



**FCC CFR47 PART 15 SUBPART E  
INDUSTRY CANADA RSS-210 ISSUE 7**

**CERTIFICATION TEST REPORT**

**FOR**

**EA544D\_2 ETHERNET ADAPTER CARD FOR 2.4 / 5 GHz AP APPLICATIONS\_DFS**

**MODEL NUMBER: 65-VN663-P2**

**FCC ID: J9C-EA544D2  
IC: 2723A-EA544D2**

**REPORT NUMBER: 09U12689-7**

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**NVLAP LAB CODE 200065-0**

Revision History

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# 1. ATTESTATION OF TEST RESULTS

**COMPANY NAME:** QUALCOMM, INC.  
3165 KIFER RD  
SANTA CLARA, CA 95051  
U.S.A.

**EUT DESCRIPTION:** EA544D\_2 ETHERNET ADAPTER CARD FOR 2.4 / 5 GHz AP APPLICATIONS\_DFS

**MODEL:** 65-VN663-P2

**SERIAL NUMBER:** 7813 FOR ANTENNA PORT, 7908 FOR RADIATED EMISSIONS, AND 7901 FOR DFS

**DATE TESTED:** JUNE 24 – OCTOBER 19, 2009

APPLICABLE STANDARDS	
STANDARD	TEST RESULTS
CFR 47 Part 15 Subpart E	Pass
INDUSTRY CANADA RSS-210 Issue 7 Annex 9	Pass
INDUSTRY CANADA RSS-GEN Issue 2	Pass

Compliance Certification Services, Inc. (CCS) tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by CCS based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

**Note:** The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by CCS and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by CCS will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, any agency of the Federal Government, or any agency of any government.

Approved & Released For CCS By:

Tested By:



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## 2. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4-2003, FCC CFR 47 Part 2, FCC CFR 47 Part 15, FCC 06-96, RSS-GEN Issue 2, and RSS-210 Issue 7.

## 3. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at 47173 Benicia Street, Fremont, California, USA.

CCS is accredited by NVLAP, Laboratory Code 200065-0. The full scope of accreditation can be viewed at <http://www.ccsemc.com>.

## 4. CALIBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY

### 4.1. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment utilized to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

### 4.2. SAMPLE CALCULATION

Where relevant, the following sample calculation is provided:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Field Strength (dBuV/m)} &= \text{Measured Voltage (dBuV)} + \text{Antenna Factor (dB/m)} + \\ &\text{Cable Loss (dB)} - \text{Preamp Gain (dB)} \\ 36.5 \text{ dBuV} + 18.7 \text{ dB/m} + 0.6 \text{ dB} - 26.9 \text{ dB} &= 28.9 \text{ dBuV/m} \end{aligned}$$

### 4.3. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

PARAMETER	UNCERTAINTY
Conducted Disturbance, 0.15 to 30 MHz	3.52 dB
Radiated Disturbance, 30 to 1000 MHz	4.94 dB

Uncertainty figures are valid to a confidence level of 95%.

## 5. EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

### 5.1. DESCRIPTION OF EUT

The EUT is an 802.11a/b/g/n WLAN transceiver module for 2.4 / 5 GHz AP Applications that include DFS bands. It is equipped with four identical transmitter / receiver chains and an Ethernet port.

### 5.2. MAXIMUM OUTPUT POWER

The transmitter has a maximum peak conducted output power as follows:

Frequency Range (MHz)	Mode	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)
<b>5.2 GHz BAND</b>			
5180 - 5240	802.11a	12.10	16.22
5180 - 5240	802.11n HT20	13.67	23.28
5190 - 5230	802.11n HT40	16.88	48.75
<b>5.3 GHz BAND</b>			
5260 - 5320	802.11a	18.62	72.78
5260 - 5320	802.11n HT20	20.50	112.20
5270 - 5310	802.11n HT40	23.62	230.14
<b>5.6 GHz BAND</b>			
5500 - 5700	802.11a	19.76	94.62
5500 - 5700	802.11n HT20	22.70	186.21
5510 - 5670	802.11n HT40	23.89	244.91

### 5.3. DESCRIPTION OF AVAILABLE ANTENNAS

The radio utilizes a dual band omni monopole (4 identical) antenna, each with a maximum gain of 3 dBi in the 5 GHz bands.

For the 802.11a legacy mode only two chains are transmitting, therefore the effective legacy antenna gain is:

Antenna Gain (dBi)	10 Log (# Tx Chains) (dB)	Effective Legacy Gain (dBi)
3	3.01	6.01



## **5.4. SOFTWARE AND FIRMWARE**

The EUT driver software installed during testing was Keyspan, rev. 3.7.0.2.

The test utility software used during testing was PTT Gui, rev. 5.1.

## **5.5. WORST-CASE CONFIGURATION AND MODE**

The EUT was tested as an external module connected to a host Laptop PC via a test fixture.

Worst-Case data rates were utilized from preliminary testing of the Chipset, worst-case data rates used during the testing are as follows:

802.11a Mode (20 MHz BW operation): 6 Mbps, OFDM.

802.11n MIMO HT20 Mode: MCS31, 260 Mbps, 4 Spatial Streams.

802.11n MIMO HT40 Mode: MCS31, 540 Mbps, 4 Spatial Streams.

Worst-case mode and channel used for 30-1000 MHz radiated and power line conducted emissions was the mode and channel with the highest output power, that was determined to be 11n HT40, high channel.

For 26 dB BW measurement preliminary testing showed that there is no significant difference among different chains, so the measurement was performed using Chain 0.

For conducted spurious measurement preliminary testing showed that combiner is worst-case compared to individual chains; therefore, final measurement was performed using combiner for all channels and modes.

For PPSD measurement preliminary testing showed that combiner is worst-case compared to individual chains; therefore, final measurement was performed using combiner for all channels and modes.

For Radiated Band Edge measurements preliminary testing showed that the worst case was vertical polarization, so final measurements were performed with vertical polarization.

## 5.6. DESCRIPTION OF TEST SETUP

### SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

PERIPHERAL SUPPORT EQUIPMENT LIST				
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	FCC ID
Laptop	IBM	T43 ThinkPad	L3-F9978 05/06	DoC
AC Adapter	IBM	08K8208	11S08K8208Z1Z6	DoC
AC Adapter	Phihong	PSA15R-050P	N/A	N/A
Serial (DB9)/USB	Keyspan	N/A	N/A	N/A
Test Fixture	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

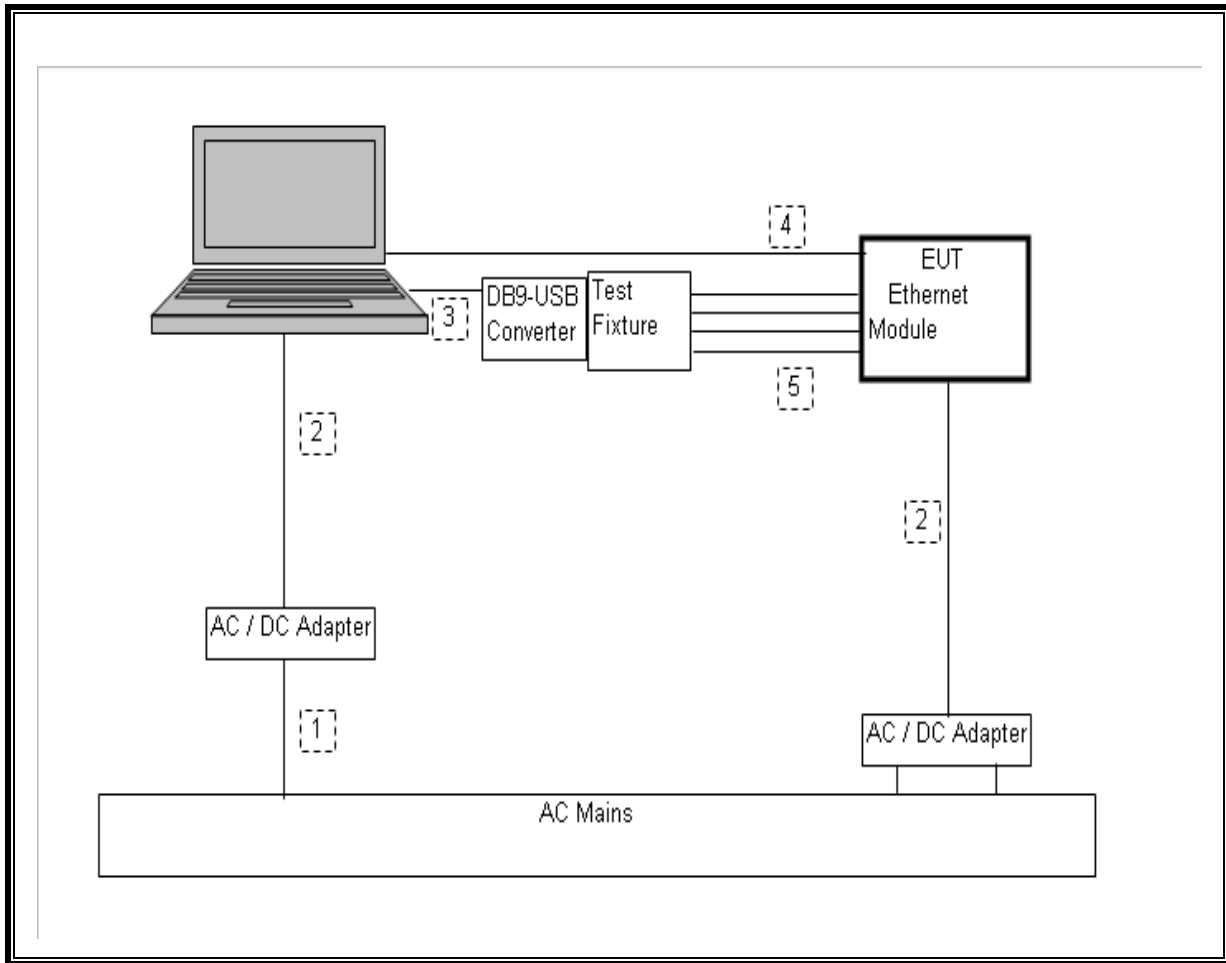
### I/O CABLES

I/O CABLE LIST						
Cable No.	Port	# of Identical Ports	Connecto Type	Cable Type	Cable Length	Remarks
1	AC	2	US 115V	Shielded	1m	For laptop & EUT
2	DC	2	DC	Un-shielded	2m	For laptop & EUT
3	USB	1	USB	Shielded	.8m	From laptop to USB Converter
4	Ethernet	1	RJ45	Un-shielded	1 m	From laptop to EUT
5	Cable	1	Ribbon	Un-shielded	.4 m	Test Fixture to EUT

### TEST SETUP

The EUT is installed in a host laptop computer via test fixture during the tests. Test software exercised the radio card.

**SETUP DIAGRAM FOR TESTS**



## 6. TEST AND MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT

The following test and measurement equipment was utilized for the tests documented in this report:

TEST EQUIPMENT LIST					
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Asset	Cal Date	Cal Due
Spectrum Analyzer, 44 GHz	Agilent / HP	E4446A	C01069	01/05/09	01/05/10
Antenna, Bilog, 2 GHz	Sunol Sciences	JB1	C01011	01/14/09	01/14/10
Antenna, Horn, 18 GHz	EMCO	3115	C00945	04/22/09	04/22/10
Antenna, Horn, 26.5 GHz	ARA	MVH-1826/B	C00589	09/29/08	11/28/09
Antenna, Horn, 40 GHz	ARA	MVH-2640B	C00981	05/21/09	05/21/10
Preamplifier, 40 GHz	Miteq	NSP4000-SP2	C00990	10/11/08	10/11/09
Preamplifier, 1300 MHz	Agilent / HP	8447D	C00885	03/31/09	03/31/10
Preamplifier, 1-26GHz	Agilent / HP	8449B	C01052	08/05/08	08/05/09
Peak Power Meter	Boonton	4541	C01186	01/19/09	01/19/10
Peak Power Sensor	Boonton	4541	C01189	01/15/09	01/15/10
LISN, 30 MHz	FCC	LISN-50/250-25-2	N02625	10/29/08	10/29/09
EMI Test Receiver, 30 MHz	R & S	ESHS 20	N02396	02/06/08	08/06/09

## 7. ANTENNA PORT TEST RESULTS

### 7.1. 5.2 GHz BAND CHANNEL TESTS FOR 802.11a MODE

#### 7.1.1. 26 dB and 99% BANDWIDTH

##### LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

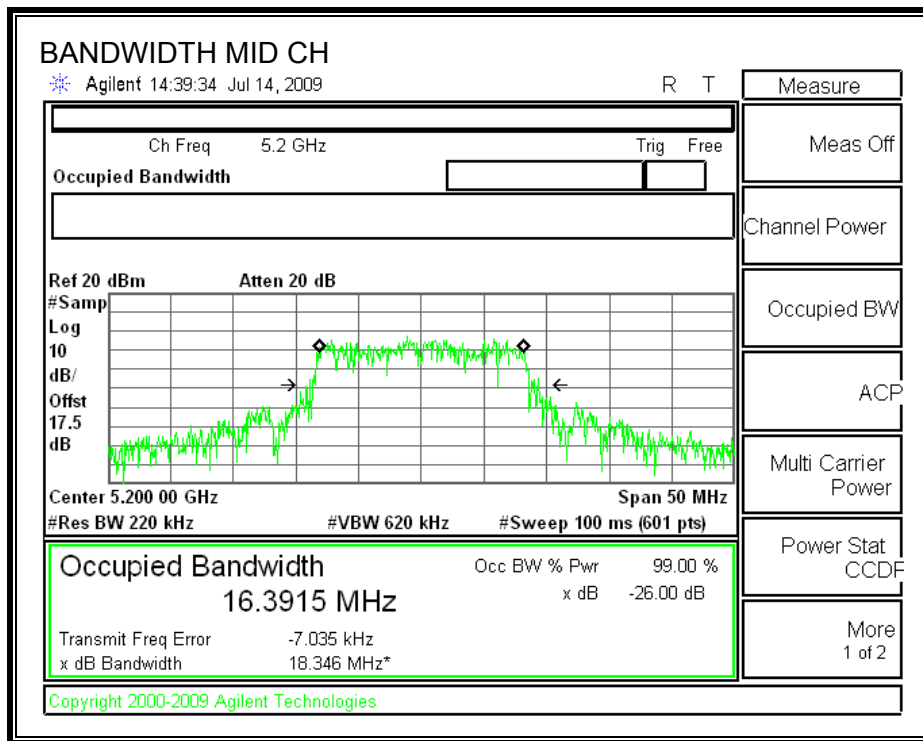
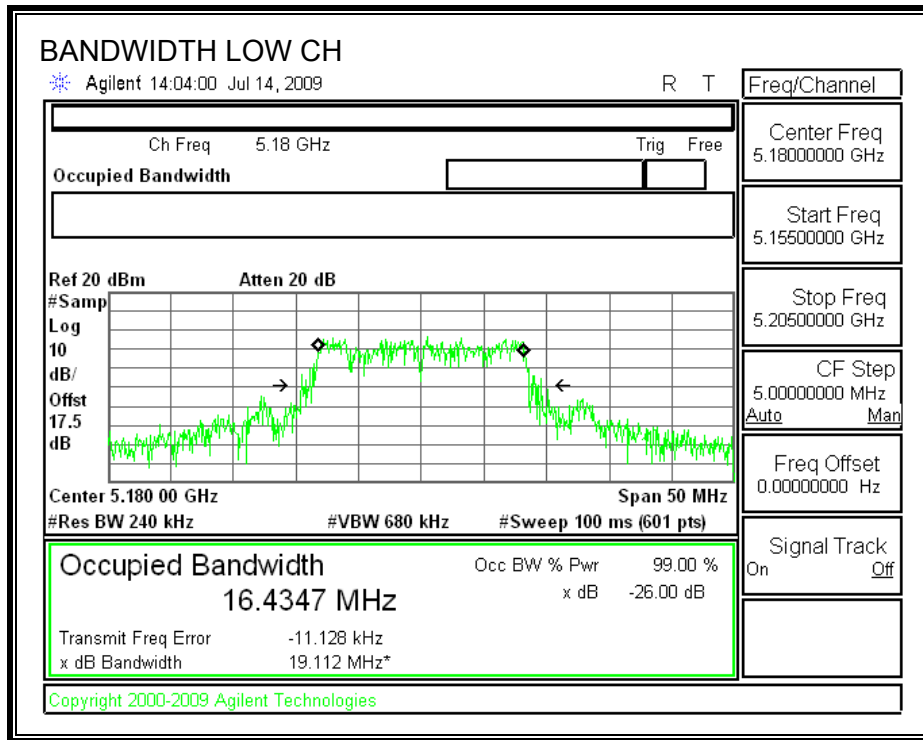
##### TEST PROCEDURE

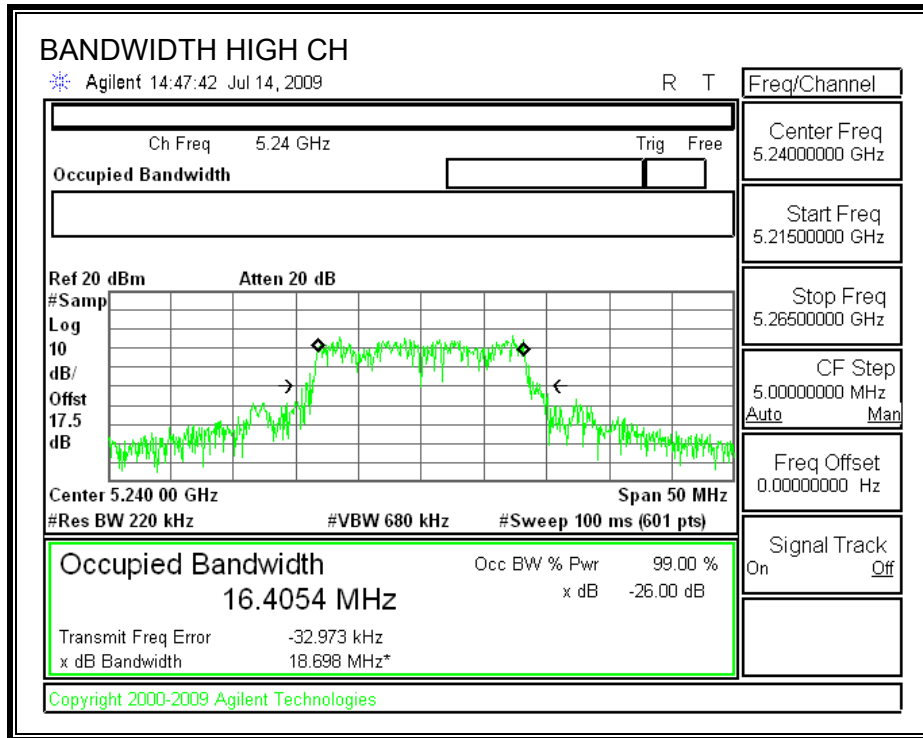
The transmitter outputs are connected to the spectrum analyzer via a combiner. The RBW is set to 1% to 3% of the measured bandwidth. The VBW is set to 3 times the RBW. The sweep time is coupled. The spectrum analyzer internal bandwidth function is utilized.

##### RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	26 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	5180	19.1120	16.4340
Middle	5200	18.3460	16.3915
High	5240	18.6980	16.4054

**26 dB and 99% BANDWIDTH**





### 7.1.2. OUTPUT POWER

#### LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (a) (1)  
 IC RSS-210 A9.2 (1)

Antenna gain of Chain 1 = antenna gain of Chain 2.

Antenna Gain (dBi)	10 Log (# Tx Chains) (dB)	Effective Legacy Gain (dBi)
3	3.01	6.01

For the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 50 mW or 4 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26-dB emission bandwidth in MHz. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the peak transmit power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

#### TEST PROCEDURE

The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002.

The transmitter output operates continuously therefore Method # 1 is used.

#### RESULTS

##### Limit

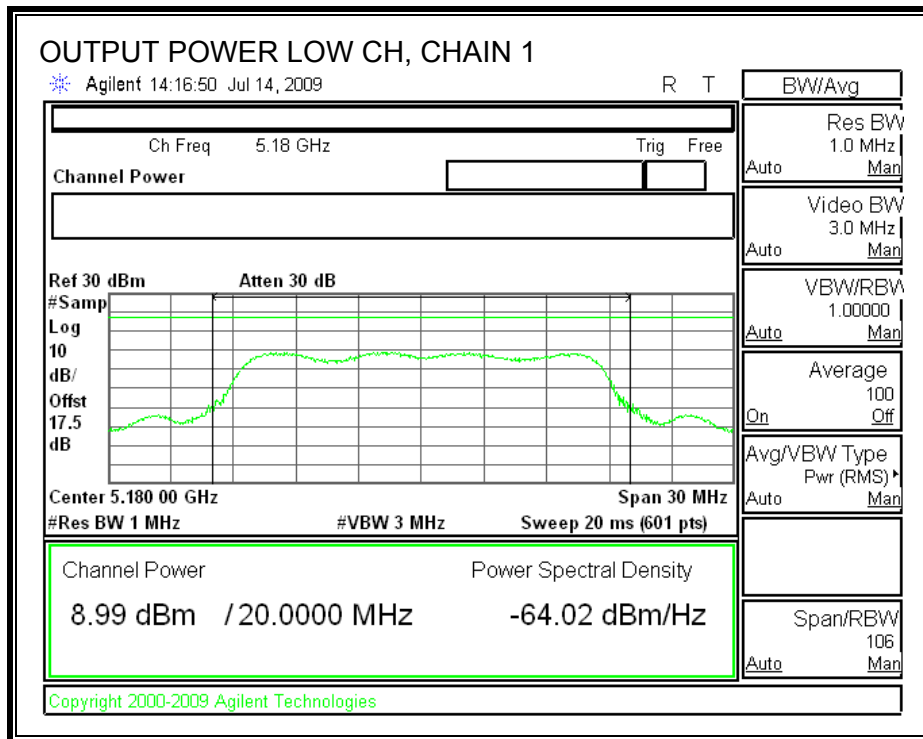
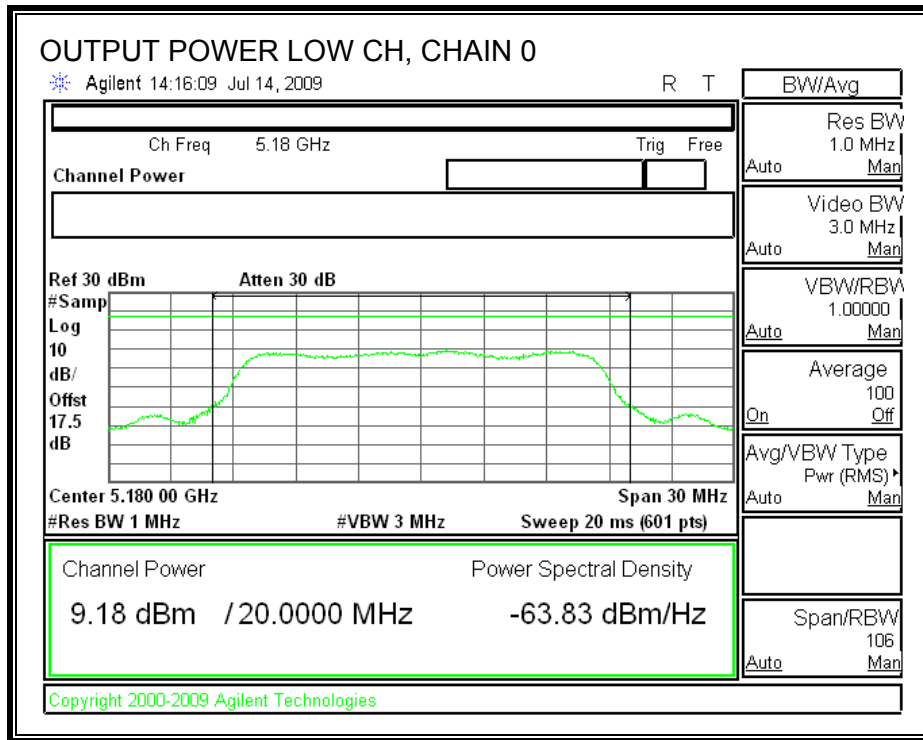
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Fixed Limit (dBm)	B (MHz)	4 + 10 Log B Limit (dBm)	Effective Antenna Gain (dBi)	Limit (dBm)
Low	5180	17	19.1120	16.81	6.01	16.80
Mid	5200	17	18.3460	16.64	6.01	16.63
High	5240	17	18.6980	16.72	6.01	16.71

##### Individual Chain Results

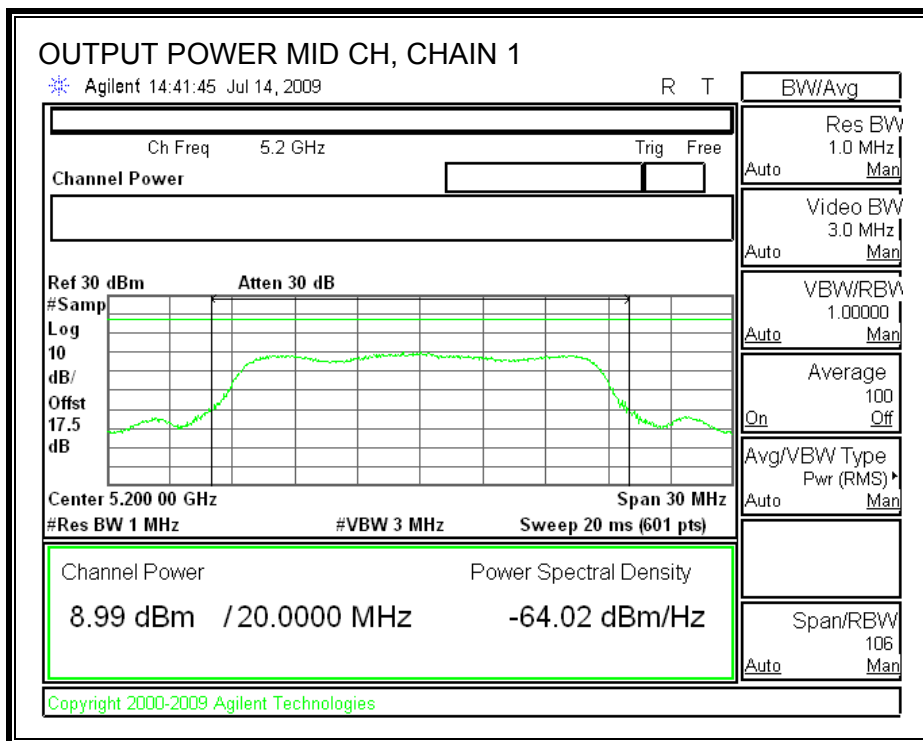
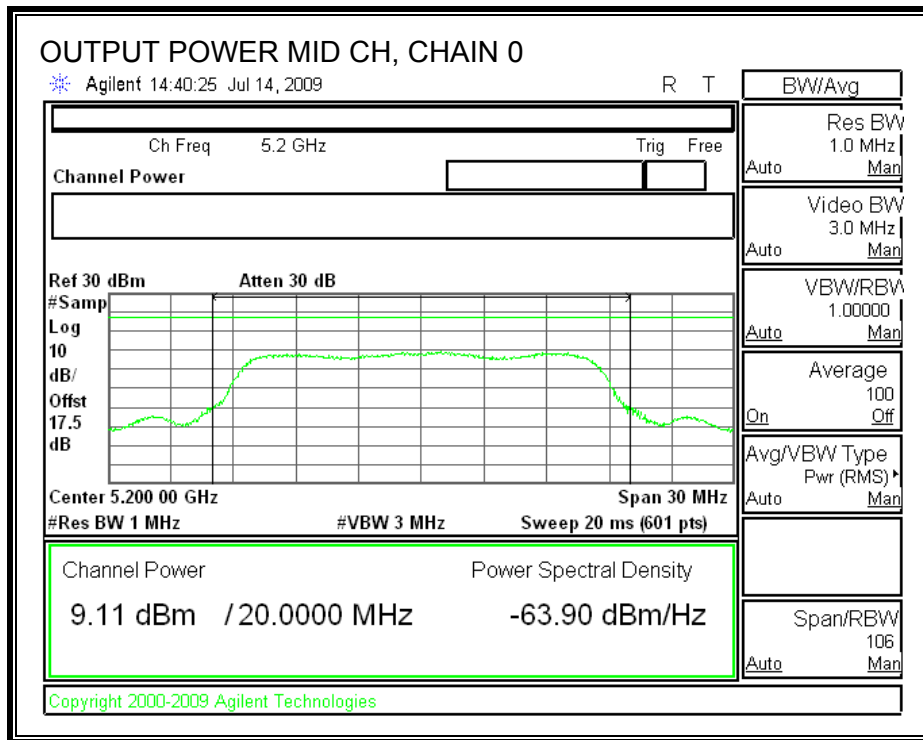
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 Power (dBm)	Chain 1 Power (dBm)	Total Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	5180	9.18	8.99	12.10	16.80	-4.71
Mid	5200	9.11	8.99	12.06	16.63	-4.56
High	5240	9.15	8.96	12.07	16.71	-4.64



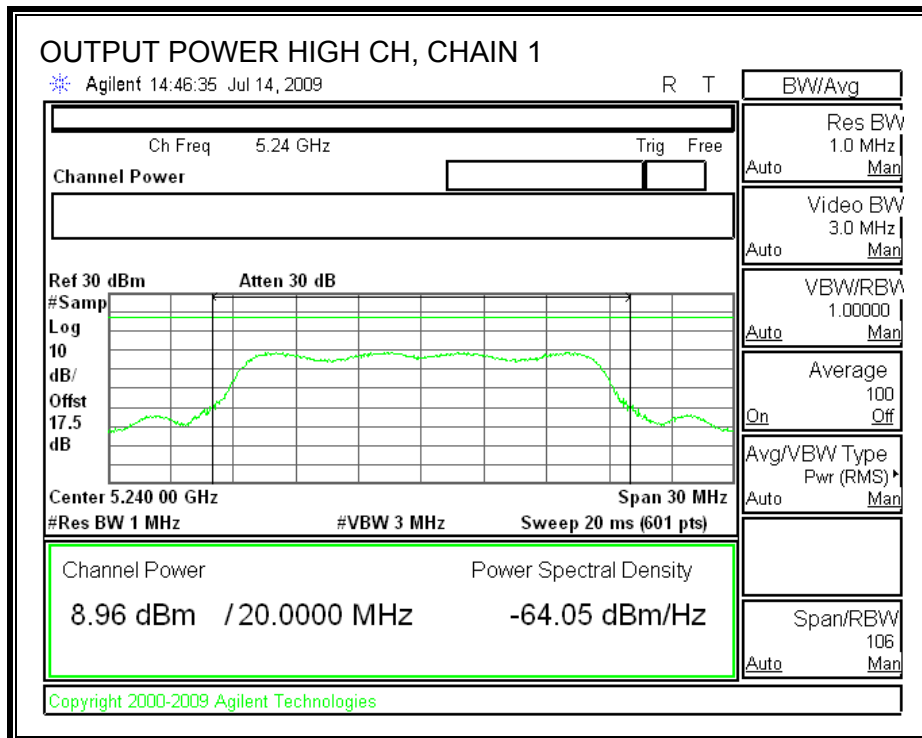
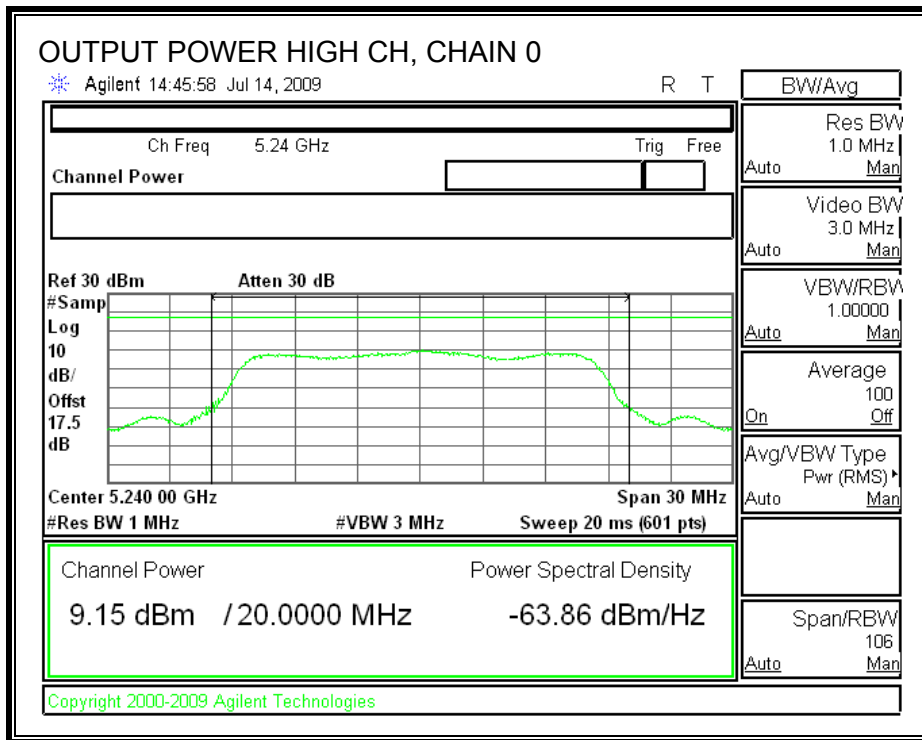
**OUTPUT POWER, LOW CHANNEL**



**OUTPUT POWER, MID CHANNEL**



**OUTPUT POWER, HIGH CHANNEL**



### 7.1.3. AVERAGE POWER

#### LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

#### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

#### RESULTS

The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.3 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.3 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 Power (dBm)	Chain 1 Power (dBm)	Total Power (dBm)
Low	5180	9.15	8.89	12.03
Middle	5200	9.10	8.98	12.05
High	5240	9.09	8.93	12.02

**7.1.4. PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY**

**LIMITS**

FCC §15.407 (a) (1)

IC RSS-210 A9.2 (1)

Use this table if antenna gain for Chain 1 = antenna gain for Chain 2

Antenna Gain (dBi)	10 Log (# Tx Chains) (dB)	Effective Legacy Gain (dBi)
3	3.01	6.01

For the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the peak power spectral density shall not exceed 4 dBm in any 1 MHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the peak transmit power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

The maximum effective antenna gain is less than or equal to 6.01 dBi, therefore the limit is 3.99 dBm.

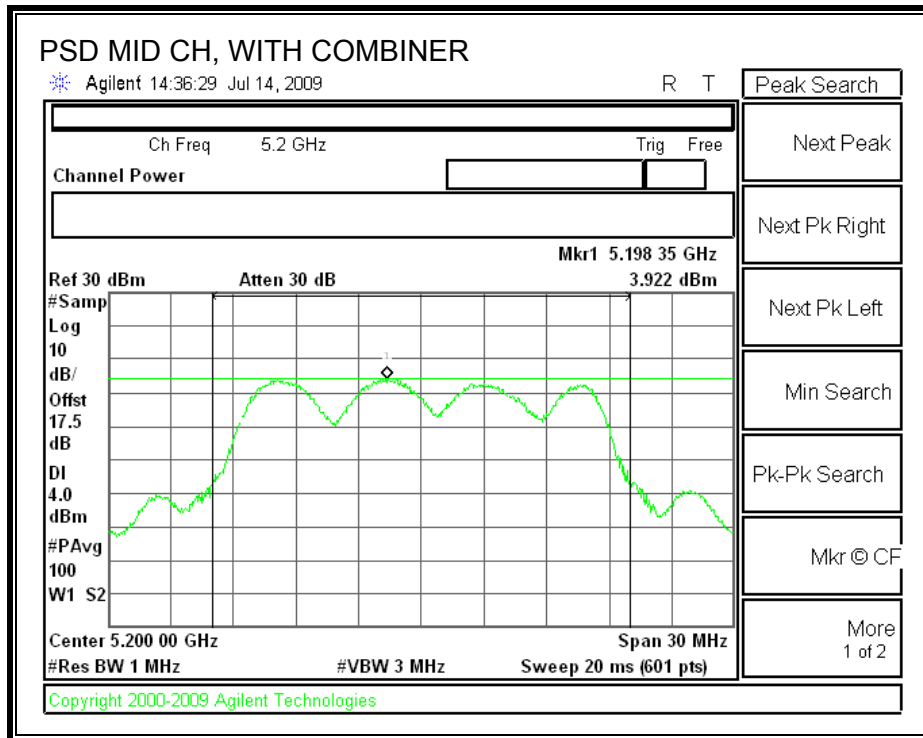
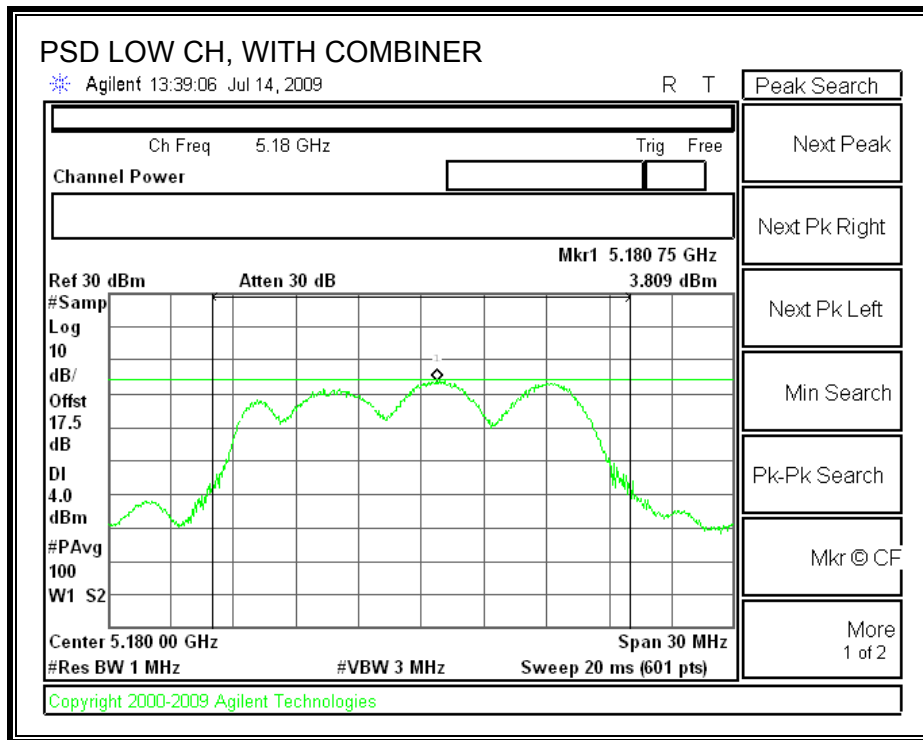
**TEST PROCEDURE**

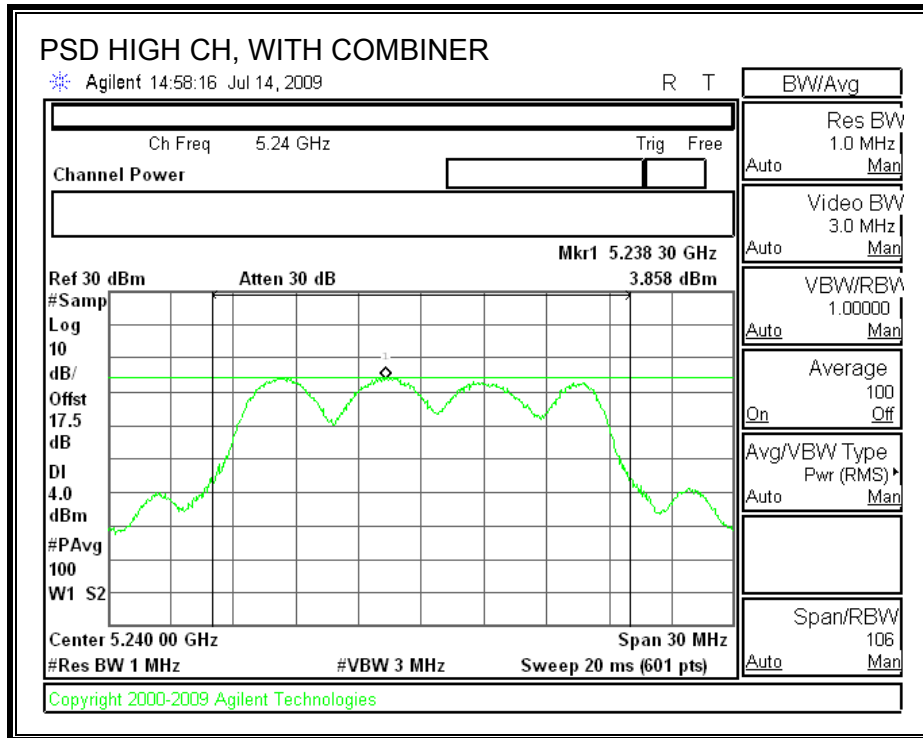
The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002. PPSD method #2 was used.

**RESULTS**

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD With Combiner (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	5180	3.81	3.99	-0.18
Middle	5200	3.92	3.99	-0.07
High	5240	3.86	3.99	-0.13

**POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY WITH COMBINER**





### 7.1.5. PEAK EXCURSION

#### LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (a) (6)

The ratio of the peak excursion of the modulation envelope (measured using a peak hold function) to the peak transmit power (measured as specified above) shall not exceed 13 dB across any 1 MHz bandwidth or the emission bandwidth whichever is less.

#### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter outputs are connected to the spectrum analyzer via a combiner.

The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002.

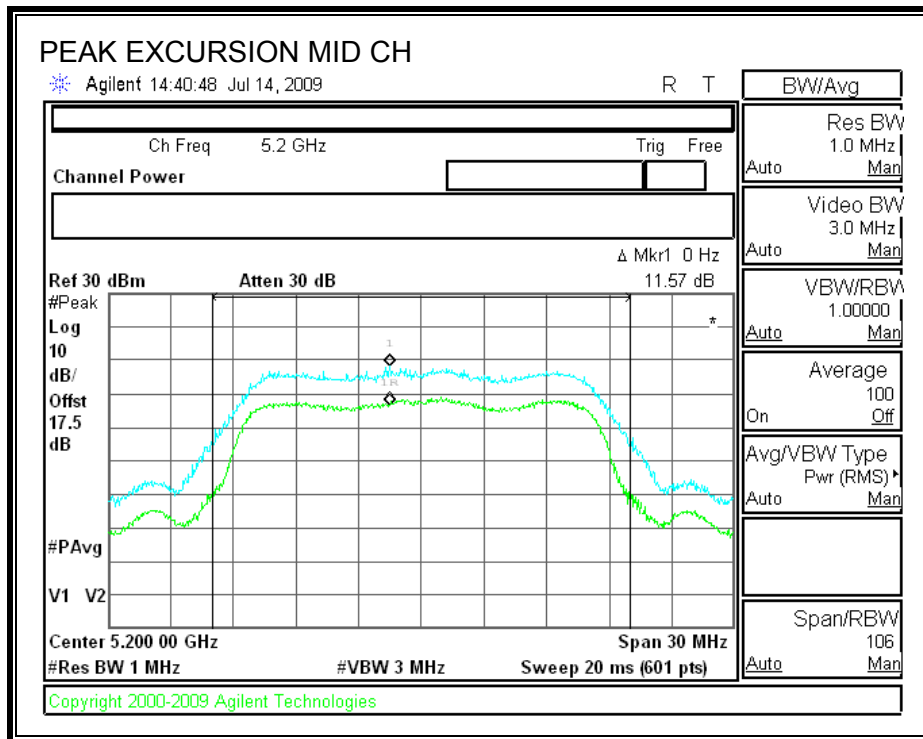
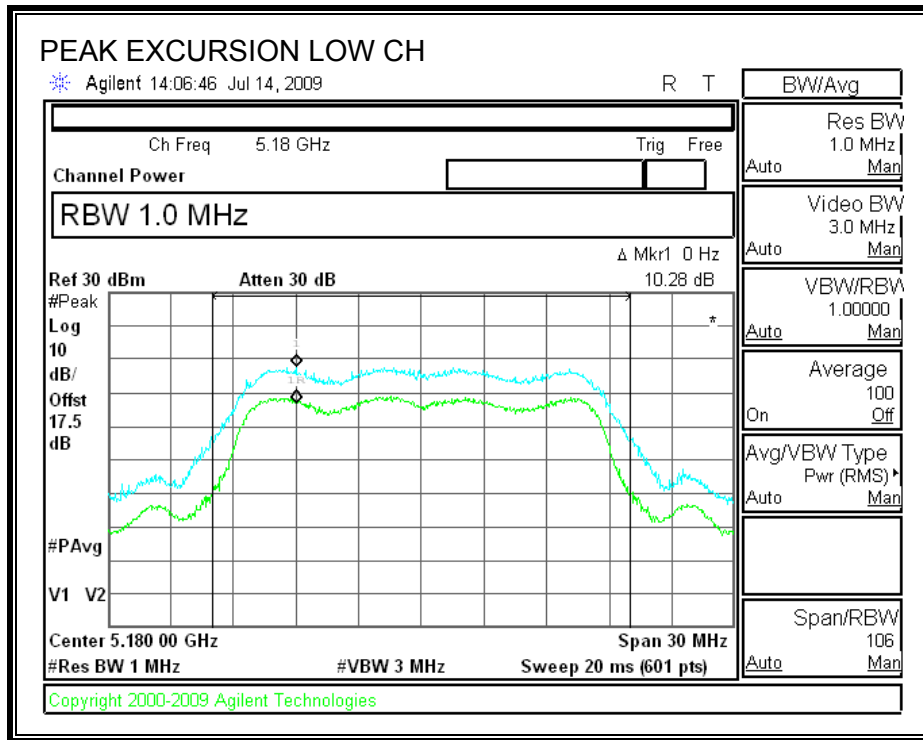
Since Method # 1 was used for peak power measurements, Method # 1 settings are used for the second PPSD trace.

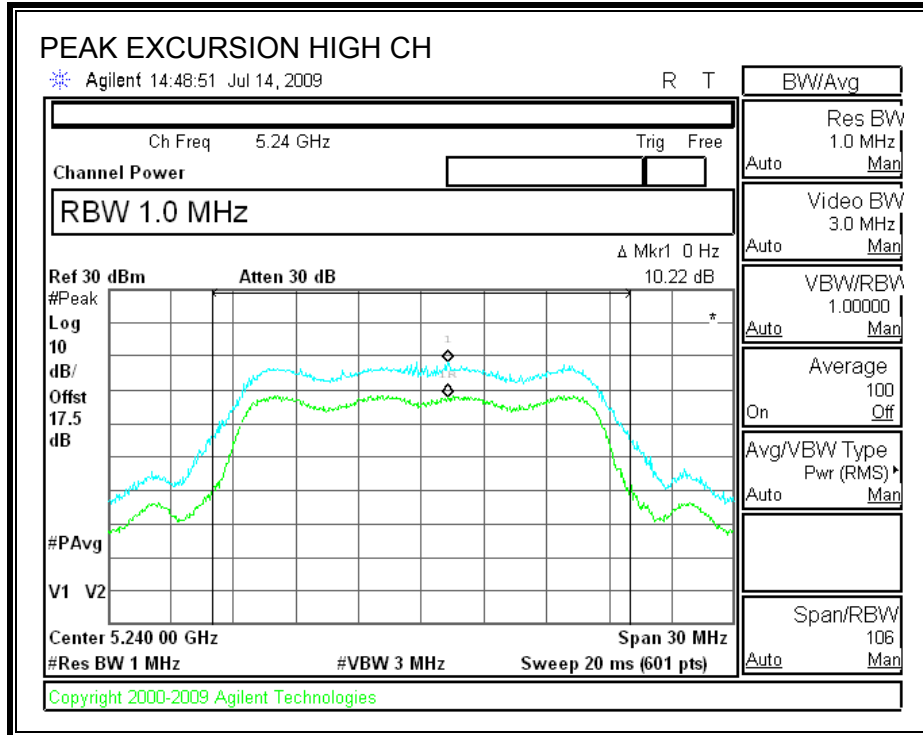
#### RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Excursion (dB)	Limit (dB)	Margin (dB)
Low	5180	10.28	13	-2.72
Middle	5200	11.57	13	-1.43
High	5240	10.22	13	-2.78



**PEAK EXCURSION**





## 7.1.6. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

### LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (b) (1)

IC RSS-210 A9.3 (1)

For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: all emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27 dBm / MHz.

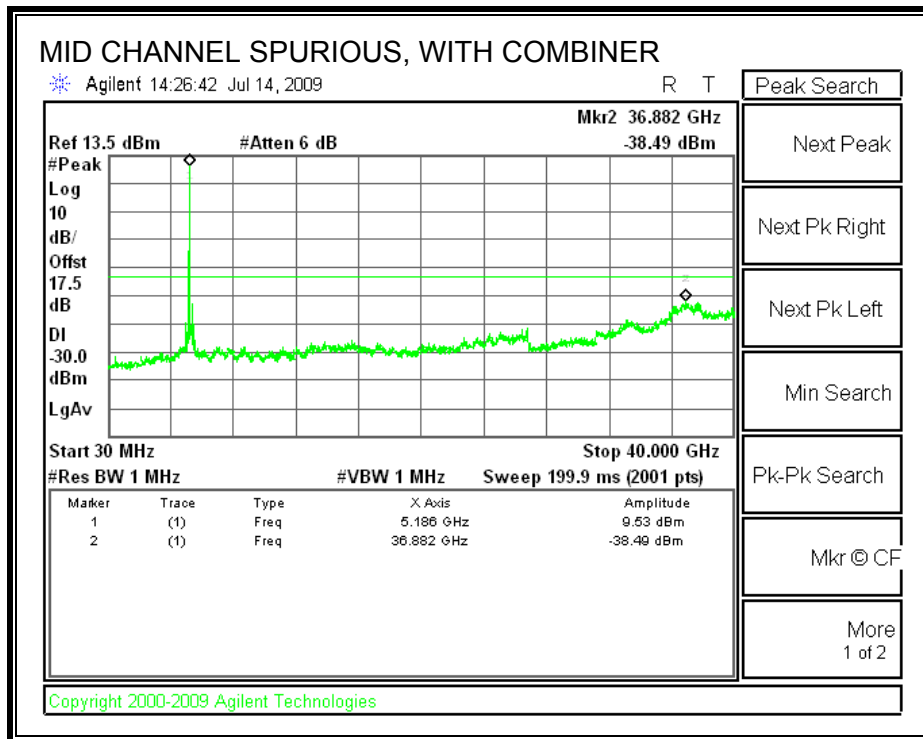
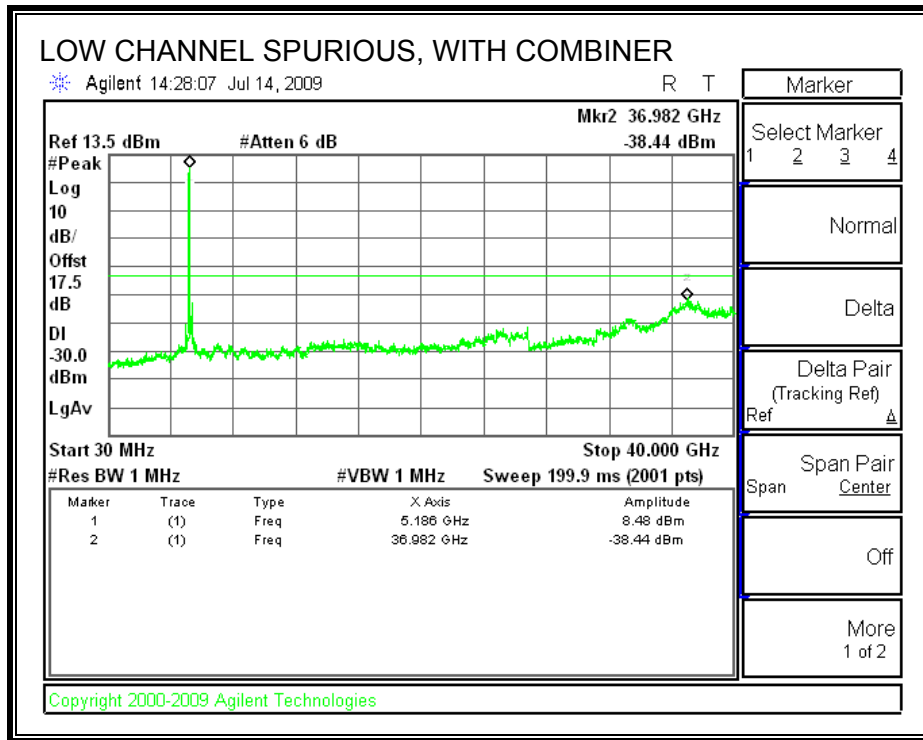
### TEST PROCEDURE

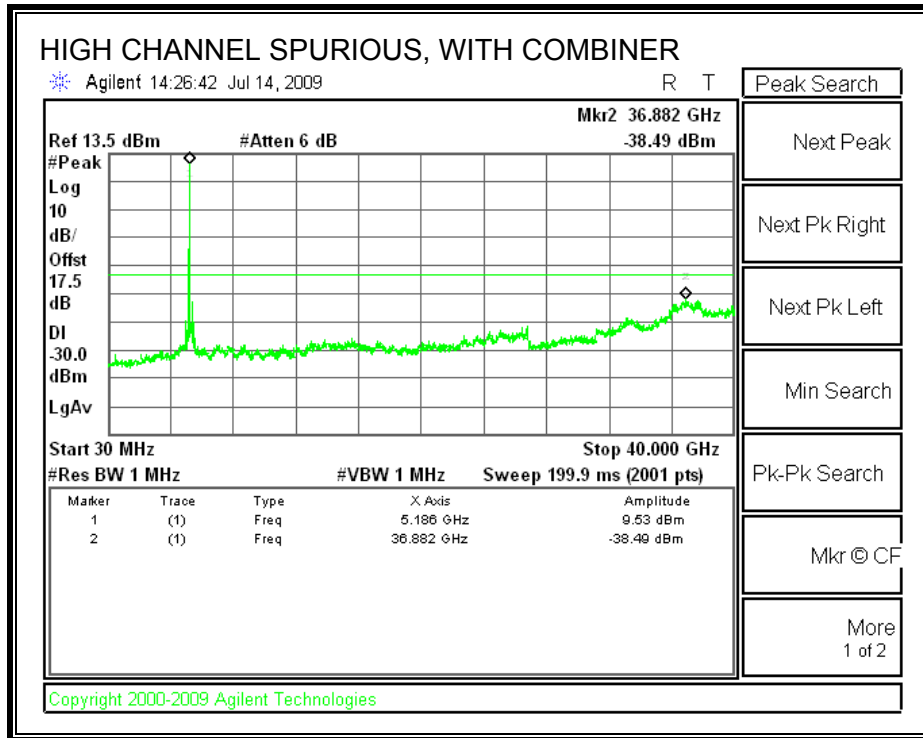
Conducted RF measurements of the transmitter output are made to confirm that the EUT antenna port conducted emissions meet the specified limit and to identify any spurious signals that require further investigation or measurements on the radiated emissions site.

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz. The video bandwidth is set to 1 MHz. Peak detection measurements are compared to EIRP limit, adjusted for the maximum antenna gain.

Measurements are made over the 30 MHz to 40 GHz range with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

**SPURIOUS EMISSIONS WITH COMBINER**





## 7.2. 5.2 GHz BAND CHANNEL TESTS FOR 802.11n HT20 MODE

### 7.2.1. 99% & 26 dB BANDWIDTH

#### LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

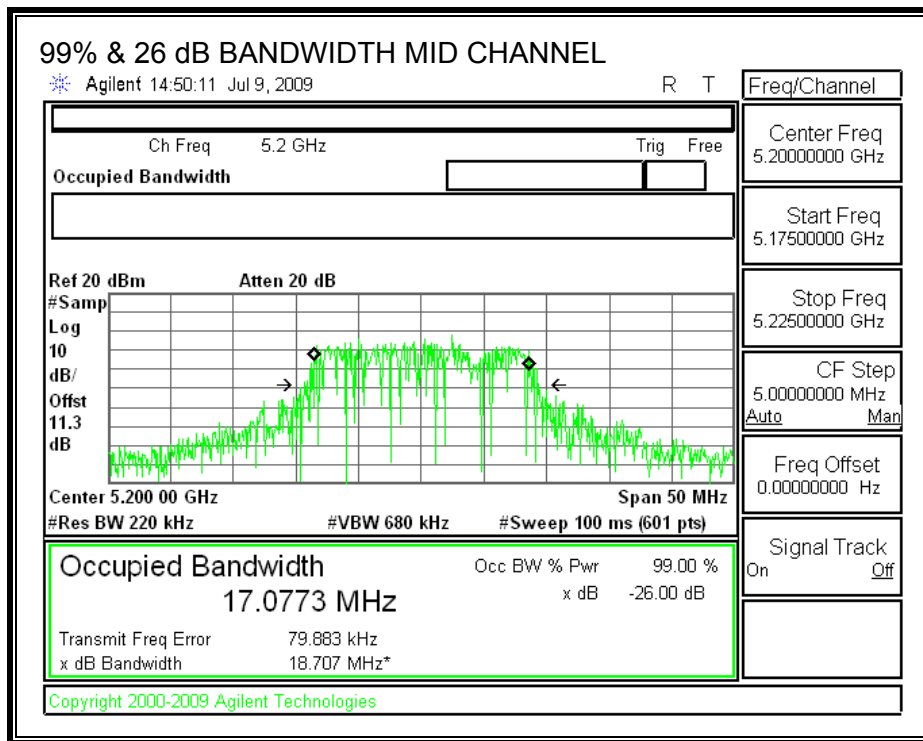
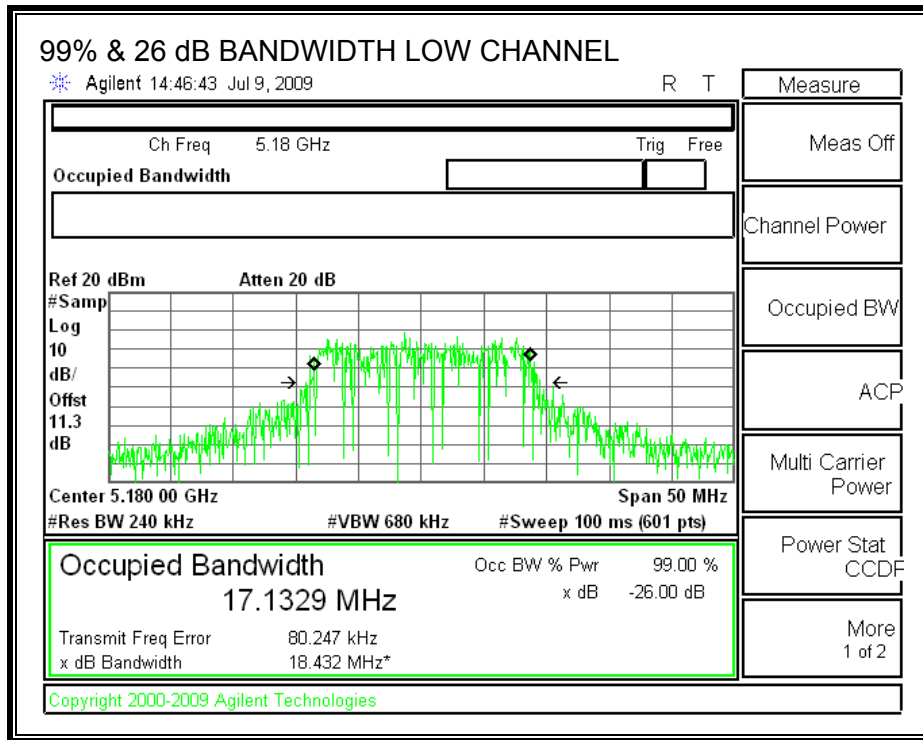
#### TEST PROCEDURE

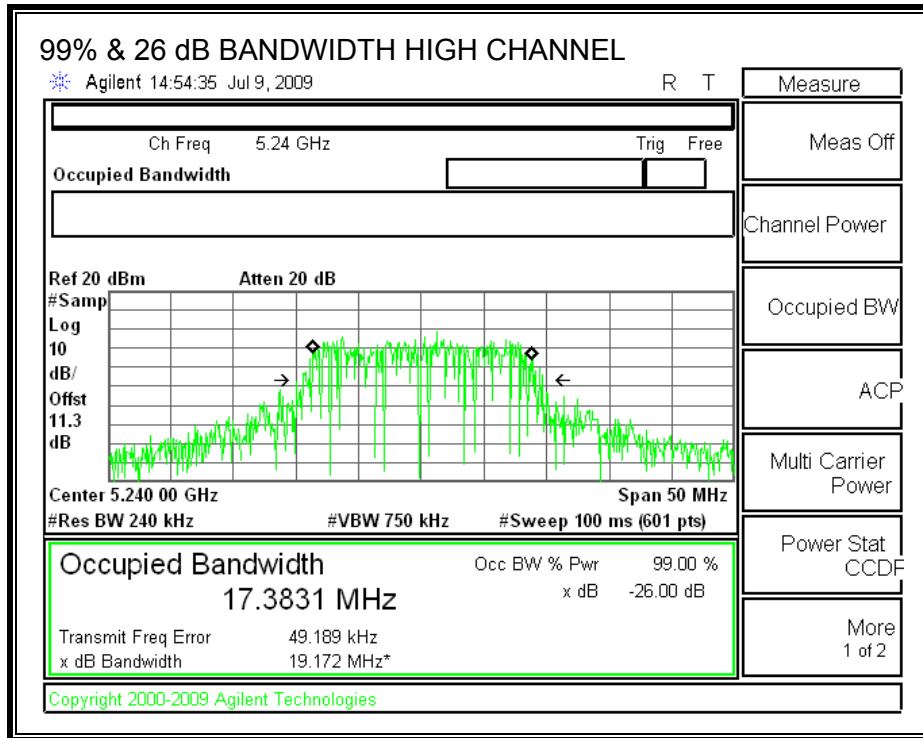
The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to 1% to 3% of the bandwidth. The VBW is set to 3 times the RBW. The sweep time is coupled. The spectrum analyzer internal bandwidth measurement function is utilized.

#### RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% OBW (MHz)	26 dB BW (MHz)
Low	5180	17.1329	18.432
Middle	5200	17.0773	18.707
High	5240	17.3831	19.172

**99% & 26 dB BANDWIDTH**







## 7.2.2. OUTPUT POWER

### LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (a) (2)  
 IC RSS-210 A9.2 (2)

For the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 50 mW or 4 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26-dB emission bandwidth in MHz. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the peak transmit power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

### TEST PROCEDURE

The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002.

The transmitter output operates continuously therefore Method # 1 is used.

### RESULTS

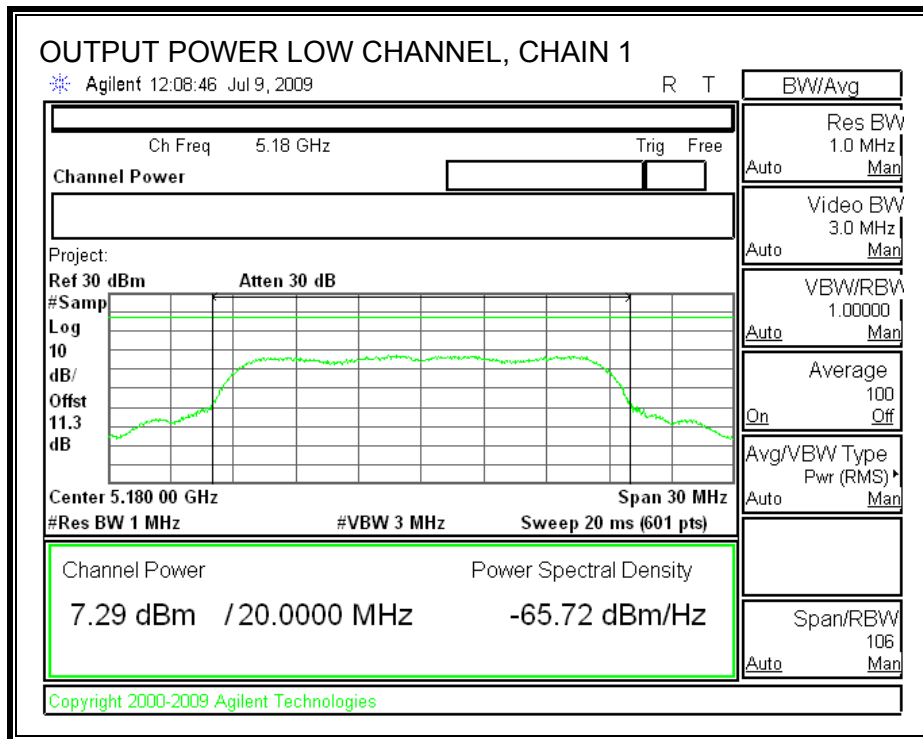
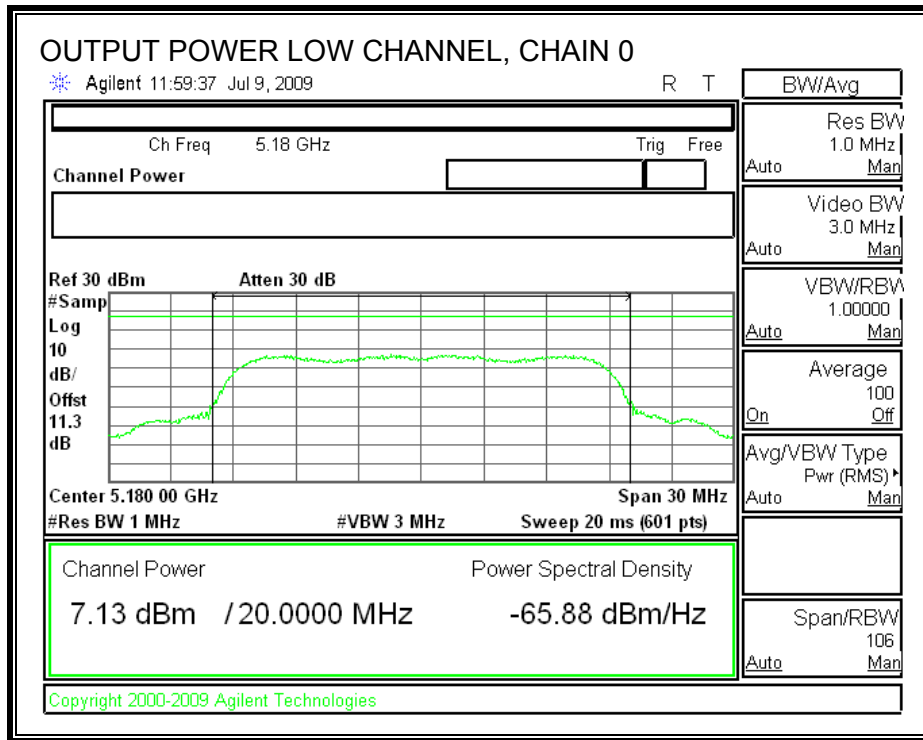
#### Limit

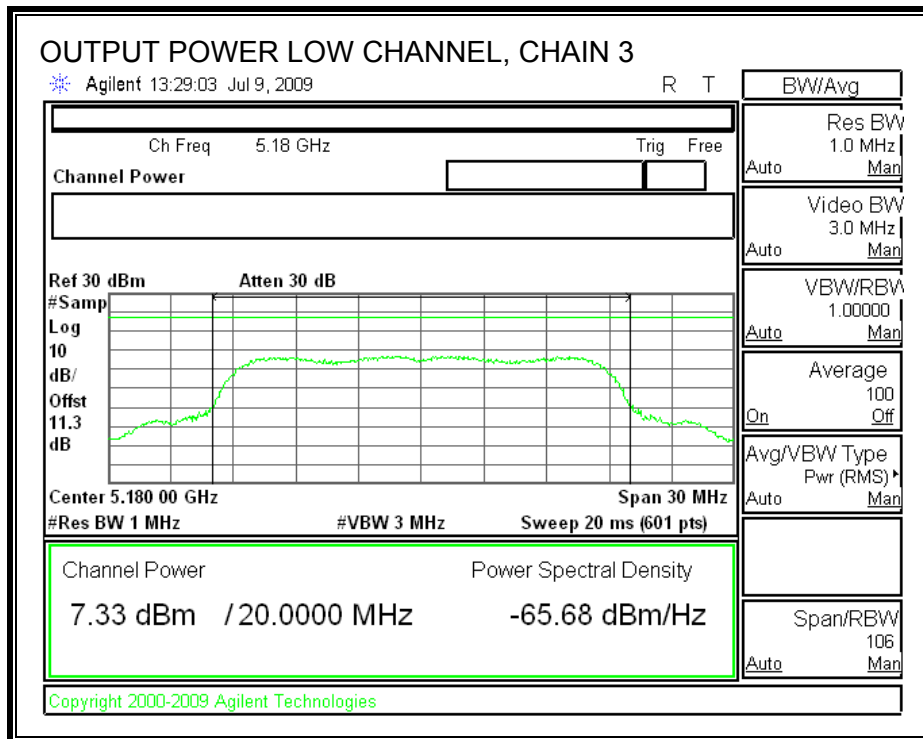
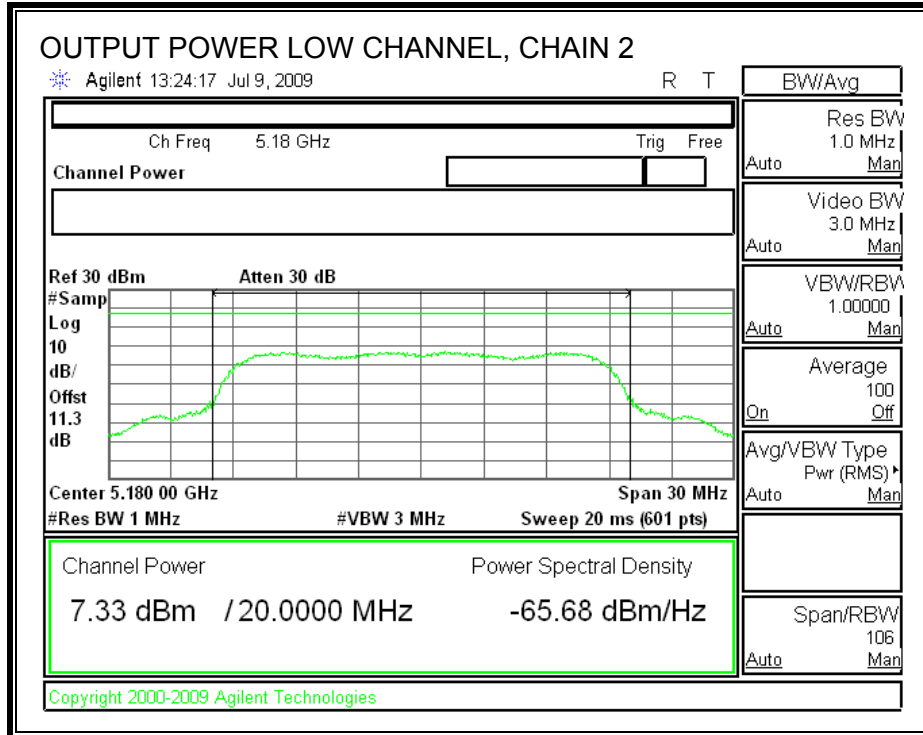
Channel	Freq (MHz)	Fixed Limit (dBm)	B (MHz)	4 + 10 Log B Limit (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Limit (dBm)
Low	5180	17	18.432	16.66	3	16.66
Mid	5200	17	18.707	16.72	3	16.72
High	5240	17	19.172	16.83	3	16.83

#### Individual Chain Results

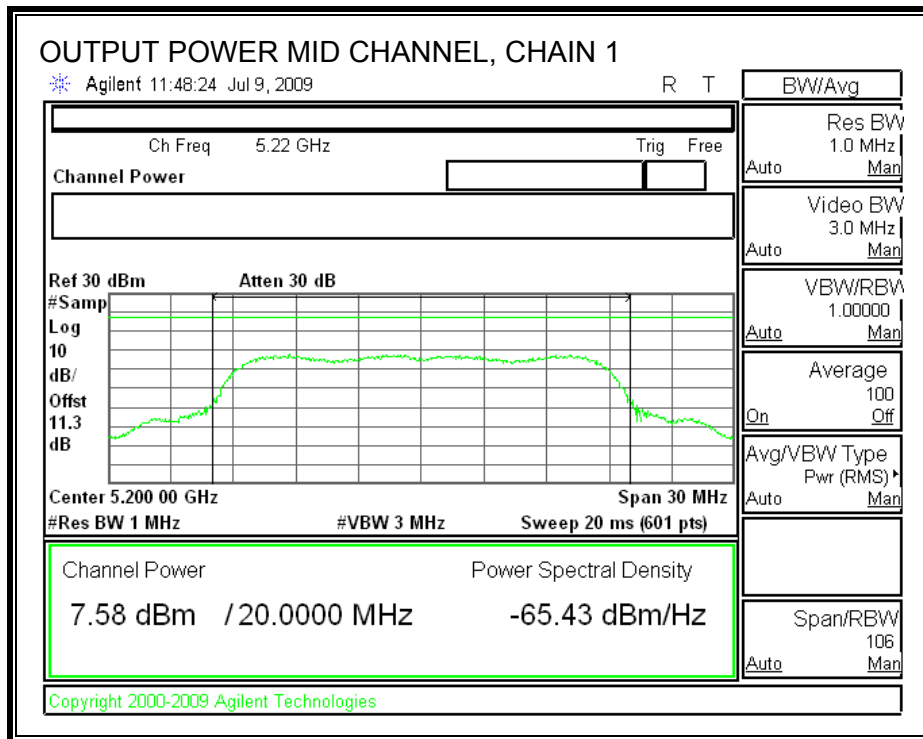
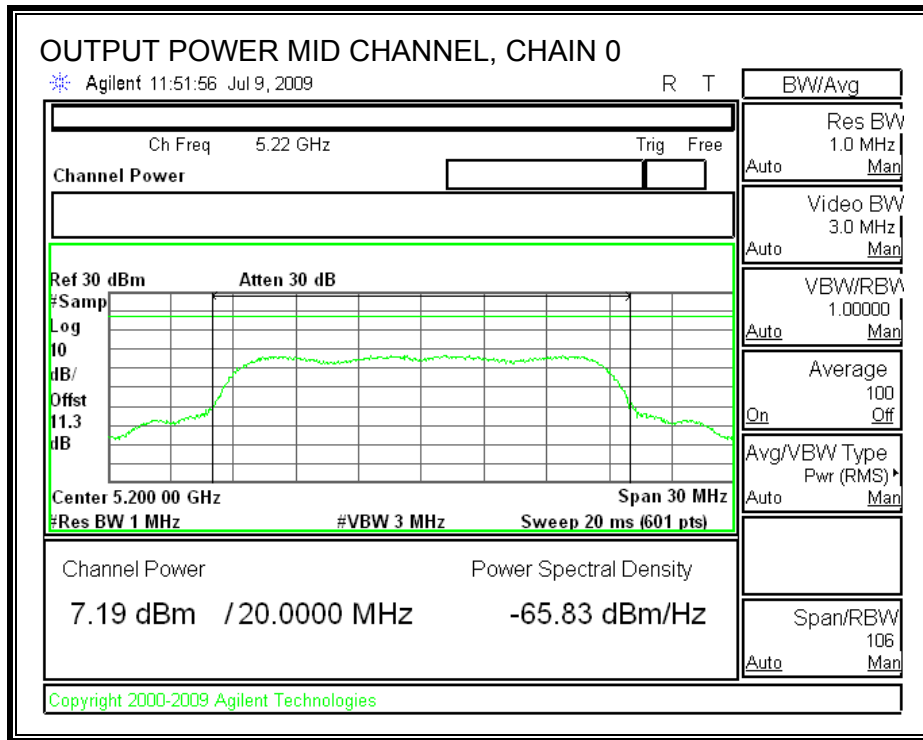
Channel	Freq (MHz)	Chain 0 Power (dBm)	Chain 1 Power (dBm)	Chain 2 Power (dBm)	Chain 3 Power (dBm)	Total Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	5180	7.13	7.29	7.33	7.33	13.29	16.66	-3.36
Mid	5200	7.19	7.58	7.47	7.65	13.50	16.72	-3.22
High	5240	7.22	7.86	7.85	7.65	13.67	16.83	-3.15

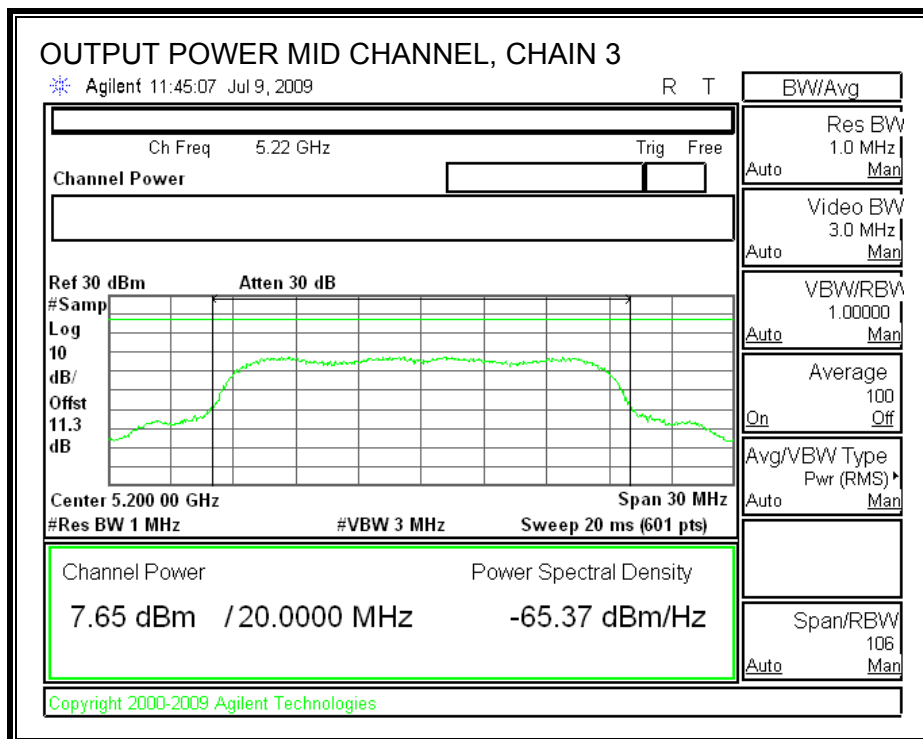
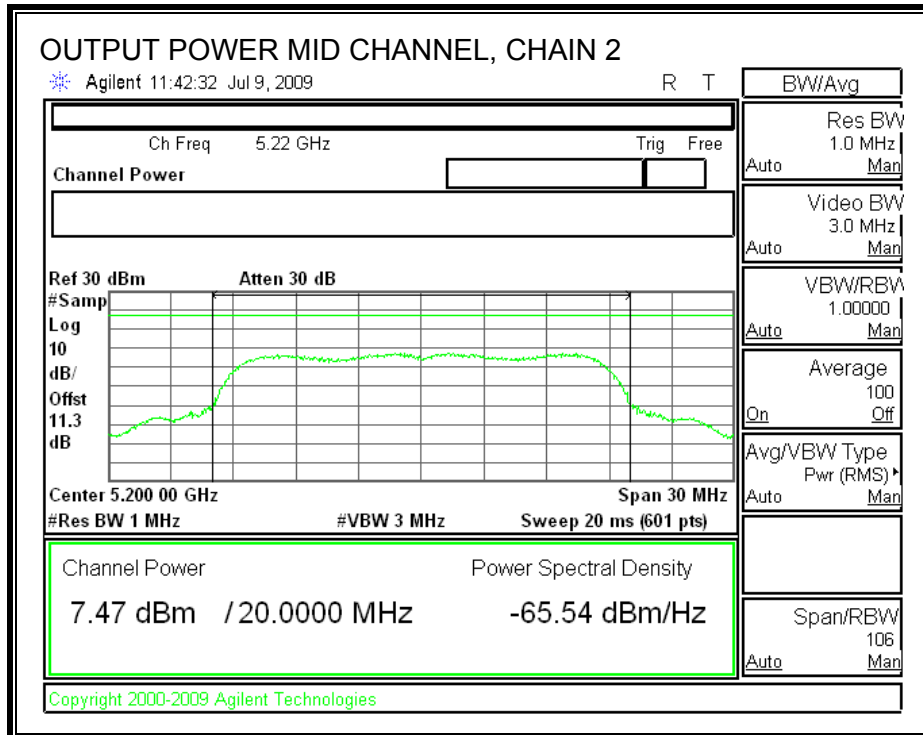
**OUTPUT POWER, LOW CHANNEL**



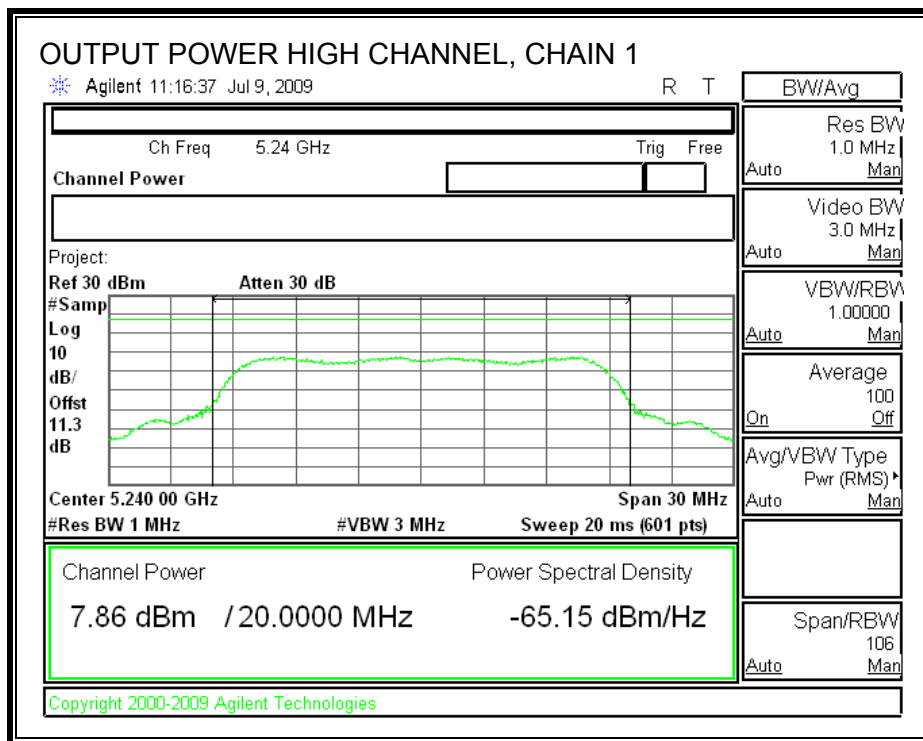
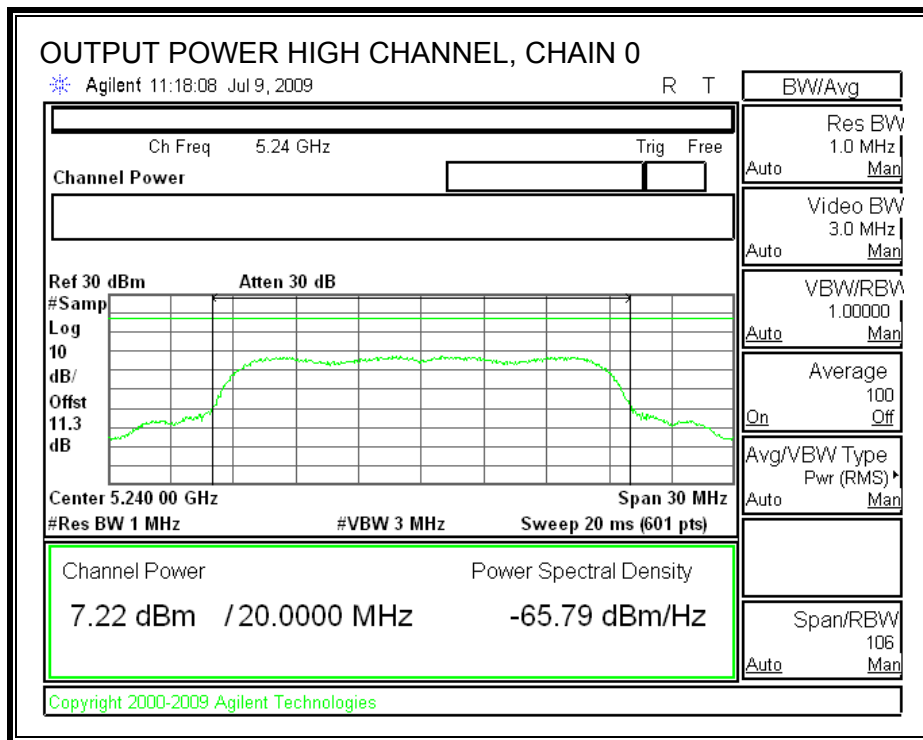


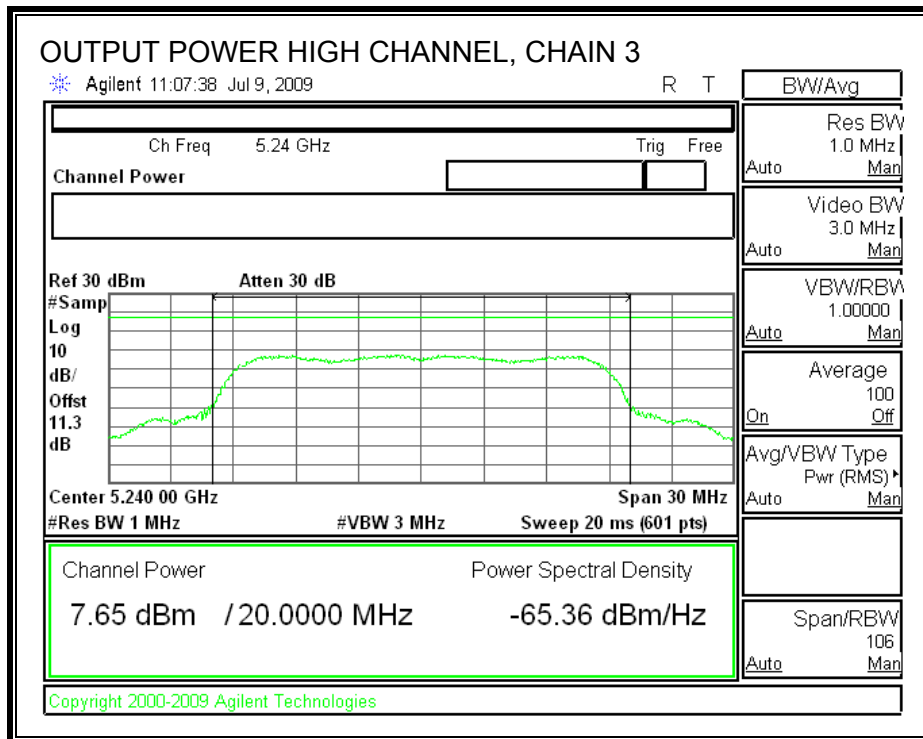
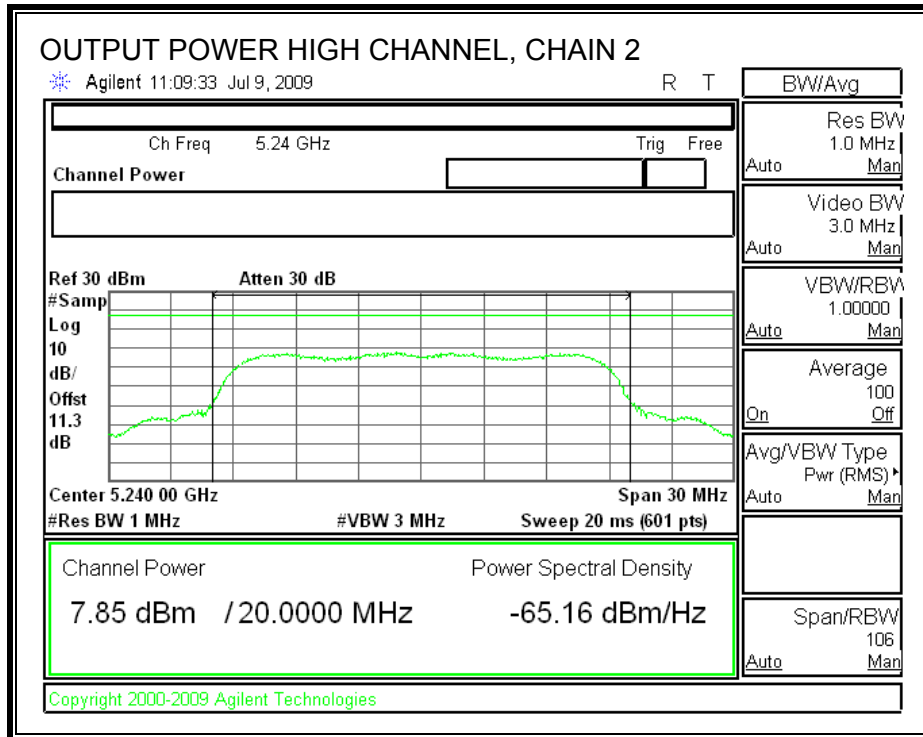
**OUTPUT POWER, MID CHANNEL**





**OUTPUT POWER, HIGH CHANNEL**





### 7.2.3. AVERAGE POWER

#### LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

#### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.3 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.3 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

#### RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 Power (dBm)	Chain 1 Power (dBm)	Chain 2 Power (dBm)	Chain 3 Power (dBm)
Low	5180	7.41	7.51	7.69	7.89
Middle	5200	7.11	8.23	8.01	8.05
High	5240	7.82	7.85	8.04	8.11



## 7.2.4. PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

### LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (a) (2)

IC RSS-210 A9.2 (2)

For the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the peak power spectral density shall not exceed 4 dBm in any 1 MHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the peak transmit power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

The maximum antenna gain is less than 6 dBi, therefore the limit is 4 dBm.

### TEST PROCEDURE

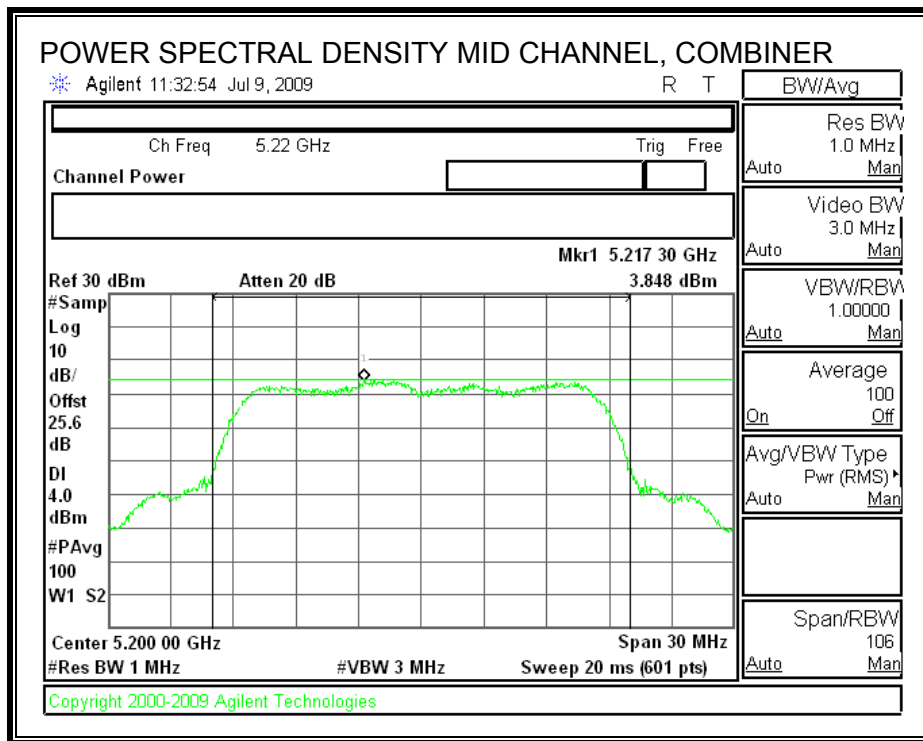
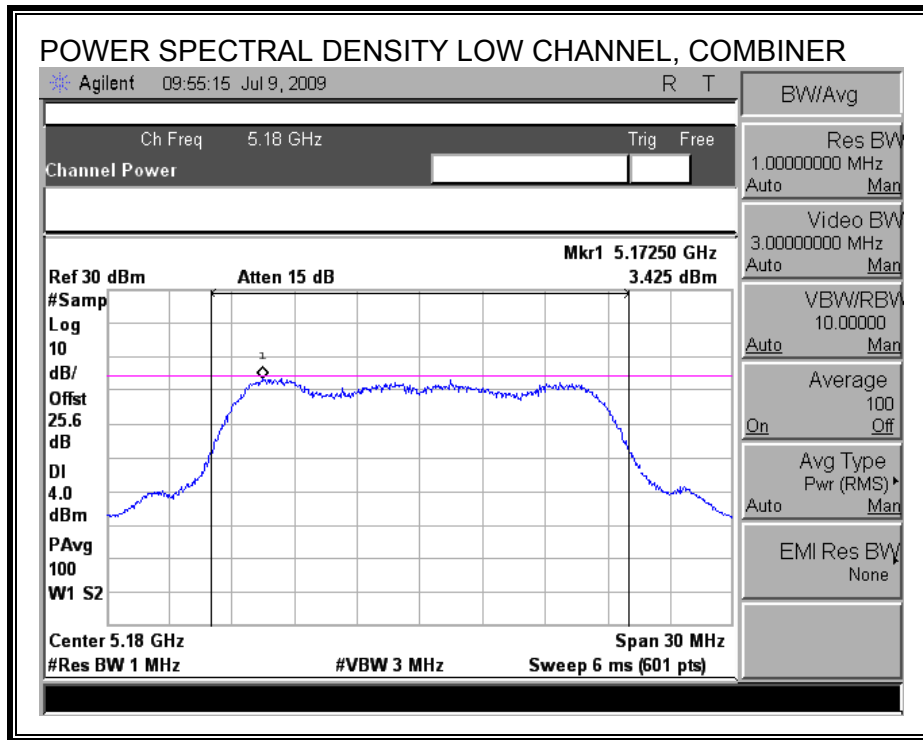
The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002. PPSD method #2 was used.

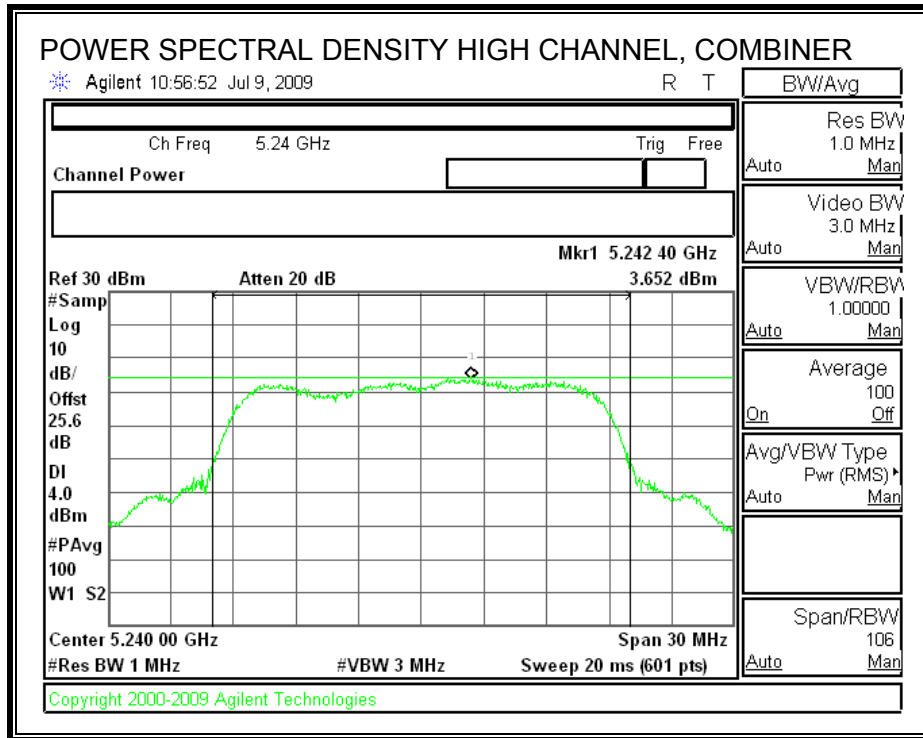
Preliminary tests on individual chains, and on all chains with a combiner, were performed. The worst-case configuration was with a combiner, therefore final test were performed with all chains feeding a combiner.

### RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PSD with Combiner (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	5180	3.43	4	-0.58
Middle	5200	3.85	4	-0.15
High	5240	3.65	4	-0.35

**POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY**





## 7.2.5. PEAK EXCURSION

### LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (a) (6)

The ratio of the peak excursion of the modulation envelope (measured using a peak hold function) to the peak transmit power (measured as specified above) shall not exceed 13 dB across any 1 MHz bandwidth or the emission bandwidth whichever is less.

### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter outputs are connected to the spectrum analyzer via a combiner.

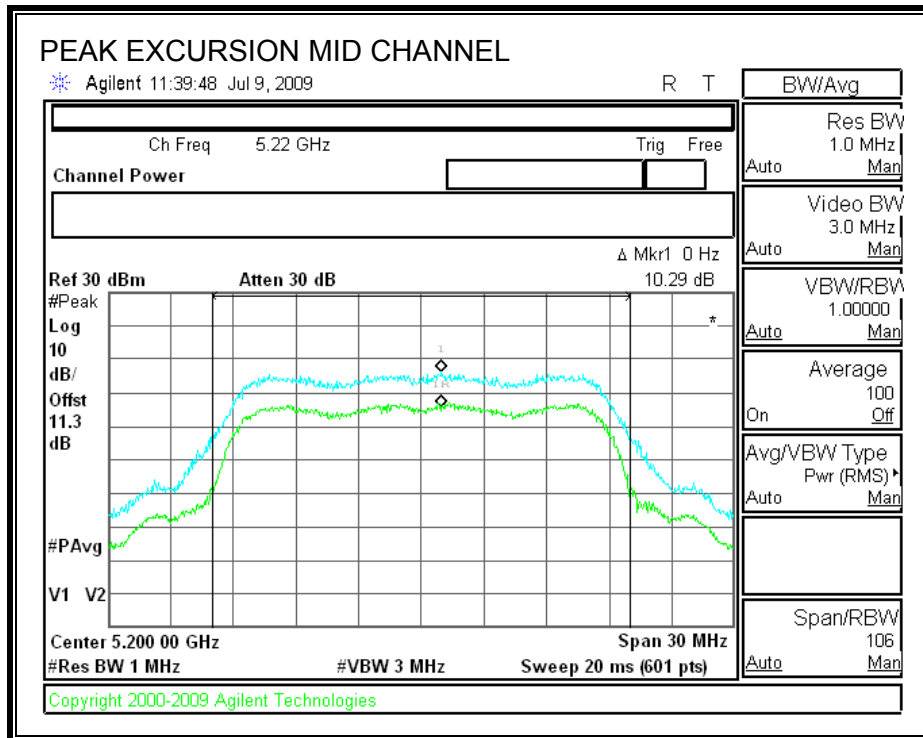
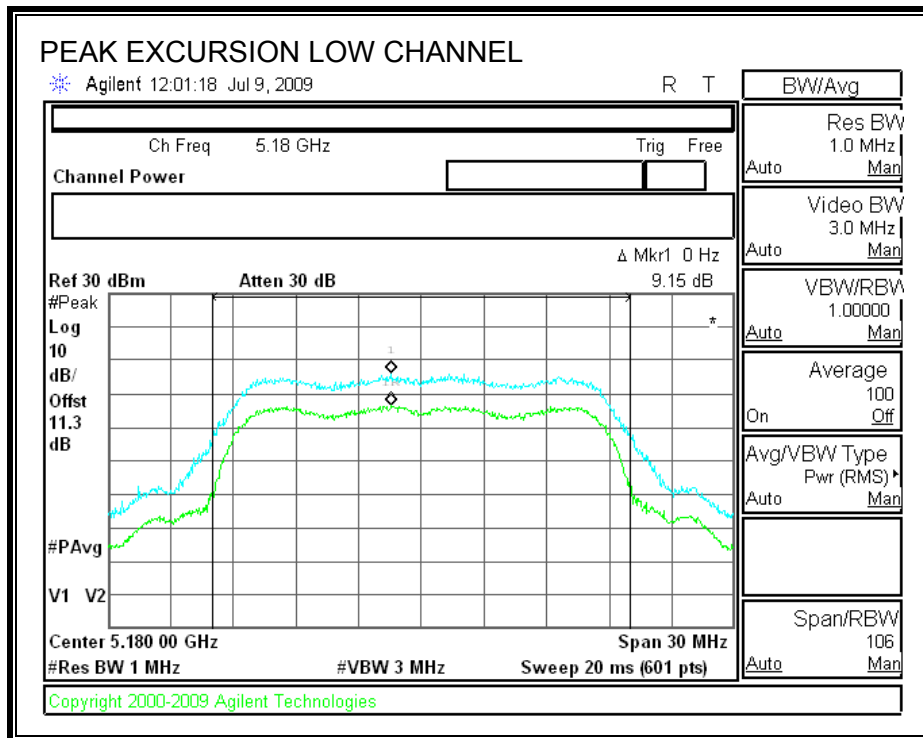
The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002.

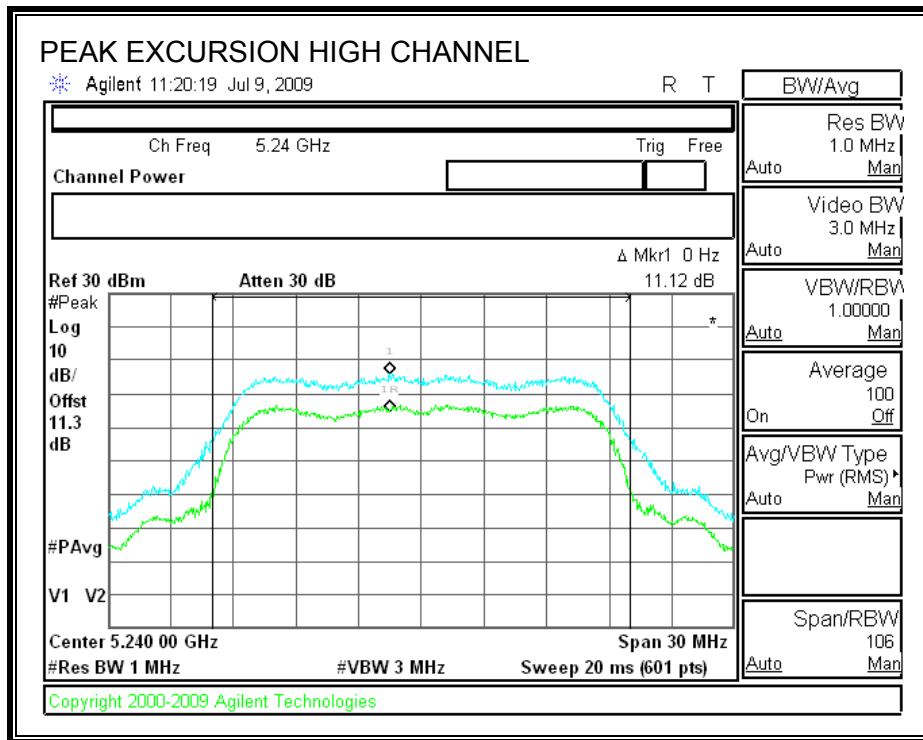
Since Method # 1 was used for peak power measurements, Method # 1 settings are used for the second PPSD trace.

### RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Excursion (dB)	Limit (dB)	Margin (dB)
Low	5180	9.15	13	-3.85
Middle	5200	10.29	13	-2.71
High	5240	11.12	13	-1.88

**PEAK EXCURSION**





## **7.2.6. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**

### **LIMITS**

FCC §15.407 (b) (3)

IC RSS-210 A9.3 (3)

For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: all emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27 dBm / MHz.

### **TEST PROCEDURE**

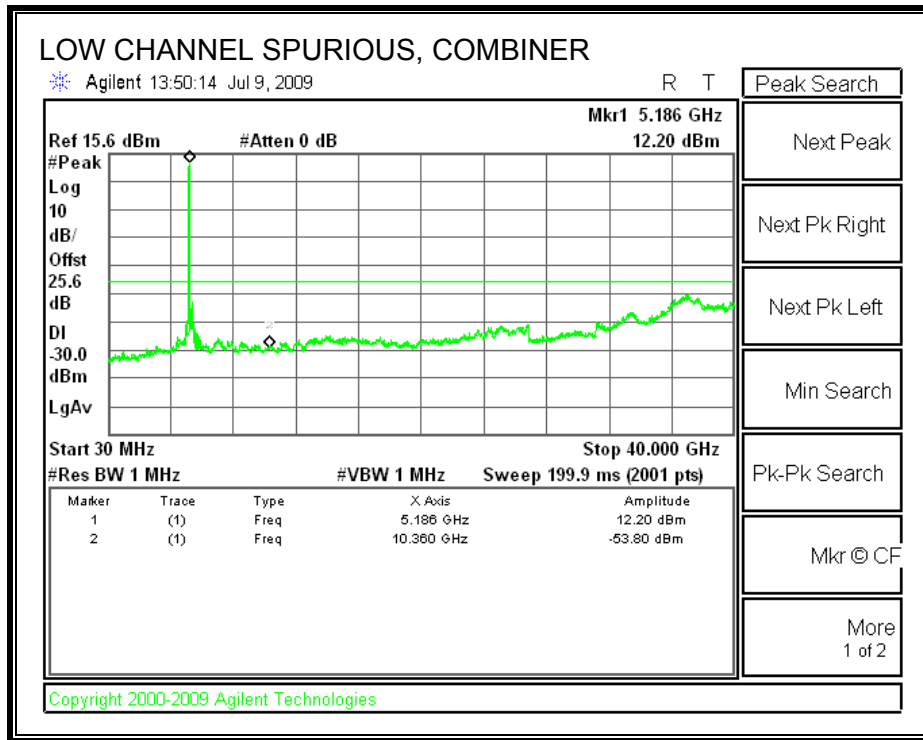
Conducted RF measurements of the transmitter output are made to confirm that the EUT antenna port conducted emissions meet the specified limit and to identify any spurious signals that require further investigation or measurements on the radiated emissions site.

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz. The video bandwidth is set to 1 MHz. Peak detection measurements are compared to EIRP limit, adjusted for the maximum antenna gain.

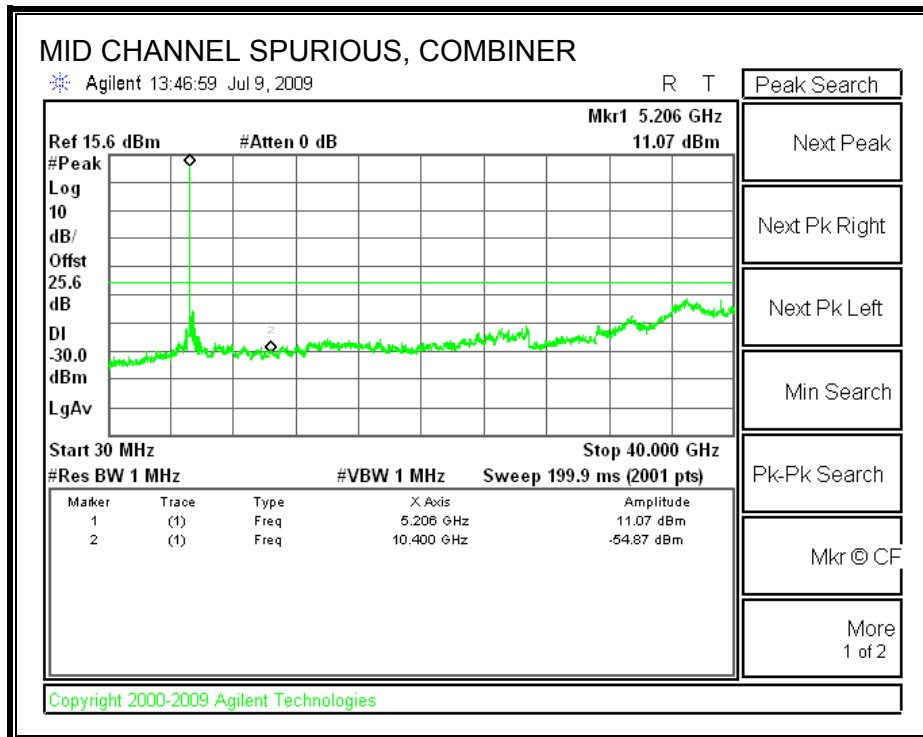
Measurements are made over the 30 MHz to 40 GHz range with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

Preliminary tests on individual chains, and on all chains with a combiner, were performed. The worst-case configuration was with a combiner, therefore final test were performed with all chains feeding a combiner.

**LOW CHANNEL SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**

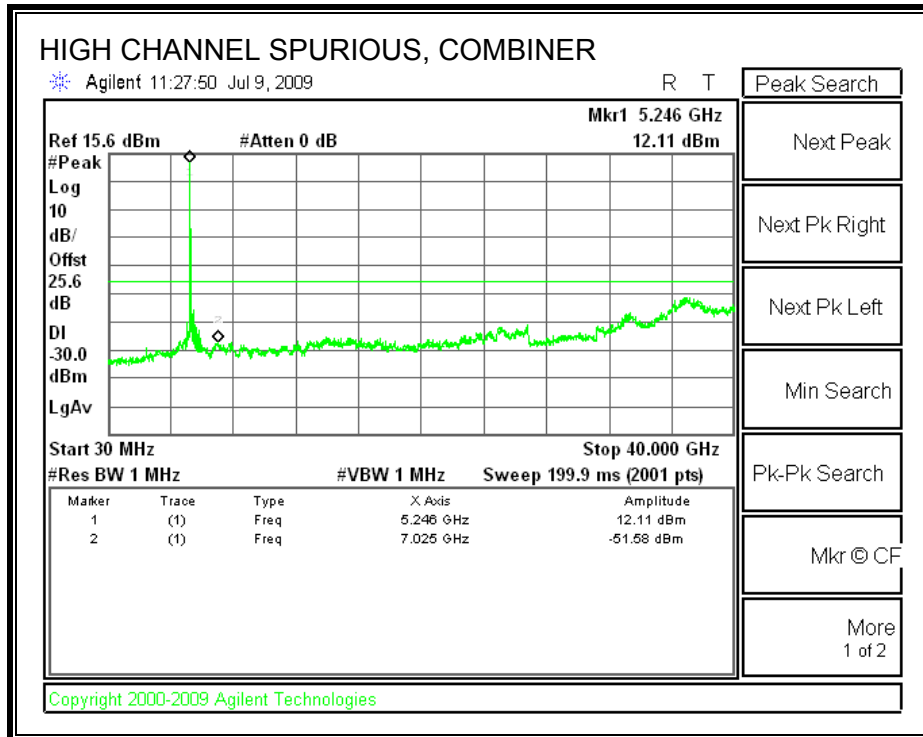


**MID CHANNEL SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**





**HIGH CHANNEL SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**



### 7.3. 5.2 GHz BAND CHANNEL TESTS FOR 802.11n HT40 MODE

#### 7.3.1. 99% & 26 dB BANDWIDTH

##### LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

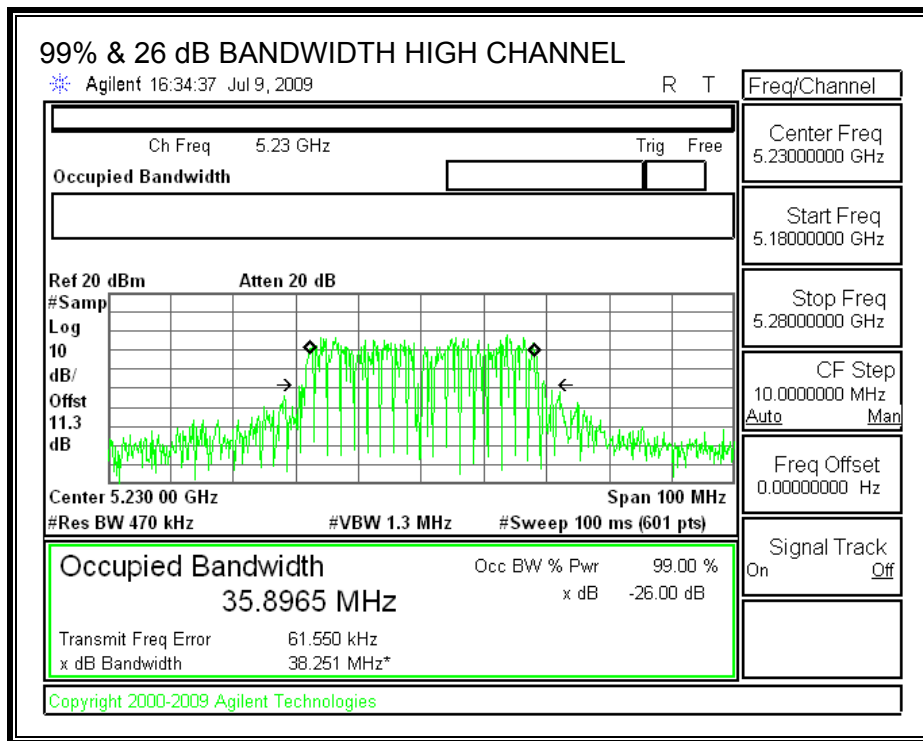
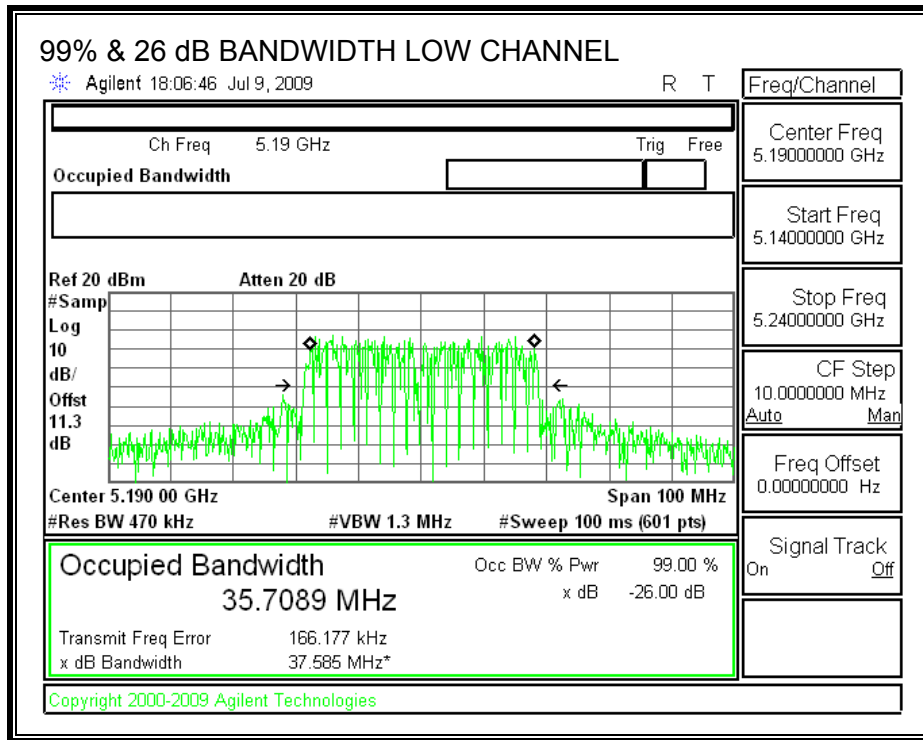
##### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to 1% to 3% of the bandwidth. The VBW is set to 3 times the RBW. The sweep time is coupled. The spectrum analyzer internal bandwidth measurement function is utilized.

##### RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% OBW (MHz)	26 dB BW (MHz)
Low	5190	35.7089	37.585
High	5230	35.8965	38.251

**99% & 26 dB BANDWIDTH**



### 7.3.2. OUTPUT POWER

#### LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (a) (2)

IC RSS-210 A9.2 (2)

For the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 50 mW or 4 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26-dB emission bandwidth in MHz. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the peak transmit power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

#### TEST PROCEDURE

The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002.

The transmitter output operates continuously therefore Method # 1 is used.

#### RESULTS

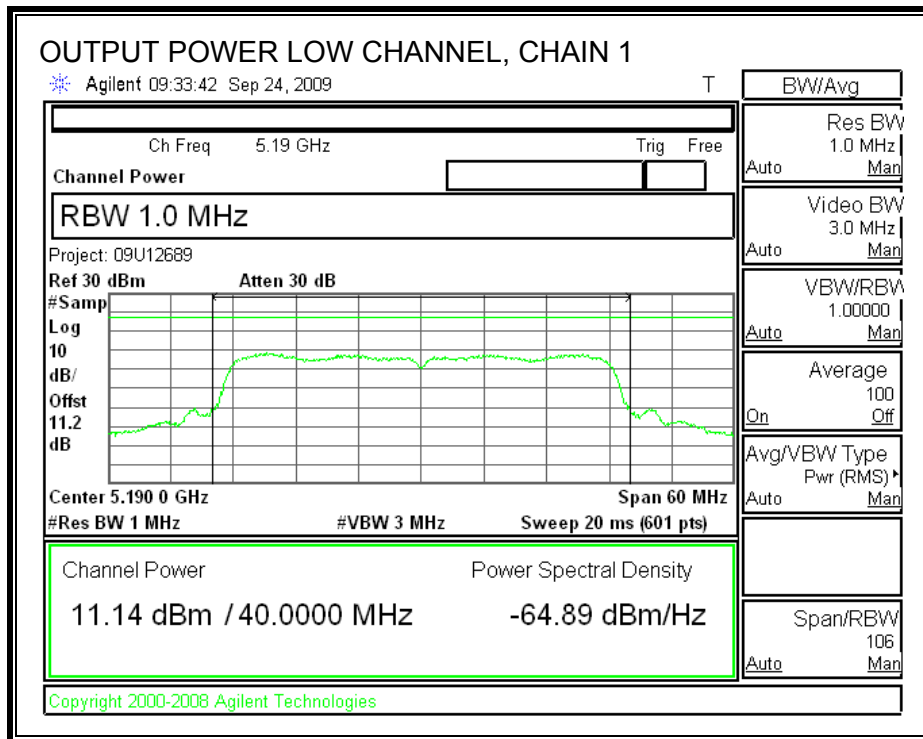
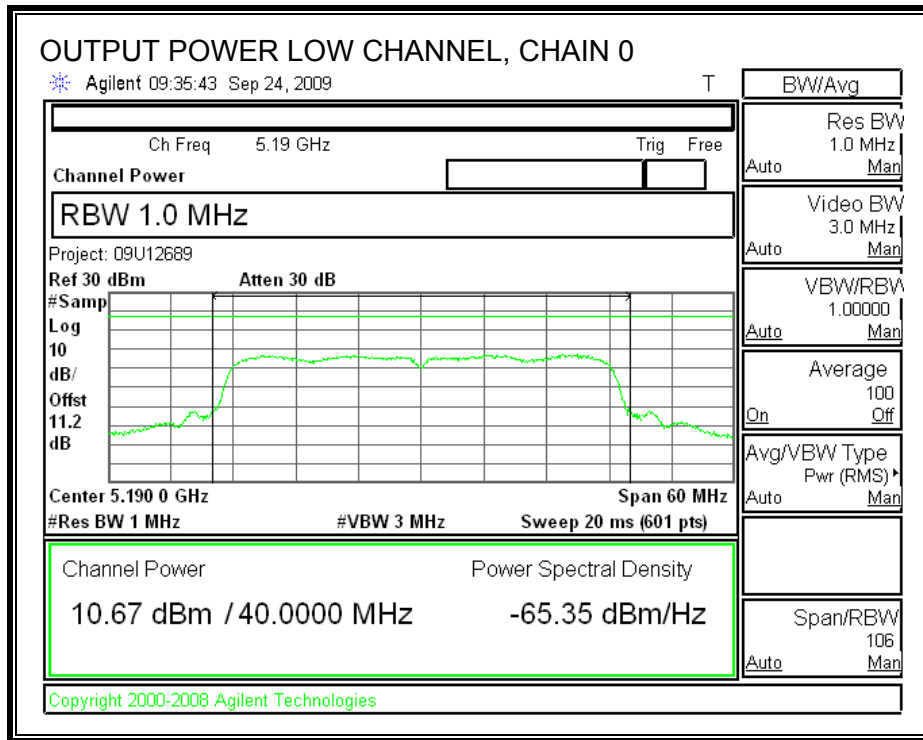
##### Limit

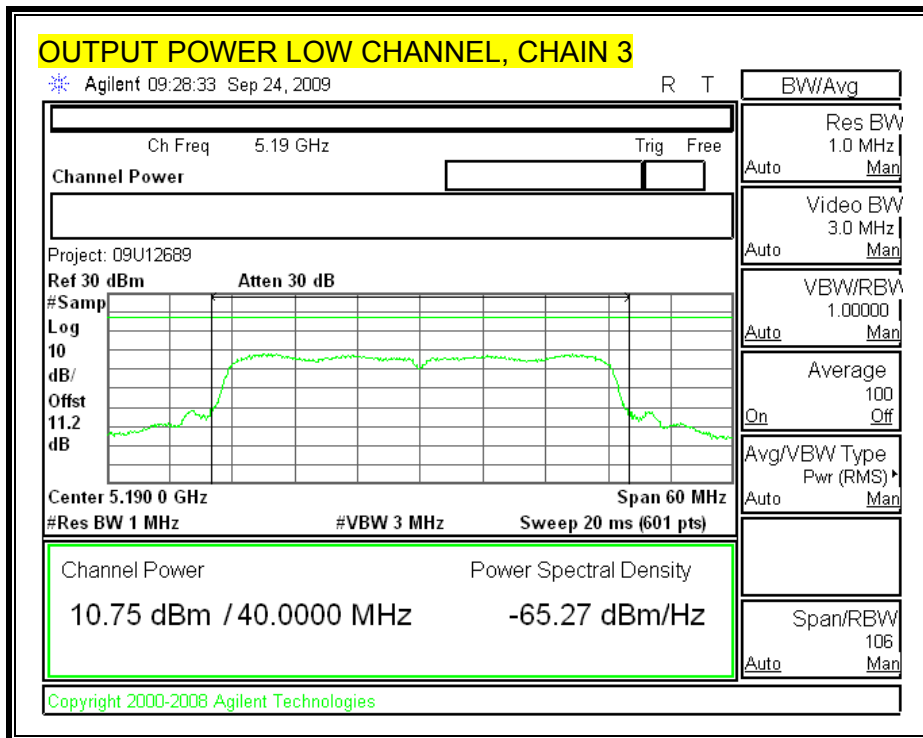
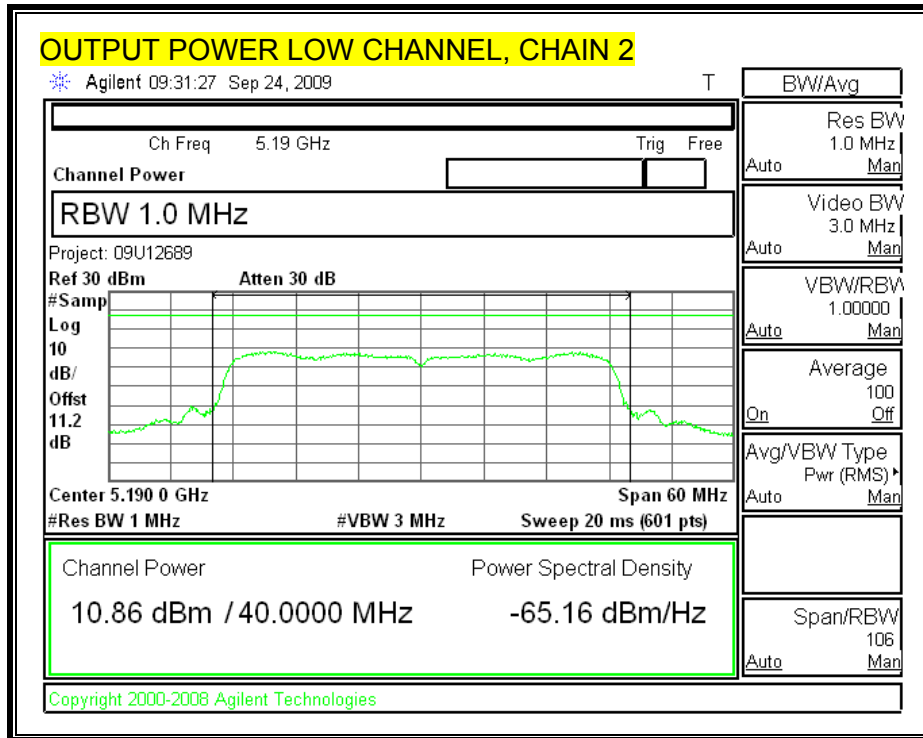
Channel	Freq (MHz)	Fixed Limit (dBm)	B (MHz)	4 + 10 Log B Limit (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Limit (dBm)
Low	5190	17	37.585	19.75	3	17.00
High	5230	17	38.251	19.83	3	17.00

##### Individual Chain Results

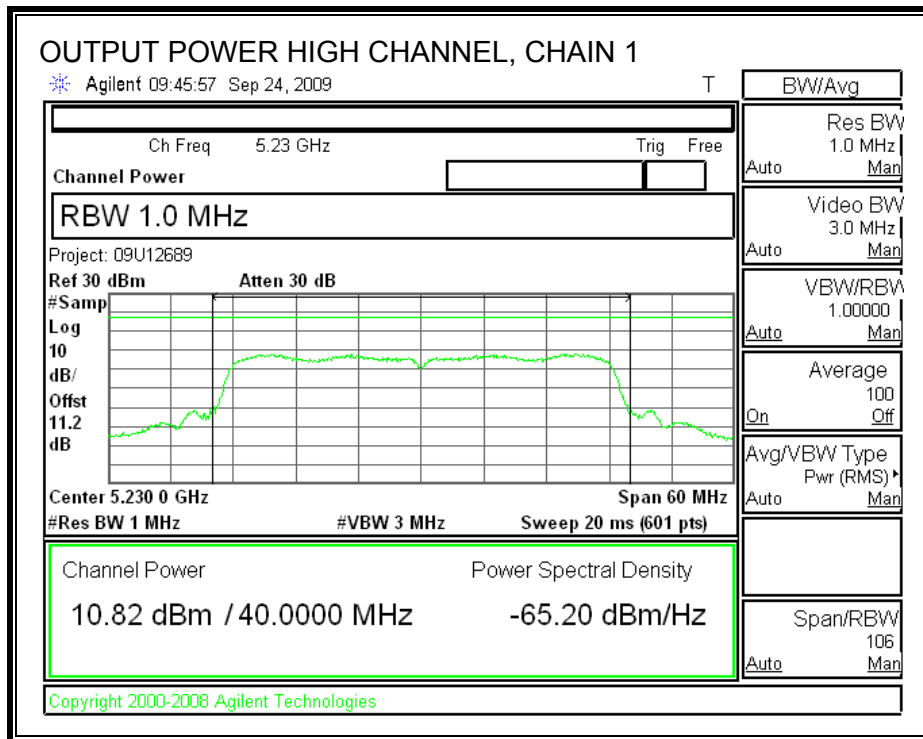
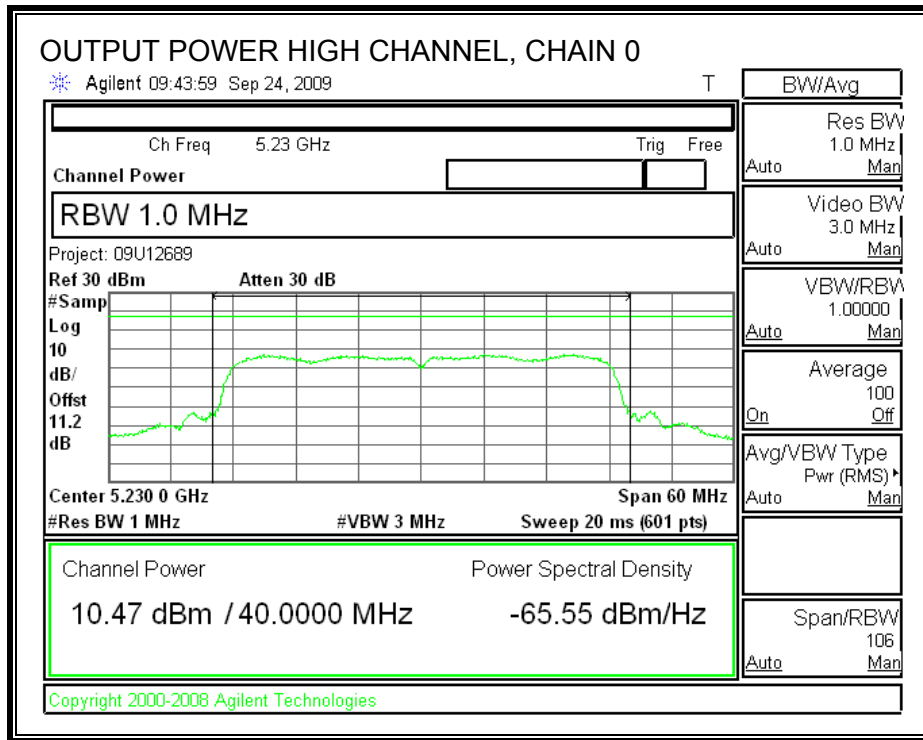
Channel	Freq (MHz)	Chain 0 Power (dBm)	Chain 1 Power (dBm)	Chain 2 Power (dBm)	Chain 3 Power (dBm)	Total Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	5190	10.67	11.14	10.86	10.75	16.88	17.00	-0.12
High	5230	10.47	10.82	10.71	10.84	16.73	17.00	-0.27

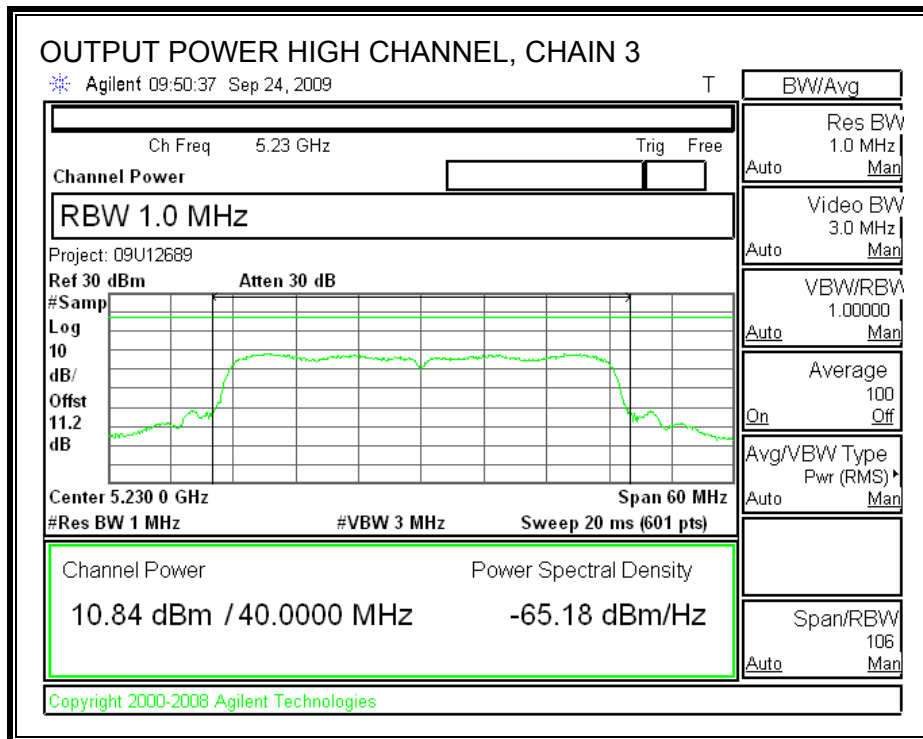
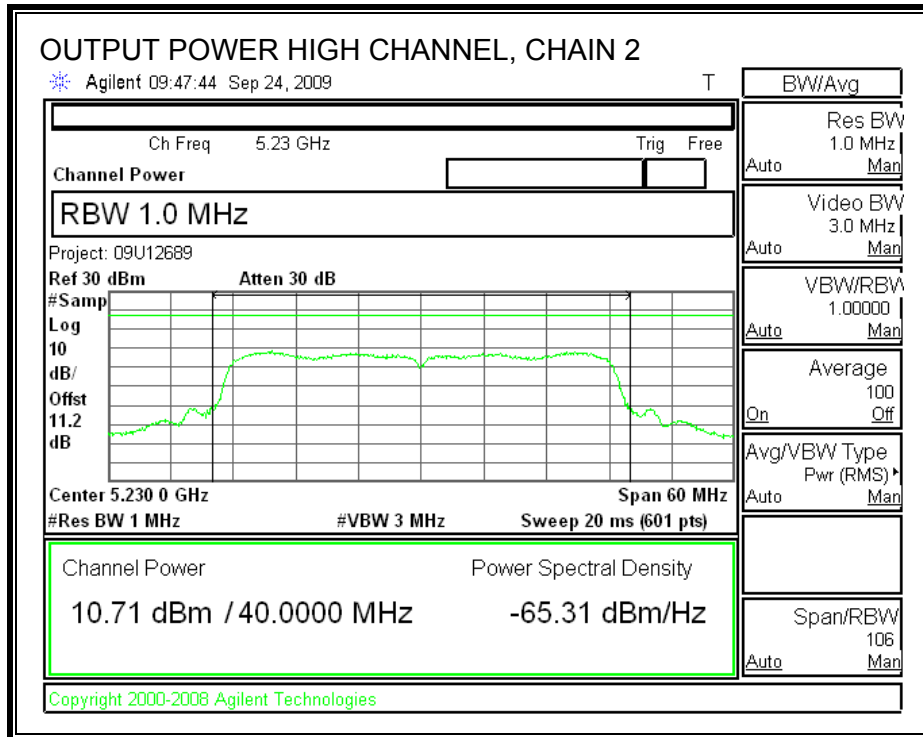
**OUTPUT POWER, LOW CHANNEL**





**OUTPUT POWER, HIGH CHANNEL**







### 7.3.3. AVERAGE POWER

#### LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

#### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.3 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.3 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

#### RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 Power (dBm)	Chain 1 Power (dBm)	Chain 2 Power (dBm)	Chain 3 Power (dBm)
Low	5190	10.48	11.32	11.08	11.40
High	5230	10.98	11.25	11.31	11.40

### 7.3.4. PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

#### LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (a) (2)

IC RSS-210 A9.2 (2)

For the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the peak power spectral density shall not exceed 4 dBm in any 1 MHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the peak transmit power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

The maximum antenna gain is less than 6 dBi, therefore the limit is 4 dBm.

#### TEST PROCEDURE

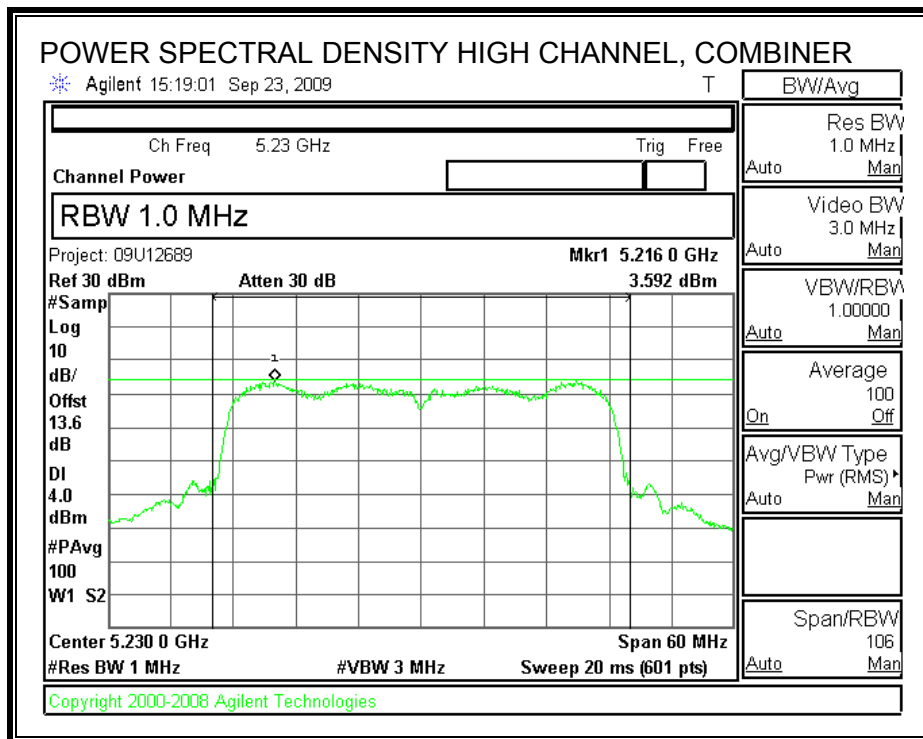
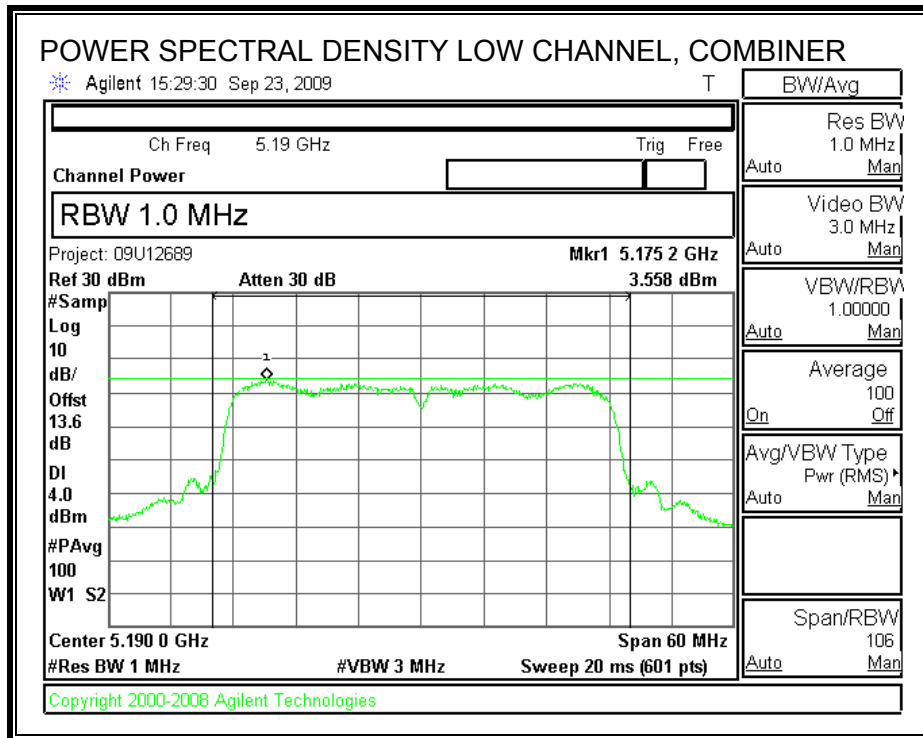
The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002. PPSD method #2 was used.

Preliminary tests on individual chains, and on all chains with a combiner, were performed. The worst-case configuration was with a combiner, therefore final test were performed with all chains feeding a combiner.

#### RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PSD with Combiner (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	5190	3.56	4	-0.44
High	5230	3.59	4	-0.41

**POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY**



### 7.3.5. PEAK EXCURSION

#### LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (a) (6)

The ratio of the peak excursion of the modulation envelope (measured using a peak hold function) to the peak transmit power (measured as specified above) shall not exceed 13 dB across any 1 MHz bandwidth or the emission bandwidth whichever is less.

#### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter outputs are connected to the spectrum analyzer via a combiner.

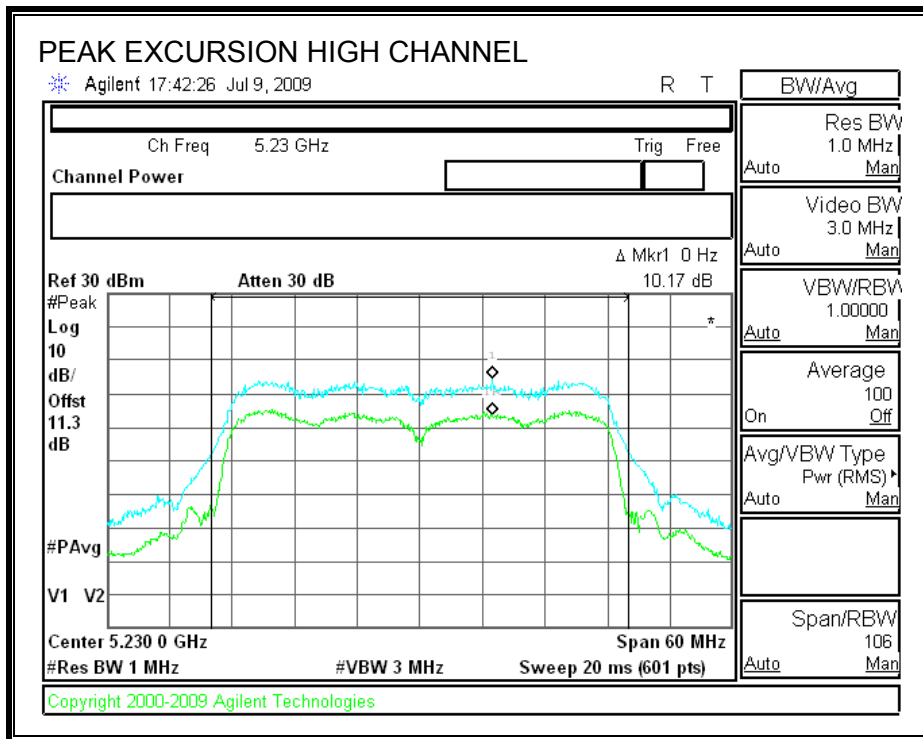
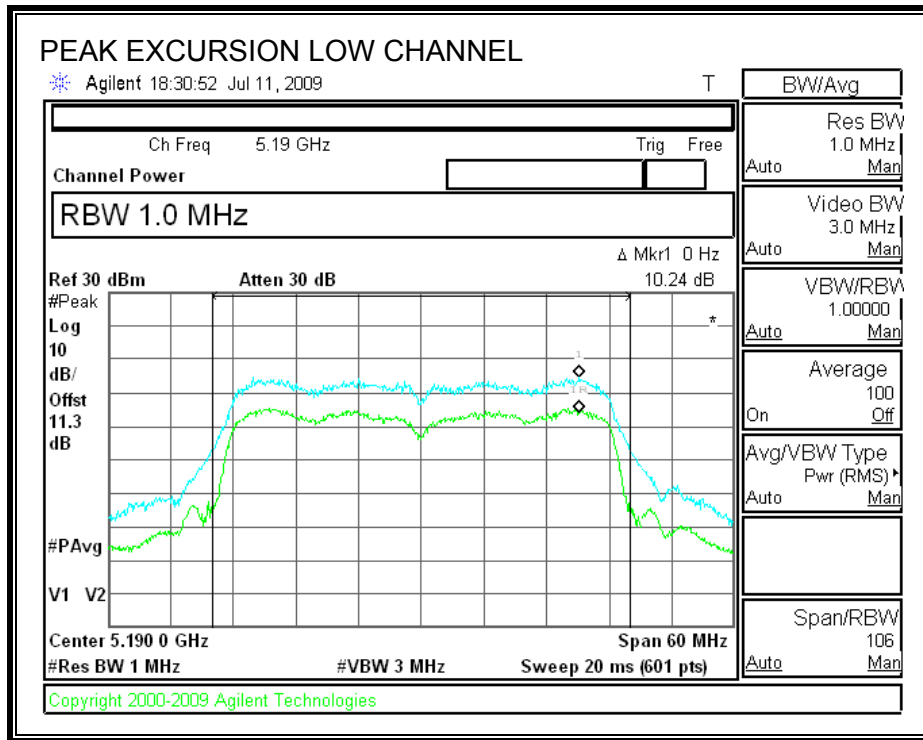
The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002.

Since Method # 1 was used for peak power measurements, Method # 1 settings are used for the second PPSD trace.

#### RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Excursion (dB)	Limit (dB)	Margin (dB)
Low	5190	10.24	13	-2.76
High	5230	10.17	13	-2.83

**PEAK EXCURSION**



### **7.3.6. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**

#### **LIMITS**

FCC §15.407 (b) (3)

IC RSS-210 A9.3 (3)

For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: all emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27 dBm / MHz.

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

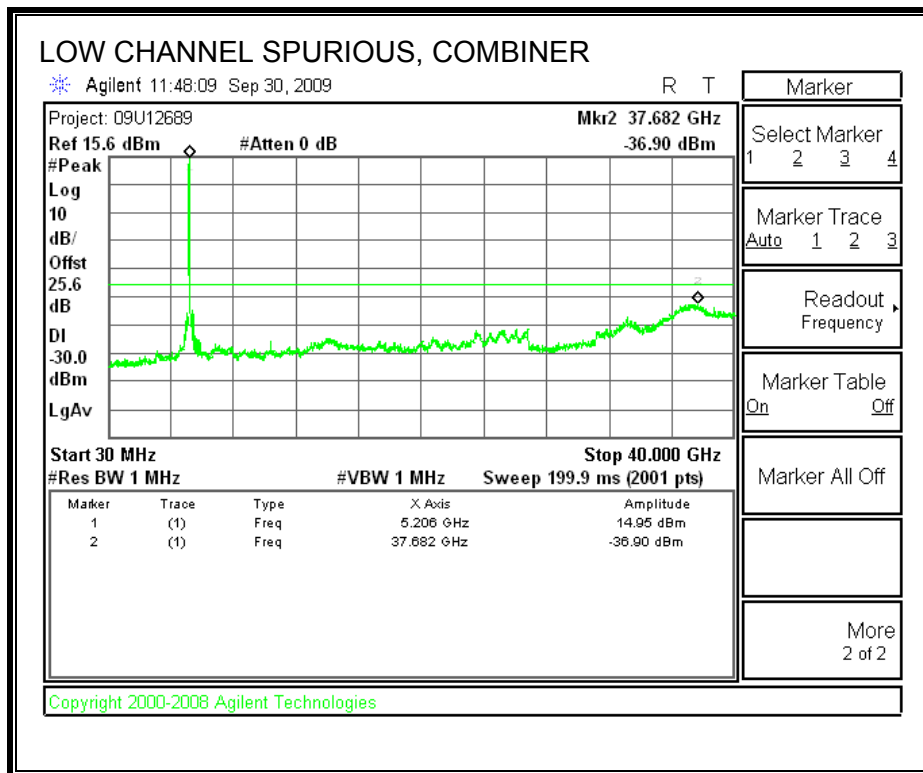
Conducted RF measurements of the transmitter output are made to confirm that the EUT antenna port conducted emissions meet the specified limit and to identify any spurious signals that require further investigation or measurements on the radiated emissions site.

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz. The video bandwidth is set to 1 MHz. Peak detection measurements are compared to EIRP limit, adjusted for the maximum antenna gain.

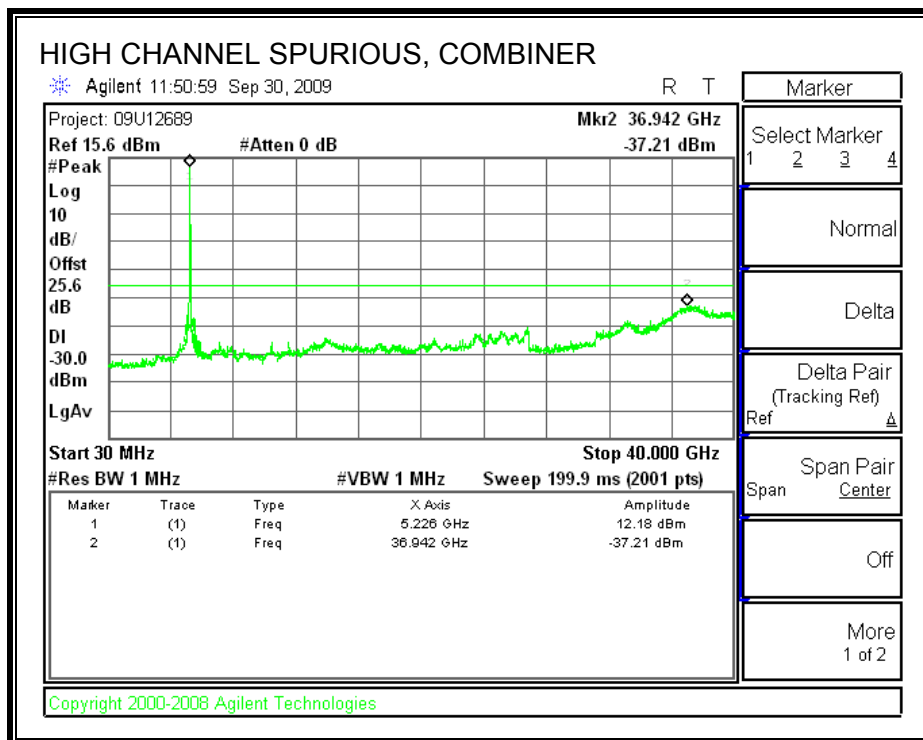
Measurements are made over the 30 MHz to 40 GHz range with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

Preliminary tests on individual chains, and on all chains with a combiner, were performed. The worst-case configuration was with a combiner, therefore final test were performed with all chains feeding a combiner.

**LOW CHANNEL SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**



**HIGH CHANNEL SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**



## 7.4. 5.3 GHz BAND CHANNEL TESTS FOR 802.11a MODE

### 7.4.1. 26 dB and 99% BANDWIDTH

#### LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

#### TEST PROCEDURE

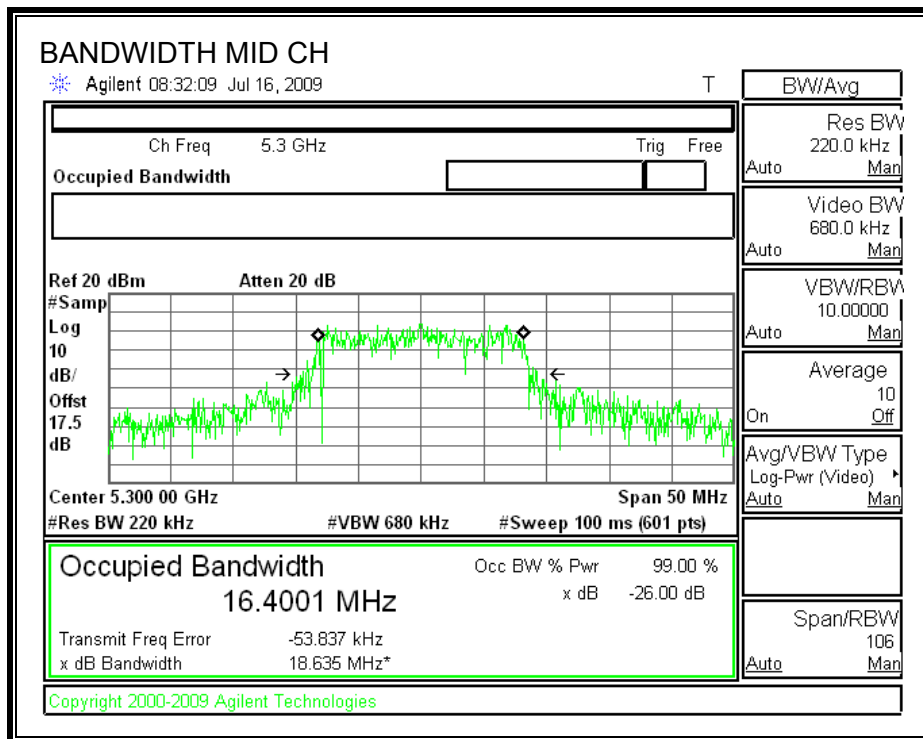
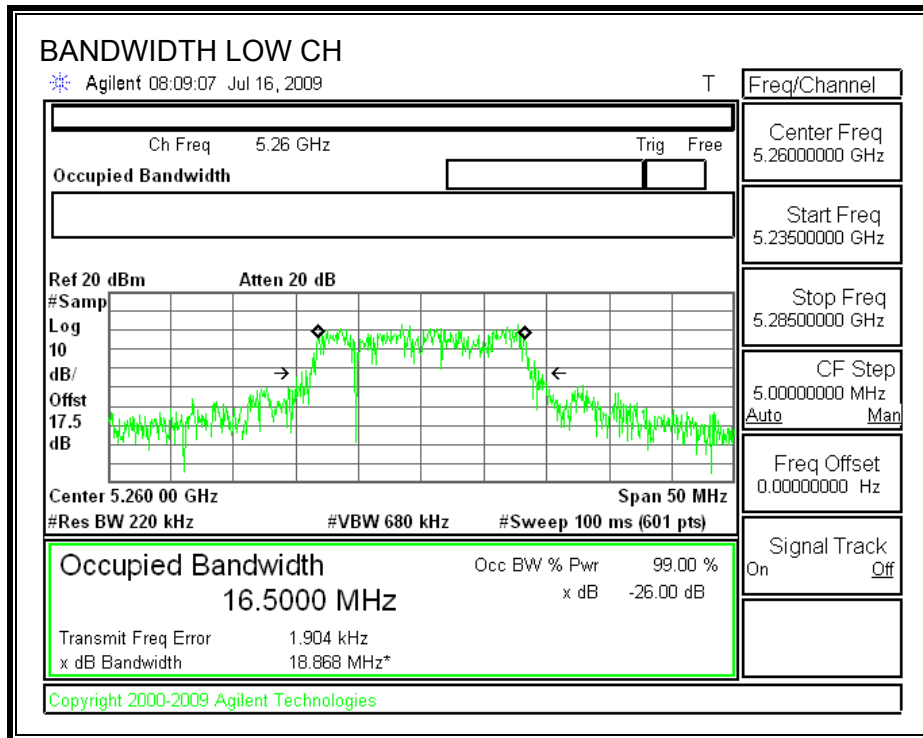
The transmitter outputs are connected to the spectrum analyzer via a combiner. The RBW is set to 1% to 3% of the measured bandwidth. The VBW is set to 3 times the RBW. The sweep time is coupled. The spectrum analyzer internal bandwidth function is utilized.

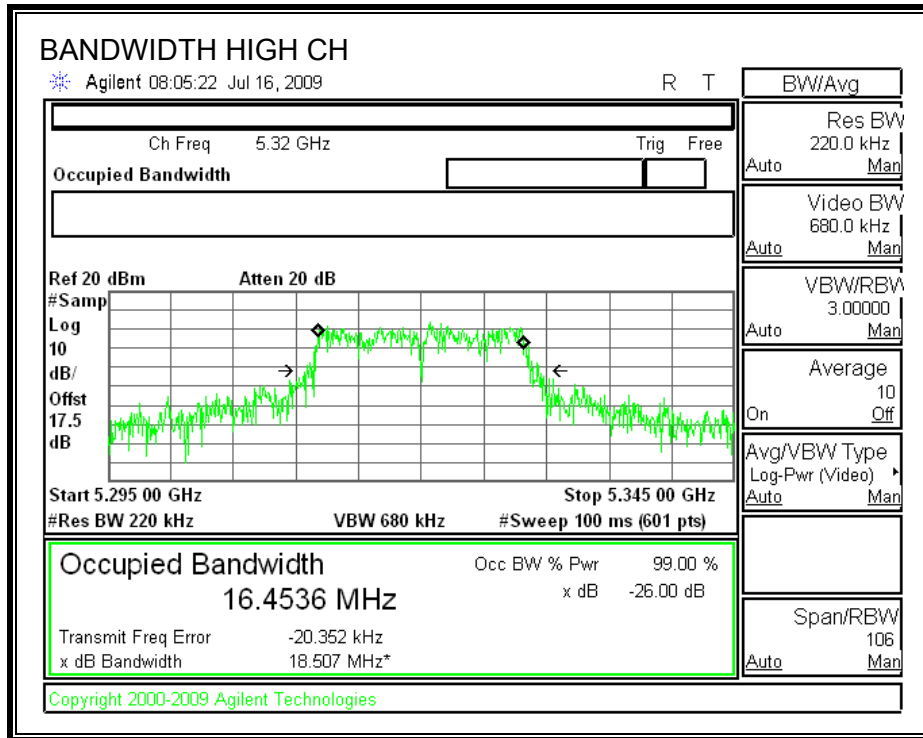
#### RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	26 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	5260	18.8680	16.5000
Middle	5300	18.6350	16.4001
High	5320	18.5070	16.4536



**26 dB and 99% BANDWIDTH**





### 7.4.2. OUTPUT POWER

#### LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (a) (1)  
 IC RSS-210 A9.2 (1)

Antenna gain of Chain 1 = antenna gain of Chain 2.

Antenna Gain (dBi)	10 Log (# Tx Chains) (dB)	Effective Legacy Gain (dBi)
3	3.01	6.01

For the 5.25-5.35 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26-dB emission bandwidth in MHz. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the peak transmit power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

#### TEST PROCEDURE

The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002.

The transmitter output operates continuously therefore Method # 1 is used.

#### RESULTS

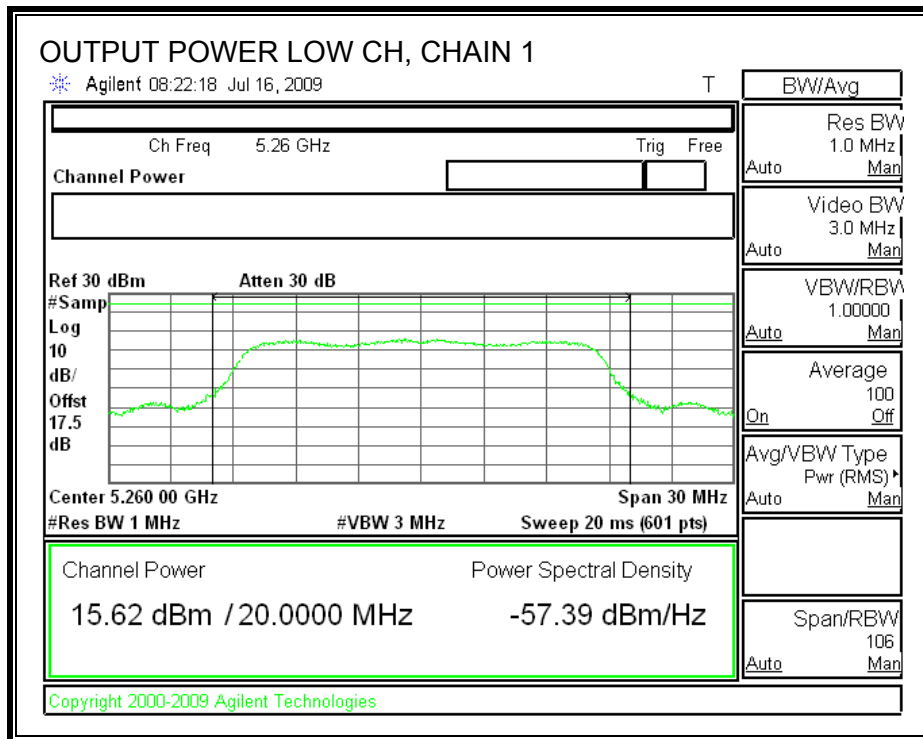
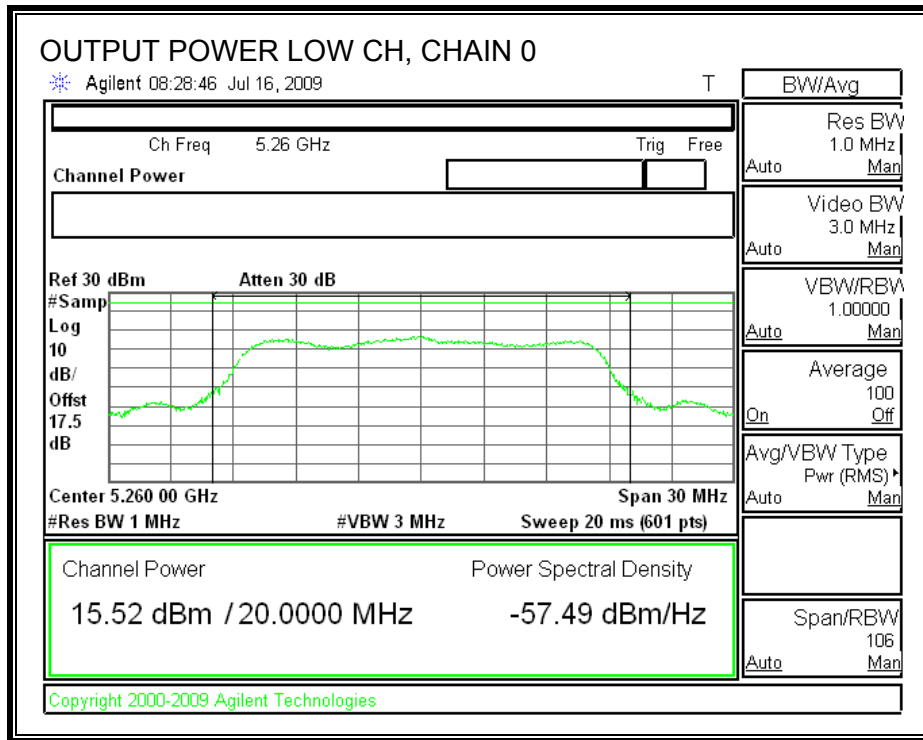
##### Limit

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Fixed Limit (dBm)	B (MHz)	11 + 10 Log B Limit (dBm)	Effective Ant Gain (dBi)	Limit (dBm)
Low	5260	24	18.8680	23.76	6.01	23.75
Mid	5300	24	18.6350	23.70	6.01	23.69
High	5320	24	18.5070	23.67	6.01	23.66

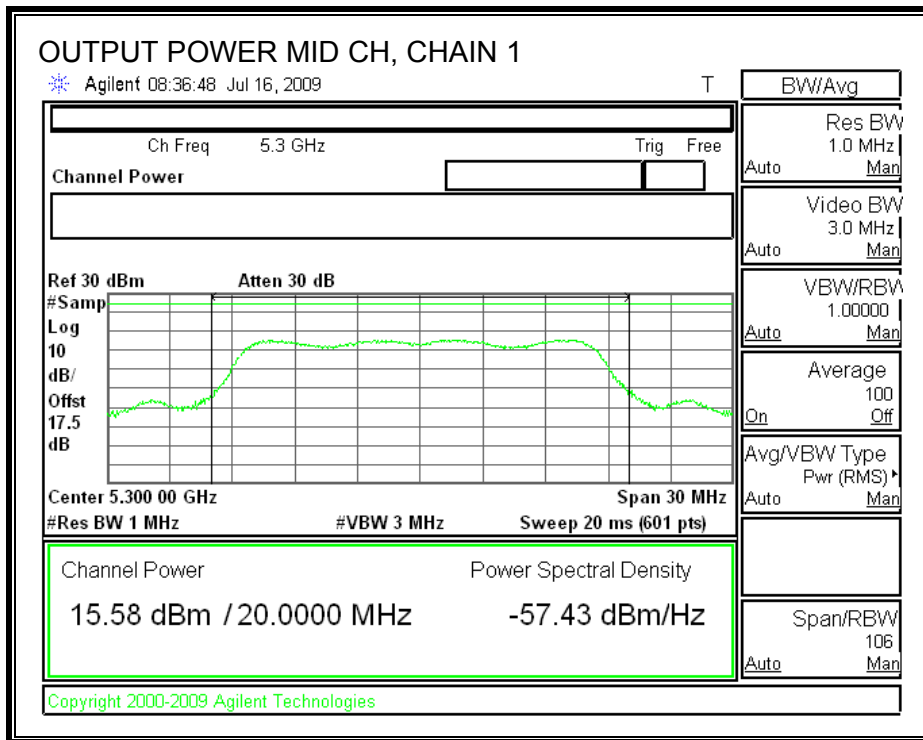
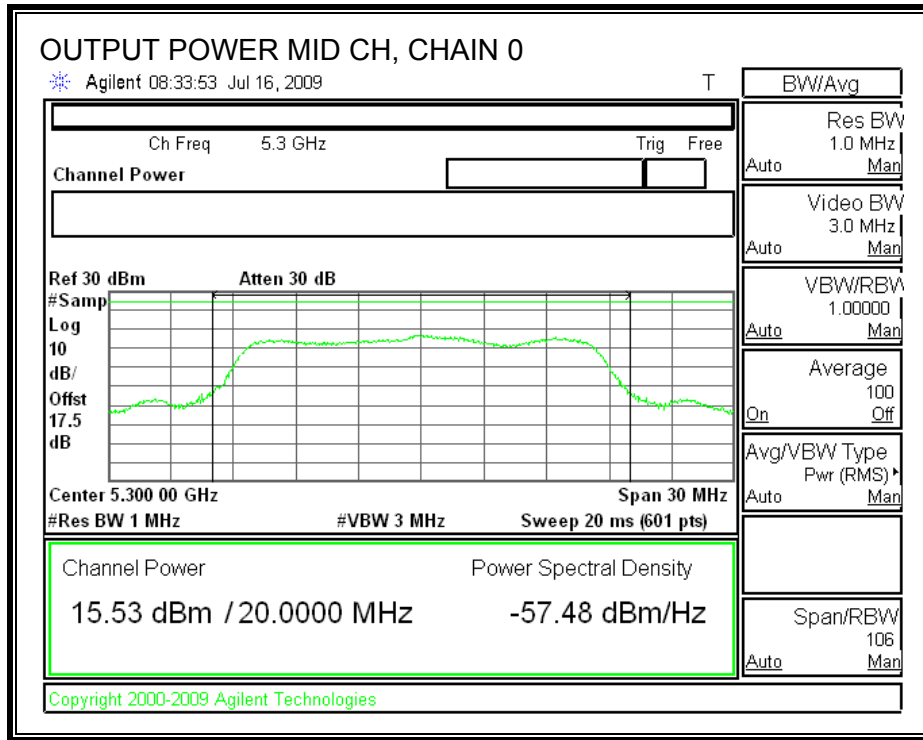
##### Individual Chain Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 Power (dBm)	Chain 1 Power (dBm)	Total Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	5260	15.52	15.62	18.58	23.75	-5.17
Mid	5300	15.53	15.58	18.57	23.69	-5.13
High	5320	15.55	15.66	18.62	23.66	-5.05

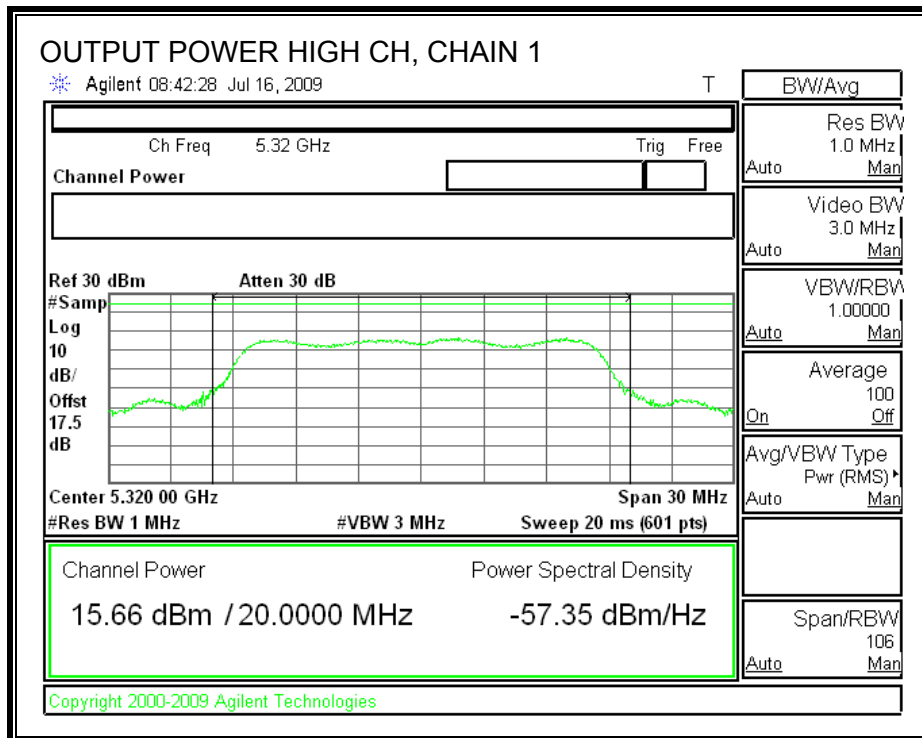
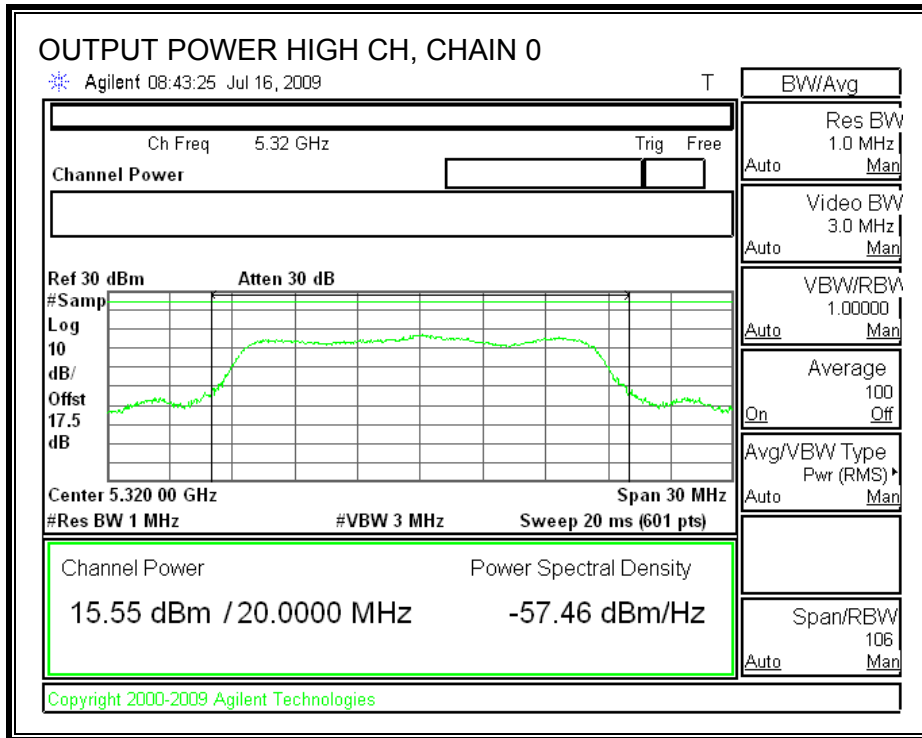
**OUTPUT POWER, LOW CHANNEL**



**OUTPUT POWER, MID CHANNEL**



**OUTPUT POWER, HIGH CHANNEL**



### 7.4.3. AVERAGE POWER

#### LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

#### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

#### RESULTS

The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.3 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.3 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 Power (dBm)	Chain 1 Power (dBm)	Total Power (dBm)
Low	5260	15.33	15.55	18.45
Middle	5300	15.57	15.55	18.57
High	5320	15.61	15.52	18.58

### 7.4.4. PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

#### LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (a) (1)

IC RSS-210 A9.2 (1)

Use this table if antenna gain for Chain 1 = antenna gain for Chain 2

Antenna Gain (dBi)	10 Log (# Tx Chains) (dB)	Effective Legacy Gain (dBi)
3	3.01	6.01

For the 5.25–5.35 GHz band, the peak power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the peak transmit power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

The maximum effective antenna gain is 6.01 dBi, therefore the limit is 10.99 dBm.

#### TEST PROCEDURE

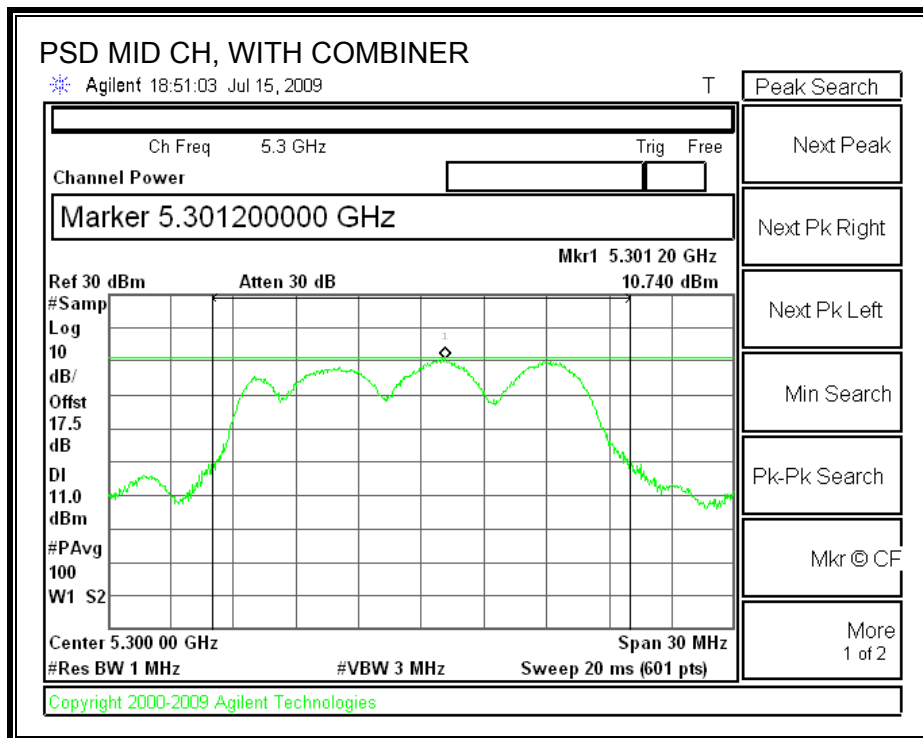
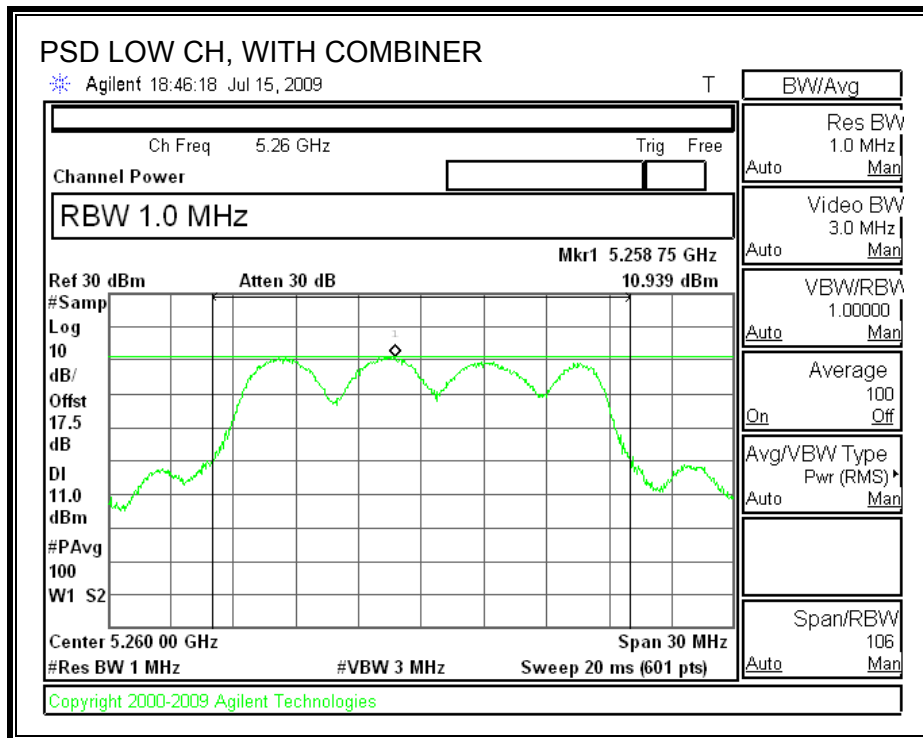
The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002. PPSD method #2 was used.

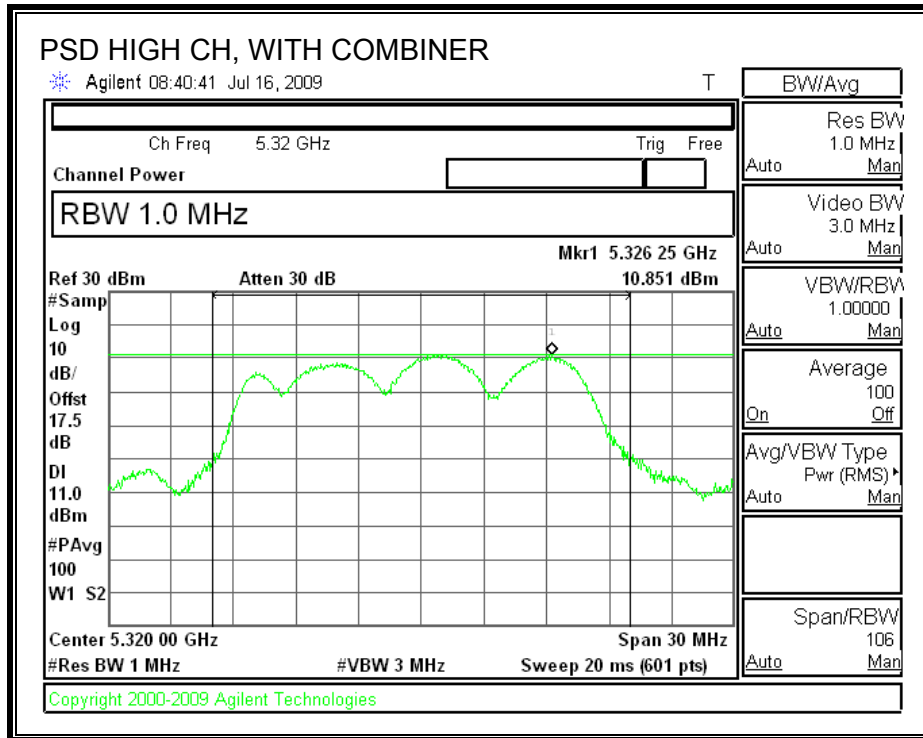
#### RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD With Combiner (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	5260	10.94	10.99	-0.05
Middle	5300	10.74	10.99	-0.25
High	5320	10.85	10.99	-0.14



**POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY WITH COMBINER**





### 7.4.5. PEAK EXCURSION

#### LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (a) (6)

The ratio of the peak excursion of the modulation envelope (measured using a peak hold function) to the peak transmit power (measured as specified above) shall not exceed 13 dB across any 1 MHz bandwidth or the emission bandwidth whichever is less.

#### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter outputs are connected to the spectrum analyzer via a combiner.

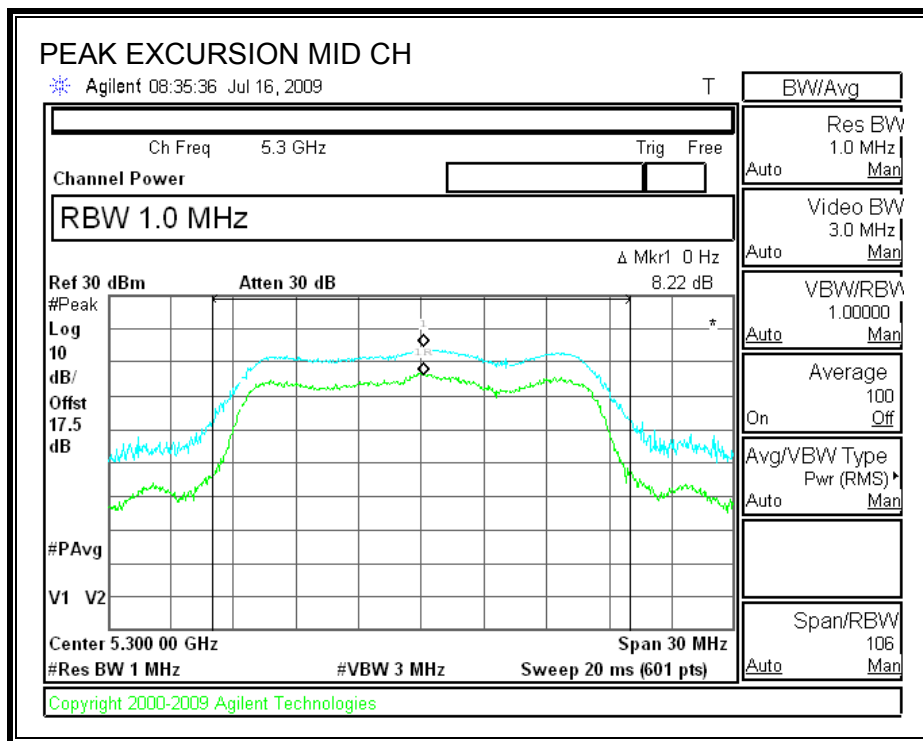
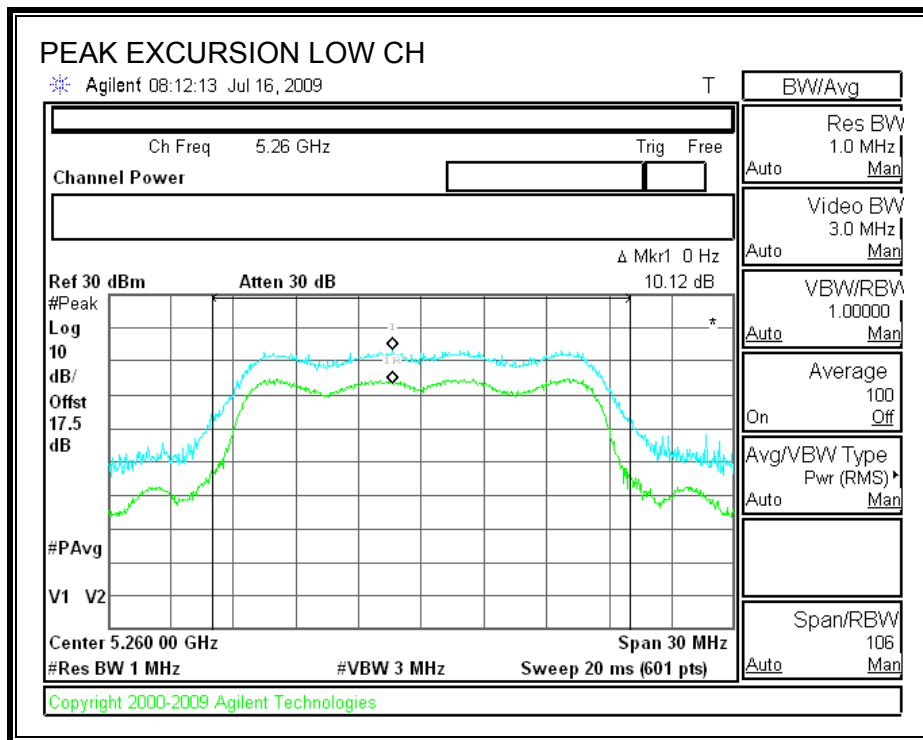
The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002.

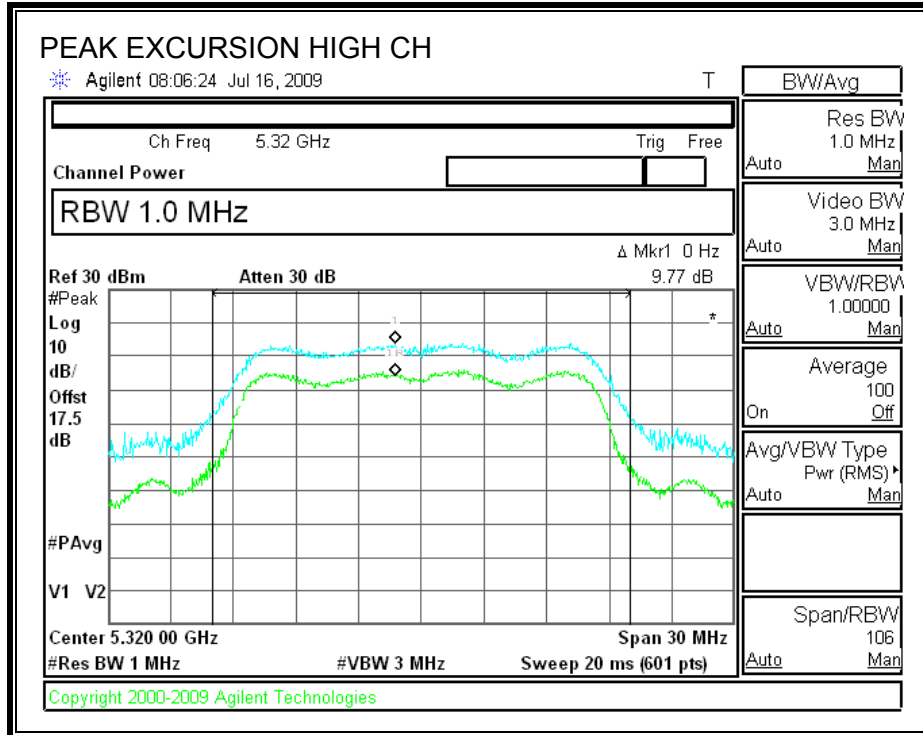
Since Method # 1 was used for peak power measurements, Method # 1 settings are used for the second PPSD trace.

#### RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Excursion (dB)	Limit (dB)	Margin (dB)
Low	5260	10.12	13	-2.88
Middle	5300	8.22	13	-4.78
High	5320	9.77	13	-3.23

**PEAK EXCURSION**





## **7.4.6. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**

### **LIMITS**

FCC §15.407 (b) (1)

IC RSS-210 A9.3 (1)

For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: all emissions outside of the 5.25-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27 dBm / MHz.

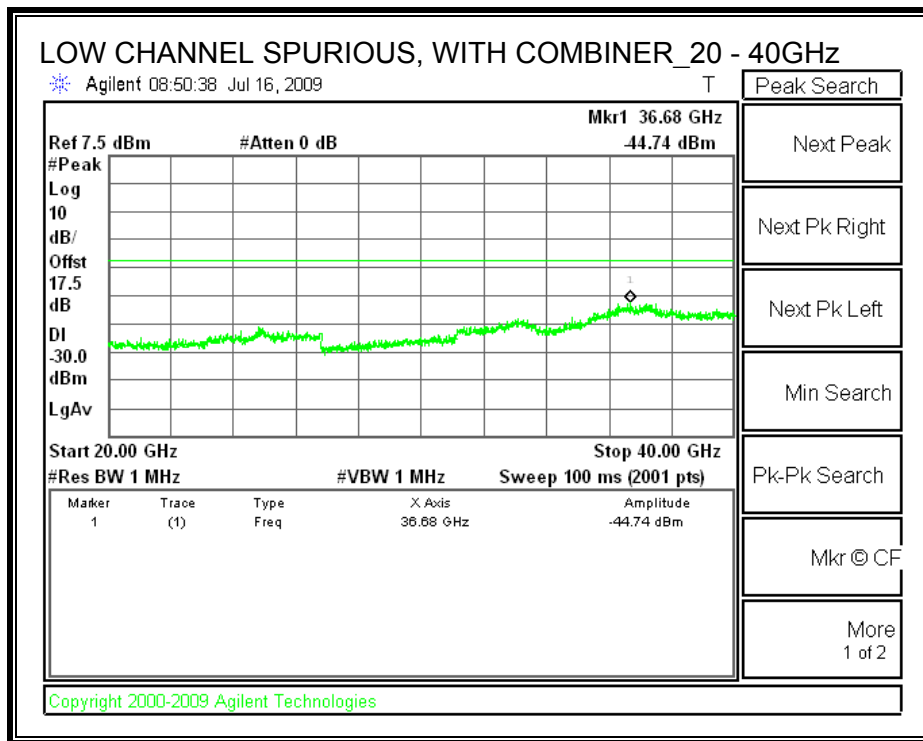
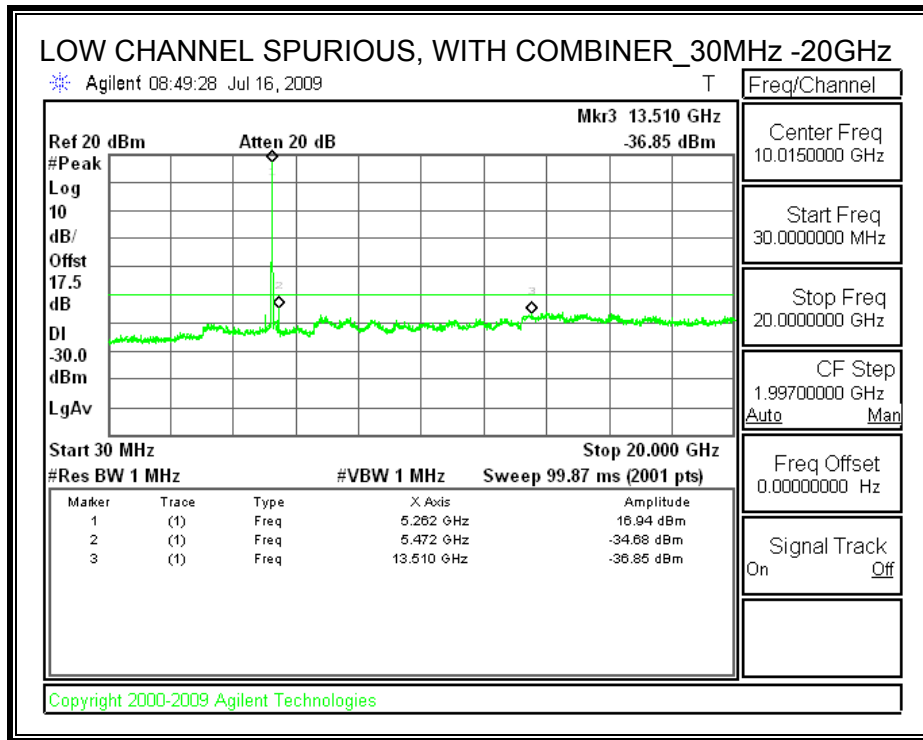
### **TEST PROCEDURE**

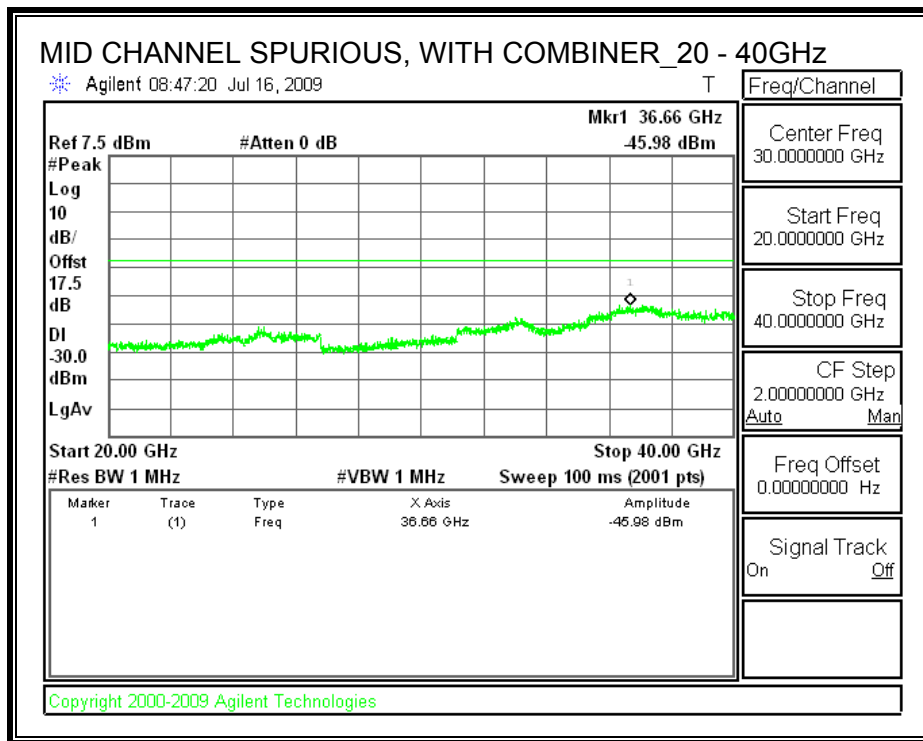
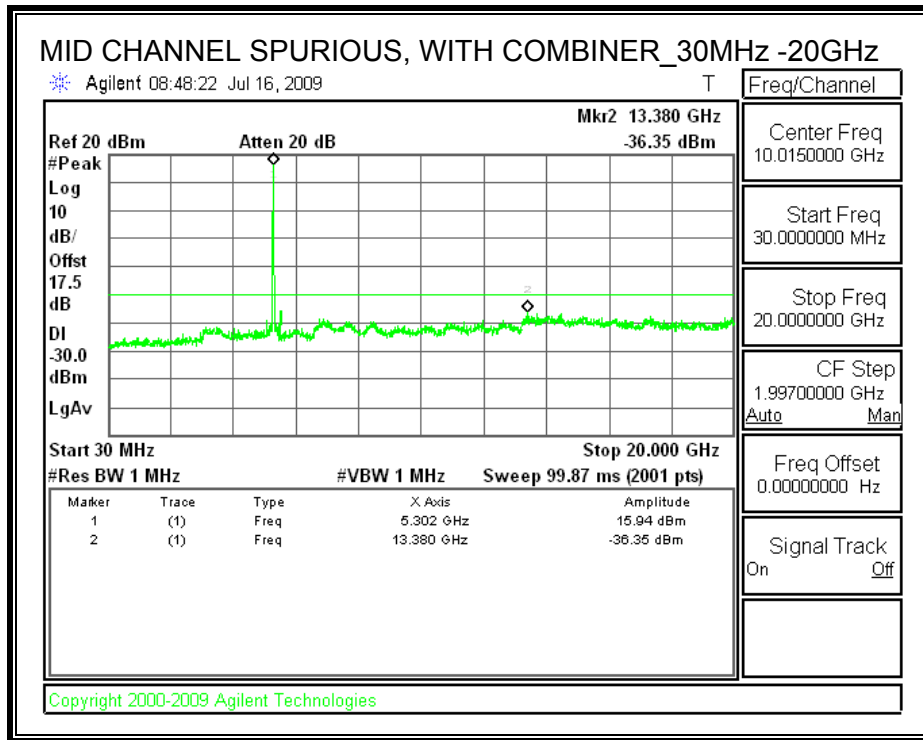
Conducted RF measurements of the transmitter output are made to confirm that the EUT antenna port conducted emissions meet the specified limit and to identify any spurious signals that require further investigation or measurements on the radiated emissions site.

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz. The video bandwidth is set to 1 MHz. Peak detection measurements are compared to EIRP limit, adjusted for the maximum antenna gain.

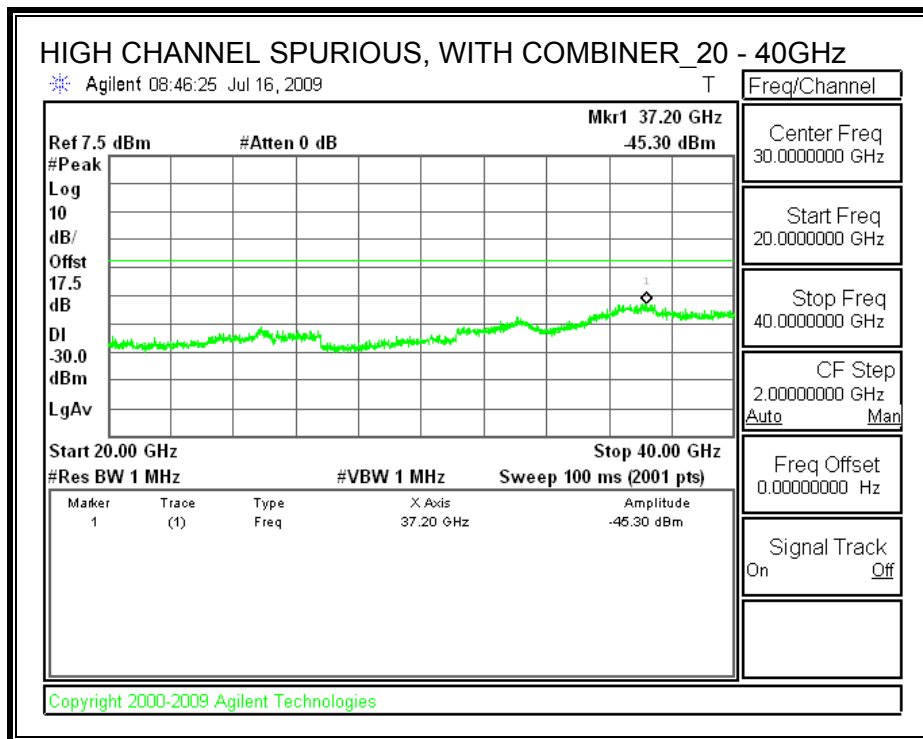
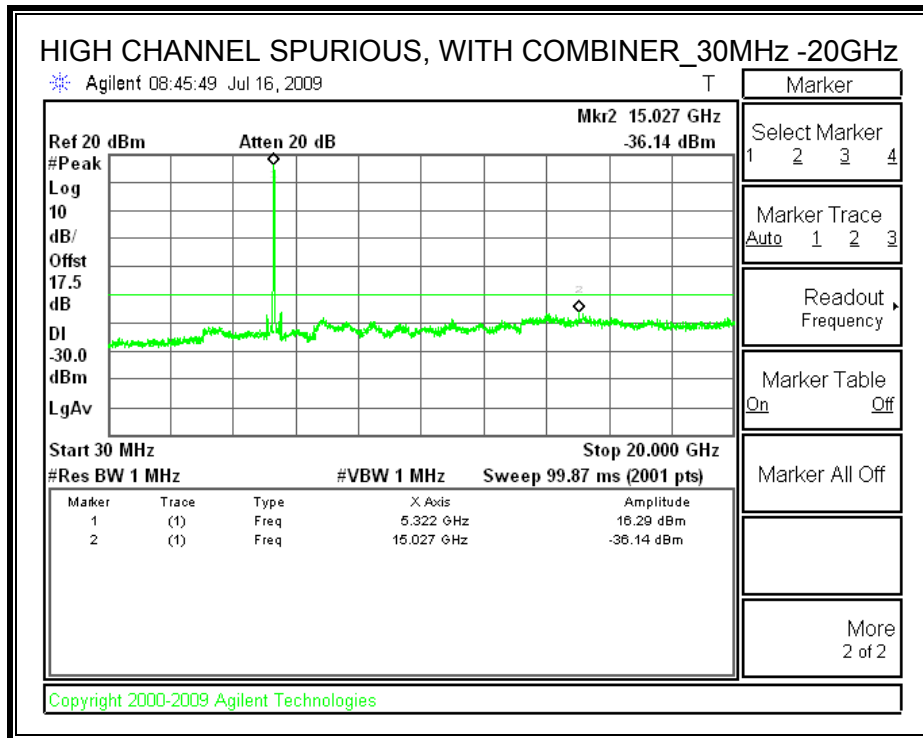
Measurements are made over the 30 MHz to 40 GHz range with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

**SPURIOUS EMISSIONS WITH COMBINER**









## 7.5. 5.3 GHz BAND CHANNEL TESTS FOR 802.11n HT20 MODE

### 7.5.1. 99% & 26 dB BANDWIDTH

#### LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

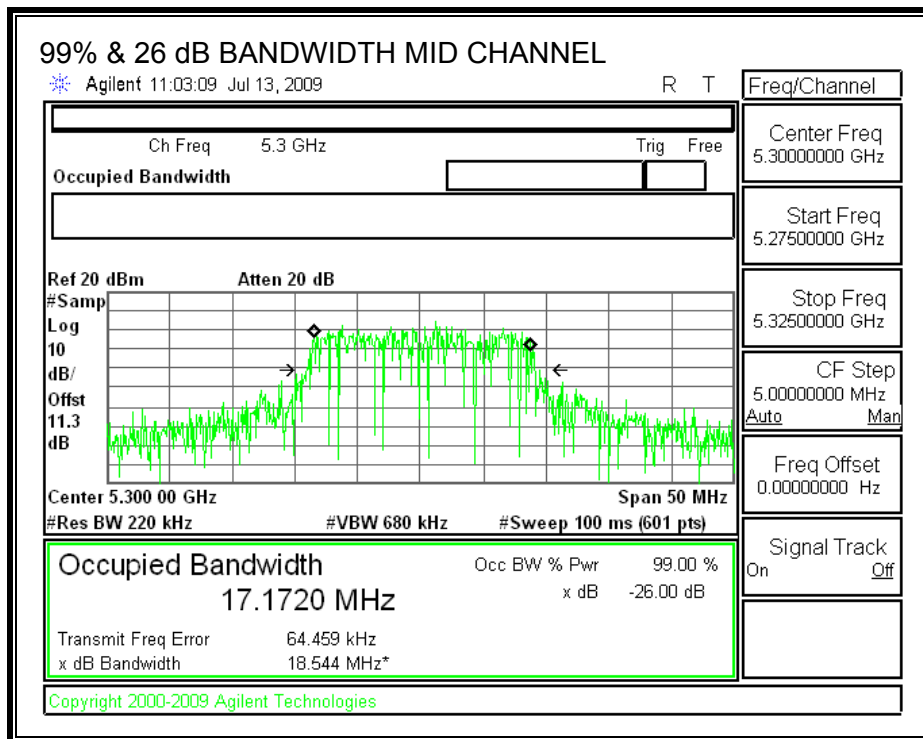
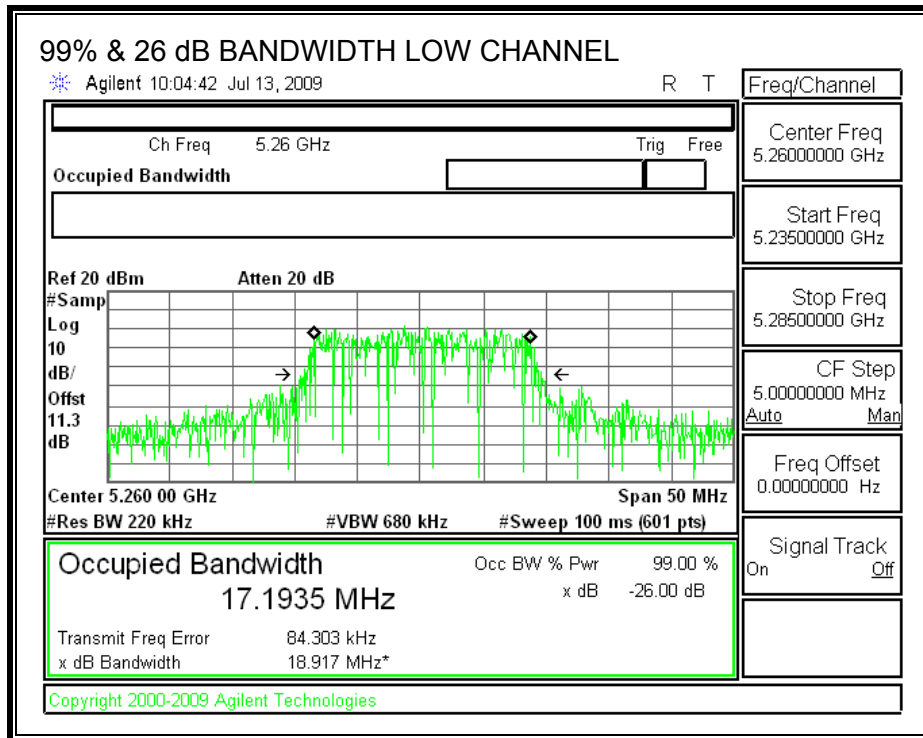
#### TEST PROCEDURE

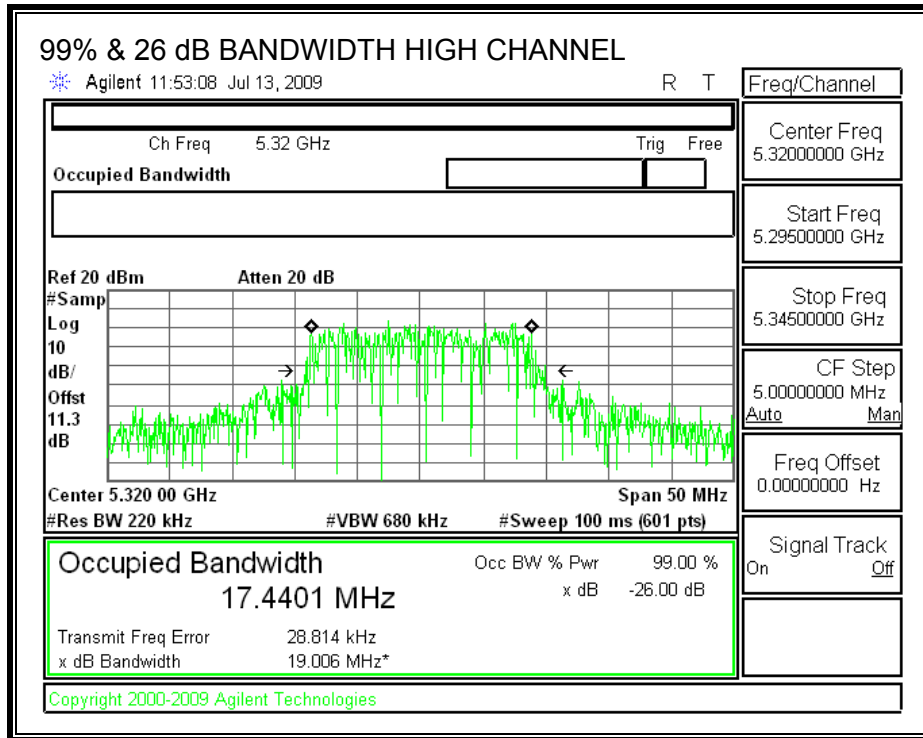
The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to 1% to 3% of the bandwidth. The VBW is set to 3 times the RBW. The sweep time is coupled. The spectrum analyzer internal bandwidth measurement function is utilized.

#### RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% OBW (MHz)	26 dB BW (MHz)
Low	5260	17.1935	18.917
Middle	5300	17.172	18.544
High	5320	17.44	19.006

**99% & 26 dB BANDWIDTH**





## 7.5.2. OUTPUT POWER

### LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (a) (2)

IC RSS-210 A9.2 (2)

For the 5.25-5.35 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26-dB emission bandwidth in MHz. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the peak transmit power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

### TEST PROCEDURE

The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002.

The transmitter output operates continuously therefore Method # 1 is used.

### RESULTS

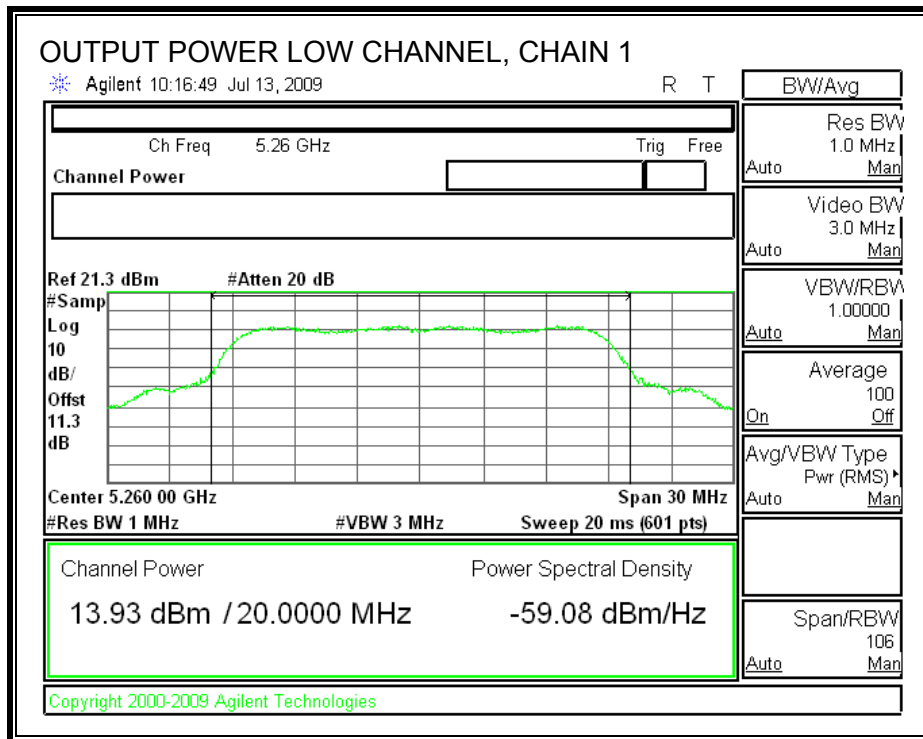
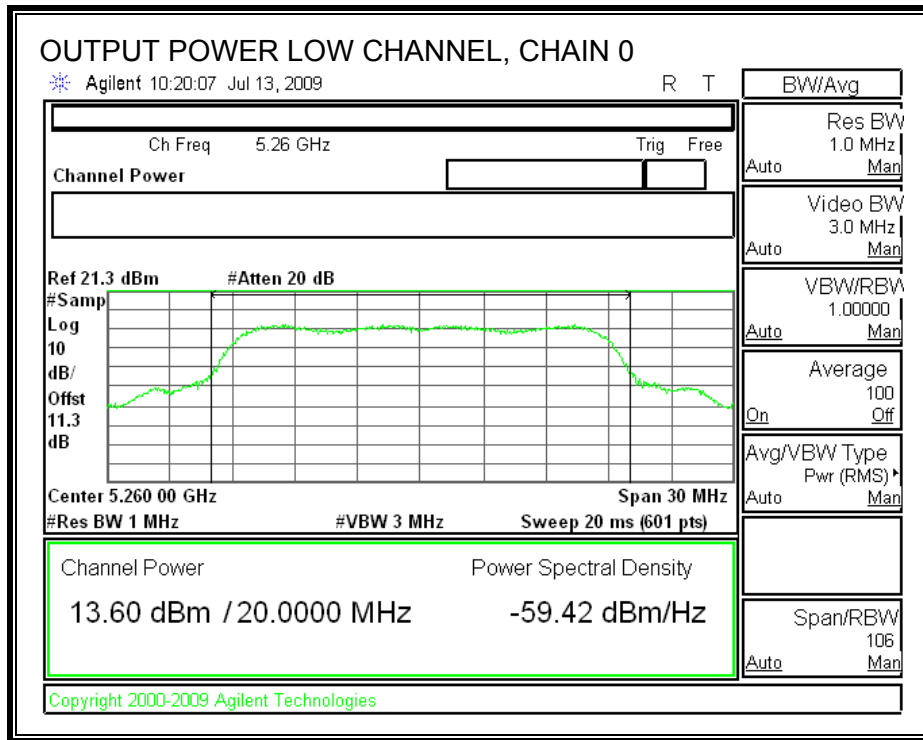
#### Limit

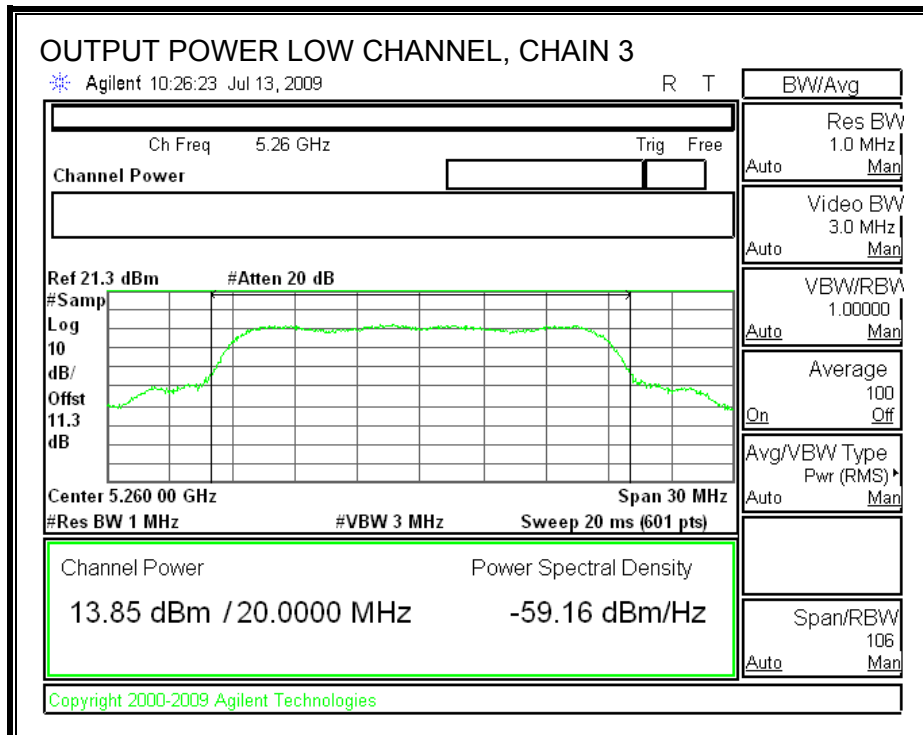
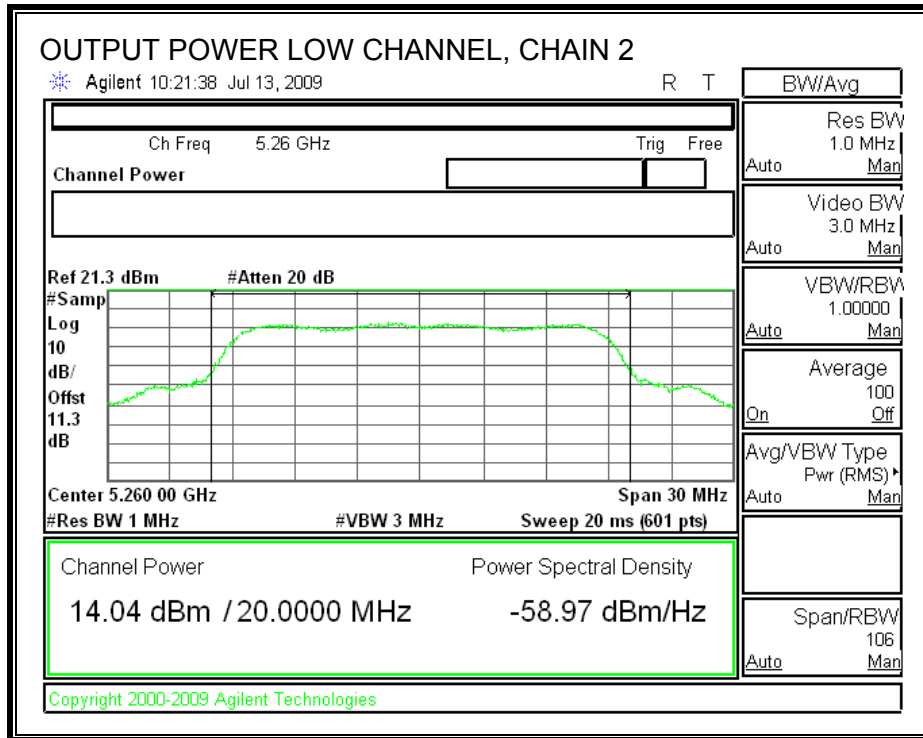
Channel	Freq (MHz)	Fixed Limit (dBm)	B (MHz)	11 + 10 Log B Limit (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Limit (dBm)
Low	5260	24	18.917	23.77	3	23.77
Mid	5300	24	18.544	23.68	3	23.68
High	5320	24	19.006	23.79	3	23.79

#### Individual Chain Results

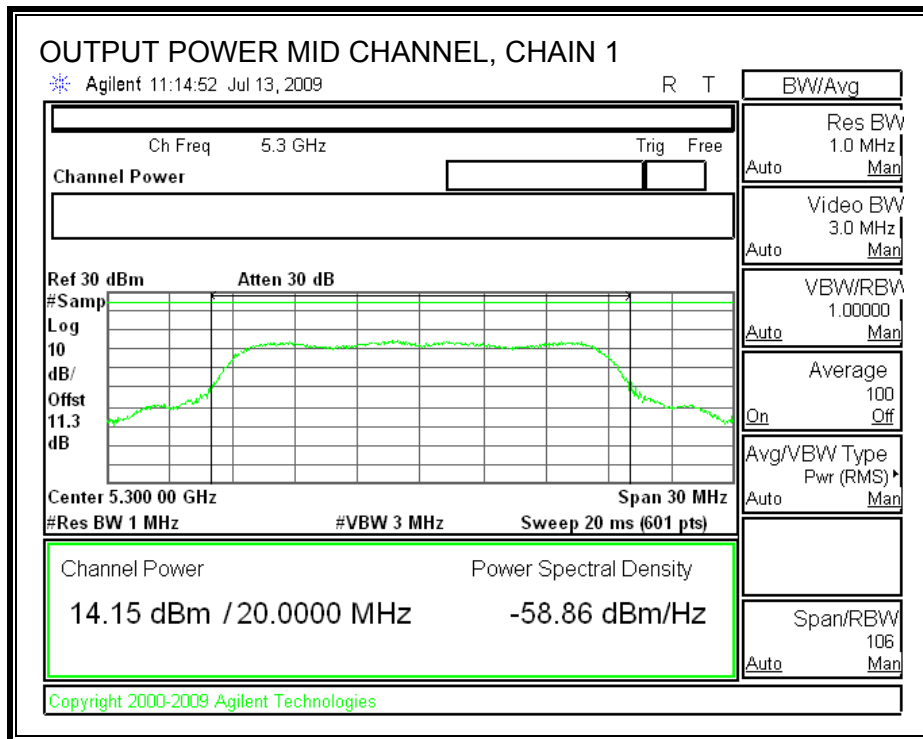
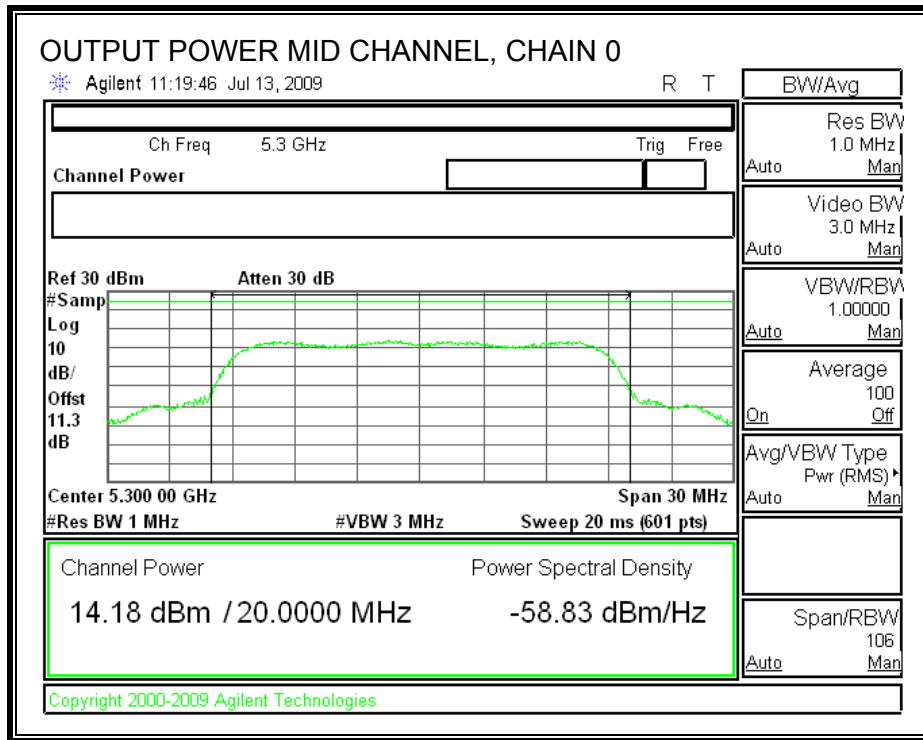
Channel	Freq (MHz)	Chain 0 Power (dBm)	Chain 1 Power (dBm)	Chain 2 Power (dBm)	Chain 3 Power (dBm)	Total Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	5260	13.60	13.93	14.04	13.85	19.88	23.77	-3.89
Mid	5300	14.18	14.15	14.58	14.54	20.39	23.68	-3.29
High	5320	14.36	14.57	14.42	14.58	20.50	23.79	-3.28

**OUTPUT POWER, LOW CHANNEL**

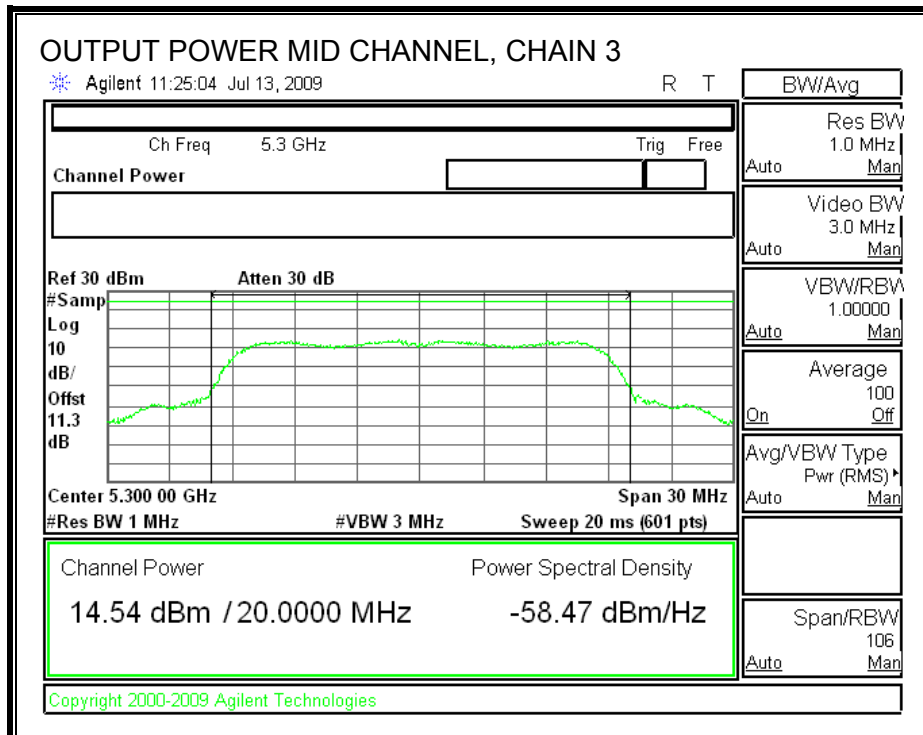
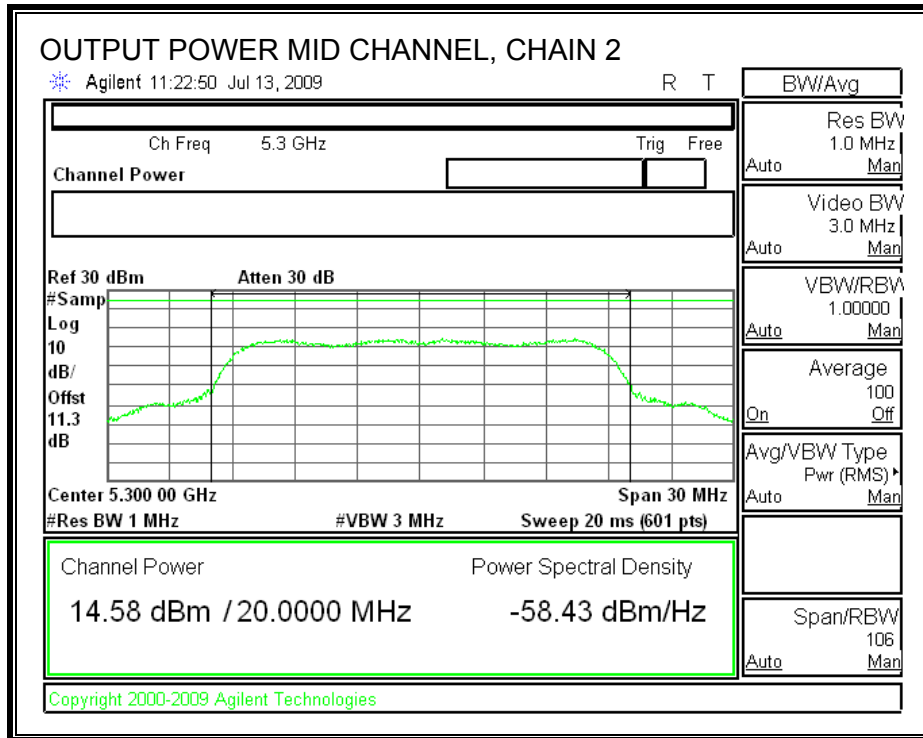




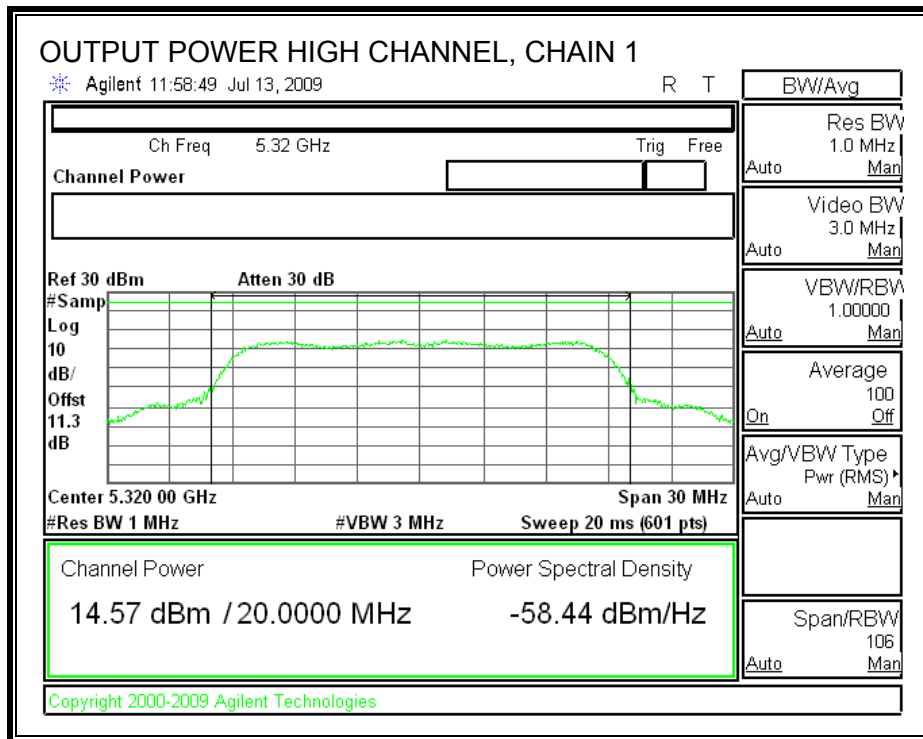
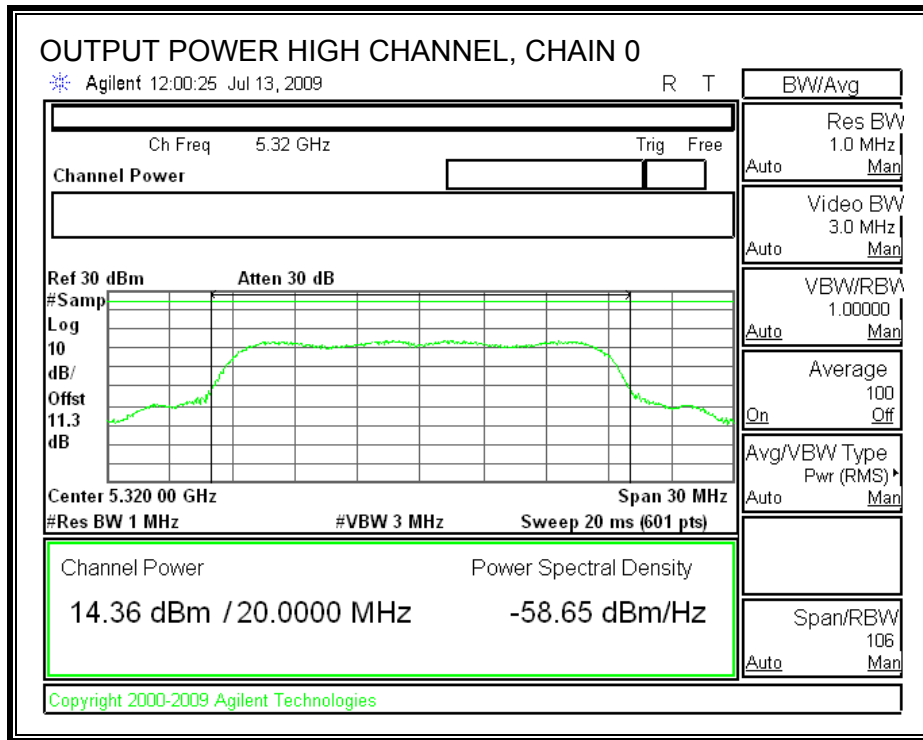
**OUTPUT POWER, MID CHANNEL**

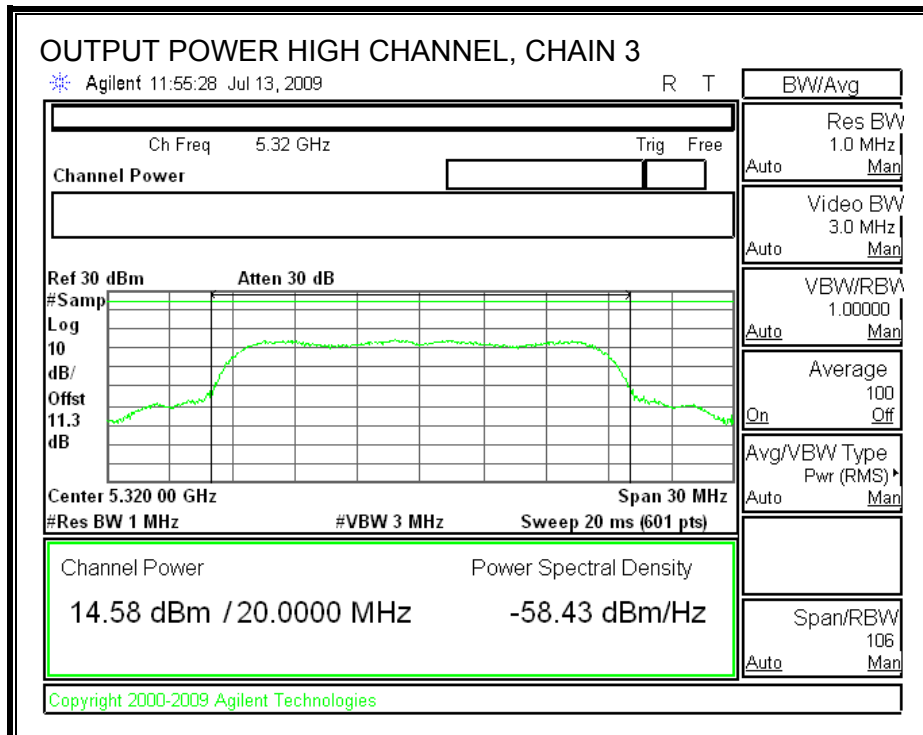
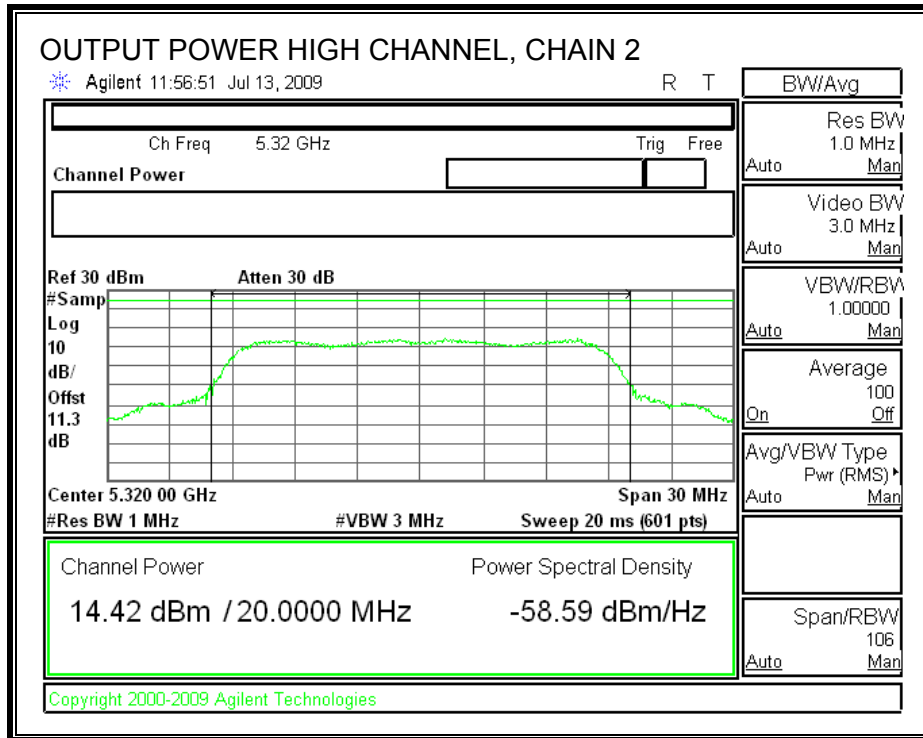






**OUTPUT POWER, HIGH CHANNEL**





### 7.5.3. AVERAGE POWER

#### LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

#### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.3 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.3 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

#### RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 Power (dBm)	Chain 1 Power (dBm)	Chain 2 Power (dBm)	Chain 3 Power (dBm)
Low	5260	14.08	14.42	14.24	14.19
Middle	5300	14.21	14.50	14.75	14.60
High	5320	14.12	14.41	14.42	14.26

## 7.5.4. PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

### LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (a) (2)

IC RSS-210 A9.2 (2)

For the 5.25–5.35 GHz band, the peak power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the peak transmit power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

The maximum antenna gain is less than 6 dBi, therefore the limit is 11 dBm.

### TEST PROCEDURE

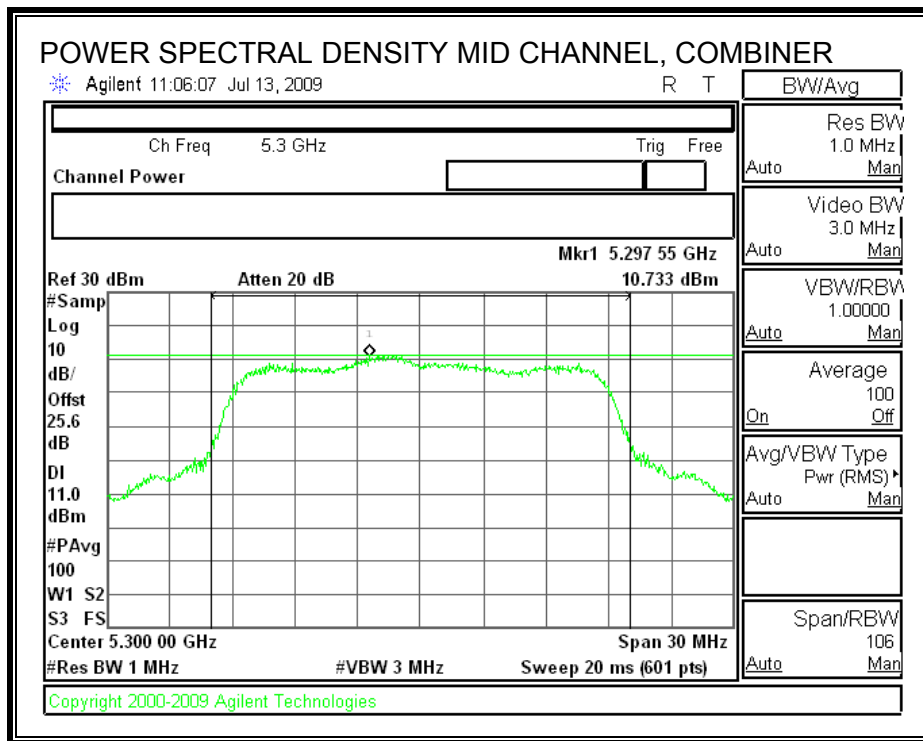
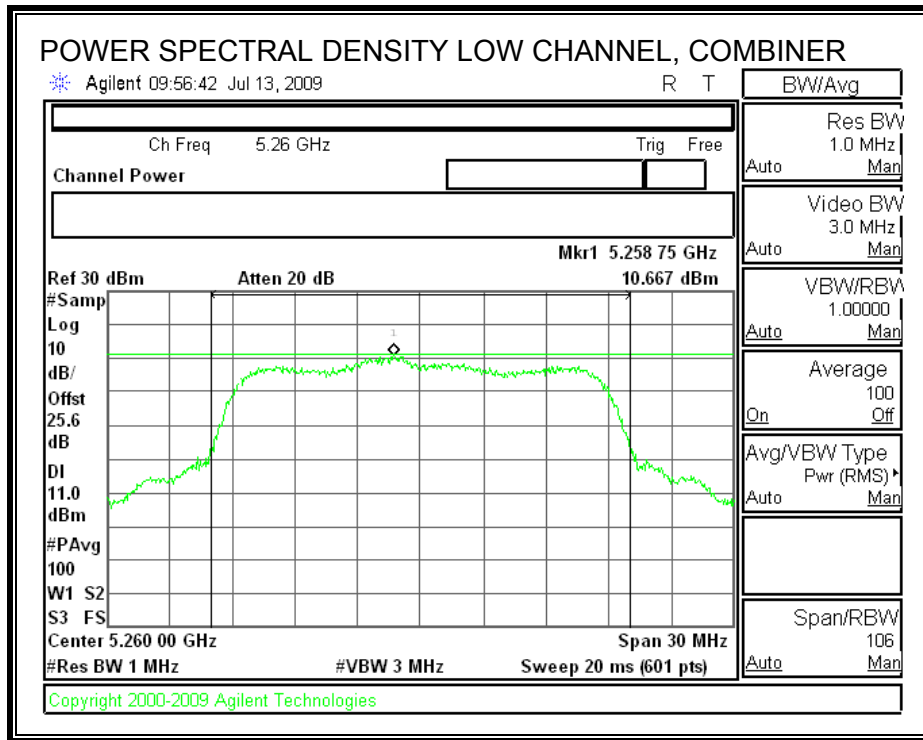
The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002. PPSD method #2 was used.

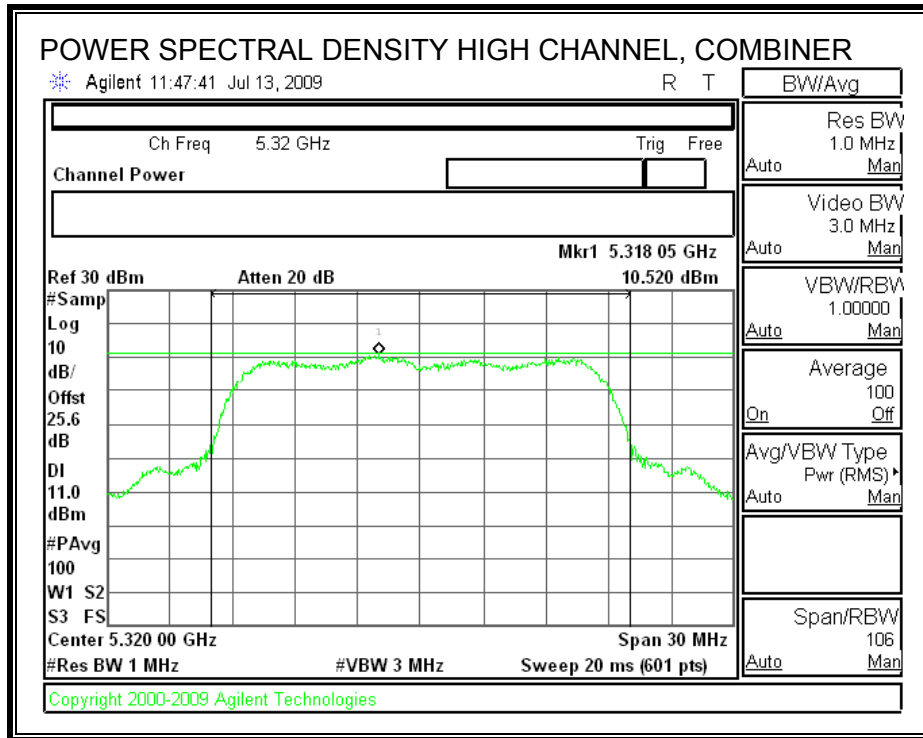
Preliminary tests on individual chains, and on all chains with a combiner, were performed. The worst-case configuration was with a combiner, therefore final test were performed with all chains feeding a combiner.

### RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PSD with Combiner (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	5260	10.67	11.00	-0.33
Middle	5300	10.73	11.00	-0.27
High	5320	10.52	11.00	-0.48

**POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY**





### 7.5.5. PEAK EXCURSION

#### LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (a) (6)

The ratio of the peak excursion of the modulation envelope (measured using a peak hold function) to the peak transmit power (measured as specified above) shall not exceed 13 dB across any 1 MHz bandwidth or the emission bandwidth whichever is less.

#### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter outputs are connected to the spectrum analyzer via a combiner.

The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002.

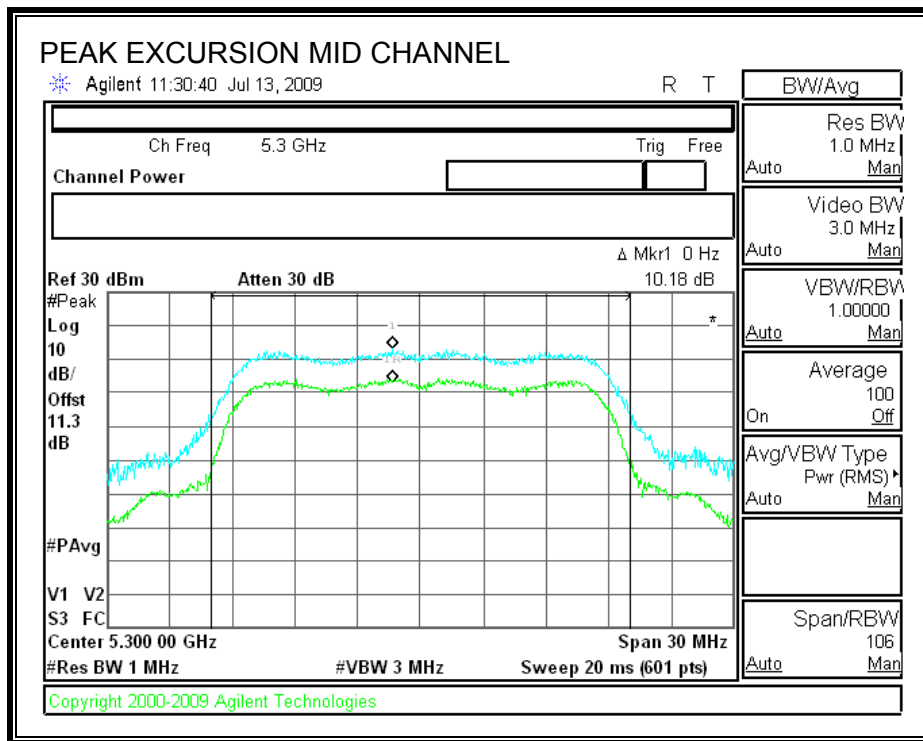
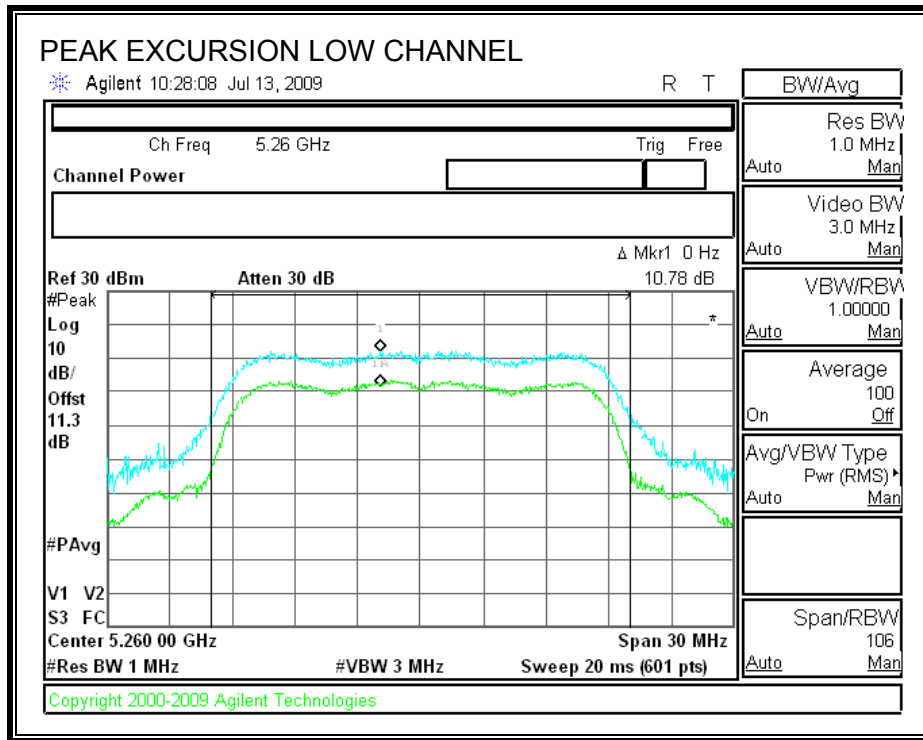
Since Method # 1 was used for peak power measurements, Method # 1 settings are used for the second PPSD trace.

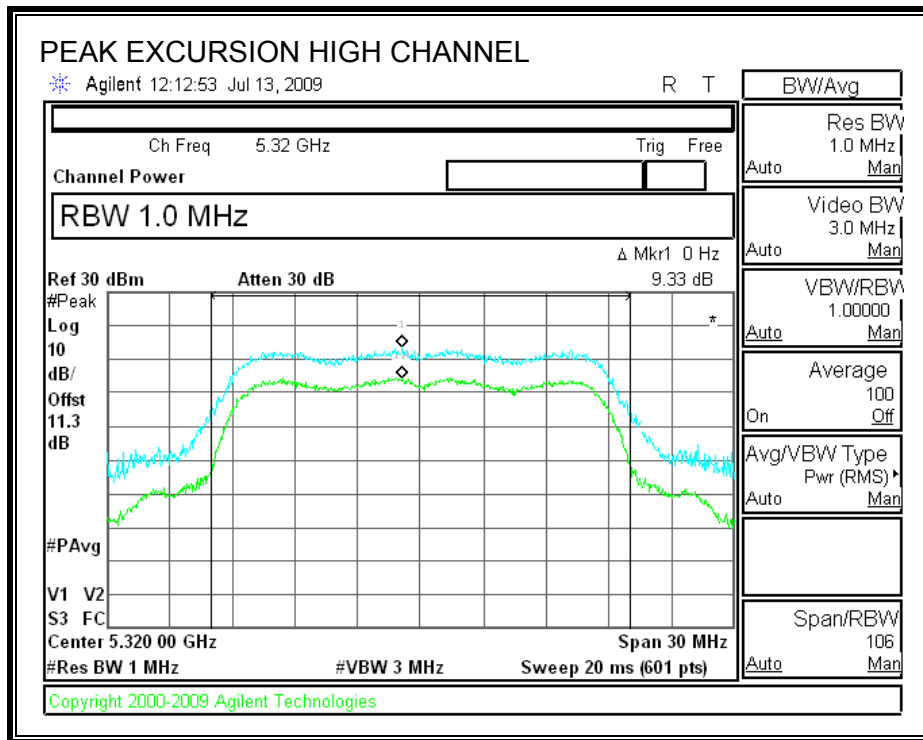
#### RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Excursion (dB)	Limit (dB)	Margin (dB)
Low	5260	10.78	13	-2.22
Middle	5300	10.18	13	-2.82
High	5320	9.33	13	-3.67



**PEAK EXCURSION**





## 7.5.6. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

### LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (b) (3)

IC RSS-210 A9.3 (3)

For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: all emissions outside of the 5.25-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27 dBm / MHz.

Devices operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band that generate emissions in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band must meet all applicable technical requirements for operation in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band (including indoor use) or alternatively meet an out-of-band emission EIRP limit of -27 dBm/MHz in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band.

### TEST PROCEDURE

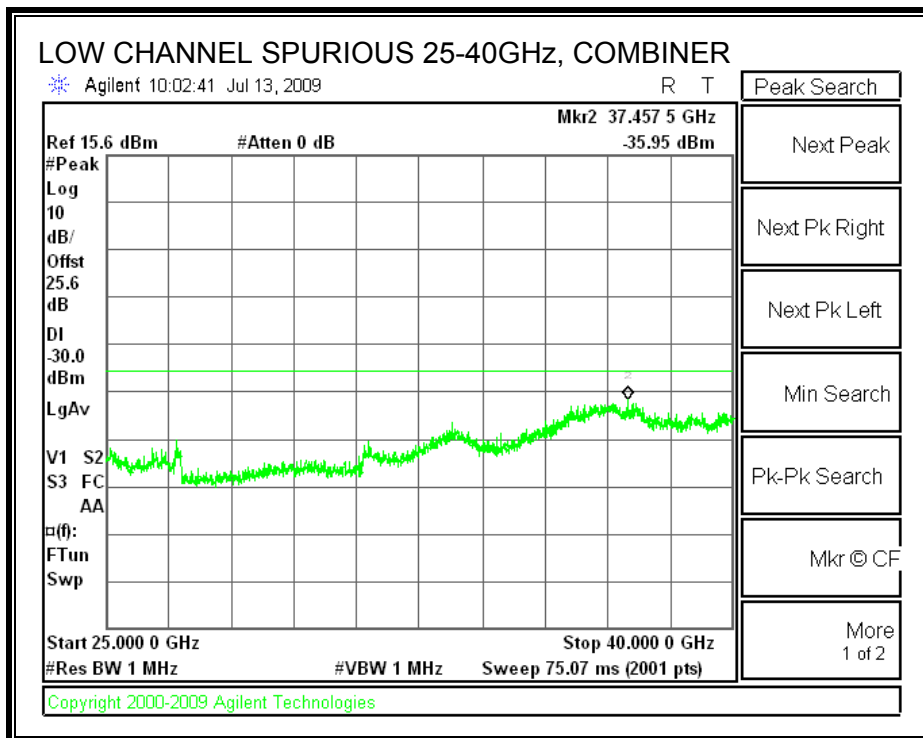
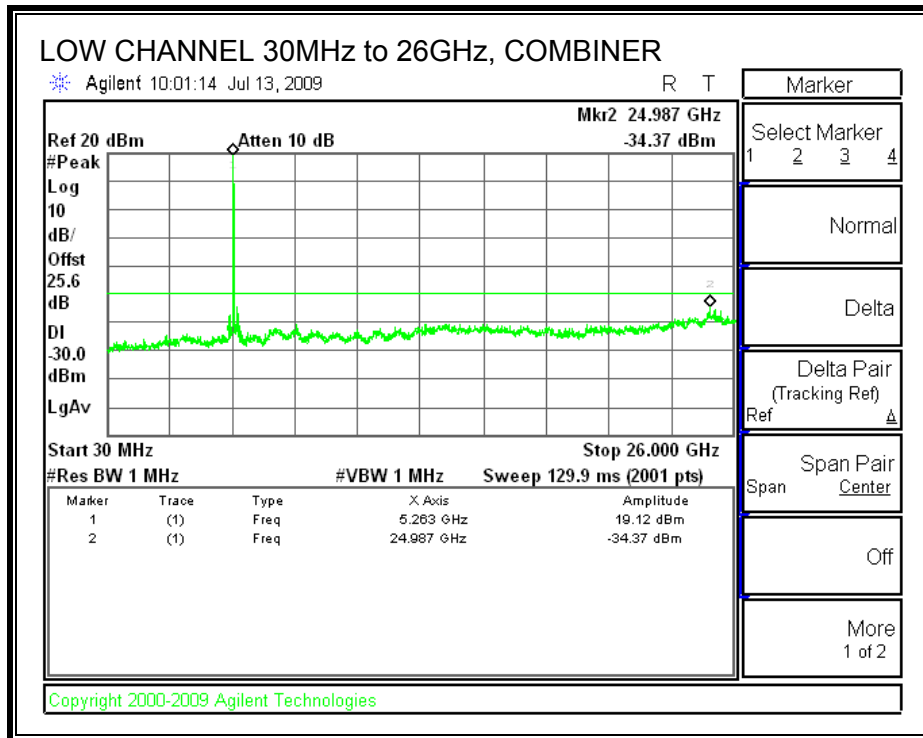
Conducted RF measurements of the transmitter output are made to confirm that the EUT antenna port conducted emissions meet the specified limit and to identify any spurious signals that require further investigation or measurements on the radiated emissions site.

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz. The video bandwidth is set to 1 MHz. Peak detection measurements are compared to EIRP limit, adjusted for the maximum antenna gain.

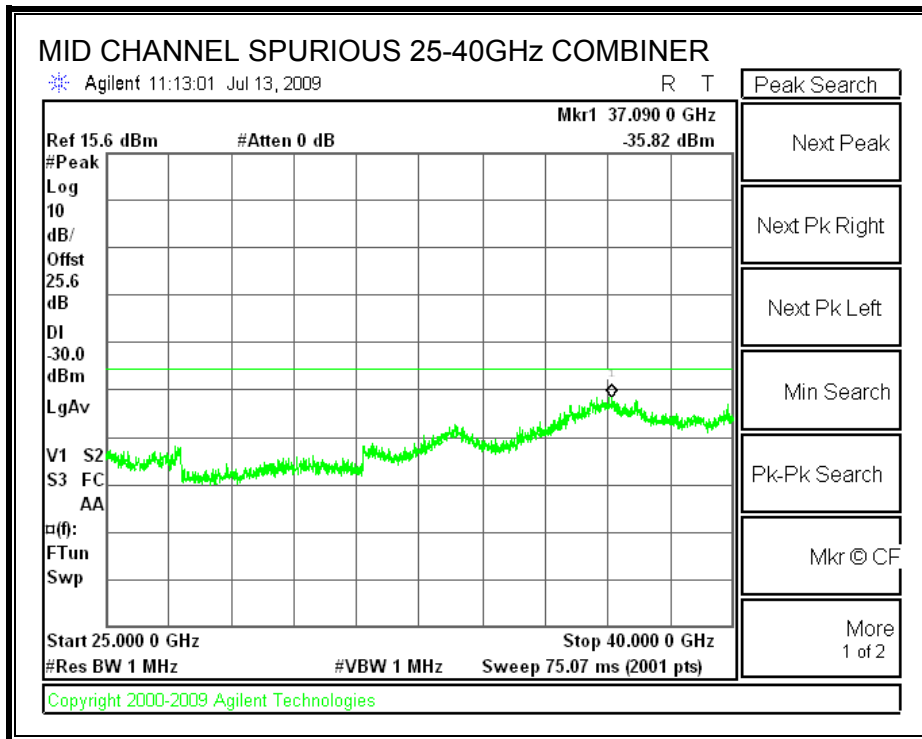
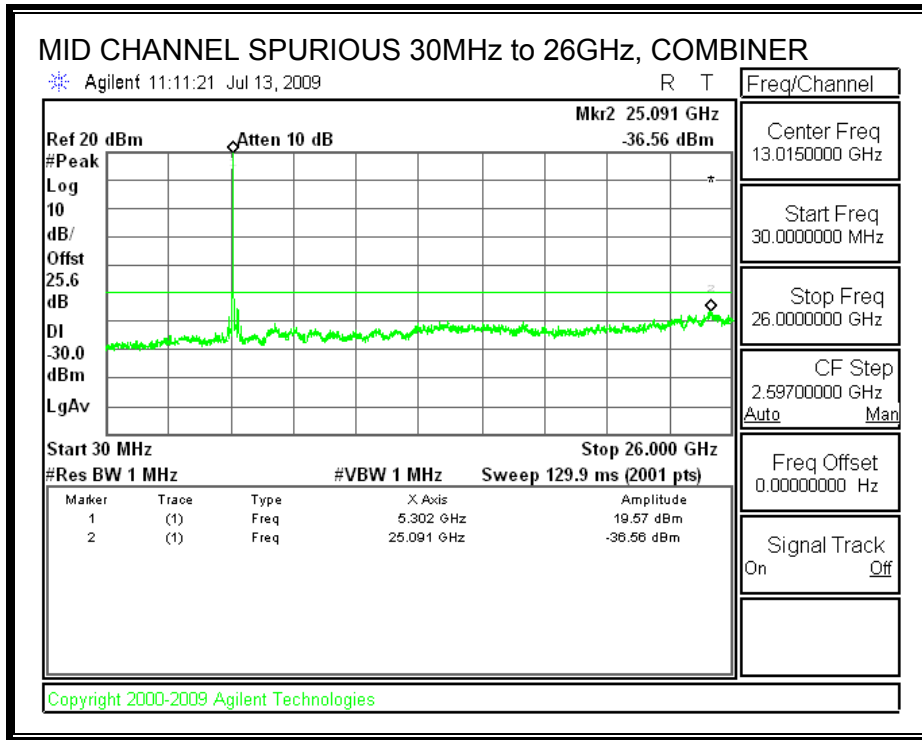
Measurements are made over the 30 MHz to 40 GHz range with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

Preliminary tests on individual chains, and on all chains with a combiner, were performed. The worst-case configuration was with a combiner, therefore final test were performed with all chains feeding a combiner.

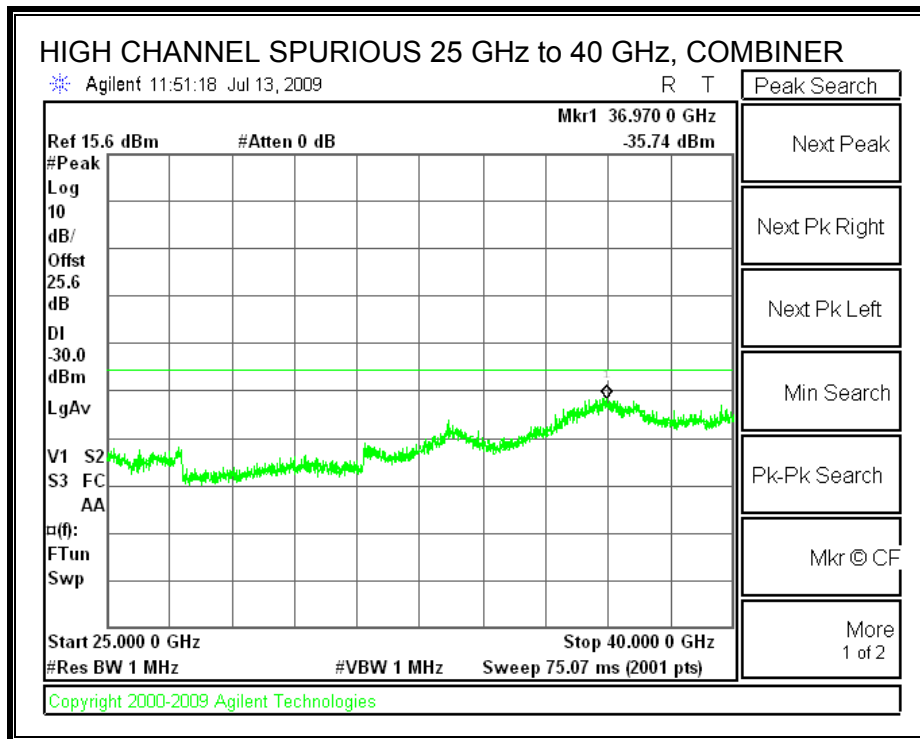
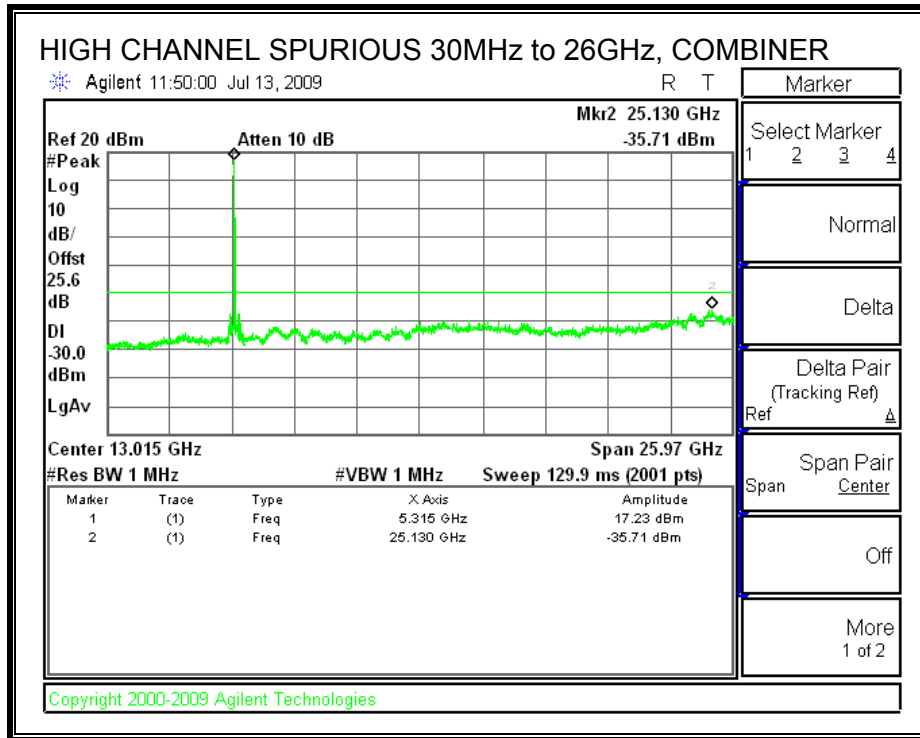
**LOW CHANNEL SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**



**MID CHANNEL SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**



**HIGH CHANNEL SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**



## 7.6. 5.3 GHz BAND CHANNEL TESTS FOR 802.11n HT40 MODE

### 7.6.1. 99% & 26 dB BANDWIDTH

#### LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

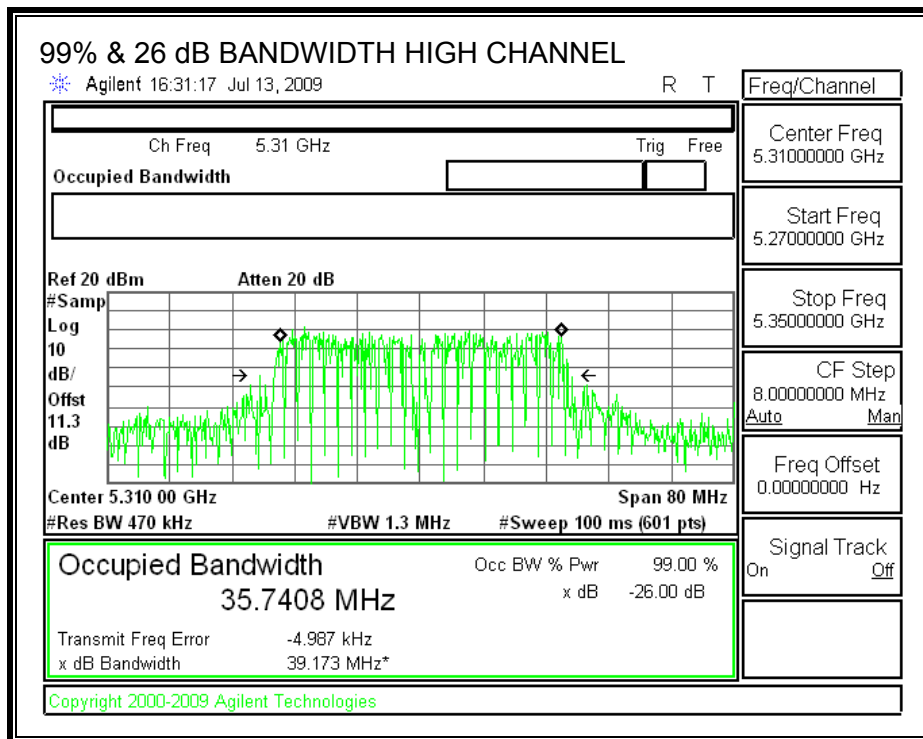
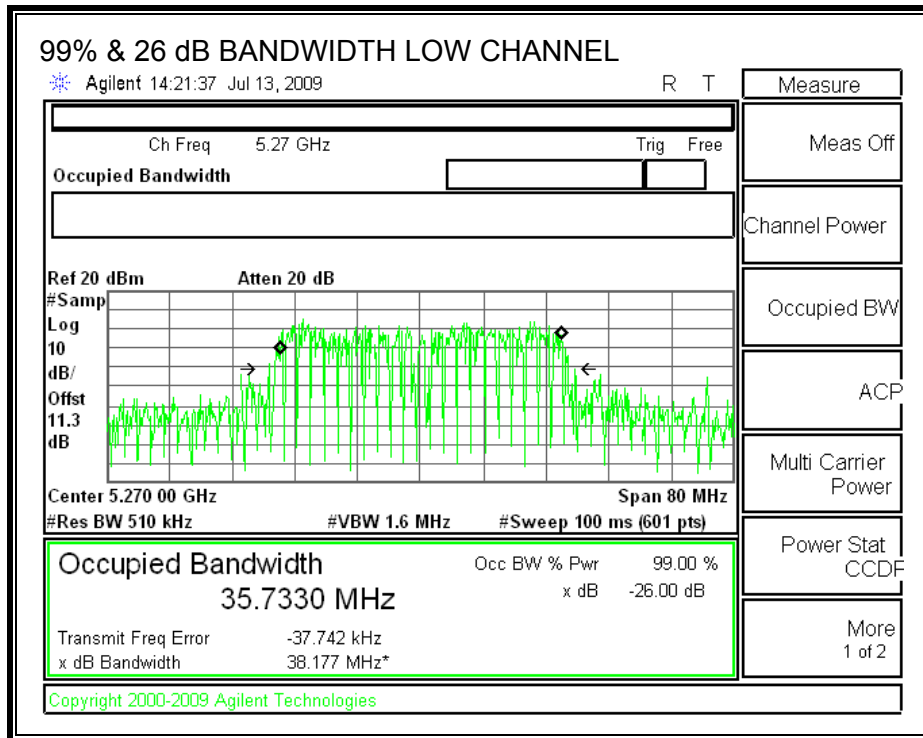
#### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to 1% to 3% of the bandwidth. The VBW is set to 3 times the RBW. The sweep time is coupled. The spectrum analyzer internal bandwidth measurement function is utilized.

#### RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% OBW (MHz)	26 dB BW (MHz)
Low	5270	35.733	38.177
High	5310	35.7408	39.174

**99% & 26 dB BANDWIDTH**





## 7.6.2. OUTPUT POWER

### LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (a) (2)

IC RSS-210 A9.2 (2)

For the 5.25-5.35 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26-dB emission bandwidth in MHz. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the peak transmit power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

### TEST PROCEDURE

The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002.

The transmitter output operates continuously therefore Method # 1 is used.

### RESULTS

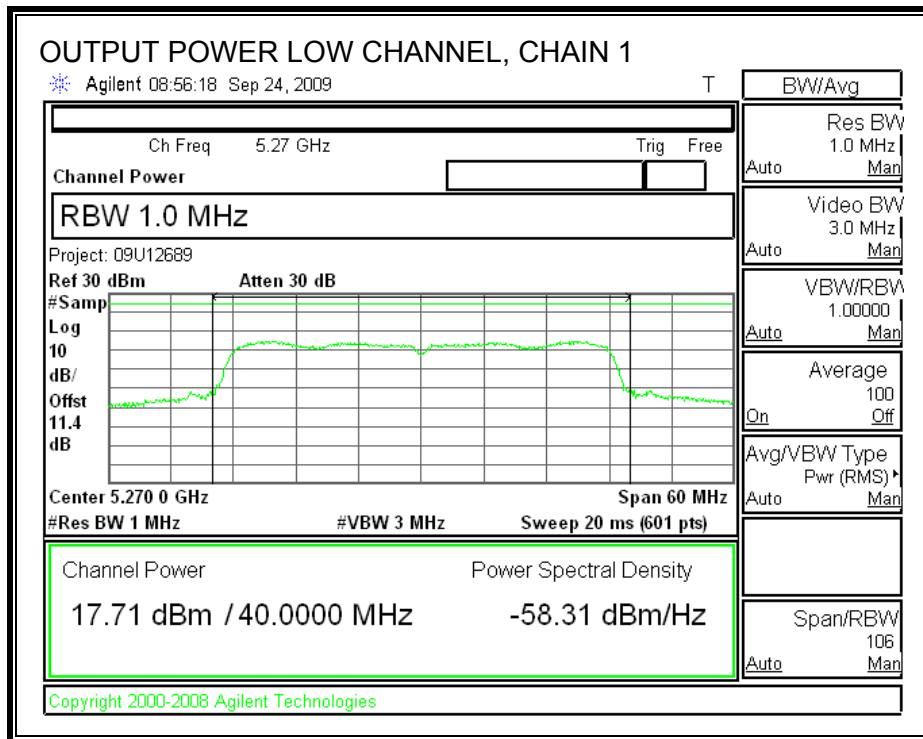
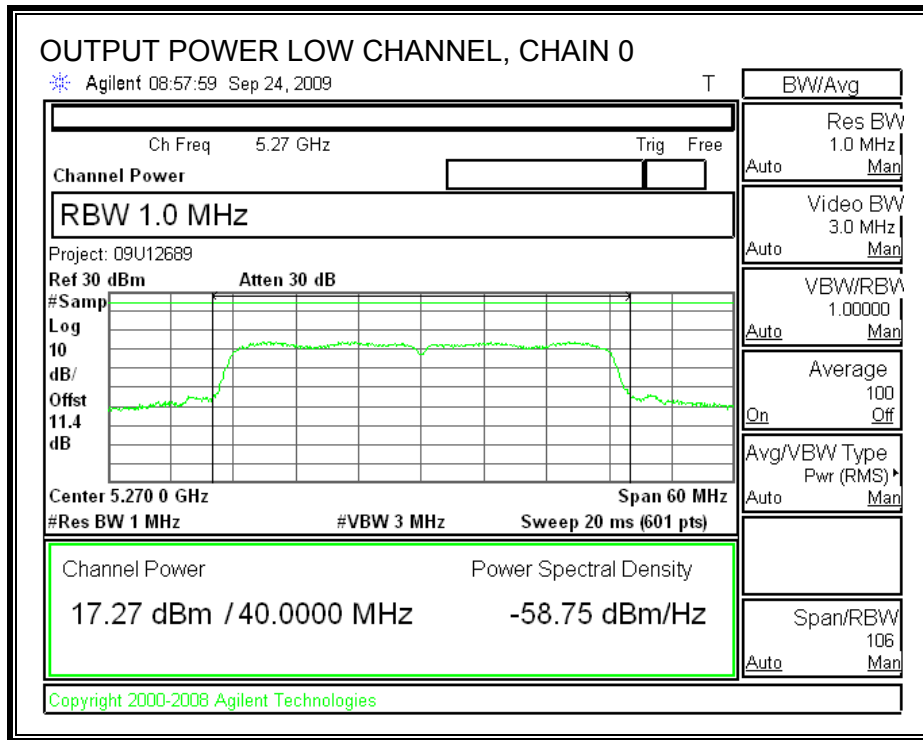
#### Limit

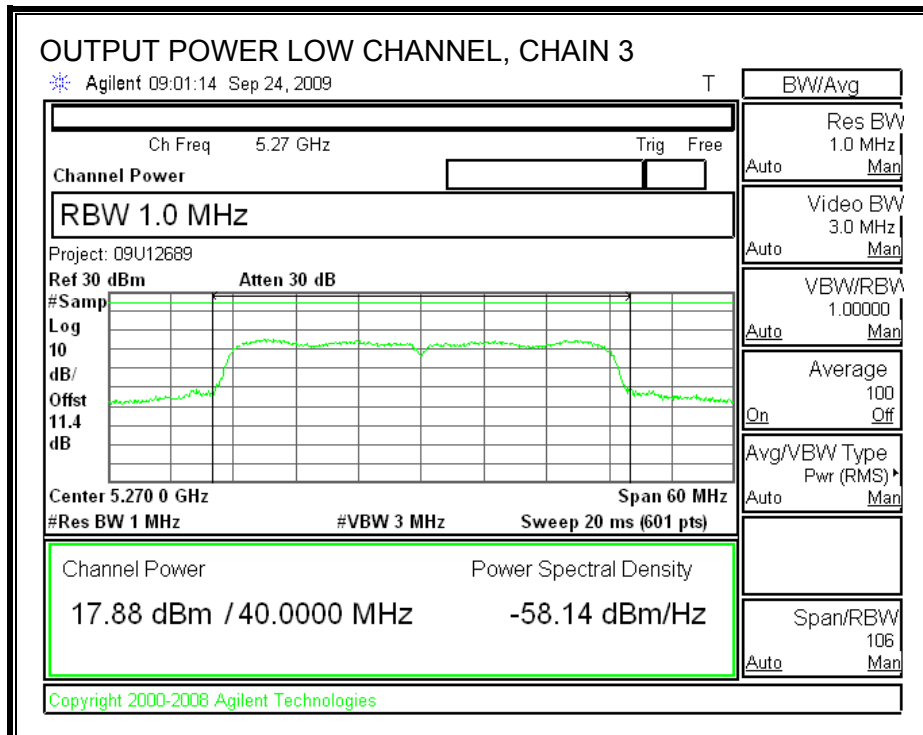
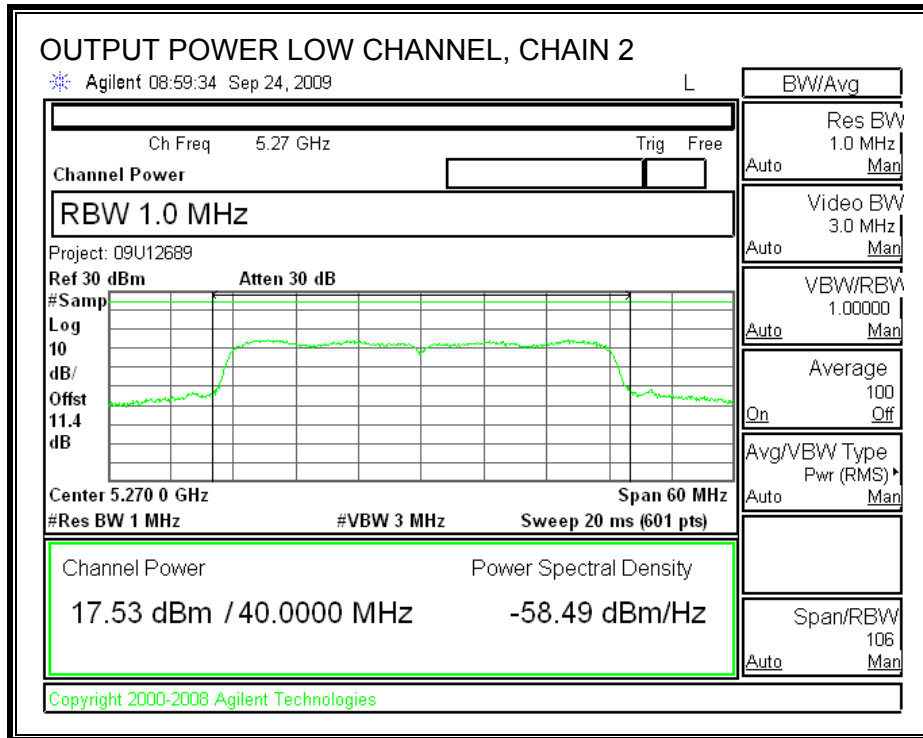
Channel	Freq (MHz)	Fixed Limit (dBm)	B (MHz)	11 + 10 Log B Limit (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Limit (dBm)
Low	5270	24	38.177	26.82	3	24.00
High	5310	24	39.174	26.93	3	24.00

#### Individual Chain Results

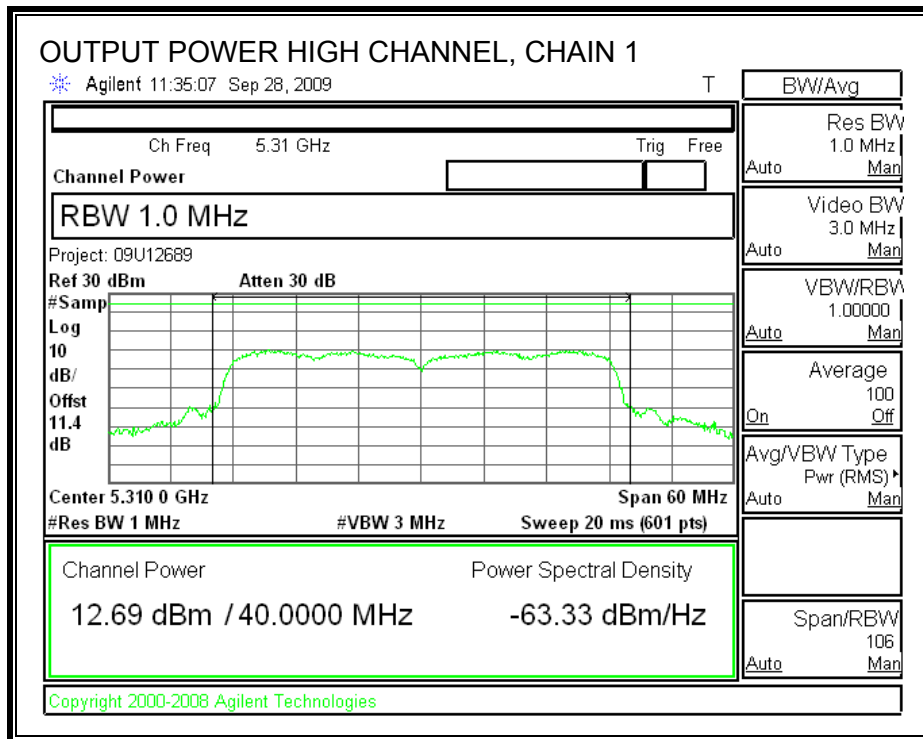
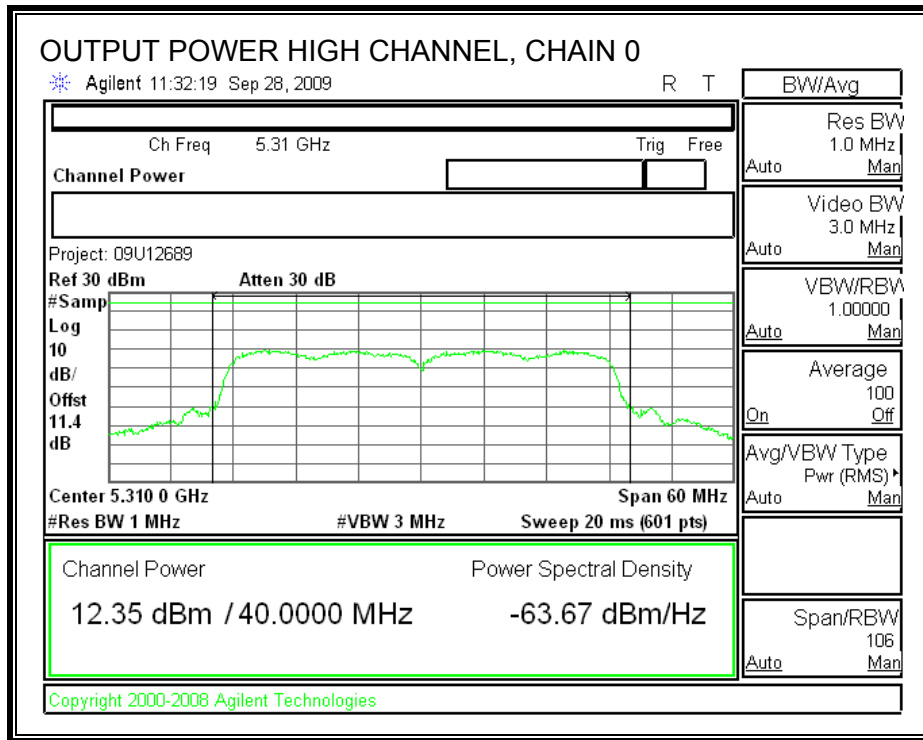
Channel	Freq (MHz)	Chain 0 Power (dBm)	Chain 1 Power (dBm)	Chain 2 Power (dBm)	Chain 3 Power (dBm)	Total Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	5270	17.27	17.71	17.53	17.88	23.62	24.00	-0.38
High	5310	12.35	12.69	12.30	12.78	18.56	24.00	-5.44

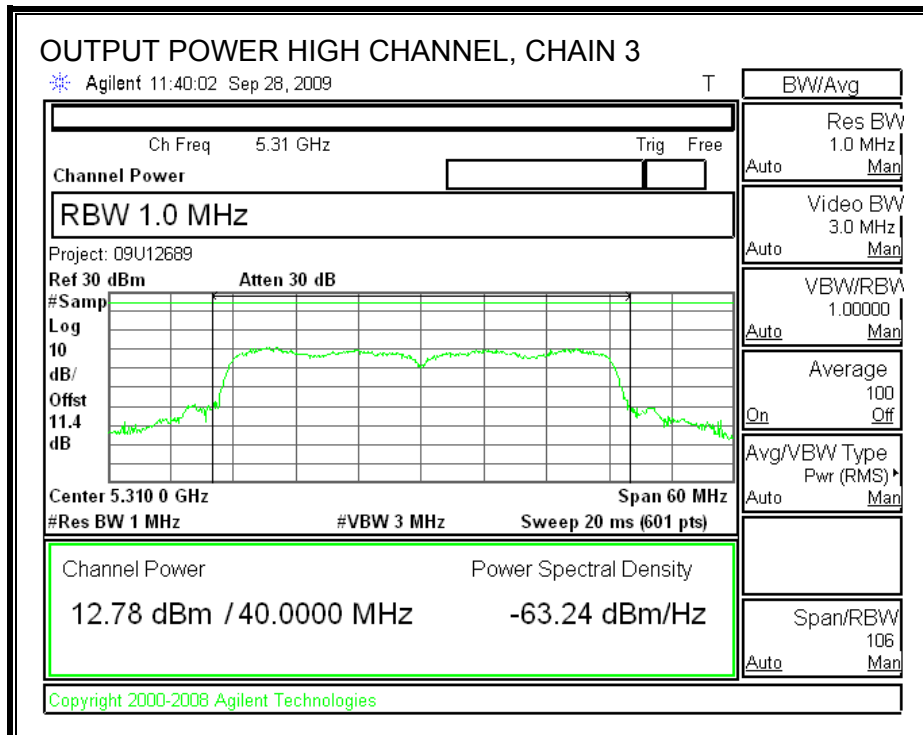
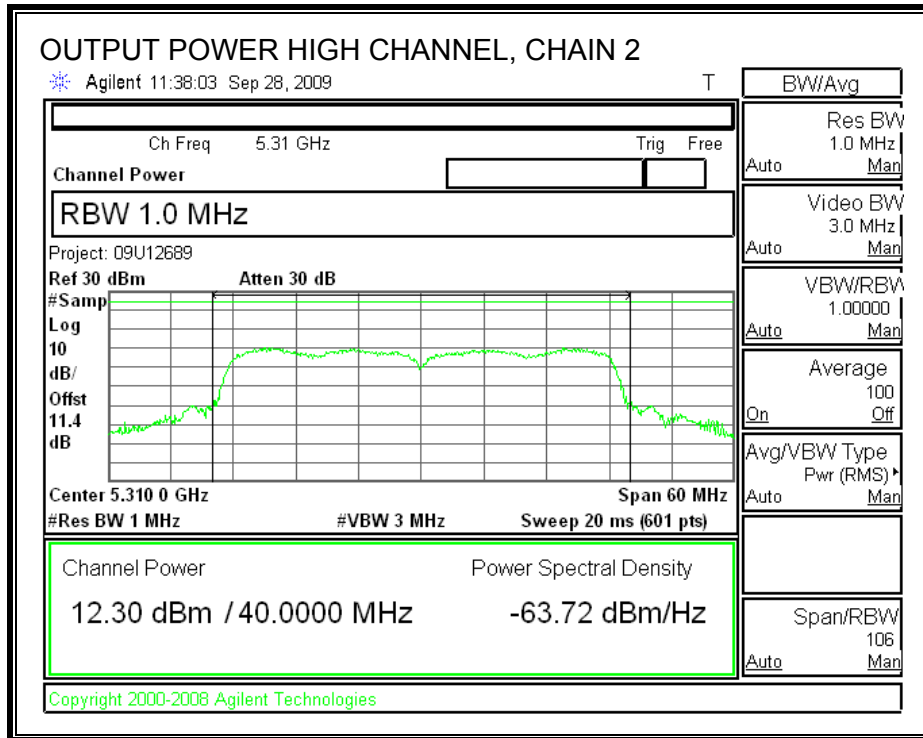
**OUTPUT POWER, LOW CHANNEL**





**OUTPUT POWER, HIGH CHANNEL**





### 7.6.3. AVERAGE POWER

#### LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

#### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.3 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.3 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

#### RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 Power (dBm)	Chain 1 Power (dBm)	Chain 2 Power (dBm)	Chain 3 Power (dBm)
Low	5270	16.69	16.82	17.03	17.57
High	5310	12.65	12.52	12.53	12.72

## 7.6.4. PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

### LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (a) (2)

IC RSS-210 A9.2 (2)

For the 5.25–5.35 GHz band, the peak power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the peak transmit power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

The maximum antenna gain is less than 6 dBi, therefore the limit is 11 dBm.

### TEST PROCEDURE

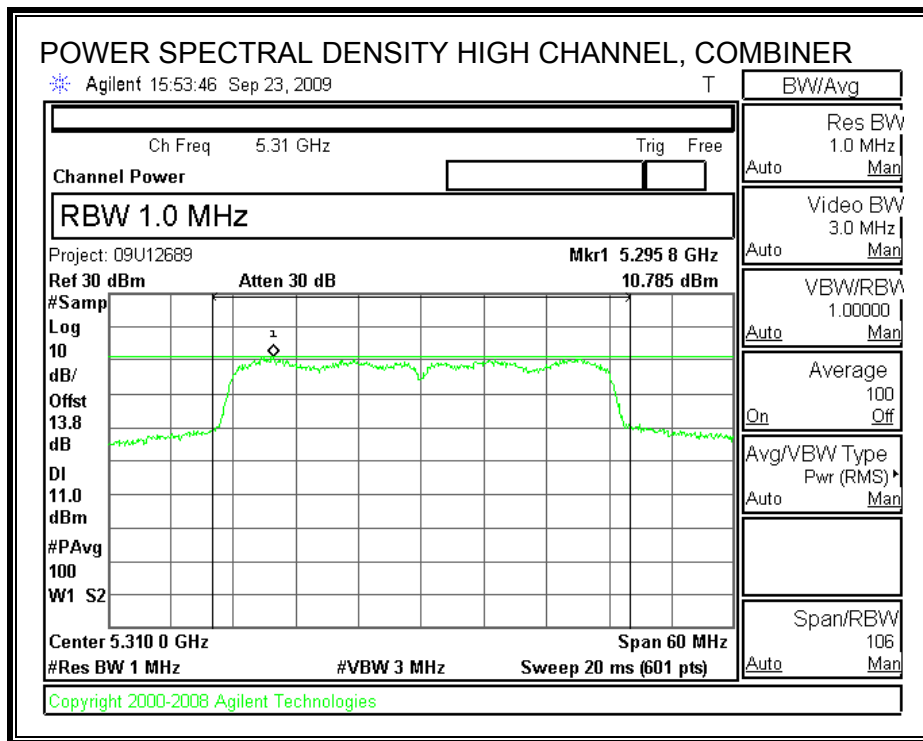
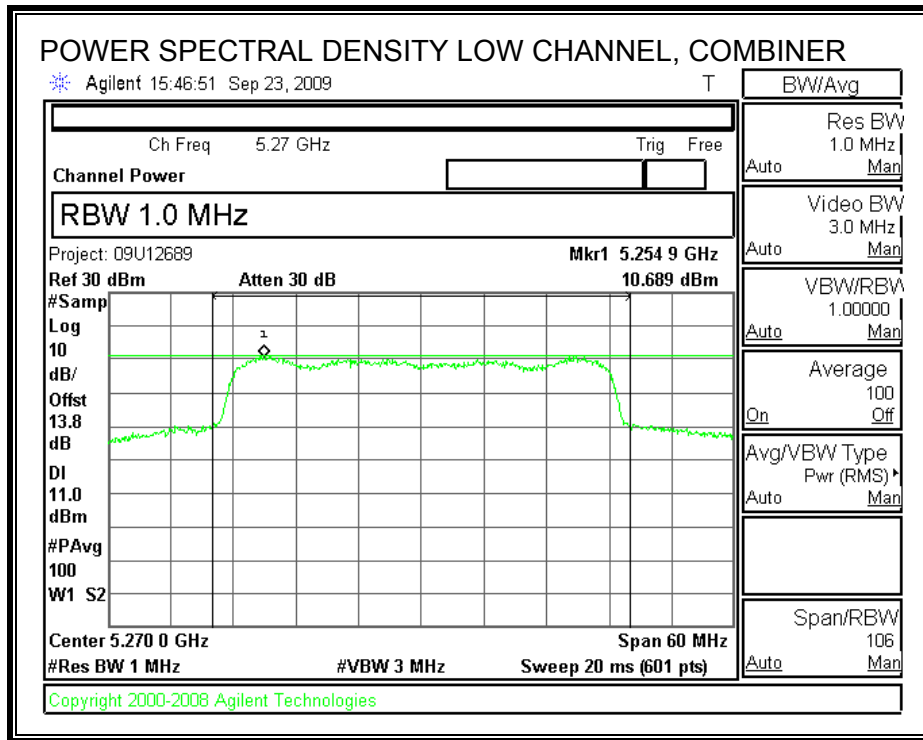
The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002. PPSD method #2 was used.

Preliminary tests on individual chains, and on all chains with a combiner, were performed. The worst-case configuration was with a combiner, therefore final test were performed with all chains feeding a combiner.

### RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PSD with Combiner (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	5270	10.69	11.00	-0.31
High	5310	10.79	11.00	-0.21

**POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY**





## 7.6.5. PEAK EXCURSION

### LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (a) (6)

The ratio of the peak excursion of the modulation envelope (measured using a peak hold function) to the peak transmit power (measured as specified above) shall not exceed 13 dB across any 1 MHz bandwidth or the emission bandwidth whichever is less.

### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter outputs are connected to the spectrum analyzer via a combiner.

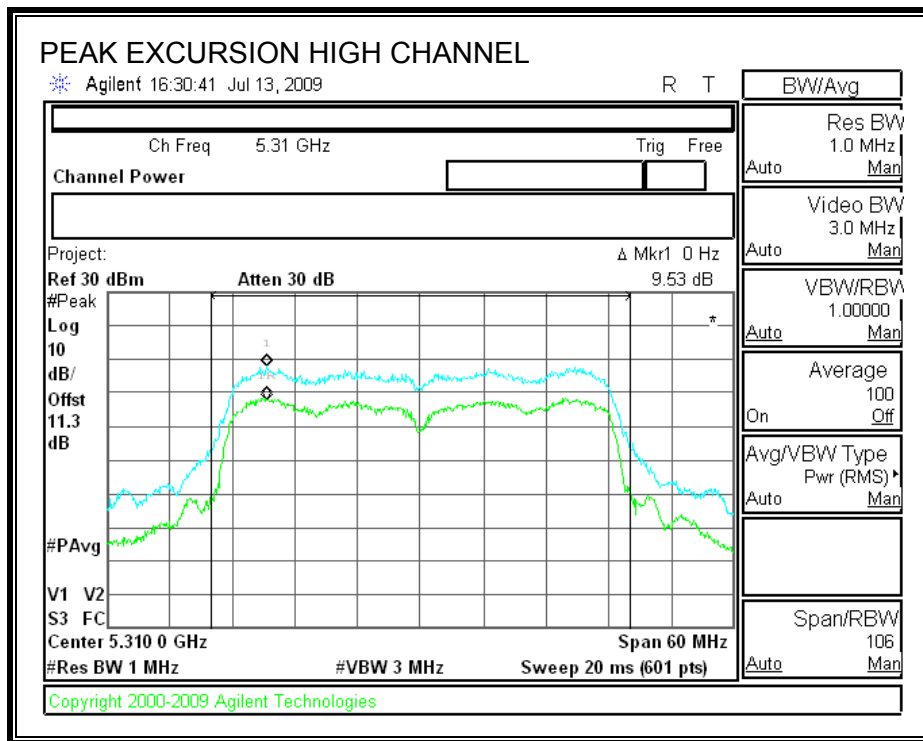
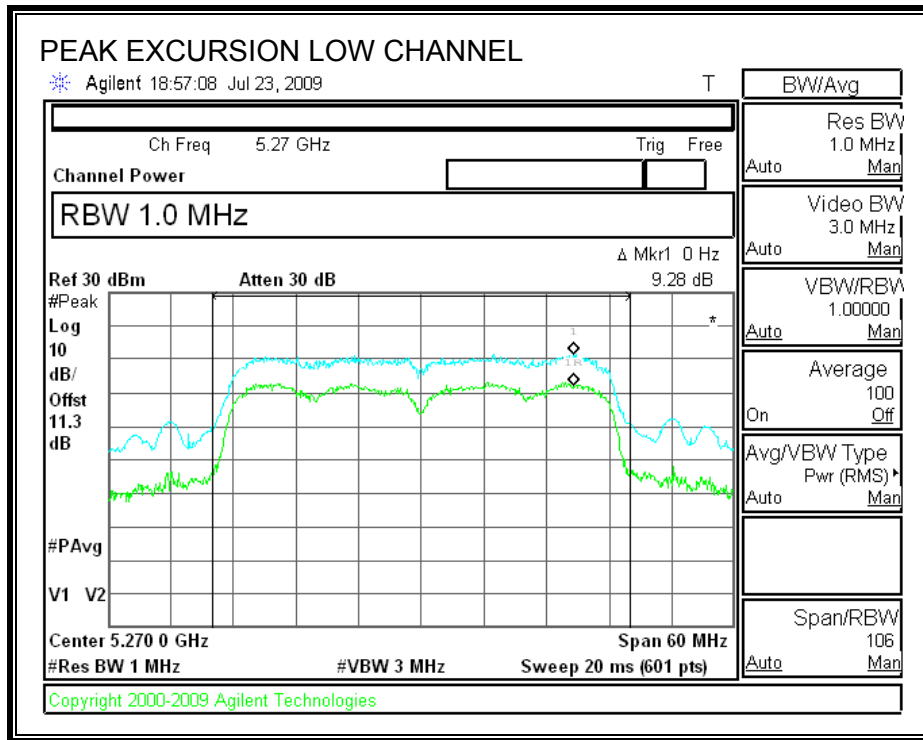
The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002.

Since Method # 1 was used for peak power measurements, Method # 1 settings are used for the second PPSD trace.

### RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Excursion (dB)	Limit (dB)	Margin (dB)
Low	5270	9.28	13	-3.72
High	5310	9.53	13	-3.47

**PEAK EXCURSION**



## 7.6.6. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

### LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (b) (3)

IC RSS-210 A9.3 (3)

For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: all emissions outside of the 5.25-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27 dBm / MHz.

Devices operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band that generate emissions in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band must meet all applicable technical requirements for operation in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band (including indoor use) or alternatively meet an out-of-band emission EIRP limit of -27 dBm/MHz in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band.

### TEST PROCEDURE

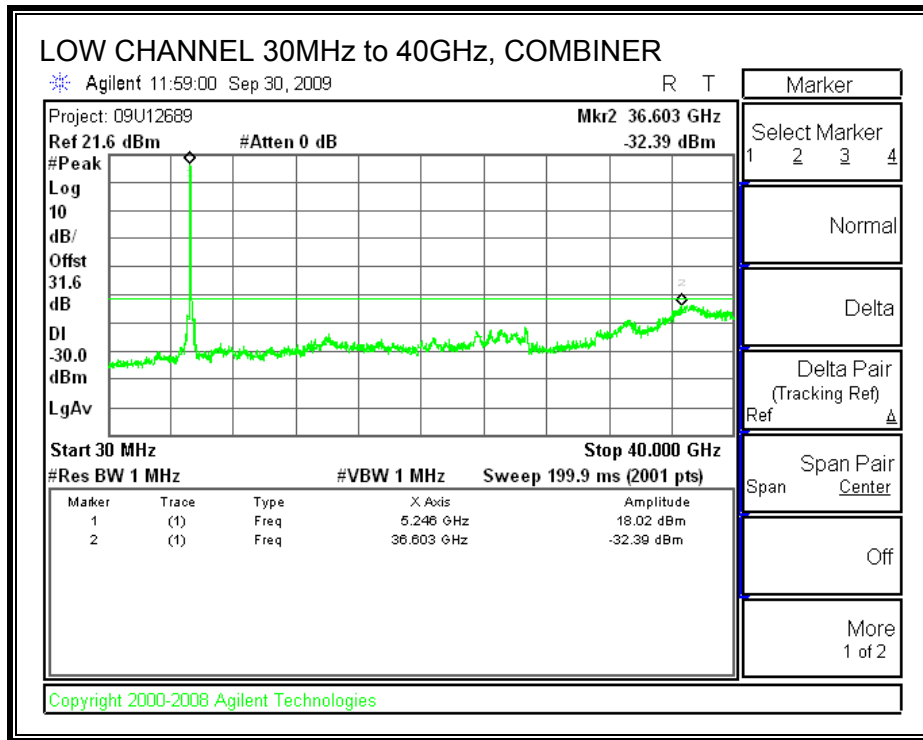
Conducted RF measurements of the transmitter output are made to confirm that the EUT antenna port conducted emissions meet the specified limit and to identify any spurious signals that require further investigation or measurements on the radiated emissions site.

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz. The video bandwidth is set to 1 MHz. Peak detection measurements are compared to EIRP limit, adjusted for the maximum antenna gain.

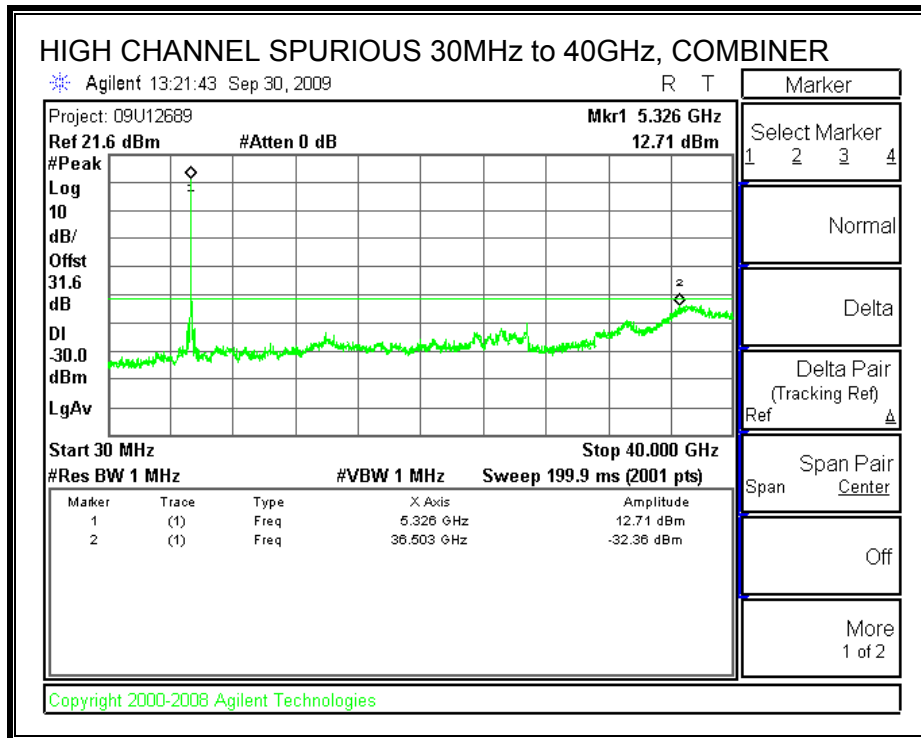
Measurements are made over the 30 MHz to 40 GHz range with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

Preliminary tests on individual chains, and on all chains with a combiner, were performed. The worst-case configuration was with a combiner, therefore final test were performed with all chains feeding a combiner.

**LOW CHANNEL SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**



**HIGH CHANNEL SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**



## 7.7. 5.6GHz BAND CHANNEL TESTS FOR 802.11a MODE

### 7.7.1. 26 dB and 99% BANDWIDTH

#### LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

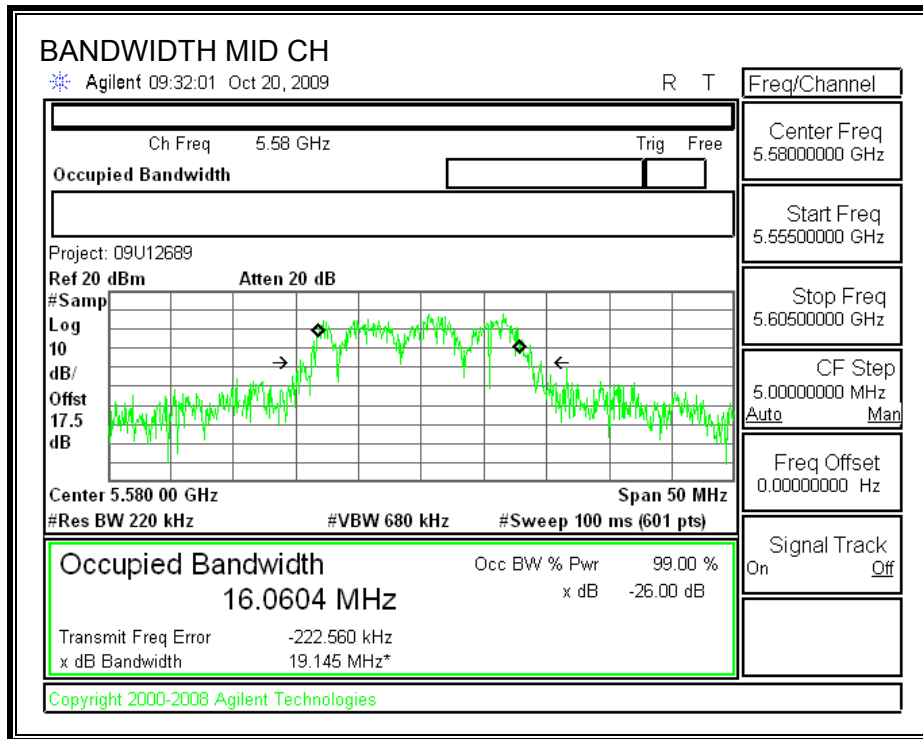
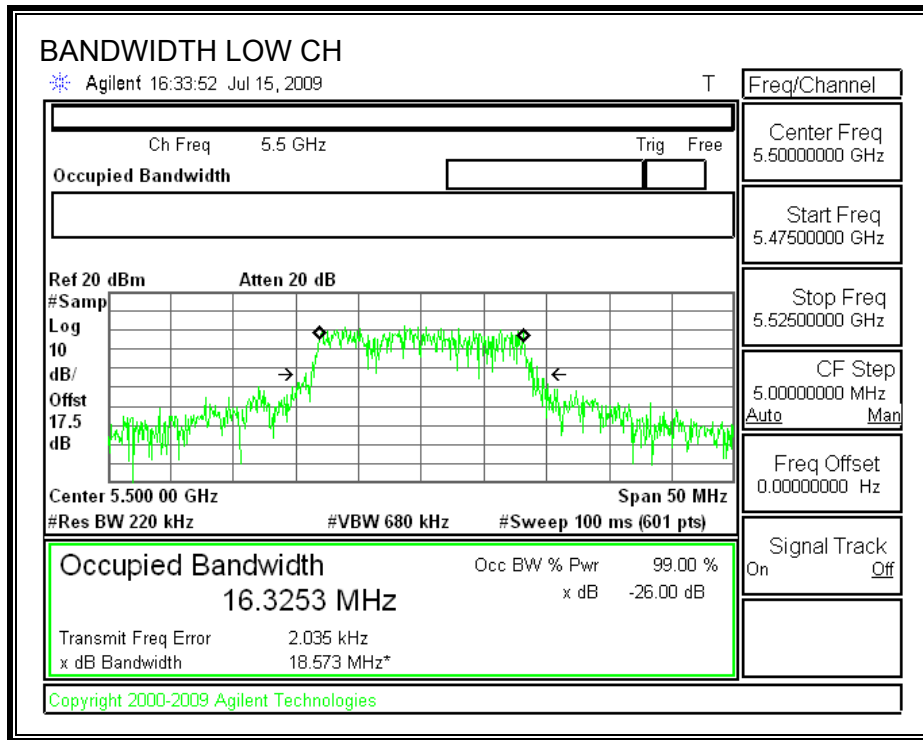
#### TEST PROCEDURE

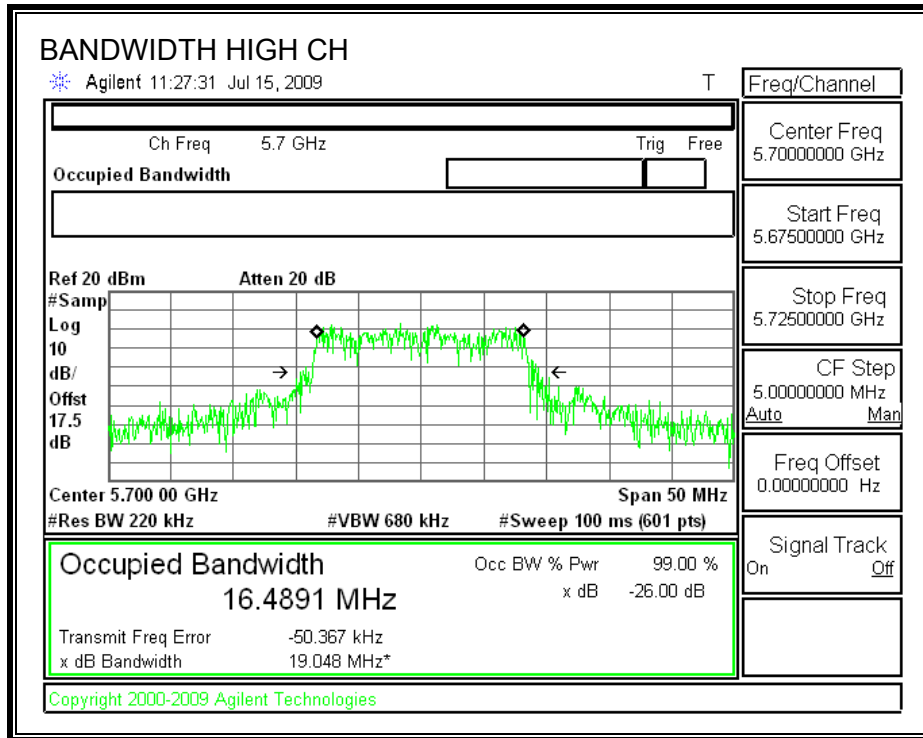
The transmitter outputs are connected to the spectrum analyzer via a combiner. The RBW is set to 1% to 3% of the measured bandwidth. The VBW is set to 3 times the RBW. The sweep time is coupled. The spectrum analyzer internal bandwidth function is utilized.

#### RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	26 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	5500	18.573	16.3253
Middle	5580	19.145	16.0604
High	5700	19.048	16.4891

**26 dB and 99% BANDWIDTH**





### 7.7.2. OUTPUT POWER

#### LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (a) (1)  
 IC RSS-210 A9.2 (1)

Antenna gain of Chain 1 = antenna gain of Chain 2.

Antenna Gain (dBi)	10 Log (# Tx Chains) (dB)	Effective Legacy Gain (dBi)
3	3.01	6.01

For the 5.47-5.725 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26-dB emission bandwidth in MHz. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the peak transmit power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

#### TEST PROCEDURE

The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002.

The transmitter output operates continuously therefore Method # 1 is used.

#### RESULTS

##### Limit

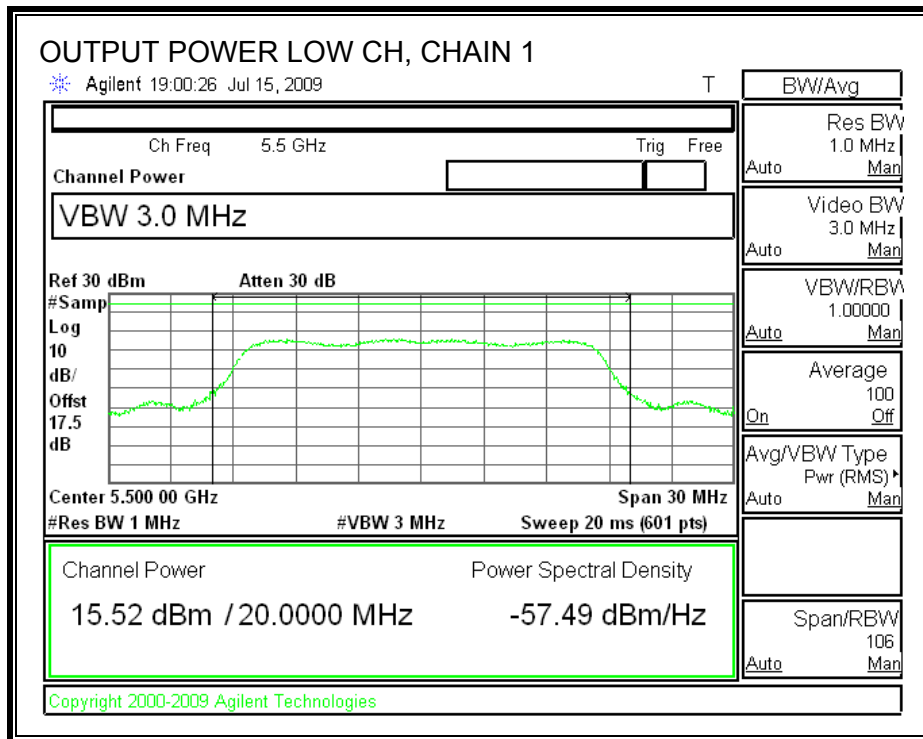
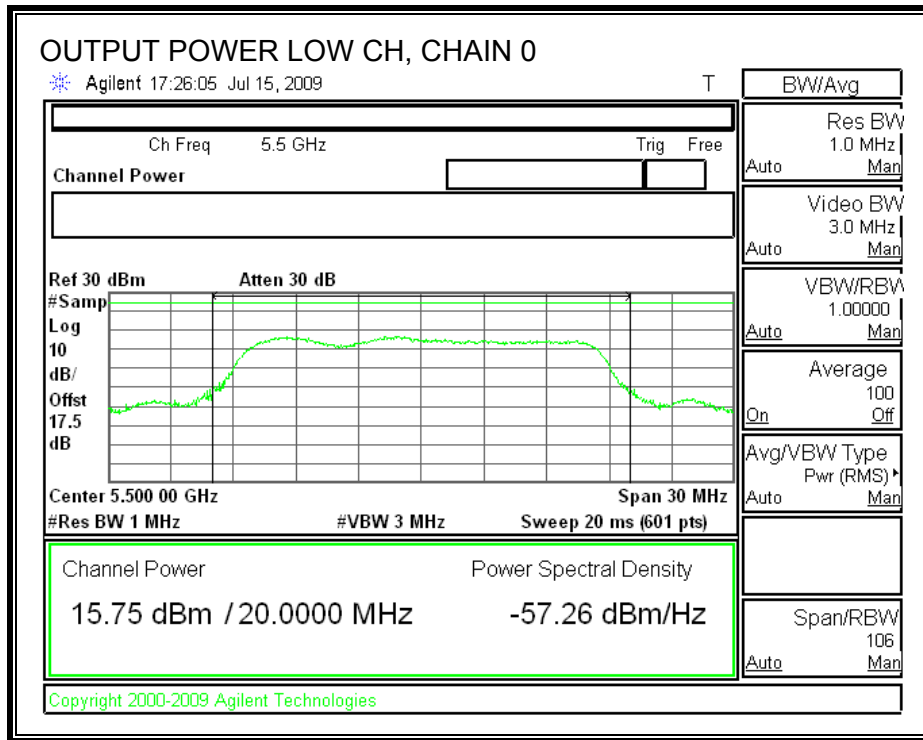
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Fixed Limit (dBm)	B (MHz)	11 + 10 Log B Limit (dBm)	Effective Ant Gain (dBi)	Limit (dBm)
Low	5500	24	18.573	23.69	6.01	23.68
Mid	5580	24	19.145	23.82	6.01	23.81
High	5700	24	19.048	23.80	6.01	23.79

##### Individual Chain Results

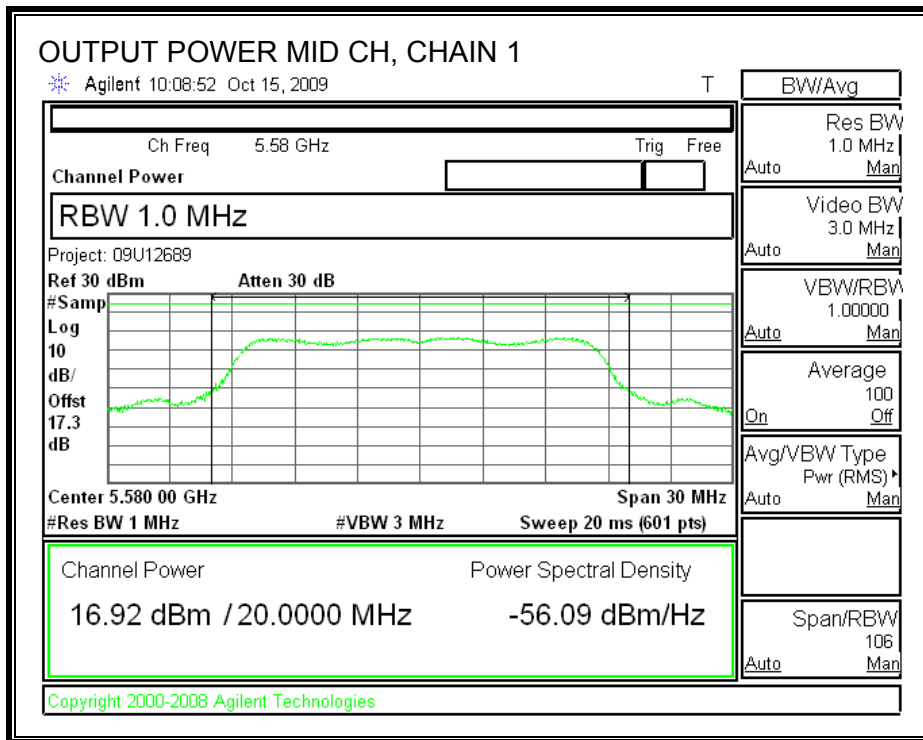
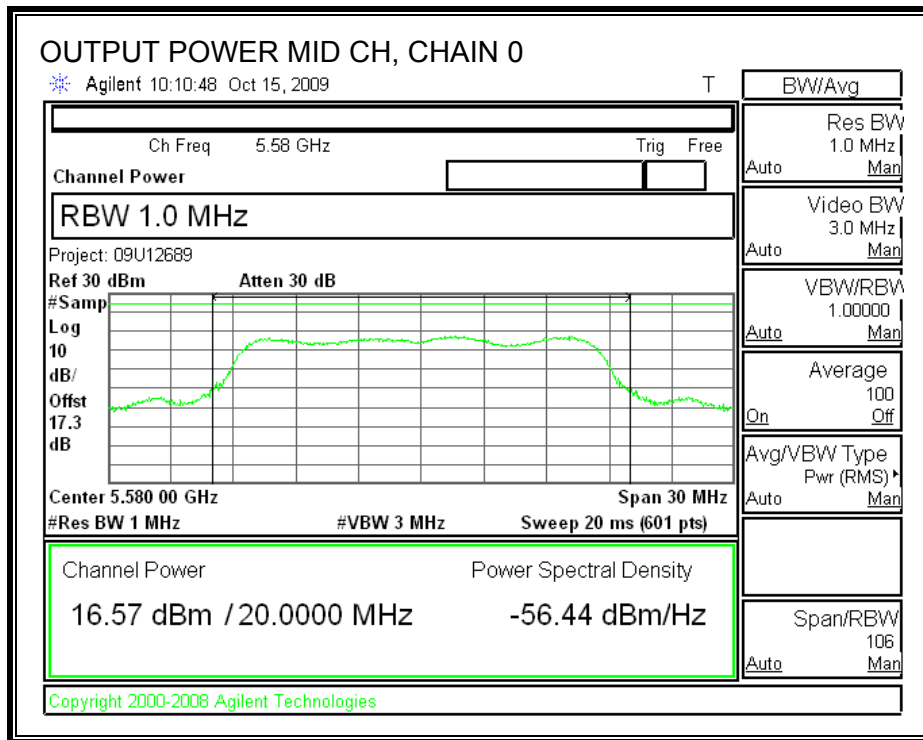
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 Power (dBm)	Chain 1 Power (dBm)	Total Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	5500	15.75	15.52	18.65	23.68	-5.03
Mid	5580	16.57	16.92	19.76	23.81	-4.05
High	5700	15.47	14.89	18.20	23.79	-5.59



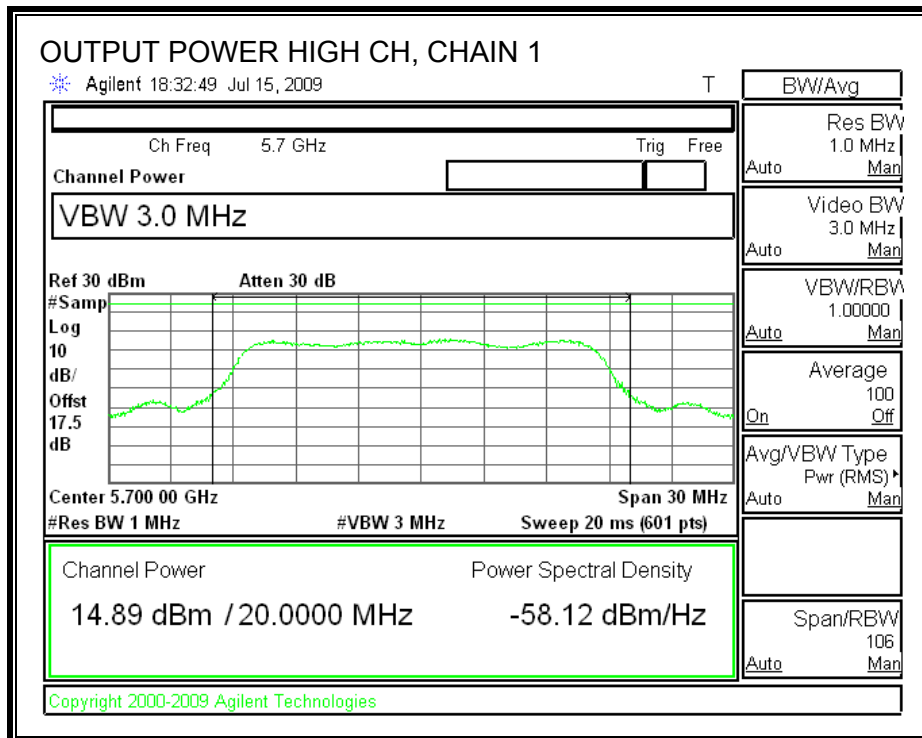
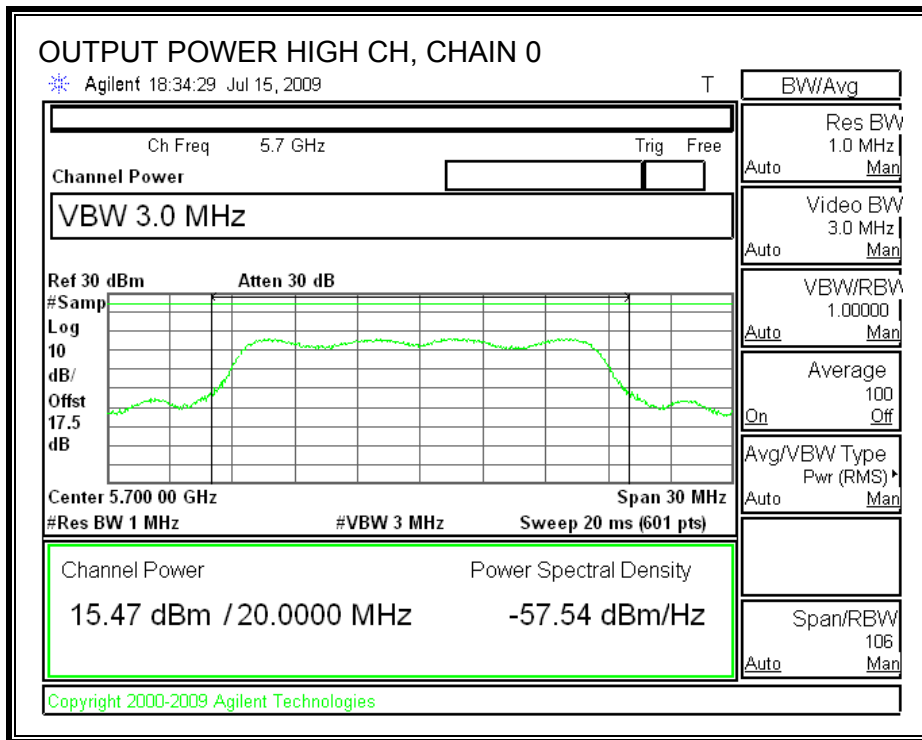
**OUTPUT POWER, LOW CHANNEL**



**OUTPUT POWER, MID CHANNEL**



**OUTPUT POWER, HIGH CHANNEL**



### 7.7.3. AVERAGE POWER

#### LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

#### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

#### RESULTS

The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.3 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.3 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 Power (dBm)	Chain 1 Power (dBm)	Total Power (dBm)
Low	5500	15.75	15.52	18.65
Middle	5580	16.97	16.68	19.84
High	5700	15.25	15.92	18.61

**7.7.4. PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY**

**LIMITS**

FCC §15.407 (a) (1)

IC RSS-210 A9.2 (1)

Use this table if antenna gain for Chain 0 = antenna gain for Chain 1

Antenna Gain (dBi)	10 Log (# Tx Chains) (dB)	Effective Legacy Gain (dBi)
3	3.01	6.01

For the 5.47-5.725 GHz band, the peak power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the peak transmit power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

The maximum effective antenna gain is 6.01 dBi, therefore the limit is 10.99 dBm.

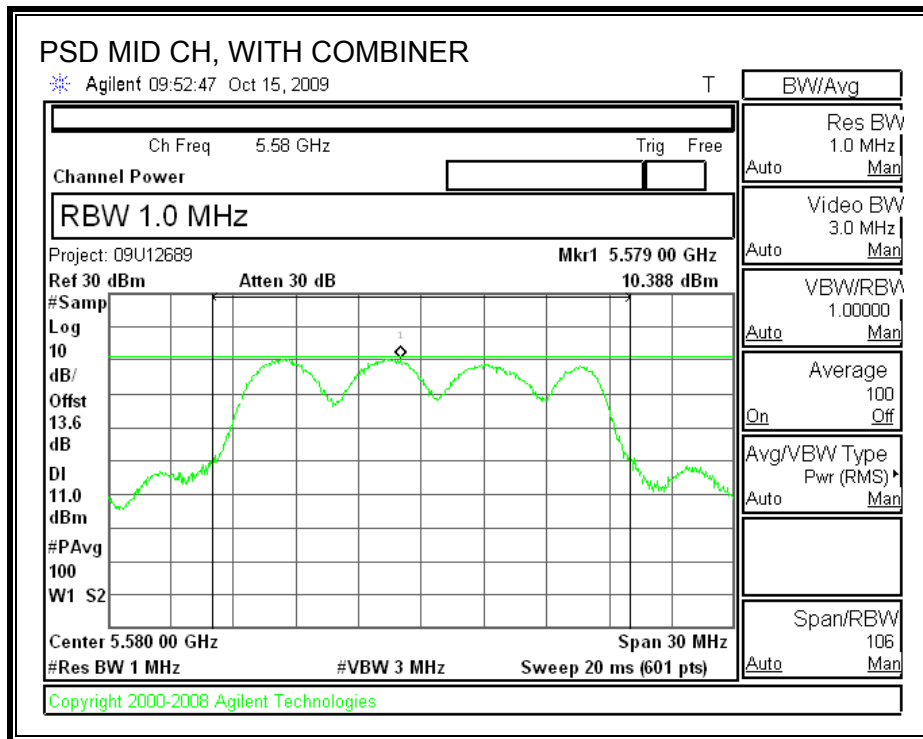
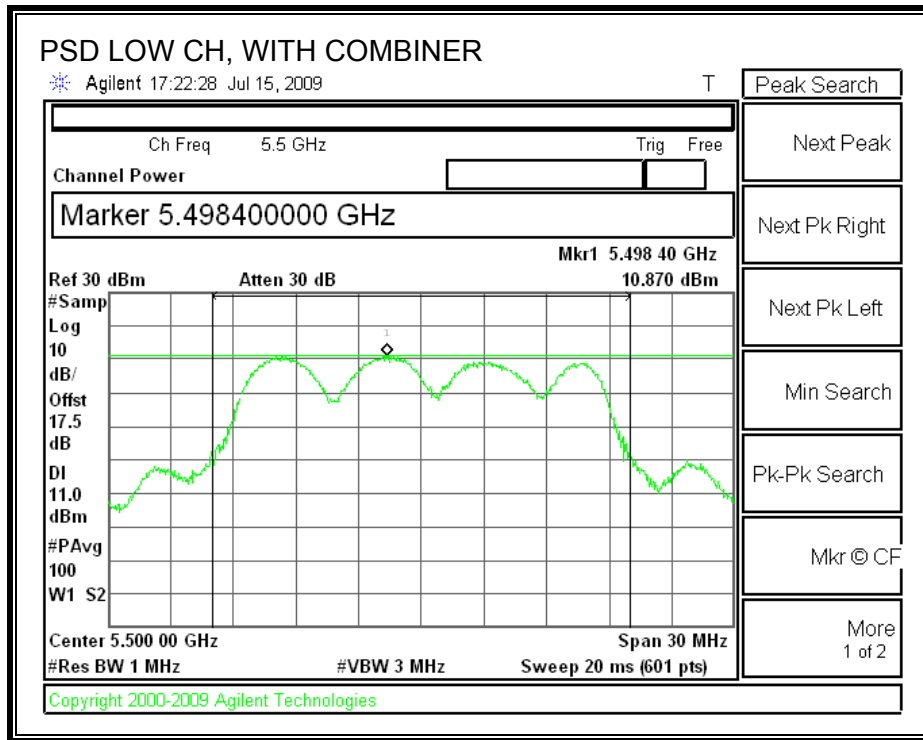
**TEST PROCEDURE**

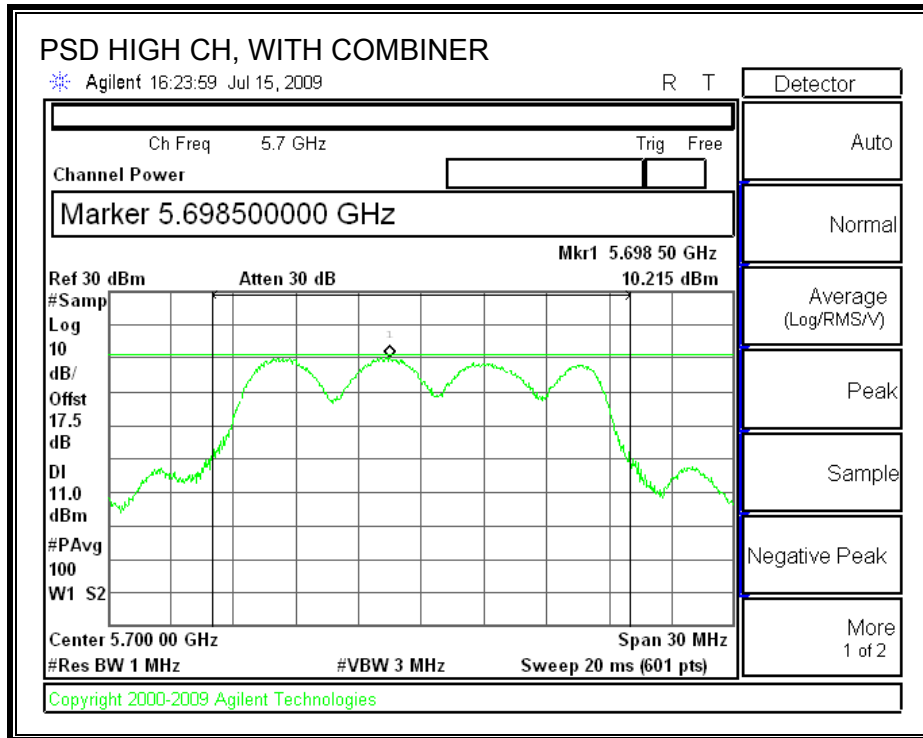
The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002. PPSD method #2 was used.

**RESULTS**

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD With Combiner (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	5500	10.870	10.99	-0.12
Middle	5580	10.388	10.99	-0.60
High	5700	10.215	10.99	-0.78

**POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY WITH COMBINER**





### 7.7.5. PEAK EXCURSION

#### LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (a) (6)

The ratio of the peak excursion of the modulation envelope (measured using a peak hold function) to the peak transmit power (measured as specified above) shall not exceed 13 dB across any 1 MHz bandwidth or the emission bandwidth whichever is less.

#### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter outputs are connected to the spectrum analyzer via a combiner.

The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002.

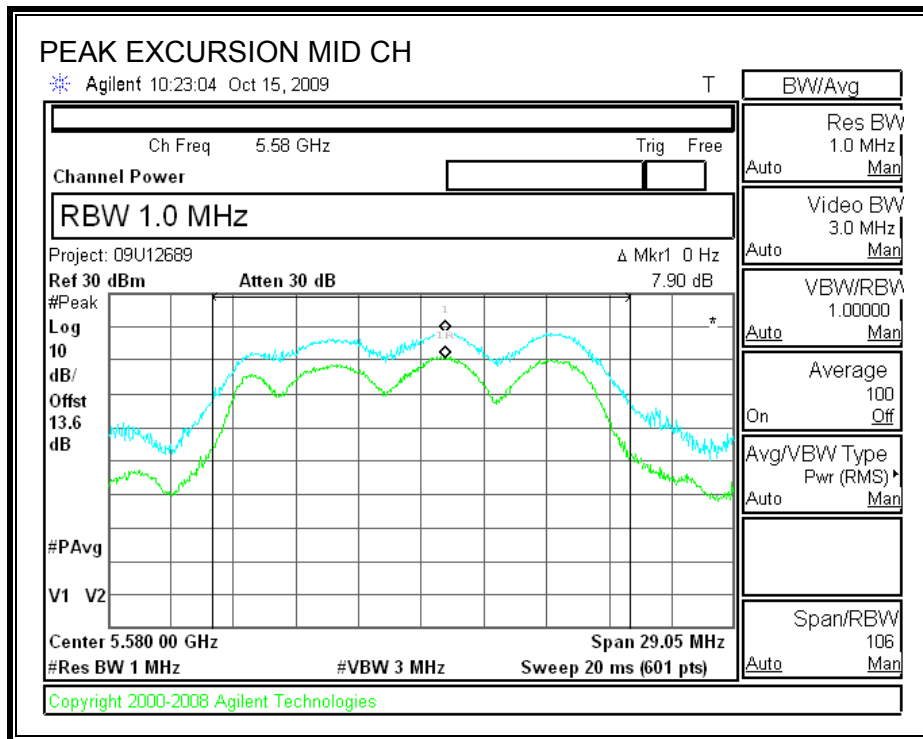
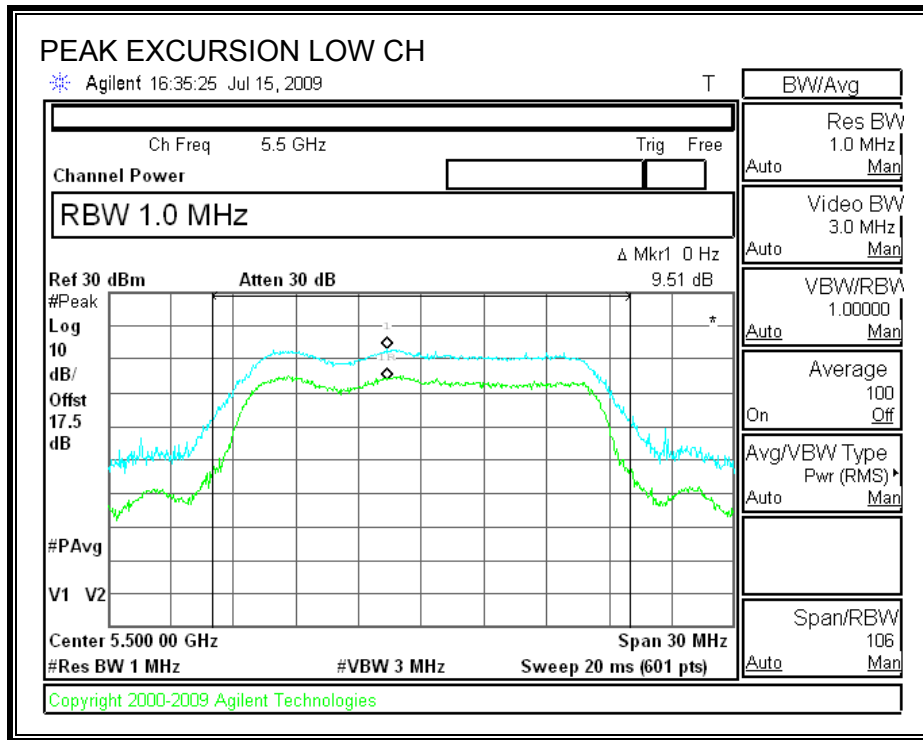
Since Method # 1 was used for peak power measurements, Method # 1 settings are used for the second PPSD trace.

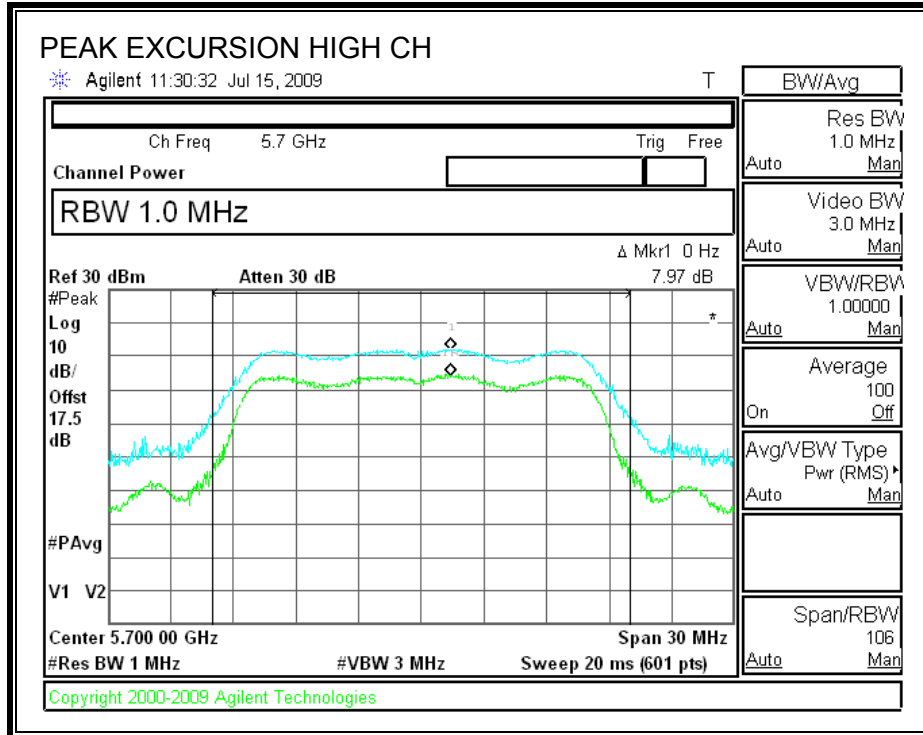
#### RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Excursion (dB)	Limit (dB)	Margin (dB)
Low	5500	9.51	13	-3.49
Middle	5580	7.90	13	-5.10
High	5700	7.97	13	-5.03



**PEAK EXCURSION**





## 7.7.6. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

### LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (b) (1)

IC RSS-210 A9.3 (1)

For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: all emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27 dBm / MHz.

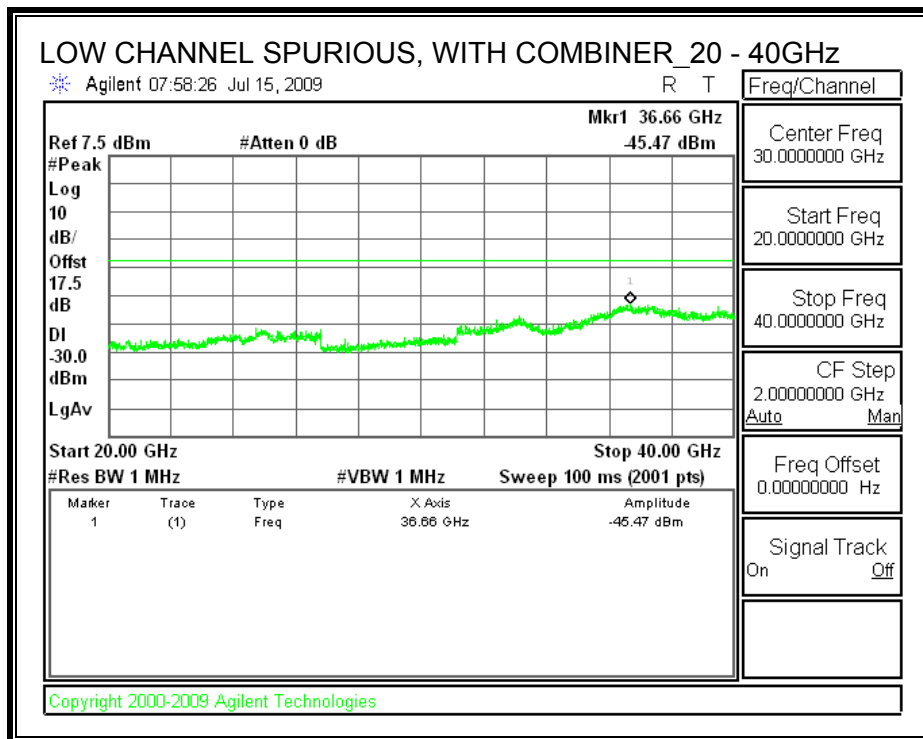
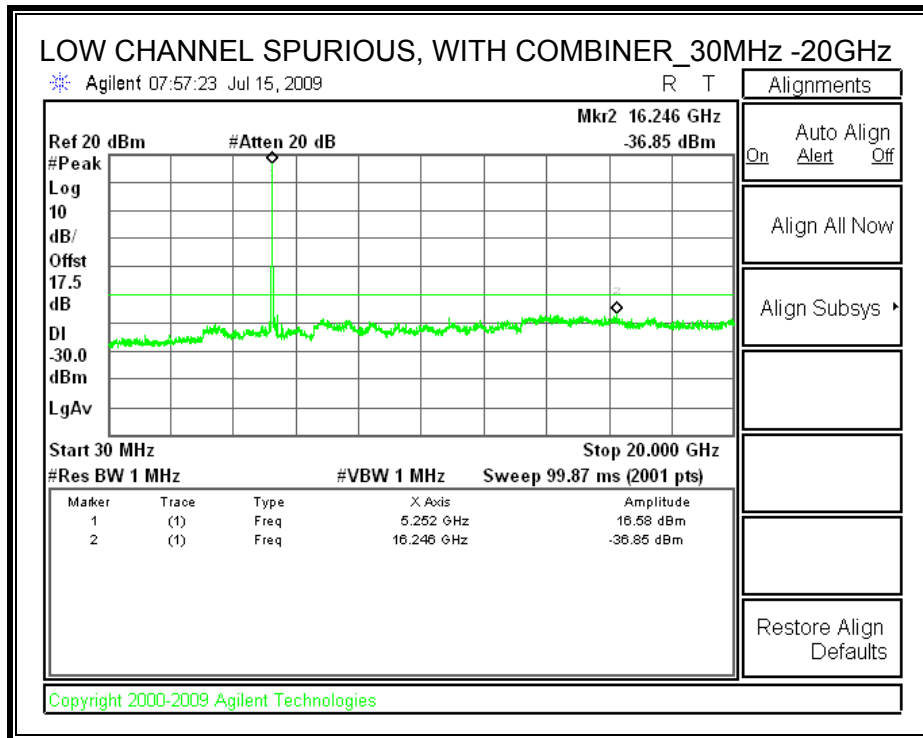
### TEST PROCEDURE

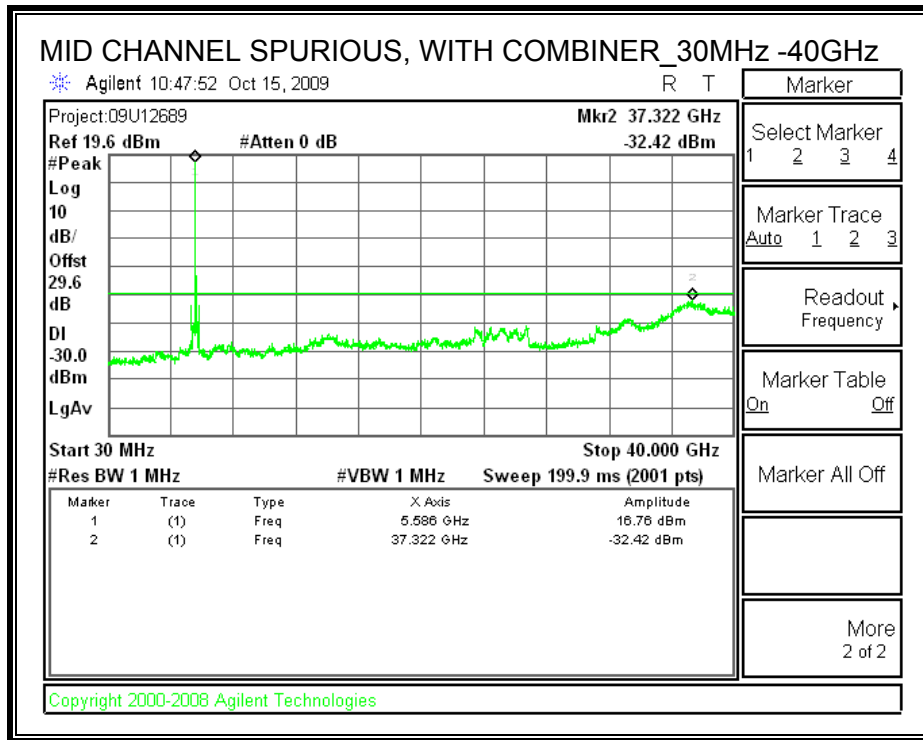
Conducted RF measurements of the transmitter output are made to confirm that the EUT antenna port conducted emissions meet the specified limit and to identify any spurious signals that require further investigation or measurements on the radiated emissions site.

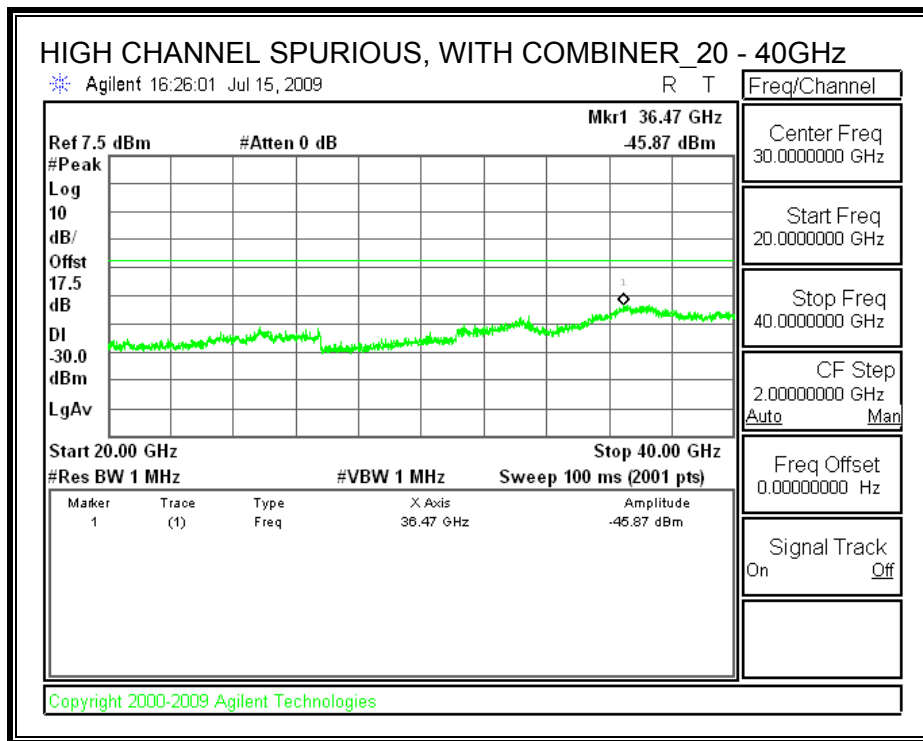
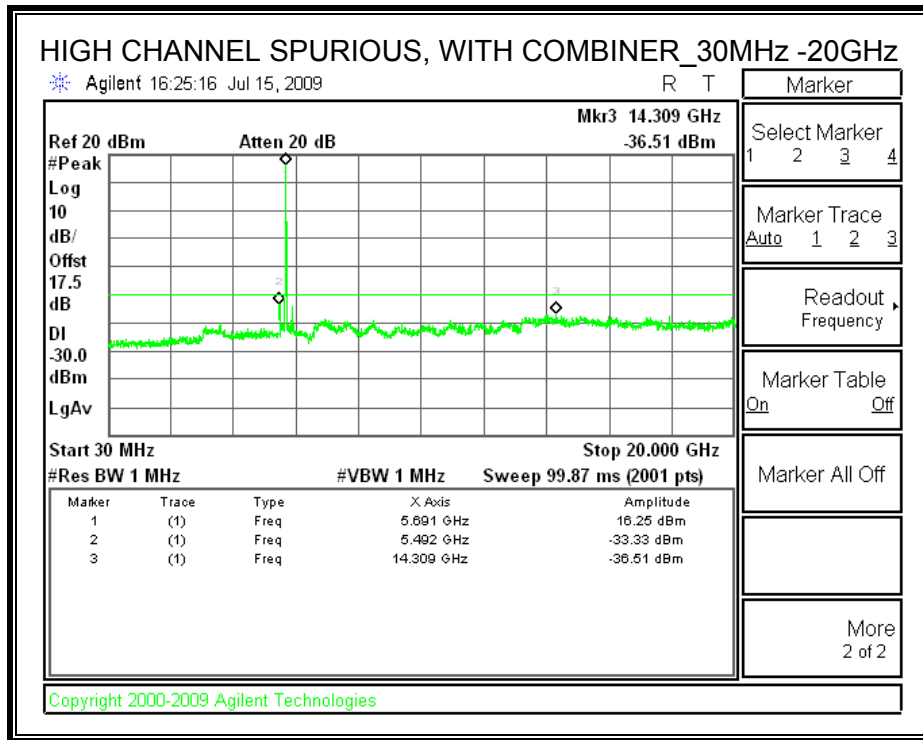
The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz. The video bandwidth is set to 1 MHz. Peak detection measurements are compared to EIRP limit, adjusted for the maximum antenna gain.

Measurements are made over the 30 MHz to 40 GHz range with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

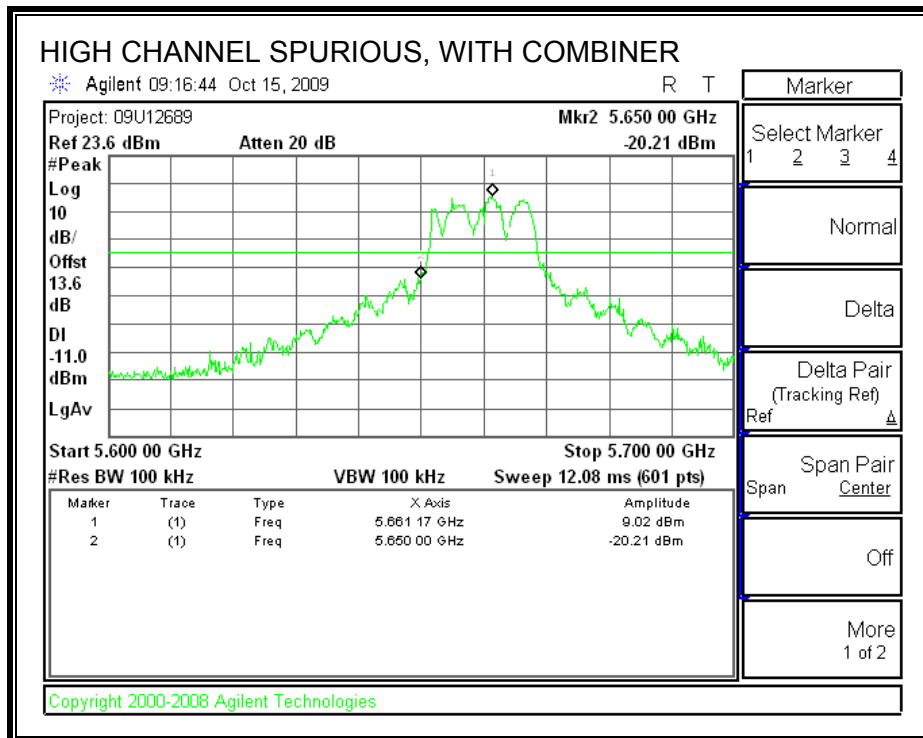
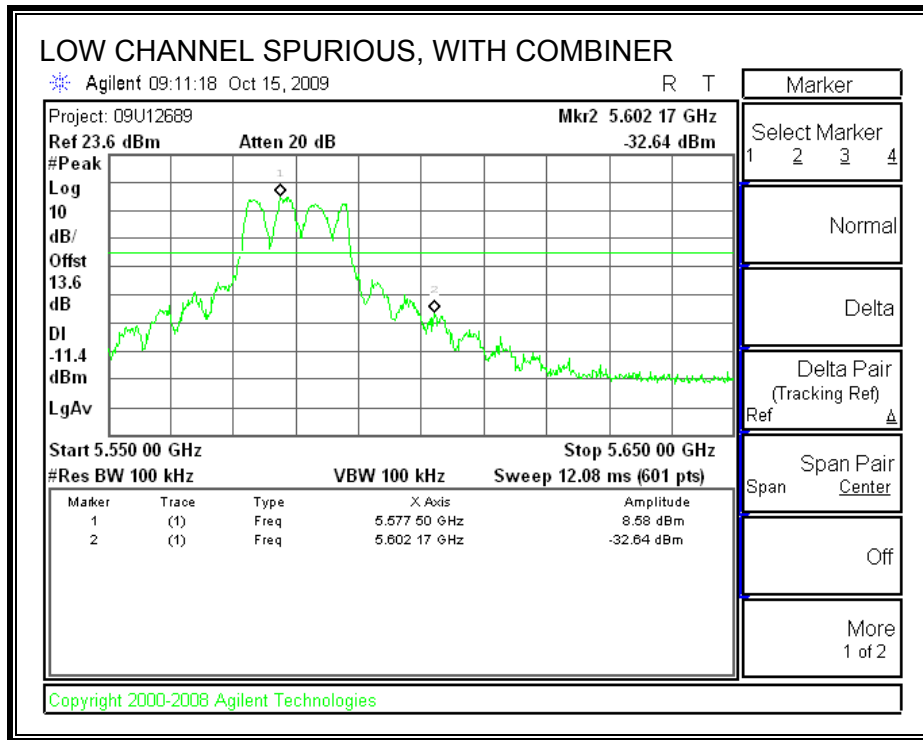
**SPURIOUS EMISSIONS WITH COMBINER**







### 7.7.7. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS (-20 dBc)



## 7.8. 5.6 GHz BAND CHANNEL TESTS FOR 802.11HT20 MODE

### 7.8.1. 99% & 26 dB BANDWIDTH

#### LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

#### TEST PROCEDURE

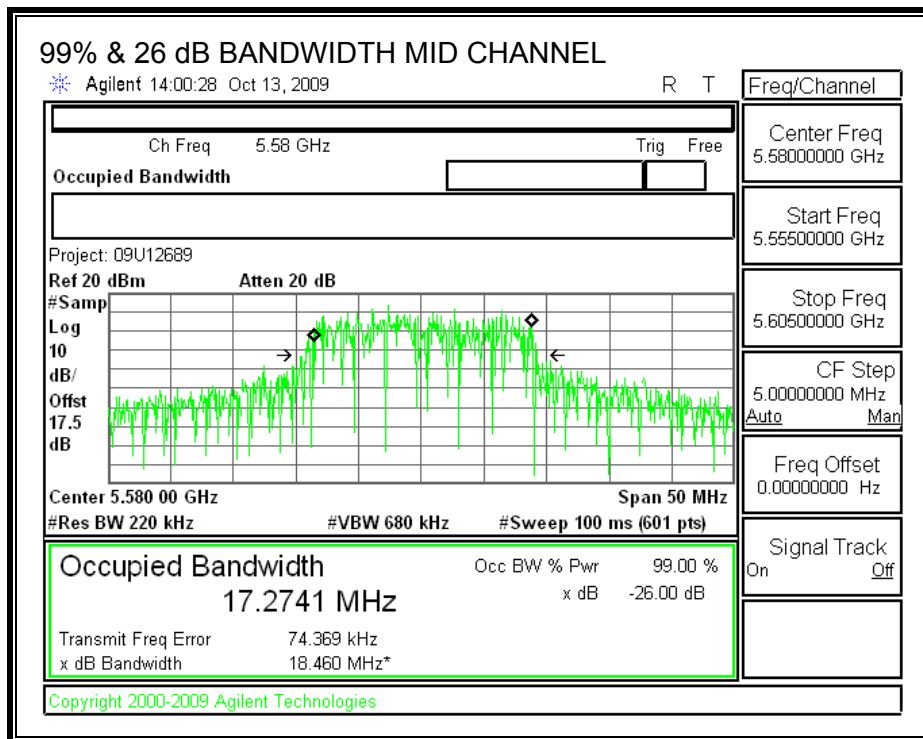
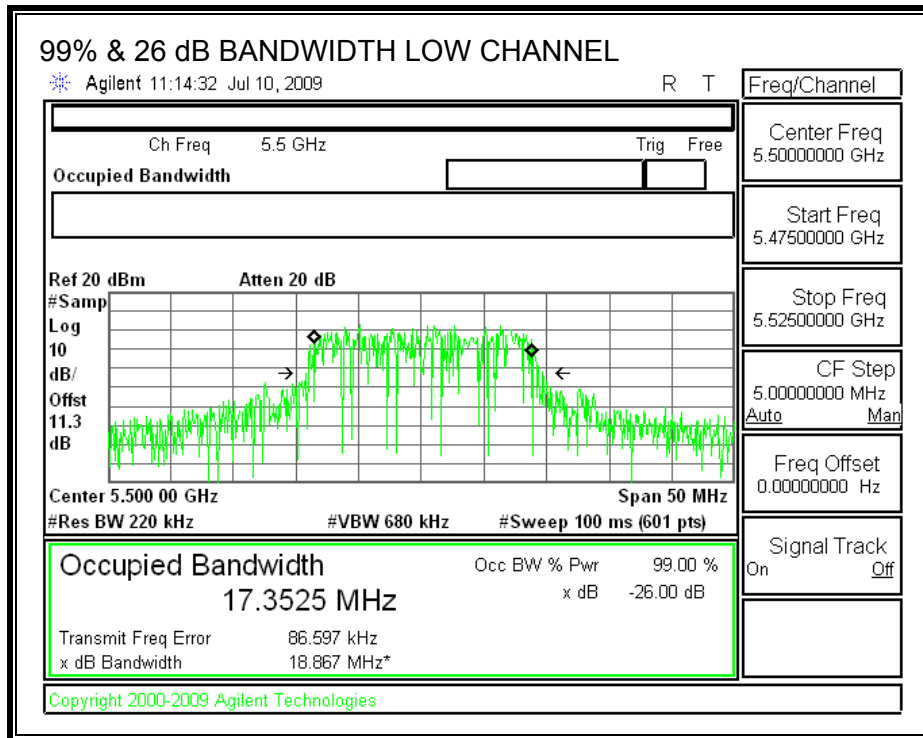
The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to 1% to 3% of the bandwidth. The VBW is set to 3 times the RBW. The sweep time is coupled. The spectrum analyzer internal bandwidth measurement function is utilized.

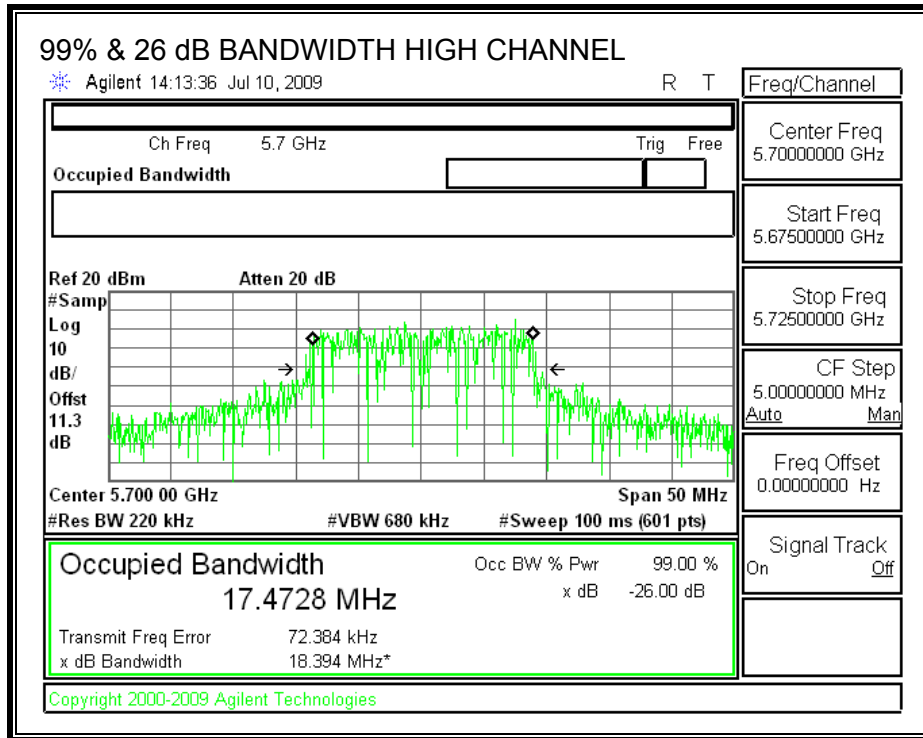
#### RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% OBW (MHz)	26 dB BW (MHz)
Low	5500	17.3525	18.867
Middle	5580	17.2741	18.460
High	5700	17.4728	18.394



**99% & 26 dB BANDWIDTH**





## 7.8.2. OUTPUT POWER

### LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (a) (2)  
 IC RSS-210 A9.2 (2)

For the 5.47-5.725 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26-dB emission bandwidth in MHz. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the peak transmit power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

### TEST PROCEDURE

The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002.

The transmitter output operates continuously therefore Method # 1 is used.

### RESULTS

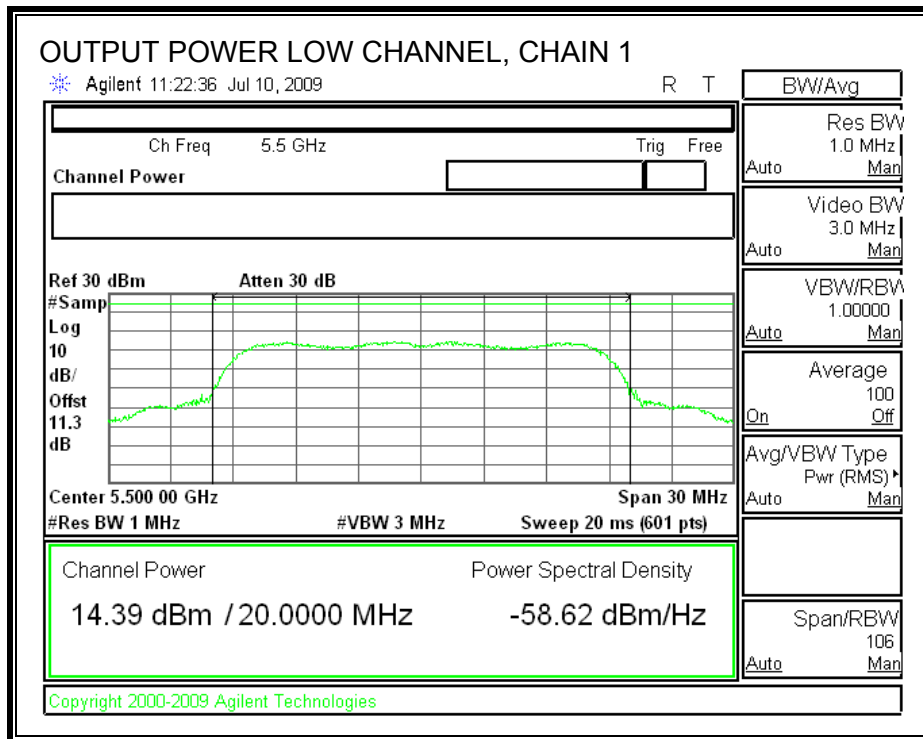
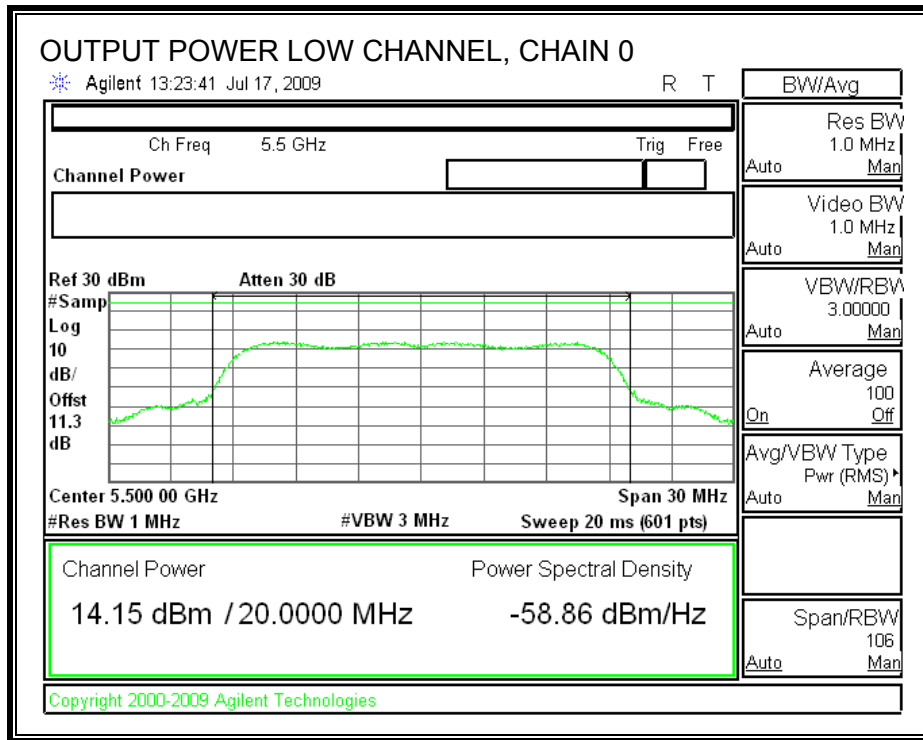
#### Limit

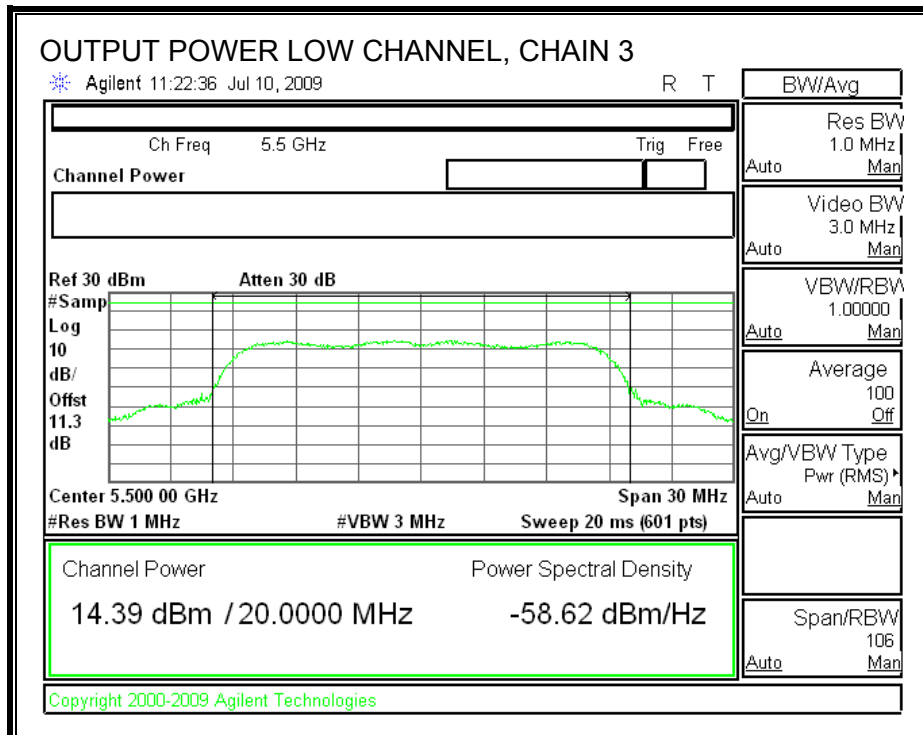
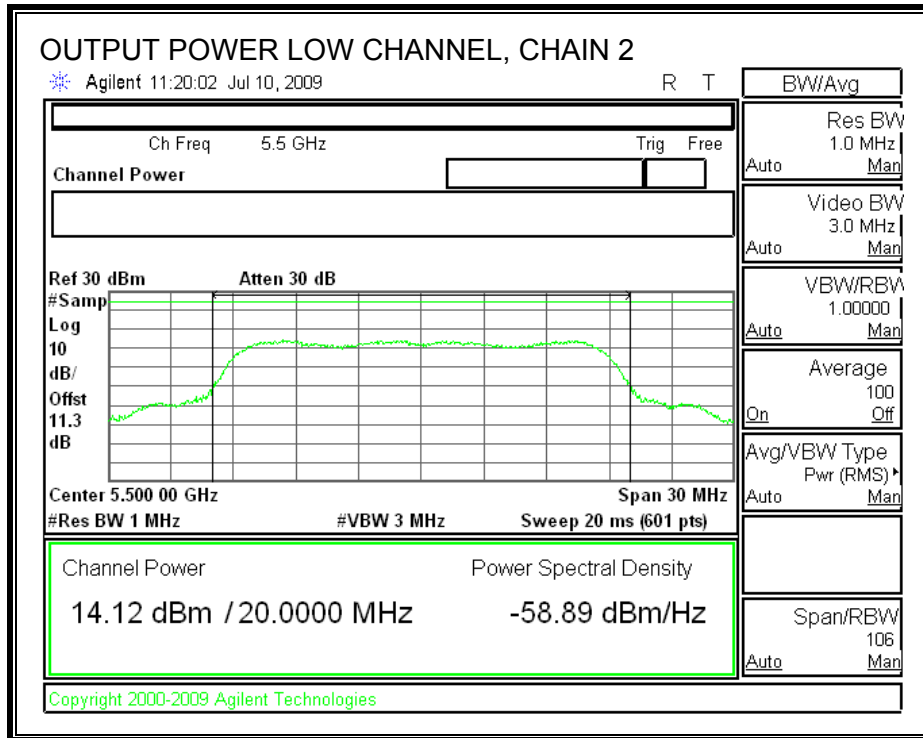
Channel	Freq (MHz)	Fixed Limit (dBm)	B (MHz)	11 + 10 Log B Limit (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Limit (dBm)
Low	5500	24	18.867	23.76	3	23.76
Mid	5580	24	18.460	23.66	3	23.66
High	5700	24	18.394	23.65	3	23.65

#### Individual Chain Results

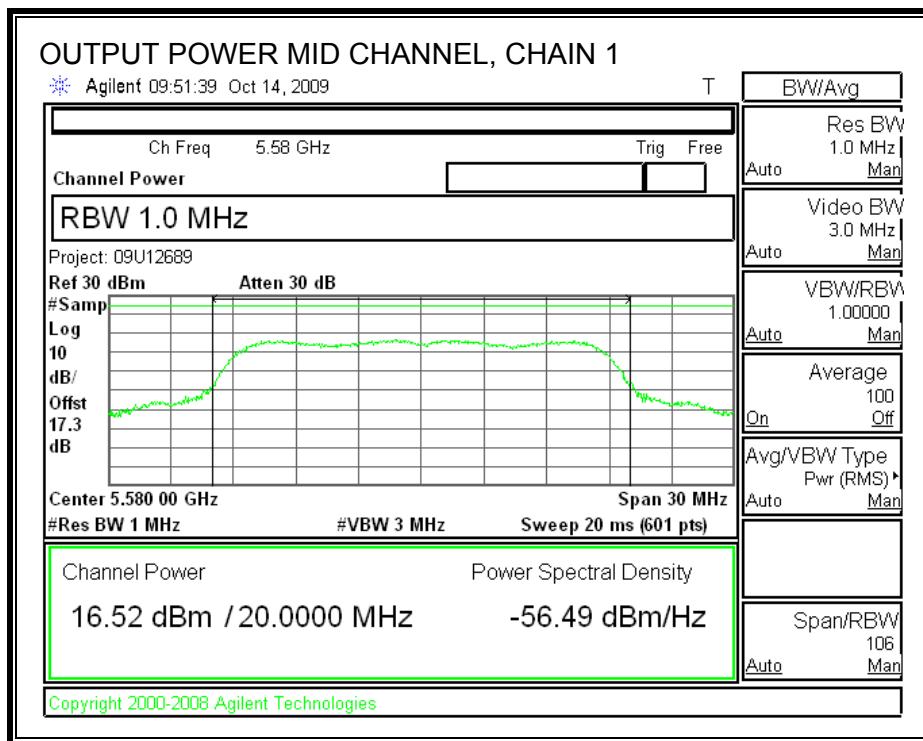
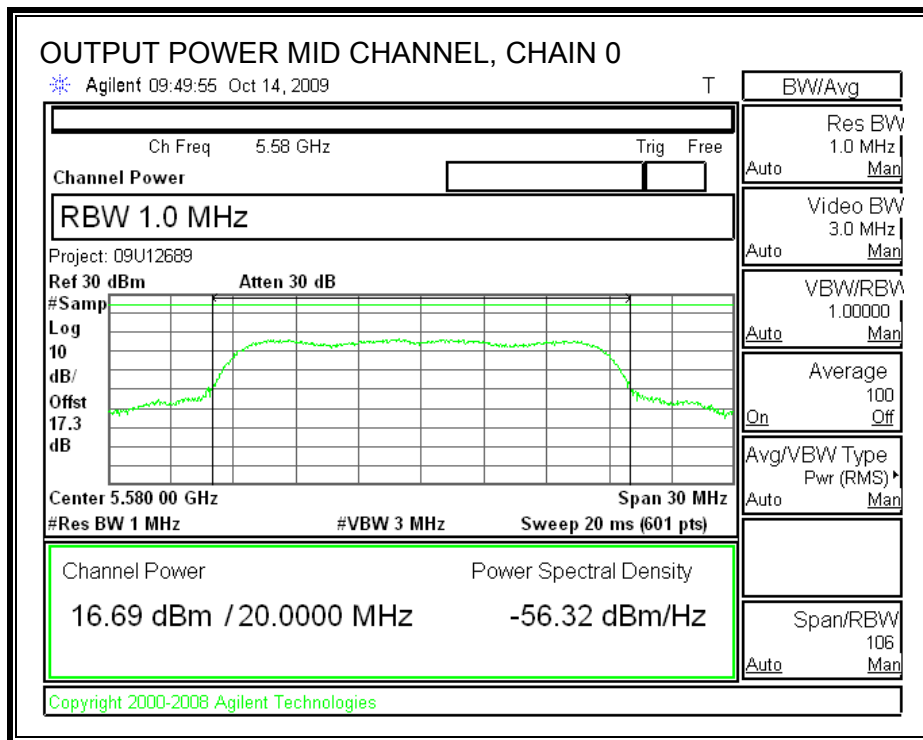
Channel	Freq (MHz)	Chain 0 Power (dBm)	Chain 1 Power (dBm)	Chain 2 Power (dBm)	Chain 3 Power (dBm)	Total Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	5500	14.15	14.39	14.12	14.39	20.28	23.76	-3.47
Mid	5580	16.69	16.52	16.56	16.95	22.70	23.66	-0.96
High	5700	14.78	14.60	14.90	14.66	20.76	23.65	-2.89

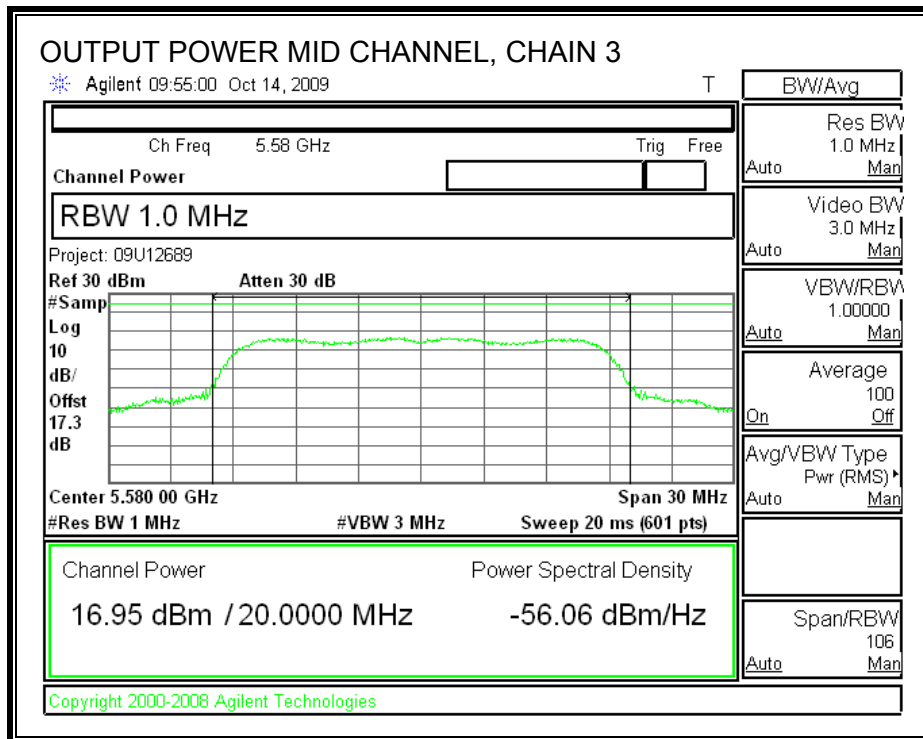
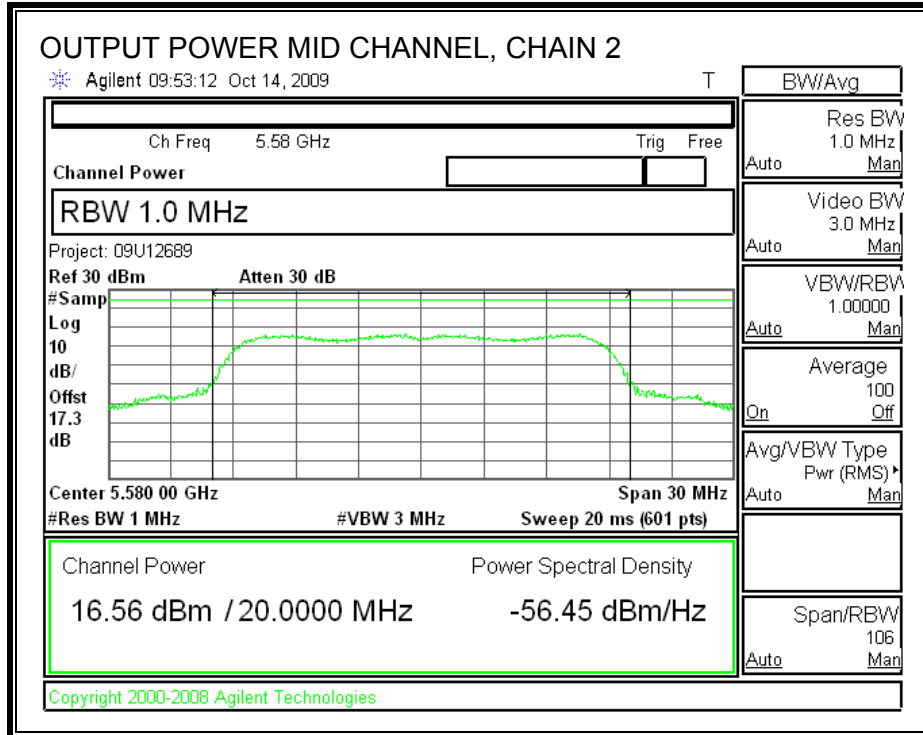
**OUTPUT POWER, LOW CHANNEL**



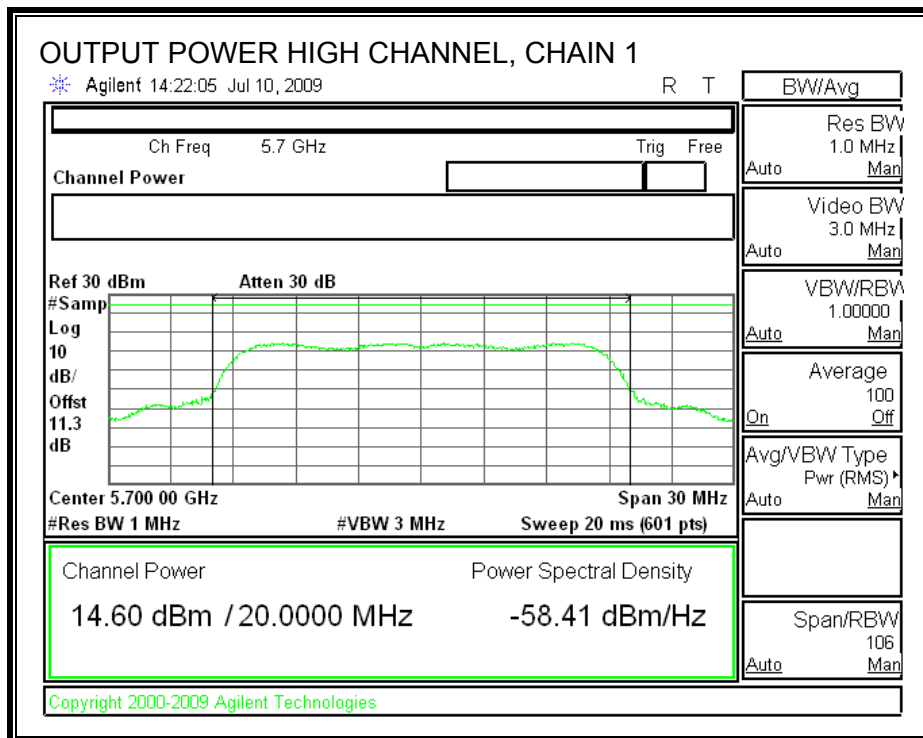
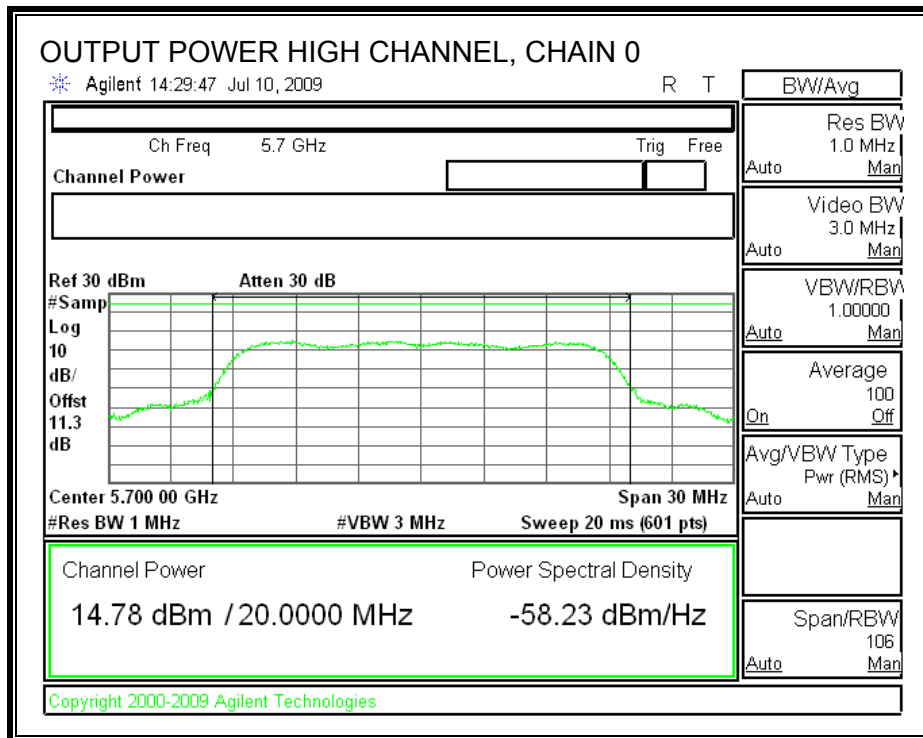


**OUTPUT POWER, MID CHANNEL**

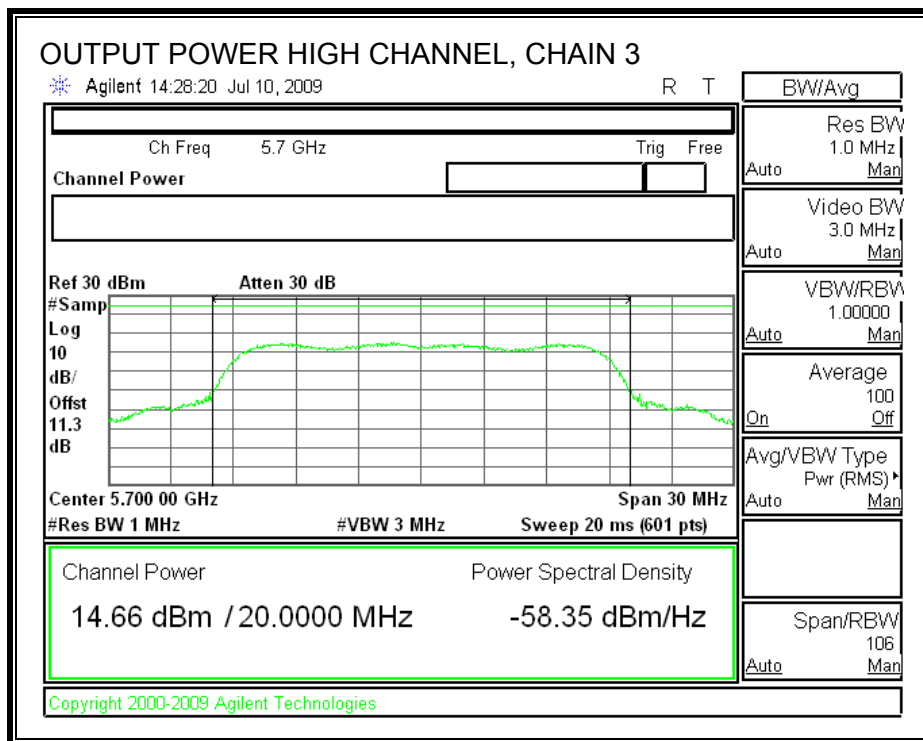
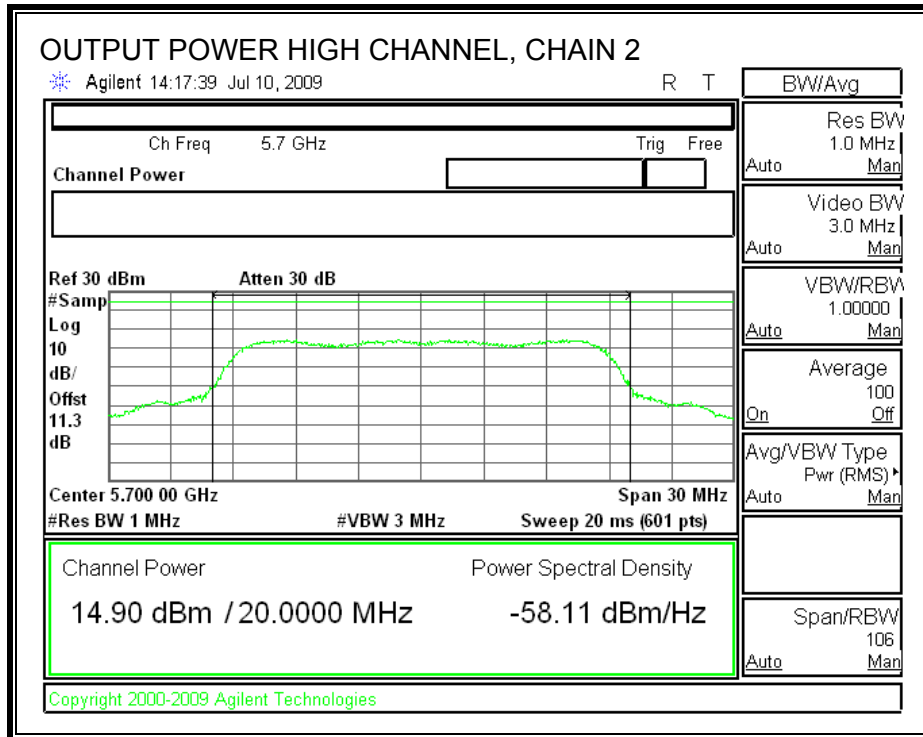




**OUTPUT POWER, HIGH CHANNEL**







### 7.8.3. AVERAGE POWER

#### LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

#### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.3 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.3 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

#### RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 Power (dBm)	Chain 1 Power (dBm)	Chain 2 Power (dBm)	Chain 3 Power (dBm)
Low	5500	14.23	14.22	14.31	14.45
Middle	5580	16.38	16.52	16.41	16.75
High	5700	14.42	14.60	14.59	14.56

## 7.8.4. PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

### LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (a) (2)

IC RSS-210 A9.2 (2)

For the 5.47-5.725 GHz band, the peak power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the peak transmit power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

The maximum antenna gain is less than 6 dBi, therefore the limit is 11 dBm.

### TEST PROCEDURE

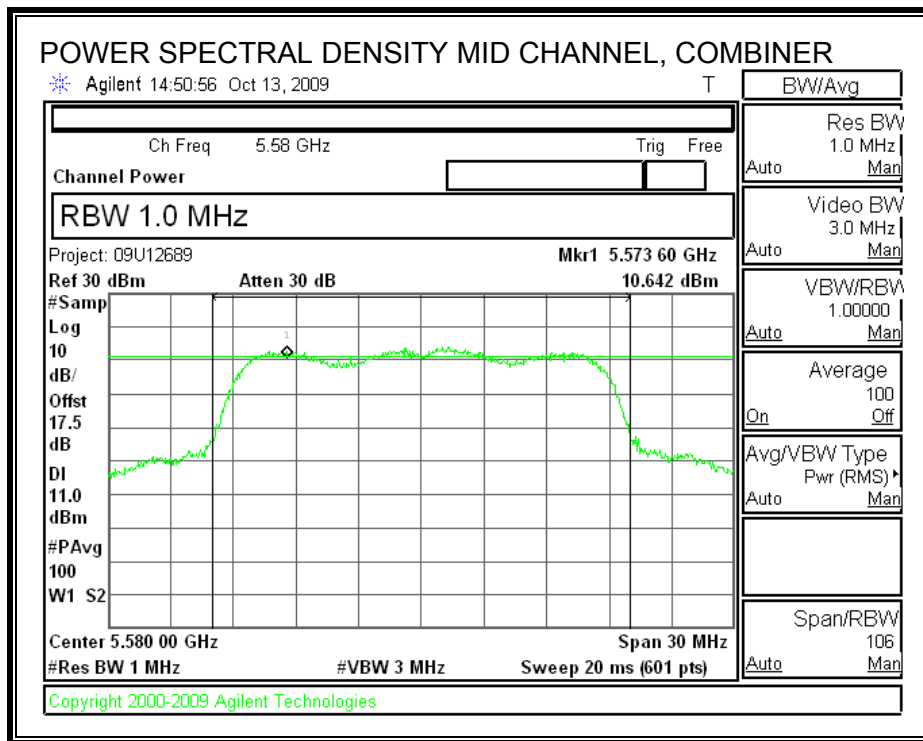
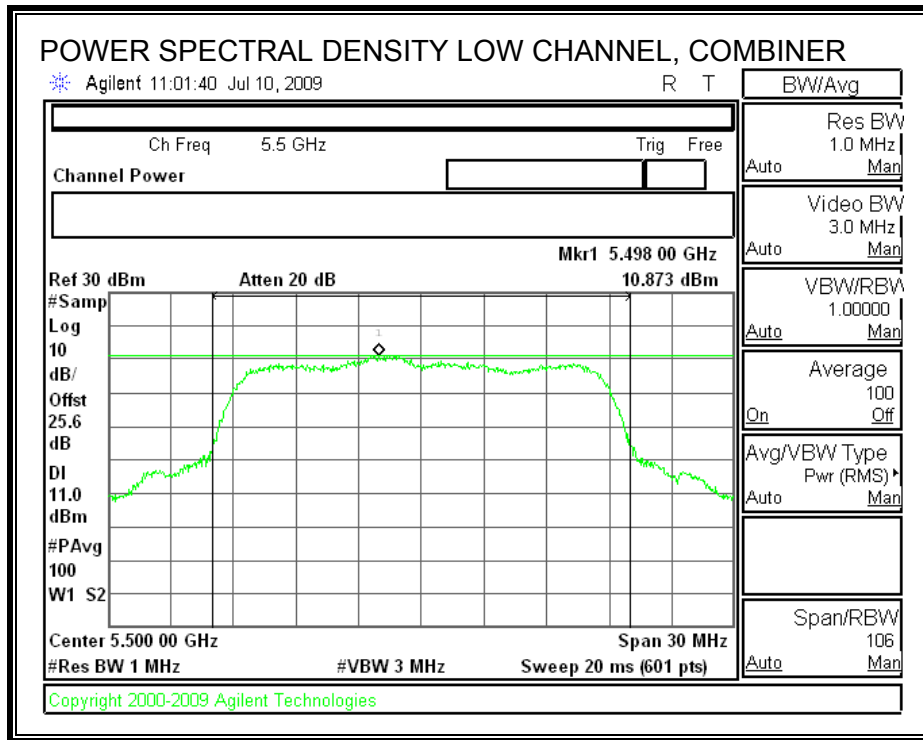
The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002. PPSD method #2 was used.

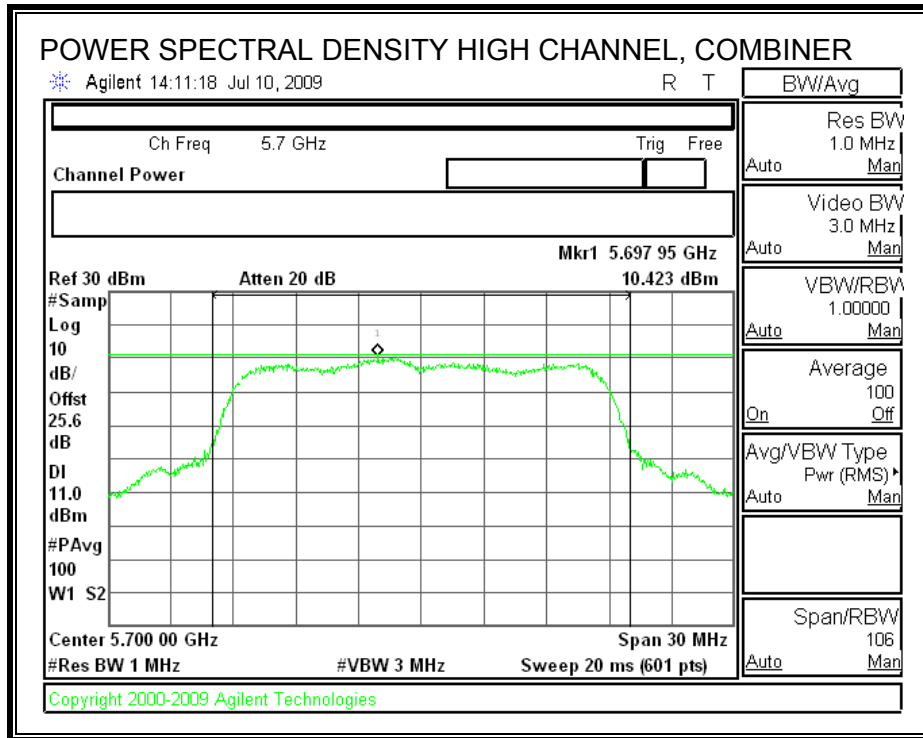
Preliminary tests on individual chains, and on all chains with a combiner, were performed. The worst-case configuration was with a combiner, therefore final test were performed with all chains feeding a combiner.

### RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PSD with Combiner (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	5500	10.873	11.00	-0.13
Middle	5580	10.642	11.00	-0.36
High	5700	10.423	11.00	-0.58

**POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY**





### 7.8.5. PEAK EXCURSION

#### LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (a) (6)

The ratio of the peak excursion of the modulation envelope (measured using a peak hold function) to the peak transmit power (measured as specified above) shall not exceed 13 dB across any 1 MHz bandwidth or the emission bandwidth whichever is less.

#### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter outputs are connected to the spectrum analyzer via a combiner.

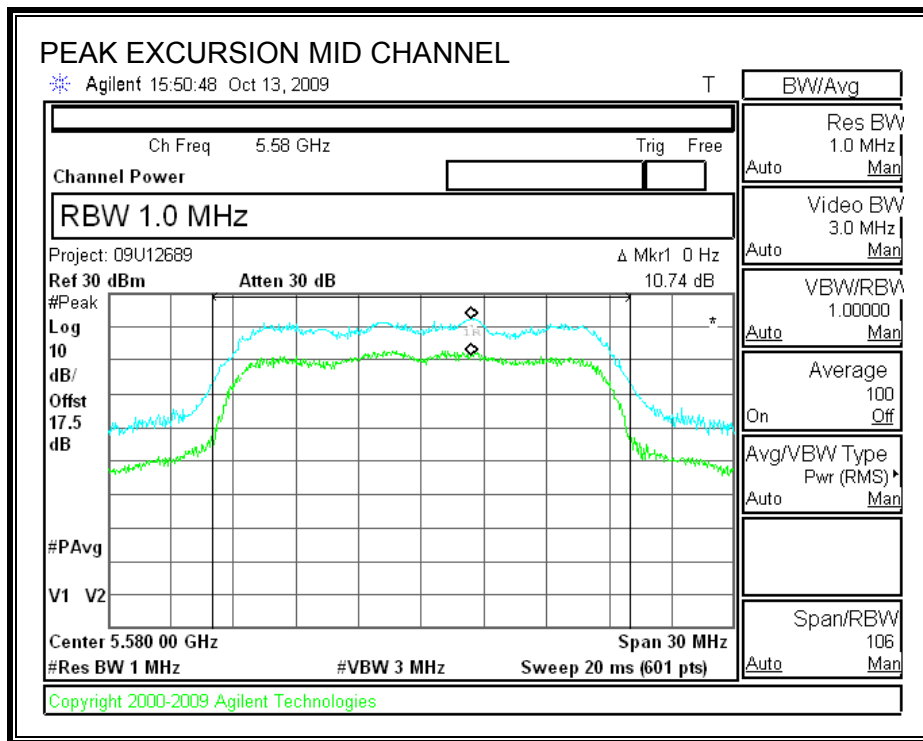
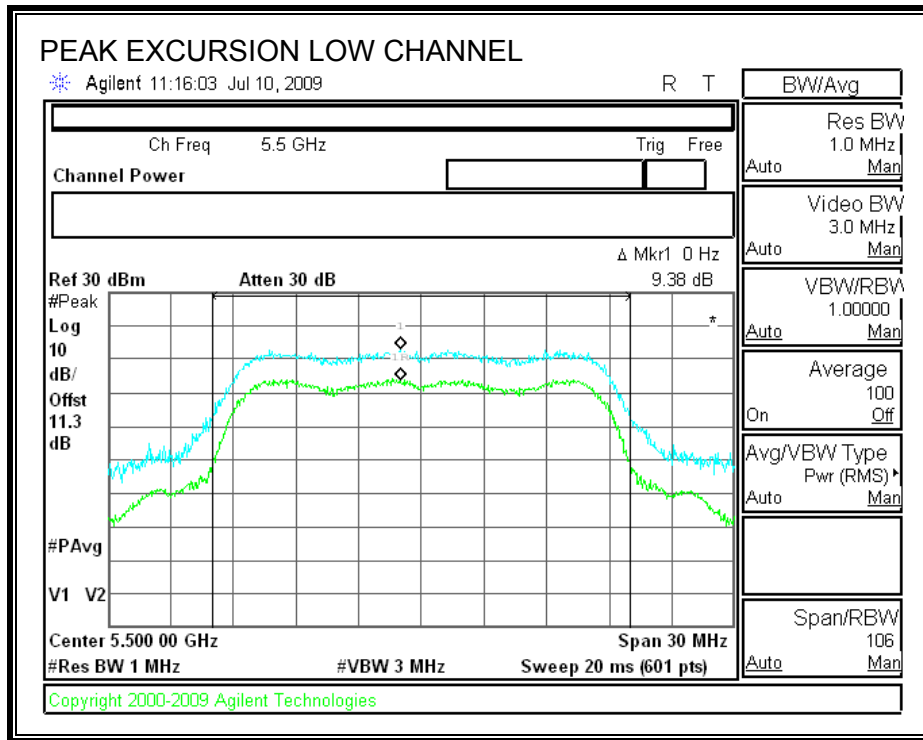
The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002.

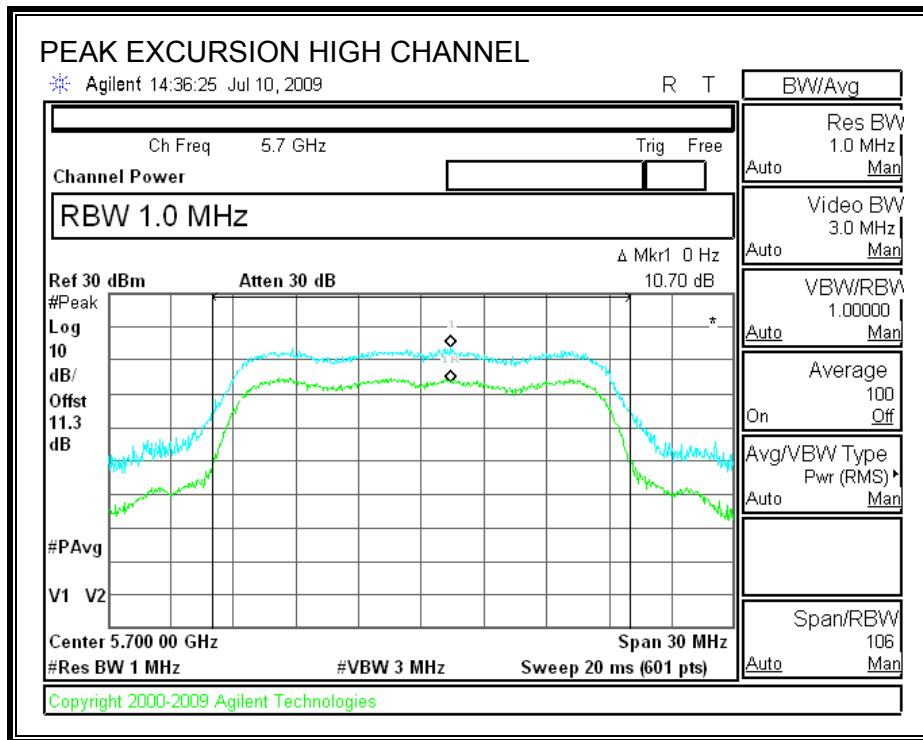
Since Method # 1 was used for peak power measurements, Method # 1 settings are used for the second PPSD trace.

#### RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Excursion (dB)	Limit (dB)	Margin (dB)
Low	5500	9.38	13	-3.62
Middle	5580	10.74	13	-2.26
High	5700	10.70	13	-2.30

**PEAK EXCURSION**







## **7.8.6. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**

### **LIMITS**

FCC §15.407 (b) (3)

IC RSS-210 A9.3 (3)

For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: all emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27 dBm / MHz.

### **TEST PROCEDURE**

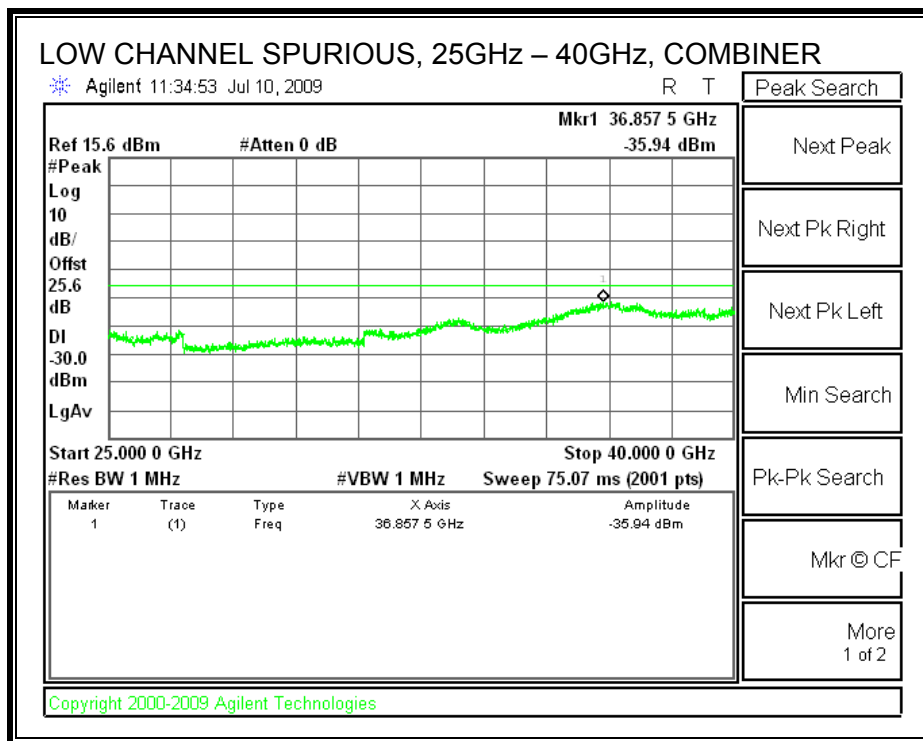
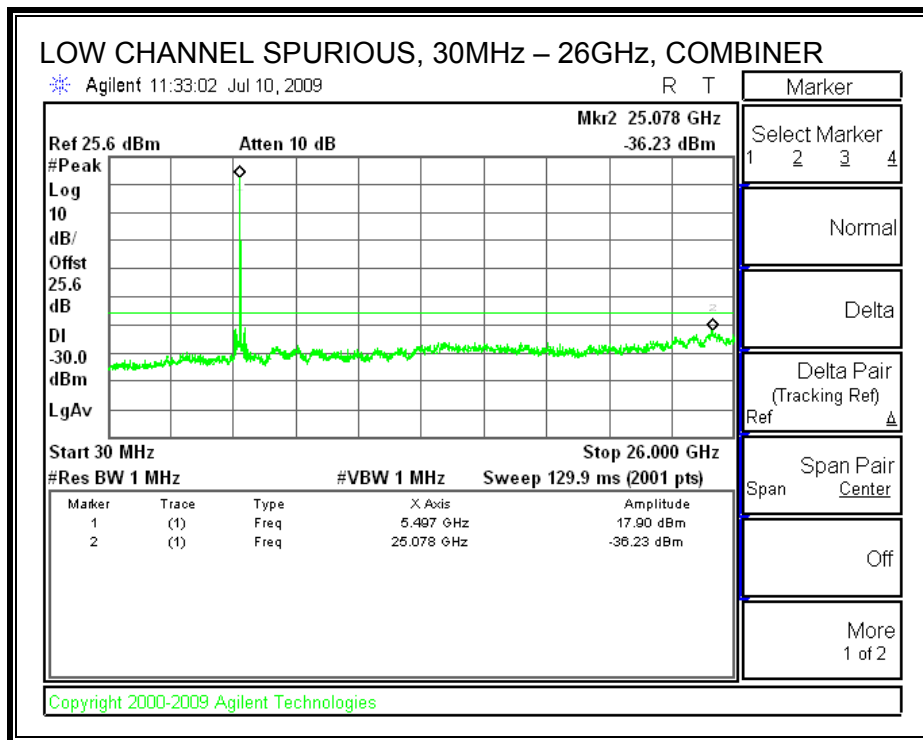
Conducted RF measurements of the transmitter output are made to confirm that the EUT antenna port conducted emissions meet the specified limit and to identify any spurious signals that require further investigation or measurements on the radiated emissions site.

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz. The video bandwidth is set to 1 MHz. Peak detection measurements are compared to EIRP limit, adjusted for the maximum antenna gain.

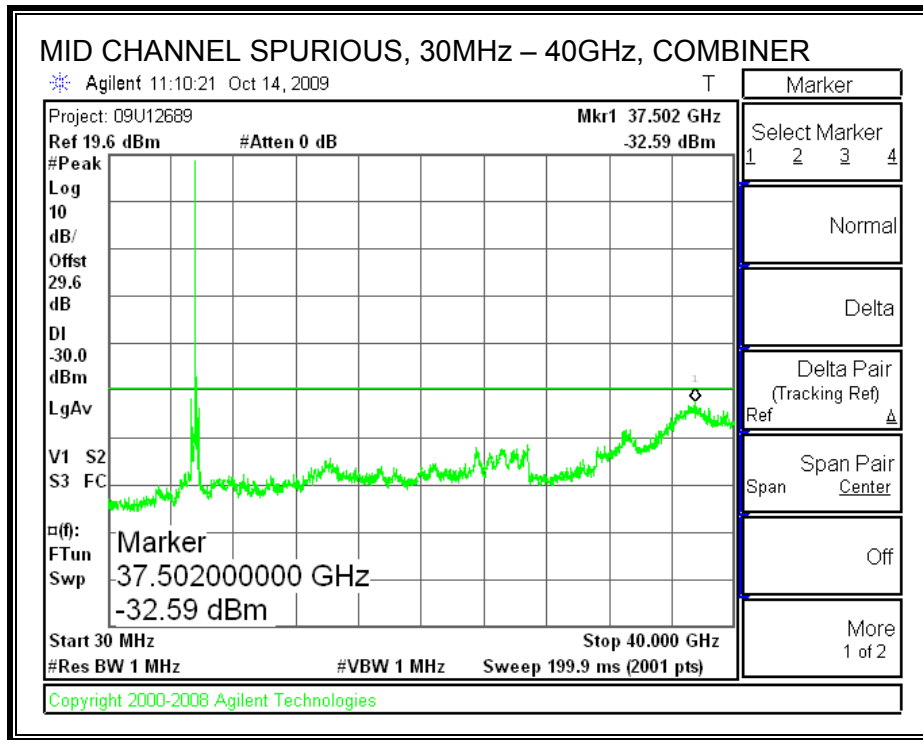
Measurements are made over the 30 MHz to 40 GHz range with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

Preliminary tests on individual chains, and on all chains with a combiner, were performed. The worst-case configuration was with a combiner, therefore final test were performed with all chains feeding a combiner.

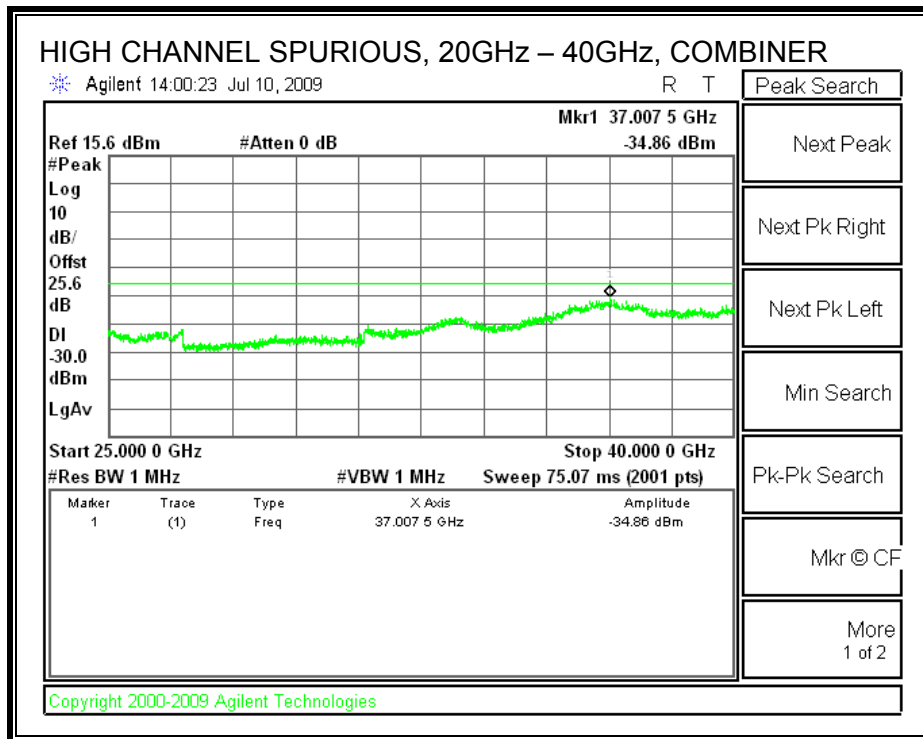
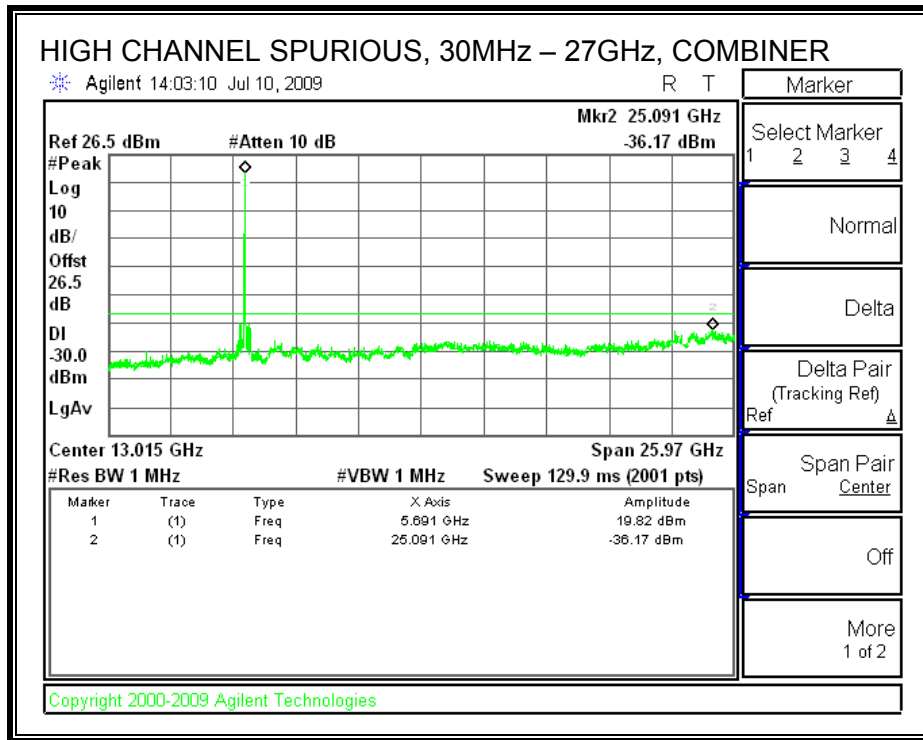
**LOW CHANNEL SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**



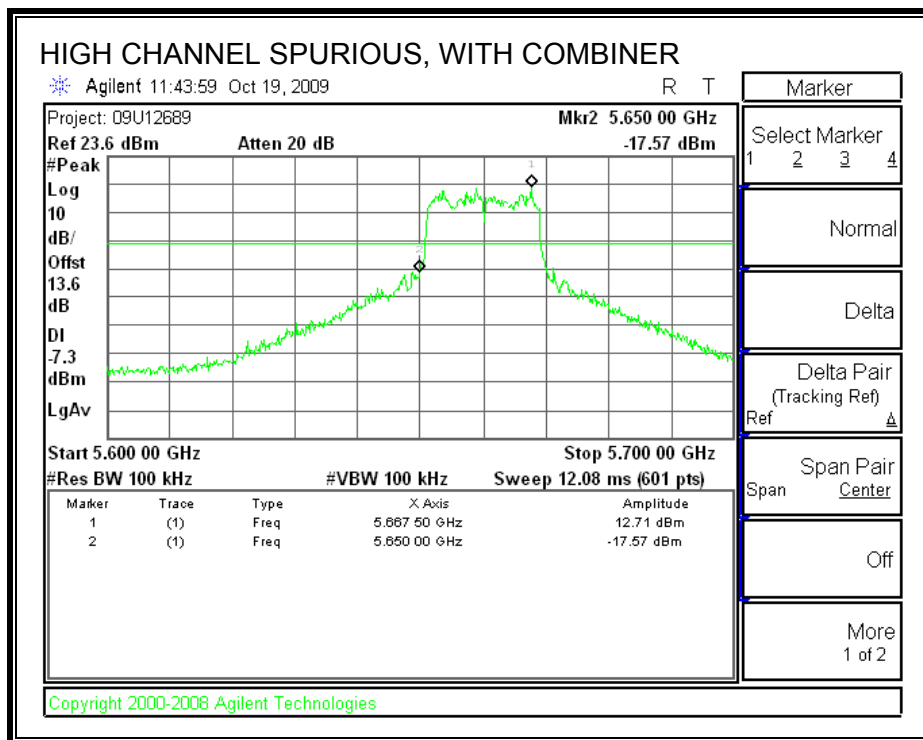
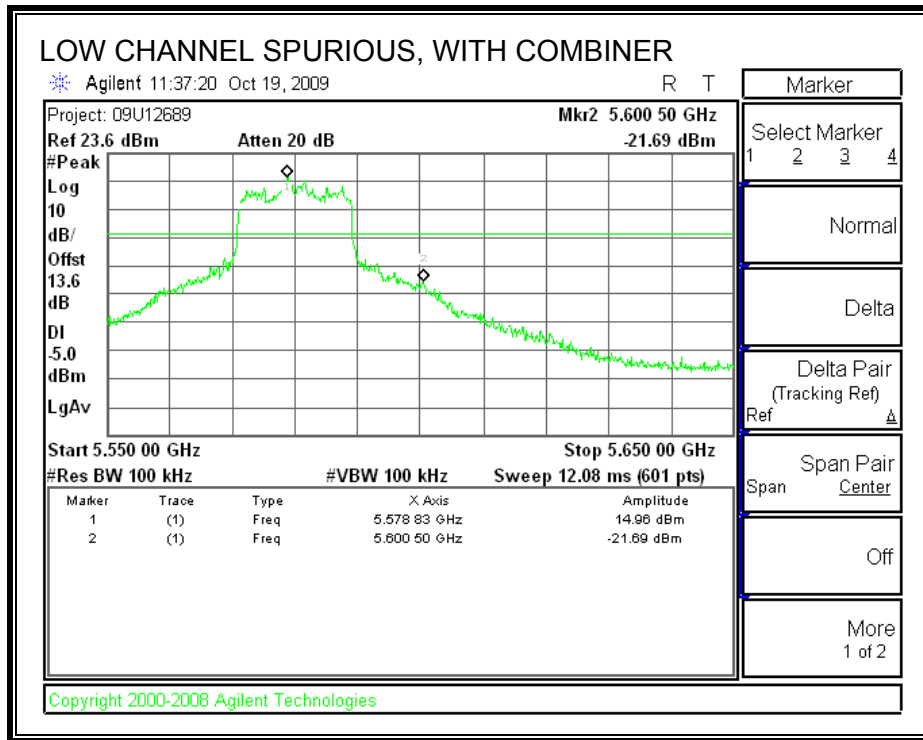
**MID CHANNEL SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**



**HIGH CHANNEL SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**



### 7.8.7. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS (-20 dBc)



## 7.9. 5.6 Hz BAND CHANNEL TESTS FOR 802.11HT40 MODE

### 7.9.1. 99% & 26 dB BANDWIDTH

#### LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

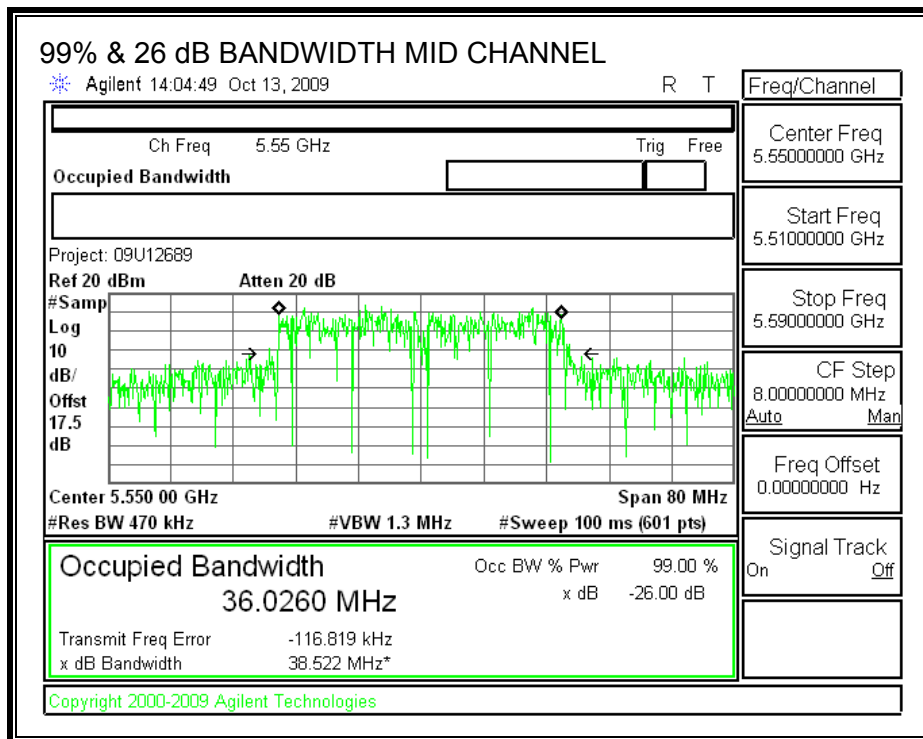
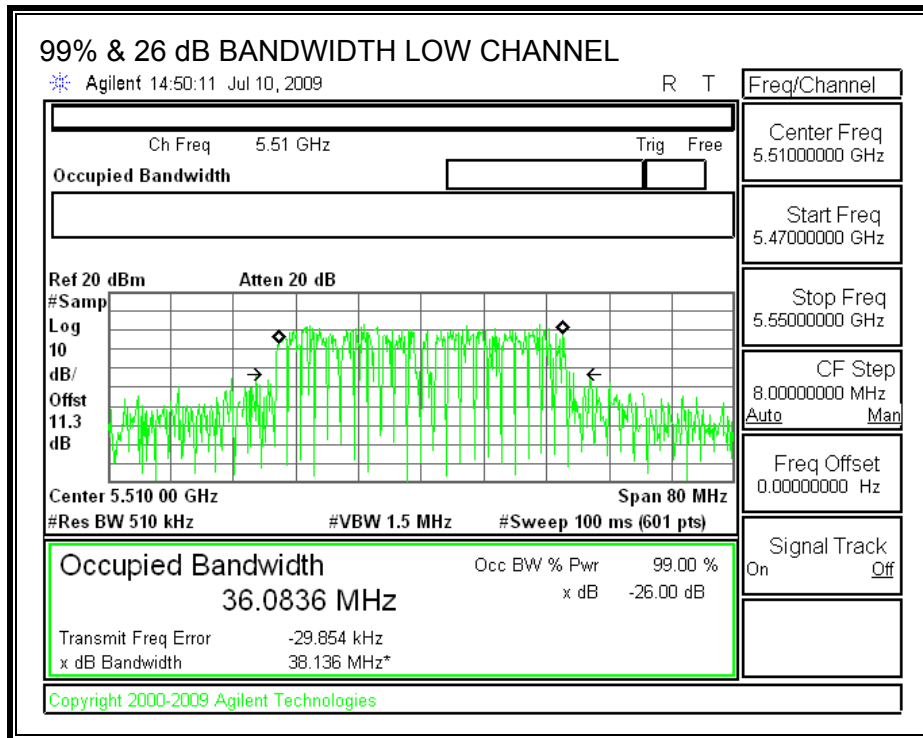
#### TEST PROCEDURE

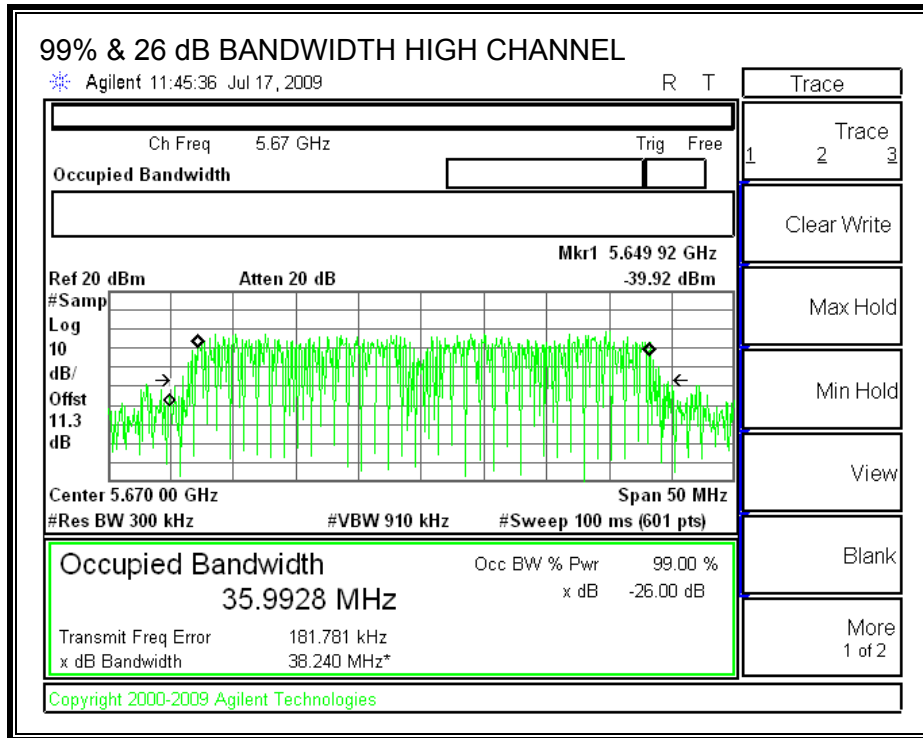
The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to 1% to 3% of the bandwidth. The VBW is set to 3 times the RBW. The sweep time is coupled. The spectrum analyzer internal bandwidth measurement function is utilized.

#### RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% OBW (MHz)	26 dB BW (MHz)
Low	5510	36.0836	38.136
Middle	5550	36.0260	38.522
High	5670	35.9928	38.24

**99% & 26 dB BANDWIDTH**







## 7.9.2. OUTPUT POWER

### LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (a) (2)  
 IC RSS-210 A9.2 (2)

For the 5.47-5.725 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26-dB emission bandwidth in MHz. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the peak transmit power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

### TEST PROCEDURE

The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002.

The transmitter output operates continuously therefore Method # 1 is used.

### RESULTS

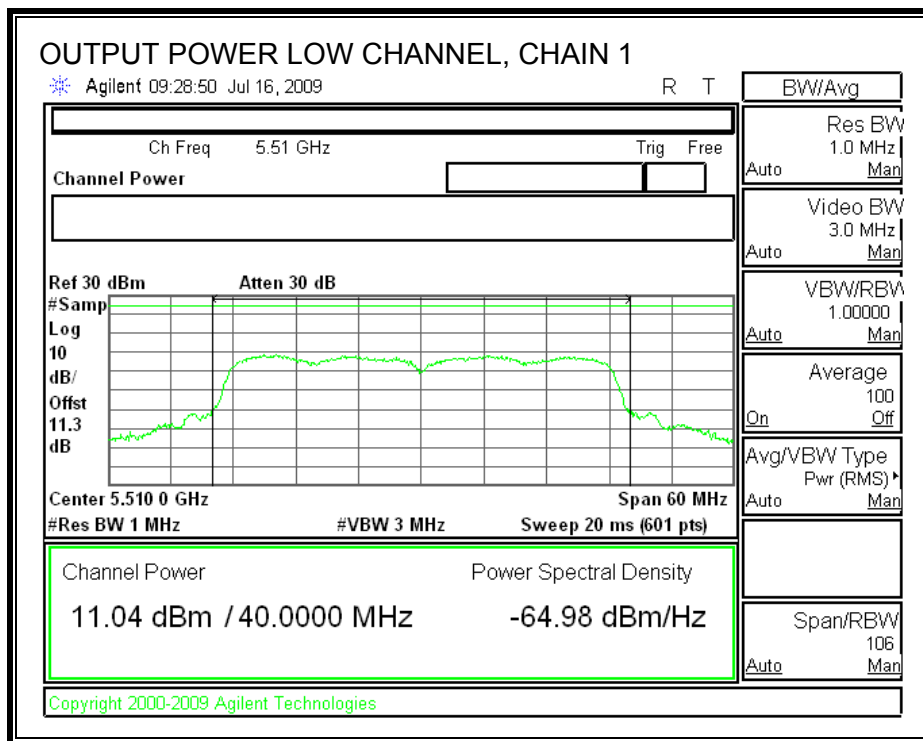
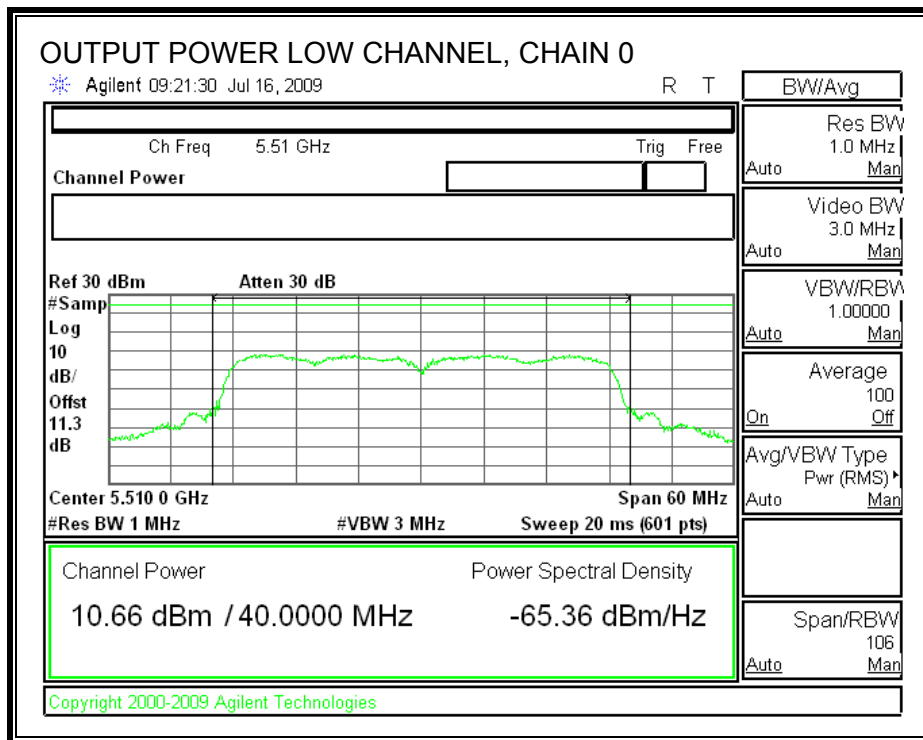
#### Limit

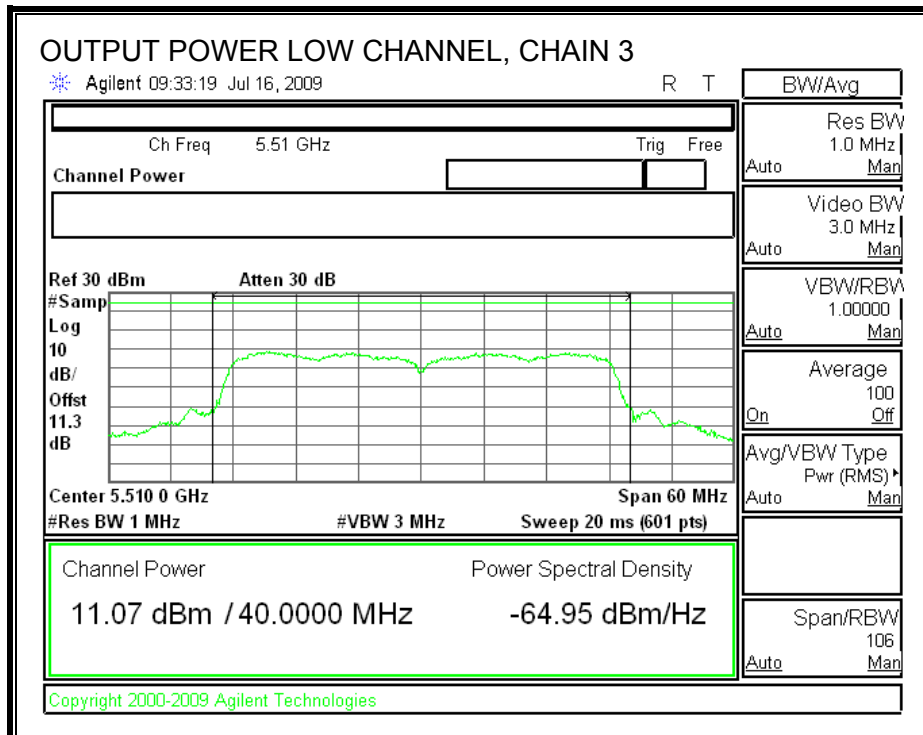
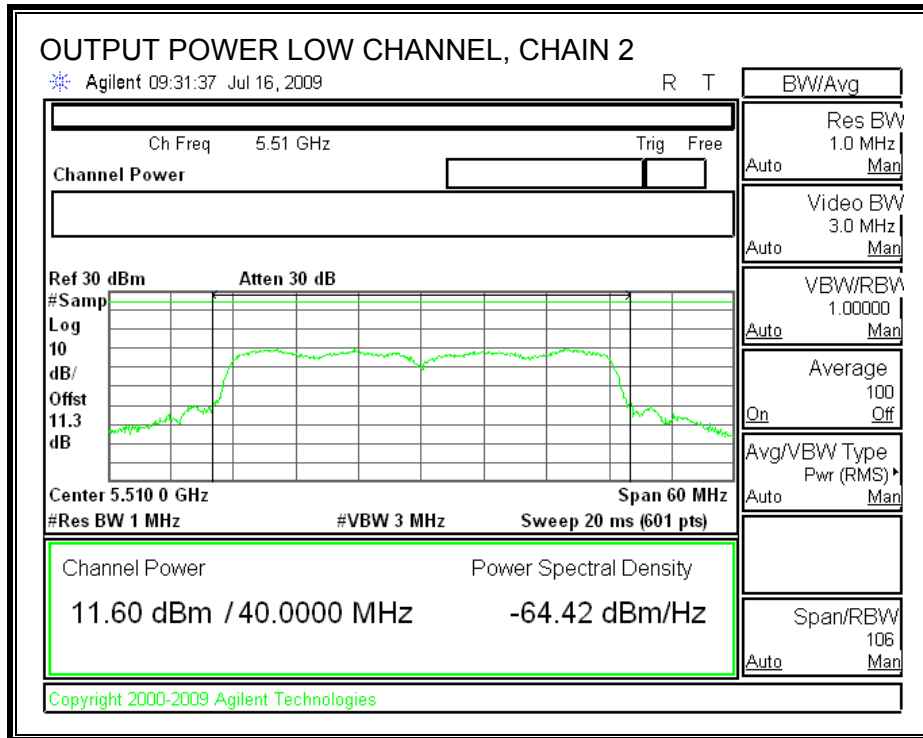
Channel	Freq (MHz)	Fixed Limit (dBm)	B (MHz)	11 + 10 Log B Limit (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Limit (dBm)
Low	5510	24	38.136	26.81	3	24.00
Mid	5550	24	38.522	26.86	3	24.00
High	5670	24	38.24	26.83	3	24.00

#### Individual Chain Results

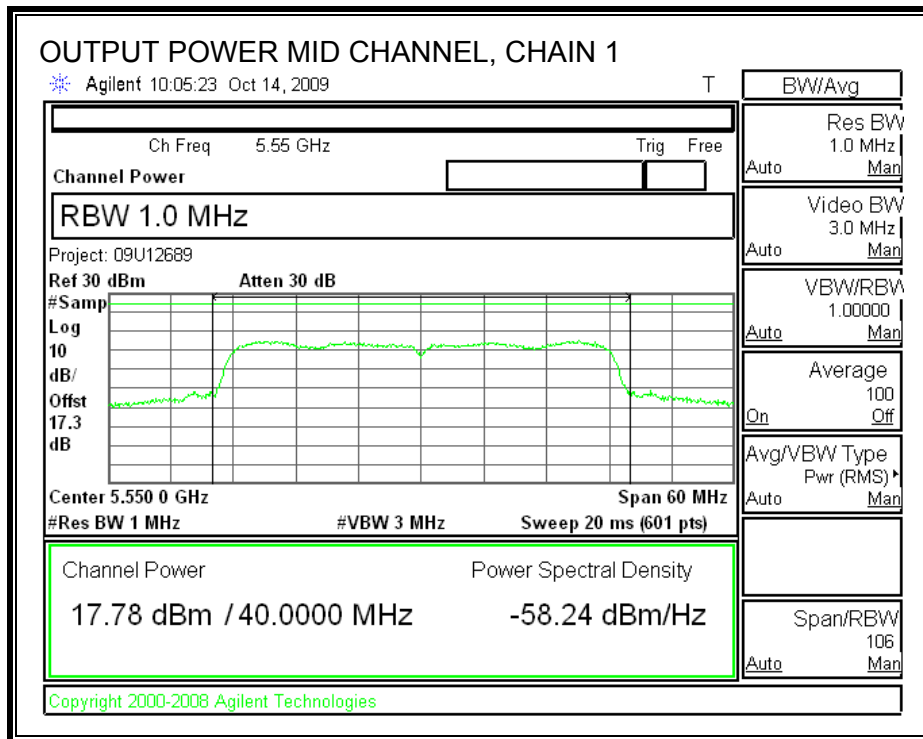
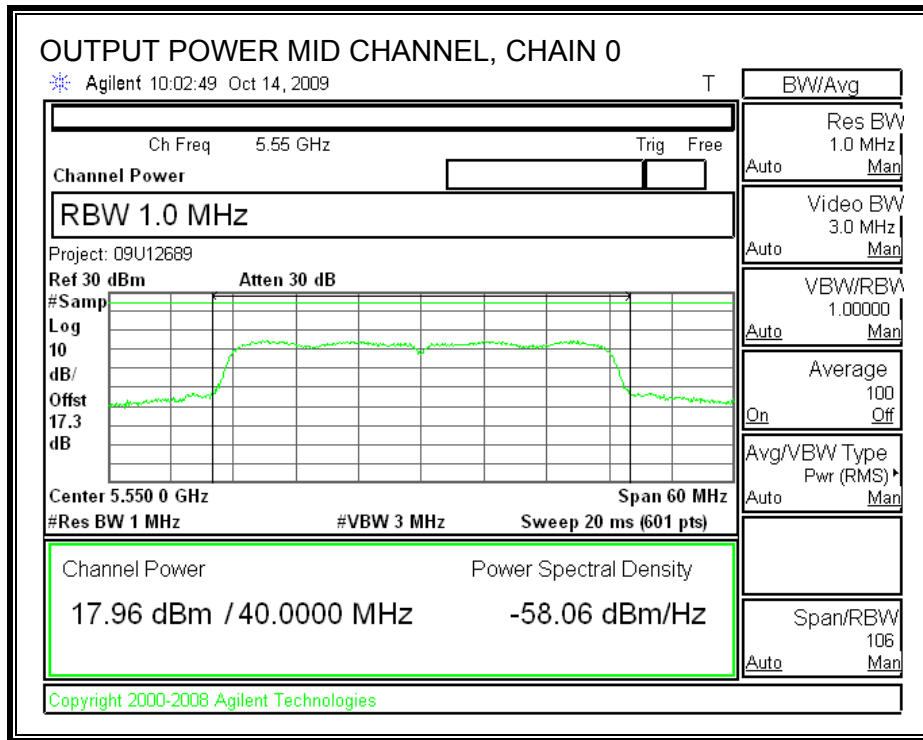
Channel	Freq (MHz)	Chain 0 Power (dBm)	Chain 1 Power (dBm)	Chain 2 Power (dBm)	Chain 3 Power (dBm)	Total Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	5510	10.66	11.04	11.60	11.07	17.13	24.00	-6.87
Mid	5550	17.96	17.78	17.77	17.95	23.89	24.00	-0.11
High	5670	15.03	15.04	15.44	15.01	21.15	24.00	-2.85

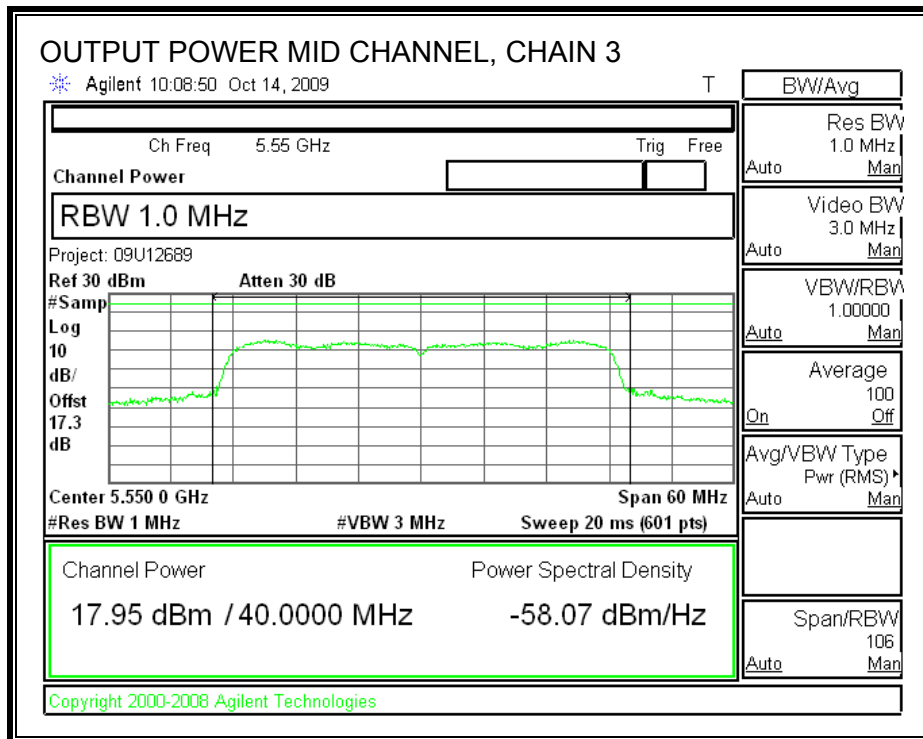
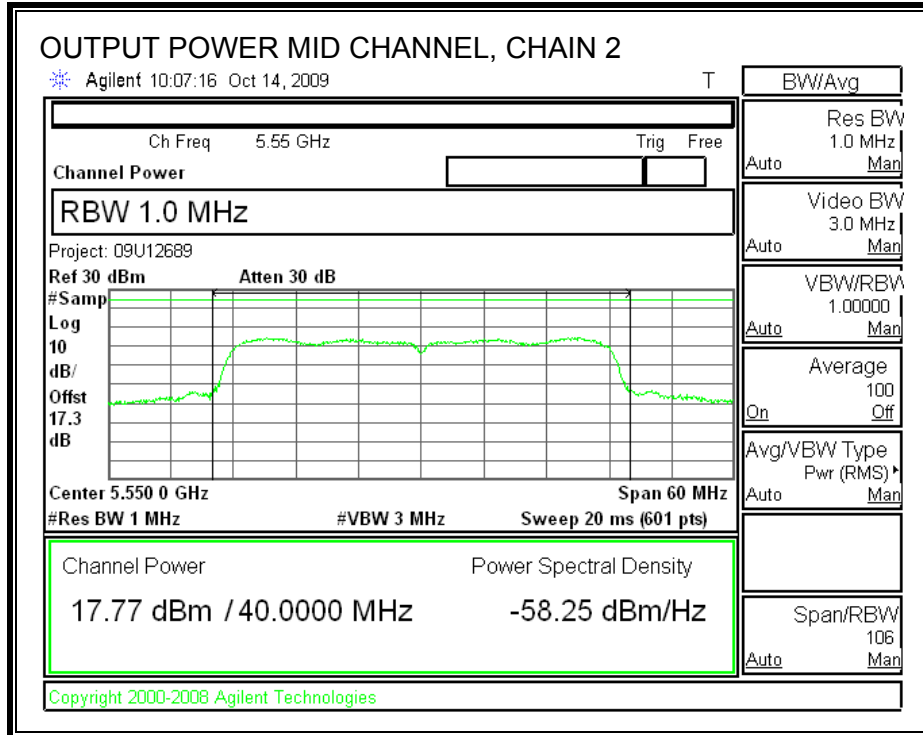
**OUTPUT POWER, LOW CHANNEL**



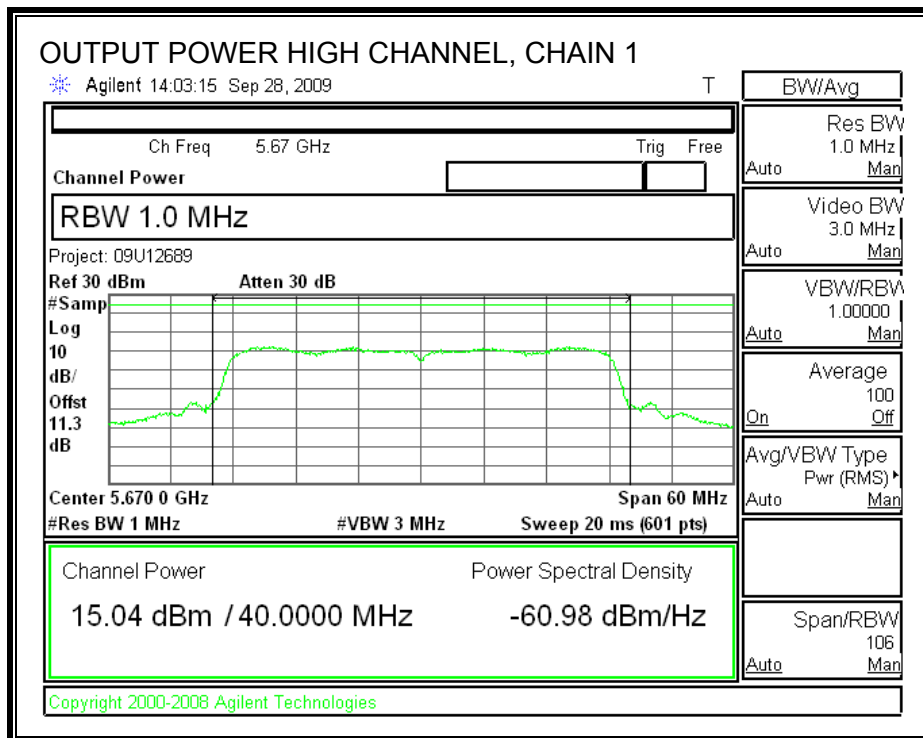
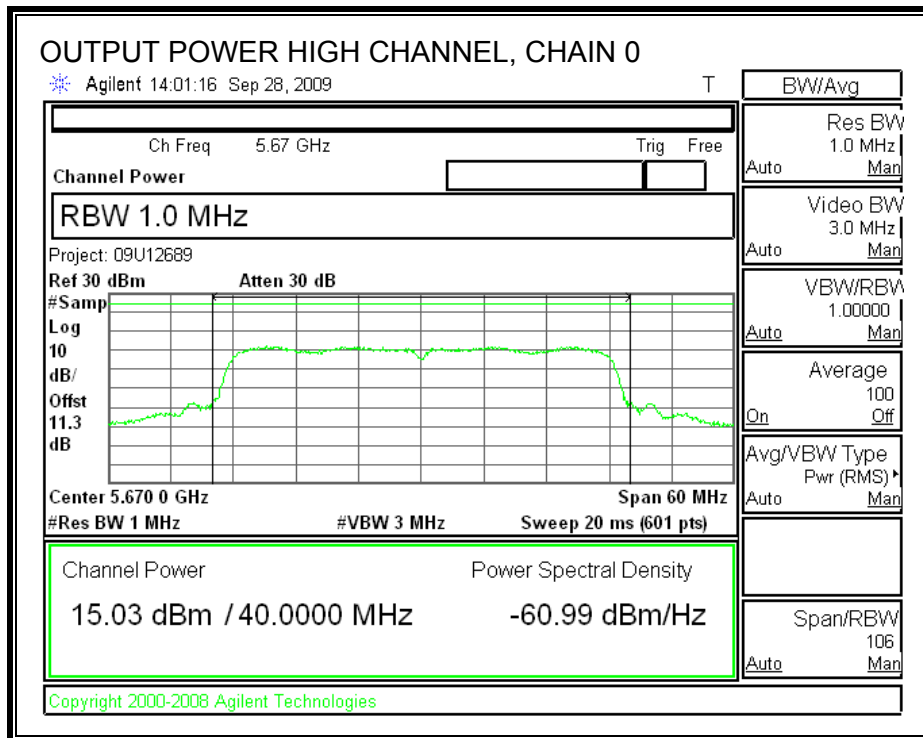


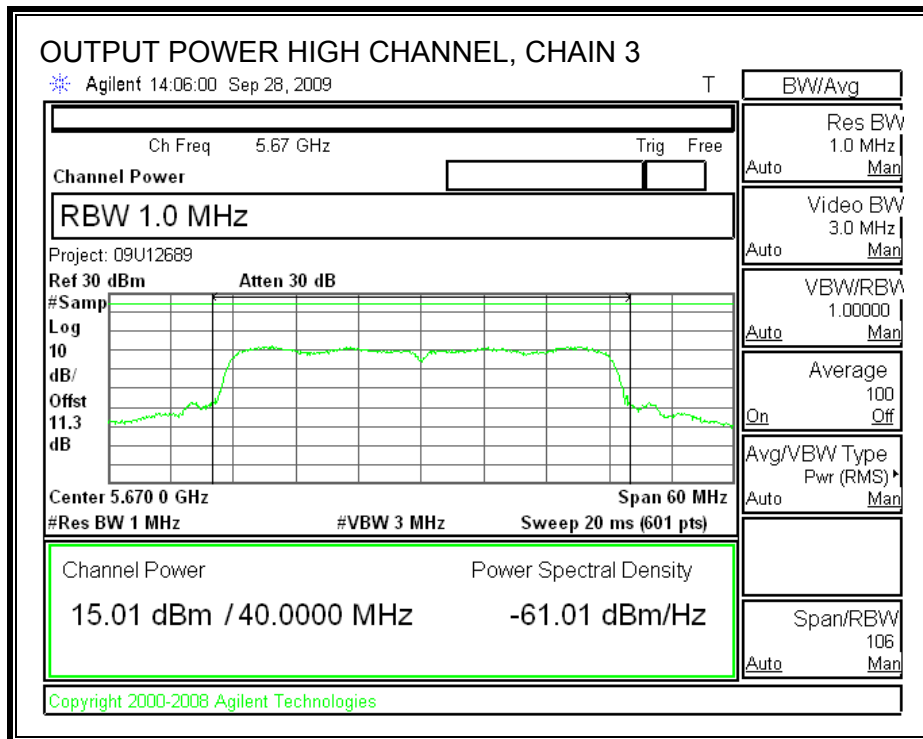
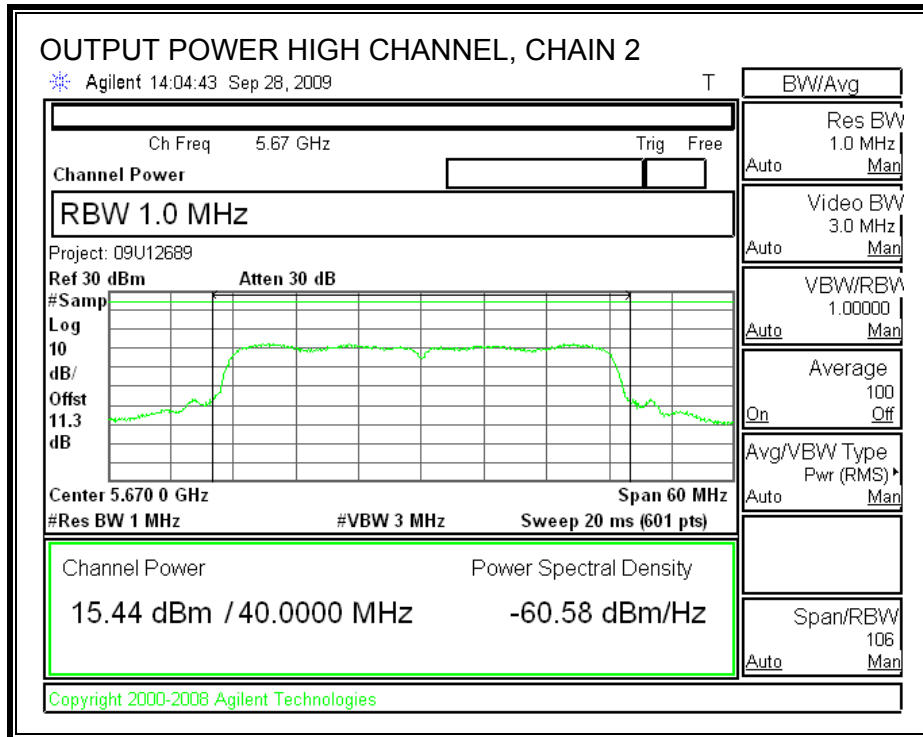
**OUTPUT POWER, MID CHANNEL**





**OUTPUT POWER, HIGH CHANNEL**





### 7.9.3. AVERAGE POWER

#### LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

#### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.3 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.3 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

#### RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 Power (dBm)	Chain 1 Power (dBm)	Chain 2 Power (dBm)	Chain 3 Power (dBm)
Low	5510	10.94	10.93	10.94	10.99
Middle	5550	17.96	18.03	17.56	18.12
High	5700	14.12	14.02	14.13	13.72



## 7.9.4. PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

### LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (a) (2)

IC RSS-210 A9.2 (2)

For the 5.47-5.725 GHz band, the peak power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the peak transmit power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

The maximum antenna gain is less than 6 dBi, therefore the limit is 11 dBm.

### TEST PROCEDURE

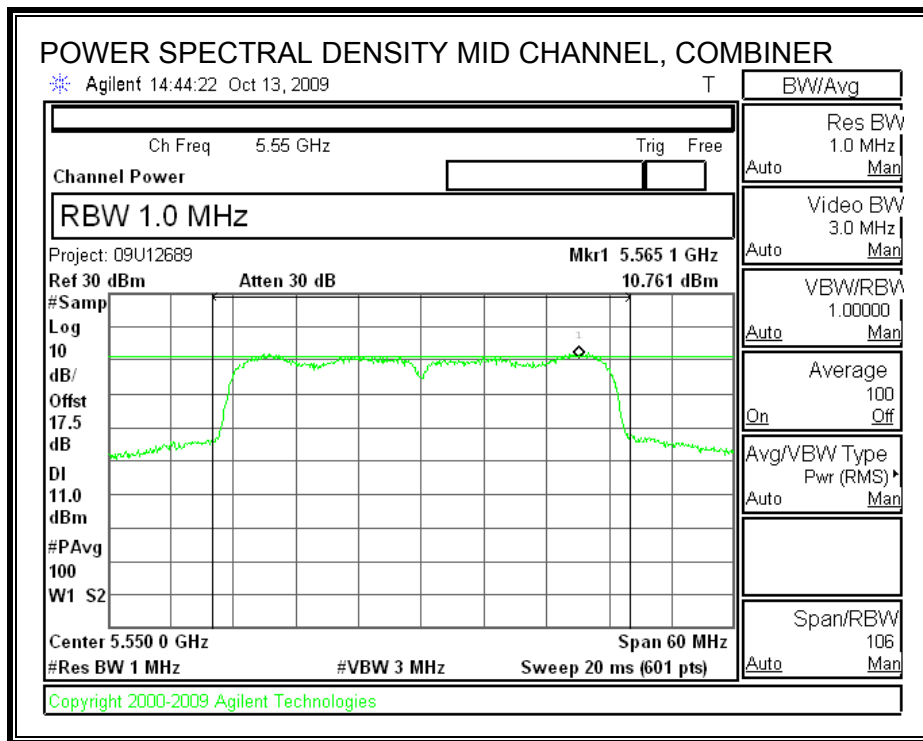
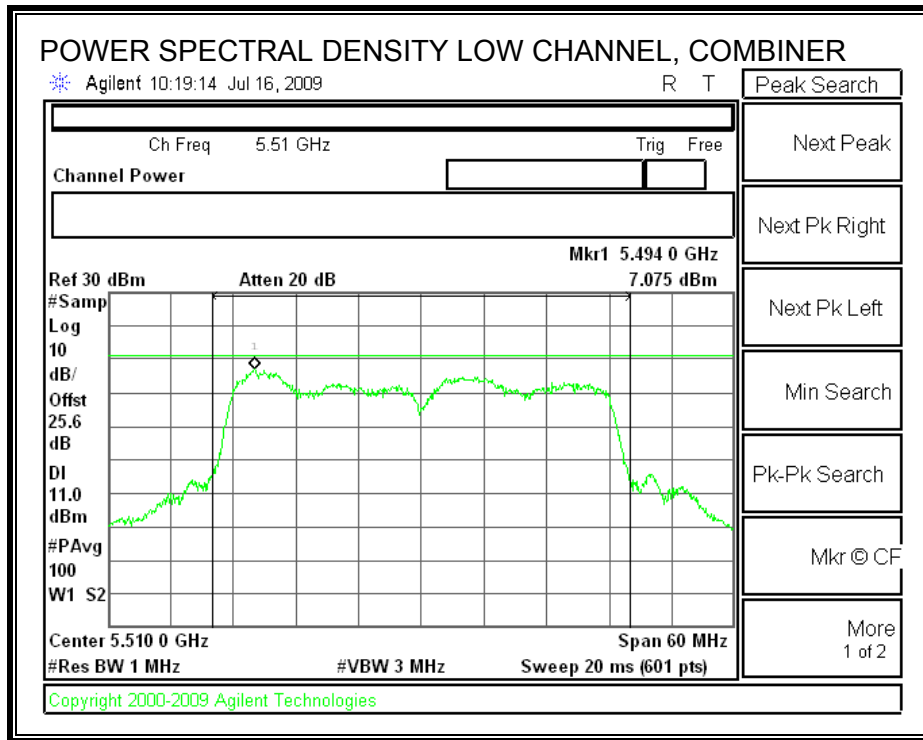
The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002. PPSD method #2 was used.

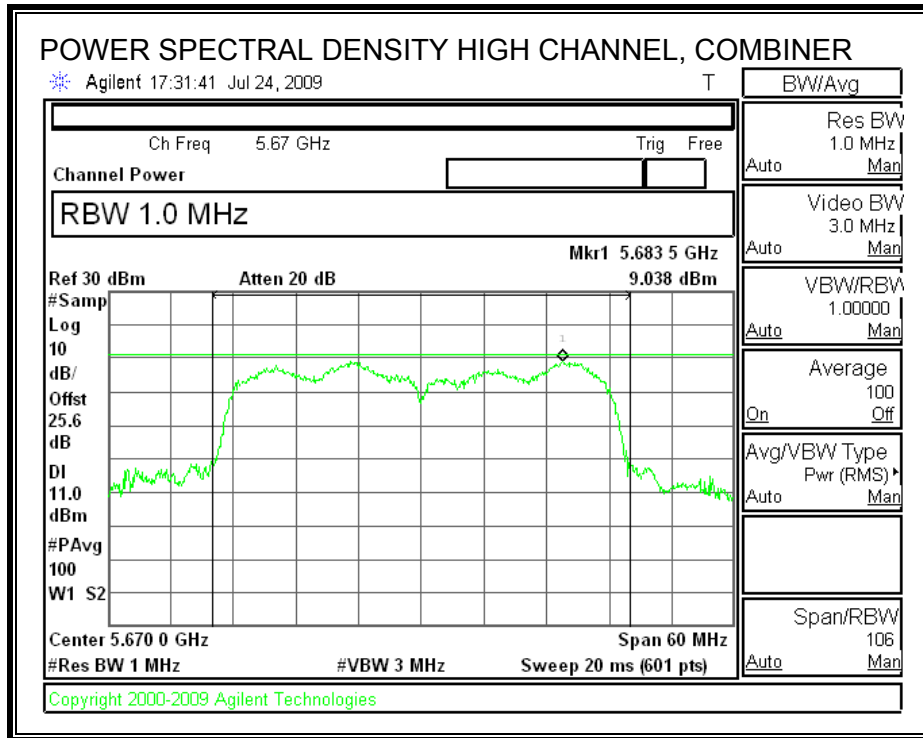
Preliminary tests on individual chains, and on all chains with a combiner, were performed. The worst-case configuration was with a combiner, therefore final test were performed with all chains feeding a combiner.

### RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PSD with Combiner (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	5510	7.075	11.00	-3.93
Middle	5550	10.761	11.00	-0.24
High	5670	9.038	11.00	-1.96

**POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY**





### 7.9.5. PEAK EXCURSION

#### LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (a) (6)

The ratio of the peak excursion of the modulation envelope (measured using a peak hold function) to the peak transmit power (measured as specified above) shall not exceed 13 dB across any 1 MHz bandwidth or the emission bandwidth whichever is less.

#### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter outputs are connected to the spectrum analyzer via a combiner.

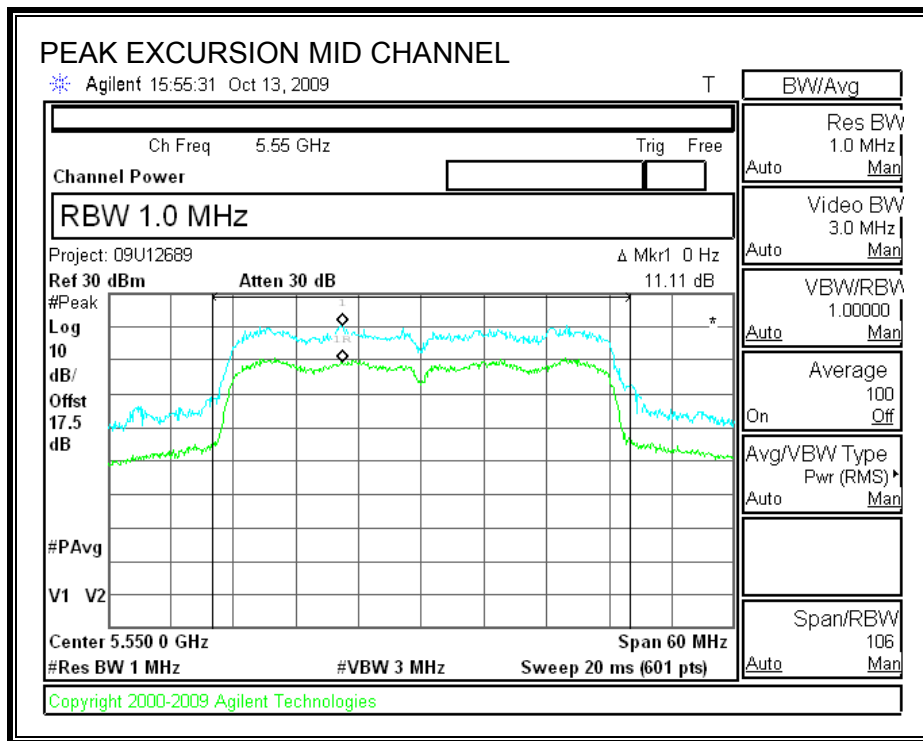
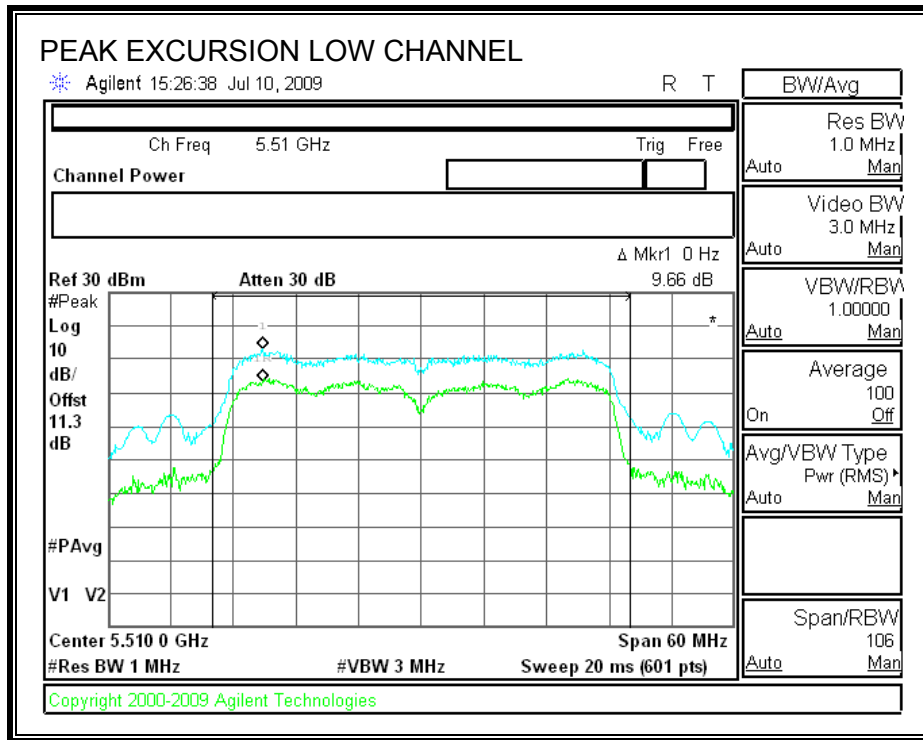
The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002.

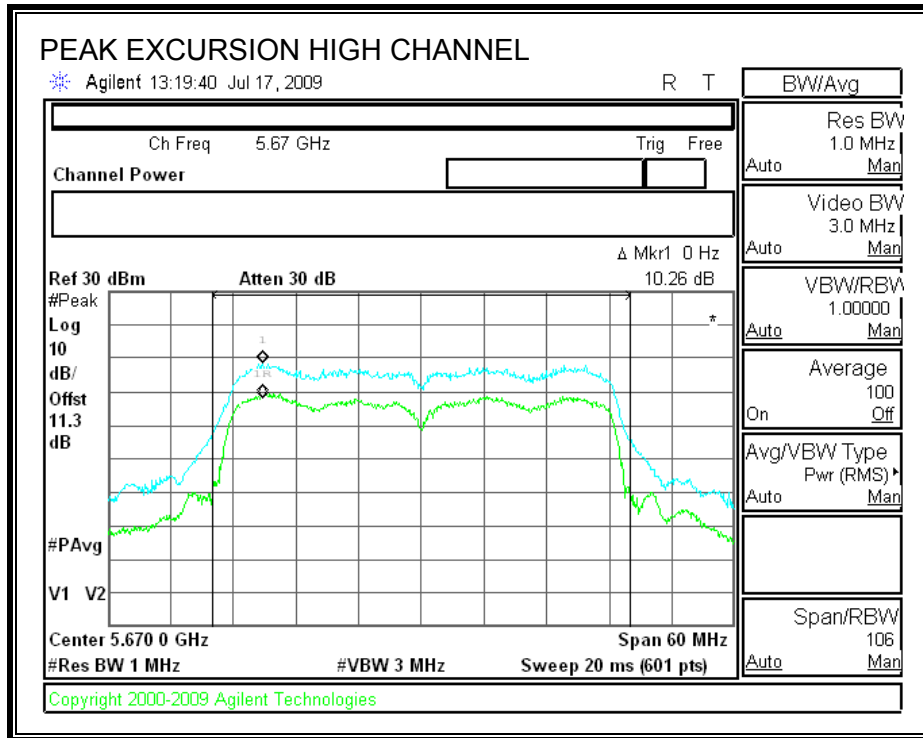
Since Method # 1 was used for peak power measurements, Method # 1 settings are used for the second PPSD trace.

#### RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Excursion (dB)	Limit (dB)	Margin (dB)
Low	5510	9.66	13	-3.34
Middle	5550	11.11	13	-1.89
High	5670	10.26	13	-2.74

**PEAK EXCURSION**





## **7.9.6. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**

### **LIMITS**

FCC §15.407 (b) (3)

IC RSS-210 A9.3 (3)

For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: all emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27 dBm / MHz.

### **TEST PROCEDURE**

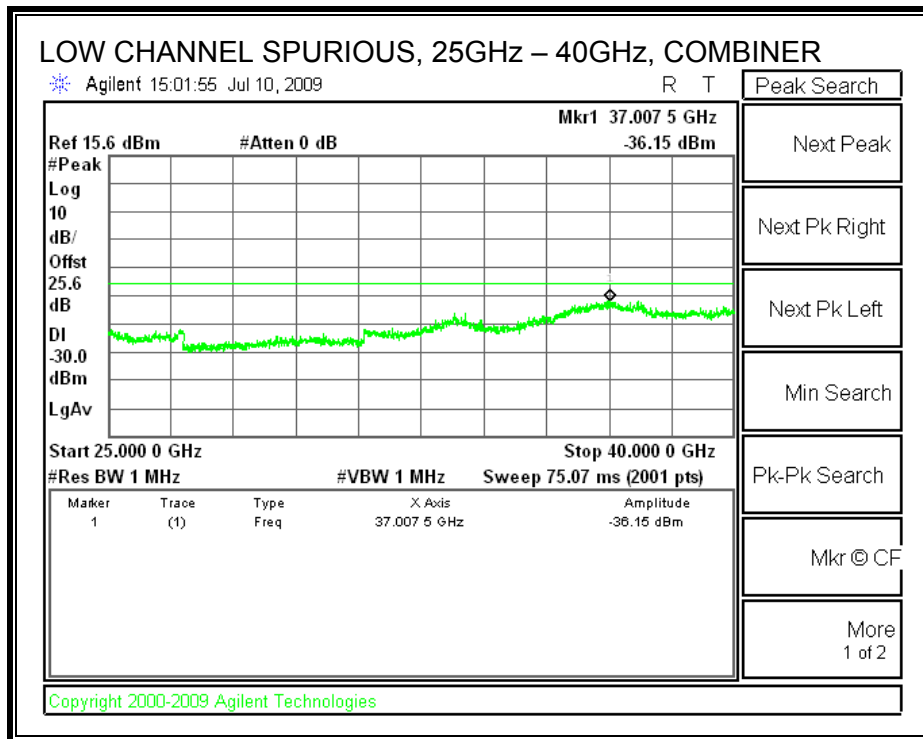
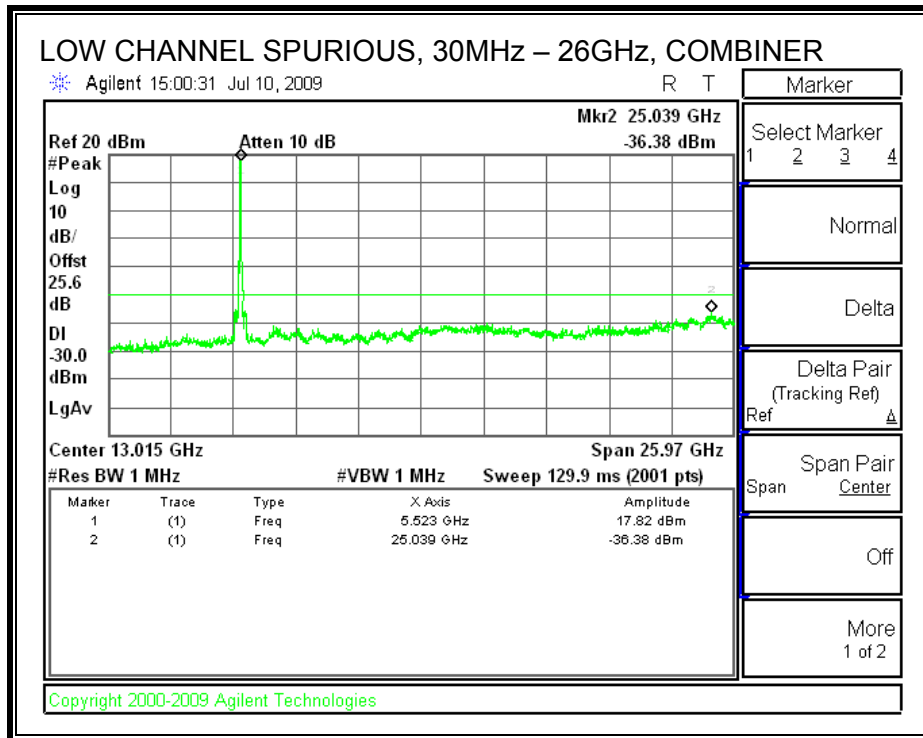
Conducted RF measurements of the transmitter output are made to confirm that the EUT antenna port conducted emissions meet the specified limit and to identify any spurious signals that require further investigation or measurements on the radiated emissions site.

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz. The video bandwidth is set to 1 MHz. Peak detection measurements are compared to EIRP limit, adjusted for the maximum antenna gain.

Measurements are made over the 30 MHz to 40 GHz range with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

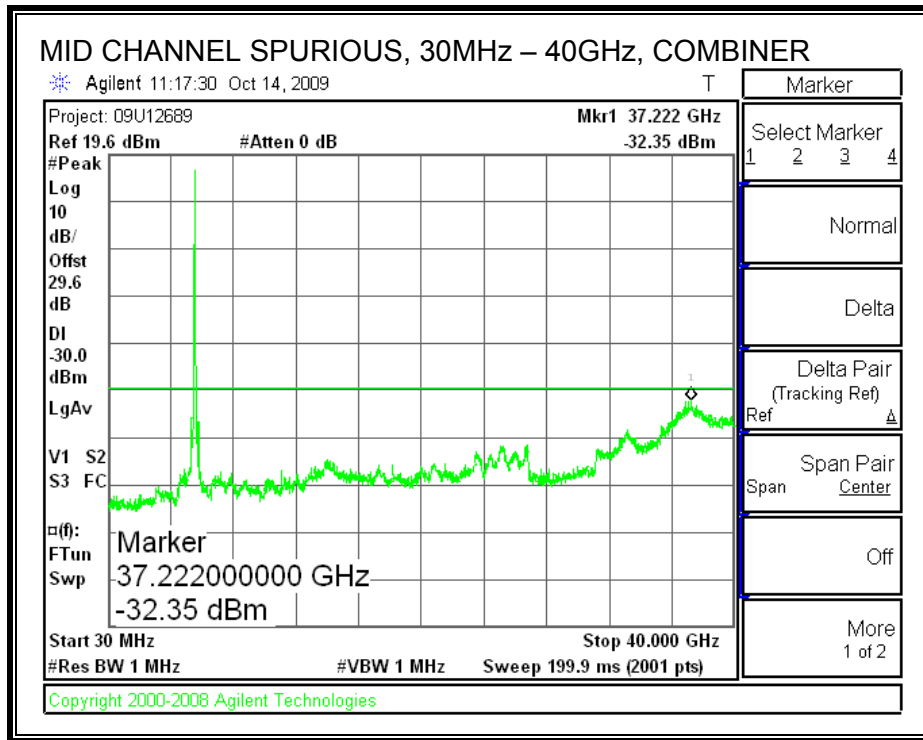
Preliminary tests on individual chains, and on all chains with a combiner, were performed. The worst-case configuration was with a combiner, therefore final test were performed with all chains feeding a combiner.

**LOW CHANNEL SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**

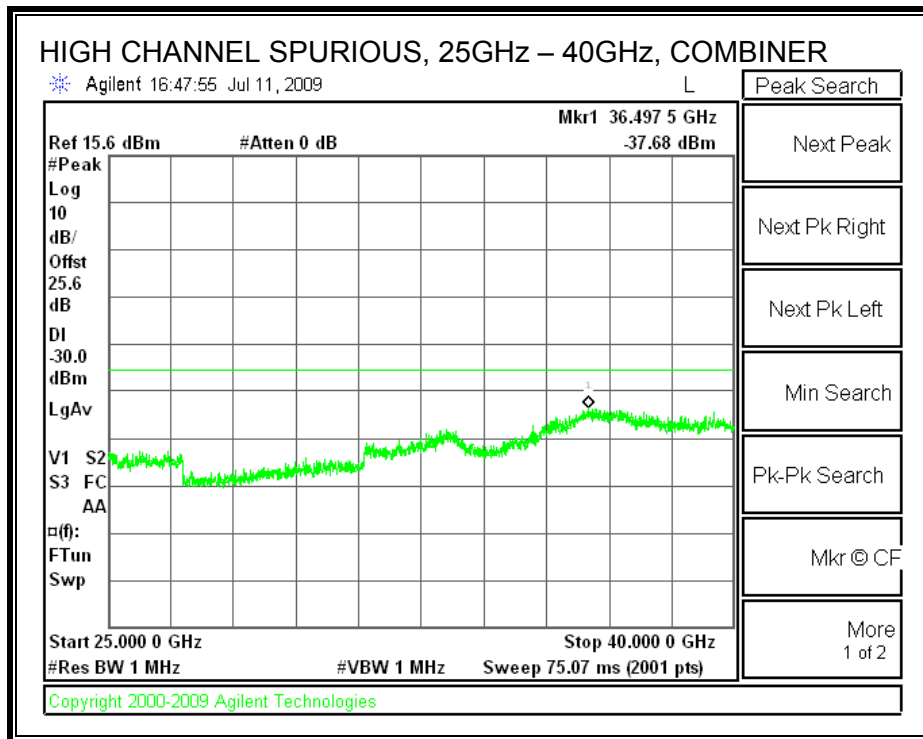
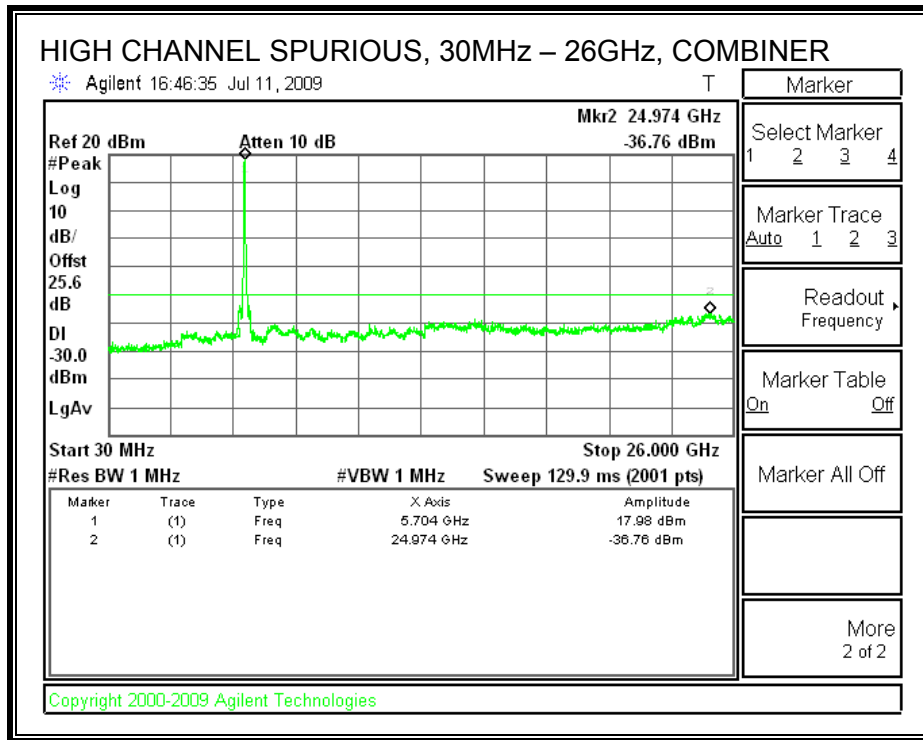




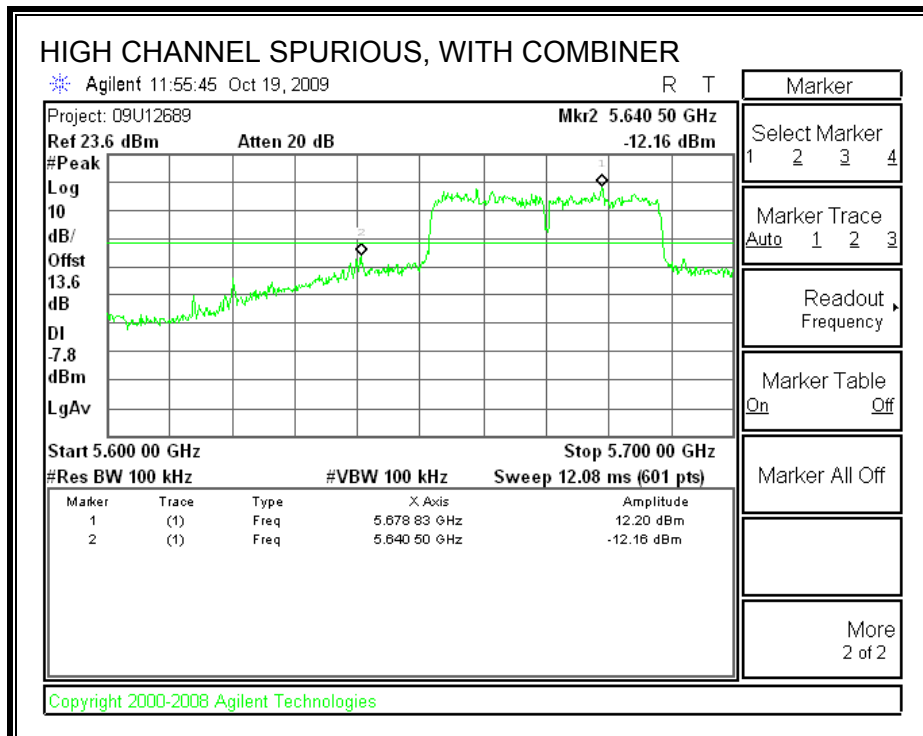
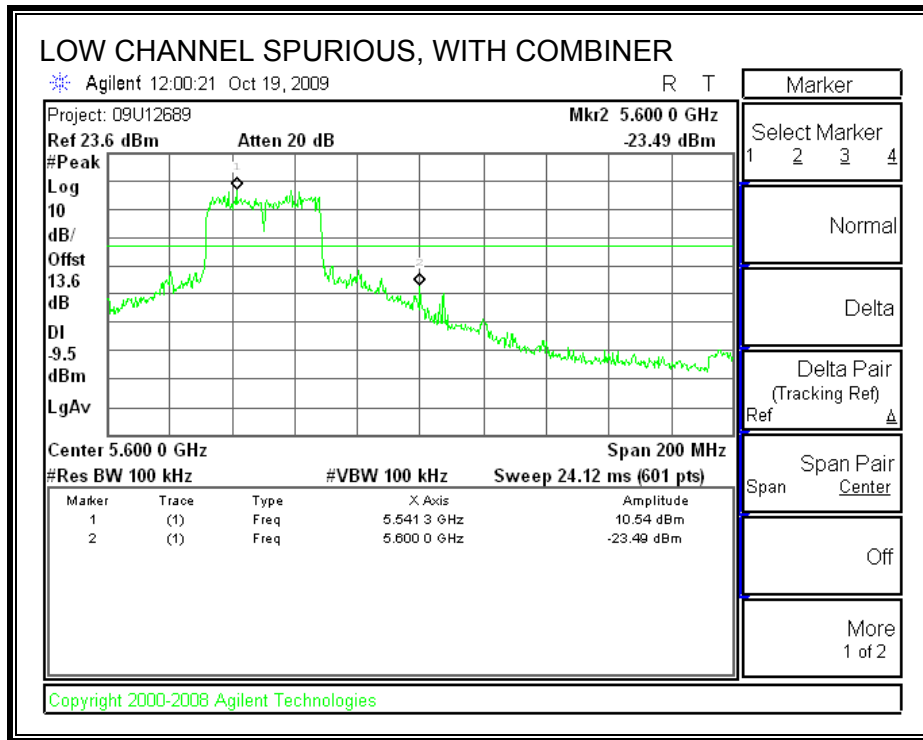
**MID CHANNEL SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**



**HIGH CHANNEL SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**



### 7.9.7. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS (-20 dBc)



## **7.10. RECEIVER CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**

### **LIMITS**

#### IC RSS-GEN 7.2.3.1

Antenna Conducted Measurement: Receiver spurious emissions at any discrete frequency shall not exceed 2 nanowatts (-57 dBm) in the band 30-1000 MHz, or 5 nanowatts (-53 dBm) above 1 GHz.

### **TEST PROCEDURE**

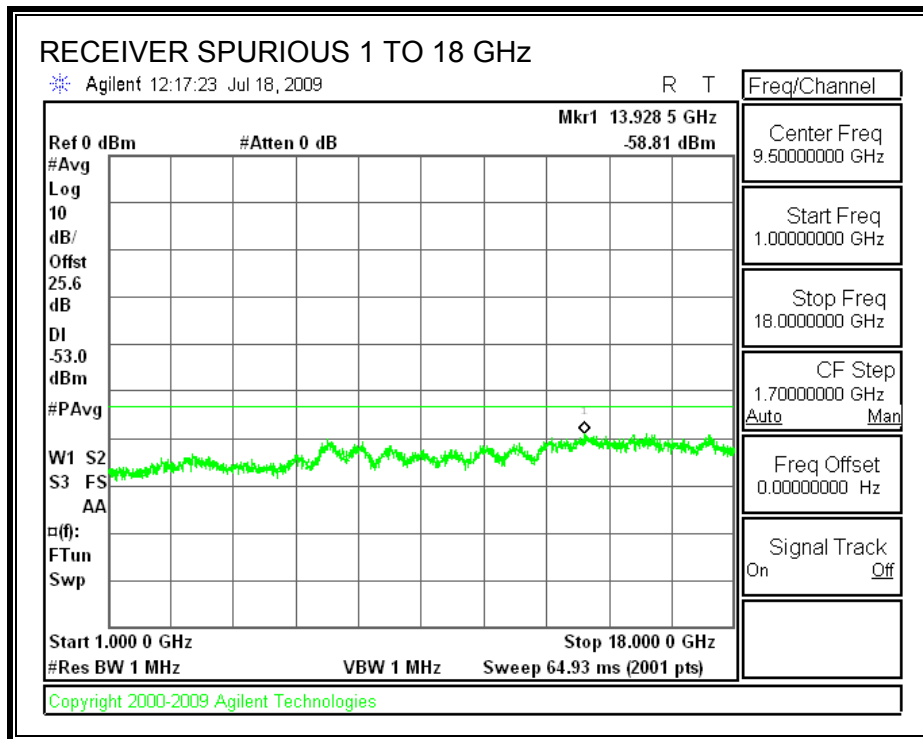
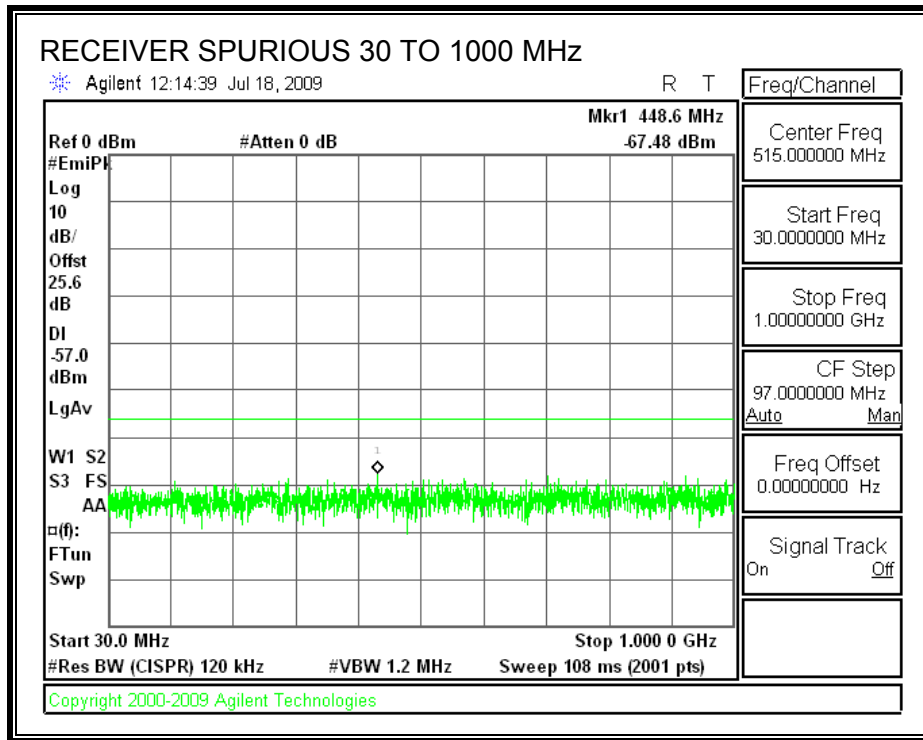
#### IC RSS-GEN 4.10, Conducted Method

The receiver antenna port is connected to a spectrum analyzer.

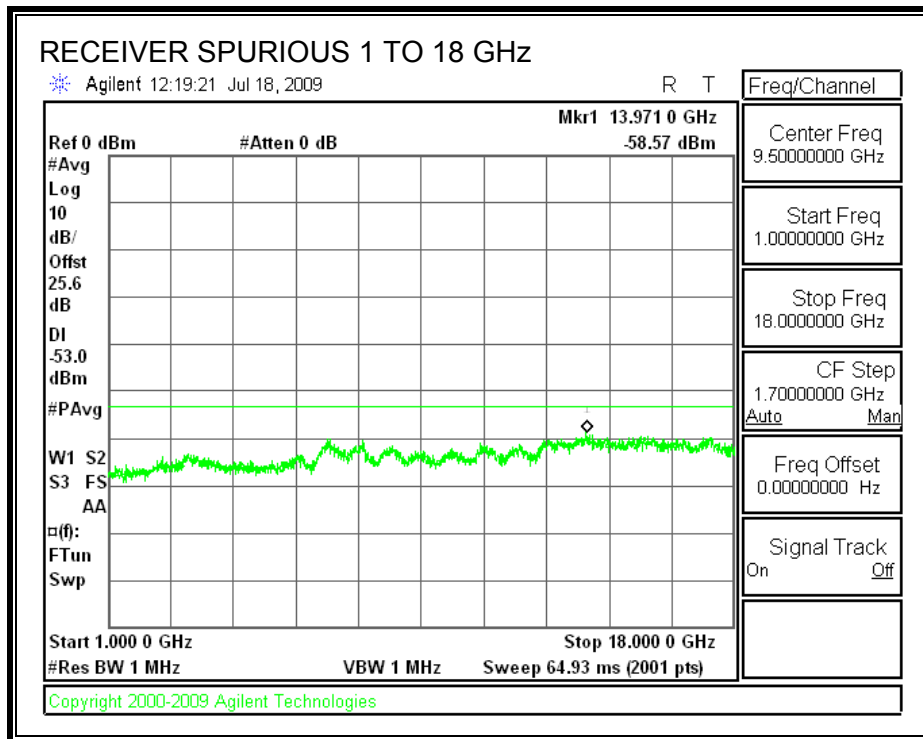
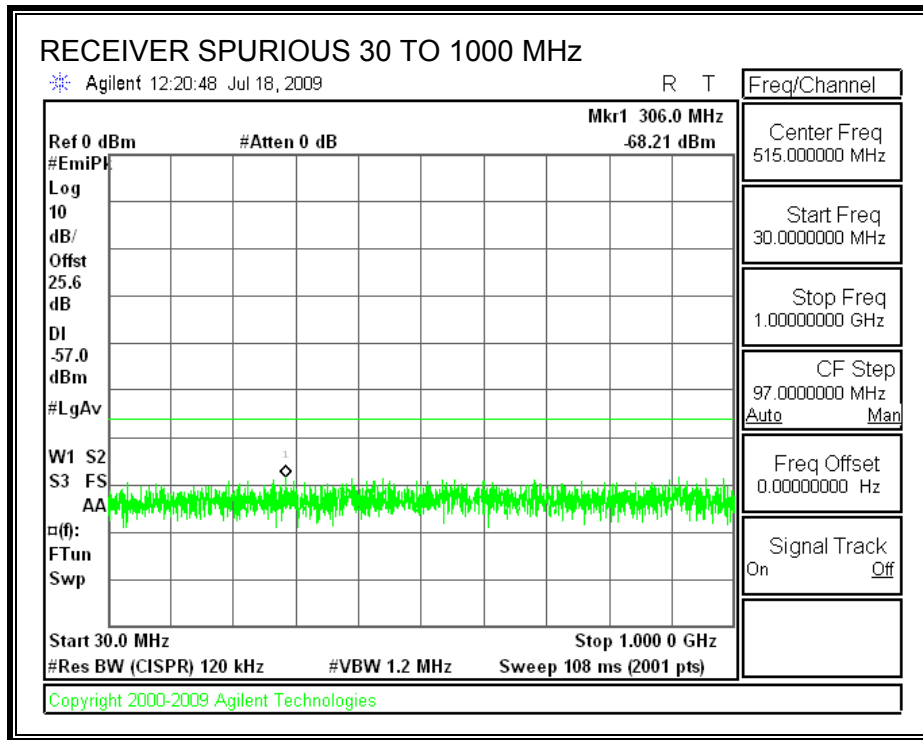
The spectrum from 30 MHz to 18 GHz is investigated with the receiver set to the middle channel of each 5 GHz band.

Preliminary tests on individual chains, and on all chains with a combiner, were performed. The worst-case configuration was with a combiner, therefore final test were performed with all chains feeding a combiner.

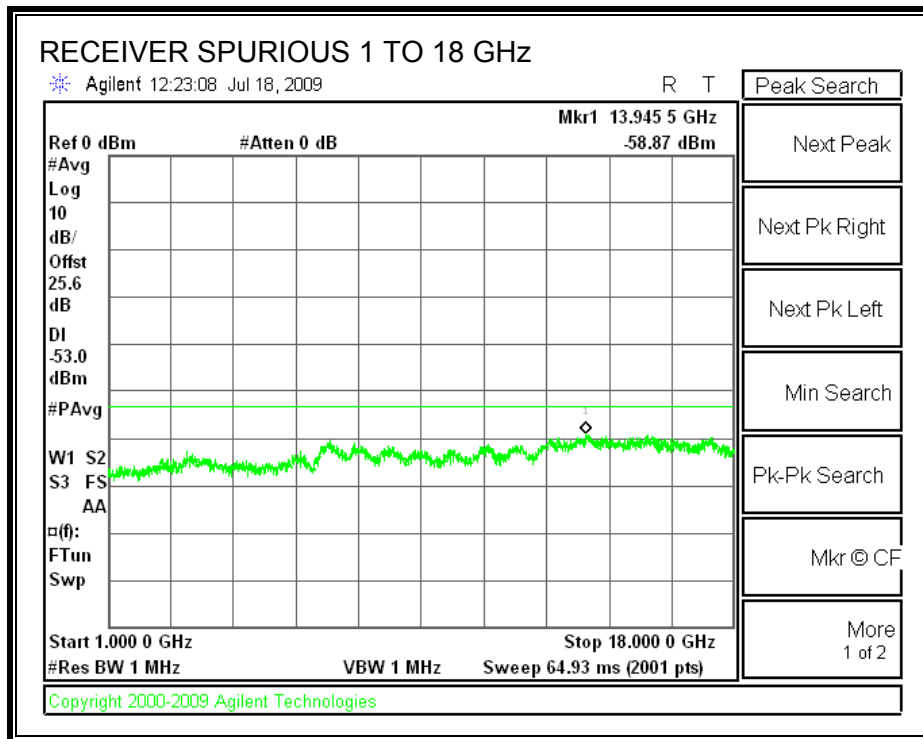
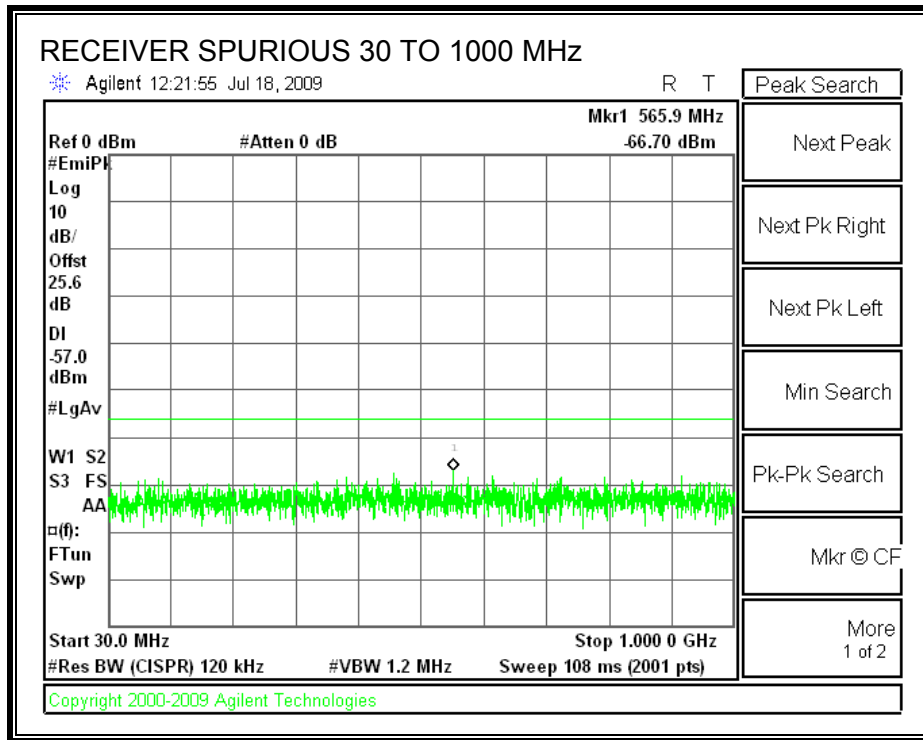
**RECEIVER SPURIOUS EMISSIONS IN THE 5.2 GHz BAND**



**RECEIVER SPURIOUS EMISSIONS IN THE 5.3 GHz BAND**



**RECEIVER SPURIOUS EMISSIONS IN THE 5.5 GHz BAND**



## 8. RADIATED TEST RESULTS

### 8.1. LIMITS AND PROCEDURE

#### LIMITS

FCC §15.205 and §15.209

IC RSS-210 Clause 2.6 (Transmitter)

IC RSS-GEN Clause 6 (Receiver)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Field Strength Limit (uV/m) at 3 m	Field Strength Limit (dBuV/m) at 3 m
30 - 88	100	40
88 - 216	150	43.5
216 - 960	200	46
Above 960	500	54

#### TEST PROCEDURE

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 80 cm above the ground plane. The antenna to EUT distance is 3 meters. The EUT is configured in accordance with ANSI C63.4. The EUT is set to transmit in a continuous mode.

For measurements below 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz for peak detection measurements or 120 kHz for quasi-peak detection measurements. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak.

For measurements above 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz, then the video bandwidth is set to 1 MHz for peak measurements and 10 Hz for average measurements.

The spectrum from 30 MHz to 40 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels in each applicable band.

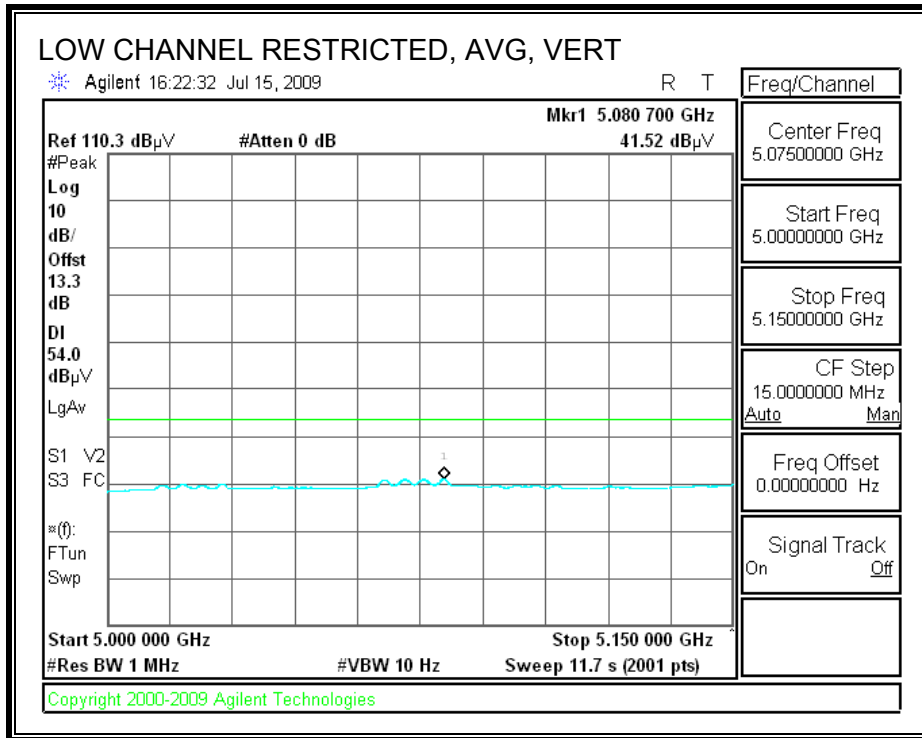
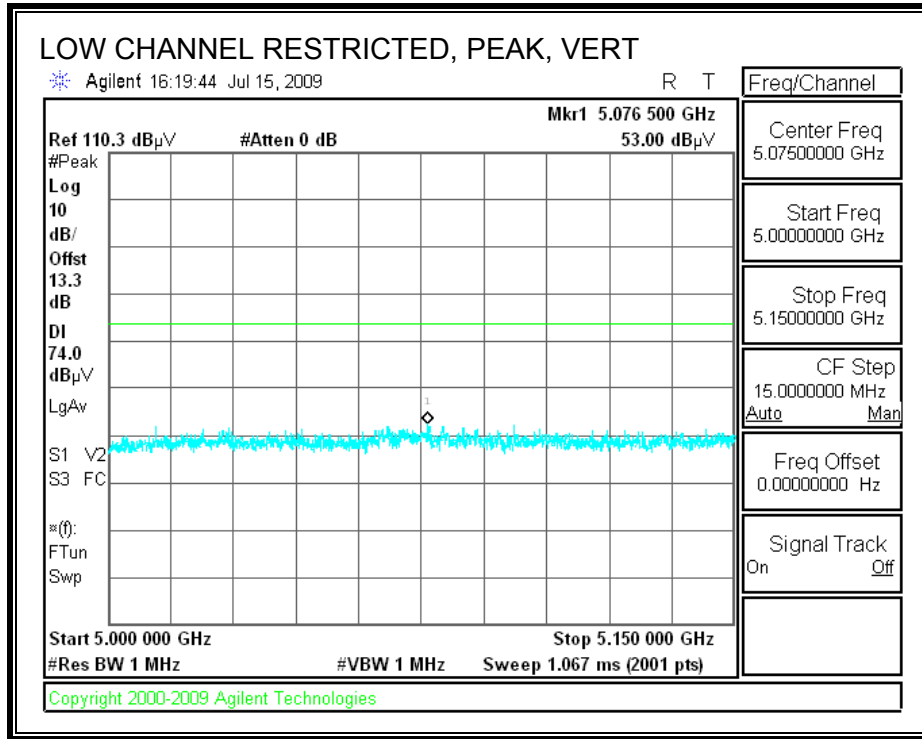
The frequency range of interest is monitored at a fixed antenna height and EUT azimuth. The EUT is rotated through 360 degrees to maximize emissions received. The antenna is scanned from 1 to 4 meters above the ground plane to further maximize the emission. Measurements are made with the antenna polarized in both the vertical and the horizontal positions.



## 8.2. TRANSMITTER ABOVE 1 GHz

### 8.2.1. 802.11a MODE IN 5.2 GHz BAND

#### RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (LOW CHANNEL, VERTICAL)

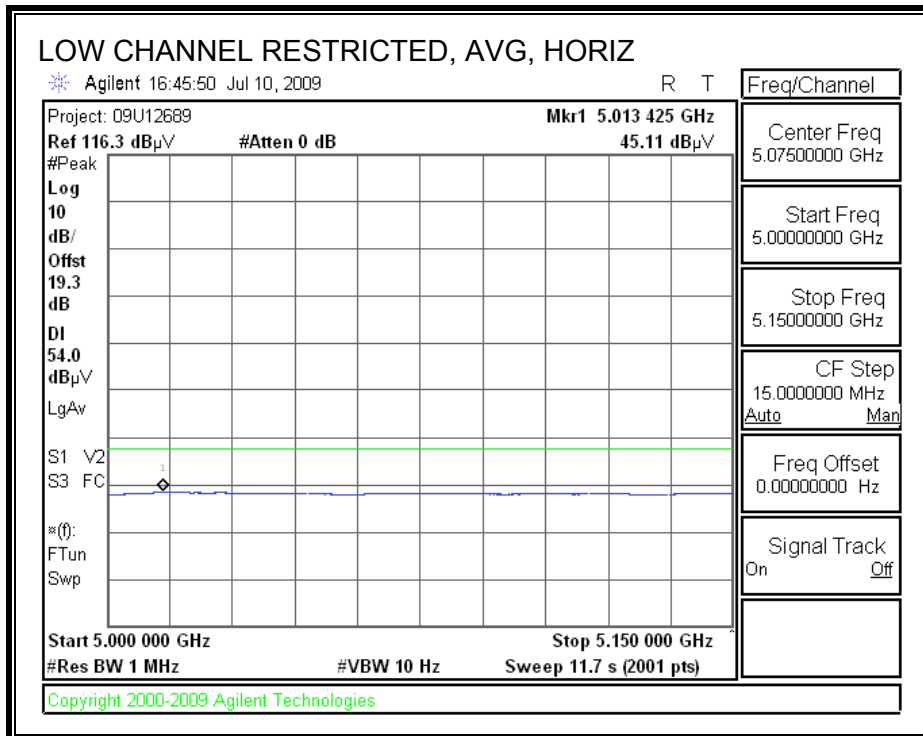
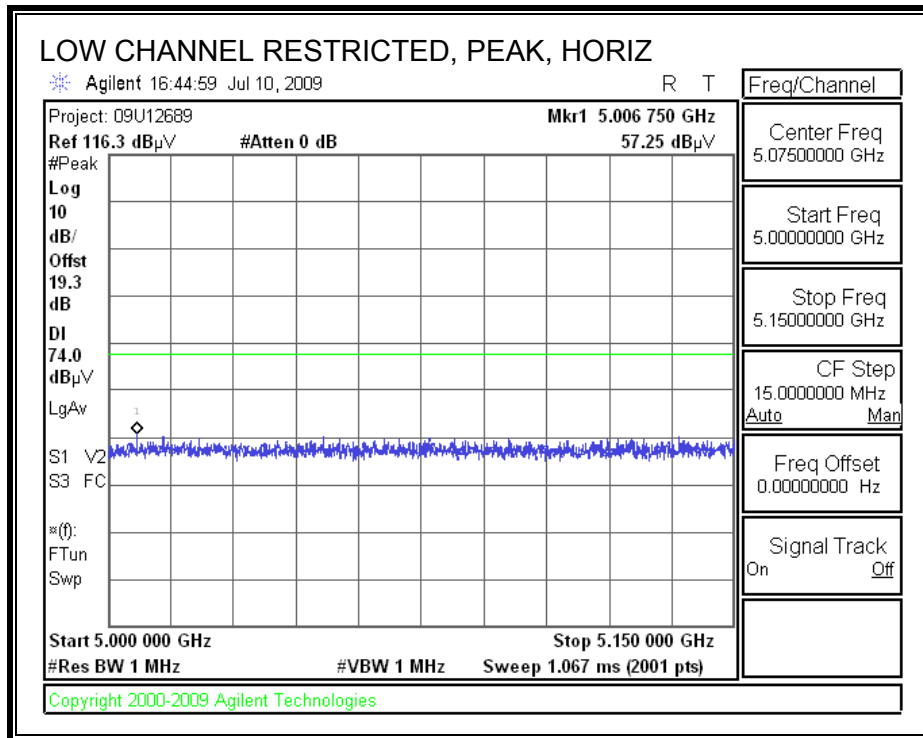


**HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**

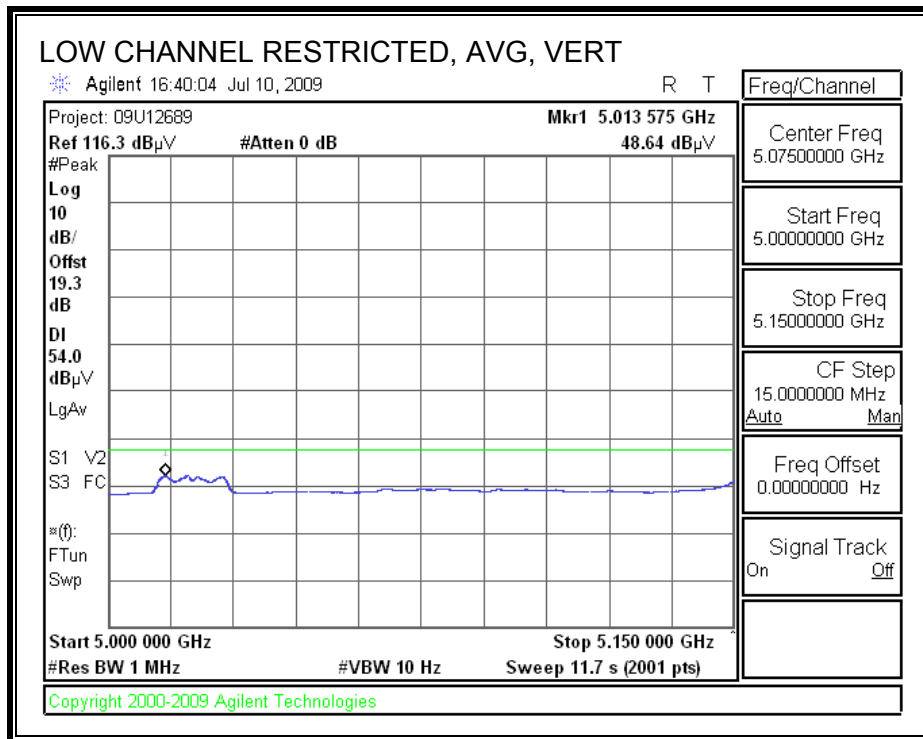
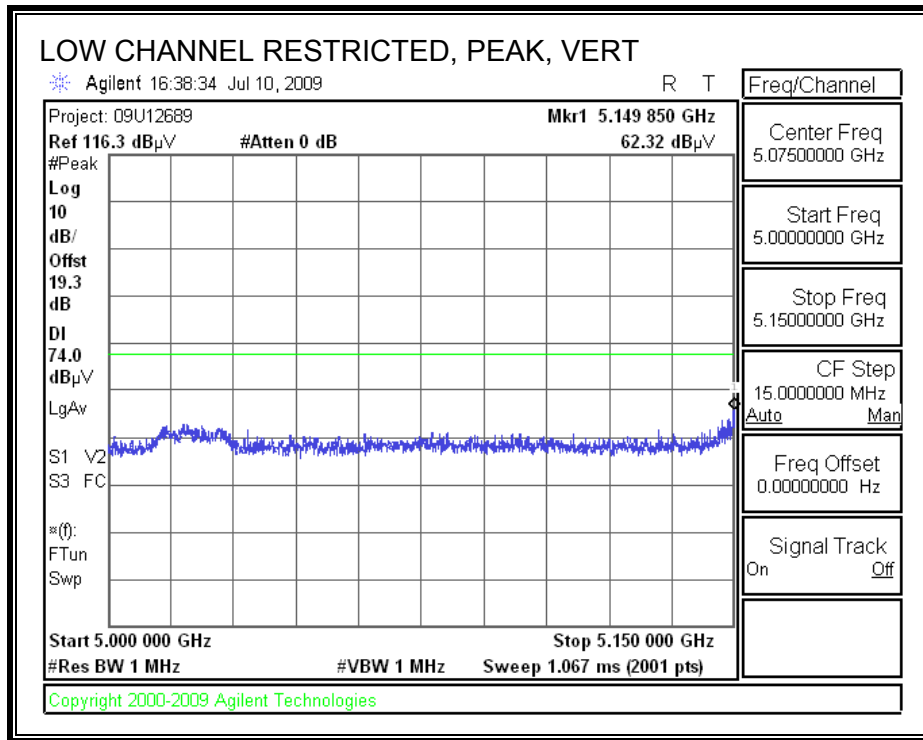
High Frequency Measurement Compliance Certification Services, Fremont 5m Chamber																
Test Engr:		Thanh Nguyen														
Date:		07/15/09														
Project #:		09U12652														
Company:		QualComm														
EUT Description:		Ethernet card														
EUT M/N:		65-VN663-P2														
Test Target:		FCC 15.247/15.407														
Mode Oper:		Transmit														
f	Measurement Frequency	Amp	Preamp Gain	Average Field Strength Limit												
Dist	Distance to Antenna	D Corr	Distance Correct to 3 meters	Peak Field Strength Limit												
Read	Analyzer Reading	Avg	Average Field Strength @ 3 m	Margin vs. Average Limit												
AF	Antenna Factor	Peak	Calculated Peak Field Strength	Margin vs. Peak Limit												
CL	Cable Loss	HPF	High Pass Filter													
f GHz	Dist (m)	Read dBuV	AF dB/m	CL dB	Amp dB	D Corr dB	Filtr dB	Corr. dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Ant. Pol. V/H	Det P/A/QP	Ant.High cm	Table Angle Degree	Notes	
<b>Low ch 5180</b>																
15.540	3.0	35.8	38.7	11.3	-34.8	0.0	0.7	51.7	74.0	-22.3	V	P	147.8	304.8		
15.540	3.0	23.7	38.7	11.3	-34.8	0.0	0.7	39.6	54.0	-14.4	V	A	147.8	304.8		
15.540	3.0	34.6	38.7	11.3	-34.8	0.0	0.7	50.7	74.0	-24.7	H	P	156.5	346.0		
15.540	3.0	21.3	38.7	11.3	-34.8	0.0	0.7	37.2	54.0	-16.3	H	A	156.5	346.0		
<b>Mid ch 5200</b>																
15.600	3.0	37.1	38.5	11.4	-34.8	0.0	0.7	52.9	74.0	-21.1	V	P	147.8	296.5		
15.600	3.0	24.4	38.5	11.4	-34.8	0.0	0.7	40.2	54.0	-13.8	V	A	147.8	296.5		
15.600	3.0	37.1	38.5	11.4	-34.8	0.0	0.7	52.9	74.0	-21.1	H	P	150.5	300.0		
15.600	3.0	23.4	38.5	11.4	-34.8	0.0	0.7	39.4	54.0	-14.6	H	A	150.5	300.0		
<b>High ch 5240</b>																
15.720	3.0	36.6	38.2	11.4	-34.7	0.0	0.7	52.2	74.0	-21.8	V	P	166.9	200.0		
15.720	3.0	25.5	38.2	11.4	-34.7	0.0	0.7	41.2	54.0	-12.8	V	A	166.9	200.0		
15.720	3.0	36.4	38.2	11.4	-34.7	0.0	0.7	52.1	74.0	-21.9	H	P	140.6	310.0		
15.720	3.0	24.2	38.2	11.4	-34.7	0.0	0.7	39.8	54.0	-14.2	H	A	140.6	310.0		
Rev. 4.1.2.7																
Note: No other emissions were detected above the system noise floor.																

### 8.2.2. 802.11n HT20 MODE IN 5.2 GHz BAND

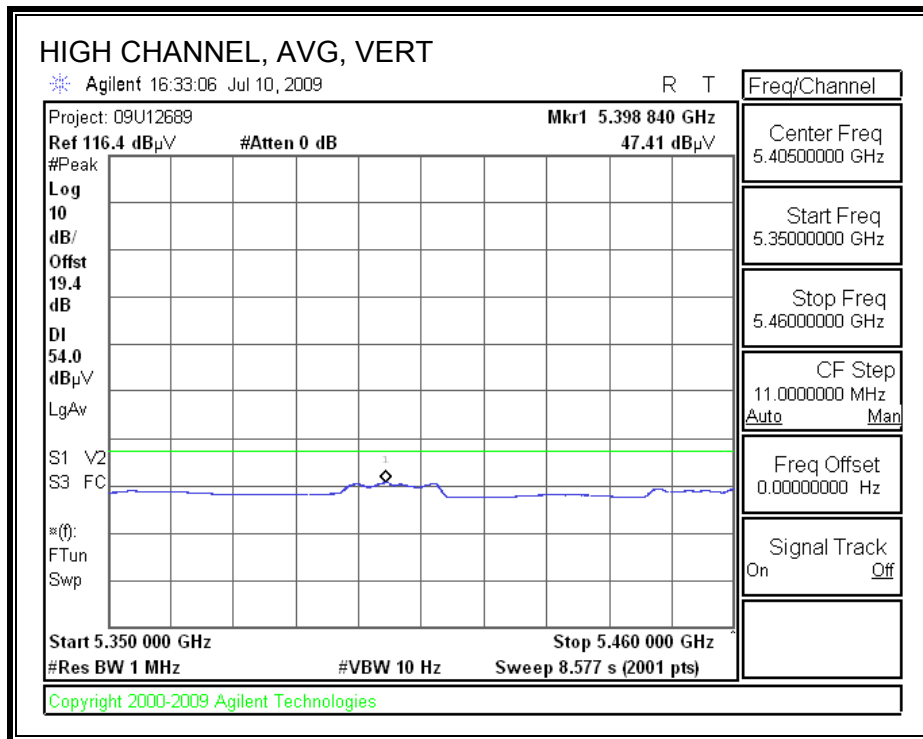
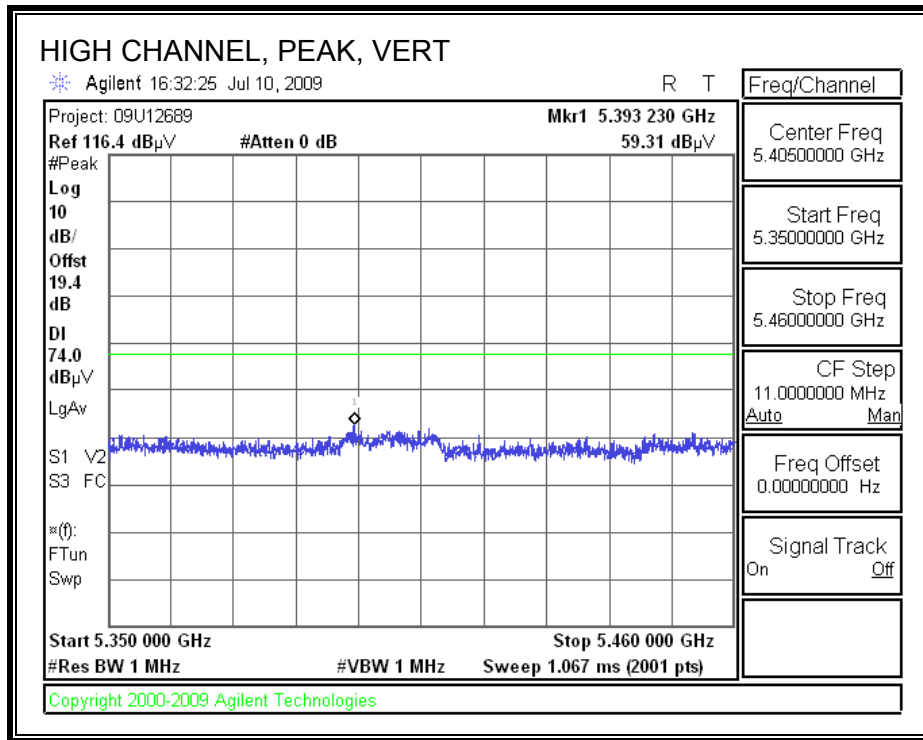
#### RESTRICTED BANEDGE (LOW CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)



**RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (LOW CHANNEL, VERTICAL)**



**AUTHORIZED BANDEDGE (HIGH CHANNEL, VERTICAL)**



**HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**

**High Frequency Measurement**

Compliance Certification Services, Fremont 5m Chamber

Company: Qualcomm  
 Project #: 09U12689  
 Date: 07/13/09  
 Test Engineer: Doug Anderson  
 Configuration: EUT w/Support Notebook  
 Mode: Tx / HT20

**Test Equipment:**

Horn 1-18GHz	Pre-amplifier 1-26GHz	Pre-amplifier 26-40GHz	Horn > 18GHz	Limit
T73; S/N: 6717 @3m	T144 Miteq 3008A00931			FCC 15.205

Hi Frequency Cables

3' cable 22807700	12' cable 22807600	20' cable 22807500	HPF	Reject Filter	<b>Peak Measurements</b> RBW=VBW=1MHz <b>Average Measurements</b> REW=1MHz ; VBW=10Hz
3' cable 22807700	12' cable 22807600	20' cable 22807500	HPF_7.6GHz		

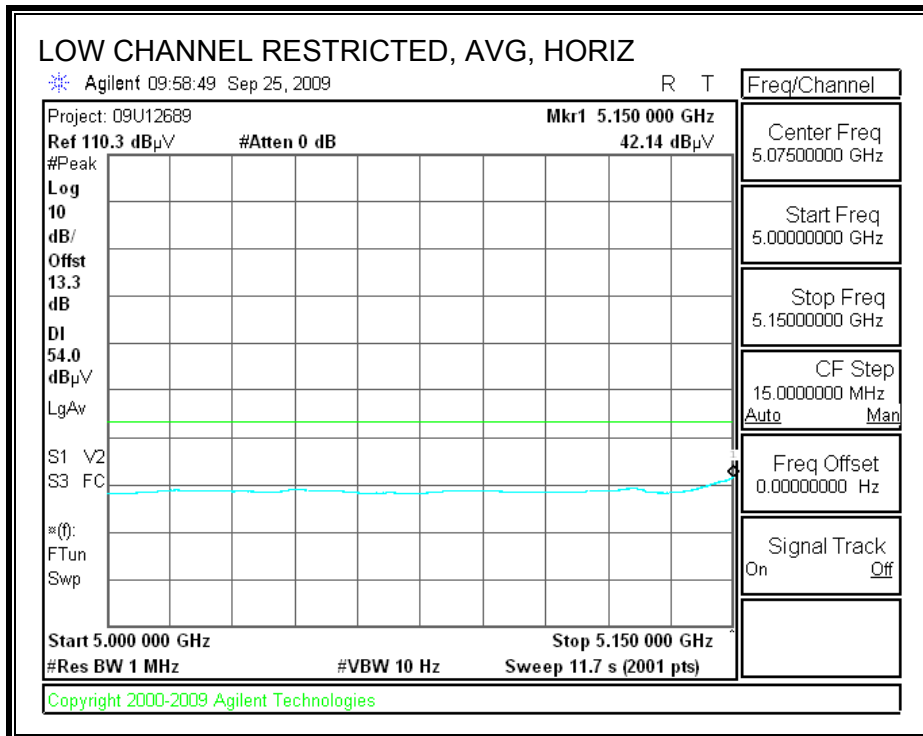
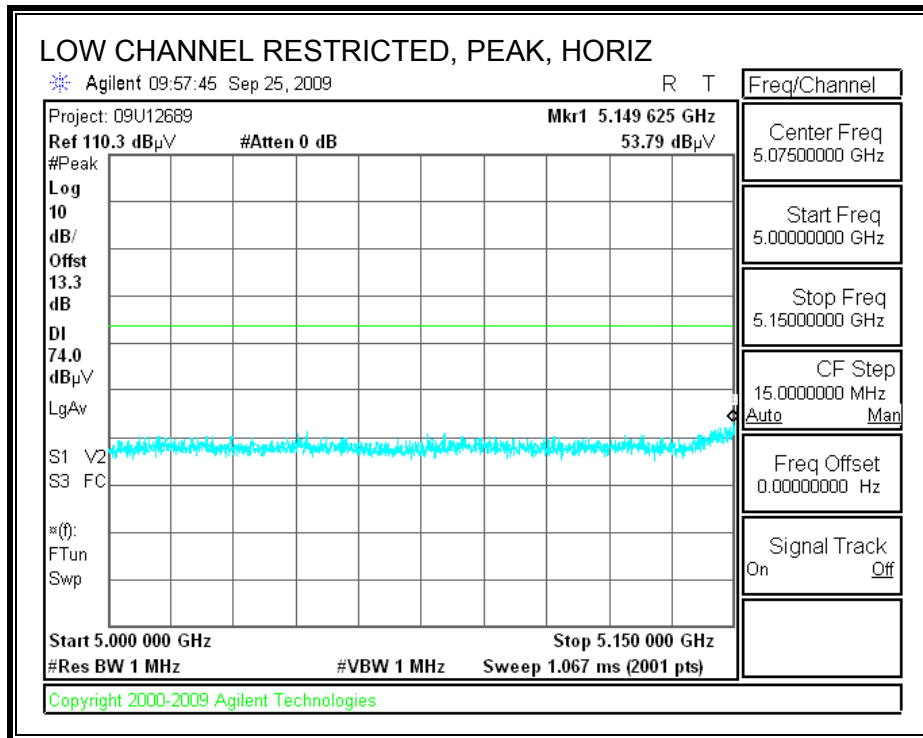
f GHz	Dist (m)	Read Pk dBuV	Read Avg. dBuV	AF dB/m	CL dB	Amp dB	D Corr dB	Filtr dB	Peak dBuV/m	Avg dBuV/m	Pk Lim dBuV/m	Avg Lim dBuV/m	Pk Mar dB	Avg Mar dB	Notes (V/H)
<b>Low Ch.: 5180 (Power = 14 dBm)</b>															
15.540	3.0	43.5	29.7	38.7	11.3	-34.8	0.0	0.7	59.4	45.7	74	54	-14.6	-8.3	V(Noise Floor)
15.540	3.0	43.4	29.7	38.7	11.3	-34.8	0.0	0.7	59.3	45.6	74	54	-14.7	-8.4	H(Noise Floor)
<b>Mid. Ch.: 5200 (Power = 14 dBm)</b>															
15.600	3.0	43.1	29.4	38.5	11.4	-34.8	0.0	0.7	58.9	45.2	74	54	-15.1	-8.8	V(Noise Floor)
15.600	3.0	43.1	31.9	38.5	11.4	-34.8	0.0	0.7	58.9	47.8	74	54	-15.1	-6.2	H(Noise Floor)
<b>High Ch.: 5240 (Power = 14 dBm)</b>															
15.720	3.0	42.3	31.4	38.2	11.4	-34.7	0.0	0.7	58.0	47.0	74	54	-16.0	-7.0	V(Noise Floor)
15.720	3.0	43.0	29.0	38.2	11.4	-34.7	0.0	0.7	58.6	44.6	74	54	-15.4	-9.4	H(Noise Floor)

Rev. 11.10.08

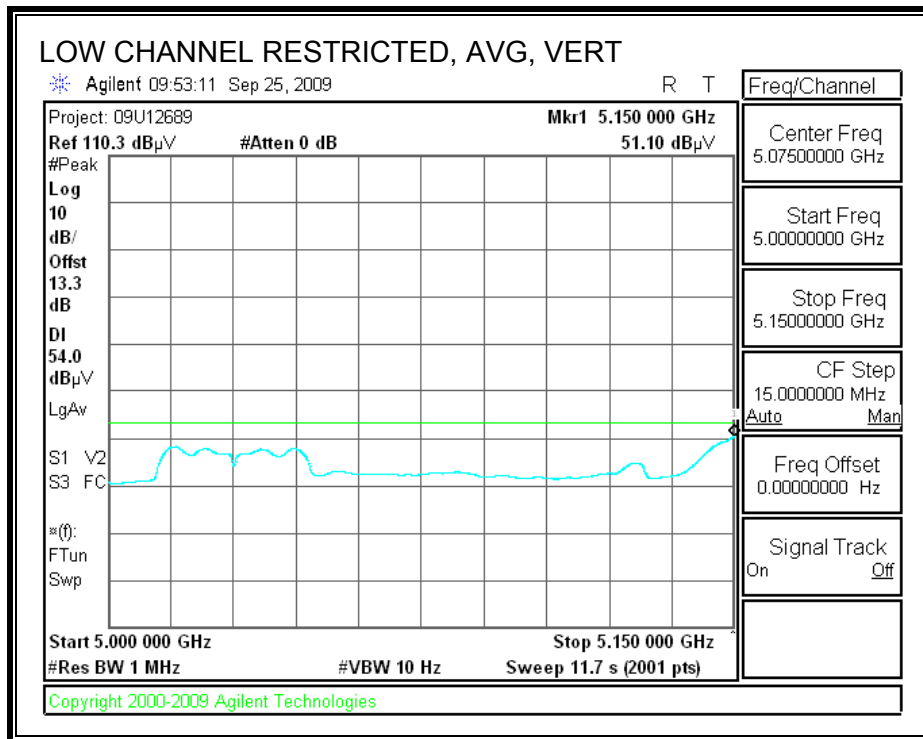
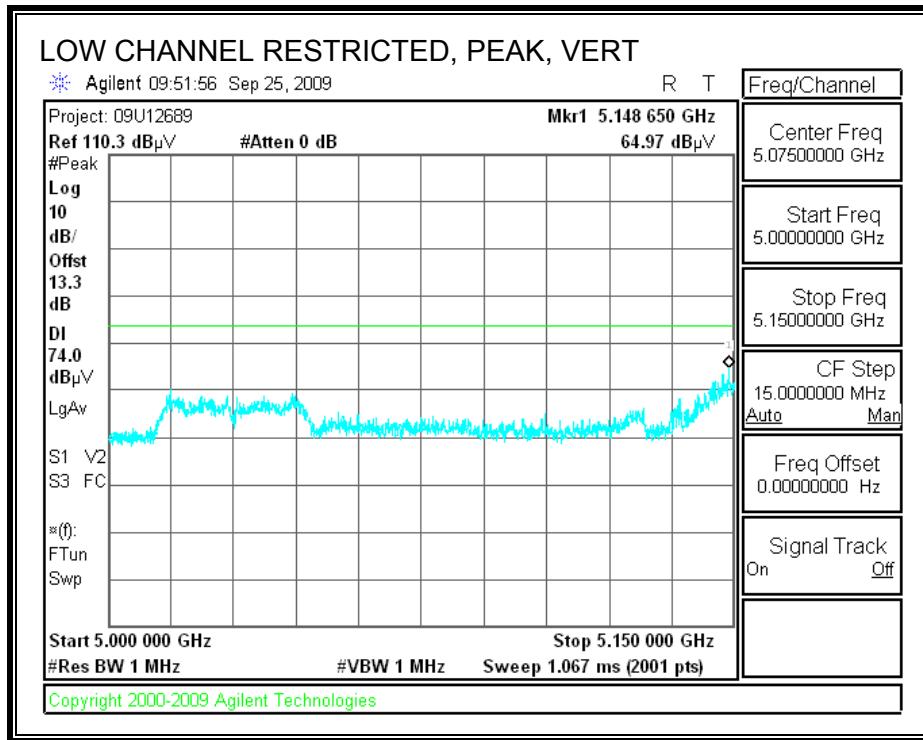
f	Measurement Frequency	Amp	Preamp Gain	Avg Lim	Average Field Strength Limit
Dist	Distance to Antenna	D Corr	Distance Correct to 3 meters	Pk Lim	Peak Field Strength Limit
Read	Analyzer Reading	Avg	Average Field Strength @ 3 m	Avg Mar	Margin vs. Average Limit
AF	Antenna Factor	Peak	Calculated Peak Field Strength	Pk Mar	Margin vs. Peak Limit
CL	Cable Loss	HPF	High Pass Filter		

### 8.2.3. 802.11n HT40 MODE IN 5.2 GHz BAND

#### RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (LOW CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)

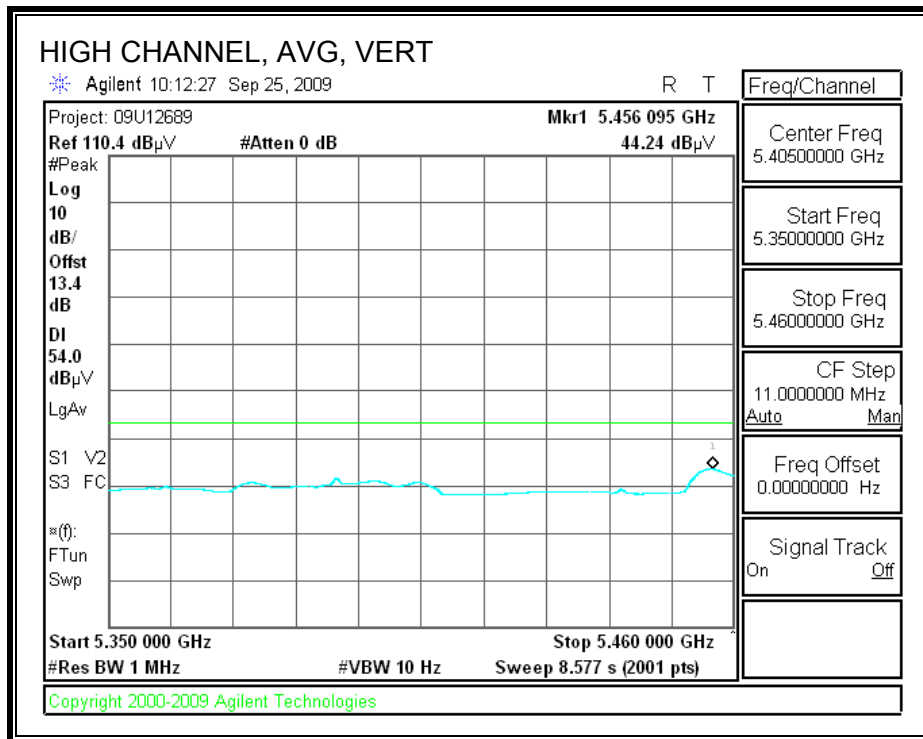
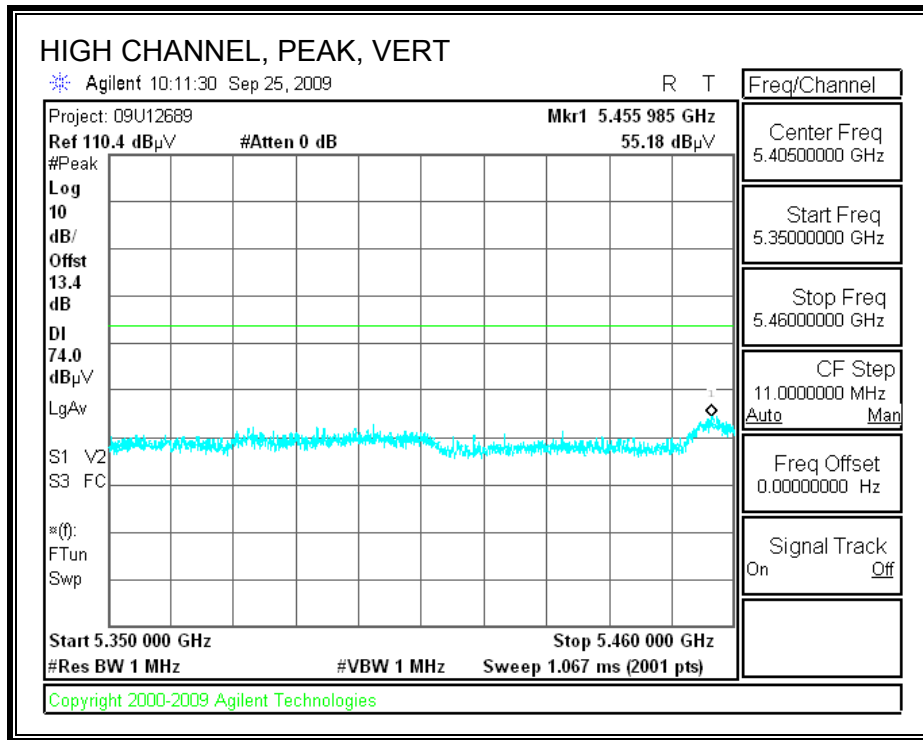


**RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (LOW CHANNEL, VERTICAL)**





**AUTHORIZED BANDEDGE (HIGH CHANNEL, VERTICAL)**

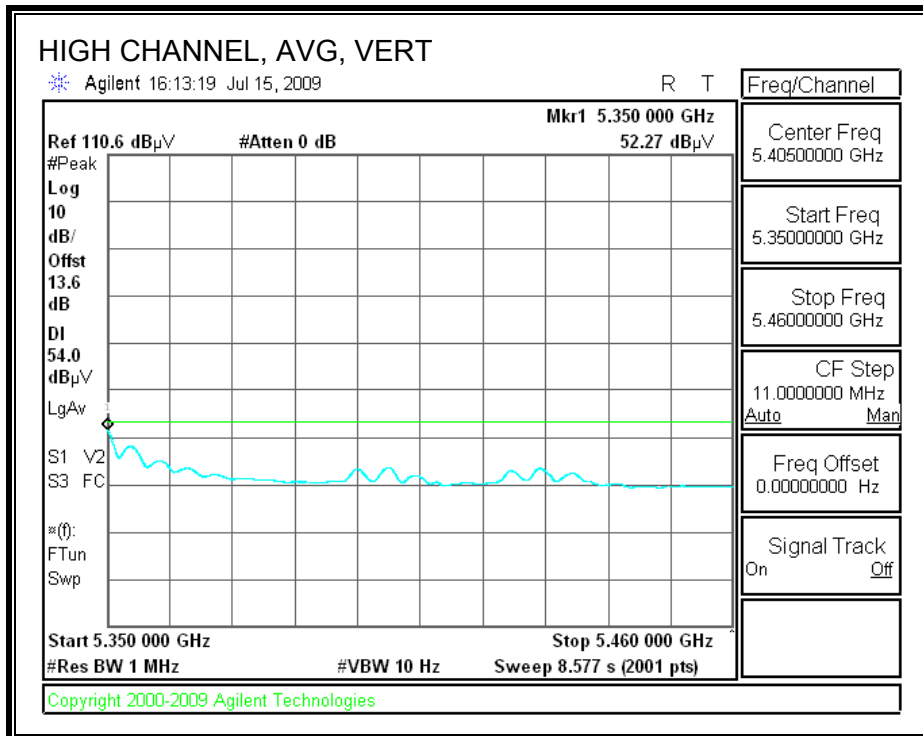
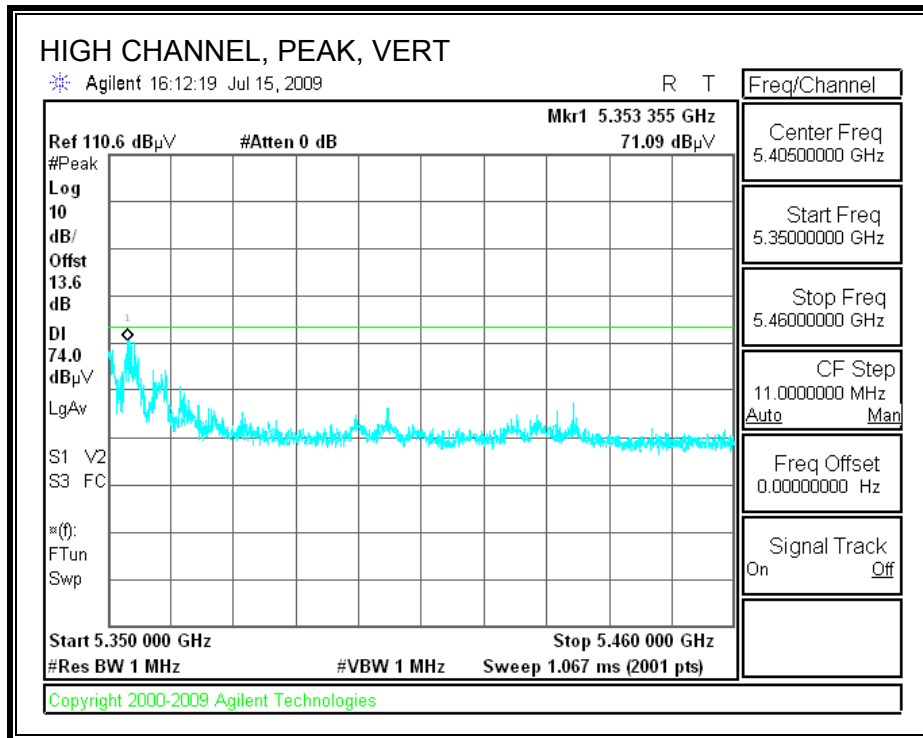


**HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**

High Frequency Measurement															
Compliance Certification Services, Fremont 5m Chamber															
Test Engr:		William Zhuang													
Date:		09/25/09													
Project #:		09U12689													
Company:		Qualcomm													
Configuration:		EUT w/Support Notebook													
Mode Oper:		Tx HT40													
f	Dist	Read	AF	CL	Amp	D Corr	Filtr	Corr.	Limit	Margin	Ant. Pol	Det.	Ant.High	Table Angle	Notes
GHz	(m)	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB	dB	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	V/H	P/A/QP	cm	Degree	
<b>5190MHz, Power Setting=12 dBm</b>															
15.570	3.0	35.5	38.6	11.4	-34.8	0.0	0.7	51.3	74.0	-22.7	V	P	170.4	360.0	
15.570	3.0	23.1	38.6	11.4	-34.8	0.0	0.7	39.0	54.0	-15.0	V	A	170.4	360.0	
15.570	3.0	35.0	38.6	11.4	-34.8	0.0	0.7	50.9	74.0	-23.1	H	P	122.4	156.9	
15.570	3.0	23.0	38.6	11.4	-34.8	0.0	0.7	38.9	54.0	-15.1	H	A	122.4	156.9	
<b>5230MHz, Power Setting=12 dBm</b>															
15.690	3.0	35.2	38.3	11.4	-34.7	0.0	0.7	50.9	74.0	-23.1	V	P	121.6	357.2	
15.690	3.0	22.8	38.3	11.4	-34.7	0.0	0.7	38.5	54.0	-15.5	V	A	121.6	357.2	
15.690	3.0	36.2	38.3	11.4	-34.7	0.0	0.7	51.9	74.0	-22.1	H	P	100.0	87.3	
15.690	3.0	22.8	38.3	11.4	-34.7	0.0	0.7	38.5	54.0	-15.5	H	A	100.0	87.3	
Rev. 4.1.2.7															
Note: No other emissions were detected above the system noise floor.															

### 8.2.4. 802.11a MODE IN 5.3 GHz BAND

#### AUTHORIZED BANDEDGE (HIGH CHANNEL, VERTICAL)



**HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**

**High Frequency Measurement**  
 Compliance Certification Services, Fremont 5m Chamber

Company: Qualcomm  
 Project #: 09U12689  
 Date: 07/10/09  
 Test Engineer: Thanh Nguyen  
 Configuration: EUT with dongle , remote Notebook  
 Mode: Tx 2 chains, 11a

Test Equipment:

Horn 1-18GHz T73; S/N: 6717 @3m	Pre-amplifer 1-26GHz T144 Miteq 3008A00931	Pre-amplifer 26-40GHz	Horn > 18GHz	Limit FCC 15.205
Hi Frequency Cables			HPF HPF_7.6GHz	Reject Filter
3' cable 22807700 3' cable 22807700	12' cable 22807600 12' cable 22807600	20' cable 22807500 20' cable 22807500	Peak Measurements RBW=VBW=1MHz Average Measurements RBW=1MHz ; VBW=10Hz	

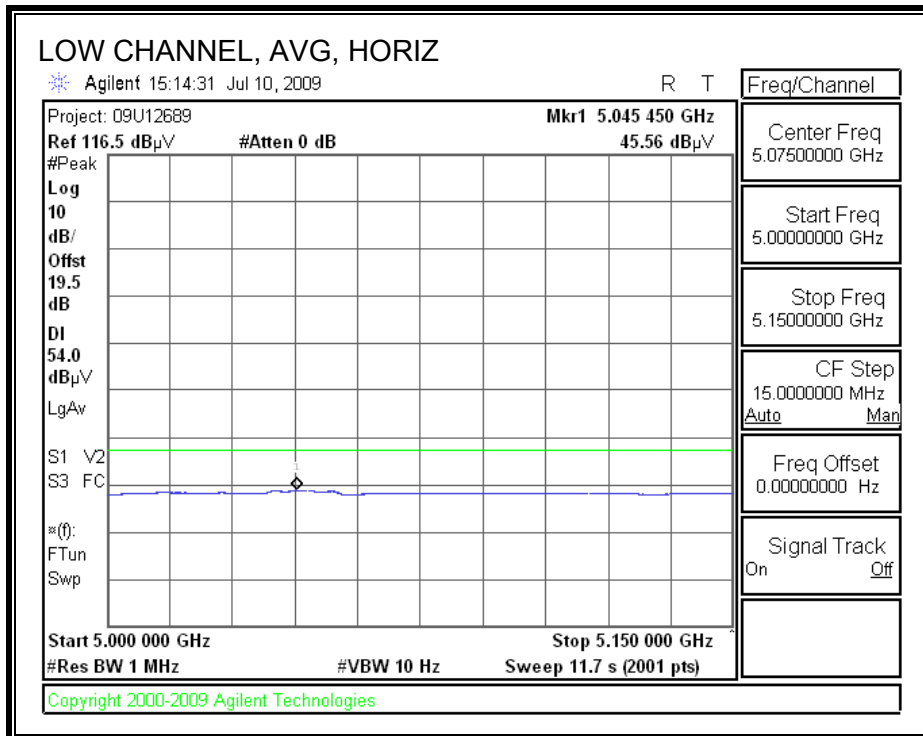
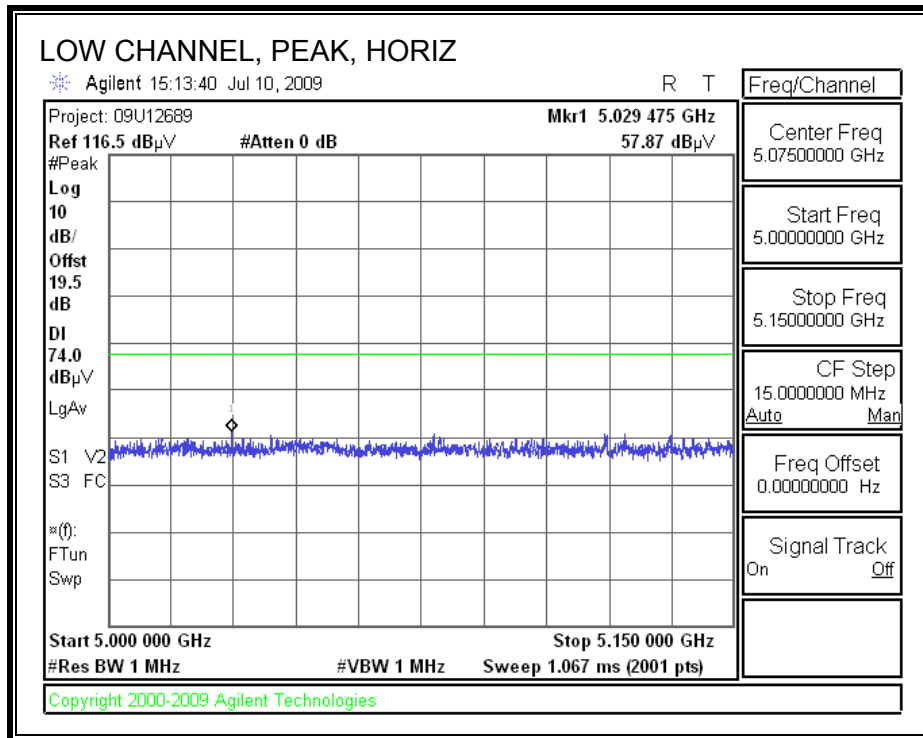
f GHz	Dist (m)	Read Pk dBuV	Read Avg. dBuV	AF dB/m	CL dB	Amp dB	D Corr dB	Filt dB	Peak dBuV/m	Avg dBuV/m	Pk Lim dBuV/m	Avg Lim dBuV/m	Pk Mar dB	Avg Mar dB	Notes (V/H)
<b>Low Ch.: 5260MHz</b>															
15.780	3.0	41.4	28.4	38.0	11.5	-34.6	0.0	0.7	56.9	43.9	74	54	-17.1	-10.1	V
15.780	3.0	38.3	26.4	38.0	11.5	-34.6	0.0	0.7	53.8	41.9	74	54	-20.2	-12.1	H
<b>Mid. Ch.: 5300</b>															
10.600	3.0	38.2	28.4	37.7	9.0	-36.6	0.0	0.8	49.2	39.3	74	54	-24.8	-14.7	V
15.900	3.0	39.3	28.2	37.7	11.5	-34.6	0.0	0.7	54.7	43.6	74	54	-19.3	-10.4	V(Noise Floor)
10.600	3.0	38.6	26.2	37.7	9.0	-36.6	0.0	0.8	49.5	37.2	74	54	-24.5	-16.8	H
15.900	3.0	38.5	26.4	37.7	11.5	-34.6	0.0	0.7	53.8	41.7	74	54	-20.2	-12.3	H(Noise Floor)
<b>High Ch.: 5320</b>															
10.640	3.0	46.7	35.6	37.7	9.1	-36.6	0.0	0.8	57.7	46.6	74	54	-16.3	-7.4	V
15.960	3.0	42.4	29.1	37.5	11.5	-34.5	0.0	0.7	57.7	44.4	74	54	-16.3	-9.6	V(Noise Floor)
10.640	3.0	38.3	26.2	37.7	9.1	-36.6	0.0	0.8	49.3	37.2	74	54	-24.7	-16.8	H
15.960	3.0	41.1	28.7	37.5	11.5	-34.5	0.0	0.7	56.4	43.9	74	54	-17.6	-10.1	H(Noise Floor)

Rev. 11.10.08

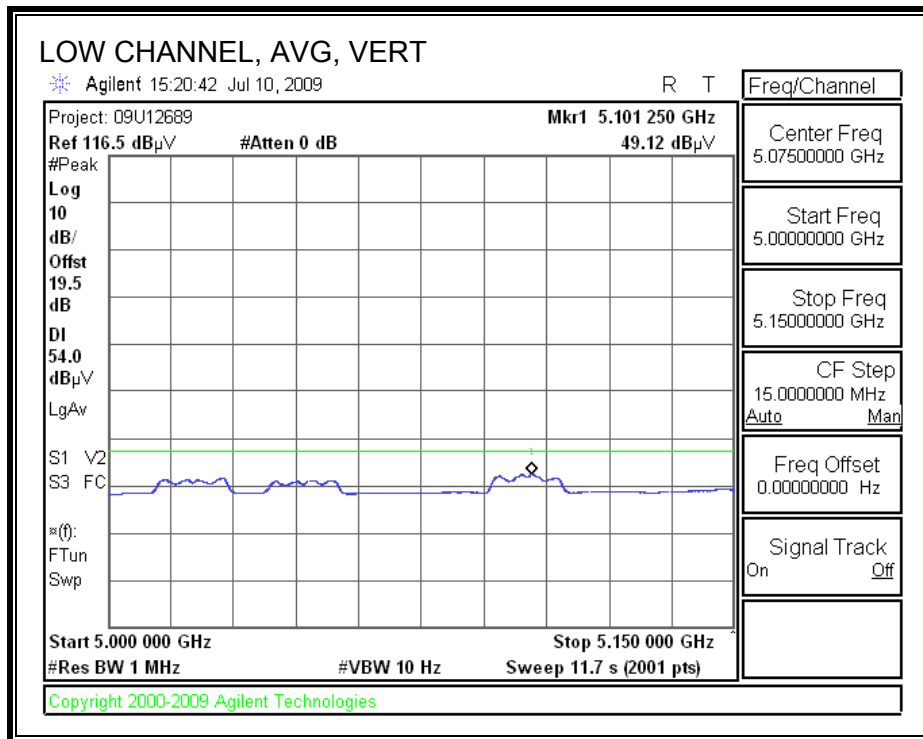
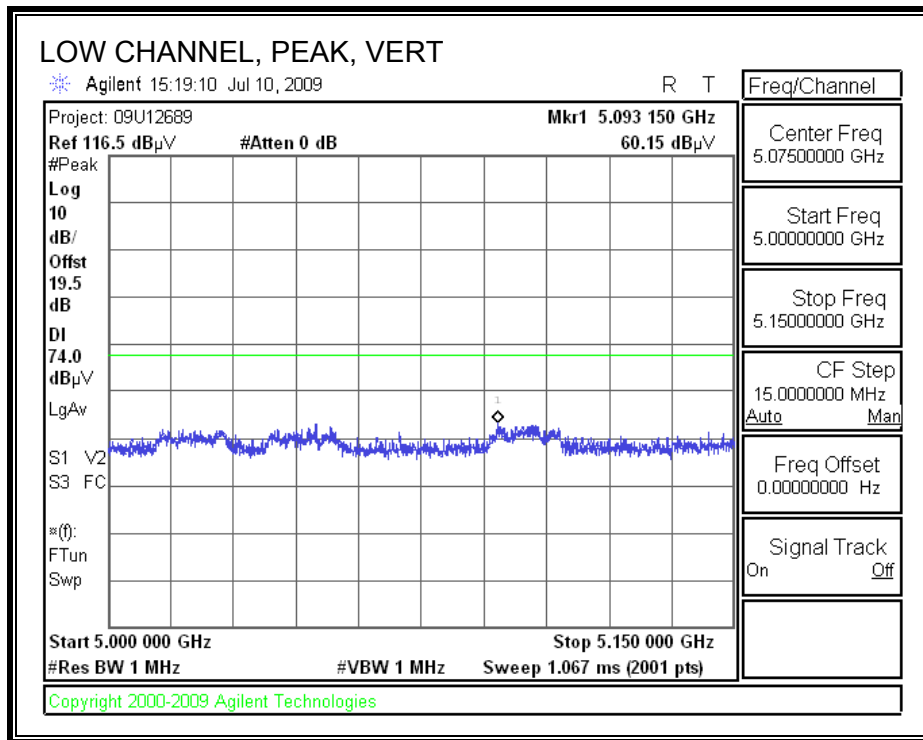
f	Measurement Frequency	Amp	Preamp Gain	Avg Lim	Average Field Strength Limit
Dist	Distance to Antenna	D Corr	Distance Correct to 3 meters	Pk Lim	Peak Field Strength Limit
Read	Analyzer Reading	Avg	Average Field Strength @ 3 m	Avg Mar	Margin vs. Average Limit
AF	Antenna Factor	Peak	Calculated Peak Field Strength	Pk Mar	Margin vs. Peak Limit
CL	Cable Loss	HPF	High Pass Filter		

### 8.2.5. 802.11n HT20 MODE IN 5.3GHz BAND

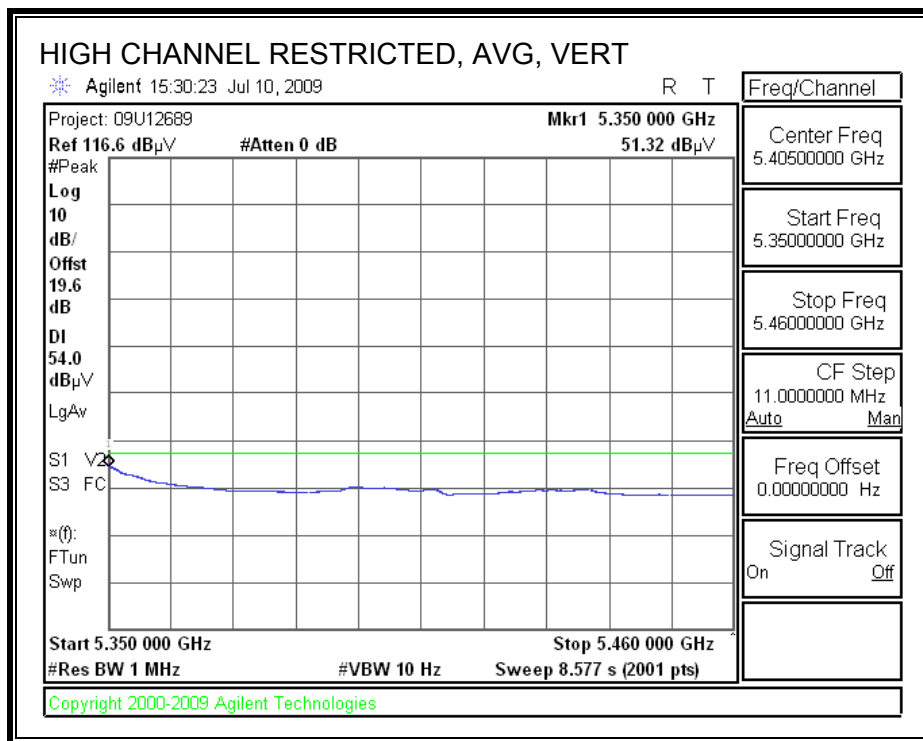
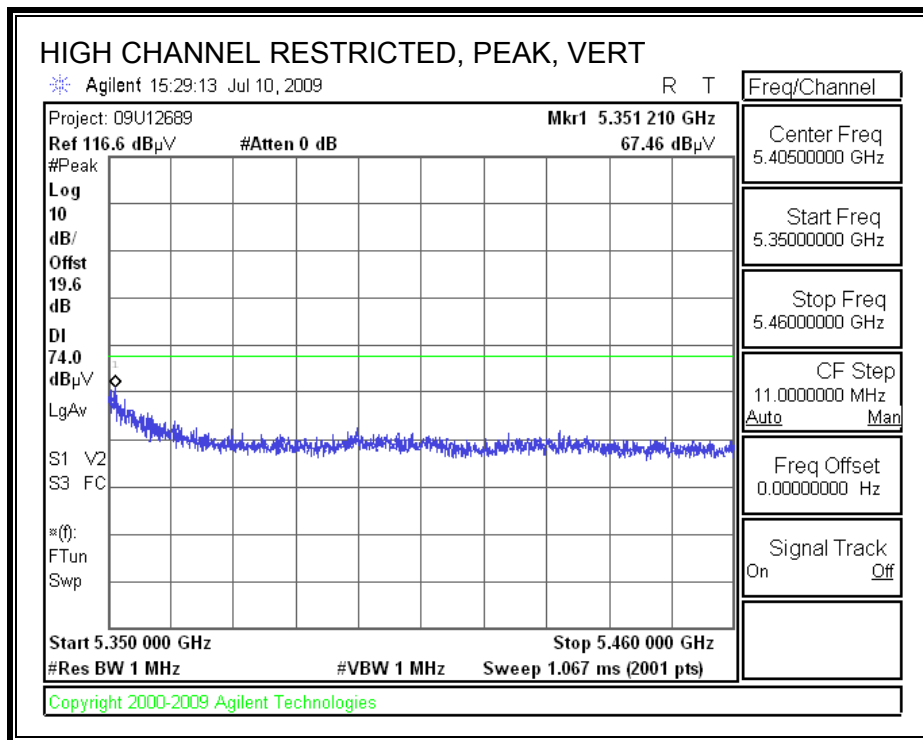
#### AUTHORIZED BANDEDGE (LOW CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)



**AUTHORIZED BANDEDGE (LOW CHANNEL, VERTICAL)**



**RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (HIGH CHANNEL, VERTICAL)**



**HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**

**High Frequency Measurement**  
 Compliance Certification Services, Fremont 5m Chamber

Company: Qualcomm  
 Project #: 09U12689  
 Date: 07/10/09  
 Test Engineer: Doug Anderson  
 Configuration: EUT w/Support Notebook  
 Mode: Tx / HT20

**Test Equipment:**

Horn 1-18GHz	Pre-amplifier 1-26GHz	Pre-amplifier 26-40GHz	Horn > 18GHz	Limit
T73; S/N: 6717 @3m	T144 Miteq 3008A00931			FCC 15.205

Hi Frequency Cables

3' cable 22807700	12' cable 22807600	20' cable 22807500	HPF	Reject Filter	Peak Measurements RBW=VBW=1MHz
3' cable 22807700	12' cable 22807600	20' cable 22807500	HPF_7.6GHz		Average Measurements RBW=1MHz ; VBW=10Hz

f GHz	Dist (m)	Read Pk dBuV	Read Avg. dBuV	AF dB/m	CL dB	Amp dB	D Corr dB	Filtr dB	Peak dBuV/m	Avg dBuV/m	Pk Lim dBuV/m	Avg Lim dBuV/m	Pk Mar dB	Avg Mar dB	Notes (V/H)
<b>Low Ch.: 5260</b>															
15.780	3.0	35.2	24.5	38.0	11.5	-34.6	0.0	0.7	50.7	40.1	74	54	-23.3	-13.9	V (Noise Floor)
15.780	3.0	36.8	24.1	38.0	11.5	-34.6	0.0	0.7	52.3	39.7	74	54	-21.7	-14.3	H (Noise Floor)
<b>Mid. Ch.: 5300</b>															
10.600	3.0	46.4	39.3	37.7	9.0	-36.6	0.0	0.8	57.3	50.2	74	54	-16.7	-3.8	V
15.900	3.0	42.6	29.1	37.7	11.5	-34.6	0.0	0.7	57.9	44.5	74	54	-16.1	-9.5	V (Noise Floor)
10.600	3.0	42.2	29.0	37.7	9.0	-36.6	0.0	0.8	53.1	40.0	74	54	-20.9	-14.0	H
15.780	3.0	43.0	29.0	38.0	11.5	-34.6	0.0	0.7	58.5	44.6	74	54	-15.5	-9.4	H (Noise Floor)
<b>High Ch.: 5320</b>															
10.640	3.0	45.0	37.2	37.7	9.1	-36.6	0.0	0.8	56.0	48.2	74	54	-18.0	-5.8	V
15.960	3.0	42.5	28.9	37.5	11.5	-34.5	0.0	0.7	57.7	44.2	74	54	-16.3	-9.8	V (Noise Floor)
10.640	3.0	44.1	33.6	37.7	9.1	-36.6	0.0	0.8	55.1	44.6	74	54	-18.9	-9.4	H
15.960	3.0	42.1	29.3	37.5	11.5	-34.5	0.0	0.7	57.4	44.6	74	54	-16.6	-9.4	H (Noise Floor)

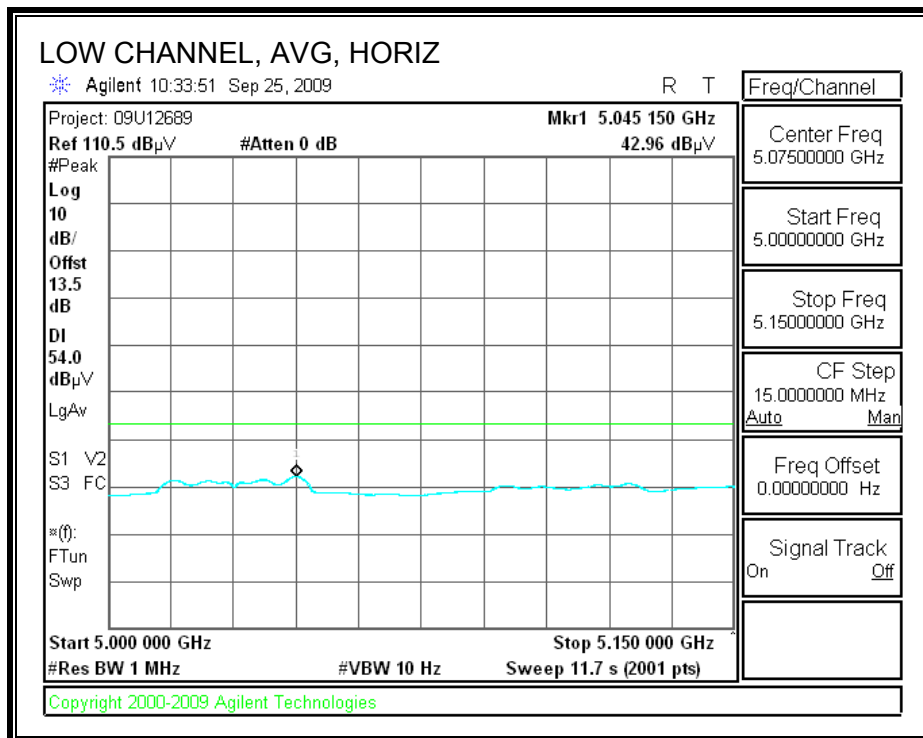
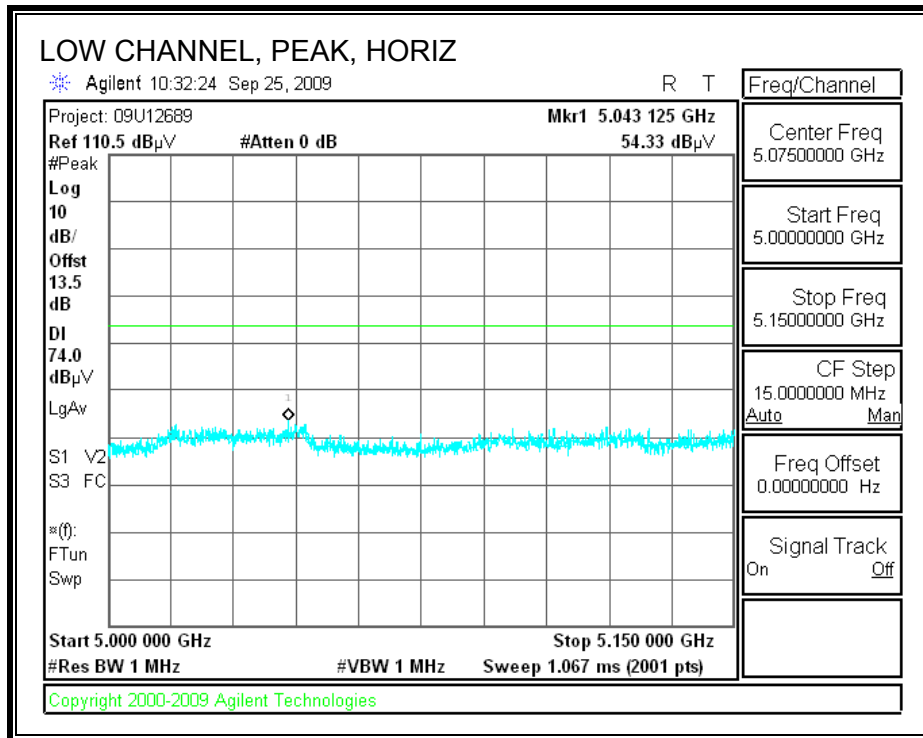
Rev. 11.10.08

f	Measurement Frequency	Amp	Preamp Gain	Avg Lim	Average Field Strength Limit
Dist	Distance to Antenna	D Corr	Distance Correct to 3 meters	Pk Lim	Peak Field Strength Limit
Read	Analyzer Reading	Avg	Average Field Strength @ 3 m	Avg Mar	Margin vs. Average Limit
AF	Antenna Factor	Peak	Calculated Peak Field Strength	Pk Mar	Margin vs. Peak Limit
CL	Cable Loss	HPF	High Pass Filter		

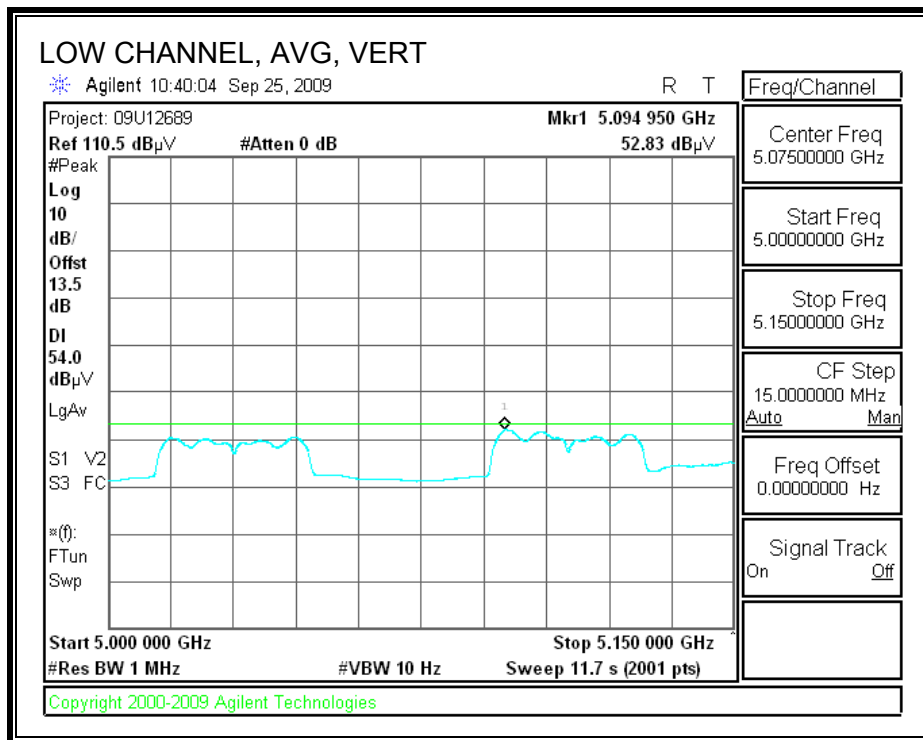
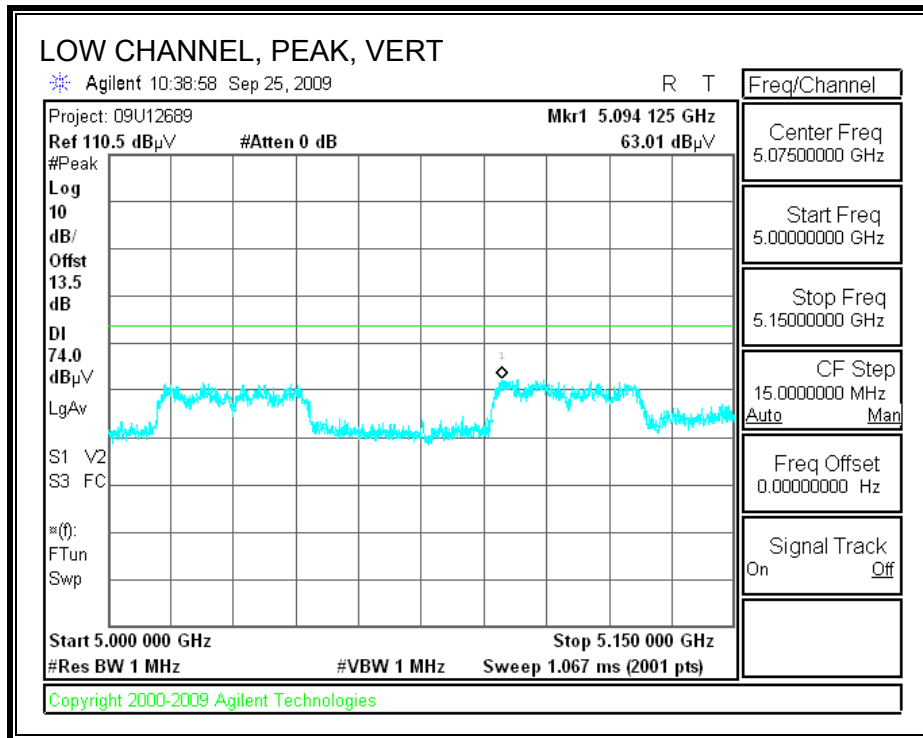


### 8.2.6. 802.11n HT40 MODE IN 5.3GHz BAND

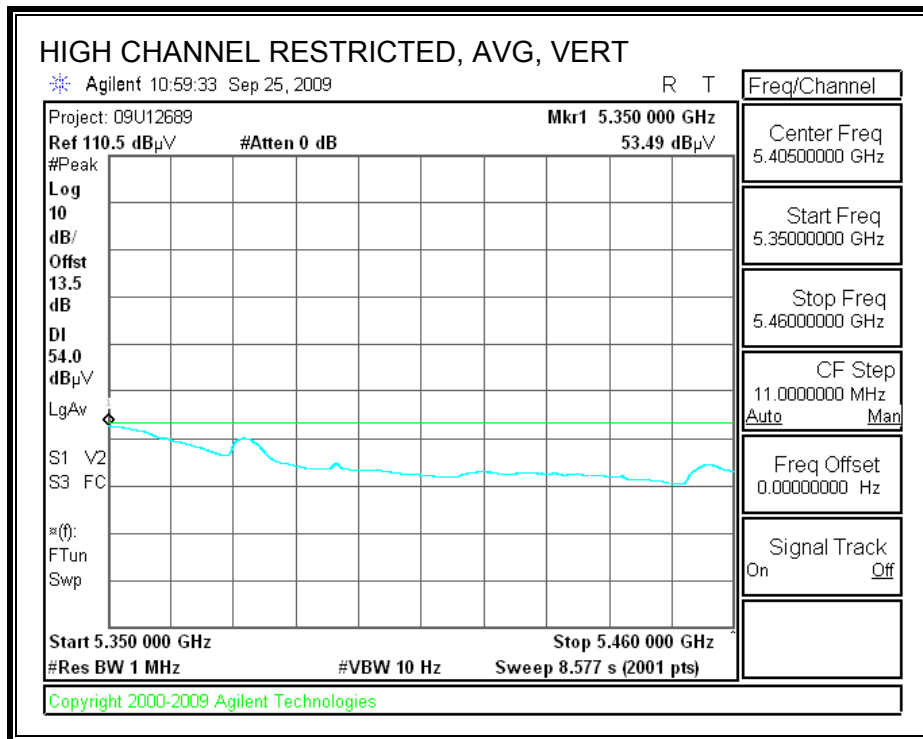
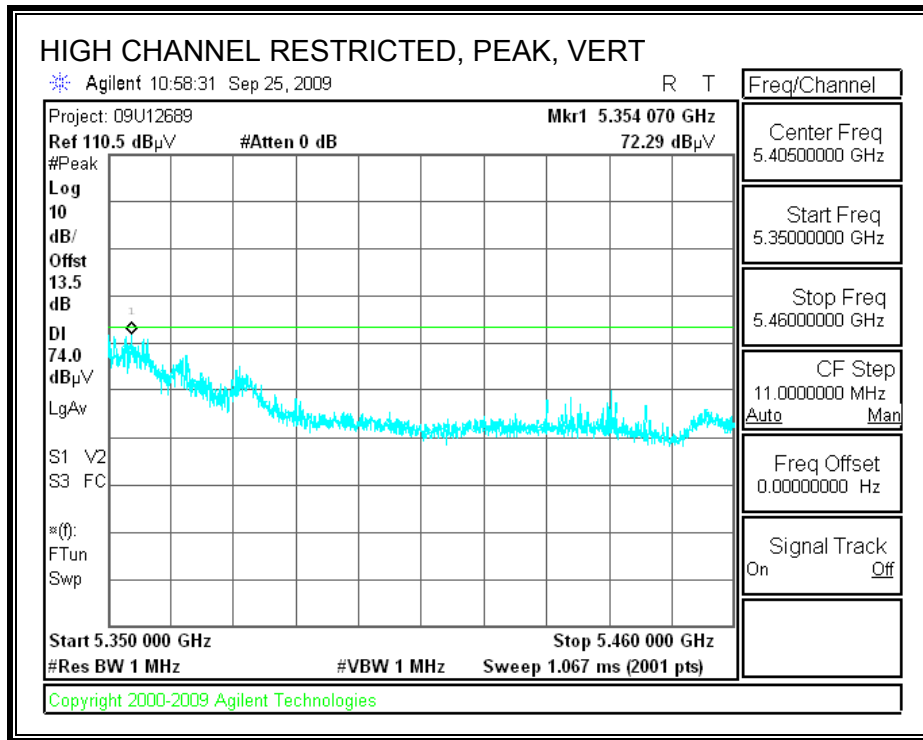
#### AUTHORIZED BANDEDGE (LOW CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)



**AUTHORIZED BANDEDGE (LOW CHANNEL, VERTICAL)**



**RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (HIGH CHANNEL, VERTICAL)**



**HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**

Low channel:

High Frequency Measurement															
Compliance Certification Services, Fremont 5m Chamber															
Test Engr:		William Zhuang													
Date:		09/25/09													
Project #:		09U12689													
Company:		Qualcomm													
Configuration:		EUT w/Support Notebook													
Mode Oper:		Tx HT40													
f	Measurement Frequency		Amp	Preamp Gain		Average Field Strength Limit									
Dist	Distance to Antenna		D Corr	Distance Correct to 3 meters		Peak Field Strength Limit									
Read	Analyzer Reading		Avg	Average Field Strength @ 3 m		Margin vs. Average Limit									
AF	Antenna Factor		Peak	Calculated Peak Field Strength		Margin vs. Peak Limit									
CL	Cable Loss		HPF	High Pass Filter											
f	Dist	Read	AF	CL	Amp	D Corr	Fitr	Corr.	Limit	Margin	Ant. Pol	Det.	Ant.High	Table Angle	Notes
GHz	(m)	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB	dB	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	V/H	P/A/QP	cm	Degree	
15.810	3.0	36.6	37.9	11.5	-34.6	0.0	0.7	52.2	74.0	-21.8	V	P	106.8	63.8	
15.810	3.0	24.4	37.9	11.5	-34.6	0.0	0.7	39.9	54.0	-14.1	V	A	106.8	63.8	
15.810	3.0	36.0	37.9	11.5	-34.6	0.0	0.7	51.6	74.0	-22.4	H	P	173.3	166.5	
15.810	3.0	23.2	37.9	11.5	-34.6	0.0	0.7	38.7	54.0	-15.3	H	A	173.3	166.5	

Rev. 4.1.2.7  
 Note: No other emissions were detected above the system noise floor.

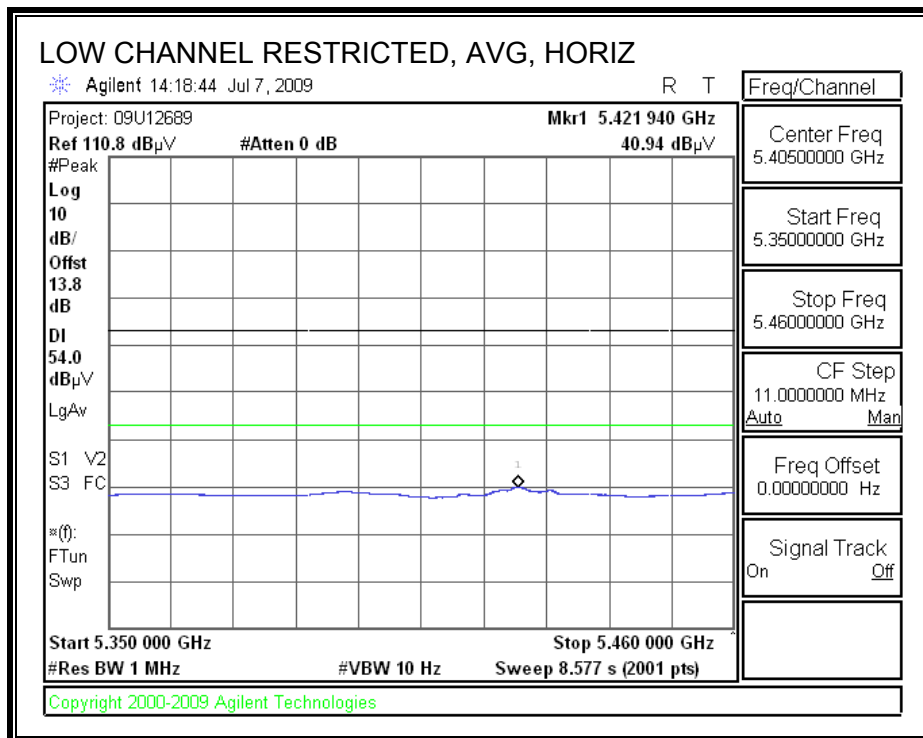
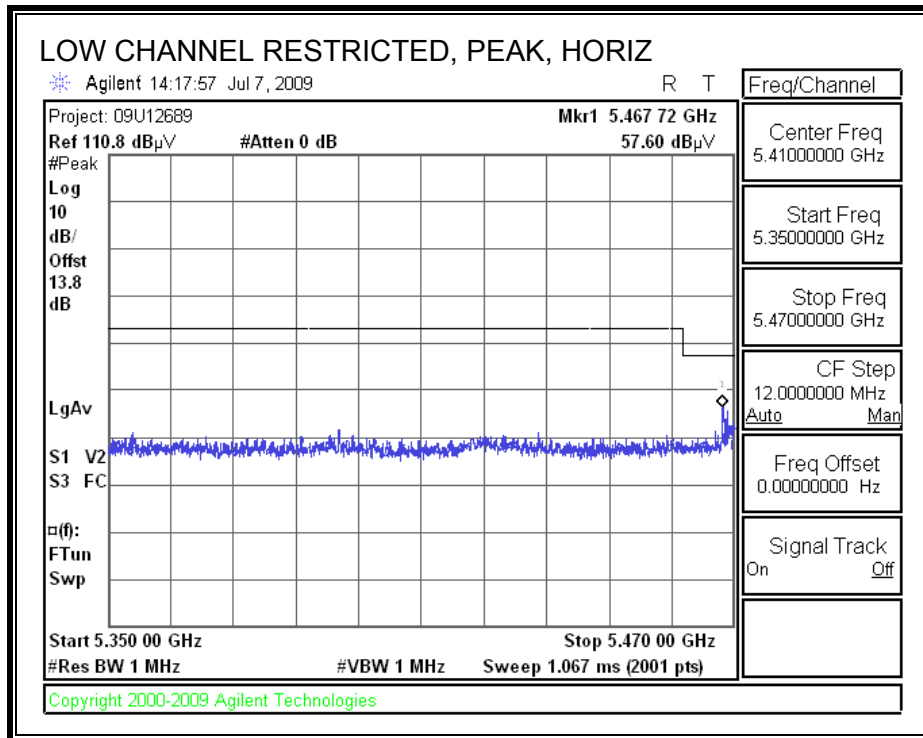
**High channel:**

High Frequency Measurement															
Compliance Certification Services, Fremont 5m Chamber															
Test Engr:		William Zhuang													
Date:		09/25/09													
Project #:		09U12689													
Company:		Qualcomm													
Configuration:		EUT w/Support Notebook													
Mode Oper:		Tx HT40													
f	Measurement Frequency		Amp	Preamp Gain		Average Field Strength Limit									
Dist	Distance to Antenna		D Corr	Distance Correct to 3 meters		Peak Field Strength Limit									
Read	Analyzer Reading		Avg	Average Field Strength @ 3 m		Margin vs. Average Limit									
AF	Antenna Factor		Peak	Calculated Peak Field Strength		Margin vs. Peak Limit									
CL	Cable Loss		HPF	High Pass Filter											
f	Dist	Read	AF	CL	Amp	D Corr	Fitr	Corr.	Limit	Margin	Ant. Pol.	Det.	Ant.High	Table Angle	Notes
GHz	(m)	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB	dB	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	V/H	P/A/QP	cm	Degree	
10.620	3.0	44.8	37.7	9.1	-36.6	0.0	0.8	55.8	74.0	18.2	V	P	133.4	86.5	
10.620	3.0	40.6	37.7	9.1	-36.6	0.0	0.8	51.6	54.0	-2.4	V	A	133.4	86.5	
10.620	3.0	37.2	37.7	9.1	-36.6	0.0	0.8	48.2	74.0	-25.8	H	P	143.9	199.0	
10.620	3.0	29.2	37.7	9.1	-36.6	0.0	0.8	40.2	54.0	-13.8	H	A	143.9	199.0	
15.930	3.0	35.1	37.6	11.5	-34.5	0.0	0.7	50.4	74.0	-23.6	V	P	197.2	188.8	
15.930	3.0	23.8	37.6	11.5	-34.5	0.0	0.7	39.1	54.0	-14.9	V	A	197.2	188.8	
15.930	3.0	34.7	37.6	11.5	-34.5	0.0	0.7	50.0	74.0	-24.0	H	P	158.9	35.2	
15.930	3.0	22.6	37.6	11.5	-34.5	0.0	0.7	38.0	54.0	-16.0	H	A	158.9	35.2	

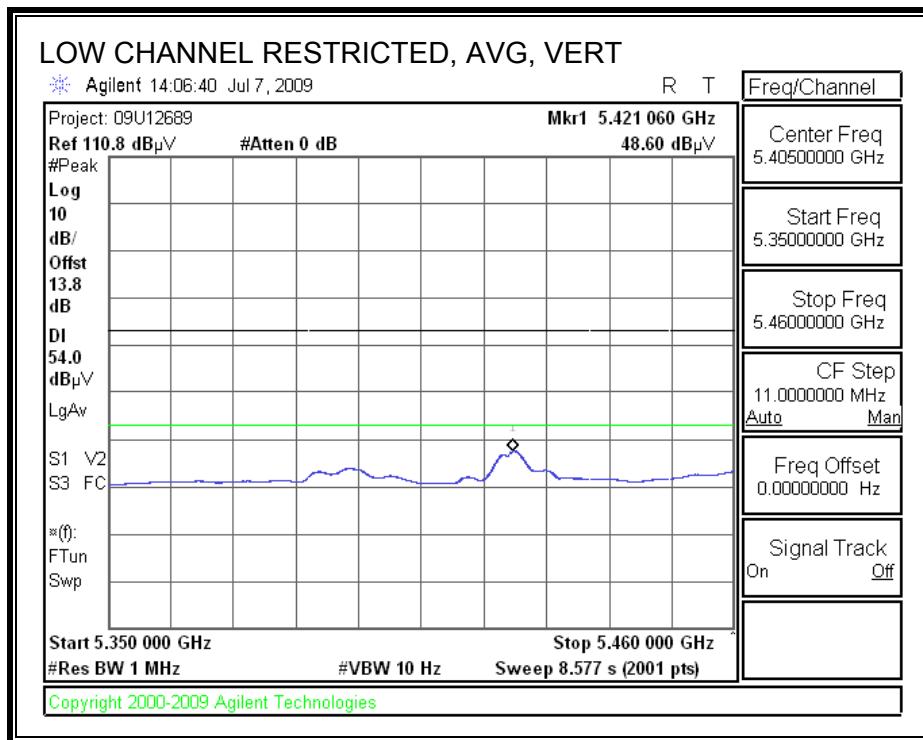
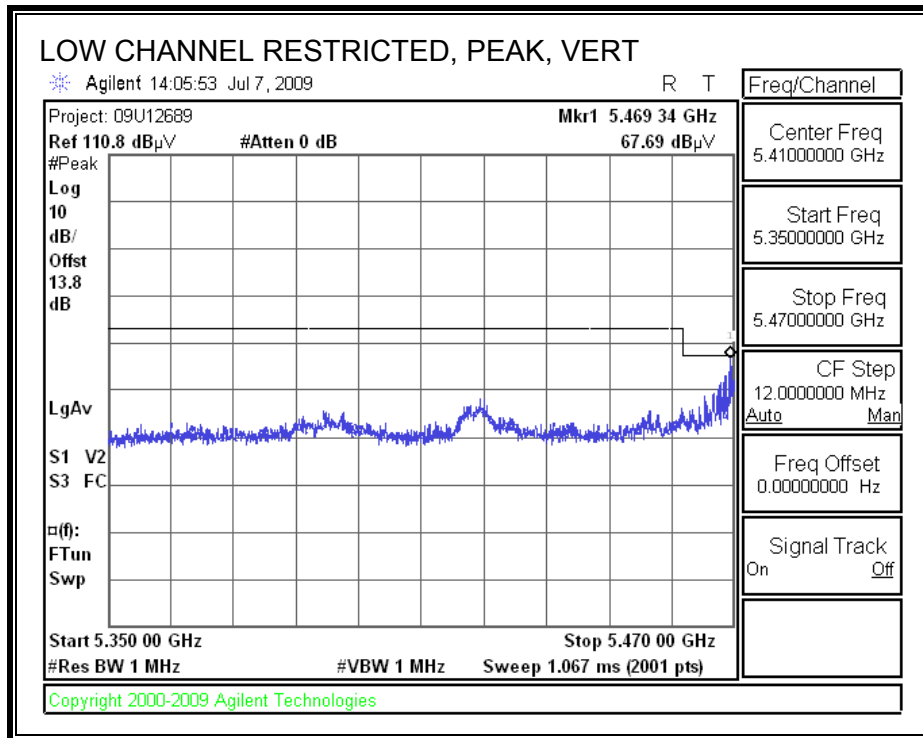
Rev. 4.1.2.7  
 Note: No other emissions were detected above the system noise floor.

### 8.2.7. 802.11a MODE IN 5.6 GHz BAND

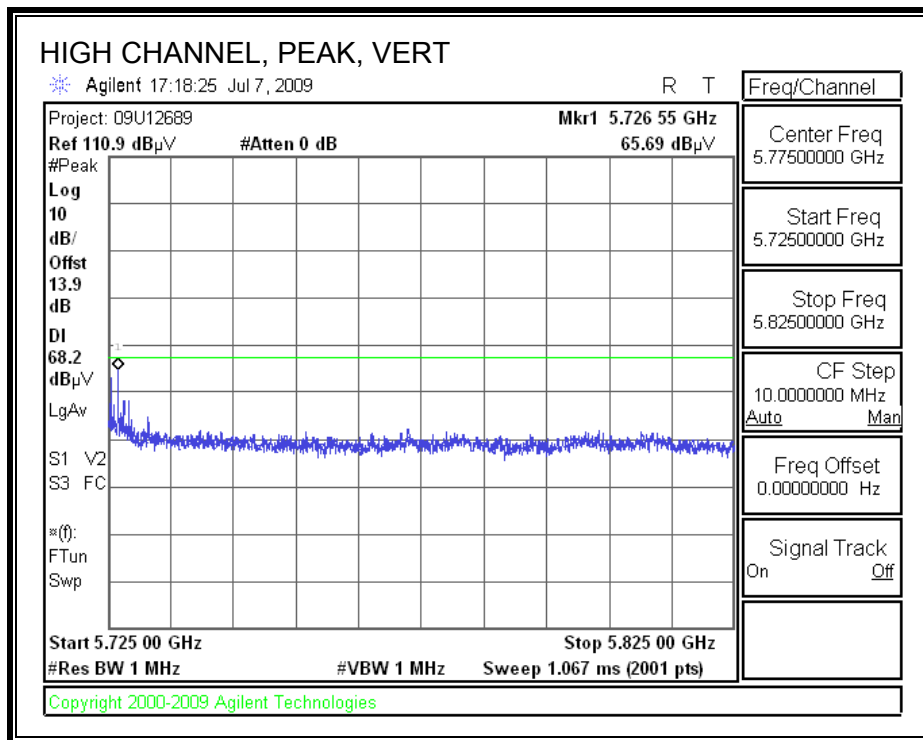
#### RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (LOW CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)



**RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (LOW CHANNEL, VERTICAL)**



**AUTHORIZED BANDEDGE (HIGH CHANNEL, VERTICAL)**



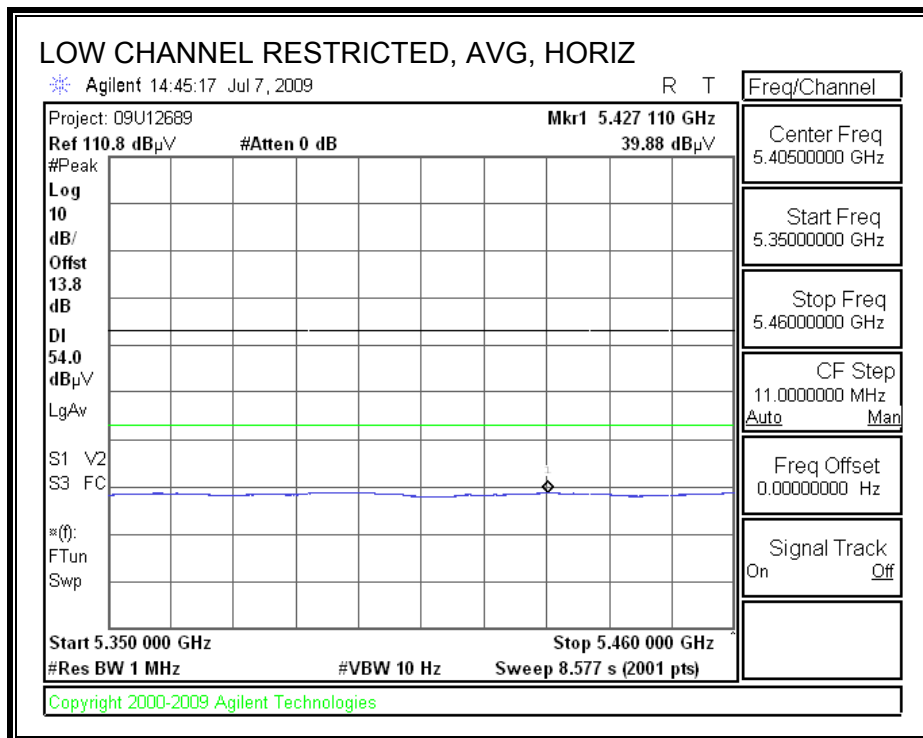
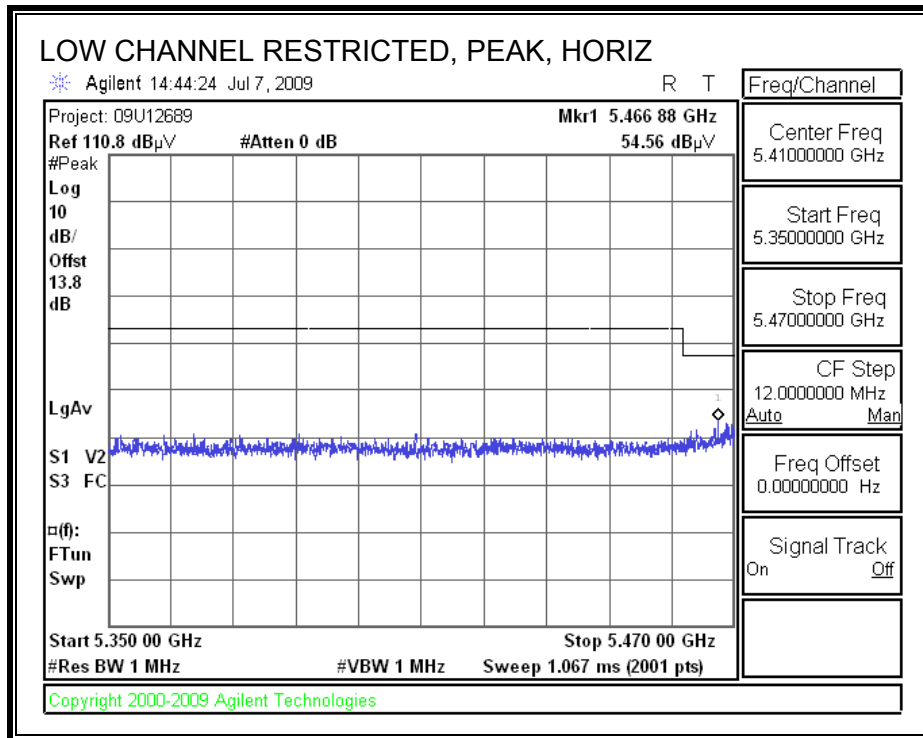


**HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**

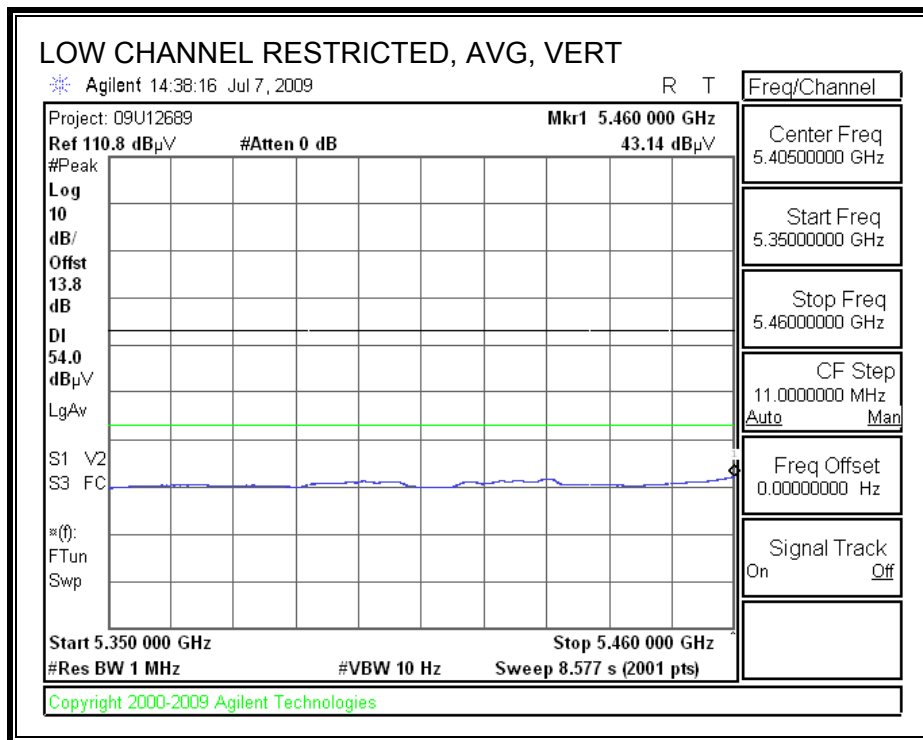
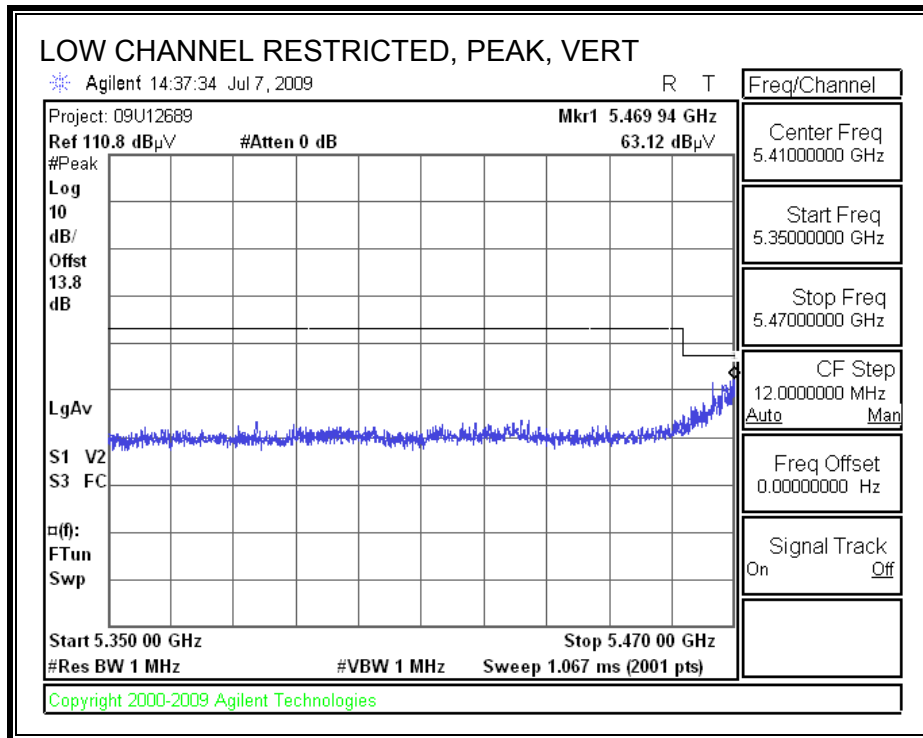
High Frequency Measurement															
Compliance Certification Services, Fremont 5m Chamber															
Test Engr:		Thanh Nguyen													
Date:		07/15/09													
Project #:		09U12687													
Company:		QualComm													
EUT Description:		Ethernet Card													
EUT M/N:		65-VN663-P1													
Test Target:		FCC15.247/15.407													
Mode Oper:		Transmit 2x4													
f	Measurement Frequency	Amp	Preamp Gain	Average Field Strength Limit											
Dist	Distance to Antenna	D Corr	Distance Correct to 3 meters	Peak Field Strength Limit											
Read	Analyzer Reading	Avg	Average Field Strength @ 3 m	Margin vs. Average Limit											
AF	Antenna Factor	Peak	Calculated Peak Field Strength	Margin vs. Peak Limit											
CL	Cable Loss	HPF	High Pass Filter												
f GHz	Dist (m)	Read dBuV	AF dB/m	CL dB	Amp dB	D Corr dB	Filtr dB	Corr. dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Ant. Pol V/H	Det. P/A/QP	Ant.High cm	Table Angle Degree	Notes
<b>Low ch 5500MHz</b>															
11.000	3.0	39.6	37.9	9.2	-36.3	0.0	0.7	51.1	74.0	-22.9	V	P	172.9	139.5	
11.000	3.0	33.2	37.9	9.2	-36.3	0.0	0.7	44.8	54.0	-9.2	V	A	172.9	139.5	
11.000	3.0	37.7	37.9	9.2	-36.3	0.0	0.7	49.3	74.0	-24.7	H	P	139.5	199.3	
11.000	3.0	29.2	37.9	9.2	-36.3	0.0	0.7	40.8	54.0	-13.2	H	A	139.5	199.3	
<b>Mid ch 5580</b>															
11.160	3.0	38.8	38.1	9.3	-36.1	0.0	0.7	50.9	74.0	-23.1	V	P	181.5	207.7	
11.160	3.0	32.1	38.1	9.3	-36.1	0.0	0.7	44.1	54.0	-9.9	V	A	181.5	207.7	
11.160	3.0	37.9	38.1	9.3	-36.1	0.0	0.7	50.0	74.0	-24.0	H	P	162.7	204.2	
11.160	3.0	31.3	38.1	9.3	-36.1	0.0	0.7	43.3	54.0	-10.7	H	A	162.7	204.2	
<b>High ch 5700</b>															
11.400	3.0	40.5	38.3	9.4	-35.9	0.0	0.7	53.0	74.0	-21.0	V	P	129.5	252.8	
11.400	3.0	35.7	38.3	9.4	-35.9	0.0	0.7	48.3	54.0	-5.8	V	A	129.5	252.8	
11.400	3.0	36.0	38.3	9.4	-35.9	0.0	10.0	57.8	74.0	-16.2	H	P	142.1	230.6	
11.400	3.0	23.8	38.3	9.4	-35.9	0.0	10.0	45.6	54.0	-8.4	H	A	142.1	230.6	
Rev. 4.1.2.7															
Note: No other emissions were detected above the system noise floor.															

### 8.2.8. 802.11n HT20 MODE 5.6 GHz BAND

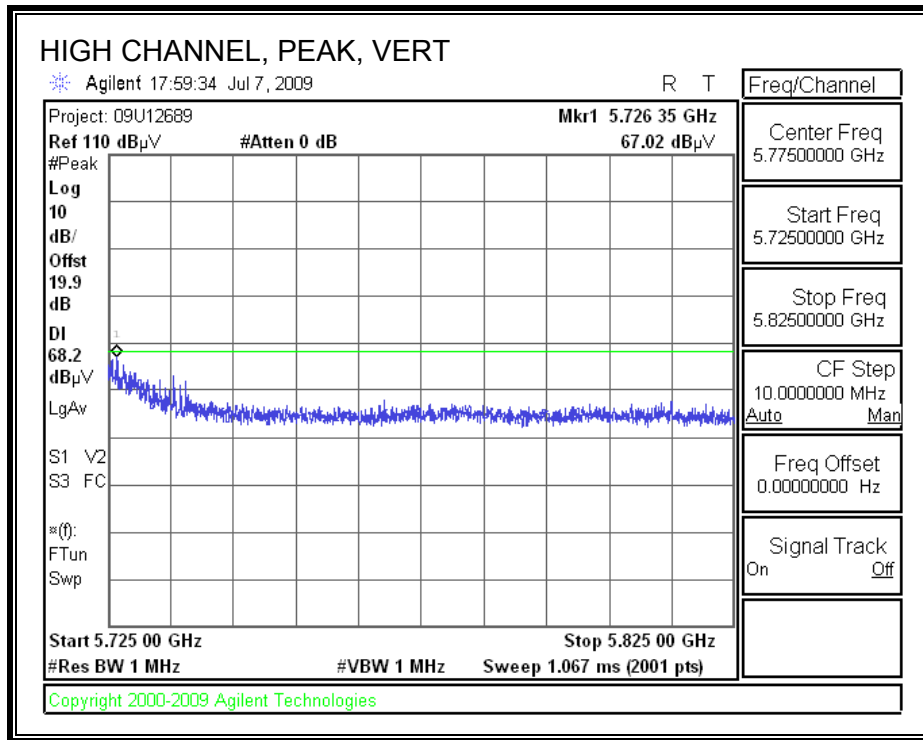
#### RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (LOW CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)



**RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (LOW CHANNEL, VERTICAL)**



**AUTHORIZED BANDEDGE (HIGH CHANNEL, VERTICAL)**



**HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**

**High Frequency Measurement**  
 Compliance Certification Services, Fremont 5m Chamber

Company: Qualcomm  
 Project #: 09U12689  
 Date: 07/06/09  
 Test Engineer: Doug Anderson  
 Configuration: EUT w/Support Notebook  
 Mode: Tx / HT20

**Test Equipment:**

Horn 1-18GHz	Pre-amplifier 1-26GHz	Pre-amplifier 26-40GHz	Horn > 18GHz	Limit
T73; S/N: 6717 @3m	T144 Miteq 3008A00931			FCC 15.205

Hi Frequency Cables

3' cable 22807700	12' cable 22807600	20' cable 22807500	HPF	Reject Filter	Peak Measurements RBW=VBW=1MHz
3' cable 22807700	12' cable 22807600	20' cable 22807500	HPF_7.6GHz		Average Measurements RBW=1MHz; VBW=10Hz

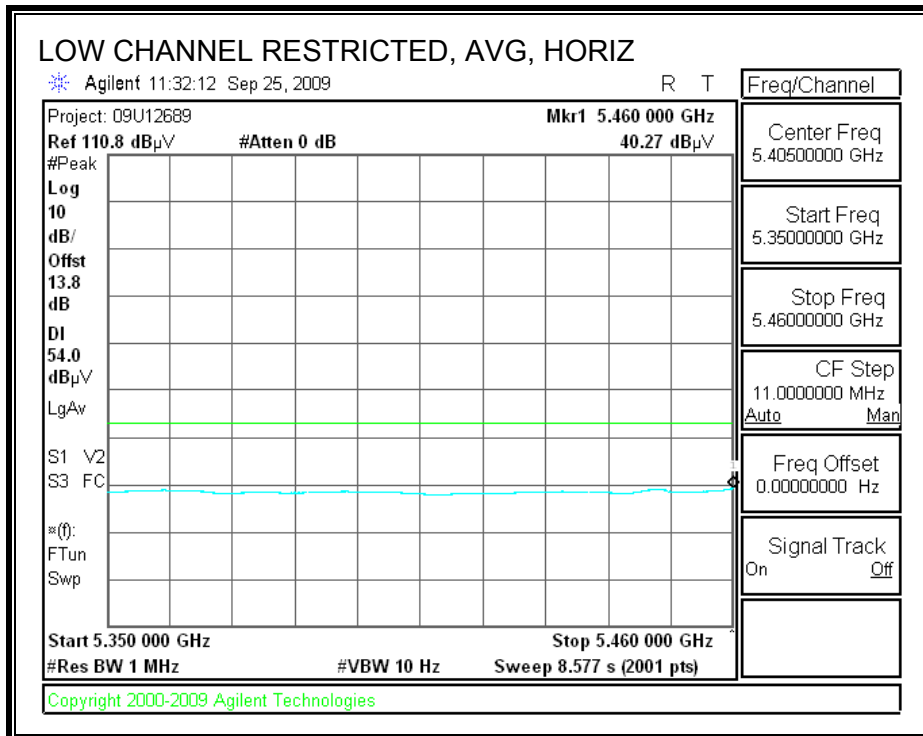
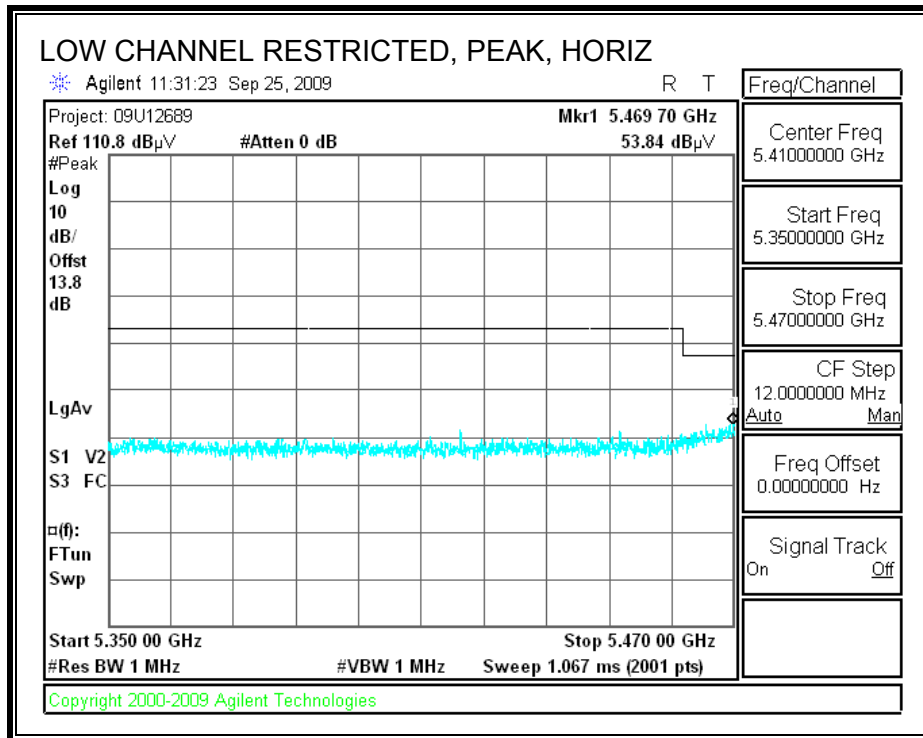
f GHz	Dist (m)	Read Pk dBuV	Read Avg dBuV	AF dB/m	CL dB	Amp dB	D Corr dB	Filtr dB	Peak dBuV/m	Avg dBuV/m	Pk Lim dBuV/m	Avg Lim dBuV/m	Pk Mar dB	Avg Mar dB	Notes (V/H)
<b>Low Ch.: 5500</b>															
11.000	3.0	47.0	40.8	37.9	9.2	-36.3	0.0	0.7	58.5	52.4	74	54	-15.5	-1.6	V
11.000	3.0	41.9	29.0	37.9	9.2	-36.3	0.0	0.7	53.5	40.6	74	54	-20.5	-13.4	H
<b>Mid Ch.: 5580</b>															
11.160	3.0	44.6	35.2	38.0	9.3	-36.1	0.0	0.7	56.5	47.1	74	54	-17.5	-6.9	V
11.160	3.0	44.3	34.4	38.0	9.3	-36.1	0.0	0.7	56.2	46.4	74	54	-17.8	-7.6	H
<b>High Ch.: 5700</b>															
11.400	3.0	41.3	35.3	38.3	9.4	-35.9	0.0	0.7	53.8	47.8	74	54	-20.2	-6.2	V
11.400	3.0	43.9	28.0	38.3	9.4	-35.9	0.0	0.7	56.4	40.5	74	54	-17.6	-13.5	H

Rev. 11.10.08

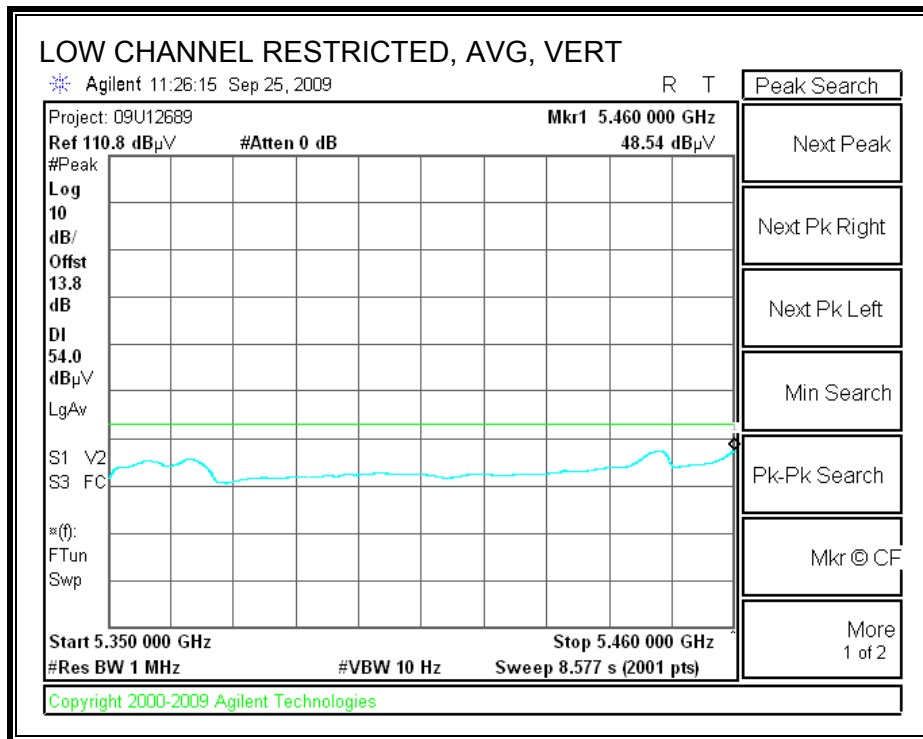
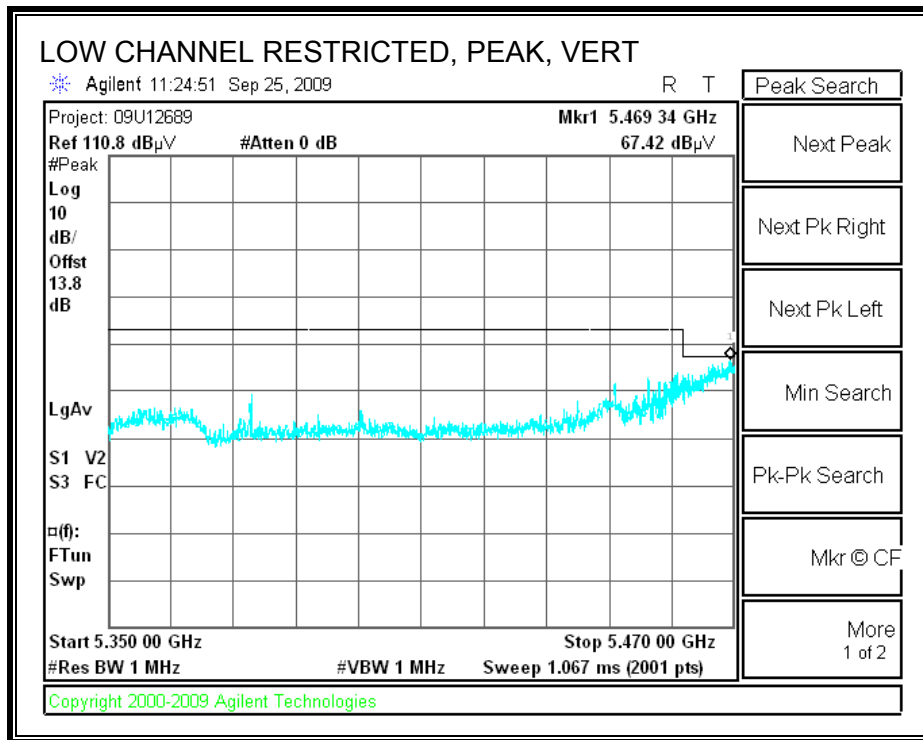
f	Measurement Frequency	Amp	Preamp Gain	Avg Lim	Average Field Strength Limit
Dist	Distance to Antenna	D Corr	Distance Correct to 3 meters	Pk Lim	Peak Field Strength Limit
Read	Analyzer Reading	Avg	Average Field Strength @ 3 m	Avg Mar	Margin vs. Average Limit
AF	Antenna Factor	Peak	Calculated Peak Field Strength	Pk Mar	Margin vs. Peak Limit
CL	Cable Loss	HPF	High Pass Filter		

### 8.2.9. 802.11n HT40 MODE 5.6 GHz BAND

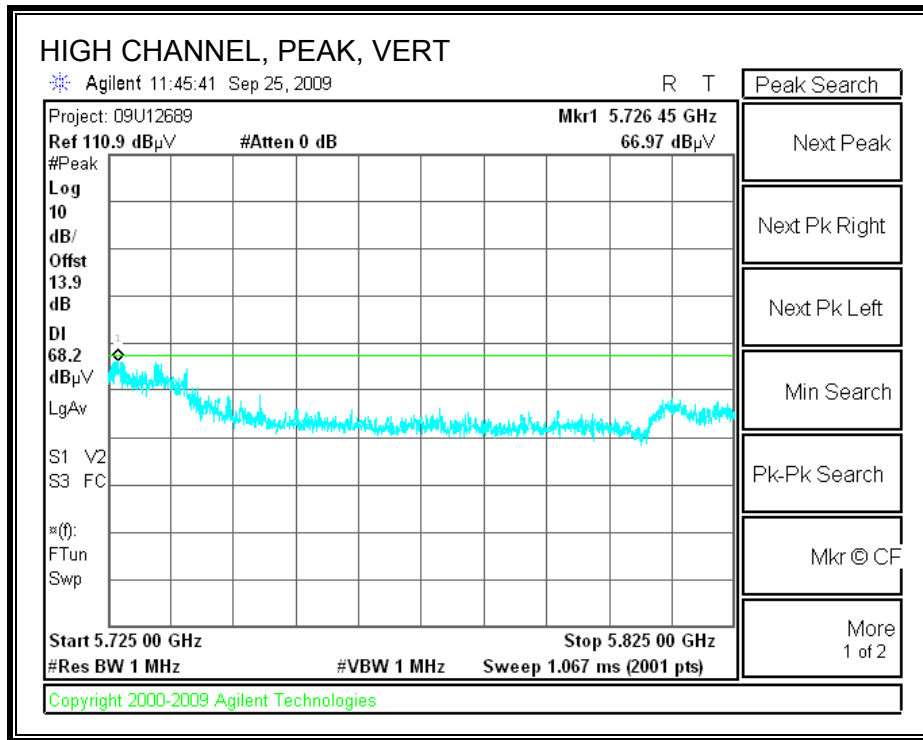
#### RESTRICTED BANEDGE (LOW CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)



**RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (LOW CHANNEL, VERTICAL)**



**AUTHORIZED BANDEDGE (HIGH CHANNEL, VERTICAL)**





**HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**

**High Frequency Measurement**  
 Compliance Certification Services, Fremont 5m Chamber

Company: Qualcomm  
 Project #: 09U12689  
 Date: 07/06/09  
 Test Engineer: Doug Anderson  
 Configuration: EUT w/Support Notebook  
 Mode: Tx HT40\_5.6GHz Band

**Test Equipment:**

Horn 1-18GHz	Pre-amplifier 1-26GHz	Pre-amplifier 26-40GHz	Horn > 18GHz	Limit
T73; S/N: 6717 @3m	T144 Miteq 3008A00931			FCC 15.205

Hi Frequency Cables

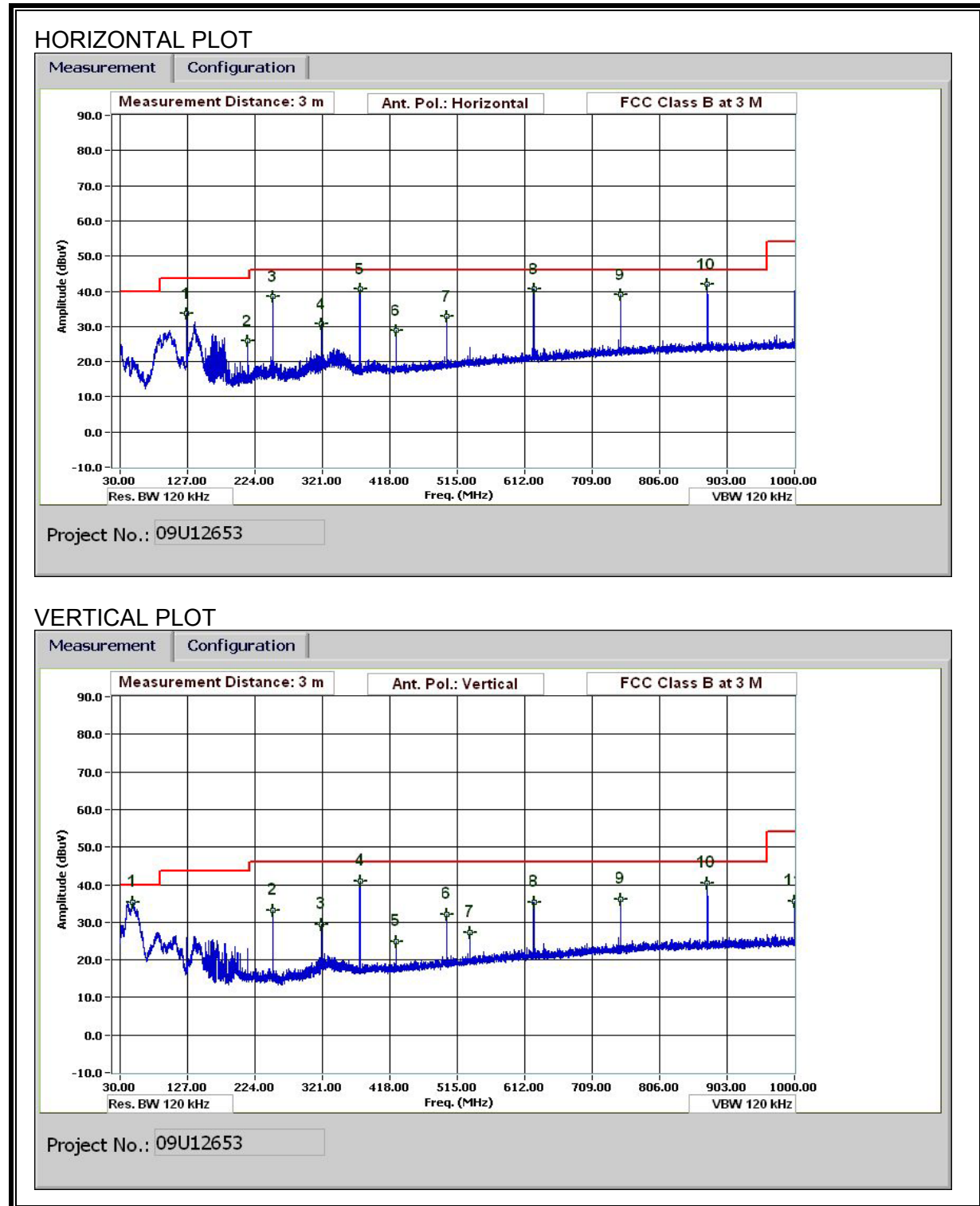
3' cable 22807700	12' cable 22807600	20' cable 22807500	HPF	Reject Filter	Peak Measurements RBW=VBW=1MHz
3' cable 22807700	12' cable 22807600	20' cable 22807500	HPF_7.6GHz		Average Measurements RBW=1MHz; VBW=10Hz

f GHz	Dist (m)	Read Pk dBuV	Read Avg. dBuV	AF dB/m	CL dB	Amp dB	D Corr dB	Filt dB	Peak dBuV/m	Avg dBuV/m	Pk Lim dBuV/m	Avg Lim dBuV/m	Pk Mar dB	Avg Mar dB	Notes (V/H)
<b>Low Ch. 5510MHz</b>															
11.020	3.0	45.4	36.7	37.9	9.2	-36.3	0.0	0.7	57.0	48.3	74	54	-17.0	-5.7	V
11.020	3.0	41.2	27.2	37.9	9.2	-36.3	0.0	0.7	52.8	38.8	74	54	-21.2	-15.2	H
<b>Mid Ch. 5550MHz</b>															
11.100	3.0	41.5	27.4	38.0	9.3	-36.2	0.0	0.7	53.3	39.2	74	54	-20.7	-14.8	V
11.100	3.0	41.1	29.8	38.0	9.3	-36.2	0.0	0.7	52.9	41.7	74	54	-21.1	-12.3	H
<b>High Ch. 5670MHz</b>															
11.340	3.0	45.5	35.5	38.2	9.4	-36.0	0.0	0.7	57.9	47.8	74	54	-16.1	-6.2	V
11.340	3.0	41.9	28.4	38.2	9.4	-36.0	0.0	0.7	54.3	40.8	74	54	-19.7	-13.2	H

f	Measurement Frequency	Amp	Preamp Gain	Avg Lim	Average Field Strength Limit
Dist	Distance to Antenna	D Corr	Distance Correct to 3 meters	Pk Lim	Peak Field Strength Limit
Read	Analyzer Reading	Avg	Average Field Strength @ 3 m	Avg Mar	Margin vs. Average Limit
AF	Antenna Factor	Peak	Calculated Peak Field Strength	Pk Mar	Margin vs. Peak Limit
CL	Cable Loss	HPF	High Pass Filter		

### 8.3. WORST-CASE BELOW 1 GHz

#### SPURIOUS EMISSIONS 30 TO 1000 MHz (WORST-CASE CONFIGURATION)



**EMISSIONS DATA**

30-1000MHz Frequency Measurement  
 Compliance Certification Services, Fremont 5m Chamber

Test Engr: Vien Tran  
 Date: 06/26/09  
 Project #: 09U12653  
 Company: Qualcomm  
 EUT Description: 802.11n 4x4 WLAN Ethernet Adapter  
 EUT M/N: Non-DFS:65-VN663-P1  
 Test Target: FCC Class B  
 Mode Oper: Tx HT20 MCS31, 5805MHz

f Measurement Frequency Amp Preamp Gain Margin Margin vs. Limit  
 Dist Distance to Antenna D Corr Distance Correct to 3 meters  
 Read Analyzer Reading Filter Filter Insert Loss  
 AF Antenna Factor Corr. Calculated Field Strength  
 CL Cable Loss Limit Field Strength Limit

f MHz	Dist (m)	Read dBuV	AF dB/m	CL dB	Amp dB	D Corr dB	Filter dB	Corr. dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Ant. Pol. V/H	Det. P/A/QP	Notes
<b>5805MHz Horizontal</b>													
125.044	3.0	47.3	13.7	1.1	28.3	0.0	0.0	33.7	43.5	-9.8	H	EP	
213.368	3.0	40.9	11.9	1.3	28.2	0.0	0.0	25.9	43.5	-17.6	H	EP	
249.969	3.0	53.5	11.8	1.4	28.2	0.0	0.0	38.5	46.0	-7.5	H	EP	
319.932	3.0	43.6	13.7	1.6	28.1	0.0	0.0	30.8	46.0	-15.2	H	EP	
375.014	3.0	52.5	14.5	1.7	28.1	0.0	0.0	40.7	46.0	-5.3	H	EP	
426.616	3.0	39.5	15.4	1.9	28.0	0.0	0.0	28.8	46.0	-17.2	H	EP	
499.939	3.0	41.9	16.7	2.0	27.8	0.0	0.0	32.9	46.0	-13.1	H	EP	
624.985	3.0	47.2	18.7	2.3	27.4	0.0	0.0	40.7	46.0	-5.3	H	EP	
749.910	3.0	43.5	20.3	2.5	27.3	0.0	0.0	39.0	46.0	-7.0	H	EP	
874.955	3.0	45.4	21.6	2.8	27.7	0.0	0.0	42.1	46.0	-3.9	H	EP	
<b>5805MHz Vertical</b>													
48.001	3.0	53.6	9.3	0.6	28.4	0.0	0.0	35.2	40.0	-4.8	V	EP	
249.969	3.0	48.3	11.8	1.4	28.2	0.0	0.0	33.2	46.0	-12.8	V	EP	
320.052	3.0	42.2	13.7	1.6	28.1	0.0	0.0	29.4	46.0	-16.6	V	EP	
375.014	3.0	52.8	14.5	1.7	28.1	0.0	0.0	41.0	46.0	-5.0	V	EP	
426.736	3.0	35.5	15.4	1.9	28.0	0.0	0.0	24.8	46.0	-21.2	V	EP	
499.939	3.0	41.2	16.7	2.0	27.8	0.0	0.0	32.1	46.0	-13.9	V	EP	
533.301	3.0	35.7	17.3	2.1	27.7	0.0	0.0	27.3	46.0	-18.7	V	EP	
624.985	3.0	41.8	18.7	2.3	27.4	0.0	0.0	35.4	46.0	-10.6	V	EP	
749.910	3.0	40.6	20.3	2.5	27.3	0.0	0.0	36.1	46.0	-9.9	V	EP	
874.955	3.0	43.7	21.6	2.8	27.7	0.0	0.0	40.4	46.0	-5.6	V	EP	
999.880	3.0	37.9	22.5	3.0	27.9	0.0	0.0	35.4	54.0	-18.6	V	EP	

Rev. 1.27.09

Note: No other emissions were detected above the system noise floor.

## 9. AC POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

### LIMITS

FCC §15.207 (a)

RSS-Gen 7.2.2

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

\*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

### TEST PROCEDURE

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 40 cm from the vertical ground plane and 80 cm above the horizontal ground plane. The EUT is configured in accordance with ANSI C63.4.

The receiver is set to a resolution bandwidth of 9 kHz. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak or average.

Line conducted data is recorded for both NEUTRAL and HOT lines.

### RESULTS

**6 WORST EMISSIONS**

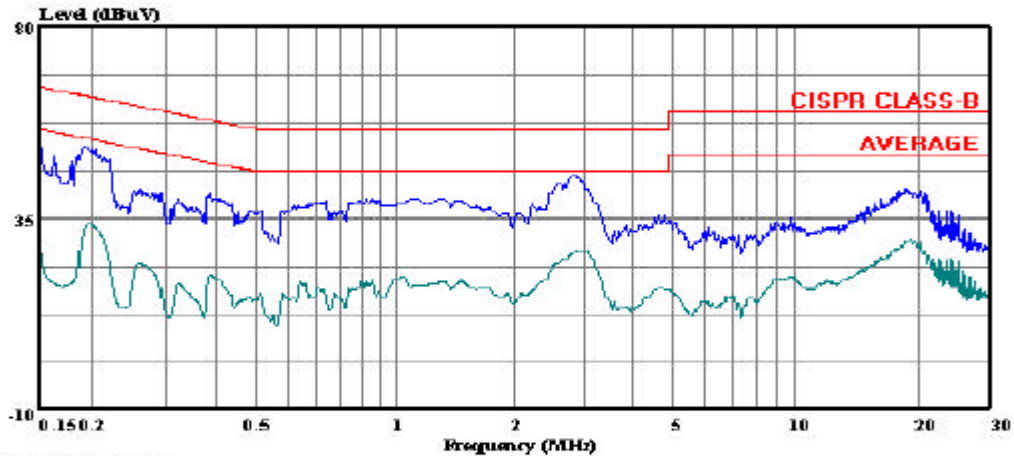
CONDUCTED EMISSIONS DATA (115VAC 60Hz)									
Freq. (MHz)	Reading			Class (dB)	Limit QP	FCC B AV	Margin		Remark L1 / L2
	PK (dBuV)	QP (dBuV)	AV (dBuV)				QP (dB)	AV (dB)	
0.19	51.41	--	33.87	0.00	63.86	53.86	-12.45	-19.99	L1
2.95	44.80	--	27.60	0.00	56.00	46.00	-11.20	-18.40	L1
19.12	41.71	--	30.40	0.00	60.00	50.00	-18.29	-19.60	L1
0.19	51.34	--	33.94	0.00	63.86	53.86	-12.52	-19.92	L2
2.95	44.13	--	27.56	0.00	56.00	46.00	-11.87	-18.44	L2
19.12	40.89	--	29.56	0.00	60.00	50.00	-19.11	-20.44	L2
6 Worst Data									

**LINE 1 RESULTS**



Compliance Certification Services  
47173 Benicia Street  
Fremont, CA 94538  
Tel: (510) 771-1000  
Fax: (510) 661-0888

Data#: 7 File#: Qualcomm\_09U12653\_LC.EMI  
Date: 06-26-2009 Time: 11:52:34



(Line Conduction)

Trace: 5

Ref Trace:

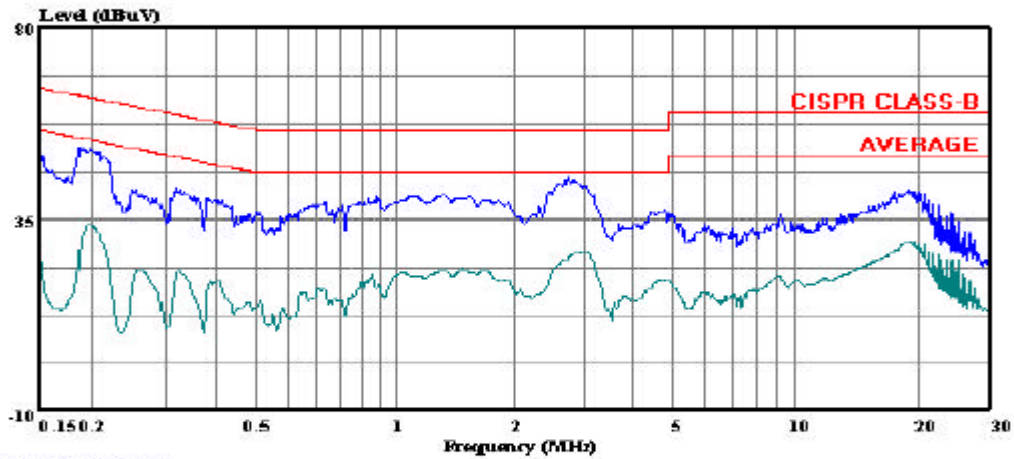
Condition: CISPR CLASS-B  
Test Operator: : Vien Tran  
Project #: : 09U12653  
Company: : Qualcomm  
EUT Description: : 802.11n 4x4 WLAN Module  
: Ethernet Adapter  
Mode: : Tx worst case 5GHz Band  
Target: : FCC Class B  
Voltage: : 115VAC, 60HZ  
: L1: Peak ( Blue ) , Average (Green )

**LINE 2 RESULTS**



Compliance Certification Services  
47173 Benicia Street  
Fremont, CA 94538  
Tel: (510) 771-1000  
Fax: (510) 661-0888

Data#: 14 File#: Qualcomm\_09U12653\_LC.EMI  
Date: 06-26-2009 Time: 12:02:29



(Line Conduction)

Trace: 12

Ref Trace:

Condition: CISPR CLASS-B  
Test Operator: : Vien Tran  
Project #: : 09U12653  
Company: : Qualcomm  
EUT Description: : 802.11n 4x4 WLAN Module  
: Ethernet Adapter  
Mode: : TX worst case 5GHZ Band  
Target: : FCC Class B  
Voltage: : 115VAC, 60Hz  
: L2: Peak ( Blue ) , Average (Green )

## 10. DYNAMIC FREQUENCY SELECTION

### 10.1. OVERVIEW

#### 10.1.1. LIMITS

##### INDUSTRY CANADA

IC RSS-210 is closely harmonized with FCC Part 15 DFS rules. The deviations are as follows:

RSS-210 Issue 7 A9.4 (b) (ii) **Channel Availability Check Time:** ...

**Additional requirements for the band 5600-5650 MHz:** Until further notice, devices subject to this Section shall not be capable of transmitting in the band 5600-5650 MHz, so that Environment Canada weather radars operating in this band are protected.

RSS-210 Issue 7 A9.4 (b) (iv) **Channel closing time:** the maximum channel closing time is 260 ms.

##### FCC

§15.407 (h) and FCC 06-96 APPENDIX "COMPLIANCE MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES FOR UNLICENSED-NATIONAL INFORMATION INFRASTRUCTURE DEVCIES OPERATING IN THE 5250-5350 MHz AND 5470-5725 MHz BANDS INCORPORATING DYNAMIC FREQUENCY SELECTION".



**Table 1: Applicability of DFS requirements prior to use of a channel**

Requirement	Operational Mode		
	Master	Client (without radar detection)	Client (with radar detection)
Non-Occupancy Period	Yes	Not required	Yes
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	Yes
Channel Availability Check Time	Yes	Not required	Not required
Uniform Spreading	Yes	Not required	Not required

**Table 2: Applicability of DFS requirements during normal operation**

Requirement	Operational Mode		
	Master	Client (without DFS)	Client (with DFS)
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	Yes
Channel Closing Transmission Time	Yes	Yes	Yes
Channel Move Time	Yes	Yes	Yes

**Table 3: Interference Threshold values, Master or Client incorporating In-Service Monitoring**

Maximum Transmit Power	Value (see note)
≥ 200 milliwatt	-64 dBm
< 200 milliwatt	-62 dBm
<p>Note 1: This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna                  Note 2: Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response.</p>	

**Table 4: DFS Response requirement values**

Parameter	Value
<i>Non-occupancy period</i>	30 minutes
<i>Channel Availability Check Time</i>	60 seconds
<i>Channel Move Time</i>	10 seconds
<i>Channel Closing Transmission Time</i>	200 milliseconds + approx. 60 milliseconds over remaining 10 second period
<p>The instant that the <i>Channel Move Time</i> and the <i>Channel Closing Transmission Time</i> begins is as follows:                      For the Short pulse radar Test Signals this instant is the end of the <i>Burst</i>.                      For the Frequency Hopping radar Test Signal, this instant is the end of the last radar burst generated.                      For the Long Pulse radar Test Signal this instant is the end of the 12 second period defining the radar transmission.                      The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate channel changes (an aggregate of approximately 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.</p>	

**Table 5 – Short Pulse Radar Test Waveforms**

Radar Type	Pulse Width (Microseconds)	PRI (Microseconds)	Pulses	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials
1	1	1428	18	60%	30
2	1-5	150-230	23-29	60%	30
3	6-10	200-500	16-18	60%	30
4	11-20	200-500	12-16	60%	30
Aggregate (Radar Types 1-4)				80%	120

**Table 6 – Long Pulse Radar Test Signal**

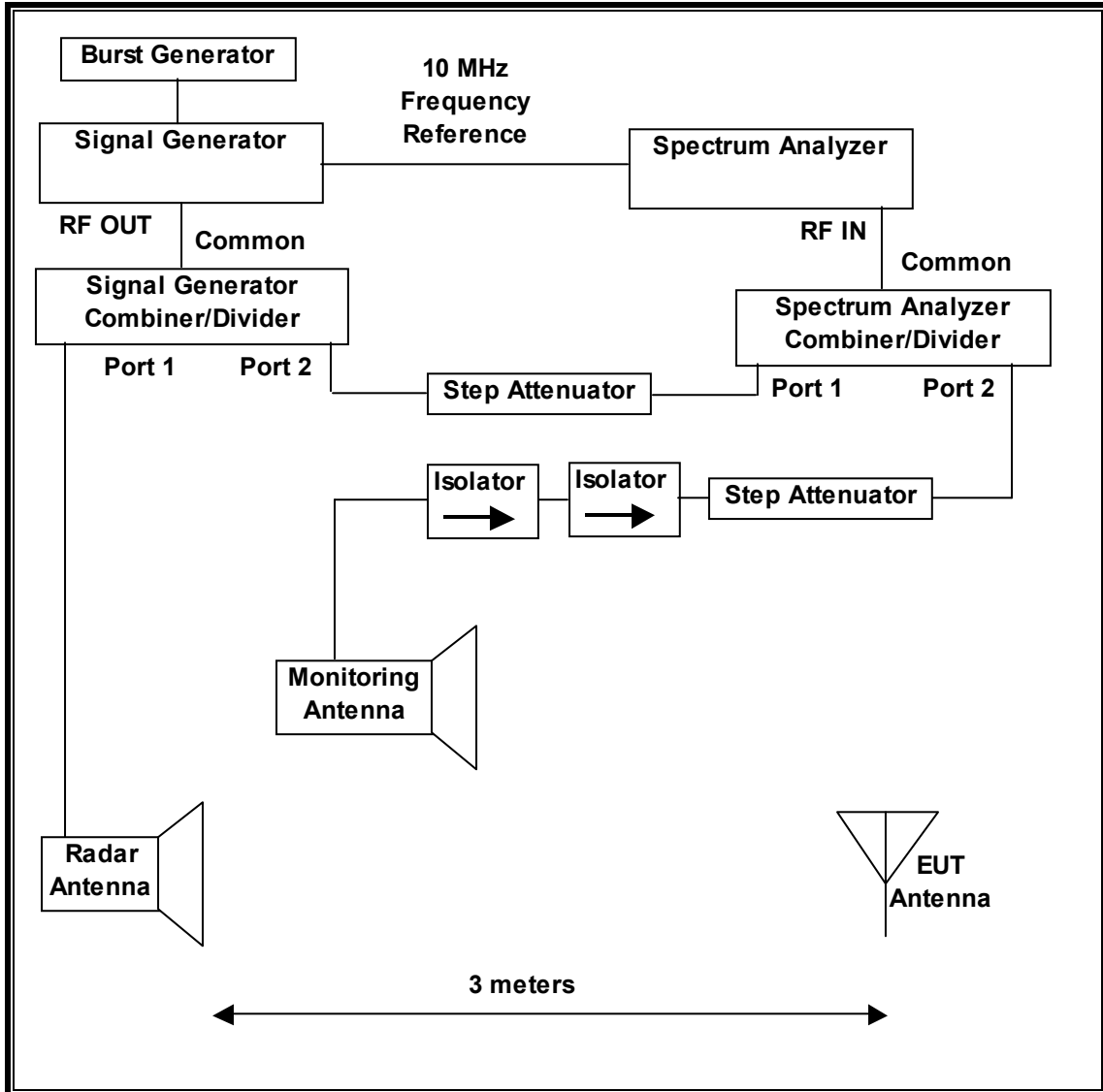
Radar Waveform	Bursts	Pulses per Burst	Pulse Width (µsec)	Chirp Width (MHz)	PRI (µsec)	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials
5	8-20	1-3	50-100	5-20	1000-2000	80%	30

**Table 7 – Frequency Hopping Radar Test Signal**

Radar Waveform	Pulse Width (µsec)	PRI (µsec)	Burst Length (ms)	Pulses per Hop	Hopping Rate (kHz)	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials
6	1	333	300	9	.333	70%	30

### 10.1.2. TEST AND MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

#### RADIATED METHOD SYSTEM BLOCK DIAGRAM



## **SYSTEM OVERVIEW**

The short pulse and long pulse signal generating system utilizes the NTIA software. The Vector Signal Generator has been validated by the NTIA. The hopping signal generating system utilizes the CCS simulated hopping method and system, which has been validated by the DoD, FCC and NTIA. The software selects waveform parameters from within the bounds of the signal type on a random basis using uniform distribution.

The short pulse types 2, 3 and 4, and the long pulse type 5 parameters are randomized at run-time.

The hopping type 6 pulse parameters are fixed while the hopping sequence is based on the August 2005 NTIA Hopping Frequency List. The initial starting point randomized at run-time and each subsequent starting point is incremented by 475. Each frequency in the 100-length segment is compared to the boundaries of the EUT Detection Bandwidth and the software creates a hopping burst pattern in accordance with Section 7.4.1.3 Method #2 Simulated Frequency Hopping Radar Waveform Generating Subsystem of FCC 06-96 APPENDIX. The frequency of the signal generator is incremented in 1 MHz steps from  $F_L$  to  $F_H$  for each successive trial. This incremental sequence is repeated as required to generate a minimum of 30 total trials and to maintain a uniform frequency distribution over the entire Detection Bandwidth.

The signal monitoring equipment consists of a spectrum analyzer set to display 8001 bins on the horizontal axis. The time-domain resolution is 2 msec / bin with a 16 second sweep time, meeting the 10 second short pulse reporting criteria. The aggregate ON time is calculated by multiplying the number of bins above a threshold during a particular observation period by the dwell time per bin, with the analyzer set to peak detection and max hold.

## **SYSTEM CALIBRATION**

A 50-ohm load is connected in place of the spectrum analyzer, and the spectrum analyzer is connected to a horn antenna via a coaxial cable, with the reference level offset set to (horn antenna gain – coaxial cable loss). The signal generator is set to CW mode. The amplitude of the signal generator is adjusted to yield a level of –64 dBm as measured on the spectrum analyzer.

Without changing any of the instrument settings, the spectrum analyzer is reconnected to the Common port of the Spectrum Analyzer Combiner/Divider. Measure the amplitude and calculate the difference from –64 dBm. Adjust the Reference Level Offset of the spectrum analyzer to this difference.

The spectrum analyzer displays the level of the signal generator as received at the antenna ports of the Master Device. The interference detection threshold may be varied from the calibrated value of –64 dBm and the spectrum analyzer will still indicate the level as received by the Master Device.

**ADJUSTMENT OF DISPLAYED TRAFFIC LEVEL**

Establish a link between the Master and Slave, adjusting the distance between the units as needed to provide a suitable received level at the Master and Slave devices. Stream the video test file to generate WLAN traffic. Confirm that the WLAN traffic level, as displayed on the spectrum analyzer, is at lower amplitude than the radar detection threshold. For Master Device testing confirm that the displayed traffic does not include Slave Device traffic. For Slave Device testing confirm that the displayed traffic does not include Master Device traffic.

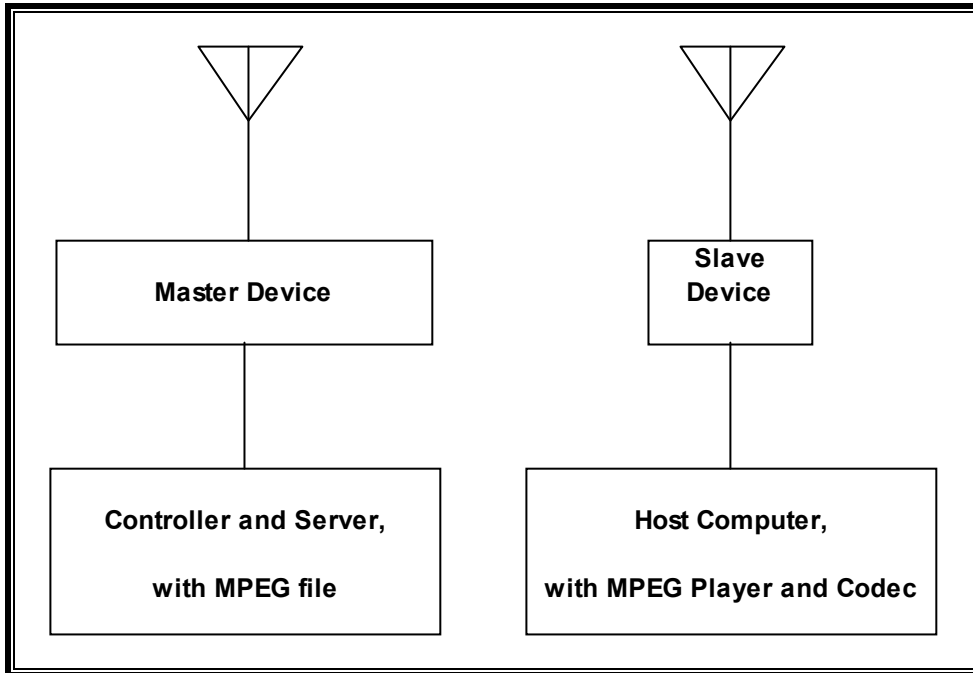
**TEST AND MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT**

The following test and measurement equipment was utilized for the DFS tests documented in this report:

TEST EQUIPMENT LIST				
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Asset Number	Cal Due
Spectrum Analyzer, 26.5 GHz	Agilent / HP	E4446A	C00996	04/20/10
Vector signal generator, 20GHz	Agilent / HP	E8267C	C01066	11/16/09
Arbitrary Waveform Generator	Agilent / HP	33220A	C01146	05/04/10

**10.1.3. SETUP OF EUT**

**RADIATED METHOD EUT TEST SETUP**



**SUPPORT EQUIPMENT**

The following test and measurement equipment was utilized for the DFS tests documented in this report:

PERIPHERAL SUPPORT EQUIPMENT LIST				
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	FCC ID
AC Adapter (EUT)	Phihong	PSA15R-050P	P84704153A3	DoC
Notebook PC (Host)	HP	Compaq 6710b	CNUL032TY1	DoC
AC Adapter (Host PC)	HP	PA-1900-18HN	9406310104	DoC
USB to RS-232	Keyspan	USA-19HS	02300	DoC
Notebook PC (Client)	IBM	Type 2668-46U	L3-XDLW 06/02	DoC
AC Adapter (Client PC)	IBM	02K6749	11S02K6749ZJ1 MN328Z9DE	DoC
Dual Band Wireless USB Network Adapter (Slave Device)	Linksys/Cisco	WUSB600N	001C10EB00CB	Q87- WUSB600N

#### **10.1.4. DESCRIPTION OF EUT**

The EUT operates over the 5250-5350 MHz and 5470-5725 MHz ranges. For the Canadian version, all channels that have emissions falling within 5600 to 5650 MHz are blocked out.

The EUT is a Master Device.

The highest power level within these bands is 25.04 dBm EIRP in the 5250-5350 MHz band and 26.40 dBm EIRP in the 5470-5725 MHz band.

The only antenna assembly utilized with the EUT has a gain of 3 dBi; in the 802.11a legacy mode it has an effective transmit antenna gain of 6.01 dBi.

Four identical antennas are utilized to meet the diversity and MIMO operational requirement, except in the 802.11a mode where two identical antennas are active for the transmitter and four identical antennas are active for the receiver.

The EUT uses four transmitter/receiver chains, each connected to an antenna to perform radiated tests.

The rated output power of the EUT is > 23dBm (EIRP). Therefore the required interference threshold level is -64 dBm. After correction for antenna gain and procedural adjustments, the required radiated threshold is  $-64 + 1 = -63$  dBm.

The calibrated radiated DFS Detection Threshold level is set to -64 dBm. The tested level is lower than the required level hence it provides margin to the limit.

WLAN traffic is generated by streaming the video file TestFile.mp2 "6 ½ Magic Hours" from the Master to the Slave in full motion video mode using the media player with the V2.61 Codec package.

TPC is not required since the maximum EIRP is less than 500 mW (27 dBm).

The EUT utilizes the 802.11a/n architecture. Two nominal channel bandwidths are implemented: 20 MHz and 40 MHz.

The software installed in the EUT is version 5.0.300.52.

#### **MANUFACTURER'S STATEMENT REGARDING UNIFORM CHANNEL SPREADING**

This statement is in a separate document.



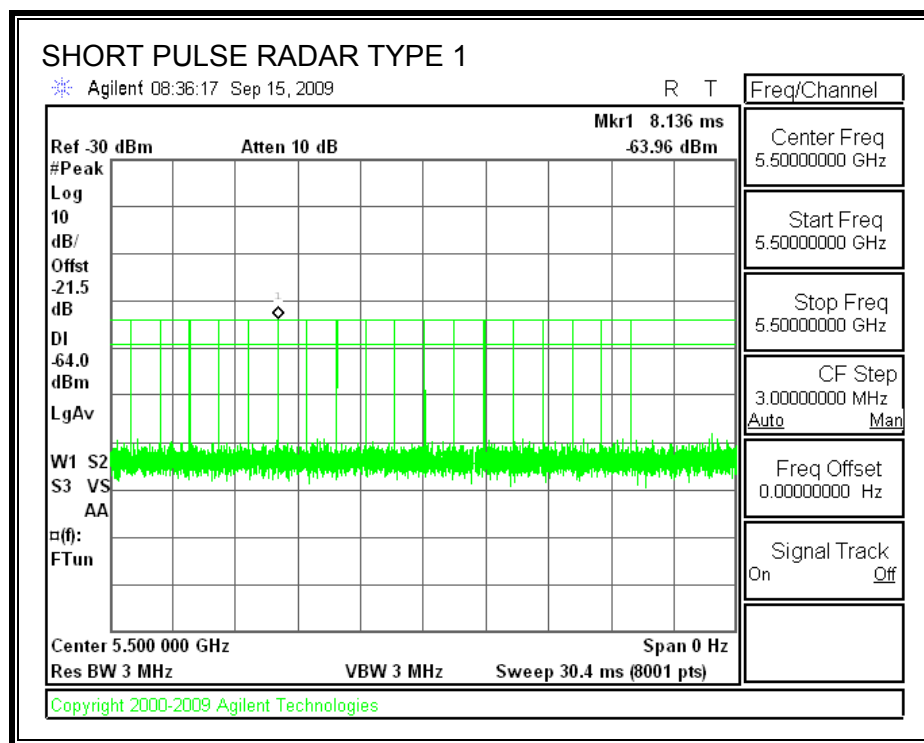
## 10.2. RESULTS FOR 20 MHz BANDWIDTH

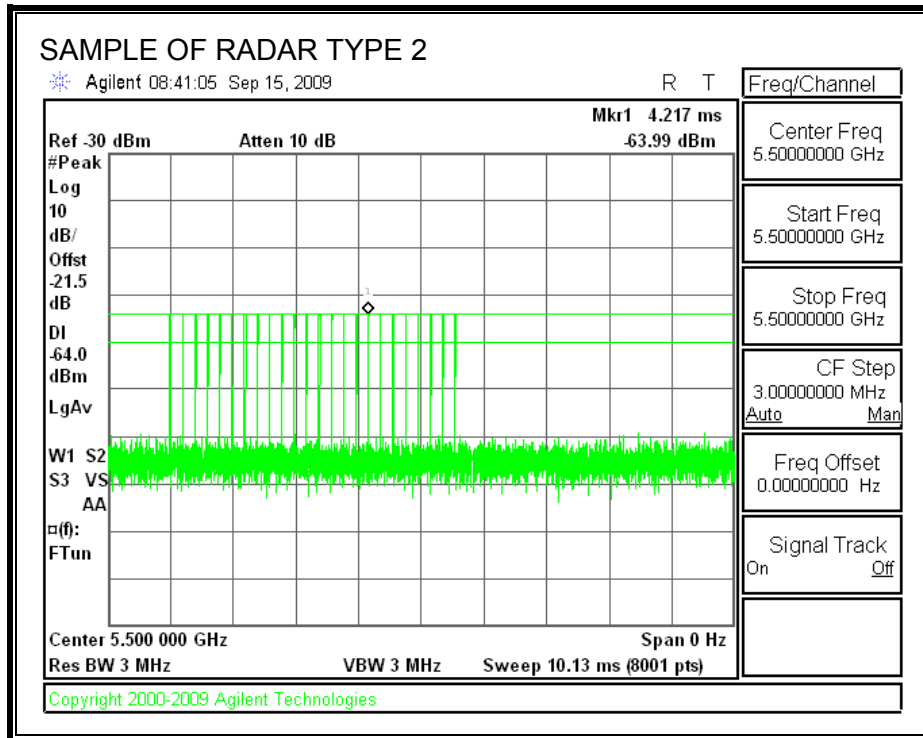
### 10.2.1. TEST CHANNEL

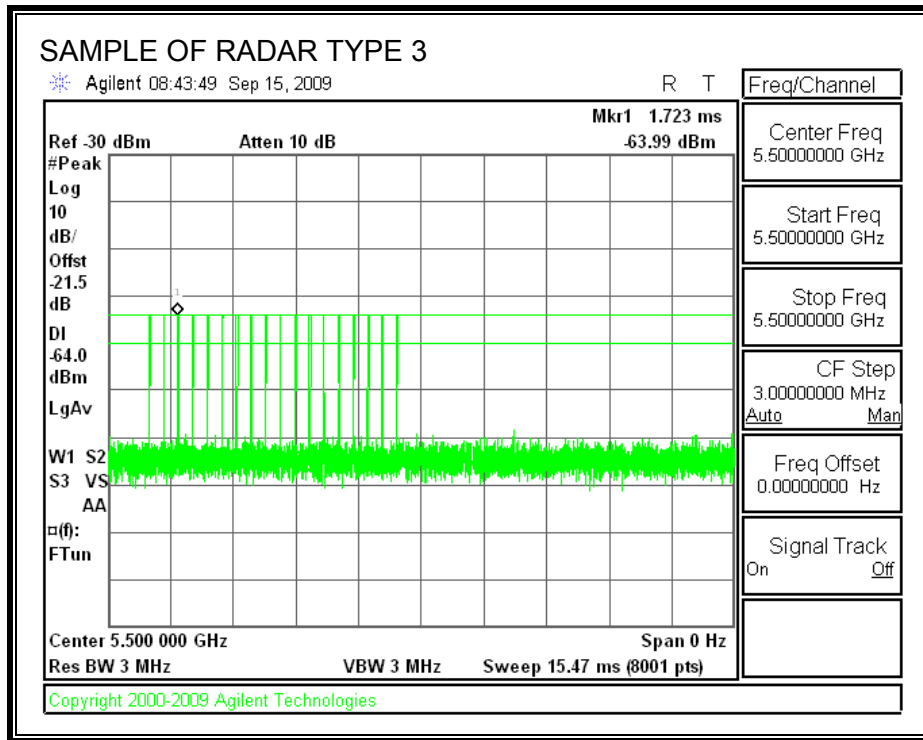
All tests were performed at a channel center frequency of 5500 MHz.

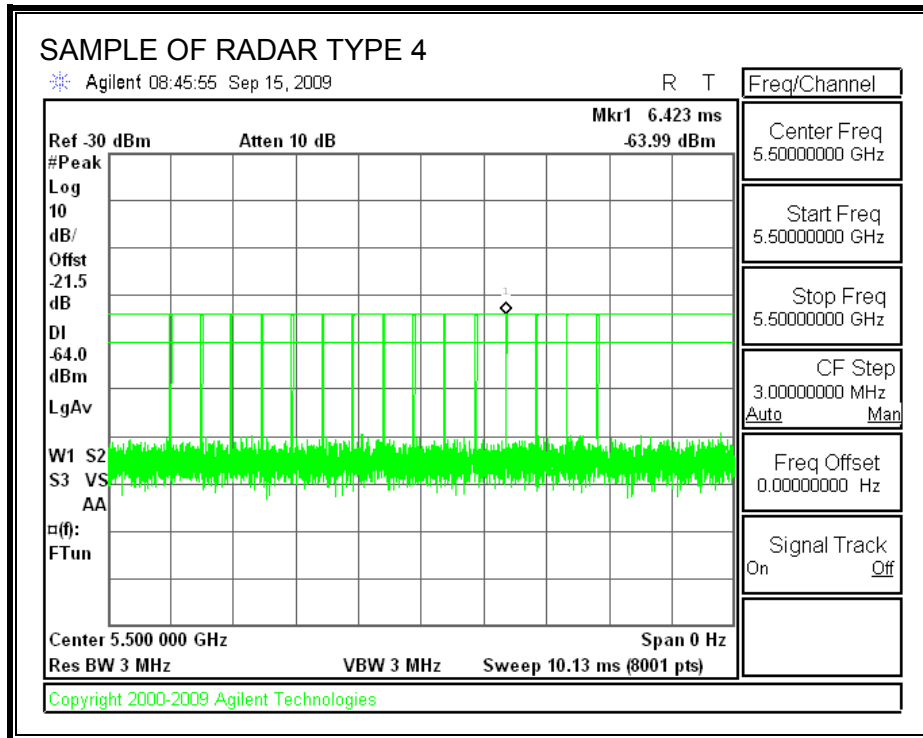
### 10.2.2. PLOTS OF RADAR WAVEFORMS AND WLAN TRAFFIC

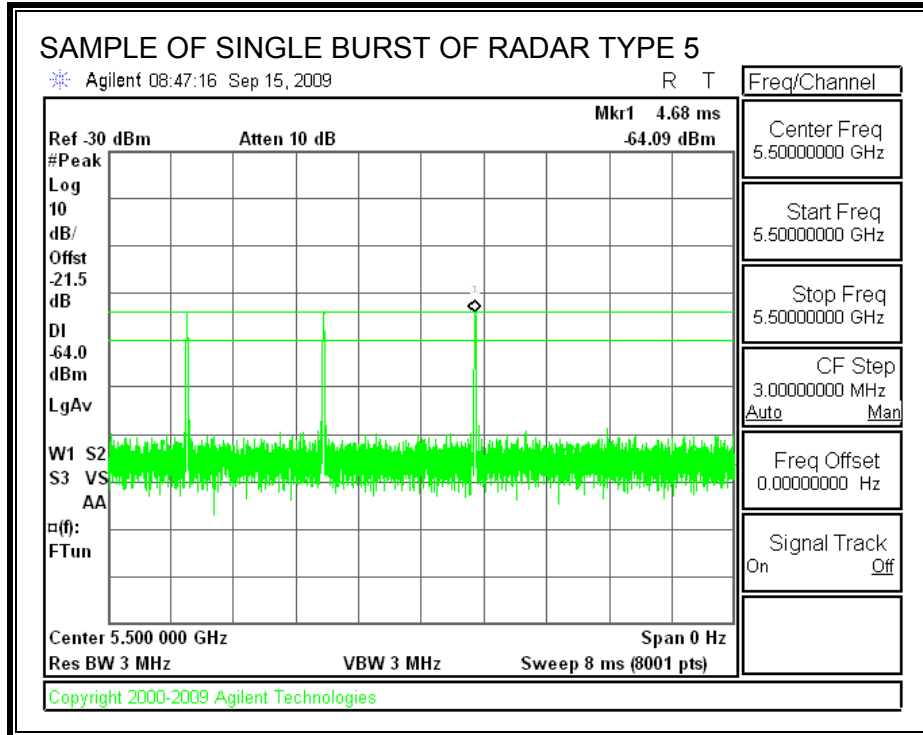
#### PLOTS OF RADAR WAVEFORMS

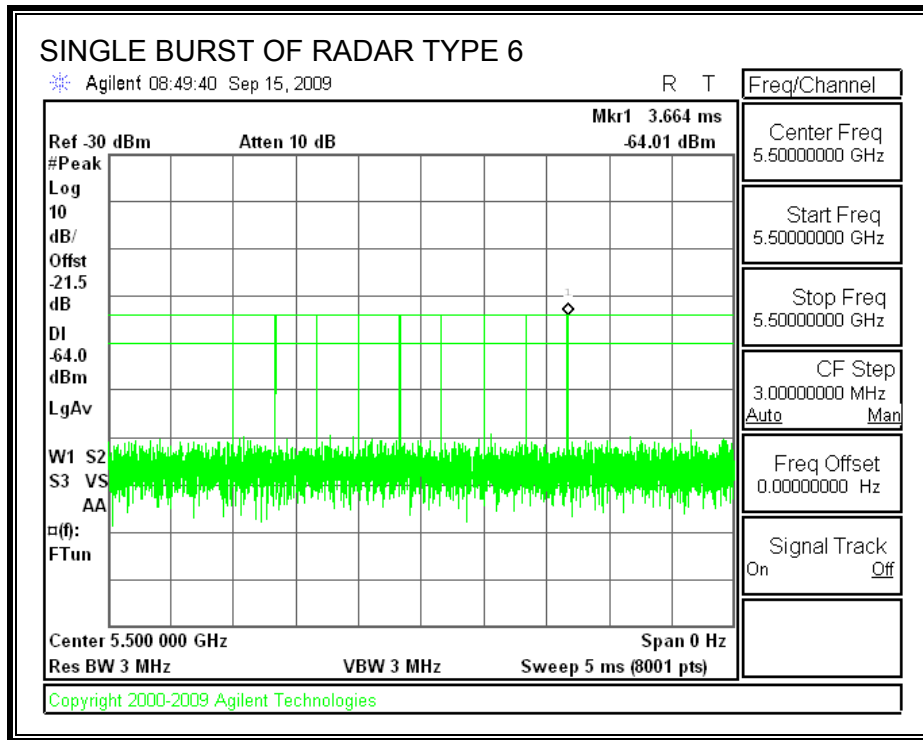




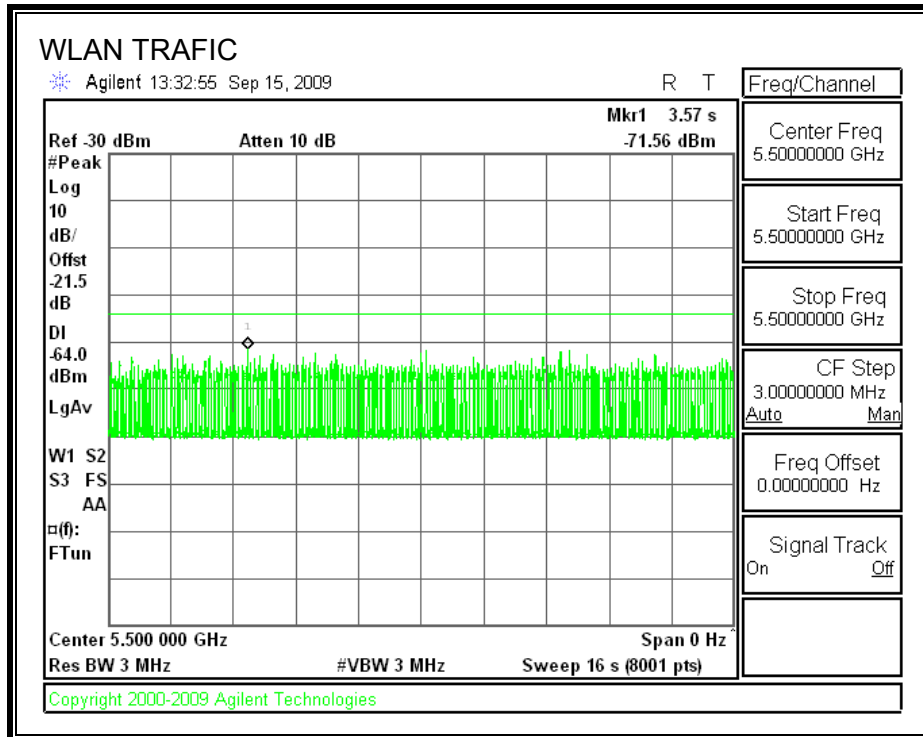








**PLOT OF WLAN TRAFFIC FROM MASTER**



### **10.2.3. CHANNEL AVAILABILITY CHECK TIME**

#### **PROCEDURE TO DETERMINE INITIAL POWER-UP CYCLE TIME**

A link was established on channel then the EUT was rebooted. The time from the cessation of traffic to the re-initialization of traffic was measured as the time required for the EUT to complete the total power-up cycle. The time to complete the initial power-up period is 60 seconds less than this total power-up time.

#### **PROCEDURE FOR TIMING OF RADAR BURST**

With a link established on channel, the EUT was rebooted. A radar signal was triggered within 0 to 6 seconds after the initial power-up period, and transmissions on the channel were monitored on the spectrum analyzer.

The Non-Occupancy list was cleared. With a link established on channel, the EUT was rebooted. A radar signal was triggered within 54 to 60 seconds after the initial power-up period, and transmissions on the channel were monitored on the spectrum analyzer.



**QUANTITATIVE RESULTS**

**No Radar Triggered**

Timing of Reboot (sec)	Timing of Start of Traffic (sec)	Total Power-up Cycle Time (sec)	Initial Power-up Cycle Time (sec)
30.26	162.5	132.2	72.2

**Radar Near Beginning of CAC**

Timing of Reboot (sec)	Timing of Radar Burst (sec)	Radar Relative to Reboot (sec)	Radar Relative to Start of CAC (sec)
29.1	103.7	74.6	2.4

**Radar Near End of CAC**

Timing of Reboot (sec)	Timing of Radar Burst (sec)	Radar Relative to Reboot (sec)	Radar Relative to Start of CAC (sec)
30.56	161.6	131.0	58.8

**QUALITATIVE RESULTS**

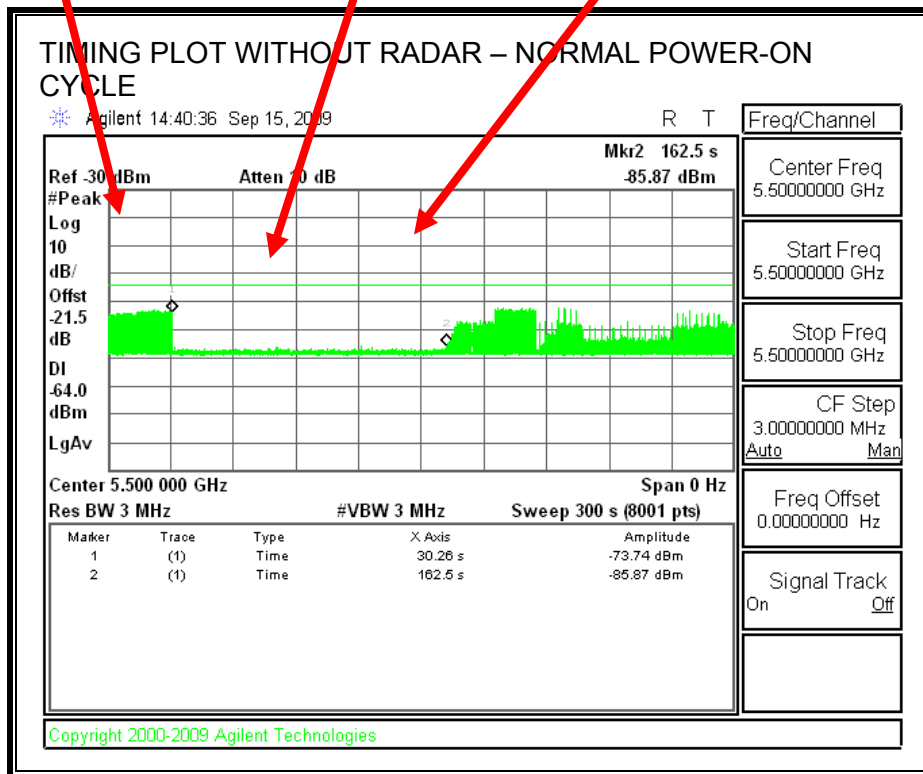
Timing of Radar Burst	Display on Control Computer	Spectrum Analyzer Display
No Radar Triggered	EUT marks Channel as active	Transmissions begin on channel after completion of the initial power-up cycle and the CAC
Within 0 to 6 second window	EUT indicates radar detected	No transmissions on channel
Within 54 to 60 second window	EUT indicates radar detected	No transmissions on channel

**TIMING PLOT WITHOUT RADAR DURING CAC**

AP is rebooted  
 Traffic ceases  
 Start of Initial Power-up cycle

End of Initial Power-up cycle  
 Start of CAC

End of CAC  
 Traffic is Initiated



Transmissions begin on channel after completion of the initial power-up cycle and the CAC.

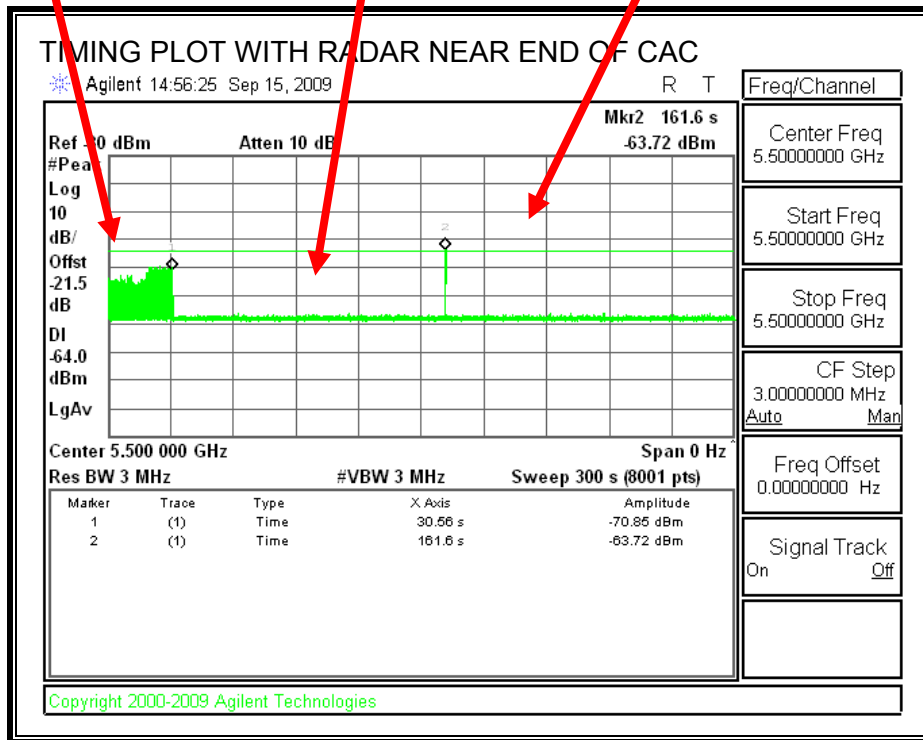


**TIMING PLOT WITH RADAR NEAR END OF CAC**

AP is rebooted  
Traffic ceases  
Start of Initial Power-up cycle

End of Initial Power-up cycle  
Start of CAC

Radar Signal Applied



No EUT transmissions were observed after the radar signal.

### 10.2.4. OVERLAPPING CHANNEL TESTS

#### RESULTS

These tests are not applicable.

### 10.2.5. MOVE AND CLOSING TIME

#### REPORTING NOTES

The reference marker is set at the end of last radar pulse.

The delta marker is set at the end of the last WLAN transmission following the radar pulse. This delta is the channel move time.

The aggregate channel closing transmission time is calculated as follows:

Aggregate Transmission Time =  
(Number of analyzer bins showing transmission) \* (dwell time per bin)

The observation period over which the FCC aggregate time is calculated begins at (Reference Marker + 200 msec) and ends no earlier than (Reference Marker + 10 sec).

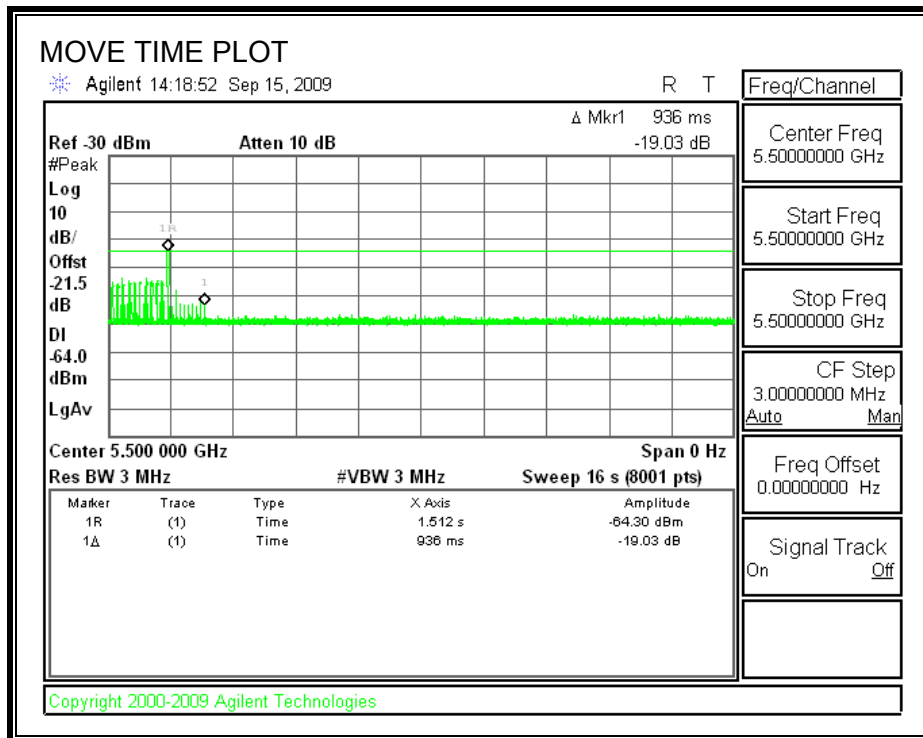
The observation period over which the IC aggregate time is calculated begins at (Reference Marker) and ends no earlier than (Reference Marker + 10 sec).

#### RESULTS

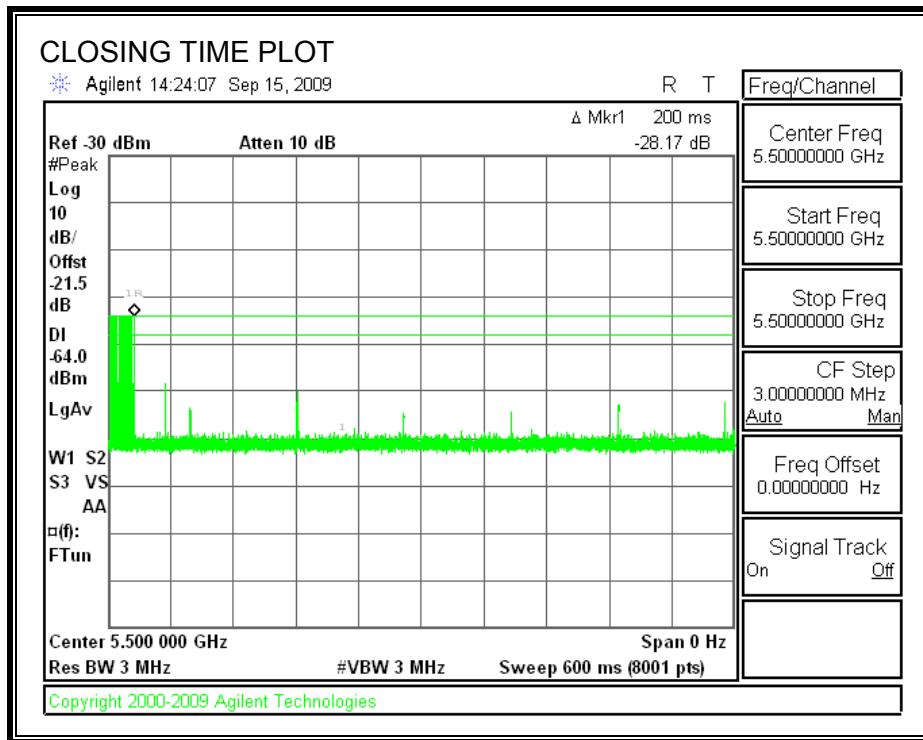
Agency	Channel Move Time (sec)	Limit (sec)
FCC / IC	0.936	10

Agency	Aggregate Channel Closing Transmission Time (msec)	Limit (msec)
FCC	18.0	60
IC	26.0	260

**MOVE TIME**

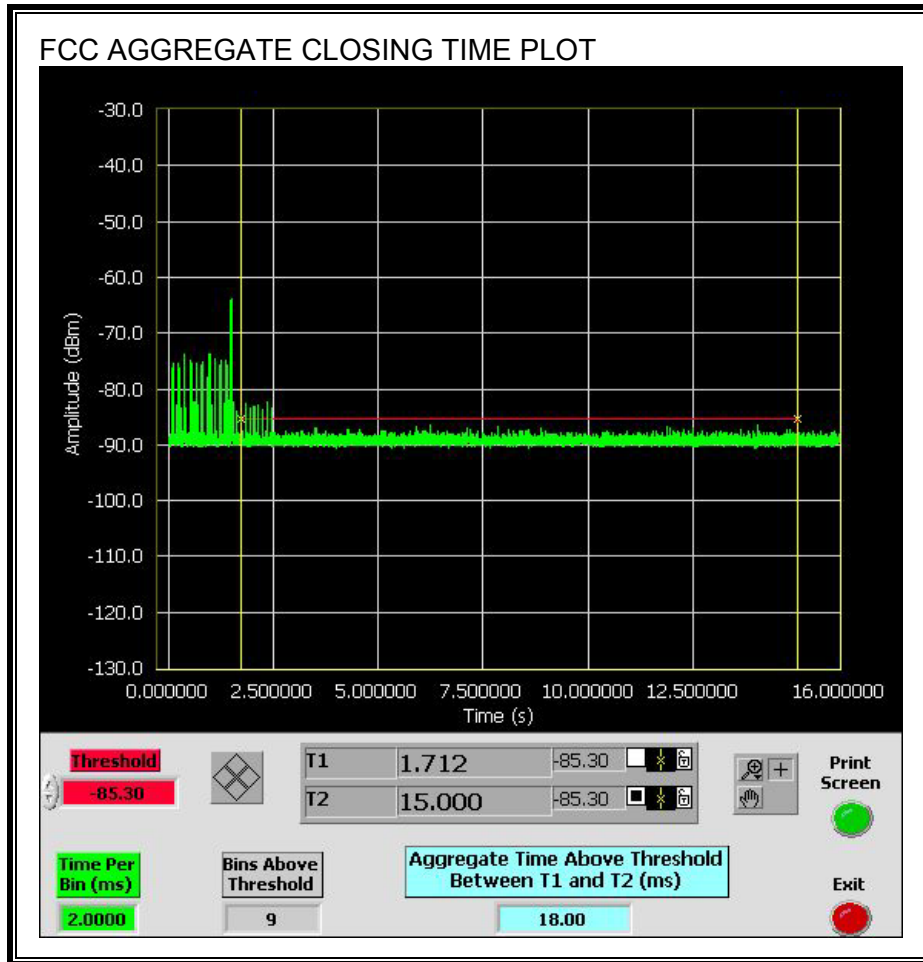


**CHANNEL CLOSING TIME**



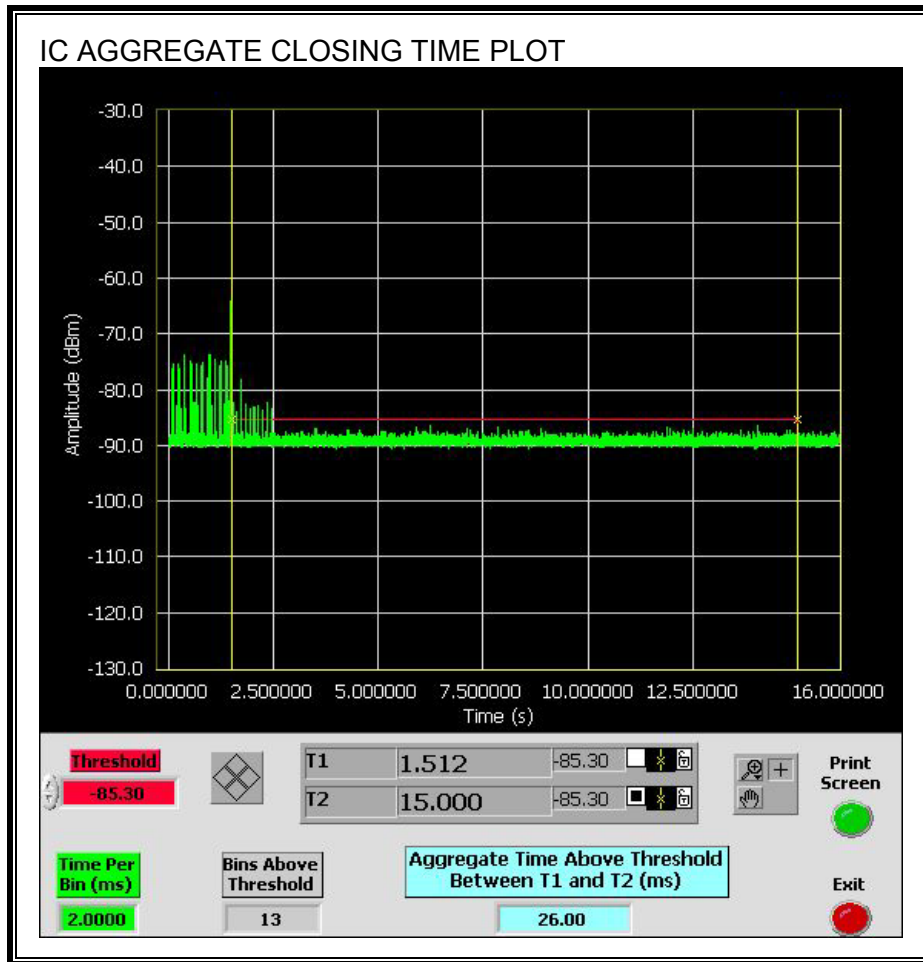
**AGGREGATE CHANNEL CLOSING TRANSMISSION TIME**

Only intermittent transmissions are observed during the FCC aggregate monitoring period.



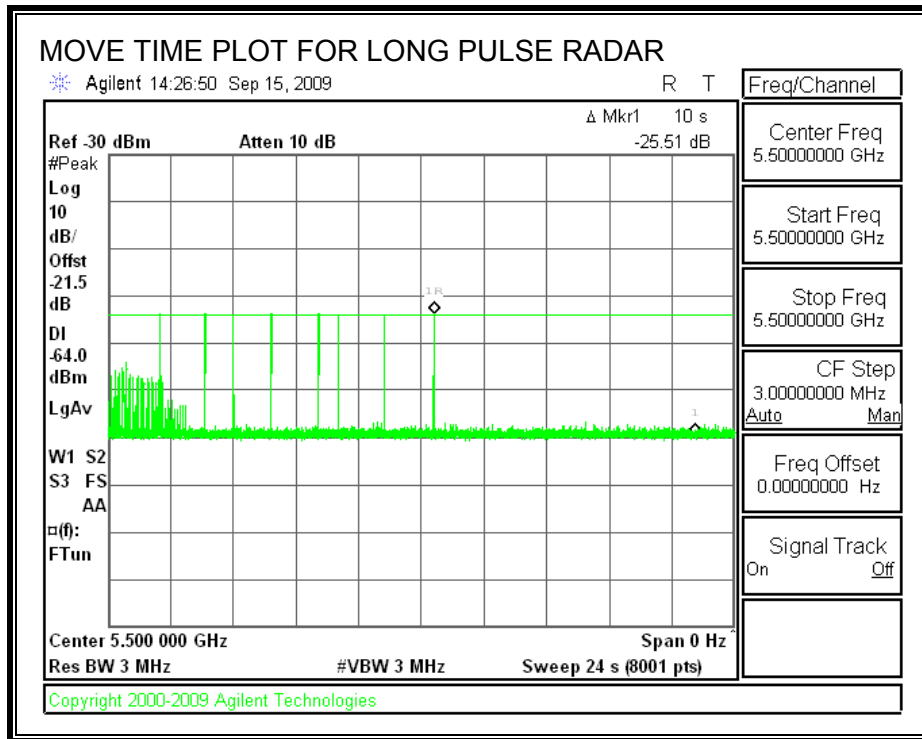


Only intermittent transmissions are observed during the IC aggregate monitoring period.



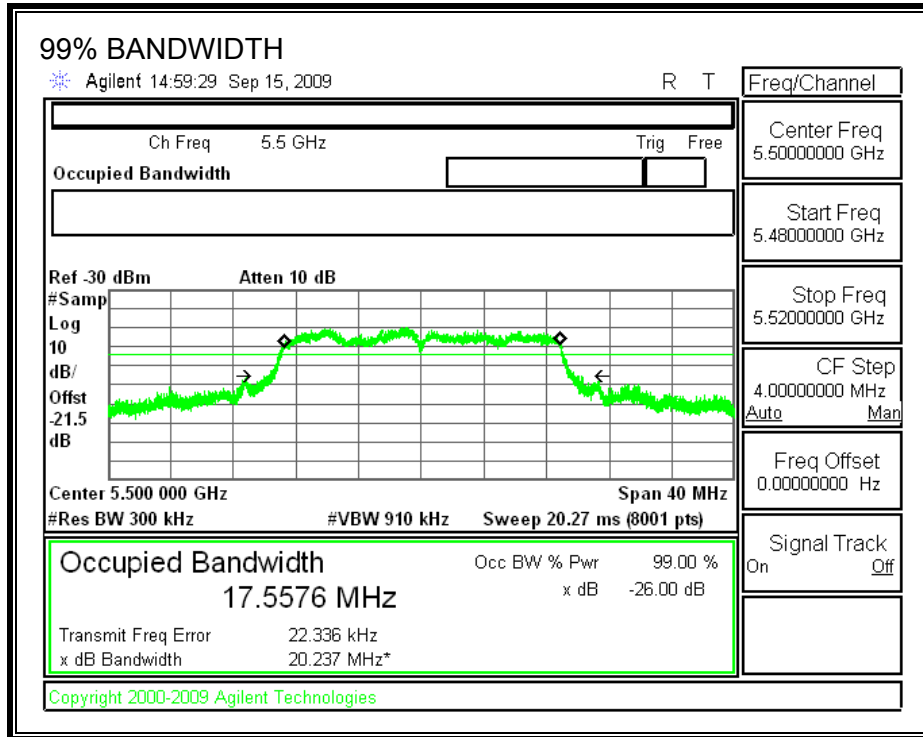
**LONG PULSE CHANNEL MOVE TIME**

The traffic ceases prior to 10 seconds after the end of the radar waveform.



### 10.2.6. DETECTION BANDWIDTH

#### REFERENCE PLOT OF 99% POWER BANDWIDTH



#### RESULTS

FL (MHz)	FH (MHz)	Detection Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Power Bandwidth (MHz)	Ratio of Detection BW to 99% Power BW (%)	Minimum Limit (%)
5492	5508	16	17.558	91.1	80

**DETECTION BANDWIDTH PROBABILITY**

<b>Detection Bandwidth Test Results</b>				
<b>FCC Type 1 Waveform: 1 us Pulse Width, 1428 us PRI, 18 Pulses per Burst</b>				
<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>	<b>Number of Trials</b>	<b>Number Detected</b>	<b>Detection (%)</b>	<b>Mark</b>
5492	10	10	100	FL
5493	10	10	100	
5494	10	10	100	
5495	10	10	100	
5496	10	10	100	
5497	10	10	100	
5498	10	10	100	
5499	10	10	100	
5500	10	10	100	
5501	10	10	100	
5502	10	10	100	
5503	10	10	100	
5504	10	10	100	
5505	10	10	100	
5506	10	10	100	
5507	10	10	100	
5508	10	10	100	FH

### 10.2.7. IN-SERVICE MONITORING

#### RESULTS

<b>FCC Radar Test Summary</b>				
<b>Signal Type</b>	<b>Number of Trials</b>	<b>Detection (%)</b>	<b>Limit (%)</b>	<b>Pass/Fail</b>
FCC Short Pulse Type 1	30	100.00	60	Pass
FCC Short Pulse Type 2	30	93.33	60	Pass
FCC Short Pulse Type 3	30	96.67	60	Pass
FCC Short Pulse Type 4	30	93.33	60	Pass
Aggregate		95.83	80	Pass
FCC Long Pulse Type 5	30	100.00	80	Pass
FCC Hopping Type 6	34	100.00	70	Pass

**TYPE 1 DETECTION PROBABILITY**

<b>Data Sheet for FCC Short Pulse Radar Type 1</b>	
<b>1 us Pulse Width, 1428 us PRI, 18 Pulses per Burst</b>	
<b>Trial</b>	<b>Successful Detection (Yes/No)</b>
1	Yes
2	Yes
3	Yes
4	Yes
5	Yes
6	Yes
7	Yes
8	Yes
9	Yes
10	Yes
11	Yes
12	Yes
13	Yes
14	Yes
15	Yes
16	Yes
17	Yes
18	Yes
19	Yes
20	Yes
21	Yes
22	Yes
23	Yes
24	Yes
25	Yes
26	Yes
27	Yes
28	Yes
29	Yes
30	Yes

**TYPE 2 DETECTION PROBABILITY**

<b>Data Sheet for FCC Short Pulse Radar Type 2</b>				
<b>Waveform</b>	<b>Pulse Width (us)</b>	<b>PRI (us)</b>	<b>Pulses Per Burst</b>	<b>Successful Detection (Yes/No)</b>
2001	3.4	201.00	24	Yes
2002	1.2	159.00	27	No
2003	1.6	188.00	25	Yes
2004	1.9	202.00	29	Yes
2005	2.8	163.00	26	Yes
2006	1.3	190.00	26	Yes
2007	4	160.00	28	Yes
2008	2.2	222.00	24	Yes
2009	3.7	217.00	29	Yes
2010	2	176.00	23	Yes
2011	3.7	159.00	24	Yes
2012	2	186.00	29	Yes
2013	2.8	222.00	23	Yes
2014	4.8	161.00	24	Yes
2015	3	166.00	27	Yes
2016	2.3	181.00	28	No
2017	3.9	168.00	28	Yes
2018	2	226.00	25	Yes
2019	1.7	224.00	27	Yes
2020	4.6	183.00	29	Yes
2021	3.6	229.00	23	Yes
2022	1	220.00	26	Yes
2023	2.3	203.00	28	Yes
2024	1.8	162.00	26	Yes
2025	1.8	179.00	23	Yes
2026	1.2	183.00	25	Yes
2027	4	192.00	24	Yes
2028	3.2	178.00	24	Yes
2029	2.3	165.00	26	Yes
2030	3	213.00	25	Yes

**TYPE 3 DETECTION PROBABILITY**

Data Sheet for FCC Short Pulse Radar Type 3				
Waveform	Pulse Width (us)	PRI (us)	Pulses Per Burst	Successful Detection (Yes/No)
3001	9.8	361.00	18	Yes
3002	7.7	377.00	18	Yes
3003	7.1	263.00	18	Yes
3004	5.3	322.00	16	Yes
3005	8.2	380.00	18	Yes
3006	9.4	453.00	17	Yes
3007	7.2	497.00	17	No
3008	9.6	268.00	18	Yes
3009	7.8	289.00	17	Yes
3010	9.6	374.00	17	Yes
3011	8.4	272.00	17	Yes
3012	6.4	250.00	17	Yes
3013	9.6	420.00	16	Yes
3014	8.4	398.00	18	Yes
3015	6	355.00	17	Yes
3016	9.5	346.00	17	Yes
3017	9	433.00	16	Yes
3018	5.7	315.00	18	Yes
3019	6.8	250.00	18	Yes
3020	5	283.00	16	Yes
3021	9.9	493.00	16	Yes
3022	9.2	480.00	18	Yes
3023	8.1	349.00	18	Yes
3024	8.1	471.00	18	Yes
3025	8.9	486.00	16	Yes
3026	9.3	496.00	17	Yes
3027	6.6	258.00	16	Yes
3028	6.3	405.00	16	Yes
3029	8	372	18	Yes
3030	6.1	382	17	Yes



**TYPE 4 DETECTION PROBABILITY**

<b>Data Sheet for FCC Short Pulse Radar Type 4</b>				
<b>Waveform</b>	<b>Pulse Width (us)</b>	<b>PRI (us)</b>	<b>Pulses Per Burst</b>	<b>Successful Detection (Yes/No)</b>
4001	15.8	493.00	15	Yes
4002	17.6	313.00	12	Yes
4003	16.9	404.00	15	Yes
4004	12.8	367.00	12	Yes
4005	18.4	498.00	16	Yes
4006	11.8	320.00	15	Yes
4007	17.3	493.00	16	Yes
4008	19	441.00	14	Yes
4009	17.2	438.00	13	Yes
4010	14.2	499.00	12	No
4011	19.1	371.00	13	Yes
4012	17	344.00	13	Yes
4013	12.2	415.00	12	Yes
4014	16.3	491.00	15	No
4015	17.6	296.00	15	Yes
4016	14.2	480.00	15	Yes
4017	13.5	412.00	16	Yes
4018	17.3	252.00	14	Yes
4019	13.6	327.00	13	Yes
4020	12.9	255.00	13	Yes
4021	17	371.00	13	Yes
4022	15.5	340.00	12	Yes
4023	20	371.00	15	Yes
4024	19.1	406.00	16	Yes
4025	12.6	462.00	15	Yes
4026	11.4	479.00	13	Yes
4027	15.1	334.00	15	Yes
4028	14.4	346.00	13	Yes
4029	16.7	484.00	15	Yes
4030	16	329.00	15	Yes

**TYPE 5 DETECTION PROBABILITY**

<b>Data Sheet for FCC Long Pulse Radar Type 5</b>	
<b>Trial</b>	<b>Successful Detection (Yes/No)</b>
1	Yes
2	Yes
3	Yes
4	Yes
5	Yes
6	Yes
7	Yes
8	Yes
9	Yes
10	Yes
11	Yes
12	Yes
13	Yes
14	Yes
15	Yes
16	Yes
17	Yes
18	Yes
19	Yes
20	Yes
21	Yes
22	Yes
23	Yes
24	Yes
25	Yes
26	Yes
27	Yes
28	Yes
29	Yes
30	Yes

Note: The Type 5 randomized parameters are shown in a separate document.

**TYPE 6 DETECTION PROBABILITY**

<b>Data Sheet for FCC Hopping Radar Type 6</b>				
<b>1 us Pulse Width, 333 us PRI, 9 Pulses per Burst, 1 Burst per Hop</b>				
<b>NTIA August 2005 Hopping Sequence</b>				
<b>Trial</b>	<b>Starting Index Within Sequence</b>	<b>Signal Generator Frequency (MHz)</b>	<b>Hops within Detection BW</b>	<b>Successful Detection (Yes/No)</b>
1	198	5492	5	Yes
2	673	5493	5	Yes
3	1148	5494	1	Yes
4	1623	5495	1	Yes
5	2098	5496	1	Yes
6	2573	5497	4	Yes
7	3048	5498	3	Yes
8	3523	5499	2	Yes
9	3998	5500	4	Yes
10	4473	5501	4	Yes
11	4948	5502	4	Yes
12	5423	5503	4	Yes
13	5898	5504	4	Yes
14	6373	5505	3	Yes
15	6848	5506	2	Yes
16	7323	5507	4	Yes
17	7798	5508	5	Yes
18	8273	5492	4	Yes
19	8748	5493	3	Yes
20	9223	5494	4	Yes
21	9698	5495	2	Yes
22	10173	5496	2	Yes
23	10648	5497	5	Yes
24	11123	5498	3	Yes
25	11598	5499	5	Yes
26	12073	5500	5	Yes
27	13023	5501	3	Yes
28	13498	5502	3	Yes
29	13973	5503	5	Yes
30	14448	5504	1	Yes
31	14923	5505	3	Yes
32	15398	5506	4	Yes
33	15873	5507	4	Yes
34	16348	5508	3	Yes

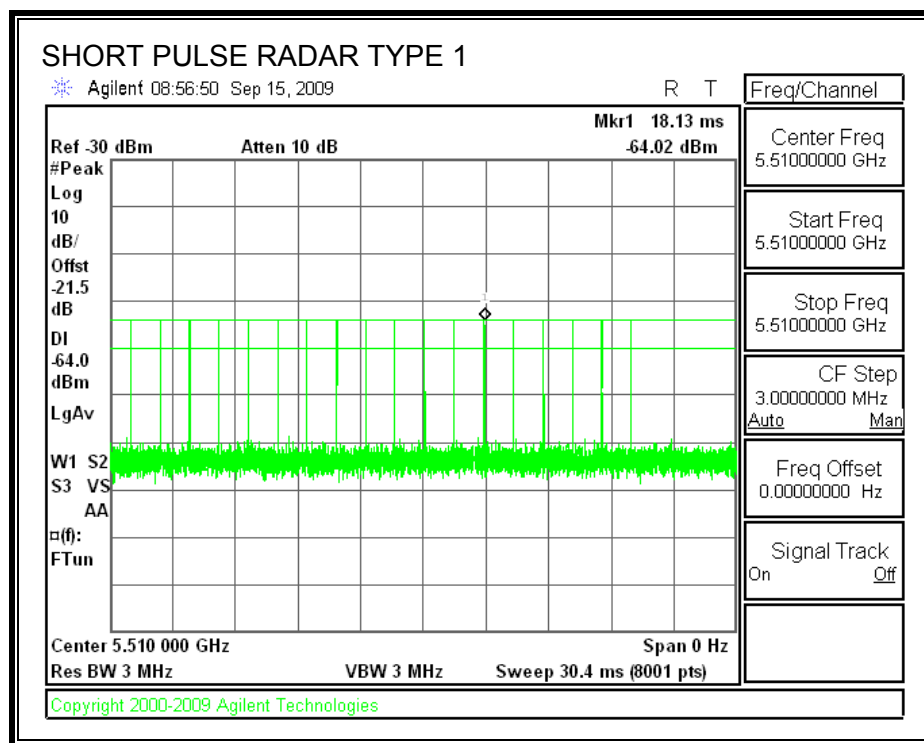
### 10.3. RESULTS FOR 40 MHz BANDWIDTH

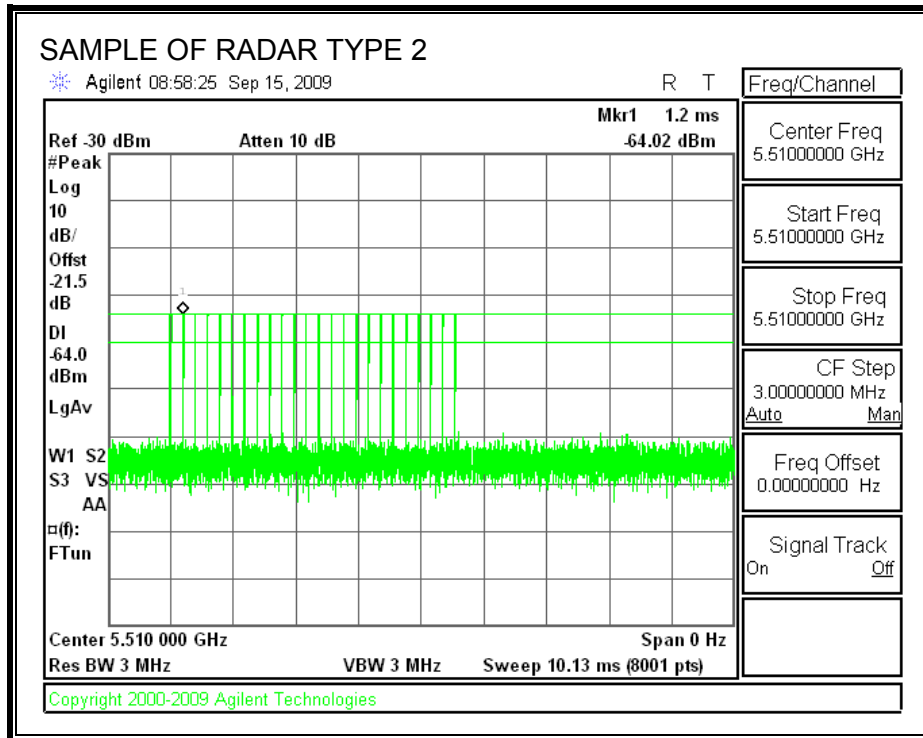
#### 10.3.1. TEST CHANNEL

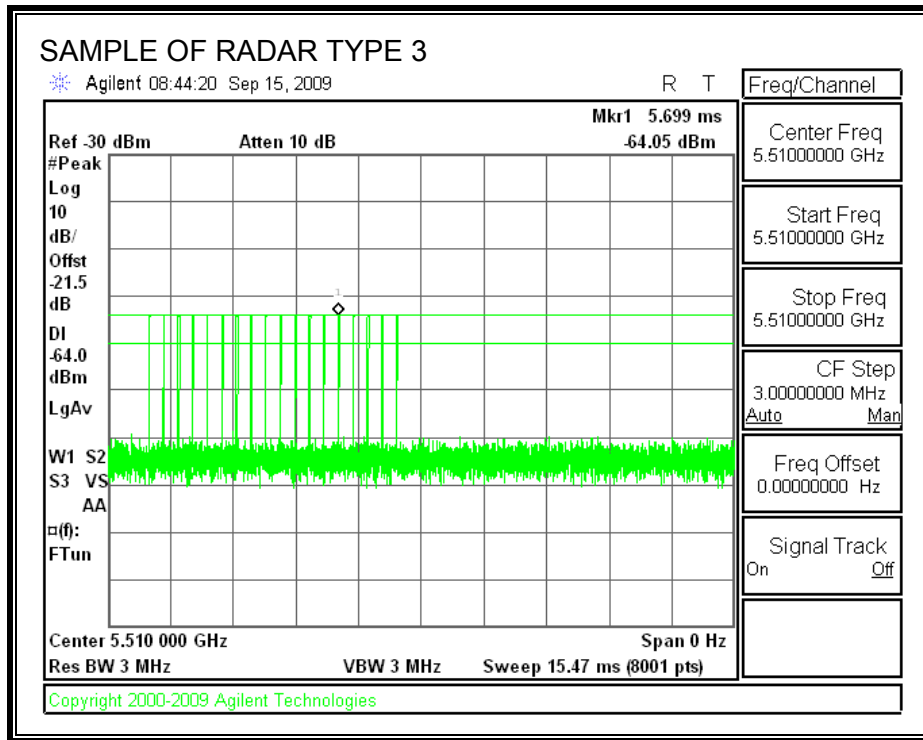
All tests were performed at a channel center frequency of 5510 MHz.

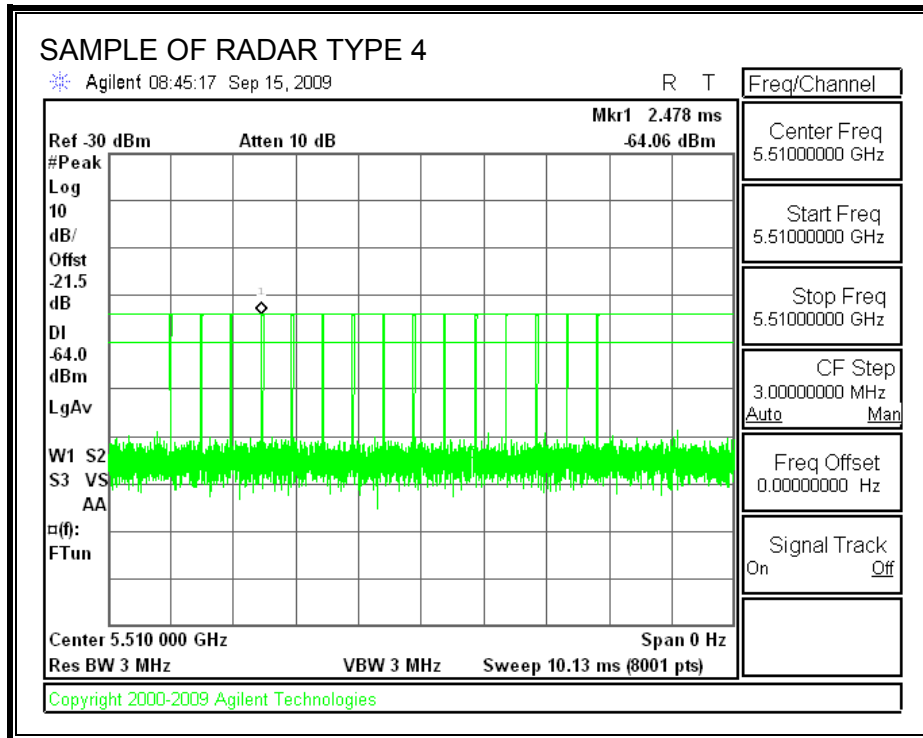
#### 10.3.2. PLOTS OF RADAR WAVEFORMS AND WLAN TRAFFIC

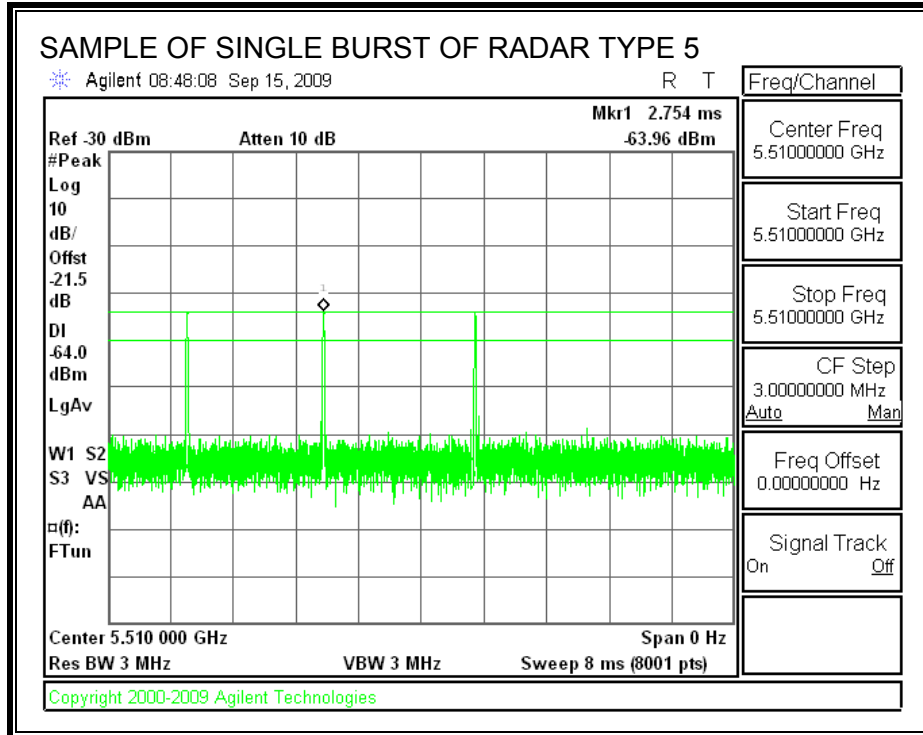
##### PLOTS OF RADAR WAVEFORMS



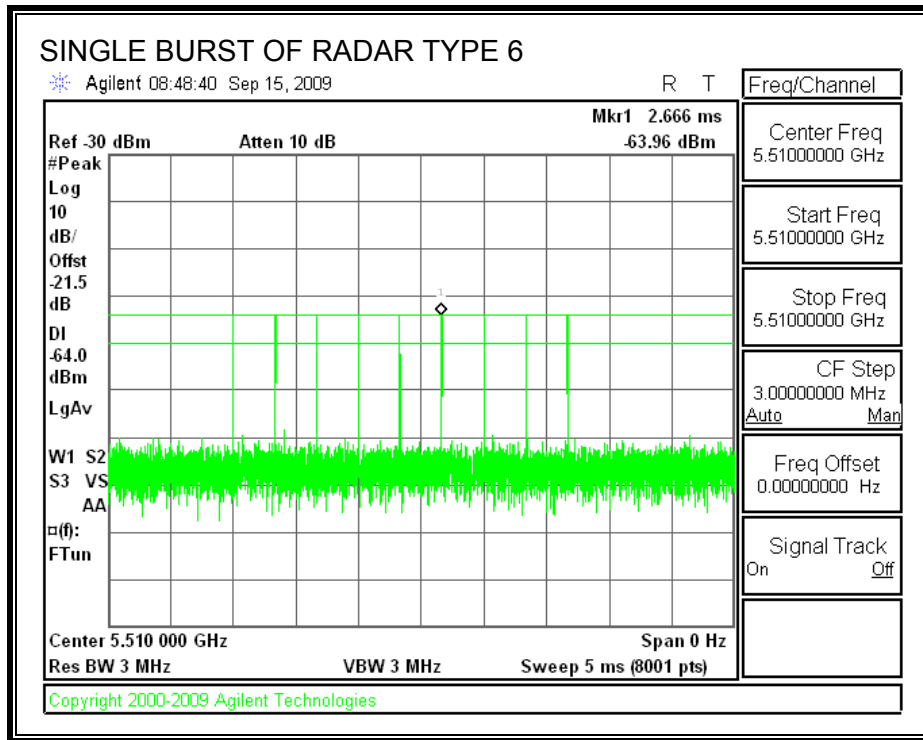




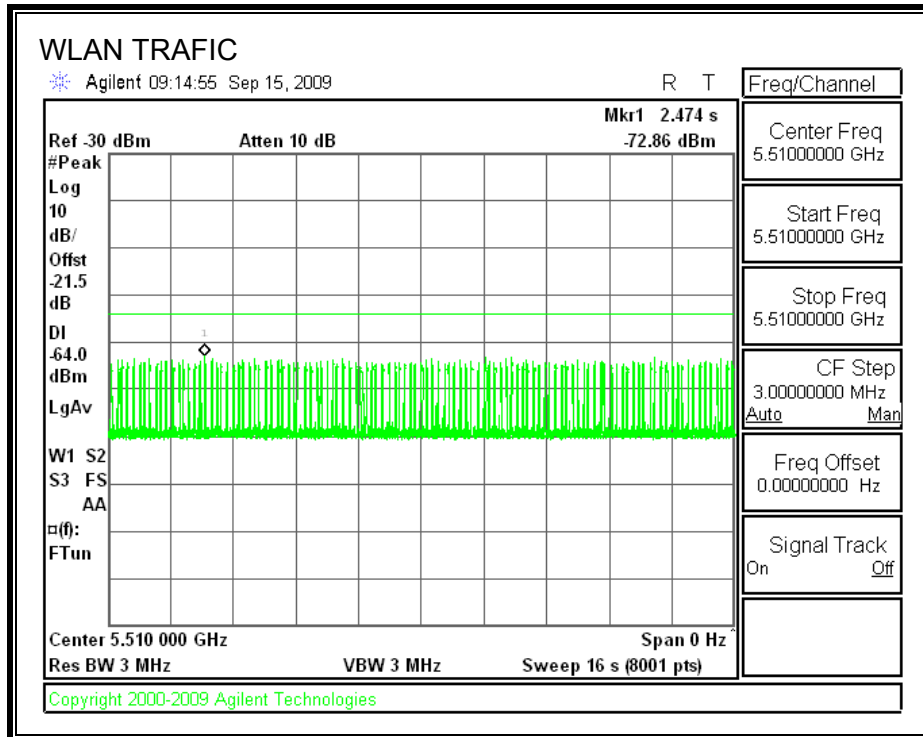








**PLOT OF WLAN TRAFFIC FROM MASTER**



### **10.3.3. CHANNEL AVAILABILITY CHECK TIME**

#### **PROCEDURE TO DETERMINE INITIAL POWER-UP CYCLE TIME**

A link was established on channel then the EUT was rebooted. The time from the cessation of traffic to the re-initialization of traffic was measured as the time required for the EUT to complete the total power-up cycle. The time to complete the initial power-up period is 60 seconds less than this total power-up time.

#### **PROCEDURE FOR TIMING OF RADAR BURST**

With a link established on channel, the EUT was rebooted. A radar signal was triggered within 0 to 6 seconds after the initial power-up period, and transmissions on the channel were monitored on the spectrum analyzer.

The Non-Occupancy list was cleared. With a link established on channel, the EUT was rebooted. A radar signal was triggered within 54 to 60 seconds after the initial power-up period, and transmissions on the channel were monitored on the spectrum analyzer.

**QUANTITATIVE RESULTS**

**No Radar Triggered**

Timing of Reboot (sec)	Timing of Start of Traffic (sec)	Total Power-up Cycle Time (sec)	Initial Power-up Cycle Time (sec)
30.3	165.2	134.9	74.9

**Radar Near Beginning of CAC**

Timing of Reboot (sec)	Timing of Radar Burst (sec)	Radar Relative to Reboot (sec)	Radar Relative to Start of CAC (sec)
30.23	106.4	76.2	1.3

**Radar Near End of CAC**

Timing of Reboot (sec)	Timing of Radar Burst (sec)	Radar Relative to Reboot (sec)	Radar Relative to Start of CAC (sec)
30	163.8	133.8	58.9

**QUALITATIVE RESULTS**

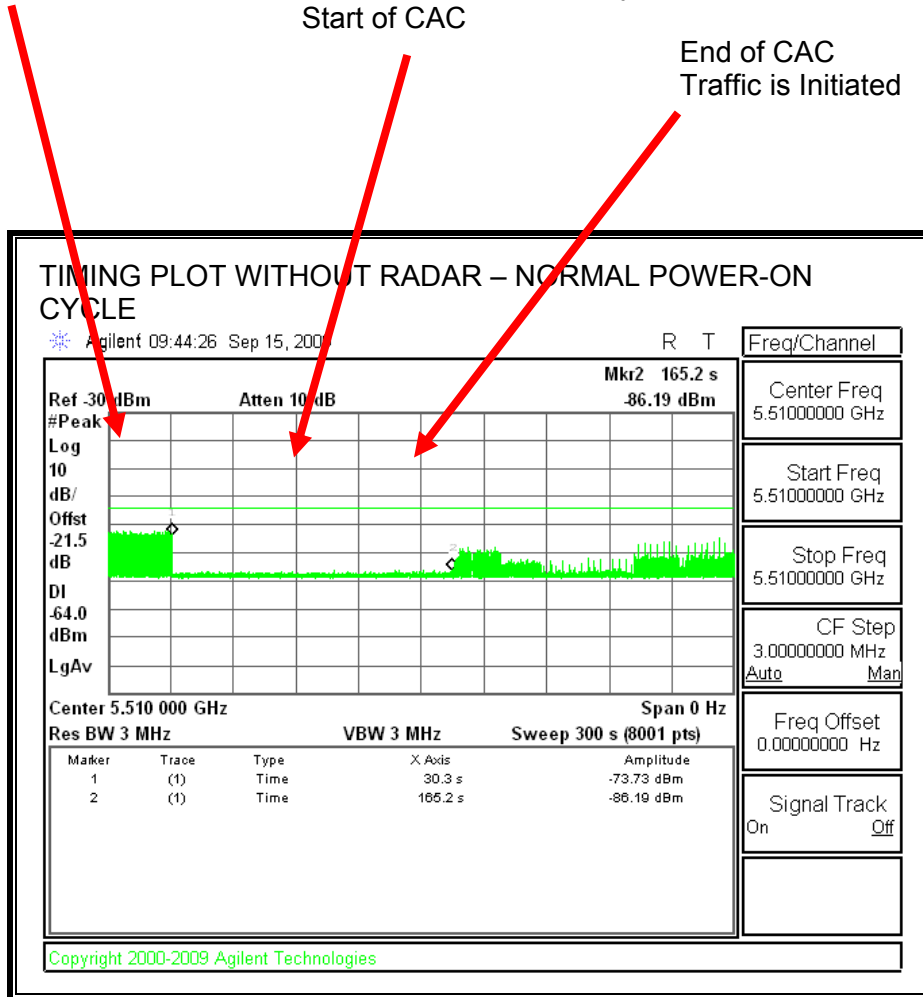
Timing of Radar Burst	Display on Control Computer	Spectrum Analyzer Display
No Radar Triggered	EUT marks Channel as active	Transmissions begin on channel after completion of the initial power-up cycle and the CAC
Within 0 to 6 second window	EUT indicates radar detected	No transmissions on channel
Within 54 to 60 second window	EUT indicates radar detected	No transmissions on channel

**TIMING PLOT WITHOUT RADAR DURING CAC**

AP is rebooted  
 Traffic ceases  
 Start of Initial Power-up cycle

End of Initial Power-up cycle  
 Start of CAC

End of CAC  
 Traffic is Initiated



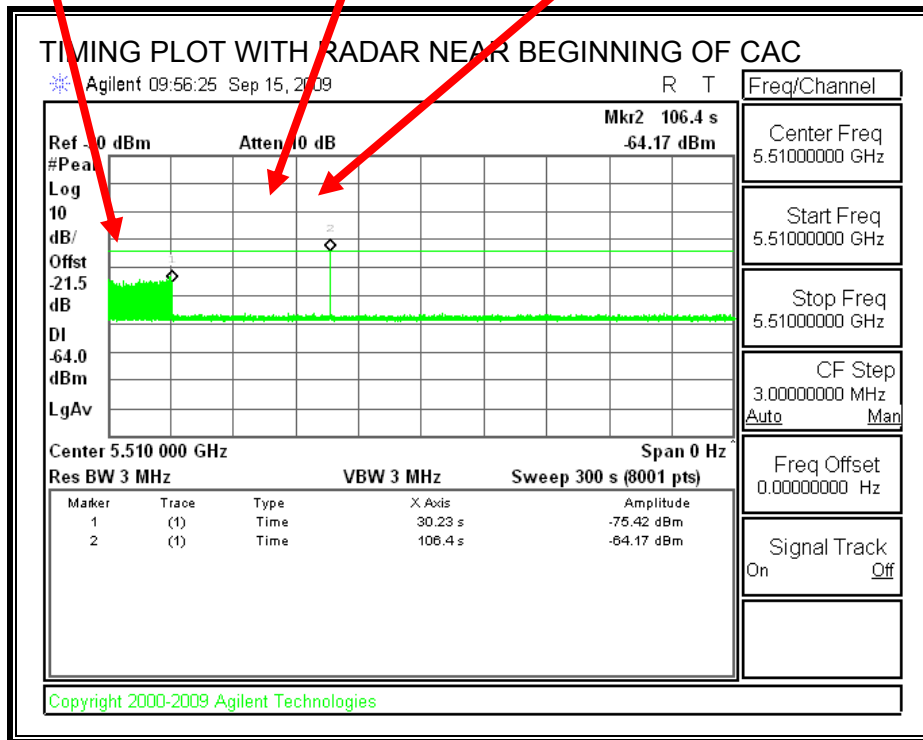
Transmissions begin on channel after completion of the initial power-up cycle and the CAC.

**TIMING PLOT WITH RADAR NEAR BEGINNING OF CAC**

AP is rebooted  
 Traffic ceases  
 Start of Initial Power-up cycle

End of Initial Power-up cycle  
 Start of CAC

Radar Signal Applied



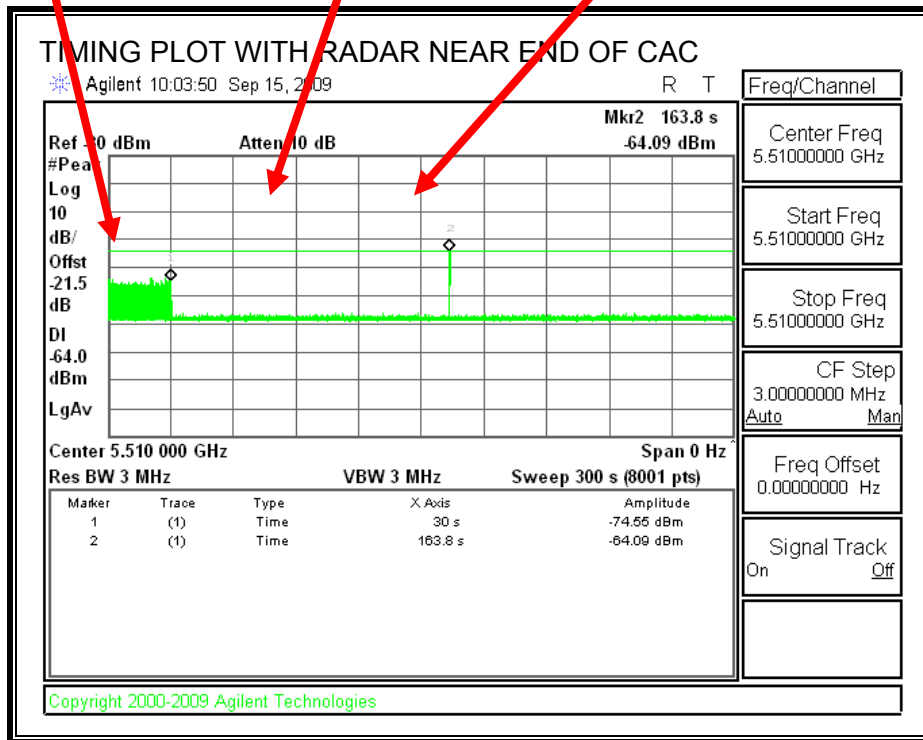
No EUT transmissions were observed after the radar signal.

**TIMING PLOT WITH RADAR NEAR END OF CAC**

AP is rebooted  
 Traffic ceases  
 Start of Initial Power-up cycle

End of Initial Power-up cycle  
 Start of CAC

Radar Signal Applied



No EUT transmissions were observed after the radar signal.

### 10.3.4. OVERLAPPING CHANNEL TESTS

#### RESULTS

These tests are not applicable.

### 10.3.5. MOVE AND CLOSING TIME

#### REPORTING NOTES

The reference marker is set at the end of last radar pulse.

The delta marker is set at the end of the last WLAN transmission following the radar pulse. This delta is the channel move time.

The aggregate channel closing transmission time is calculated as follows:

Aggregate Transmission Time =  
(Number of analyzer bins showing transmission) \* (dwell time per bin)

The observation period over which the FCC aggregate time is calculated begins at (Reference Marker + 200 msec) and ends no earlier than (Reference Marker + 10 sec).

The observation period over which the IC aggregate time is calculated begins at (Reference Marker) and ends no earlier than (Reference Marker + 10 sec).

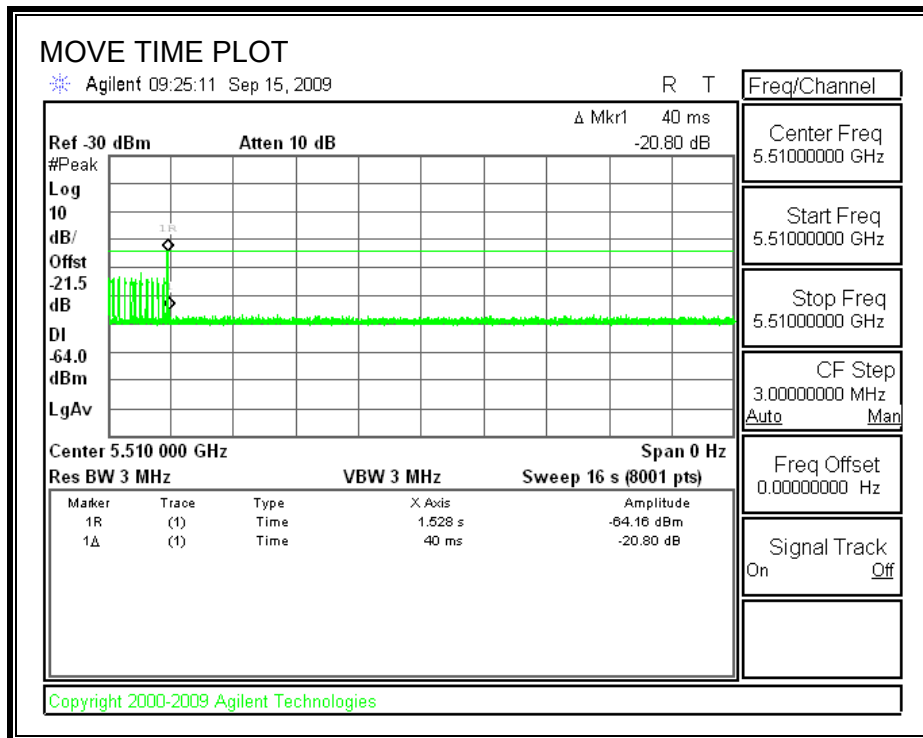
#### RESULTS

Agency	Channel Move Time (sec)	Limit (sec)
FCC / IC	0.040	10

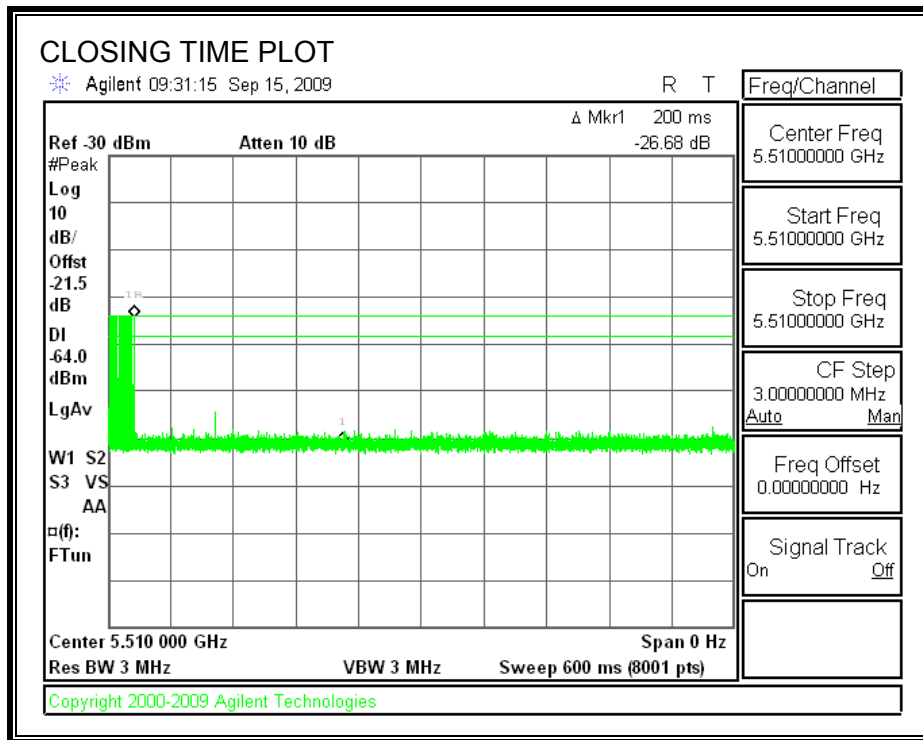
Agency	Aggregate Channel Closing Transmission Time (msec)	Limit (msec)
FCC	0.0	60
IC	2.0	260



**MOVE TIME**

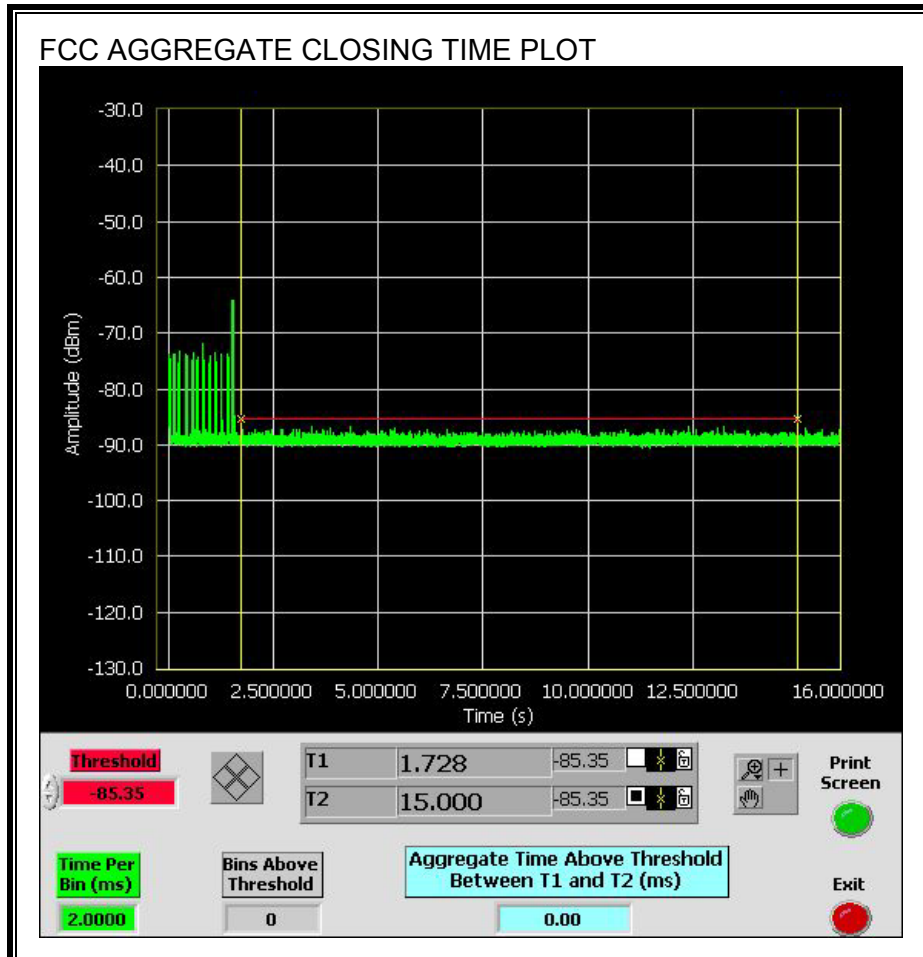


**CHANNEL CLOSING TIME**

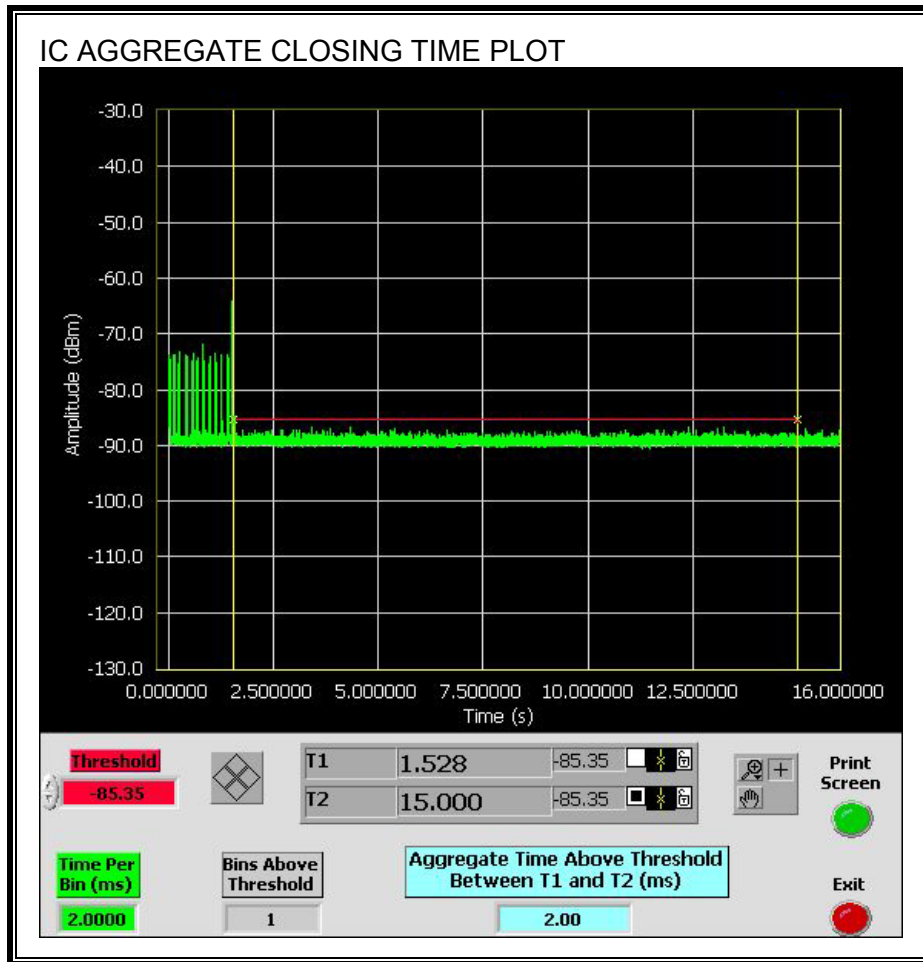


**AGGREGATE CHANNEL CLOSING TRANSMISSION TIME**

No transmissions are observed during the FCC aggregate monitoring period.

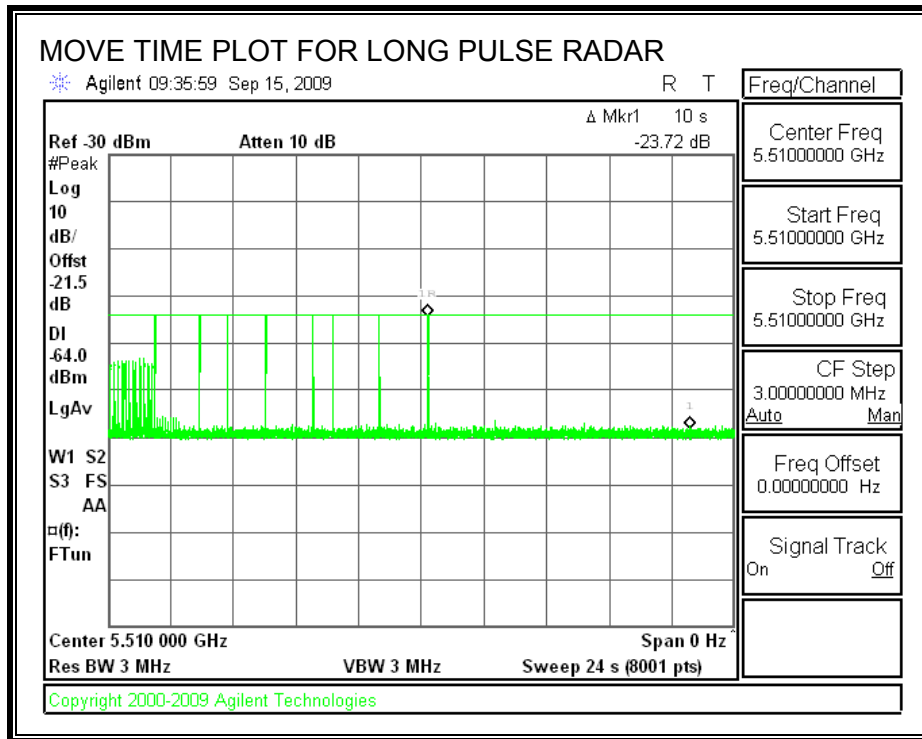


Only intermittent transmissions are observed during the IC aggregate monitoring period.



**LONG PULSE CHANNEL MOVE TIME**

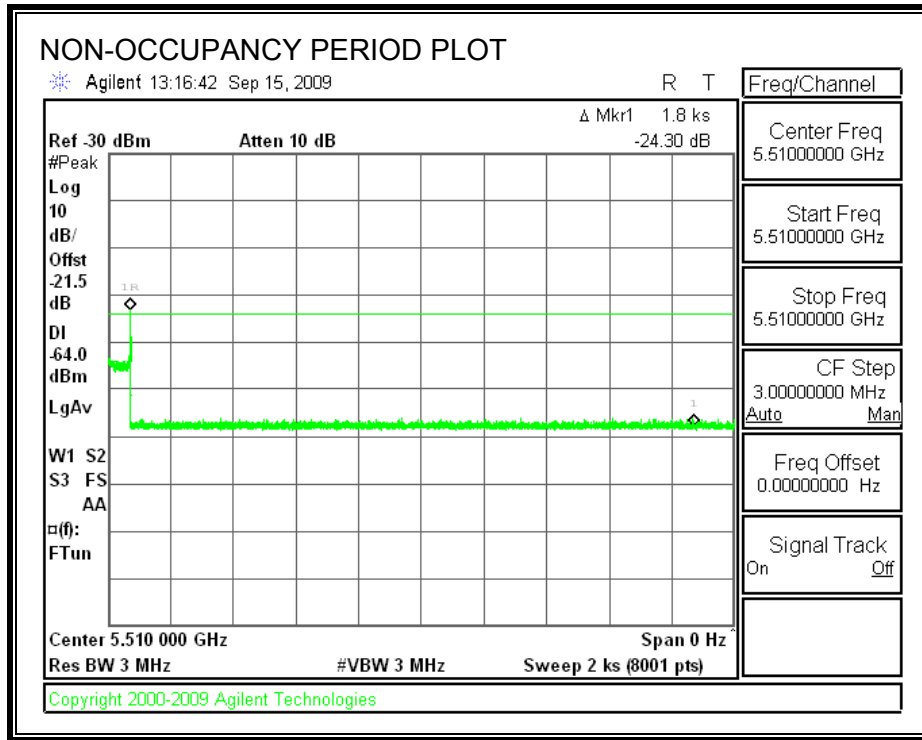
The traffic ceases prior to 10 seconds after the end of the radar waveform.



### 10.3.6. NON-OCCUPANCY PERIOD

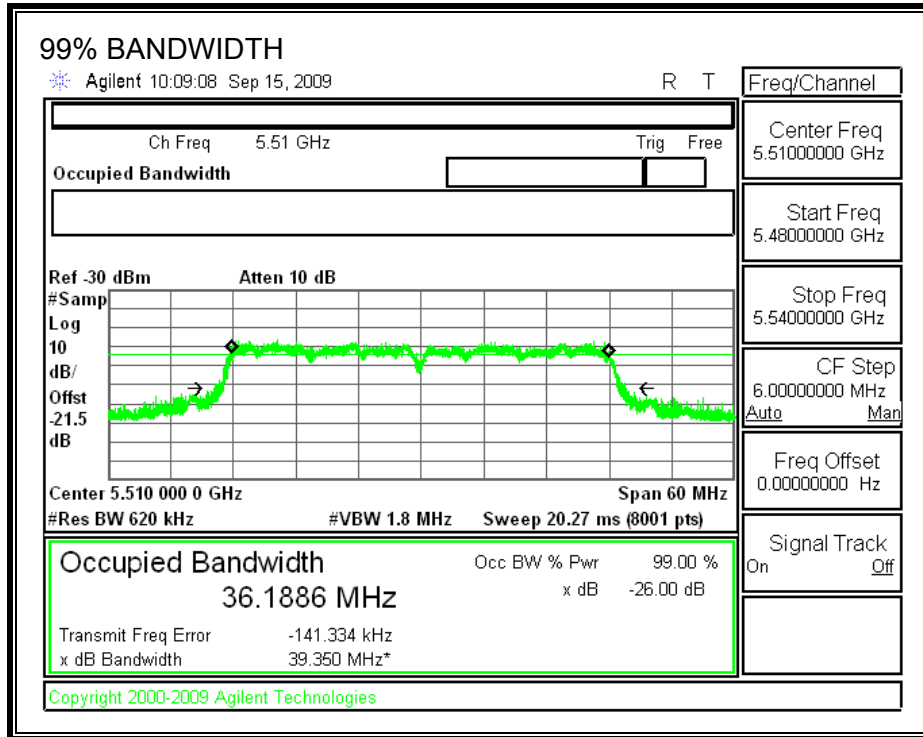
#### RESULTS

No EUT transmissions were observed on the test channel during the 30-minute observation time.



### 10.3.7. DETECTION BANDWIDTH

#### REFERENCE PLOT OF 99% POWER BANDWIDTH



#### RESULTS

FL (MHz)	FH (MHz)	Detection Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Power Bandwidth (MHz)	Ratio of Detection BW to 99% Power BW (%)	Minimum Limit (%)
5492	5528	36	36.189	99.5	80

**DETECTION BANDWIDTH PROBABILITY**

<b>Detection Bandwidth Test Results</b>				
<b>FCC Type 1 Waveform: 1 us Pulse Width, 1428 us PRI, 18 Pulses per Burst</b>				
<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>	<b>Number of Trials</b>	<b>Number Detected</b>	<b>Detection (%)</b>	<b>Mark</b>
5492	10	10	100	FL
5493	10	10	100	
5494	10	10	100	
5495	10	10	100	
5496	10	10	100	
5497	10	10	100	
5498	10	10	100	
5499	10	10	100	
5500	10	10	100	
5501	10	10	100	
5502	10	10	100	
5503	10	10	100	
5504	10	10	100	
5505	10	10	100	
5506	10	10	100	
5507	10	10	100	
5508	10	10	100	
5509	10	10	100	
5510	10	10	100	
5511	10	10	100	
5512	10	10	100	
5513	10	10	100	
5514	10	10	100	
5515	10	10	100	
5516	10	10	100	
5517	10	10	100	
5518	10	10	100	
5519	10	10	100	
5520	10	10	100	
5521	10	10	100	
5522	10	10	100	
5523	10	10	100	
5524	10	10	100	
5525	10	10	100	
5526	10	10	100	
5527	10	10	100	
5528	10	10	100	FH



**10.3.8. IN-SERVICE MONITORING**

**RESULTS**

<b>FCC Radar Test Summary</b>				
<b>Signal Type</b>	<b>Number of Trials</b>	<b>Detection (%)</b>	<b>Limit (%)</b>	<b>Pass/Fail</b>
FCC Short Pulse Type 1	30	100.00	60	Pass
FCC Short Pulse Type 2	30	100.00	60	Pass
FCC Short Pulse Type 3	30	100.00	60	Pass
FCC Short Pulse Type 4	30	90.00	60	Pass
Aggregate		97.50	80	Pass
FCC Long Pulse Type 5	30	100.00	80	Pass
FCC Hopping Type 6	37	97.30	70	Pass

**TYPE 1 DETECTION PROBABILITY**

<b>Data Sheet for FCC Short Pulse Radar Type 1</b>	
<b>1 us Pulse Width, 1428 us PRI, 18 Pulses per Burst</b>	
<b>Trial</b>	<b>Successful Detection (Yes/No)</b>
1	Yes
2	Yes
3	Yes
4	Yes
5	Yes
6	Yes
7	Yes
8	Yes
9	Yes
10	Yes
11	Yes
12	Yes
13	Yes
14	Yes
15	Yes
16	Yes
17	Yes
18	Yes
19	Yes
20	Yes
21	Yes
22	Yes
23	Yes
24	Yes
25	Yes
26	Yes
27	Yes
28	Yes
29	Yes
30	Yes

**TYPE 2 DETECTION PROBABILITY**

<b>Data Sheet for FCC Short Pulse Radar Type 2</b>				
<b>Waveform</b>	<b>Pulse Width (us)</b>	<b>PRI (us)</b>	<b>Pulses Per Burst</b>	<b>Successful Detection (Yes/No)</b>
2001	3.4	201.00	24	Yes
2002	1.2	159.00	27	Yes
2003	1.6	188.00	25	Yes
2004	1.9	202.00	29	Yes
2005	2.8	163.00	26	Yes
2006	1.3	190.00	26	Yes
2007	4	160.00	28	Yes
2008	2.2	222.00	24	Yes
2009	3.7	217.00	29	Yes
2010	2	176.00	23	Yes
2011	3.7	159.00	24	Yes
2012	2	186.00	29	Yes
2013	2.8	222.00	23	Yes
2014	4.8	161.00	24	Yes
2015	3	166.00	27	Yes
2016	2.3	181.00	28	Yes
2017	3.9	168.00	28	Yes
2018	2	226.00	25	Yes
2019	1.7	224.00	27	Yes
2020	4.6	183.00	29	Yes
2021	3.6	229.00	23	Yes
2022	1	220.00	26	Yes
2023	2.3	203.00	28	Yes
2024	1.8	162.00	26	Yes
2025	1.8	179.00	23	Yes
2026	1.2	183.00	25	Yes
2027	4	192.00	24	Yes
2028	3.2	178.00	24	Yes
2029	2.3	165.00	26	Yes
2030	3	213.00	25	Yes

**TYPE 3 DETECTION PROBABILITY**

Data Sheet for FCC Short Pulse Radar Type 3				
Waveform	Pulse Width (us)	PRI (us)	Pulses Per Burst	Successful Detection (Yes/No)
3001	9.8	361.00	18	Yes
3002	7.7	377.00	18	Yes
3003	7.1	263.00	18	Yes
3004	5.3	322.00	16	Yes
3005	8.2	380.00	18	Yes
3006	9.4	453.00	17	Yes
3007	7.2	497.00	17	Yes
3008	9.6	268.00	18	Yes
3009	7.8	289.00	17	Yes
3010	9.6	374.00	17	Yes
3011	8.4	272.00	17	Yes
3012	6.4	250.00	17	Yes
3013	9.6	420.00	16	Yes
3014	8.4	398.00	18	Yes
3015	6	355.00	17	Yes
3016	9.5	346.00	17	Yes
3017	9	433.00	16	Yes
3018	5.7	315.00	18	Yes
3019	6.8	250.00	18	Yes
3020	5	283.00	16	Yes
3021	9.9	493.00	16	Yes
3022	9.2	480.00	18	Yes
3023	8.1	349.00	18	Yes
3024	8.1	471.00	18	Yes
3025	8.9	486.00	16	Yes
3026	9.3	496.00	17	Yes
3027	6.6	258.00	16	Yes
3028	6.3	405.00	16	Yes
3029	8	372	18	Yes
3030	6.1	382	17	Yes

**TYPE 4 DETECTION PROBABILITY**

<b>Data Sheet for FCC Short Pulse Radar Type 4</b>				
<b>Waveform</b>	<b>Pulse Width (us)</b>	<b>PRI (us)</b>	<b>Pulses Per Burst</b>	<b>Successful Detection (Yes/No)</b>
4001	15.8	493.00	15	Yes
4002	17.6	313.00	12	Yes
4003	16.9	404.00	15	No
4004	12.8	367.00	12	Yes
4005	18.4	498.00	16	Yes
4006	11.8	320.00	15	Yes
4007	17.3	493.00	16	Yes
4008	19	441.00	14	Yes
4009	17.2	438.00	13	Yes
4010	14.2	499.00	12	Yes
4011	19.1	371.00	13	Yes
4012	17	344.00	13	Yes
4013	12.2	415.00	12	Yes
4014	16.3	491.00	15	Yes
4015	17.6	296.00	15	Yes
4016	14.2	480.00	15	Yes
4017	13.5	412.00	16	Yes
4018	17.3	252.00	14	Yes
4019	13.6	327.00	13	No
4020	12.9	255.00	13	Yes
4021	17	371.00	13	Yes
4022	15.5	340.00	12	Yes
4023	20	371.00	15	Yes
4024	19.1	406.00	16	No
4025	12.6	462.00	15	Yes
4026	11.4	479.00	13	Yes
4027	15.1	334.00	15	Yes
4028	14.4	346.00	13	Yes
4029	16.7	484.00	15	Yes
4030	16	329.00	15	Yes

**TYPE 5 DETECTION PROBABILITY**

<b>Data Sheet for FCC Long Pulse Radar Type 5</b>	
<b>Trial</b>	<b>Successful Detection (Yes/No)</b>
1	Yes
2	Yes
3	Yes
4	Yes
5	Yes
6	Yes
7	Yes
8	Yes
9	Yes
10	Yes
11	Yes
12	Yes
13	Yes
14	Yes
15	Yes
16	Yes
17	Yes
18	Yes
19	Yes
20	Yes
21	Yes
22	Yes
23	Yes
24	Yes
25	Yes
26	Yes
27	Yes
28	Yes
29	Yes
30	Yes

Note: The Type 5 randomized parameters are shown in a separate document.

**TYPE 6 DETECTION PROBABILITY**

<b>Data Sheet for FCC Hopping Radar Type 6</b>				
<b>1 us Pulse Width, 333 us PRI, 9 Pulses per Burst, 1 Burst per Hop</b>				
<b>NTIA August 2005 Hopping Sequence</b>				
<b>Trial</b>	<b>Starting Index Within Sequence</b>	<b>Signal Generator Frequency (MHz)</b>	<b>Hops within Detection BW</b>	<b>Successful Detection (Yes/No)</b>
1	325	5492	6	Yes
2	800	5493	3	Yes
3	1275	5494	9	Yes
4	1750	5495	9	Yes
5	2225	5496	8	Yes
6	2700	5497	6	Yes
7	3175	5498	6	Yes
8	3650	5499	8	Yes
9	4125	5500	5	Yes
10	4600	5501	5	Yes
11	5075	5502	6	Yes
12	5550	5503	5	Yes
13	6025	5504	6	Yes
14	6500	5505	7	Yes
15	6975	5506	10	Yes
16	7450	5507	7	Yes
17	7925	5508	4	Yes
18	8400	5509	9	Yes
19	8875	5510	9	Yes
20	9350	5511	7	Yes
21	9825	5512	6	Yes
22	10300	5513	7	Yes
23	10775	5514	8	Yes
24	11250	5515	12	Yes
25	11725	5516	5	Yes
26	12200	5517	9	Yes
27	12675	5518	9	Yes
28	13150	5519	6	Yes
29	13625	5520	7	Yes
30	14100	5521	9	Yes
31	14575	5522	5	Yes
32	15050	5523	8	Yes
33	15525	5524	8	Yes
34	16000	5525	8	Yes
35	16475	5526	9	Yes
36	16950	5527	5	Yes
37	17425	5528	4	No

## 11. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE

### FCC RULES

§1.1310 The criteria listed in Table 1 shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in §1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of §2.1093 of this chapter.

TABLE 1—LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Averaging time (minutes)
(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposures				
0.3–3.0 .....	614	1.63	*(100)	6
3.0–30 .....	1842/f	4.89/f	*(900/f <sup>2</sup> )	6
30–300 .....	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300–1500 .....	.....	.....	f/300	6
1500–100,000 .....	.....	.....	5	6
(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
0.3–1.34 .....	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34–30 .....	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f <sup>2</sup> )	30

TABLE 1—LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)—Continued

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Averaging time (minutes)
30–300 .....	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300–1500 .....	.....	.....	f/1500	30
1500–100,000 .....	.....	.....	1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz

\* = Plane-wave equivalent power density

NOTE 1 TO TABLE 1: Occupational/controlled limits apply in situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment provided those persons are fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. Limits for occupational/controlled exposure also apply in situations when an individual is transient through a location where occupational/controlled limits apply provided he or she is made aware of the potential for exposure.

NOTE 2 TO TABLE 1: General population/uncontrolled exposures apply in situations in which the general public may be exposed, or in which persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for exposure or can not exercise control over their exposure.



**IC RULES**

IC Safety Code 6, Section 2.2.1 (a) A person other than an RF and microwave exposed worker shall not be exposed to electromagnetic radiation in a frequency band listed in Column 1 of Table 5, if the field strength exceeds the value given in Column 2 or 3 of Table 5, when averaged spatially and over time, or if the power density exceeds the value given in Column 4 of Table 5, when averaged spatially and over time.

**Table 5  
 Exposure Limits for Persons Not Classed As RF and Microwave Exposed Workers (Including the General Public)**

1 Frequency (MHz)	2 Electric Field Strength; rms (V/m)	3 Magnetic Field Strength; rms (A/m)	4 Power Density (W/m <sup>2</sup> )	5 Averaging Time (min)
0.003–1	280	2.19		6
1–10	280/ <i>f</i>	2.19/ <i>f</i>		6
10–30	28	2.19/ <i>f</i>		6
30–300	28	0.073	2*	6
300–1 500	1.585 <i>f</i> <sup>0.5</sup>	0.0042 <i>f</i> <sup>0.5</sup>	<i>f</i> /150	6
1 500–15 000	61.4	0.163	10	6
15 000–150 000	61.4	0.163	10	616 000 / <i>f</i> <sup>1.2</sup>
150 000–300 000	0.158 <i>f</i> <sup>0.5</sup>	4.21 x 10 <sup>-4</sup> <i>f</i> <sup>0.5</sup>	6.67 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> <i>f</i>	616 000 / <i>f</i> <sup>1.2</sup>

\* Power density limit is applicable at frequencies greater than 100 MHz.

- Notes:**
1. Frequency, *f*, is in MHz.
  2. A power density of 10 W/m<sup>2</sup> is equivalent to 1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>.
  3. A magnetic field strength of 1 A/m corresponds to 1.257 microtesla (μT) or 12.57 milligauss (mG).

## **EQUATIONS**

Power density is given by:

$$S = \text{EIRP} / (4 * \text{Pi} * \text{D}^2)$$

where

S = Power density in W/m<sup>2</sup>

EIRP = Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power in W

D = Separation distance in m

Power density in units of W/m<sup>2</sup> is converted to units of mWc/m<sup>2</sup> by dividing by 10.

Distance is given by:

$$D = \text{SQRT} (\text{EIRP} / (4 * \text{Pi} * S))$$

where

D = Separation distance in m

EIRP = Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power in W

S = Power density in W/m<sup>2</sup>

In the table(s) below, Power and Gain are entered in units of dBm and dBi respectively and conversions to linear forms are used for the calculations.

## **LIMITS**

From FCC §1.1310 Table 1 (B), the maximum value of S = 1.0 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

From IC Safety Code 6, Section 2.2 Table 5 Column 4, S = 10 W/m<sup>2</sup>

**RESULTS**

(MPE distance equals 20 cm)

Band	Mode	Separation Distance (m)	Output Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	IC Power Density (W/m <sup>2</sup> )	FCC Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )
5.2 GHz	11a (2 Chains)	0.20	12.10	6.01	0.13	0.013
5.2 GHz	11n HT20 (4 Chains)	0.20	13.67	3.0	0.09	0.009
5.2 GHz	11n HT40 (4 Chains)	0.20	16.88	3.0	0.19	0.019
5.3 GHz	11a (2 Chains)	0.20	18.62	6.01	0.58	0.058
5.3 GHz	11n HT20 (4 Chains)	0.20	20.50	3.0	0.45	0.045
5.3 GHz	11n HT40 (4 Chains)	0.20	23.62	3.0	0.91	0.091
5.6 GHz	11a (2 Chains)	0.20	19.76	6.01	0.75	0.075
5.6 GHz	11n HT20 (4 Chains)	0.20	22.70	3.0	0.74	0.074
5.6 GHz	11n HT40 (4 Chains)	0.20	23.89	3.0	0.97	0.097