APPENDIX I MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE

According to FCC 1.1310 : The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate theenvironment impact of human exposure to radio frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b)LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm^2)	Average Time
(A) Limits for Occupational / Control Exposures				
300-1,500	--	--	F/300	6
1,500-100,000	--	--	5	6
(B) Limits for General Population / Uncontrol Exposures				
300-1,500	--	--	F/1500	6
1,500-100,000	--	--	1	30

CALCULATIONS

Given $$E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \quad \& \quad S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$$

Where   E = Field strength in Volts / meter
P = Power in Watts
G = Numeric antenna gain
d = Distance in meters
S = Power density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770 d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

P (mW) = P (W) / 1000 and
d (cm) = d(m) / 100

Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$

Where   d = Distance in cm
P = Power in mW
G = Numeric antenna gain
S = Power density in mW / cm2

LIMIT

Power Density Limit, S=1.0mW/cm^2

TEST RESULTS

Mode	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Minimum separation distance (cm)	Output Power (dBm)	Numeric antenna gain (mW)	Power Density Limit (mW/cm^2)	Power Density at 20cm (mW/cm^2)
IEEE 802.11b	5.93	20.0	14.06	3.92	1.00	0.019848
IEEE 802.11g	5.93	20.0	16.06	3.92	1.00	0.031457
IEEE 802.11n HT20	5.93	20.0	17.32	3.92	1.00	0.042056
IEEE 802.11n HT40	5.93	20.0	17.41	3.92	1.00	0.042936

Remark: *For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm^2 even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.*