TEST REPORT



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1. Report No: DRRFCC2106-0055(1)

2. Customer

· Name : Kyocera Corporation

Address: Yokohama Office 2-1-1 Kagahara, Tsuzuki-ku Yokohama-shi, Kanagawa, Japan

3. Use of Report: FCC Original Grant

4. Product Name / Model Name: Mobile Phone / CB70

FCC ID: JOYCB70

5. FCC Regulation(s): CFR 47 Part 2 subpart 2.1093

Test Method Used: IEEE 1528-2013, FCC SAR KDB Publications (Details in test report)

6. Date of Test: 2019.11.18 ~ 2019.11.21, 2021.06.21 ~ 2021.06.23

7. Location of Test: Permanent Testing Lab

☐ On Site Testing

8. Testing Environment: Refer to appended test report.

9. Test Result: Refer to attached test report.

The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated.

Affirmation

Tested by

Name: TaeHun Kim

Reviewed by

Name: HakMin Kim

Pages: 1/157

2021.06.29.

DT&C Co., Ltd.

This test report is a general report that does not use the KOLAS accreditation mark and is not related to KS Q ISO/IEC 17025 and KOLAS accreditation.

If this report is required to confirmation of authenticity, please contact to report@dtnc.net



Test Report Version

Test Report No.	Date	Description	Tested by	Reviewed by
DRRFCC2106-0055	Jun. 25, 2021	Initial issue	TaeHun Kim	HakMin Kim
DRRFCC2106-0055(1)	Jun. 29, 2021	Add WLAN & Bluetooth data	TaeHun Kim	HakMin Kim



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1. DESCRIPTION OF DEVICE

1.1 General Information

ECCLID	EUT type	Mobile Phone									
Equipment add No.											
Proceedings Procedure Pr		CB70									
Equipment strait no. Identical protetype		N/A									
FCC 8 IESD MRA		Identical prototype									
STARK STAR											
GSM 690, GSM 1900, WCDMA 800, LTE Banel 17, 2.4 GW WLAN (802 114500-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W17400-W1		111									
S. G.W.LAN (BOOZ 1169-W1700-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-W171200-	ISED#		DMA 950 LTE Bond 17 2.4.C.)	M I AN (902 11b/g/p UT20)							
Sand	Mode(s) of Operation										
GSM 1900											
WCDMA 859		GSM 850	GSM/GPRS	Voice/Data	-	824.2 ~ 848.8 MHz					
T.F. Frequency Range		GSM 1900			-						
TX Frequency Range TX Fre		WCDMA 850	WCDMA	Voice/Data	-	826.4 ~ 846.6 MHz					
TX Frequency Range		LTE Band 17	LTE	Voice/Data	5/10MHz	706.5 ~ 713.5 MHz					
TX Frequency Range		2.4 GHz W-LAN	802.11b/g/n	Voice/Data	HT20	2412 ~ 2462 MHz					
Section Sect											
S.3 GHz W-LAN 802.11alviac Voice/Data H120VH1720 5:500 - 5:300 MHz	TX Frequency Range	5.2 GHz W-LAN									
S. Scht W-LAN S02.11n/sc	. , ,										
### S02.11an Voice/Data Virt180 S200 MHz ### S02.11an Voice/Data HT20VHT20 S500 > 5700 MHz ### S02.11an Voice/Data HT20VHT20 S500 > 5700 MHz ### S02.11an Voice/Data HT20VHT40 S510 > 5670 MHz ### S02.11an Voice/Data VIRT180 S5500 MHz ### S02.11an Voice/Data VIRT180 S5500 MHz ### S03.11an Voice/Data VIRT180 S5500 MHz ### S03.11an Voice/Data -		F 2 CH- W LAN									
B0.21 fan/sec		5.3 GHZ W-LAN									
S. G. G. C.											
Bluetooth S02111ac Voice/Data V+TR00 S530 MHz		5 6 GHz W-I AN									
Bluebooth GSM 50 GSM 650 GSM 678 Voice/Data - 869.2 - 983.9 MHz		J.O GITZ W-LAIV		ł d							
GSM 850 GSM/GPRS Voice/Data - 880.2 - 980.8 MHz		Bluetooth	-		-						
GSM 1900 GSM/GPRS Voice/Data . 1930.2 - 1989.8 MHz Voice/Data . 871.4 - 891.6 MHz Voice/Data . 871.4 - 891.6 MHz Voice/Data . 170.2 Voice/Dat			GSM/GPRS		-						
NCDMA.850 NCDMA Voice/Data					_						
TE Band 17			•		-						
RX Frequency Range					5/10MHz						
RX Frequency Range											
S. 2 GHz W-LAN		2.4 OHZ W EM									
RX Frequency Range		5.2 GHz W-LAN									
S.3 GHz W-LAN 802.11n/ac Voice/Data HT40/VHT40 5270 - 5310 MHz	RX Frequency Range										
802.11ac Voice/Data VHT80 5.290 MHz		5.3 GHz W-LAN	802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT200	5260 ~ 5320 MHz					
Bolive B			802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5270 ~ 5310 MHz					
S.6 GHz W-LAN			802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5290 MHz					
Bluetooth Data											
Bluetooth Data - 2402 ~ 2480 MHz		5.6 GHz W-LAN		ł d							
Equipment Class			802.11ac		VHT80						
Equipment Class Band 1g SAR (W/kg) Hotspot Hotspot Phablet		Bluetooth	-		<u> </u>	2402 ~ 2480 MHz					
PCE	Equipment				eported SAR						
PCE GSM 850 0.53 0.65		Band									
PCE GPRS 850 0.59 0.77 0.77	505										
PCE GSM 1900 0.42 0.74						-					
PCE GPRS 1900 0.35 0.62 0.62 - PCE WCDMA 850 0.46 0.63 0.63 - PCE LTE Band 17 0.10 0.22 0.22 - DTS 2.4 GHz W-LAN 0.53 0.13 0.13 - U-NII-1 5.2 GHz W-LAN U-NII-2A 5.3 GHz W-LAN 0.39 0.30 0.30 - U-NII-2C 5.6 GHz W-LAN 0.66 0.45 0.45 - DSS Bluetooth 0.21 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.1 < 0.						-					
PCE WCDMA 850 0.46 0.63 0.63 - PCE LTE Band 17 0.10 0.22 0.22 - DTS 2.4 GHz W-LAN 0.53 0.13 0.13 - U-NII-1 5.2 GHz W-LAN U-NII-2A 5.3 GHz W-LAN 0.39 0.30 0.30 - U-NII-2C 5.6 GHz W-LAN 0.66 0.45 0.45 - DSS Bluetooth 0.21 < 0.1 < 0.1 < - Simultaneous SAR per KDB 690783 D01v01r03 1.36 1.27 1.27 - FCC Equipment Class Digital Transmitter Held to Ear (PCE) Part 15 Spread Spectrum Transmitter(DSS) Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (UNII) Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (UNII)						-					
PCE						-					
DTS		WCDMA 850	0.46	0.63	0.63	-					
U-NII-1 5.2 GHz W-LAN	PCE	LTE Band 17	0.10	0.22	0.22	-					
U-NII-2A	DTS	2.4 GHz W-LAN	0.53	0.13	0.13	-					
U-NII-2A	U-NII-1	5.2 GHz W-LAN	-	-	-	-					
U-NII-2C			0.39	0.30	0.30	-					
DSS Bluetooth 0.21 < 0.1 < 0.1 -	U-NII-2C					-					
Simultaneous SAR per KDB 690783 D01v01r03	DSS				<u> </u>	-					
FCC Equipment Class Licensed Portable Transmitter Held to Ear (PCE) Part 15 Spread Spectrum Transmitter(DSS) Digital Transmission System(DTS) Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (UNII) Date(s) of Tests 2019.11.18 ~ 2019.11.21, 2021.06.21 ~ 2021.06.23 Antenna Type Internal Antenna GSM/GPRS (GPRS Class: 12) supported. * DTM not supported. No simultaneous transmission between BT & 2.4GHz WLAN Simultaneous transmission between [GSM, WCDMA voice & WLAN], [GPRS, WCDMA & WLAN], [LTE & WLAN]. Functions VoIP is supported.						_					
FCC Equipment Class Part 15 Spread Spectrum Transmitter(DSS) Digital Transmission System(DTS) Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (UNII) Date(s) of Tests 2019.11.18 ~ 2019.11.21, 2021.06.21 ~ 2021.06.23 Antenna Type Internal Antenna GSM/GPRS (GPRS Class: 12) supported. * DTM not supported. No simultaneous transmission between BT & 2.4GHz WLAN Simultaneous transmission between [GSM, WCDMA voice & WLAN], [GPRS, WCDMA & WLAN], [LTE & WLAN]. Functions VolP is supported.	Ciliulancous	·		1.21	1.21						
Class Digital Transmission System(DTS) Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (UNII) Date(s) of Tests 2019.11.18 ~ 2019.11.21, 2021.06.21 ~ 2021.06.23 Antenna Type Internal Antenna GSM/GPRS (GPRS Class: 12) supported. * DTM not supported. No simultaneous transmission between BT & 2.4GHz WLAN Simultaneous transmission between [GSM, WCDMA voice & WLAN], [GPRS, WCDMA & WLAN], [LTE & WLAN]. Functions VolP is supported.	FCC Equipment										
Date(s) of Tests 2019.11.18 ~ 2019.11.21, 2021.06.21 ~ 2021.06.23 Antenna Type Internal Antenna GSM/GPRS (GPRS Class: 12) supported. * DTM not supported. No simultaneous transmission between BT & 2.4GHz WLAN Simultaneous transmission between [GSM, WCDMA voice & WLAN], [GPRS, WCDMA & WLAN], [LTE & WLAN]. Functions VoIP is supported.		Digital Transmission System(DTS)	` '								
Antenna Type Internal Antenna GSM/GPRS (GPRS Class: 12) supported. * DTM not supported. * DTM not supported. No simultaneous transmission between BT & 2.4GHz WLAN Simultaneous transmission between [GSM, WCDMA voice & WLAN], [GPRS, WCDMA & WLAN], [LTE & WLAN]. Functions VolP is supported.											
GSM/GPRS (GPRS Class: 12) supported. * DTM not supported. No simultaneous transmission between BT & 2.4GHz WLAN Simultaneous transmission between [GSM, WCDMA voice & WLAN], [GPRS, WCDMA & WLAN], [LTE & WLAN]. Functions VolP is supported.			21 ~ 2021.06.23								
* DTM not supported. No simultaneous transmission between BT & 2.4GHz WLAN Simultaneous transmission between [GSM, WCDMA voice & WLAN], [GPRS, WCDMA & WLAN], [LTE & WLAN]. Functions VolP is supported.	Antenna Type		12) supported								
No simultaneous transmission between BT & 2.4GHz WLAN Simultaneous transmission between [GSM, WCDMA voice & WLAN], [GPRS, WCDMA & WLAN], [LTE & WLAN]. Functions VolP is supported.		•	,								
 Simultaneous transmission between [GSM, WCDMA voice & WLAN], [GPRS, WCDMA & WLAN], [LTE & WLAN]. Functions VolP is supported. 		• •	on botwoon PT 9 2 4CL = \4" 44	l							
Functions • VoIP is supported.											
···			Detween [GSIVI, WCDIMA VOICE &	VVLANJ, [GPKS, WCDMA & WL	.ANJ, [LIE & WLAN].						
W-LAN 2.4GHz is supported Hotspot	Functions		411-4								
··· ·			•								
W-LAN 5 GHz is supported Hotspot.			•		147.1						
 The applicant requested SAR Test only for GSM 850, GSM 1900, WCDMA 850 and LTE Band 17 due to PAM change of CB70. 			•		•						
 At the request of the applicant, WLAN and Bluetooth SAR data (Report No: DRRFCC1911-0119) were reused. 		At the request of the application	ant, WLAN and Bluetooth SAR da	ata (Report No: DRRFCC1911-0	119) were reused.						

1.2 Power Reduction for SAR

There is no power reduction used for any band/mode implemented in this device for SAR purposes.

1.3 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications

The Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications are in section 9 of this test report.

1.4 DUT Antenna Locations

The overall dimensions of this device are $> 9 \times 5$ cm. A diagram showing the location of the device of the device antenna can be found in JOYDB05 Antenna Location. Since the diagonal dimension of this device is > 160 mm and < 200 mm. it is considered a "phablet".

Mada		Device Sides for SAR Testing								
Mode	Тор	Bottom	Front	Rear	Right	Left				
GSM/GPRS 850	Х	0	0	0	0	X				
GSM/GPRS 1900	X	0	0	0	X	0				
WCDMA 850	X	0	0	0	0	X				
LTE Band 17	X	0	0	0	0	X				
2.4G W-LAN	0	Х	0	0	0	X				
5G W-LAN	0	X	0	0	0	X				

Note 1: Particular DUT edges were not required to be evaluated for Hotspot SAR or Phablet SAR if the edges were greater than 2.5 cm from the transmitting antenna according to FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03. The antenna document shows the distances between the transmit antennas and the edges of the device.

Note 2: O - Test / X - Not test.

1.5 Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities

The Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities are in section 12 of this test report.

1.6 Miscellaneous SAR Test Considerations

(A) BT

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1g SAR exclusion threshold for distances < 50 mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{Max\ Power\ of\ Channel\ (mW)}{Test\ Separation\ Dist\ (mm)}*\sqrt{Frequency(GHz)} \leq 3.0$$

Based on the maximum conducted power of Bluetooth (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance, body-worn and hotspot **Bluetooth SAR were not required**; **[(15/10)*\sqrt{2.480}] = 2.4 (< 3.0)**. Per KDB Publication 447498 D01 v06, the maximum power of the channel was rounded to the nearest mW before calculation.

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, the 10g SAR exclusion threshold for distance < 50 mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{\textit{Max Power of Channel (mW)}}{\textit{Test Separation Dist (mm)}} * \sqrt{\textit{Frequency(GHz)}} \le 7.5$$

Based on the maximum conducted power of Bluetooth (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance, phablet **Bluetooth SAR was not required**; **[(15/5)*\sqrt{2.480}] = 4.8 (< 7.5)**. Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, the maximum power of the channel was rounded to the nearest mW before calculation.

(B) Licensed Transmitter(s)

GSM/GPRS DTM is not supported for US bands. Therefore, the GSM Voice modes in this report do not transmit simultaneously with GPRS Data.

LTE SAR for the higher modulations and lower bandwidths were not tested since the maximum average output power of all required channels and configurations was not more than 0.5 dB higher than the highest bandwidth and the reported LTE SAR for the highest bandwidth was less than 1.45 W/kg for all configurations according to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r04.

Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04 v01r03, this device is considered a "phablet" since the diagonal dimension is greater than 160 mm and less than 200 mm. Therefore, phablet SAR tests are required when wireless router mode does not apply or if wireless router 1g SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

1.7 Guidance Applied

- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01 (3G SAR Procedures)
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05v02r05 (SAR for LTE Devices)
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05Av01r02 (LTE Rel.10 KDB Inquiry Sheet)
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01(Hotspot Mode)
- FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 (802.11 Wi-Fi SAR)
- FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 (General RF Exposure Guidance)
- FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03 (Handset SAR)
- FCC KDB Publication 690783 D01v01r03 (SAR Listings on Grants)
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 (SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz)
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D02v01r02 (RF Exposure Reporting)
- October 2013 TCB Workshop Notes (GPRS testing criteria)
- April 2015 TCB Workshop Notes (Simultaneous transmission summation clarified)
- October 2016 TCB Workshop Notes (Bluetooth Duty Factor)
- April 2019 TCB Workshop Notes (Tissue Simulating Liquids)

1.8 Device Serial Numbers

Several samples with identical hardware were used to support SAR testing. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units. The serial numbers used for each test are indicated alongside the results in Section 11.

2. LTE INFORMATION

		LTE Information							
FCC ID		JOYCB70							
Form Factor			Mobile Phone						
Frequency Range of each LTE transmission Band	LTE Band 17 (706.5 ~ 713.5 M	ИHz)							
Channel Bandwidths	LTE Band 17 : 5 MHz, 10 MHz	LTE Band 17 : 5 MHz, 10 MHz							
Channel Number and Frequencies(MHz)	Low	Low-Mid	Mid	Mid-High	High				
LTE Band 17: 5 MHz	706.5(23755)	N/A	710.0(23790) ^{Note1}	N/A	713.5(23825)				
LTE Band 17: 10 MHz	709.0(23780)	N/A	710.0(23790) ^{Note1}	N/A	711.0(23800)				
UE Category			UE Cat 4						
Modulations Supported in UL			QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM						
LTE MPR Permanently implemented per 3GPP TS 36.101 section 6.2.3~6.2.5? (manufacturer attestation to be provided)		Yes							
A-MPR (Additional MPR) disabled for SAR Testing?		Yes							
LTE Carrier Aggregation		This device do	es not support both UL and DL carr	ier aggregation.					

Report No.: DRRFCC2106-0055(1)

Note(s)

1. LTE B17 can not contain three non-overlapping channels of 10 MHz/5 MHz bandwidth.

Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

3. INTROCUCTION

The FCC and Industry Canada have adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency (RF) radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 and Health Canada Safety Code 6 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices.

The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices. The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz. The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave is used for guidance in measuring SAR due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields," NCRP Report No. 86 NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, MD 20814. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ) It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Fig. 3.1)

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{\rho dv} \right)$$

Fig. 3.1 SAR Mathematical Equation

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

where:

 σ = conductivity of the tissue-simulating material (S/m)

ρ = mass density of the tissue-simulating material (kg/m³)

E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relations to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.

4. DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT

4.1 Measurement Procedure

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure compliant to FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 and IEEE 1528-2013:

- 1. The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head or body was measured at a distance no greater than 5.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the device-head and body interface and the horizontal grid resolution was determined per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 (See Table 4.1) and IEEE1528-2013.
- The point SAR measurement was taken at the maximum SAR region determined from Step 1 to enable the monitoring of SAR fluctuations/drifts during the 1g/10g cube evaluation. SAR at this fixed point was measured and used as a reference value.

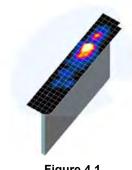


Figure 4.1 Sample SAR Area Scan

- 3. Based on the area scan data, the peak of the region with maximum SAR was determined by spline interpolation. Around this point, a volume was assessed according to the measurement resolution and volume size requirements of FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 (See Table 4.1) and IEEE 1528-2013. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure (see references or the DASY manual online for more details):
 - a. SAR values at the inner surface of the phantom are extrapolated from the measured values along the line away from the surface with spacing no greater than that in Table 4.1. The extrapolation was based on a least-squares algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in the z-axis (normal to the phantom shell).
 - b. After the maximum interpolated values were calculated between the points in the cube, the SAR was averaged over the spatial volume (1g or 10g) using a 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was then integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were obtained through interpolation, in order to calculate the averaged SAR.
 - c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
- 4. The SAR reference value, at the same location as step 2, was re-measured after the zoom scan was complete to calculate the SAR drift. If the drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.



			≤3 GHz	>3 GHz	
Maximum distance fro (geometric center of p		measurement point ors) to phantom surface	5 mm ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) mm ± 0.5 mm	
Maximum probe angle surface normal at the			30°±1° 20°±1°		
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm	
Maximum area scan s	patial reso	lution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension measurement plane orienta above, the measurement re corresponding x or y dimen at least one measurement p	tion, is smaller than the solution must be≤the usion of the test device with	
Maximum zoom scan	spatial res	olution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*	
	uniform	grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded grid $\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1st two points closest to phantom surface $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points		≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤2 mm	
			$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1) \text{ mm}$		
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

Table 4.1 Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04*

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



5. DEFINITION OF REFERENCE POINTS

5.1 Ear Reference Point

Figure 5.1 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM Twin Phantom. The point "M" is the reference point for the center of the mouth, "LE" is the left ear reference point (ERP), and "RE" is the right ERP. The ERPs are 15 mm posterior to the entrance to the Ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 5.1. The plane Passing, through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck- Front) is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the RE (or LE) is called the Reference Pivoting Line (see Figure 5.1). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning.

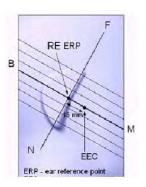


Figure 5.1 Close-up side view of ERP

5.2 Handset Reference Points

Two imaginary lines on the handset were established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device was placed in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point" (See Fig. 5.3). The "test device reference point" was than located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device was positioned so that the "vertical centerline" was bisecting the front surface of the handset at it's top and bottom edges, positioning the "ear reference point" on the outer surface of the both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point.



Figure 5.2 Front, back and side view SAM Twin Phantom

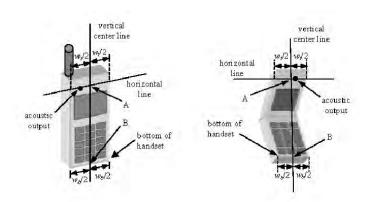


Figure 5.3 Handset Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points

6. TEST CONFIGURATION POSITIONS FOR HANDSETS

6.1 Device Holder

The device holder is made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\varepsilon = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$.

6.2 Positioning for Cheek/Touch

1. The test device was positioned with the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 6.1), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the phone is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.



Figure 6.1 Front, Side and Top View of Cheek/Touch Position

- 2. The handset was translated towards the phantom along the line passing through RE & LE until the handset touches the ear.
- 3. While maintaining the handset in this plane, the handset was rotated around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline was in the plane normal to MB-NF including the line MB (reference plane).
- 4. The phone was hen rotated around the vertical centerline until the phone (horizontal line) was symmetrical was respect to the line NF.
- 5. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, the handset was rotated about the line NF until any point on the handset made contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek). (See Figure 6.2)

6.3 Positioning for Ear / 15 ° Tilt

With the test device aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

- 1. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was retracted parallel to the reference plane far enough to enable a rotation of the phone by 15 degree.
- 2. The phone was then rotated around the horizontal line by 15 degree.
- 3. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was moved parallel to the reference plane until any part of the phone touches the head. (In this position, point A was located on the line RE-LE). The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact was at any location other than the pinna, the angle of the phone would then be reduced. The tilted position was obtained when any part of the phone was in contact of the ear as well as a second part of the phone was in contact with the head (see Figure 6.3).

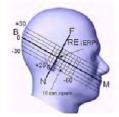










Figure 6.3 Front, Side and Top View of Ear/15° Position

6.4 Body-Worn Accessory Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 6.4). Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03, Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when



Figure 6.4 Sample Body-Worn Diagram

applicable. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented.

Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

6.5 Extremity Exposure Configurations

Devices that are designed or intended for use on extremities or mainly operated in extremity only exposure conditions; i.e., hands, wrists, feet and ankles, may require extremity SAR evaluation. When the device also operates in close proximity to the user's body, SAR compliance for the body is also required. The 1-g body and 10-g extremity SAR Exclusion Thresholds found in KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 should be applied to determine SAR test requirements.

Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, Cell phones (handsets) are not normally designed to be used on extremities or operated in extremity only exposure conditions. The maximum output power levels of handsets generally do not require extremity SAR testing to show compliance. Therefore, extremity SAR was not evaluated for this device.



6.6 Wireless Router Configurations

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user data through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L \times W \ge 9 cm \times 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front the front, rear and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5 cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. When the same wireless transmission configuration is used for testing body-worn accessory and hotspot mode SAR, respectively, in voice and data mode, SAR results for the most conservative test separation distance configuration may be used to support both SAR conditions.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitter often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was not activated during SAR assessment, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

6.7 Phablet Configurations

For smart phones with a display diagonal > 150 mm or an overall diagonal dimension > 160 mm that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, the phablets procedures outlined in KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03 should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance. A device marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance. In addition to the normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures required for handsets, the UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna ≤ 25mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with the phantom, for 10g SAR. The UMPC mini-tablet 1g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10g SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1g SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

7. RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

Uncontrolled Environment:

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Controlled Environment:

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

	HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS							
	General Public Exposure (W/kg) or (mW/g) Occupational Exp (W/kg) or (mW/g)							
SPATIAL PEAK SAR * (Brain)	1.60	8.00						
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR ** (Whole Body)	0.08	0.40						
SPATIAL PEAK SAR *** (Hands / Feet / Ankle / Wrist)	4.00	20.0						

- 1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
- 2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
- 3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e.as a result of employment or occupation).

8. FCC MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

Power measurements were performed using a base station simulator under digital average power.

8.1 Measured and Reported SAR

Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, When SAR is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance. For simultaneous transmission, the measured aggregate SAR must be scaled according to the sum of the differences between the maximum tune-up tolerance and actual power used to test each transmitter. When SAR is measured at or scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit, the results are referred to as reported SAR. The highest reported SAR results are identified on the grant of equipment authorization according to procedures in KDB 690783 D01v01r03.

8.2 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR

The following procedures are according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01.

The device was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a RF shielded chamber. Establishing connections in this manner ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. Devices under test were evaluated prior to testing, with a fully charged battery and were configured to operate at maximum output power. In order to verify that the device was tested throughout the SAR test at maximum output power, the SAR measurement system measures a "point SAR" at an arbitrary reference point at the start and end of the 1 gram SAR evaluation, to assess for any power drifts during the evaluation. If the power drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.

8.3 SAR Measurement Conditions for WCDMA (UMTS)

8.3.1 Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is measured on the High, Middle and Low channels for each applicable transmission band according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1s".

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to the general, descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121 (release 5), using the appropriate RMC with TPC,(transmit power control) set to all "1s" or applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HS-DPCCH etc) are tabulated in this test report. All configurations that are not supported by the DUT or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations are identified.

8.3.2 Head SAR Measurements for Handsets

SAR for head exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1s". SAR in AMR configurations is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel for 12.2 kbps AMR is less than 0.25 dB higher than that measured in12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in 12.2 AMR with a 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the exposure configuration that resulted in the highest SAR for that RF channel in the 12.2 kbps RMC mode.



8.3.3 Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with the TPC bits all "1s".

8.3.4 Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices

The following procedures are applicable to HSDPA data devices operating under 3GPP Release 5. SAR is required for devices in body-worn accessory and other body exposure conditions, including handsets and data modems operating in various electronic devices. HSDPA operates in conjunction with WCDMA and requires an active DPCCH. The default test configuration is to measure SAR in WCDMA with HSDPA remain inactive, to establish a radio link between the test device and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1. SAR for HSDPA is selectively measured using the highest reported SAR configuration in WCDMA, with an FRC in H-set 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC. SAR is selectively confirmed for other physical channel configurations (DPCCH & DPDCHn) according to exposure conditions, device operating capabilities and maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance by applying the 3G SAR test reduction procedures. Maximum output power is verified according to the applicable versions of 3GPP TS 34.121. SAR must be measured based on these maximum output conditions and requirements in KDB Publication 447498, with respect to the UE Categories, and explained in the SAR report. When Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) applies, the implementations must be clearly identified in the SAR report to support test results according to Cubic Metric (CM) and, as appropriate, Enhanced MPR (E-MPR) requirements.

Sub-test	βς	β_d	β _d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs} $^{(I)}$	CM (dB) ⁽²⁾
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	12/15 ⁽³⁾	24/15	1.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 *\beta_c$

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$.

Note 3: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Figure 8.1 Table 1

8.3.5 Release 6 HSUPA Data Devices

The following procedures are applicable to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA) data devices operating under 3GPP Release 6. SAR is required for devices in body-worn accessory and other body exposure conditions, including handsets and data modems operating in various electronic devices. HSUPA operates in conjunction with WCDMA and HSDPA. SAR is initially measured in WCDMA test configurations with HSPA remain inactive. The default test configuration is to establish a radio link between the test device and a communication test set to configure a 12.2 kbps RMC in Test Loop Mode 1. SAR for HSPA is selectively measured with HS-DPCCH, E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH, all enabled, along with a 12.2 kbps RMC using the highest reported SAR configuration in WCDMA with 12.2 kbps RMC only.

An FRC is configured according to HS-DPCCH Sub-test 1 using H-set 1 and QPSK. HSPA is configured according to E-DCH Sub-test 5 requirements. SAR for other HSPA sub-test configurations is confirmed selectively according to exposure conditions, E-DCH UE Category and maximum output power of production units, including tune-up tolerance by applying the 3G SAR test reduction procedure. Maximum output power is verified according to procedures in applicable versions of 3GPP TS 34.121. SAR must be measured based on these maximum output conditions and requirements in KDB Publication 447498, with respect to the UE Categories for HS-DPCCH and HSPA, and explained in the SAR report. When Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) applies, the implementations must be clearly identified in the SAR report to support test results according to Cubic Metric (CM) and, as appropriate, Enhanced MPR (E-MPR) requirements.



Sub- test	β_c	β_d	β _d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{hs}^{\ (1)}$	β _{ec}	β_{ed}	β _{ed} (SF)	β _{ed} (codes)	CM ⁽²⁾ (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG ⁽⁴⁾ Index	E- TFCI
1	11/15(3)	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	11/15 ⁽³⁾	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β _{edl} : 47/15 β _{ed2} : 47/15		2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	64	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} . Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{las} = \beta_{las}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{las} = 30/15 *\beta_c$. Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{las}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$. Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the

signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 14/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ed} cannot be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value

Figure 8.2 Table 2

8.4 SAR Measurement Conditions for LTE

LTE modes were tested according to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05 publication. Please see notes after the tabulated SAR data for required test configurations. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR. The call simulator was used for LTE output power measurement and SAR testing. Closed loop power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. SAR tests were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames (maximum TTI).

8.4.1 Spectrum Plots for RB Configurations

A properly configured base station simulator was used for SAR tests and power measurements. Therefore, spectrum plots for RB configurations were not required to be included in this report.

8.4.2 MPR

MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36. 101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.

8.4.3 A-MPR

A-MPR (Addition MPR) has been disable for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.

8.4.4 Required RB Size and RB Offsets for SAR Testing

According to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05:

- a. Per Section 5.2.1, SAR is required for QPSK 1 RB Allocation for the largest bandwidth
 - i. The required channel and offset combination with the highest maximum output power is required for SAR.
 - ii. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channel is not required. Otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels using the RB offset configuration with highest output power for that channel.
 - iii. When the reported SAR for a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all RB offset configurations for that channel.
- b. Per Section 5.2.2, SAR is required for 50% RB allocation using the largest bandwidth following the same procedures outlined in Section 5.2.1.
- Per Section 5.2.3, QPSK SAR is not required for the 100% allocation when the highest maximum output power for the 100% allocation is less than the highest maximum output power of the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations and the reported SAR for the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations is < 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- d. Per Section 5.2.4 and 5.3, SAR tests for higher order modulations and lower bandwidths configurations are not required when the conducted power of the required test configurations determined by Sections 5.2.1 through 5.2.3 is less than or equal to 0.5 dB higher than the equivalent configuration using QPSK modulation and when the QPSK SAR for those configurations is < 1.45 W/kg.

8.4.5 64QAM uplink

- (1) Per KDB 941225 D05 V02r05, we'll measure conducted powers per Section 5.1 for all uplink modulations (QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM) and include in the test report.
- (2) From these power measurements, we will apply the procedures in Section 5.2.4 ("Higher Order Modulations") to determine SAR test reduction for 16QAM and 64QAM test cases.

8.5 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters

The normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 b/g/n transmitters. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable. See KDB Publication 248227D01v02r02 for more details.

8.5.1 General Device Setup

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

A periodic duty factor is required for current generation SAR systems to measure SAR. When 802.11 frame gaps are accounted for in the in the transmission, a maximum transmission duty factor of 92-96% is typically achievable in most test mode configurations. A minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. The reported SAR is scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

8.5.2 U-NII and U-NII-2A

For devices that operate in only one of the U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, the normally required SAR procedures for OFDM configurations are applied. For devices that operate in both U-NII bands using the same transmitter and antenna(s), SAR test reduction is determined according to the following, with respect to the highest reported SAR and maximum output power specified for production units. The procedures are applied independently to each exposure configuration; for example, head, body, hotspot mode etc.

- 1) When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.
- 2) When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.

8.5.3 U-NII-2C and U-NII-3

The frequency range covered by U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 is 380 MHz (5.47 – 5.85 GHz), which requires a minimum of at least two SAR probe calibration frequency points to support SAR measurements.

When Terminal Doppler Weather Rader (TDWR) restriction applies, the channels at 5.60 – 5.65 GHz in U-NII-2C band must be disabled with acceptable mechanisms and documented in the equipment certification.

Unless band gap channels are permanently disabled, SAR must be considered for these channels. When band gap channels are disabled, each band is tested independently according to the normally required OFDM SAR measurements and probe calibration frequency points requirements.

8.5.4 Initial Test Position Procedure

For exposure conditions with multiple test positions, such as handset operating next to the ear, devices with hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet, procedures for initial test position can be applied. Using the transmission mode determined by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration, area scans are measured for all position in an exposure condition. The test position with the highest extrapolated (peak) SAR is used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test positions is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR position until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test position are measured.

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8.5.5 2.4 GHz SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- 1) When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- 2) When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

2.4 GHz 802.11 g/n OFDM are additionally evaluated for SAR if the highest reported SAR for 802.11b, adjusted by the ratio of the OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power is > 1.2 W/kg. When SAR is required for OFDM modes in 2.4 GHz band, the Initial Test Configuration Procedures should be followed.

8.5.6 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection

For the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, when the same maximum output power was specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate. When the maximum output power of a channel is the same for equivalent OFDM configurations; for example, 802.11a and 802.11n or 802.11g and 802.11n with the same channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate etc., the lower order 802.11 mode i.e., 802.11a, then 802.11n or 802.11g then 802.11n is used for SAR measurement. When the maximum output power ware the same for multiple test channels, either according to the default or additional power measurement requirements, SAR is measured using the channel closest to the middle of the frequency band or aggregated band. When there are multiple channels with the same maximum output power, SAR is measured using the higher number channel.

8.5.7 Initial Test Configuration Procedure

For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band, according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power specified for SAR measurements. When the same maximum output is specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration(s) with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, and lowest data rate. The channel of the transmission mode with the highest average RF output conducted power will be the initial test configuration.

When the reported SAR is \leq 0.8 W/kg, no additional measurements on other test channels are required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated using the subsequent highest average RF output channel until the reported SAR result is \leq 1.2 W/kg or all channels are measured.

8.5.8 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures

For OFDM configurations, in each frequency band and aggregated band, SAR is evaluated for initial test configuration using the fixed test position or the initial test position procedure, when applicable. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration, adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR testing for the subsequent test configurations is required.



9. RF CONDUCTED POWERS

This device operates using the following maximum and nominal output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.

9.1 GSM Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec and Conducted Powers

Band & Mode		Voice[dBm]	Burst Average GMSK [dBm]						
Band & Mi	oae	1 TX Slot	1 TX Slot 2 TX Slot		3 TX Slot	4 TX Slot			
GSM/GPRS	Maximum	33.90	33.90	30.90	29.10	27.90			
850	Nominal	32.50	32.50	29.50	27.70	26.50			
GSM/GPRS	Maximum	30.90	30.90	27.90	26.10	24.90			
1900	Nominal	29.50	29.50	26.50	24.70	23.50			

Table 9.1.1 GSM Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

			Maximum	n Burst-Averaged Output I	Power(dBm)		
Band	Channel	Voice	GPRS Data (GMSK)				
Ballu	Chamer	GSM CS 1 Slot	GPRS 1 TX Slot	GPRS 2 TX Slot	GPRS 3 TX Slot	GPRS 4 TX Slot	
	128	32.70	32.50	29.70	27.90	27.30	
GSM850	190	33.80	32.90	30.10	28.40	27.40	
	251	32.60	32.70	29.90	27.80	27.00	
	512	30.20	30.10	27.20	25.30	24.40	
PCS 1900	661	29.80	29.90	27.40	25.60	24.40	
	810	30.00	29.80	27.30	25.50	24.30	
			Calculated Max	imum Frame-Averaged O	utput Power(dBm)		
51		Voice		GPRS D	ata (GMSK)		
Band	Channel	GSM CS 1 Slot	GPRS 1 TX Slot	GPRS 2 TX Slot	GPRS 3 TX Slot	GPRS 4 TX Slot	
	128	23.67	23.47	23.68	23.64	24.29	
GSM850	190	24.77	23.87	24.08	24.14	24.39	
	251	23.57	23.67	23.88	23.54	23.99	
	512	21.17	21.07	21.18	21.04	21.39	
PCS 1900	661	20.77	20.87	21.38	21.34	21.39	
	810	20.97	20.77	21.28	21.24	21.29	
GSM850	Frame	23.47	23.47	23.48	23.44	23.49	
PCS 1900	Avg. Targets:	20.47	20.47	20.48	20.44	20.49	

Note:

- 1. Both burst-averaged and calculated frame-averaged powers are included. Frame-averaged power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.
- GPRS (GMSK) output powers were measured with coding scheme setting of 1 (CS1) on the base station simulator. CS1 was configured to measure GPRS output
 power measurements and SAR to ensure GMSK modulation in the signal. Our Investigation has shown that CS1 CS4 settings do not have any impact on the
 output levels or modulation in the GPRS modes.

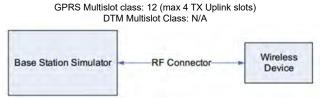


Figure 9.1 Power Measurement Setup



9.2 WCDMA Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec and Conducted Powers

3GPP Release Version			Mode	Cellular Band (dBm)	3GPP MPR (dB)
99	WCDMA	Voice	Maximum	24.2	
99	WCDIVIA	voice	Nominal	23.7	-
5		Subtest 1	Maximum	23.2	0
J	1	Subtest 1	Nominal	22.7	U
5	Ī	Subtest 2	Maximum	23.2	0
3	HSDPA	Subtest 2	Nominal	22.7	U
5	HODEA	Subtest 3	Maximum	22.7	0.5
J	1		Nominal	22.2	0.5
5	Ī	Subtest 4	Maximum	22.7	0.5
J			Nominal	22.2	0.5
6		Subtest 1	Maximum	23.2	0
U		Subtest 1	Nominal	22.7	U
0	ļ	0.1110	Maximum	21.2	0
6		Subtest 2	Nominal	20.7	2
_	HOURA		Maximum	22.2	4
6	HSUPA	Subtest 3	Nominal	21.7	1
6	Ī	Subtest 4	Maximum	21.2	2
6	1	Subtest 4	Nominal	20.7	Z
6	Ī	Cultivat 5	Maximum	23.2	0
6		Subtest 5	Nominal	22.7	0

Table 9.2.1 WCDMA Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

3GPP		3GPP 34.121		Cellular Band (dBm)		3GPP MPR
Release Version	Mode	Subtest	4132	4183	4233	(dB)
99	WODMA	12.2 kbps RMC	23.41	23.61	23.45	-
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps AMR	23.33	23.44	23.49	-
5		Subtest 1	22.44	22.52	22.44	0
5	HODDA	Subtest 2	22.49	22.50	22.44	0
5	HSDPA	Subtest 3	21.92	22.06	21.99	0.5
5		Subtest 4	21.82	22.04	21.98	0.5
6		Subtest 1	21.40	21.62	21.50	0
6		Subtest 2	20.48	20.58	20.58	2
6	HSUPA	Subtest 3	21.50	21.60	21.44	1
6		Subtest 4	20.50	20.16	20.11	2
6		Subtest 5	21.35	21.44	21.41	0

Table 9.2.2 WCDMA Conducted Power

WCDMA SAR was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01. HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg.

The manufacturer declares that the HSDPA and HSUPA transmitter's power will not exceed the R99 maximum transmit power in devices based on Qualcomm's HSPA chipset solutions.

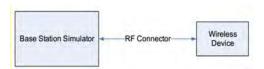


Figure 9.2 Power Measurement Setup

9.3 LTE Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec and Conducted Powers

Ba	Modulated Average[dBm]	
LTE Band 17	Maximum	24.2
LIE Band 17	Nominal	23.0

Table 9.3.1.1 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

1) LTE Band 17

LTE Band 17 Conducted Power- 10 MHz Bandwidth						
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Mid Channel 23790 (710.0 MHz) Conducted Power (dBm)	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)	
	1	0	22.92			
	1	25	22.81		0	
	1	49	22.75	-4		
QPSK	25	0	21.98	≤ 1	1	
	25	12	21.95			
	25	25	22.00			
	50	0	21.99		1	
	1	0	22.01	-4		
	1	25	21.98	≤ 1	1	
	1	49	21.95			
16QAM	25	0	20.98			
	25	12	20.96	≤ 2	2	
	25	25	20.99	<u> </u>		
	50	0	20.97		2	
	1	0	20.93			
	1	25	20.92	≤ 2	2	
	1	49	20.85			
64QAM	25	0	20.05			
ļ	25	12	20.01	≤ 3	3	
	25	25	20.04			
	50	0	20.01			

Table 9.3.1.2 LTE Conducted Power

Note: LTE B17 can not contain three non-overlapping channels of 10 MHz bandwidth.

Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

		LT	E Band 17 Conducted Power– 5 MHz Bandwidth		
			Mid Channel		
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	23790 (710.0 MHz)	MPR Allowed	MPR
			Conducted Power (dBm)	Per 3GPP(dB)	(dB)
	1	0	22.75		
	1	12	22.79		0
	1	24	22.73		
QPSK	12	0	21.83	≤ 1	1
	12	6	21.88		
	12	13	21.84		
	25	0	21.81		1
	1	0	21.86		
	1	12	21.95	≤ 1	1
	1	24	21.80		
16QAM	12	0	20.86	=	
	12	6	20.89	1.0	2
	12	13	20.83	≤ 2	
	25	0	20.85		2
	1	0	20.76		
	1	12	20.85	≤ 2	2
	1	24	20.83		
64QAM	12	0	19.95		
	12	6	19.93	≤ 3	3
	12	13	19.91		
	15	0	19.85		

Table 9.3.1.3 LTE Conducted Power

Note: LTE B17 can not contain three non-overlapping channels of 5 MHz bandwidth.

Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

9.4 WLAN Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec and Conducted Powers

Band (GHz)	Mode	Modulate	ed Average[dBm]
(GHz)	Wode	Maximum	Nominal
	802.11b	16.0	14.0
2.4	802.11g	13.0	11.0
	802 11n	13.0	11.0

Table 9.4.1 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

Mode	Freq.	Channel	IEEE 802.11 (2.4 GHz) Conducted Power
mode	(MHz)	Gilainici	[dBm]
	2412	1	15.88
802.11b	2437	6	15.73
	2462	11	15.75
	2412	1	12.66
802.11g	2437	6	12.71
	2462	11	12.77
802.11n	2412	1	12.96
(HT-20)	2437	6	12.77
(111-20)	2462	11	12.97

Table 9.4.2 IEEE 802.11 Average RF Power

Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02:

- Power measurements were performed for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
- For transmission modes with the same maximum output power specification, powers were measured for the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate.
- For transmission modes with identical maximum specified output power, channel bandwidth, modulation and data rates, power measurements were required for all identical configurations.
- For each transmission mode configuration, powers were measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there were at least 3 channels supported. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels were measured.
- Output Power and SAR is not required for 802.11 g/n HT20/ac VHT20 channels when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjust SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- The underlined data rate and channel above were tested for SAR.

The average output powers of this device were tested by below configuration.



Figure 9.4.1 Power Measurement Setup

Band	Mode	Modulated Average[dBm]		
(GHz)	Wiode	Maximum	Nominal	
	802.11a	13.0	11.0	
E (LINU)	802.11n/ac (20MHz)	13.0	11.0	
5 (UNII)	802.11n/ac (40MHz)	13.0	11.0	
	802.11ac (80MHz)	13.0	11.0	

Table 9.4.3 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

Mode	Freq.	Channel	IEEE 802.11a (5 GHz) Conducted Power
Mode	(MHz)	Chamilei	[dBm]
	5180	36	12.69
	5200	40	12.97
	5220	44	12.93
	5240	48	12.65
	5260	52	12.58
802.11a	5280	56	12.87
002.11a	5300	60	12.60
	5320	64	12.92
	5500	100	12.84
	5600	120	12.92
	5660	132	12.97
	5700	140	12.92

Table 9.4.4 IEEE 802.11a Average RF Power

Mode	Freq.	Channel	IEEE 802.11n HT20 (5 GHz) Conducted Power
Wode	(MHz)	Channel	[dBm]
	5180	36	12.64
	5200	40	12.82
	5220	44	12.80
	5240	48	12.73
	5260	52	12.98
802.11n	5280	56	12.79
(HT-20)	5300	60	12.71
	5320	64	12.78
	5500	100	12.72
	5600	120	12.92
	5660	132	12.74
	5700	140	12.69

Table 9.4.5 IEEE 802.11n HT20 Average RF Power



Mada	Freq.	Channel	IEEE 802.11ac VHT20 (5 GHz) Conducted Power
Mode	(MHz)	Channel	[dBm]
	5180	36	12.97
	5200	40	12.94
	5220	44	12.65
	5240	48	12.66
	5260	52	12.83
802.11ac	5280	56	12.81
(VHT-20)	5300	60	12.76
	5320	64	12.85
	5500	100	12.67
	5600	120	12.91
	5660	132	12.77
	5700	140	12.89

Table 9.4.6 IEEE 802.11ac VHT20 Average RF Power

Mode	Freq.	Channel	IEEE 802.11n HT40 (5 GHz) Conducted Power
Wode	(MHz)	Chamilei	[dBm]
	5190	38	12.62
	5230	46	12.52
000 44-	5270	54	12.57
802.11n (HT-40)	5310	62	12.58
(111-40)	5510	102	12.78
	5590	118	12.61
	5670	134	12.75

Table 9.4.7 IEEE 802.11n HT40 Average RF Power

Mode	Freq.	Channel	IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 (5 GHz) Conducted Power
Wode	(MHz)	Channel	[dBm]
	5190	38	12.75
	5230	46	12.90
802.11ac	5270	54	12.63
(VHT-40)	5310	62	12.60
(**************************************	5510	102	12.96
	5590	118	12.58
	5670	134	12.75

Table 9.4.8 IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 Average RF Power

Mode	Freq.	Channel	IEEE 802.11ac VHT80 (5 GHz) Conducted Power
Wode	(MHz)	Channel	[dBm]
	5210	42	12.85
802.11ac	5290	58	12.90
(VHT-80)	5530	106	12.58
(***** 55)	5610	122	12.83
	5690	138	12.81

Table 9.4.9 IEEE 802.11ac VHT80 Average RF Power

Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02:

- Power measurements were performed for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
- For transmission modes with the same maximum output power specification, powers were measured for the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate.
- For transmission modes with identical maximum specified output power, channel bandwidth, modulation and data rates, power measurements were required for all identical configurations.
- For each transmission mode configuration, powers were measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there were at least 3 channels supported. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels were measured.
- Output Power and SAR is not required for 802.11 g/n HT20/ac VHT20 channels when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjust SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- The underlined data rate and channel above were tested for SAR.

The average output powers of this device were tested by below configuration.

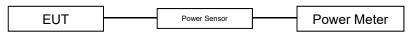


Figure 9.4.2 Power Measurement Setup



9.5 Bluetooth Conducted Powers

	Frame Modulated Average[dBm]	
Bluetooth	Maximum	11.80
1 Mbps	Nominal	10.80
Bluetooth	Maximum	8.50
2 Mbps	Nominal	7.50
Bluetooth	Maximum	8.50
3 Mbps	Nominal	7.50
Bluetooth	Maximum	6.80
(LE)	Nominal	5.80

Table 9.5.1 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec (Frame)

Channel	Frequency	Frame AVG Output Power (1Mbps))	Frame AVG Output Power (2Mbps)	Frame AVG Output Power (3Mbps)
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)
Low	2402	8.27	5.46	6.12
Mid	2441	9.38	6.73	7.84
High	2480	9.55	5.99	7.53

Table 9.5.2 Bluetooth Burst and Frame Average RF Power

Channel	Frequency	Frame AVG Output Power(LE)
Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)
Low	2402	2.31
Mid	2440	3.74
High	2480	3.09

Table 9.5.3 Bluetooth LE Burst and Frame Average RF Power

Bluetooth Conducted Powers procedures

- 1. Bluetooth (BDR, EDR)
 - 1) Enter DUT mode in EUT and operate it.

When it operating, The EUT is transmitting at maximum power level and duty cycle fixed.

- 2) Instruments and EUT were connected like Figure 9.5.1(A).
- 3) The maximum output powers of BDR(1 Mbps), EDR(2, 3 Mbps) and each frequency were set by a Bluetooth Tester.
- 4) Power levels were measured by a Power Meter.

2. Bluetooth (LE)

- 1) Enter LE mode in EUT and operate it.
 - When it operating, The EUT is transmitting at maximum power level and duty cycle fixed.
- 2) Instruments and EUT were connected like Figure 9.5.1(B).
- 3) The average conducted output powers of LE and each frequency can measurement according to setting program in EUT.
- 4) Power levels were measured by a Power Meter.

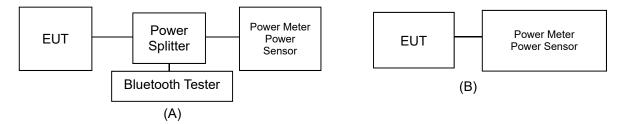


Figure 9.5.1 Average Power Measurement Setup



10. SYSTEM VERIFICATION

10.1 Tissue Verification

	MEASURED TISSUE PARAMETERS													
Date(s) Tissue Type		Ambient Temp.[°C]	Liquid Temp.[°C]	Measured Frequency [MHz]	Target Dielectric Constant, εr	Target Conductivity, σ (S/m)	Measured Dielectric Constant, ɛr	Measured Conductivity, σ (S/m)	Er Deviation [%]	σ Deviation [%]				
	750			710.0	42.113	0.887	41.775	0.874	-0.80	-1.47				
Jun. 23. 2021	Head	20.8	21.3	750.0	41.900	0.890	41.489	0.911	-0.98	2.36				
				824.2	41.552	0.899	41.888	0.898	0.81	-0.11				
				826.4	41.542	0.899	41.862	0.901	0.77	0.22				
	835			835.0	41.500	0.900	41.785	0.909	0.69	1.00				
Jun. 21. 2021	Head	21.0	21.2	836.6	41.500	0.901	41.764	0.910	0.64	1.00				
				846.6	41.500	0.912	41.675	0.919	0.42	0.77				
				848.8	41.500	0.914	41.646	0.921	0.35	0.77				
				1850.2	40.000	1.400	38.832	1.393	-2.92	-0.50				
l 00 0004	1900	04.0	04.0	1880.0	40.000	1.400	38.761	1.417	-3.10	1.21				
Jun. 22. 2021	Head	21.2	21.6	1900.0	40.000	1.400	38.681	1.434	-3.30	2.43				
				1909.8	40.000	1.400	38.648	1.444	-3.38	3.14				
				2402.0	39.282	1.757	40.068	1.762	2.00	0.28				
				2412.0	39.265	1.766	40.035	1.773	1.96	0.40				
				2437.0	39.222	1.788	39.954	1.802	1.87	0.78				
	2450			2441.0	39.215	1.792	39.940	1.807	1.85	0.84				
Nov. 18. 2019	Head	22.4	22.5	2450.0	39.200	1.800	39.914	1.817	1.82	0.94				
				2462.0	39.184	1.813	39.881	1.831	1.78	0.99				
				2472.0	39.171	1.823	39.885	1.841	1.82	0.99				
		20.8		2480.0	39.160	1.832	39.827	1.851	1.70	1.04				
				5260.0	35.940	4.720	36.420	4.636	1.34	-1.78				
				5270.0	35.930	4.730	36.401	4.648	1.31	-1.73				
				5280.0	35.920	4.740	36.386	4.658	1.30	-1.73				
Nov. 20. 2019	5300		20.5	5290.0	35.910	4.750	36.368	4.668	1.28	-1.73				
	Head			5300.0	35.900	4.760	36.344	4.682	1.24	-1.64				
				5310.0	35.890	4.770	36.331	4.700	1.23	-1.47				
				5320.0	35.880	4.780	36.328	4.714	1.25	-1.38				
				5500.0	35.650	4.965	36.968	5.043	3.70	1.57				
				5510.0	35.635	4.976	36.929	5.053	3.63	1.55				
				5530.0	35.605	4.997	36.866	5.090	3.54	1.86				
				5550.0	35.575	5.018	36.864	5.117	3.62	1.97				
				5580.0	35.530	5.049	36.847	5.148	3.71	1.96				
Nov. 21. 2019	5600	21.5	21.4	5590.0	35.515	5.060	36.843	5.158	3.74	1.94				
	Head			5600.0	35.500	5.070	36.827	5.163	3.74	1.83				
				5610.0	35.490	5.080	36.809	5.171	3.72	1.79				
				5660.0 5670.0	35.440 35.430	5.130 5.140	36.667 36.659	5.241 5.253	3.46 3.47	2.16 2.20				
				5670.0	35.430 35.410	5.140	36.655	5.253	3.47	2.20				
				5700.0	35.410	5.170	36.656	5.290	3.55	2.33				
		1	1	3700.0	00.700	0.170	30.000	0.200	0.00	2.02				

The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software. The DASY software was used to perform interpolation to determine the dielectric parameters at the SAR test device frequencies (per KDB 865664 and IEEE 1528-2013 6.6.1.2). The tissue parameters listed in the SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above due to significant digit rounding in the software.

Measurement Procedure for Tissue verification:

- The network analyzer and probe system was configured and calibrated. The probe was immersed in the sample which was placed in a nonmetallic container. Trapped air bubbles beneath the flange were minimized by placing the probe at a slight
- The complex admittance with respect to the probe aperture was measured
 The complex relative permittivity, for example from the below equation (Pournaropoulos and

Misray:
$$Y = \frac{j2\omega\varepsilon_{r}\varepsilon_{0}}{\left[\ln(b/a)\right]^{2}} \int_{a}^{b} \int_{a}^{b} \int_{0}^{\pi} \cos\phi' \frac{\exp\left[-j\omega r(\mu_{0}\varepsilon'_{r}\varepsilon_{0})^{1/2}\right]}{r} d\phi' d\rho' d\rho$$

where Y is the admittance of the probe in contact with the sample, the primed and unprimed coordinates refer to source and observation points, respectively, $r^2 = \rho^2 + \rho'^2 - 2\rho\rho'\cos\phi'$, ω is the angular frequency, and $j = \sqrt{-1}$



10.2 Test System Verification

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the ± 10 % of the specifications at using the SAR Dipole kit(s). (Graphic Plots Attached)

Table 10.2.1 System Verification Results (1g)

	SYSTEM DIPOLE VERIFICATION TARGET & MEASURED														
SAR System #	Freq. [MHz]	SAR Dipole kits	Date(s)	Tissue Type	Ambient Temp. [°C]	Liquid Temp. [°C]	Probe S/N	Input Power (mW)	1 W Target SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 W Normalized SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Deviation [%]			
Α	750	D750V3, SN:1049	Jun. 23. 2021	Head	20.8	21.3	3866	250	8.39	2.18	8.72	3.93			
Α	835	D835V2, SN:4d138	Jun. 21. 2021	Head	21.0	21.2	3866	250	9.75	2.38	9.52	-2.36			
В	1900	D1900V2, SN:5d158	Jun. 22. 2021	Head	21.2	21.6	3327	100	41.0	4.09	40.90	-0.24			
В	2450	D2450V2, SN: 726	Nov. 18. 2019	Head	22.4	22.5	7368	100	51.2	5.17	51.70	0.98			
В	5300	D5GHzV2, SN:1103	Nov. 20. 2019	Head	20.8	20.5	7368	100	82.4	8.01	80.10	-2.79			
В	5600	D5GHzV2, SN:1103	Nov. 21. 2019	Head	21.5	21.4	7368	100	84.0	8.45	84.50	0.60			

- Note(s):

 1. System Verification was measured with input 250 mW, 100 mW and normalized to 1W.

 2. Full system validation status and results can be found in Attachment D.

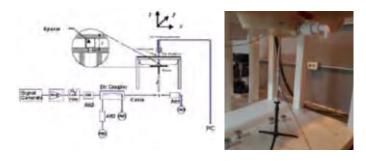


Figure 10.1 Dipole Verification Test Setup Diagram & Photo



11. SAR TEST RESULTS

11.1 Head SAR Results

Table 11.1.1 GSM/GPRS 850 Head SAR

Report No.: DRRFCC2106-0055(1)

FREQUE	NCY			Maximum	Conducted	Drift		Device			100		1g	
MHz	Ch	Mode/ Band	Service	Allowed Power [dBm]	Power [dBm]	Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Serial Number	# of Time Slots	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
836.6	190	GSM850	GSM	33.90	33.80	0.090	Left Touch	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.432	1.023	0.442	
836.6	190	GSM850	GSM	33.90	33.80	0.040	Right Touch	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.518	1.023	0.530	A1
836.6	190	GSM850	GSM	33.90	33.80	-0.130	Left Tilt	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.269	1.023	0.275	
836.6	190	GSM850	GSM	33.90	33.80	0.010	Right Tilt	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.329	1.023	0.337	
836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	27.90	27.40	0.080	Left Touch	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.439	1.122	0.493	
836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	27.90	27.40	-0.170	Right Touch	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.528	1.122	0.592	A2
836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	27.90	27.40	0.050	Left Tilt	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.252	1.122	0.283	
836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	27.90	27.40	-0.030	Right Tilt	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.306	1.122	0.343	
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure										Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g eraged over 1 gr			

Table 11.1.2 PCS/GPRS 1900 Head SAR

						MEAS	SUREMENT RESULTS							
FREQUE	FREQUENCY			Maximum	Conducted	Drift		Device			1g		1g	
MHz	Ch	Mode/ Band	Service	Allowed Power [dBm]	Power [dBm]	Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Serial Number	# of Time Slots	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
1880.0	661	PCS1900	PCS	30.90	29.80	0.070	Left Touch	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.323	1.288	0.416	A3
1880.0	661	PCS1900	PCS	30.90	29.80	0.010	Right Touch	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.210	1.288	0.270	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	PCS	30.90	29.80	0.180	Left Tilt	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.200	1.288	0.258	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	PCS	30.90	29.80	0.070	Right Tilt	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.110	1.288	0.142	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	24.90	24.40	0.120	Left Touch	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.310	1.122	0.348	A4
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	24.90	24.40	0.120	Right Touch	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.203	1.122	0.228	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	24.90	24.40	-0.040	Left Tilt	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.191	1.122	0.214	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	24.90	24.40	0.090	Right Tilt	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.100	1.122	0.112	
	ANSI / IEEÉ C95.1-1992- SAFÉTY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Head 1.6 W/Wj) averaced over 1 gram					

Table 11.1.3 WCDMA 850 Head SAR

MHz Ch Band Service Power Power Power Power Serial Cycle SAR Factor	
Mode/ Service Allowed Power Power Pantom Serial Utry SAR Scaing S MHz Ch Band Service Power (dBm) (dBm	1g
[dBm]	Scaled Plots SAR # (W/kg)
836.6 4183 WCDMA 850 RMC 24.20 23.61 0.180 Left Touch FCC #1 1:1 0.357 1.146 (0.409
836.6 4183 WCDMA 850 RMC 24.20 23.61 0.110 Right Touch FCC #1 1:1 0.397 1.146 (0.455 A5
836.6 4183 WCDMA 850 RMC 24.20 23.61 0.150 Left Tilt FCC #1 1:1 0.189 1.146 (0.217
836.6 4183 WCDMA 850 RMC 24.20 23.61 0.140 Right Tilt FCC #1 1:1 0.200 1.146 (0.229
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure 4 Vergaged over 1 gram	-

Table 11.1.4 LTE Band 17 Head SAR

							N	RESULTS									
FREC	QUENCY			Max	Cond.				Device					1a		1g	
MHz	Ch	Mode/ Band	BW [MHz]	Allowed Power [dBm]	PWR [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	MPR	Position	Serial Number	Mod.	RB Size	RB Offs.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
710.0	23790	LTE B17	10	24.20	22.92	0.170	0	Left Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	0.071	1.343	0.095	
710.0	23790	LTE B17	10	23.20	22.00	0.090	1	Left Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	25	25	1:1	0.059	1.318	0.078	
710.0	23790	LTE B17	10	24.20	22.92	-0.010	0	Right Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	0.076	1.343	0.102	A6
710.0	23790	LTE B17	10	23.20	22.00	0.100	1	Right Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	25	25	1:1	0.061	1.318	0.080	T
710.0	23790	LTE B17	10	24.20	22.92	-0.180	0	Left Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	0.032	1.343	0.043	
710.0	23790	LTE B17	10	23.20	22.00	0.010	1	Left Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	25	25	1:1	0.029	1.318	0.038	T I
710.0	23790	LTE B17	10	24.20	22.92	-0.070	0	Right Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	0.052	1.343	0.070	T
710.0	23790	LTE B17	10	23.20	22.00	0.100	1	Right Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	25	25	1:1	0.040	1.318	0.053	
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Upcontrolled Funceura (Population Experts)								Head 1.6 W/kg (m/w/g)								

Table 11.1.5 DTS Head SAR

						MEASURI	EMENT RESULTS								
FREQUI	ENCY		Maximum	Conducted			Device		Data		1g		Scaling	1g	
MHz	Ch	Mode (Antenna)	Allowed Power [dBm]	Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Factor (Duty Cycle)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
2412.0	1	802.11b	16.00	15.88	0.110	Left Touch	FCC #2	0.514	1	96.1	0.494	1.028	1.041	0.528	A13
2412.0	1	802.11b	16.00	15.88	0.090	Right Touch	FCC #2	0.224	1	96.1	0.204	1.028	1.041	0.218	
2412.0	1	802.11b	16.00	15.88	-0.050	Left Tilt	FCC #2	0.423	1	96.1	0.426	1.028	1.041	0.456	
2412.0	1	802.11b	16.00	15.88	0.110	Right Tilt	FCC #2	0.211	1	96.1	0.195	1.028	1.041	0.209	
		ANS	SI / IEEE C95.1-1 Spatia	992- SAFETY L Il Peak	.IMIT							lead kg (mW/g)			
		Uncontroll	ed Exposure/Ge		n Exposure							over 1 gram			

						Adjusted SAR result	s for OFDM SAR					
FREQUE	NCY			Maximum	1g				Maximum	Ratio of	1g	
MHz	Ch	Mode/ Antenna	Service	Allowed Power [dBm]	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	FREQUENCY [MHz]	Mode	Service	Allowed Power [dBm	OFDM to DSSS	Adjusted SAR (W/kg)	Determine OFDM SAR
2412.0	1	802.11b	DSSS	16.0	0.528	2462.0	802.11g	OFDM	13.0	0.501	0.265	X
2412.0	1	802.11b	DSSS	16.0	0.528	2462.0	802.11n	OFDM	13.0	0.501	0.265	X
	Unc	ANSI / IEEE C95.1-19 Spatial controlled Exposure/Gen	Peak		-			-	Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g averaged over 1 g		-	-

Note: SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is < 1.2 W/kg.

Table 11.1.6 UNII Head SAR

						MEASURI	MENT RESULTS								
MHz	NCY Ch	Mode (Antenna)	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
5290.0	58	802.11ac	13.00	12.90	-0.140	Left Touch	FCC #2	0.346	MCS0	89.9	0.346	1.023	1.112	0.394	A14
5290.0	58	802.11ac	13.00	12.90	0.080	Right Touch	FCC #2	0.170	MCS0	89.9	0.175	1.023	1.112	0.199	
5290.0	58	802.11ac	13.00	12.90	0.000	Left Tilt	FCC #2	0.287	MCS0	89.9	0.288	1.023	1.112	0.328	
5290.0	58	802.11ac	13.00	12.90	0.140	Right Tilt	FCC #2	0.096	MCS0	89.9	0.089	1.023	1.112	0.101	
_				C95.1-1992- SAFETY L Spatial Peak		<u>-</u>	-		-		1.6 W/k	ead g (mW/g)		<u> </u>	

					Adjusted SA	R results for UNII-1 a	nd UNII-2A SAR					
FREQUE	NCY			Maximum	1g				Maximum		1g	SAR for the band with
MHz	Ch	Mode/ Antenna	Service	Allowed Power [dBm]	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	FREQUENCY [MHz]	Mode	Service	Allowed Power [dBm	Adjusted Factor	Adjusted SAR (W/kg)	lower maximum output power
5290.0	58	802.11ac	OFDM	13.0	0.394	5210	802.11ac	OFDM	13.0	1.000	0.394	X
	į	ANSI / IEEE C95.1- Spati Jncontrolled Exposure/G	ial Peak		_			_	Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g averaged over 1 g		_	

Note: U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A Bands: When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration.

Table 11.1.7 UNII Head SAR

						MEASURE	MENT RESULTS								
MHz	Ch	Mode (Antenna)	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
5610.0	122	802.11ac	13.00	12.83	0.180	Left Touch	FCC #2	0.636	MCS0	89.9	0.570	1.040	1.112	0.659	A15
5610.0	122	802.11ac	13.00	12.83	0.150	Right Touch	FCC #2	0.301	MCS0	89.9	0.307	1.040	1.112	0.355	
5610.0	122	802.11ac	13.00	12.83	0.050	Left Tilt	FCC #2	0.558	MCS0	89.9	0.494	1.040	1.112	0.571	
5610.0	122	802.11ac	13.00	12.83	0.030	Right Tilt	FCC #2	0.299	MCS0	89.9	0.301	1.040	1.112	0.348	
				C95.1-1992– SAFETY L Spatial Peak osure/General Populatio							1.6 W/kg	ead g (mW/g) over 1 gram			

Table 11.1.8 Bluetooth Head SAR

						MEASUR	EMENT RESULT	S						
FREQUE	NCY		Maximum	Conducted	Drift		Device		Duty	1g	<u>.</u>	Scaling	1g	
MHz	Ch	Mode	Allowed Power [dBm]	Power [dBm]	Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Serial Number	Rate [Mbps]	Cycle (%)	SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Factor (Duty Cycle)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
2441.0	39	Bluetooth	11.80	9.38	0.030	Left Touch	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.091	1.746	1.302	0.207	A16
2441.0	39	Bluetooth	11.80	9.38	0.190	Right Touch	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.035	1.746	1.302	0.080	
2441.0	39	Bluetooth	11.80	9.38	0.020	Left Tilt	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.069	1.746	1.302	0.157	
2441.0	39	Bluetooth	11.80	9.38	0.140	Right Tilt	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.032	1.746	1.302	0.073	
				C95.1-1992- SAFETY LII Spatial Peak sure/General Population		-					Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) eraged over 1 gram	- 	-	_



11.2 Standalone Body-Worn SAR Worn SAR Results

Table 11.2.1 GSM/PCS/GPRS/WCDMA Body-Worn SAR

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						MEASUREM	ENT RESULTS							
FREQU MHz	Ch	Mode/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Spacing [Side]	Device Serial Number	# of Time Slots	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
836.6	190	GSM850	GSM	33.90	33.80	-0.050	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.485	1.023	0.496	
836.6	190	GSM850	GSM	33.90	33.80	0.020	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.635	1.023	0.650	A7
836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	27.90	27.40	-0.030	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.497	1.122	0.558	
836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	27.90	27.40	0.000	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.689	1.122	0.773	A8
1880.0	661	PCS1900	PCS	30.90	29.80	-0.030	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.577	1.288	0.743	A9
1880.0	661	PCS1900	PCS	30.90	29.80	-0.100	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.521	1.288	0.671	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	24.90	24.40	-0.020	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.552	1.122	0.619	A10
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	24.90	24.40	-0.100	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.499	1.122	0.560	
836.6	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	24.20	23.61	0.010	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.392	1.146	0.449	
836.6	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	24.20	23.61	0.030	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.553	1.146	0.634	A11
			Spa	1-1992– SAFETY LIN htial Peak General Population		-	-				Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) eraged over 1 gra	ım	-	_

Table 11.2.2 LTE B17 Body-Worn SAR

							N	MEASUREMENT	RESULTS								
FREC	UENCY			Max	Cond.	Drift			Device					1g		1g	
MHz	Ch	Mode/ Band	BW [MHz]	Allowed Power [dBm]	PWR [dBm]	Power [dB]	MPR	Position	Serial Number	Mod.	RB Size	RB Offs.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
710.0	23790	LTE B17	10	24.20	22.92	-0.010	0	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	0.114	1.343	0.153	
710.0	23790	LTE B17	10	23.20	22.00	-0.010	1	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	25	25	1:1	0.102	1.318	0.134	
710.0	23790	LTE B17	10	24.20	22.92	0.010	0	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	0.162	1.343	0.218	A12
710.0	23790	LTE B17	10	23.20	22.00	0.010	1	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	25	25	1:1	0.132	1.318	0.174	
		Uncor		C95.1-1992- S Spatial Peak osure/General I		osure	<u>-</u>	-		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-	Body 1.6 W/kg (r averaged ove	nW/g)	-	=	3

Table 11.2.3 DTS Body-Worn SAR

						MEASURE	MENT RESULT	S							
FREQUE	Ch	Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
2412.0	1	802.11b	16.00	15.88	0.060	10 mm [Front]	FCC #2	0.108	1	96.1	0.101	1.028	1.041	0.108	
2412.0	1	802.11b	16.00	15.88	0.030	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	0.137	1	96.1	0.125	1.028	1.041	0.134	A17
				C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIN Spatial Peak		-					Bod 1.6 W/kg (mW/g)			

						Adjusted SAR result	s for OFDM SAR					
FREQUE	NCY			Maximum	1g				Maximum	Ratio of	1g	
MHz	Ch	Mode/ Antenna	Service	Allowed Power [dBm]	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	FREQUENCY [MHz]	Mode	Service	Allowed Power [dBm	OFDM to DSSS	Adjusted SAR (W/kg)	Determine OFDM SAR
2412.0	1	802.11b	DSSS	16.0	0.134	2462.0	802.11g	OFDM	13.0	0.501	0.067	X
2412.0	1	802.11b	DSSS	16.0	0.134	2462.0	802.11n	OFDM	13.0	0.501	0.067	X
	Unc	ANSI / IEEE C95.1-19 Spatial controlled Exposure/Gen	Peak		-		-		Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g averaged over 1 g		-	

Note: SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is \$ 1.2 W/kg.

Table 11.2.4 UNII Body-Worn SAR

						MEASURE	MENT RESULTS								
FREQUE	NCY		Maximum	Conducted	Drift		Device	Peak SAR	Data		1g		Scaling	1g	
MHz	Ch	Mode	Allowed Power [dBm]	Power [dBm]	Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Serial Number	of Area Scan	Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Factor (Duty Cycle)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
5290.0	58	802.11ac	13.00	12.90	-0.140	10 mm [Front]	FCC #2	0.047	MCS0	89.9	0.036	1.023	1.112	0.041	
5290.0	58	802.11ac	13.00	12.90	0.190	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	0.269	MCS0	89.9	0.264	1.023	1.112	0.300	A18
				C95.1-2005– SAFETY L Spatial Peak osure/General Populatio							1.6 W/k	ody g (mW/g) over 1 gram			

					Adjusted SA	R results for UNII-1 a	nd UNII-2A SAR					
FREQUE	NCY			Maximum	1g	EDECHENOY			Maximum	Adhartad	1g	SAR for the band with
MHz	Ch	Mode/ Antenna	Service	Allowed Power [dBm]	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	FREQUENCY [MHz]	Mode	Service	Allowed Power [dBm	Adjusted Factor	Adjusted SAR (W/kg)	lower maximum output power
5290.0	58	802.11ac	OFDM	13.0	0.300	5210	802.11ac	OFDM	13.0	1.000	0.300	X
	U	ANSI / IEEE C95.1- Spati Incontrolled Exposure/G	al Peak						Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g averaged over 1 gr		-	

Note: U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A Bands: When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration

Table 11.2.5 UNII Body-Worn SAR

						MEASURE	MENT RESULTS								
FREQUE	NCY		Maximum	Conducted	Drift		Device	Peak SAR	Data		1g		Scaling	1g	
MHz	Ch	Mode	Allowed Power [dBm]	Power [dBm]	Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Serial Number	of Area Scan	Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Factor (Duty Cycle)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
5610.0	122	802.11ac	13.00	10 mm [Front]	FCC #2	0.126	MCS0	89.9	0.118	1.040	1.112	0.137			
5610.0	122	802.11ac	13.00	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	0.369	MCS0	89.9	0.391	1.040	1.112	0.452	A19		
	122 802.11ac 13.00 12.83 -0.080 10 mm [Rear] FCC #2										1.6 W/k	ody g (mW/g) over 1 gram	-		

Table 11.2.6 Bluetooth Body-Worn SAR

						MEASURE	MENT RESULT	S						
FREQUE	NCY		Maximum	Conducted	Drift		Device		Duty	1g		Scaling	1g	
MHz	Ch	Mode	Allowed Power [dBm]	Power [dBm]	Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Serial Number	Rate [Mbps]	Cycle (%)	SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Factor (Duty Cycle)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
2441.0	39	Bluetooth	11.80	9.38	10 mm [Front]	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.011	1.746	1.302	0.025		
								1	76.8	0.018	1.746	1.302	0.041	A20
	2441.0 39 Bluetooth 11.80 9.38 0.000 10 mm [Rear] FCC #2 ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure										Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) eraged over 1 gram			



11.3 Standalone Hotspot SAR Results

Table 11.3.1 GPRS/WCDMA Hotspot SAR

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						MEASUREN	IENT RESULTS							
MHz	Ch	Mode/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Spacing [Side]	Device Serial Number	# of Time Slots	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	27.90	27.40	0.020	10 mm [Bottom]	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.402	1.122	0.451	
836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	27.90	27.40	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.497	1.122	0.558		
836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	27.90	27.40	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.689	1.122	0.773	A8	
836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	27.90	27.40	-0.040	10 mm [Right]	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.398	1.122	0.447	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	24.90	24.40	-0.090	10 mm [Bottom]	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.126	1.122	0.141	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	24.90	24.40	-0.020	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.552	1.122	0.619	A10
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	24.90	24.40	-0.100	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.499	1.122	0.560	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	24.90	24.40	-0.050	10 mm [Left]	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.402	1.122	0.451	
836.6	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	24.20	23.61	-0.020	10 mm [Bottom]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.275	1.146	0.315	
836.6	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	24.20	23.61	0.010	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.392	1.146	0.449	
836.6	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	24.20	23.61	0.030	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.553	1.146	0.634	A11
836.6	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	24.20	10 mm [Right]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.318	1.146	0.364			
	<u>-</u>		Spa	1-1992– SAFETY LIN itial Peak General Population					Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) eraged over 1 gra	ım		-		

Table 11.3.2 LTE B17 Hotspot SAR

							N	MEASUREMENT	RESULTS								
FREQUI	ENCY		BW	Max Allowed	Cond.	Drift Power			Device					1a		1g	
MHz	Ch	Mode/ Band	Position	Serial Number	Mod.	RB Size	RB Offs.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #					
707.5	23095	LTE B12	10	24.20	22.92	-0.130	0	10 mm [Bottom]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	0.030	1.343	0.040	
707.5	23095	LTE B12	10	23.20	22.00	-0.030	1	10 mm [Bottom]	FCC #1	QPSK	25	25	1:1	0.026	1.318	0.034	
710.0	23790	LTE B17	10	24.20	22.92	-0.010	0	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	0.114	1.343	0.153	
710.0	23790	LTE B17	10	23.20	22.00	-0.010	1	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	25	25	1:1	0.102	1.318	0.134	
710.0	23790	LTE B17	10	24.20	22.92	0.010	0	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	0.162	1.343	0.218	A12
710.0	23790	LTE B17	10	23.20	22.00	0.010	1	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	25	25	1:1	0.132	1.318	0.174	
710.0	23790	LTE B17	10	24.20	22.92	-0.050	0	10 mm [Right]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	0.156	1.343	0.210	
710.0	23790	LTE B17	10	23.20	22.00	-0.030	1	10 mm [Right]	FCC #1	QPSK	25	25	1:1	0.131	1.318	0.173	
		AN Uncontrol					a	Body 1.6 W/kg (r overaged ove	nW/g)								

Table 11.3.3 DTS Hotspot SAR

						MEASURE	MENT RESULT	S							
FREQUE MHz	Ch	Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
2412.0	1	802.11b	16.00	15.88	FCC #2	0.050	1	96.1	0.042	1.028	1.041	0.045			
2412.0	1	802.11b	16.00	15.88	0.060	10 mm [Front]	FCC #2	0.108	1	96.1	0.101	1.028	1.041	0.108	
2412.0	1	802.11b	16.00	15.88	0.030	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	0.137	1	96.1	0.125	1.028	1.041	0.134	A17
2412.0	1	802.11b	16.00	15.88	0.170	10 mm [Right]	FCC #2	0.108	1	96.5	0.102	1.028	1.036	0.109	
				C95.1-1992– SAFETY LII Spatial Peak sure/General Population							1.6 W/kg averaged ov	(mW/g)			

	Adjusted SAR results for OFDM SAR														
FREQUEN	CY			Maximum	1g				Maximum	Ratio of	1g				
MHz	Ch	Mode/ Antenna	Service	Allowed Power [dBm]	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	FREQUENCY [MHz]	Mode	Service	Allowed Power [dBm	OFDM to DSSS	Adjusted SAR (W/kg)	Determine OFDM SAR			
2412.0	1	802.11b	DSSS	16.0	0.134	2462.0	802.11g	OFDM	13.0	0.501	0.067	X			
2412.0	1	802.11b	DSSS	16.0	0.134	2462.0	802.11n	OFDM	13.0	0.501	0.067	X			
	Unco	ANSI / IEEE C95.1-199 Spatial P ntrolled Exposure/Gene	eak					a	Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) veraged over 1 grai	n					

Note: SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

Table 11.3.4 UNII Hotspot SAR

						MEASURE	MENT RESULTS								
FREQUE	Ch	Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
5290.0	58	802.11ac	13.00	12.90	FCC #2	0.098	MCS0	89.9	0.093	1.023	1.112	0.106			
5290.0	58	802.11ac	13.00	12.90	-0.140	10 mm [Front]	FCC #2	0.047	MCS0	89.9	0.036	1.023	1.112	0.041	
5290.0	58	802.11ac	13.00	12.90	0.190	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	0.269	MCS0	89.9	0.264	1.023	1.112	0.300	A18
5290.0	58	802.11ac	13.00	12.90	-0.010	10 mm [Right]	FCC #2	0.185	MCS0	89.9	0.175	1.023	1.112	0.199	
	90.0 58 802.11ac 13.00 12.90 -0.010 10 mm [Right] FCC #2 ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure									_	1.6 W/k	ody g (mW/g)			-

	Adjusted SAR results for UNII-1 and UNII-2A SAR													
FREQUE	NCY Ch	Mode/ Antenna	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	FREQUENCY [MHz]	Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm	Adjusted Factor	1g Adjusted SAR (W/kg)	SAR for the band with lower maximum output power		
5290.0	58	802.11ac	OFDM	13.0	0.300	5210	802.11ac	OFDM	13.0	1.000	0.300	X		
		ANSI / IEEE C95.1- Spati Jncontrolled Exposure/G	ial Peak						Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g averaged over 1 gr					

Note: U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A Bands: When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is <1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration



Table 11.3.5 UNII Hotspot SAR

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	MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
MHz	Ch	Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
5610.0	122	802.11ac	13.00	12.83	-0.010	10 mm [Top]	FCC #2	0.194	MCS0	89.9	0.189	1.040	1.112	0.219	
5610.0	122	802.11ac	13.00	12.83	-0.070	10 mm [Front]	FCC #2	0.126	MCS0	89.9	0.118	1.040	1.112	0.137	
5610.0	122	802.11ac	13.00	12.83	-0.080	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	0.369	MCS0	89.9	0.391	1.040	1.112	0.452	A19
5610.0	122	802.11ac	13.00	12.83	-0.060	10 mm [Right]	FCC #2	0.386	MCS0	89.9	0.389	1.040	1.112	0.450	
	5610.0 122 802.11ac 13.00 12.83 -0.060 10 mm [Right] FCC #2 ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								-	-	1.6 W/k	ody g (mW/g) over 1 gram			-

Table 11.3.6 Bluetooth Hotspot SAR

	MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUE!	Ch	Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle (%)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #	
2441.0	39	Bluetooth	11.80	9.38	0.000	10 mm [Top]	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.006	1.746	1.302	0.014		
2441.0	39	Bluetooth	11.80	9.38	0.000	10 mm [Front]	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.011	1.746	1.302	0.025		
2441.0	39	Bluetooth	11.80	9.38	0.000	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.018	1.746	1.302	0.041	A20	
2441.0	39	Bluetooth	11.80	9.38	0.000	10 mm [Right]	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.014	1.746	1.302	0.032		
		l		C95.1-1992– SAFETY LII Spatial Peak sure/General Population		_		_		Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) eraged over 1 gram	- I				

11.4 Standalone Phablet SAR Results

Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04 Handset SAR, Phablet SAR tests were not required of Hotspot 1g SAR (scaled to maximum output power, including tolerance) < 1.2 W/kg.

11.5 SAR Test Notes

General Notes:

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR values according to test procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013, and FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.
- 2. Batteries are fully charged at the beginning of the SAR measurements. A standard battery was used for all SAR measurements.
- 3. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm for all frequencies.
- 4. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units
- 5. SAR results were scaled to the maximum allowed power to demonstrate compliance per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.
- 6. Device was tested using a fixed spacing for body-worn accessory testing. A separation distance of 10 mm was considered because the manufacturer has determined that there will be body-worn accessories available in the marketplace for users to support this separation distance.
- 7. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03, body-worn SAR was evaluated with a headset connected to the device. Since the standalone reported boy-worn SAR was > 1.2 W/kg, additional body-worn SAR evaluations using a headset cable were performed.
- 8. During SAR Testing for the Wireless Router conditions per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01, the actual Portable Hotspot operation (with actual simultaneous transmission of a transmitter with WIFI) was not activated.
- 9. SAR measurements were performed using the DASY5 automated system. The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the IEEE 1528 standard. During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each area scan measurement. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within 2 dB of the global maximum for all SAR distributions. All local maxima within 2 dB of the global maximum were searched and passed for the Zoom Scan measurement.

GSM Notes:

- 1. Body-Worn accessory testing is typically associated with voice operations. Therefore, GSM voice was evaluated for body-worn SAR.
- 2. This device supports GSM VOIP in the head and body-worn configurations; therefore GPRS was additionally evaluated for head and body-worn compliance.
- 3. Justification for reduced test configurations per KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01 and October2013 TCB Workshop Notes: The source-based frame-averaged output power was evaluated for all GPRS/EDGE slot configurations. The configuration with the highest target frame averaged output power was evaluated for hotspot SAR.
- 4. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). Since the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is not > ½ dB, the middle channel was used for testing.

WCDMA (UMTS) Notes:

- 1. WCDMA (UMTS) mode in was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01. AMR and HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg.
- 2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > ½ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel was used.

LTE Notes:

- 1. LTE Considerations: LTE test configurations are determined according to SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05v02r05. The general test procedures used for testing can be found in Section 8.4.4.
- 2. According to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the 100% RB allocation and required test channels is not required.
 - Otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels using the 1 RB, 50% RB and 100% RB allocation with highest output power for that channel.
 - Only one channel, and as reported SAR values for 1 RB allocation and 50% RB allocation were less than 1.45 W/kg only the highest power RB offset for each allocation was required.
- 3. MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36. 101 Section 6.2.3 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.
- 4. A-MPR was disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=1 on the base station simulator. SAR tests were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames (maximum TTI).
- 5. SAR test reduction is applied using the following criteria:
 - Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB, and 50% RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, testing for other channels is performed at the highest output power level for 1 RB, and 50% RB configuration for that channel. Testing for 100% RB configuration is performed at the highest output power level for 100% RB configuration across the Low, Mid and High channel when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB are > 0.8 W/kg, Testing for the remaining required channels is not needed because the reported SAR for 100% RB Allocation < 1.45 W/kg. Testing for 16QAM modulation is not required because the reported SAR for QPSK is < 1.45 W/kg and its output power is not more than 0.5 dB higher than that a QPSK. Testing for the other channel bandwidths is not required because the reported SAR for the highest channel bandwidth is < 1.45 W/kg and its output power is not more than 0.5 dB higher than that of the highest channel bandwidth.

WLAN Notes:

- 1. The initial test position procedures were applied. The test position with the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test positions was required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.
- 2. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for 2.4 GHz WIFI single transmission chain operations, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. SAR for OFDM modes (2.4 GHz 802.11g/n) was not required duo to the maximum allowed powers and the highest reported DSSS SAR when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output and the adjust SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 3. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for 5 GHz WIFI single transmission chain operations, the initial test configuration was selected according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum allowed powers. Other transmission modes were not investigated since the highest reported SAR for initial test configuration adjusted by the ratio of maximum output powers is less than 1.2 W/kg.
- 4. When the maximum reported 1g averaged SAR ≤ 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on additional channels was not required. Otherwise, SAR for the next highest output power channel was required until the reported SAR result was ≤ 1.20 W/kg or all test channels were measured.
- 5. The device was configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor to determine compliance.

Bluetooth Notes:

- Bluetooth SAR was measured with the device connected to a call with hopping disabled with DH5 operation and Tx test mode type. Per October 2016 TCB Workshop Notes, the reported SAR was scaled to the 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance.
- 2. Head and hotspot Bluetooth SAR were evaluated for BT tethering applications.

12. FCC MULTI-TX AND ANTENNA SAR CONSIDERATIONS

12.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11b/g/n and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

12.2 Simultaneous Transmission Procedures

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 4.3.2 and IEEE 1528-2013 Section 6.3.4.1.2, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the sum 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific a physical test configuration is ≤ 1.6 W/kg. The different test position in an exposure condition may be considered collectively to determine SAR test exclusion according to the sum of 1-g or 10-g SAR.

12.3 Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities

According to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds.

This device contains multiple transmitters that may operate simultaneously, and therefore requires a simultaneous transmission analysis according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.

Table 12.3.1 Simultaneous SAR Cases

No.	Capable Transmit Configuration	Head SAR	Body-Worn SAR	Hotspot SAR	Phablet SAR	Note
1	GSM Voice + Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	
2	GSM Voice + Wi-Fi 5 GHz	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	
3	GSM Voice + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	
4	GSM Voice + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz + Wi-Fi 5GHz	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	
5	WCDMA + Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
6	WCDMA + Wi-Fi 5 GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
7	WCDMA + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
8	WCMDA + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz + Wi-Fi 5GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
9	LTE + Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
10	LTE + Wi-Fi 5 GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
11	LTE + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
12	LTE + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz + Wi-Fi 5GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
13	GPRS + Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
14	GPRS + Wi-Fi 5 GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
15	GPRS + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
16	GPRS + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz + Wi-Fi 5GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	

Notes:

- WiFi 2.4GHz is supported Hotspot.

- WiFi 5GHz is supported Hotspot.

 LTE, WCDMA, GPRS is supported Hotspot.

 VoIP is supported in LTE, WCDMA, GSM

 GSM, WCDMA and LTE can not transmit simultaneously since they share the same chip.



12.4 Head SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Table 12.4.1 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth + 5.3 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

Exposure	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	5.3G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	,	ΣSAR (W/kg)	
Condition	Mode	Configuration	1	2	3	1+2	1+3	1+2+3
		Left Touch	0.442	0.207	0.394	0.649	0.836	1.043
	GSM 850	Right Touch	0.530	0.080	0.199	0.610	0.729	0.809
	G3IVI 630	Left Tilt	0.275	0.157	0.328	0.432	0.603	0.760
		Right Tilt	0.337	0.073	0.101	0.410	0.438	0.511
		Left Touch	0.493	0.207	0.394	0.700	0.887	1.094
	GPRS 850	Right Touch	0.592	0.080	0.199	0.672	0.791	0.871
	GFK3 650	Left Tilt	0.283	0.157	0.328	0.440	0.611	0.768
		Right Tilt	0.343	0.073	0.101	0.416	0.444	0.517
	GSM 1900	Left Touch	0.416	0.207	0.394	0.623	0.810	1.017
		Right Touch	0.270	0.080	0.199	0.350	0.469	0.549
	G3W 1900	Left Tilt	0.258	0.157	0.328	0.415	0.586	0.743
Head		Right Tilt	0.142	0.073	0.101	0.215	0.243	0.316
SAR	GPRS 1900	Left Touch	0.348	0.207	0.394	0.555	0.742	0.949
		Right Touch	0.228	0.080	0.199	0.308	0.427	0.507
	GFR3 1900	Left Tilt	0.214	0.157	0.328	0.371	0.542	0.699
		Right Tilt	0.112	0.073	0.101	0.185	0.213	0.286
		Left Touch	0.409	0.207	0.394	0.616	0.803	1.010
	WCDMA 850	Right Touch	0.455	0.080	0.199	0.535	0.654	0.734
	WCDIVIA 650	Left Tilt	0.217	0.157	0.328	0.374	0.545	0.702
		Right Tilt	0.229	0.073	0.101	0.302	0.330	0.403
		Left Touch	0.095	0.207	0.394	0.302	0.489	0.696
	LTE Band 17	Right Touch	0.102	0.080	0.199	0.182	0.301	0.381
	LIL Dallu 17	Left Tilt	0.043	0.157	0.328	0.200	0.371	0.528
		Right Tilt	0.070	0.073	0.101	0.143	0.171	0.244

Table 12.4.2 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth + 5.6 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

Exposure	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	5.6G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)		ΣSAR (W/kg)	
Condition	Mode	Configuration	1	2	3	1+2	1+3	1+2+3
	1	Left Touch	0.442	0.207	0.659	0.649	1.101	1.308
	GSM 850	Right Touch	0.530	0.080	0.355	0.610	0.885	0.965
	G3IVI 630	Left Tilt	0.275	0.157	0.571	0.432	0.846	1.003
		Right Tilt	0.337	0.073	0.348	0.410	0.685	0.758
		Left Touch	0.493	0.207	0.659	0.700	1.152	1.359
	GPRS 850	Right Touch	0.592	0.080	0.355	0.672	0.947	1.027
	GPRS 650	Left Tilt	0.283	0.157	0.571	0.440	0.854	1.011
		Right Tilt	0.343	0.073	0.348	0.416	0.691	0.764
	GSM 1900	Left Touch	0.416	0.207	0.659	0.623	1.075	1.282
		Right Touch	0.270	0.080	0.355	0.350	0.625	0.705
		Left Tilt	0.258	0.157	0.571	0.415	0.829	0.986
Head		Right Tilt	0.142	0.073	0.348	0.215	0.490	0.563
SAR	GPRS 1900	Left Touch	0.348	0.207	0.659	0.555	1.007	1.214
		Right Touch	0.228	0.080	0.355	0.308	0.583	0.663
	GFR3 1900	Left Tilt	0.214	0.157	0.571	0.371	0.785	0.942
		Right Tilt	0.112	0.073	0.348	0.185	0.460	0.533
		Left Touch	0.409	0.207	0.659	0.616	1.068	1.275
	WCDMA 850	Right Touch	0.455	0.080	0.355	0.535	0.810	0.890
	WCDIVIA 650	Left Tilt	0.217	0.157	0.571	0.374	0.788	0.945
		Right Tilt	0.229	0.073	0.348	0.302	0.577	0.650
		Left Touch	0.095	0.207	0.659	0.302	0.754	0.961
	LTE Band 17	Right Touch	0.102	0.080	0.355	0.182	0.457	0.537
	LIE DANG 17	Left Tilt	0.043	0.157	0.571	0.200	0.614	0.771
		Right Tilt	0.070	0.073	0.348	0.143	0.418	0.491

Table 12.4.3 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 2.4 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

Exposure	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	2.4G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
Condition	Mode	Configuration	1	2	1+2
		Left Touch	0.442	0.528	0.970
	GSM 850	Right Touch	0.530	0.218	0.748
	GSIVI 650	Left Tilt	0.275	0.456	0.731
		Right Tilt	0.337	0.209	0.546
		Left Touch	0.493	0.528	1.021
	GPRS 850	Right Touch	0.592	0.218	0.810
	GPRS 650	Left Tilt	0.283	0.456	0.739
		Right Tilt	0.343	0.209	0.552
	GSM 1900	Left Touch	0.416	0.528	0.944
		Right Touch	0.270	0.218	0.488
		Left Tilt	0.258	0.456	0.714
Head		Right Tilt	0.142	0.209	0.351
SAR	GPRS 1900	Left Touch	0.348	0.528	0.876
		Right Touch	0.228	0.218	0.446
	GFK3 1900	Left Tilt	0.214	0.456	0.670
		Right Tilt	0.112	0.209	0.321
		Left Touch	0.409	0.528	0.937
	WCDMA 850	Right Touch	0.455	0.218	0.673
	WCDIVIA 650	Left Tilt	0.217	0.456	0.673
		Right Tilt	0.229	0.209	0.438
		Left Touch	0.095	0.528	0.623
	LTE Band 17	Right Touch	0.102	0.218	0.320
	LIE Band 17	Left Tilt	0.043	0.456	0.499
		Right Tilt	0.070	0.209	0.279

Table 12.4.4 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 5.3 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

Exposure	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	5.3G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
Condition	Mode	Configuration	1	2	1+2
		Left Touch	0.442	0.394	0.836
	GSM 850	Right Touch	0.530	0.199	0.729
	GSIVI 650	Left Tilt	0.275	0.328	0.603
		Right Tilt	0.337	0.101	0.438
		Left Touch	0.493	0.394	0.887
	0000 050	Right Touch	0.592	0.199	0.791
	GPRS 850	Left Tilt	0.283	0.328	0.611
		Right Tilt	0.343	0.101	0.444
	GSM 1900	Left Touch	0.416	0.394	0.810
		Right Touch	0.270	0.199	0.469
		Left Tilt	0.258	0.328	0.586
Head		Right Tilt	0.142	0.101	0.243
SAR		Left Touch	0.348	0.394	0.742
	CDDC 1000	Right Touch	0.228	0.199	0.427
	GPRS 1900	Left Tilt	0.214	0.328	0.542
		Right Tilt	0.112	0.101	0.213
		Left Touch	0.409	0.394	0.803
	WCDMA 850	Right Touch	0.455	0.199	0.654
	WCDIVIA 650	Left Tilt	0.217	0.328	0.545
		Right Tilt	0.229	0.101	0.330
		Left Touch	0.095	0.394	0.489
	LTE Band 17	Right Touch	0.102	0.199	0.301
	LIE Band 17	Left Tilt	0.043	0.328	0.371
		Right Tilt	0.070	0.101	0.171



Table 12.4.5 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 5.6 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

Exposure			2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	5.6G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
Condition	Mode	Configuration	1	2	1+2
		Left Touch	0.442	0.659	1.101
	GSM 850	Right Touch	0.530	0.355	0.885
	G3W 630	Left Tilt	0.275	0.571	0.846
		Right Tilt	0.337	0.348	0.685
		Left Touch	0.493	0.659	1.152
	GPRS 850	Right Touch	0.592	0.355	0.947
	GPRS 650	Left Tilt	0.283	0.571	0.854
		Right Tilt	0.343	0.348	0.691
	GSM 1900	Left Touch	0.416	0.659	1.075
		Right Touch	0.270	0.355	0.625
		Left Tilt	0.258	0.571	0.829
Head		Right Tilt	0.142	0.348	0.490
SAR	ODDO 1000	Left Touch	0.348	0.659	1.007
		Right Touch	0.228	0.355	0.583
	GPRS 1900	Left Tilt	0.214	0.571	0.785
		Right Tilt	0.112	0.348	0.460
		Left Touch	0.409	0.659	1.068
	WCDMA 050	Right Touch	0.455	0.355	0.810
	WCDMA 850	Left Tilt	0.217	0.571	0.788
		Right Tilt	0.229	0.348	0.577
		Left Touch	0.095	0.659	0.754
	LTE Band 17	Right Touch	0.102	0.355	0.457
	LIE Band 17	Left Tilt	0.043	0.571	0.614
		Right Tilt	0.070	0.348	0.418

Table 12.4.6 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth (Held to Ear)

Exposure			2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
Condition	Mode	Configuration	1	2	1+2
		Left Touch	0.442	0.207	0.649
	GSM 850	Right Touch	0.530	0.080	0.610
	GSIVI 650	Left Tilt	0.275	0.157	0.432
		Right Tilt	0.337	0.073	0.410
	GPRS 850	Left Touch	0.493	0.207	0.700
		Right Touch	0.592	0.080	0.672
	GPRS 650	Left Tilt	0.283	0.157	0.440
		Right Tilt	0.343	0.073	0.416
	GSM 1900	Left Touch	0.416	0.207	0.623
		Right Touch	0.270	0.080	0.350
		Left Tilt	0.258	0.157	0.415
Head		Right Tilt	0.142	0.073	0.215
SAR	GPRS 1900	Left Touch	0.348	0.207	0.555
		Right Touch	0.228	0.080	0.308
	GPRS 1900	Left Tilt	0.214	0.157	0.371
	ı	Right Tilt	0.112	0.073	0.185
		Left Touch	0.409	0.207	0.616
	WCDMA 850	Right Touch	0.455	0.080	0.535
	WCDIVIA 650	Left Tilt	0.217	0.157	0.374
		Right Tilt	0.229	0.073	0.302
		Left Touch	0.095	0.207	0.302
	LTE Band 17	Right Touch	0.102	0.080	0.182
	LIE Band 17	Left Tilt	0.043	0.157	0.200
	1	Right Tilt	0.070	0.073	0.143

Table 12.4.7 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : Bluetooth + 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

Exposure	Mode	Configuration	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	5G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
Condition	mode	comgaration	1	2	1+2
		Left Touch	0.207	0.394	0.601
	5.3G W-LAN	Right Touch	0.080	0.199	0.279
		Left Tilt	0.157	0.328	0.485
Head		Right Tilt	0.073	0.101	0.174
SAR	5.6G W-LAN	Left Touch	0.207	0.659	0.866
		Right Touch	0.080	0.355	0.435
		Left Tilt	0.157	0.571	0.728
		Right Tilt	0.073	0.348	0.421

12.5 Body-Worn Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Table 12.5.1 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario: 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth + 5.3 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Exposure	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	5.3G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		
Condition	Condition	Configuration	1	2	3	1+2	1+3	1+2+3
	GSM 850	Front	0.496	0.025	0.041	0.521	0.537	0.562
	G3W 630	Rear	0.650	0.041	0.300	0.691	0.950	0.991
	GPRS 850	Front	0.558	0.025	0.041	0.583	0.599	0.624
	GFR3 630	Rear	0.773	0.041	0.300	0.814	1.073	1.114
	GSM 1900	Front	0.743	0.025	0.041	0.768	0.784	0.809
Body-Worn		Rear	0.671	0.041	0.300	0.712	0.971	1.012
SAR	GPRS 1900	Front	0.619	0.025	0.041	0.644	0.660	0.685
0,41	GFR3 1900	Rear	0.560	0.041	0.300	0.601	0.860	0.901
	WCDMA 850	Front	0.449	0.025	0.041	0.474	0.490	0.515
	WCDIVIA 650	Rear	0.634	0.041	0.300	0.675	0.934	0.975
	LTE Band 17	Front	0.153	0.025	0.041	0.178	0.194	0.219
	LIE Ballu 17	Rear	0.218	0.041	0.300	0.259	0.518	0.559

Table 12.5.2 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth + 5.6 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Exposure	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	5.6G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		
Condition	Mode	Configuration	1	2	3	1+2	1+3	1+2+3
	GSM 850	Front	0.496	0.025	0.137	0.521	0.633	0.658
	G3IVI 630	Rear	0.650	0.041	0.452	0.691	1.102	1.143
	GPRS 850	Front	0.558	0.025	0.137	0.583	0.695	0.720
	GFR3 630	Rear	0.773	0.041	0.452	0.814	1.225	1.266
	GSM 1900	Front	0.743	0.025	0.137	0.768	0.880	0.905
Body-Worn		Rear	0.671	0.041	0.452	0.712	1.123	1.164
SAR	GPRS 1900	Front	0.619	0.025	0.137	0.644	0.756	0.781
	GFR3 1900	Rear	0.560	0.041	0.452	0.601	1.012	1.053
	WCDMA 850	Front	0.449	0.025	0.137	0.474	0.586	0.611
	WCDIVIA 630	Rear	0.634	0.041	0.452	0.675	1.086	1.127
	LTE Band 17	Front	0.153	0.025	0.137	0.178	0.290	0.315
	LIL Dalid 17	Rear	0.218	0.041	0.452	0.259	0.670	0.711

Table 12.5.3 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario: 2G/3G/4G + 2.4 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Exposure	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	2.4G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
Condition	Mode	Configuration	1	2	1+2
	GSM 850	Front	0.496	0.108	0.604
		Rear	0.650	0.134	0.784
	GPRS 850	Front	0.558	0.108	0.666
		Rear	0.773	0.134	0.907
	GSM 1900	Front	0.743	0.108	0.851
Body-Worn		Rear	0.671	0.134	0.805
SAR	GPRS 1900	Front	0.619	0.108	0.727
		Rear	0.560	0.134	0.694
	WCDMA 850	Front	0.449	0.108	0.557
	WCDIVIA 650	Rear	0.634	0.134	0.768
	LTE Band 17	Front	0.153	0.108	0.261
		Rear	0.218	0.134	0.352

Table 12.5.4 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 5.3 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Exposure	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	5.3G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
Condition	Mode	Comiguration	1	2	1+2
	GSM 850	Front	0.496	0.041	0.537
		Rear	0.650	0.300	0.950
	GPRS 850	Front	0.558	0.041	0.599
		Rear	0.773	0.300	1.073
	GSM 1900	Front	0.743	0.041	0.784
Body-Worn		Rear	0.671	0.300	0.971
ŚAR	GPRS 1900	Front	0.619	0.041	0.660
		Rear	0.560	0.300	0.860
	WCDMA 850	Front	0.449	0.041	0.490
	WCDIVIA 630	Rear	0.634	0.300	0.934
	LTE Band 17	Front	0.153	0.041	0.194
	LIE Dand 17	Rear	0.218	0.300	0.518

Table 12.5.5 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 5.6 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Exposure	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	5.6G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
Condition	Mode	Configuration	1	2	1+2
	GSM 850	Front	0.496	0.137	0.633
	G3W 650	Rear	0.650	0.452	1.102
	GPRS 850	Front	0.558	0.137	0.695
	GFR3 650	Rear	0.773	0.452	1.225
	GSM 1900	Front	0.743	0.137	0.880
Body-Worn	GSW 1900	Rear	0.671	0.452	1.123
ŚAR	GPRS 1900	Front	0.619	0.137	0.756
	GFR3 1900	Rear	0.560	0.452	1.012
	WCDMA 850	Front	0.449	0.137	0.586
	WCDIVIA 650	Rear	0.634	0.452	1.086
	LTE Band 17	Front	0.153	0.137	0.290
	LIE Band 17	Rear	0.218	0.452	0.670

Table 12.5.6 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Exposure	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
Condition	Mode	Configuration	1	2	1+2
	GSM 850	Front	0.496	0.025	0.521
	G3W 630	Rear	0.650	0.041	0.691
	GPRS 850	Front	0.558	0.025	0.583
	GFR3 630	Rear	0.773	0.041	0.814
	GSM 1900	Front	0.743	0.025	0.768
Body-Wom	G3W 1900	Rear	0.671	0.041	0.712
ŚAR	GPRS 1900	Front	0.619	0.025	0.644
	GFK3 1900	Rear	0.560	0.041	0.601
	WCDMA 850	Front	0.449	0.025	0.474
	WCDIVIA 650	Rear	0.634	0.041	0.675
	LTE Band 17	Front	0.153	0.025	0.178
	LIE Band 17	Rear	0.218	0.041	0.259

Table 12.5.7 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario: Bluetooth + 5 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Exposure	Mode	Configuration	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	5G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
Condition	Mode	wode Comiguration 1		2	1+2
	5.3G W-LAN	Front	0.025	0.041	0.066
Body-Worn	5.3G W-LAN	Rear	0.041	0.300	0.341
SAR	5.6G W-LAN	Front	0.025	0.137	0.162
	5.0G W-LAN	Rear	0.041	0.452	0.493

12.6 Hotspot SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01, the device edges with antennas more than 2.5 cm from edge are not required to be evaluated for SAR ("-").

Table 12.6.1 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth + 5.3 GHz W-LAN (Hotspot at 10 mm)

Exposure	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	5.3G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)		ΣSAR (W/kg)	
Condition	Mode	Comgulation	1	2	3	1+2	1+3	1+2+3
		Тор	0.000	0.014	0.106	0.014	0.106	0.120
		Bottom	0.451	0.000	0.000	0.451	0.451	0.451
	GPRS 850	Front	0.558	0.025	0.041	0.583	0.599	0.624
	GF13 030	Rear	0.773	0.041	0.300	0.814	1.073	1.114
		Right	0.447	0.032	0.199	0.479	0.646	0.678
		Left	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
		Тор	0.000	0.014	0.106	0.014	0.106	0.120
		Bottom	0.141	0.000	0.000	0.141	0.141	0.141
	GPRS 1900	Front	0.619	0.025	0.041	0.644	0.660	0.685
	GF13 1900	Rear	0.560	0.041	0.300	0.601	0.860	0.901
		Right	0.000	0.032	0.199	0.032	0.199	0.231
Hotspot SAR		Left	0.451	0.000	0.000	0.451	0.451	0.451
SAR		Тор	0.000	0.014	0.106	0.014	0.106	0.120
		Bottom	0.315	0.000	0.000	0.315	0.315	0.315
	WCDMA 850	Front	0.449	0.025	0.041	0.474	0.490	0.515
	WCDIVIA 650	Rear	0.634	0.041	0.300	0.675	0.934	0.975
		Right	0.364	0.032	0.199	0.396	0.563	0.595
		Left	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
		Тор	0.000	0.014	0.106	0.014	0.106	0.120
		Bottom	0.040	0.000	0.000	0.040	0.040	0.040
	LTE Band 17	Front	0.153	0.025	0.041	0.178	0.194	0.219
	LIE Dand 17	Rear	0.218	0.041	0.300	0.259	0.518	0.559
		Right	0.210	0.032	0.199	0.242	0.409	0.441
		Left	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Table 12.6.2 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario: 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth + 5.6 GHz W-LAN (Hotspot at 10 mm)

_			2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	5.6G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)		ΣSAR (W/kg)	
Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	5.6G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	4.0		4.0.0
Condition			1	2	3	1+2	1+3	1+2+3
		Тор	0.000	0.014	0.219	0.014	0.219	0.233
		Bottom	0.451	0.000	0.000	0.451	0.451	0.451
	GPRS 850	Front	0.558	0.025	0.137	0.583	0.695	0.720
	01 100 000	Rear	0.773	0.041	0.452	0.814	1.225	1.266
		Right	0.447	0.032	0.450	0.479	0.897	0.929
		Left	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
		Тор	0.000	0.014	0.219	0.014	0.219	0.233
		Bottom	0.141	0.000	0.000	0.141	0.141	0.141
	GPRS 1900	Front	0.619	0.025	0.137	0.644	0.756	0.781
	GFK3 1900	Rear	0.560	0.041	0.452	0.601	1.012	1.053
		Right	0.000	0.032	0.450	0.032	0.450	0.482
Hotspot SAR		Left	0.451	0.000	0.000	0.451	0.451	0.451
SAR		Top	0.000	0.014	0.219	0.014	0.219	0.233
		Bottom	0.315	0.000	0.000	0.315	0.315	0.315
	WCDMA 850	Front	0.449	0.025	0.137	0.474	0.586	0.611
	WCDIVIA 650	Rear	0.634	0.041	0.452	0.675	1.086	1.127
		Right	0.364	0.032	0.450	0.396	0.814	0.846
		Left	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
		Тор	0.000	0.014	0.219	0.014	0.219	0.233
		Bottom	0.040	0.000	0.000	0.040	0.040	0.040
	LTE Band 17	Front	0.153	0.025	0.137	0.178	0.290	0.315
	LIE Band 17	Rear	0.218	0.041	0.452	0.259	0.670	0.711
		Right	0.210	0.032	0.450	0.242	0.660	0.692
1		Left	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Table 12.6.3 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 2.4 GHz W-LAN (Hotspot at 10 mm)

Table 12.0.0 Officialization		, manoninosion c	Joenano . 20/00/40	LIT ONE W LAW (Hotope	reactioning
Exposure	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	2.4G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
Condition	Mode	Comiguration	1	2	1+2
		Тор	0.000	0.045	0.045
	ĺ	Bottom	0.451	0.000	0.451
	GPRS 850	Front	0.558	0.108	0.666
	GFK3 650	Rear	0.773	0.134	0.907
	l I	Right	0.447	0.109	0.556
		Left	0.000	0.000	0.000
		Тор	0.000	0.045	0.045
		Bottom	0.141	0.000	0.141
	GPRS 1900	Front	0.619	0.108	0.727
	GPRS 1900	Rear	0.560	0.134	0.694
	l I	Right	0.000	0.109	0.109
Hotspot		Left	0.451	0.000	0.451
SAR		Top	0.000	0.045	0.045
	l	Bottom	0.315	0.000	0.315
	MCDMA 050	Front	0.449	0.108	0.557
	WCDMA 850	Rear	0.634	0.134	0.768
	[Right	0.364	0.109	0.473
		Left	0.000	0.000	0.000
		Тор	0.000	0.045	0.045
	l l	Bottom	0.040	0.000	0.040
	LTE Band 17	Front	0.153	0.108	0.261
	LIE Dang 17	Rear	0.218	0.134	0.352
	[Right	0.210	0.109	0.319
		Left	0.000	0.000	0.000



Table 12.6.4 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 5.3 GHz W-LAN (Hotspot at 10 mm)

Exposure			2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	5.3G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
Condition	Mode	Configuration	1	2	1+2
		Тор	0.000	0.106	0.106
		Bottom	0.451	0.000	0.451
	GPRS 850	Front	0.558	0.041	0.599
	GFR3 630	Rear	0.773	0.300	1.073
		Right	0.447	0.199	0.646
		Left	0.000	0.000	0.000
		Тор	0.000	0.106	0.106
		Bottom	0.141	0.000	0.141
	GPRS 1900	Front	0.619	0.041	0.660
	GPRS 1900	Rear	0.560	0.300	0.860
		Right	0.000	0.199	0.199
Hotspot		Left	0.451	0.000	0.451
SAR		Тор	0.000	0.106	0.106
		Bottom	0.315	0.000	0.315
	MCDMA 050	Front	0.449	0.041	0.490
	WCDMA 850	Rear	0.634	0.300	0.934
		Right	0.364	0.199	0.563
		Left	0.000	0.000	0.000
		Тор	0.000	0.106	0.106
		Bottom	0.040	0.000	0.040
	LTE Band 17	Front	0.153	0.041	0.194
	LIE Band 17	Rear	0.218	0.300	0.518
		Right	0.210	0.199	0.409
	1	Left	0.000	0.000	0.000

Table 12.6.5 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 5.6 GHz W-LAN (Hotspot at 10 mm)

Exposure	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	5.6G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
Condition	Mode	Configuration	1	2	1+2
		Тор	0.000	0.219	0.219
		Bottom	0.451	0.000	0.451
	GPRS 850	Front	0.558	0.137	0.695
	GFR3 630	Rear	0.773	0.452	1.225
		Right	0.447	0.450	0.897
		Left	0.000	0.000	0.000
		Тор	0.000	0.219	0.219
		Bottom	0.141	0.000	0.141
	GPRS 1900	Front	0.619	0.137	0.756
	GFK3 1900	Rear	0.560	0.452	1.012
		Right	0.000	0.450	0.450
Hotspot		Left	0.451	0.000	0.451
SAR		Тор	0.000	0.219	0.219
		Bottom	0.315	0.000	0.315
	WCDMA 850	Front	0.449	0.137	0.586
	WCDIVIA 650	Rear	0.634	0.452	1.086
		Right	0.364	0.450	0.814
		Left	0.000	0.000	0.000
		Тор	0.000	0.219	0.219
		Bottom	0.040	0.000	0.040
	LTE Band 17	Front	0.153	0.137	0.290
	LIE Ballu 17	Rear	0.218	0.452	0.670
		Right	0.210	0.450	0.660
		Left	0.000	0.000	0.000

Table 12.6.6 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth (Hotspot at 10 mm)

Exposure	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
Condition	Mode	Configuration	1	2	1+2
		Тор	0.000	0.014	0.014
	l [Bottom	0.451	0.000	0.451
	GPRS 850	Front	0.558	0.025	0.583
	GFR3 650	Rear	0.773	0.041	0.814
	l [Right	0.447	0.032	0.479
		Left	0.000	0.000	0.000
		Тор	0.000	0.014	0.014
	l	Bottom	0.141	0.000	0.141
	GPRS 1900	Front	0.619	0.025	0.644
	GPRS 1900	Rear	0.560	0.041	0.601
	l [Right	0.000	0.032	0.032
Hotspot		Left	0.451	0.000	0.451
SAR		Тор	0.000	0.014	0.014
	l [Bottom	0.315	0.000	0.315
	WCDMA 850	Front	0.449	0.025	0.474
	WCDIVIA 650	Rear	0.634	0.041	0.675
		Right	0.364	0.032	0.396
		Left	0.000	0.000	0.000
		Тор	0.000	0.014	0.014
		Bottom	0.040	0.000	0.040
	LTE Band 17	Front	0.153	0.025	0.178
	LIE Dand 17	Rear	0.218	0.041	0.259
		Right	0.210	0.032	0.242
		Left	0.000	0.000	0.000

Table 12.6.7 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : Bluetooth + 5 GHz W-LAN (Hotspot at 10 mm)

	aron Cimantanoot	io manomioorom		+ 5 GHZ W-LAN (Hotspot a	
Exposure	Mode	Configuration	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	5G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
Condition	Mode	Comiguration	1	2	1+2
		Top	0.014	0.106	0.120
		Bottom	0.000	0.000	0.000
	5.3G W-LAN	Front	0.025	0.041	0.066
	5.3G W-LAIN	Rear	0.041	0.300	0.341
		Right	0.032	0.199	0.231
Hotspot		Left	0.000	0.000	0.000
SAR		Тор	0.014	0.219	0.233
0,41		Bottom	0.000	0.000	0.000
		Front	0.025	0.137	0.162
	5.6G W-LAN	Rear	0.041	0.452	0.493
		Right	0.032	0.450	0.482
		Left	0.000	0.000	0.000

12.7 Phablet SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04 Handset SAR, Phablet SAR tests were not required of Hotspot 1g SAR (scaled to maximum output power, including tolerance) < 1.2 W/kg. Therefore no further analysis was required to for Phablet Simultaneous Transmission Analysis.

12.8 Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR results for all the worst-case simultaneous transmission conditions were below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 and IEEE 1528-2013 Section 6.3.4.1.2.

13. SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY

13.1 Measurement Variability

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which was determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media were required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures were applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. These additional measurements were repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device was returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it was re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR Measurement Variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:

- 1. When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
- 2. A second repeated measurement was performed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 3. A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20
- 4. Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg
- 5. The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

13.2 Measurement Uncertainty

The measured SAR was < 1.5 W/kg for 1g and < 3.75 W/kg for 10g for all frequency bands. Therefore, per KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04, the extended measurement uncertainty analysis per IEEE 1528-2013 was not required.

14. EQUIPMENT LIST

Table 14.1.1 Test	Equipment	Calibration
Table 14.1.1 lest	Equipment	Campration

Report No.: DRRFCC2106-0055(1)

9	Type	Manufacturer	est Equipment Calibration Model	Cal.Date	Next.Cal.Date	S/N
×	Type SEMITEC Engineering	SEMITEC	N/A	N/A	N/A	Shield Room
X	SEMITEC Engineering	SEMITEC	N/A	N/A	N/A	Shield Room
X	Robot	SPEAG	TX60L	N/A	N/A	F12/5LP5A1/A/01
XI.	Robot	SPEAG	TX60L	N/A	N/A	F14/5VR2A1/A/01
X	Robot Controller Robot Controller	SPEAG SPEAG	CS8C CS8C	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	F12/5LP5A1/C/01 F14/5VR2A1/C/01
X	Joystick	SPEAG	N/A	N/A	N/A	S-12030401
<u> </u>	Joystick	SPEAG	N/A	N/A	N/A	D21142605A
X	Intel Core i7-2 600 3.40 GHz Windows 7 Professional	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
X	Intel Core i7-4 770 3.40 GHz Windows 7 Professional	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
X	Probe Alignment Unit LB	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	SE UKS 030 AA
X	Probe Alignment Unit LB	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	SE UKS 030 AA
<u> </u>	Device Holder	SPEAG SPEAG	SD000H01KA	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A
×	Device Holder Twin SAM Phantom	SPEAG	SD000H01HA QD000P40CD	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	1679
<u> </u>	Twin SAM Phantom	SPEAG	QD000F40CD QD000P40CD	N/A	N/A	1783
×	Twin SAM Phantom	SPEAG	QD000P40CD	N/A	N/A	1220
X	Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4V1	2021-04-27	2022-04-27	1391
×	Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4V1	2019-05-23 2021-06-02	2020-05-23 2022-06-02	1392
X	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	2021-05-31	2022-05-31	3866
×	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	ES3DV3	2021-01-27	2022-01-27	3327
×	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	2019-08-27	2020-08-27	7368
				2020-11-27	2021-11-27	
X	750MHz SAR Dipole	SPEAG	D750V3	2021-01-21	2023-01-21	1049
<u> </u>	835MHz SAR Dipole 1900MHz SAR Dipole	SPEAG SPEAG	D835V2 D1900V2	2021-04-22 2021-04-22	2023-04-22 2023-04-22	4d138 5d158
<u> </u>	2450MHz SAR Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	2019-09-19	2021-09-19	726
<u></u> -	•			2019-02-28	2021-02-28	
Я	5GHz SAR Dipole	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	2021-02-23	2023-02-23	1103
3	Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	2018-12-19	2019-12-19	MY46111534
Z .	Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	2019-06-24	2020-06-24	MY46106970
X .	······································	1.9		2020-06-24	2021-06-24	
< .	Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	2019-06-24 2020-06-24	2020-06-24 2021-06-24	US41461520
				2018-12-20	2019-12-20	
₫	Amplifier	RFBAY.Inc	MPA-40-40	2020-12-16	2021-12-16	21151801
Z	Amplifier	EMPOWER	BBS3Q7ELU	2019-06-24	2020-06-24	1020
	Ampinor	EMI OWER	BBCOQ7 EEG	2020-06-24	2021-06-24	1020
×	High Power RF Amplifier	EMPOWER	BBS3Q8CCJ	2019-06-24 2020-06-24	2020-06-24 2021-06-24	1005
				2018-12-19	2019-12-19	
×	Power Meter	HP	EPM-442A	2019-12-16	2020-12-16	GB37170267
				2020-12-16	2021-12-16	
×	Dawe Mater	LIB	EDM 4404	2018-12-18	2019-12-18	CD27470442
И	Power Meter	HP	EPM-442A	2019-12-16 2020-12-16	2020-12-16 2021-12-16	GB37170413
				2018-12-18	2019-12-18	
3	Power Sensor	HP	8481A	2019-12-16	2020-12-16	US37294267
				2020-12-16	2021-12-16	
3	Power Sensor	HP	8481A	2018-12-19	2019-12-19	3318A96566
3	Power Sensor	HP	8481A	2019-12-16 2020-12-16	2020-12-16 2021-12-16	2702A61707
•	1 GWC1 GC113G1		040174	2018-12-19	2019-12-19	2702701707
3	Power Sensor	HP	8481A	2019-12-16	2020-12-16	2702A65976
				2020-12-16	2021-12-16	
	B. J.B. C. J. C. J. C.		7700 040	2018-12-19	2019-12-19	50228
4	Dual Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D-012	2019-12-16		
3	·				2020-12-16	30220
				2020-12-16	2021-12-16	
	Directional Coupler	HP	772D			2889A01064
1	Directional Coupler	HP		2020-12-16 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-06-24	2021-12-16 2020-06-24 2021-06-24 2020-06-24	2889A01064
1			772D WLK6-1000-1400-9000-60SS	2020-12-16 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-06-24 2020-06-24	2021-12-16 2020-06-24 2021-06-24 2020-06-24 2021-06-24	
3	Directional Coupler	HP		2020-12-16 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-06-24	2021-12-16 2020-06-24 2021-06-24 2020-06-24 2021-06-24 2020-06-24	2889A01064
3	Directional Coupler Low Pass Filter 1GHz Low Pass Filter 1.5GHz	HP Wainwright Instruments Micro LAB	WLK6-1000-1400-9000-60SS LA-15N	2020-12-16 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-06-24 2020-06-24	2021-12-16 2020-06-24 2021-06-24 2020-06-24 2021-06-24 2020-06-24 2021-06-24	2889A01064 165 2
3	Directional Coupler Low Pass Filter 1GHz	HP Wainwright Instruments	WLK6-1000-1400-9000-60SS	2020-12-16 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-06-24	2021-12-16 2020-06-24 2021-06-24 2020-06-24 2021-06-24 2020-06-24	2889A01064 — 165
3	Directional Coupler Low Pass Filter 1.5GHz Low Pass Filter 3.0GHz	HP Wainwright Instruments Micro LAB Micro LAB	WLK6-1000-1400-9000-60SS LA-15N LA-30N	2020-12-16 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24	2021-12-16 2020-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2019-12-19	2889A01064 165 2 2
3	Directional Coupler Low Pass Filter 1GHz Low Pass Filter 1.5GHz	HP Wainwright Instruments Micro LAB	WLK6-1000-1400-9000-60SS LA-15N	2020-12-16 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2018-12-19 2019-12-16	2021-12-16 2020-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2011-12-19 2020-12-16	2889A01064 165 2
3	Directional Coupler Low Pass Filter 1.5GHz Low Pass Filter 3.0GHz	HP Wainwright Instruments Micro LAB Micro LAB	WLK6-1000-1400-9000-60SS LA-15N LA-30N	2020-12-16 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-06-24 2019-12-16 2019-12-16	2021-12-16 2020-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2020-06-24 2021-06-24 2020-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-16-24 2021-16-24	2889A01064 165 2 2
3 3 3 3	Directional Coupler Low Pass Filter 1.5GHz Low Pass Filter 3.0GHz	HP Wainwright Instruments Micro LAB Micro LAB	WLK6-1000-1400-9000-60SS LA-15N LA-30N	2020-12-16 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2018-12-19 2019-12-16	2021-12-16 2020-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2011-12-16 2021-12-16 2011-12-16	2889A01064 165 2 2
3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Directional Coupler Low Pass Filter 1.5GHz Low Pass Filter 3.0GHz Low Pass Filter 6.0GHz Attenuators(10 dB)	HP Wainwright Instruments Micro LAB Micro LAB Micro LAB WEINSCHEL	WLK6-1000-1400-9000-60SS LA-15N LA-30N LA-60N 23-10-34	2020-12-16 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2018-12-19 2019-12-16 2020-12-16 2019-12-16 2019-12-16	2021-12-16 2020-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-16-24 2011-12-19 2020-12-16 2011-12-19 2021-12-16 2021-12-16	2889A01064 165 2 2 03942 BP4387
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Directional Coupler Low Pass Filter 1.5GHz Low Pass Filter 3.0GHz Low Pass Filter 6.0GHz Attenuators(10 dB)	HP Wainwright Instruments Micro LAB Micro LAB Micro LAB WEINSCHEL Cernexwave	WLK6-1000-1400-9000-60SS LA-15N LA-30N LA-60N 23-10-34 CFADC2603U5	2020-12-16 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-106-24 2019-12-16 2020-12-16 2020-12-16 2019-12-16 2020-12-16 2020-12-16 2020-12-16 2020-12-16 2020-12-16	2021-12-16 2020-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2019-12-19 2020-12-16 2021-12-16 2019-12-19 2020-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16	2889A01064 165 2 2 03942 BP4387 C11740
3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Directional Coupler Low Pass Filter 1.5GHz Low Pass Filter 3.0GHz Low Pass Filter 6.0GHz Attenuators(10 dB)	HP Wainwright Instruments Micro LAB Micro LAB Micro LAB WEINSCHEL	WLK6-1000-1400-9000-60SS LA-15N LA-30N LA-60N 23-10-34	2020-12-16 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-12-16 2020-12-16 2020-12-16 2020-12-16 2020-12-16 2020-12-16 2020-12-16	2021-12-16 2020-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2011-06-24 2019-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16	2889A01064 165 2 2 03942 BP4387
33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33	Directional Coupler Low Pass Filter 1.5GHz Low Pass Filter 3.0GHz Low Pass Filter 6.0GHz Attenuators(10 dB) Attenuators Attenuators	HP Wainwright Instruments Micro LAB Micro LAB Micro LAB WEINSCHEL Cernexwave Cernexwave	WLK6-1000-1400-9000-60SS LA-15N LA-30N LA-60N 23-10-34 CFADC2603U5 CFADC2603U5	2020-12-16 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2018-12-16 2020-12-16 2018-12-19 2019-12-16 2020-12-16 2020-12-16 2020-12-16 2020-12-16 2020-12-16 2020-12-16	2021-12-16 2020-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2011-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2020-06-27 2021-06-24	2889A01064 165 2 2 03942 BP4387 C11740 C11711
3 3 3 3 3	Directional Coupler Low Pass Filter 1.5GHz Low Pass Filter 3.0GHz Low Pass Filter 6.0GHz Attenuators(10 dB)	HP Wainwright Instruments Micro LAB Micro LAB Micro LAB WEINSCHEL Cernexwave	WLK6-1000-1400-9000-60SS LA-15N LA-30N LA-60N 23-10-34 CFADC2603U5	2020-12-16 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2018-12-19 2019-12-16 2020-12-16 2020-12-16 2020-12-16 2020-12-16 2020-06-24 2019-06-27 2020-06-24 2018-11-20 2021-11-10	2021-12-16 2020-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2019-12-16 2021-12-16 2019-12-19 2020-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-10 2020-06-27 2021-06-24	2889A01064 165 2 2 03942 BP4387 C11740
3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Directional Coupler Low Pass Filter 1.5GHz Low Pass Filter 3.0GHz Low Pass Filter 6.0GHz Attenuators(10 dB) Attenuators Dielectric Probe kit	HP Wainwright Instruments Micro LAB Micro LAB Micro LAB WEINSCHEL Cernexwave Cernexwave SPEAG	WLK6-1000-1400-9000-60SS LA-15N LA-30N LA-60N 23-10-34 CFADC2603U5 CFADC2603U5 DAK-3.5	2020-12-16 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-12-16 2020-12-16 2020-12-16 2018-12-19 2019-12-16 2020-12-16 2020-12-16 2019-06-27 2020-06-24 2018-11-19 2019-11-15 2019-11-15 2019-11-15	2021-12-16 2020-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-16-24 2019-12-19 2020-12-16 2019-12-19 2020-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-19 2020-11-19 2020-11-19 2020-11-19 2020-11-19 2020-11-19 2020-11-19 2020-11-19	2889A01064 165 2 2 03942 BP4387 C11740 C11711 1092
3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Directional Coupler Low Pass Filter 1.5GHz Low Pass Filter 3.0GHz Low Pass Filter 6.0GHz Attenuators(10 dB) Attenuators Attenuators	HP Wainwright Instruments Micro LAB Micro LAB Micro LAB WEINSCHEL Cernexwave Cernexwave	WLK6-1000-1400-9000-60SS LA-15N LA-30N LA-60N 23-10-34 CFADC2603U5 CFADC2603U5	2020-12-16 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-06-24 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-12-16 2020-12-16 2019-12-16 2019-12-16 2020-12-16 2019-12-16 2019-12-16 2019-12-16 2019-12-16 2019-06-27 2020-06-24 2018-11-20 2019-11-19 2020-11-15 2020-11-25 2019-06-28	2021-12-16 2020-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2020-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-16-24 2019-12-19 2020-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2020-06-27 2021-06-24	2889A01064 165 2 2 03942 BP4387 C11740 C11711
3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Directional Coupler Low Pass Filter 1.5GHz Low Pass Filter 3.0GHz Low Pass Filter 3.0GHz Attenuators(10 dB) Attenuators Attenuators Dielectric Probe kit 8960 Series 10 Wireless Comms. Test Set	HP Wainwright Instruments Micro LAB Micro LAB Wicro LAB WEINSCHEL Cernexwave Cernexwave SPEAG Agilent	WLK6-1000-1400-9000-60SS LA-15N LA-30N LA-60N 23-10-34 CFADC2603U5 CFADC2603U5 DAK-3.5 E5515C	2020-12-16 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-12-16 2020-12-16 2019-12-16 2020-12-16 2020-12-16 2020-12-16 2019-12-16 2020-12-16 2019-12-16 2020-12-16 2019-12-16 2020-12-16 2019-12-16 2020-12-16 2019-12-16 2020-12-16 2019-06-27 2020-06-24 2018-11-19 2020-11-25 2019-06-28 2020-06-24 2018-12-19	2021-12-16 2020-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2019-12-19 2020-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16	2889A01064 165 2 2 03942 BP4387 C11740 C11711 1092 GB41321164
3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Directional Coupler Low Pass Filter 1.5GHz Low Pass Filter 3.0GHz Low Pass Filter 6.0GHz Attenuators(10 dB) Attenuators Dielectric Probe kit	HP Wainwright Instruments Micro LAB Micro LAB Micro LAB WEINSCHEL Cernexwave Cernexwave SPEAG	WLK6-1000-1400-9000-60SS LA-15N LA-30N LA-60N 23-10-34 CFADC2603U5 CFADC2603U5 DAK-3.5	2020-12-16 2019-06-24 2019-06-24 2019-06-24 2019-06-24 2019-06-24 2019-06-24 2019-06-24 2019-06-24 2019-06-24 2019-12-16 2019-12-16 2020-12-16 2019-12-16 2020-12-16 2019-12-16 2019-12-16 2020-12-16 2019-06-27 2020-06-24 2018-11-20 2019-11-19 2020-11-25 2019-06-28 2019-11-19 2020-06-24 2018-11-19 2020-06-24 2018-11-19 2020-06-24 2018-11-19 2020-06-24 2018-11-19	2021-12-16 2020-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2019-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2020-12-16 2020-12-16 2020-12-16 2020-06-27 2021-12-16 2020-06-28 2021-12-19 2020-12-16	2889A01064 165 2 2 03942 BP4387 C11740 C11711 1092
3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Directional Coupler Low Pass Filter 1.5GHz Low Pass Filter 3.0GHz Low Pass Filter 3.0GHz Attenuators(10 dB) Attenuators Attenuators Dielectric Probe kit 8960 Series 10 Wireless Comms. Test Set	HP Wainwright Instruments Micro LAB Micro LAB Wicro LAB WEINSCHEL Cernexwave Cernexwave SPEAG Agilent	WLK6-1000-1400-9000-60SS LA-15N LA-30N LA-60N 23-10-34 CFADC2603U5 CFADC2603U5 DAK-3.5 E5515C	2020-12-16 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-12-16 2019-12-16 2020-12-16 2020-12-16 2020-12-16 2019-12-16 2020-12-16 2019-12-16 2020-12-16 2019-06-27 2020-06-24 2018-11-20 2019-11-19 2020-11-25 2019-06-28 2020-06-24	2021-12-16 2020-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-16-24 2019-12-19 2020-12-16 2019-12-19 2020-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2020-06-27 2021-06-24 2019-11-20 2020-12-16 2020-06-27 2021-06-24 2019-11-20 2020-11-19 2020-12-16 2020-11-19 2020-11-19 2020-11-19 2020-12-19	2889A01064 165 2 2 03942 BP4387 C11740 C11711 1092 GB41321164
3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Directional Coupler Low Pass Filter 1.5GHz Low Pass Filter 3.0GHz Low Pass Filter 3.0GHz Attenuators(10 dB) Attenuators Attenuators Dielectric Probe kit 8960 Series 10 Wireless Comms. Test Set	HP Wainwright Instruments Micro LAB Micro LAB Wicro LAB WEINSCHEL Cernexwave Cernexwave SPEAG Agilent	WLK6-1000-1400-9000-60SS LA-15N LA-30N LA-60N 23-10-34 CFADC2603U5 CFADC2603U5 DAK-3.5 E5515C	2020-12-16 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-06-24 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-12-16 2020-12-16 2020-12-16 2019-12-16 2020-12-16 2019-12-10 2019-12-16 2020-12-16 2019-06-27 2020-06-24 2018-11-20 2019-11-19 2020-11-26 2019-11-29 2019-11-29 2020-11-26 2019-11-29 2020-11-26 2019-11-29 2020-11-26 2020-12-16 2020-12-16 2020-12-16 2020-12-16 2020-12-16 2020-12-16 2020-12-16	2021-12-16 2020-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-16-24 2019-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2020-06-27 2021-06-24 2019-11-20 2020-12-16 2020-06-27 2021-06-24 2019-11-20 2020-11-19 2021-11-26 2020-06-28 2021-11-26 2021-11-26 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16	2889A01064 165 2 2 03942 BP4387 C11740 C11711 1092 GB41321164
3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Directional Coupler Low Pass Filter 1.5GHz Low Pass Filter 3.0GHz Low Pass Filter 6.0GHz Attenuators(10 dB) Attenuators Attenuators Dielectric Probe kit 8960 Series 10 Wireless Comms. Test Set Wideband Radio Communication Tester	HP Wainwright Instruments Micro LAB Micro LAB Micro LAB WEINSCHEL Cernexwave Cernexwave SPEAG Agilent Rohde Schwarz	WLK6-1000-1400-9000-60SS LA-15N LA-30N LA-60N 23-10-34 CFADC2603U5 CFADC2603U5 DAK-3.5 E5515C CMW500	2020-12-16 2019-06-24 2020-06-24 2019-06-24 2019-06-24 2019-06-24 2019-06-24 2019-06-24 2019-06-24 2019-06-24 2019-06-24 2019-12-16 2019-12-16 2019-12-16 2020-12-16 2019-12-16 2020-12-16 2019-12-16 2019-12-16 2019-12-16 2019-12-16 2019-12-16 2019-12-16 2019-12-16 2019-12-16 2020-12-16 2019-12-16 2020-12-16 2019-12-16 2020-12-16 2019-12-16 2020-12-16	2021-12-16 2020-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2021-06-24 2019-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-11-20 2020-12-16 2021-11-25 2020-06-28 2021-106-24 2019-12-19 2020-12-16 2020-12-16 2021-12-16 2021-12-16	2889A01064 165 2 2 03942 BP4387 C11740 C11711 1092 GB41321164 101414

NOTE(S):

1. The E-field probe was calibrated by SPEAG, by temperature measurement procedure. Dipole Verification measurement is performed by DT&C before each test. The brain and muscle simulating material are calibrated by DT&C using the dielectric probe system and network analyzer to determine the conductivity and permittivity (dielectric constant) of the brain and muscle-equivalent material. Each equipment item was used solely within its respective calibration period.

2. CBT(Calibrated Before Testing). Prior to testing, the measurement paths containing a cable, amplifier, attenuator, coupler or filter were connected to a calibrated source (i.e. signal generator) to determine the losses of the measurement path. The power meter offset was then adjusted to compensate for the measurement system losses. This level offset is stored within the power meter before measurements are made. This calibration verification procedure applies to the system verification and output power measurements. The calibrated reading is then taken directly from the power meter after compensation of the losses for all final power measurements.



15. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

750 MHz ~ 2 600 MHz Head (SN: 3866)

	Uncertainty	Probability	D: :	(Ci)	(Ci)	Standard	Standard	vi 2 or
Error Description	value ±%	Distribution	Divisor	1 g	10 g	1 g (± %)	10 g (± %)	Veff
Measurement System			•	•				•
Probe calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
Axial isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	5.5	5.5	∞
Boundary Effects	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Probe Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Probe modulation response	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Detection limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	1.0	Normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Response time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	8
Integration time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.23	0.23	∞
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
SAR Scaling	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Physical Parameters								
Phantom Shell	7.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
Liquid conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	4.2	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.3	3.0	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	4.1	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.94	1.1	10
Temp. unc Conductivity	1.9	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	0.86	0.78	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity	1.9	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.25	0.29	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						13	13	330
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)		*				26	26	

 $U(1 g) = k \cdot u_c$

^{= 2 · 13 %}

^{= 26 % (}The confidence level is about 95 % k = 2)

 $U(10 g) = k \cdot u_c$

^{= 2 · 13 %}

^{= 26 % (}The confidence level is about 95 % k = 2)



1 900 MHz Head (SN: 3327)

Error Description	Uncertainty	Probability	Divisor	(Ci)	(Ci)	Standard	Standard	vi 2 or
Error Description	value ±%	Distribution	DIVISOI	1 g	10 g	1 g (± %)	10 g (± %)	Veff
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
Axial isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	8
Hemispherical isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	5.5	5.5	∞
Boundary Effects	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Probe Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Probe modulation response	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Detection limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	1.0	Normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Response time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.23	0.23	∞
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Test Sample Related					•			•
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
SAR Scaling	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Physical Parameters								
Phantom Shell	7.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
Liquid conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	8
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	4.0	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.1	2.8	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	3.8	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.87	1.0	10
Temp. unc Conductivity	1.9	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	0.86	0.78	~
Temp. unc Permittivity	2.0	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.27	0.30	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						13	13	330
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						26	26	

 $U(1 g) = k \cdot u_c$

^{= 2 · 13 %}

^{= 26 % (}The confidence level is about 95 % κ = 2)

^{= 26 % (}The confidence level is about 95 % k = 2)



2 450 MHz Head (SN: 7368)

Error Description	Uncertainty	Probability	Divisor	(Ci)	(Ci)	Standard	Standard	vi 2 or
Error Description	value ±%	Distribution	DIVISOI	1 g	10 g	1 g (± %)	10 g (± %)	Veff
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
Axial isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	5.5	5.5	∞
Boundary Effects	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Probe Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Probe modulation response	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Detection limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	1.0	Normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Response time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.23	0.23	∞
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Test Sample Related					•			•
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
SAR Scaling	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Physical Parameters								
Phantom Shell	7.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
Liquid conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	×
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	4.1	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.2	2.9	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	3.8	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.87	1.0	10
Temp. unc Conductivity	1.9	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	0.86	0.78	~
Temp. unc Permittivity	1.9	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.25	0.29	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						13	13	330
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						26	26	

 $U(1 g) = k \cdot u_c$

^{= 2 · 13 %}

^{= 26 % (}The confidence level is about 95 % κ = 2)

^{= 26 % (}The confidence level is about 95 % k = 2)



5 200 MHz Head (SN: 7368)

Error Description	Uncertainty	Probability	Divisor	(Ci)	(Ci)	Standard	Standard	vi 2 or
Error Description	value ±%	Distribution	DIVISOI	1 g	10 g	1 g (± %)	10 g (± %)	Veff
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	6.6	Normal	1	1	1	6.6	6.6	∞
Axial isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	®
Hemispherical isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	5.5	5.5	∞
Boundary Effects	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Probe Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Probe modulation response	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Detection limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	1.0	Normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Response time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.23	0.23	∞
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Test Sample Related								•
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
SAR Scaling	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Physical Parameters								
Phantom Shell	7.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
Liquid conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	×
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	3.9	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.0	2.8	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	3.7	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.85	1.0	10
Temp. unc Conductivity	2.0	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	0.90	0.82	~
Temp. unc Permittivity	2.0	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.27	0.30	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						13	13	330
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						26	26	

 $U(1 g) = k \cdot u_c$

^{= 2 · 13 %}

^{= 26 % (}The confidence level is about 95 % κ = 2)

^{= 26 % (}The confidence level is about 95 % k = 2)



5 300 MHz Head (SN: 7368)

	Uncertainty	Probability	D: :	(Ci)	(Ci)	Standard	Standard	vi 2 or
Error Description	value ±%	Distribution	Divisor	1 g	10 g	1 g (± %)	10 g (± %)	Veff
Measurement System				•	•			
Probe calibration	6.6	Normal	1	1	1	6.6	6.6	∞
Axial isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	5.5	5.5	∞
Boundary Effects	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Probe Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Probe modulation response	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Detection limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	1.0	Normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Response time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.23	0.23	∞
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Test Sample Related			-1		1			
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
SAR Scaling	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Physical Parameters								
Phantom Shell	7.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
Liquid conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	4.0	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.1	2.8	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	4.3	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.99	1.1	10
Temp. unc Conductivity	1.9	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	0.86	0.78	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity	1.7	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.23	0.26	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						13	13	330
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						26	26	

 $U(1 g) = k \cdot u_c$

^{= 2 · 13 %}

^{= 26 % (}The confidence level is about 95 % κ = 2)

 $U(10 g) = k \cdot u_c$ = 2 · 13 %

^{= 26 % (}The confidence level is about 95 % k = 2)



5 500 MHz Head (SN: 7368)

Error Description	Uncertainty	Probability	Divisor	(Ci)	(Ci)	Standard	Standard	vi 2 or
Error Description	value ±%	Distribution	Divisor	1 g	10 g	1 g (± %)	10 g (± %)	Veff
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	6.6	Normal	1	1	1	6.6	6.6	∞
Axial isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	5.5	5.5	∞
Boundary Effects	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Probe Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Probe modulation response	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Detection limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	1.0	Normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Response time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.23	0.23	∞
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Test Sample Related								•
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
SAR Scaling	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Physical Parameters								
Phantom Shell	7.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
Liquid conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	3.9	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.0	2.8	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	4.0	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.92	1.0	10
Temp. unc Conductivity	1.9	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	0.86	0.78	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity	1.9	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.25	0.29	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						13	13	330
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)		•				26	26	

 $U(1 g) = k \cdot u_c$

^{= 2 · 13 %}

^{= 26 % (}The confidence level is about 95 % κ = 2)

^{= 26 % (}The confidence level is about 95 % k = 2)



5 600 MHz Head (SN: 7368)

5 D 10	Uncertainty	Probability	D: :	(Ci)	(Ci)	Standard	Standard	vi 2 or
Error Description	value ±%	Distribution	Divisor	1 g	10 g	1 g (± %)	10 g (± %)	Veff
Measurement System			•	•	•	•		
Probe calibration	6.6	Normal	1	1	1	6.6	6.6	∞
Axial isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	5.5	5.5	∞
Boundary Effects	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Probe Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Probe modulation response	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Detection limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	1.0	Normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Response time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.23	0.23	∞
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Test Sample Related				-				
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
SAR Scaling	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Physical Parameters								
Phantom Shell	7.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
Liquid conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	4.1	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.2	2.9	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	4.3	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.99	1.1	10
Temp. unc Conductivity	1.8	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	0.81	0.74	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity	1.9	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.25	0.29	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						13	13	330
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						26	26	

 $U(1 g) = k \cdot u_c$

^{= 2 · 13 %}

^{= 26 % (}The confidence level is about 95 % κ = 2)

^{= 26 % (}The confidence level is about 95 % k = 2)

16. CONCLUSION

Measurement Conclusion

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC. These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under the worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are every complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role impossible biological effect are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease).

Because innumerable factors may interact to determine the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide shall consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.

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APPENDIX A. – Probe Calibration Data



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service sulsse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

DT&C (Dymstec)

Certificate No EX3-3866_May21

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN.3866

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v6, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v7

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: May 31, 2021

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)	Apr-22
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)	Apr-22
DAE4	SN: 660	23-Dec-20 (No. DAE4-660_Dec20)	Dec-21
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-20 (No. ES3-3013_Dec20)	Dec-21
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	in house check: Jun-22.
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-21

Calibrated by:

Name

Function

Signature

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic

Technical Manager

Issued: June 1, 2021

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: EX3-3866_May21

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

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S Schweizerischer Kallbrierdienst
C Service sulsse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Servizio svizzero di taratu Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL lissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- EC 62209-1, ", "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from handheld and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).



EX3DV4 - SN:3866

May 31, 2021

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3866

Basic Calibration Parameters

Judio Gailbiation i ara	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.41	0.31	0.35	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	97.7	103.7	101.9	

Calibration Results for Modulation	Response
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UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	129.7	± 3.5 %	± 4.7 %
U	000	Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		148.3		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		138.2		
10352-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	20.00	95.32	24.62	10.00	60.0	± 3.4 %	± 9.6 %
AAA	Taloo marolom (2001)	Y	4.42	71.51	14.14		60.0		
,,,,,		Z	20.00	91.85	21.05		60.0		
10353-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	20.00	95.98	23.79	6.99	80.0	± 1.8 %	± 9.6 %
AAA	1 0/30 **********************************	Y	4.65	74.45	14.13		80.0		
, , , ,		Z	20.00	94.61	21.28		80.0		
10354-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	20.00	100.40	24.57	3.98	95.0	± 1.5 %	± 9.6 %
AAA	Tales travelerin (2001)	Y	7.63	81.79	15.40		95.0		
, , ,		Z	20.00	102.03	23.55		95.0	1	
10355-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	20.00	108.27	27.01	2.22	120.0	± 1.5 %	± 9.6 %
AAA	1 000 1101111 (2001)2, 0070)	Y	15.99	91.93	17.75	1	120.0		
,,,,,		Z	20.00	112.62	27.26	1	120.0]	
10387-	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	2.06	66.75	16.22	1.00	150.0	± 1.5 %	± 9.6 %
AAA	a. o. c.	Y	1.70	65.50	14.82	1	150.0		
		Z	1.69	66.12	15.08		150.0		
10388-	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	2.81	70.67	17.11	0.00	150.0	± 1.1 %	± 9.6 %
AAA	a. c.	Y	2.23	67.64	15.48	1	150.0]	
, , ,		Z	2.20	67.71	15.67		150.0		
10396-	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	3.71	72.06	19.34	3.01	150.0	± 0.9 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	3.17	71.56	18.88		150.0		
		Z	2.82	70.44	18.57		150.0		
10399-	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	3.73	67.75	16.21	0.00	150.0	± 0.8 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	3.54	67.17	15.69		150.0		
		Z	3.51	67.15	15.75		150.0		
10414-	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	X	5.13	65.71	15.60	0.00	150.0	± 1.1 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	4.75	65.12	15.15		150.0		
		Z	4.86	65.74	15.49	1	150.0		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).

In the uncertainties of North X, 1,2, or not alrest at a large state of the uncertainties of North X, 1,2, or not alrest at a large state of the uncertainty and required.
 In uncertainties of North X, 1,2, or not alrest at a large state of the uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



EX3DV4 - SN:3866

May 31, 2021

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3866

Sensor Model Parameters

	C1 fF	C2 fF	α V ⁻¹	T1 ms.V ⁻²	T2 ms.V ⁻¹	T3 ms	T4 V ⁻²	T5 V ⁻¹	Т6
X	77.1	564.54	34.51	25.24	0.72	5.10	0.57	0.57	1.01
Υ	50.5	363.89	33.44	9.42	0.73	4.96	1.95	0.12	1.01
Z	43.2	310.32	33.17	11.16	0.14	5.03	2.00	0.02	1.00

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-115.7
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3-4 mm for an Area Scan job.



DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3866

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.91	9.91	9.91	0.46	0.80	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	9.56	9.56	9.56	0.50	0.80	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.38	9.38	9.38	0.51	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.27	8.27	8.27	0.35	0.86	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.92	7.92	7.92	0.33	0.86	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.70	7.70	7.70	0.30	0.90	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.43	7.43	7.43	0.37	0.90	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.34	7.34	7.34	0.40	0.90	± 12.0 %
5200	36.0	4.66	5.30	5.30	5.30	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	5.10	5.10	5.10	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.60	4.60	4.60	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.51	4.51	4.51	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.70	4.70	4.70	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty above 50 km/s. The unit of the four feet and the uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

Fat frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (a and o) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to

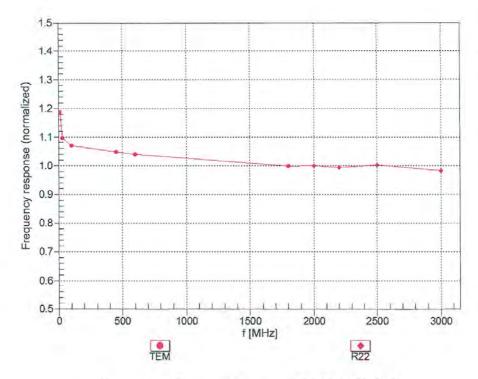
measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ɛ and ơ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip

diameter from the boundary.



Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



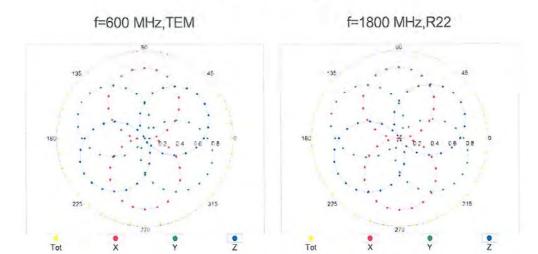
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

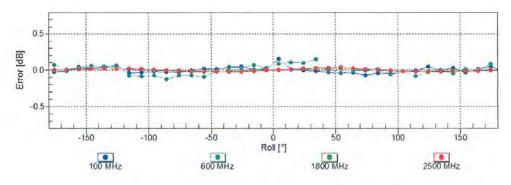
Certificate No: EX3-3866_May21

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Receiving Pattern (\$\phi\$), \$\partial = 0°





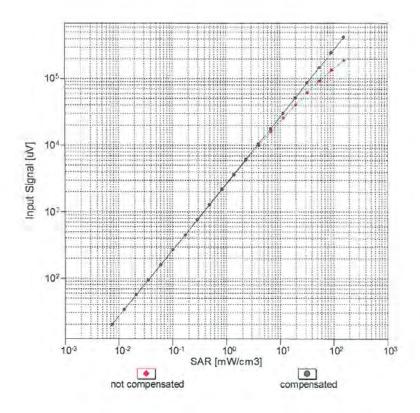
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

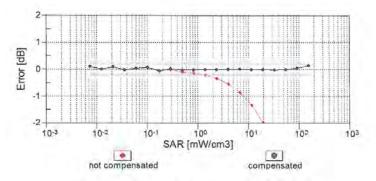
Certificate No: EX3-3866_May21

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Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell, f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)





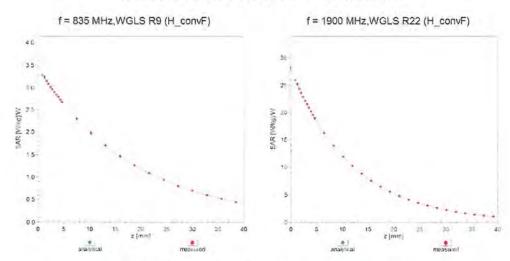
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-3866_May21

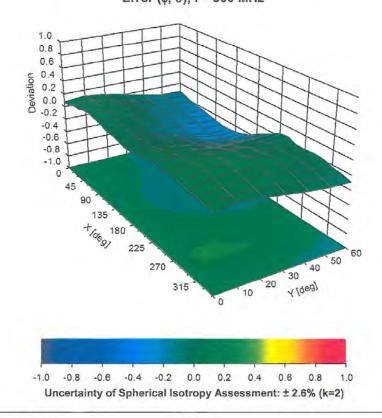
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Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



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Appendix: Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Rev	Communication System Name	Group	PAR	Unc ^E
0	-	CW	CW	(dB) 0.00	(k=2) ± 4.7 %
10010	CAA	SAR Validation (Square, 100ms, 10ms)	Test	10.00	± 9.6 %
10011	CAB	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	WCDMA	2.91	± 9.6 %
10012	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	WLAN	1.87	± 9.6 %
10013	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps)	WLAN	9.46	± 9.6 %
10021	DAC	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	GSM	9.39	± 9.6 %
10023	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0)	GSM	9.57	± 9.6 %
10024	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1)	GSM	6.56	± 9.6 %
10025	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0)	GSM	12.62	± 9.6 %
10026	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1)	GSM	9.55	± 9.6 %
10027	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2)	GSM	4.80	± 9.6 %
10028	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	GSM	3.55	± 9.6 %
10029	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1-2)	GSM	7.78	± 9.6 %
10030	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH1)	Bluetooth	5.30	± 9.6 %
10031	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH3)	Bluetooth	1.87	± 9.6 %
10032	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5)	Bluetooth	1,16	± 9.6 %
10033	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH1)	Bluetooth	7.74	± 9.6 %
10034	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH3)	Bluetooth	4.53	± 9.6 %
10035	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH5)	Bluetooth	3.83	± 9.6 %
10036	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH1)	Bluetooth	8.01	± 9.6 %
10037	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH3)	Bluetooth	4.77	± 9.6 %
10038	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH5)	Bluetooth	4.10	± 9.6 %
10039	CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1)	CDMA2000	4.57	± 9.6 %
10042	CAB	IS-54 / IS-136 FDD (TDMA/FDM, PI/4-DQPSK, Halfrate)	AMPS	7.78	± 9.6 %
10044	CAA	IS-91/EIA/TIA-553 FDD (FDMA, FM)	AMPS	0.00	± 9.6 %
10048	CAA	DECT (TDD, TDMA/FDM, GFSK, Full Slot, 24)	DECT	13.80	± 9.6 %
10049	CAA	DECT (TDD, TDMA/FDM, GFSK, Double Slot, 12)	DECT	10.79	± 9.6 %
10056	CAA	UMTS-TDD (TD-SCDMA, 1.28 Mcps)	TD-SCDMA	11.01	± 9.6 %
10058	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	GSM	6.52	± 9.6 %
10059	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 2 Mbps)	WLAN	2.12	± 9.6 %
10060	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 5.5 Mbps)	WLAN	2.83	± 9.6 %
10061	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps)	WLAN	3.60	± 9.6 %
10062	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps)	WLAN	8.68	± 9.6 %
10063	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 9 Mbps)	WLAN	8.63	± 9.6 %
10064	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 12 Mbps)	WLAN	9.09	± 9.6 %
10065	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 18 Mbps)	WLAN	9.00	± 9.6 %
10066	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 24 Mbps)	WLAN	9.38	± 9.6 %
10067	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 36 Mbps)	WLAN	10.12	± 9.6 %
10068	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 48 Mbps)	WLAN	10.24	± 9.6 %
10069	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 54 Mbps)	WLAN	10.56	± 9.6 %
10071	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 9 Mbps)	WLAN	9.83	± 9.6 %
10072	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 12 Mbps)	WLAN	9.62	± 9.6 %
10073	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 18 Mbps)	WLAN	9.94	± 9.6 %
10074	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 24 Mbps)	WLAN	10.30	± 9.6 %
10075	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 36 Mbps)	WLAN	10.77	± 9.6 %
10076	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 48 Mbps)	WLAN	10.94	± 9.6 %
10077	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 54 Mbps)	WLAN	11.00	± 9.6 %
10081	CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3)	CDMA2000	3.97	± 9.6 %
10082	CAB	IS-54 / IS-136 FDD (TDMA/FDM, PI/4-DQPSK, Fullrate)	AMPS	4.77	± 9.6 %
10090	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-4)	GSM	6.56	± 9.6 %
10097	CAC	UMTS-FDD (HSDPA)	WCDMA	3.98	± 9.6 %
10098	DAC	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 2)	WCDMA	3.98	± 9.6 %



10099	CAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-4)	GSM	9.55	± 9.6 %
10100	CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.67	± 9.6 %
10101	CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.42	± 9.6 %
10102	CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.60	± 9.6 %
10103	DAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.29	± 9.6 %
10104	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.97	± 9.6 %
10105	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.01	± 9.6 %
10108	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.80	± 9.6 %
10109	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.43	± 9.6 %
10110	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.75	± 9.6 %
10111		LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD		
10112	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 164-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.44	± 9.6 %
10112	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.59	
10113	CAG	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)		6.62	± 9.6 %
10114	CAG		WLAN	8.10	± 9.6 %
	CAG	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 81 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.46	± 9.6 %
10116	CAG	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 135 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.15	± 9.6 %
10117	CAG	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.07	± 9.6 %
10118	CAD	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 81 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.59	± 9.6 %
10119	CAD	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 135 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.13	± 9.6 %
10140	CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.49	± 9.6 %
10141	CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.53	± 9.6 %
10142	CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10143	CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.35	± 9.6 %
10144	CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.65	± 9.6 %
10145	CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.76	± 9.6 %
10146	CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.41	± 9.6 %
10147	CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.72	± 9.6 %
10149	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.42	± 9.6 %
10150	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.60	± 9.6 %
10151	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.28	± 9.6 %
10152	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.92	± 9.6 %
10153	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.05	± 9.6 %
10154	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.75	± 9.6 %
10155	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.43	± 9.6 %
10156	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.79	± 9.6 %
10157	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.49	± 9.6 %
10158	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.62	± 9.6 %
10159	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.56	± 9.6 %
10160	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.82	± 9.6 %
10161	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD		± 9.6 %
10162	_	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)		6.43	
10162	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 13 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	6.58	± 9.6 %
10166	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK) LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	5.46	± 9.6 %
10167	CAG	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		6.21	± 9.6 %
	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.79	± 9.6 %
10169	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10170	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10171	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.49	± 9.6 %
10172	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	± 9.6 %
10173	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10174	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10175	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.72	± 9.6 %
10176	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10177	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10178	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10179	AAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10180	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %



10181	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.72	± 9.6 %
10182	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10183	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10184	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10185	CAI	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.51	± 9.6 %
10186	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10187	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10188	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10189	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10193	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.09	± 9.6 %
10194	AAD	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 39 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.12	± 9.6 %
10195	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 65 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.21	± 9.6 %
10196	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.10	± 9.6 %
10197	AAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 39 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.13	± 9.6 %
10198	CAF	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 65 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.27	± 9.6 %
10219	CAF	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 7.2 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.03	± 9.6 %
10220	AAF	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 43.3 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.13	± 9.6 %
10221	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 72.2 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.27	± 9.6 %
10222	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 15 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.06	± 9.6 %
10223	CAD	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 90 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.48	± 9.6 %
10224	CAD	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 150 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.08	± 9.6 %
10225	CAD	UMTS-FDD (HSPA+)	WCDMA	5.97	± 9.6 %
10226	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.49	± 9.6 %
10227	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.26	± 9.6 %
10228		LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.22	
10229	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 % ± 9.6 %
10230	DAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD		
10230	CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.19	± 9.6 %
10231	CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD		± 9.6 %
10232	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10233	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10234	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.21	± 9.6 %
10235	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 % ± 9.6 %
10237	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD		
10237	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)		9.21	± 9.6 %
10239	CAB		LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10239	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10240	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	± 9.6 %
10241	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM) LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.82	± 9.6 %
10242	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.86	± 9.6 %
10243	CAD	(9.46	± 9.6 %
	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.06	± 9.6 %
10245	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.06	± 9.6 %
10246	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.30	± 9.6 %
10247	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.91	± 9.6 %
10248	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.09	± 9.6 %
10249	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.29	± 9.6 %
10250	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.81	± 9.6 %
10251	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.17	± 9.6 %
10252	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.24	± 9.6 %
10253	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.90	± 9.6 %
10254	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.14	± 9.6 %
10255	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.20	± 9.6 %
10256	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.96	± 9.6 %
10257	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.08	± 9.6 %
10258	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.34	± 9.6 %
10259	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.98	± 9.6 %

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10260	210	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE TOD	0.07	
10260	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.97	± 9.6 %
10261	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.24	± 9.6 %
10262	CAG		LTE-TDD	9.83	± 9.6 %
	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.16	± 9.6 %
10264	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.23	± 9.6 %
10265	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.92	± 9.6 %
10266	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.07	± 9.6 %
10267	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.30	± 9.6 %
10268	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.06	± 9.6 %
10269	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.13	± 9.6 %
10270	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.58	± 9.6 %
10274	CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.10)	WCDMA	4.87	± 9.6 %
10275	CAD	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.4)	WCDMA	3.96	± 9.6 %
10277	CAD	PHS (QPSK)	PHS	11.81	± 9.6 %
10278	CAD	PHS (QPSK, BW 884MHz, Rolloff 0.5)	PHS	11.81	± 9.6 %
10279	CAG	PHS (QPSK, BW 884MHz, Rolloff 0.38)	PHS	12.18	± 9.6 %
10290	CAG	CDMA2000, RC1, SO55, Full Rate	CDMA2000	3.91	± 9.6 %
10291	CAG	CDMA2000, RC3, SO55, Full Rate	CDMA2000	3.46	± 9.6 %
10292	CAG	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, Full Rate	CDMA2000	3.39	± 9.6 %
10293	CAG	CDMA2000, RC3, SO3, Full Rate	CDMA2000	3.50	± 9.6 %
10295	CAG	CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.	CDMA2000	12.49	± 9.6 %
10297	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.81	± 9.6 %
10298	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.72	± 9.6 %
10299	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.39	± 9.6 %
10300	CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.60	± 9.6 %
10301	CAC	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 5ms, 10MHz, QPSK, PUSC)	WiMAX	12.03	± 9.6 %
10302	CAB	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 5ms, 10MHz, QPSK, PUSC, 3CTRL)	WiMAX	12.57	± 9.6 %
10303	CAB	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (31:15, 5ms, 10MHz, 64QAM, PUSC)	WiMAX	12.52	± 9.6 %
10304	CAA	IEEE 802.16e WIMAX (29:18, 5ms, 10MHz, 64QAM, PUSC)	WiMAX	11.86	± 9.6 %
10305	CAA	IEEE 802.16e WIMAX (31:15, 10ms, 10MHz, 64QAM, PUSC)	WiMAX	15.24	± 9.6 %
10306	CAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, 64QAM, PUSC)	WiMAX	14.67	± 9.6 %
10307	AAB	IEEE 802.16e WIMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, QPSK, PUSC)	WiMAX	14.49	± 9.6 %
10308	AAB	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, 16QAM, PUSC)	WiMAX	14.46	± 9.6 %
10309	AAB	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, 16QAM,AMC 2x3)	WiMAX	14.58	± 9.6 %
10310	AAB	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, QPSK, AMC 2x3	WiMAX	14.57	± 9.6 %
10311	AAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	6.06	± 9.6 %
10313	AAD	IDEN 1:3	iDEN	10.51	± 9.6 %
10314	AAD	IDEN 1:6	IDEN	13.48	± 9.6 %
10315	AAD	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 96pc dc)	WLAN	1.71	± 9.6 %
10316	AAD	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 96pc dc)	WLAN	8.36	± 9.6 %
10317	AAA	IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps, 96pc dc)	WLAN	8.36	± 9.6 %
10352	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	Generic	10.00	± 9.6 %
10353	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	Generic	6.99	± 9.6 %
10354	_	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	Generic	3.98	± 9.6 %
10355	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	Generic	2.22	± 9.6 %
10356	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 80%)	Generic		
10336	AAA	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	Generic	0.97	± 9.6 %
10387	AAA	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	Generic	5.10	± 9.6 %
10396	AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	Generic	5.22	± 9.6 %
10390	AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz		6.27	± 9.6 %
	AAA		Generic	6.27	± 9.6 %
10400	AAD	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.37	± 9.6 %
1 10/01	AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.60	± 9.6 %
10401		IEEE 000 4400 MIE: (00MH= 04 0 444 00	AA/I AAI	0.50	
10402	AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.53	± 9.6 %
10402 10403	AAA AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. 0)	CDMA2000	3.76	± 9.6 %
10402	AAA				

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10410	AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.82	± 9.6 %
10414	AAA	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	Generic	8.54	± 9.6 %
10415	AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 99pc dc)	WLAN	1.54	± 9.6 %
10416	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.23	± 9.6 %
10417	AAA	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.23	± 9.6 %
10418		IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc, Long)	WLAN	8.14	± 9.6 %
10419	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc, Editg)	WLAN	8.19	± 9.6 %
10419	AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 7.2 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN		
10422	AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 43.3 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.32	± 9.6 %
	AAA			8.47	± 9.6 %
10424	AAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 72.2 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.40	± 9.6 %
10425	AAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 15 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.41	± 9.6 %
10426	AAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 90 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.45	± 9.6 %
10427	AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 150 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.41	± 9.6 %
10430	AAB	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 5 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	LTE-FDD	8.28	± 9.6 %
10431	AAC	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 10 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	LTE-FDD	8.38	± 9.6 %
10432	AAB	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 15 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	LTE-FDD	8.34	± 9.6 %
10433	AAC	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 20 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	LTE-FDD	8.34	± 9.6 %
10434	AAG	W-CDMA (BS Test Model 1, 64 DPCH)	WCDMA	8.60	± 9.6 %
10435	AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	7.82	± 9.6 %
10447	AAA	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 5 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	LTE-FDD	7.56	± 9.6 %
10448	AAA	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 10 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clippin 44%)	LTE-FDD	7.53	± 9.6 %
10449	AAC	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 15 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Cliping 44%)	LTE-FDD	7.51	± 9.6 %
10450	AAA	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 20 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	LTE-FDD	7.48	± 9.6 %
10451	AAA	W-CDMA (BS Test Model 1, 64 DPCH, Clipping 44%)	WCDMA	7.59	± 9.6 %
10453	AAC	Validation (Square, 10ms, 1ms)	Test	10.00	± 9.6 %
10456	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.63	± 9.6 %
10457	AAC	UMTS-FDD (DC-HSDPA)	WCDMA	6.62	± 9.6 %
10458	AAC	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. B, 2 carriers)	CDMA2000	6.55	± 9.6 %
10459	AAC	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. B, 3 carriers)	CDMA2000	8.25	± 9.6 %
10460	AAC	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA, AMR)	WCDMA	2.39	± 9.6 %
10461	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	7.82	± 9.6 %
10462	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.30	± 9.6 %
10463	AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.56	± 9.6 %
10464	AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	7.82	± 9.6 %
10465	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.32	± 9.6 %
10466	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.57	± 9.6 %
10467	AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	7.82	± 9.6 %
10468	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.32	± 9.6 %
10469	AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.56	± 9.6 %
10470	AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	7.82	± 9.6 %
10471	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.32	± 9.6 %
10472	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.57	± 9.6 %
10473	AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	7.82	± 9.6 %
10474	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.32	± 9.6 %
10475	AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.57	± 9.6 %
10477		LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.32	± 9.6 %
10477	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.57	± 9.6 %
10478	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 KB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM, 6E Sub)	LTE-TDD	7.74	± 9.6 %
10480	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.18	± 9.6 %
10480	AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD		± 9.6 %
10482	AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.45	± 9.6 %
10483	AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM, Sub)		7.71	
10483	AAA		LTE-TDD	8.39	± 9.6 %
	AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Sub) LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.47	± 9.6 %
10485	AAB		LTE-TDD	7.59	± 9.6 %
10486	AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.38	± 9.6 %
10487	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.60	± 9.6 %

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