation and when the QPSK SAR for those configurations is < 1.45 W/kg.

8.4.5 64QAM uplink

(1) Per KDB 941225 D05 V02r05, we'll measure conducted powers per Section 5.1 for all uplink modulations (QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM) and include in the test report.

(2) From these power measurements, we will apply the procedures in Section 5.2.4 ("Higher Order Modulations") to determine SAR test reduction for 16QAM and 64QAM test cases.

8.5 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters

The normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 b/g/n transmitters. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable. See KDB Publication 248227D01v02r02 for more details.

8.5.1 General Device Setup

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

A periodic duty factor is required for current generation SAR systems to measure SAR. When 802.11 frame gaps are accounted for in the transmission, a maximum transmission duty factor of 92-96% is typically achievable in most test mode configurations. A minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. The reported SAR is scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

8.5.2 U-NII and U-NII-2A

For devices that operate in only one of the U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, the normally required SAR procedures for OFDM configurations are applied. For devices that operate in both U-NII bands using the same transmitter and antenna(s), SAR test reduction is determined according to the following, with respect to the highest reported SAR and maximum output power specified for production units. The procedures are applied independently to each exposure configuration; for example, head, body, hotspot mode etc.

- 1) When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.
- 2) When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.

8.5.3 U-NII-2C and U-NII-3

The frequency range covered by U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 is 380 MHz (5.47 – 5.85 GHz), which requires a minimum of at least two SAR probe calibration frequency points to support SAR measurements.

When Terminal Doppler Weather Rader (TDWR) restriction applies, the channels at 5.60 – 5.65 GHz in U-NII-2C band must be disabled with acceptable mechanisms and documented in the equipment certification.

Unless band gap channels are permanently disabled, SAR must be considered for these channels. When band gap channels are disabled, each band is tested independently according to the normally required OFDM SAR measurements and probe calibration frequency points requirements.

8.5.4 Initial Test Position Procedure

For exposure conditions with multiple test positions, such as handset operating next to the ear, devices with hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet, procedures for initial test position can be applied. Using the transmission mode determined by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration, area scans are measured for all position in an exposure condition. The test position with the highest extrapolated (peak) SAR is used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test positions is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR position until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test position are measured.

8.5.5 2.4 GHz SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- 1) When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- 2) When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

2.4 GHz 802.11 g/n OFDM are additionally evaluated for SAR if the highest reported SAR for 802.11b, adjusted by the ratio of the OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power is > 1.2 W/kg. When SAR is required for OFDM modes in 2.4 GHz band, the Initial Test Configuration Procedures should be followed.

8.5.6 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection

For the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, when the same maximum output power was specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate. When the maximum output power of a channel is the same for equivalent OFDM configurations; for example, 802.11a and 802.11n or 802.11g and 802.11n with the same channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate etc., the lower order 802.11 mode i.e., 802.11a, then 802.11g then 802.11n is used for SAR measurement. When the maximum output power were the same for multiple test channels, either according to the default or additional power measurement requirements, SAR is measured using the channel closest to the middle of the frequency band or aggregated band. When there are multiple channels with the same maximum output power, SAR is measured using the higher number channel.

8.5.7 Initial Test Configuration Procedure

For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band, according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power specified for SAR measurements. When the same maximum output is specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration(s) with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, and lowest data rate. The channel of the transmission mode with the highest average RF output conducted power will be the initial test configuration.

When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no additional measurements on other test channels are required.

Otherwise, SAR is evaluated using the subsequent highest average RF output channel until the reported SAR result is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all channels are measured.

8.5.8 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures

For OFDM configurations, in each frequency band and aggregated band, SAR is evaluated for initial test configuration using the fixed test position or the initial test position procedure, when applicable. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration, adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR testing for the subsequent test configurations is required.

9. RF CONDUCTED POWERS

This device operates using the following maximum and nominal output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06

9.1 GSM Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec and Conducted Powers

Band & Mode		Voice[dBm]	Burst Average GMSK [dBm]			
		1 TX Slot	1 TX Slot	2 TX Slot	3 TX Slot	4 TX Slot
GSM/GPRS 850	Maximum	33.4	33.4	30.4	28.6	27.4
	Nominal	32.0	32.0	29.0	27.2	26.0
GSM/GPRS 1900	Maximum	30.4	30.4	27.4	25.6	24.4
	Nominal	29.0	29.0	26.0	24.2	23.0

Table 9.1.1 GSM Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

Band	Channel	Maximum Burst-Averaged Output Power(dBm)				
		Voice GSM CS 1 Slot	GPRS 1 TX Slot	GPRS 2 TX Slot	GPRS 3 TX Slot	GPRS 4 TX Slot
GSM850	128	32.46	32.46	29.62	27.90	26.68
	190	32.34	32.34	29.47	27.65	26.75
	251	32.26	32.26	29.19	27.52	26.53
PCS 1900	512	29.41	29.41	26.45	24.63	23.45
	661	29.37	29.37	26.31	24.62	23.48
	810	29.36	29.36	25.47	24.37	23.55
Band	Channel	Calculated Maximum Frame-Averaged Output Power(dBm)				
		Voice GSM CS 1 Slot	GPRS 1 TX Slot	GPRS 2 TX Slot	GPRS 3 TX Slot	GPRS 4 TX Slot
GSM850	128	23.43	23.43	23.60	23.64	23.67
	190	23.31	23.31	23.45	23.39	23.74
	251	23.23	23.23	23.17	23.26	23.52
PCS 1900	512	20.38	20.38	20.43	20.37	20.44
	661	20.34	20.34	20.29	20.36	20.47
	810	20.33	20.33	19.45	20.11	20.54
GSM850	Frame Avg. Targets:	22.97	22.97	22.98	22.94	22.99
PCS 1900		19.97	19.97	19.98	19.94	19.99

Table 9.1.2 GSM Conducted Power

Note:

- Both burst-averaged and calculated frame-averaged powers are included. Frame-averaged power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.
- GPRS (GMSK) output powers were measured with coding scheme setting of 1 (CS1) on the base station simulator. CS1 was configured to measure GPRS output power measurements and SAR to ensure GMSK modulation in the signal. Our investigation has shown that CS1 - CS4 settings do not have any impact on the output levels or modulation in the GPRS modes.

GPRS Multislot class: 12 (max 4 TX Uplink slots)
DTM Multislot Class: N/A



Figure 9.1 Power Measurement Setup

9.2 WCDMA Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec and Conducted Powers

3GPP Release Version	Mode		Cellular Band (dBm)		3GPP MPR (dB)
			Maximum	Nominal	
99	WCDMA	Voice	Maximum	24.5	-
			Nominal	23.0	
5	HSDPA	Subtest 1	Maximum	23.5	0
			Nominal	22.0	
5		Subtest 2	Maximum	23.5	0
			Nominal	22.0	
5		Subtest 3	Maximum	23.0	0.5
			Nominal	21.5	
5		Subtest 4	Maximum	23.0	0.5
			Nominal	21.5	
6	HSUPA	Subtest 1	Maximum	23.5	0
			Nominal	22.0	
6		Subtest 2	Maximum	21.5	2
			Nominal	20.0	
6		Subtest 3	Maximum	22.5	1
			Nominal	21.0	
6		Subtest 4	Maximum	21.5	2
			Nominal	20.0	
6		Subtest 5	Maximum	23.5	0
			Nominal	22.0	

Table 9.2.1 WCDMA Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

3GPP Release Version	Mode	3GPP 34.121 Subtest	Cellular Band (dBm)			3GPP MPR (dB)
			4132	4183	4233	
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps RMC	22.92	22.87	22.74	-
99		12.2 kbps AMR	22.91	22.86	22.70	-
5	HSDPA	Subtest 1	21.95	21.87	21.74	0
5		Subtest 2	21.94	21.85	21.73	0
5		Subtest 3	21.42	21.38	21.23	0.5
5		Subtest 4	21.43	21.34	21.23	0.5
6	HSUPA	Subtest 1	21.94	21.89	21.76	0
6		Subtest 2	19.96	19.87	19.77	2
6		Subtest 3	20.92	20.88	20.75	1
6		Subtest 4	19.95	19.91	19.74	2
6		Subtest 5	21.96	21.91	21.74	0

Table 9.2.2 WCDMA Conducted Power

WCDMA SAR was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01. HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg.

The manufacturer declares that the HSDPA and HSUPA transmitter's power will not exceed the R99 maximum transmit power in devices based on Qualcomm's HSPA chipset solutions.



Figure 9.2 Power Measurement Setup

9.3 LTE Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec and Conducted Powers

Band & Mode	Modulated Average[dBm]	
	LTE Band 12	Maximum
	Nominal	23.0

Table 9.3.1.1 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

1) LTE Band 12

LTE Band 12 Conducted Power– 10 MHz Bandwidth								
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Mid Channel		MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)		
			23095 (707.5 MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0		22.97	≤ 1	0		
	1	25		22.99				
	1	49		22.91				
	25	0		21.81		1		
	25	12		21.83				
	25	25		21.79				
16QAM	50	0		21.81	≤ 1	1		
	1	0		22.11				
	1	25		22.12				
	1	49		22.08		≤ 2	2	
	25	0		20.92				
	25	12		20.93				
64QAM	25	25		20.83	≤ 2	2		
	50	0		20.85				
	1	0		21.00			≤ 2	2
	1	25		21.02				
	1	49		20.95		≤ 3		
	25	0		19.93				
25	12		19.95					
	25	25		19.91	≤ 3	3		
	50	0		19.91				

Table 9.3.1.2 LTE Conducted Power

Note : LTE B12 can not contain three non-overlapping channels of 10 MHz bandwidth.

Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

LTE Band 12 Conducted Power– 5 MHz Bandwidth								
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)	
			23035 (701.5 MHz)	23095 (707.5 MHz)	23155 (713.5 MHz)			
			Conducted Power (dBm)					
QPSK	1	0	23.02	22.93	22.87	≤ 1	0	
	1	12	23.05	22.99	22.89			
	1	24	23.00	22.90	22.83			
	12	0	21.92	21.84	21.68		1	
	12	6	21.96	21.85	21.74			
	12	13	21.90	21.79	21.65			
16QAM	25	0	21.91	21.83	21.69	≤ 1	1	
	1	0	22.13	22.06	21.97			
	1	12	22.16	22.08	22.05			≤ 2
	1	24	22.11	22.01	21.95			
	12	0	20.96	20.88	20.70			
	64QAM	12	6	20.97	20.89		20.71	≤ 2
12		13	20.94	20.84	20.66			
25		0	20.92	20.82	20.69	≤ 3	3	
1		0	21.06	20.99	20.88			
1		12	21.07	21.02	20.94			
64QAM		1	24	21.02	20.96	20.86	≤ 3	
	12	0	19.98	19.88	19.77			
	12	6	19.99	19.94	19.89	≤ 3		3
	12	13	19.92	19.85	19.71			
	15	0	19.93	19.85	19.75			

Table 9.3.1.3 LTE Conducted Power

LTE Band 12 Conducted Power– 3 MHz Bandwidth									
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)		
			23025 (700.5 MHz)	23095 (707.5 MHz)	23165 (714.5 MHz)				
			Conducted Power (dBm)						
QPSK	1	0	22.97	22.91	22.85	≤ 1	0		
	1	7	22.98	22.93	22.87				
	1	14	22.95	22.90	22.84				
	8	0	21.91	21.84	21.79		1		
	8	4	21.94	21.87	21.83				
	8	7	21.89	21.83	21.74				
16QAM	15	0	21.89	21.86	21.82	≤ 1	1		
	1	0	22.10	22.06	21.97		≤ 1	1	
	1	7	22.11	22.07	22.02				
	1	14	22.06	22.02	21.95				
	64QAM	8	0	20.93	20.86		20.81	≤ 2	2
		8	4	20.96	20.91		20.85		
8		7	20.90	20.83	20.79				
15		0	20.93	20.89	20.84	2			
1		0	21.05	20.97	20.88		≤ 2		2
1		7	21.09	20.98	20.92				
1	14	21.03	20.94	20.85					
8	0	19.93	19.91	19.86	≤ 3	3			
8	4	19.95	19.92	19.88					
8	7	19.91	19.86	19.77					
	15	0	19.94	19.90	19.85		3		

Table 9.3.1.4 LTE Conducted Power

LTE Band 12 Conducted Power– 1.4 MHz Bandwidth									
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)		
			23017 (699.7 MHz)	23095 (707.5 MHz)	23173 (715.3 MHz)				
			Conducted Power (dBm)						
QPSK	1	0	22.97	22.82	22.74	≤ 1	0		
	1	2	23.00	22.87	22.78				
	1	5	22.93	22.78	22.73				
	16QAM	3	0	22.97	22.85		22.75	≤ 1	0
		3	2	22.99	22.86		22.76		
		3	3	22.95	22.81		22.72		
64QAM	6	0	21.88	21.74	21.65	≤ 1	1		
	1	0	22.14	21.97	21.93				
	1	2	22.16	22.03	21.96				≤ 1
	1	5	22.11	21.95	21.85				
	3	0	21.92	21.78	21.69				
	64QAM	3	2	21.93	21.79		21.71	≤ 2	1
3		3	21.83	21.72	21.67				
6		0	20.99	20.81	20.79	≤ 2	2		
1		0	21.15	20.95	20.91				
1		2	21.17	20.97	20.93				
64QAM		1	5	21.11	20.88	20.87	≤ 2		2
	3	0	21.00	20.87	20.79				
	3	2	21.04	20.90	20.85	≤ 2		2	
	3	3	20.98	20.85	20.73				
	6	0	19.91	19.77	19.66				≤ 3

Table 9.3.1.5 LTE Conducted Power

Band & Mode	Modulated Average[dBm]	
LTE Band 5	Maximum	24.5
	Nominal	23.0

Table 9.3.2.1 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

2) LTE Band 5 (Cell)

LTE Band 5 (Cell) Conducted Power– 10 MHz Bandwidth						
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Mid Channel		MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			20525 (836.5 MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)		
QPSK	1	0		22.80	≤ 1	0
	1	25		22.81		
	1	49		22.78		
	25	0		21.70		1
	25	12		21.74		
	25	25		21.64		
16QAM	1	0		21.96	≤ 1	1
	1	25		21.99		
	1	49		21.90		
	25	0		20.69	≤ 2	2
	25	12		20.78		
	25	25		20.65		
64QAM	1	0		20.76	≤ 2	2
	1	25		20.88		
	1	49		20.89		
	25	0		20.84	≤ 3	3
	25	12		19.73		
	25	25		19.79		
	25	25		19.68		
	50	0		19.78		3

Table 9.3.2.2 LTE Conducted Power

Note : LTE B5(Cell) can not contain three non-overlapping channels of 10 MHz bandwidth.

Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

LTE Band 5 (Cell) Conducted Power– 5 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			20425 (826.5 MHz)	20525 (836.5 MHz)	20625 (846.5 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	22.86	22.75	22.70	≤ 1	0
	1	12	22.88	22.77	22.75		
	1	24	22.82	22.73	22.67		
	12	0	21.80	21.69	21.64		1
	12	6	21.82	21.78	21.68		
	12	13	21.78	21.67	21.61		
16QAM	25	0	21.81	21.74	21.57	≤ 1	1
	1	0	22.02	21.90	21.88		
	1	12	22.05	21.94	21.89		
	1	24	22.00	21.88	21.83	≤ 2	2
	12	0	20.86	20.74	20.68		
	12	6	20.89	20.77	20.74		
64QAM	12	13	20.80	20.67	20.65	≤ 2	2
	25	0	20.82	20.71	20.55		
	1	0	20.88	20.78	20.74		
	1	12	20.90	20.79	20.78	≤ 2	2
	1	24	20.84	20.77	20.72		
	12	0	19.88	19.72	19.70		
64QAM	12	6	19.89	19.78	19.74	≤ 3	3
	12	13	19.82	19.71	19.65		
	25	0	19.84	19.72	19.56		

Table 9.3.2.3 LTE Conducted Power

LTE Band 5 (Cell) Conducted Power– 3 MHz Bandwidth								
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)	
			20415 (825.5 MHz)	20525 (836.5 MHz)	20635 (847.5 MHz)			
			Conducted Power (dBm)					
QPSK	1	0	22.94	22.81	22.71	≤ 1	0	
	1	7	23.00	22.82	22.73			
	1	14	22.90	22.79	22.70			
	8	0	21.80	21.68	21.61		1	
	8	4	21.82	21.69	21.63			
	8	7	21.79	21.65	21.59			
16QAM	15	0	21.77	21.66	21.59	≤ 1	1	
	1	0	22.12	21.98	21.86		≤ 1	1
	1	7	22.15	22.00	21.90			
	1	14	22.06	21.89	21.80			
	8	0	20.85	20.68	20.65		≤ 2	2
	8	4	20.91	20.74	20.67			
8	7	20.83	20.65	20.60				
64QAM	15	0	20.83	20.72	20.62	≤ 2	2	
	1	0	21.05	20.87	20.81		≤ 2	2
	1	7	21.06	20.90	20.84			
	1	14	21.01	20.86	20.79			
	8	0	19.86	19.78	19.66		≤ 3	3
	8	4	19.89	19.79	19.68			
8	7	19.83	19.77	19.64				
	15	0	19.87	19.72	19.65		3	

Table 9.3.2.4 LTE Conducted Power

LTE Band 5 (Cell) Conducted Power– 1.4 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			20407 (824.7 MHz)	20525 (836.5 MHz)	20643 (848.3 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	22.86	22.69	22.61	≤ 1	0
	1	2	22.98	22.82	22.66		
	1	5	22.82	22.64	22.58		
	3	0	22.66	22.55	22.53		0
	3	2	22.71	22.57	22.55		
	3	3	22.65	22.52	22.51		
	6	0	21.73	21.65	21.60		1
16QAM	1	0	22.01	21.83	21.76	≤ 1	1
	1	2	22.09	21.94	21.85		
	1	5	21.98	21.81	21.68		
	3	0	21.76	21.60	21.53		1
	3	2	21.84	21.66	21.58		
	3	3	21.74	21.59	21.51		
64QAM	6	0	20.75	20.62	20.54	≤ 2	2
	1	0	21.01	20.84	20.75	≤ 2	2
	1	2	21.04	20.87	20.78		
	1	5	21.00	20.81	20.71		
	3	0	20.82	20.69	20.60		2
	3	2	20.89	20.74	20.63		
	3	3	20.80	20.67	20.57		
6	0	19.77	19.75	19.60	≤ 3		3

Table 9.3.2.5 LTE Conducted Power

9.4 WLAN Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec and Conducted Powers

Band (GHz)	Mode	Ch	Modulated Average[dBm]	
			Maximum	Nominal
2.4	802.11b	1	15.0	12.0
		6	15.0	12.0
		11	15.0	12.0
	802.11g	1	15.0	12.0
		6	15.0	12.0
		11	15.0	12.0
	802.11n (HT20)	1	15.0	12.0
		6	15.0	12.0
		11	15.0	12.0

Table 9.4.1 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11 (2.4 GHz) Conducted Power[dBm]
802.11b	2412	1	12.45
	2437	6	12.49
	2462	11	12.11
802.11g	2412	1	11.95
	2437	6	11.82
	2462	11	11.69
802.11n (HT-20)	2412	1	11.78
	2437	6	11.65
	2462	11	11.77

Table 9.4.2 IEEE 802.11 Average RF Power

Band (GHz)	Mode	Ch	Modulated Average[dBm]	
			Maximum	Nominal
5 (UNII)	802.11a	36-165	14.5	11.5
	802.11n (20MHz)	36-165	14.5	11.5
	802.11ac (20MHz)	36-165	14.5	11.5
	802.11n (40MHz)	38-159	14.5	11.5
	802.11ac (40MHz)	38-159	14.5	11.5
	802.11ac (80MHz)	42-155	14.5	11.5

Table 9.4.3 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11a (5 GHz) Conducted Power[dBm]
802.11a	5180	36	10.72
	5200	40	10.92
	5220	44	11.17
	5240	48	11.26
	5260	52	11.21
	5280	56	11.26
	5300	60	11.31
	5320	64	11.14
	5500	100	11.24
	5580	116	11.47
	5660	132	11.46
	5720	144	10.93
	5745	149	10.66
	5785	157	10.42
	5825	165	10.61

Table 9.4.4 IEEE 802.11a Average RF Power

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11n HT20 (5 GHz) Conducted Power[dBm]
802.11n (HT-20)	5180	36	10.93
	5200	40	11.05
	5220	44	11.21
	5240	48	11.13
	5260	52	11.35
	5280	56	11.35
	5300	60	11.21
	5320	64	11.08
	5500	100	11.01
	5580	116	11.31
	5660	132	11.42
	5720	144	10.87
	5745	149	10.55
	5785	157	10.40
	5825	165	10.50

Table 9.4.5 IEEE 802.11n HT20 Average RF Power

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11ac VHT20 (5 GHz) Conducted Power[dBm]
802.11ac (VHT-20)	5180	36	10.97
	5200	40	11.06
	5220	44	11.32
	5240	48	11.13
	5260	52	11.15
	5280	56	11.31
	5300	60	11.27
	5320	64	11.15
	5500	100	11.10
	5580	116	11.38
	5660	132	11.40
	5720	144	10.86
	5745	149	10.69
	5785	157	10.37
	5825	165	10.54

Table 9.4.6 IEEE 802.11ac VHT20 Average RF Power

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11n HT40 (5 GHz) Conducted Power[dBm]
802.11n (HT-40)	5190	38	11.80
	5230	46	12.14
	5270	54	12.07
	5310	62	12.01
	5510	102	11.84
	5550	110	11.97
	5670	134	12.04
	5755	151	11.17
	5795	159	11.17

Table 9.4.7 IEEE 802.11n HT40 Average RF Power

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 (5 GHz) Conducted Power[dBm]
802.11ac (VHT-40)	5190	38	11.93
	5230	46	12.17
	5270	54	12.06
	5310	62	12.05
	5510	102	11.89
	5550	110	12.04
	5670	134	12.13
	5755	151	11.20
	5795	159	11.14

Table 9.4.8 IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 Average RF Power

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11ac VHT80 (5 GHz) Conducted Power[dBm]
802.11ac (VHT-80)	5210	42	11.76
	<u>5290</u>	<u>58</u>	<u>12.01</u>
	5530	106	11.67
	<u>5610</u>	<u>122</u>	<u>12.16</u>
	5690	138	11.85
	<u>5775</u>	<u>155</u>	<u>11.13</u>

Table 9.4.9 IEEE 802.11ac VHT80 Average RF Power

Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02:

- Power measurements were performed for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
- For transmission modes with the same maximum output power specification, powers were measured for the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate.
- For transmission modes with identical maximum specified output power, channel bandwidth, modulation and data rates, power measurements were required for all identical configurations.
- For each transmission mode configuration, powers were measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there were at least 3 channels supported. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, duo to an even number of channels, both channels were measured.
- Output Power and SAR is not required for 802.11 g/n HT20/ac VHT20 channels when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjust SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- The underlined data rate and channel above were tested for SAR.

The average output powers of this device were tested by below configuration.



Figure 9.4 Power Measurement Setup

9.5 Bluetooth Conducted Powers

Frame Modulated Average[dBm]		
Bluetooth 1 Mbps	Maximum	16.0
	Nominal	12.3
Bluetooth 2 Mbps	Maximum	13.0
	Nominal	9.3
Bluetooth 3 Mbps	Maximum	13.0
	Nominal	9.3
Bluetooth LE	Maximum	9.8
	Nominal	6.1

Table 9.5.1 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec (Frame)

Channel	Frequency	Frame AVG Output Power (1Mbps)	Frame AVG Output Power (2Mbps)	Frame AVG Output Power (3Mbps)
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)
Low	2 402	10.30	7.95	6.20
Mid	2 441	10.65	6.32	6.21
High	2 480	10.99	6.16	6.05

Table 9.5.2 Bluetooth Frame Average RF Power

Channel	Frequency	Frame AVG Output Power(LE / 1Mbps)	Frame AVG Output Power(LE / 2Mbps)
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)
Low	2 402	6.45	4.83
Mid	2 440	6.24	4.61
High	2 480	6.25	4.71

Table 9.5.2 Bluetooth LE Frame Average RF Power

- Bluetooth Conducted Powers procedures

- Bluetooth (BDR, EDR)

- 1) Enter DUT mode in EUT and operate it.

When it operating, The EUT is transmitting at maximum power level and duty cycle fixed.

- 2) Instruments and EUT were connected like Figure 9.5.1.

- 3) The maximum output powers of BDR(1 Mbps), EDR(2, 3 Mbps) and each frequency were set by a Bluetooth Tester.

- 4) Power levels were measured by a Power Meter.

2. Bluetooth (LE)

- 1) Enter LE mode in EUT and operate it.

When it operating, The EUT is transmitting at maximum power level and duty cycle fixed.

- 2) Instruments and EUT were connected like Figure 9.5.1.

- 3) The average conducted output powers of LE and each frequency can measurement according to setting program in EUT.

- 4) Power levels were measured by a Power Meter.

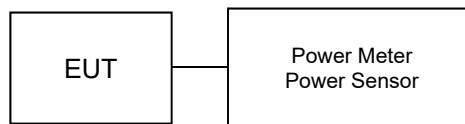


Figure 9.5.1 Average Power Measurement Setup

- Bluetooth Transmission Plot

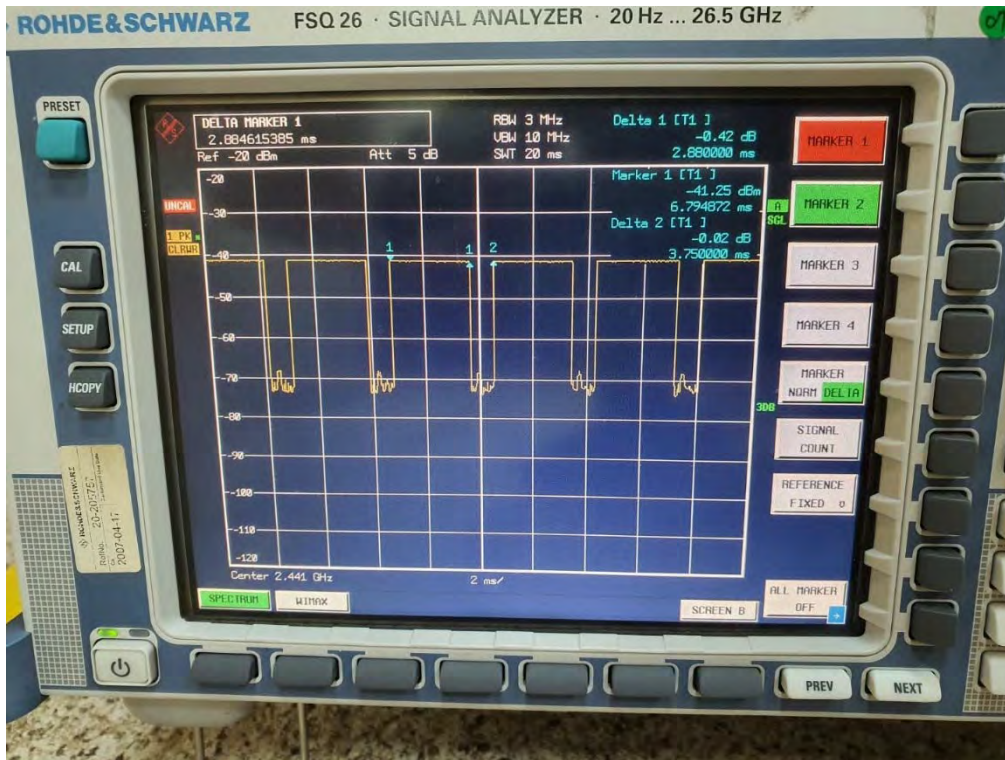


Figure 9.5.2 Bluetooth Transmission Plot

- Bluetooth Duty Cycle Calculation

$$\text{Duty Cycle} = \text{Pulse/Period} * 100\% = (2.880/3.750) * 100 = 76.8\%$$

10. SYSTEM VERIFICATION

10.1 Tissue Verification

MEASURED TISSUE PARAMETERS										
Date(s)	Tissue Type	Ambient Temp.[°C]	Liquid Temp.[°C]	Measured Frequency [MHz]	Target Dielectric Constant, ϵ_r	Target Conductivity, σ (S/m)	Measured Dielectric Constant, ϵ_r	Measured Conductivity, σ (S/m)	Er Deviation [%]	σ Deviation [%]
Aug. 24. 2021	750 Head	21.3	21.2	707.5	42.129	0.887	42.887	0.866	1.80	-2.37
				750.0	41.900	0.890	42.361	0.906	1.10	1.80
Aug. 25. 2021	835 Head	21.2	21.1	824.2	41.552	0.899	41.008	0.875	-1.31	-2.67
				826.4	41.542	0.899	40.979	0.877	-1.36	-2.45
				835.0	41.500	0.900	40.879	0.885	-1.50	-1.67
				836.6	41.500	0.901	40.859	0.886	-1.54	-1.66
				846.6	41.500	0.912	40.744	0.895	-1.82	-1.86
				848.8	41.500	0.914	40.716	0.897	-1.89	-1.86
Aug. 23. 2021	835 Head	21.3	21.0	835.0	41.500	0.900	42.621	0.909	2.70	1.00
				836.5	41.500	0.901	42.608	0.910	2.67	1.00
Aug. 30. 2021	1 900 Head	20.8	20.7	1 850.2	40.000	1.400	41.272	1.359	3.18	-2.93
				1 880.0	40.000	1.400	41.186	1.388	2.97	-0.86
				1 900.0	40.000	1.400	41.111	1.408	2.78	0.57
				1 909.8	40.000	1.400	41.078	1.417	2.70	1.21
Aug. 27. 2021	2 450 Head	21.8	21.7	2 402.0	39.282	1.757	39.299	1.729	0.04	-1.59
				2 412.0	39.265	1.766	39.264	1.739	0.00	-1.53
				2 437.0	39.222	1.788	39.178	1.767	-0.11	-1.17
				2 441.0	39.215	1.792	39.166	1.771	-0.12	-1.17
				2 450.0	39.200	1.800	39.136	1.781	-0.16	-1.06
				2 462.0	39.184	1.813	39.100	1.794	-0.21	-1.05
				2 480.0	39.160	1.832	39.042	1.813	-0.30	-1.04
				5 260.0	35.940	4.720	35.269	4.675	-1.59	-0.95
Sep. 3. 2021	5 300 Head	21.4	21.1	5 270.0	35.930	4.730	35.364	4.687	-1.58	-0.91
				5 280.0	35.920	4.740	35.362	4.695	-1.55	-0.95
				5 290.0	35.910	4.750	35.352	4.702	-1.55	-1.01
				5 300.0	35.900	4.760	35.329	4.712	-1.59	-1.01
				5 310.0	35.890	4.770	35.311	4.725	-1.61	-0.94
				5 320.0	35.880	4.780	35.298	4.737	-1.62	-0.90
				5 500.0	35.650	4.965	35.518	5.048	-0.37	1.67
Sep. 6. 2021	5 600 Head	20.7	20.6	5 510.0	35.635	4.976	35.500	5.057	-0.38	1.63
				5 530.0	35.605	4.997	35.463	5.081	-0.40	1.68
				5 550.0	35.575	5.018	35.444	5.102	-0.37	1.67
				5 580.0	35.530	5.049	35.387	5.139	-0.40	1.78
				5 600.0	35.500	5.070	35.370	5.163	-0.37	1.83
				5 610.0	35.490	5.080	35.361	5.170	-0.36	1.77
				5 660.0	35.440	5.130	35.272	5.224	-0.47	1.83
				5 670.0	35.430	5.140	35.253	5.234	-0.50	1.83
				5 690.0	35.410	5.160	35.215	5.262	-0.55	1.98
				5 710.0	35.390	5.180	35.201	5.286	-0.53	2.05
				5 720.0	35.380	5.190	35.190	5.293	-0.54	1.98
5 800.0	35.300	5.270	35.037	5.384	-0.75	2.16				
Sep. 7. 2021	5 800 Head	21.0	20.9	5745.0	35.355	5.215	34.595	5.361	-2.15	2.80
				5755.0	35.345	5.225	34.582	5.372	-2.16	2.81
				5775.0	35.325	5.245	34.544	5.390	-2.21	2.76
				5785.0	35.315	5.255	34.521	5.403	-2.25	2.82
				5795.0	35.305	5.265	34.503	5.418	-2.27	2.91
				5800.0	35.300	5.270	34.496	5.425	-2.28	2.94
				5825.0	35.275	5.296	34.485	5.452	-2.24	2.95

The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software. The DASY software was used to perform interpolation to determine the dielectric parameters at the SAR test device frequencies (per KDB 865664 and IEEE 1528-2013 6.6.1.2). The tissue parameters listed in the SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above due to significant digit rounding in the software.

Measurement Procedure for Tissue verification:

- 1) The network analyzer and probe system was configured and calibrated
- 2) The probe was immersed in the sample which was placed in a nonmetallic container. Trapped air bubbles beneath the flange were minimized by placing the probe at a slight angle.
- 3) The complex admittance with respect to the probe aperture was measured
- 4) The complex relative permittivity ϵ_r , for example from the below equation (Poumaropoulos and Msrar).

$$Y = \frac{j2\omega\epsilon_0\epsilon_r}{\ln(b/a)} \int_0^b \int_0^a \int_0^\pi \cos\phi' \exp\left[-j\omega r(\mu_0\epsilon_r\epsilon_0)^{1/2}\right] d\phi' d\rho' d\rho$$

where Y is the admittance of the probe in contact with the sample, the primed and unprimed coordinates refer to source and observation points, respectively, $r^2 = \rho^2 + \rho'^2 - 2\rho\rho' \cos\phi'$, ω is the angular frequency, and $j = \sqrt{-1}$.

10.2 Test System Verification

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the $\pm 10\%$ of the specifications at using the SAR Dipole kit(s). (Graphic Plots Attached)

Table 10.2.1 System Verification Results (1g)

SYSTEM DIPOLE VERIFICATION TARGET & MEASURED												
SAR System #	Freq. [MHz]	SAR Dipole kits	Date(s)	Tissue Type	Ambient Temp. [°C]	Liquid Temp. [°C]	Probe S/N	Input Power (mW)	1W Target SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 W Normalized SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Deviation [%]
E	750	D750V3, SN:1049	Aug. 24. 2021	Head	21.3	21.2	7337	250	8.39	2.12	8.48	1.07
E	835	D835V2, SN:464	Aug. 25. 2021	Head	21.2	21.1	7337	250	9.75	2.55	10.20	4.62
E	835	D835V2, SN:464	Aug. 23. 2021	Head	21.3	21.0	7337	250	9.75	2.32	9.28	-4.82
D	1 900	D1900V2, SN:5d029	Aug. 30. 2021	Head	20.8	20.7	3327	100	40.5	4.13	41.30	1.98
C	2 450	D2450V2, SN: 716	Aug. 27. 2021	Head	21.8	21.7	7368	100	54.1	5.71	57.10	5.55
C	5 300	D5GHZV2, SN:1103	Sep. 3. 2021	Head	21.4	21.1	7368	100	84.7	8.56	85.60	1.06
C	5 600	D5GHZV2, SN:1103	Sep. 6. 2021	Head	20.7	20.6	7368	100	86.4	8.81	88.10	1.97
C	5 800	D5GHZV2, SN:1103	Sep. 7. 2021	Head	21.0	20.9	7368	100	83.5	8.21	82.10	-1.68

Note1 : System Verification was measured with input 250 mW, 100 mW and normalized to 1W.
 Note2 : Full system validation status and results can be found in Appendix D.

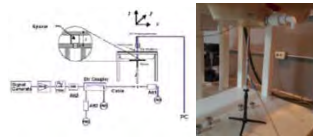


Figure 10.1 Dipole Verification Test Setup Diagram & Photo

11. SAR TEST RESULTS

11.1 Standalone Head SAR Results

Table 11.1.1 GSM/GPRS 850 Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	# of Time Slots	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch													
836.6	190	GSM850	GSM	33.40	32.34	-0.030	Left Touch	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.217	1.276	0.277	A1
836.6	190	GSM850	GSM	33.40	32.34	-0.090	Right Touch	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.267	1.276	0.341	
836.6	190	GSM850	GSM	33.40	32.34	0.120	Left Tilt	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.113	1.276	0.144	
836.6	190	GSM850	GSM	33.40	32.34	0.060	Right Tilt	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.113	1.276	0.144	
836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	27.40	26.75	-0.010	Left Touch	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.263	1.161	0.305	A2
836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	27.40	26.75	0.110	Right Touch	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.299	1.161	0.347	
836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	27.40	26.75	-0.120	Left Tilt	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.137	1.161	0.159	
836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	27.40	26.75	0.170	Right Tilt	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.121	1.161	0.140	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure											Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram			

Table 11.1.2 PCS/GPRS 1900 Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	# of Time Slots	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch													
1880.0	661	PCS1900	PCS	30.40	29.37	0.130	Left Touch	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.241	1.268	0.306	A3
1880.0	661	PCS1900	PCS	30.40	29.37	-0.090	Right Touch	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.129	1.268	0.164	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	PCS	30.40	29.37	0.070	Left Tilt	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.096	1.268	0.122	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	PCS	30.40	29.37	0.140	Right Tilt	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.087	1.268	0.110	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	24.40	23.48	-0.080	Left Touch	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.259	1.236	0.320	A4
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	24.40	23.48	-0.040	Right Touch	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.153	1.236	0.189	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	24.40	23.48	-0.120	Left Tilt	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.106	1.236	0.131	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	24.40	23.48	0.120	Right Tilt	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.111	1.236	0.137	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure											Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram			

Table 11.1.3 WCDMA 850 Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS													
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch												
836.6	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	24.50	22.87	0.150	Left Touch	FCC #1	1:1	0.159	1.455	0.231	A5
836.6	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	24.50	22.87	0.160	Right Touch	FCC #1	1:1	0.177	1.455	0.258	
836.6	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	24.50	22.87	0.000	Left Tilt	FCC #1	1:1	0.079	1.455	0.115	
836.6	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	24.50	22.87	0.080	Right Tilt	FCC #1	1:1	0.088	1.455	0.128	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure											Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram		

Table 11.1.4 LTE Band 12 Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																	
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Band	BW [MHz]	Max Allowed Power [dBm]	Cond. PWR [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	MPR	Position	Device Serial Number	Mod.	RB Size	RB Offs.	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch																
707.5	23095	LTE B12	10	24.50	22.99	0.030	0	Left Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	1	25	1:1	0.148	1.416	0.210	A6
707.5	23095	LTE B12	10	23.50	21.83	-0.120	1	Left Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	25	12	1:1	0.138	1.469	0.203	
707.5	23095	LTE B12	10	24.50	22.99	0.110	0	Right Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	1	25	1:1	0.159	1.416	0.225	
707.5	23095	LTE B12	10	23.50	21.83	-0.050	1	Right Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	25	12	1:1	0.114	1.469	0.167	
707.5	23095	LTE B12	10	24.50	22.99	-0.090	0	Left Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	1	25	1:1	0.087	1.416	0.123	
707.5	23095	LTE B12	10	23.50	21.83	0.170	1	Left Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	25	12	1:1	0.064	1.469	0.094	
707.5	23095	LTE B12	10	24.50	22.99	0.060	0	Right Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	1	25	1:1	0.073	1.416	0.103	
707.5	23095	LTE B12	10	23.50	21.83	0.190	1	Right Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	25	12	1:1	0.055	1.469	0.081	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure														Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram			

Table 11.1.5 LTE Band 5 (Cell) Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																	
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Band	BW [MHz]	Max Allowed Power [dBm]	Cond. PWR [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	MPR	Position	Device Serial Number	Mod.	RB Size	RB Offs.	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch																
836.5	20525	LTE B5	10	24.50	22.81	-0.080	0	Left Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	1	25	1:1	0.182	1.476	0.269	A7
836.5	20525	LTE B5	10	23.50	21.74	0.180	1	Left Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	25	12	1:1	0.146	1.500	0.219	
836.5	20525	LTE B5	10	24.50	22.81	0.110	0	Right Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	1	25	1:1	0.223	1.476	0.329	
836.5	20525	LTE B5	10	23.50	21.74	0.160	1	Right Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	25	12	1:1	0.179	1.500	0.269	
836.5	20525	LTE B5	10	24.50	22.81	-0.040	0	Left Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	1	25	1:1	0.092	1.476	0.136	
836.5	20525	LTE B5	10	23.50	21.74	0.130	1	Left Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	25	12	1:1	0.080	1.500	0.120	
836.5	20525	LTE B5	10	24.50	22.81	0.170	0	Right Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	1	25	1:1	0.105	1.476	0.155	
836.5	20525	LTE B5	10	23.50	21.74	0.190	1	Right Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	25	12	1:1	0.078	1.500	0.117	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure														Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram			

Table 11.1.6 DTS Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode (Antenna)	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch														
2437.0	6	802.11b	15.00	12.49	0.030	Left Touch	FCC #2	0.037	1	91.4	0.034	1.782	1.094	0.066	
2437.0	6	802.11b	15.00	12.49	-0.040	Right Touch	FCC #2	0.096	1	91.4	0.089	1.782	1.094	0.174	A8
2437.0	6	802.11b	15.00	12.49	0.020	Left Tilt	FCC #2	0.017	1	91.4	0.016	1.782	1.094	0.031	
2437.0	6	802.11b	15.00	12.49	-0.030	Right Tilt	FCC #2	0.032	1	91.4	0.031	1.782	1.094	0.060	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak											Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram				
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure															

Adjusted SAR results for OFDM SAR															
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Antenna	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	FREQUENCY [MHz]	Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Ratio of OFDM to DSSS	1g Adjusted SAR (W/kg)	Determine OFDM SAR			
MHz	Ch														
2 437.0	6	802.11b	DSSS	15.0	0.174	2 437.0	802.11g	OFDM	15.0	1.000	0.174				X
2 437.0	6	802.11b	DSSS	15.0	0.174	2 437.0	802.11n	OFDM	15.0	1.000	0.174				X
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak											Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram				
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure															

Note: SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

Table 11.1.7 UNII Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode (Antenna)	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch														
5290.0	58	802.11ac	14.50	12.01	0.010	Left Touch	FCC #2	0.020	6	89.0	0.018	1.774	1.124	0.036	
5290.0	58	802.11ac	14.50	12.01	-0.000	Right Touch	FCC #2	0.097	6	89.0	0.070	1.774	1.124	0.140	A9
5290.0	58	802.11ac	14.50	12.01	-0.019	Left Tilt	FCC #2	0.028	6	89.0	0.023	1.774	1.124	0.046	
5290.0	58	802.11ac	14.50	12.01	-0.000	Right Tilt	FCC #2	0.043	6	89.0	0.041	1.774	1.124	0.082	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak											Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram				
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure															

Adjusted SAR results for UNII-1 and UNII-2A SAR															
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Antenna	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	FREQUENCY [MHz]	Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Adjusted Factor	1g Adjusted SAR (W/kg)	SAR for the band with lower maximum output power			
MHz	Ch														
5 290.0	58	802.11ac	OFDM	14.50	0.140	5 210.0	802.11ac	OFDM	14.50	1.000	0.140				X
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak											Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram				
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure															

Note: U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A Bands: When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration.

Table 11.1.8 UNII Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode (Antenna)	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch														
5610.0	122	802.11ac	14.50	12.16	0.000	Left Touch	FCC #2	0.081	6	89.0	0.048	1.714	1.124	0.092	
5610.0	122	802.11ac	14.50	12.16	0.140	Right Touch	FCC #2	0.093	6	89.0	0.075	1.714	1.124	0.144	
5610.0	122	802.11ac	14.50	12.16	0.110	Left Tilt	FCC #2	0.040	6	89.0	0.024	1.714	1.124	0.046	
5610.0	122	802.11ac	14.50	12.16	0.150	Right Tilt	FCC #2	0.061	6	89.0	0.082	1.714	1.124	0.158	A10
5775.0	155	802.11ac	14.50	11.13	-0.100	Left Touch	FCC #2	0.025	6	89.0	0.026	2.173	1.124	0.063	
5775.0	155	802.11ac	14.50	11.13	0.170	Right Touch	FCC #2	0.116	6	89.0	0.113	2.173	1.124	0.276	A11
5775.0	155	802.11ac	14.50	11.13	-0.020	Left Tilt	FCC #2	0.056	6	89.0	0.036	2.173	1.124	0.088	
5775.0	155	802.11ac	14.50	11.13	0.150	Right Tilt	FCC #2	0.061	6	89.0	0.067	2.173	1.124	0.164	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak											Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram				
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure															

Table 11.1.9 Bluetooth Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle (%)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #	
MHz	Ch														
2441.0	39	Bluetooth	16.00	10.65	-0.120	Left Touch	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.024	3.428	1.302	0.107		
2441.0	39	Bluetooth	16.00	10.65	0.040	Right Touch	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.061	3.428	1.302	0.272	A12	
2441.0	39	Bluetooth	16.00	10.65	0.070	Left Tilt	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.014	3.428	1.302	0.062		
2441.0	39	Bluetooth	16.00	10.65	0.150	Right Tilt	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.032	3.428	1.302	0.143		
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak											Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram				
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure															

11.2 Standalone Body-Worn SAR Worn SAR Results

Table 11.2.1 GSM/PCS/GPRS/WCDMA Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Spacing [Side]	Device Serial Number	# of Time Slots	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch													
836.6	190	GSM850	GSM	33.40	32.34	0.040	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.347	1.276	0.443	
836.6	190	GSM850	GSM	33.40	32.34	-0.020	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.579	1.276	0.739	A13
836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	27.40	26.75	0.060	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.382	1.161	0.444	
836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	27.40	26.75	0.040	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.639	1.161	0.742	A14
1880.0	661	PCS1900	PCS	30.40	29.37	-0.080	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.227	1.288	0.288	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	PCS	30.40	29.37	-0.020	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.365	1.288	0.463	A15
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	24.40	23.48	0.020	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.255	1.236	0.315	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	24.40	23.48	0.080	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.410	1.236	0.507	A16
836.6	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	24.50	22.87	0.020	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.450	1.455	0.655	
826.4	4132	WCDMA 850	RMC	24.50	22.92	0.000	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.591	1.439	0.850	
836.6	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	24.50	22.87	-0.010	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.602	1.455	0.876	A17
846.6	4233	WCDMA 850	RMC	24.50	22.74	0.020	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.581	1.500	0.872	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure										Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram				

Table 11.2.2 LTE B12, B5 Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																	
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Band	BW [MHz]	Max Allowed Power [dBm]	Cond. PWR [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	MPR	Position	Device Serial Number	Mod.	RB Size	RB Offs.	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch																
707.5	23095	LTE B12	10	24.50	22.99	0.020	0	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	25	1:1	0.229	1.416	0.324	
707.5	23095	LTE B12	10	23.50	21.83	0.030	1	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	25	12	1:1	0.191	1.469	0.281	
707.5	23095	LTE B12	10	24.50	22.99	-0.120	0	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	25	1:1	0.319	1.416	0.452	A18
707.5	23095	LTE B12	10	23.50	21.83	0.000	1	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	25	12	1:1	0.254	1.469	0.373	
836.5	20525	LTE B5	10	24.50	22.81	-0.010	0	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	25	1:1	0.361	1.476	0.533	
836.5	20525	LTE B5	10	23.50	21.74	-0.030	1	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	25	12	1:1	0.303	1.500	0.455	
836.5	20525	LTE B5	10	24.50	22.81	0.010	0	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	25	1:1	0.554	1.476	0.818	A19
836.5	20525	LTE B5	10	23.50	21.74	0.000	1	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	25	12	1:1	0.463	1.500	0.695	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure										Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

Table 11.2.3 DTS Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch														
2437.0	6	802.11b	15.00	12.49	0.020	10 mm [Front]	FCC #2	0.035	1	91.4	0.032	1.782	1.094	0.062	
2437.0	6	802.11b	15.00	12.49	-0.020	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	0.136	1	91.4	0.136	1.782	1.094	0.265	A20
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure										Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					

Adjusted SAR results for OFDM SAR

Adjusted SAR results for OFDM SAR												
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Antenna	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	FREQUENCY [MHz]	Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Ratio of OFDM to DSSS	1g Adjusted SAR (W/kg)	Determine OFDM SAR
MHz	Ch											
2 437.0	6	802.11b	DSSS	15.0	0.265	2 437.0	802.11g	OFDM	15.0	1.000	0.265	X
2 437.0	6	802.11b	DSSS	15.0	0.265	2 437.0	802.11n	OFDM	15.0	1.000	0.265	X
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure										Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram		

Note: SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

Table 11.2.4 UNII Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch														
5290.0	58	802.11ac	14.50	12.01	-0.110	10 mm [Front]	FCC #2	0.043	6	89.0	0.026	1.774	1.124	0.052	
5290.0	58	802.11ac	14.50	12.01	-0.110	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	0.180	6	89.0	0.177	1.774	1.124	0.353	A21
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure										Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					

Adjusted SAR results for UNII-1 and UNII-2A SAR

Adjusted SAR results for UNII-1 and UNII-2A SAR												
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Antenna	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	FREQUENCY [MHz]	Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Adjusted Factor	1g Adjusted SAR (W/kg)	SAR for the band with lower maximum output power
MHz	Ch											
5 290.0	58	802.11ac	OFDM	14.50	0.353	5 210.0	802.11ac	OFDM	14.50	1.000	0.353	X
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure										Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram		

Note: U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A Bands: When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration.

Table 11.2.5 UNII Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch														
5610.0	122	802.11ac	14.50	12.16	0.160	10 mm [Front]	FCC #2	0.029	6	89.0	0.022	1.714	1.124	0.042	
5610.0	122	802.11ac	14.50	12.16	0.060	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	0.193	6	89.0	0.199	1.714	1.124	0.383	A22
5775.0	155	802.11ac	14.50	11.13	0.140	10 mm [Front]	FCC #2	0.047	6	89.0	0.030	2.173	1.124	0.073	
5775.0	155	802.11ac	14.50	11.13	-0.030	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	0.153	6	89.0	0.152	2.173	1.124	0.371	A23
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure										Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					

Table 11.2.6 Bluetooth Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle (%)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch													
2441.0	39	Bluetooth	16.00	10.65	-0.150	10 mm [Front]	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.028	3.428	1.302	0.125	
2441.0	39	Bluetooth	16.00	10.65	0.110	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.075	3.428	1.302	0.335	A24
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure									Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					

11.3 Standalone Hotspot SAR Results

Table 11.3.1 GPRS/WCDMA Hotspot SAR

FREQUENCY		MEASUREMENT RESULTS													
MHz	Ch	Mode/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Spacing [Side]	Device Serial Number	# of Time Slots	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #	
836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	27.40	26.75	-0.100	10 mm [Bottom]	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.194	1.161	0.225		
836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	27.40	26.75	0.060	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.382	1.161	0.444		
836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	27.40	26.75	0.040	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.639	1.161	0.742	A14	
836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	27.40	26.75	-0.040	10 mm [Left]	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.135	1.161	0.157		
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	24.40	23.48	0.130	10 mm [Bottom]	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.234	1.236	0.289		
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	24.40	23.48	0.020	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.255	1.236	0.315		
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	24.40	23.48	0.080	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.410	1.236	0.507	A16	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	24.40	23.48	-0.170	10 mm [Left]	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.334	1.236	0.413		
836.6	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	24.50	22.87	-0.030	10 mm [Bottom]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.222	1.455	0.323		
836.6	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	24.50	22.87	0.020	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.450	1.455	0.655		
826.4	4132	WCDMA 850	RMC	24.50	22.92	0.000	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.591	1.439	0.850		
836.6	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	24.50	22.87	-0.010	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.602	1.455	0.876	A17	
846.6	4233	WCDMA 850	RMC	24.50	22.74	0.020	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.581	1.500	0.872		
836.6	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	24.50	22.87	0.030	10 mm [Left]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.155	1.455	0.226		
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure										Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					

Table 11.3.2 LTE B12, B5 Hotspot SAR

FREQUENCY		MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
MHz	Ch	Mode/ Band	BW [MHz]	Max Allowed Power [dBm]	Cond. PWR [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	MPR	Position	Device Serial Number	Mod.	RB Size	RB Offs.	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
707.5	23095	LTE B12	10	24.50	22.99	-0.030	0	10 mm [Bottom]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	25	1:1	0.083	1.416	0.118	
707.5	23095	LTE B12	10	23.50	21.83	0.020	1	10 mm [Bottom]	FCC #1	QPSK	25	12	1:1	0.066	1.469	0.097	
707.5	23095	LTE B12	10	24.50	22.99	0.020	0	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	25	1:1	0.229	1.416	0.324	
707.5	23095	LTE B12	10	23.50	21.83	0.030	1	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	25	12	1:1	0.191	1.469	0.281	
707.5	23095	LTE B12	10	24.50	22.99	-0.120	0	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	25	1:1	0.319	1.416	0.452	A18
707.5	23095	LTE B12	10	23.50	21.83	0.000	1	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	25	12	1:1	0.254	1.469	0.373	
707.5	23095	LTE B12	10	24.50	22.99	0.010	0	10 mm [Left]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	25	1:1	0.186	1.416	0.263	
707.5	23095	LTE B12	10	23.50	21.83	0.020	1	10 mm [Left]	FCC #1	QPSK	25	12	1:1	0.153	1.469	0.225	
836.5	20525	LTE B5	10	24.50	22.81	0.020	0	10 mm [Bottom]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	25	1:1	0.190	1.476	0.280	
836.5	20525	LTE B5	10	23.50	21.74	-0.130	1	10 mm [Bottom]	FCC #1	QPSK	25	12	1:1	0.161	1.500	0.242	
836.5	20525	LTE B5	10	24.50	22.81	-0.010	0	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	25	1:1	0.361	1.476	0.533	
836.5	20525	LTE B5	10	23.50	21.74	-0.030	1	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	25	12	1:1	0.303	1.500	0.455	
836.5	20525	LTE B5	10	24.50	22.81	0.010	0	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	25	1:1	0.554	1.476	0.818	A19
836.5	20525	LTE B5	10	23.50	21.74	0.000	1	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	25	12	1:1	0.463	1.500	0.695	
836.5	20525	LTE B5	10	24.50	22.81	0.030	0	10 mm [Left]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	25	1:1	0.129	1.476	0.190	
836.5	20525	LTE B5	10	23.50	21.74	0.000	1	10 mm [Left]	FCC #1	QPSK	25	12	1:1	0.109	1.500	0.164	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure										Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

Table 11.3.3 DTS Hotspot SAR

FREQUENCY		MEASUREMENT RESULTS													
MHz	Ch	Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
2437.0	6	802.11b	15.00	12.49	0.010	10 mm [Top]	FCC #2	0.010	1	91.4	0.009	1.782	1.094	0.018	
2437.0	6	802.11b	15.00	12.49	0.020	10 mm [Front]	FCC #2	0.035	1	91.4	0.032	1.782	1.094	0.062	
2437.0	6	802.11b	15.00	12.49	-0.020	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	0.136	1	91.4	0.136	1.782	1.094	0.265	A20
2437.0	6	802.11b	15.00	12.49	0.050	10 mm [Left]	FCC #2	0.074	1	91.4	0.072	1.782	1.094	0.140	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure										Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					

Adjusted SAR results for OFDM SAR

FREQUENCY	Mode/ Antenna	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	FREQUENCY [MHz]	Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Ratio of OFDM to DSSS	1g Adjusted SAR (W/kg)	Determine OFDM SAR
2 437.0	802.11b	DSSS	15.0	0.265	2 437.0	802.11g	OFDM	15.0	1.000	0.265	X
2 437.0	802.11b	DSSS	15.0	0.265	2 437.0	802.11n	OFDM	15.0	1.000	0.265	X
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure										Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram	

Note: SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

Table 11.3.4 Bluetooth Hotspot SAR

FREQUENCY		MEASUREMENT RESULTS													
MHz	Ch	Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle (%)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #	
2441.0	39	Bluetooth	16.00	10.65	0.000	10 mm [Top]	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.010	3.428	1.302	0.045		
2441.0	39	Bluetooth	16.00	10.65	-0.150	10 mm [Front]	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.028	3.428	1.302	0.125		
2441.0	39	Bluetooth	16.00	10.65	0.110	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.075	3.428	1.302	0.335	A24	
2441.0	39	Bluetooth	16.00	10.65	-0.080	10 mm [Left]	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.065	3.428	1.302	0.290		
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure										Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					

11.4 Standalone Phablet SAR Results

Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04 Handset SAR, Phablet SAR tests were not required when Hotspot 1g SAR (scaled to maximum output power including tolerance) < 1.2 W/kg.

Table 11.4.1 UNII Phablet SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	10g SAR [W/kg]	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	10g Scaled SAR [W/kg]	Plots #
Mhz	Ch														
5290.0	58	802.11ac	14.50	12.01	0.000	0 mm [Top]	FCC #2	0.011	6	89.0	0.013	1.774	1.124	0.026	
5290.0	58	802.11ac	14.50	12.01	-0.030	0 mm [Front]	FCC #2	0.036	6	89.0	0.022	1.774	1.124	0.044	
5290.0	58	802.11ac	14.50	12.01	0.020	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	0.290	6	89.0	0.318	1.774	1.124	0.634	A25
5290.0	58	802.11ac	14.50	12.01	0.140	0 mm [Left]	FCC #2	0.148	6	89.0	0.173	1.774	1.124	0.345	
ANSI / IEEE C98.1-1992-SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure											Phablet 4.0 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 10 gram				

Adjusted SAR results for UNII-1 and UNII-2A SAR												
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Antenna	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	10g Scaled SAR [W/kg]	FREQUENCY [MHz]	Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Adjusted Factor	10g Adjusted SAR [W/kg]	SAR for the band with lower maximum output power
Mhz	Ch											
5290.0	58	802.11ac	OFDM	14.50	0.634	5210.0	802.11ac	OFDM	14.50	1.000	0.634	X
ANSI / IEEE C98.1-1992-SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram				

Note: U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A Bands: When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 3.0 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration.

Table 11.4.2 UNII Phablet SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	10g SAR [W/kg]	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	10g Scaled SAR [W/kg]	Plots #
Mhz	Ch														
5610.0	122	802.11ac	14.50	12.16	-0.090	0 mm [Top]	FCC #2	0.031	6	89.0	0.039	1.714	1.124	0.075	
5610.0	122	802.11ac	14.50	12.16	-0.160	0 mm [Front]	FCC #2	0.043	6	89.0	0.039	1.714	1.124	0.075	
5610.0	122	802.11ac	14.50	12.16	-0.070	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	0.303	6	89.0	0.415	1.714	1.124	0.799	A26
5610.0	122	802.11ac	14.50	12.16	-0.060	0 mm [Left]	FCC #2	0.267	6	89.0	0.304	1.714	1.124	0.585	
5775.0	155	802.11ac	14.50	11.13	0.070	0 mm [Top]	FCC #2	0.037	6	89.0	0.041	2.173	1.124	0.100	
5775.0	155	802.11ac	14.50	11.13	0.140	0 mm [Front]	FCC #2	0.041	6	89.0	0.042	2.173	1.124	0.103	
5775.0	155	802.11ac	14.50	11.13	0.170	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	0.434	6	89.0	0.512	2.173	1.124	1.250	A27
5775.0	155	802.11ac	14.50	11.13	0.020	0 mm [Left]	FCC #2	0.224	6	89.0	0.257	2.173	1.124	0.627	
ANSI / IEEE C98.1-1992-SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure											Phablet 4.0 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 10 gram				

11.5 SAR Test Notes

General Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR values according to test procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013, and FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.
2. Batteries are fully charged at the beginning of the SAR measurements. A standard battery was used for all SAR measurements.
3. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm for all frequencies.
4. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units
5. SAR results were scaled to the maximum allowed power to demonstrate compliance per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.
6. Device was tested using a fixed spacing for body-worn accessory testing. A separation distance of 10 mm was considered because the manufacturer has determined that there will be body-worn accessories available in the marketplace for users to support this separation distance.
7. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03, body-worn SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the standalone reported body-worn SAR was not > 1.2 W/kg, no additional body-worn SAR evaluations using a headset cable were performed.
8. During SAR Testing for the Wireless Router conditions per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01, the actual Portable Hotspot operation (with actual simultaneous transmission of a transmitter with WIFI) was not activated.
9. SAR measurements were performed using the DASY5 automated system. The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the IEEE 1528 standard. During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each area scan measurement. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within 2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions. All local maxima within 2 dB of the global maximum were searched and passed for the Zoom Scan measurement.

GSM Notes:

1. Body-Worn accessory testing is typically associated with voice operations. Therefore, GSM voice was evaluated for body-worn SAR.
2. This device supports GSM VOIP in the head and body-worn configurations; therefore GPRS was additionally evaluated for head and body-worn compliance.
3. Justification for reduced test configurations per KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01 and October2013 TCB Workshop Notes: The source-based frame-averaged output power was evaluated for all GPRS/EDGE slot configurations. The configuration with the highest target frame averaged output power was evaluated for hotspot SAR.
4. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). Since the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is not > $\frac{1}{2}$ dB, the middle channel was used for testing.

WCDMA (UMTS) Notes:

1. WCDMA (UMTS) mode in was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01. AMR and HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg.
2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel was used.

LTE Notes:

1. LTE Considerations: LTE test configurations are determined according to SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05v02r05. The general test procedures used for testing can be found in Section 8.4.4.
2. According to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the 100% RB allocation and required test channels is not required.
Otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels using the 1 RB, 50% RB and 100% RB allocation with highest output power for that channel.
Only one channel, and as reported SAR values for 1 RB allocation and 50% RB allocation were less than 1.45 W/kg only the highest power RB offset for each allocation was required.
3. MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36. 101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.
4. A-MPR was disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=1 on the base station simulator. SAR tests were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames (maximum TTI).
5. SAR test reduction is applied using the following criteria:
Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB, and 50% RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, testing for other channels is performed at the highest output power level for 1 RB, and 50% RB configuration for that channel. Testing for 100% RB configuration is performed at the highest output power level for 100% RB configuration across the Low, Mid and High channel when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB are > 0.8 W/kg, Testing for the remaining required channels is not needed because the reported SAR for 100% RB Allocation < 1.45 W/kg. Testing for 16QAM modulation is not required because the reported SAR for QPSK is < 1.45 W/kg and its output power is not more than 0.5 dB higher than that a QPSK. Testing for the other channel bandwidths is not required because the reported SAR for the highest channel bandwidth is < 1.45 W/kg and its output power is not more than 0.5 dB higher than that of the highest channel bandwidth.

WLAN Notes:

1. The initial test position procedures were applied. The test position with the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test positions was required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.
2. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for 2.4 GHz WIFI single transmission chain operations, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. SAR for OFDM modes (2.4 GHz 802.11g/n) was not required due to the maximum allowed powers and the highest reported DSSS SAR when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output and the adjust SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
3. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for 5 GHz WIFI single transmission chain operations, the initial test configuration was selected according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum allowed powers. Other transmission modes were not investigated since the highest reported SAR for initial test configuration adjusted by the ratio of maximum output powers is less than 1.2 W/kg.
4. When the maximum reported 1g averaged SAR ≤ 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on additional channels was not required. Otherwise, SAR for the next highest output power channel was required until the reported SAR result was ≤ 1.20 W/kg or all test channels were measured.
5. The device was configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor to determine compliance.

Bluetooth Notes:

1. Bluetooth SAR was measured with the device connected to a call with hopping disabled with DH5 operation and Tx test mode type. Per October 2016 TCB Workshop Notes, the reported SAR was scaled to the 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance. Refer to section 9.5 for the time-domain plot and calculation for the duty factor of the device.
2. Head and hotspot Bluetooth SAR were evaluated for BT tethering applications.

12. FCC MULTI-TX AND ANTENNA SAR CONSIDERATIONS

12.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11b/g/n and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

12.2 Simultaneous Transmission Procedures

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 4.3.2 and IEEE 1528-2013 Section 6.3.4.1.2, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the sum 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific a physical test configuration is ≤ 1.6 W/kg. The different test position in an exposure condition may be considered collectively to determine SAR test exclusion according to the sum of 1-g or 10-g SAR.

12.3 Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities

According to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds.

This device contains multiple transmitters that may operate simultaneously, and therefore requires a simultaneous transmission analysis according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.

Table 12.3.1 Simultaneous SAR Cases

No.	Capable Transmit Configuration	Head SAR	Body-Worn SAR	Hotspot SAR	Phablet SAR	Note
1	GSM Voice + Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	
2	GSM Voice + Wi-Fi 5 GHz	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	
3	GSM Voice + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz	Yes^	Yes	N/A	Yes	^Bluetooth Tethering is considered.
4	GSM Voice + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz + Wi-Fi 5 GHz	Yes^	Yes	N/A	Yes	^Bluetooth Tethering is considered.
5	WCDMA + Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
6	WCDMA + Wi-Fi 5 GHz	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	
7	WCDMA + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz	Yes^	Yes	Yes	Yes	^Bluetooth Tethering is considered.
8	WCDMA + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz + Wi-Fi 5 GHz	Yes^	Yes	N/A	Yes	^Bluetooth Tethering is considered.
9	LTE + Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
10	LTE + Wi-Fi 5 GHz	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	
11	LTE + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz	Yes^	Yes	Yes	Yes	^Bluetooth Tethering is considered.
12	LTE + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz + Wi-Fi 5GHz	Yes^	Yes	N/A	Yes	^Bluetooth Tethering is considered.
13	GPRS + Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz	Yes*	Yes*	Yes	Yes	*Pre-installed VOIP applications are considered.
14	GPRS + Wi-Fi 5 GHz	Yes*	Yes*	N/A	Yes	*Pre-installed VOIP applications are considered.
15	GPRS + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz	Yes^*	Yes*	Yes	Yes	*Pre-installed VOIP applications are considered. ^Bluetooth Tethering is considered.
16	GPRS + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz + Wi-Fi 5 GHz	Yes^*	Yes*	N/A	Yes	*Pre-installed VOIP applications are considered. ^Bluetooth Tethering is considered.
17	Bluetooth 2.4 GHz + Wi-Fi 5 GHz	Yes^	Yes	N/A	Yes	^Bluetooth Tethering is considered.

Notes:

1. WiFi 2.4GHz is supported Hotspot and WiFi-Direct(GO/GC).
2. WiFi 5GHz is not supported Hotspot and WiFi-Direct(GO/GC).
3. LTE, WCDMA, GPRS is supported Hotspot.
4. VoIP is supported in LTE, WCDMA, GSM.
5. GSM, WCDMA and LTE can not transmit simultaneously since they share the same chip.

12.4 Head SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Table 12.4.1 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth + 5.3 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)		Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)		5.3G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)		ΣSAR (W/kg)		
			1	2	3	1+2	1+3	1+2+3			
Head SAR	GSM 850	Left Touch	0.277	0.107	0.036	0.384	0.313	0.420			
		Right Touch	0.341	0.272	0.140	0.613	0.481	0.753			
		Right Tilt	0.144	0.062	0.046	0.236	0.190	0.252			
	GPRS 850	Left Touch	0.305	0.107	0.036	0.412	0.341	0.448			
		Right Touch	0.347	0.272	0.140	0.619	0.487	0.759			
		Right Tilt	0.150	0.062	0.046	0.221	0.205	0.267			
	GSM 1900	Left Touch	0.306	0.107	0.036	0.413	0.342	0.449			
		Right Touch	0.164	0.272	0.140	0.436	0.304	0.576			
		Right Tilt	0.122	0.062	0.046	0.184	0.168	0.230			
	GPRS 1900	Left Touch	0.320	0.107	0.036	0.427	0.356	0.463			
		Right Touch	0.189	0.272	0.140	0.461	0.329	0.601			
		Right Tilt	0.131	0.062	0.046	0.193	0.177	0.239			
	WCDMA 850	Left Touch	0.137	0.143	0.082	0.280	0.219	0.362			
		Right Touch	0.231	0.107	0.036	0.338	0.267	0.374			
		Right Tilt	0.258	0.272	0.140	0.530	0.398	0.670			
	LTE Band 12	Left Tilt	0.115	0.062	0.046	0.177	0.161	0.223			
		Right Tilt	0.128	0.143	0.082	0.271	0.210	0.353			
		Left Touch	0.210	0.107	0.036	0.317	0.246	0.353			
	LTE Band 5	Right Touch	0.225	0.272	0.140	0.497	0.365	0.637			
		Left Tilt	0.123	0.062	0.046	0.185	0.169	0.231			
		Right Tilt	0.103	0.143	0.082	0.246	0.185	0.328			
	LTE Band 5	Left Touch	0.269	0.107	0.036	0.376	0.305	0.412			
		Right Touch	0.329	0.272	0.140	0.601	0.469	0.741			
		Left Tilt	0.136	0.062	0.046	0.198	0.182	0.244			
	Right Tilt	0.155	0.143	0.082	0.298	0.237	0.380				

Table 12.4.2 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth + 5.6 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)		Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)		5.6G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)		ΣSAR (W/kg)		
			1	2	3	1+2	1+3	1+2+3			
Head SAR	GSM 850	Left Touch	0.277	0.107	0.092	0.384	0.369	0.476			
		Right Touch	0.341	0.272	0.144	0.613	0.485	0.757			
		Right Tilt	0.144	0.062	0.046	0.206	0.190	0.252			
	GPRS 850	Left Touch	0.305	0.107	0.092	0.412	0.367	0.456			
		Right Touch	0.347	0.272	0.144	0.619	0.491	0.763			
		Right Tilt	0.150	0.062	0.046	0.221	0.205	0.267			
	GSM 1900	Left Touch	0.140	0.143	0.158	0.283	0.298	0.441			
		Right Touch	0.306	0.107	0.092	0.413	0.398	0.505			
		Right Tilt	0.164	0.272	0.144	0.436	0.308	0.580			
	GPRS 1900	Left Tilt	0.122	0.062	0.046	0.184	0.168	0.230			
		Right Tilt	0.110	0.143	0.158	0.253	0.268	0.411			
		Left Touch	0.320	0.107	0.092	0.427	0.412	0.519			
	WCDMA 850	Right Touch	0.189	0.272	0.144	0.461	0.333	0.605			
		Left Tilt	0.131	0.062	0.046	0.193	0.177	0.239			
		Right Tilt	0.137	0.143	0.158	0.280	0.295	0.438			
	LTE Band 12	Left Touch	0.231	0.107	0.092	0.338	0.323	0.430			
		Right Touch	0.258	0.272	0.144	0.530	0.402	0.674			
		Right Tilt	0.115	0.062	0.046	0.177	0.161	0.223			
	LTE Band 12	Right Tilt	0.128	0.143	0.158	0.271	0.286	0.429			
		Left Touch	0.210	0.107	0.092	0.317	0.302	0.409			
		Right Touch	0.225	0.272	0.144	0.497	0.369	0.641			
	LTE Band 5	Left Tilt	0.123	0.062	0.046	0.185	0.169	0.231			
		Right Tilt	0.103	0.143	0.158	0.246	0.261	0.404			
		Left Touch	0.269	0.107	0.092	0.376	0.361	0.468			
	LTE Band 5	Right Touch	0.329	0.272	0.144	0.601	0.473	0.745			
		Left Tilt	0.136	0.062	0.046	0.198	0.182	0.244			
		Right Tilt	0.155	0.143	0.158	0.298	0.313	0.456			

Table 12.4.3 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth + 5.8 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)		Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)		5.8G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)		ΣSAR (W/kg)		
			1	2	3	1+2	1+3	1+2+3			
Head SAR	GSM 850	Left Touch	0.277	0.107	0.063	0.384	0.340	0.447			
		Right Touch	0.341	0.272	0.276	0.613	0.617	0.889			
		Right Tilt	0.144	0.062	0.088	0.206	0.232	0.294			
	GPRS 850	Left Touch	0.305	0.107	0.063	0.412	0.308	0.451			
		Right Touch	0.347	0.272	0.276	0.619	0.623	0.895			
		Right Tilt	0.150	0.062	0.088	0.221	0.247	0.309			
	GSM 1900	Left Touch	0.140	0.143	0.164	0.283	0.304	0.447			
		Right Touch	0.306	0.107	0.063	0.413	0.369	0.476			
		Right Tilt	0.164	0.272	0.276	0.436	0.440	0.712			
	GPRS 1900	Left Tilt	0.122	0.062	0.088	0.184	0.210	0.272			
		Right Tilt	0.110	0.143	0.164	0.253	0.274	0.417			
		Left Touch	0.320	0.107	0.063	0.427	0.383	0.490			
	WCDMA 850	Right Touch	0.189	0.272	0.276	0.461	0.465	0.737			
		Left Tilt	0.131	0.062	0.088	0.193	0.219	0.281			
		Right Tilt	0.137	0.143	0.164	0.280	0.301	0.444			
	LTE Band 12	Left Touch	0.231	0.107	0.063	0.338	0.294	0.401			
		Right Touch	0.258	0.272	0.276	0.530	0.534	0.806			
		Right Tilt	0.115	0.062	0.088	0.177	0.203	0.265			
	LTE Band 12	Right Tilt	0.128	0.143	0.164	0.271	0.292	0.435			
		Left Touch	0.210	0.107	0.063	0.317	0.273	0.380			
		Right Touch	0.225	0.272	0.276	0.497	0.501	0.773			
	LTE Band 5	Left Tilt	0.123	0.062	0.088	0.185	0.211	0.273			
		Right Tilt	0.103	0.143	0.164	0.246	0.267	0.410			
		Left Touch	0.269	0.107	0.063	0.376	0.332	0.439			
	LTE Band 5	Right Touch	0.329	0.272	0.276	0.601	0.605	0.877			
		Left Tilt	0.136	0.062	0.088	0.198	0.224	0.286			
		Right Tilt	0.155	0.143	0.164	0.298	0.319	0.462			

Table 12.4.4 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 2.4 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)		2.4G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2	
Head SAR	GSM 850	Left Touch	0.277	0.066	0.066	0.343
		Right Touch	0.341	0.174	0.174	0.515
		Left Tilt	0.144	0.031	0.031	0.175
		Right Tilt	0.144	0.060	0.060	0.204
		Left Touch	0.305	0.066	0.066	0.371
		Right Touch	0.347	0.174	0.174	0.521
	GPRS 850	Left Tilt	0.159	0.031	0.031	0.190
		Right Tilt	0.140	0.060	0.060	0.200
		Left Touch	0.306	0.066	0.066	0.372
	GSM 1900	Right Touch	0.164	0.174	0.174	0.338
		Left Tilt	0.122	0.031	0.031	0.153
		Right Tilt	0.110	0.060	0.060	0.170
	GPRS 1900	Left Touch	0.320	0.066	0.066	0.386
		Right Touch	0.189	0.174	0.174	0.363
		Left Tilt	0.131	0.031	0.031	0.162
		Right Tilt	0.137	0.060	0.060	0.197
	WCDMA 850	Left Touch	0.231	0.066	0.066	0.297
		Right Touch	0.258	0.174	0.174	0.432
		Left Tilt	0.115	0.031	0.031	0.146
		Right Tilt	0.128	0.060	0.060	0.188
	LTE Band 12	Left Touch	0.210	0.066	0.066	0.276
		Right Touch	0.225	0.174	0.174	0.399
		Left Tilt	0.123	0.031	0.031	0.154
		Right Tilt	0.103	0.060	0.060	0.163
	LTE Band 5	Left Touch	0.269	0.066	0.066	0.335
		Right Touch	0.329	0.174	0.174	0.503
		Left Tilt	0.136	0.031	0.031	0.167
		Right Tilt	0.155	0.060	0.060	0.215

Table 12.4.5 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 5.3 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)		5.3G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2	
Head SAR	GSM 850	Left Touch	0.277	0.036	0.036	0.313
		Right Touch	0.341	0.140	0.140	0.481
		Left Tilt	0.144	0.046	0.046	0.190
		Right Tilt	0.144	0.082	0.082	0.226
		Left Touch	0.305	0.036	0.036	0.341
		Right Touch	0.347	0.140	0.140	0.487
	GPRS 850	Left Tilt	0.159	0.046	0.046	0.205
		Right Tilt	0.140	0.082	0.082	0.222
		Left Touch	0.306	0.036	0.036	0.342
	GSM 1900	Right Touch	0.164	0.140	0.140	0.304
		Left Tilt	0.122	0.046	0.046	0.168
		Right Tilt	0.110	0.082	0.082	0.192
	GPRS 1900	Left Touch	0.320	0.036	0.036	0.356
		Right Touch	0.189	0.140	0.140	0.329
		Left Tilt	0.131	0.046	0.046	0.177
		Right Tilt	0.137	0.082	0.082	0.219
	WCDMA 850	Left Touch	0.231	0.036	0.036	0.267
		Right Touch	0.258	0.140	0.140	0.398
		Left Tilt	0.115	0.046	0.046	0.161
		Right Tilt	0.128	0.082	0.082	0.210
	LTE Band 12	Left Touch	0.210	0.036	0.036	0.246
		Right Touch	0.225	0.140	0.140	0.365
		Left Tilt	0.123	0.046	0.046	0.169
		Right Tilt	0.103	0.082	0.082	0.185
	LTE Band 5	Left Touch	0.269	0.036	0.036	0.305
		Right Touch	0.329	0.140	0.140	0.469
		Left Tilt	0.136	0.046	0.046	0.182
		Right Tilt	0.155	0.082	0.082	0.237

Table 12.4.6 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 5.6 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)		5.6G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2	
Head SAR	GSM 850	Left Touch	0.277	0.092	0.092	0.369
		Right Touch	0.341	0.144	0.144	0.485
		Left Tilt	0.144	0.046	0.046	0.190
		Right Tilt	0.144	0.158	0.158	0.302
		Left Touch	0.305	0.092	0.092	0.397
		Right Touch	0.347	0.144	0.144	0.491
	GPRS 850	Left Tilt	0.159	0.046	0.046	0.205
		Right Tilt	0.140	0.158	0.158	0.298
		Left Touch	0.306	0.092	0.092	0.398
	GSM 1900	Right Touch	0.164	0.144	0.144	0.308
		Left Tilt	0.122	0.046	0.046	0.168
		Right Tilt	0.110	0.158	0.158	0.268
	GPRS 1900	Left Touch	0.320	0.092	0.092	0.412
		Right Touch	0.189	0.144	0.144	0.333
		Left Tilt	0.131	0.046	0.046	0.177
		Right Tilt	0.137	0.158	0.158	0.295
	WCDMA 850	Left Touch	0.231	0.092	0.092	0.323
		Right Touch	0.258	0.144	0.144	0.402
		Left Tilt	0.115	0.046	0.046	0.161
		Right Tilt	0.128	0.158	0.158	0.286
	LTE Band 12	Left Touch	0.210	0.092	0.092	0.302
		Right Touch	0.225	0.144	0.144	0.369
		Left Tilt	0.123	0.046	0.046	0.169
		Right Tilt	0.103	0.158	0.158	0.261
	LTE Band 5	Left Touch	0.269	0.092	0.092	0.361
		Right Touch	0.329	0.144	0.144	0.473
		Left Tilt	0.136	0.046	0.046	0.182
		Right Tilt	0.155	0.158	0.158	0.313

Table 12.4.7 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 5.8 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	5.8G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Head SAR	GSM 850	Left Touch	0.277	0.063	0.340
		Right Touch	0.341	0.276	0.617
		Left Tilt	0.144	0.088	0.232
		Right Tilt	0.144	0.164	0.308
	GPRS 850	Left Touch	0.305	0.063	0.368
		Right Touch	0.347	0.276	0.623
		Left Tilt	0.159	0.088	0.247
		Right Tilt	0.140	0.164	0.304
	GSM 1900	Left Touch	0.306	0.063	0.369
		Right Touch	0.164	0.276	0.440
		Left Tilt	0.122	0.088	0.210
		Right Tilt	0.110	0.164	0.274
	GPRS 1900	Left Touch	0.320	0.063	0.383
		Right Touch	0.189	0.276	0.465
		Left Tilt	0.131	0.088	0.219
		Right Tilt	0.137	0.164	0.301
	WCDMA 850	Left Touch	0.231	0.063	0.294
		Right Touch	0.258	0.276	0.534
		Left Tilt	0.115	0.088	0.203
		Right Tilt	0.128	0.164	0.292
	LTE Band 12	Left Touch	0.210	0.063	0.273
		Right Touch	0.225	0.276	0.501
		Left Tilt	0.123	0.088	0.211
		Right Tilt	0.103	0.164	0.267
	LTE Band 5	Left Touch	0.269	0.063	0.332
		Right Touch	0.329	0.276	0.605
		Left Tilt	0.136	0.088	0.224
		Right Tilt	0.155	0.164	0.319

Table 12.4.8 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth (Held to Ear)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Head SAR	GSM 850	Left Touch	0.277	0.107	0.384
		Right Touch	0.341	0.272	0.613
		Left Tilt	0.144	0.062	0.206
		Right Tilt	0.144	0.143	0.287
	GPRS 850	Left Touch	0.305	0.107	0.412
		Right Touch	0.347	0.272	0.619
		Left Tilt	0.159	0.062	0.221
		Right Tilt	0.140	0.143	0.283
	GSM 1900	Left Touch	0.306	0.107	0.413
		Right Touch	0.164	0.272	0.436
		Left Tilt	0.122	0.062	0.184
		Right Tilt	0.110	0.143	0.253
	GPRS 1900	Left Touch	0.320	0.107	0.427
		Right Touch	0.189	0.272	0.461
		Left Tilt	0.131	0.062	0.193
		Right Tilt	0.137	0.143	0.280
	WCDMA 850	Left Touch	0.231	0.107	0.338
		Right Touch	0.258	0.272	0.530
		Left Tilt	0.115	0.062	0.177
		Right Tilt	0.128	0.143	0.271
	LTE Band 12	Left Touch	0.210	0.107	0.317
		Right Touch	0.225	0.272	0.497
		Left Tilt	0.123	0.062	0.185
		Right Tilt	0.103	0.143	0.246
	LTE Band 5	Left Touch	0.269	0.107	0.376
		Right Touch	0.329	0.272	0.601
		Left Tilt	0.136	0.062	0.198
		Right Tilt	0.155	0.143	0.298

Table 12.4.9 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : Bluetooth + 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	5G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Head SAR	5.3G W-LAN	Left Touch	0.107	0.036	0.143
		Right Touch	0.272	0.140	0.412
		Left Tilt	0.062	0.046	0.108
		Right Tilt	0.143	0.082	0.225
	5.6G W-LAN	Left Touch	0.107	0.092	0.199
		Right Touch	0.272	0.144	0.416
		Left Tilt	0.062	0.046	0.108
		Right Tilt	0.143	0.158	0.301
	5.8G W-LAN	Left Touch	0.107	0.063	0.170
		Right Touch	0.272	0.276	0.548
		Left Tilt	0.062	0.088	0.150
		Right Tilt	0.143	0.164	0.307

12.5 Body-Worn Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Table 12.5.1 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth + 5.3 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)		Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)		5.3G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)		ΣSAR (W/kg)		
			1	2	3	1+2	1+3	1+2+3			
Body-Worn SAR	GSM 850	Front	0.443	0.125	0.052	0.568	0.495	0.620			
		Rear	0.739	0.335	0.353	1.074	1.092	1.427			
	GPRS 850	Front	0.444	0.125	0.052	0.569	0.486	0.621			
		Rear	0.742	0.335	0.353	1.077	1.095	1.430			
	GSM 1900	Front	0.288	0.125	0.052	0.413	0.340	0.465			
		Rear	0.463	0.335	0.353	0.798	0.816	1.151			
	GPRS 1900	Front	0.315	0.125	0.052	0.440	0.367	0.492			
		Rear	0.507	0.335	0.353	0.842	0.860	1.195			
	WCDMA 850	Front	0.655	0.125	0.052	0.780	0.707	0.832			
		Rear	0.876	0.335	0.353	1.211	1.229	1.564			
	LTE Band 12	Front	0.324	0.125	0.052	0.449	0.376	0.501			
		Rear	0.452	0.335	0.353	0.787	0.805	1.140			
	LTE Band 5	Front	0.533	0.125	0.052	0.658	0.585	0.710			
		Rear	0.818	0.335	0.353	1.153	1.171	1.506			

Table 12.5.2 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth + 5.6 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)		Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)		5.6G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)		ΣSAR (W/kg)		
			1	2	3	1+2	1+3	1+2+3			
Body-Worn SAR	GSM 850	Front	0.443	0.125	0.042	0.568	0.485	0.610			
		Rear	0.739	0.335	0.383	1.074	1.122	1.457			
	GPRS 850	Front	0.444	0.125	0.042	0.569	0.486	0.611			
		Rear	0.742	0.335	0.383	1.077	1.125	1.460			
	GSM 1900	Front	0.288	0.125	0.042	0.413	0.330	0.455			
		Rear	0.463	0.335	0.383	0.798	0.846	1.181			
	GPRS 1900	Front	0.315	0.125	0.042	0.440	0.357	0.482			
		Rear	0.507	0.335	0.383	0.842	0.890	1.225			
	WCDMA 850	Front	0.655	0.125	0.042	0.780	0.697	0.822			
		Rear	0.876	0.335	0.383	1.211	1.259	1.594			
	LTE Band 12	Front	0.324	0.125	0.042	0.449	0.366	0.491			
		Rear	0.452	0.335	0.383	0.787	0.835	1.170			
	LTE Band 5	Front	0.533	0.125	0.042	0.658	0.575	0.700			
		Rear	0.818	0.335	0.383	1.153	1.201	1.536			

Table 12.5.3 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth + 5.8 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)		Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)		5.8G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)		ΣSAR (W/kg)		
			1	2	3	1+2	1+3	1+2+3			
Body-Worn SAR	GSM 850	Front	0.443	0.125	0.073	0.568	0.516	0.641			
		Rear	0.739	0.335	0.371	1.074	1.110	1.445			
	GPRS 850	Front	0.444	0.125	0.073	0.569	0.517	0.642			
		Rear	0.742	0.335	0.371	1.077	1.113	1.448			
	GSM 1900	Front	0.288	0.125	0.073	0.413	0.361	0.486			
		Rear	0.463	0.335	0.371	0.798	0.834	1.169			
	GPRS 1900	Front	0.315	0.125	0.073	0.440	0.388	0.513			
		Rear	0.507	0.335	0.371	0.842	0.878	1.213			
	WCDMA 850	Front	0.655	0.125	0.073	0.780	0.728	0.853			
		Rear	0.876	0.335	0.371	1.211	1.247	1.582			
	LTE Band 12	Front	0.324	0.125	0.073	0.449	0.397	0.522			
		Rear	0.452	0.335	0.371	0.787	0.823	1.158			
	LTE Band 5	Front	0.533	0.125	0.073	0.658	0.606	0.731			
		Rear	0.818	0.335	0.371	1.153	1.189	1.524			

Table 12.5.4 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 2.4 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)		2.4G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)		ΣSAR (W/kg)	
			1	2	1+2	1+2		
Body-Worn SAR	GSM 850	Front	0.443	0.062	0.505			
		Rear	0.739	0.265	1.004			
	GPRS 850	Front	0.444	0.062	0.506			
		Rear	0.742	0.265	1.007			
	GSM 1900	Front	0.288	0.062	0.350			
		Rear	0.463	0.265	0.728			
	GPRS 1900	Front	0.315	0.062	0.377			
		Rear	0.507	0.265	0.772			
	WCDMA 850	Front	0.655	0.062	0.717			
		Rear	0.876	0.265	1.141			
	LTE Band 12	Front	0.324	0.062	0.386			
		Rear	0.452	0.265	0.717			
	LTE Band 5	Front	0.533	0.062	0.595			
		Rear	0.818	0.265	1.083			

Table 12.5.5 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 5.3 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)		5.3G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)		ΣSAR (W/kg)	
			1	2	1+2	1+2		
Body-Worn SAR	GSM 850	Front	0.443	0.052	0.495			
		Rear	0.739	0.353	1.092			
	GPRS 850	Front	0.444	0.052	0.496			
		Rear	0.742	0.353	1.095			
	GSM 1900	Front	0.288	0.052	0.340			
		Rear	0.463	0.353	0.816			
	GPRS 1900	Front	0.315	0.052	0.367			
		Rear	0.507	0.353	0.860			
	WCDMA 850	Front	0.655	0.052	0.707			
		Rear	0.876	0.353	1.229			
	LTE Band 12	Front	0.324	0.052	0.376			
		Rear	0.452	0.353	0.805			
	LTE Band 5	Front	0.533	0.052	0.585			
		Rear	0.818	0.353	1.171			

Table 12.5.6 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 5.6 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)		5.6G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)		ΣSAR (W/kg)	
			1	2	1+2	1+2		
Body-Worn SAR	GSM 850	Front	0.443	0.042	0.485			
		Rear	0.739	0.383	1.122			
	GPRS 850	Front	0.444	0.042	0.486			
		Rear	0.742	0.383	1.125			
	GSM 1900	Front	0.288	0.042	0.330			
		Rear	0.463	0.383	0.846			
	GPRS 1900	Front	0.315	0.042	0.357			
		Rear	0.507	0.383	0.890			
	WCDMA 850	Front	0.655	0.042	0.697			
		Rear	0.876	0.383	1.259			
	LTE Band 12	Front	0.324	0.042	0.366			
		Rear	0.452	0.383	0.835			
	LTE Band 5	Front	0.533	0.042	0.575			
		Rear	0.818	0.383	1.201			

Table 12.5.7 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 5.8 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)		5.8G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)		ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	2	1+2	
Body-Worn SAR	GSM 850	Front	0.443		0.073		0.516
		Rear	0.739		0.371		1.110
	GPRS 850	Front	0.444		0.073		0.517
		Rear	0.742		0.371		1.113
	GSM 1900	Front	0.288		0.073		0.361
		Rear	0.463		0.371		0.834
	GPRS 1900	Front	0.315		0.073		0.388
		Rear	0.507		0.371		0.878
	WCDMA 850	Front	0.655		0.073		0.728
		Rear	0.876		0.371		1.247
	LTE Band 12	Front	0.324		0.073		0.397
		Rear	0.452		0.371		0.823
	LTE Band 5	Front	0.533		0.073		0.606
		Rear	0.818		0.371		1.189

Table 12.5.8 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)		Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)		ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	2	1+2	
Body-Worn SAR	GSM 850	Front	0.443		0.125		0.568
		Rear	0.739		0.335		1.074
	GPRS 850	Front	0.444		0.125		0.569
		Rear	0.742		0.335		1.077
	GSM 1900	Front	0.288		0.125		0.413
		Rear	0.463		0.335		0.798
	GPRS 1900	Front	0.315		0.125		0.440
		Rear	0.507		0.335		0.842
	WCDMA 850	Front	0.655		0.125		0.780
		Rear	0.876		0.335		1.211
	LTE Band 12	Front	0.324		0.125		0.449
		Rear	0.452		0.335		0.787
	LTE Band 5	Front	0.533		0.125		0.658
		Rear	0.818		0.335		1.153

Table 12.5.9 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : Bluetooth + 5 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)		5G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)		ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	2	1+2	
Body-Worn SAR	5.3G W-LAN	Front	0.125		0.052		0.177
		Rear	0.335		0.353		0.688
	5.6G W-LAN	Front	0.125		0.042		0.167
		Rear	0.335		0.383		0.718
	5.8G W-LAN	Front	0.125		0.073		0.198
		Rear	0.335		0.371		0.706

12.6 Hotspot SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01, the device edges with antennas more than 2.5 cm from edge are not required to be evaluated for SAR ("").

Table 12.6.1 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 2.4 GHz W-LAN (Hotspot at 10 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	2.4G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Hotspot SAR	GPRS 850	Top	-	0.018	0.018
		Bottom	-	0.018	0.018
		Front	0.225	-	0.225
		Rear	0.444	0.062	0.506
		Right	0.742	0.265	1.007
		Left	-	-	0.000
	GPRS 1900	Top	-	0.140	0.297
		Bottom	-	0.140	0.297
		Front	0.289	-	0.289
		Rear	0.315	0.062	0.377
		Right	0.507	0.265	0.772
		Left	0.413	0.140	0.553
	WCDMA 850	Top	-	0.018	0.018
		Bottom	-	0.018	0.018
		Front	0.323	-	0.323
		Rear	0.655	0.062	0.717
		Right	0.876	0.265	1.141
		Left	-	-	0.000
	LTE Band 12	Top	-	0.140	0.386
		Bottom	-	0.140	0.386
		Front	0.118	-	0.118
		Rear	0.324	0.062	0.386
		Right	0.452	0.265	0.717
		Left	0.263	0.140	0.403
	LTE Band 5	Top	-	0.018	0.018
		Bottom	-	0.018	0.018
		Front	0.280	-	0.280
		Rear	0.533	0.062	0.595
		Right	0.818	0.265	1.083
		Left	0.190	-	0.000

Table 12.6.8 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth (Hotspot at 10 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Hotspot SAR	GPRS 850	Top	-	0.045	0.045
		Bottom	-	0.045	0.045
		Front	0.225	-	0.225
		Rear	0.444	0.125	0.569
		Right	0.742	0.335	1.077
		Left	-	-	0.000
	GPRS 1900	Top	-	0.290	0.447
		Bottom	-	0.290	0.447
		Front	0.289	-	0.289
		Rear	0.315	0.125	0.440
		Right	0.507	0.335	0.842
		Left	0.413	0.290	0.703
	WCDMA 850	Top	-	0.045	0.045
		Bottom	-	0.045	0.045
		Front	0.323	-	0.323
		Rear	0.655	0.125	0.780
		Right	0.876	0.335	1.211
		Left	-	-	0.000
	LTE Band 12	Top	-	0.290	0.516
		Bottom	-	0.290	0.516
		Front	0.118	-	0.118
		Rear	0.324	0.125	0.449
		Right	0.452	0.335	0.787
		Left	0.263	-	0.000
	LTE Band 5	Top	-	0.045	0.045
		Bottom	-	0.045	0.045
		Front	0.280	-	0.280
		Rear	0.533	0.125	0.658
		Right	0.818	0.335	1.153
		Left	0.190	0.290	0.480

12.7 Phablet SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04 Handset SAR, Phablet SAR tests were not required of Hotspot 1g SAR (scaled to maximum output power, including tolerance) < 1.2 W/kg. Therefore no further analysis was required to for Phablet Simultaneous Transmission Analysis.

12.8 Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR results for all the worst-case simultaneous transmission conditions were below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 and IEEE 1528-2013 Section 6.3.4.1.2.

13. SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY

13.1 Measurement Variability

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which was determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media were required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures were applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. These additional measurements were repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device was returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it was re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR Measurement Variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:

1. When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
2. A second repeated measurement was performed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
3. A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .
4. Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg
5. The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

13.2 Measurement Uncertainty

The measured SAR was < 1.5 W/kg for 1g and < 3.75 W/kg for 10g for all frequency bands. Therefore, per KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04, the extended measurement uncertainty analysis per IEEE 1528-2013 was not required.

14. EQUIPMENT LIST

Table 14.1.1 Test Equipment Calibration

Type	Manufacturer	Model	Cal.Date	Next.Cal.Date	S/N
SEMITEC Engineering	SEMITEC	N/A	N/A	N/A	Shield Room
SEMITEC Engineering	SEMITEC	N/A	N/A	N/A	Shield Room
SEMITEC Engineering	SEMITEC	N/A	N/A	N/A	Shield Room
Robot	SPEAG	TX90XL	N/A	N/A	F13/5P9GA1/A/01
Robot	SPEAG	TX90XL	N/A	N/A	F13/5RR2A1/A/01
Robot	SPEAG	TX60L	N/A	N/A	F15/50NHA1/A/01
Robot Controller	SPEAG	CS8C	N/A	N/A	F13/5P9GA1/C/01
Robot Controller	SPEAG	CS8C	N/A	N/A	F13/5RR2A1/C/01
Robot Controller	SPEAG	CS8C	N/A	N/A	F15/50NHA1/C/01
Joystick	SPEAG	N/A	N/A	N/A	S-12450905
Joystick	SPEAG	N/A	N/A	N/A	S-13200990
Joystick	SPEAG	N/A	N/A	N/A	D21142605A
Intel Core i7-3 770 3.40 GHz Windows 7 Professional	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Intel Core i7-3 770 3.40 GHz Windows 7 Professional	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Intel Core i7-8 700K 3.70 GHz Window 10 Pro	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Probe Alignment Unit LB	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	SE UKS 030 AA
Probe Alignment Unit LB	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	SE UKS 030 AA
Probe Alignment Unit LB	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	SE UKS 030 AA
Device Holder	SPEAG	SD000H01HA	N/A	N/A	N/A
Device Holder	SPEAG	SD000H01HA	N/A	N/A	N/A
Device Holder	SPEAG	SD000H01HA	N/A	N/A	N/A
Twin SAM Phantom	SPEAG	QD000P40CD	N/A	N/A	1782
Twin SAM Phantom	SPEAG	QD000P40CD	N/A	N/A	1785
Twin SAM Phantom	SPEAG	QD000P40CD	N/A	N/A	1786
Twin SAM Phantom	SPEAG	QD000P40CD	N/A	N/A	1895
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4V1	2021-04-26	2022-04-26	1485
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE3V1	2020-11-24	2021-11-24	520
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4V1	2020-09-16	2021-09-16	1453
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4V1	2021-07-27	2022-07-27	1335
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	2020-11-27	2021-11-27	7368
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	ES3DV3	2021-01-27	2022-01-27	3327
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	2021-06-23	2022-06-23	7337
750MHz SAR Dipole	SPEAG	D750V3	2021-01-21	2023-01-21	1049
835MHz SAR Dipole	SPEAG	D835V2	2021-07-21	2023-07-21	464
1 900MHz SAR Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	2021-07-23	2023-07-23	56029
2 450MHz SAR Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	2021-05-27	2023-05-27	716
5GHz SAR Dipole	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	2021-02-23	2023-02-23	1103
Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	2021-06-24	2022-06-24	MY46106970
Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	2021-06-24	2022-06-24	US41461520
Amplifier	RFBAY,Inc	MPA-40-40	2020-12-16	2021-12-16	21151801
Amplifier	EMPOWER	BBS3Q7ELU	2021-06-24	2022-06-24	1020
High Power RF Amplifier	EMPOWER	BBS3Q8CCJ	2021-06-24	2022-06-24	1005
Power Meter	HP	EPM-442A	2020-12-16	2021-12-16	GB37170267
Power Meter	HP	EPM-442A	2020-12-16	2021-12-16	GB37170413
Power Sensor	HP	8481A	2020-12-16	2021-12-16	US37294267
Power Sensor	HP	8481A	2020-12-16	2021-12-16	2702A61707
Power Sensor	HP	8481A	2020-12-16	2021-12-16	2702A65976
Dual Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D-012	2020-12-16	2021-12-16	50228
Directional Coupler	HP	772D	2021-06-24	2022-06-24	2889A01064
Low Pass Filter 1GHz	Wainwright Instruments	WLK6-1000-1400-9000-60SS	2021-06-24	2022-06-24	165
Low Pass Filter 1.5GHz	Micro LAB	LA-15N	2021-06-24	2022-06-24	2
Low Pass Filter 3.0GHz	Micro LAB	LA-30N	2021-06-24	2022-06-24	2
Low Pass Filter 6.0GHz	Micro LAB	LA-60N	2020-12-16	2021-12-16	03942
Attenuators(10 dB)	WEINSCHTEL	23-10-34	2020-12-16	2021-12-16	BP4387
Step Attenuator	HP	8494A	2021-06-24	2022-06-24	3308A33341
Dielectric Probe kit	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	2020-11-25	2021-11-25	1092
8960 Series 10 Wireless Comms. Test Set	Agilent	E5515C	2021-06-24	2022-06-24	GB41321164
Wideband Radio Communication Tester	Rohde Schwarz	CHW500	2020-12-16	2021-12-16	101414
Power Splitter	Anritsu	K241B	2020-12-16	2021-12-16	1301183
Bluetooth Tester	TESCOM	TC-3000C	2021-06-24	2022-06-24	3000C000563

NOTE(S):
 1. The E-field probe was calibrated by SPEAG, by temperature measurement procedure. Dipole Verification measurement is performed by DT&C before each test. The brain and muscle simulating material are calibrated by DT&C using the dielectric probe system and network analyzer to determine the conductivity and permittivity (dielectric constant) of the brain and muscle-equivalent material. Each equipment item was used solely within its respective calibration period.
 2. CBT (Calibrated Before Testing). Prior to testing, the measurement paths containing a cable, amplifier, attenuator, coupler or filter were connected to a calibrated source (i.e. signal generator) to determine the losses of the measurement path. The power meter offset was then adjusted to compensate for the measurement system losses. This level offset is stored within the power meter before measurements are made. This calibration verification procedure applies to the system verification and output power measurements. The calibrated reading is then taken directly from the power meter after compensation of the losses for all final power measurements.

15. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

750 ~ 2 600 MHz Head (SN: 7337)

Error Description	Uncertainty value $\pm\%$		Probability Distribution	Divisor	(Ci)	(Ci)	Standard	Standard	vi 2 or Veff
					1 g	10 g	1 g ($\pm\%$)	10 g ($\pm\%$)	
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	6.0		Normal	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
Isotropy	1.3		Normal	1	1	1	1.3	1.3	∞
Boundary Effects	2.0		Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Probe Linearity	0.3		Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Probe modulation response	0.0		Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Detection limits	0.25		Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3		Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response time	0.8		Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration time	2.6		Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0		Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0		Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.8		Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Probe Positioning	6.7		Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	4.0		Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Test Sample Related									
Device Positioning	2.9		Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder	3.6		Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Power Drift	5.0		Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
SAR Scaling	0.0		Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Physical Parameters									
Phantom Shell	7.6		Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
SAR correction	0.0		Normal	1	1	0.84	0.0	0.0	∞
Liquid conductivity (Target)	5.0		Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	4.0		Normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.1	2.8	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	5.0		Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	4.0		Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.92	1.0	10
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	2.0		Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	0.90	0.82	∞
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	2.0		Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.27	0.30	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty							13	13	330
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)							26	26	

$$U(1\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 13\%$$

$$= 26\% \text{ (The confidence level is about } 95\% \text{ } k=2)$$

$$U(10\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 13\%$$

$$= 26\% \text{ (The confidence level is about } 95\% \text{ } k=2)$$

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std 1528

1 900 MHz Head (SN: 3327)

Error Description	Uncertainty value ±%	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(Ci) 1 g	(Ci) 10 g	Standard 1 g (± %)	Standard 10 g (± %)	vi 2 or Veff
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
Axial isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	5.5	5.5	∞
Boundary Effects	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Probe Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Probe modulation response	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Detection limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	1.0	Normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Response time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.23	0.23	∞
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
SAR Scaling	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Physical Parameters								
Phantom Shell	7.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
Liquid conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	4.0	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.1	2.8	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	3.8	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.87	1.0	10
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	1.9	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	0.86	0.78	∞
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	2.0	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.27	0.30	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						13	13	330
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						26	26	

$$U(1\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 13\%$$

= 26 % (The confidence level is about 95 % $k = 2$)

$$U(10\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 13\%$$

= 26 % (The confidence level is about 95 % $k = 2$)

2 450 MHz Head (SN: 7368)

Error Description	Uncertainty value ±%	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(Ci) 1 g	(Ci) 10 g	Standard 1 g (± %)	Standard 10 g (± %)	vi 2 or Veff
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
Isotropy	1.3	Normal	1	1	1	1.3	1.3	∞
Boundary Effects	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Probe Linearity	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Probe modulation response	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Detection limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Probe Positioning	6.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
SAR Scaling	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Physical Parameters								
Phantom Shell	7.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
SAR correction	0.0	Normal	1	1	0.84	0.0	0.0	∞
Liquid conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	4.2	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.3	3.0	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	4.0	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.92	1.0	10
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	1.9	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	0.86	0.78	∞
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	1.9	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.25	0.29	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						13	13	330
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						26	26	

$$U(1\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 13\%$$

= 26 % (The confidence level is about 95 % $k = 2$)

$$U(10\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 13\%$$

= 26 % (The confidence level is about 95 % $k = 2$)

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std 1528

5 200 MHz Head (SN: 7368)

Error Description	Uncertainty value ±%	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(Ci) 1 g	(Ci) 10 g	Standard 1 g (± %)	Standard 10 g (± %)	vi 2 or Veff
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	6.55	Normal	1	1	1	6.6	6.6	∞
Isotropy	1.3	Normal	1	1	1	1.3	1.3	∞
Boundary Effects	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Probe Linearity	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Probe modulation response	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Detection limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Probe Positioning	6.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
SAR Scaling	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Physical Parameters								
Phantom Shell	7.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
SAR correction	0.0	Normal	1	1	0.84	0.0	0.0	∞
Liquid conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	3.9	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.0	2.8	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	4.1	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.94	1.1	10
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	2.0	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	0.90	0.82	∞
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	2.0	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.27	0.30	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						13	13	330
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						26	26	

$$U(1\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 13\%$$

= 26 % (The confidence level is about 95 % $k = 2$)

$$U(10\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 13\%$$

= 26 % (The confidence level is about 95 % $k = 2$)

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std 1528

5 300 MHz Head (SN: 7368)

Error Description	Uncertainty value ±%	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(Ci) 1 g	(Ci) 10 g	Standard 1 g (± %)	Standard 10 g (± %)	vi 2 or Veff
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	6.55	Normal	1	1	1	6.6	6.6	∞
Isotropy	1.3	Normal	1	1	1	1.3	1.3	∞
Boundary Effects	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Probe Linearity	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Probe modulation response	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Detection limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Probe Positioning	6.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
SAR Scaling	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Physical Parameters								
Phantom Shell	7.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
SAR correction	0.0	Normal	1	1	0.84	0.0	0.0	∞
Liquid conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	4.0	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.1	2.8	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	4.0	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.92	1.0	10
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	1.9	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	0.86	0.78	∞
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	2.0	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.27	0.30	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						13	13	330
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						26	26	

$$U(1\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 13\%$$

= 26 % (The confidence level is about 95 % $k = 2$)

$$U(10\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 13\%$$

= 26 % (The confidence level is about 95 % $k = 2$)

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std 1528

5 500 MHz Head (SN: 7368)

Error Description	Uncertainty value ±%	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(Ci) 1 g	(Ci) 10 g	Standard 1 g (± %)	Standard 10 g (± %)	vi 2 or Veff
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	6.55	Normal	1	1	1	6.6	6.6	∞
Isotropy	1.3	Normal	1	1	1	1.3	1.3	∞
Boundary Effects	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Probe Linearity	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Probe modulation response	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Detection limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Probe Positioning	6.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
SAR Scaling	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Physical Parameters								
Phantom Shell	7.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
SAR correction	0.0	Normal	1	1	0.84	0.0	0.0	∞
Liquid conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	4.2	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.3	3.0	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	4.1	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.94	1.1	10
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	1.8	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	0.81	0.74	∞
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	1.9	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.25	0.29	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						13	13	330
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						26	26	

$$U(1\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 13\%$$

= 26 % (The confidence level is about 95 % $k = 2$)

$$U(10\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 13\%$$

= 26 % (The confidence level is about 95 % $k = 2$)

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std 1528

5 600 MHz Head (SN: 7368)

Error Description	Uncertainty value ±%	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(Ci) 1 g	(Ci) 10 g	Standard 1 g (± %)	Standard 10 g (± %)	vi 2 or Veff
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	6.55	Normal	1	1	1	6.6	6.6	∞
Isotropy	1.3	Normal	1	1	1	1.3	1.3	∞
Boundary Effects	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Probe Linearity	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Probe modulation response	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Detection limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Probe Positioning	6.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
SAR Scaling	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Physical Parameters								
Phantom Shell	7.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
SAR correction	0.0	Normal	1	1	0.84	0.0	0.0	∞
Liquid conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	4.0	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.1	2.8	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	4.0	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.92	1.0	10
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	1.9	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	0.86	0.78	∞
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	2.0	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.27	0.30	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						13	13	330
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						26	26	

$$U(1\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 13\%$$

= 26 % (The confidence level is about 95 % $k = 2$)

$$U(10\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 13\%$$

= 26 % (The confidence level is about 95 % $k = 2$)

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std 1528

5 800 MHz Head (SN: 7368)

Error Description	Uncertainty value ±%	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(Ci) 1 g	(Ci) 10 g	Standard 1 g (± %)	Standard 10 g (± %)	vi 2 or Veff
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	6.55	Normal	1	1	1	6.6	6.6	∞
Isotropy	1.3	Normal	1	1	1	1.3	1.3	∞
Boundary Effects	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Probe Linearity	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Probe modulation response	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Detection limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Probe Positioning	6.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
SAR Scaling	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Physical Parameters								
Phantom Shell	7.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
SAR correction	0.0	Normal	1	1	0.84	0.0	0.0	∞
Liquid conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	4.0	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.1	2.8	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	4.1	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.94	1.1	10
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	1.9	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	0.86	0.78	∞
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	1.9	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.25	0.29	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						13	13	330
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						26	26	

$$U(1\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 13\%$$

= 26 % (The confidence level is about 95 % $k = 2$)

$$U(10\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 13\%$$

= 26 % (The confidence level is about 95 % $k = 2$)

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std 1528

16. CONCLUSION

Measurement Conclusion

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC. These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under the worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are every complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role impossible biological effect are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease).

Because innumerable factors may interact to determine the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide shall consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.

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APPENDIX A. – Probe Calibration Data

**Calibration Laboratory of
 Schmid & Partner
 Engineering AG**
 Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
S Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

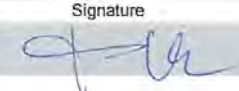

 Client **DT&C (Dymstec)**

Certificate No: EX3-7337_Jun21

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	EX3DV4 - SN:7337
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v6, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v7 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date:	June 23, 2021
This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.	
All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.	
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)	

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)	Apr-22
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)	Apr-22
DAE4	SN: 660	23-Dec-20 (No. DAE4-660_Dec20)	Dec-21
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-20 (No. ES3-3013_Dec20)	Dec-21
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-21

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
			Issued: June 24, 2021
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.			

**Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z}** = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; D_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}**: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).

EX3DV4 – SN:7337

June 23, 2021

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7337

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A	0.62	0.59	0.56	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	104.8	106.3	99.8	

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	146.4	± 3.3 %	± 4.7 %
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		151.6		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		150.6		
10352-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	1.58	60.99	6.72	10.00	60.0	± 2.9 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.39	60.03	6.18		60.0		
		Z	20.00	93.10	21.57		60.0		
10353-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	0.83	60.00	5.19	6.99	80.0	± 2.3 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	0.81	60.00	5.05		80.0		
		Z	20.00	95.78	21.76		80.0		
10354-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	66.00	78.00	9.00	3.98	95.0	± 1.7 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	0.42	60.00	3.90		95.0		
		Z	20.00	101.71	23.27		95.0		
10355-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	12.67	150.15	7.23	2.22	120.0	± 1.7 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	9.99	81.79	3.47		120.0		
		Z	20.00	108.07	24.97		120.0		
10387-AAA	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	0.61	63.55	12.46	1.00	150.0	± 3.4 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	0.72	67.15	14.54		150.0		
		Z	1.72	64.85	14.44		150.0		
10388-AAA	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	1.38	65.48	13.88	0.00	150.0	± 1.4 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.52	67.62	15.01		150.0		
		Z	2.22	66.95	15.01		150.0		
10396-AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	1.71	64.26	15.55	3.01	150.0	± 0.9 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.77	65.39	16.39		150.0		
		Z	2.83	69.77	18.39		150.0		
10399-AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	2.86	66.11	15.00	0.00	150.0	± 1.4 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.95	66.98	15.54		150.0		
		Z	3.37	65.97	15.07		150.0		
10414-AAA	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	X	3.86	65.77	15.17	0.00	150.0	± 2.6 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.93	66.45	15.57		150.0		
		Z	4.82	64.97	15.06		150.0		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5, 6 and 7).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4- SN:7337

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7337

Sensor Model Parameters

	C1 fF	C2 fF	α V ⁻¹	T1 ms.V ⁻²	T2 ms.V ⁻¹	T3 ms	T4 V ⁻²	T5 V ⁻¹	T6
X	10.6	75.80	32.66	4.23	0.00	4.90	0.56	0.00	1.00
Y	10.0	71.27	32.89	3.27	0.00	4.90	0.50	0.00	1.00
Z	54.8	404.12	34.68	10.78	0.00	5.06	1.33	0.15	1.01

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-174
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3-4 mm for an *Area Scan* job.

EX3DV4- SN:7337

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7337

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.05	10.05	10.05	0.49	0.87	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	9.76	9.76	9.76	0.50	0.80	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.56	9.56	9.56	0.39	0.95	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.47	8.47	8.47	0.40	0.88	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.17	8.17	8.17	0.38	0.86	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.48	7.48	7.48	0.39	0.90	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.33	7.33	7.33	0.37	0.90	± 12.0 %
3300	38.2	2.71	6.77	6.77	6.77	0.25	1.35	± 13.1 %
3500	37.9	2.91	6.70	6.70	6.70	0.30	1.35	± 13.1 %
3700	37.7	3.12	6.50	6.50	6.50	0.30	1.35	± 13.1 %
3900	37.5	3.32	6.37	6.37	6.37	0.30	1.50	± 13.1 %
4100	37.2	3.53	6.26	6.26	6.26	0.30	1.50	± 13.1 %
4200	37.1	3.63	6.20	6.20	6.20	0.35	1.50	± 13.1 %
4400	36.9	3.84	5.70	5.70	5.70	0.35	1.70	± 13.1 %
4600	36.7	4.04	5.61	5.61	5.61	0.35	1.70	± 13.1 %
4800	36.4	4.25	5.56	5.56	5.56	0.38	1.80	± 13.1 %
4950	36.3	4.40	5.52	5.52	5.52	0.36	1.80	± 13.1 %
5200	36.0	4.66	5.50	5.50	5.50	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	5.46	5.46	5.46	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	5.10	5.10	5.10	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	5.05	5.05	5.05	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	5.00	5.00	5.00	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7337

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
3300	51.6	3.08	6.46	6.46	6.46	0.40	1.35	± 13.1 %
3900	50.8	3.78	6.17	6.17	6.17	0.40	1.60	± 13.1 %
4100	50.5	4.01	5.97	5.97	5.97	0.40	1.60	± 13.1 %
4200	50.4	4.13	5.85	5.85	5.85	0.40	1.60	± 13.1 %
4400	50.1	4.37	5.73	5.73	5.73	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
4600	49.8	4.60	5.71	5.71	5.71	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
4800	49.6	4.83	5.65	5.65	5.65	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %
4950	49.4	5.01	5.37	5.37	5.37	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 8 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7337

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
6500	34.5	6.07	5.50	5.50	5.50	0.25	2.50	± 18.6 %

^C Frequency validity above 6GHz is ± 700 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

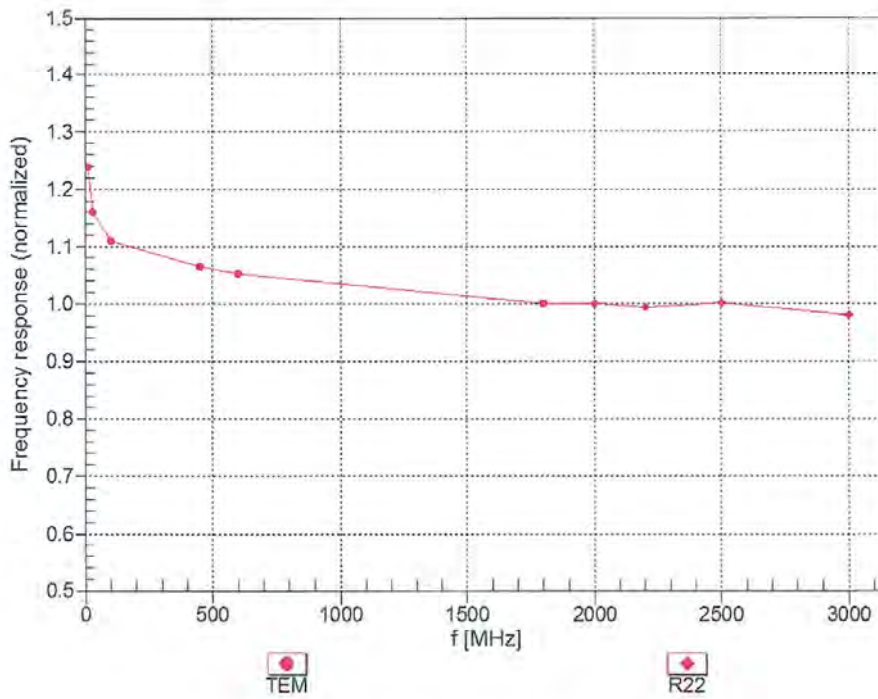
^F At frequencies 6-10 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz; below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz; and below ± 4% for frequencies between 6-10 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

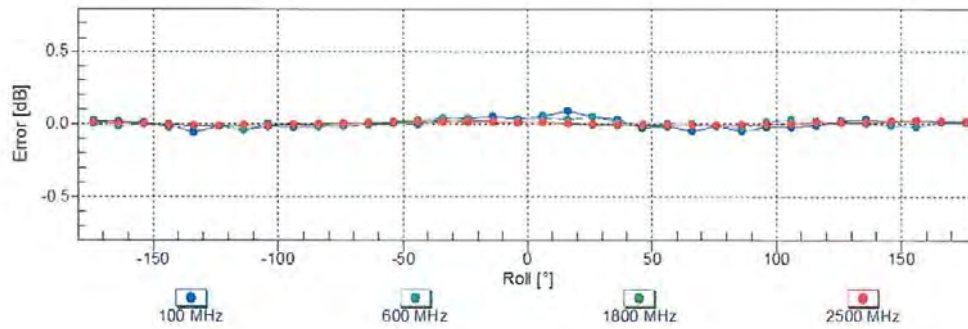
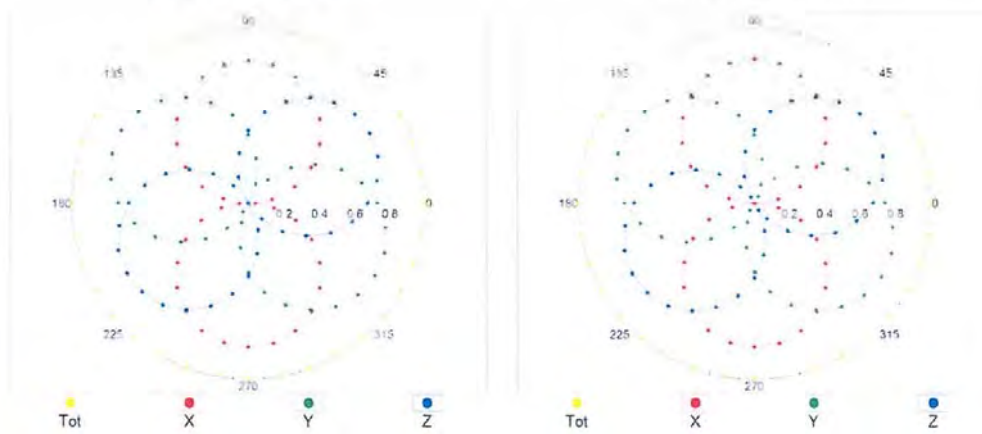
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Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz, TEM

f=1800 MHz, R22

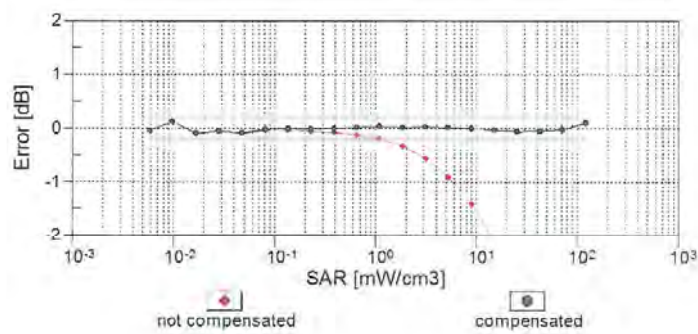
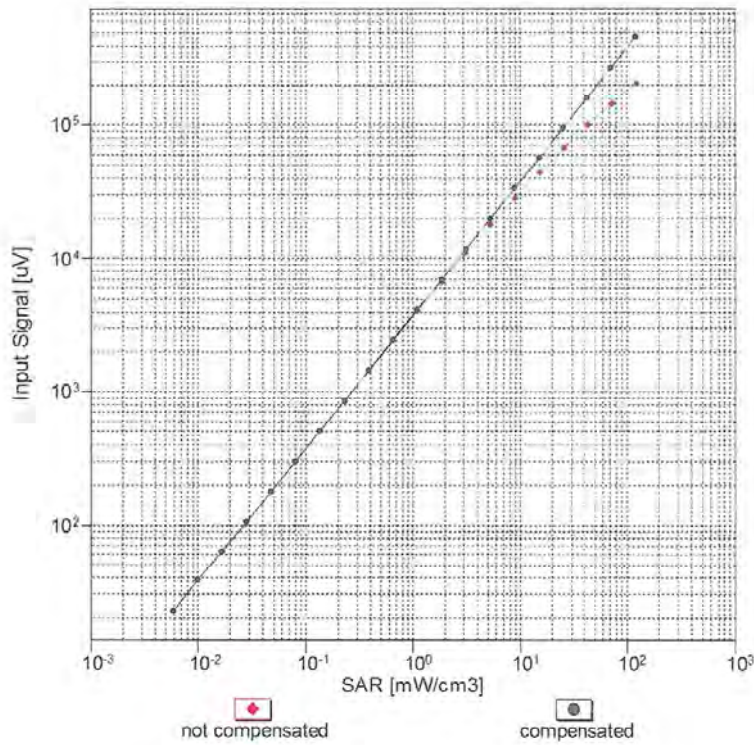


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

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Dynamic Range $f(SAR_{head})$ (TEM cell, $f_{eval} = 1900$ MHz)

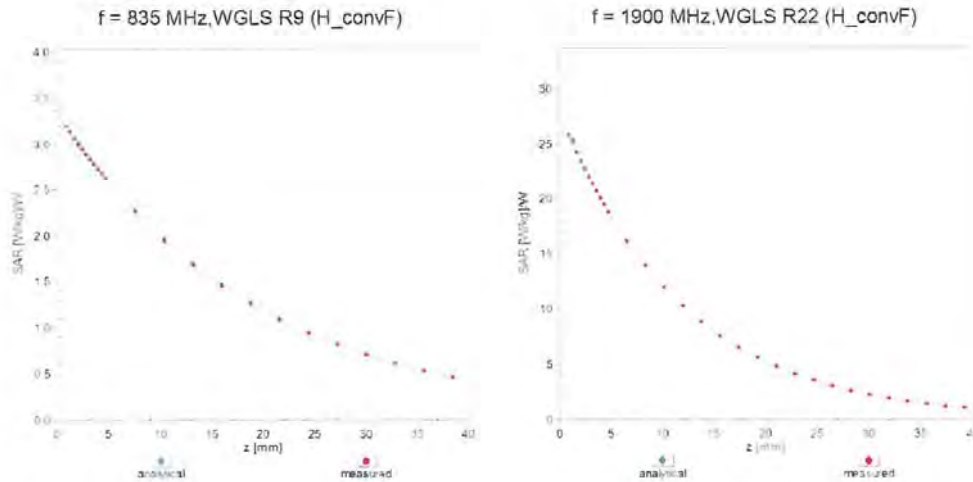


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ (k=2)

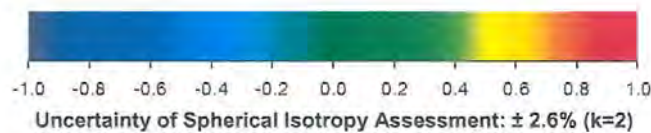
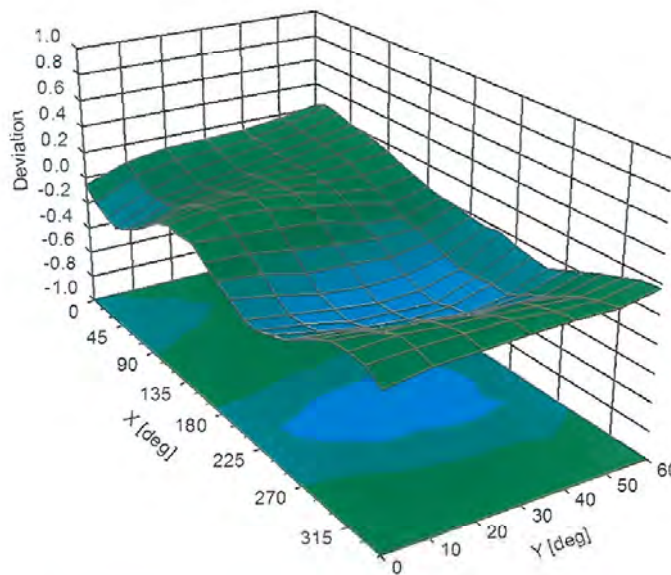
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Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (ϕ, θ), f = 900 MHz



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Appendix: Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Rev	Communication System Name	Group	PAR (dB)	Unc ^E (k=2)
0		CW	CW	0.00	± 4.7 %
10010	CAA	SAR Validation (Square, 100ms, 10ms)	Test	10.00	± 9.6 %
10011	CAB	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	WCDMA	2.91	± 9.6 %
10012	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	WLAN	1.87	± 9.6 %
10013	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps)	WLAN	9.46	± 9.6 %
10021	DAC	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	GSM	9.39	± 9.6 %
10023	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0)	GSM	9.57	± 9.6 %
10024	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1)	GSM	6.56	± 9.6 %
10025	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0)	GSM	12.62	± 9.6 %
10026	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1)	GSM	9.55	± 9.6 %
10027	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2)	GSM	4.80	± 9.6 %
10028	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	GSM	3.55	± 9.6 %
10029	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1-2)	GSM	7.78	± 9.6 %
10030	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH1)	Bluetooth	5.30	± 9.6 %
10031	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH3)	Bluetooth	1.87	± 9.6 %
10032	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5)	Bluetooth	1.16	± 9.6 %
10033	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH1)	Bluetooth	7.74	± 9.6 %
10034	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH3)	Bluetooth	4.53	± 9.6 %
10035	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH5)	Bluetooth	3.83	± 9.6 %
10036	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH1)	Bluetooth	8.01	± 9.6 %
10037	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH3)	Bluetooth	4.77	± 9.6 %
10038	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH5)	Bluetooth	4.10	± 9.6 %
10039	CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1)	CDMA2000	4.57	± 9.6 %
10042	CAB	IS-54 / IS-136 FDD (TDMA/FDM, PI/4-DQPSK, Halfrate)	AMPS	7.78	± 9.6 %
10044	CAA	IS-91/EIA/TIA-553 FDD (FDMA, FM)	AMPS	0.00	± 9.6 %
10048	CAA	DECT (TDD, TDMA/FDM, GFSK, Full Slot, 24)	DECT	13.80	± 9.6 %
10049	CAA	DECT (TDD, TDMA/FDM, GFSK, Double Slot, 12)	DECT	10.79	± 9.6 %
10056	CAA	UMTS-TDD (TD-SCDMA, 1.28 Mcps)	TD-SCDMA	11.01	± 9.6 %
10058	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	GSM	6.52	± 9.6 %
10059	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 2 Mbps)	WLAN	2.12	± 9.6 %
10060	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 5.5 Mbps)	WLAN	2.83	± 9.6 %
10061	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps)	WLAN	3.60	± 9.6 %
10062	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps)	WLAN	8.68	± 9.6 %
10063	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 9 Mbps)	WLAN	8.63	± 9.6 %
10064	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 12 Mbps)	WLAN	9.09	± 9.6 %
10065	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 18 Mbps)	WLAN	9.00	± 9.6 %
10066	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 24 Mbps)	WLAN	9.38	± 9.6 %
10067	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 36 Mbps)	WLAN	10.12	± 9.6 %
10068	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 48 Mbps)	WLAN	10.24	± 9.6 %
10069	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 54 Mbps)	WLAN	10.56	± 9.6 %
10071	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 9 Mbps)	WLAN	9.83	± 9.6 %
10072	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 12 Mbps)	WLAN	9.62	± 9.6 %
10073	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 18 Mbps)	WLAN	9.94	± 9.6 %
10074	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 24 Mbps)	WLAN	10.30	± 9.6 %
10075	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 36 Mbps)	WLAN	10.77	± 9.6 %
10076	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 48 Mbps)	WLAN	10.94	± 9.6 %
10077	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 54 Mbps)	WLAN	11.00	± 9.6 %
10081	CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3)	CDMA2000	3.97	± 9.6 %
10082	CAB	IS-54 / IS-136 FDD (TDMA/FDM, PI/4-DQPSK, Fullrate)	AMPS	4.77	± 9.6 %
10090	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-4)	GSM	6.56	± 9.6 %
10097	CAC	UMTS-FDD (HSDPA)	WCDMA	3.98	± 9.6 %
10098	DAC	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 2)	WCDMA	3.98	± 9.6 %

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10099	CAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-4)	GSM	9.55	± 9.6 %
10100	CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.67	± 9.6 %
10101	CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.42	± 9.6 %
10102	CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.60	± 9.6 %
10103	DAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.29	± 9.6 %
10104	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.97	± 9.6 %
10105	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.01	± 9.6 %
10108	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.80	± 9.6 %
10109	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.43	± 9.6 %
10110	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.75	± 9.6 %
10111	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.44	± 9.6 %
10112	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.59	± 9.6 %
10113	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.62	± 9.6 %
10114	CAG	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.10	± 9.6 %
10115	CAG	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 81 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.46	± 9.6 %
10116	CAG	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 135 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.15	± 9.6 %
10117	CAG	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.07	± 9.6 %
10118	CAD	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 81 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.59	± 9.6 %
10119	CAD	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 135 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.13	± 9.6 %
10140	CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.49	± 9.6 %
10141	CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.53	± 9.6 %
10142	CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10143	CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.35	± 9.6 %
10144	CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.65	± 9.6 %
10145	CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.76	± 9.6 %
10146	CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.41	± 9.6 %
10147	CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.72	± 9.6 %
10149	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.42	± 9.6 %
10150	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.60	± 9.6 %
10151	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.28	± 9.6 %
10152	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.92	± 9.6 %
10153	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.05	± 9.6 %
10154	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.75	± 9.6 %
10155	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.43	± 9.6 %
10156	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.79	± 9.6 %
10157	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.49	± 9.6 %
10158	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.62	± 9.6 %
10159	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.56	± 9.6 %
10160	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.82	± 9.6 %
10161	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.43	± 9.6 %
10162	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.58	± 9.6 %
10166	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.46	± 9.6 %
10167	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.21	± 9.6 %
10168	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.79	± 9.6 %
10169	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10170	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10171	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.49	± 9.6 %
10172	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	± 9.6 %
10173	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10174	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10175	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.72	± 9.6 %
10176	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10177	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10178	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10179	AAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10180	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %

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10181	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.72	± 9.6 %
10182	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10183	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10184	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10185	CAI	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.51	± 9.6 %
10186	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10187	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10188	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10189	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10193	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.09	± 9.6 %
10194	AAD	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 39 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.12	± 9.6 %
10195	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 65 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.21	± 9.6 %
10196	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.10	± 9.6 %
10197	AAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 39 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.13	± 9.6 %
10198	CAF	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 65 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.27	± 9.6 %
10219	CAF	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 7.2 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.03	± 9.6 %
10220	AAF	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 43.3 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.13	± 9.6 %
10221	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 72.2 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.27	± 9.6 %
10222	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 15 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.06	± 9.6 %
10223	CAD	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 90 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.48	± 9.6 %
10224	CAD	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 150 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.08	± 9.6 %
10225	CAD	UMTS-FDD (HSPA+)	WCDMA	5.97	± 9.6 %
10226	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.49	± 9.6 %
10227	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.26	± 9.6 %
10228	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.22	± 9.6 %
10229	DAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10230	CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10231	CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.19	± 9.6 %
10232	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10233	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10234	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	± 9.6 %
10235	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10236	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10237	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	± 9.6 %
10238	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10239	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10240	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	± 9.6 %
10241	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.82	± 9.6 %
10242	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.86	± 9.6 %
10243	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.46	± 9.6 %
10244	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.06	± 9.6 %
10245	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.06	± 9.6 %
10246	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.30	± 9.6 %
10247	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.91	± 9.6 %
10248	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.09	± 9.6 %
10249	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.29	± 9.6 %
10250	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.81	± 9.6 %
10251	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.17	± 9.6 %
10252	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.24	± 9.6 %
10253	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.90	± 9.6 %
10254	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.14	± 9.6 %
10255	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.20	± 9.6 %
10256	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.96	± 9.6 %
10257	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.08	± 9.6 %
10258	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.34	± 9.6 %
10259	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.98	± 9.6 %

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10260	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.97	± 9.6 %
10261	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.24	± 9.6 %
10262	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.83	± 9.6 %
10263	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.16	± 9.6 %
10264	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.23	± 9.6 %
10265	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.92	± 9.6 %
10266	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.07	± 9.6 %
10267	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.30	± 9.6 %
10268	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.06	± 9.6 %
10269	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.13	± 9.6 %
10270	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.58	± 9.6 %
10274	CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.10)	WCDMA	4.87	± 9.6 %
10275	CAD	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.4)	WCDMA	3.96	± 9.6 %
10277	CAD	PHS (QPSK)	PHS	11.81	± 9.6 %
10278	CAD	PHS (QPSK, BW 884MHz, Rolloff 0.5)	PHS	11.81	± 9.6 %
10279	CAG	PHS (QPSK, BW 884MHz, Rolloff 0.38)	PHS	12.18	± 9.6 %
10290	CAG	CDMA2000, RC1, SO55, Full Rate	CDMA2000	3.91	± 9.6 %
10291	CAG	CDMA2000, RC3, SO55, Full Rate	CDMA2000	3.46	± 9.6 %
10292	CAG	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, Full Rate	CDMA2000	3.39	± 9.6 %
10293	CAG	CDMA2000, RC3, SO3, Full Rate	CDMA2000	3.50	± 9.6 %
10295	CAG	CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.	CDMA2000	12.49	± 9.6 %
10297	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.81	± 9.6 %
10298	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.72	± 9.6 %
10299	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.39	± 9.6 %
10300	CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.60	± 9.6 %
10301	CAC	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 5ms, 10MHz, QPSK, PUSC)	WiMAX	12.03	± 9.6 %
10302	CAB	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 5ms, 10MHz, QPSK, PUSC, 3CTRL)	WiMAX	12.57	± 9.6 %
10303	CAB	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (31:15, 5ms, 10MHz, 64QAM, PUSC)	WiMAX	12.52	± 9.6 %
10304	CAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 5ms, 10MHz, 64QAM, PUSC)	WiMAX	11.86	± 9.6 %
10305	CAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (31:15, 10ms, 10MHz, 64QAM, PUSC)	WiMAX	15.24	± 9.6 %
10306	CAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, 64QAM, PUSC)	WiMAX	14.67	± 9.6 %
10307	AAB	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, QPSK, PUSC)	WiMAX	14.49	± 9.6 %
10308	AAB	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, 16QAM, PUSC)	WiMAX	14.46	± 9.6 %
10309	AAB	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, 16QAM, AMC 2x3)	WiMAX	14.58	± 9.6 %
10310	AAB	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, QPSK, AMC 2x3)	WiMAX	14.57	± 9.6 %
10311	AAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	6.06	± 9.6 %
10313	AAD	iDEN 1:3	iDEN	10.51	± 9.6 %
10314	AAD	iDEN 1:6	iDEN	13.48	± 9.6 %
10315	AAD	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 96pc dc)	WLAN	1.71	± 9.6 %
10316	AAD	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 96pc dc)	WLAN	8.36	± 9.6 %
10317	AAA	IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps, 96pc dc)	WLAN	8.36	± 9.6 %
10352	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	Generic	10.00	± 9.6 %
10353	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	Generic	6.99	± 9.6 %
10354	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	Generic	3.98	± 9.6 %
10355	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	Generic	2.22	± 9.6 %
10356	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 80%)	Generic	0.97	± 9.6 %
10387	AAA	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	Generic	5.10	± 9.6 %
10388	AAA	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	Generic	5.22	± 9.6 %
10396	AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	Generic	6.27	± 9.6 %
10399	AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	Generic	6.27	± 9.6 %
10400	AAD	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.37	± 9.6 %
10401	AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.60	± 9.6 %
10402	AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.53	± 9.6 %
10403	AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. 0)	CDMA2000	3.76	± 9.6 %
10404	AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. A)	CDMA2000	3.77	± 9.6 %
10406	AAD	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, SCH0, Full Rate	CDMA2000	5.22	± 9.6 %

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10410	AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.82	± 9.6 %
10414	AAA	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	Generic	8.54	± 9.6 %
10415	AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 99pc dc)	WLAN	1.54	± 9.6 %
10416	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.23	± 9.6 %
10417	AAA	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.23	± 9.6 %
10418	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc, Long)	WLAN	8.14	± 9.6 %
10419	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc, Short)	WLAN	8.19	± 9.6 %
10422	AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 7.2 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.32	± 9.6 %
10423	AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 43.3 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.47	± 9.6 %
10424	AAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 72.2 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.40	± 9.6 %
10425	AAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 15 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.41	± 9.6 %
10426	AAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 90 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.45	± 9.6 %
10427	AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 150 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.41	± 9.6 %
10430	AAB	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 5 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	LTE-FDD	8.28	± 9.6 %
10431	AAC	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 10 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	LTE-FDD	8.38	± 9.6 %
10432	AAB	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 15 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	LTE-FDD	8.34	± 9.6 %
10433	AAC	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 20 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	LTE-FDD	8.34	± 9.6 %
10434	AAG	W-CDMA (BS Test Model 1, 64 DPCH)	WCDMA	8.60	± 9.6 %
10435	AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	7.82	± 9.6 %
10447	AAA	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 5 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	LTE-FDD	7.56	± 9.6 %
10448	AAA	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 10 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	LTE-FDD	7.53	± 9.6 %
10449	AAC	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 15 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	LTE-FDD	7.51	± 9.6 %
10450	AAA	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 20 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	LTE-FDD	7.48	± 9.6 %
10451	AAA	W-CDMA (BS Test Model 1, 64 DPCH, Clipping 44%)	WCDMA	7.59	± 9.6 %
10453	AAC	Validation (Square, 10ms, 1ms)	Test	10.00	± 9.6 %
10456	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.63	± 9.6 %
10457	AAC	UMTS-FDD (DC-HSDPA)	WCDMA	6.62	± 9.6 %
10458	AAC	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. B, 2 carriers)	CDMA2000	6.55	± 9.6 %
10459	AAC	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. B, 3 carriers)	CDMA2000	8.25	± 9.6 %
10460	AAC	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA, AMR)	WCDMA	2.39	± 9.6 %
10461	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	7.82	± 9.6 %
10462	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.30	± 9.6 %
10463	AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.56	± 9.6 %
10464	AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	7.82	± 9.6 %
10465	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.32	± 9.6 %
10466	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.57	± 9.6 %
10467	AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	7.82	± 9.6 %
10468	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.32	± 9.6 %
10469	AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.56	± 9.6 %
10470	AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	7.82	± 9.6 %
10471	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.32	± 9.6 %
10472	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.57	± 9.6 %
10473	AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	7.82	± 9.6 %
10474	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.32	± 9.6 %
10475	AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.57	± 9.6 %
10477	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.32	± 9.6 %
10478	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.57	± 9.6 %
10479	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	7.74	± 9.6 %
10480	AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.18	± 9.6 %
10481	AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.45	± 9.6 %
10482	AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	7.71	± 9.6 %
10483	AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM, Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.39	± 9.6 %
10484	AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.47	± 9.6 %
10485	AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	7.59	± 9.6 %
10486	AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.38	± 9.6 %
10487	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.60	± 9.6 %

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