Measurement of Maximum Permissible Exposure

1. Foreword

In adopt with the Human Exposure IEEE C95.1, and according to the FCC 1.1310. The *Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)* is obligated to measure in order to prove the safety of radiation harmfulness to the human body.

The *Gain* of the antenna used is measured in an *Anechoic chamber*. The *maximum total* power to the antenna is to be recorded. By adopting the *Friis Transmission Formula* and the power gain of the antenna, we can find the distance right away from the product, where the limit of the MPE is.

2. Description of EUT

FCC ID : JCHWLL-5410R

Product name : 802.11g Wireless AP

Model name : WLL-5410R

Classification : Mobile Device

(i) Under normal use condition, the antenna is at least 20cm

away from the user;

(ii) Warning statement for keeping 20cm separation distance and the prohibition of operating next to the person has been

printed in the user's manual

Frequency Range : $2.412 \text{ GHz} \sim 2.462 \text{GHz}$

Supported Channel: 11 Channels

Modulation Skill: DBPSK, DQPSK, CCK, OFDM

Power Type : Powered by the adapter,

Model: AD-052AB Mfg.: OEM

I/P: 110Vac, 60Hz, 140mA; O/P: 5VDC, 2.0A 185cm length, non-shielded, no ferrite core

3. Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Filed Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm2)	Averaging Time $ E ^2$, $ H ^2$ or S (minutes)		
(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure						
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	100	6		
3.0-30	1842/f	4.89/f	$900/f^{2}$	6		
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6		
300-1500			f/300	6		
1500-100,000			5	6		
(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure						
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	100	30		
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	$180/f^2$	30		
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30		
300-1500			f/1500	30		
1500-100,000			1.0	30		

[The EUT is tested in transmit and receive modes and in the first, middle and the last channel separately. The following shows only our observation have the greatest emissions.]

According to OET BULLETIN 56 Fourth Edition/August 1999, Equation for Predicting RF Fields:

Friis Transmission Formula:
$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2} = \frac{45.92 \times 3.162}{4\pi (20)^2} = 0.02889 mW/cm^2$$

Estimated safe separation: $R = \sqrt{\frac{PG}{4\pi}} = \sqrt{\frac{45.92 \times 3.162}{4\pi}} = 3.399 cm$

Remarks: "The safe estimated separation that the user must maintain from the antenna is at least 4.512 cm."

Where: S = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm2)

P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW)

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm)

The *Numeric gain G* of antenna with a gain specified in dB is determined by:

G = Log⁻¹ (
$$dB$$
 antenna gain / 10)
G = Log⁻¹ (1.62 / 10) = 3.162