



**FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART C AND ANSI C63.4: 2003**

**TEST REPORT**

**For**

**AirCruiser N300 USB Adapter**

**Model : GN-WB31N-RH**

**Brand : GIGABYTE**

**Issued for**

**GIGA-BYTE TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.**

**No.6, Bau Chiang Road, Hsin-Tien, Taipei Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.**

**Issued by**

**Compliance Certification Services Inc.**

**Tainan Lab.**

**No. 8, Jiu Cheng Ling, Jiaokeng Village, Sinhua  
Township, Tainan Hsien 712, Taiwan R.O.C.**

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**FAX: 886-6-580-2202**



NVLAP LAB CODE 200627-0



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Total Page: 124



**REVISION HISTORY**

Rev.	Issue Date	Revisions	Effect Page	Revised By
00	March 31, 2008	Initial Issue	ALL	Leah Peng



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# 1. TEST REPORT CERTIFICATION

**Applicant** : GIGA-BYTE TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.  
**Address** : No.6, Bau Chiang Road, Hsin-Tien, Taipei Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.  
**Manufacture** : GIGA-BYTE TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.  
**Address** : No.6, Bau Chiang Road, Hsin-Tien, Taipei Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.  
**Equipment Under Test** : AirCruiser N300 USB Adapter  
**Model Number** : GN-WB31N-RH  
**Brand Name** : GIGAGYTE  
**Date of Test** : February 21, 2008 ~ March 13, 2008

APPLICABLE STANDARD	
STANDARD	TEST RESULT
FCC Part 15 Subpart C : 2004 AND ANSI C63.4 : 2003	No non-compliance noted

*Approved by:*

*Reviewed by:*

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**Jeter Wu**  
Section Manager  
Compliance Certification Services Inc.

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**Eric Yang**  
Engineer  
Compliance Certification Services Inc.



## 2. EUT DESCRIPTION

### 2.1 DESCRIPTION OF EUT & POWER

<b>Product Name</b>	AirCruiser N300 USB Adapter
<b>Model Number</b>	GN-WB31N-RH
<b>Brand Name</b>	GIGABYTE
<b>Frequency Range</b>	IEEE 802.11b/g, 802.11n HT20 (DTS Band):2412MHz~2462MHz IEEE 802.11n HT40 (DTS Band):2422MHz~2452MHz
<b>Transmit Power (ERP)</b>	IEEE 802.11b Mode : 24.27dBm (DTS Band) (267.301 mW) IEEE 802.11g Mode : 22.85dBm (DTS Band) (192.752 mW) IEEE 802.11n HT20 Mode : 22.20dBm (DTS Band) (165.959 mW) IEEE 802.11n HT40 Mode : 21.94dBm (DTS Band) (156.315 mW)
<b>Channel Spacing</b>	IEEE 802.11b/g, 802.11n HT20/HT40: 5MHz
<b>Channel Number</b>	IEEE 802.11b/g, 802.11n HT20:11 Channels IEEE 802.11n HT40 :7 Channels
<b>Transmit Data Rate</b>	IEEE 802.11b:11, 5.5, 2, 1Mbps IEEE 802.11g : 54, 48 ,36, 24, 18, 12, 9, 6Mbps IEEE 802.11n HT20 : 130, 117 ,104, 78, 65, 58.5, 52, 39, 26, 19.5, 13, 6.5 Mbps IEEE 802.11n HT40 : 130, 117 ,104, 78, 65, 58.5, 52, 39, 26, 19.5, 13, 6.5 Mbps
<b>Type of Modulation</b>	IEEE 802.11b : DSSS (CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK) IEEE 802.11g : OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11n HT20/40 : OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)
<b>Frequency Selection</b>	by software / firmware
<b>Antenna Type</b>	Antenna A Printed PIFA Antanna Manufacture: Ralink Technology, Corp. Gain: 1.76dBi Antenna B Printed PIFA Antanna Manufacture: Ralink Technology, Corp. Gain: 0.85dBi
<b>Power Source</b>	Powered from host device (5VDC)
<b>Temperature Range</b>	0 ~ +55°C

- REMARK :** 1. The sample selected for test was engineering sample that approximated to production product and was provided by manufacturer.  
2. This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for FCC ID: **JCK-GN-WB31N-RH** filing to comply with Section 15.207,15.209 and 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rules.



### 3. DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT is an 802.11n MISO transceiver in Mini-PCI module form factor. It has one transmitter chain and two receive chains (1x2 configurations). The 1x2 configuration is implemented with two outside chains (Chain 0 and 1).

The RF chipset is manufactured by Ralink Technology, Corp.

The antenna peak gain 1.76dBi (highest gain) were chosen for full testing.

#### **IEEE 802.11 b ,802.11g ,802.11n HT20 mode (DTS Band)**

The EUT had been tested under operating condition.

There are three channels have been tested as following :

Channel	Frequency (MHz)
Low	2412
Middle	2437
High	2462

IEEE 802.11b mode : 11Mbps data rate (worst case) were chosen for full testing.

IEEE 802.11g mode : 6Mbps data rate (worst case) were chosen for full testing.

IEEE 802.11n HT20 mode : 6.5Mbps data rate (worst case) were chosen for full testing.

#### **IEEE 802.11n HT40 mode (DTS Band)**

The EUT had been tested under operating condition.

There are three channels have been tested as following:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)
Low	2422
Middle	2437
High	2452

IEEE 802.11n HT40 mode : 6.5Mbps data rate (worst case) were chosen for full testing.

The worst-case data rates are determined according to the description above, based on the investigations by measuring the PSD, peak power and average power across all the data rates, bandwidths, modulations and spatial stream modes.

The worst-case channel is determined as the channel with the highest output power. The highest measured output power was at 2437 MHz.



## **4. TEST METHODOLOGY**

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4 and FCC CFR 47 2.1046, 2046, 2.1047, 2.1049, 2.1051, 2.1053, 2.1055, 2.1057, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247.

## **5. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS**

### **5.1 FACILITIES**

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at

No. 8, Jiu Cheng Ling, Jiaokeng Village, Sinhua Township, Tainan Hsien 712, Taiwan R.O.C.

The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.4 and CISPR Publication 22.

### **5.2 EQUIPMENT**

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, biconical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with preselectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.

Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers.







Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

### **5.3 LABORATORY ACCREDITATIONS LISTINGS**

The test facilities used to perform radiated and conducted emissions tests are accredited by National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for the specific scope of accreditation under Lab Code: 200627-0 to perform Electromagnetic Interference tests according to FCC PART 15 AND CISPR 22 requirements. No part of this report may be used to claim or imply product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Government. In addition, the test facilities are listed with Federal Communications Commission (registration no: TW-1037).

### 5.4 TABLE OF ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTINGS

Country	Agency	Scope of Accreditation	Logo
USA	NVLAP	EN 55014-1, AS/NZS 1044, CNS 13783-1, IEC/CISPR 14-1, IEC/CISPR 22, EN 55022, EN 61000-3-2, EN 61000-3-3, ANSI C63.4, AS/NZS CISPR 22, AS/NZS 3548, IEC 61000-4-2/3/4/5/6/8/11	 NVLAP LAB CODE 200627-0  200627-0
USA	FCC	3/10 meter Open Area Test Sites to perform FCC Part 15/18 measurements	 455173 TW-1037
Japan	VCCI	3/10 meter Open Area Test Sites and conducted test sites to perform radiated/conducted measurements	 C-2882 R-2635
Taiwan	TAF	CISPR 11    FCC METHOD-47 CFR Part 18 EN 55011    CNS 13803, CISPR 14    EN 55014    CNS 13783-1, CISPR 22    EN 55022    VCCI    FCC Method-47 CFR Part 15 Subpart B    CNS 13438	 Testing Laboratory 1109
Taiwan	BSMI	CNS 13438, CNS 13783-1, CNS 13803, CNS13439	 SL2-IS-E-0039 SL2-IN-E-0039 SL2-R1/R2-0039 SL2-A1-E-0039
Canada	Industry Canada	RSS210, Issue 7	 IC 6192

\* No part of this report may be used to claim or imply product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Government.





## 6. CALIBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY

### 6.1 MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment utilized to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

### 6.2 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

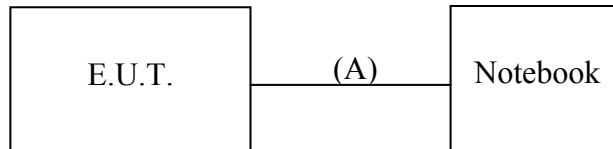
PARAMETER	UNCERTAINTY
Radiated Emission, 30 to 1000 MHz	+/- 3.2 dB
Radiated Emission, 1 to 26.5 GHz	+/- 3.2 dB
Power Line Conducted Emission	+/- 2.1 dB

Uncertainty figures are valid to a confidence level of 95%



## 7. SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

### 7.1 SETUP CONFIGURATION OF EUT



### 7.2 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

No.	Product	Manufacturer	Model No.	Certify No.	Signal cable
1	Notebook	IBM	T43	DOC	Power cable, unshd, 1.6m

No.	Signal cable description	
A	USB Cable	Shielded, 1.5m, 1pcs.

**Remark:**

1. All the above equipment/cables were placed in worse case positions to maximize emission signals during emission test.
2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.



## 7.3 EUT OPERATING CONDITION

### RF Setup

1. Set up all computers like the setup diagram.
2. The “**Ralink QA Test Program for RT2870**” software was used for testing

The EUT driver software installed in the host support equipment during testing was Ralink QA Test Program for RT2870 Drive

#### (1) TX Mode:

⇒ **Tx Mode:CCK 、 OFDM 、 HT MixMode** (Bandwidth: 20 、 40)

⇒ **Tx Data Rate: 11Mbps long** (IEEE 802.11b mode ,chain 0 TX)

**6Mbps** (IEEE 802.11g mode ,chain 0 TX)

**6.5Mbps** (IEEE 802.11n HT20 mode ,chain 0 TX)

**6.5Mbps** (IEEE 802.11n HT40 mode, chain 0 TX)

#### Power control mode

**Target Power:** IEEE 802.11b Channel Low (2412MHz) = **14 (Chain 0)**

IEEE 802.11b Channel Middle (2437MHz) = **11 (Chain 0)**

IEEE 802.11b Channel High (2462MHz) = **11 (Chain 0)**

**Target Power:** IEEE 802.11g Channel Low (2412MHz) = **14 (Chain 0)**

IEEE 802.11g Channel Middle (2437MHz) = **11 (Chain 0)**

IEEE 802.11g Channel High (2462MHz) = **11 (Chain 0)**

**Target Power:** IEEE 802.11n HT20 Channel Low (2412MHz) = **12 (Chain 0)**

IEEE 802.11 n HT20 Channel Middle (2437MHz) = **12 (Chain 0)**

IEEE 802.11 n HT20 Channel High (2462MHz) = **10 (Chain 0)**

**Target Power:** IEEE 802.11n HT40 Channel Low (2422MHz) = **10 (Chain 0)**

IEEE 802.11 n HT40 Channel Middle (2437MHz) = **11 (Chain 0)**

IEEE 802.11 n HT40 Channel High (2452MHz) = **0E (Chain 0)**

#### (2) RX Mode :

**MAC Address: FFFFFFFF**

**Start RX**

3. All of the function are under run.
4. Start test.

### Normal Link Setup

1. Set up all computers like the setup diagram.
2. All of the function are under run.
3. Notebook PC (2) ping 192.168.0.10 -t to Notebook PC (1).
4. Notebook PC (1) ping 192.168.0.20 -t to Notebook PC (2).
5. Notebook PC (1) ping 192.168.0.50 -t to Wireless Access Point (3).
6. Start test.



## 8. APPLICABLE LIMITS AND TEST RESULTS

### 8.1 6DB BANDWIDTH

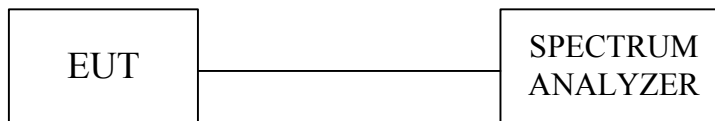
#### LIMIT

§ 15.207(a) (2) For direct sequence systems, the minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500kHz

#### TEST EQUIPMENTS

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSEM30	829054/017	MAR. 13, 2008

#### TEST SETUP



#### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output was connected to a spectrum analyzer. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured by spectrum analyzer with 100 KHz RBW and 100 KHz VBW. The 6dB bandwidth is defined as the total spectrum the power of which is higher than peak power minus 6dB.

**TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted

**IEEE 802.11b mode (One TX)**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (kHz)	Minimum Limit (kHz)	Pass / Fail
Low	2412	12224	500	PASS
Middle	2437	12235	500	PASS
High	2462	12223	500	PASS

- Note :
1. At final test to get the worst-case emission at 6.5Mbps.
  2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.7dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.7 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.

**IEEE 802.11g mode (One TX)**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (kHz)	Minimum Limit (kHz)	Pass / Fail
Low	2412	16633	500	PASS
Middle	2437	16683	500	PASS
High	2462	16626	500	PASS

- Note :
1. At final test to get the worst-case emission at 6.5Mbps.
  2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.7dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.7 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.

**IEEE 802.11n HT20 mode (One TX)**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (kHz)	Minimum Limit (kHz)	Pass / Fail
Low	2412	17835	500	PASS
Middle	2437	17834	500	PASS
High	2462	17845	500	PASS

Note : 1. At final test to get the worst-case emission at 6.5Mbps.  
2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.7dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.7 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.

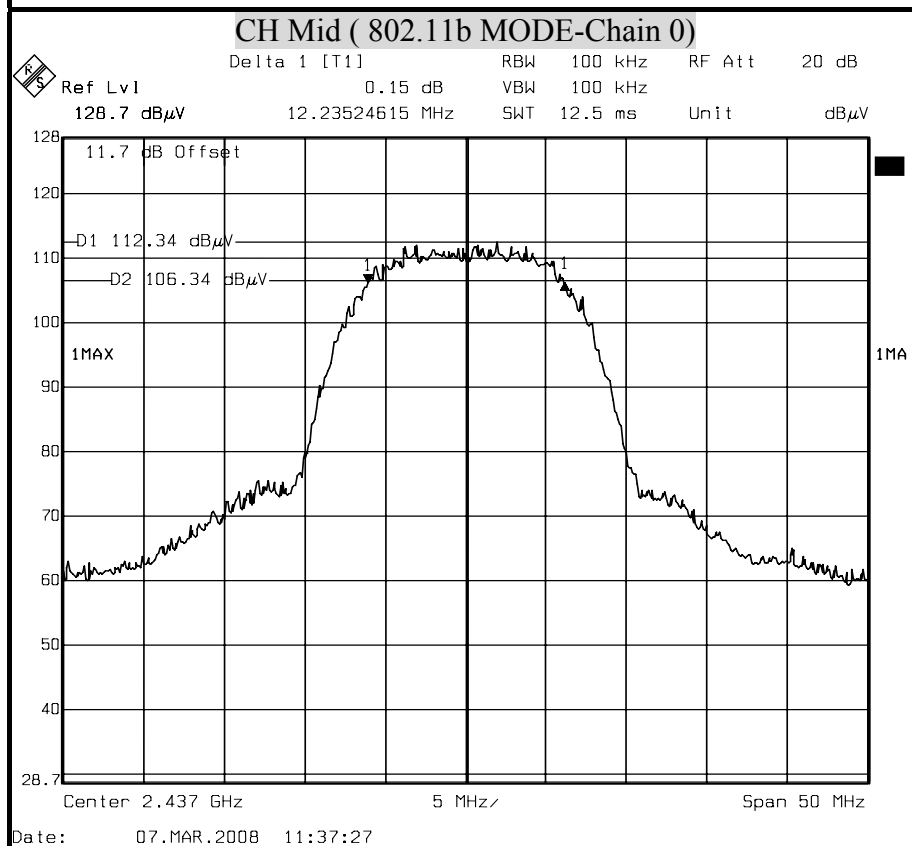
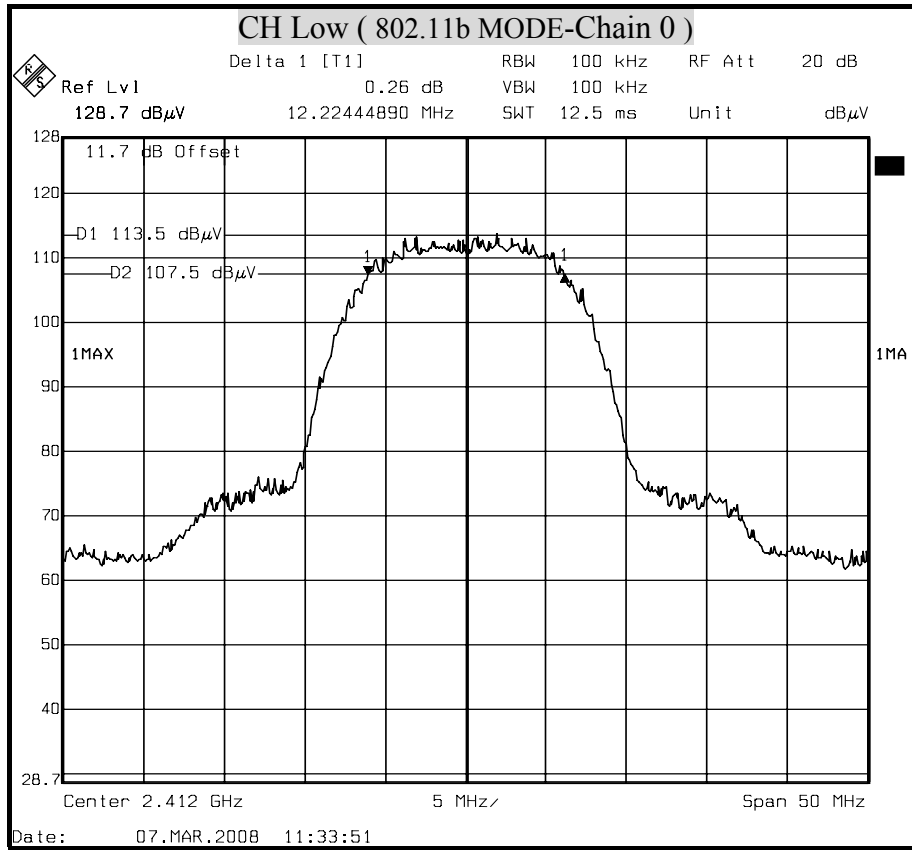
**IEEE 802.11n HT40 mode (One TX)**

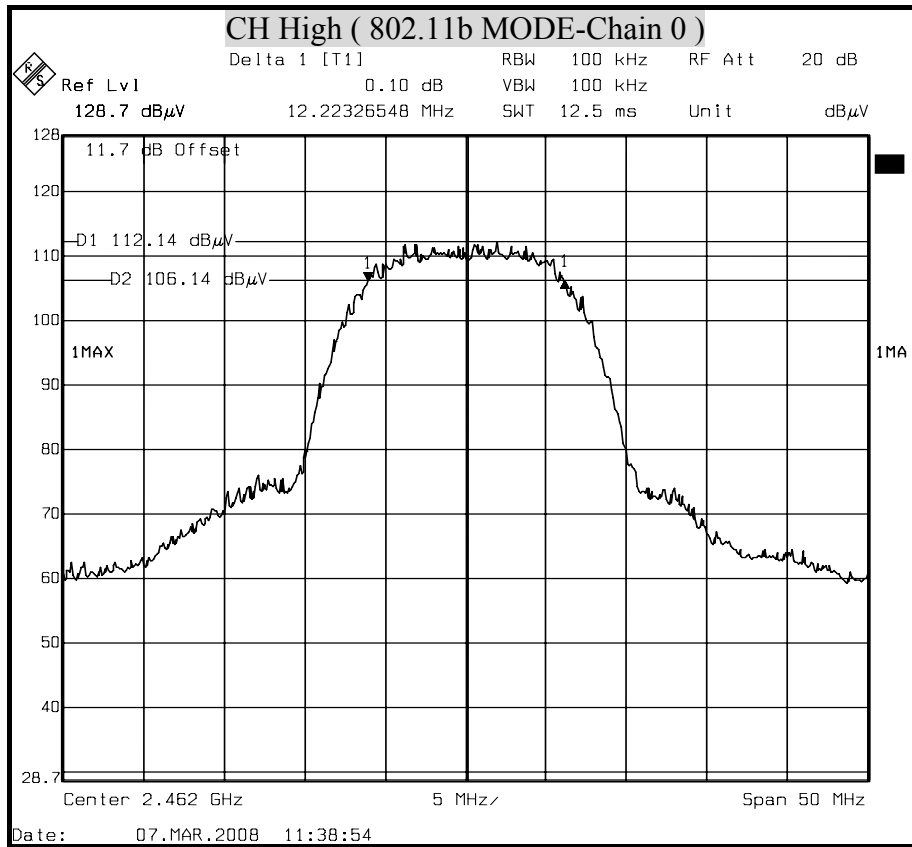
Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (kHz)	Minimum Limit (kHz)	Pass / Fail
Low	2422	36472	500	PASS
Middle	2437	36469	500	PASS
High	2452	36475	500	PASS

Note : 1. At final test to get the worst-case emission at 6.5Mbps.  
2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.7dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.7 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.



**6dB BANDWIDTH ( 802.11b MODE)**

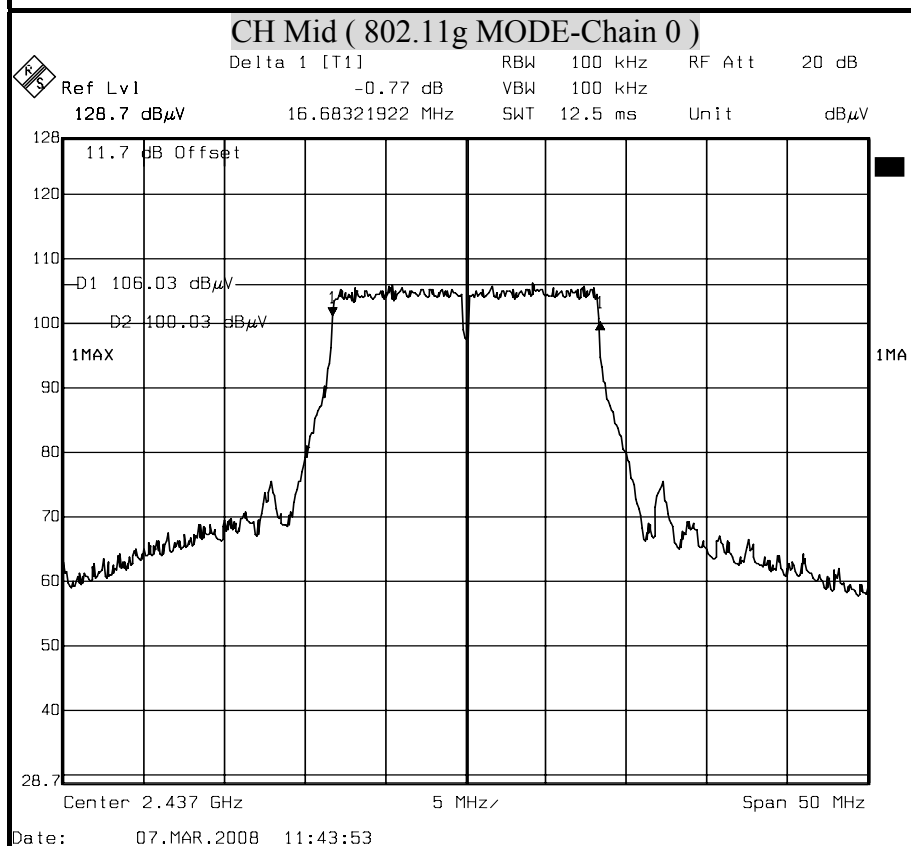
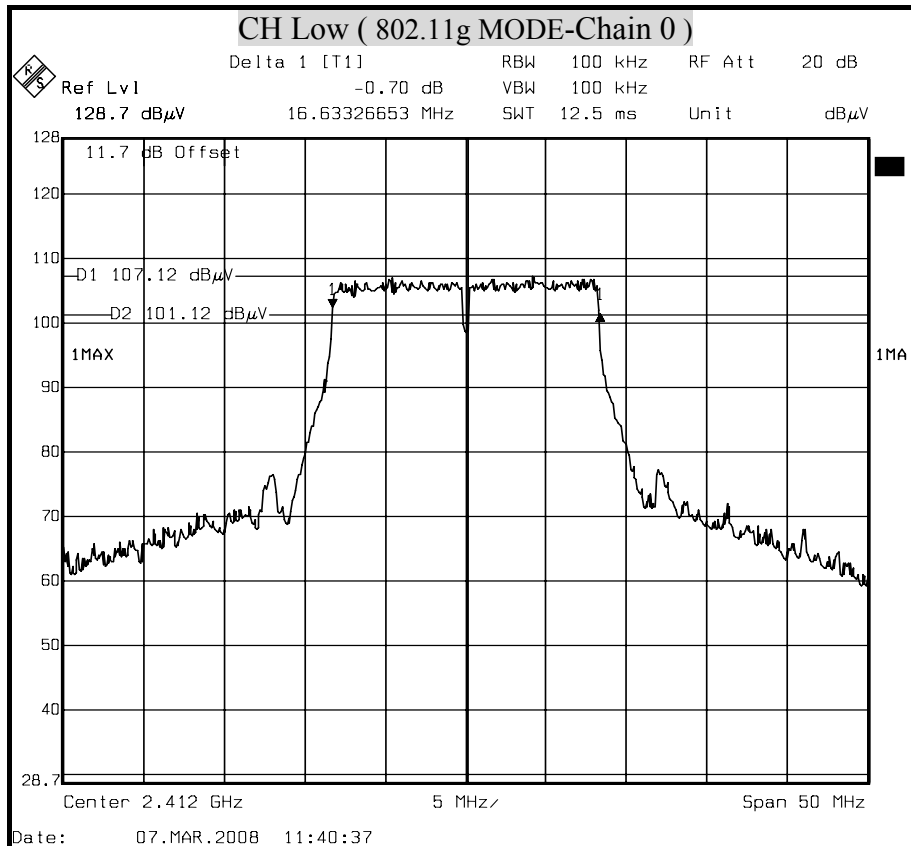


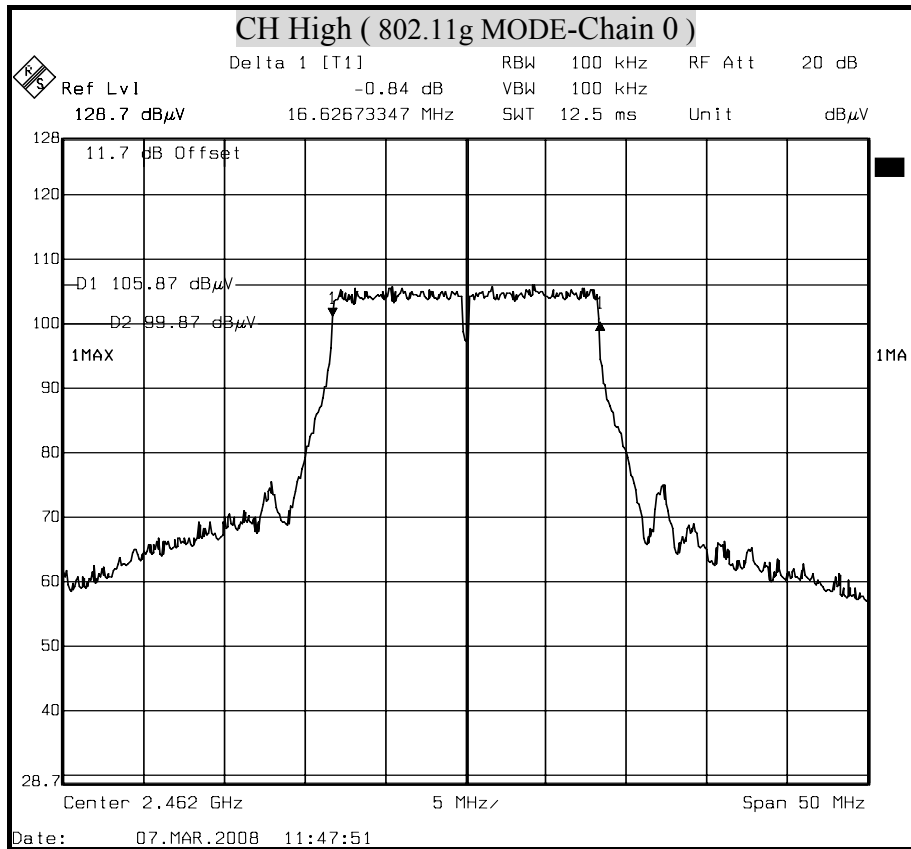






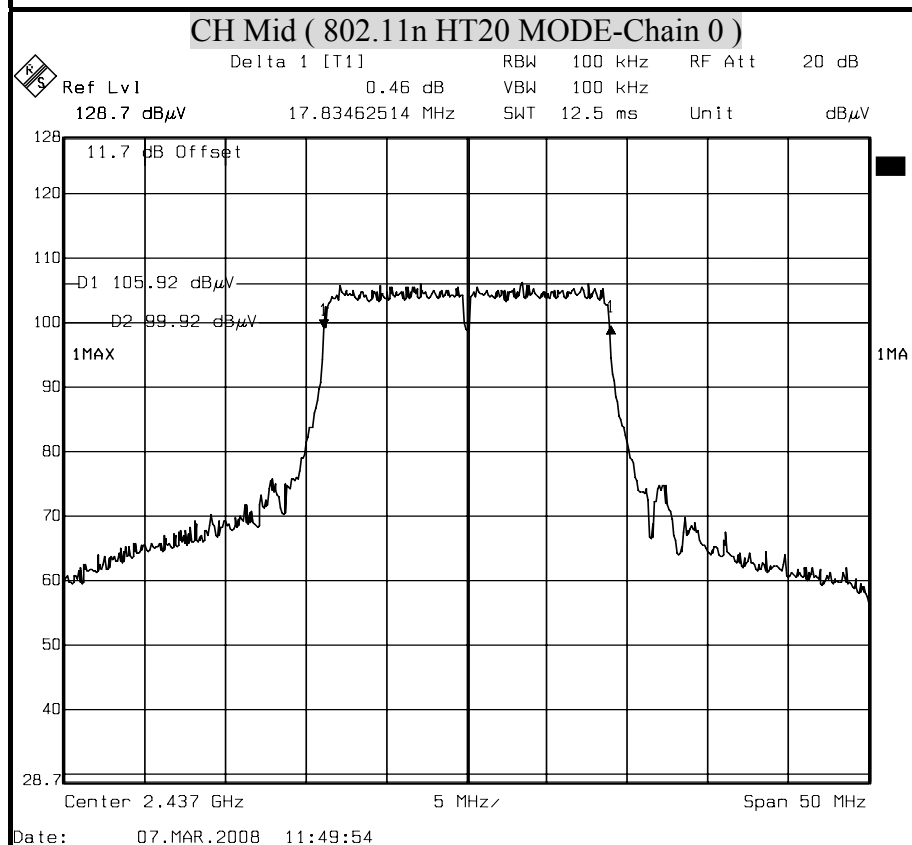
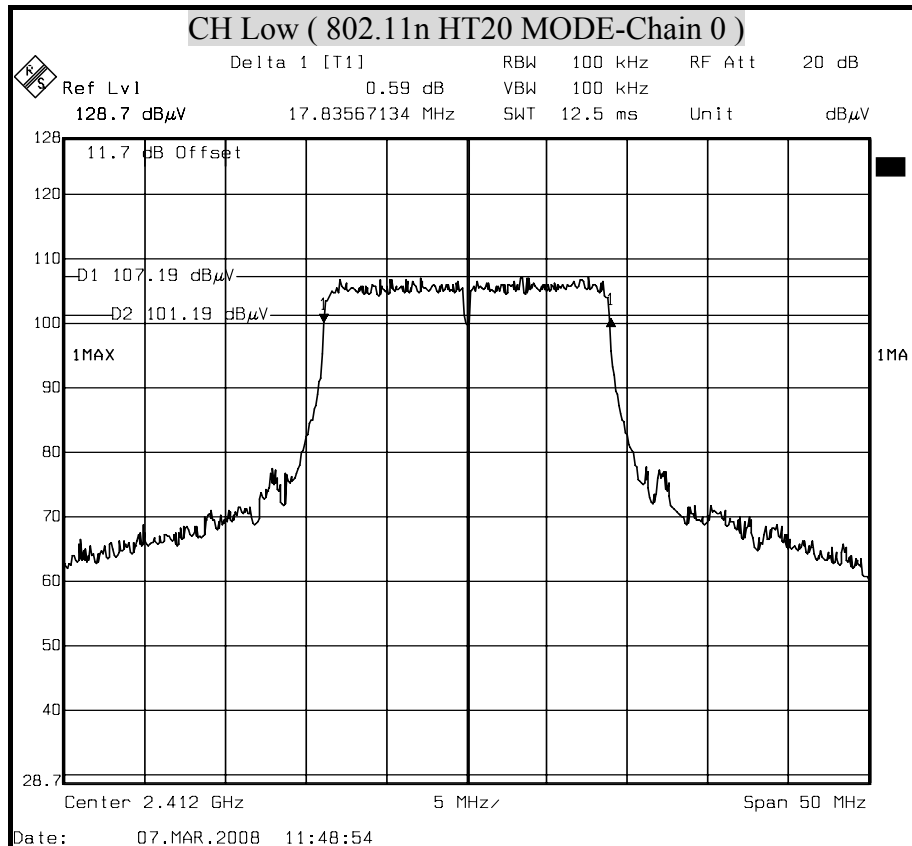
### 6dB BANDWIDTH ( 802.11g MODE)

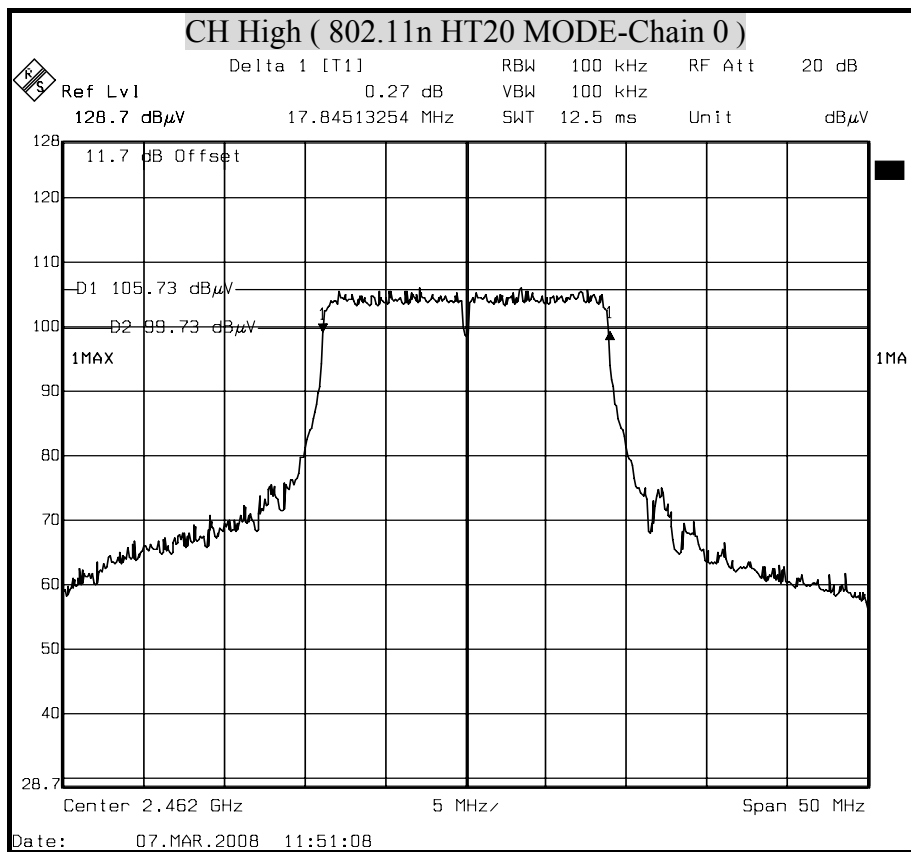






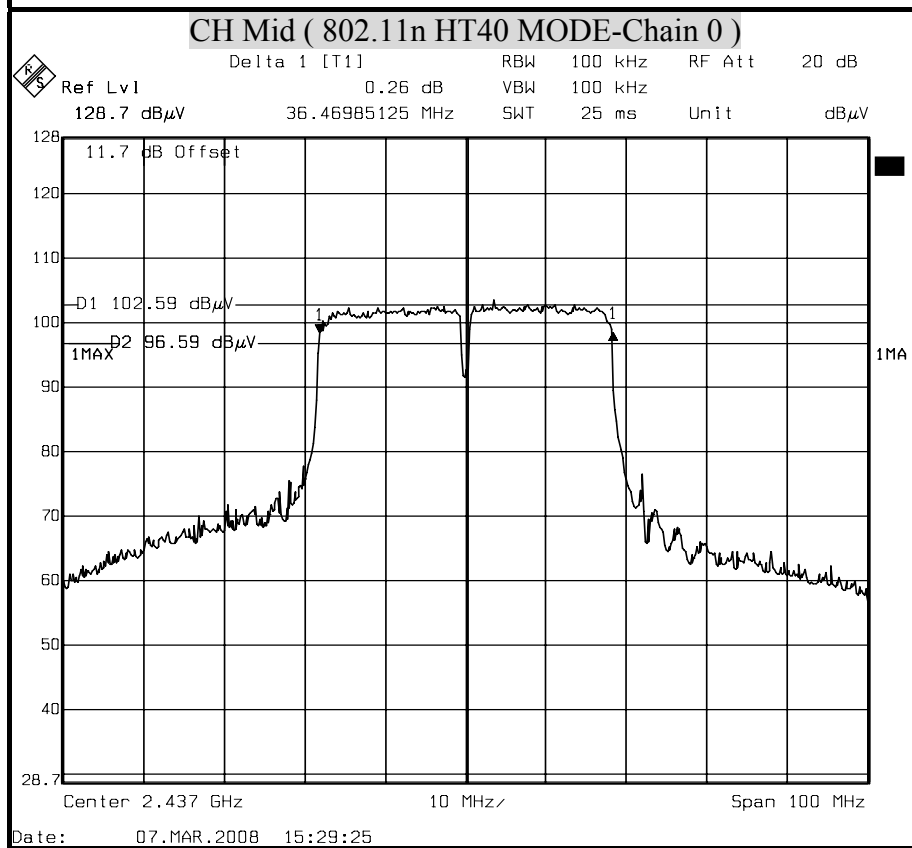
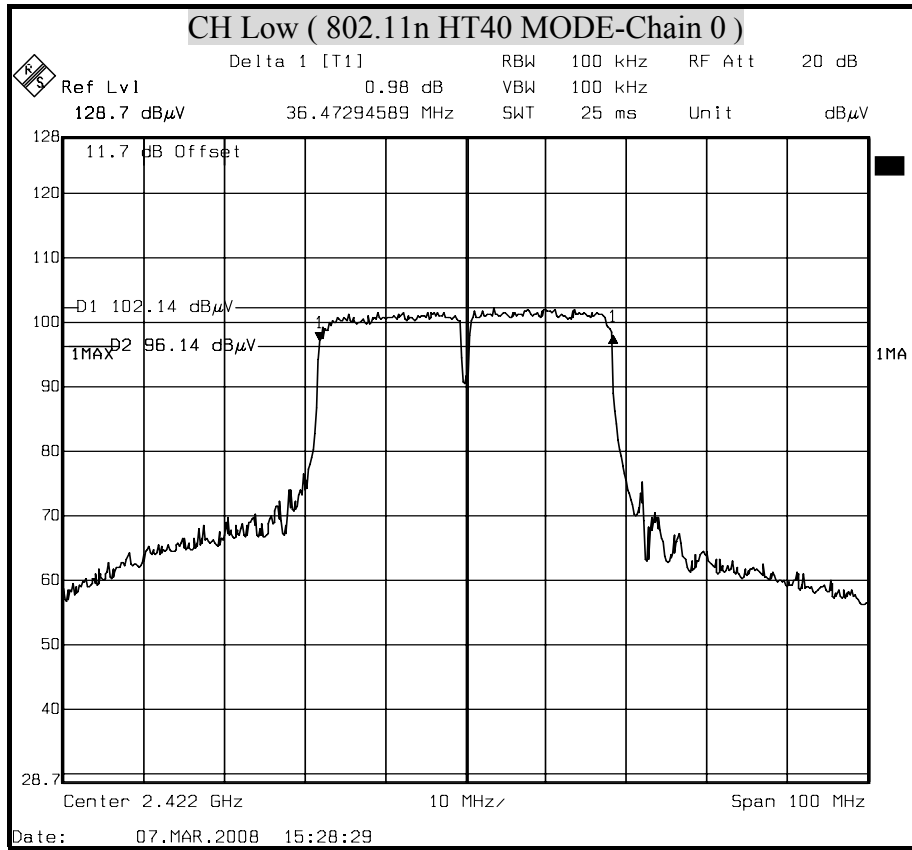
### 6dB BANDWIDTH ( 802.11n HT20 MODE)

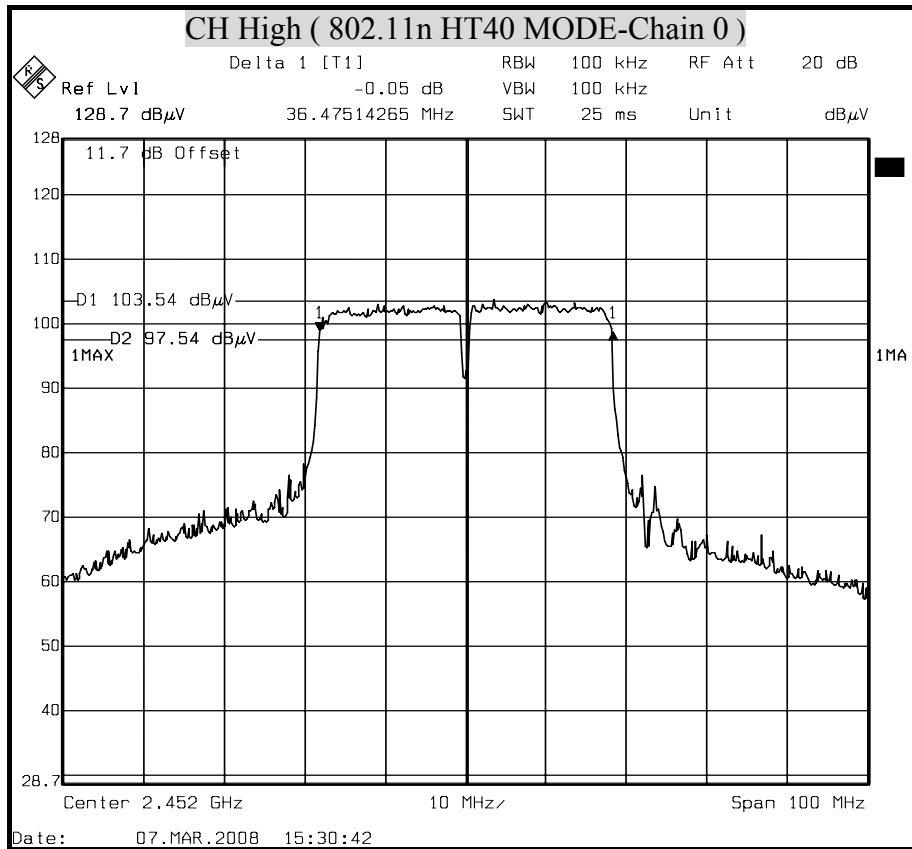






**6dB BANDWIDTH ( 802.11n HT40 MODE)**







## 8.2 99% BANDWIDTH

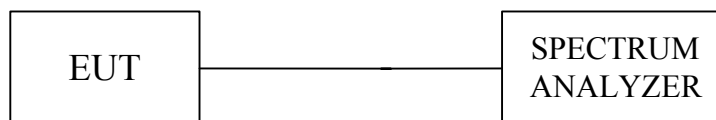
### LIMIT

None for reporting purposes only.

### TEST EQUIPMENTS

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSEM30	829054/017	MAR. 13, 2008

### TEST SETUP



### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The spectrum shall be set as follows :  
Span : The minimum span to fully display the emission and approximately 20dB below peak level.  
RBW : The set to 1% to 3% of the approximate emission width.
2. Compute the combined power of all signal responses contained in the trace by covering all the data points.
3. For 99% occupied BW, place the markers at the frequency at which 0.5% of the power lies to the right of the right marker and 0.5% of the power lies to the left of the left marker.
4. The 99% BW is the bandwidth between the right and left markers.

**TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted

**IEEE 802.11b mode (One TX)**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	99% Occupied power bandwidth (MHz)
		Chain 0
Low	2412	15.330
Middle	2437	15.230
High	2462	15.330

**IEEE 802.11g mode (One TX)**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	99% Occupied power bandwidth (MHz)
		Chain 0
Low	2412	17.134
Middle	2437	17.134
High	2462	17.134

**IEEE 802.11n HT20 mode (One TX)**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	99% Occupied power bandwidth (MHz)
		Chain 0
Low	2412	17.735
Middle	2437	17.735
High	2462	17.735

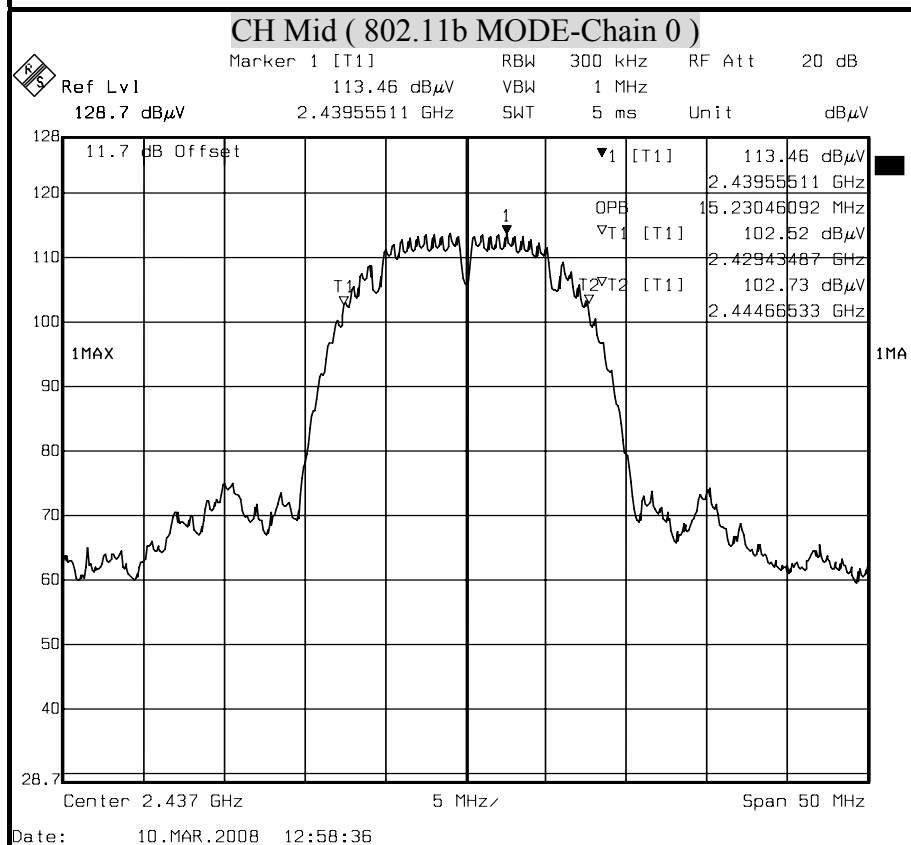
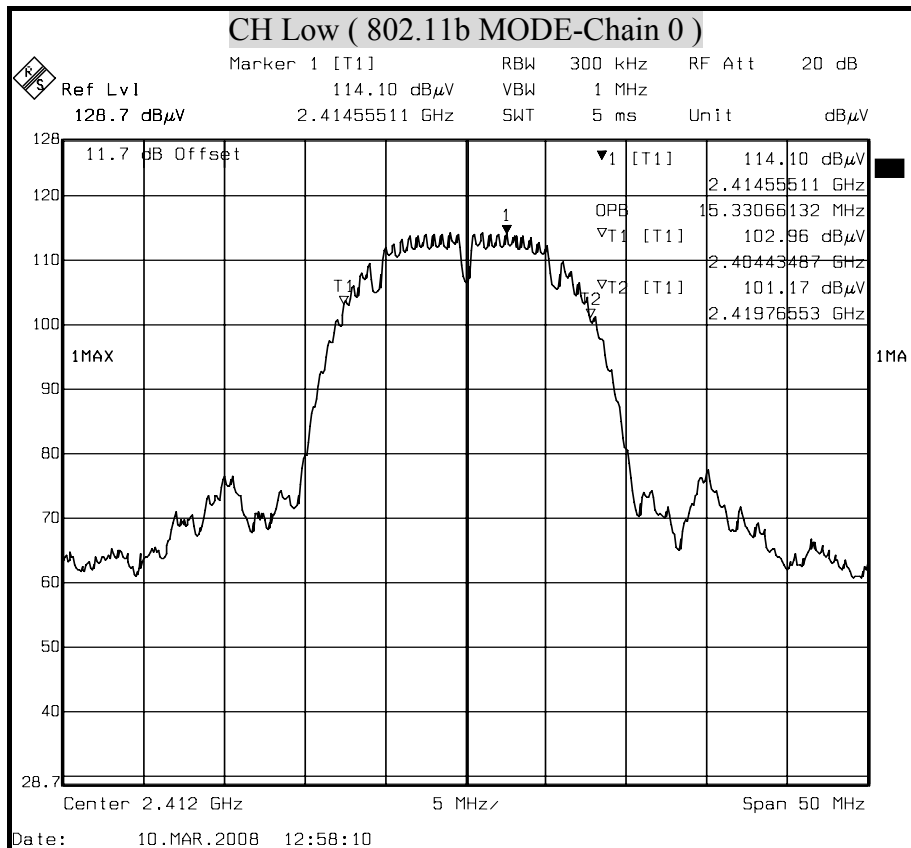
**IEEE 802.11n HT40 mode (One TX)**

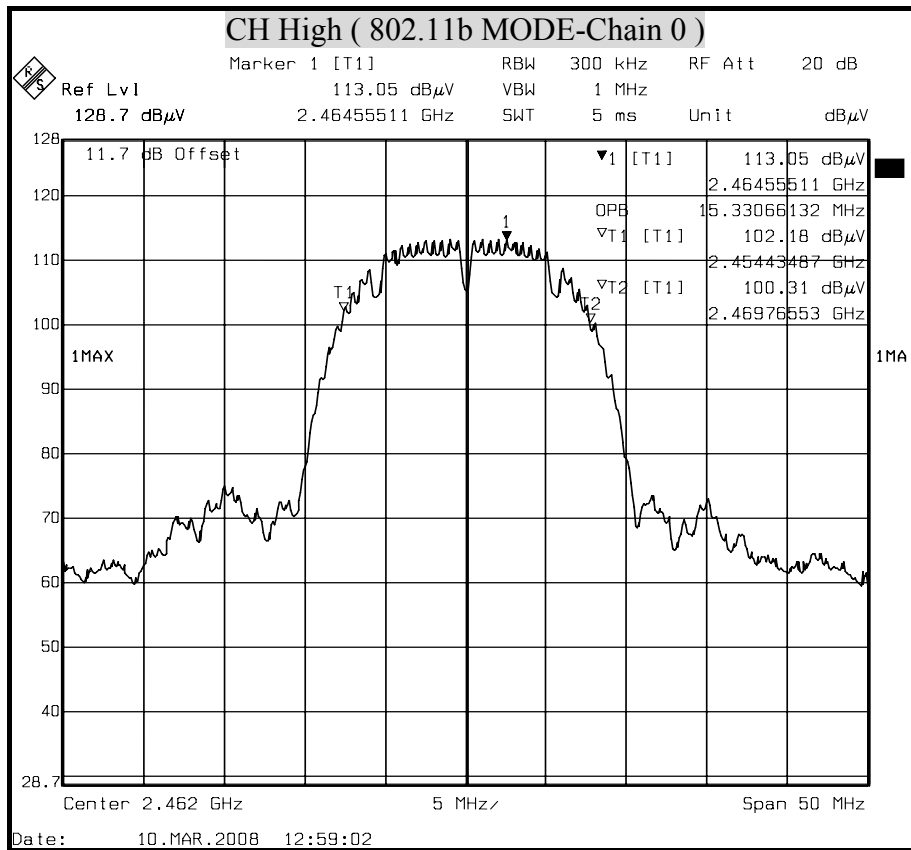
Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	99% Occupied power bandwidth (MHz)
		Chain 0
Low	2422	36.072
Middle	2437	36.072
High	2452	36.072





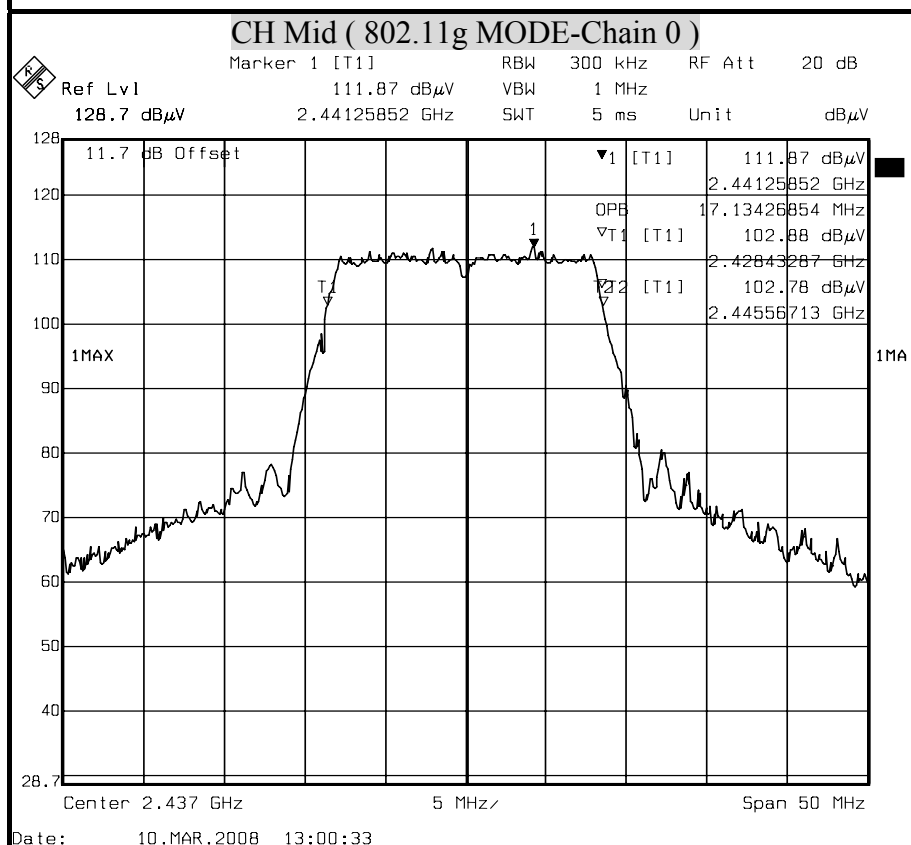
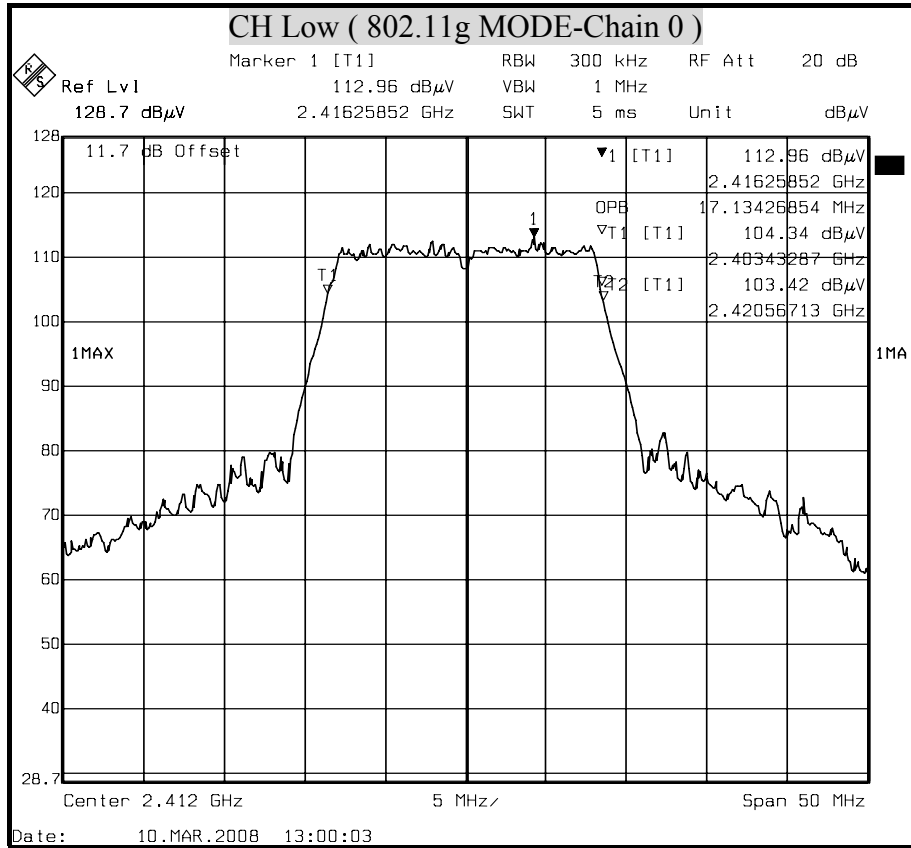
**99% BANDWIDTH ( 802.11b MODE)**

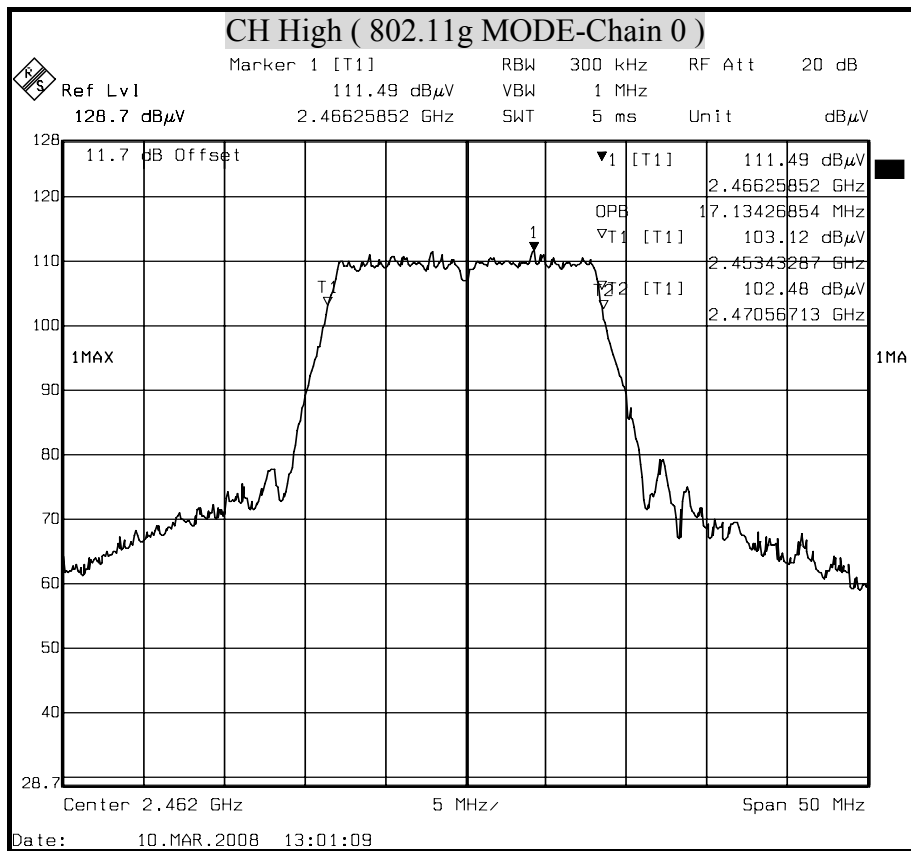






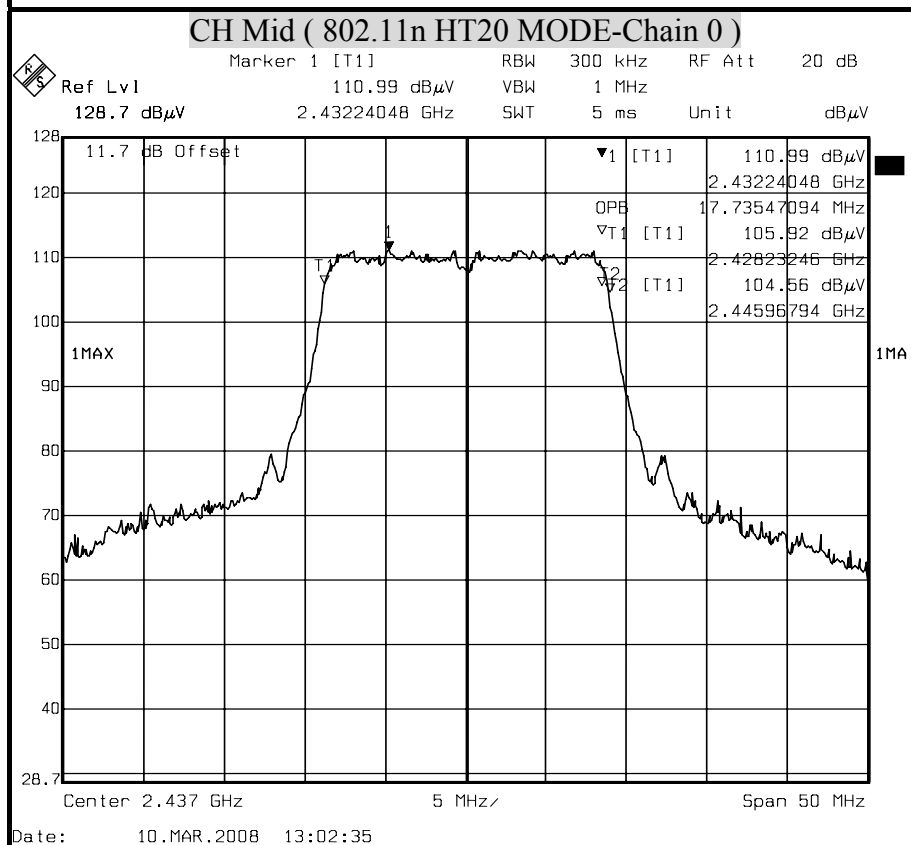
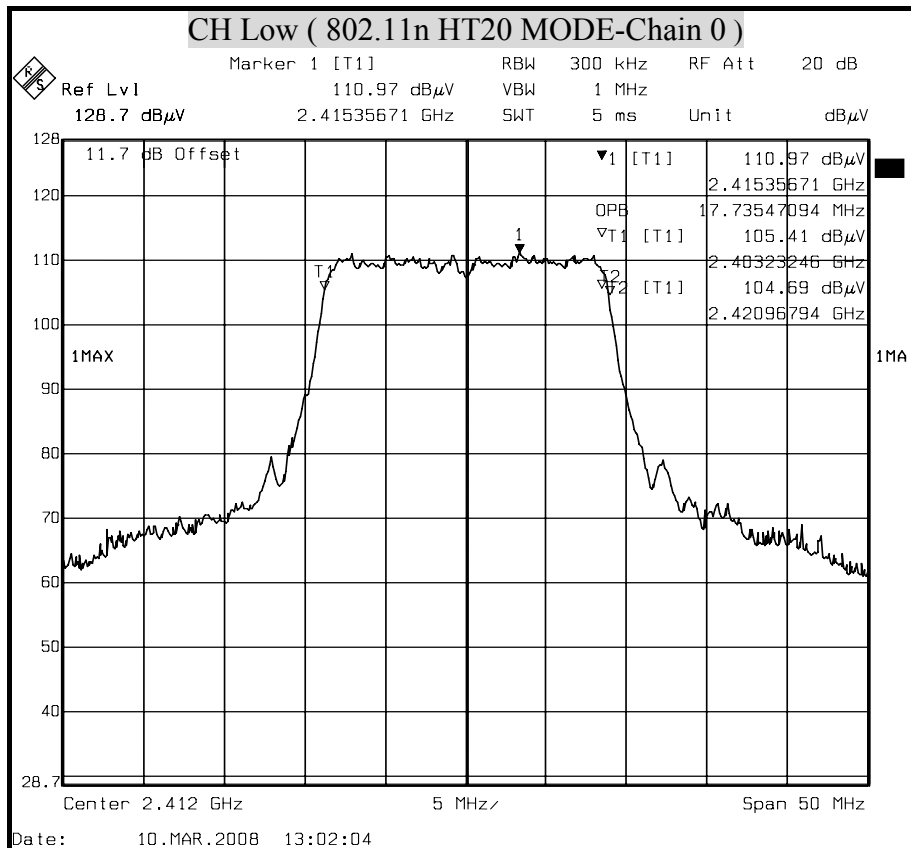
**99% BANDWIDTH ( 802.11g MODE)**

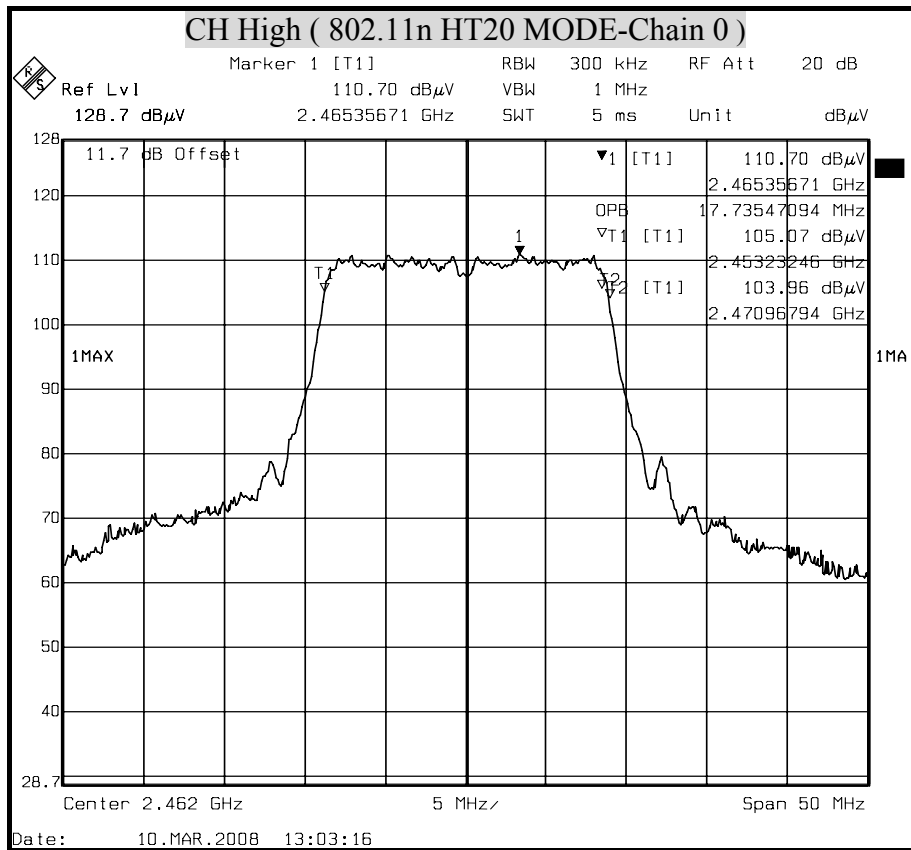






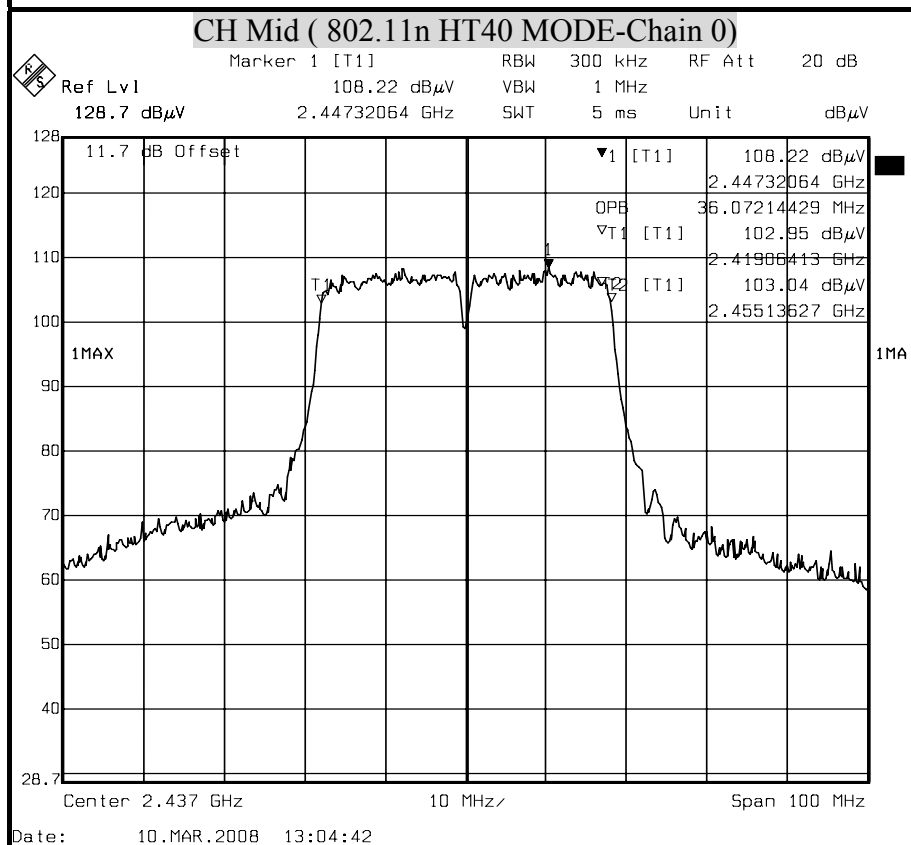
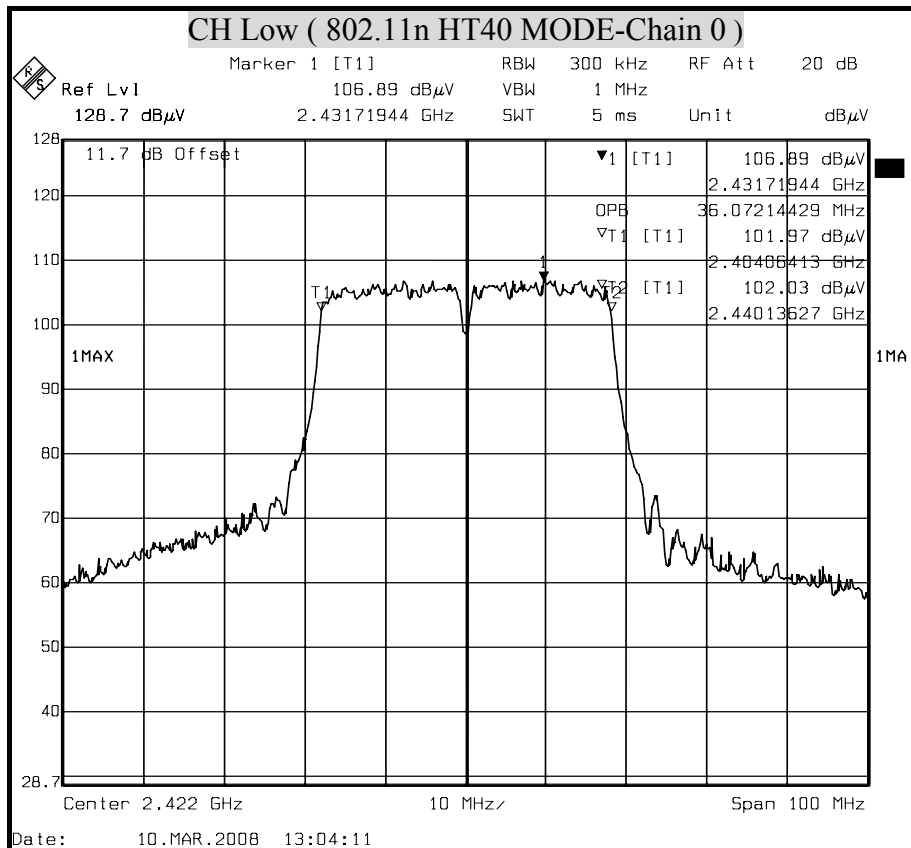
**99% BANDWIDTH ( 802.11n HT20 MODE )**

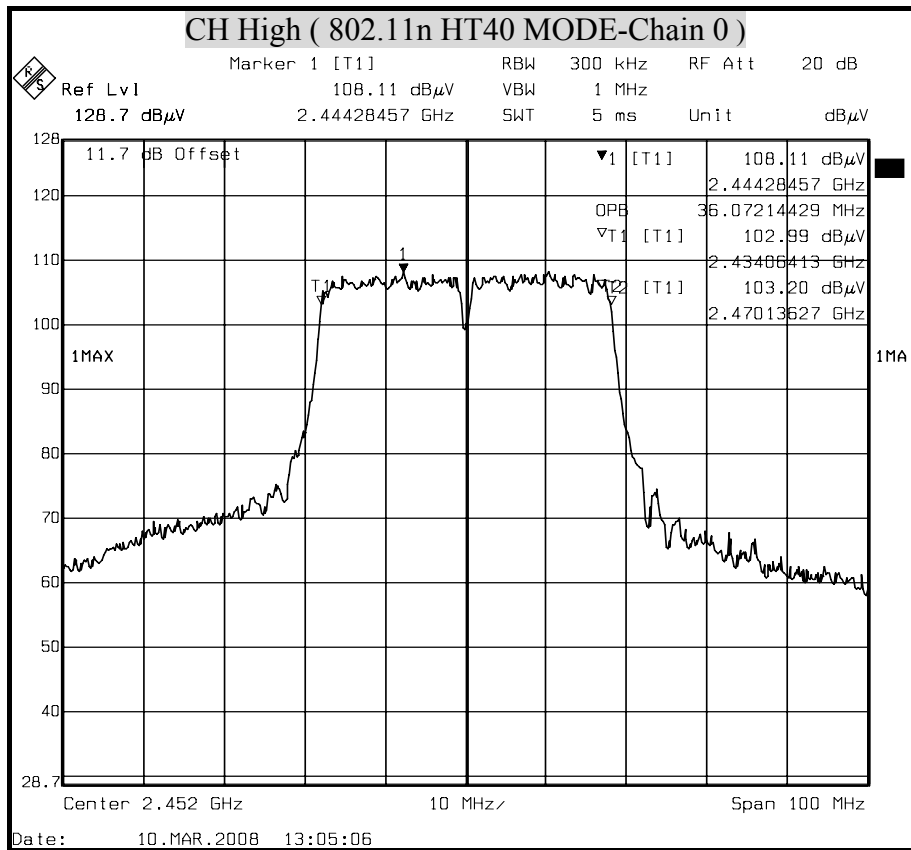






**99% BANDWIDTH ( 802.11n HT40 MODE )**









## 8.3 MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER

### LIMIT

§ 15.247(b) The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following :

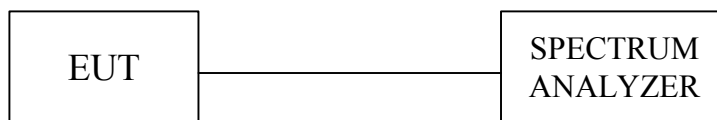
§ 15.247(b) (3) For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands : 1 watt.

§ 15.247(b) (4) Except as shown in paragraphs (c) of this section , if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the peak output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1) or (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section , as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

### TEST EQUIPMENTS

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSEM30	829054/017	MAR. 13, 2008

### TEST SETUP



### TEST PROCEDURE

- The spectrum shall be set as follows :
  - Span : 1.5 times channel integration bandwidth.
  - RBW : 1MHz
  - VBW : 3MHz
  - Detector : Peak
  - Sweep : Single trace
- Compute the combined power of all signal responses contained in the trace by covering all the data points.
- For 99% occupied BW, place the markers at the frequency at which 0.5% of the power lies to the right of the right marker and 0.5% of the power lies to the left of the left marker.
- The peak output power is the channel power integrated over 99% bandwidth.

**TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted

Total peak power calculation formula:

$10 \log (10^{\text{Chain 0 Power} / 10})$ .

The maximum antenna gain is 1.76dBi for other than fixed, point-to-point operations, therefore the limit is 30 dBm. In the legacy mode, the effective antenna gain is  $10 \times \text{Log} (10^{\text{Chain 0} / 10}) = 1.76\text{dBi}$ .

**IEEE 802.11b mode (One TX)**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power (dBm)	Peak Power Total (dBm)	Peak Power Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0			
Low	2412	24.27	24.27	30	PASS
Middle	2437	23.41	23.41	30	PASS
High	2462	23.23	23.23	30	PASS

Note : 1. At final test to get the worst-case emission at 11Mbps.  
2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.7dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.7 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.

**IEEE 802.11g mode (One TX)**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power (dBm)	Peak Power Total (dBm)	Peak Power Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0			
Low	2412	22.85	22.85	30	PASS
Middle	2437	21.94	21.94	30	PASS
High	2462	21.83	21.83	30	PASS

Note : 1. At final test to get the worst-case emission at 6Mbps.  
2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.7dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.7 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.

**IEEE 802.11n HT20 mode(One TX)**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power (dBm)	Peak Power Total (dBm)	Peak Power Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0			
Low	2412	22.20	22.20	30	PASS
Middle	2437	22.16	22.16	30	PASS
High	2462	22.04	22.04	30	PASS

- Note :
1. At final test to get the worst-case emission at 6.5Mbps.
  2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.7dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.7 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.

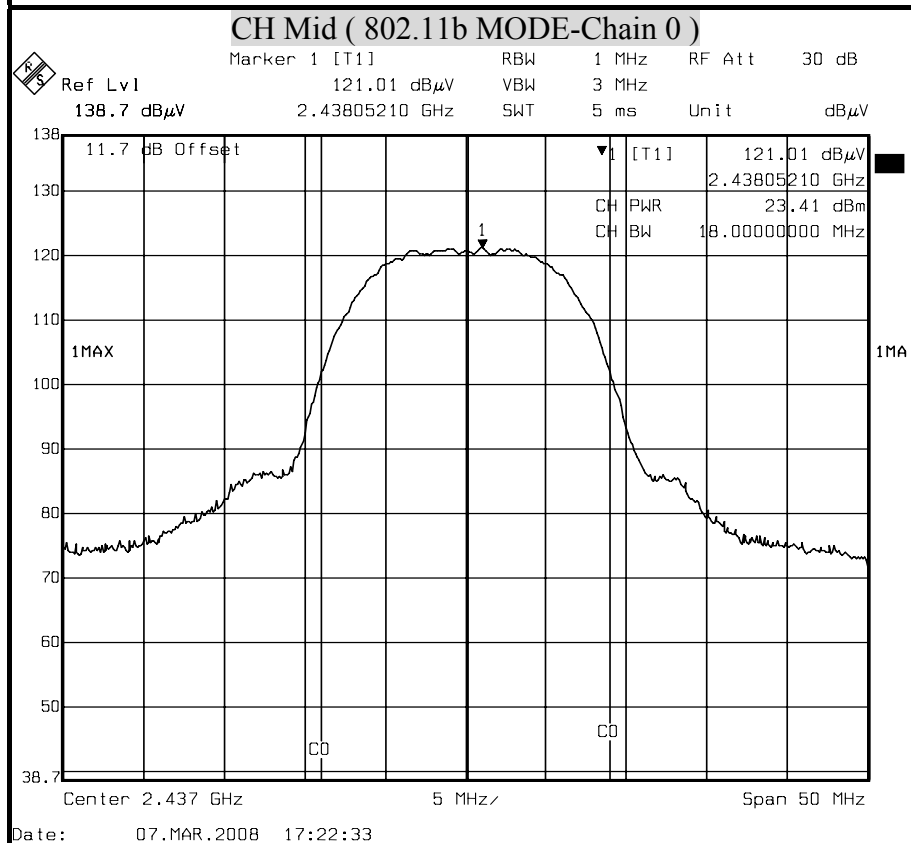
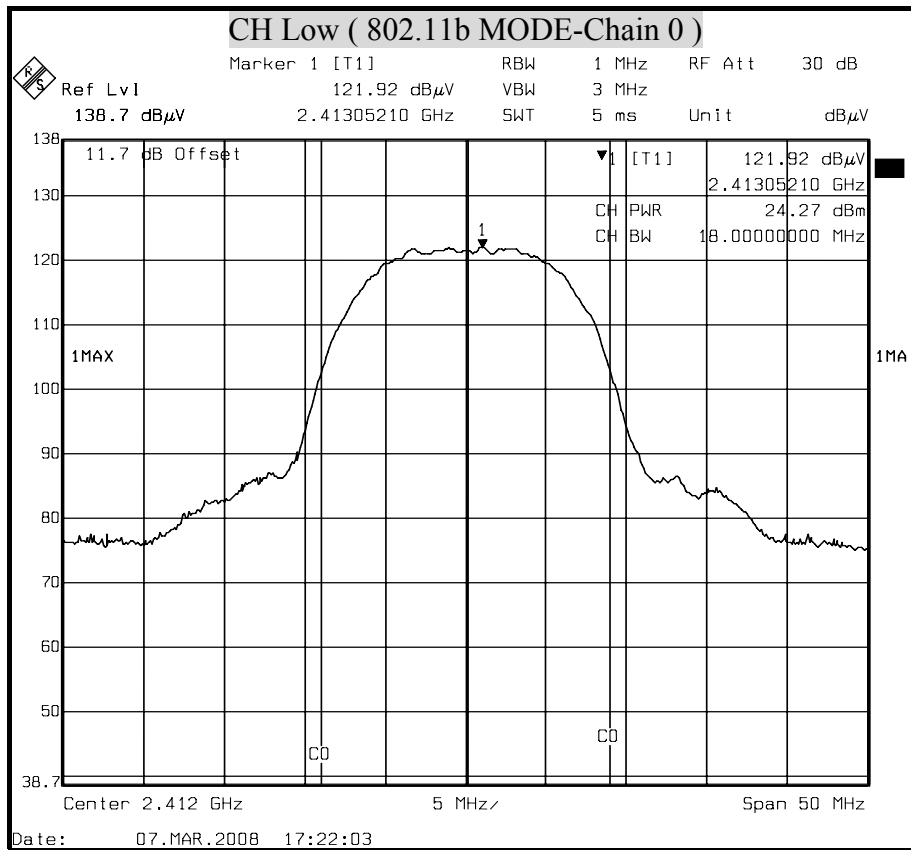
**IEEE 802.11n HT40 mode (One TX)**

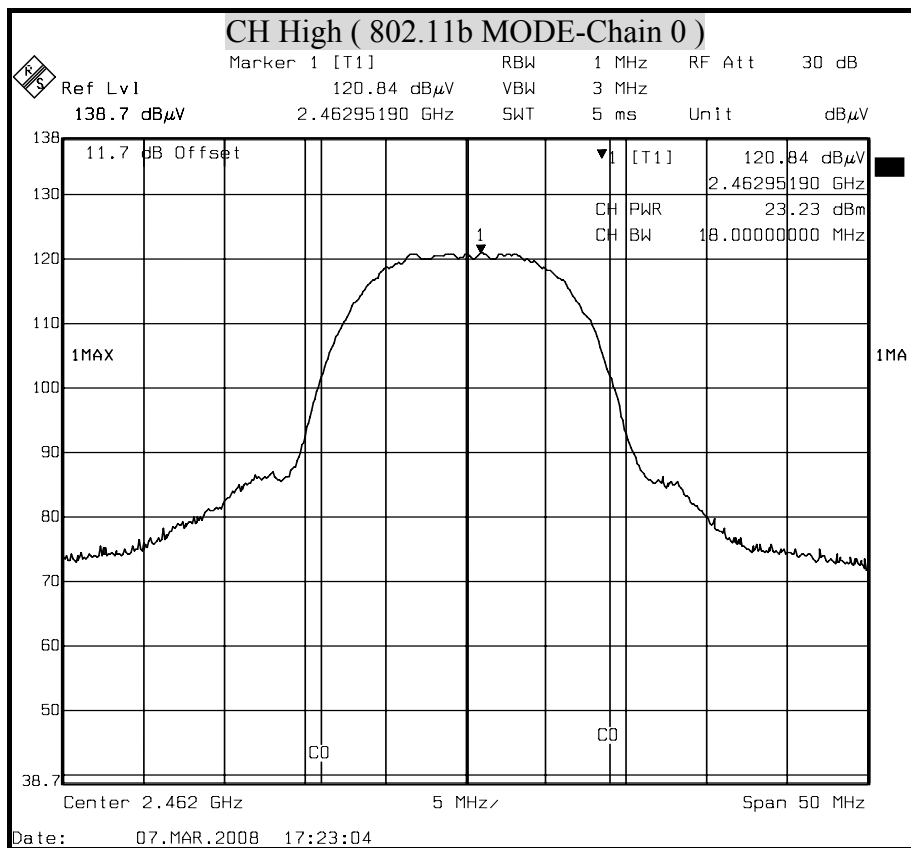
Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power (dBm)	Peak Power Total (dBm)	Peak Power Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0			
Low	2422	21.16	21.16	30	PASS
Middle	2437	21.94	21.94	30	PASS
High	2452	19.63	19.63	30	PASS

- Note :
1. At final test to get the worst-case emission at 6.5Mbps.
  2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.7dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.7 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.



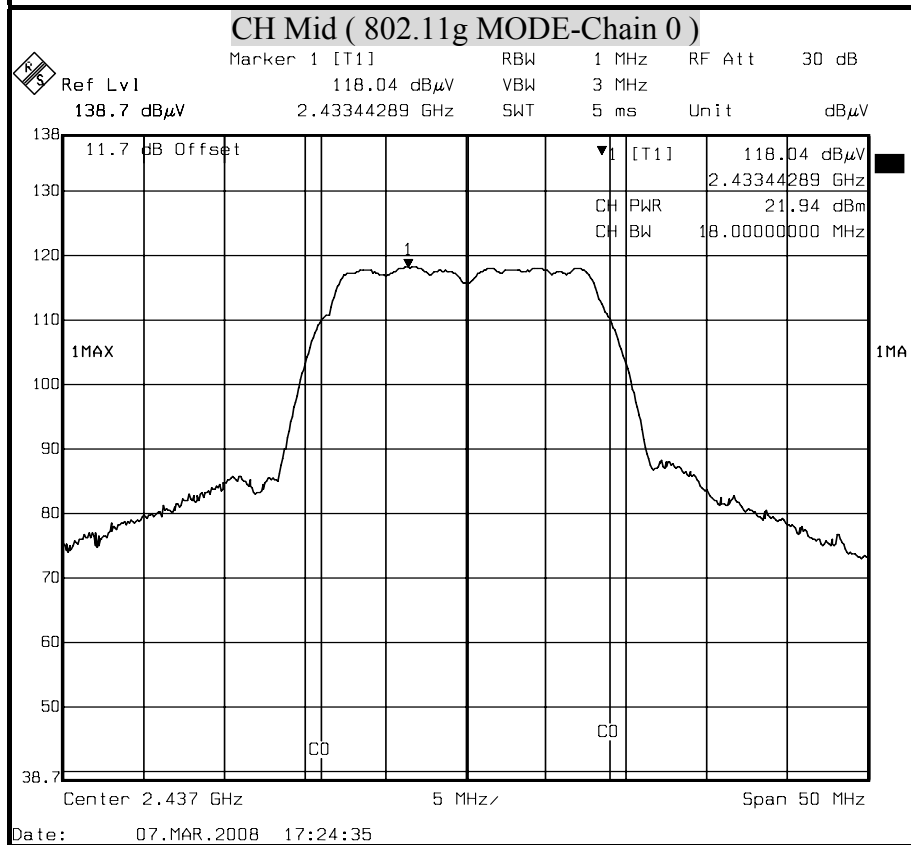
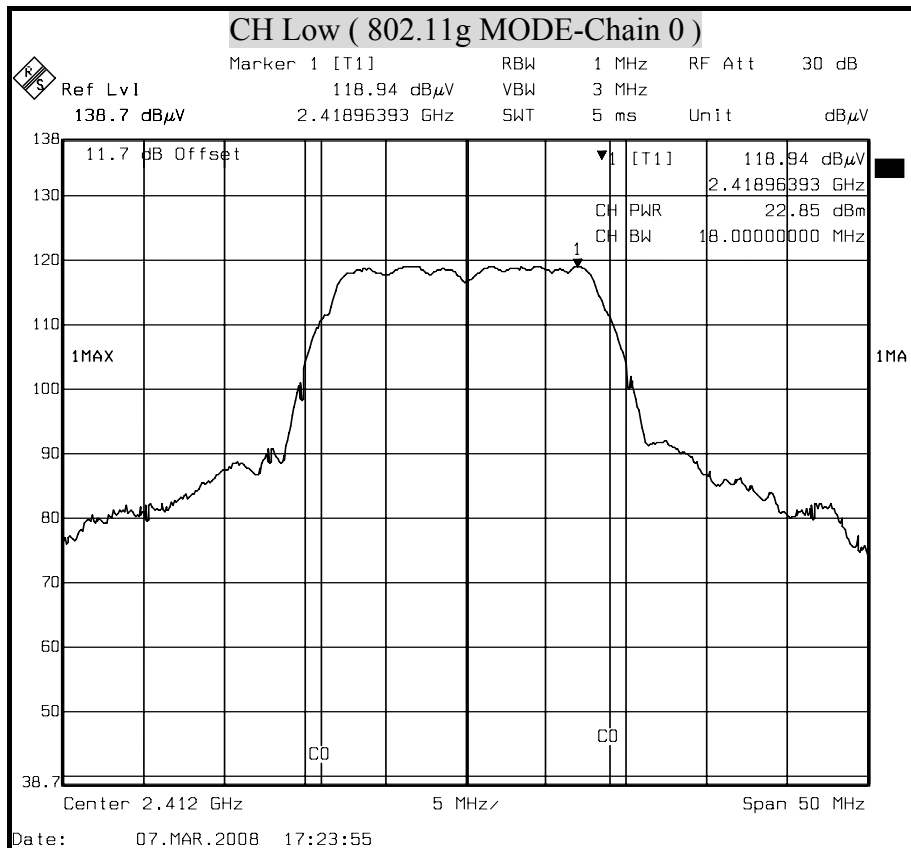
**MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER ( 802.11b MODE)**

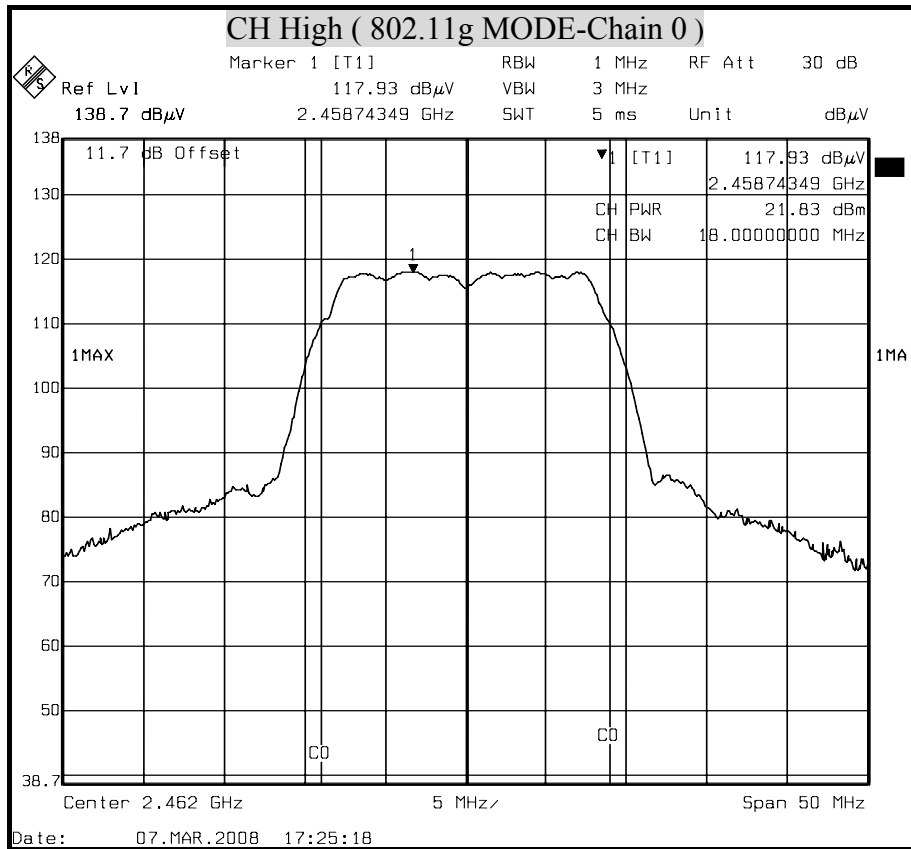






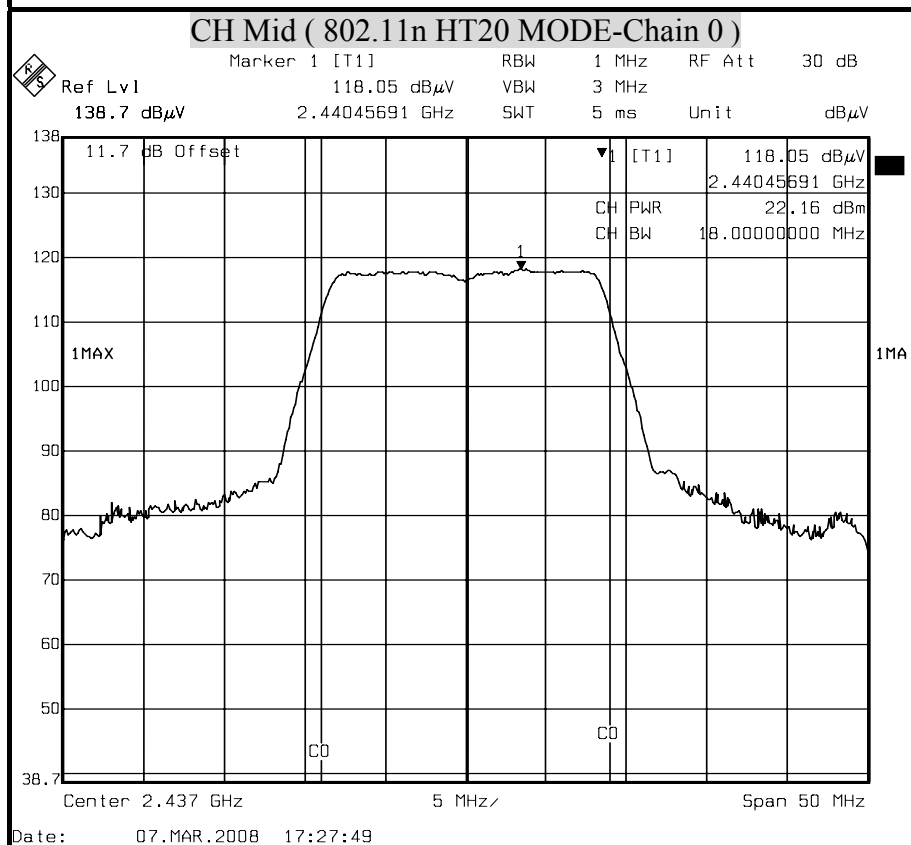
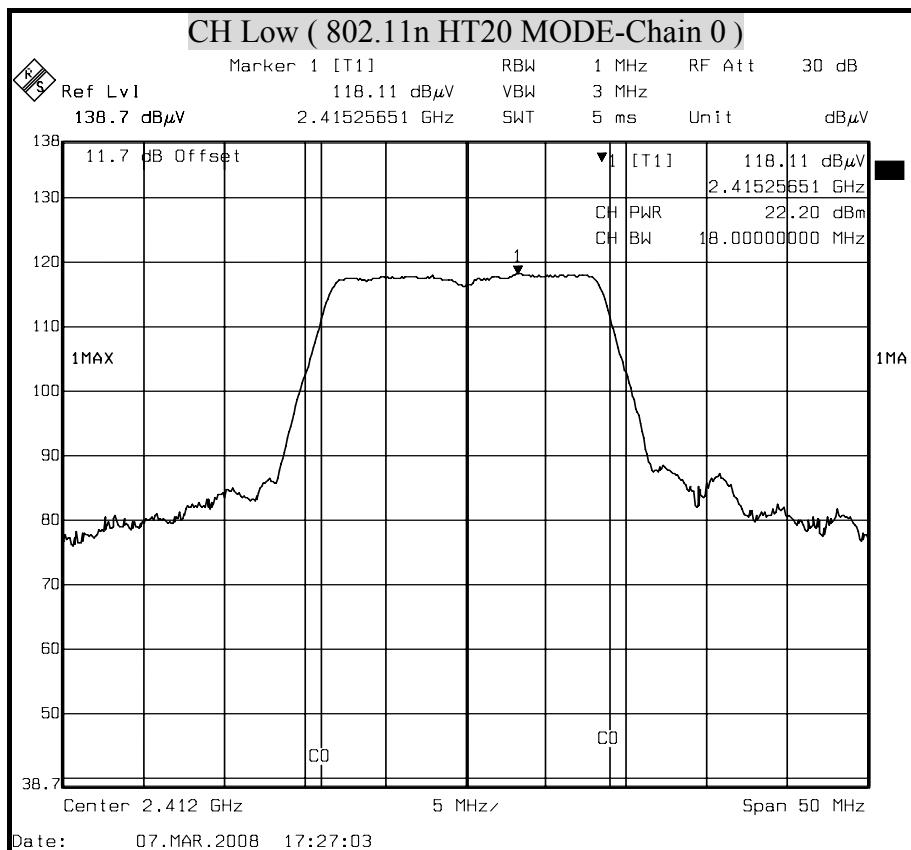
### MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER ( 802.11g MODE )



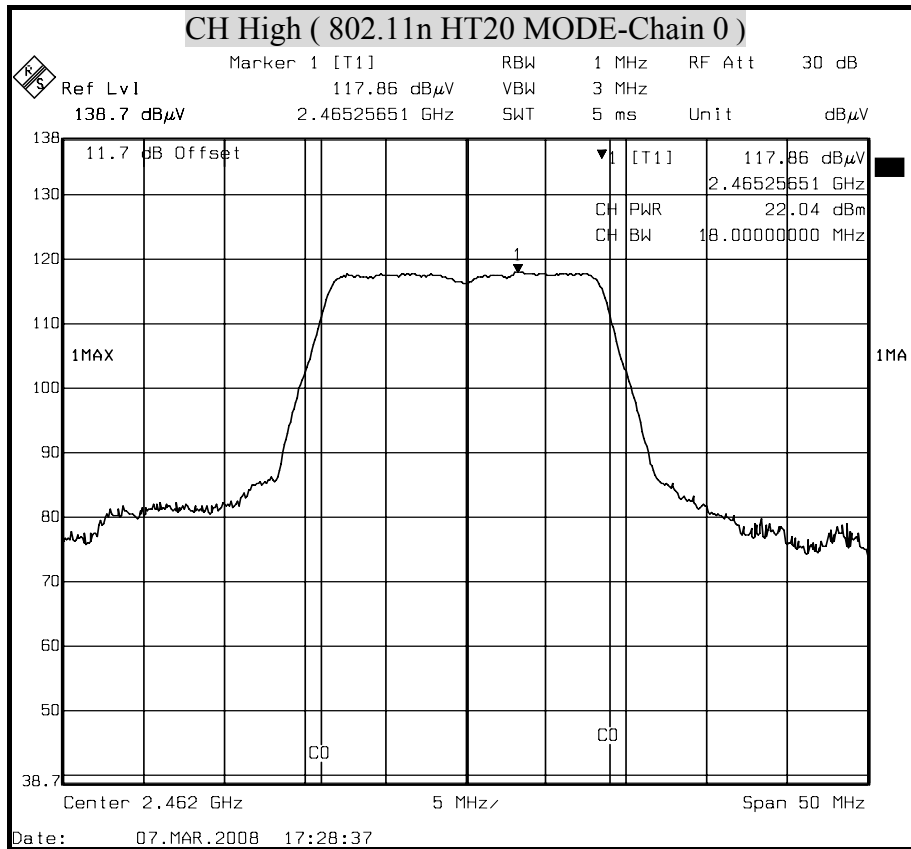




**MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER ( 802.11n HT20 MODE )**

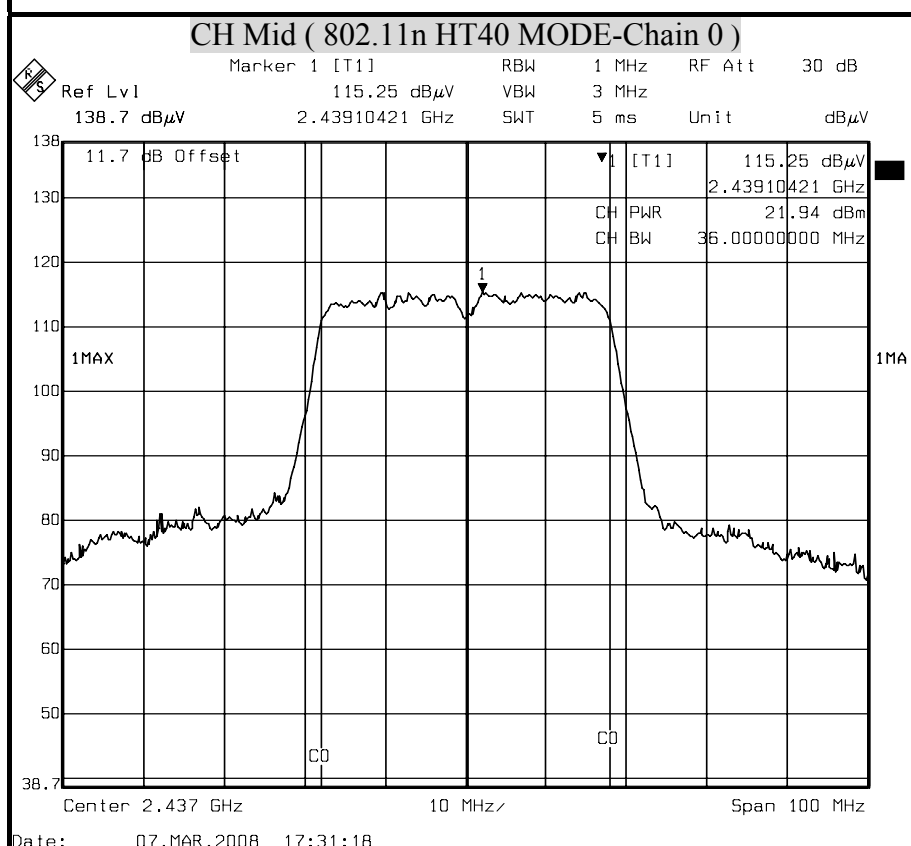
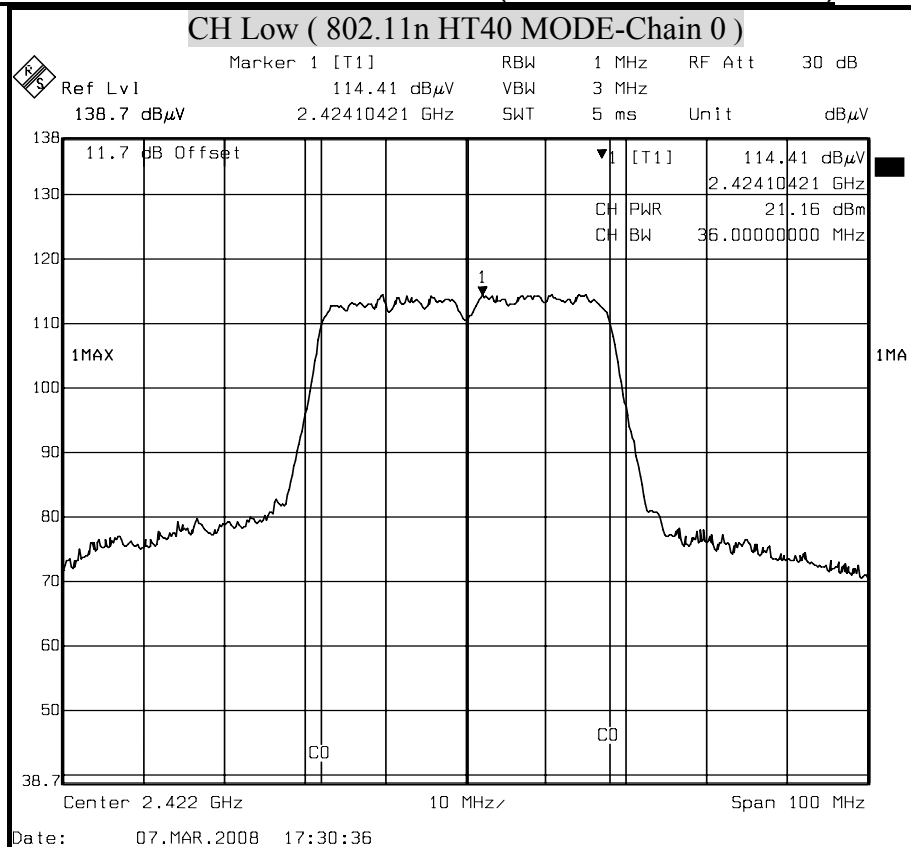


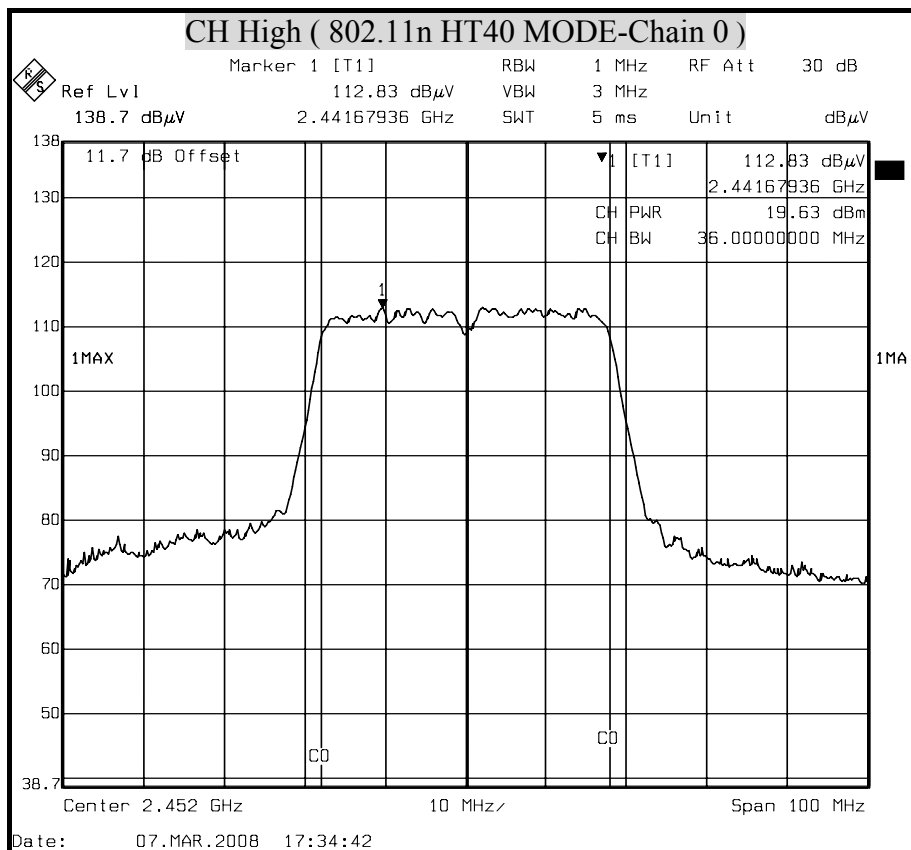






### MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER ( 802.11n HT40 MODE )







## 8.4 MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE

According to FCC 1.1310 : The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environment impact of human exposure to radio frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b) LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Average Time
(A) Limits for Occupational / Control Exposures				
300-1,500	--	--	F/300	6
1,500-100,000	--	--	5	6
(B) Limits for General Population / Uncontrol Exposures				
300-1,500	--	--	F/1500	6
1,500-100,000	--	--	1	30

### CALCULATIONS

Given  $E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d}$  &  $S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$

Where  $E$  = Field strength in Volts / meter

$P$  = Power in Watts

$G$  = Numeric antenna gain

$d$  = Distance in meters

$S$  = Power density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P (mW) = P (W) / 1000 \text{ and}$$

$$d (cm) = d(m) / 100$$

Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$

Where  $d$  = Distance in cm

$P$  = Power in mW

$G$  = Numeric antenna gain

$S$  = Power density in mW / cm<sup>2</sup>

**LIMIT**Power Density Limit,  $S=1.0\text{mW}/\text{cm}^2$ **TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted

Mode	Minimum separation distance (cm)	Output Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Power Density Limit ( $\text{mW}/\text{cm}^2$ )	Power Density at 20cm ( $\text{mW}/\text{cm}^2$ )
IEEE 802.11b	20.0	24.27	1.76	1	0.08
IEEE 802.11g	20.0	22.85	1.76	1	0.06
IEEE 802.11n HT20	20.0	22.20	1.76	1	0.05
IEEE 802.11n HT40	20.0	21.94	1.76	1	0.05

**Remark:** For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the maximum power density is  $1.0\text{ mW}/\text{cm}^2$  even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.



## 8.5 AVERAGE POWER

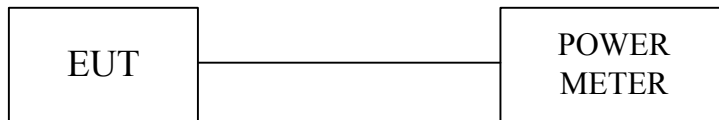
### LIMIT

None; for reporting purposes only.

### TEST EQUIPMENTS

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2487A	6K00003888	MAR. 13, 2008

### TEST SETUP



### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

### TEST RESULTS

Total peak power calculation formula:  
 $10 \log (10^{\text{Chain 0 Power}} / 10)$ .

No non-compliance noted

**IEEE 802.11b mode**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
		Chain 0
Low	2412	18.55
Middle	2437	17.52
High	2462	17.28

**IEEE 802.11g mode**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
		Chain 0
Low	2412	13.85
Middle	2437	12.72
High	2462	12.49

**IEEE 802.11n HT20 mode**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
		Chain 0
Low	2412	12.80
Middle	2437	13.15
High	2462	12.58

**IEEE 802.11n HT40 mode**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
		Chain 0
Low	2422	12.01
Middle	2437	12.79
High	2452	11.07



## 8.6 POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

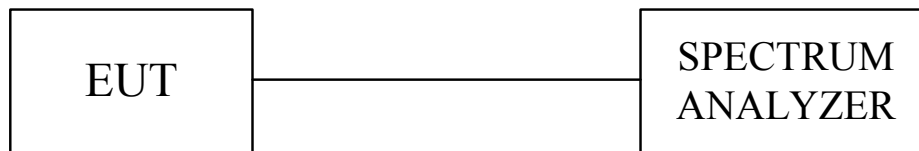
### LIMIT

§ 15.247(e) For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

### TEST EQUIPMENTS

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSEM30	829054/017	MAR. 13, 2008

### TEST SETUP



### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer, the bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using RBW=3KHz and VBW ≥ RBW, set sweep time=span / 3KHz.

The power spectral density was measured and recorded.

The sweep time is allowed to be longer than span / 3KHz for a full response of the mixer in the spectrum analyzer.

### TEST RESULTS

Total peak power calculation formula:  
 $10 \log (10^{\text{Chain 0 PPSD}} / 10)$ .

No non-compliance noted



**IEEE 802.11b mode**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Final RF Power Level in 3KHz BW (dBm)	PPSD Total (dBm)	Maximum Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0			
Low	2412	-7.75	-7.75	8	PASS
Middle	2437	-8.41	-8.41	8	PASS
High	2462	-8.88	-8.88	8	PASS

- Note :
1. At final test to get the worst-case emission at 11Mbps.
  2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.7dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.7 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.

**IEEE 802.11g mode**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Final RF Power Level in 3KHz BW (dBm)	PPSD Total (dBm)	Maximum Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0			
Low	2412	-16.15	-16.15	8	PASS
Middle	2437	-17.54	-17.54	8	PASS
High	2462	-17.94	-17.94	8	PASS

- Note :
1. At final test to get the worst-case emission at 6Mbps.
  2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.7dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.7 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.

**IEEE 802.11n HT20 mode**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Final RF Power Level in 3KHz BW (dBm)	PPSD Total (dBm)	Maximum Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0			
Low	2412	-16.35	-16.35	8	PASS
Middle	2437	-15.97	-15.97	8	PASS
High	2462	-16.43	-16.43	8	PASS

- Note :
1. At final test to get the worst-case emission at 6.5Mbps.
  2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.7dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.7 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.

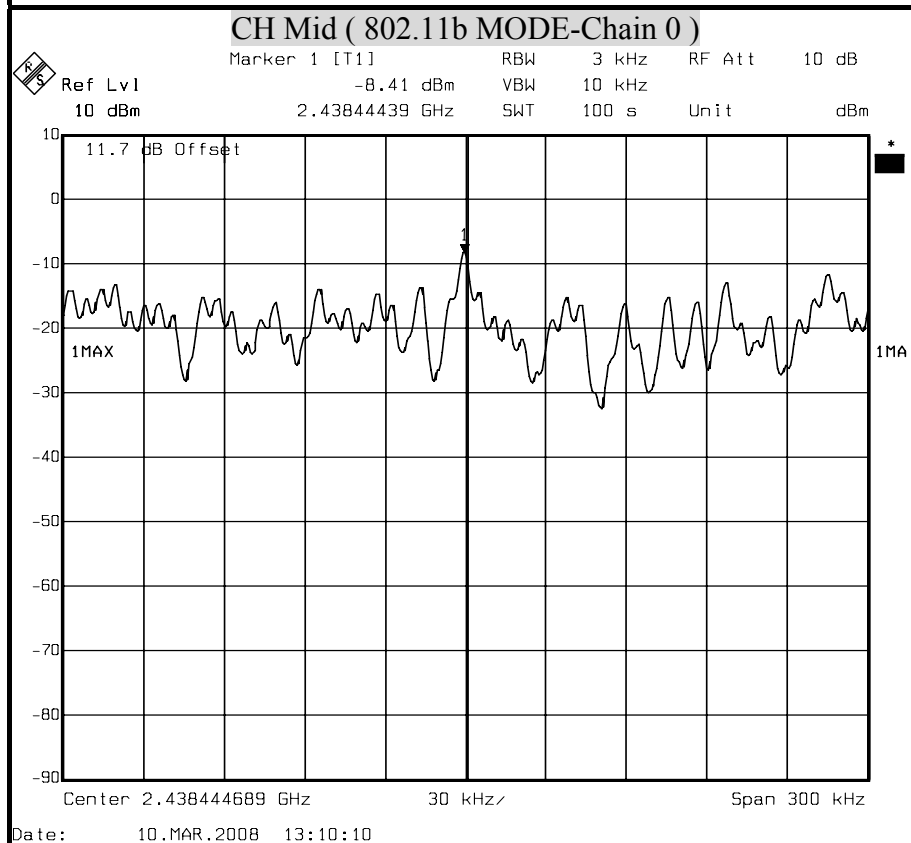
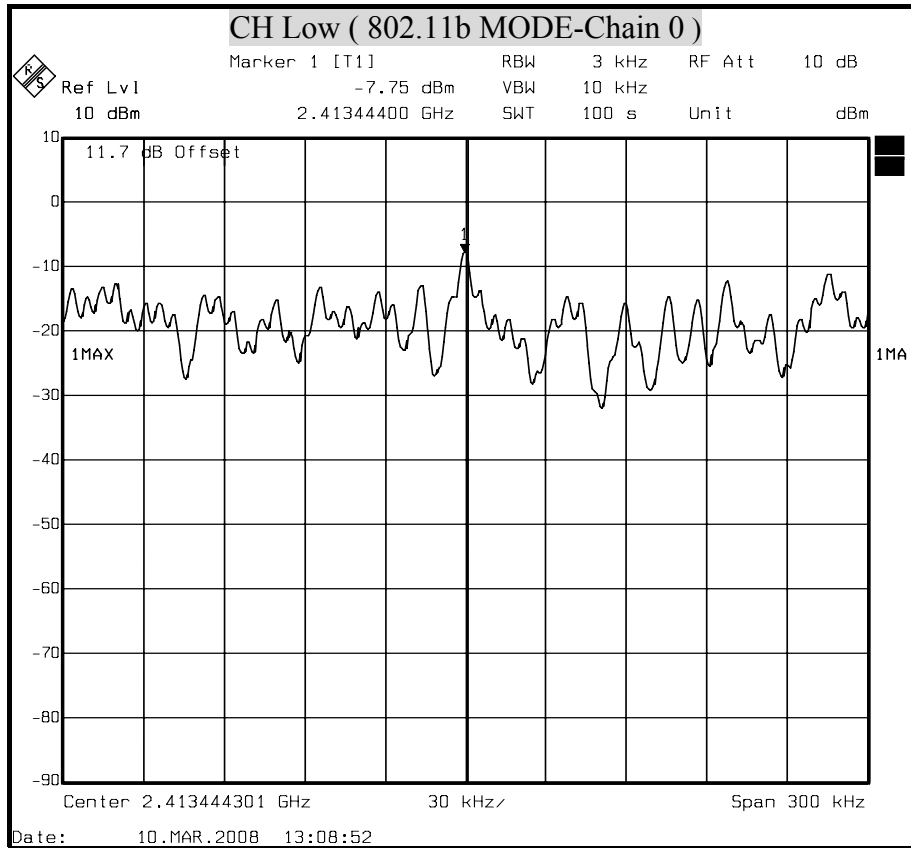
**IEEE 802.11n HT40 mode**

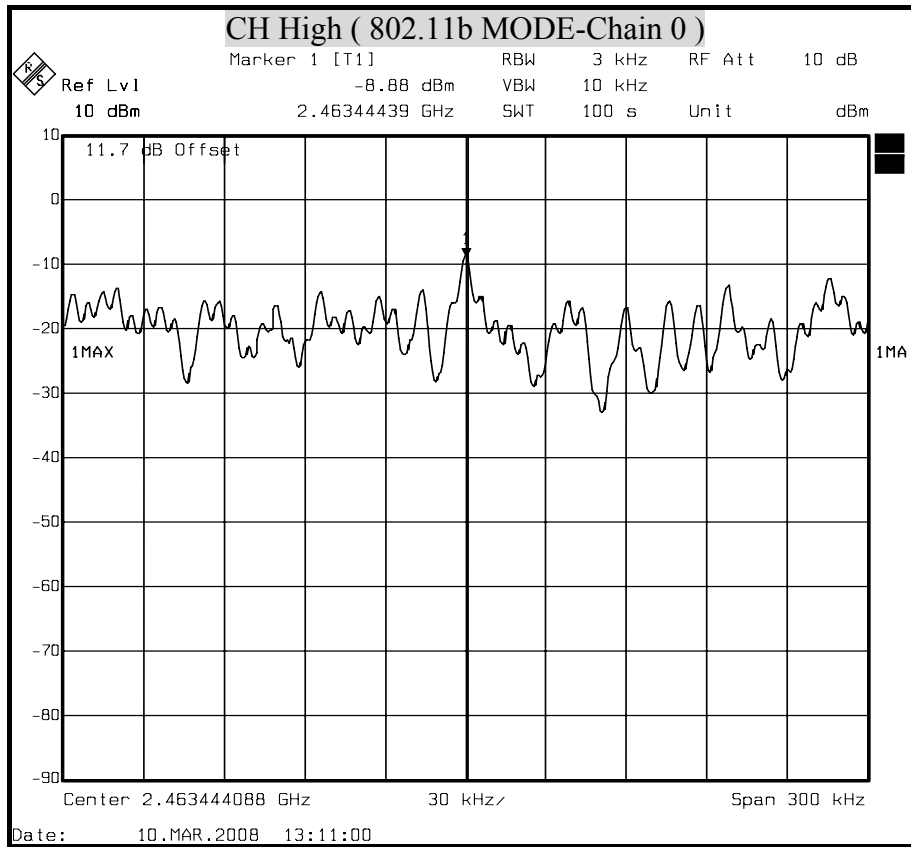
Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Final RF Power Level in 3KHz BW (dBm)	PPSD Total (dBm)	Maximum Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0			
Low	2422	-21.15	-21.15	8	PASS
Middle	2437	-20.32	-20.32	8	PASS
High	2452	-20.40	-20.40	8	PASS

- Note :
1. At final test to get the worst-case emission at 6.5Mbps.
  2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.7dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.7 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.



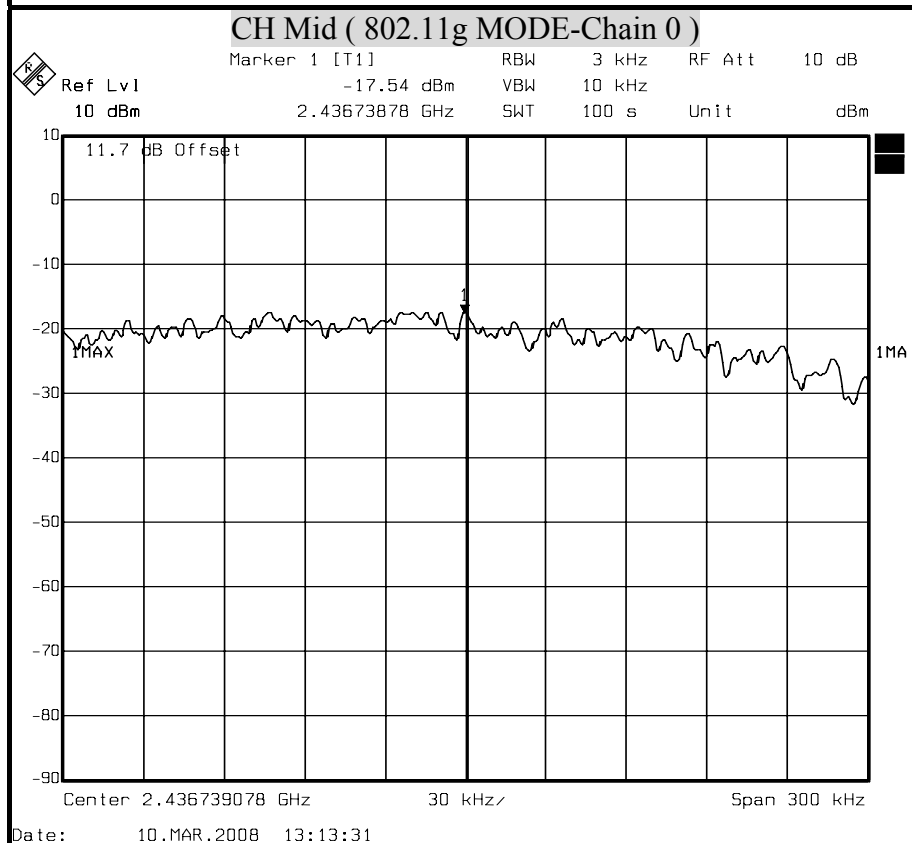
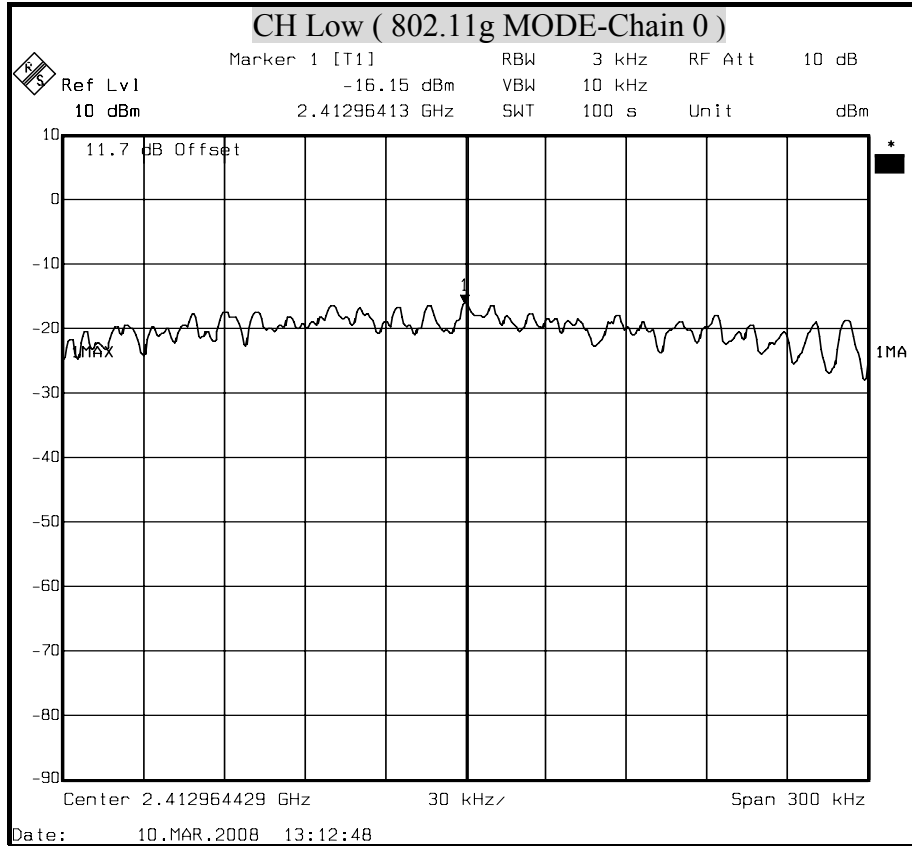
**POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY ( IEEE 802.11b MODE)**

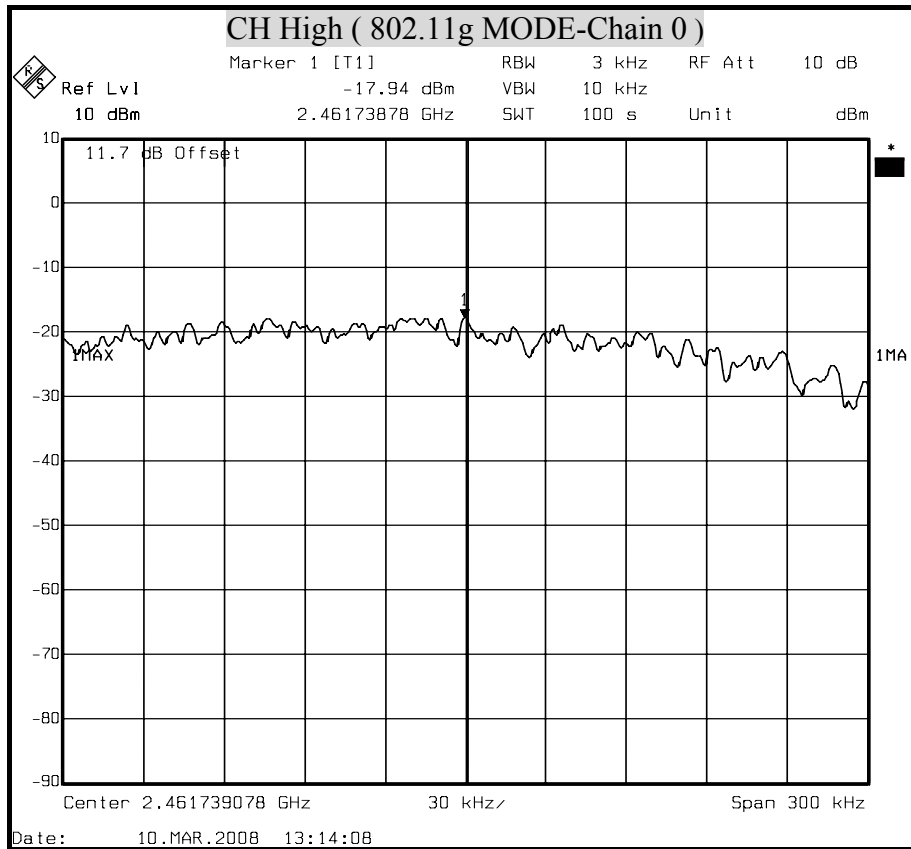






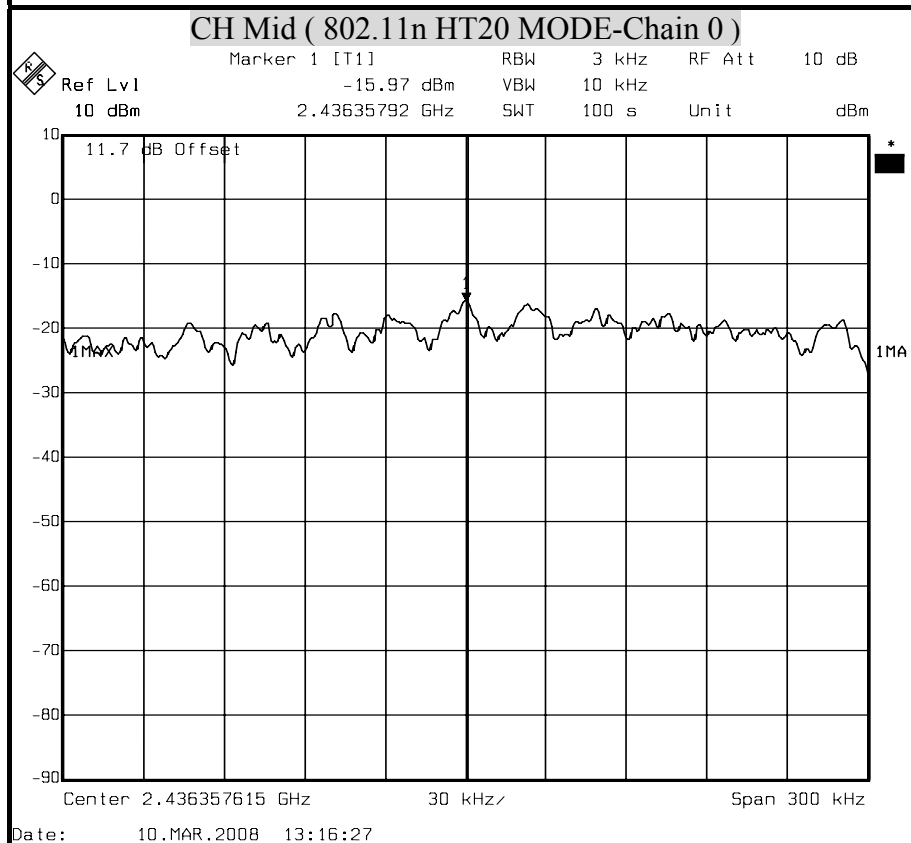
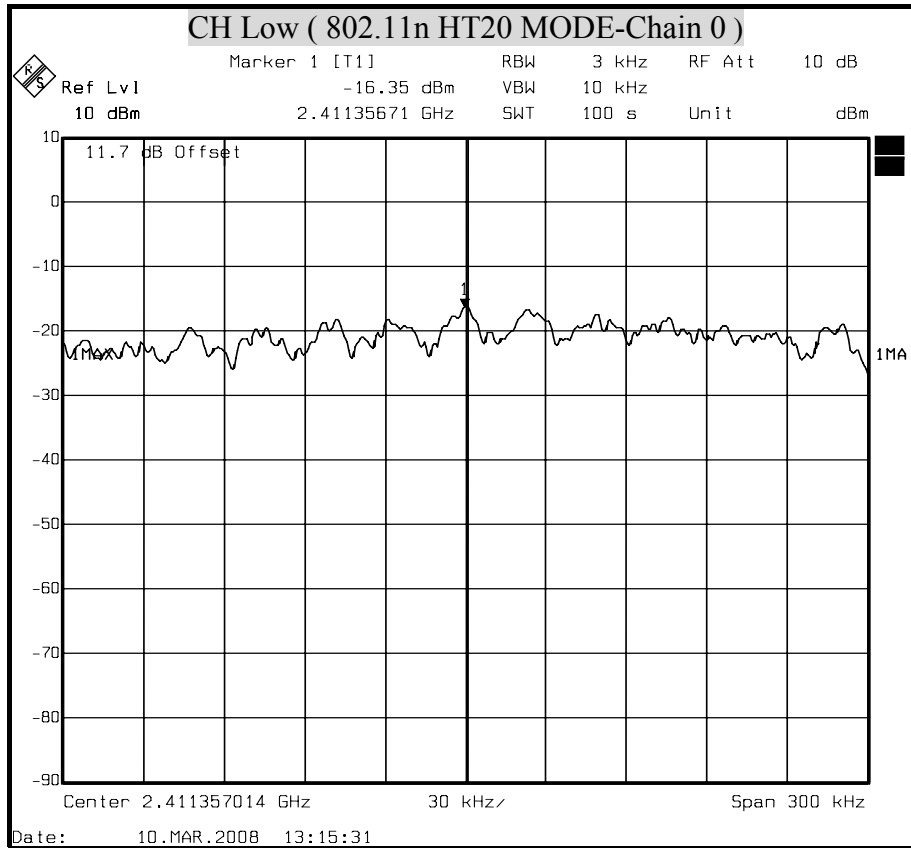
**POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY ( IEEE 802.11g MODE )**

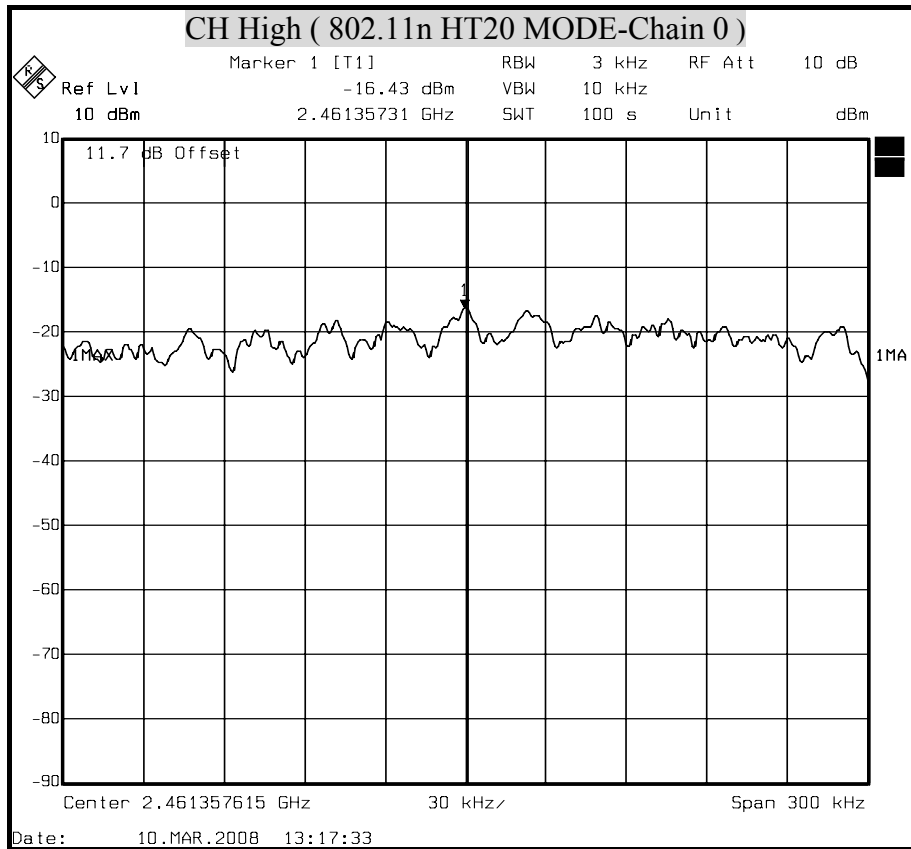






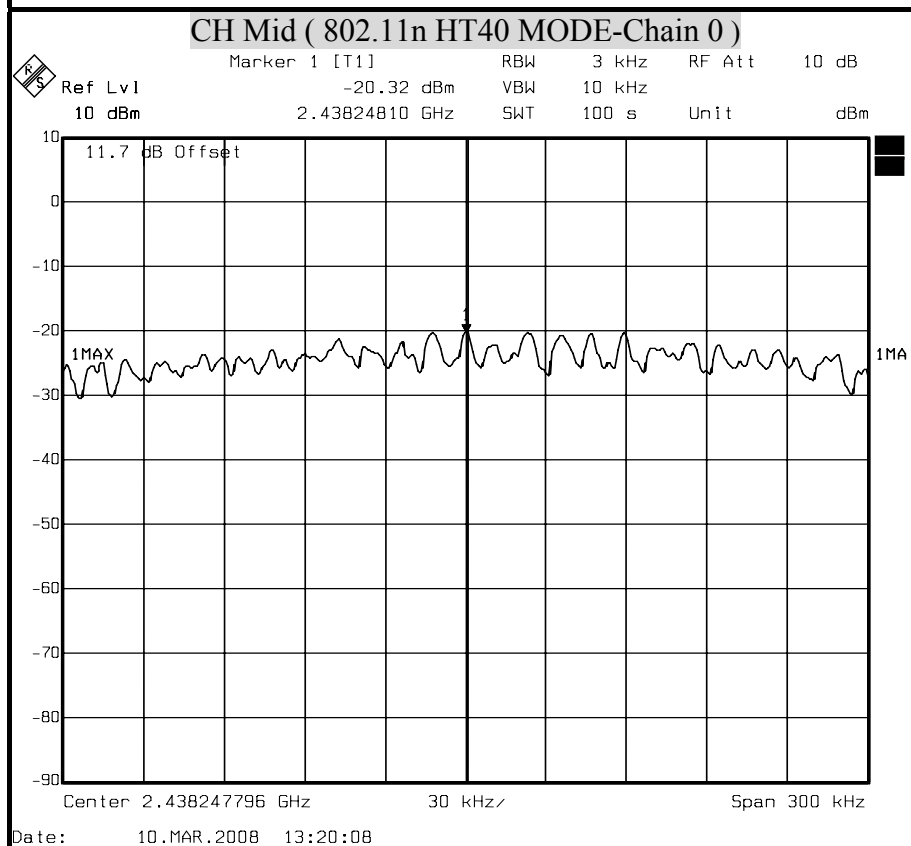
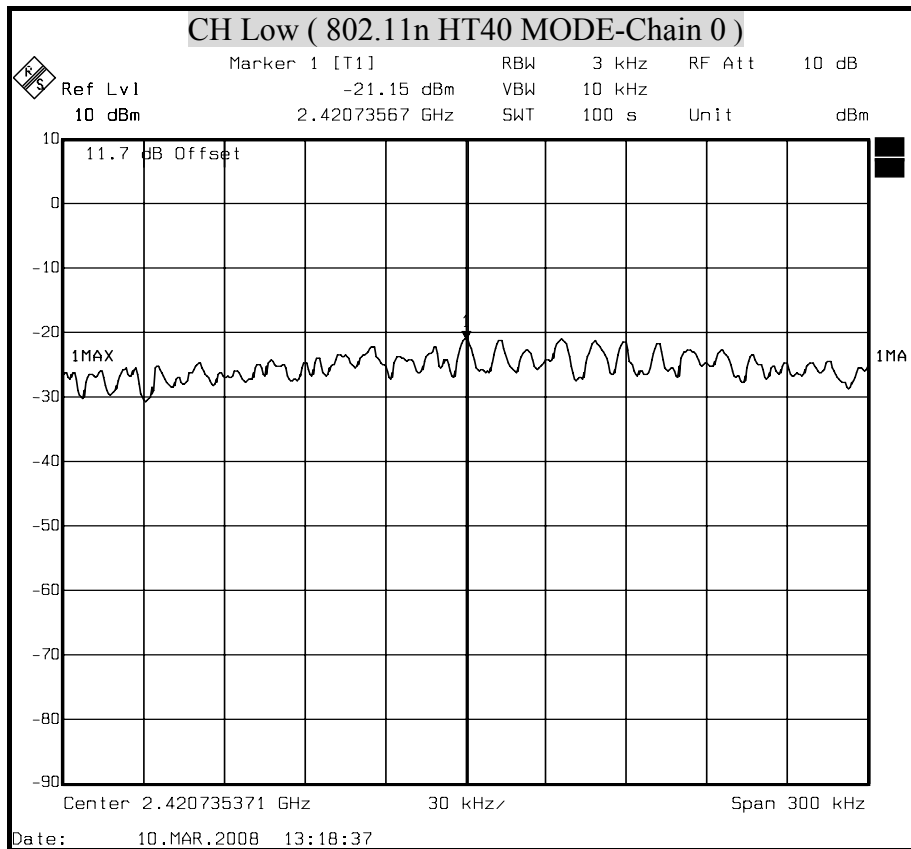
**POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY ( 802.11n HT20 MODE )**



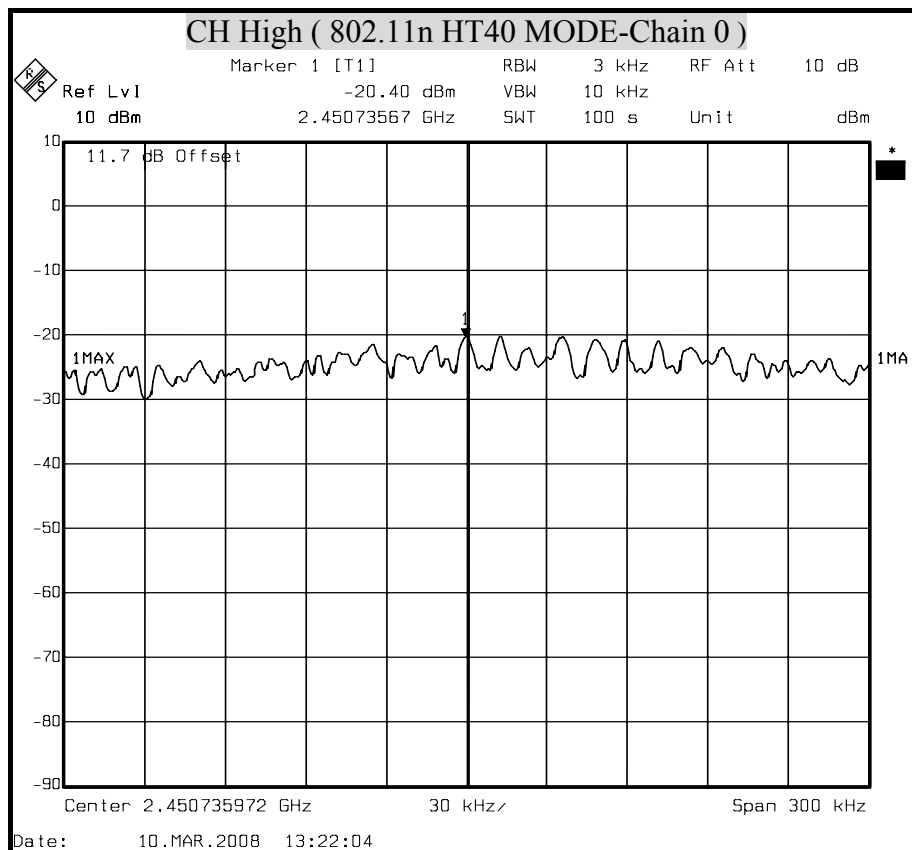




**POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY ( 802.11n HT40 MODE )**







## 8.7 CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION

### LIMITS

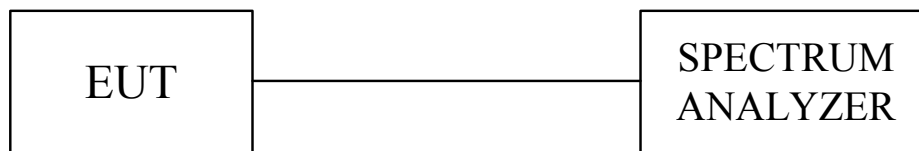
§ 15.247(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the and that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).

### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 300 kHz.

The spectrum from 30 MHz to 26 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels in the 2.4 GHz band.

### TEST SETUP



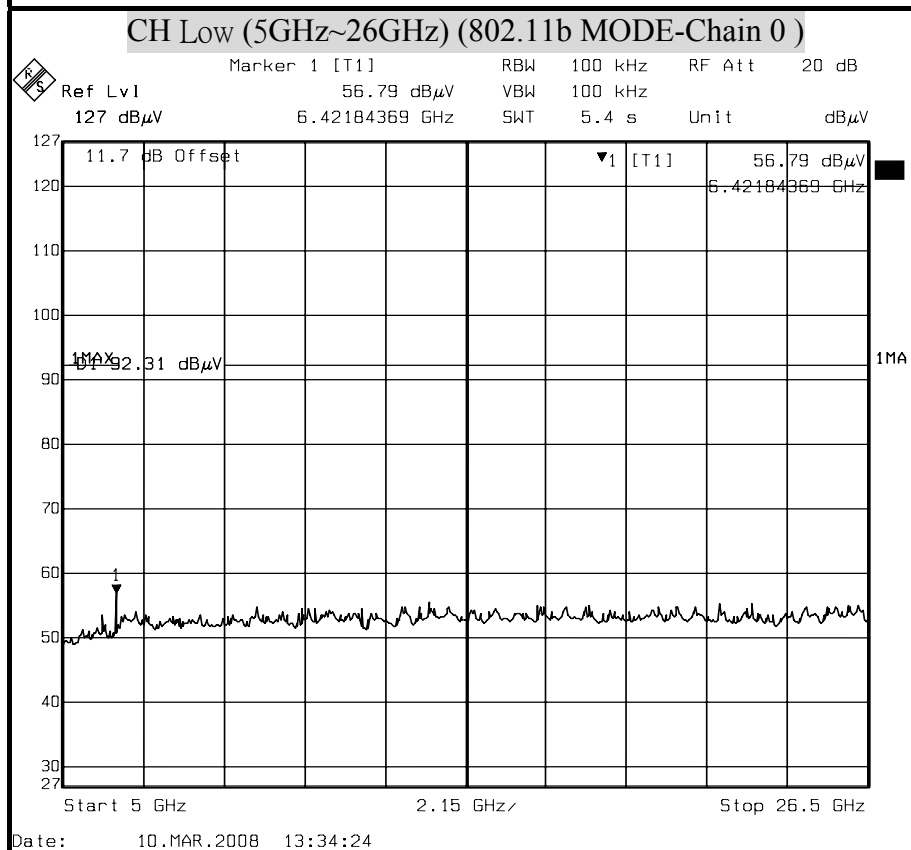
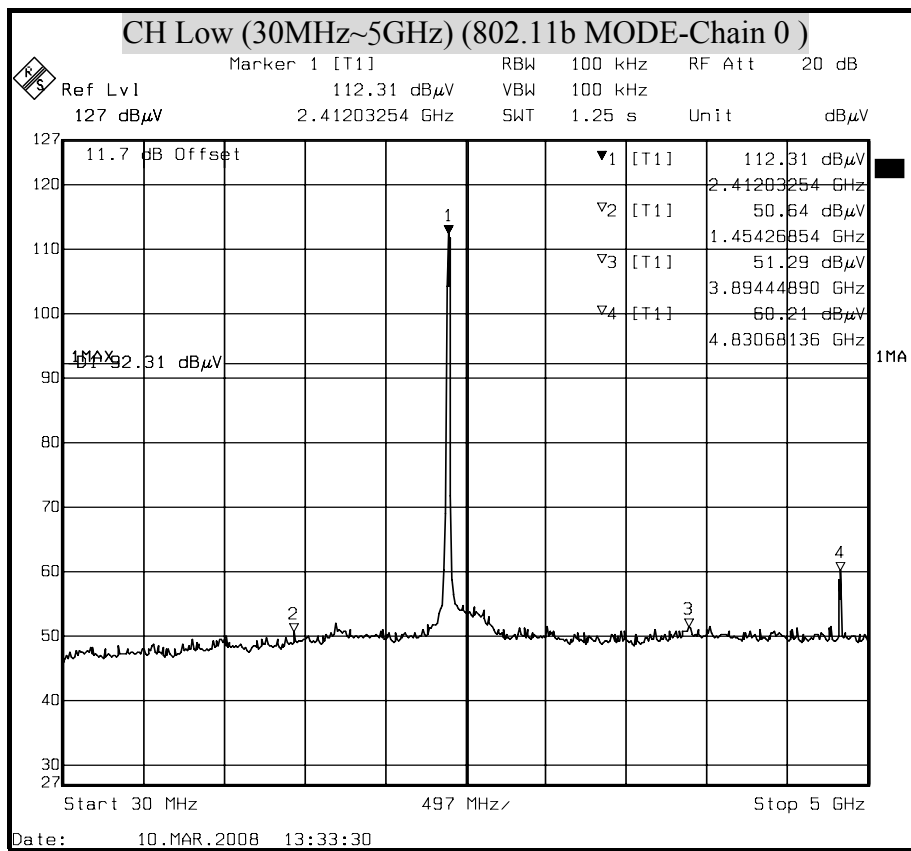
### TEST RESULTS

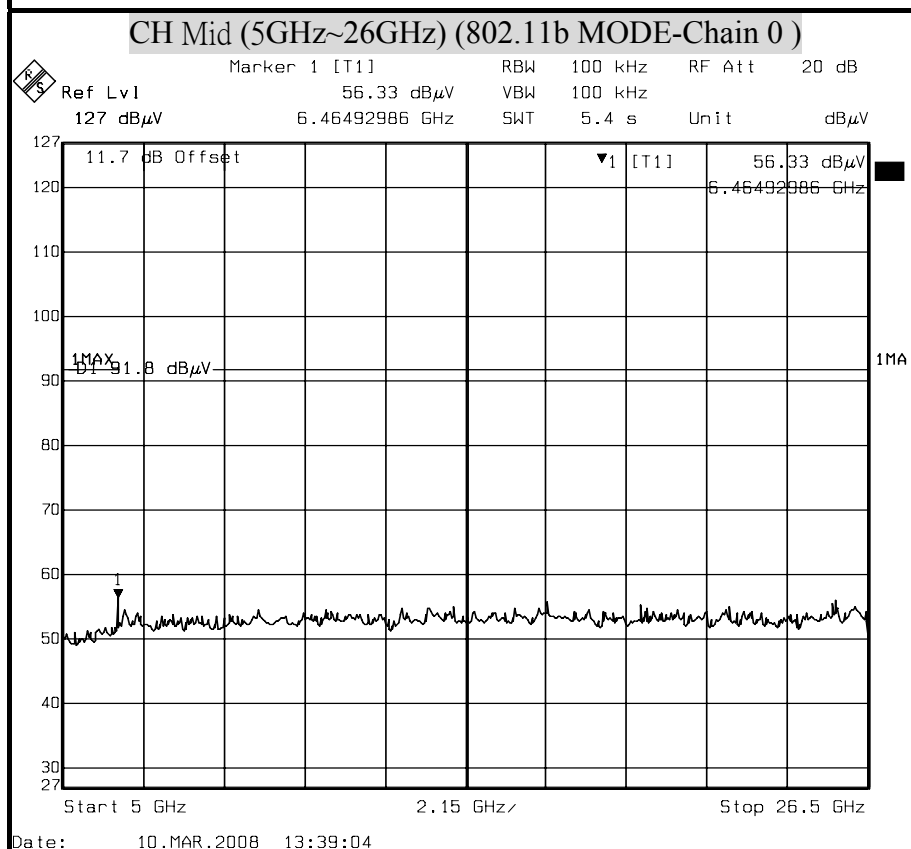
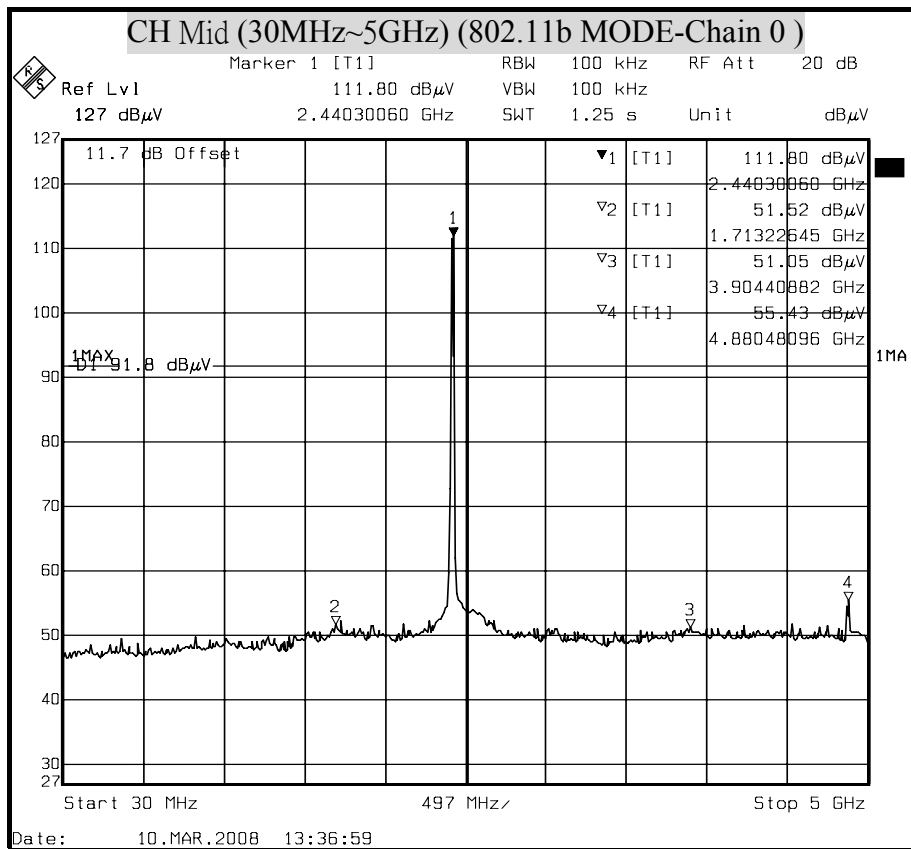
No non-compliance noted

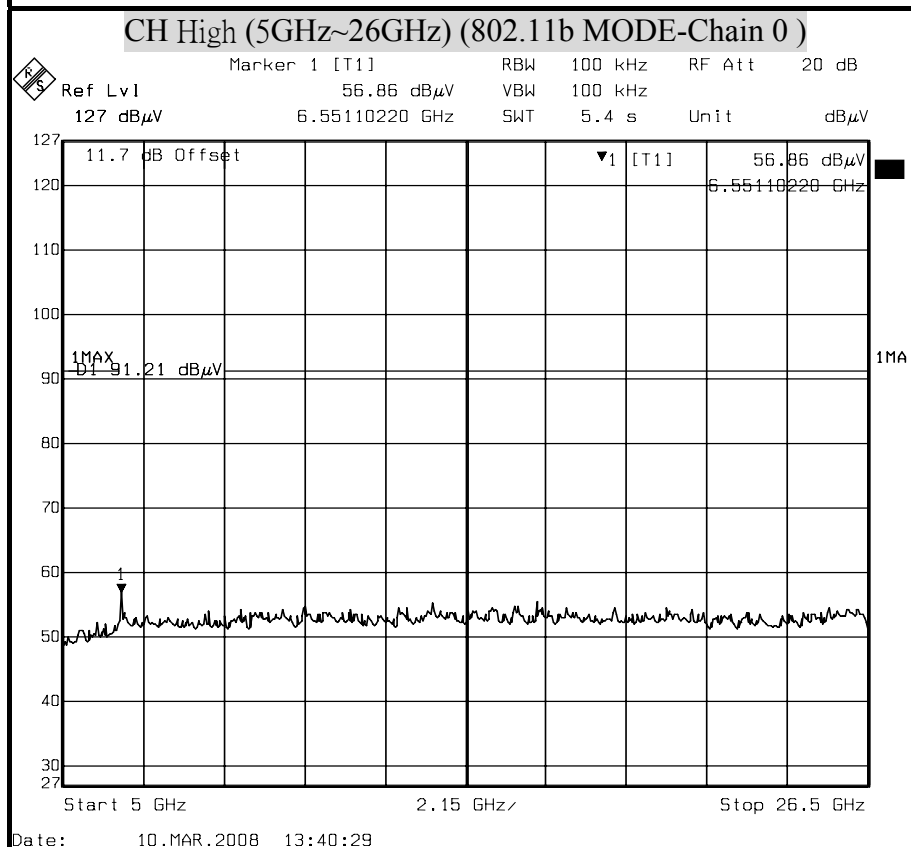
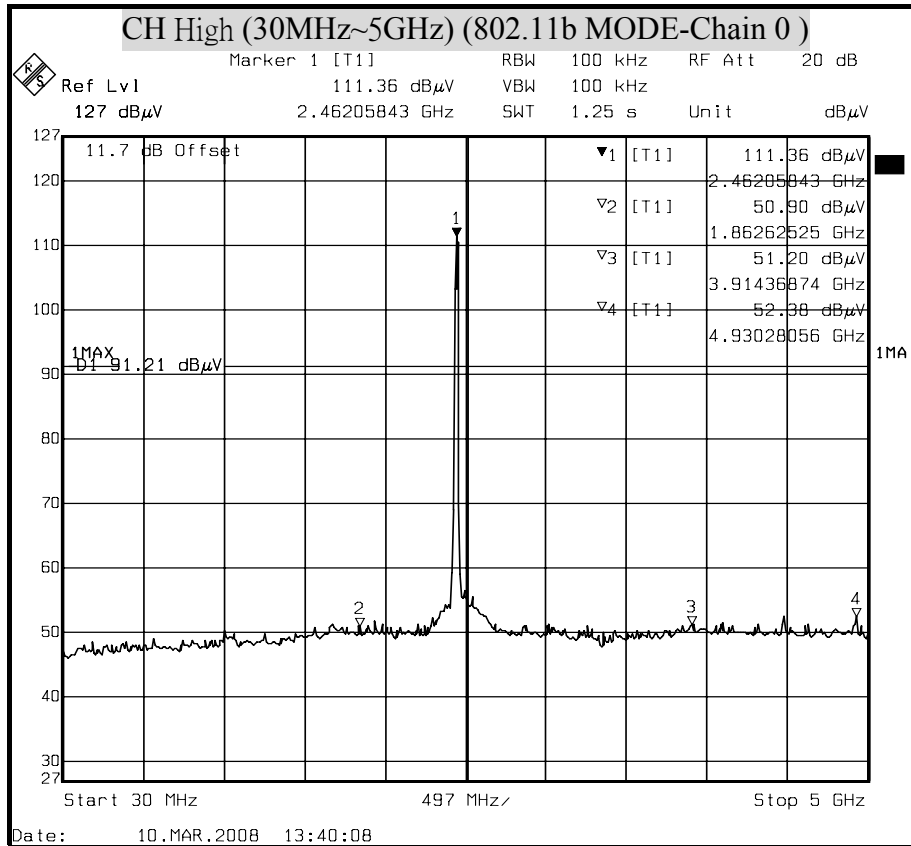


### OUT-OF-BAND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS-CONDUCTED MEASUREMENT

#### ( IEEE 802.11b MODE)



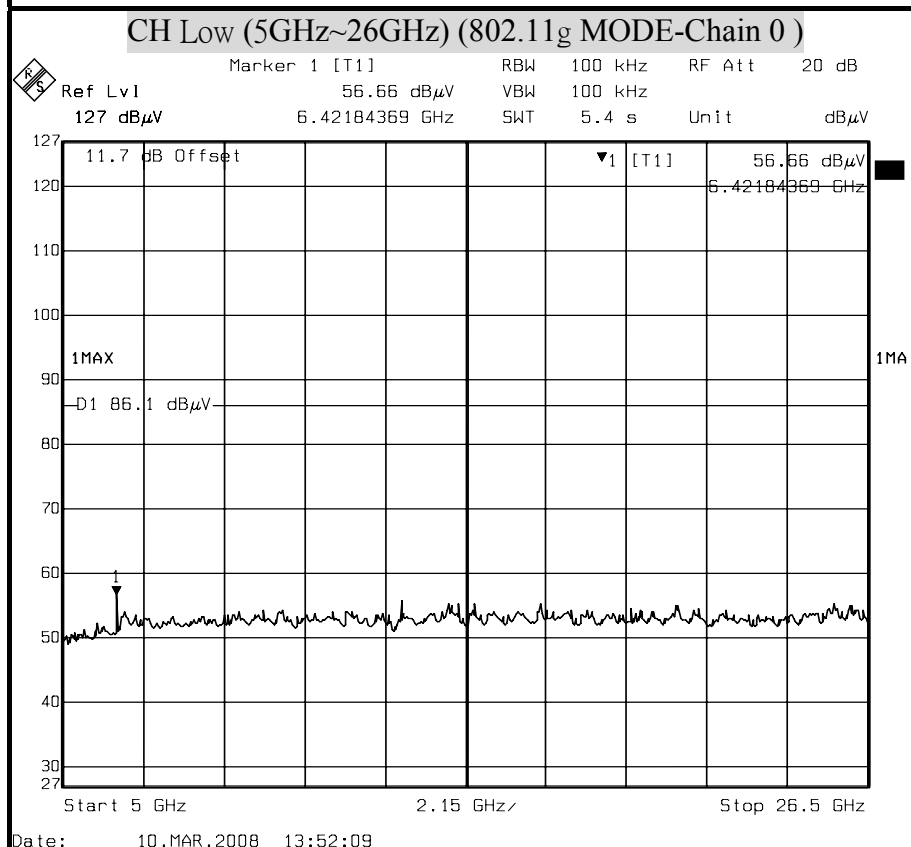
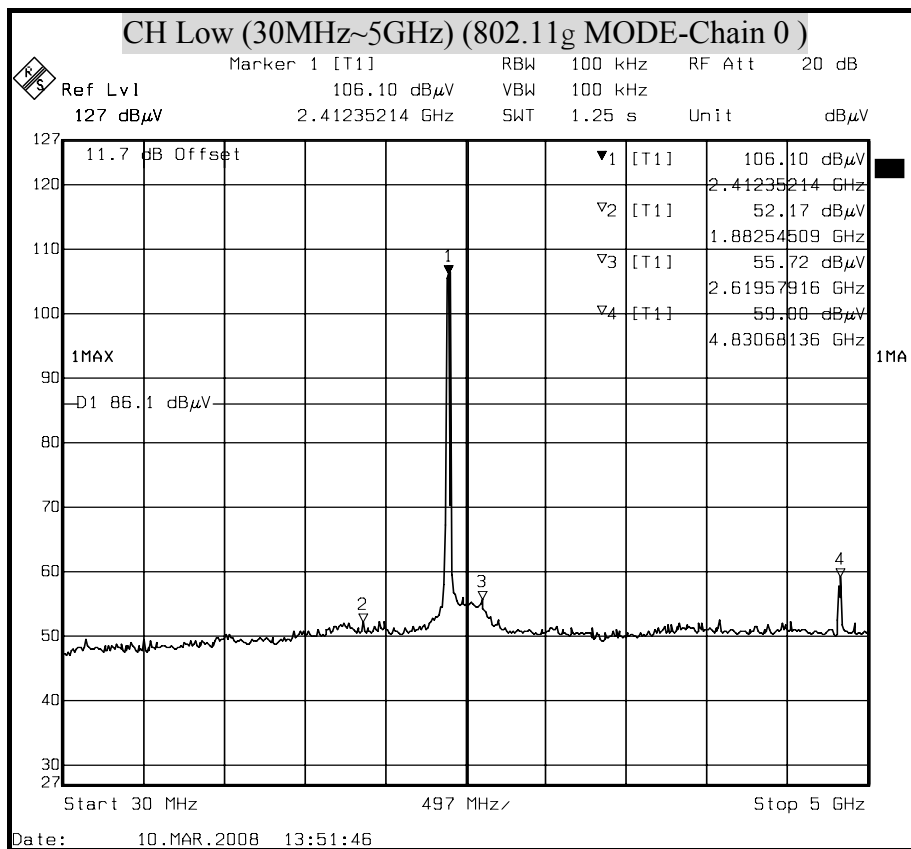


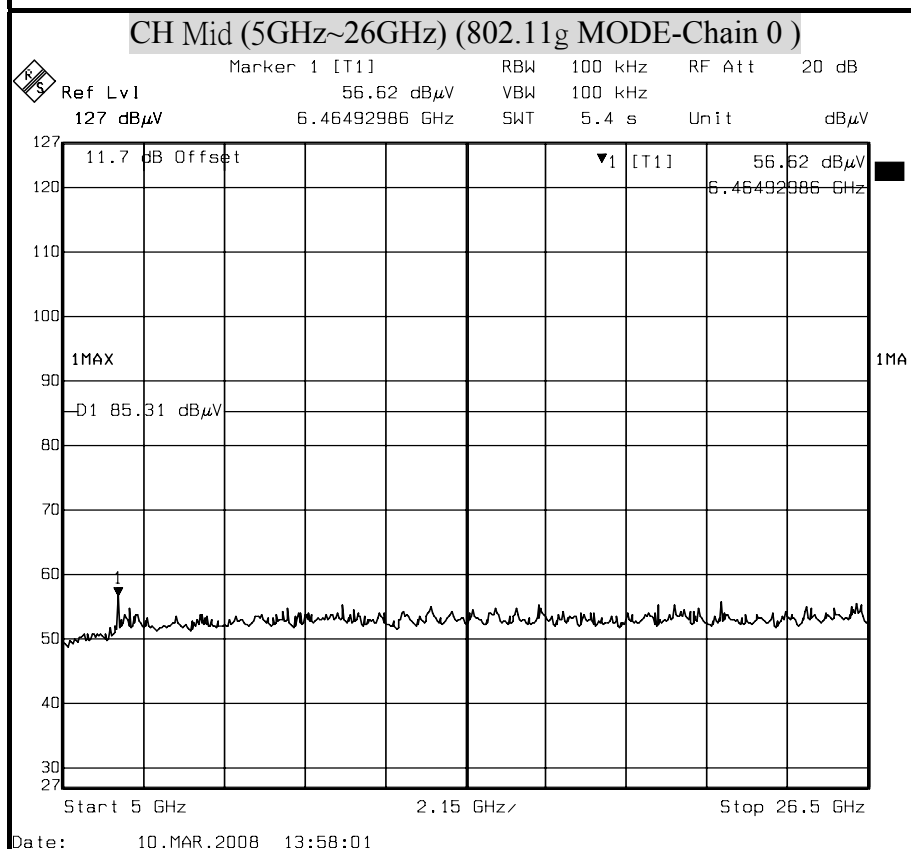
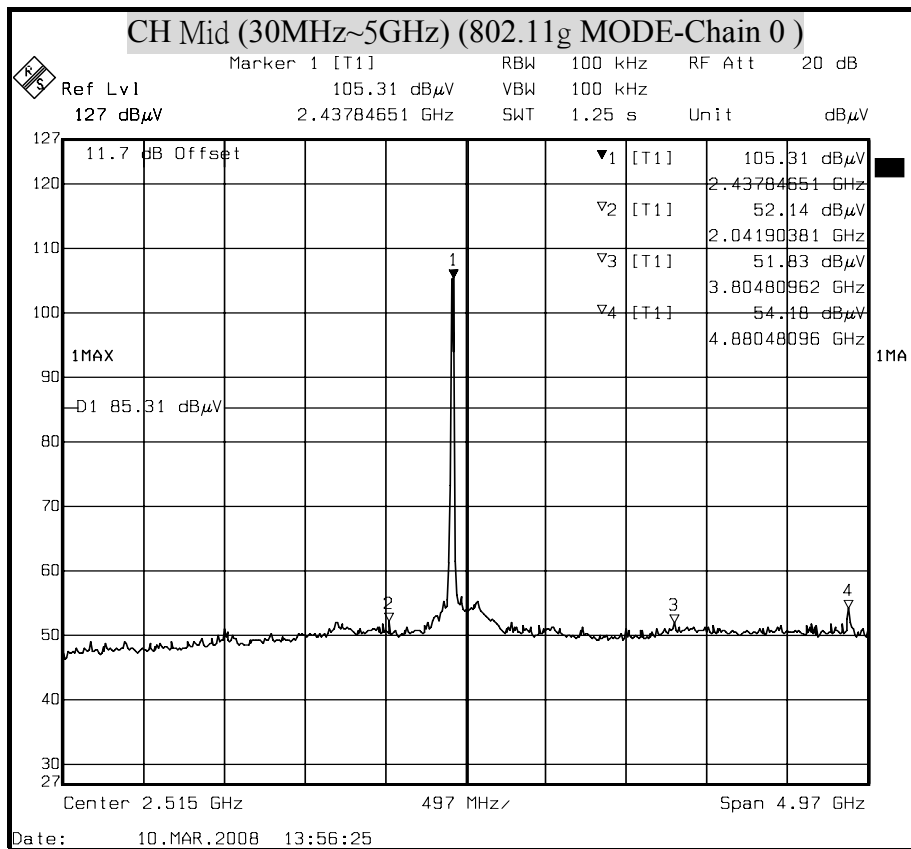


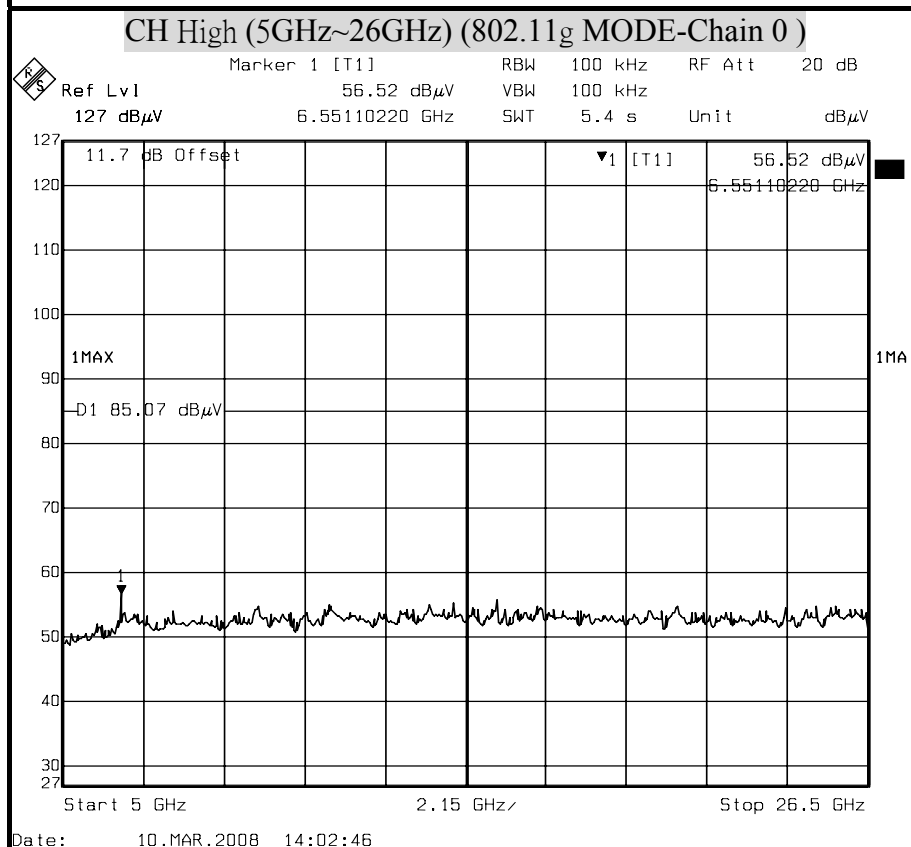
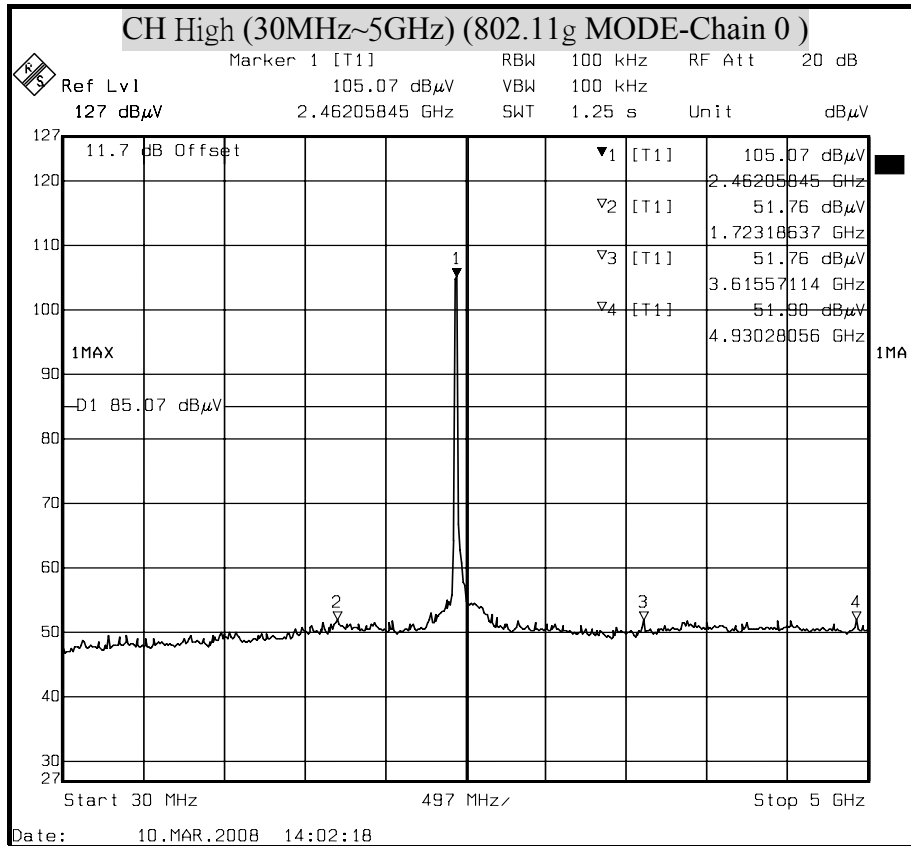


### OUT-OF-BAND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS-CONDUCTED MEASUREMENT

( IEEE 802.11g MODE)





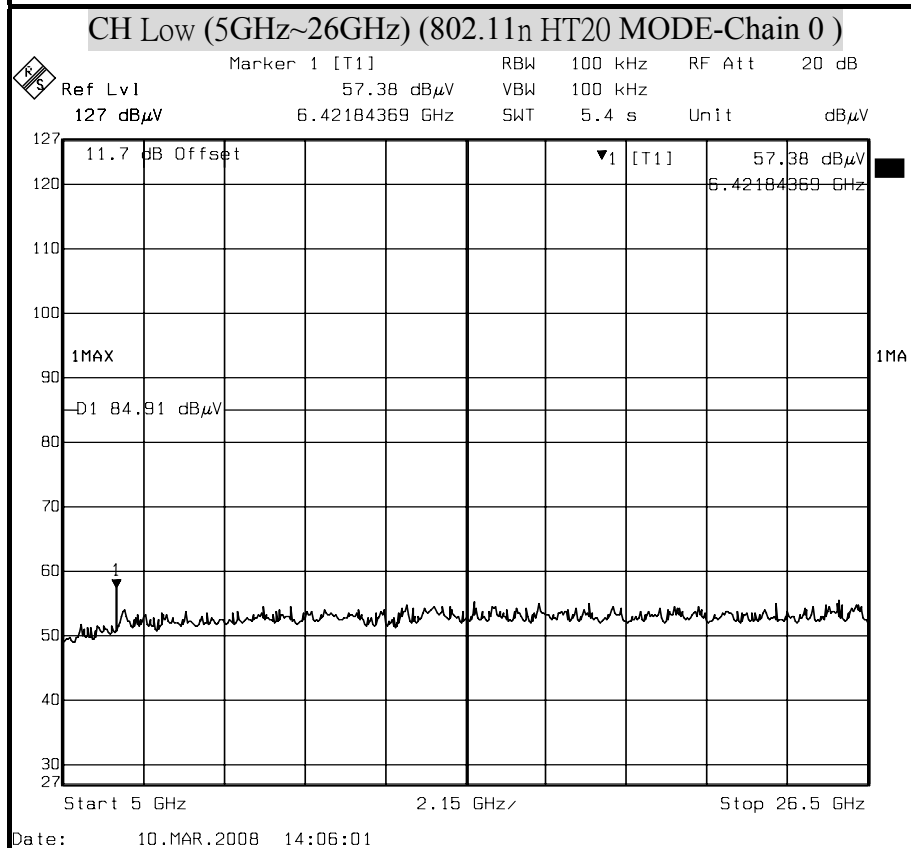
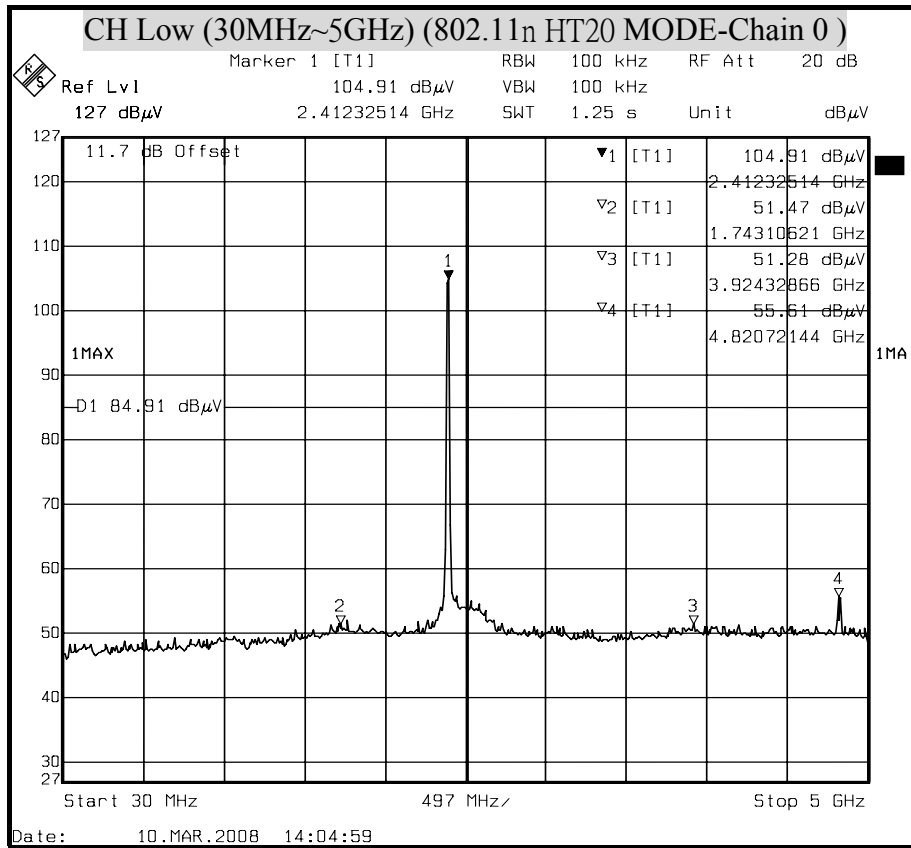


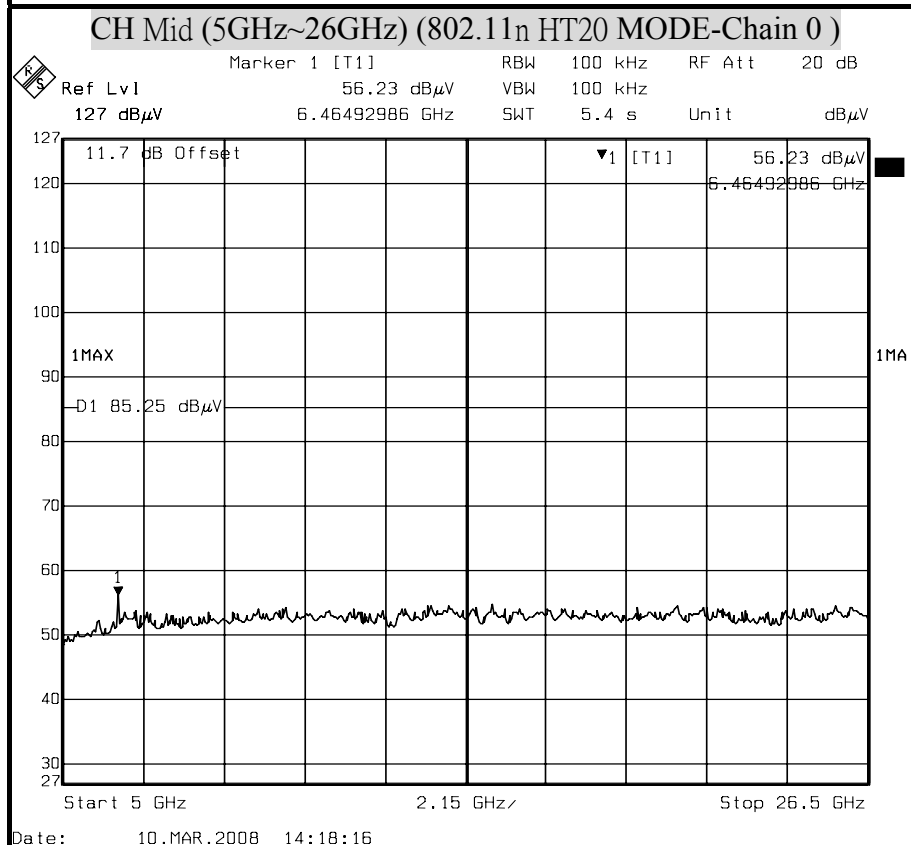
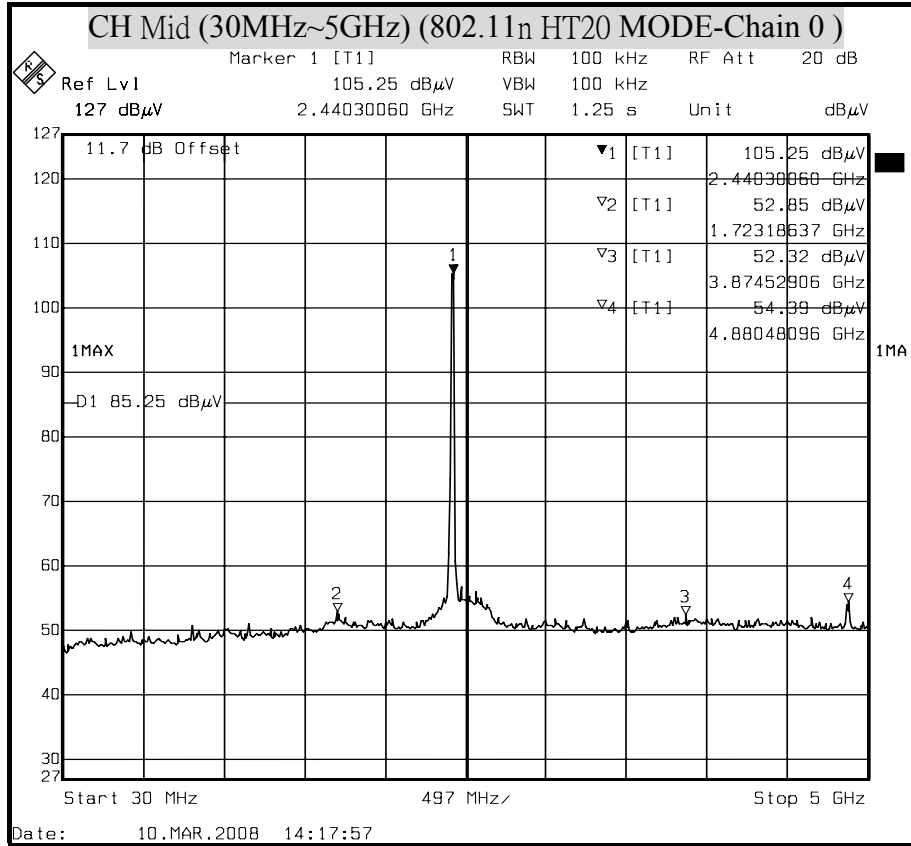


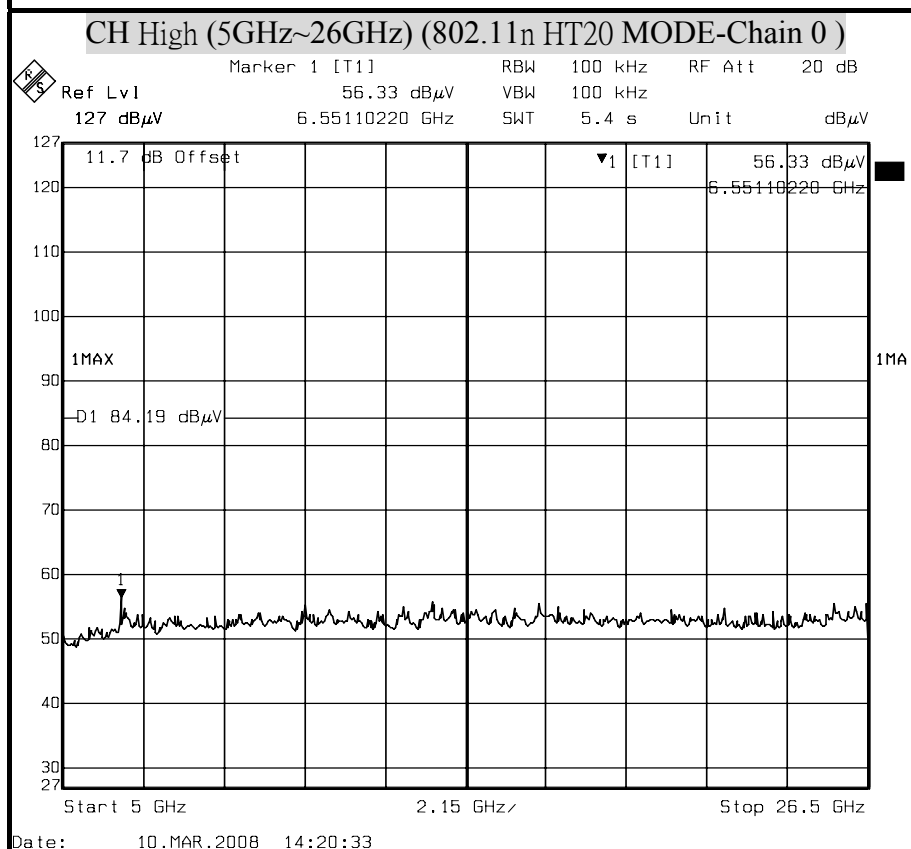
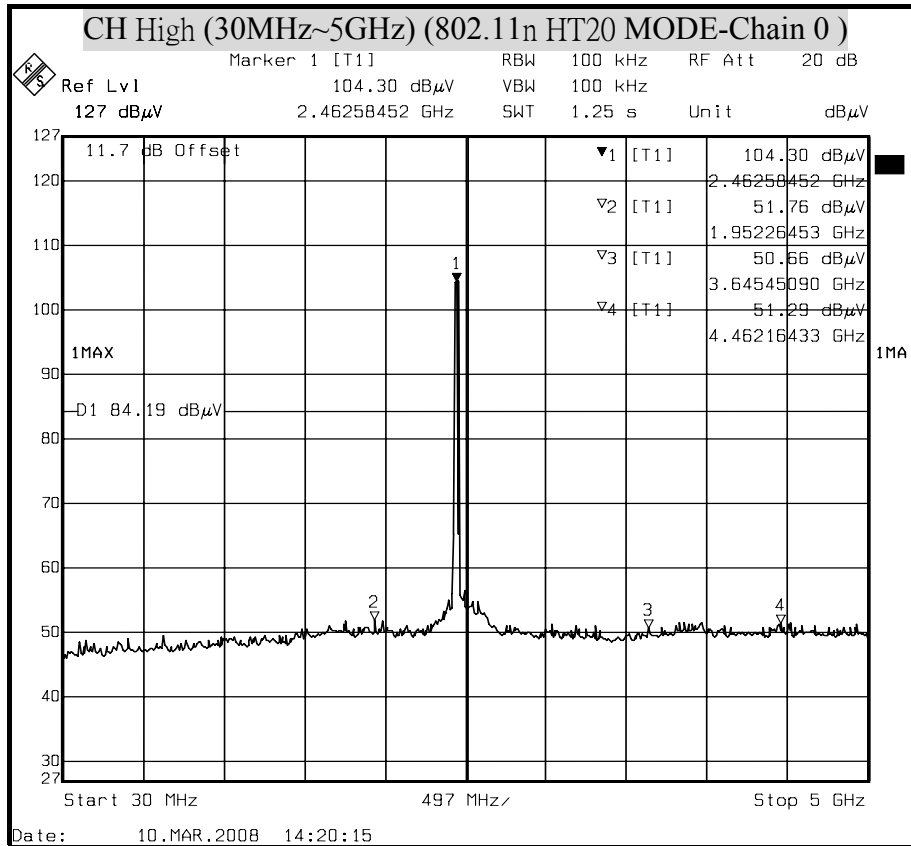


### OUT-OF-BAND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS-CONDUCTED MEASUREMENT

#### ( IEEE 802.11n HT20 MODE)



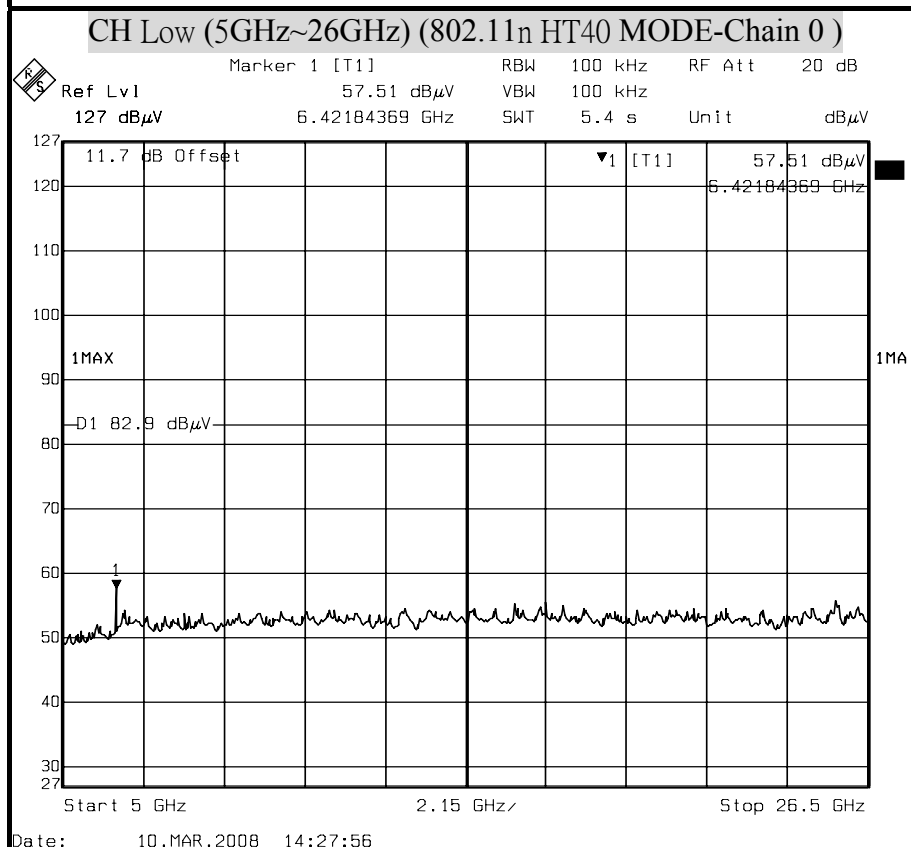
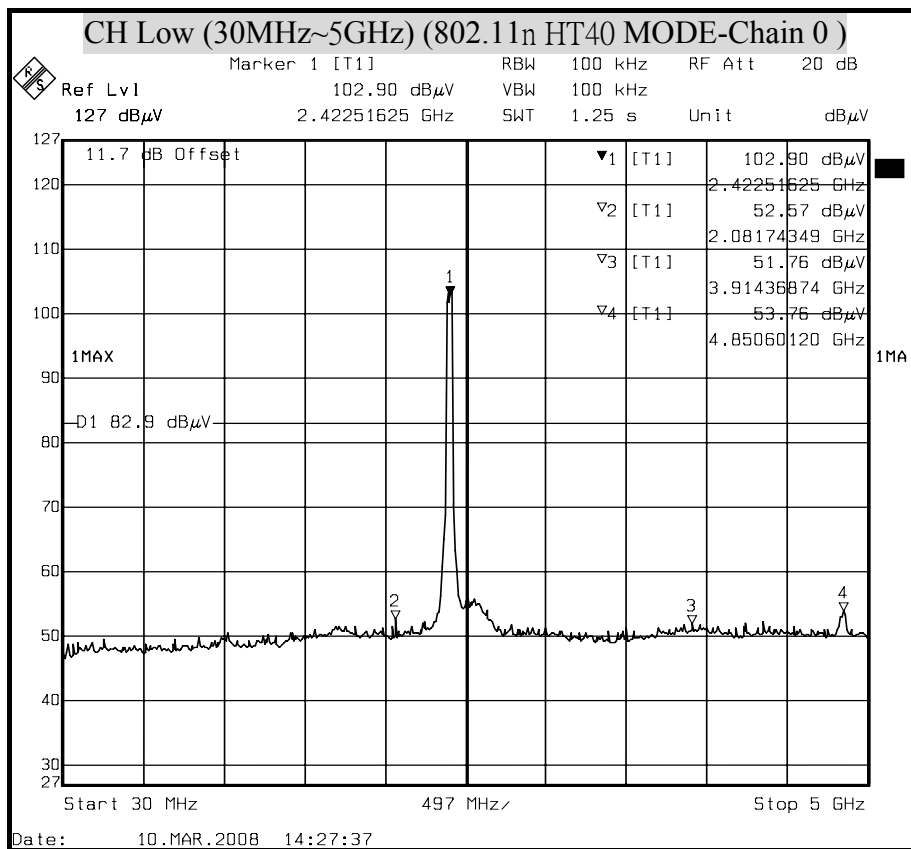


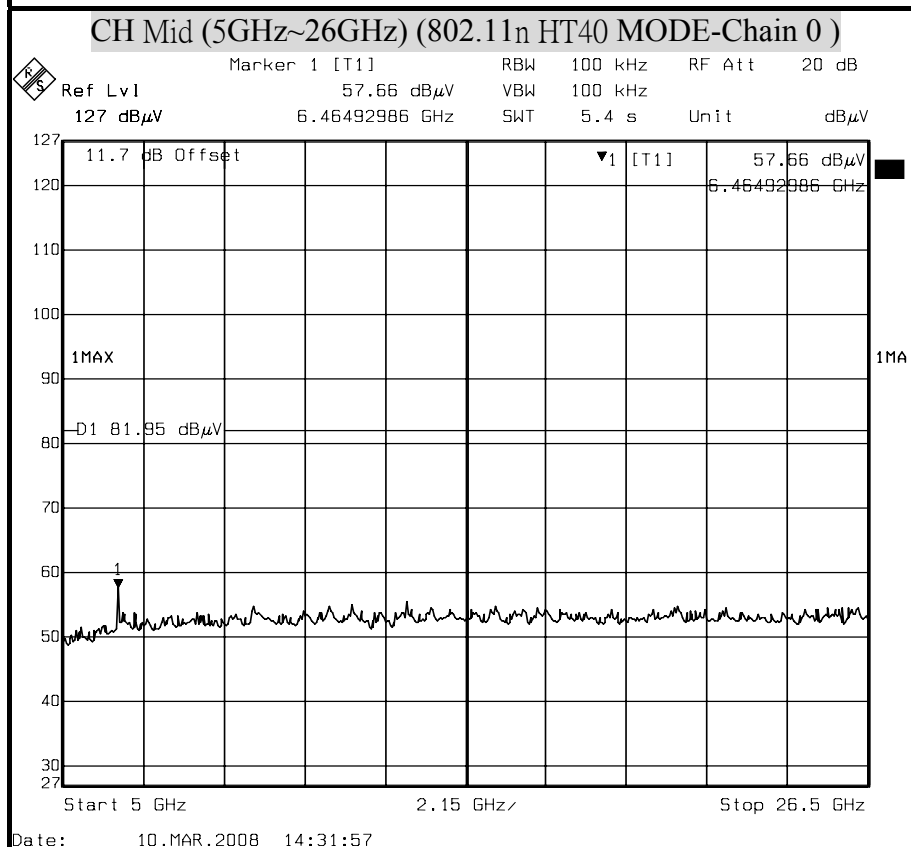
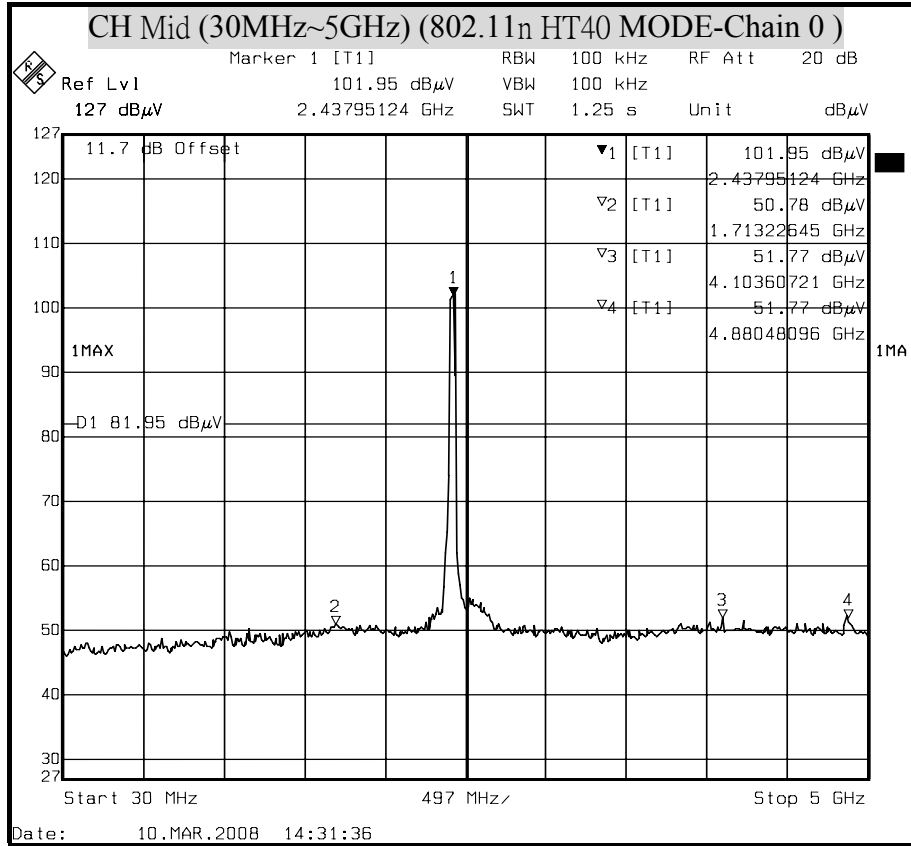


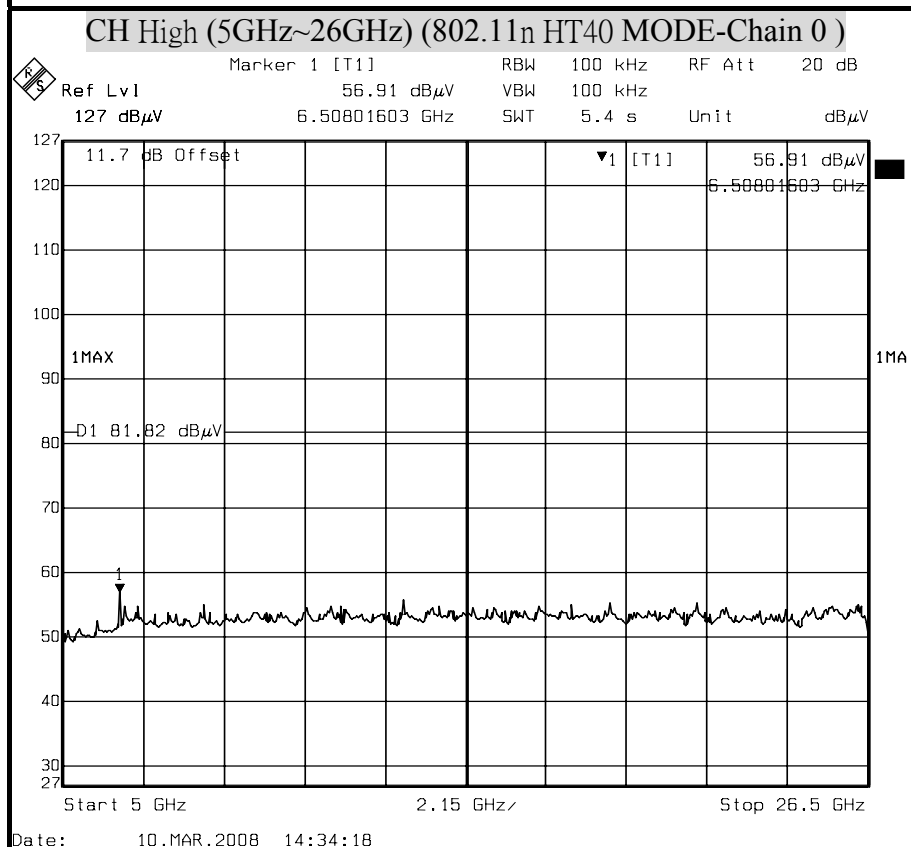
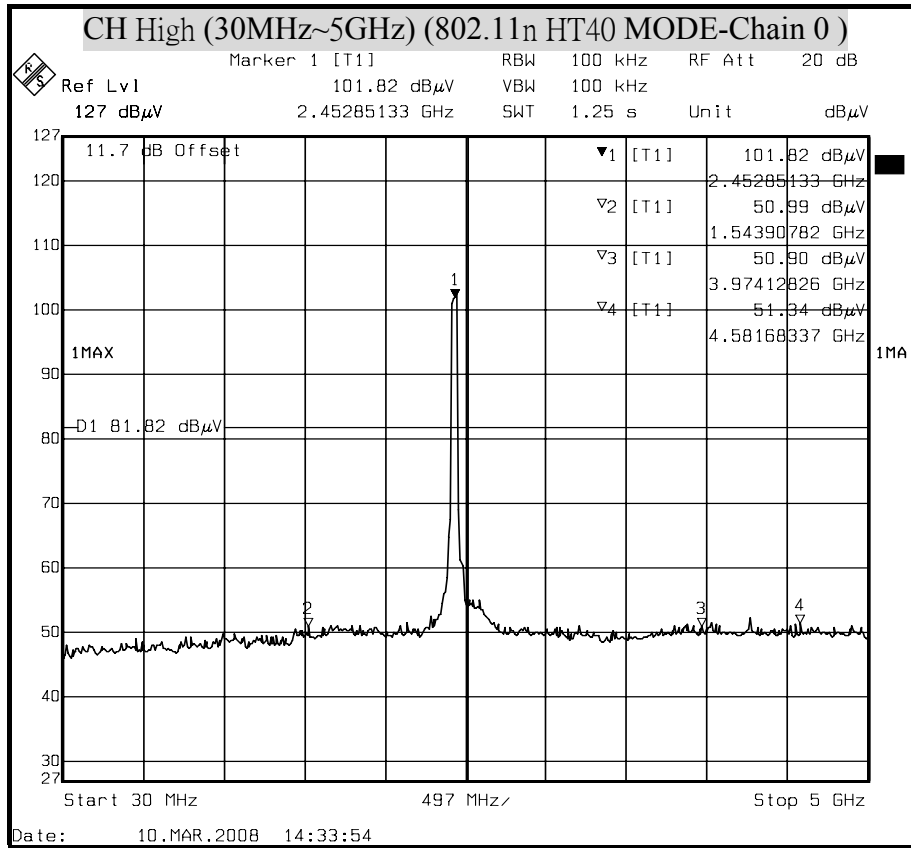


### OUT-OF-BAND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS-CONDUCTED MEASUREMENT

#### ( IEEE 802.11n HT40 MODE)









## 8.8 RADIATED EMISSIONS

### 8.8.1 TRANSMITTER RADIATED SUPURIOUS EMSSIONS

#### LIMITS

§ 15.205 (a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
<sup>1</sup> 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2655 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3338	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 - 335.4	3600 - 4400	( <sup>2</sup> )
13.36 - 13.41			

<sup>1</sup> Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

<sup>2</sup> Above 38.6

§ 15.205 (b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.



§ 15.209 (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table :

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
30 - 88	100 **	3
88 - 216	150 **	3
216 - 960	200 **	3
Above 960	500	3

\*\* Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz, However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e-g, Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

§ 15.209 (b) In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

### TEST EQUIPMENTS

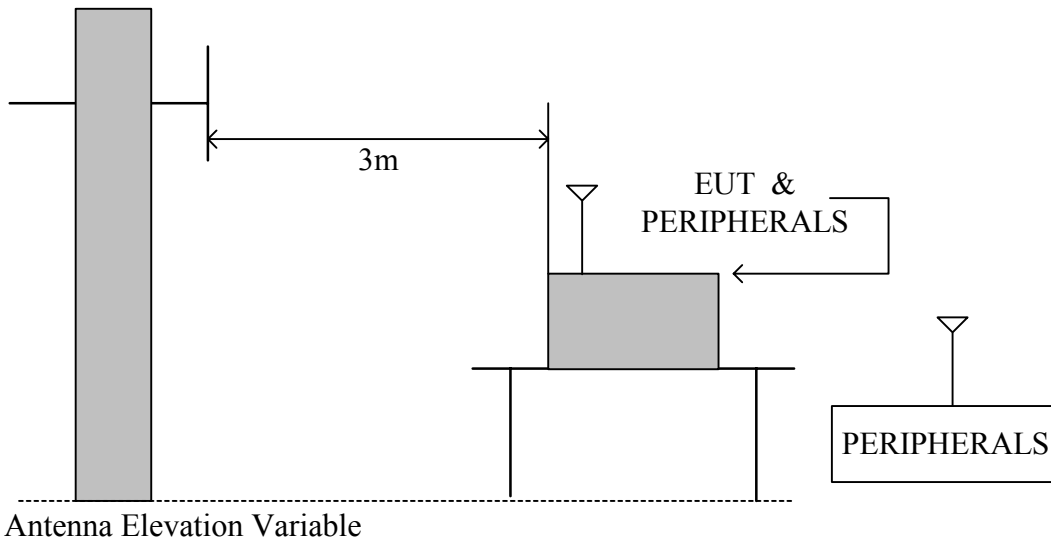
The following test equipments are utilized in making the measurements contained in this report.

Open Area Test Site # 6				
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSEM30	829054/017	MAR. 13, 2008
Temp./Humidity Chamber	K.SON	THS-M1	242	JUN. 11, 2008
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESVS10	833206/012	APR.16, 2008
Pre-Amplifier	HP	8447F	2944A03817	NOV. 01, 2008
Pre-Amplifier	MITEQ	AFS44-00108650-42-10P-44	1052908	NOV. 05, 2008
Bilog Antenna	Sunol	JB1	A070506-2	JUL. 11, 2008
Horn Antenna	Com-Power	AH-118	071032	NOV.22, 2008
Turn Table	YO Chen	001	N/A	N.C.R
Antenna Tower	AR	TP100A	N/A	N.C.R
Controller	CT	SC101	N/A	N.C.R
RF Switch	E-INSTRUMENT TELH LTD	ERS-180-1-2	EC1204141	N.C.R
Site NSA	CCS	N/A	N/A	NOV. 22, 2008
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2487A	6K00003888	MAR. 13, 2008
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2491A	33265	MAR. 13, 2008
AC Power Source	T-POWER	TFC-3020	N930010	N.C.R
DC Power Source	LOKO	DSP-5050	L1507009282	N.C.R
Signal Generator	HP	8648B	3642U01911	JAN. 01, 2009
Signal Generator	HP	8673C	2938A00663	JUL. 23, 2008
Substituted Dipole	SCHWAZBECK	VHAP/UHAP	998+999/981+982	JUN. 22, 2008

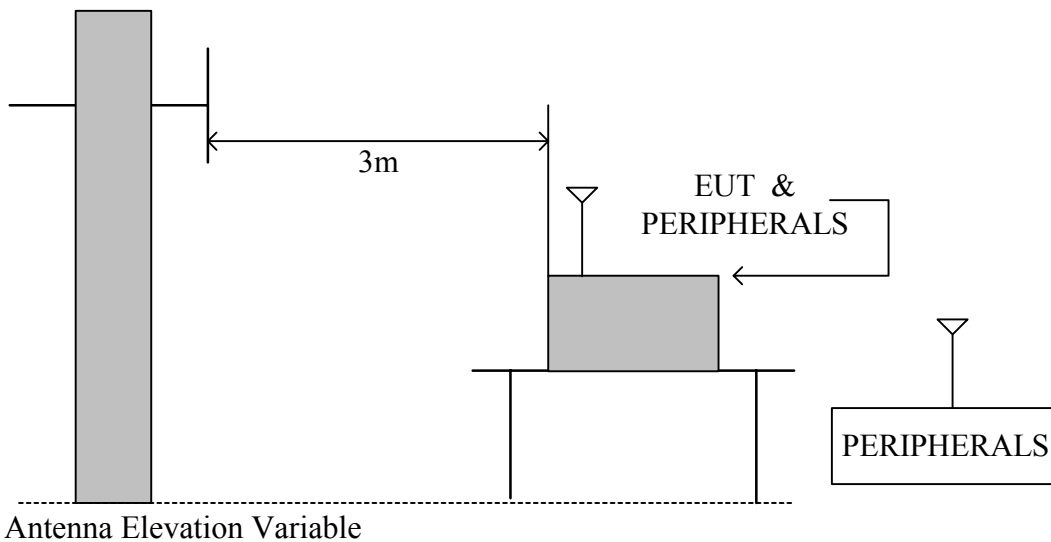


**TEST SETUP**

The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30 to 1GHz.



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission above 1GHz.





## **TEST PROCEDURE**

- a. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 10 meter open area test site. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- b. While measuring the radiated emission below 1GHz, the EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower. While measuring the radiated emission above 1GHz, the EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna
- c. The antenna is a broadband antenna, and its height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarization of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- e. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.
- f. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10 dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10 dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.

### Note:

1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 KHz for Peak detection (PK) and Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1GHz.
2. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz for Peak detection and frequency above 1GHz.
3. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is 10 Hz for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1GHz.

## **TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted

**8.8.2 WORST-CASE RADIATED EMISSION BELOW 1 GHz**

<b>Product Name</b>	AirCruiser N300 USB Adapter	<b>Test Date</b>	2008/3/13
<b>Model</b>	GN-WB31N-RH	<b>Test By</b>	Eric Yang
<b>Test Mode</b>	Normal operating (worst case)	<b>TEMP&amp; Humidity</b>	29.9°C, 47%

*Horizontal*

Frequency	Meter Reading	Antenna Factor	Cable Loss	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Mode
(MHz)	(dB $\mu$ V)	(dB/M)	(dB)	(dB $\mu$ V/M)	(dB $\mu$ V/M)	(dB)	PK/QP
73.25	19.83	8.24	1.10	29.16	40.00	-10.84	PK
120.00	17.80	14.10	1.42	33.32	43.50	-10.18	PK
321.67	16.22	14.48	2.74	33.44	46.00	-12.56	PK
480.00	14.76	17.64	3.18	35.58	46.00	-10.42	PK
600.00	12.75	19.30	3.56	35.61	46.00	-10.39	PK
720.00	10.75	20.84	3.84	35.43	46.00	-10.57	PK
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

*Vertical*

Frequency	Meter Reading	Antenna Factor	Cable Loss	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Mode
(MHz)	(dB $\mu$ V)	(dB/M)	(dB)	(dB $\mu$ V/M)	(dB $\mu$ V/M)	(dB)	PK/QP
57.19	17.40	7.87	0.97	26.24	40.00	-13.76	PK
120.00	16.80	14.10	1.42	32.32	43.50	-11.18	PK
380.26	13.86	15.77	3.47	33.09	46.00	-12.91	PK
480.00	13.58	17.64	3.18	34.40	46.00	-11.60	PK
552.35	13.76	18.68	3.32	35.76	46.00	-10.24	PK
720.00	11.28	20.84	3.84	35.96	46.00	-10.04	PK
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

**Remark:** Emission level (dB $\mu$ V/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) + Meter Reading (dB $\mu$ V).

**8.8.3 TRANSMITTER RADIATED EMISSION ABOVE 1 GHz**

<b>Product Name</b>	AirCruiser N300 USB Adapter	<b>Test Date</b>	2008/2/22
<b>Model</b>	GN-WB31N-RH	<b>Test By</b>	Eric Yang
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11b TX (CH Low)	<b>TEMP&amp; Humidity</b>	24.7°C, 53%

*Horizontal*

TX / IEEE 802.11b mode / CH Low				Measurement Distance at 3m				Horizontal polarity		Mark
Freq.	Reading	AF	Cable Loss	Pre-amp	Filter	Level	Limit	Margin		
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	(P/Q/A)	
2410.14	111.12	30.05	2.34	39.79	0.00	103.72	Fundamental Frequency		P	
2410.14	104.36	30.05	2.34	39.79	0.00	96.96			A	
3216.02	48.25	30.03	2.77	40.22	1.26	42.09	83.72	-41.63	P	
3216.02	39.87	30.03	2.77	40.22	1.26	33.71	76.96	-43.25	A	
* 4824.11	62.34	32.81	3.71	41.34	0.69	58.22	74.00	-15.78	P	
* 4824.11	50.07	32.81	3.71	41.34	0.69	45.95	54.00	-8.05	A	
6432.05	49.87	35.64	4.56	41.98	0.77	48.85	83.72	-34.87	P	
6432.05	43.52	35.64	4.56	41.98	0.77	42.50	76.96	-34.46	A	
7237.58	53.26	38.83	4.93	41.42	1.44	57.04	83.72	-26.68	P	
7237.58	49.85	38.83	4.93	41.42	1.44	53.63	76.96	-23.33	A	
9647.78	48.32	38.75	5.74	38.43	0.61	55.00	83.72	-28.72	P	
9647.78	40.27	38.75	5.74	38.43	0.61	46.95	76.96	-30.01	A	
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	P	
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	A	

**Remark:**

1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
3. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  

$$\text{Level} = \text{Reading} + \text{AF} + \text{Cable} - \text{Preamp} + \text{Filter} - \text{Dist}, \text{Margin} = \text{Level-Limit}$$
4. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
5. The test limit distance is 3M limit.



<b>Product Name</b>	AirCruiser N300 USB Adapter	<b>Test Date</b>	2008/2/22
<b>Model</b>	GN-WB31N-RH	<b>Test By</b>	Eric Yang
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11b TX (CH Low)	<b>TEMP&amp; Humidity</b>	24.7°C, 53%

*Vertical*

TX / IEEE 802.11b mode / CH Low				Measurement Distance at 3m				Vertical polarity		
Freq.	Reading	AF	Cable Loss	Pre-amp	Filter	Level	Limit	Margin	Mark	
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	(P/Q/A)	
2412.97	115.85	30.05	2.34	39.79	0.00	108.45	Fundamental Frequency		P	
2412.97	108.78	30.05	2.34	39.79	0.00	101.38			A	
3215.98	49.11	30.03	2.77	40.22	1.26	42.95	88.45	-45.50	P	
3215.98	40.42	30.03	2.77	40.22	1.26	34.26	81.38	-47.12	A	
* 4822.09	65.77	32.81	3.70	41.33	0.69	61.64	74.00	-12.36	P	
* 4822.09	54.38	32.81	3.70	41.33	0.69	50.25	54.00	-3.75	A	
6431.99	53.30	35.64	4.56	41.98	0.77	52.28	88.45	-36.17	P	
6431.99	47.54	35.64	4.56	41.98	0.77	46.52	81.38	-34.86	A	
7237.48	56.84	38.83	4.93	41.42	1.44	60.62	88.45	-27.83	P	
7237.48	52.19	38.83	4.93	41.42	1.44	55.97	81.38	-25.41	A	
9647.89	50.03	38.75	5.74	38.43	0.61	56.71	88.45	-31.74	P	
9647.89	44.17	38.75	5.74	38.43	0.61	50.85	81.38	-30.53	A	
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	P	
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	A	

**Remark:**

1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
3. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  
 $Level = Reading + AF + Cable - Preamp + Filter - Dist, Margin = Level - Limit$
4. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
5. The test limit distance is 3M limit.



<b>Product Name</b>	AirCruiser N300 USB Adapter	<b>Test Date</b>	2008/2/22
<b>Model</b>	GN-WB31N-RH	<b>Test By</b>	Eric Yang
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11b TX (CH Middle)	<b>TEMP&amp; Humidity</b>	24.7°C, 53%

*Horizontal*

TX / IEEE 802.11b mode / CH Middle				Measurement Distance at 3m				Horizontal polarity		
Freq.	Reading	AF	Cable Loss	Pre-amp	Filter	Level	Limit	Margin	Mark	
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	(P/Q/A)	
2438.07	112.58	30.04	2.34	39.77	0.00	105.19	Fundamental Frequency		P	
2438.07	105.78	30.04	2.34	39.77	0.00	98.39			A	
3248.96	47.65	30.05	2.82	40.24	1.22	41.49	85.19	-43.70	P	
3248.96	39.24	30.05	2.82	40.24	1.22	33.08	78.39	-45.31	A	
* 4875.36	62.35	32.93	3.73	41.41	0.71	58.31	74.00	-15.69	P	
* 4875.36	51.27	32.93	3.73	41.41	0.71	47.23	54.00	-6.77	A	
6498.65	50.32	35.80	4.59	41.92	0.78	49.56	85.19	-35.62	P	
6498.65	42.71	35.80	4.59	41.92	0.78	41.95	78.39	-36.43	A	
* 7311.46	52.14	38.94	4.96	41.32	1.60	56.32	74.00	-17.68	P	
* 7311.46	42.67	38.94	4.96	41.32	1.60	46.85	54.00	-7.15	A	
9748.16	48.74	38.85	5.75	38.24	0.55	55.65	85.19	-29.54	P	
9748.16	42.35	38.85	5.75	38.24	0.55	49.26	78.39	-29.13	A	
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	P	
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	A	

**Remark:**

1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
3. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  
 $Level = Reading + AF + Cable - Preamp + Filter - Dist, Margin = Level - Limit$
4. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
5. The test limit distance is 3M limit.



<b>Product Name</b>	AirCruiser N300 USB Adapter	<b>Test Date</b>	2008/2/22
<b>Model</b>	GN-WB31N-RH	<b>Test By</b>	Eric Yang
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11b TX (CH Middle)	<b>TEMP&amp; Humidity</b>	24.7°C, 53%

*Vertical*

TX / IEEE 802.11b mode / CH Middle				Measurement Distance at 3m Vertical polarity					
Freq.	Reading	AF	Cable Loss	Pre-amp	Filter	Level	Limit	Margin	Mark
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	(P/Q/A)
2439.27	115.36	30.04	2.34	39.77	0.00	107.97	Fundamental Frequency		P
2439.27	108.58	30.04	2.34	39.77	0.00	101.19			A
3249.13	50.28	30.05	2.82	40.24	1.22	44.12	87.97	-43.85	P
3249.13	41.15	30.05	2.82	40.24	1.22	34.99	81.19	-46.20	A
* 4875.91	65.06	32.93	3.73	41.41	0.71	61.02	74.00	-12.98	P
* 4875.91	54.30	32.93	3.73	41.41	0.71	50.26	54.00	-3.74	A
6498.66	53.84	35.80	4.59	41.92	0.78	53.08	87.97	-34.88	P
6498.66	49.11	35.80	4.59	41.92	0.78	48.35	81.19	-32.83	A
* 7311.53	54.44	38.94	4.96	41.32	1.60	58.62	74.00	-15.38	P
* 7311.53	45.73	38.94	4.96	41.32	1.60	49.91	54.00	-4.09	A
9748.25	49.77	38.85	5.75	38.24	0.55	56.68	87.97	-31.29	P
9748.25	44.48	38.85	5.75	38.24	0.55	51.39	81.19	-29.80	A
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	P
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	A

**Remark:**

1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
3. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  
 $Level = Reading + AF + Cable - Preamp + Filter - Dist, Margin = Level - Limit$
4. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
5. The test limit distance is 3M limit.



<b>Product Name</b>	AirCruiser N300 USB Adapter	<b>Test Date</b>	2008/2/22
<b>Model</b>	GN-WB31N-RH	<b>Test By</b>	Eric Yang
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11b TX (CH High)	<b>TEMP&amp; Humidity</b>	24.7°C, 53%

*Horizontal*

TX / IEEE 802.11b mode / CH High				Measurement Distance at 3m				Horizontal polarity		
Freq.	Reading	AF	Cable Loss	Pre-amp	Filter	Level	Limit	Margin	Mark	
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	(P/Q/A)	
2460.01	113.67	30.02	2.34	39.75	0.00	106.28	Fundamental Frequency		P	
2460.01	106.97	30.02	2.34	39.75	0.00	99.58			A	
3282.59	48.33	30.07	2.87	40.27	1.17	42.17	86.28	-44.11	P	
3282.59	39.25	30.07	2.87	40.27	1.17	33.09	79.58	-46.49	A	
* 4922.57	53.64	33.03	3.76	41.48	0.73	49.67	74.00	-24.33	P	
* 4922.57	43.75	33.03	3.76	41.48	0.73	39.78	54.00	-14.22	A	
6565.58	53.64	36.15	4.62	41.90	0.80	53.32	86.28	-32.96	P	
6565.58	49.87	36.15	4.62	41.90	0.80	49.55	79.58	-30.03	A	
* 7385.69	52.11	39.04	4.99	41.21	1.76	56.69	74.00	-17.31	P	
* 7385.69	40.36	39.04	4.99	41.21	1.76	44.94	54.00	-9.06	A	
9847.82	48.26	38.95	5.76	38.06	0.49	55.40	86.28	-30.88	P	
9847.82	44.73	38.95	5.76	38.06	0.49	51.87	79.58	-27.71	A	
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	P	
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	A	

**Remark:**

1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
3. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  
 $Level = Reading + AF + Cable - Preamp + Filter - Dist, Margin = Level - Limit$
4. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
5. The test limit distance is 3M limit.





<b>Product Name</b>	AirCruiser N300 USB Adapter	<b>Test Date</b>	2008/2/22
<b>Model</b>	GN-WB31N-RH	<b>Test By</b>	Eric Yang
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11b TX (CH High)	<b>TEMP&amp; Humidity</b>	24.7°C, 53%

*Vertical*

TX / IEEE 802.11b mode / CH High				Measurement Distance at 3m Vertical polarity					
Freq.	Reading	AF	Cable Loss	Pre-amp	Filter	Level	Limit	Margin	Mark
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	(P/Q/A)
2462.97	114.75	30.02	2.34	39.75	0.00	107.36	Fundamental Frequency		P
2462.97	108.14	30.02	2.34	39.75	0.00	100.75			A
3282.61	50.47	30.07	2.87	40.27	1.17	44.31	87.36	-43.05	P
3282.61	42.57	30.07	2.87	40.27	1.17	36.41	80.75	-44.34	A
* 4924.09	67.72	33.03	3.76	41.49	0.73	63.76	74.00	-10.24	P
* 4924.09	56.90	33.03	3.76	41.49	0.73	52.94	54.00	-1.06	A
6565.43	53.48	36.15	4.62	41.90	0.80	53.16	87.36	-34.21	P
6565.43	42.28	36.15	4.62	41.90	0.80	41.96	80.75	-38.80	A
* 7385.78	54.48	39.04	4.99	41.21	1.76	59.06	74.00	-14.94	P
* 7385.78	45.46	39.04	4.99	41.21	1.76	50.04	54.00	-3.96	A
9847.98	50.44	38.95	5.76	38.06	0.49	57.58	87.36	-29.78	P
9847.98	45.01	38.95	5.76	38.06	0.49	52.15	80.75	-28.60	A
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	P
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	A

**Remark:**

1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
3. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  
 $Level = Reading + AF + Cable - Preamp + Filter - Dist, Margin = Level - Limit$
4. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
5. The test limit distance is 3M limit.



<b>Product Name</b>	AirCruiser N300 USB Adapter	<b>Test Date</b>	2008/2/22
<b>Model</b>	GN-WB31N-RH	<b>Test By</b>	Eric Yang
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11g TX (CH Low)	<b>TEMP&amp; Humidity</b>	24.7°C, 53%

*Horizontal*

TX / IEEE 802.11g mode / CH Low				Measurement Distance at 3m				Horizontal polarity		
Freq.	Reading	AF	Cable Loss	Pre-amp	Filter	Level	Limit	Margin	Mark	
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	(P/Q/A)	
2419.06	109.04	30.05	2.34	39.78	0.00	101.64	Fundamental Frequency		P	
2419.06	101.03	30.05	2.34	39.78	0.00	93.63			A	
3215.98	47.63	30.03	2.77	40.22	1.26	41.47	81.64	-40.17	P	
3215.98	38.94	30.03	2.77	40.22	1.26	32.78	73.63	-40.85	A	
* 4825.67	57.64	32.82	3.71	41.34	0.69	53.52	74.00	-20.48	P	
* 4825.67	48.32	32.82	3.71	41.34	0.69	44.20	54.00	-9.80	A	
6432.05	52.36	35.64	4.56	41.98	0.77	51.34	81.64	-30.30	P	
6432.05	47.15	35.64	4.56	41.98	0.77	46.13	73.63	-27.50	A	
7243.59	58.72	38.84	4.93	41.41	1.45	62.53	81.64	-19.11	P	
7243.59	49.33	38.84	4.93	41.41	1.45	53.14	73.63	-20.49	A	
9649.72	49.35	38.75	5.74	38.42	0.61	56.03	81.64	-25.61	P	
9649.72	39.25	38.75	5.74	38.42	0.61	45.93	73.63	-27.70	A	
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	P	
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	A	

**Remark:**

1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
3. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  
 $Level = Reading + AF + Cable - Preamp + Filter - Dist$ , Margin = Level-Limit
4. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
5. The test limit distance is 3M limit.



<b>Product Name</b>	AirCruiser N300 USB Adapter	<b>Test Date</b>	2008/2/22
<b>Model</b>	GN-WB31N-RH	<b>Test By</b>	Eric Yang
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11g TX (CH Low)	<b>TEMP&amp; Humidity</b>	24.7°C, 53%

*Vertical*

TX / IEEE 802.11g mode / CH Low				Measurement Distance at 3m				Vertical polarity		
Freq.	Reading	AF	Cable Loss	Pre-amp	Filter	Level	Limit	Margin	Mark	
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	(P/Q/A)	
2419.35	113.21	30.05	2.34	39.78	0.00	105.81	Fundamental Frequency		P	
2419.35	105.43	30.05	2.34	39.78	0.00	98.03			A	
3216.14	49.18	30.03	2.77	40.22	1.26	43.02	85.81	-42.79	P	
3216.14	40.99	30.03	2.77	40.22	1.26	34.83	78.03	-43.20	A	
* 4825.06	60.70	32.82	3.71	41.34	0.69	56.58	74.00	-17.42	P	
* 4825.06	50.32	32.82	3.71	41.34	0.69	46.20	54.00	-7.80	A	
6431.94	54.86	35.64	4.56	41.98	0.77	53.84	85.81	-31.97	P	
6431.94	49.32	35.64	4.56	41.98	0.77	48.30	78.03	-29.73	A	
7243.82	60.93	38.84	4.93	41.41	1.45	64.74	85.81	-21.07	P	
7243.82	50.47	38.84	4.93	41.41	1.45	54.28	78.03	-23.75	A	
9649.85	53.24	38.75	5.74	38.42	0.61	59.92	85.81	-25.89	P	
9649.85	42.16	38.75	5.74	38.42	0.61	48.84	78.03	-29.19	A	
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	P	
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	A	

**Remark:**

1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
3. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  
 $Level = Reading + AF + Cable - Preamp + Filter - Dist, Margin = Level - Limit$
4. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
5. The test limit distance is 3M limit.



<b>Product Name</b>	AirCruiser N300 USB Adapter	<b>Test Date</b>	2008/2/22
<b>Model</b>	GN-WB31N-RH	<b>Test By</b>	Eric Yang
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11g TX (CH Middle)	<b>TEMP&amp; Humidity</b>	24.7°C, 53%

*Horizontal*

TX / IEEE 802.11g mode / CH Middle				Measurement Distance at 3m				Horizontal polarity		
Freq.	Reading	AF	Cable Loss	Pre-amp	Filter	Level	Limit	Margin	Mark	
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	(P/Q/A)	
2440.35	109.31	30.04	2.34	39.77	0.00	101.92	Fundamental Frequency		P	
2440.35	101.19	30.04	2.34	39.77	0.00	93.80			A	
3249.25	48.75	30.05	2.82	40.24	1.22	42.59	81.92	-39.33	P	
3249.25	39.81	30.05	2.82	40.24	1.22	33.65	73.80	-40.15	A	
* 4873.25	59.87	32.92	3.73	41.41	0.71	55.82	74.00	-18.18	P	
* 4873.25	49.62	32.92	3.73	41.41	0.71	45.57	54.00	-8.43	A	
6498.57	51.36	35.80	4.59	41.92	0.78	50.60	81.92	-31.31	P	
6498.57	45.92	35.80	4.59	41.92	0.78	45.16	73.80	-28.63	A	
* 7318.52	52.64	38.95	4.96	41.31	1.61	56.85	74.00	-17.15	P	
* 7318.52	42.25	38.95	4.96	41.31	1.61	46.46	54.00	-7.54	A	
9748.25	51.32	38.85	5.75	38.24	0.55	58.23	81.92	-23.69	P	
9748.25	39.87	38.85	5.75	38.24	0.55	46.78	73.80	-27.02	A	
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	P	
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	A	

**Remark:**

1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
3. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  
 $Level = Reading + AF + Cable - Preamp + Filter - Dist, Margin = Level - Limit$
4. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
5. The test limit distance is 3M limit.



<b>Product Name</b>	AirCruiser N300 USB Adapter	<b>Test Date</b>	2008/2/22
<b>Model</b>	GN-WB31N-RH	<b>Test By</b>	Eric Yang
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11g TX (CH Middle)	<b>TEMP&amp; Humidity</b>	24.7°C, 53%

*Vertical*

TX / IEEE 802.11g mode / CH Middle				Measurement Distance at 3m Vertical polarity					
Freq.	Reading	AF	Cable Loss	Pre-amp	Filter	Level	Limit	Margin	Mark
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	(P/Q/A)
2440.06	112.45	30.04	2.34	39.77	0.00	105.06	Fundamental Frequency		P
2440.06	104.17	30.04	2.34	39.77	0.00	96.78			A
3249.56	50.24	30.05	2.82	40.24	1.22	44.08	85.06	-40.98	P
3249.56	42.67	30.05	2.82	40.24	1.22	36.51	76.78	-40.27	A
* 4874.18	62.53	32.92	3.73	41.41	0.71	58.49	74.00	-15.51	P
* 4874.18	51.73	32.92	3.73	41.41	0.71	47.69	54.00	-6.31	A
6498.60	54.30	35.80	4.59	41.92	0.78	53.54	85.06	-31.51	P
6498.60	48.78	35.80	4.59	41.92	0.78	48.02	76.78	-28.75	A
* 7317.56	56.72	38.94	4.96	41.31	1.61	60.93	74.00	-13.07	P
* 7317.56	45.72	38.94	4.96	41.31	1.61	49.93	54.00	-4.07	A
9747.85	53.24	38.85	5.75	38.24	0.55	60.15	85.06	-24.91	P
9747.85	42.10	38.85	5.75	38.24	0.55	49.01	76.78	-27.77	A
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	P
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	A

**Remark:**

1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
3. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  
 $Level = Reading + AF + Cable - Preamp + Filter - Dist, Margin = Level - Limit$
4. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
5. The test limit distance is 3M limit.



<b>Product Name</b>	AirCruiser N300 USB Adapter	<b>Test Date</b>	2008/2/22
<b>Model</b>	GN-WB31N-RH	<b>Test By</b>	Eric Yang
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11g TX (CH High)	<b>TEMP&amp; Humidity</b>	24.7°C, 53%

*Horizontal*

TX / IEEE 802.11g mode / CH High				Measurement Distance at 3m				Horizontal polarity	
Freq.	Reading	AF	Cable Loss	Pre-amp	Filter	Level	Limit	Margin	Mark
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	(P/Q/A)
2460.40	108.99	30.02	2.34	39.75	0.00	101.60	Fundamental Frequency		P
2460.40	100.89	30.02	2.34	39.75	0.00	93.50			A
3282.75	49.87	30.07	2.87	40.27	1.17	43.71	81.60	-37.89	P
3282.75	43.26	30.07	2.87	40.27	1.17	37.10	73.50	-36.40	A
* 4920.35	62.54	33.02	3.76	41.48	0.73	58.57	74.00	-15.43	P
* 4920.35	49.87	33.02	3.76	41.48	0.73	45.90	54.00	-8.10	A
6565.39	51.02	36.15	4.62	41.90	0.80	50.70	81.60	-30.91	P
6565.39	44.71	36.15	4.62	41.90	0.80	44.39	73.50	-29.12	A
* 7388.61	52.42	39.04	4.99	41.21	1.76	57.01	74.00	-16.99	P
* 7388.61	38.64	39.04	4.99	41.21	1.76	43.23	54.00	-10.77	A
9848.62	48.72	38.95	5.76	38.06	0.49	55.87	81.60	-25.74	P
9848.62	40.53	38.95	5.76	38.06	0.49	47.68	73.50	-25.83	A
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	P
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	A

**Remark:**

1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
3. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  
 $Level = Reading + AF + Cable - Preamp + Filter - Dist$ ,  $Margin = Level - Limit$
4. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
5. The test limit distance is 3M limit.



<b>Product Name</b>	AirCruiser N300 USB Adapter	<b>Test Date</b>	2008/2/22
<b>Model</b>	GN-WB31N-RH	<b>Test By</b>	Eric Yang
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11g TX (CH High)	<b>TEMP&amp; Humidity</b>	24.7°C, 53%

*Vertical*

TX / IEEE 802.11g mode / CH High				Measurement Distance at 3m Vertical polarity					
Freq.	Reading	AF	Cable Loss	Pre-amp	Filter	Level	Limit	Margin	Mark
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	(P/Q/A)
2458.80	111.58	30.02	2.34	39.75	0.00	104.19	Fundamental Frequency		P
2458.80	103.33	30.02	2.34	39.75	0.00	95.94			A
3282.77	52.73	30.07	2.87	40.27	1.17	46.57	84.19	-37.62	P
3282.77	46.25	30.07	2.87	40.27	1.17	40.09	75.94	-35.85	A
* 4919.58	65.11	33.02	3.76	41.48	0.73	61.14	74.00	-12.86	P
* 4919.58	53.26	33.02	3.76	41.48	0.73	49.29	54.00	-4.71	A
6565.46	53.50	36.15	4.62	41.90	0.80	53.18	84.19	-31.02	P
6565.46	46.73	36.15	4.62	41.90	0.80	46.41	75.94	-29.54	A
* 7390.16	55.79	39.05	4.99	41.21	1.76	60.39	74.00	-13.61	P
* 7390.16	40.52	39.05	4.99	41.21	1.76	45.12	54.00	-8.88	A
9849.65	50.28	38.95	5.76	38.06	0.49	57.43	84.19	-26.76	P
9849.65	42.16	38.95	5.76	38.06	0.49	49.31	75.94	-26.63	A
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	P
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	A

**Remark:**

1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
3. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  
 $Level = Reading + AF + Cable - Preamp + Filter - Dist$ ,  $Margin = Level - Limit$
4. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
5. The test limit distance is 3M limit.



<b>Product Name</b>	AirCruiser N300 USB Adapter	<b>Test Date</b>	2008/2/22
<b>Model</b>	GN-WB31N-RH	<b>Test By</b>	Eric Yang
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11n HT20 TX (CH Low)	<b>TEMP&amp; Humidity</b>	24.7°C, 53%

*Horizontal*

TX / IEEE 802.11n HT20 mode / CH Low				Measurement Distance at 3m				Horizontal polarity		
Freq.	Reading	AF	Cable Loss	Pre-amp	Filter	Level	Limit	Margin	Mark	
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	(P/Q/A)	
2419.84	107.27	30.05	2.34	39.78	0.00	99.87	Fundamental Frequency		P	
2419.84	98.89	30.05	2.34	39.78	0.00	91.49			A	
3216.14	47.95	30.03	2.77	40.22	1.26	41.79	79.87	-38.08	P	
3216.14	43.22	30.03	2.77	40.22	1.26	37.06	71.49	-34.43	A	
* 4824.13	57.62	32.81	3.71	41.34	0.69	53.50	74.00	-20.50	P	
* 4824.13	45.33	32.81	3.71	41.34	0.69	41.21	54.00	-12.79	A	
6432.02	49.87	35.64	4.56	41.98	0.77	48.85	79.87	-31.02	P	
6432.02	42.57	35.64	4.56	41.98	0.77	41.55	71.49	-29.94	A	
7248.61	50.28	38.85	4.93	41.41	1.46	54.12	79.87	-25.75	P	
7248.61	39.87	38.85	4.93	41.41	1.46	43.71	71.49	-27.78	A	
9647.62	49.82	38.75	5.74	38.43	0.61	56.50	79.87	-23.38	P	
9647.62	38.62	38.75	5.74	38.43	0.61	45.30	71.49	-26.20	A	
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	P	
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	A	

**Remark:**

1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
- 3 The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  
 $Level = Reading + AF + Cable - Preamp + Filter - Dist, Margin = Level - Limit$
4. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
5. The test limit distance is 3M limit.





<b>Product Name</b>	AirCruiser N300 USB Adapter	<b>Test Date</b>	2008/2/22
<b>Model</b>	GN-WB31N-RH	<b>Test By</b>	Eric Yang
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11n HT20 TX (CH Low)	<b>TEMP&amp; Humidity</b>	24.7°C, 53%

*Vertical*

TX / IEEE 802.11n HT20 mode / CH Low				Measurement Distance at 3m				Vertical polarity	
Freq.	Reading	AF	Cable Loss	Pre-amp	Filter	Level	Limit	Margin	Mark
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	(P/Q/A)
2419.75	113.08	30.05	2.34	39.78	0.00	105.68	Fundamental Frequency		P
2419.75	104.89	30.05	2.34	39.78	0.00	97.49		A	
3215.99	50.71	30.03	2.77	40.22	1.26	44.55	85.68	-41.13	P
3215.99	45.01	30.03	2.77	40.22	1.26	38.85	77.49	-38.64	A
* 4823.78	60.25	32.81	3.70	41.34	0.69	56.12	74.00	-17.88	P
* 4823.78	48.86	32.81	3.70	41.34	0.69	44.73	54.00	-9.27	A
6431.90	52.96	35.64	4.56	41.98	0.77	51.94	85.68	-33.74	P
6431.90	46.25	35.64	4.56	41.98	0.77	45.23	77.49	-32.26	A
* 7250.05	53.56	38.85	4.94	41.40	1.47	57.41	74.00	-16.59	P
* 7250.05	40.71	38.85	4.94	41.40	1.47	44.56	54.00	-9.44	A
9648.40	52.64	38.75	5.74	38.43	0.61	59.32	85.68	-26.37	P
9648.40	40.25	38.75	5.74	38.43	0.61	46.93	77.49	-30.57	A
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	P
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	A

**Remark:**

1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
3. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  

$$\text{Level} = \text{Reading} + \text{AF} + \text{Cable} - \text{Preamp} + \text{Filter} - \text{Dist}, \text{Margin} = \text{Level-Limit}$$
4. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
5. The test limit distance is 3M limit.



<b>Product Name</b>	AirCruiser N300 USB Adapter	<b>Test Date</b>	2008/2/22
<b>Model</b>	GN-WB31N-RH	<b>Test By</b>	Eric Yang
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11n HT20 TX (CH Middle)	<b>TEMP&amp; Humidity</b>	24.7°C, 53%

*Horizontal*

TX / IEEE 802.11n HT20 mode / CH Middle				Measurement Distance at 3m				Horizontal polarity		
Freq.	Reading	AF	Cable Loss	Pre-amp	Filter	Level	Limit	Margin	Mark	
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	(P/Q/A)	
2444.06	108.94	30.03	2.34	39.76	0.00	101.55	Fundamental Frequency		P	
2444.06	100.73	30.03	2.34	39.76	0.00	93.34			A	
3249.25	47.95	30.05	2.82	40.24	1.22	41.79	81.55	-39.76	P	
3249.25	38.95	30.05	2.82	40.24	1.22	32.79	73.34	-40.55	A	
* 4877.62	59.81	32.93	3.73	41.42	0.71	55.77	74.00	-18.23	P	
* 4877.62	48.62	32.93	3.73	41.42	0.71	44.58	54.00	-9.42	A	
6498.73	52.46	35.80	4.59	41.92	0.78	51.71	81.55	-29.84	P	
6498.73	47.25	35.80	4.59	41.92	0.78	46.50	73.34	-26.84	A	
* 7315.62	49.25	38.94	4.96	41.31	1.61	53.45	74.00	-20.55	P	
* 7315.62	43.65	38.94	4.96	41.31	1.61	47.85	54.00	-6.15	A	
9762.85	55.73	38.86	5.76	38.22	0.54	62.68	81.55	-18.87	P	
9762.85	40.17	38.86	5.76	38.22	0.54	47.12	73.34	-26.22	A	
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	P	
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	A	

**Remark:**

1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
3. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  
 $Level = Reading + AF + Cable - Preamp + Filter - Dist, Margin = Level - Limit$
4. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
5. The test limit distance is 3M limit.



<b>Product Name</b>	AirCruiser N300 USB Adapter	<b>Test Date</b>	2008/2/22
<b>Model</b>	GN-WB31N-RH	<b>Test By</b>	Eric Yang
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11n HT20 TX (CH Middle)	<b>TEMP&amp; Humidity</b>	24.7°C, 53%

*Vertical*

TX / IEEE 802.11n HT20 mode / CH Middle				Measurement Distance at 3m Vertical polarity					
Freq.	Reading	AF	Cable Loss	Pre-amp	Filter	Level	Limit	Margin	Mark
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	(P/Q/A)
2440.19	112.08	30.04	2.34	39.77	0.00	104.69	Fundamental Frequency		P
2440.19	103.77	30.04	2.34	39.77	0.00	96.38			A
3249.36	50.59	30.05	2.82	40.24	1.22	44.43	84.69	-40.26	P
3249.36	41.96	30.05	2.82	40.24	1.22	35.80	76.38	-40.58	A
* 4876.84	62.89	32.93	3.73	41.42	0.71	58.85	74.00	-15.15	P
* 4876.84	51.18	32.93	3.73	41.42	0.71	47.14	54.00	-6.86	A
6498.87	55.15	35.80	4.59	41.92	0.78	54.40	84.69	-30.29	P
6498.87	49.36	35.80	4.59	41.92	0.78	48.61	76.38	-27.77	A
* 7315.25	51.34	38.94	4.96	41.31	1.60	55.54	74.00	-18.46	P
* 7315.25	46.52	38.94	4.96	41.31	1.60	50.72	54.00	-3.28	A
9762.38	58.73	38.86	5.76	38.22	0.54	65.67	84.69	-19.01	P
9762.38	43.65	38.86	5.76	38.22	0.54	50.59	76.38	-25.78	A
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	P
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	A

**Remark:**

1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
3. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  
 $Level = Reading + AF + Cable - Preamp + Filter - Dist, Margin = Level - Limit$
4. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
5. The test limit distance is 3M limit.



<b>Product Name</b>	AirCruiser N300 USB Adapter	<b>Test Date</b>	2008/2/22
<b>Model</b>	GN-WB31N-RH	<b>Test By</b>	Eric Yang
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11n HT20 TX (CH High)	<b>TEMP&amp; Humidity</b>	24.7°C, 53%

*Horizontal*

TX / IEEE 802.11n HT20 mode / CH High				Measurement Distance at 3m			Horizontal polarity		
Freq.	Reading	AF	Cable Loss	Pre-amp	Filter	Level	Limit	Margin	Mark
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	(P/Q/A)
2458.64	108.89	30.02	2.34	39.75	0.00	101.50	Fundamental Frequency		P
2458.64	100.65	30.02	2.34	39.75	0.00	93.26			A
3282.43	48.25	30.07	2.87	40.27	1.17	42.09	81.50	-39.41	P
3282.43	40.26	30.07	2.87	40.27	1.17	34.10	73.26	-39.16	A
* 4927.16	59.87	33.04	3.76	41.49	0.73	55.91	74.00	-18.09	P
* 4927.16	47.62	33.04	3.76	41.49	0.73	43.66	54.00	-10.34	A
6565.38	50.24	36.15	4.62	41.90	0.80	49.91	81.50	-31.59	P
6565.38	43.61	36.15	4.62	41.90	0.80	43.28	73.26	-29.98	A
* 7384.76	49.81	39.04	4.99	41.21	1.75	54.38	74.00	-19.62	P
* 7384.76	42.57	39.04	4.99	41.21	1.75	47.14	54.00	-6.86	A
9841.89	49.85	38.94	5.76	38.07	0.49	56.98	81.50	-24.52	P
9841.89	38.22	38.94	5.76	38.07	0.49	45.35	73.26	-27.91	A
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	P
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	A

**Remark:**

1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
3. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  
 $Level = Reading + AF + Cable - Preamp + Filter - Dist$ ,  $Margin = Level - Limit$
4. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
5. The test limit distance is 3M limit.



<b>Product Name</b>	AirCruiser N300 USB Adapter	<b>Test Date</b>	2008/2/22
<b>Model</b>	GN-WB31N-RH	<b>Test By</b>	Eric Yang
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11n HT20 TX (CH High)	<b>TEMP&amp; Humidity</b>	24.7°C, 53%

*Vertical*

TX / IEEE 802.11n HT20 mode / CH High				Measurement Distance at 3m				Vertical polarity	
Freq.	Reading	AF	Cable Loss	Pre-amp	Filter	Level	Limit	Margin	Mark
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	(P/Q/A)
2458.93	111.38	30.02	2.34	39.75	0.00	103.99	Fundamental Frequency		P
2458.93	103.10	30.02	2.34	39.75	0.00	95.71			A
3282.59	50.35	30.07	2.87	40.27	1.17	44.19	83.99	-39.80	P
3282.59	42.72	30.07	2.87	40.27	1.17	36.56	75.71	-39.15	A
* 4927.35	64.35	33.04	3.76	41.49	0.73	60.39	74.00	-13.61	P
* 4927.35	51.99	33.04	3.76	41.49	0.73	48.03	54.00	-5.97	A
6565.44	54.32	36.15	4.62	41.90	0.80	54.00	83.99	-30.00	P
6565.44	46.78	36.15	4.62	41.90	0.80	46.46	75.71	-29.26	A
* 7385.02	52.34	39.04	4.99	41.21	1.75	56.91	74.00	-17.09	P
* 7385.02	43.27	39.04	4.99	41.21	1.75	47.84	54.00	-6.16	A
9842.22	51.64	38.94	5.76	38.07	0.49	58.77	83.99	-25.22	P
9842.22	40.57	38.94	5.76	38.07	0.49	47.70	75.71	-28.01	A
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	P
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	A

**Remark:**

1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
3. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  
 $Level = Reading + AF + Cable - Preamp + Filter - Dist, Margin = Level - Limit$
4. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
5. The test limit distance is 3M limit.



<b>Product Name</b>	AirCruiser N300 USB Adapter	<b>Test Date</b>	2008/2/22
<b>Model</b>	GN-WB31N-RH	<b>Test By</b>	Eric Yang
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11n HT40 TX (CH Low)	<b>TEMP&amp; Humidity</b>	24.7°C, 53%

*Horizontal*

TX / IEEE 802.11n HT40 mode / CH Low				Measurement Distance at 3m				Horizontal polarity		
Freq.	Reading	AF	Cable Loss	Pre-amp	Filter	Level	Limit	Margin	Mark	
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	(P/Q/A)	
2419.72	103.43	30.05	2.34	39.78	0.00	96.03	Fundamental Frequency		P	
2419.72	94.80	30.05	2.34	39.78	0.00	87.40			A	
3228.76	48.61	30.04	2.79	40.23	1.24	42.45	76.03	-33.58	P	
3228.76	39.87	30.04	2.79	40.23	1.24	33.71	67.40	-33.69	A	
* 4843.57	51.55	32.86	3.72	41.37	0.70	47.46	74.00	-26.54	P	
* 4843.57	40.27	32.86	3.72	41.37	0.70	36.18	54.00	-17.82	A	
6457.92	50.24	35.70	4.57	41.96	0.78	49.33	76.03	-26.71	P	
6457.92	46.37	35.70	4.57	41.96	0.78	45.46	67.40	-21.95	A	
* 7268.34	49.87	38.88	4.94	41.38	1.50	53.81	74.00	-20.19	P	
* 7268.34	38.65	38.88	4.94	41.38	1.50	42.59	54.00	-11.41	A	
9687.15	49.82	38.79	5.75	38.36	0.59	56.59	76.03	-19.44	P	
9687.15	37.69	38.79	5.75	38.36	0.59	44.46	67.40	-22.94	A	
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	P	
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	A	

**Remark:**

1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
3. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  

$$\text{Level} = \text{Reading} + \text{AF} + \text{Cable} - \text{Preamp} + \text{Filter} - \text{Dist}, \text{Margin} = \text{Level} - \text{Limit}$$
4. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
5. The test limit distance is 3M limit.



<b>Product Name</b>	AirCruiser N300 USB Adapter	<b>Test Date</b>	2008/2/22
<b>Model</b>	GN-WB31N-RH	<b>Test By</b>	Eric Yang
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11n HT40 TX (CH Low)	<b>TEMP&amp; Humidity</b>	24.7°C, 53%

*Vertical*

TX / IEEE 802.11n HT40 mode / CH Low				Measurement Distance at 3m				Vertical polarity		
Freq.	Reading	AF	Cable Loss	Pre-amp	Filter	Level	Limit	Margin	Mark	
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	(P/Q/A)	
2425.71	108.94	30.04	2.34	39.78	0.00	101.54	Fundamental Frequency		P	
2425.71	100.42	30.04	2.34	39.78	0.00	93.02			A	
3229.18	50.35	30.04	2.79	40.23	1.24	44.19	81.54	-37.35	P	
3229.18	42.36	30.04	2.79	40.23	1.24	36.20	73.02	-36.82	A	
* 4844.26	53.67	32.86	3.72	41.37	0.70	49.58	74.00	-24.42	P	
* 4844.26	43.27	32.86	3.72	41.37	0.70	39.18	54.00	-14.82	A	
6458.61	53.28	35.70	4.57	41.96	0.78	52.37	81.54	-29.18	P	
6458.61	48.32	35.70	4.57	41.96	0.78	47.41	73.02	-25.62	A	
* 7268.49	53.62	38.88	4.94	41.38	1.50	57.56	74.00	-16.44	P	
* 7268.49	41.71	38.88	4.94	41.38	1.50	45.65	54.00	-8.35	A	
9687.79	51.64	38.79	5.75	38.35	0.59	58.41	81.54	-23.13	P	
9687.79	40.35	38.79	5.75	38.35	0.59	47.12	73.02	-25.90	A	
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	P	
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	A	

**Remark:**

1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
3. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  

$$\text{Level} = \text{Reading} + \text{AF} + \text{Cable} - \text{Preamp} + \text{Filter} - \text{Dist}, \text{Margin} = \text{Level-Limit}$$
4. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
5. The test limit distance is 3M limit.



<b>Product Name</b>	AirCruiser N300 USB Adapter	<b>Test Date</b>	2008/2/22
<b>Model</b>	GN-WB31N-RH	<b>Test By</b>	Eric Yang
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11n HT40 TX (CH Middle)	<b>TEMP&amp; Humidity</b>	24.7°C, 53%

*Horizontal*

TX / IEEE 802.11n HT40 mode / CH Middle				Measurement Distance at 3m				Horizontal polarity		
Freq.	Reading	AF	Cable Loss	Pre-amp	Filter	Level	Limit	Margin	Mark	
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	(P/Q/A)	
2452.69	105.45	30.03	2.34	39.76	0.00	98.06	Fundamental Frequency		P	
2452.69	97.00	30.03	2.34	39.76	0.00	89.61		A		
3249.05	48.22	30.05	2.82	40.24	1.22	42.06	78.06	-36.00	P	
3249.05	40.05	30.05	2.82	40.24	1.22	33.89	69.61	-35.72	A	
* 4878.25	53.26	32.93	3.73	41.42	0.71	49.22	74.00	-24.78	P	
* 4878.25	44.71	32.93	3.73	41.42	0.71	40.67	54.00	-13.33	A	
6498.05	50.32	35.80	4.59	41.92	0.78	49.56	78.06	-28.50	P	
6498.05	39.22	35.80	4.59	41.92	0.78	38.46	69.61	-31.15	A	
* 7318.52	50.28	38.95	4.96	41.31	1.61	54.49	74.00	-19.51	P	
* 7318.52	38.64	38.95	4.96	41.31	1.61	42.85	54.00	-11.15	A	
9732.69	48.72	38.83	5.75	38.27	0.56	55.59	78.06	-22.47	P	
9732.69	39.25	38.83	5.75	38.27	0.56	46.12	69.61	-23.49	A	
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	P	
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	A	

**Remark:**

1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
3. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  
 $Level = Reading + AF + Cable - Preamp + Filter - Dist, Margin = Level - Limit$
4. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
5. The test limit distance is 3M limit.





<b>Product Name</b>	AirCruiser N300 USB Adapter	<b>Test Date</b>	2008/2/22
<b>Model</b>	GN-WB31N-RH	<b>Test By</b>	Eric Yang
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11n HT40 TX (CH Middle)	<b>TEMP&amp; Humidity</b>	24.7°C, 53%

*Vertical*

TX / IEEE 802.11n HT40 mode / CH Middle				Measurement Distance at 3m Vertical polarity					
Freq.	Reading	AF	Cable Loss	Pre-amp	Filter	Level	Limit	Margin	Mark
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	(P/Q/A)
2440.06	109.22	30.04	2.34	39.77	0.00	101.83	Fundamental Frequency		P
2440.06	100.56	30.04	2.34	39.77	0.00	93.17			A
3249.30	50.41	30.05	2.82	40.24	1.22	44.25	81.83	-37.58	P
3249.30	42.34	30.05	2.82	40.24	1.22	36.18	73.17	-36.99	A
* 4879.19	57.59	32.93	3.73	41.42	0.71	53.55	74.00	-20.45	P
* 4879.19	47.88	32.93	3.73	41.42	0.71	43.84	54.00	-10.16	A
6498.57	54.36	35.80	4.59	41.92	0.78	53.60	81.83	-28.22	P
6498.57	47.84	35.80	4.59	41.92	0.78	47.08	73.17	-26.08	A
* 7321.02	53.24	38.95	4.96	41.30	1.62	57.47	74.00	-16.53	P
* 7321.02	41.28	38.95	4.96	41.30	1.62	45.51	54.00	-8.49	A
9736.75	51.03	38.84	5.75	38.26	0.56	57.91	81.83	-23.91	P
9736.75	41.22	38.84	5.75	38.26	0.56	48.10	73.17	-25.06	A
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	P
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	A

**Remark:**

1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
3. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  
 $Level = Reading + AF + Cable - Preamp + Filter - Dist, Margin = Level - Limit$
4. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
5. The test limit distance is 3M limit.



<b>Product Name</b>	AirCruiser N300 USB Adapter	<b>Test Date</b>	2008/2/22
<b>Model</b>	GN-WB31N-RH	<b>Test By</b>	Eric Yang
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11n HT40 TX (CH High)	<b>TEMP&amp;Humidity</b>	24.7°C, 53%

*Horizontal*

TX / IEEE 802.11n HT40 mode / CH High				Measurement Distance at 3m			Horizontal polarity		
Freq.	Reading	AF	Cable Loss	Pre-amp	Filter	Level	Limit	Margin	Mark
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	(P/Q/A)
2462.23	104.40	30.02	2.34	39.75	0.00	97.01	Fundamental Frequency		P
2462.23	95.68	30.02	2.34	39.75	0.00	88.29			A
3269.25	48.62	30.06	2.85	40.26	1.19	42.46	77.01	-34.55	P
3269.25	43.22	30.06	2.85	40.26	1.19	37.06	68.29	-31.23	A
* 4903.25	53.67	32.99	3.75	41.45	0.72	49.67	74.00	-24.33	P
* 4903.25	41.75	32.99	3.75	41.45	0.72	37.75	54.00	-16.25	A
6538.59	52.57	36.01	4.61	41.91	0.79	52.07	77.01	-24.94	P
6538.59	45.63	36.01	4.61	41.91	0.79	45.13	68.29	-23.16	A
* 7355.75	48.72	39.00	4.98	41.25	1.69	53.13	74.00	-20.87	P
* 7355.75	39.21	39.00	4.98	41.25	1.69	43.62	54.00	-10.38	A
9795.68	48.20	38.90	5.76	38.16	0.52	55.22	77.01	-21.79	P
9795.68	37.96	38.90	5.76	38.16	0.52	44.98	68.29	-23.31	A
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	P
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	A

**Remark:**

1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
3. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  
 $Level = Reading + AF + Cable - Preamp + Filter - Dist$ ,  $Margin = Level - Limit$
4. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
5. The test limit distance is 3M limit.



<b>Product Name</b>	AirCruiser N300 USB Adapter	<b>Test Date</b>	2008/2/22
<b>Model</b>	GN-WB31N-RH	<b>Test By</b>	Eric Yang
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11n HT40 TX (CH High)	<b>TEMP&amp; Humidity</b>	24.7°C, 53%

*Vertical*

TX / IEEE 802.11n HT40 mode / CH High				Measurement Distance at 3m				Vertical polarity	
Freq.	Reading	AF	Cable Loss	Pre-amp	Filter	Level	Limit	Margin	Mark
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	(P/Q/A)
2461.18	106.94	30.02	2.34	39.75	0.00	99.55	Fundamental Frequency		P
2461.18	98.29	30.02	2.34	39.75	0.00	90.90			A
3269.27	51.94	30.06	2.85	40.26	1.19	45.78	79.55	-33.77	P
3269.27	45.62	30.06	2.85	40.26	1.19	39.46	70.90	-31.44	A
* 4903.93	57.65	32.99	3.75	41.46	0.72	53.65	74.00	-20.35	P
* 4903.93	45.94	32.99	3.75	41.46	0.72	41.94	54.00	-12.06	A
6538.70	53.69	36.01	4.61	41.91	0.79	53.19	79.55	-26.36	P
6538.70	47.50	36.01	4.61	41.91	0.79	47.00	70.90	-23.90	A
* 7356.28	51.24	39.00	4.98	41.25	1.69	55.66	74.00	-18.34	P
* 7356.28	41.32	39.00	4.98	41.25	1.69	45.74	54.00	-8.26	A
9796.15	50.24	38.90	5.76	38.16	0.52	57.26	79.55	-22.29	P
9796.15	39.85	38.90	5.76	38.16	0.52	46.87	70.90	-24.03	A
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	P
N/A	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	A

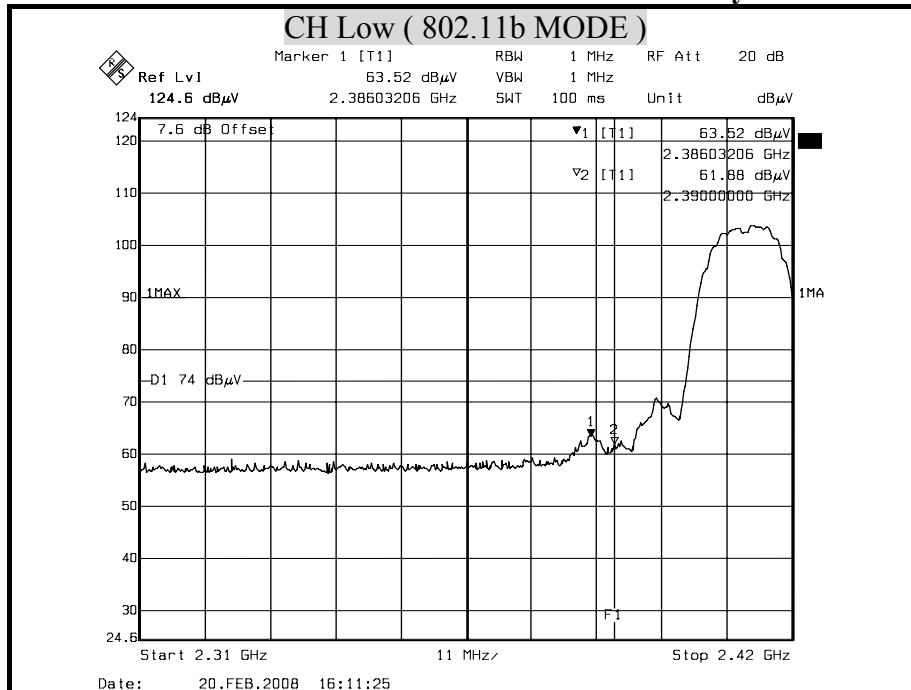
**Remark:**

1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
3. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  
 $Level = Reading + AF + Cable - Preamp + Filter - Dist$ ,  $Margin = Level - Limit$
4. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
5. The test limit distance is 3M limit.

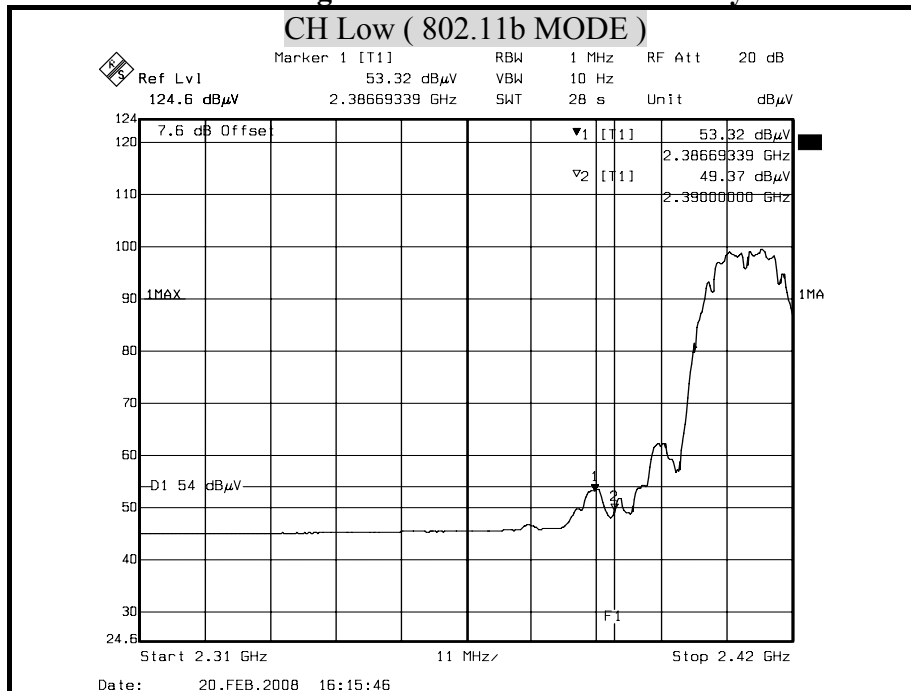


### 8.8.4 RESTRICTED BAND EDGES

Detector mode : Peak Polarity : Horizontal



Detector mode : Average Polarity : Horizontal



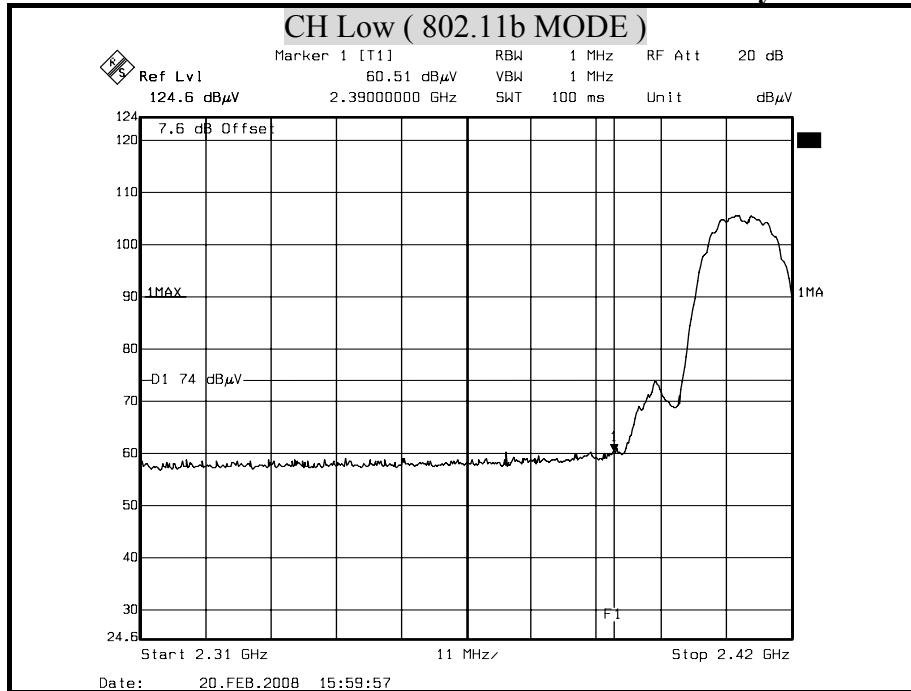
**Remark:**

1. Display Line = 54/74 dB μ V/m.
2. 2390MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) - Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.6(dB)
3. 2483.5MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) - Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.62(dB)



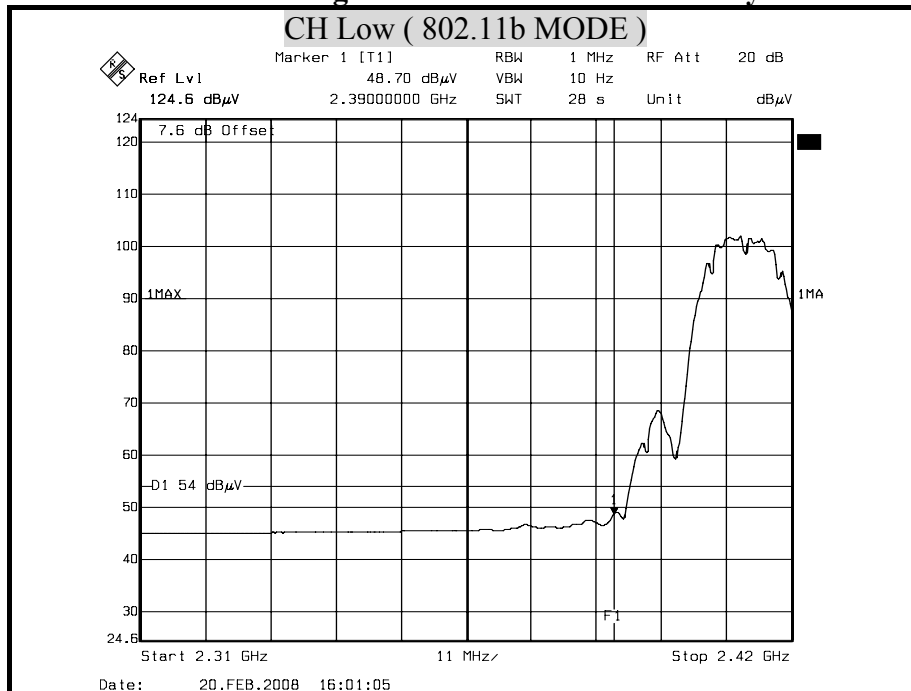
Detector mode : Peak

Polarity : Vertical



Detector mode : Average

Polarity : Vertical

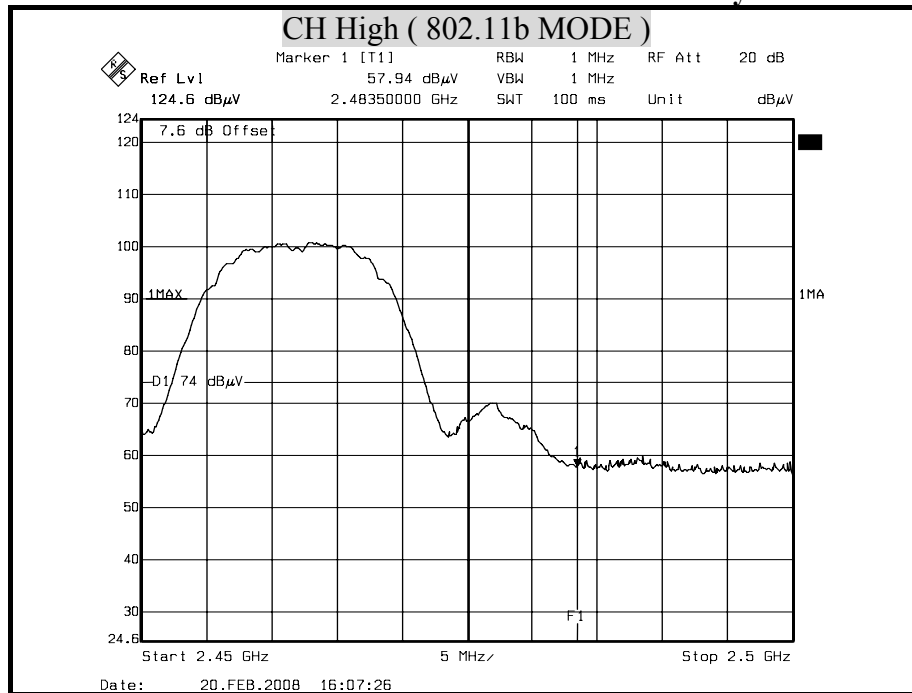


Remark:

1. Display Line = 54/74 dB μ V/m.
2. 2390MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) - Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.6(dB)
3. 2483.5MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) - Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.62(dB)

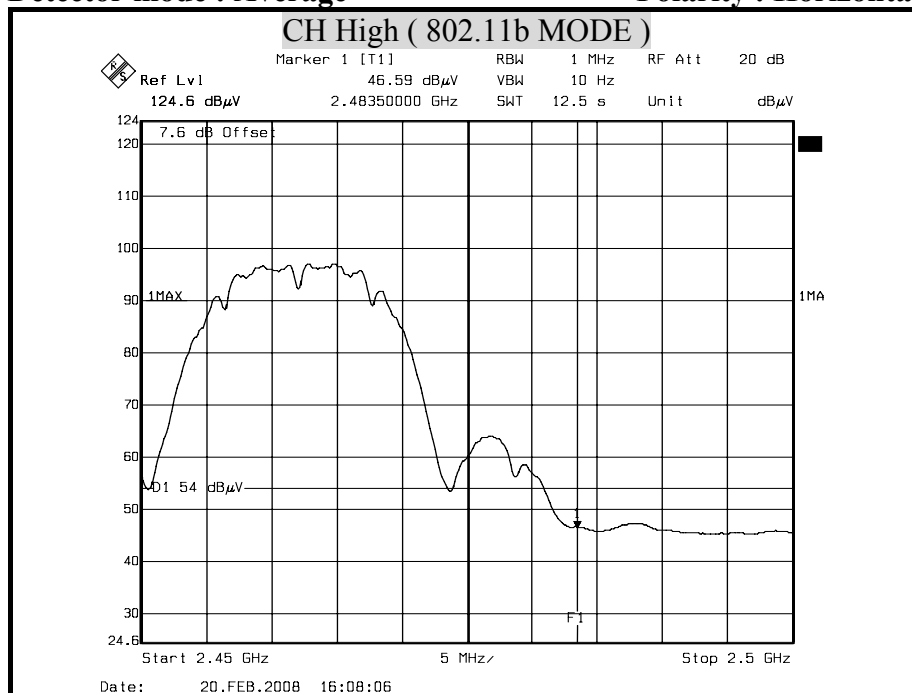
**Detector mode : Peak**

**Polarity : Horizontal**



**Detector mode : Average**

**Polarity : Horizontal**

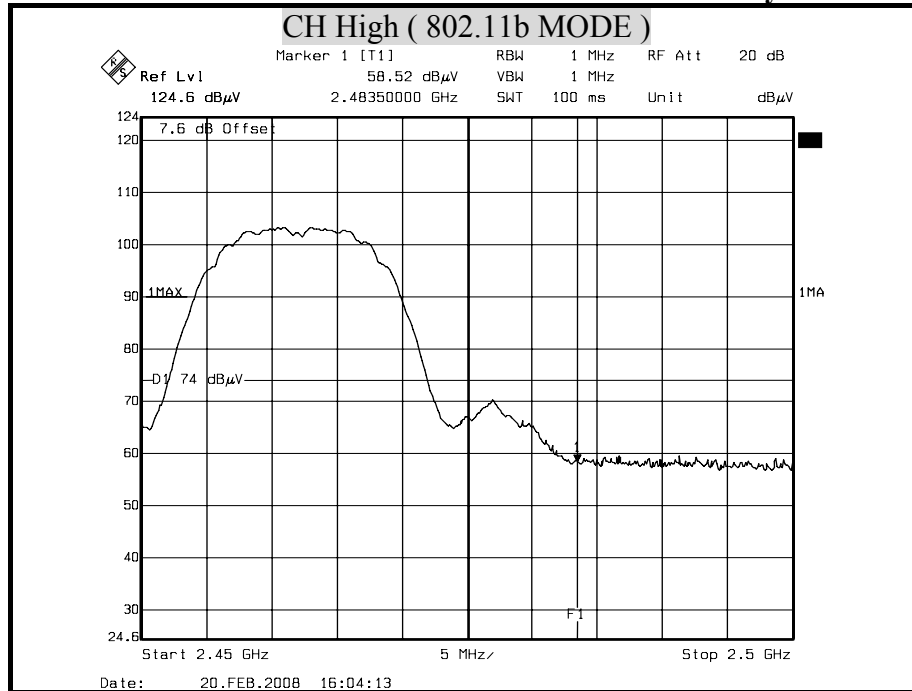


**Remark:**

1. Display Line = 54/74 dB  $\mu$  V/m.
2. 2390MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) - Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.6(dB)
3. 2483.5MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) - Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.62(dB)

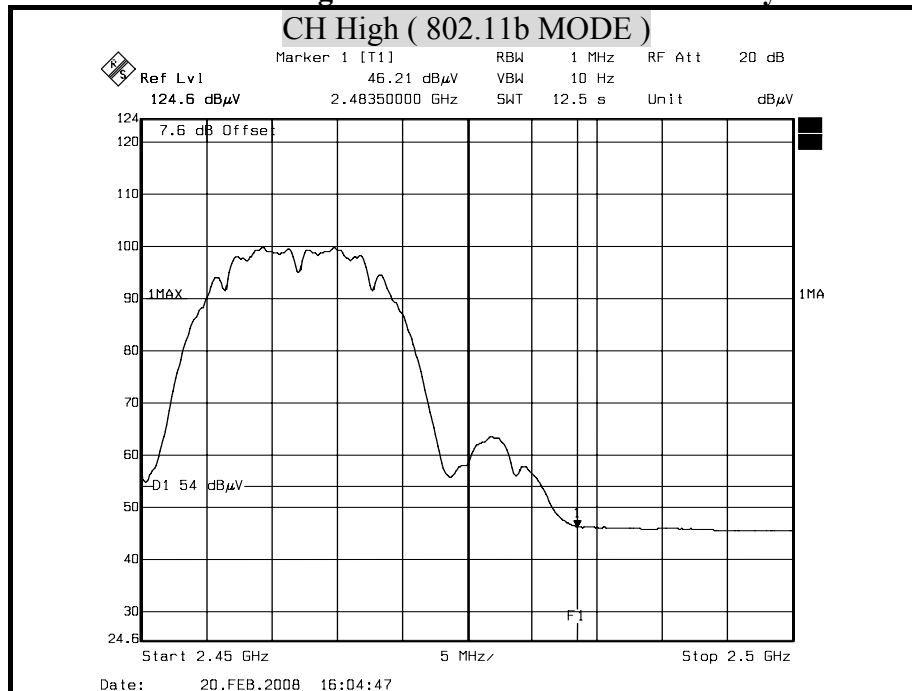
**Detector mode : Peak**

**Polarity : Vertical**



**Detector mode : Average**

**Polarity : Vertical**



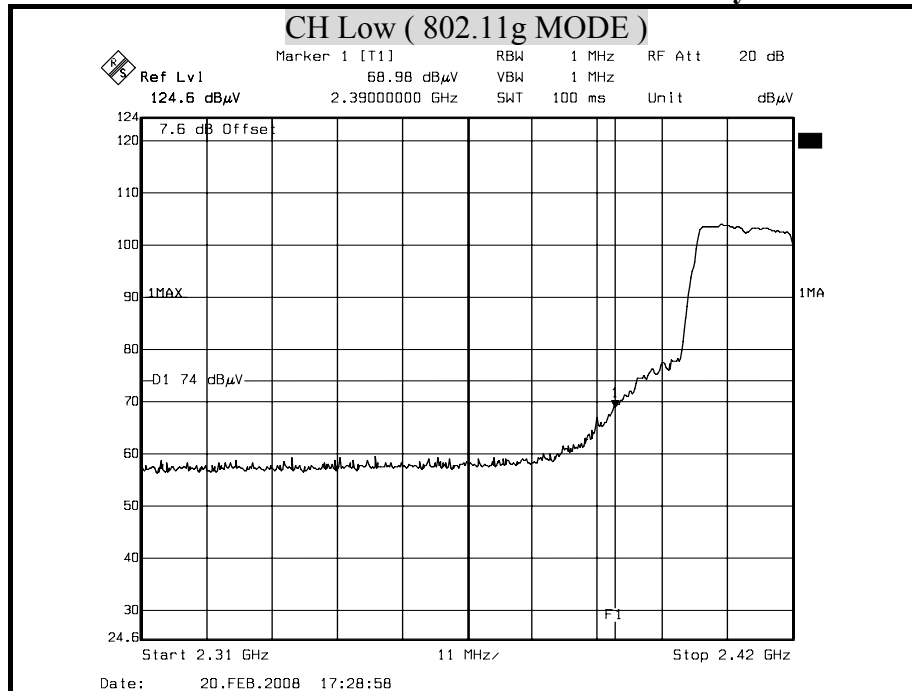
**Remark:**

1. Display Line = 54/74 dB μ V/m.
2. 2390MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) - Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.6(dB)
3. 2483.5MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) - Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.62(dB)



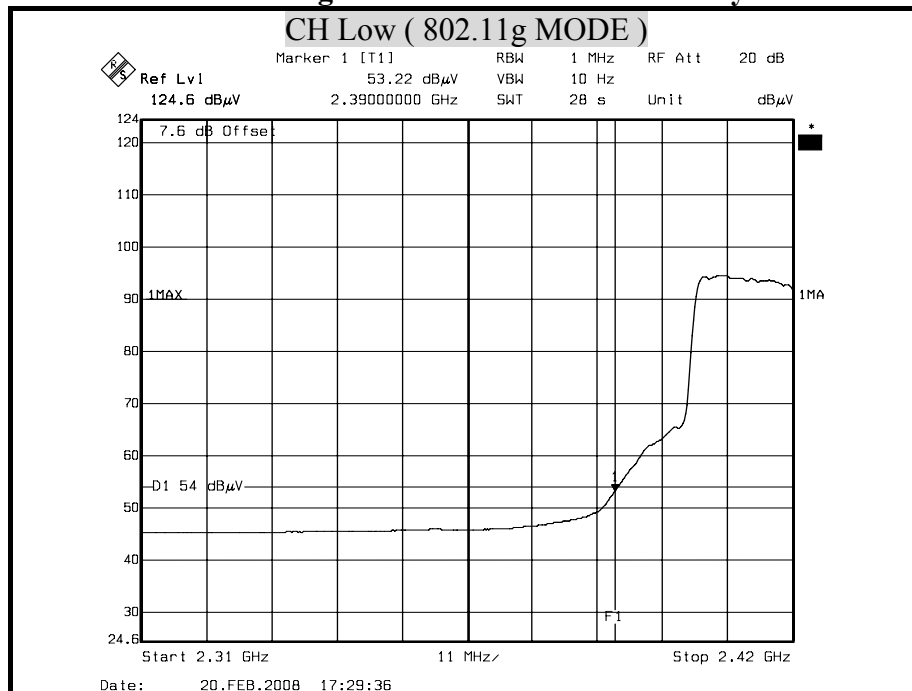
Detector mode : Peak

Polarity : Horizontal



Detector mode : Average

Polarity : Horizontal



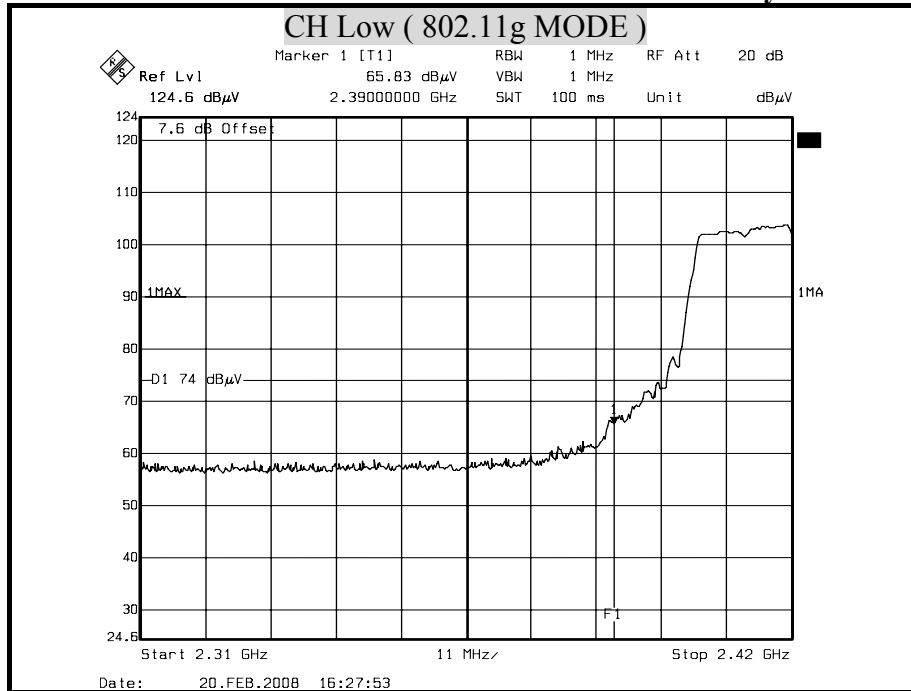
Remark:

1. Display Line = 54/74 dB  $\mu$  V/m.
2. 2390MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) - Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.6(dB)
3. 2483.5MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) - Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.62(dB)

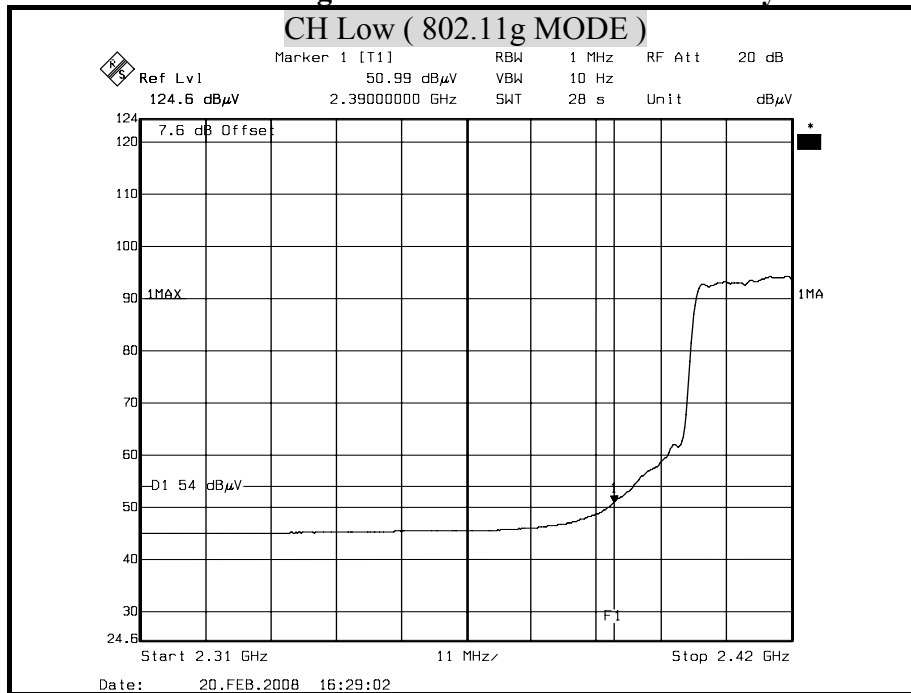




Detector mode : Peak Polarity : Vertical



Detector mode : Average Polarity : Vertical

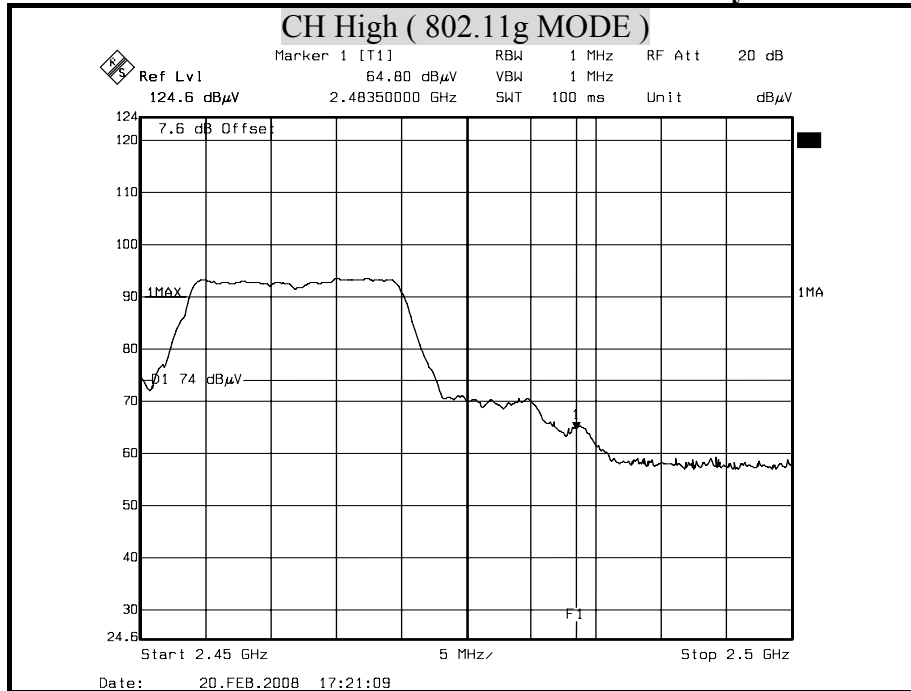


Remark:

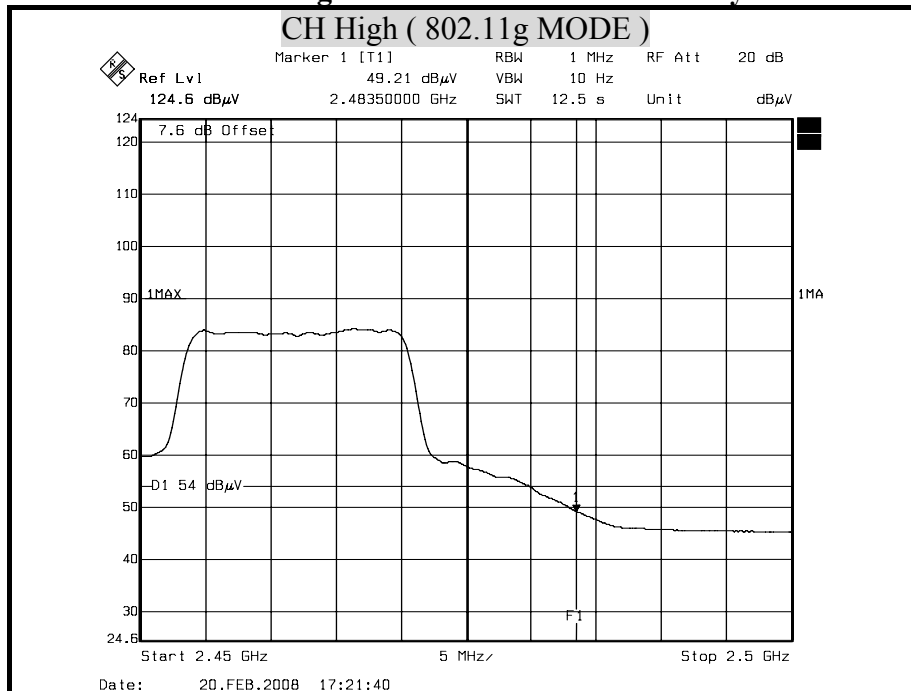
1. Display Line = 54/74 dB μ V/m.
2. 2390MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) - Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.6(dB)
3. 2483.5MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) - Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.62(dB)



Detector mode : Peak Polarity : Horizontal



Detector mode : Average Polarity : Horizontal



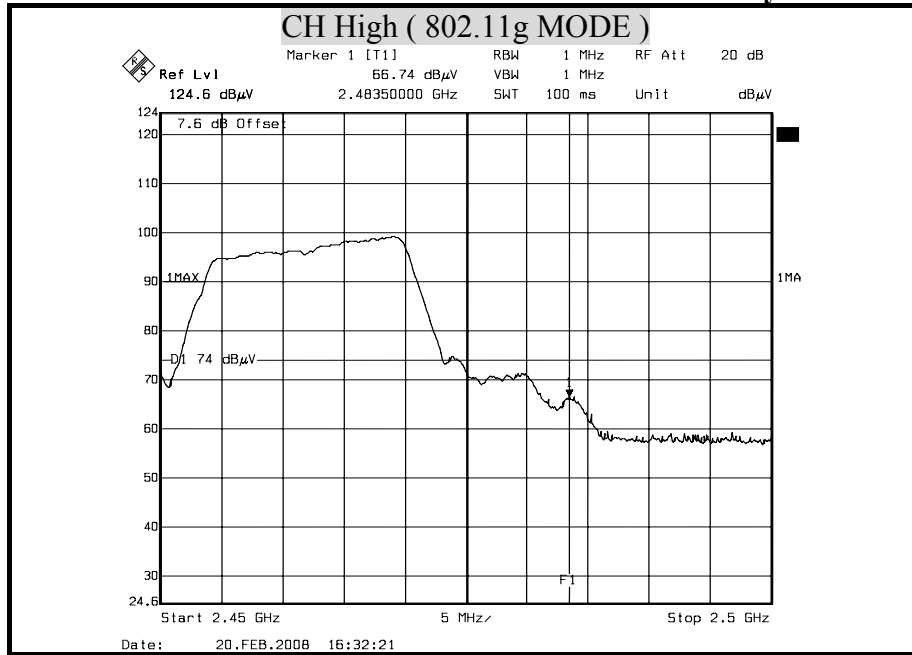
**Remark:**

1. Display Line = 54/74 dB μ V/m.
2. 2390MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) - Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.6(dB)
3. 2483.5MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) - Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.62(dB)



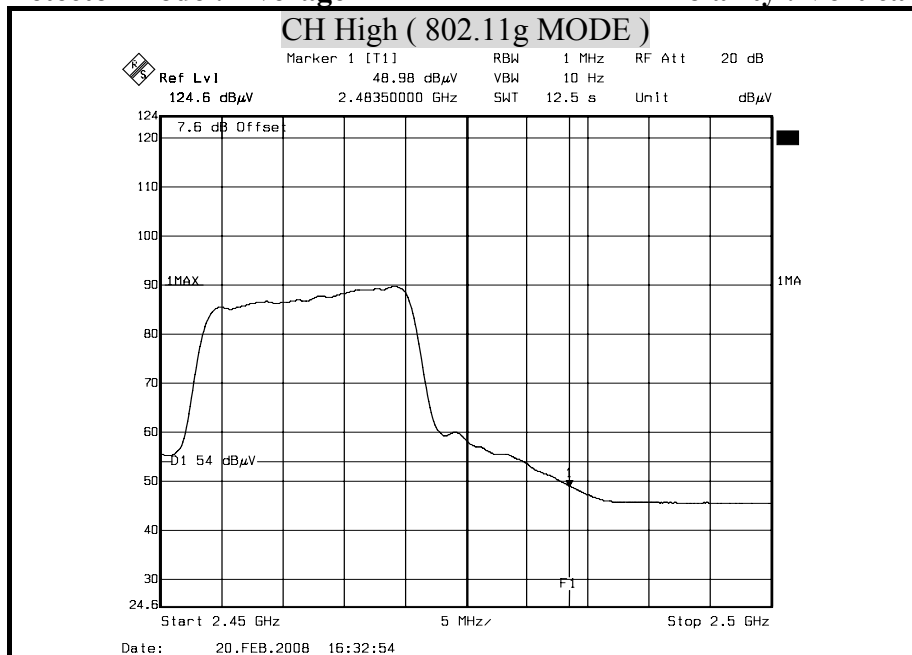
Detector mode : Peak

Polarity : Vertical



Detector mode : Average

Polarity : Vertical

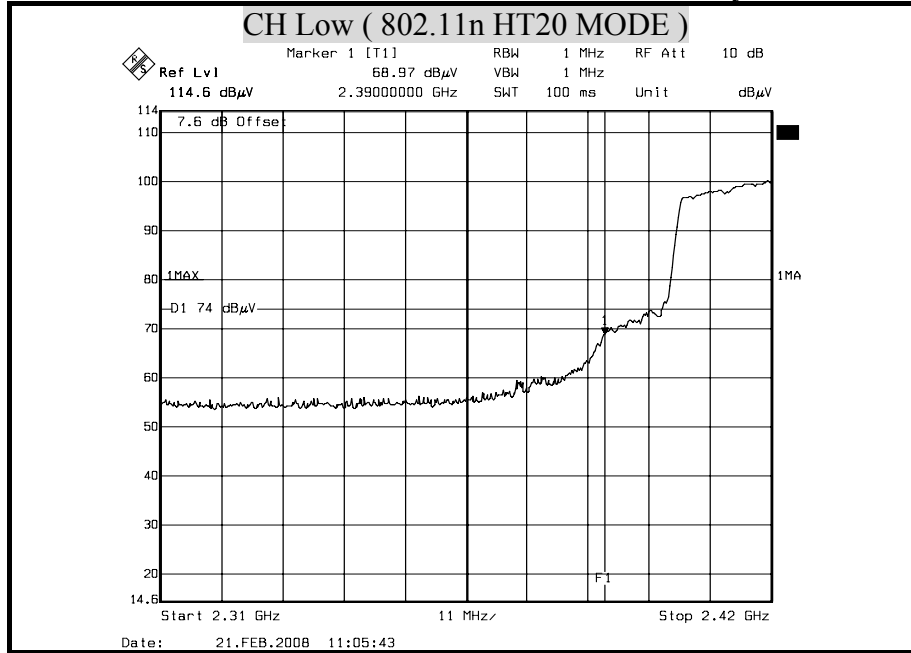


Remark:

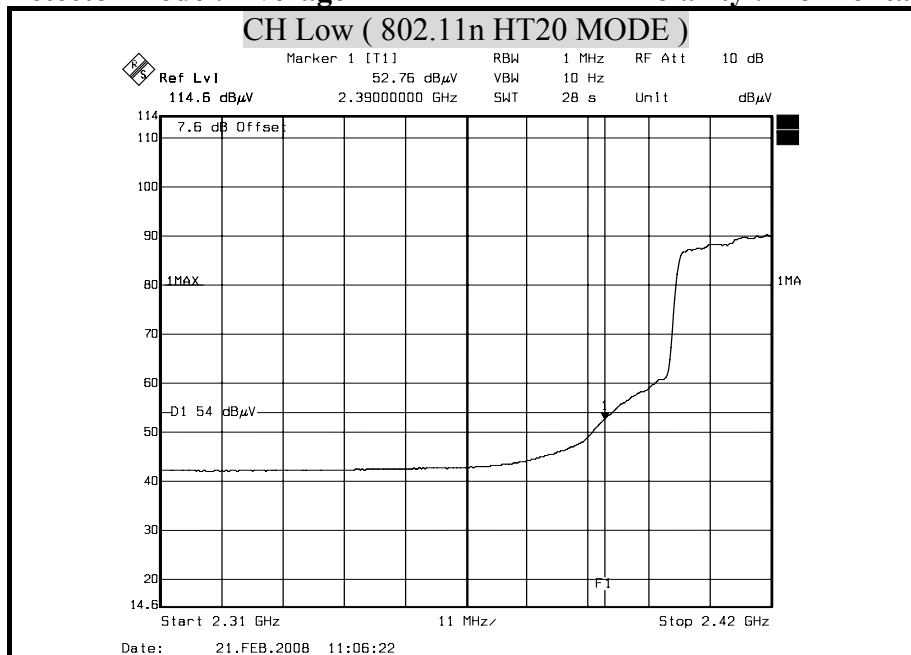
1. Display Line = 54/74 dB  $\mu$  V/m.
2. 2390MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) - Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.6(dB)
3. 2483.5MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) - Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.62(dB)



**Detector mode : Peak** **Polarity : Horizontal**



**Detector mode : Average** **Polarity : Horizontal**



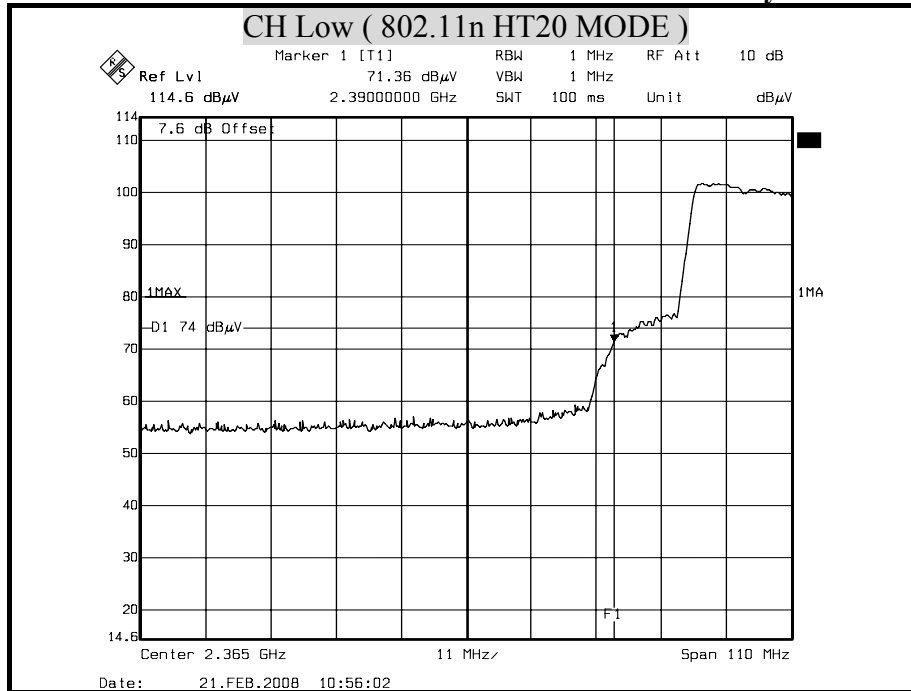
**Remark:**

1. Display Line = 54/74 dB  $\mu$  V/m.
2. 2390MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) - Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.6(dB)
3. 2483.5MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) - Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.62(dB)



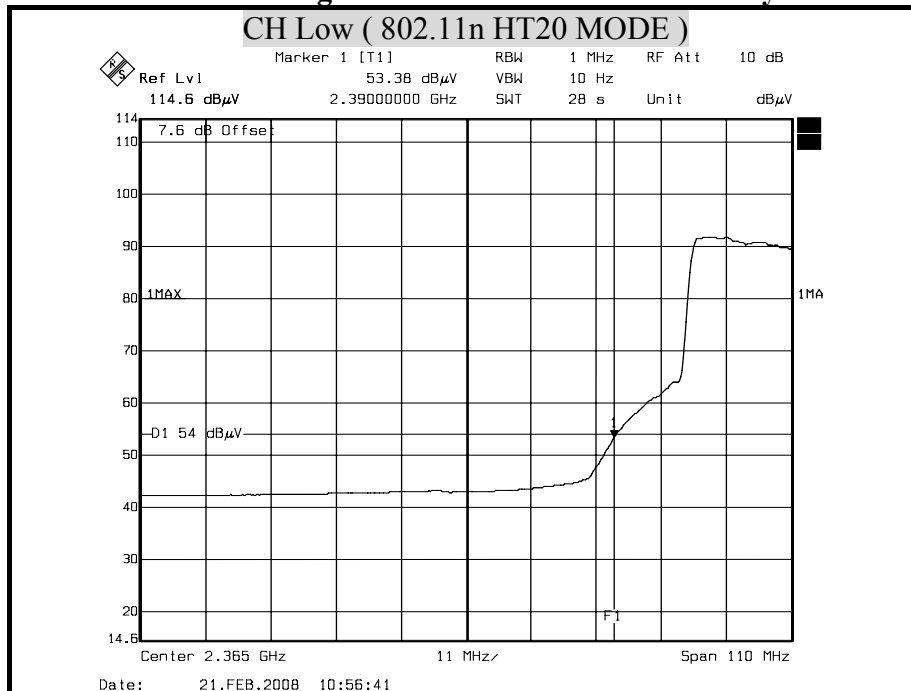
Detector mode : Peak

Polarity : Vertical



Detector mode : Average

Polarity : Vertical

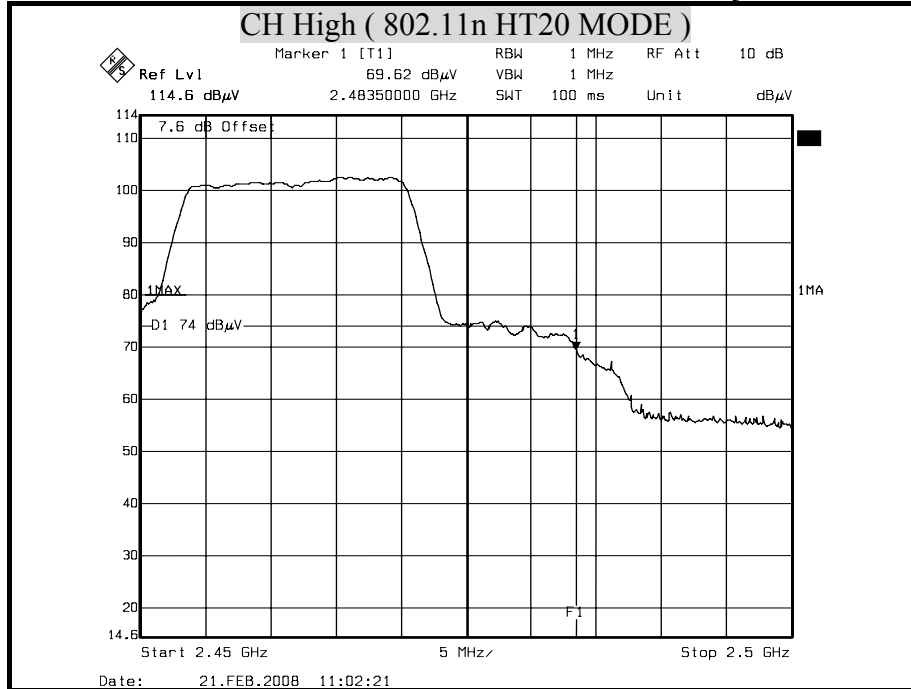


**Remark:**

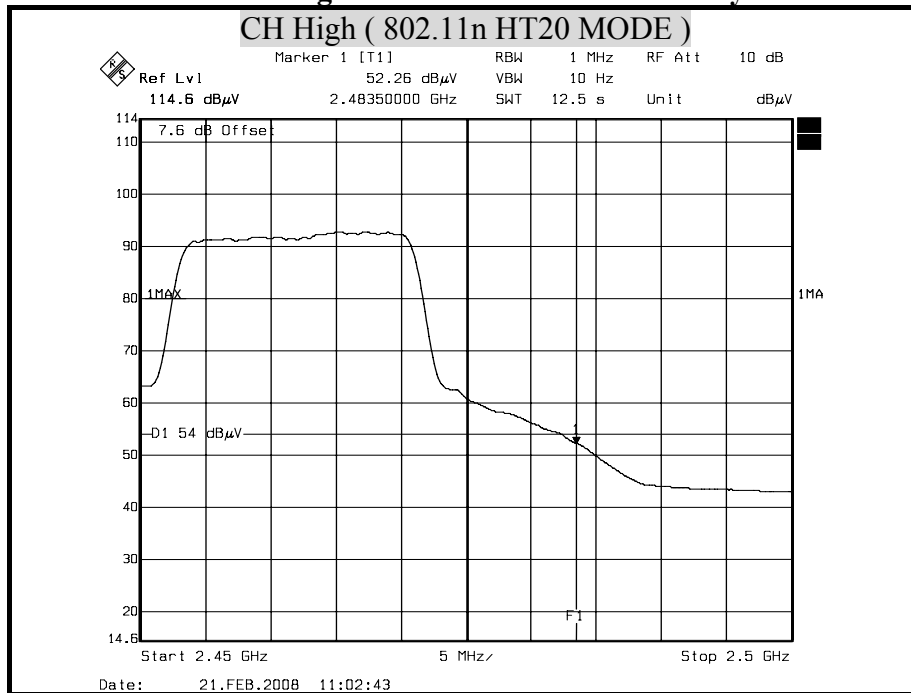
1. Display Line = 54/74 dB μ V/m.
2. 2390MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) - Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.6(dB)
3. 2483.5MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) - Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.62(dB)



Detector mode : Peak Polarity : Horizontal



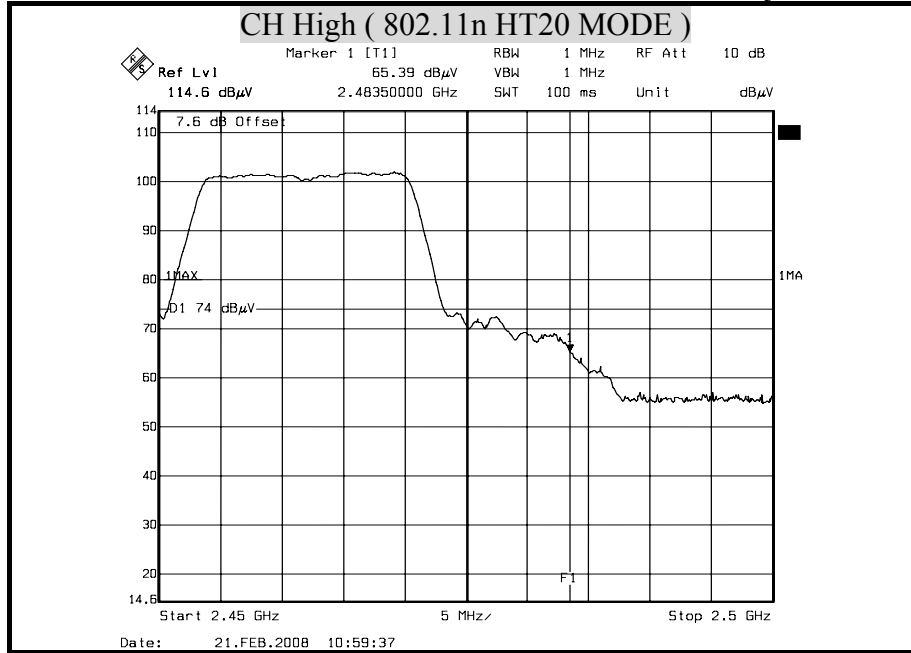
Detector mode : Average Polarity : Horizontal



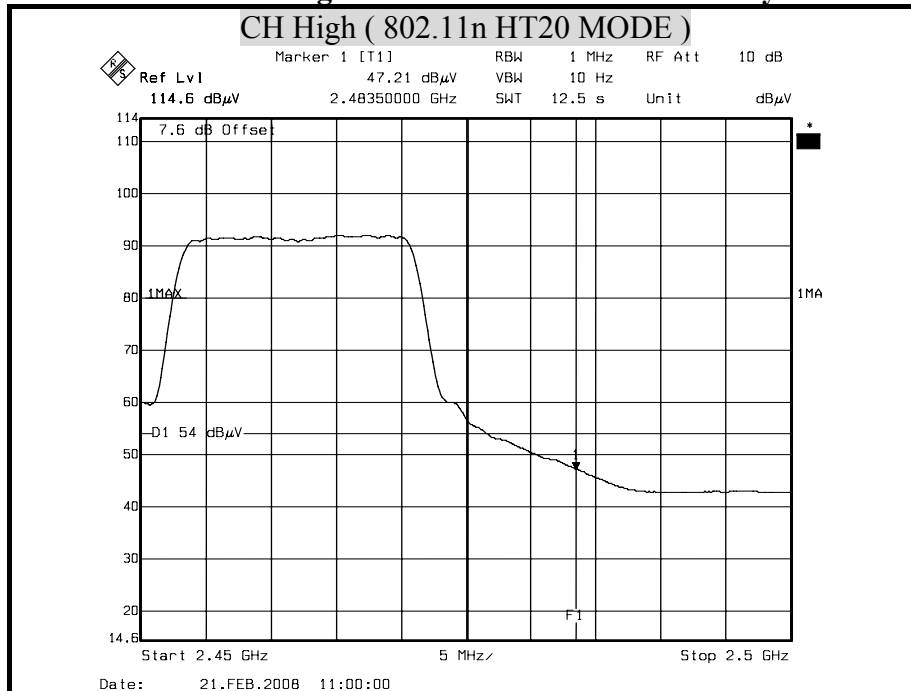
Remark:

1. Display Line = 54/74 dB μ V/m.
2. 2390MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) - Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.6(dB)
3. 2483.5MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) - Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.62(dB)

**Detector mode : Peak      Polarity : Vertical**



**Detector mode : Average      Polarity : Vertical**

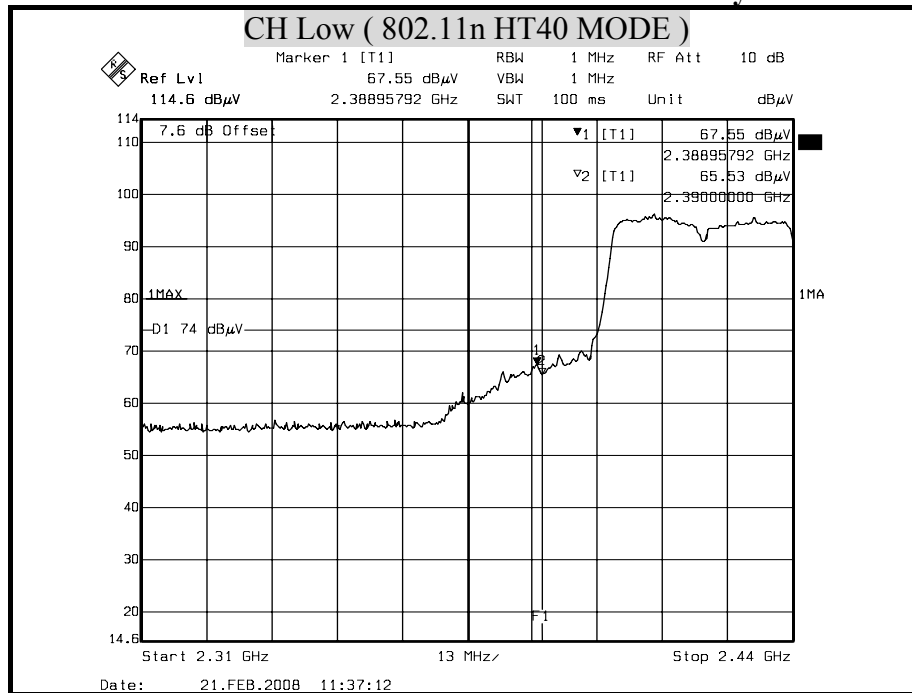


**Remark:**

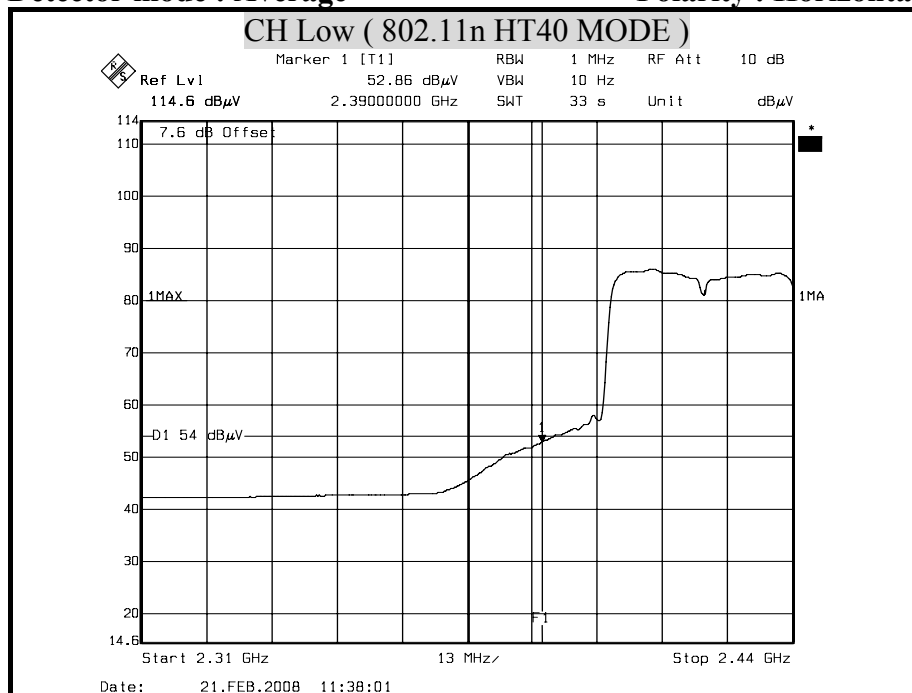
1. Display Line = 54/74 dB µ V/m.
2. 2390MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) - Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.6(dB)
3. 2483.5MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) - Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.62(dB)



Detector mode : Peak Polarity : Horizontal



Detector mode : Average Polarity : Horizontal



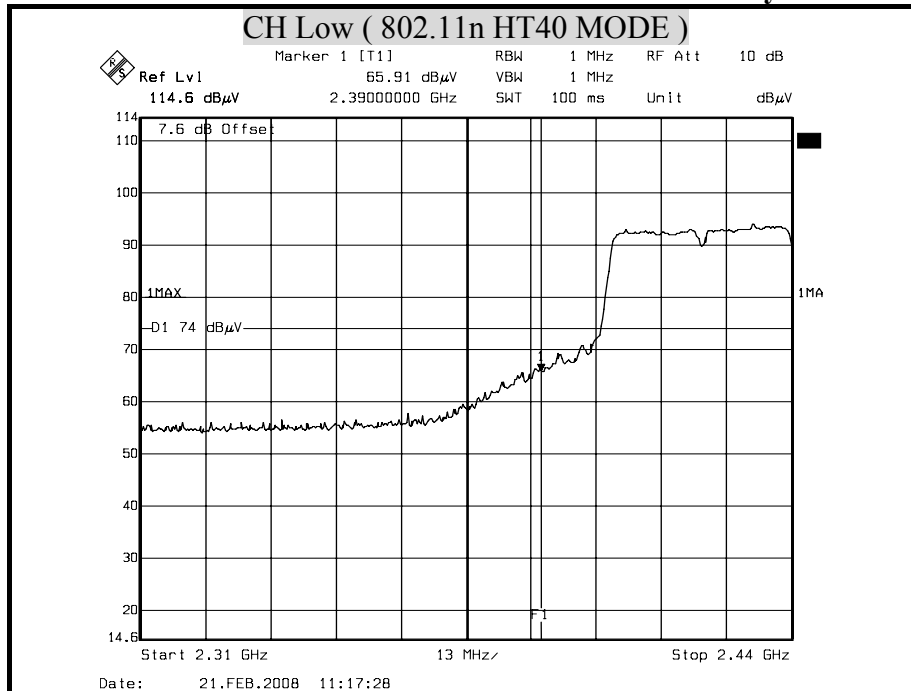
Remark:

1. Display Line = 54/74 dB μ V/m.
2. 2390MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) - Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.6(dB)
3. 2483.5MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) - Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.62(dB)

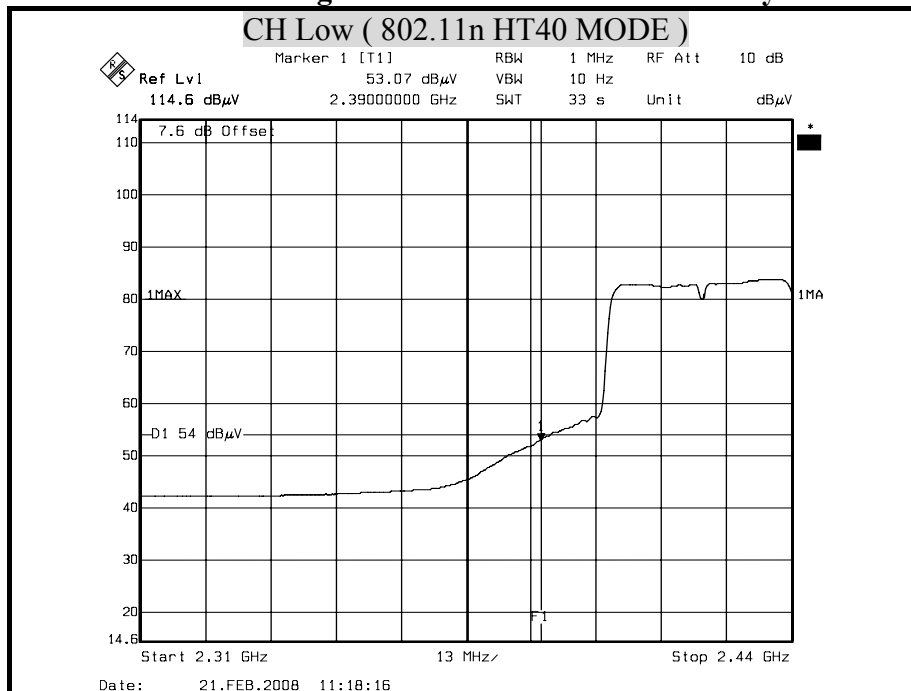




Detector mode : Peak Polarity : Vertical



Detector mode : Average Polarity : Vertical

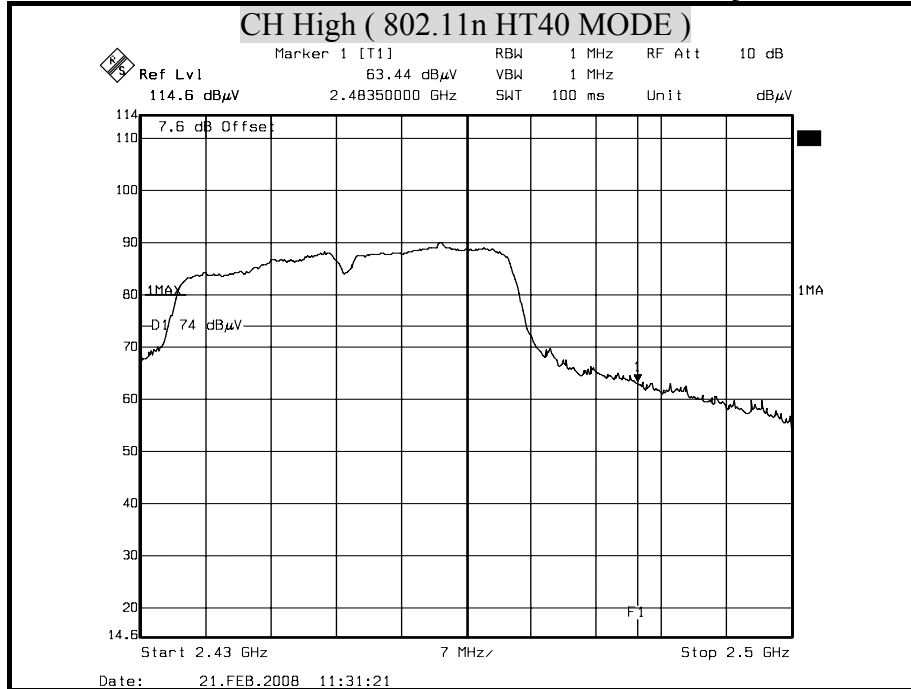


Remark:

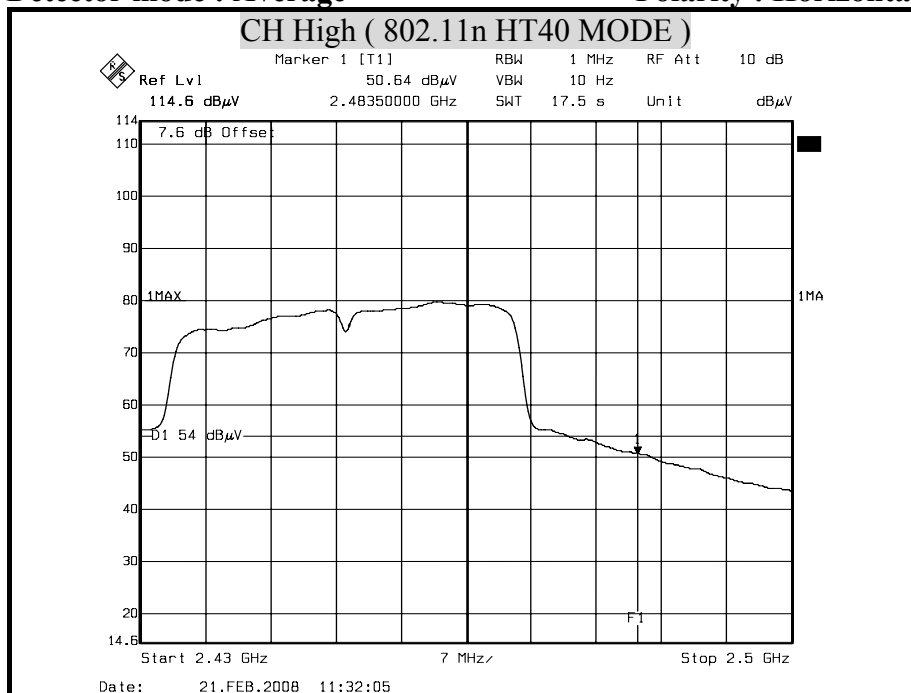
1. Display Line = 54/74 dB  $\mu$  V/m.
2. 2390MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) - Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.6(dB)
3. 2483.5MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) - Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.62(dB)



Detector mode : Peak Polarity : Horizontal



Detector mode : Average Polarity : Horizontal



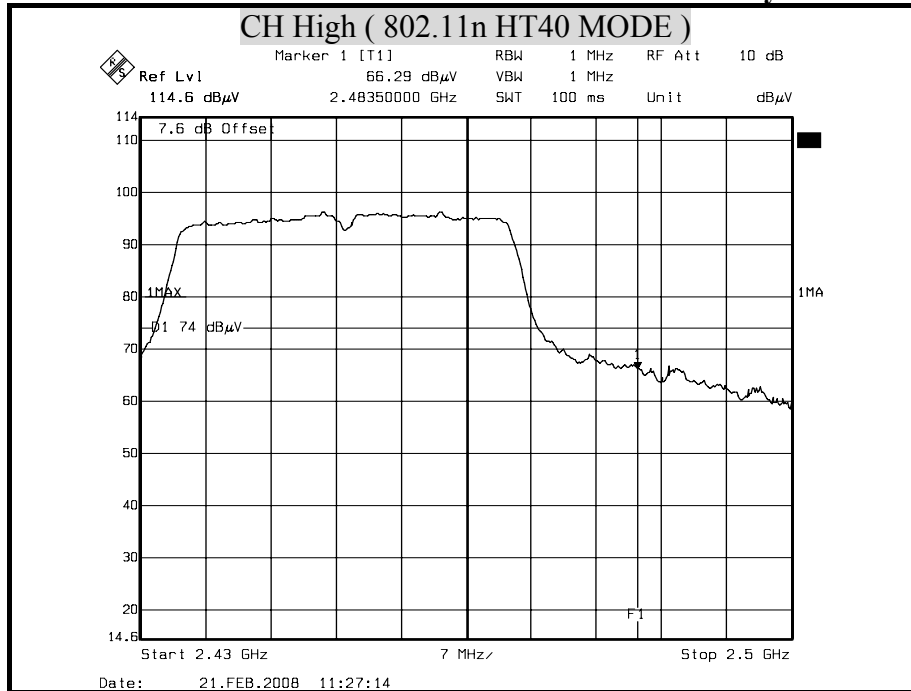
Remark:

1. Display Line = 54/74 dB μ V/m.
2. 2390MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) - Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.6(dB)
3. 2483.5MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) - Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.62(dB)



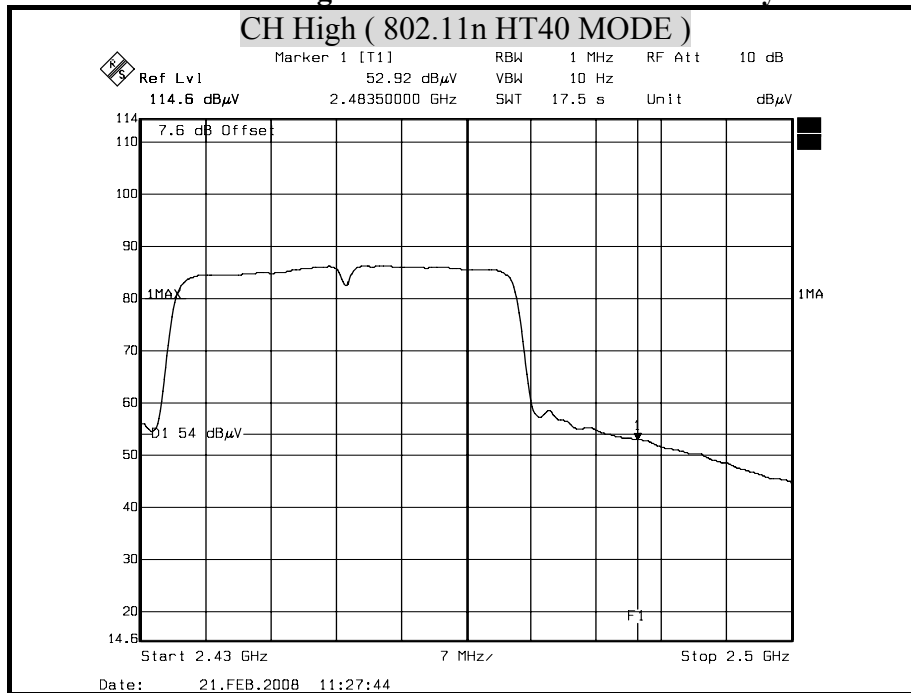
Detector mode : Peak

Polarity : Vertical



Detector mode : Average

Polarity : Vertical



**Remark:**

1. Display Line = 54/74 dB  $\mu$  V/m.
2. 2390MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) - Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.6(dB)
3. 2483.5MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) - Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.62(dB)



## 8.9 POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

### LIMITS

§ 15.207 (a) Except as shown in paragraph (b) and (c) this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal.

The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

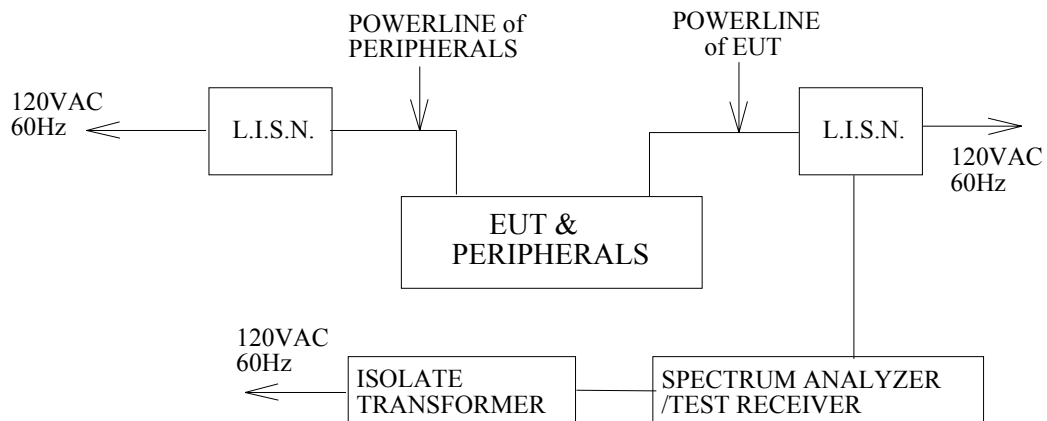
Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted limit (dB $\mu$ v)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.5	66 to 56	56 to 46
0.5 - 5	56	46
5 - 30	60	50

### TEST EQUIPMENTS

The following test equipments are used during the conducted power line tests:

Conducted Emission room				
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
L.I.S.N.	SCHWARZBECK	NNLK 8121	8121-446	NOV. 14, 2008 For Insertion loss
	Rohde & Schwarz	ESH 3-Z5	840062/021	SEP. 28, 2008
TEST RECEIVER	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCS 30	100348	JUN. 27, 2008
TYPE N COAXIAL CABLE	SUHNER	-----	-----	FEB. 26, 2009
Test S/W	e-3 (5.04211c) R&S (2.27)			

## TEST SETUP



## TEST PROCEDURE

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 40 cm from the vertical ground plane and 80cm above the horizontal ground plane. The EUT IS CONFIGURED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ANSI C63.4.

The resolution bandwidth is set to 9 kHz for both quasi-peak detection and average detection measurements.

Line conducted data is recorded for both NEUTRAL and LINE.

## TEST RESULTS

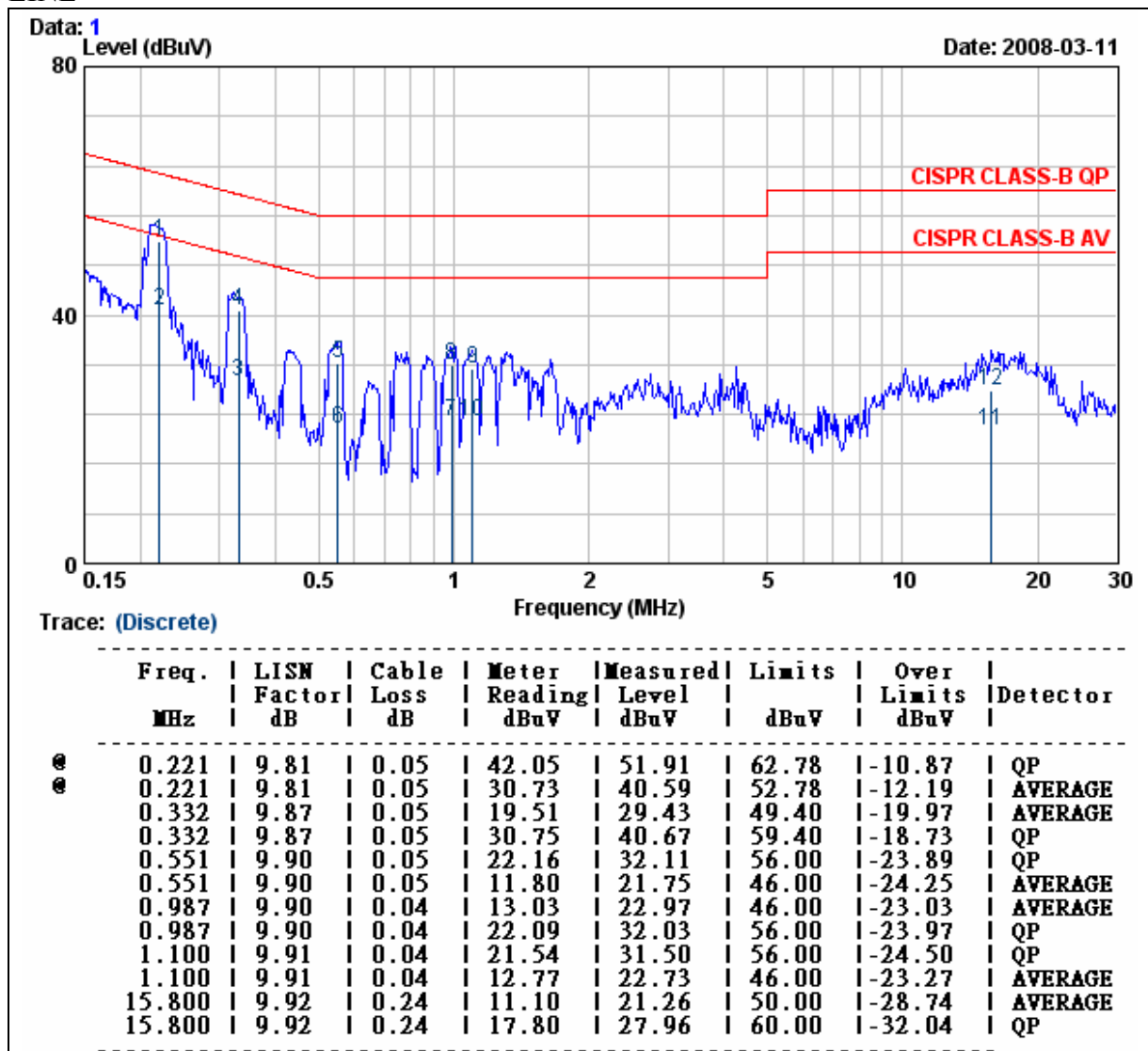
No non-compliance noted



**CONDUCTED RF VOLTAGE MEASUREMENT**

<b>Product Name</b>	AirCruiser N300 USB Adapter	<b>Test Date</b>	2008/3/11
<b>Model</b>	GN-WB31N-RH	<b>Test By</b>	Eric Yang
<b>Test Mode</b>	Normal operating (worst case)	<b>TEMP &amp; Humidity</b>	28.3 °C, 55%

LINE



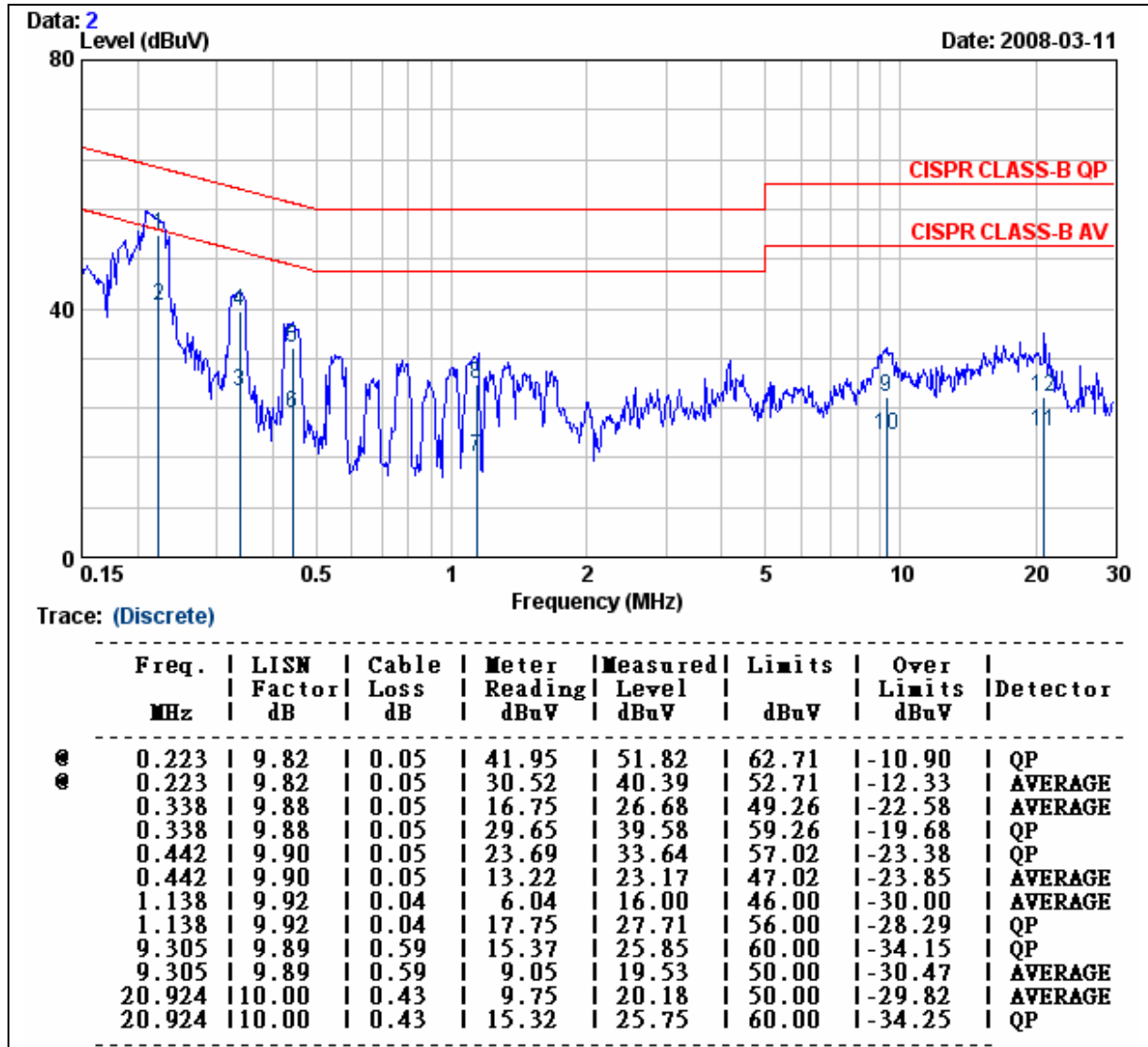
**Remark:**

1. Correction Factor = Insertion loss + cable loss
2. Margin value = Emission level – Limit value



<b>Product Name</b>	AirCruiser N300 USB Adapter	<b>Test Date</b>	2008/3/11
<b>Model</b>	GN-WB31N-RH	<b>Test By</b>	Eric Yang
<b>Test Mode</b>	Normal operating (worst case)	<b>TEMP &amp; Humidity</b>	28.3°C, 55%

NEUTRAL



Remark:

1. Correction Factor = Insertion loss + cable loss
2. Margin value = Emission level – Limit value



## **9. ANTENNA REQUIREMENT**

### **9.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE**

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

And according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.247 (b), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

### **9.2 ANTENNA CONNECTED CONSTRUCTION**

The antenna used for this product is a printed PIFA antenna.

The peak Gain of these antennas is 1.76 dBi at 2.4GHz.

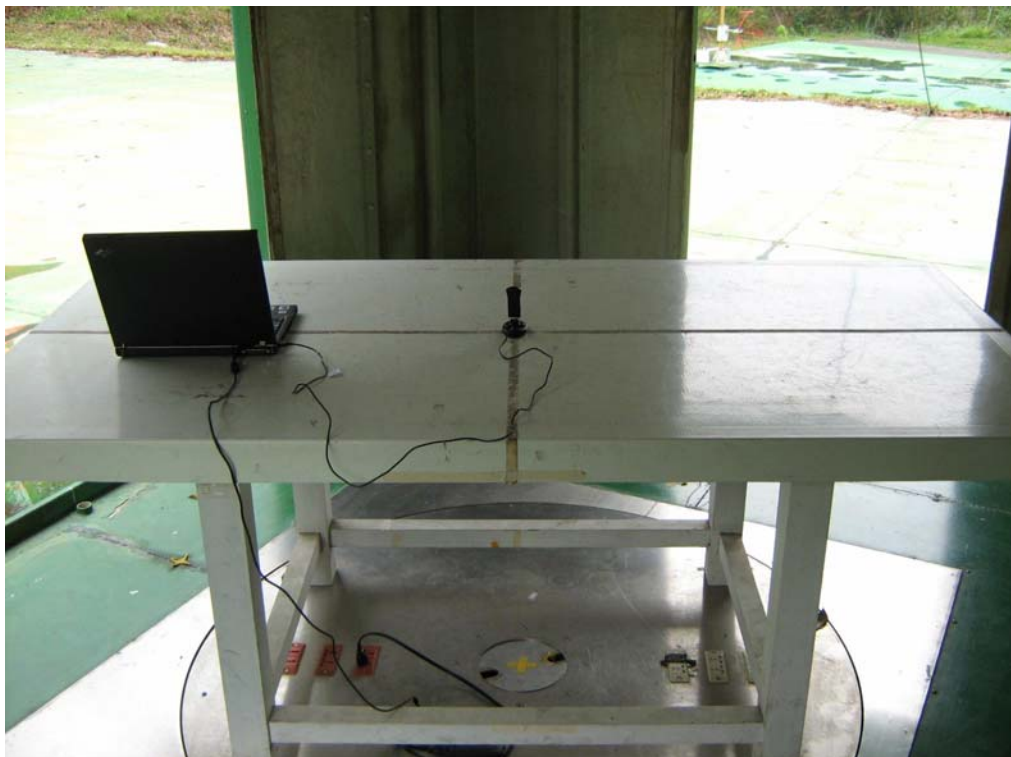


## APPENDIX SETUP PHOTOS

### RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENT SETUP



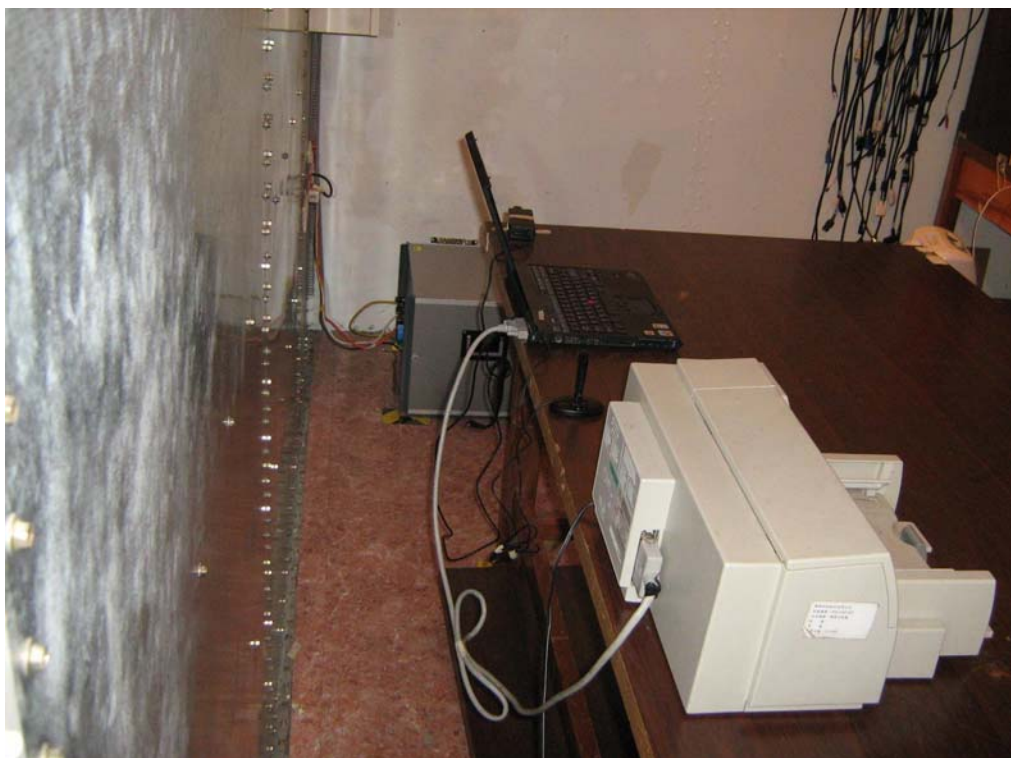
**RADIATED RF MEASUREMENT SETUP**







### POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS MEASUREMENT SETUP



End of report