

4.6 Restricted Band of Operation

4.6.1 Measurement procedure

[FCC 15.247(d), 15.205, 15.209, KDB 558074 D01 v05r02, Section 8.6]

Test was applied by following conditions.

Test method : ANSI C63.10

Test place : 3m Semi-anechoic chamber

EUT was placed on : Styrofoam table / (W) 1.0 × (D) 1.0 × (H) 0.8 m (below 1 GHz)

Styrofoam table / (W) $0.6 \times (D) 0.6 \times (H) 1.5 \text{ m}$ (above 1 GHz)

Antenna distance : 3n

Spectrum analyzer setting

- Peak : RBW=1 MHz, VBW=3 MHz, Span=Arbitrary setting, Sweep=auto

- Average : RBW=1 MHz, VBW=1kHz, Span=0 Hz, Sweep=auto

Display mode=Linear

Average Measurement Setting [VBW]

Mode	Duty Cycle (%)	T _{on} (us)	T _{off} (us)	1/T _{on} (kHz)	Determined VBW Setting
IEEE802.11b	96.31	992	38	1.008	1kHz
IEEE802.11g	96.80	1390	46	0.719	1kHz
IEEE802.11n(HT20)	96.55	1286	46	0.778	1kHz

Although these tests were performed other than open area test site, adequate comparison measurements

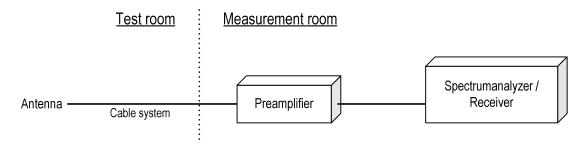
were confirmed against 30 m open are test site.

Therefore, sufficient tests were made to demonstrate that the alternative site produces results that correlate with the ones of tests made in an open field based on KDB 937606.

Radiated emission measurements are performed at 3m distance with the broadband antenna (Double ridged guide antenna). The antenna is positioned both the horizontal and vertical planes of polarization and height is varied 1m to 4m and stopped at height producing the maximum emission.

The EUT is Placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m/1.5m above ground plane. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. The test results represent the worst case emission for each emission with manipulating the EUT, support equipment, interconnecting cables and varying the mode of operation. Sufficient time for the EUT, support equipment, and test equipment are allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition.

- Test configuration





4.6.2 Limit

Emission at the boundary of the restricted band provided by 15.205 shall be lower than 15.209 limit.

4.6.3 **Measurement Result**

[IEEE802.11b、IEEE802.11q、IEEE802.11n (HT20)]

[[
Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Results Chart	Result						
Low	2412	See the Trace Data	Pass						
High	2462	See the Trace Data	Pass						

Test engineer

4.6.4 Test data

Date 16-August-2019

: 23.7 [°C] : 59.0 [%] Temperature

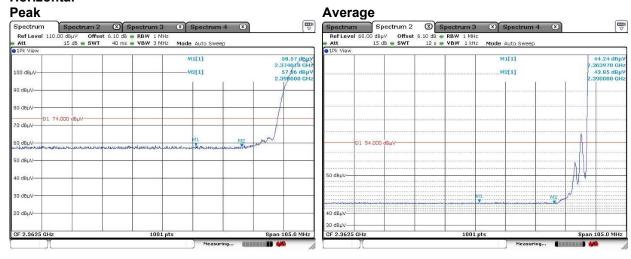
Test place : Shielded room No.4 Chiaki Kanno

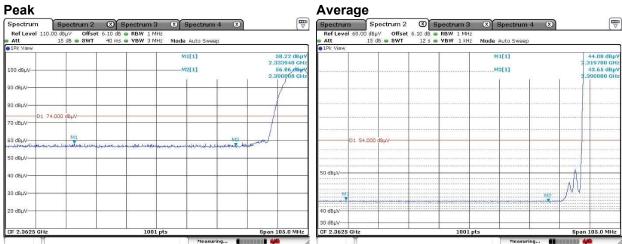
Humidity



[IEEE802.11b]

Channel Low Horizontal

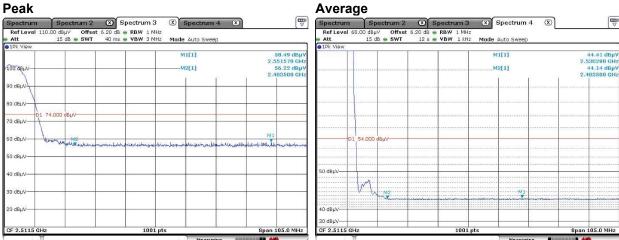






Channel High Horizontal

| Spectrum | Spectrum 2 | Spectrum 3 | Spectrum 4 | Spectrum 4 | Spectrum 5 | Spectrum 6 | Spectrum 7 | Spectrum 7 | Spectrum 8 | Spectrum 8 | Spectrum 9 | Spect

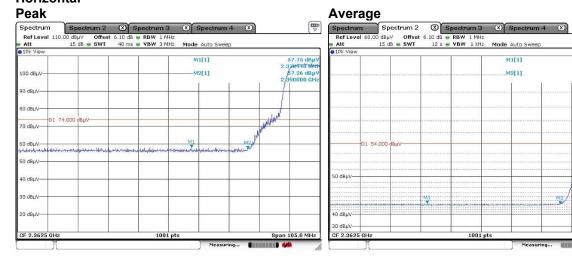


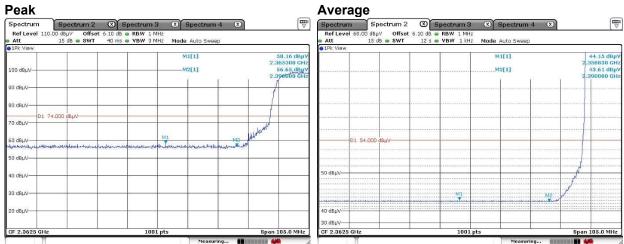


44.13 dBµ 343830 GH 44.03 dBµ 390000 GH

[IEEE802.11g]

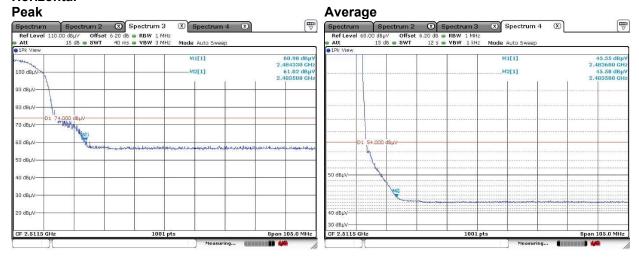
Channel Low Horizontal

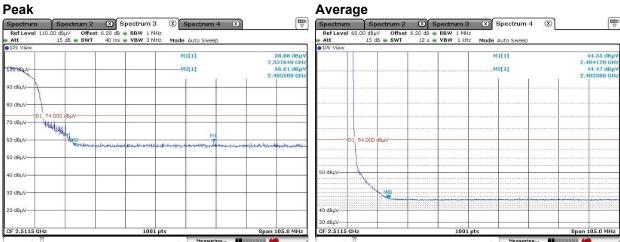






Channel High Horizontal



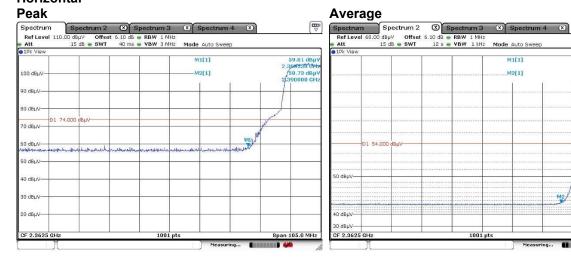


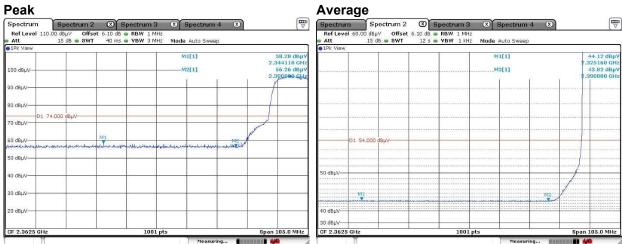


44.48 dBµ 389880 GH 44.34 dBµ 390000 GH

[IEEE802.11n (HT20)]

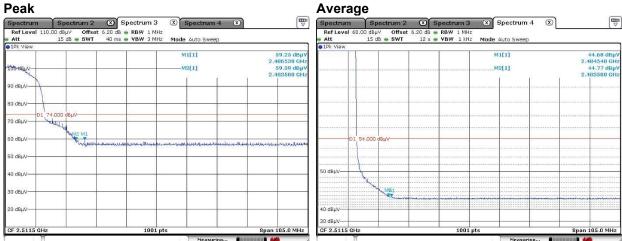
Channel Low Horizontal







Channel High Horizontal





4.7 **Transmitter Power Spectral Density**

4.7.1 Measurement procedure

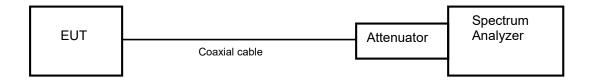
[FCC 15.247(e), KDB 558074 D01 v05r02, Section 8.4]

The peak power is measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT is operating in transmission mode at the appropriate center frequency.

The spectrum analyzer is set to;

- Span = 1.5 times the 6 dB bandwidth.
- RBW = 3kHz 100kHz. b)
- c) VBW ≥ $3 \times RBW$.
- d) Sweep time = auto-couple.
- e) Detector = peak.
- Trace mode = max hold.

- Test configuration



4.7.2 Limit

The peak power spectral density shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band.

4.7.3 Measurement result

Date 7-August-2019

Temperature 24.5 [°C] 43.1 [%] Humidity

Test engineer Chiaki Kanno

Test place Shielded room No.4



[IEEE802.11b]

Channel	Center Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBm)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dBm)	Result
Low	2412	-16.62	10.63	-5.99	8.00	13.99	PASS
Middle	2437	-17.56	10.63	-6.93	8.00	14.93	PASS
High	2462	-17.76	10.63	-7.13	8.00	15.13	PASS

Calculation;

Transmitter Power Spectral Density Level (Margin) = Limit – (Reading + Factor)

[IEEE802.11g]

	- 31								
Channel	Center Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBm)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dBm)	Result		
Low	2412	-23.03	10.63	-12.40	8.00	20.40	PASS		
Middle	2437	-22.20	10.63	-12.79	8.00	20.79	PASS		
High	2462	-21.40	10.63	-10.77	8.00	18.77	PASS		

Calculation;

Transmitter Power Spectral Density Level (Margin) = Limit – (Reading + Factor)

[IEEE802.11n (HT20)]

[1222002:1111 (11120)]								
Channel	Center Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBm)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dBm)	Result	
Low	2412	-23.08	10.63	-12.45	8.00	20.45	PASS	
Middle	2437	-24.13	10.63	-13.50	8.00	21.50	PASS	
High	2462	-22.48	10.63	-11.85	8.00	19.85	PASS	

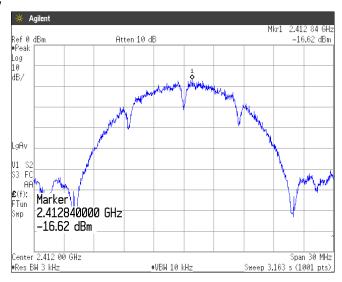
Calculation;

Transmitter Power Spectral Density Level (Margin) = Limit – (Reading + Factor)

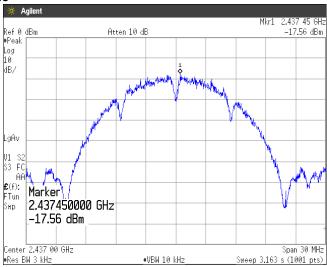


10.4 Trace data [IEEE802.11b]

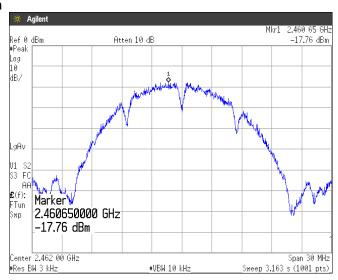
Channel Low



Channel Middle



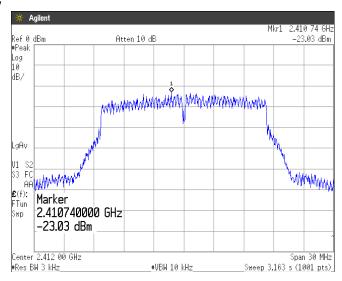
Channel High



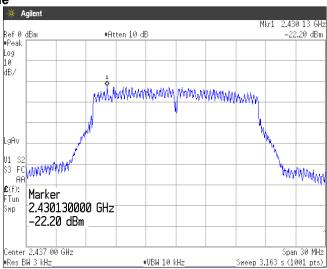


[IEEE802.11g]

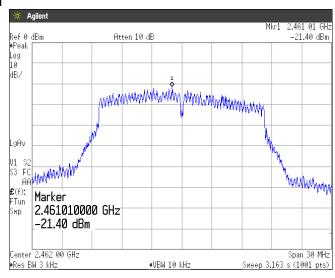
Channel Low



Channel Middle



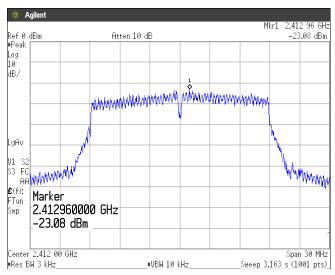
Channel High



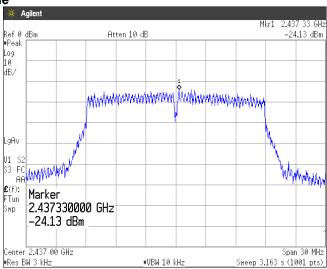


[IEEE802.11n (HT20)]

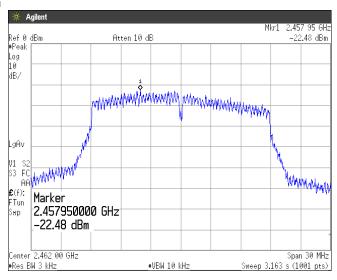
Channel Low



Channel Middle



Channel High





4.8 AC Power Line Conducted Emissions

4.8.1 Measurement procedure

[FCC 15.207]

Test was applied by following conditions.

Test method : ANSI C63.10

Frequency range : 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz

Test place : 3m Semi-anechoic chamber

EUT was placed on : FRP table / (W) $2.0 \times$ (D) $1.0 \times$ (H) 0.8 m Vertical Metal Reference Plane : (W) $2.0 \times$ (H) $2.0 \times$ (D) $1.0 \times$ (H) $0.8 \times$ m

Test receiver setting

- Detector : Quasi-peak, Average

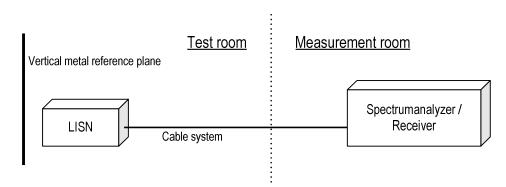
- Bandwidth : 9 kHz

EUT and peripherals are connected to $50\Omega/50~\mu H$ Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN) which are connected to reference ground plane, and are placed 80cm away from EUT. Excess of AC power cable is bundled in center.

LISN for peripheral is terminated in 50Ω .

EUT operating mode is selected to emit the maximum noise. Overall frequency range is investigated with spectrum analyzer using peak detector. Maximum emission configuration is determined by manipulating the EUT, peripherals, interconnecting cables. Then, emission measurements are performed with test receiver in above setting to each current-carrying conductor of the mains port. Sufficient time for EUT, peripherals and test equipment is provided in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition. If the average limit is met when using a quasi-peak detector receiver, the EUT shall be deemed to meet both limits.

- Test configuration



4.8.2 Calculation method

Emission level = Reading + (LISN. Factor + Cable system loss) Margin = Limit – Emission level

Example:

Limit @ 0.403 MHz: 57.8 dBµV(Quasi-peak)

: 47.8 dBµV(Average)

(Quasi peak)Reading = 22.7 dBµV c.f. = 10.4 dB

Emission level = $22.7 + 10.4 = 33.1 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V}$

Margin = 57.8 - 33.1 = 24.7 dB

(Average) Reading = $6.5 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V}$ c.f. = 10.4 dB

Emission level = $6.5 + 10.4 = 16.9 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V}$

Margin = 47.8 - 16.9 = 30.9 dB



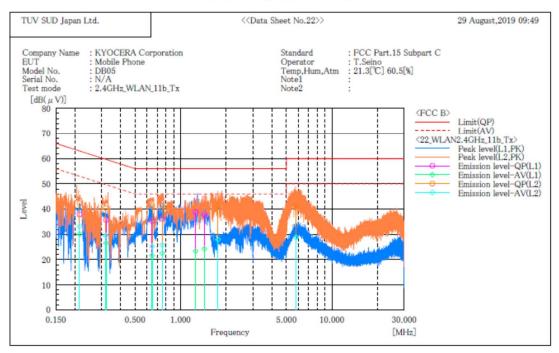
4.8.3 Limit

Frequency	Limit				
[MHz]	QP [dBuV]	AV [dBuV]			
0.15-0.5	66-56*	56-46*			
0.5-5	56	46			
5-30	60	50			

^{*:} The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15MHz to 0.5MHz.

4.8.4 Test data





Fina	al Result									
	L1 Phase	-								
No.	Frequency	Reading QP	Reading AV	c. f	Result QP	Result AV	Limit QP	Limit	Margin QP	Margin AV
	[MHz]	$[dB(\mu V)]$	$[dB(\mu V)]$	[dB]					[dB]	[dB]
1	0.215	27.5	19.7	10.4	37.9	30. 1	63.0	53.0	25. 1	22.9
1 2 3 4 5	0.322	25.3	16. 2	10.4	35. 7	26.6	59. 7	49.7	24.0	23. 1
3	0.648	24. 9	11.2	10.4	35. 3	21.6	56.0	46.0	20.7	24.4
4	0.757	25.8	12.1	10.4	36. 2	22.5	56.0	46.0	19.8	23.5
5	1.255	28.4	13.0	10.4	38.8	23.4	56.0	46.0	17. 2	22.6
6	1.437	27.3	13.9	10.4	37.7	24.3	56.0	46.0	18.3	21.7
	L2 Phase	_								
No.	Frequency	Reading	Reading	c. f	Result	Result	Limit	Limit	Margin	Margin
		QP	AV		QP	AV	QP	AV	QP	AV
	[MHz]	$[dB(\mu V)]$	$[dB(\mu V)]$	[dB]	$[dB(\mu V)]$	$[dB(\mu V)]$		$[dB(\mu V)]$	[dB]	[dB]
1	0.215	31.9	22.8	10.4	42.3	33, 2	63.0	53, 0	20.7	19.8
2	0.320	30.0	19.1	10.4	40.4	29.5	59.7	49.7	19.3	20.2
3	0.650	30.8	14.9	10.4	41.2	25.3	56.0	46.0	14.8	20.7
1 2 3 4 5	0.756	30.9	15.4	10.4	41.3	25.8	56.0	46.0	14.7	20.2
5	1.766	30.9	17.6	10.4	41.3	28.0	56.0	46.0	14.7	18.0
6	5.779	30.3	18. 1	10.7	41.0	28.8	60.0	50.0	19.0	21. 2



5 Antenna requirement

According to FCC section 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The antenna is a special antenna mounted inside of the EUT. Therefore, the EUT complies with the antenna requirement of FCC section 15.203.



6 Measurement Uncertainty

Expanded uncertainties stated are calculated with a coverage Factor k=2. Please note that these results are not taken into account when measurement uncertainty considerations contained in ETSI TR 100 028 Parts 1 and 2 determining compliance or non-compliance with test result.

Test item	Measurement uncertainty
Conducted emission, AMN (9 kHz – 150 kHz)	±3.8 dB
Conducted emission, AMN (150 kHz – 30 MHz)	±3.3 dB
Radiated emission (9kHz – 30 MHz)	±3.1 dB
Radiated emission (30 MHz – 1000 MHz)	±4.9 dB
Radiated emission (1 GHz – 6 GHz)	±4.8 dB
Radiated emission (6 GHz – 18 GHz)	±5.1 dB
Radiated emission (18 GHz – 40 GHz)	±5.8 dB
Radio Frequency	±1.4 * 10 ⁻⁸
RF power, conducted	±0.6 dB
Temperature	±0.6 °C
Humidity	±1.2 %
Voltage (DC)	±0.4 %
Voltage (AC, <10kHz)	±0.2 %

Judge	Measured value and standard limit value							
PASS	Case1 +Uncertainty -Uncertainty Even if it takes uncertainty into consideration, Measured value a standard limit value is fulfilled. Case2 Although measured value is in a standard limit value, a limit value won't be fulfilled if uncertainty is taken into consideration.							
FAIL	Case3 Although measured value exceeds a standard limit value, a limit value will be fulfilled if uncertainty is taken into consideration.							
	Case4 Even if it takes uncertainty into consideration, a standard limit value isn't fulfilled.							



7 Laboratory Information

Testing was performed and the report was issued at:

TÜV SÜD Japan Ltd. Yonezawa Testing Center

Address: 5-4149-7 Hachimanpara, Yonezawa-shi, Yamagata, 992-1128 Japan

Phone: +81-238-28-2881 Fax: +81-238-28-2888

Accreditation and Registration

NVLAP

LAB CODE: 200306-0

VLAC

Accreditation No.: VLAC-013

BSMI

Laboratory Code: SL2-IN-E-6018, SL2-A1-E-6018

Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada

Site number	Facility	Expiration date
4224A-4	3 m Semi-anechoic chamber	27-November-2020
4224A-5	10 m Semi-anechoic chamber No. 1	27-November-2020
4224A-6	10 m Semi-anechoic chamber No. 2	14-December-2019

VCCI Council

Registration number	Expiration date		
A-0166	03-July-2021		



Appendix A. Test Equipment

Antenna port conducted test

/ witching port conductor tool								
Equipment	Company	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. Due	Cal. Date			
Spectrum analyzer	Agilent Technologies	E4440A	US44302655	31-Aug-2020	05-Aug-2019			
Attenuator	Weinschel	56-10	J4180	31-Jul-2020	18-Jul-2019			
Power meter	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	NRP2	103269	31-Jul-2020	18-Jul-2019			
Power sensor	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	NRP-Z81	102467	31-Jul-2020	18-Jul-2019			

Radiated emission

Equipment	Company	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. Due	Cal. Date
EMI Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESCI	100765	30-Sep-2019	20-Sep-2018
Spectrum analyzer	Agilent Technologies	E4440A	US44302655	31-Aug-2020	05-Aug-2019
Signal analyzer	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	FSV40	101731	31-Dec-2019	07-Dec-2018
Preamplifier	SONOMA	310	372170	30-Sep-2019	20-Sep-2018
Loop antenna	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	HFH2-Z2	100515	31-Mar-2020	07-Mar-2019
Attenuator	TOYO Connector	NA-PJ-6	N/A(S507)	31-Dec-2019	17-Dec-2018
Biconical antenna	Schwarzbeck	VHA9103/BBA9106	VHA91031308	31-May-2020	16-May-2019
Log periodic antenna	Schwarzbeck	UHALP9108A	0728	31-May-2020	16-May-2019
Attenuator	TAMAGAWA.ELEC	CFA-01/6dB	N/A(S465)	31-May-2020	17-May-2019
Attenuator	TAMAGAWA.ELEC	CFA-10/3dB	N/A(S503)	31-Jul-2020	17-Jul-2019
Preamplifier	TSJ	MLA-100M18-B02-40	1929118	31-Jan-2020	17-Jan-2019
Attenuator	AEROFLEX	26A-10	081217-08	31-Jan-2020	17-Jan-2019
Double ridged guide antenna	ETS LINDGREN	3117	00224193	31-Jan-2020	23-Jan-2019
Attenuator	Agilent Technologies	8491B	MY39268633	31-Mar-2020	08-Mar-2019
DRGH antenna	A.H.Systems Inc.	SAS-574	469	31-Aug-2019	24-Aug-2018
				31-Aug-2020	28-Aug-2019
Preamplifier	TSJ	MLA-1840-B03-35	1240332	31-Aug-2019	24-Aug-2018
				31-Aug-2020	28-Aug-2019
Notch filter	Micro-Tronics	BRM50702	045	31-May-2020	16-May-2019
Microwave cable	HUBER+SUHNER	SUCOFLEX104/9m	MY30037/4	31-Jan-2020	16-Jan-2019
		SUCOFLEX104/1m	my24610/4	31-Jan-2020	16-Jan-2019
		SUCOFLEX104/8m	SN MY30031/4	31-Jan-2020	16-Jan-2019
		SUCOFLEX104	MY32976/4	31-Jan-2020	16-Jan-2019
		SUCOFLEX104/1.5m	MY19309/4	31-Jan-2020	16-Jan-2019
		SUCOFLEX104/7m	41625/6	31-Jan-2020	16-Jan-2019
PC	DELL	DIMENSION E521	75465BX	N/A	N/A
Software	TOYO Corporation	EP5/RE-AJ	0611193/V5.6.0	N/A	N/A
Absorber	RIKEN	PFP30	N/A	N/A	N/A
3m Semi an-echoic Chamber	TOKIN	N/A	N/A(9002-NSA)	31-May-2020	14-May-2019
3m Semi an-echoic Chamber	TOKIN	N/A	N/A(9002-SVSWR)	31-May-2020	13-May-2019

Conducted emission at mains port

Equipment	Company	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. Due	Cal. Date
EMI Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESCI	100765	30-Sep-2019	20-Sep-2018
Attenuator	HUBER+SUHNER	6810.01.A	N/A (S411)	31-Jan-2020	17-Jan-2019
Line impedance stabilization network	Kyoritsu Electrical Works, Ltd.	TNW-407F2	12-17-110-2	31-May-2020	16-May-2019
Coaxial cable	FUJIKURA	5D-2W/4m	N/A (S350)	31-Jan-2020	16-Jan-2019
Coaxial cable	FUJIKURA	5D-2W/1m	N/A (S193)	31-Jan-2020	16-Jan-2019
Coaxial cable	HUBER+SUHNER	RG214/U/10m	N/A (S194)	31-Jan-2020	16-Jan-2019
PC	DELL	DIMENSION	75465BX	N/A	N/A
Software	TOYO Corporation	EP5/CE-AJ	0611193/V5.4.11	N/A	N/A

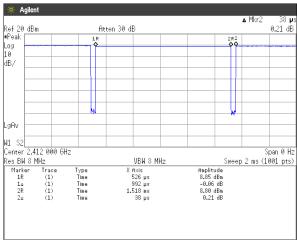
^{*:} The calibrations of the above equipment are traceable to NIST or equivalent standards of the reference organizations.



Appendix B. Duty Cycle

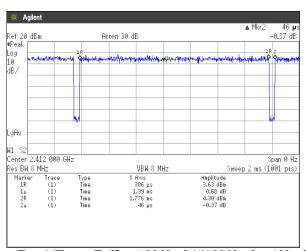
[Plot & Calculation]

11b



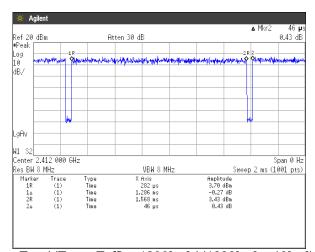
Duty Cycle = Ton / (Ton + Toff) = $992[\mu s] / (992[\mu s] + 38[\mu s]) = 96.31[\%]$

11g



Duty Cycle = $\frac{1390[\mu s]}{(1390[\mu s] + 46[\mu s])} = 96.8[\%]$

11n (HT20)



Duty Cycle = $\frac{1286[\mu s]}{(1286[\mu s] + 46[\mu s])} = 96.55[\%]$