## **TEST REPORT**



Dt&C Co., Ltd.

42, Yurim-ro, 154Beon-gil, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea, 17042 Tel: 031-321-2664, Fax: 031-321-1664

1. Report No: DRRFCC2112-0142(2)

2. Customer

· Name : Kyocera Corporation

Address: 2-1-1 Kagahara, Tsuzuki-ku Yokohama-shi, Kanagawa Japan 224-8502

3. Use of Report: FCC Original Grant

4. Product Name / Model Name : Tablet / KC-T303DT

FCC ID: JOYEB1080

5. FCC Regulation(s): CFR 47 Part 2 subpart 2.1093

Test Method Used: IEEE 1528-2013, IEC/IEEE 62209-1528

FCC SAR KDB Publications (Details in test report)

6. Date of Test: 2021.11.02 ~ 2023.10.20

7. Location of Test: Permanent Testing Lab On Site Testing

8. Testing Environment: Refer to attached test report

9. Test Result: Refer to attached test report.

The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated.

This test report is not related to KOLAS accreditation.

Affirmation Tested by Name : DongHyeok Gwak Name : HakMin Kim (Signature)

2023.10.31.

Dt&C Co., Ltd.





## **Test Report Version**

Report No.: DRRFCC2112-0142(2)

Test Report No.	Date	Description	Tested by	Reviewed by
DRRFCC2112-0142	Dec. 6, 2021	Initial issue	TaeHun Kim	HakMin Kim
DRRFCC2112-0142(1)	Dec. 14, 2021	Revise of section 10.4	TaeHun Kim	HakMin Kim
DRRFCC2112-0142(2)	Oct. 31, 2023	Revise of Bluetooth Data	DongHyeok Gwak	HakMin Kim

TRF-RF-601(03)161101



# Report No.: DRRFCC2112-0142(2) Table of Contents

1. DESCRIPTION OF DEVICE	4
1.1 General Information	
1.2 Power Reduction for SAR	
1.3 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications	
1.5 Miscellaneous SAR Test Considerations	
1.6 Guidance Applied	6
1.7 Device Serial Numbers	
2. INTROCUCTION	
3. DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT	
3.1 Measurement Procedure  4. TEST CONFIGURATION POSITIONS FOR HANDSETS	10
4.1 Device Holder	
5. RF EXPOSURE LIMITS	
6. FCC MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES	12
6.1 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters	12
6.1.1 General Device Setup	
6.1.2 U-NII and U-NII-2A	12
6.1.3 U-NII-2C and U-NII-3	12
6.1.4 Initial Test Position Procedure	13
6.1.5 2.4 GHz SAR Test Requirements	13
6.1.6 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection	13
6.1.7 Initial Test Configuration Procedure	13
6.1.8 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures	14
7. RF CONDUCTED POWERS	15
7.1 WLAN Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec and Conducted Powers	
7.2 Bluetooth Conducted Powers	
8. SYSTEM VERIFICATION	
8.1 Tissue Verification	
9. SAR TEST RESULTS	
9.1 Standalone Body SAR Results	20
9.2 SAR Test Notes	
10.1 Introduction	
10.3 Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities	
10.4 Body SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis	
10.5 Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion	
11.1 Measurement Variability	
11.2 Measurement Uncertainty	
12. EQUIPMENT LIST	24
13. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES	25
14. CONCLUSION	28
15. REFERENCES	29
APPENDIX A. – Probe Calibration Data	31
APPENDIX B. – Dipole Calibration Data	64
APPENDIX C. – SAR Tissue Specifications	95
APPENDIX D. – SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION	97
APPENDIX F - Description of Test Equipment	99





## 1. DESCRIPTION OF DEVICE

#### 1.1 General Information

EUT type	Tablet						
FCC ID	JOYEB1080						
Equipment model name	KC-T303DT						
Equipment add model name	N/A						
Equipment serial no.	Identical prototype						
FCC & ISED MRA Designation No.	KR0034						
ISED#	5740A						
Mode(s) of Operation	2.4 G W-LAN (802.11b/a/ r	n-HT20). 5 G W-LAN (80	2.11a/n-HT20/n-HT40/ac-VI	HT20/ac-VHT40/ac-VHT80), Blu	etooth		
	Band	Mode	Operating Modes	Bandwidth	Frequency		
	2.4 GHz W-LAN	802.11b/g/n	Voice/Data	HT20	2 412 ~ 2 462 MHz		
		802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5 180 MHz ~ 5 240 MHz		
	5.2 GHz W-LAN	802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 190 MHz ~ 5 230 MHz		
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 210 MHz		
TV Fraguency Decree		802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5 260 ~ 5 320 MHz		
TX Frequency Range	5.3 GHz W-LAN	802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 270 ~ 5 310 MHz		
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 290 MHz		
		802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5 500 ~ 5 700 MHz		
	5.6 GHz W-LAN	802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 510 ~ 5 670 MHz		
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 530 MHz		
	Bluetooth	-	Data	-	2 402 ~ 2 480 MHz		
	2.4 GHz W-LAN	802.11b/g/n	Voice/Data	HT20	2 412 ~ 2 462 MHz		
	5.2 GHz W-LAN	802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5 180 MHz ~ 5 240 MHz		
		802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 190 MHz ~ 5 230 MHz		
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 210 MHz		
		802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5 260 ~ 5 320 MHz		
RX Frequency Range	5.3 GHz W-LAN	802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 270 ~ 5 310 MHz		
TX Frequency Nange		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 290 MHz		
		802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5 500 ~ 5 700 MHz		
	5.6 GHz W-LAN	802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 510 ~ 5 670 MHz		
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 530 MHz		
	Bluetooth	-	Data	-	2 402 ~ 2 480 MHz		
			F	Reported SAR			
Equipment Class	Band	1g SAR (W/kg)					
Oluss		Body					
DTS	2.4 GHz W-LAN			1.24			
U-NII-2A	5.3 GHz W-LAN			0.84			
U-NII-2C	5.6 GHz W-LAN			0.94			
DSS	Bluetooth			0.37			
Simultaneous SAR per l	KDB 690783 D01v01r03		-	1.31			
FCC Equipment Class	Part 15 Spread Spectrum Transmitter(DSS) Digital Transmission System(DTS) Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (UNII)						
Date(s) of Tests	2021.11.02 ~ 2023.10.3	20					
Antenna Type	Internal Antenna						
Functions	Simultaneous transmission between [Bluetooth & WLAN(5 GHz)].						

Report No.: DRRFCC2112-0142(2)

TRF-RF-601(03)161101 Pages: 4 /106

#### 1.2 Power Reduction for SAR

There is no power reduction used for any band/mode implemented in this device for SAR purposes.

#### 1.3 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications

The Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications are in section 7 of this test report.

#### 1.4 Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities

The Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities are in section 10 of this test report.

#### 1.5 Miscellaneous SAR Test Considerations

#### (A) WIFI/BT

Since U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands have the same maximum output power and the highest reported SAR for U-NII-2A is less than 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band according to FCC KDB publication 248227 D01v02r02.

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1g SAR exclusion threshold for distances < 50 mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{\textit{Max Power of Channel (mW)}}{\textit{Test Separation Dist (mm)}} * \sqrt{\textit{Frequency(GHz)}} \le 3.0$$

#### (B) Tested sides for Extremity SAR configuration

(1) Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1g SAR exclusion threshold for distances < 50 mm is defined by the following equation:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f_{\text{(GHz)}}}] \le 3.0 \text{ for } 1\text{-g SAR}$ 

Table 1.4.1 SAR Test Exclusion for Edges (Antennas < 50 mm)

FREQU	JENCY			Tune up			Separation D	istance [mn	1]		Calculated Thresh	old Power [mW]	
MHz	Ch	Mode/ Band	Service	Max Power [mW]	# of Time Slots	Тор	Bottom	Right	Left	Тор	Bottom	Right	Left
2 462.0	11	2.4 GHz W-LAN	-	18	-	4	160	158	87	5.6 (O)	> 50mm Note1	> 50mm Note1	> 50mm Note1
5 240.0	48	5 GHz W-LAN	-	11	-	4	160	158	87	<u>5.1 (O)</u>	> 50mm Note1	> 50mm Note1	> 50mm Note1
5 320.0	64	5 GHz W-LAN	-	11	-	4	160	158	87	5.2 (O)	> 50mm Note1	> 50mm Note1	> 50mm Note1
5 720.0	144	5 GHz W-LAN	-	13	-	4	160	158	87	6.0 (O)	> 50mm Note1	> 50mm Note1	> 50mm Note1
2 480.0	78	Bluetooth	-	16	-	4	160	158	87	<u>5.1 (O)</u>	> 50mm Note1	> 50mm Note1	> 50mm Note1

#### Note(s):

1. Please refer to Table 1.4.2.

- (2) Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, **the SAR exclusion threshold for distances > 50 mm** is defined by the following equation: (the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following, and as illustrated in KDB 447498 Appendix B.)
  - 1) {[Power allowed at *numeric threshold* for 50 mm in step a)] + [(test separation distance 50 mm)·(f<sub>(MHz)</sub>/150)]} mW, for 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
  - {[Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step a)] + [(test separation distance 50 mm)·10]} mW, for > 1500 MHz and ≤ 6 GHz

Table 1.4.2 SAR Test Exclusion for Edges (Antennas > 50 mm)

FREQU	JENCY			Tune up			Separation D	Distance [mn	1]		Calculated Thresh	old Power [mW]	
MHz	Ch	Mode/ Band	Servic e	Max Power [mW]	# of Time Slots	Тор	Bottom	Right	Left	Тор	Bottom	Right	Left
2 462.0	11	2.4 GHz W-LAN	-	18	-	4	160	158	87	< 50mm Note1	1196 (X)	1176 (X)	466 (X)
5 240.0	48	5 GHz W-LAN	-	11	-	4	160	158	87	< 50mm Note1	1166 (X)	1146 (X)	436 (X)
5 320.0	64	5 GHz W-LAN	-	11	-	4	160	158	87	< 50mm Note1	1165 (X)	1145 (X)	435 (X)
5 720.0	144	5 GHz W-LAN	-	13	-	4	160	158	87	< 50mm Note1	1162 (X)	1142 (X)	432 (X)
2 480.0	78	Bluetooth	-	16	-	4	160	158	87	< 50mm Note1	1196 (X)	1176 (X)	466 (X)

#### Note(s):

1. Please refer to Table 1.4.1.

Table 1.4.3 Determined EUT sides for SAR Testing

Mode			EUT Sides fo	or SAR Testing		
wode	Тор	Bottom	Front	Rear	Right	Left
2.4 GHz W-LAN (Ant.1)	0	X	X	0	X	X
5 GHz W-LAN (Ant.1)	0	X	X	0	X	X
Bluetooth	0	X	X	0	X	X

Note(s):

This test report is prohibited to copy or reissue in whole or in part without the approval of Dt&C Co., Ltd.

TRF-RF-601(03)161101

Pages: 5 / 106

<sup>1.</sup> Particular DUT edges were not required to be evaluated for SAR based on the SAR exclusion threshold in KDB 447498 D01v06.

<sup>2.</sup> Per FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04v01r02, the front surface of tablet display screens are not required to be evaluated for SAR.

#### 1.6 Guidance Applied

- IEEE 1528-2013
- IEC/IEEE 62209-1528
- FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 (802.11 Wi-Fi SAR)
- FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 (General RF Exposure Guidance)
- FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02
- FCC KDB Publication 690783 D01v01r03 (SAR Listings on Grants)
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 (SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz)
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D02v01r02 (RF Exposure Reporting)
- April 2015 TCB Workshop Notes (Simultaneous transmission summation clarified)

#### 1.7 Device Serial Numbers

The serial numbers used for each test are indicated alongside the results in Section 9.

TRF-RF-601(03)161101 Pages: 6 /106

#### 2. INTROCUCTION

The FCC and Industry Canada have adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency (RF) radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 and Health Canada Safety Code 6 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices.

The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices. The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz. The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave is used for guidance in measuring SAR due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields," NCRP Report No. 86 NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, MD 20814. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

#### **SAR Definition**

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density ( $\rho$ ) It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Fig. 3.1)

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dU}{\rho dv} \right)$$

Fig. 2.1 SAR Mathematical Equation

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

where:

 $\sigma$  = conductivity of the tissue-simulating material (S/m)  $\rho$  = mass density of the tissue-simulating material (kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relations to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.

This test report is prohibited to copy or reissue in whole or in part without the approval of Dt&C Co., Ltd.

TRF-RF-601(03)161101

Pages: 7 /106



Report No.: DRRFCC2112-0142(2)

#### 3. DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT

#### 3.1 Measurement Procedure

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure compliant to FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 and IEEE 1528-2013:

- The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head or body was measured at a distance no greater than 5.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the device-head and body interface and the horizontal grid resolution was determined per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 (See Table 3.1) and IEEE1528-2013.
- 2. The point SAR measurement was taken at the maximum SAR region determined from Step 1 to enable the monitoring of SAR fluctuations/drifts during the 1g/10g cube evaluation. SAR at this fixed point was measured and used as a reference value.

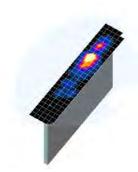


Figure 3.1 Sample SAR Area Scan

- 3. Based on the area scan data, the peak of the region with maximum SAR was determined by spline interpolation. Around this point, a volume was assessed according to the measurement resolution and volume size requirements of FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 (See Table 3.1) and IEEE 1528-2013. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure (see references or the DASY manual online for more details):
  - a. SAR values at the inner surface of the phantom are extrapolated from the measured values along the line away from the surface with spacing no greater than that in Table 3.1. The extrapolation was based on a least-squares algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in the z-axis (normal to the phantom shell).
  - b. After the maximum interpolated values were calculated between the points in the cube, the SAR was averaged over the spatial volume (1g or 10g) using a 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was then integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were obtained through interpolation, in order to calculate the averaged SAR.
  - c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
- 4. The SAR reference value, at the same location as step 2, was re-measured after the zoom scan was complete to calculate the SAR drift. If the drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.

TRF-RF-601(03)161101 Pages: 8/106

Report No.: DRRFCC2112-0142(2)

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance fro (geometric center of p		measurement point rs) to phantom surface	5 mm ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle surface normal at the r			30°±1°	20° ± 1°
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	$3-4~\text{GHz}: \leq 12~\text{mm}$ $4-6~\text{GHz}: \leq 10~\text{mm}$
Maximum area scan s	patial resol	ution: Δx <sub>Area</sub> , Δy <sub>Area</sub>	When the x or y dimension measurement plane orientat above, the measurement res corresponding x or y dimen at least one measurement po	ion, is smaller than the olution must be ≤ the sion of the test device with
Maximum zoom scan	Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx <sub>Zoom</sub> , Δy <sub>Zoom</sub>			3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
	uniform	grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	$\Delta z_{Z_{DOM}}(1)$ : between $1^{st}$ two points closest to phantom surface		≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	grid  \[ \Delta z_{Zoon}(n>1): \]  between subsequent points		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoo}$	жи(n-1) mm
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note:  $\delta$  is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

Table 3.1 Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04\*

TRF-RF-601(03)161101 Pages: 9 /106

<sup>\*</sup> When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

## 4. TEST CONFIGURATION POSITIONS FOR HANDSETS

#### 4.1 Device Holder

The device holder is made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\varepsilon = 3$  and loss tangent  $\delta = 0.02$ .

#### 4.2 SAR Testing for Tablet per KDB Publication 616217 D04v01r02

Per FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04v01r02, the back surface and edges of the tablet should be tested for SAR compliance with the tablet touching the phantom. The SAR Exclusion Threshold in KDB 447498 D01v06 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. The closest distance from the antenna to an adjacent tablet edge is used to determine if SAR testing is required for the adjacent edges, with the adjacent edge positioned against the phantom and the edge containing the antenna positioned perpendicular to the phantom.

The antennas in tablets are typically located near the back (bottom) surface and/or along the edges of the devices; therefore, SAR evaluation is required for these configurations. Exposures from antennas through the front (top) surface of the display section of a full-size tablet, away from the edges, are generally limited to the user's hands. Exposures to hands for typical consumer transmitters used in tablets are not expected to exceed the extremity SAR limit; therefore, SAR evaluation for the front surface of tablet display screens are generally not necessary, except for tablets that are designed to require continuous operations with the hand(s) next to the antenna(s). When voice mode is supported on a tablet and it is limited to speaker mode or headset operations only, additional SAR testing for this type of voice use is not required.

TRF-RF-601(03)161101 Pages: 10 /106

#### 5. RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

#### **Uncontrolled Environment:**

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employmentrelated; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

#### **Controlled Environment:**

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Table 5.1.SAR Human Exposure Specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

	HUMAN EXPO	SURE LIMITS
	General Public Exposure (W/kg) or (mW/g)	Occupational Exposure (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR * (Brain)	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR ** (Whole Body)	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR *** (Hands / Feet / Ankle / Wrist)	4.00	20.0

- 1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
- 2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
- 3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e.as a result of employment or occupation)

TRF-RF-601(03)161101 Pages: 11 /106

#### 6. FCC MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

#### 6.1 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters

The normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 b/g/n transmitters. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable. See KDB Publication 248227D01v02r02 for more details.

#### 6.1.1 General Device Setup

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

A periodic duty factor is required for current generation SAR systems to measure SAR. When 802.11 frame gaps are accounted for in the in the transmission, a maximum transmission duty factor of 92-96% is typically achievable in most test mode configurations. A minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. The reported SAR is scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

#### 6.1.2 U-NII and U-NII-2A

For devices that operate in only one of the U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, the normally required SAR procedures for OFDM configurations are applied. For devices that operate in both U-NII bands using the same transmitter and antenna(s), SAR test reduction is determined according to the following, with respect to the highest reported SAR and maximum output power specified for production units. The procedures are applied independently to each exposure configuration; for example, head, body, hotspot mode etc.

- 1) When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.
- 2) When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.

#### 6.1.3 U-NII-2C and U-NII-3

The frequency range covered by U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 is 380 MHz (5.47 - 5.85 GHz), which requires a minimum of at least two SAR probe calibration frequency points to support SAR measurements.

When Terminal Doppler Weather Rader (TDWR) restriction applies, the channels at 5.60 - 5.65 GHz in U-NII-2C band must be disabled with acceptable mechanisms and documented in the equipment certification.

Unless band gap channels are permanently disabled, SAR must be considered for these channels. When band gap channels are disabled, each band is tested independently according to the normally required OFDM SAR measurements and probe calibration frequency points requirements.

#### 6.1.4 Initial Test Position Procedure

For exposure conditions with multiple test positions, such as handset operating next to the ear, devices with hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet, procedures for initial test position can be applied. Using the transmission mode determined by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration, area scans are measured for all position in an exposure condition. The test position with the highest extrapolated (peak) SAR is used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test positions is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR position until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test position are measured.

#### 6.1.5 2.4 GHz SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- 1) When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- 2) When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

2.4 GHz 802.11 g/n OFDM are additionally evaluated for SAR if the highest reported SAR for 802.11b, adjusted by the ratio of the OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power is > 1.2 W/kg. When SAR is required for OFDM modes in 2.4 GHz band, the Initial Test Configuration Procedures should be followed.

#### 6.1.6 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection

For the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, when the same maximum output power was specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate. When the maximum output power of a channel is the same for equivalent OFDM configurations; for example, 802.11a and 802.11n or 802.11g and 802.11n with the same channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate etc., the lower order 802.11 mode i.e., 802.11a, then 80211n or 802.11g then 802.11n is used for SAR measurement. When the maximum output power ware the same for multiple test channels, either according to the default or additional power measurement requirements, SAR is measured using the channel closest to the middle of the frequency band or aggregated band. When there are multiple channels with the same maximum output power, SAR is measured using the higher number channel.

#### **6.1.7 Initial Test Configuration Procedure**

For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band, according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power specified for SAR measurements. When the same maximum output is specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration(s) with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, and lowest data rate. The channel of the transmission mode with the highest average RF output conducted power will be the initial test configuration.

When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no additional measurements on other test channels are required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated using the subsequent highest average RF output channel until the reported SAR result is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all channels are measured.



#### 6.1.8 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures

For OFDM configurations, in each frequency band and aggregated band, SAR is evaluated for initial test configuration using the fixed test position or the initial test position procedure, when applicable. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration, adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, no additional SAR testing for the subsequent test configurations is required.

TRF-RF-601(03)161101 Pages: 14 /106

## 7. RF CONDUCTED POWERS

This device operates using the following maximum and nominal output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06

#### 7.1 WLAN Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec and Conducted Powers

Band	Mode	Ch	Modulated A	verage[dBm]
(GHz)	Mode	Ch	Maximum	Nominal
	802.11b	1~11	12.5	9.5
2.4	802.11g	1~11	12.5	9.5
	802.11n HT20	1~11	12.5	9.5

Table 7.1.1 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11 (2.4 GHz) Conducted Power[dBm]
	2 412	1	12.31
802.11b	2 437	6	12.49
	2 462	11	12.18
	2 412	1	12.31
802.11g	2 437	6	12.42
	2 462	11	12.21
200.44	2 412	1	12.28
802.11n (HT-20)	2 437	6	12.41
(111-20)	2 462	11	12.11

Table 7.1.2 IEEE 802.11 Average RF Power

Band	Mode Ch		Modulated Average[dBm]		
(GHz)	Wode	CII	Maximum	Nominal	
	802.11a/11n/11ac	36-64	10.5	7.5	
	(20MHz)	100-144	11.0	8.0	
5 (UNII)	802.11n/11ac	38-62	10.5	7.5	
3 (01411)	(40MHz)	102-142	11.0	8.0	
	802.11ac	42-58	10.5	7.5	
	(80MHz)	106-138	11.0	8.0	

Table 7.1.3 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11a (5 GHz) Conducted Power[dBm]
	5 180	36	10.35
	5 200	40	10.48
	5 220	44	10.37
	5 240	48	10.36
	5 260	52	10.32
802.11a	5 280	56	10.33
602.11a	5 300	60	10.38
	5 320	64	10.31
	5 500	100	10.97
	5 600	120	10.98
	5 660	132	10.93
	5 720	144	10.91

Table 7.1.4 IEEE 802.11a Average RF Power

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11n HT20 (5 GHz) Conducted Power[dBm]
	5 180	36	10.38
	5 200	40	10.42
	5 220	44	10.39
	5 240	48	10.32
	5 260	52	10.37
802.11n	5 280	56	10.31
(HT-20)	5 300	60	10.35
	5 320	64	10.36
	5 500	100	10.95
	5 600	120	10.93
	5 660	132	10.94
	5 720	144	10.97

Table 7.1.5 IEEE 802.11n HT20 Average RF Power

Mode	Freq.	Channel	IEEE 802.11ac VHT20 (5 GHz) Conducted Power[dBm]
Mode	(MHz)	Chamie	IEEE 602.11ac VH120 (5 GH2) Colladicted Power[ubili]
	5 180	36	10.47
	5 200	40	10.43
	5 220	44	10.45
	5 240	48	10.46
	5 260	52	10.41
802.11ac	5 280	56	10.42
(VHT-20)	5 300	60	10.47
	5 320	64	10.39
	5 500	100	10.92
	5 600	120	10.89
	5 660	132	10.87
	5 720	144	10.86

Table 7.1.6 IEEE 802.11ac VHT20 Average RF Power

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11n HT40 (5 GHz) Conducted Power[dBm]
	5 190	38	10.38
	5 230	46	10.37
	5 270	54	10.42
802.11n	5 310	62	10.37
(HT-40)	5 510	102	10.95
	5 590	118	10.93
	5 670	134	10.91
l	5 710	142	10.92

Table 7.1.7 IEEE 802.11n HT40 Average RF Power

TRF-RF-601(03)161101 Pages: 15 /106

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 (5 GHz) Conducted Power[dBm]
	5 190	38	10.38
	5 230	46	10.37
	5 270	54	10.35
802.11ac	5 310	62	10.48
(VHT-40)	5 510	102	10.96
	5 590	118	10.92
	5 670	134	10.89
	5 710	142	10.81

Table 7.1.8 IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 Average RF Power

Mode	Freq.	Channel	IEEE 000 444-c VIIT00 (F CUs) Conducted Developed
Wode	(MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11ac VHT80 (5 GHz) Conducted Power[dBm]
	5 210	42	10.32
000 44	5 290	58	10.39
802.11ac (VHT-80)	5 530	106	10.96
(**************************************	5 610	122	10.91
II .	5 690	138	10.98

Table 7.1.9 IEEE 802.11ac VHT80 Average RF Power

ustification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02:

- Power measurements were performed for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
- For transmission modes with the same maximum output power specification, powers were measured for the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate
- For transmission modes with identical maximum specified output power, channel bandwidth, modulation and data rates, power measurements were required for all identical configurations.
- For each transmission mode configuration, powers were measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there were at least 3 channels supported. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels were measured
- Output Power and SAR is not required for 802.11 g/n HT20/ac VHT20 channels when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjust SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- The underlined data rate and channel above were tested for SAR

The average output powers of this device were tested by below configuration



Figure 7.1.1 Power Measurement Setup

Pages: 16 /106



#### 7.2 Bluetooth Conducted Powers

	Band & Mode	Frame Modulated Average[dBm]							
	Band & Mode	Ch Low	Ch Mid	Ch High					
Bluetooth	Maximum	10.96	10.96	10.96					
1 Mbps	Nominal	7.36	7.36	7.36					
Bluetooth	Maximum	8.06	8.06	8.06					
2 Mbps	Nominal	4.36	4.36	4.36					
Bluetooth	Maximum	8.06	8.06	8.06					
3 Mbps	Nominal	4.36	4.36	4.36					
Bluetooth	Maximum	6.96	6.96	6.96					
LE	Nominal	3.26	3.26	3.26					

Table 7.2.1 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec (Frame)

Channel	Frequency	Frame AVG Output Power (1Mbps)	Frame AVG Output Power (2Mbps)	Frame AVG Output Power (3Mbps)		
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)		
Low	2 402	8.67	5.42	5.76		
Mid	2 441	9.04	5.64	5.96		
High	2 480	8.78	5.38	5.61		

Table 7.2.2 Bluetooth Frame Average RF Power

Channel	Frequency	Frame AVG Output Power(LE/1Mbps)	Frame AVG Output Power(LE/2Mbps)					
Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)					
Low	2 402	4.56	4.55					
Mid	2 440	5.65	5.63					
High	2 480	4.13	4.12					

Table 7.2.3 Bluetooth LE Frame Average RF Power

#### Bluetooth Conducted Powers procedures

- 1. Bluetooth (BDR, EDR)
  - 1) Enter DUT mode in EUT and operate it.

    When it operating, The EUT is transmitting at maximum power level and duty cycle fixed.
  - 2) Instruments and EUT were connected like Figure 7.2.1.
  - 3) The maximum output powers of BDR(1 Mbps), EDR(2, 3 Mbps) and each frequency were set by a Bluetooth Tester.
  - 4) Power levels were measured by a Power Meter.

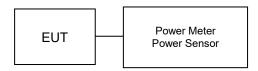


Figure 7.2.1 Average Power Measurement Setup

Report No.: DRRFCC2112-0142(2)

#### Bluetooth Transmission Plot

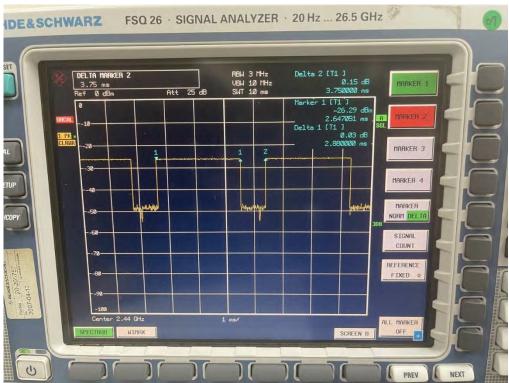


Figure 7.2.2 Bluetooth Transmission Plot

#### Bluetooth Duty Cycle Calculation

Duty Cycle = Pulse/Period \* 100% = (2.880/3.750) \* 100 = 76.8%

## 8. SYSTEM VERIFICATION

#### 8.1 Tissue Verification

					MEASURED TISSUE PA	ARAMETERS				
Date(s)	Tissue Type	Ambient Temp.[°C]	Liquid Temp.[°C]	Measured Frequency [MHz]	Target Dielectric Constant, εr	Target Conductivity, σ (S/m)	Measured Dielectric Constant, ɛr	Measured Conductivity, σ (S/m)	Er Deviation [%]	σ Deviation [%]
				2 402.0	39.282	1.757	38.685	1.740	-1.52	-0.97
		21.4	21.7	2 412.0	39.265	1.766	38.653	1.751	-1.56	-0.85
	2 450			2 437.0	39.222	1.788	38.575	1.779	-1.65	-0.50
Nov. 2. 2021	Head			2 441.0	39.215	1.792	38.561	1.784	-1.67	-0.45
				2 450.0	39.200	1.800	38.529	1.795	-1.71	-0.28
				2 462.0	39.184	1.813	38.490	1.808	-1.77	-0.28
				2 480.0	39.160	1.832	38.416	1.829	-1.90	-0.16
	2 450	20.4	20.5	2 402.0	39.282	1.757	39.522	1.805	0.61	2.73
Oct. 20, 2023				2 441.0	39.215	1.792	39.403	1.850	0.48	3.24
Oct. 20. 2023	Head			2 450.0	39.200	1.800	39.376	1.861	0.45	3.39
				2 480.0	39.160	1.832	39.277	1.894	0.30	3.38
N= 0 0004	5 300	04.0	04.5	5 290.0	35.910	4.750	35.919	4.885	0.03	2.84
Nov. 3. 2021	Head	21.3	21.5	5 300.0	35.900	4.760	35.893	4.893	-0.02	2.79
				5 500.0	35.650	4.965	36.253	4.851	1.69	-2.30
				5 530.0	35.605	4.997	36.193	4.882	1.65	-2.30
Nov. 4. 2021	5 600 Head	21.5	21.3	5 600.0	35.500	5.070	36.096	4.956	1.68	-2.25
	пеац			5 610.0	35.490	5.080	36.086	4.963	1.68	-2.30
				5 690.0	35,410	5.160	35.949	5.048	1.52	-2.17

The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software. The DASY software was used to perform interpolation to determine the dielectric parameters at the SAR test device frequencies (per KDB 865664 and IEEE 1528-2013 6.6.1.2). The tissue parameters listed in the SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above due to significant digit rounding in the software.

#### Measurement Procedure for Tissue verification:

- The network analyzer and probe system was configured and calibrated.
   The probe was immersed in the sample which was placed in a nonmetallic container.
   Trapped air bubbles beneath the flange were minimized by placing the probe at a slight analy.

 $\frac{j2\omega\varepsilon_r\varepsilon_0}{[\ln(b/a)]^2}\int_a^b\int_a^b\int_0^x\cos\phi'\frac{\exp\left[-j\omega r(\mu_0\varepsilon_r'\varepsilon_0)^{1/2}\right]}{r}d\phi'd\rho'd\rho$ 

where Y is the admittance of the probe in contact with the sample, the primed and unprimed coordinates refer to source and observation points, respectively,  $r^2 = \rho^3 + \rho'^2 - 2\rho \rho' \cos \rho'$ ,  $\omega$  is the angular frequency, and  $j = \sqrt{-1}$ 

#### 8.2 Test System Verification

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the ± 10 % of the specifications at using the SAR Dipole kit(s). (Graphic Plots Attached)

#### Table 9.2.1 System Verification Results (1g)

	SYSTEM DIPOLE VERIFICATION TARGET & MEASURED													
SAR System #	Freq. [MHz]	SAR Dipole kits	Date(s)	Tissue Type	Ambient Temp. [°C]	Liquid Temp. [°C]	Probe S/N	Input Power (mW)	1 W Target SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	1 W Normalized SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Deviation [%]		
Α	2 450	D2450V2, SN: 726	Nov. 2. 2021	Head	21.4	21.7	3916	100	51.8	5.28	52.80	1.93		
В	2 450	D2450V2, SN: 726	Oct. 20. 2023	Head	20.4	20.5	7337	100	52.7	5.56	55.60	5.50		
Α	5 300	D5GHzV2, SN:1103	Nov. 3. 2021	Head	21.3	21.5	3916	100	84.7	8.18	81.80	-3.42		
Α	5 500	D5GHzV2, SN:1103	Nov. 4. 2021	Head	21.5	21.3	3916	100	87.7	8.68	86.80	-1.03		
Α	5 600	D5GHzV2, SN:1103	Nov. 4. 2021	Head	21.5	21.3	3916	100	86.4	8.29	82.90	-4.05		

Note(s)

1. System Verification was measured with input 100 mW and normalized to 1W.

2. Full system validation status and results can be found in Appendix D.



Figure 8.1 Dipole Verification Test Setup Diagram & Photo

TRF-RF-601(03)161101 Pages: 19 /106



## 9. SAR TEST RESULTS

#### 9.1 Standalone Body SAR Results

#### Table 9.1.1 DTS Body SAR

	MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUE	NCY		Maximum	Conducted			Device		Data		1a		Scaling		
MHz	Ch	Mode	Allowed Power [dBm]	Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Factor (Duty Cycle)	SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
2 437.0	6	802.11b	12.50	12.49	0.160	0 mm [Top]	FCC #1	0.266	1	99.5	0.267	1.002	1.005	0.269	
2 412.0	1	802.11b	12.50	12.31	-0.140	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	1.240	1	99.5	1.180	1.045	1.005	1.239	A1
2 437.0	6	802.11b	12.50	12.49	0.110	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	0.974	1	99.5	0.997	1.002	1.005	1.004	
2 462.0	11	802.11b	12.50	12.18	0.080	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	1.060	1	99.5	1.020	1.076	1.005	1.103	
2 412.0	1	802.11b	12.50	12.31	0.080	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	1.210	1	99.5	1.140	1.045	1.005	1.197	
2 437.0	6	802.11g	12.50	12.42	0.130	0 mm [Top]	FCC #1	0.243	1	96.6	0.248	1.019	1.035	0.262	
2 412.0	1	802.11g	12.50	12.31	-0.130	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	1.210	1	96.6	1.120	1.045	1.035	1.212	A2
2 437.0	6	802.11g	12.50	12.42	0.080	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	0.931	1	96.6	0.952	1.019	1.035	1.004	
2 462.0	11	802.11g	12.50	12.21	0.050	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	1.020	1	96.6	0.998	1.069	1.035	1.104	
2 412.0	1	802.11g	12.50	12.31	0.010	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	1.170	1	96.6	1.080	1.045	1.035	1.168	
2 437.0	6	802.11n	12.50	12.41	0.130	0 mm [Top]	FCC #1	0.246	1	96.3	0.231	1.021	1.038	0.245	
2 412.0	1	802.11n	12.50	12.28	0.080	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	1.080	1	96.3	1.030	1.052	1.038	1.125	
2 437.0	6	802.11n	12.50	12.41	0.010	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	0.962	1	96.3	0.932	1.021	1.038	0.988	
2 462.0	11	802.11n	12.50	12.11	0.120	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	1.010	1	96.3	0.998	1.094	1.038	1.134	A3
2 412.0	1	802.11n	12.50	12.28	0.030	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	1.060	1	96.3	1.010	1.052	1.038	1.103	
	ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak										Body 1.6 W/kg (				

	Adjusted SAR results for OFDM SAR												
FREQUENCY				Maximum Allowed		FREQUENCY			Maximum Allowed	Ratio of OFDM	1g Adjusted		
MHz	Ch	Mode/ Antenna	Service	Power SAR [dBm] (W/kg)		[MHz]	Mode	Service	Power [dBm	to DSSS	SAR (W/kg)	Determine OFDM SAR	
2 437.0	6	802.11b	DSSS	12.5	1.239	2 437.0	802.11g	OFDM	12.5	1.000	1.239	0	
2 437.0	6	802.11b	DSSS	12.5	1.239	2 437.0	802.11n (HT-20)	OFDM	12.5	1.000	1.239	0	
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure						Body 1.5 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

#### Table 9.1.2 UNII Body SAR

						MEASURE	MENT RESULTS								
FREQUE	NCY	ICY Maximum Mode Allowed		Conducted	Drift Power	Phantom	Device	Peak SAR of	Data	Duty	1g	Scaling	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled	Plots
MHz	Ch	Mode	Power [dBm]	Power [dBm]	[dB]	Position	Serial Number	Area Scan	Rate [Mbps]	Cycle	SAR (W/kg)	Factor	(Duty Cycle)	SAR (W/kg)	#
5 290.0	58	802.11ac	10.50	10.39	-0.100	0 mm [Top]	FCC #1	0.456	MCS0	88.3	0.614	1.026	1.133	0.713	
5 290.0	58	802.11ac	10.50	10.39	0.180	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	0.625	MCS0	88.3	0.725	1.026	1.133	0.842	A4
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Port Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Body 1.8 Wikg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

Note(s):

1. Per FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04v01r02, the front surface of tablet display screens are not required to be evaluated for SAR.

	Adjusted SAR results for UNII-1 and UNII-2A SAR													
FREQUEN	NCY	Mode/ Antenna	Service	Maximum	1g	FREQUENCY	Mode	Service	Maximum	Adjusted	1g	SAR for the band with lower		
MHz	Ch	Mode/ Antenna	Service	Allowed Power [dBm]	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	[MHz]	Mode	Service	Allowed Power [dBm]	Factor	Adjusted SAR (W/kg)	maximum output power		
5 290.0	58	802.11a	OFDM	10.50	0.842	5 210.0	802.11ac	OFDM	10.50	1.000	0.842	X		
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992– SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peas Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure						Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

Note: U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A Bands: When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is < 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration.

#### Table 9.1.3 UNII Body SAR

	Table 9.1.3 ONI Body SAN														
						MEASURE	MENT RESULTS								
FREQU	ENCY		Maximum	Conducted	200		Device		Data		1a		Scaling	1g	
MHz	Ch	Mode	Allowed Power [dBm]	Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Factor (Duty Cycle)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
5 690.0	138	802.11ac	11.00	10.98	0.030	0 mm [Top]	FCC #1	0.619	MCS0	88.0	0.751	1.005	1.136	0.858	T
5 530.0	106	802.11ac	11.00	10.96	-0.140	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	0.630	MCS0	88.0	0.762	1.009	1.136	0.874	
5 610.0	122	802.11ac	11.00	10.91	-0.140	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	0.684	MCS0	88.0	0.797	1.021	1.136	0.925	
5 690.0	138	802.11ac	11.00	10.98	-0.150	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	0.653	MCS0	88.0	0.827	1.005	1.136	0.944	A5
5 690.0	138	802.11ac	11.00	10.98	-0.180	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	0.668	MCS0	88.0	0.823	1.005	1.136	0.940	
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled ExposureGeneral Population Exposure								- · ·	_	1.6 W/k	ody g (mW/g) over 1 gram			

Table 9.1.4 Bluetooth Body SAR

	Table of the District Day of the													
	MEASUREMENT RESULTS													
FREQUENCY Maximum Conducted Distributes Device Date Duty 1g Scaling 1g												1g		
MHz	Ch	Mode	Allowed Power [dBm]	Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Serial Number	Rate [Mbps]	Cycle (%)	SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Factor (Duty Cycle)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
2441.0	39	Bluetooth	10.96	9.04	-0.050	0 mm [Top]	FCC #1	1	76.8	0.058	1.556	1.002	0.090	
2441.0	39	Bluetooth	10.96	9.04	-0.050	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	1	76.8	0.234	1.556	1.002	0.365	A6
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								_	_	Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram	_		-

Note(s):

1. Per FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04v01r02, the front surface of tablet display screens are not required to be evaluated for SAR.

TRF-RF-601(03)161101 Pages: 20 /106

INVERSITY.

1. Per FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04v01r02, the front surface of tablet display screens are not required to be evaluated for SAR.

2. Yellow entries represent variability measurements.

Note(s):

1. Per FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04v01r02, the front surface of tablet display screens are not required to be evaluated for SAR.

2. Vallage entries represent probability measurements.

#### 9.2 SAR Test Notes

#### General Notes:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR values according to test procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013, and FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.
- 2. Batteries are fully charged at the beginning of the SAR measurements. A standard battery was used for all SAR measurements.
- 3. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm for all frequencies.
- 4. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units
- 5. SAR results were scaled to the maximum allowed power to demonstrate compliance per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.
- 6. Per FCC KDB 616217 D04v01r02 Section 4.3, SAR tests are performed for the rear surface and edges of the tablet with the tablet touching the phantom.

#### WLAN Notes:

- The initial test position procedures were applied. The test position with the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test positions was required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.
- 2. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for 2.4 GHz WIFI single transmission chain operations, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. SAR for OFDM modes (2.4 GHz 802.11g/n) was not required duo to the maximum allowed powers and the highest reported DSSS SAR when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output and the adjust SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 3. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for 5 GHz WIFI single transmission chain operations, the initial test configuration was selected according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum allowed powers. Other transmission modes were not investigated since the highest reported SAR for initial test configuration adjusted by the ratio of maximum output powers is less than 1.2 W/kg.
- 4. When the maximum reported 1g averaged SAR ≤ 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on additional channels was not required. Otherwise, SAR for the next highest output power channel was required until the reported SAR result was ≤ 1.20 W/kg or all test channels were measured.
- 5. The device was configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor to determine compliance.

#### Bluetooth Notes:

1. The maximum duty cycle for BDR/EDR is defined by Bluetooth SIG as 77%. Based on that, the reported SAR was scaled to the 77% transmission duty factor. It was approved by FCC.

This test report is prohibited to copy or reissue in whole or in part without the approval of Dt&C Co., Ltd.

#### 10. FCC MULTI-TX AND ANTENNA SAR CONSIDERATIONS

#### 10.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11b/g/n and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

#### 10.2 Simultaneous Transmission Procedures

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 4.3.2 and IEEE 1528-2013 Section 6.3.4.1.2, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the sum 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific a physical test configuration is ≤ 1.6 W/kg. The different test position in an exposure condition may be considered collectively to determine SAR test exclusion according to the sum of 1-g or 10-g SAR.

#### 10.3 Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities

According to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds.

This device contains multiple transmitters that may operate simultaneously, and therefore requires a simultaneous transmission analysis according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.

Table 10.1.1 Simultaneous SAR Cases

No.	Capable Transmit Configuration	Body SAR	Note
1 I	Bluetooth 2.4 GHz + Wi-Fi 5 GHz	Yes	
Notes:			
•	<ol> <li>Bluetooth and WLAN (2.4 GHz) are not operated at same time.</li> </ol>		

#### 10.4 Body SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Per FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04v01r02, the front surface of tablet display screens are not required to be evaluated for SAR ("-").

Table 10.4.1 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario: 5 GHz W-LAN + Bluetooth (Body at 0 mm)

Exposure	Mode	Configuration	5 GHz W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
Condition	Wiode	Comiguration	1	2	1+2
	5.3 GHz W-LAN SAR	Тор	0.713	0.090	0.803
Body	5.5 GHZ W-LAN SAR	Rear	0.842	0.365	1.207
SAR	5.6 GHz W-LAN SAR	Тор	0.858	0.090	0.948
	3.6 GHZ W-LAN SAR	Rear	0.944	0.365	1.309

#### 10.5 Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR results for all the worst-case simultaneous transmission conditions were below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 and IEEE 1528-2013 Section 6.3.4.1.2.

#### 11. SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY

#### 11.1 Measurement Variability

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which was determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media were required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures were applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. These additional measurements were repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device was returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it was re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR Measurement Variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:

- 1. When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
- 2. A second repeated measurement was performed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 3. A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is >
- 4. Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg
- 5. The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

Table 11.1 Body SAR Measurement Variability Results

Frequ	iency	Mode	Service	# of Time	Spacing [Side]	Measured SAR (1g)	1st Repeated SAR(1g)	Ratio	2nd Repeated SAR(1g)	Ratio	3rd Repeated SAR(1g)	Ratio
MHz	Ch.			Slots		(W/kg)	(W/kg)		(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
2 412.0	1	802.11b	DSSS	-	0 mm [Rear]	1.180	1.140	1.04	-	-	-	-
2 412.0	1	802.11g	OFDM	-	0 mm [Rear]	1.120	1.080	1.04	-	-	-	-
2 412.0	1	802.11n	OFDM	-	0 mm [Rear]	1.030	1.010	1.02	-	-	-	-
5 690.0	138	802.11ac	OFDM	-	0 mm [Rear]	0.827	0.823	1.00	-	-	-	-
		ANSI / IEE	E C95.1-1992– Spatial Peal osure/General	(					Body 1.6 W/kg (n averaged over			

#### 11.2 Measurement Uncertainty

The measured SAR was < 1.5 W/kg for 1g and < 3.75 W/kg for 10g for all frequency bands. Therefore, per KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04, the extended measurement uncertainty analysis per IEEE 1528-2013 was not required.

TRF-RF-601(03)161101 Pages: 23 /106



Report No.: DRRFCC2112-0142(2)

## 12. EQUIPMENT LIST

	Туре	Manufacturer	Model	Cal.Date	Next.Cal.Date	S/N
	SEMITEC Engineering	SEMITEC	N/A	N/A	N/A	Shield Room
$\boxtimes$	Robot	SPEAG	TX60L	N/A	N/A	F12/5LP5A1/A/01
$\boxtimes$	Robot Controller	SPEAG	CS8C	N/A	N/A	F12/5LP5A1/C/01
$\boxtimes$	Joystick	SPEAG	N/A	N/A	N/A	S-12030401
$\boxtimes$	Intel Core i7-2 600 3.40 GHz Windows 7 Professional	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
$\boxtimes$	Probe Alignment Unit LB	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	SE UKS 030 AA
$\boxtimes$	Device Holder	SPEAG	SD000H01HA	N/A	N/A	N/A
$\boxtimes$	2mm Oval Phantom ELI6	SPEAG	QDOVA003AA	N/A	N/A	2008
$\boxtimes$	Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE3V1	2021-08-23	2022-08-23	1396
$\boxtimes$	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	2021-04-30	2022-04-30	3916
$\boxtimes$	2 450MHz SAR Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	2021-09-22	2023-09-22	726
	5GHz SAR Dipole	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	2021-02-23	2023-02-23	1103
$\boxtimes$	Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	2021-06-24	2022-06-24	MY46106970
$\boxtimes$	Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	2021-06-24	2022-06-24	US41461520
$\boxtimes$	Amplifier	EMPOWER	BBS3Q7ELU	2021-06-24	2022-06-24	1020
$\boxtimes$	High Power RF Amplifier	EMPOWER	BBS3Q8CCJ	2021-06-24	2022-06-24	1005
$\boxtimes$	Power Meter	HP	EPM-442A	2020-12-16	2021-12-16	GB37170267
$\boxtimes$	Power Meter	HP	EPM-442A	2020-12-16	2021-12-16	GB37170413
$\boxtimes$	Power Sensor	HP	8481A	2020-12-16	2021-12-16	US37294267
$\boxtimes$	Power Sensor	HP	8481A	2020-12-16	2021-12-16	2702A61707
$\boxtimes$	Power Sensor	HP	8481A	2020-12-16	2021-12-16	2702A65976
$\boxtimes$	Directional Coupler	HP	772D	2021-06-24	2022-06-24	2889A01064
$\boxtimes$	Low Pass Filter 3.0GHz	Micro LAB	LA-30N	2021-06-24	2022-06-24	2
	Low Pass Filter 6.0GHz	Micro LAB	LA-60N	2020-12-16	2021-12-16	03942
$\boxtimes$	Attenuators(10 dB)	WEINSCHEL	23-10-34	2020-12-16	2021-12-16	BP4387
$\boxtimes$	Step Attenuator	H/P	8494A	2021-06-24	2022-06-24	3308A33341
$\boxtimes$	Dielectric Probe kit	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	2020-11-25	2021-11-25	1092
$\boxtimes$	Power Splitter	Anritsu	K241B	2020-12-16	2021-12-16	1301183
	Power Splitter	Anritsu	K241B	2020-12-16	2021-12-16	1301183

Table 12.1.2 Bluetooth Test Equipment Calibration

	Туре	Manufacturer	Model Silvetooth Test Equipment Ca	Cal.Date	Next.Cal.Date	S/N
$\boxtimes$	SEMITEC Engineering	SEMITEC	N/A	N/A	N/A	Shield Room
$\boxtimes$	Robot	SPEAG	TX90XL	N/A	N/A	F14/5VR2A1/A/01
$\boxtimes$	Robot Controller	SPEAG	CS8C	N/A	N/A	F14/5VR2A1/C/01
$\boxtimes$	Joystick	SPEAG	P21142605A	N/A	N/A	D21142605A
$\boxtimes$	Intel Xeon W-2 255 3.70 GHz Windows 11 Pro	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
$\boxtimes$	Probe Alignment Unit LB	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	SE UKS 030 AA
$\boxtimes$	Device Holder	SPEAG	SD000H01HA	N/A	N/A	N/A
$\boxtimes$	2mm Oval Phantom ELI6	SPEAG	QDOVA003AA	N/A	N/A	2008
$\boxtimes$	Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4V1	2023-07-17	2024-07-17	1335
$\boxtimes$	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	2023-04-24	2024-04-24	7337
$\boxtimes$	2 450 MHz SAR Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	2023-07-19	2025-07-19	726
$\boxtimes$	Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	2023-06-24	2024-06-24	US41461520
$\boxtimes$	High Power RF Amplifier	EMPOWER	BBS3Q8CCJ	2023-06-24	2024-06-24	1005
$\boxtimes$	Power Meter	HP	EPM-442A	2022-12-16	2023-12-16	GB37170267
$\boxtimes$	Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2488B	2022-12-16	2023-12-16	0846003
$\boxtimes$	Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2472D	2022-12-16	2023-12-16	0845419
$\boxtimes$	Power Sensor	HP	8481A	2022-12-16	2023-12-16	2702A65976
$\boxtimes$	Power Sensor	HP	8481A	2022-12-16	2023-12-16	2702A61707
×	Directional Coupler	HP	772D	2022-12-16	2023-12-16	2839A00902
$\boxtimes$	Low Pass Filter 3.0 GHz	MICROLAB	LA-30N	2023-06-24	2024-06-24	2
$\boxtimes$	Attenuators(10 dB)	WEINSCHEL	23-10-34	2022-12-16	2023-12-16	BP4387
$\boxtimes$	Attenuators	Saluki	3.5TS2-3dB-26.5G	2023-06-23	2024-06-23	21090703
$\boxtimes$	Dielectric Probe kit	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	2023-07-17	2024-07-17	1046
		SPEAG	R140	2023-07-31	2024-07-31	0101213
$\boxtimes$	Bluetooth Tester	TESCOM	TC-3000C	2023-06-23	2024-06-23	3000C000563

TRF-RF-601(03)161101 Pages: 24 /106

NOTE(S):

1. The E-field probe was calibrated by SPEAG, by temperature measurement procedure. Dipole Verification measurement is performed by Dt&C before each test. The brain and muscle simulating material are calibrated by Dt&C using the dielectric probe system and network analyzer to determine the conductivity and permittivity (dielectric constant) of the brain and muscle-equivalent material. Each equipment item was used solely within its respective calibration period.

2. CBT(Calibrated Before Testing). Prior to testing, the measurement paths containing a cable, amplifier, attenuator, coupier or filter were connected to a calibrated source (i.e. signal generator) to determine the losses of the measurement path. The power meter offset was then adjusted to compensate for the measurement system losses. This level offset is stored within the power meter before measurements are made. This calibration verification procedure applies to the system verification and output power measurements. The calibrated reading is then taken directly from the power meter after compensation of the losses for all final power measurements.



## 13. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

#### 2 450 MHz Head (SN: 7337)

	Uncertainty	Probability		(Ci)	(Ci)	Standard	Standard	Ci x <i>U</i> <sub>i</sub>	Ci x <i>U</i> <sub>i</sub>	vi 2 or
Error Description	value %	Distribution	Divisor	1 g	10 g	1 g (%)	10 g (%)	1 g	10 g	Veff
Measurement System										
Probe calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	∞
Axial isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	∞
Boundary Effects	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	0.46	0.46	8
Probe Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	8
Probe modulation response	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	∞
Detection limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14	8
Readout Electronics	1.0	Normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	8
Response time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	0.46	0.46	8
Integration time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	8
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	8
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	8
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	8
Spatial x-y-Resolution	10.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	8
Fast SAR z-Approximation	7.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	8
Test Sample Related		•		•	•					•
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	5
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	8
SAR Scaling	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	8
Physical Parameters				•	•					
Phantom Shell	7.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	∞
Liquid conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	1.2	0.5	∞
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	3.9	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.0	2.8	2.4	2.0	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	1.0	0.7	8
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	3.7	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.85	1.0	0.21	0.27	10
Temp. unc Conductivity	1.8	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	0.81	0.74	0.63	0.52	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity	1.9	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.25	0.29	0.06	0.07	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						13	13			330
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						26	26			

Report No.: DRRFCC2112-0142(2)

 $U(1 g) = k \cdot u_c$ 

 $U(10 g) = k \cdot u_c$ 

<sup>= 2 · 13 %</sup> 

<sup>= 26 % (</sup>The confidence level is about 95 % k = 2)

<sup>= 2 · 13 %</sup> 

<sup>= 26 % (</sup>The confidence level is about 95 % k = 2)



#### 2 450 MHz ~ 2 600 MHz Head (SN: 3916)

- B	Uncertainty	Probability	D: .	(Ci)	(Ci)	Standard	Standard	vi 2 or
Error Description	value ±%	Distribution	Divisor	1 g	10 g	1 g (± %)	10 g (± %)	Veff
Measurement System		•	•	•	•	•		•
Probe calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
Axial isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	5.5	5.5	∞
Boundary Effects	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Probe Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Probe modulation response	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.4	1.4	∞
Detection limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	1.0	Normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Response time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.23	0.23	∞
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Test Sample Related			•	•				•
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
SAR Scaling	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Physical Parameters								
Phantom Shell	7.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
Liquid conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	4.1	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.2	2.9	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	4.2	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.97	1.1	10
Temp. unc Conductivity	2.0	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	0.90	0.82	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity	2.0	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.27	0.30	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						13	13	330
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						26	26	

Report No.: DRRFCC2112-0142(2)

 $U(10 g) = k \cdot u_c$ 

 $U(1 g) = k \cdot u_c$ = 2 · 13 % = 26 % (The confidence level is about 95 % k= 2)

<sup>= 2 · 13 %</sup> 

<sup>= 26 % (</sup>The confidence level is about 95 % k= 2)



#### 5 200 MHz ~ 5 800 MHz Head (SN: 3916)

	Uncertainty	Uncertainty Probability		(Ci)	(Ci)	Standard	Standard	vi 2 or
Error Description	value ±%	Distribution	Divisor	1 g	10 g	1 g (± %)	10 g (± %)	Veff
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	6.5	Normal	1	1	1	6.5	6.5	∞
Axial isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	5.5	5.5	∞
Boundary Effects	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Probe Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Probe modulation response	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.4	1.4	∞
Detection limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	1.0	Normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Response time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.23	0.23	∞
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
SAR Scaling	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Physical Parameters					•			
Phantom Shell	7.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
Liquid conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	3.9	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.0	2.8	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	3.9	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.90	1.0	10
Temp. unc Conductivity	2.0	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	0.90	0.82	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity	1.8	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.24	0.27	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty	•			`		13	13	330
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						26	26	

Report No.: DRRFCC2112-0142(2)

 $U(1 g) = k \cdot u_c$ 

<sup>= 2 · 13 %</sup> 

<sup>= 26 % (</sup>The confidence level is about 95 % k = 2)

 $U(10 g) = k \cdot u_c$ 

<sup>= 2 · 13 %</sup> 

<sup>= 26 % (</sup>The confidence level is about 95 % k = 2)

### 14. CONCLUSION

#### **Measurement Conclusion**

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC. These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under the worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are every complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role impossible biological effect are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease).

Because innumerable factors may interact to determine the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide shall consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.

TRF-RF-601(03)161101 Pages: 28 /106

#### 15. REFERENCES

- [1] Federal Communications Commission, ET Docket 93-62, Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of Radiofrequency Radiation, Aug. 1996.
- [2] ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, American National Standard safety levels with respect to human exposure to radiofrequency electromagnetic fields, 3kHz to 300GHz, New York: IEEE, 2006.
- [3] ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, American National Standard safety levels with respect to human exposure to radiofrequency electromagnetic fields, 3kHz to 300GHz, New York: IEEE, Sept. 1992.
- [4] ANSI/IEEE C95.3-2002, IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields RF and Microwave, New York: IEEE, December 2002.
- [5] IEEE Standards Coordinating Committee 39 –Standards Coordinating Committee 34 IEEE Std. 1528-2003,Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices.
- [6] NCRP, National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements, Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, NCRP Report No. 86, 1986. Reprinted Feb. 1995.
- [7] T. Schmid, O. Egger, N. Kuster, Automated E-field scanning system for dosimetric assessments, IEEE Transaction on Microwave Theory and Techniques, vol. 44, Jan. 1996, pp. 105-113.
- [8] K. Pokovic, T. Schmid, N. Kuster, Robust setup for precise calibration of E-field probes in tissue simulating liquids at mobile communications frequencies, ICECOM97, Oct. 1997, pp. -124.
- [9] K. Pokovic, T. Schmid, and N. Kuster, E-field Probe with improved isotropy in brain simulating liquids, Proceedings of the ELMAR, Zadar, Croatia, June 23-25, 1996, pp. 172-175.
- [10] Schmid& Partner Engineering AG, Application Note: Data Storage and Evaluation, June 1998, p2.
- [11] V. Hombach, K. Meier, M. Burkhardt, E. Kuhn, N. Kuster, The Dependence of EM Energy Absorption upon Human Modeling at 900 MHz, IEEE Transaction on Microwave Theory and Techniques, vol. 44 no. 10, Oct.1996, pp. 1865-1873.
- [12] N. Kuster and Q. Balzano, Energy absorption mechanism by biological bodies in the near field of dipole antennas above 300MHz, IEEE Transaction on Vehicular Technology, vol. 41, no. 1, Feb. 1992, pp. 17-23.
- [13] G. Hartsgrove, A. Kraszewski, A. Surowiec, Simulated Biological Materials for Electromagnetic Radiation Absorption Studies, University of Ottawa, Bio electromagnetics, Canada: 1987, pp. 29-36.
- [14] Q. Balzano, O. Garay, T. Manning Jr., Electromagnetic Energy Exposure of Simulated Users of Portable Cellular Telephones, IEEE Transactions on Vehicular Technology, vol. 44, no.3, Aug. 1995.
- [15] W. Gander, Computer mathematick, Birkhaeuser, Basel, 1992.
- [16] W.H. Press, S.A. Teukolsky, W.T. Vetterling, and B.P. Flannery, Numerical Recipes in C, The Art of Scientific Computing, Second edition, Cambridge University Press, 1992.
- [17] N. Kuster, R. Kastle, T. Schmid, Dosimetric evaluation of mobile communications equipment with known precision, IEEE Transaction on Communications, vol. E80-B, no. 5, May 1997, pp. 645-652.
- [18] CENELEC CLC/SC111B, European Prestandard (prENV 50166-2), Human Exposure to Electromagnetic Fields High-frequency: 10kHz-300GHz, Jan. 1995.
- [19] Prof. Dr. Niels Kuster, ETH, Eidgenössische Technische Hoschschule Zürich, Dosimetric Evaluation of the Cellular Phone.

- [20] IEC 62209-1, Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices - Human models, instrumentation, and procedures - Part 1: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3 GHz), Feb. 2005.
- [21] Industry Canada RSS-102 Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radio communication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands) Issue 5, March 2015.
- [22] Health Canada Safety Code 6 Limits of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3 kHz - 300 GHz, 2009
- [23] FCC SAR Test Procedures for 2G-3G Devices, Mobile Hotspot and UMPC Devices KDB Publications 941225, D01-D07
- [24] SAR Measurement procedures for IEEE 802.11a/b/g KDB Publication 248227 D01v02
- [25] FCC SAR Considerations for Handsets with Multiple Transmitters and Antennas, KDB Publications 648474D02-D04
- [26] FCC SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers, FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04
- [27] FCC SAR Measurement and Reporting Requirements for 100MHz 6 GHz, KDB Publications 865664 D01-D02
- [28] FCC General RF Exposure Guidance and SAR Procedures for Dongles, KDB Publication 447498, D01-D02
- [29] 615223 D01 802 16e WI-Max SAR Guidance v01, Nov. 13, 2009
- [30] Anexo à Resolução No. 533, de 10 de September de 2009.
- [31] IEC 62209-2, Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices - Human models, instrumentation, and procedures - Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body(frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz), Mar. 2010.

TRF-RF-601(03)161101 Pages: 30 /106

## **APPENDIX A. – Probe Calibration Data**

TRF-RF-601(03)161101 Pages: 31 /106





Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

DT&C (Dymstec)

Certificate No: EX3-3916\_Apr21

#### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:3916

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v6, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v7

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: April 30, 2021

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)	Apr-22
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)	Apr-22
DAE4	SN: 660	23-Dec-20 (No. DAE4-660_Dec20)	Dec-21
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-20 (No. ES3-3013_Dec20)	Dec-21
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-21

Calibrated by:

Name
Function
Signature

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic
Technical Manager

Issued: May 4, 2021

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: EX3-3916\_Apr21 Page 1 of 10



FCC ID: JOYEB1080

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst S Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

tissue simulating liquid TSL NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization op φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, ", "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from handheld and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX3-3916\_Apr21 Page 2 of 10

EX3DV4 - SN:3916 April 30, 2021

#### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3916

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.55	0.48	0.52	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	101.4	103.1	102.0	

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	C	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Unc* (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	152.9	±3.3 %	± 4.7 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		151.3		1
		Z	0,0	0.0	1.0		151.8		

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: EX3-3916\_Apr21

A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

Uncertainty is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

FCC ID: JOYEB1080



EX3DV4- SN:3916 April 30, 2021

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3916

#### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-89.7
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3-4 mm for an Area Scan job.

EX3DV4- SN:3916 April 30, 2021

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3916

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
2450	39.2	1.80	7.80	7.80	7.80	0.30	0.90	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.48	7.48	7.48	0.39	0.90	± 12.0 %
5200	36.0	4.66	5.10	5.10	5.10	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	5.00	5.00	5.00	0.40	1.80	± 13,1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.85	4.85	4.85	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35,5	5.07	4.66	4.66	4.66	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.75	4.75	4.75	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

Frequency validity above 300 MHz of  $\pm$  100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to  $\pm$  50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is  $\pm$  10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is  $\pm$  9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to  $\pm$  110 MHz.

At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm$  10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to  $\pm$  5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Certificate No: EX3-3916\_Apr21

<sup>&</sup>quot;Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Report No.: DRRFCC2112-0142(2) FCC ID: JOYEB1080

EX3DV4- SN:3916 April 30, 2021

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3916

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>f</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha G	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
2450	52.7	1.95	7.93	7.93	7.93	0.33	0.95	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	7.65	7.65	7.65	0.36	0.95	± 12.0 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.55	4.55	4.55	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	4.34	4.34	4.34	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	4.15	4.15	4.15	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	4.06	4.06	4.06	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	4.12	4.12	4.12	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz. At 110 MHz. At 110 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 110 MHz, and ConvF assessed

Certificate No: EX3-3916\_Apr21

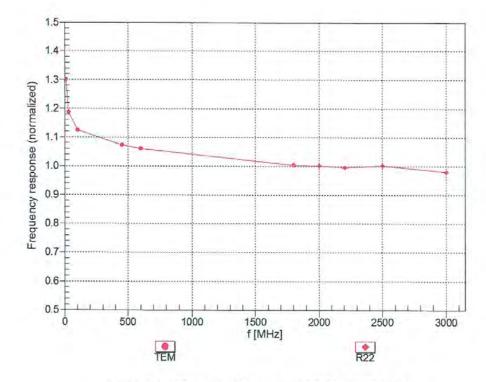
measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

A Inha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



EX3DV4-SN:3916 April 30, 2021

# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-3916\_Apr21

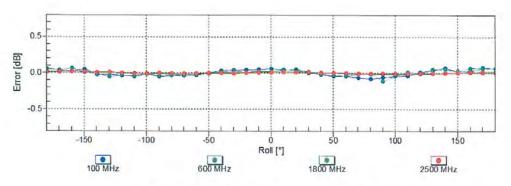
Page 7 of 10



EX3DV4— SN:3916 April 30, 2021

# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



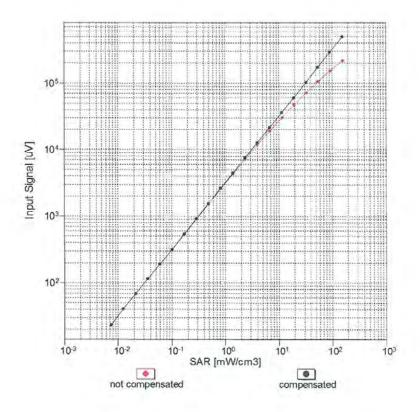


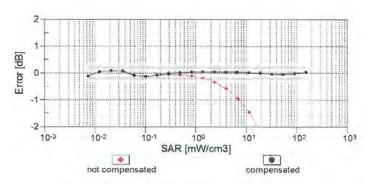
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)



EX3DV4— SN:3916 April 30, 2021

# Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell , f<sub>eval</sub>= 1900 MHz)





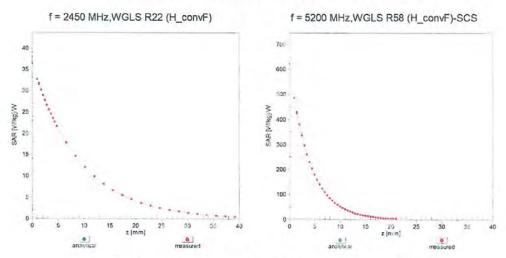
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-3916\_Apr21

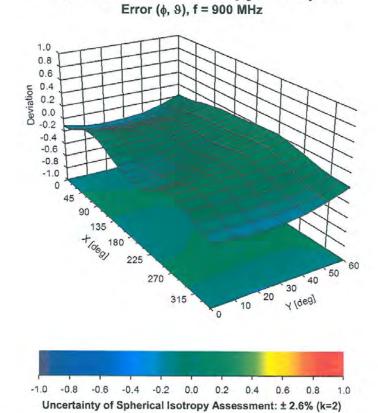
Page 9 of 10

EX3DV4- SN:3916 April 30, 2021

# **Conversion Factor Assessment**



# Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid



Certificate No: EX3-3916\_Apr21

Page 10 of 10



Report No.: DRRFCC2112-0142(2) FCC ID: JOYEB1080

TRF-RF-601(03)161101 Pages: 42 /106



FCC ID: JOYEB1080



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst C Service suisse d'étalonnage

Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client

Dt&C

Gyeonggi-do, Republic of Korea

Certificate No.

EX-7337\_Apr23

#### **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object EX3DV4 - SN:7337

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v10, QA CAL-12.v10, QA CAL-14.v7, QA CAL-23.v6,

QA CAL-25.v8

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date April 24, 2023

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) °C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SN: 104778	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804/03805)	Mar-24
SN: 103244	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804)	Mar-24
SN: 1249	20-Oct-22 (OCP-DAK3.5-1249 Oct22)	Oct-23
SN: 1016		Oct-23
SN: CC2552 (20x)		Mar-24
SN: 660		Mar-24
SN: 3013		Jan-24
	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 1249 SN: 1016 SN: CC2552 (20x) SN: 660	SN: 104778   30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804/03805)

Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24

Name Function

Sven Kühn

Signat

Calibrated by Aidonia Georgiadou

Laboratory Technician

Approved by

Technical Manager

Issued: April 26, 2023

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: EX-7337\_Apr23

Page 1 of 21

Report No.: DRRFCC2112-0142(2) FCC ID: JOYEB1080

#### Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst C Service sulsse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura

S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

#### Glossary

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization  $\varphi$   $\varphi$  rotation around probe axis

Polarization  $\theta$  or rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e.,  $\theta = 0$  is

normal to probe axis

Connector Angle Information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

# Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices – Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 
   θ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal. DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- · PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z; A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of
  power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum
  calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ±50 MHz to ±100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis).
   No tolerance required.
- · Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX-7337\_Apr23 Page 2 of 21





EX3DV4 - SN:7337 April 24, 2023

Report No.: DRRFCC2112-0142(2)

#### Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7337

# **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k = 2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)$ A	0.64	0.67	0.54	±10.1%
DCP (mV) B	107.0	103.0	101.0	±4.7%

#### Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	C	dB	WR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc <sup>E</sup> k = 2
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	122.6	±1.1%	±4.7%
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		132.5		
-		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		132.8		1
10352	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	1.48	60.37	6.06	10.00	60.0	±2.7%	±9.6%
		Y	12.00	74.00	11.00		60.0		3.0
	No. 20 Carlotte Committee	Z	20.00	90.34	19.94		60.0		
10353	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	0.84	60.00	4.76	6.99	80.0 ±	±2.4%	±9.6%
	The state of the s	Y	20.00	74.00	9.00	133,50	80.0	1000	7000
		Z	20.00	92.94	20.00	80.0	-	-	
10354	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	6.00	66.00	5.00	3.98	95.0	±2.5%	±9.6%
		Y	0.12	139.76	0.30	95.0	the second of th	-13,5-14	- 3.15 6.
		Z	20.00	96.20	20.05				
10355	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	8.66	159.13	14.25	2.22	120.0	0 ±1.5% 0	±9.6%
	3.30 3 32 34.4.4.4.4	Y	5.84	160.00	15.25		120.0		
		Z	20.00	95.05	18.14		120.0		
10387	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	0.48	63.00	11.51	1.00	150.0	±3.8%	±9.6%
		Y	0.46	62.04	11.30		150.0	2.5 (1)51	
		Z	1.41	63.30	12.96		150.0		
10388	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	1.25	65.49	13.37	0.00	150.0	±1.0%	±9.6%
		Y	1.22	64.96	13.22		150.0		20,000
		Z	1.86	64.94	13.74		150.0		
10396	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	1.79	65.66	16.32	3.01	150.0	±1.2%	±9.6%
		Y	1.63	64.03	15.80		150.0		2000
	To 7 7 . To 10	2	2.68	69.29	18.02		150.0		
10399	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	2.75	66.20	14.90	0.00	150.0	±2.4%	±9.6%
		Y	2.72	65.85	14.81	1	150.0		2.575.0
	A Table and the second	Z	3.23	65.61	14.71		150.0		
10414	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40 MHz	X	3.70	65.89	15.08	0.00	150.0	±4.5%	±9.6%
		Y	3.82	66.26	15.33		150.0		20.076
		Z	4.66	64.85	14.91	4 2 4 1	150.0	4	

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).

Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



EX3DV4 - SN:7337 April 24, 2023

#### Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7337

#### Sensor Model Parameters

	C1 fF	C2 fF	ν-1	T1 msV <sup>-2</sup>	T2 msV <sup>-1</sup>	T3 ms	T4 V-2	T5 V-1	T6
X	9.1	65.06	32.65	4.53	0.00	4.91	0.65	0.00	1.00
у	9.1	66.23	33.66	2.71	0.00	4.90	0.30	0.01	1.00
Z	45.1	336.19	35.17	9.63	0.00	5.09	1.62	0.13	1.01

#### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle	38.2°
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3-4 mm for an Area Scan job.

FCC ID: JOYEB1080 Report No.: DRRFCC2112-0142(2)

EX3DV4 - SN:7337 April 24, 2023

#### Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7337

# Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity <sup>F</sup> (S/m)	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k = 2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.31	9.07	10.09	0.39	1.27	±12.0%
835	41.5	0.90	9.23	8.84	9.76	0.38	1.27	±12.0%
900	41.5	0.97	9,22	8.74	9.64	0.39	1.27	±12.0%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.17	7.85	8.91	0.27	1.27	±12.0%
1900	40.0	1.40	7.85	7.62	8.47	0.29	1.27	±12.0%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.09	6.89	7.68	0.31	1.27	±12.0%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.05	6.86	7.63	0.30	1.27	±12.0%
5200	36.0	4.66	5.36	5.29	5.92	0.30	1.70	±14.0%
5300	35.9	4.76	5.19	5.09	5,70	0.33	1.67	±14.0%
5500	35.6	4.96	4.83	4.77	5.31	0,37	1.61	±14.0%
5600	35.5	5.07	4.70	4.64	5.19	0.36	1.66	±14.0%
5800	35.3	5.27	4.92	4.78	5.37	0.35	1.86	±14.0%

Frequency validity above 300 MHz of  $\pm 100$  MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to  $\pm 50$  MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency validity below 300 MHz is  $\pm 10.25$ , 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9–19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to  $\pm 110$  MHz.

Figure 10 Figure 11 MHz is 9–19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to  $\pm 110$  MHz.

Figure 12 Figure 13 MHz is 9–19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to  $\pm 110$  MHz.

Figure 13 Figure 14 MHz is 9–19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to  $\pm 110$  MHz.

Figure 14 Figure 15 MHz is 9–19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to  $\pm 110$  MHz.

Figure 15 MHz is 9–19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to  $\pm 110$  MHz.

Figure 16 MHz is 9–19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to  $\pm 110$  MHz.

Figure 17 MHz is 9–19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to  $\pm 110$  MHz.

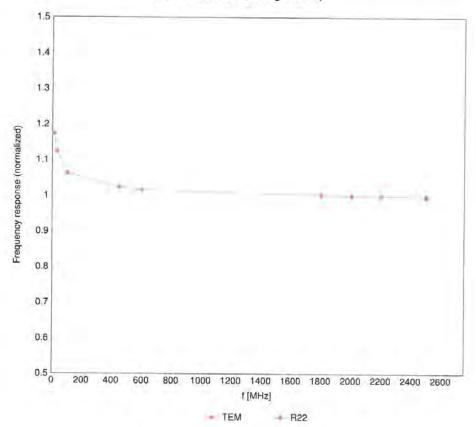
Figure 18 MHz is 9–19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to  $\pm 110$  MHz.

G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ±1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ±2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary

EX3DV4 - SN:7337 April 24, 2023

# Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide:R22)



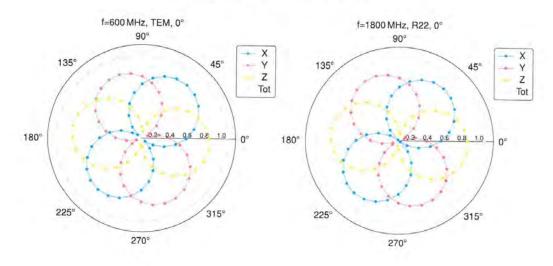
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±6.3% (k=2)

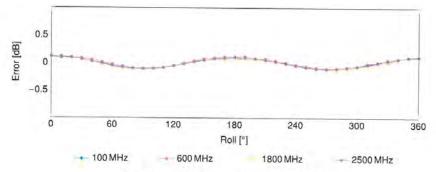
Certificate No: EX-7337\_Apr23

Page 6 of 21

EX3DV4 - SN:7337 April 24, 2023

# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



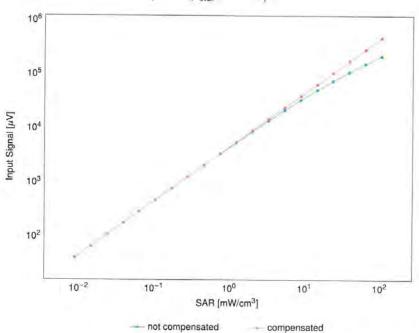


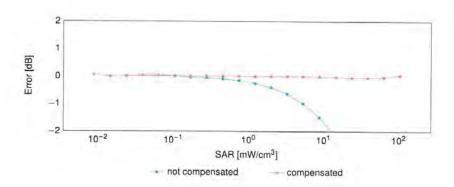
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ±0.5% (k=2)

EX3DV4 - SN:7337 April 24, 2023

# Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>)

(TEM cell, f<sub>eval</sub> = 1900 MHz)





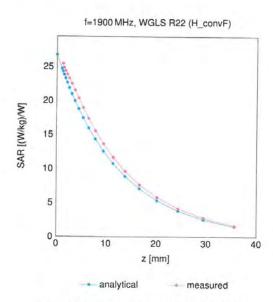
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ±0.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX-7337\_Apr23

Page 8 of 21

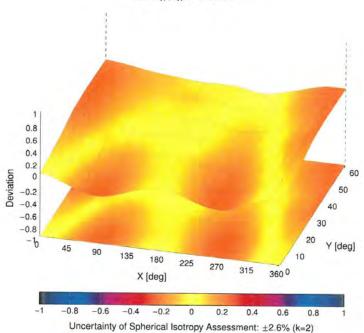
EX3DV4 - SN:7337 April 24, 2023

# **Conversion Factor Assessment**



# Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error ( $\phi$ ,  $\theta$ ), f = 900 MHz



Certificate No: EX-7337\_Apr23

Page 9 of 21



EX3DV4 - SN:7337 April 24, 2023

Report No.: DRRFCC2112-0142(2)

# Appendix: Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Rev	Communication System Name	Group	PAR (dB)	UncE k = 2
0	1	CW	CW	0.00	±4.7
10010	CAB	SAR Validation (Square, 100 ms, 10 ms)	Test	10.00	±9.6
10011	GAC	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	WCDMA	2.91	±9.6
10012	CAB	IEEE 802,11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	WLAN	1.87	±9.6
10013	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps)	WLAN	9.46	19.6
10021	DAC	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	GSM	9.39	±9.6
10023	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0)	GSM	9.57	±9.6
10024	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1)	GSM	6.56	
10025	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0)	GSM		±9.6
10026	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1)	GSM	12.62	±9.6
10027	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2)		9.55	±9.6
10028	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	GSM	4.80	±9.6
10029	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1-2)		3,55	±9.6
10030	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH1)	GSM	7,78	±9.6
10031	CAA	IEEE 802:15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH3)	Bluetooth	5.30	±9.6
10032	CAA	IEEE 802,15,1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5)	Bluetooth	1.87	±9.6
10033	CAA	IEEE 802 15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DOPSK, DH1)	Bluetooth	1.16	±9.6
10034	CAA		Bluetooth	7.74	±9.6
10034	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH3)	Bluetooth	4.53	±9.6
10036	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH5)	Bluetooth	3.83	±9.6
	_	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH1)	Bluetooth	8.01	±9.6
10037	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH3)	Bluetooth	4.77	±9.6
10038	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetoath (8-DPSK, DH5)	Bluetooth	4.10	±9.6
10039	CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1)	CDMA2000	4,57	±9.6
10042	CAB	IS-54 / IS-136 FDD (TDMA/FDM, PI/4-DQPSK, Halfrate)	AMPS	7.78	19.6
10044	CAA	IS-91/EIA/TIA-553 FDD (FDMA, FM)	AMPS	0.00	19.6
10048	CAA	DECT (TDD, TDMA/FDM, GFSK, Full Slot, 24)	DECT	13.80	±9.6
10049	CAA	DECT (TDD, TDMA/FDM, GFSK, Double Slot, 12)	DECT	10.79	±9.6
10056	CAA	UMTS-TDD (TD-SCDMA, 1.28 Mcps)	TD-SCDMA	11.01	±9.6
10058	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	GSM	6.52	±9.6
10.059	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 2Mbps)	WLAN	2.12	
10060	CAB	IEEE 802 11b WIFI 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 5.5 Mbps)	WLAN	2.83	±9.6
10.061	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps)	WLAN	3.60	±9.6
10062	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps)	WLAN		±9.6
10063	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 9 Mbps)		8.68	±9,6
10064	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 12 Mbps)	WLAN	8.63	±9.6
10065	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 18 Mbps)	17.7	9.09	±9.6
10066	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 24 Mbps)	WLAN	9.00	±9.6
10067	CAD	IEEE 802 11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 36 Mbps)	WLAN	9.38	±9.6
10068	CAD	JEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 48 Mbps)	WLAN	10.12	±9.6
10069	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/n WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 54 Mbps)	WLAN	10.24	±9.6
10071	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 9 Mbps)	WLAN	10.56	±9.6
10072	CAB		WLAN	9.83	±9.6
10073	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 12 Mbps)	WLAN	9.62	±9.6
10074	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 18 Mbps)	WLAN	9,94	±9.6
10075	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 24 Mbps)	WLAN	10.30	±9.6
10076	-	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 36 Mbps)	WLAN	10.77	±9.6
	CAB	IEEE 802 11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 48 Mbps)	WLAN	10.94	±9.6
10077	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 54 Mbps)	WLAN	11.00	±9.6
10081	CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3)	CDMA2000	3.97	±9.6
10082	CAB	IS-54 / IS-136 FDD (TDMA/FDM, PI/4-DQPSK, Fullrate)	AMPS	4.77	±9.6
10090	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-4)	GSM	6.56	±9.6
10097	CAC	UMTS-FDD (HSDPA)	WCDMA	3.98	±9.6
10098	CAC	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 2)	WCDMA	3.98	±9.6
10099	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-4)	GSM	9.55	±9.6
10100	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.67	±9.6
10101	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.42	±9.6
10102	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.60	
10103	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.29	±9.6
10104	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TOD	9.29	±9,6
10105		LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)			±9.6
10108	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	10.01	±9.6
10109		LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	5.80	±9.6
	-	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	6.43	±9.6
	1	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	5.75	±9.6
	MECHEL	LILL DU GOT DINN, IDUA ND, SMITZ, IB-UAM)	LTE-FDD	6.44	±9.6





EX3DV4 - SN:7337

April 24, 2023

UID	Rev	Communication System Name	Group	PAR (dB)	UncE k = 2
10112	and the same of the same of	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.59	±9.6
10113	100000	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.62	±9.6
10114	-	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.10	±9.6
10115	the state of the s	IEEE 802.11π (HT Greenfield, 81 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.46	±9.6
10116		IEEE 802,11n (HT Greenfield, 135 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.15	±9.6
10117	CAD	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.07	±9.6
10118	The state of the s	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 81 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.59	±9.6
10119		IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 135 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.13	±9.6
10140	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.49	±9.6
10141	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.53	±9.6
10142	CAF	LTE-FDD (SG-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	±9.6
10143	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FOD	6.35	±9.6
10144	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.65	±9.6
10145	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.76	±9.6
10146	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FOD	6.41	±9.6
10147	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.72	±9.6
10149	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.42	19.6
10150	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.60	±9.6
10151	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.28	19.6
0152	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% R8, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.92	±9.6
10153	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TOD	10.05	±9.6
10154	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.75	±9.6
0155	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.43	±9.6
10 156	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.79	±9.6
10157	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.49	19.6
0 158	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.62	±9.6
10159	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.56	±9.6
0160	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.82	±9.6
0161	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.43	±9.6
0162	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.58	±9.6
0166	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.46	±9.6
0167	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.21	±9.6
0168	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.79	±9.6
0169	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FOD	5.73	±9.6
0170	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	±9.6
0171	AAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.49	±9.6
0172	CAH	LTE-TDD (SG-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	±9.6
01.73	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TOD	9.48	±9.6
0174	CAH	LTE-TDD (SG-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TOD	10.25	±9.6
0175	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.72	±9.6
0176	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	±9.6
0177	CAJ	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	±9.6
0178	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	±9.6
0179	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	±9.6
0180	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	±9.6
0.181	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.72	±9.6
0182	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	±9.6
0183	AAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15MHz, 64-QAM).	LTE-FDD	6.50	±9.6
0184	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	19.6
0185	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.51	±9.6
0186	AAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	±9.6
0187		LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	±9.6
0188		LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	±9.6
0189		LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	8.50	±9.6
0193		IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.09	±9.6
0194	CAD	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 39 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.12	±9.6
195		IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 65 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.21	±9.6
196	CAD	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.10	±9.6
197		IEEE 802,11n (HT Mixed, 39 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.13	±9.6
0198		IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 65 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.27	±9.6
219	CAD	IEEE B02.11n (HT Mixed, 7.2 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.03	±9.6
0220		IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 43.3 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	B.13	±9.6
0221	CAD	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 72.2 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.27	±9.6
	CAD	IEEE 802,11n (HT Mixed, 15 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	-	±9.6
222	CAD				
0222 0223 0224	-	IEEE 802 11n (HT Mixed, 90 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.48	±9.6

Certificate No: EX-7337\_Apr23

Page 11 of 21





EX3DV4 - SN:7337

April 24, 2023

UID	Rev	Communication System Name	Group	PAR (dB)	UncE k = 2
10225	CAC	UMTS-FDD (HSPA+)	WCDMA	5.97	±9.6
10226	CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.49	±9.6
10227	CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.26	±9.6
10228	CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TOD	9.22	
10229	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TOD		±9.6
10230	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	±9.6
10231	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)		10.25	±9,6
10232	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.19	±9.6
10233	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	±9.6
10234	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	10.25	±9.6
10235	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.21	±9.6
10236	CAH		LTE-TDD	9.48	±9.6
10237	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TOD	10.25	±9.6
10238	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TOD	9.21	±9.6
		LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	±9.6
10239	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	±9.6
10240	CAG	LTE TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	±9.6
10241	CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.82	19.6
10242	CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.86	±9.6
10243	CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TOD	9.46	
10244	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.06	±9.6
10245	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.06	±9.6
10246	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)			±9.6
10247	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TOD	9.30	±9.6
10248	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.91	±9.6
10249	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	10.09	±9.6
10250	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9,29	±9.6
10251	CAH		LTE-TDD	9,81	±9.6
10252	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.17	±9.6
		LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.24	±9.6
10253	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TOD	9.90	±9.6
10254	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.14	±9.6
10255	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.20	±9,6
10256	CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.96	±9.6
10257	CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.08	±9.6
10258	CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.34	±9.6
10259	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TOD	9.98	
10260	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD		±9.6
10261	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3MHz, QPSK)		9.97	±9.6
10262	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.24	±9.6
10263	CAH	LTE-TDD (SG-FDMA, 100% RB, 5MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.83	±9.6
10264	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TOD	10.16	±9.6
10265	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.23	±9.6
10266	CAH		LTE-TDD	9.92	±9.6
10267	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.07	±9.6
		LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.30	±9.6
10268	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.06	±9.6
10269	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10/13	±9.6
10270	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TOD	9,58	±9.6
10274	CAC	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.10)	WCDMA	4,87	±9.6
10275	CAC	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.4)	WCDMA	3.96	±9.6
10277	CAA	PHS (QPSK)	PHS	11.81	±9.6
0278	CAA	PHS (QPSK, BW 884 MHz, Rolloff 0.5)	PHS		
0279	CAA	PHS (QPSK, BW 884 MHz, Rolloff 0.38)	PHS	11.81	±9.6
0290	AAB	CDMA2000, RC1, SO55, Full Rate	CDMA2000	12.18	±9,6
0291	AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO55, Full Rate		3.91	±9.6
0292	AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, Full Rate	CDMA2000	3.46	±9.6
0293	AAB	CDMA2000, RG3, SO3, Full Rate	CDMA2000	3.39	±9.6
0295	AAB		CDMA2000	3.50	±9.6
		CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.	CDMA2000	12.49	±9.6
10297	AAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.81	±9.6
0298	AAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.72	±9.6
0299	AAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.39	±9.6
0300		LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6,60	±9.6
0301	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 5 ms, 10 MHz, QPSK, PUSC)	WiMAX	12.03	±9.6
0302	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WIMAX (29:18, 5 ms, 10 MHz, QPSK, PUSC, 3 CTRL symbols)	WIMAX.	12.57	±9.6
0303	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WIMAX (31:15, 5 ms, 10 MHz, 64QAM, PUSC)	WIMAX	12.52	
0304		IEEE 802.16e WIMAX (29:18, 5 ms, 10 MHz, 64QAM, PUSC)	WIMAX	11.86	±9.6
0305		IEEE B02.16e WiMAX (31:15, 10 ms, 10 MHz, 64QAM, PUSC, 15 symbols)	WiMAX		±9.6
		IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10 ms, 10 MHz, 64QAM, PUSC, 18 symbols)	AAIIAIWV.	15.24	±9.6

April 24, 2023



EX3DV4 - SN:7337

Report No.: DRRFCC2112-0142(2)

10307	Rev	Communication System Name	Group	PAR (dB)	UncE k = 2
10307		IEEE 802 16e WIMAX (29:18, 10 ms, 10 MHz, QPSK, PUSC, 18 symbols)	WiMAX	14.49	±9.6
10309		IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10 ms, 10 MHz, 16QAM, PUSC)	WiMAX	14.46	±9.6
10309	1000	IEEE 802.16e WIMAX (29:18, 10 ms, 10 MHz, 16QAM, AMC 2x3, 16 symbols)	WIMAX	14.58	±9.6
10311	-	IEEE 802.16e WIMAX (29:18, 10 ms, 10 MHz, QPSK, AMC 2x3, 18 symbols)	WIMAX	14.57	±9.6
10313		LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK) IDEN 1:3	LTE-FDD	6.06	±9.6
10314	-	IDEN 1:6	IDEN	10.51	±9.6
10315			IDEN	13.48	±9.6
10316	-	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 96pc duty cycle)	WLAN	1.71	±9.6
10317		IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 96pc duty cycle)	WLAN	B.36	±9.6
10352		IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps, 96pc duty cycle) Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	WLAN	8.36	±9.6
10353	-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%) Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	Generic	10.00	±9.6
10354	-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	Generic	6.99	±9.6
10355		Pulse Wavelorm (200Hz, 60%)	Generic	3.98	±9.6
10356	_	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 80%)	Generic	2,22	±9.6
10387	AAA	OPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	Generic	0.97	±9.6
10388	AAA	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	Generic	5.10	±9.6
10396	AAA	64-QAM Wavelorm, 100 kHz	Generic	5.22	±9.6
10399	AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	Generic	6.27	±9.6
10400	AAE		Generic	6.27	±9.6
10400	AAE	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20 MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle) IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40 MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.37	±9.6
10402	AAE	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40 MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8:60	±9.6
10403	AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. D)	WLAN	8.53	±9.6
10404	AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. A)	CDMA2000	3.76	±9.6
10406	AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, SCH0, Full Rate	CDMA2000	3.77	±9.6
10410	AAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4.7,8,9, Subframe Cont=4)	CDMA2000	5.22	±9.6
10414	AAA	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40 MHz	LTE-TOD	7,82	±9.6
10415	AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	Generic	8.54	±9.6
10416	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	1.54	±9.6
10417	AAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.23	±9.6
10418	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle, Long preambule)	WLAN	8.23	±9.6
10419	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle, Long preambule)	WLAN	8.14	±9.6
10422	AAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 7.2 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.19	±9.6
10423	AAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 43.3 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.32	±9.6
10424	AAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 72,2 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.47	±9.6
10425	AAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 15 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.40	±9.6
10426	AAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 90 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.41	±9.6
10427	AAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 150 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.45	±9.6
10430	AAE	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 5MHz, E-TM 3.1)	LTE-FOD:	8.41	±9.6
10431	AAE	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 10 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	LTE-FOD	8.28	19.6
10432	AAD	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 15 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	LTE-FDD	8.38	±9.6
10433	AAD	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 20 MHz, E-TM 3.1)		8.34	±9.6
10434	AAB	W-CDMA (BS Test Model 1, 64 DPCH)	LTE-FDD	8.34	±9.6
10435	AAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	WCDMA LTE-TDD	8.60	±9.6
10447	AAE	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 5MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	LTE-FDD	7.82	±9.6
10448	AAE	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 10 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clippin 44%)	LTE-FDD	7.56	±9.6
10449	AAD	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 15 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Cliping 44%)	LTE-FDD	7.51	±9.6
10450	AAD	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 20 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	LTE-FDD	7.48	±9.6
10451	AAB	W-CDMA (BS Test Model 1, 64 DPCH, Clipping 44%)	WCDMA	7.48	±9.6
10453	AAE	Validation (Square, 10 ms, 1 ms)	Test		±9.6
10456	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160 MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	10.00	±9.6
10457	AAB	UMTS-FDD (DC-HSDPA)	WCDMA	6.62	
10458	AAA	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. B, 2 carriers)	CDMA2000	6.55	±9.6
10459	AAA	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. B, 3 carriers)	CDMA2000	8.25	±9.6
10460	AAB		WCDMA	1 000	19.5
10461	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.82	±9.6
10462	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subtrame=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.30	±9.6
10463	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.56	±9.6
10464	AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.82	±9.6
10465	AAD	LTE-TOD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.32	±9.6
10466	AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDO	8.57	±9.6
10467	AAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.82	±9.6
	AAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TOD	8.32	±9.6
10468				0.32	±9:6
10468	AAG	LLE-TDD (SG-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subtrame=2.3.4.7 R 9)	ITE-TOD	9.50	100
-	AAG AAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9) LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.56 7.82	±9.6

Certificate No: EX-7337\_Apr23 Page 13 of 21





EX3DV4 - SN:7337

April 24, 2023

UID	Rev	Communication System Name	Group	PAR (dB)	UncE k = 2
10472		LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8.9)	LTE-TDD	8.57	±9.6
10473	and the same of	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, UL Subtrame=2.3.4.7.8.9)	LTE-TOD	7.82	±9.6
10474	17.00.00	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2.3.4.7 8.9)	LTE-TOD	8.32	±9.6
10475	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2.3.4.7.8.9)	LTE-TOD	8.57	
10477	AAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-OAM, UI Subtrame=2.3 4.7 8.9)	LTE-TOD		±9.6
10478	AAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.32	±9.6
10479	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)		8.57	±9.6
10480	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.74	±9.6
10481	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2.3.4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.18	19.6
10482	AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8,45	±9.6
10483	AAD	TE TDD (SC EDMA 50% RB, SMHz, QPSK, UL SUBTRAME=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.71	±9.6
10484	AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3.4,7,8,9)	LTE-TOD	8.39	±9.6
10485	AAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.47	±9.6
10486	AAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK, UL Subtrame=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.59	±9.6
_	_	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TOD	8.38	±9.6
10487	AAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.60	±9.6
10488	AAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TOD	7.70	±9.6
10489	AAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.31	±9.6
10.490	AAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2.3.4.7.8.9)	LTE-TDD	8.54	±9.6
10491	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2.3.4.7.8.9)	LTE-TDD	7.74	
10492	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FOMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 16-OAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD		±9.6
10493	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)		8.41	±9.6
10494	AAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.55	±9.6
10495	AAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.74	±9.6
10496	AAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.37	±9.6
10497	AAC	LTE-TOD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK, UL Subtrame=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8,54	±9.6
10498	AAC	TE TOD (SC FDMA 100% PB 144MHz 10 SAN UL SUBIRAME=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.67	±9.6
10499	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.40	±9.6
10500	AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TOO	8.68	±9.6
		LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.67	±9.6
10501	AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.44	±9.6
10502	AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TOD	8.52	±9.6
10503	AAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.72	±9.6
10504	AAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2.3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.31	±9.6
10505	AAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2.3.4.7.8.9)	LTE-TOD	8.54	19.6
10506	AAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.74	±9.6
10507	AAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TOD	8.36	
10508	AAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TOD		±9.6
10509	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.55	±9.6
10510	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)		7.99	±9.6
10511	AAF	LTE-TDD (SG-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDO	8.49	±9.6
10512	AAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.51	±9.6
10513	AAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.74	±9.6
10514	AAG	LTE TOD (SC FDMA, 100% RB, 20MHz, 16-QAM, UL SUDIrame=2,3,4,7,8,9)	I.TE-TDD	8.42	±9.6
10515	AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.45	±9.6
10516	AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 2 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	1.58	±9.6
Company Company	200	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 5.5 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	1.57	±9.6
10517	AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	1.58	±9.6
10518	AAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WIFI 5 GHz (OFDM, 9 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.23	±9.6
10519	AAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 12 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.39	±9.6
10520	AAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFl 5 GHz (OFDM, 18 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.12	±9.6
10521	AAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 24 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	7.97	±9.6
10522	AAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 36 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.45	
10523	AAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 48 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN		±9.6
10524	AAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WIFI 5 GHz (OFDM, 54 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.08	±9.6
10525	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20 MHz, MCS0, 99pc duty cycle)		8.27	±9.6
10526	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20 MHz, MCS1, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.36	±9.6
10527		IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20 MHz, MCS2, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.42	±9.6
10528	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFI (20 MHz, MGS3, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.21	±9.6
10529		IFFE 802.11ac WiF (20 MHz, MCCs, page 0017 CYCIE)	WLAN	8.36	±9.6
10531	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20 MHz, MCS4, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.36	±9.6
10532		IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20 MHz, MCS6, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.43	±9.6
		IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20 MHz, MCS7, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.29	±9.6
	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20 MHz, MCS8, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.38	±9.6
		IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40 MHz, MCS0, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.45	±9.6
10535	AAC	IEEE 802,11ac WiFi (40 MHz, MCS1, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.45	±9.6
	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40 MHz, MCS2, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	9.32	±9.6
		IEEE 802,11ac WiFi (40 MHz, MCS3, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.44	19.6
10538		IEEE 802,11ac WiFi (40 MHz, MCS4, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.54	
10540		IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40 MHz, MCS6, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.39	±9.6 ±9.6
1 March 1 Ave.					

Page 14 of 21





EX3DV4 - SN:7337

April 24, 2023

10541		IEEE goods - Wife (save)	Group	PAR (dB)	Unce k = 2
	market and the	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40 MHz, MCS7, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.46	±9.6
10543		IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40 MHz, MCS8, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.65	±9.6
10544	-	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40 MHz, MCS9, 99pc duty cycle) IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80 MHz, MCS0, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.65	19.6
10545	The second second	IEEE 802.11ac WIFI (80 MHz, MCS0, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.47	±9.6
10546		JEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80 MHz, MCS2, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8,55	±9.6
10547	-	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80 MHz, MCS3, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.35	±9.6
10548	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80 MHz, MCS4, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.49	±9.6
10550	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80 MHz, MCS8, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.37	±9.6
10551	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80 MHz, MCS7, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.38	±9.6
10552	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFl (80 MHz, MCS8, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.50	±9.6
10553	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80 MHz, MCS9, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.42	19.6
10554	AAD	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160 MHz, MCS0, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.45	±9,6
10555	AAD	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160 MHz, MCS1, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.48	±9.6
10556	AAD	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160 MHz, MCS2, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.47	±9.6
10557	AAD	IEEE 802,11ac WiFi (160 MHz, MCS3, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.50 8.52	±9.6
10558	AAD	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160 MHz, MCS4, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.61	±9.6
10560	AAD	IEEE 802.11ac WiFl (160 MHz, MCS6, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.73	±9.6
10561	AAD	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160 MHz; MCS7, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.56	±9.6
10562	AAD	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160 MHz, MCS8, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.69	±9.6
10563	AAD	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160 MHz, MCS9, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.77	±9.6
10564	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFl 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 9 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.25	±9.6
10565	AAA	IEEE 802,11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 12 Mbps, 99no duty cycle)	WLAN	8.45	±9.6
10566	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 18 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8:13	±9.6
10567	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WIFI 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 24 Mbps, 99oc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.00	±9.6
10568	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 36 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.37	±9.6
10570	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 48 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.10	19.6
10570	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 54 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.30	±9.6
10572	AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	1.99	±9.6
10573	AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 2 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	1,99	±9.6
10574	AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 5.5 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	1,98	±9.6
10575	AAA	IEEE 802.116 WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	1.98	±9.6
10576	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle) IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 9 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.59	±9.6
10577	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 9 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.60	±9.6
10578	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 12 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.70	±9.6
10579	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 18 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.49	±9.6
10580	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 36 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.36	±9.6
10581	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WIFI 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 48 Mbps, 90pc duly cycle)	WLAN	8.76	±9.6
10582	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 54 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.35	±9.6
10583	AAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.67	±9.6
10584	AAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 9 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.59	±9.6
10585	AAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 12 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.60	±9.6
10586	AAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 18 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.70 8.49	19.6
10587	AAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 24 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.36	±9,6
10588	AAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 36 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.76	±9.6
10589	AAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFl 5 GHz (OFDM, 48 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.35	±9.6
10590	AAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WIFI 5 GHz (OFDM, 54 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.67	±9.6
10591	AAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20 MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.63	19.6
10592	AAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20 MHz, MCS1, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.79	19.6
10593	AAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20 MHz, MCS2, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.64	±9.6
10594	AAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20 MHz, MCS3, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.74	±9.6
10595	AAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20 MHz, MCS4, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.74	±9.6
10596		IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20 MHz, MCS5, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.71	±9.6
10598	AAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20 MHz, MCS6, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.72	±9.6
0599	AAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20 MHz, MCS7, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.50	±9.6
0600		IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40 MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle) IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40 MHz, MCS1, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.79	±9.6
	AAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40 MHz, MCS1, 90pc duty cycle) IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40 MHz, MCS2, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.88	±9.6
	AAC	IEEE 802:11n (HT Mixed, 40 MHz, MCS2, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.82	±9.6
State of the last		IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40 MHz, MCS4, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.94	±9.6
-	AAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40 MHz, MCS5, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	9.03	±9.6
0604	AAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40 MHz, MCS6, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.76	±9.6
	MML		WLAN		
0605		IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40 MHz, MCS7, 90nc duty grale)		8.97	±9.6
0605 0606	AAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40 MHz, MCS7, 90pc duty cycle) IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20 MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8,97 8.82 8.64	±9.6 ±9.6 ±9.6





EX3DV4 - SN:7337

April 24, 2023

10609	AAC	Communication System Name	Group	PAR (dB)	UncE k=
10610	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WIFI (20 MHz, MCS2, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.57	±9.6
10611	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WIFI (20 MHz, MCS3, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.78	±9.6
10612	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20 MHz, MCS4, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.70	±9.6
10613	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20 MHz, MCS5, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8,77	±9.6
10614	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20 MHz, MCS6, 90pc duty cycle) JEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20 MHz, MCS7, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.94	±9.6
10615	AAC	IEEE 802 That WIFT (20 MHz, MGS7, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.59	±9.6
10616	AAC	IEEE 802,11ac WiFi (20 MHz, MCS8, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.82	±9.6
10617	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40 MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.82	±9.6
10618	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40 MHz, MCS1, 90pc duty cycle) IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40 MHz, MCS2, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.81	±9.6
10619	AAC	IEEE 802 1100 WIEL (40 MINE, MICS2, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.58	±9.6
10620	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40 MHz, MCS3, 90pc duty cycle) IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40 MHz, MCS4, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.86	±9.6
10621	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40 MHz, MCS5, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.87	±9.6
10622	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40 MHz, MCS6, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.77	±9,6
10623	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40 MHz, MCS7, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.68	±9.6
10624	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFI (40 MHz, MCS8, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.82	±9.6
10625	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40 MHz, MCS9, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.96	±9.6
10626	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80 MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.96	±9.6
10627	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiF) (80 MHz, MCS1, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.83	±9.6
10628	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WIF) (80 MHz, MGS1, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.88	±9.6
10629	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80 MHz, MCS2, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.71	±9.6
10630	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80 MHz, MCS3, 90pc duty cycle) IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80 MHz, MCS4, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.85	±9,6
10631	AAC	IEEE 802,11ac WiFi (80 MHz, MCS5, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.72	±9.6
10632	AAC	IFFE 802 11ac WiFi (80 MHz, MCGG, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.81	±9.6
10633	AAC	JEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80 MHz, MCS6, 90pc duty cycle) JEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80 MHz, MCS7, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.74	±9.6
10634	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WIEI (80 MHz, MCS7, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.83	±9.6
10635	AAC	IEEE 802:11ac WiFI (80 MHz, MCS8, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.80	±9.6
10636	AAD	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80 MHz, MCS9, 90pc duty cycle) IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160 MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.81	±9.6
10637	AAD	(EEE 802.11ee WIFI (160 MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.83	±9.6
10638	AAD	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160 MHz, MCS1, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.79	±9.6
10639	AAD	IEEE 802 11ac WiFi (160 MHz, MCS2, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.86	±9.6
10640	AAD	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160 MHz, MCS3, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.85	±9.6
10641	AAD	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160 MHz, MCS4, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.98	±9.6
10642	AAD	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160 MHz, MCS5, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	9.06	±9.6
10643	AAD	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160 MHz, MCS6, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	9.06	±9.6
10644	AAD	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160 MHz, MCS7, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.89	±9.6
10645	AAD	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160 MHz, MCS8, 90pc duty cycle) IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160 MHz, MCS9, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	9.05	±9.6
10.646	AAH	(TE-TOD (SC EDMA 4 DB EMM) OPEN AND STORY	WLAN	9.11	±9.6
0647	AAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,7)	LTE-TDD	11.96	±9.6
0648	AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,7) CDMA2000 (1x Advanced)	LTE-TDD	11,96	±9.6
0652	AAF		CDMA2000	3.45	±9.6
0653	AAF	LTE-TDD (OFDMA, 5MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	LTE-TDD	6.91	±9.6
0654	AAE	LTE-TDD (OFDMA, 10 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	LTE-TDD	7.42	±9.6
0655	AAF	LTE-TDD (OFDMA, 15 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	LTE-TDD	6.96	±9.6
0658	AAB	LTE-TDD (OFDMA, 20 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%) Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	LTE-TDD	7.21	±9.6
0659	AAB	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	Test	10.00	19.6
0660	AAB		Test	6,99	±9.6
0661	AAB	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%) Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	Test	3,98	±9.6
-	AAB	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%) Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 80%)	Test	2,22	±9.6
	AAA	Bluetooth Low Energy	Test	0.97	±9.6
-			Bluetooth	2.19	±9.6
	and the same of th	IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	9.09	±9.6
-		IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS1, 90pc duly cycle)	WLAN	8.57	±9.6
-		IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS2, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.78	19.6
		IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS3, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.74	±9.6
-	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS4, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.90	±9.6
		IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS5, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.77	±9.6
-		IEEE 802,11ax (20 MHz, MCS6, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.73	±9.6
-	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS7, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.78	±9.6
the same of the sa	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS8, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.89	19.6
		IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS9, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.80	±9.6
		IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS10, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.62	±9.6
_	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS11, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.83	±9.6
	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS0, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.42	±9.6
		IEEE 802,11ax (20 MHz, MCS1, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.26	±9.6
-		IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS2, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.33	±9.6
0686	AAC	IEEE 802 11ax (20 MHz, MCS3, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.28	±9.6

Certificate No: EX-7337\_Apr23

Page 16 of 21





EX3DV4 - SN:7337

April 24, 2023

UID	Rev	Communication System Name	Group	PAR (dB)	UncE k = 2
1.0687	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS4, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	B.45	±9,6
10688	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS5, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.29	±9.6
10689	AAC	IEEE 802.1 tax (20 MHz, MCS6, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.55	±9.6
10690	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS7, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.29	
10691	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS8, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN		±9.6
10692	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS9, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.25	±9.6
10693	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS10, 99pc duty cycle)		8.29	±9.6
10694	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS11, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.25	±9.6
10695	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.57	±9.6
10696	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS1, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.78	±9.6
10697	AAG	IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS2, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.91	±9.6
10698	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS3, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.61	±9.6
10699	AAC		WLAN	8.89	±9,6
10700	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS4, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.82	±9.6
10701	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz; MCS5, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.73	±9.6
10702	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS6, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.86	±9.6
	1.00	IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS7, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.70	±9.6
10703	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS8, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.82	±9.6
10704	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS9, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.56	±9.6
10705	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS10, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.69	±9.6
10706	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS11, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.66	±9.6
10707	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS0, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.32	±9.6
10708	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS1, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.55	19.6
10709	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS2, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.33	19.6
10710	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS3, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.29	
10711	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS4, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN		±9.6
10712	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS5, 99pc duty cycle)		8.39	±9.6
10713	AAC	IEEE 802:11ax (40 MHz, MCS6, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.67	±9.6
10714	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS7, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.33	±9.6
10715	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS8, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.26	±9.6
10716	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS9, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8,45	±9.6
10717	AAC		WLAN	8.30	±9.6
10718	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS10, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.48	±9.6
10719	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS11, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8,24	±9.6
		IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.81	±9.6
10720	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS1, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.87	±9.6
10721	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MGS2, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.76	±9.6
10722	AAC	IEEE 802 11ax (80 MHz, MCS3, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.55	±9.6
10723	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS4, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.70	±9.6
10724	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS5, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.90	±9.6
10725	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS6, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.74	±9.6
10726	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS7, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.72	±9.6
10727	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS8, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8,66	±9.6
10728	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS9, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.65	±9.6
10729	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS10, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.64	±9.6
0730	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS11, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.67	±9.6
0731	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS0, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN		
10732	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS1, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.42	±9.6
0733	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS2, 99pc duty cycle)		8.46	±9.6
0734	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS3, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.40	±9.6
0735	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS4, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.25	±9.6
0736	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS5, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.33	±9.6
0737	AAC		WLAN	8.27	±9.6
0738	AAC	IEEE 802 11ax (80 MHz, MCS6, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.36	±9.6
Contraction of the Contraction o		IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS7, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.42	±9.6
0739	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS8, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8:29	±9.6
6.1 (4.1	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS9, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.48	±9.6
0741	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS10, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.40	±9.6
0742	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS11, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8,43	±9.6
0743		IEEE 802.11ax (160 MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.94	±9.6
0744	AAC	IEEE 802:11ax (160 MHz, MCS1, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	9.16	±9.6
0745		IEEE 802.11ax (160 MHz, MCS2, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.93	±9.6
0746	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (160 MHz, MCS3, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	9.11	±9.6
0747	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (160 MHz, MCS4, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	9.04	
0748	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (160 MHz, MCS5, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN		±9.6
0749		IEEE 802.11ax (160 MHz, MCS6, 90pc duty cycle)	7.55-1.51	8.93	±9.6
0750		IEEE 802.11ax (160 MHz, MCS7, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.90	±9.6
0751		IEEE 802.11ax (160 MHz, MCS8, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.79	19.6
0752		IEEE 802.11ax (160 MHz, MCS9, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.82	±9.6
		ILLL OUE. FIRE FIDU WITZ, INCOS, SUDC OUTV CVCIAL	WLAN	8.81	±9.6

Page 17 of 21





EX3DV4 - SN:7337

April 24, 2023

UID	Rev	Communication System Name	Group	PAR (dB)	UncE k = 2
10753		IEEE 802.11ax (160 MHz, MCS10, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	9.00	±9,6
10754		IEEE 802.11ax (160 MHz, MCS11, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.94	±9.6
10756	1000	IEEE 802.11ax (160 MHz, MCS0, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.64	±9.6
10757	_	IEEE 802.11ax (160 MHz, MCS1, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.77	4.9.6
10758		IEEE 802.11ax (160 MHz, MCS2, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.77	±9.6
10759		IEEE 802.11ax (160 MHz, MCS3, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.69	±9.6
10760		IEEE 802.11ax (160 MHz, MCS4, 99pc duty cycle) IEEE 802.11ax (160 MHz, MCS5, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.58	±9.6
10761	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (160 MHz, MCS6, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.49	19,6
10762	44.0	IEEE 802.11ax (160 MHz, MCS6, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8,58	±9.6
10763		IEEE 802.11ax (160 MHz, MCS8, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.49	±9.6
10764		IEEE 802,11ax (160 MHz, MCS9, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	B.53	±9.6
10765	and the same of	IEEE 802.11ax (160 MHz, MCS10, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.54	±9.6
10766	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (160 MHz, MCS11, 99po duty cycle)	WLAN	8.54	±9.6
10767	AAE	5G NR (CP OFDM, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	WLAN	8.51	±9.6
10768	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD 5G NR FR1 TDD	7.99	19.6
10769	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)		8.01	±9,6
10770	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8,01	±9.6
10771	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 25 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.02	±9.6
10772	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 30 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.02	±9.6
10773	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 40 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.23	±9.6
10774	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 50 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.02	±9.6
10775	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.31	±9.6
10776	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.30	±9.6
10777	AAC	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.30	±9.6
10778	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.34	±9.6
10779	AAC	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 50% RB, 25 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.42	±9.6
10780	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 50% RB, 30 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.38	±9.6
10781	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 50% RB, 40 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.38	±9.6
10782	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 50% RB, 50 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.43	±9.6
10783	AAE	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.31	±9.6
10784	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.29	±9.6
10785	AAD	5G NR (CP-QFDM, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.40	±9.6
10786	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.35	±9.6
10787	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 25 MHz, OPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.44	±9.6
10788	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 30 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.39	±9.6
10789	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 40 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.37	±9.6
10791	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 50 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.39	±9.6
10792	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 5 MHz, OPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	7.83	±9.6
0793	AAD	5G NR (CP-QFDM, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz) 5G NR (CP-QFDM, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	7.92	±9.6
10794	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	7,95	±9.6
10795	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 25 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	7.82	±9.6
0796	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 30 MHz, QPSK, 30 KHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	7.84	±9.6
0797	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 40 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	7.82	±9.6
0798	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 50 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.01	±9.6
0799	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 60 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	7.89	±9.6
0801	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 80 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	7.93	±9,6
0802	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 90 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	7.89	±9.6
0803	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 100 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD		±9.6
0.805	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	7.93 8.34	±9.6
0806	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8,37	±9.6
0809	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 50% RB, 30 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.34	±9.6
0810	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 50% RB, 40 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8,34	±9.6
0812	AAD		5G NR FR1 TDD	8.35	±9.6
0817	AAE	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.35	±9.6
0818	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.34	±9.6
0819	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.33	±9.6
0820	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.30	±9.6
0821	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 25 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.41	±9.6
0822	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 30 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.41	±9.6
0823	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 40 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.36	±9.6
0824	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 50 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.39	±9.6
0825	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 60 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.41	±9.6
0827	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 80 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.42	±9.6
0828	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 90 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.43	±9.6

Page 18 of 21





EX3DV4 - SN:7337 April 24, 2023

Report No.: DRRFCC2112-0142(2)

10829	AAD	Communication System Name	Group	PAR (dB)	UncE k =:
10830	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 100 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.40	±9.6
10831	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, 60 kHz) 5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, 60 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	7.63	±9,6
10832	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 15MHz, QPSK, 60 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	7,73	±9.8
10833	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 25 MHz, QPSK, 60 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	7,74	±9.6
10834	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 30 MHz, QPSK, 60 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	7:70	±9.6
10835	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 40 MHz, QPSK, 60 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	7.75	±9.6
10836	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 50 MHz, QPSK, 60 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	7.70	±9.6
10837	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 60 MHz, QPSK, 60 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	7.66	±9.6
10839	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 80 MHz, OPSK, 60 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	7.68	±9,6
10840	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 90 MHz, QPSK, 60 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	7,70	±9.6
10841	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 100 MHz, QPSK, 60 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	7.67	±9.6
10843	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 50% RB, 15MHz, QPSK, 60 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	7.71	±9.6
10.844	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, 60 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.49	19.6
10846	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 50% RB, 30 MHz, QPSK, 60 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8,34	±9.6
10854	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, 60 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.41	±9.6
10855	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, 60 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.34	±9.6
10856	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, 60 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.36	±9.6
10857	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 25 MHz, QPSK, 60 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.37	±9.6
10858	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 30 MHz, QPSK, 60 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.35	±9.6
10859	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 40 MHz, QPSK, 60 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.36	±9.6
10860	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 50 MHz, QPSK, 60 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.34	±9.6
10861	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 60 MHz, QPSK, 60 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.41	±9.6
10863	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 80 MHz, QPSK, 60 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.40	±9.6
0864	AAD	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 90 MHz, QPSK, 60 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.41	±9.6
10865	AAD	5G NR (CP-QFDM, 100% RB, 100 MHz, QPSK, 60 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.37	±9.6
10866	AAD	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 100 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	8.41	±9.6
0868	AAD	5G NR (DFT/s-OFDM, 100% RB, 100 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	5.68	±9.6
0869	AAE	5G NR (DFT's-OFDM, 1 RB, 100 MHz, QPSK, 120 KHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	5.89	±9.6
0870	AAE	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 100% RB, 100 MHz, QPSK, 120 kHz)	5G NR FR2 TDD	5.75	±9.6
0871	AAE	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 100 MHz, 160 AM, 120 kHz)	5G NR FR2 TDD	5.86	19.6
0872	AAE	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 100% RB, 100 MHz, 16QAM, 120 kHz)	5G NR FR2 TDD	5.75	±9.6
0873	AAE	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 100 MHz, 64QAM, 120 kHz)	5G NR FR2 TDD	6.52	±9.6
10874	AAE	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 100% RB, 100 MHz, 64QAM, 120 kHz)	5G NR FR2 TDD	6.61	±9.6
0875	AAE	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 100 MHz, QPSK, 120 kHz)	5G NR FR2 TDD	6.65	±9.6
0876	AAE	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 100 MHz, QPSK, 120 kHz)	5G NR FR2 TOD	7.78	±9.6
0877	AAE	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 100 MHz, 18QAM, 120 kHz)	5G NR FR2 TDD	8.39	±9.6
0878	AAE	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 100 MHz, 16QAM, 120 kHz)	5G NR FR2 TDD	7.95	±9.6
0879	AAE	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 100 MHz, 64QAM, 120 kHz)	5G NR FR2 TDD	8.41	±9.6
0880	AAE	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 100 MHz, 64QAM, 120 kHz)		8.12	±9.6
0881	AAE	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 50 MHz, QPSK, 120 kHz)	5G NR FR2 TDD	8.38	±9.6
0882	AAE	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 100% RB, 50 MHz, OPSK, 120 kHz)	5G NR FR2 TDD	5.75	±9.6
0883	AAE	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 50 MHz; 16QAM, 120 kHz)	5G NR FR2 TDD	5.96	±9.6
0884	AAE	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 100% RB, 50 MHz, 16QAM, 120 kHz)		6.57	±9.6
0885	AAE	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 50 MHz, 64QAM, 120 kHz)	5G NR FR2 TDD	6.53	±9.6
0886	AAE	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 100% RB, 50 MHz, 64QAM, 120 kHz)		6.61	±9.6
0887	AAE	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 50 MHz, QPSK, 120 kHz)	5G NR FR2 TDD	6.65 7.78	±9.6
8880	AAE	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 50 MHz, QPSK, 120 kHz)	5G NR FR2 TDD	8.35	±9.6
0889	AAE	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 50 MHz, 16QAM, 120 kHz)	5G NR FR2 TDD	8.02	±9.6
0890	AAE	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 50 MHz, 16QAM, 120 kHz)	5G NR FR2 TDD		±9,6
0891	AAE	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 50 MHz, 84QAM, 120 kHz)	5G NR FR2 TDD	8.40	±9.6
0892	AAE	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 50 MHz, 64QAM, 120 kHz)	5G NR FR2 TDD	8.13	±9.6
0897	AAC	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 5MHz, QPSK, 30kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	5,66	±9.6
0898	AAB	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	-	
0899	AAB	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	5.67 5.67	±9.6
2900	AAB	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FRI TOD	5.68	
1901	AAB	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 25 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FRI TDD	5.68	±9.6
902	AAB	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 30 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	5.68	
-	AAB	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 40 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD		±9.6
	AAB	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 50 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	5.68	±9.6
-		5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 60 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	5.68	±9.6
0904	AAB			5.68	±9.6
0904		5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM 1 RB 80 MHz, OPSK 30 VHz)	EC NO FOR THE	E 00	
0904 0905 0906	AAB	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 80 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz) 5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 50% RB, 5MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	5.68	±9.6
0904 0905 0906 0907	AAB AAC	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	5.78	±9.6
0904 0905 0906 0907	AAB AAC AAB				





EX3DV4 - SN:7337 April 24, 2023

Report No.: DRRFCC2112-0142(2)

UID	Rev	Communication System Name	Group	PAR (dB)	UncE k = 2
10911		The state of the s	5G NR FR1 TDD	5.93	±9.6
10912	_		5G NR FR1 TDD	5.84	±9.8
10913		The state of the s	5G NR FR1 TDD	5.84	±9.6
10914	100000	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 50% RB, 50 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	5,85	±9.6
10915		5G NR (DFT:s-OFDM, 50% RB, 60 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	5.83	±9.6
10916	-	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 50% RB, 80 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	5.87	±9.6
10917		5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 50% RB, 100 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	5.84	±9.6
10918	-	5G NR (DFT-6-OFDM, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	5.86	±9.6
10919	-	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 100% RB, 10 MHz, OPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	5.86	±9.6
10920		5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	5.87	±9.6
10921	AAB	5G NR (DFT-9-OFDM, 100% RB, 20MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	5.84	±9.6
10922	AAB	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 100% RB, 25 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	5.82	±9.6
10923	AAB	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 100% RB, 30 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	5.84	±9.6
10924	AAB	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 100% RB, 40 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	5.84	±9.6
10925	AAB	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 100% RB, 50MHz, QPSK, 30kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	5,95	±9.5
10926	AAB	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 100% RB, 60 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz).	SG NR FR1 TDD	5.84	±9.6
10927	AAB	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 100% RB, 80 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	5.94	±9.6
10928	AAC	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 FDD	5.52	±9.6
10929	AAC	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 FDD	5.52	±9.6
10930	AAC	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 FDD	5.52	±9.6
10931	AAC	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 FDD	5.51	±9.6
10932	AAC	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 25 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 FDD	5.51	±9.6
10933	AAC	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 30 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 FDD	5.51	±9.6
10934	AAC	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 40 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 FDD	5.51	±9.6
10935	AAD	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 50 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 FDD	5.51	±9.6
10936	AAC	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 50% RB, 5MHz, QPSK, 15kHz)	5G NR FR1 FDD	5.90	±9.6
10937	AAC	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 FDD	5.77	±9.6
10938	AAC	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 FDD	5.90	±9.6
10939	AAC	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 FDD	5.82	±9,6
0940	AAC	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 50% RB, 25 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 FOD	5.89	±9.6
0941	AAC	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 50% RB, 30 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 FDD	5.83	±9.6
10.942	AAC	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 50% RB, 40 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 FDD	5.85	±9.6
10.943	AAD	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 50% RB, 50 MHz, OPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 FDD	5.95	±9.6
10944	AAC	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 FDD	5.81	±9.6
10945	AAC	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 FDD	5.85	±9.6
10946	AAC	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 100% RB, 15MHz, QPSK, 15kHz)	5G NR FR1 FDD	5.83	±9.6
10947	AAC	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 FDD	5.87	
10948	AAC	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 100% RB, 25 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 FDD	5.94	±9.6
10949	AAC	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 100% RB, 30 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 FDD	5.87	±9.6
0950	AAC	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 100% RB, 40 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 FDD	5.94	
0951	AAD	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 100% RB, 50 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 FDD	5.92	±9.6
0952	AAA	5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 5MHz, 64-QAM, 15kHz)	5G NR FR1 FDD	8.25	±9.6
0953	AAA	5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 10 MHz, 64-QAM, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 FDD	8.15	
0954	AAA	5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 15 MHz, 64-QAM, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 FDD	8.23	±9.6
0955	AAA	5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 20 MHz, 64-QAM, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 FDD		±9.6
10956	AAA	5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 5 MHz, 64-QAM, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 FDD	8.42	±9.6
0957	AAA	5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 10 MHz, 64-OAM, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 FDD		±9.6
0958	AAA	5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 15 MHz, 64-QAM, 30 kHz)	SG NR FR1 FDD	8,31	±9.6
0959	AAA	5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 20 MHz, 64-QAM, 30 kHz)		8.61	±9.6
0960	AAC	5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 5MHz, 64-QAM, 15kHz)	5G NR FR1 FDD 5G NA FR1 TDD	9.33	±9.6
0961	AAB	5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 10 MHz. 64 QAM, 15 kHz)		9.32	±9.6
0962	AAB	5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 15 MHz, 64-QAM, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	9.36	±9.6
0963	AAB	5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 20 MHz, 64-QAM, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	9.40	±9.6
0964	AAC	5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 5 MHz, 64-QAM, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	9.55	±9.6
0965	AAB	5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 10 MHz, 64-QAM, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	9.29	±9.6
0966	AAB	5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 15 MHz, 64-QAM, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TOD	9.37	±9.6
0967	AAB	5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 20 MHz, 64-QAM, 30 KHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	9.55	±9.6
0968	AAB	5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 100 MHz, 64-QAM, 30 KHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	9.42	±9.5
0972	AAB	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	9.49	±9.6
0973	AAB	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 100 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	11.59	±9.6
0974	AAB	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 100 MHz, CPSK, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	9.06	±9.6
0978	AAA	ULLA BDR	5G NR FR1 TDD	10.28	±9.6
0979	AAA	ULLA HDR4	ULLA	1.16	±9,6
0980	AAA		ULLA	8.58	±9.6
0980	AAA	ULLA HDR8	ULLA	10.32	±9.6
0982	AAA	ULLA HDRp4 ULLA HDRp8	ULLA	3.19	±9.6
Jode	MMA	טבנת חטחוף	ULLA	3.43	±9.6



April 24, 2023



EX3DV4 - SN:7337

Report No.: DRRFCC2112-0142(2)

UID	Rev	Communication System Name	Group	PAR (dB)	UncE k = 2
10983	AAA	5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 40 MHz, 64-QAM, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	9.31	±9.6
10984	AAA	5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 50 MHz, 64-QAM, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	9.42	±9.5
10985	AAA	5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 40 MHz, 64-QAM, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	9.54	19.6
10986	AAA	5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 50 MHz, 64-QAM, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	9.50	196
10987	AAA	5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 60 MHz, 64-QAM, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	9.53	±9.6
10988	AAA	5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 70 MHz, 64-QAM, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	9.38	±9.6
10989	AAA	5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 80 MHz, 64-OAM, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	9.33	
10990	AAA	5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 90 MHz, 64-QAM, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 TDD	9.52	±9.6
11003	AAA	5G NR.DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 30 MHz, 64-QAM, 15 kHz)	5G NR FRI TDD	10.24	±9.6
11004	AAA	5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 30 MHz, 64-QAM, 30 kHz)	5G NR FRI TDD	10.73	±9.6
11005	AAA	5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 25 MHz, 64-QAM, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 FDD	8.70	±9.6
11006	AAA	5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3:1, 30 MHz, 64-QAM, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 FDD	8.55	±9.6
11007	AAA	5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 40 MHz, 64-QAM, 15 kHz)	5G NR FRI FDD	8.46	±9.6
11008	AAA	5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 50 MHz, 64-QAM, 15 kHz)	5G NR FR1 FDD	8.51	±9.6
11009	AAA	5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 25 MHz, 64-QAM, 30 KHz)	5G NR FR1 FDD		±9.6
11010	AAA	5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 30 MHz, 64-QAM, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 FDD	8.76	±9.6
11011	AAA	5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 40 MHz, 64-QAM, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 FDD	8.95	±9.6
11012	AAA	5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 50 MHz, 64-QAM, 30 kHz)	5G NR FR1 FDD	8.96	±9.6
11013	AAA	IEEE 802.11be (320 MHz, MCS1, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.68	±9.6
11014	AAA	IEEE 802.11be (320 MHz, MCS2, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.47	±9.6
11015	AAA	IEEE 802:11be (320 MHz, MCS3, 99pc duty cycle)		8.45	±9.6
11016	AAA	IEEE 802.11be (320 MHz, MCS4, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.44	±9.6
11017	AAA	IEEE 802.11be (320 MHz, MCS6, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.44	±9.6
11018	AAA	IEEE 802.11be (320 MHz, MCS6, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.41	±9.6
1019	AAA	IEEE 802.11be (320 MHz, MCS7, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.40	±9.6
11020	AAA	IEEE 802.11be (320 MHz; MCS8, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.29	±9.6
1021	AAA	IEEE 802,11be (320 MHz, MCS9, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.27	±9.6
1022	AAA	IEEE 802.11be (320 MHz, MCS10, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.46	±9.6
1023	AAA	IEEE 802.11be (320 MHz, MCS11, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8,36	±9.6
1024	AAA	IEEE 802.11be (320 MHz, MCS11, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8,09	±9.6
1025	AAA	IEEE 802.11be (320 MHz, MGS13, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN.	8.42	19.6
1026	AAA	IEEE 802.11be (320 MHz, MCS), 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.37	±9.6
1020	man.	The box into (320 MHz) MCSU, aabc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.39	±9.6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max: deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.