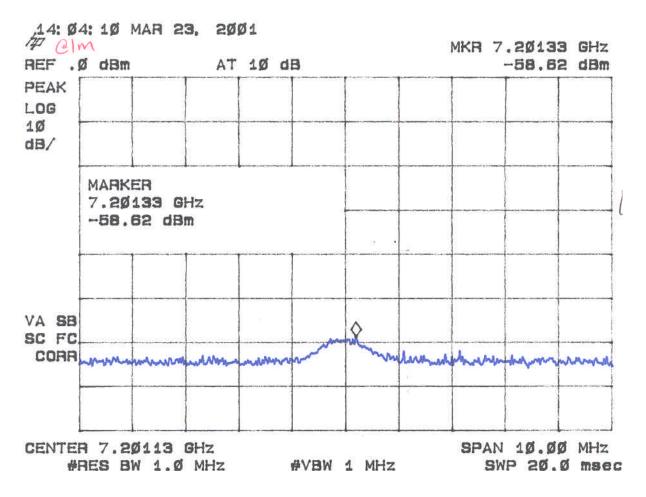
## 2.9 Peak Radiated Spurious Emission in the Frequency Range 30 -25000 MHz (FCC Section 15.247(c))

The EUT was hop-stopped and when possible placed into a continuous transmit mode of operation. A preliminary scan was performed on the EUT to determine frequencies that were caused by the transmitter portion of the product. Since the Digital Device portion of the unit was required to meet Class A limits, during the prescan the EUT had to be repeatedly cycled from transmit mode to idle mode in order to differentiate spurious signals from the transmitter. Significant emissions that fell within restricted bands were then measured on an OAT's site. Radiated measurements below 1 GHz were tested with a RBW = 120 kHz. Radiated measurements above 1 GHz were measured using a RBW = VBW = 1 MHz. The results of peak radiated spurious emissions falling within restricted bands are given in Table 4a (low), Table 4b, (mid), Table 4c (high) and Figure 5a-5b (low), Figure 5c-5d (mid) and Table 5e-5f (high).

# Figure 5a Peak Radiated Spurious Emission 15.247(c) Low

Plot for 4.80075 GHz not available

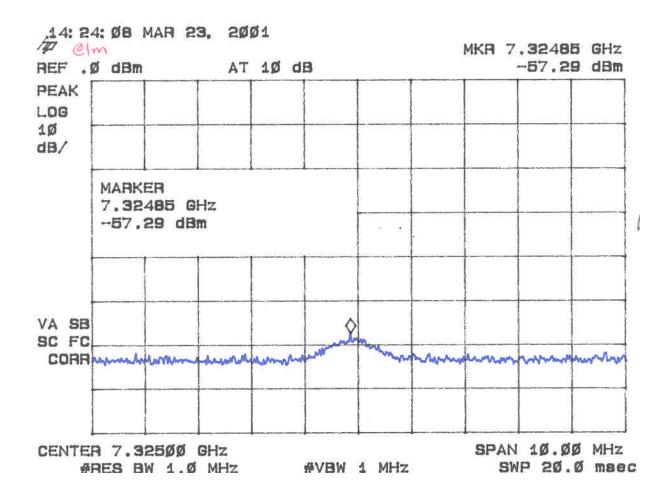
Figure 5b
Peak Radiated Spurious Emission 15.247(c) Low



# Figure 5c Peak Radiated Spurious Emission 15.247(c) Mid

Plot for 4.88315 GHz not available

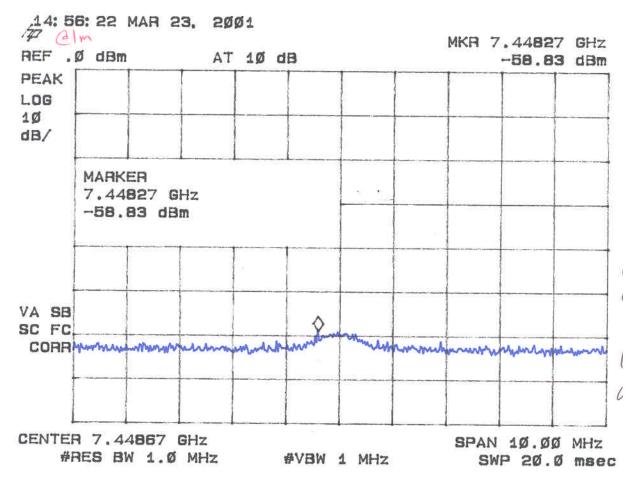
Figure 5d
Peak Radiated Spurious Emission 15.247(c) Mid



## Figure 5e Peak Radiated Spurious Emission 15.247(c) High

Plot for 4.96570 GHz not available

Figure 5f
Peak Radiated Spurious Emission 15.247(c) High



Test Date: March 23-30, 2001

**UST Project:** 01-0220

**Customer:** NCR Corporation

Model: 7730

#### TABLE 4a PEAK RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (Low)

Freq. (GHz)	Test Data* (dBm) @3m	Amp. Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Results (uV/m) @3m	FCC Limits (uV/m) @3m
4.8007	-55.3	33.9	34.5	3.4	609.5	5000
7.2011**	-67.2	33.7	37.4	4.7	257.0	5000

#### TABLE 4b PEAK RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (Mid)

Freq. (GHz)	Test Data* (dBm) @3m	Amp. Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Results (uV/m) @3m	FCC Limits (uV/m) @3m
4.8832	-59.0	33.9	34.8	3.5	416.9	5000
7.3250**	-65.8	33.7	37.5	4.7	305.4	5000

#### TABLE 4c PEAK RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (High)

Freq. (GHz)	Test Data* (dBm) @3m	Amp. Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Results (uV/m) @3m	FCC Limits (uV/m) @3m
4.9657	-58.4	33.9	35.0	3.5	457.1	5000
7.4486**	-67.3	33.7	37.6	4.7	260.0	5000

<sup>\* =</sup> Data adjusted by + 1 dB for high pass filter

#### **SAMPLE CALCULATION:**

RESULTS (uV/m @ 3m) = Antilog ((-55.5 - 33.9 + 34.5 + 3.4 + 107)/20) = 595.7 CONVERSION FROM dBm TO dBuV = 107 dB

lest Results	
Reviewed By	
Signature:	

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Name: <u>Tim R. Johnson</u>

<sup>\*\* =</sup> Due to system losses these measurements were made at 1 meter to achieve better dynamic range. The readings have been adjusted by 20 log (1/3) = -9.54 dB and + 1 dB for high pass filter

## 2.10 Average Spurious Emission in the Frequency Range 30 - 25000 MHz (FCC Section 15.247(c))

The results of average radiated spurious emissions falling within restricted bands are given in Table 5a (low), Table 5b, (mid), Table 5c (high) and Figure 6a-6b (low), Figure 6c-6d (mid) and Figure 6d-6e (high).

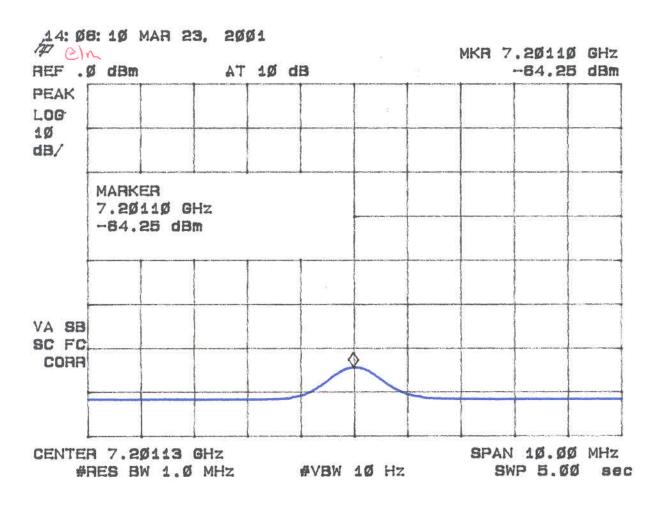
#### **Duty Cycle Correction During 100 msec:**

The EUT may occasionally transmit longer than 100 msec on a single frequency. Although considered rare, since this transmission may exceed 100 msec, duty cycle corrections were not taken into account.

## Figure 6a Average Radiated Spurious Emission 15.247(c) Low

Plot for 4.80075 GHz not available

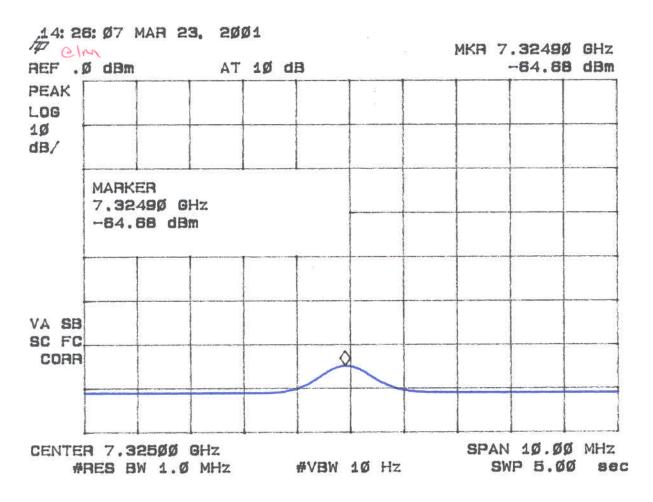
Figure 6b
Average Radiated Spurious Emission 15.247(c) Low



## Figure 6c Average Radiated Spurious Emission 15.247(c) Mid

Plot for 4.88315 GHz not available

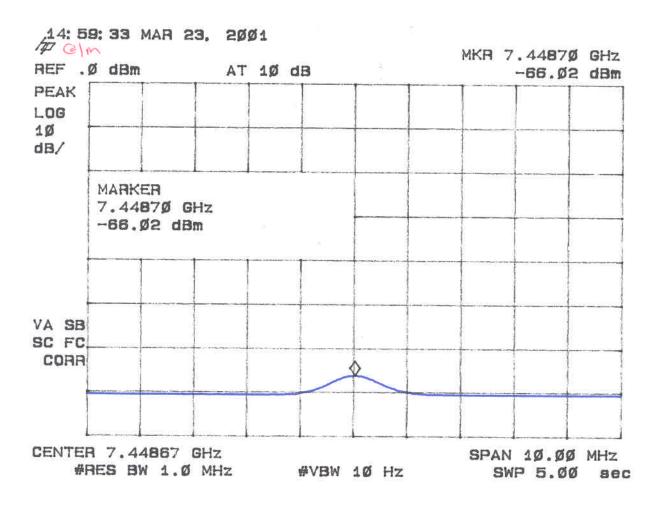
Figure 6d
Average Radiated Spurious Emission 15.247(c) Mid



## Figure 6e Average Radiated Spurious Emission 15.247(c) High

Plot for 4.96570 GHz not available

Figure 6f
Average Radiated Spurious Emission 15.247(c) High



#### TABLE 5a AVERAGE RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (Low)

Freq. (GHz)	Test Data* (dBm) @3m	Amp. Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Results (uV/m) @3m	FCC Limits (uV/m) @3m
4.8005	-57.8	33.9	34.5	3.4	457.1	500
7.2011**	-72.8	33.7	37.4	4.7	134.9	500

#### TABLE 5b AVERAGE RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (Mid)

Freq. (GHz)	Test Data* (dBm) @3m	Amp. Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Results (uV/m) @3m	FCC Limits (uV/m) @3m
4.8836	-63.1	33.9	34.8	3.5	260.0	500
7.3239**	-73.2	33.7	37.5	4.7	130.3	500

### TABLE 5c AVERAGE RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (High)

Freq. (GHz)	Test Data* (dBm) @3m	Amp. Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Results (uV/m) @3m	FCC Limits (uV/m) @3m
4.9665	-62.5	33.9	35.0	3.5	285.1	500
7.4499**	-74.5	33.7	37.6	4.7	113.5	500

#### **SAMPLE CALCULATION:**

RESULTS (uV/m @ 3m) = Antilog ((-57.8 - 33.9 + 34.5 + 3.4 + 107)/20) = 457.1CONVERSION FROM dBm TO dBuV = 107 dB

Test	Resu	lts
Revi	ewed	Ву

Signature: Name: Tim R. Johnson

<sup>\* =</sup> Data adjusted by + 1 dB for high pass filter

\*\* = Due to system losses and that duty cycle corrections could not be applied (transmitter can operate > 100 ms on one channel) these measurements were made at 1 meter to achieve better dynamic range. The readings have been adjusted by  $20 \log (1/3) = -9.54 dB$ 

## 2.11 20 dB Bandwidth per FCC Section 15.247(a)(1)(ii) and Channel Separation per FCC Section 15.247(a)

The antenna port was connected to a spectrum analyzer that was set for a 50  $\Omega$  impedance with the RBW = approximately 1/100 of the manufacturers claimed RBW & VBW > RBW. The results of this test are given in Table 6 and Figure 7a through 7c. The channel separation is shown in Figure 7d.

#### TABLE 6 20 dB Bandwidth

Test Date: March 29, 2001

**UST Project:** 01-0220

**Customer:** NCR Corporation

Model: 7730

Frequency (GHz)	20 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Maximum FCC Limit (MHz)
2.400391	0.1125	1.0
2.441650	0.1100	1.0
2.482913	0.1100	1.0

### (Measured Channel Separation)

Frequency of Channel Separation (kHz)	Minimum FCC Limit (kHz)
300	112.5

Note: The minimum channel separation limit is 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is greater

lester		
Signature:	Name: _	Tim R. Johnson

Figure 7a.
20 dB Bandwidth per FCC Section 15.247(a)(1)(ii) (low)

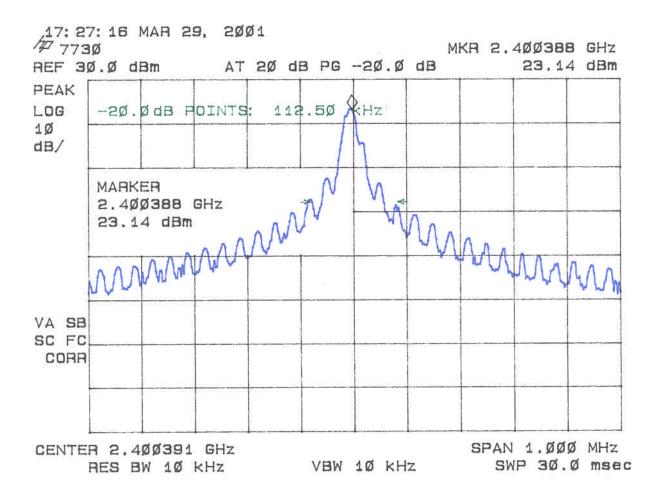


Figure 7b. 20 dB Bandwidth per FCC Section 15.247(a)(1)(ii) (Mid)

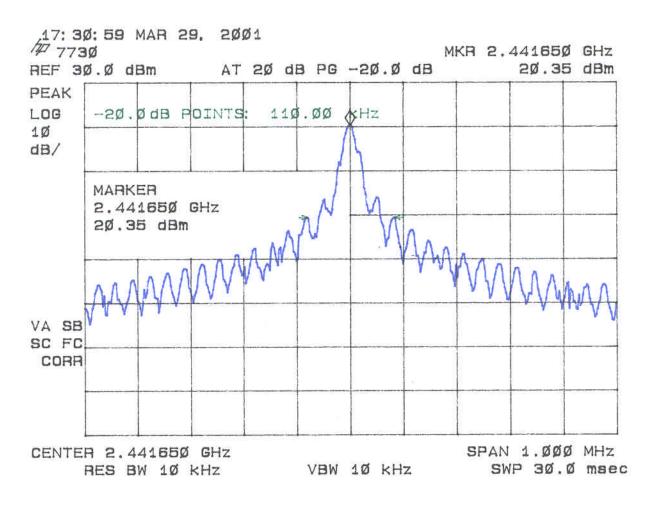


Figure 7c. 20 dB Bandwidth per FCC Section 15.247(a)(1)(ii) (High)

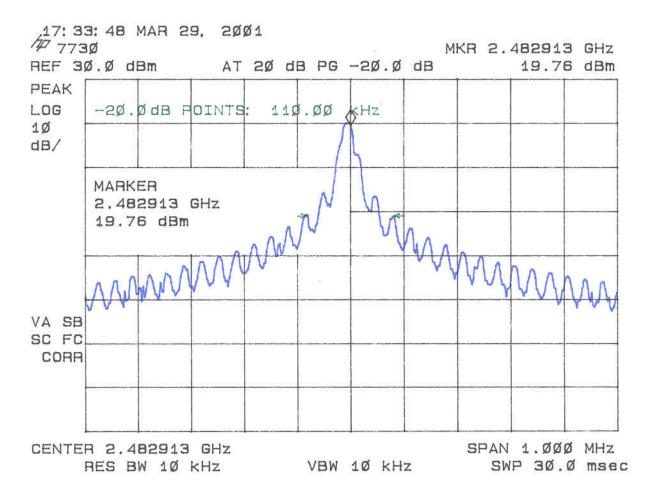
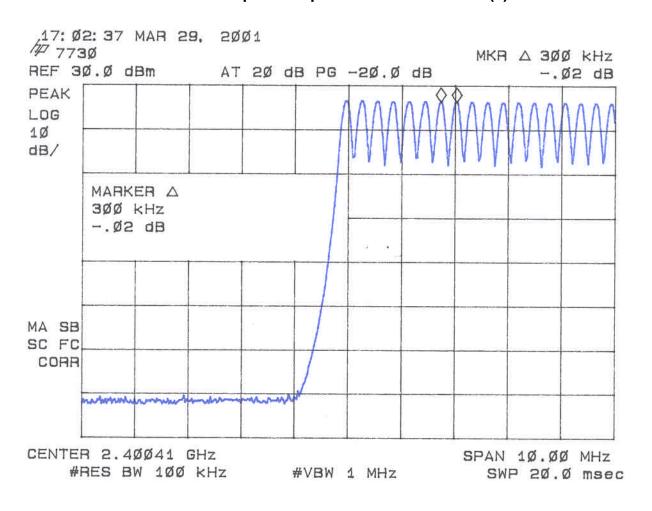


Figure 7d.
Channel Separation per FCC Section 15.247(a)



### 2.12 Number of Hopping Channels FCC Section 15.247(a)(1)(ii)

The transmitter was placed into a typical frequency hopping mode of operation. The 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band was centered on the screen and the RBW and VBW chosen such that the individual channels could be discerned. The trace capture time was a minimum of 5 minutes.

The results of this test are given in Table 7 and Figure 8a through Figure 8b.

## TABLE 7 NUMBER OF HOPPING CHANNELS

Test Date: March 29, 2001

**UST Project:** 01-0220

**Customer:** NCR Corporation

Model: 7730

Number of Hopping Frequencies Measured	FCC Limit (Minimum Number of Channels)	
>76*	75	

\*NOTE: Due to the resolution bandwidth used and the bandwidth of each channel, the total number of frequencies was not accurately determined, but was verified to be greater than 76.

Tester			
Signature:	Name:	Tim R. Johnson	

Figure 8a
Number of Hopping Channels FCC Section 15.247(a)(1)(ii)

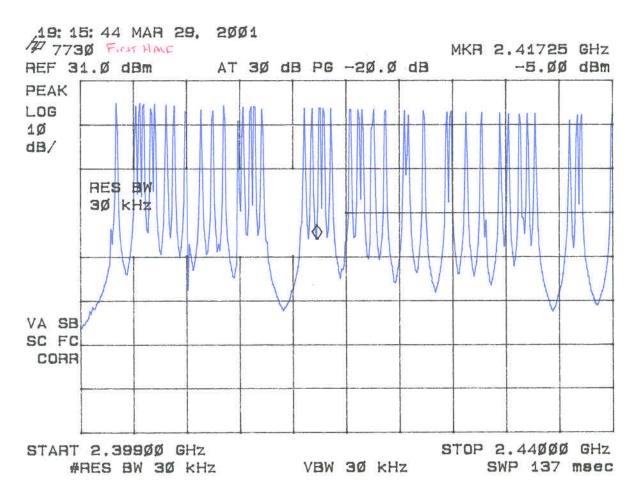


Figure 8b
Number of Hopping Channels FCC Section 15.247(a)(1)(ii)

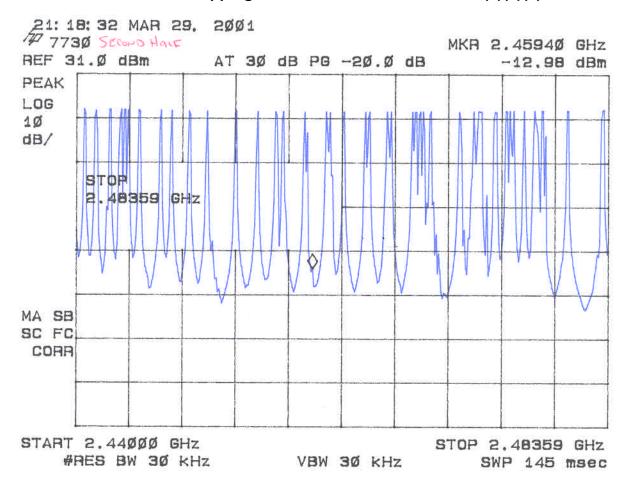
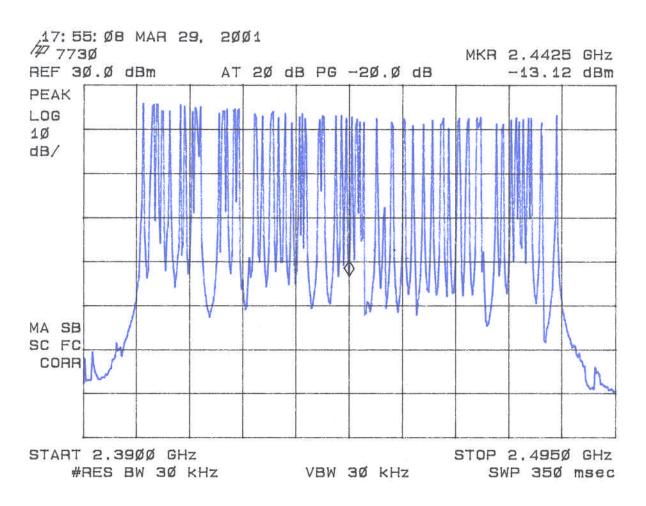


Figure 8c
Number of Hopping Channels FCC Section 15.247(a)(1)(ii)

### (Showing Band-edge Characteristics)



### 2.13 Average Time of Occupancy per Channel FCC Section 15.247(a)(1)(ii)

The transmitter was placed into a typical frequency hopping mode of operation. Characteristics of the time of occupancy were measured for a typical low, mid, and high channel within the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band.

The results of this test are given in Table 8 and Figures 9a-9f.

## TABLE 8 AVERAGE TIME OF OCCUPANCY PER CHANNEL

Test Date: March 29, 2001

**UST Project:** 01-0220

Customer: NCR Corporation

Model: 7730

Measured Average Time of Occupancy (seconds/per 30 seconds of time)	FCC Limit (seconds/per 30 seconds of time
0.390	0.4

Tester		
Signature:	Name:	Tim R. Johnson

Figure 9a
Average Time of Occupancy per Channel FCC Section 15.247(a)(1)(ii) Low

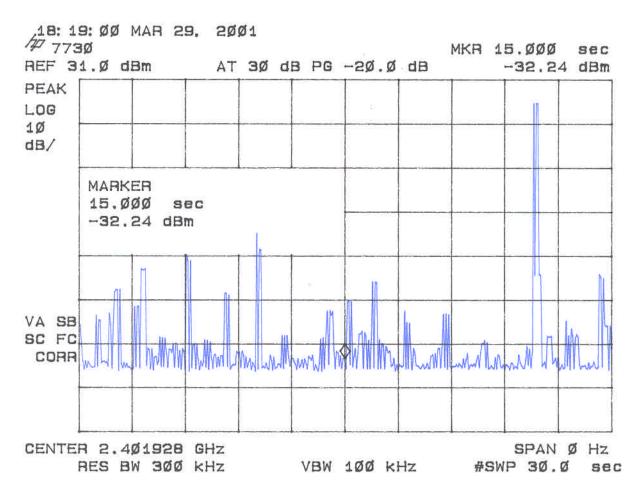


Figure 9b
Average Time of Occupancy per Channel FCC Section 15.247(a)(1)(ii) Low

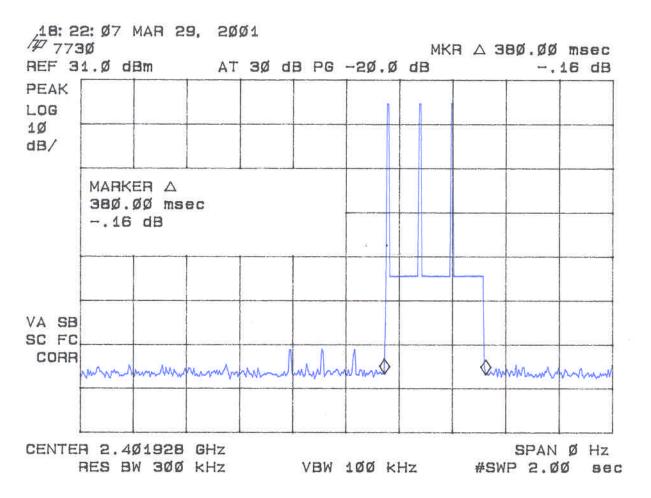


Figure 9c
Average Time of Occupancy per Channel FCC Section 15.247(a)(1)(ii) Mid

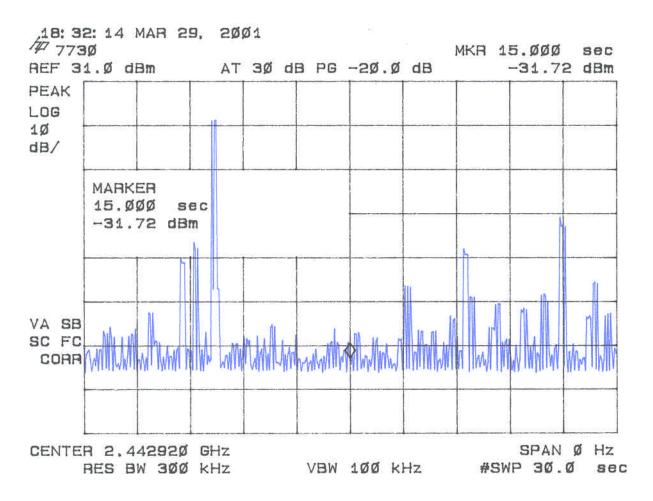


Figure 9d Average Time of Occupancy per Channel FCC Section 15.247(a)(1)(ii) Mid

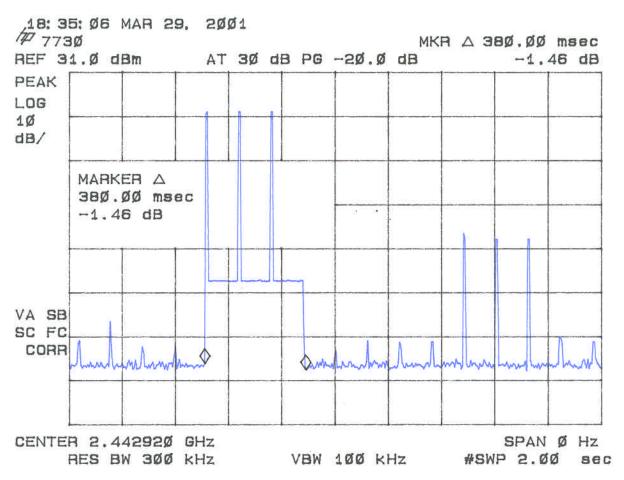


Figure 9e Average Time of Occupancy per Channel FCC Section 15.247(a)(1)(ii) High

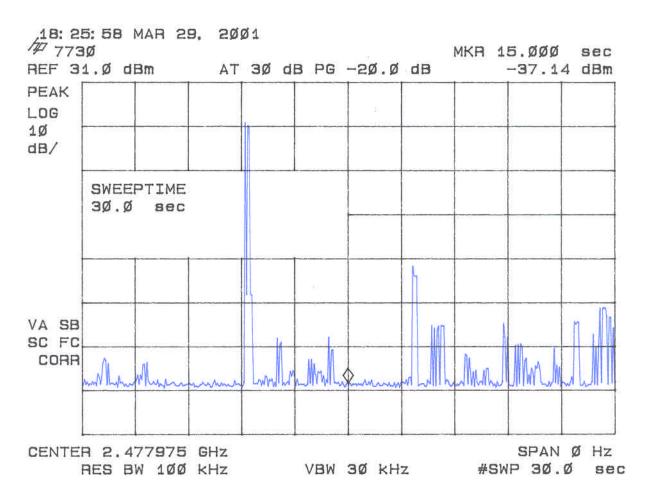
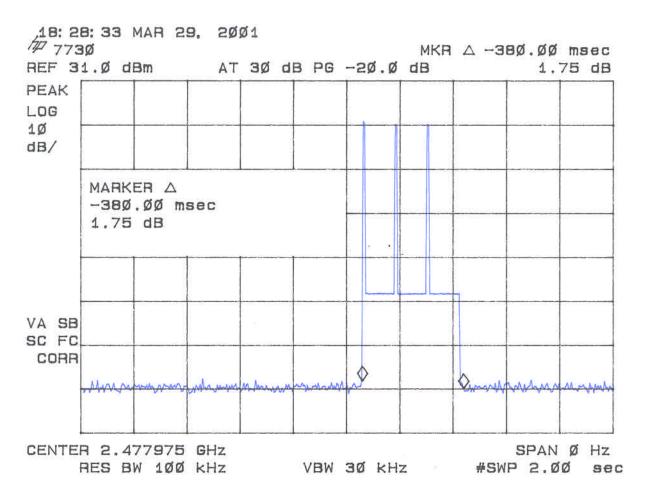


Figure 9f
Average Time of Occupancy per Channel FCC Section 15.247(a)(1)(ii) High



#### 2.14 Power Line Conducted Emissions for Transmitter FCC Section 15.207

The conducted voltage measurements have been carried out in accordance with FCC Section 15.207, with a spectrum analyzer connected to a LISN and the EUT placed into a continuous mode of transmit. The results are given in Table 9.

## TABLE 9. CONDUCTED EMISSIONS DATA (Transmit Mode) CLASS B

Test Date: March 29, 2001

**UST Project:** 01-0220

**Customer:** NCR Corporation

Product: 7730

#### **Worse Case Mode = Mid Channel (Others Similar)**

FREQUENCY (MHz)	TEST   (dB PHASE			SULTS (uV) NEUTRAL	FCC LIMITS (uV)	BELO	RGIN W LIMIT dB) NEUTRAL
0.48	-77.0	-78.0	31.6	28.2	250	18.0	19.0
0.79	-76.0	-77.0	35.5	31.6	250	17.0	18.0
12.8	-81.0	-79.0	20.0	25.1	250	22.0	20.0
14.2	-71.0	-70.0	63.1	70.8	250	12.0	11.0
15.3	-72.0	-72.0	56.2	56.2	250	13.0	13.0
18.2	-70.0	-71.0	70.8	63.1	250	11.0	12.0

#### **SAMPLE CALCULATIONS:**

RESULTS uV =
Antilog ((-77.0 + 107)/20) = 31.6
CONVERSION FROM dBm TO dBuV = 107 dB

Name:	Brian T. Parks	
	Naille	Name. <u>Dilam I. Paiks</u>

## 2.15 Radiated Emissions for Digital Device & Receiver (47 CFR 15.109a)

Radiated emissions were evaluated from 30 to 1000 MHz while the EUT was placed into a Receive mode of operation. Measurements were made with the analyzer's bandwidth set to 120. The results for less than 1 GHz are shown in Table 10.

## TABLE 10. RADIATED EMISSIONS DATA (Digital Device & Receiver)

#### **CLASS A**

Test Date: March 29, 2001

**UST Project:** 01-0220

**Customer:** NCR Corporation

Product: 7730

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver Reading (dBm) @10m	Correction Corrected Reading (uV/m) @10 m		FCC Limit (uV/m) @10m
43.8	-86.4*	12.7	46.1	90.0
67.3	-82.0	8.0	44.8	90.0
72.2	-83.0	8.3	41.3	90.0
150.5	-85.0	13.0	56.1	150.0
166.7	-84.0*	12.5	59.3	150.0
336.0	-88.0*	17.9	70.0	210.0

<sup>\* -</sup> Quasi-Peak Reading

### **SAMPLE CALCULATIONS:**

RESULTS uV/m @ 10m = Antilog ((-86.4 + 12.7 + 107)/20) = 46.1 CONVERSION FROM dBm TO dBuV = 107 dB

Tester Signature:	1	ne Donall	Name:	Jim McDonald
_		_		

## 2.16 Power Line Conducted Emissions for Digital Device and Receiver FCC Section 15.107

The conducted voltage measurements have been carried out in accordance with FCC Section 15.107, with a spectrum analyzer connected to a LISN and the EUT placed into an idle condition or a continuous mode of receive. The results are given in Table 11.

## TABLE 11. CONDUCTED EMISSIONS DATA (DIGITAL DEVICE & RECEIVE MODE) CLASS A

Test Date: March 29, 2001

**UST Project:** 01-0220

**Customer:** NCR Corporation

Product: 7730

FREQUENCY (MHz)	TEST (dB PHASE			SULTS (uV) NEUTRAL	FCC LIMITS (uV)	BELO	RGIN W LIMIT dB) NEUTRAL
0.48	-77.0	-78.0	31.6	28.2	1000	18.0	19.0
0.79	-76.0	-77.0	35.5	31.6	1000	17.0	18.0
12.8	-81.0	-79.0	20.0	25.1	3000	22.0	20.0
14.2	-71.0	-70.0	63.1	70.8	3000	12.0	11.0
15.3	-72.0	-72.0	56.2	56.2	3000	13.0	13.0
18.2	-70.0	-71.0	70.8	63.1	3000	11.0	12.0

#### **SAMPLE CALCULATIONS:**

RESULTS uV =

Antilog ((-77.0 + 107)/20) = 31.6

CONVERSION FROM dBm TO dBuV = 107 dB

Tester

Signature: Name: Brian T. Parks