Report on the FCC and IC Testing of the Marquardt GmbH
Passive Car Entry Key

Model: BK1

In accordance with FCC 47 CFR Part 15 C and ISED RSS-210 and ISED RSS-GEN

Prepared for: Marquardt GmbH

Schloss-Str. 16

78604 Rietheim-Weilheim

Germany

FCC ID: IYZBK1A IC: 2701A-BK1A



# COMMERCIAL-IN-CONFIDENCE

Date: 2022-07-26

Document Number: TR-713266457-00 | Revision: 0

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**Engineering Statement:** 

This measurement shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures described on test pages. All reporded testing was carried out on a sample equipment to demonstrate limited compilance with with FCC 47 CFR Part 15 C and ISED RSS-210 and RSS-GEN.

The sample tested was found to comply with the requirements defined in the applied rules.

RESPONSIBLE FOR	NAME		DATE		SIGNATURE
Testing	Alex Fink		2022-07	-26	Fint
					SIGN-ID 678022
Laboratory Accreditation		Laboratory recognition		Industry Canad	la test site registration
DAkkS Reg. No. D-PL-11	321-11-03	Registration No. BNetzA-CAB-16/	21-15	3050A-2	· ·
DAkkS Reg. No. D-PL-11		Ç			

#### **Executive Statement:**

A sample of this product was tested and found to be compilant with FCC 47 CFR Part 15 C:2021 and ISED RSS-210:2020 and RSS-GEN:2021

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Annex to Test Report TR-713266457-00 | Revision: 0



# 1 Report Summary

# 1.1 Modification Report

Alternations and additions of this report will be issued to the holders of each copy in the form of a complete document.

Revision	Description of changes	Date of Issue
1	First Issue	2022-07-26

**Table 1: Report of Modifications** 

#### 1.2 Introduction

Applicant Marquardt GmbH Manufacturer Marquardt GmbH

Model Number(s) BK1
Serial Number(s) --Hardware Version(s) --Software Version(s) --Number of Samples Tested 1

Test Specification(s) / FCC 47 CFR Part 15 C: 2021

Issue / Date ISED RSS-210, Issue 10, Amendment 1: 2020

ISED RSS-GEN, Issue 5, Amendment 1: 2019 and

Amendment 2: 2021

Test Plan/Issue/Date --Order Number ---

 Date
 2022-07-20

 Date of Receipt of EUT
 2022-07-20

 Start of Test
 2022-07-21

 Finish of Test
 2022-07-25

 Name of Engineer(s)
 Alex Fink

Related Document(s) ANSI C63.4: 2014

ANSI C63.10: 2013

FCC 47 CFR Part 2 J: 2019 KDB 558074 D01 V05R02 ISED RSS-102, Issue 5, 2015

KDB 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01



# 1.3 Brief Summary of Results

A brief summary of the tests carried out in accordance with FCC 47 CFR Part 15 C, ISED RSS-210 and ISED RSS-GEN is shown below.

Section	Specification	Test Description	Result
	Clause		
Transmittin	g continuously		
2.1	15.231(c)	Bandwidth of momentary signals	Pass
2.2	15.231(a)/	Periodic operation requirement	Pass
	15.231(3)		
2.4	15.231(a)	Radiated Emissions	Pass
	15.205, 15.209		
N/A	15.207	Conducted Emissions on Mains Terminals	Not applicable,
			battery supply

Table 2: Results according to FCC 47 CFR Part 15 C

Section	Specification	Test Description	Result
	Clause		
Transmittin	g continuously		
2.1	A1.3	Bandwidth of momentary signals	Pass
2.2	A.1.1	Periodic operation requirement Pass	
2.4	A.1.1	Radiated Emissions	Pass

Table 3: Results according to ISED RSS-210

Section	Specification	Test Description	Result
	Clause		
Transmittin	g continuously		
2.1	6.7	Bandwidth of momentary signals	Pass
2.4	8.9, 8.10	Spurious Emissions	Pass
2.3	6.11	Temperature Stability	Pass
N/A	8.8	Conducted Emissions on Mains Terminals	Not applicable,
			battery supply

Table 4: Results according to RSS-Gen



#### Troduct octvice

# 1.4 Product Information

# 1.4.1 Technical Description

The BK1, as a passive entry vehicle key, is part of a driving authorisation system, which further consists of a Body Control Unit.

The Body Control Unit sends an LF signal for wake up. The BK1 corresponds in return over RF bidirectionally for authentication.

The components exchange encrypted data for car access, to start the engine and to locate the key.

#### User manual

The BK1 will have some variations in the housing design depending on the variant. The BK1 has up to four buttons. Open, Close, Trunk and Panic (optional for North American market). On each button press it initiates the communication to the Body Control Module.

#### Open Button

- To unlock the vehicles doors when the button is pressed short.
- In case the button is pressed long the windows will open additionally.

#### Close Button

- Locks the vehicles doors when the button is pressed short.
- When the button is pressed long the windows will close additionally.
- To activate the power save mode when pressed twice. This mode is deactivated by pressing any button.

# Trunk Button

To unlock and open the vehicles trunk lid.

Optional the car can be accessed without handling the key. In this case RF signals are exchanged bidirectional when touching the door handle.

In case the battery is low car access is possible by means of an integrated mechanic emergency key. The BK1 is then to be placed into a dedicated slot inside the vehicles centre console to be powered wireless by means of a magnetic field for passive Transponder communication.



**Product Service** 

Working temperature: -20° to +60° C (UHF) Rough mechanical dimensions: 87 X 44 X 13 mm

Weight: 50 g

**Data of UHF-Part** 

Transmission mode: bidirectional RF

2 channels

Receiver

Channel frequencies (center): Channel 1: 433.20 MHz

Channel 2: 434.64 MHz

Frequency tolerance: +/- 10 kHz

(production, aging, temperature)

Sensitivity: -88 dBm

Modulation: BFSK

Frequency deviation: +/- 10 kHz

Antenna: integrated PCB antenna, combined for Rx / Tx

Antenna gain: 0 dBi

Transmitter:

Center frequency: see Rx

Frequency tolerance: +/- 10 kHz

(production, aging, temperature)

Modulation: BFSK

Frequency deviation: +/- 20 kHz

Antenna: integrated PCB antenna, combined for Rx / Tx

Antenna gain: 0 dBi

1.5 EUT Modifications Record



The table below details modifications made to the EUT during the test programme. The modifications incorporated during each test are recorded on the appropriate test pages.

Modification State	Description of Modification still fitted to EUT	Modification Fitted By	Date Modification Fitted
0	As supplied by the customer, S/N: test sample with normal antenna	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Table 5

# 1.6 Test Location

TÜV SÜD Product Service conducted the following tests at our Straubing test laboratory:

Test Name	Name of Engineer(s)
Transmitting continuously	
Bandwidth of momentary signals	Alex Fink
Periodic operation requirement	Alex Fink
Radiated Emissions	Alex Fink
Temperature Stability	Alex Fink

### Office Address:

Äußere Frühlingstraße 45 94315 Straubing Germany



# 2 Test Details

# 2.1 Bandwidth of Momentary Signals

# 2.1.1 Specification Reference

FCC 47 CFR Part 15 C, Clause 15.231(c) ISED RSS-210, Clause A.1.3 ISED RSS-Gen, Clause 6.7

# 2.1.2 Equipment under Test and Modification State

BK1, S/N: --- - Modification State 0

### 2.1.3 Date of Test

2022-07-22

### 2.1.4 Environmental Conditions

Ambient Temperature 26 °C Relative Humidity 51 %

# 2.1.5 Specification Limits

### FCC 47 CFR, clause 15.231(c)

The bandwidth of the emission shall be no wider than 0.25 % of the center frequency for devices operating above 70 MHz and below 900 MHz. For devices operating above 900 MHz, the emission shall no wider than 0.5 % of the center frequency. Bandwidth is determined at the points 20 dB down from the modulation carrier.

# ISED RSS-210 Issue 10, Amd. 1; clause A1.3

The occupied bandwidth of the momentary devices shall be less than or equal to 0.25 % of the centre frequency for devices operating between 70 MHz and 900 MHz. For devices operating above 900 MHz, the occupied bandwidth shall be less than or equal to 0.5 % of the centre frequency.

# 2.1.6 Test Method

The test was performed according to ANSI C63.10, clauses 6.9 See section 2.4.6 of this test report for details.

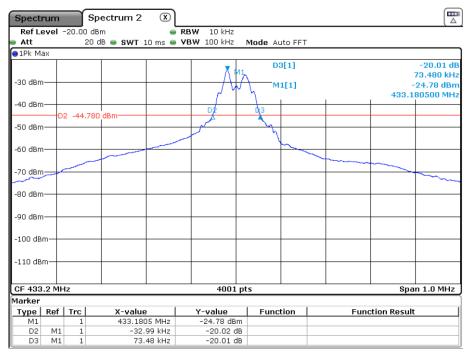


# 2.1.7 Test Results

# Transmitting continuously on 433.2 MHz

Center frequency	20 dB Bandwidth
433.20 MHz	106.47 kHz

Table 6: 20 dB Bandwidth



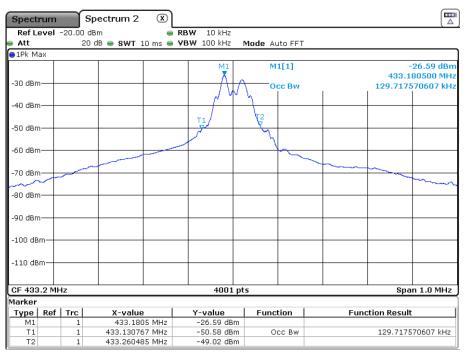
Date: 22.JUL.2022 12:41:15



# Transmitting continuously on 433.2 MHz

Centre Frequency	99% Bandwidth
433.20 MHz	129.72 kHz

Table 7: 99% Bandwidth



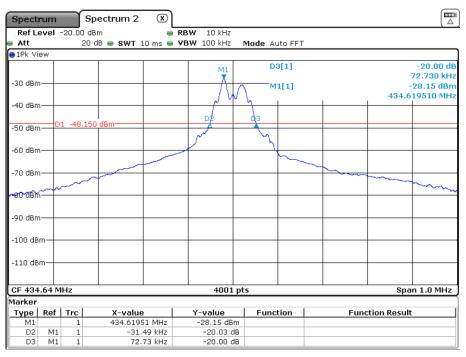
Date: 22.JUL.2022 12:42:22



# Transmitting continuously on 434.64 MHz

Centre Frequency	99% Bandwidth
434.64 MHz	104.22 kHz

Table 8: 20 dB Bandwidth



Date: 22.JUL.2022 12:44:48



### Transmitting continuously on 434.64 MHz

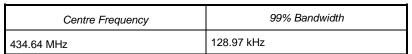
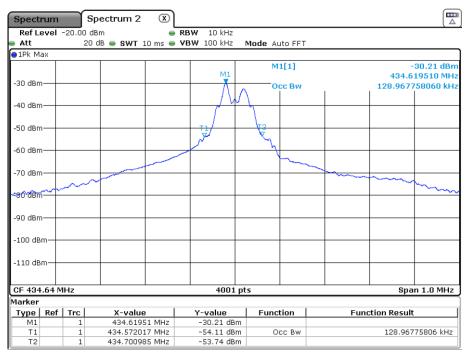


Table 9: 99% Bandwidth



Date: 22.JUL.2022 12:43:27

# 2.1.8 Test Location and Test Equipment

The test was carried out in Semi anechoic room - cabin no. 11

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No	TE No	Calibration Period (months)	Calibration Due
TRILOG Broadband Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	VULB 9162	20116	36	2025-01-31
Spectrum and signal analyser	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40	20219	24	2024-02-29

Table 10



# 2.2 Periodic Operation Requirement

# 2.2.1 Specification Reference

FCC 47 CFR Part 15 C, Clause 15.231(a) ISED RSS-210, Clause A.1.1

# 2.2.2 Equipment under Test and Modification State

BK1, S/N: --- - Modification State 0

#### 2.2.3 Date of Test

2022-07-22

#### 2.2.4 Environmental Conditions

Ambient Temperature 26 °C Relative Humidity 51 %

#### 2.2.5 Test Method

The test was performed using a spectrum analyzer in zero-span-mode with the frequency set to the center frequency of the transmitter and the resolution bandwidth set to a value greater of the emission bandwidth to cover the full output power of the transmitter. Sweep time and sweep points were set to values given a reasonable resolution of test results.

Center frequency: 434 MHz RBW: 2 MHz Sweep time: 10 sec Sweep points: 4001



# 2.2.6 Specification Limits

### FCC 47 CFR 15.231(a) and ISED RSS-210 A1.1

- 1. A manually operated transmitter shall employ a push-to-operate switch that will automatically deactivate the transmitter within not more than 5 s of being released.
- 2. A transmitter activated automatically shall cease transmission within 5 s after activation.
- 3. Periodic transmissions at regular predetermined intervals are not permitted (except as defined in FCC 47 CFR 15.231(e) and ISED RSS-210 A1.1.4). However, polling or supervision transmissions, including data, to determine system integrity of transmitters used in security or safety applications are allowed if the total duration of transmissions does not exceed more than two seconds per hour (2 s/h) for each transmitter. There is no limit on the number of individual transmissions, provided the total transmission time does not exceed 2 s/h.
- 4. Intentional radiators which are employed for radio control purposes during emergencies involving fire, security of goods (e.g. burglar alarms), and safety-of-life, when activated to signal an alarm, may operate during the pendency of the alarm condition.

#### FCC 47 CFR 15.231(e) and ISED RSS-210 A1.1.4

In additions, devices operated under these section shall be capable of automatically limiting their operation so that the duration of each transmission is not greater than 1 s and the silent period between transmission is at least 30 times the duration of the transmission, but not less than 10 s und all circumstances.



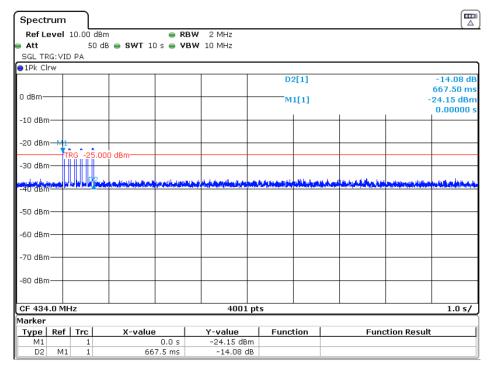
# 2.2.7 Test Results

General	inform	ation	on i	tranen	nittar:
General		Iauvii	UII	панэн	HILLEI.

The	e transm	nitter is used for		
	Security	y or safety applications		Declared by applicant
$\boxtimes$	other a	oplications		Declared by applicant
The	e transm	nitter is operated		
$\boxtimes$	manual	ly		Declared by applicant
	automa	tically		Declared by applicant
Pei		peration according to		
		R 47 Part 15, clause 15.231(a) ED RSS-210, Issue 10, Amd. 1, section A1.1		
	Only co	introl signals are sent and there is no continuous transmis-		Declared by applicant
	sion.	·		
	A manu	ally operated transmitter employs a switch that will auto-		Test performed
	matical ing rele	y deactivate the transmitter within not more than 5 s of beased.		Passed
$\boxtimes$	A trans	mitter activated automatically ceased transmission within	$\boxtimes$	Test performed
	5 s afte	r activation	$\boxtimes$	Passed
	Periodi	c transmissions at regular predetermined intervals are:		
		not performed		Declared by applicant
		performed with total time of two seconds per hour or less		Declared by applicant
		(for polling or supervision transmissions to determine sys-		Test performed
		tem integrity of transmitters used in security or safety applications)		Passed

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Please refer to external photos in annex for details.





Date: 22.JUL.2022 12:48:48

Result: transmission stopped after 668ms

# 2.2.8 Test Location and Test Equipment

The test was carried out in Semi anechoic room - cabin no. 11

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No	TE No	Calibration Period (months)	Calibration Due
TRILOG Broadband Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	VULB 9162	20116	36	2025-01-31
Spectrum and signal analyser	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40	20219	24	2024-02-29

Table 11



# 2.3 Temperature Stability

# 2.3.1 Specification Reference

ISED RSS-Gen, Clause 6.11, 8.11

# 2.3.2 Equipment under Test and Modification State

BK1, S/N: --- - Modification State 0

#### 2.3.3 Date of Test

2022-07-22

# 2.3.4 Environmental Conditions

Ambient Temperature 26 °C Relative Humidity 51 %

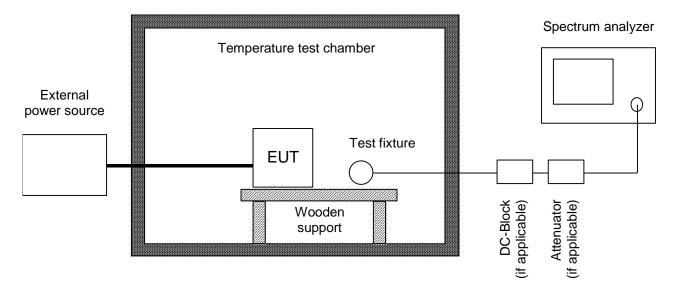
# 2.3.5 Specification Limits

If the stability of the license-exempt radio apparatus is not specified in the applicable RSS, the fundamental emissions of the radio apparatus should be kept within at least the central 80 % of its permitted operating frequency band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation. In additions, its occupied bandwidth shall be entirely outside the restricted bands and the prohibited TV bands of  $85 \, \text{MHz} - 72 \, \text{MHz}$ ,  $76 \, \text{MHz} - 88 \, \text{MHz}$ ,  $174 \, \text{MHz} - 216 \, \text{MHz}$ , and  $470 \, \text{MHz} - 602 \, \text{MHz}$ , unless otherwise indicated.



#### 2.3.6 Test Method

The test was performed according to ANSI C63.10, section 6.8.



The frequency tolerance of the carrier signal is measured over a temperature variation of -20 °C to +50 °C at normal supply voltage, and for a variation in the primary supply voltage from 85 % to 115 % of the rates supply voltage at a temperature of 20 °C. Temperature and voltage range may vary if the manufacturer states another temperature or voltage range.

If the EUT provides an antenna connector the spectrum analyzer is connected to this port. If required, a resistive matching network equal to the impedance specified or employed for the antenna is used as well as a DC block and appropriate (50 Ω) attenuators. In case where the EUT does not provide an antenna connector or a test fixture is used.

For battery operated equipment, the test is performed using a new battery. Alternatively, an external supply voltage can be used and is at least set to:

- The maximum battery voltage as delivered by a new battery or 115 % of the battery nominal voltage;
- The battery nominal voltage
- 85 % of the battery nominal voltage
- The battery operating end point voltage which shall be specified by the equipment manufacturer. The EUT is operating providing an unmodulated carrier for frequency error tests. The peak detector of the spectrum analyzer is selected and resolution as well as video bandwidth are set to values appropriate to shape of the spectrum of the EUT. The frequency counter mode of the spectrum analyzer is used to maximize the accuracy of the measured frequency tolerance.

If an unmodulated carrier is not available a significant and stable point of the spectrum is selected and the span is reduced to a value that delivers an accuracy which shall be better than 1 % of the maximum frequency tolerance allowed for the carrier signal. This method may be performed as long as the margin to the frequency tolerance is larger than the uncertainty of the measured frequency tolerance.



# 2.3.7 Test Results

# Transmitting continuously on 433.2 MHz

Temperature	Temperature Supply Voltage		Frequency drift
20.0°C	20.0°C 3.0 V DC		0
20.0°C 2.55 V DC		433.208500 MHz	0
20.0°C	3.3 V DC	433.208500 MHz	0
-20.0°C	3.0 V DC	433.203500 MHz	-5.00 kHz
60.0°C	3.0 V DC	433.207500 MHz	-1.00 kHz

Table 12

# Transmitting continuously on 434.64 MHz

Temperature	Temperature Supply Voltage		Frequency drift
20.0°C	20.0°C 3.0 V DC		0
20.0°C	20.0°C 2.55 V DC		0
20.0°C	3.3 V DC	434.647500 MHz	0
-20.0°C	3.0 V DC	434.642500 MHz	-5.00 kHz
60.0°C	3.0 V DC	434.646500 MHz	-1.00 kHz

Table 13

# 2.3.8 Test Location and Test Equipment

The test was carried out in Semi anechoic room - cabin no. 11

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No	TE No	Calibration Period (months)	Calibration Due
Spectrum and signal analyser	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40	20219	24	2024-02-29
Climatic test chamber	Feutron	KPK200-2	19868	18	2023-02-28

Table 14



# 2.4 Radiated emissions

# 2.4.1 Specification Reference

FCC 47 CFR Part 15 C, Clauses 15.205, 15.209 and 15.231(a) ISED RSS-210, Clause A.1.1 ISED RSS-Gen, Clauses 8.9 and 8.10

# 2.4.2 Equipment under Test and Modification State

BK1, S/N: --- - Modification State 0

# 2.4.3 Date of Test

2022-07-21 to 2022-07-25

# 2.4.4 Environmental Conditions

Ambient Temperature 26 °C Relative Humidity 49 %



#### T TOUGUST OCT VIC

# 2.4.5 Specification Limits

Frequency Range	Test distance	Field	strength	Field	strength
(MHz)	(m)	(μA/m)	(dBμA/m)	(μV/m)	(dBμV/m)
0.009 - 0.49	300	6.37 / f	20*lg(6.37 / f)	2400 / f	20*lg(2400 / f)
0.49 - 1.705	30	63.7 / f	20*lg(63.7 / f)	24000 / f	20*lg(24000 / f
1.705 - 30	30	0.08	20*lg(0.08 / f)	30	20*lg(30 / f)
30 – 88	3			100	40
88 – 216	3			150	43.5
126 – 960	3			200	46
above 960	3			500	54

Table 15 General radiated emission limits

#### FCC 47 CFR Part 15 C, Clause 15.231(a); ISED RSS-210, Clause A.1.1

Frequency Range	Field strength o	of fundamental	Field strength of s	spurious emissions
(MHz)	2500		(μV/m)	(dBμV/m)
40.66 – 40.70			225	47.96
70 – 130	1250	61.94	125	41.94
130 – 174	1250 – 3750 *	61.94 – 71.48 *	125 – 375 *	41.94 – 51.48 *
174 – 260	3750	71.48	375	51.48
260 – 470	260 – 470 3750 – 12500 *		375 – 1250 *	51.48 – 61.94 *
Above 470	12500	81.94	1250	61.94

<sup>\*</sup> linear interpolation

 $The above field strength \ limits \ are \ specified \ at \ a \ distance \ of \ 3 \ m. \ The \ tighter \ limits \ apply \ at \ the \ band \ edges.$ 

Intentional radiators shall demonstrate compliance with the limits above based on the (linear) average value of the measured emissions. As an alternative, compliance with these limits may be based on the use of measurement instrumentations with a CISPR quasipeak detector. If average emission measurements are employed, the provisions for averaging pulsed emissions and for limiting peak emissions apply.

The limits on the field strength of the spurious emissions in the table are based on the fundamental frequency of the intentional radiator. Spurious emissions shall be attenuated to the average (or alternatively, CISPR quasi-peak) limits shown in this table or to the general spurious emission limits, whichever limit permits a higher field strength.



FCC 47 CFR Part 15 C, Clause 15.231(e); ISED RSS-210, Clause A.1.4

Frequency Range	Field strength	of fundamental	Field strength of spurious emission		
(MHz)	(μV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(μV/m)	(dBμV/m)	
40.66 – 40.70	1000	60	100	40	
70 – 130	500	53.98	50	33.98	
130 – 174	500 – 1500 *	53.98 – 63.52 *	50 – 150 *	33.98 – 43.52	
174 – 260	1500	63.52	150	43.52	
260 – 470	1500 – 5000 *	63.52 – 73.98 *	150 – 500 *	43.52 – 53.98	
Above 470	5000	73.98	500	53.98	

<sup>\*</sup> linear interpolation

The above field strength limits are specified at a distance of 3 m. The tighter limits apply at the band edges.

Intentional radiators shall demonstrate compliance with the limits above based on the (linear) average value of the measured emissions. As an alternative, compliance with these limits may be based on the use of measurement instrumentations with a CISPR quasipeak detector. If average emission measurements are employed, the provisions for averaging pulsed emissions and for limiting peak emissions apply.

The limits on the field strength of the spurious emissions in the table are based on the fundamental frequency of the intentional radiator. Spurious emissions shall be attenuated to the average (or alternatively, CISPR quasi-peak) limits shown in this table or to the general spurious emission limits, whichever limit permits a higher field strength.



#### 2.4.6 Test Method

The test was performed according to ANSI C63.10, sections 11.11 and 11.12

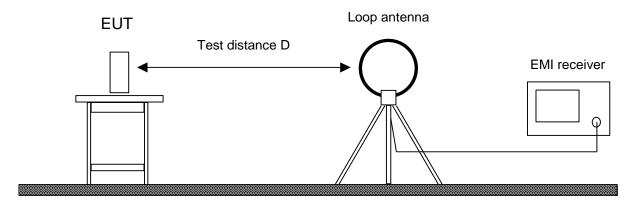
Prescans are performed in six positions of the EUT to get the full spectrum of emission caused by the EUT with the measuring antenna raised and lowered from 1 m to 4 m with vertical and horizontal polarisation to find the combination of table position, antenna height and antenna polarisation for the maximum emission levels.

Data reduction is applied to these results to select those levels having less margin than 10 dB or exceeding the limit using subranges and limited number of maximums.

Further maximisation for adjusting the maximum position is following.

Equipment and cables are placed and moved within the range of position likely to find their maximum emissions.

# 2.4.6.1 Frequency range 9 kHz – 30 MHz



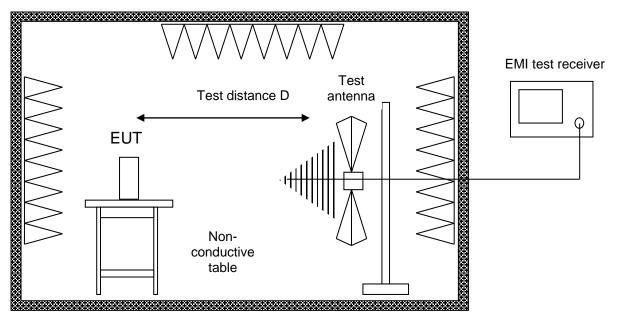
The EUT was placed on a non-conductive table, 0.8 m above the ground.

Radiated emissions in the frequency 9 kHz – 30 MHz is measured within a semi-anechoic room with an active loop antenna with the measurement detector set to peak. In addition, in the frequency range 9 kHz to 490 kHz also an average detector was used. The measurement bandwidth of the receiver was set to 300 Hz in the frequency range 9 kHz to 150 kHz and 10 kHz in the frequency range 150 kHz to 30 MHz. Prescans were performed in six positions of the EUT.

For final measurements the detector was set to CISPR quasi-peak and in addition to CISPR average in the frequency range 9 kHz to 490 kHz with a resolution bandwidth 200 Hz in the frequency range 9 kHz to 150 kHz and 9 kHz in the frequency range 150 kHz to 30 MHz. Final tests were performed immediately after a final frequency and zoom (for drifting disturbances) and maximum adjustment.



# 2.4.6.2 Frequency range 30 MHz – 1 GHz



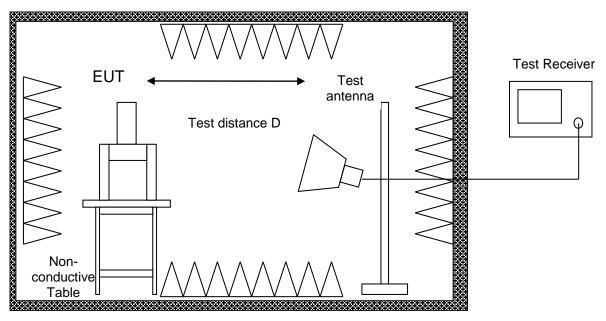
Alternate test site (semi anechoic room)

The EUT was placed on a non-conductive table, 0.8 m above the ground plane Radiated emissions in the frequency range 30 MHz – 1 GHz is measured within a semi-anechoic room with groundplane complying with the NSA requirements of ANSI C63.4. for alternative test sites. A linear polarised logarithmic periodic antenna combined with a 4:1 broadband dipole ("Trilog broadband antenna") is used.

For prescan tests the test receiver is set to peak-detector with a bandwidth of 120 kHz. With the measurement bandwidth of the test receiver set to 120 kHz CISPR quasi-peak detector is selected for final measurements following immediately after a final frequency zoom (for drifting disturbances) and maximum adjustment.



# 2.4.6.3 Frequency range above 1 GHz



Fully anechoic room

The EUT was placed on a non-conductive table, 1.5 m above the ground plane Radiated emission tests above 1 GHz are performed in a fully anechoic room with the S<sub>VSWR</sub> requirements of ANSI C63.4. Measurements are performed both in the horizontal and vertical planes of polarisation using a test receiver with the detector function set to peak and average and the resolution bandwidth set to 1 MHz. Testing above 1 GHz is performed with horn antennas with the EUT in boresight of the antenna.

For prescan tests the test receiver is set to peak- and average-detector with a bandwidth of 1 MHz. With the measurement bandwidth of the test receiver set to 1 MHz and peak- and CISPR average-detector is selected for final measurements following immediately after a final frequency zoom (for drifting disturbances) and maximum adjustment.



# 2.4.7 Test Results

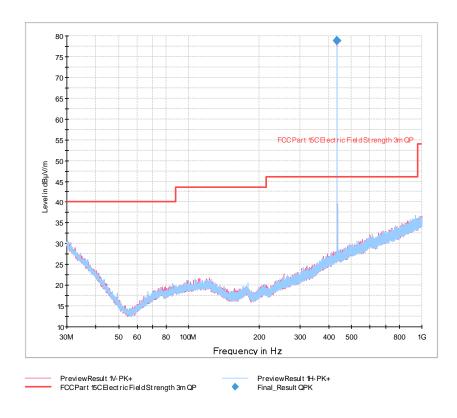
# Sample calculation:

Final Value (dB $\mu$ V/m) = Reading Value (dB $\mu$ V) + (Cable attenuation (dB)

+ Antenna Transducer (dB(1/m)))

Transmitting continuously on 433.2 MHz - Preliminary pre-scans for the worst-case orientation

#### x axis

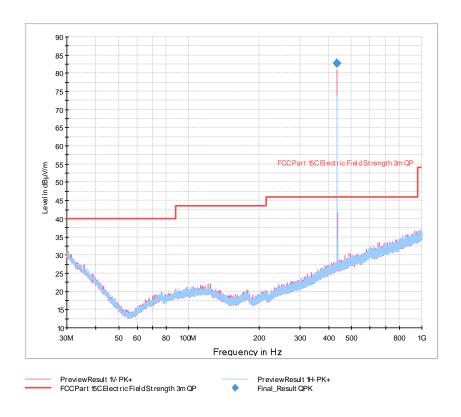


#### **Final Results:**

Frequency	QuasiPeak	Limit	Margin	Meas. Time	Bandwidth	Height	Pol	Azimuth	Corr.
MHz	dBμV/m	dBμV/m	dB	ms	kHz	cm		deg	dB/m
433.230000	78.93			1000.0	120.000	100.0	V	104.0	23.4



y axis



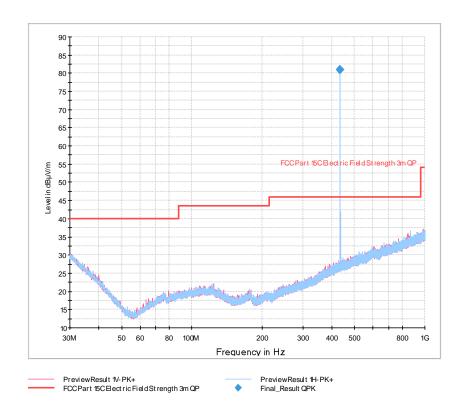
# **Final Results:**

Frequency	QuasiPeak	Limit	Margin	Meas. Time	Bandwidth	Height	Pol	Azimuth	Corr.
MHz	dBμV/m	dBμV/m	dB	ms	kHz	ст		deg	dB/m
433.230000	82.78			1000.0	120.000	128.0	V	98.0	23.4

→ Worst case orientation is y axis



#### z axis



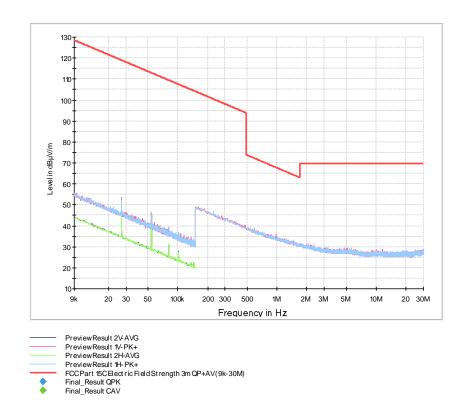
# **Final Results:**

Frequency	QuasiPeak	Limit	Margin	Meas. Time	Bandwidth	Height	Pol	Azimuth	Corr.
MHz	dBμV/m	dBμV/m	dB	ms	kHz	ст		deg	dB/m
433.230000	80.96			1000.0	120.000	100.0	Η	9.0	23.4



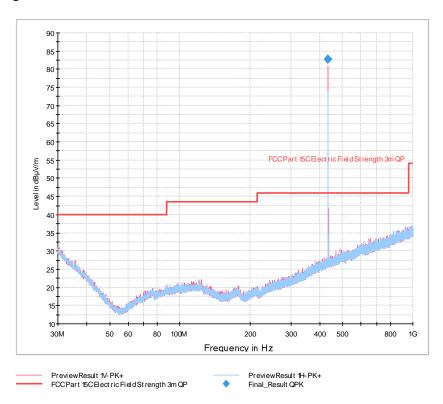
# Transmitting continuously on 433.2 MHz - final measurement in y axis

# Frequency range 9 kHz – 30 MHz:





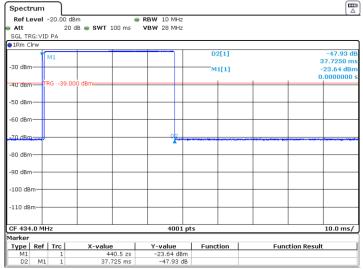
# Frequency range 30 MHz – 1 GHz:



# **Final Results:**

Frequency	QuasiPeak	Limit	Margin	Meas. Time	Bandwidth	Height	Pol	Azimuth	Corr.	
MHz	dBμV/m	dBμV/m	dB	ms	kHz	cm		deg	dB/m	l
433.230000	74.32#1	80.80	6.48	1000.0	120.000	128.0	V	98.0	23.4	Ì

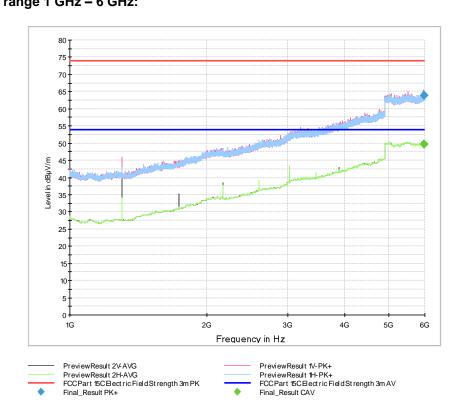
Note #1: 82.78 dBµV/m measured with max peak detector and -8.46 dB pulse train correction factor



Date: 22.JUL.2022 08:03:44



# Frequency range 1 GHz – 6 GHz:



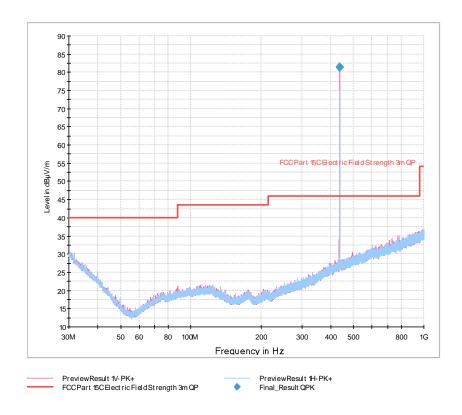
# **Final Results:**

	Frequency	Max-	CAver-	Limit	Mar-	Meas.	Band-	Height	Pol	Azi-	Corr.
- 1		Peak	age		gin	Time	width			muth	
	MHz	dBμV/m	dBμV/m	dBμV/m	dB	ms	kHz	cm		deg	dB/m
Ī	5972.250000		49.62	53.98	4.36	1000.0	1000.000	400.0	Н	-78.0	43.3
Ī	5972.250000	63.80		73.98	10.17	1000.0	1000.000	400.0	Н	-78.0	43.3



# Transmitting continuously on 434.64 MHz - Preliminary pre-scans for the worst-case orientation

#### x axis

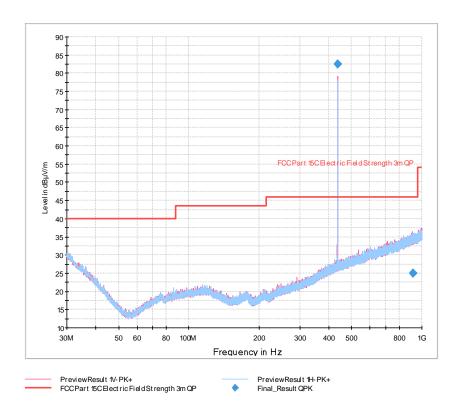


# Final Results:

Frequency	QuasiPeak	Limit	Margin	Meas. Time	Bandwidth	Height	Pol	Azimuth	Corr.
MHz	dBμV/m	dBμV/m	dB	ms	kHz	cm		deg	dB/m
434.670000	81.47			1000.0	120.000	100.0	V	86.0	23.4



# y axis



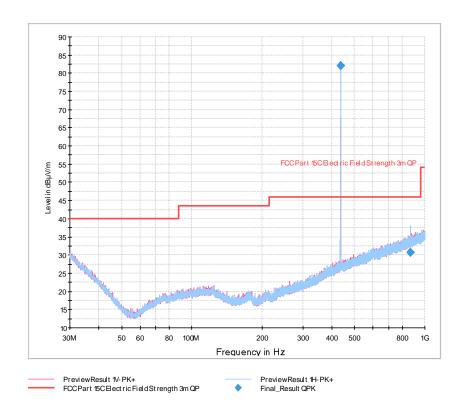
# **Final Results:**

Frequency	QuasiPeak	Limit	Margin	Meas. Time	Bandwidth	Height	Pol	Azimuth	Corr.
MHz	dBμV/m	dBμV/m	dB	ms	kHz	ст		deg	dB/m
434.670000	82.45			1000.0	120.000	142.0	V	100.0	23.4
913.140000	25.02	46.02	21.00	1000.0	120.000	136.0	V	-29.0	31.0

→ Worst case orientation is y axis



#### z axis



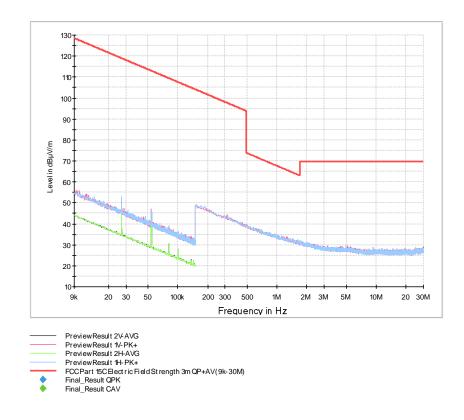
# **Final Results:**

Frequ	uency	QuasiPeak	Limit	Margin	Meas. Time	Bandwidth	Height	Pol	Azimuth	Corr.
M	Hz	dBμV/m	dBμV/m	dB	ms	kHz	ст		deg	dB/m
434.6	70000	82.02			1000.0	120.000	100.0	Н	17.0	23.4
869.2	50000	30.76			1000.0	120.000	100.0	Η	14.0	30.4



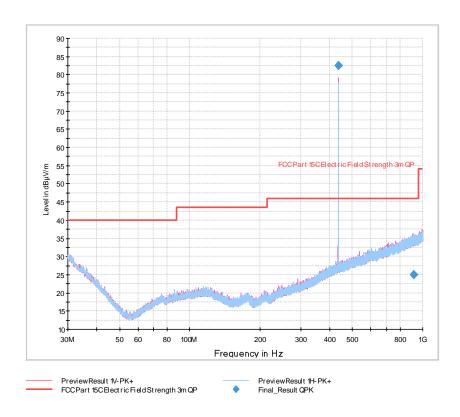
# Transmitting continuously on 434.64 MHz - final measurement in y axis

# Frequency range 9 kHz – 30 MHz:





# Frequency range 30 MHz – 1 GHz:



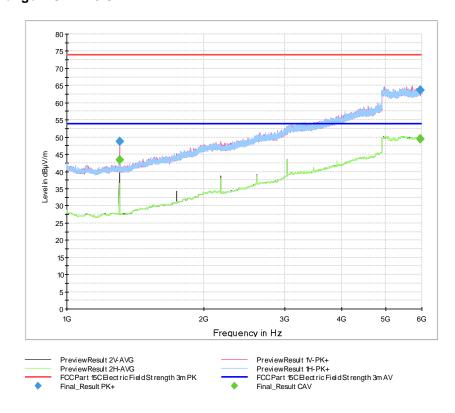
# **Final Results:**

Frequency	QuasiPeak	Limit	Margin	Meas. Time	Bandwidth	Height	Pol	Azimuth	Corr.
MHz	dBμV/m	dBμV/m	dB	ms	kHz	cm		deg	dB/m
434.670000	73.99	80.85	6.86	1000.0	120.000	142.0	/	100.0	23.4
913.140000	25.02	46.02	21.00	1000.0	120.000	136.0	V	-29.0	31.0

Note #1: 82.45 dBµV/m measured with max peak detector and -8.46 dB pulse train correction factor



# Frequency range 1 GHz – 6 GHz:



# **Final Results:**

Frequency	Max-	CAver-	Limit	Mar-	Meas.	Band-	Height	Pol	Azi-	Corr.
	Peak	age		gin	Time	width			muth	
MHz	dBμV/m	dBμV/m	dBμV/m	dB	ms	kHz	ст		deg	dB/m
1304.000000		43.37	53.98	10.61	1000.0	1000.000	100.0	V	-144.0	28.3
1304.000000	48.71		73.98	25.27	1000.0	1000.000	100.0	V	-144.0	28.3
5955.000000		49.46	53.98	4.52	1000.0	1000.000	125.0	Н	-96.0	43.2
5955.000000	63.63		73.98	10.35	1000.0	1000.000	125.0	Н	-96.0	43.2

# 2.4.8 Test Location and Test Equipment

The test was carried out in Semi anechoic room - cabin no. 11



Product Service

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No	TE No	Calibration Period (months)	Calibration Due
EMI test receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESW44	39897	12	2023-04-30
Loop antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB 1519 B	44334	36	2023-01-31
TRILOG Broadband Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	VULB 9162	20116	36	2025-01-31
Double ridged horn antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	HF907	40089	24	2023-02-28
EMC measurement software	Rohde & Schwarz	EMC32 Emis- sion K11 - V10.50.10	42986		
Semi Anechoic Room	Frankonia	Cabin No. 11	42961	36	2022-08-31

Table 16



# 3 Measurement Uncertainty

For a 95% confidence level, the measurement uncertainties for defined systems are:

The measurement uncertainty in the laboratory is less than or equal to the maximum measurement uncertainty according to CISPR16-4-2: 2011 + A1 + A2 + Cor1 (Ucispr). This normative regulation means that the measured value is also the value to be assessed in relation to the limit value.

Radio Interference Emission Testing		
Test Name	kp	Expanded Uncertainty
Conducted Voltage Emission		
9 kHz to 150 kHz (50Ω/50μH AMN)	2	± 3.8 dB
150 kHz to 30 MHz (50Ω/50μH AMN)	2	± 3.4 dB
100 kHz to 200 MHz (50Ω/5μH AMN)	2	± 3.6 dB
Discontinuous Conducted Emission		
9 kHz to 150 kHz (50Ω/50μH AMN)	2	± 3.8 dB
150 kHz to 30 MHz (50Ω/50μH AMN)	2	± 3.4 dB
Conducted Current Emission		
9 kHz to 200 MHz	2	± 3.5 dB
Magnetic Fieldstrength		
9 kHz to 30 MHz (with loop antenna)	2	± 3.9 dB
9 kHz to 30 MHz (large-loop antenna 2 m)	2	± 3.5 dB
Radiated Emission		
30 MHz to 300 MHz	2	± 4.9 dB
300 MHz to 1 GHz	2	± 5.0 dB
1 GHz to 6 GHz	2	± 4.6 dB
Test distance 10 m		
30 MHz to 300 MHz	2	± 4.9 dB
300 MHz to 1 GHz	2	± 4.9 dB

The expanded uncertainty reported according to to CISPR16-4-2: 2011 + A1 + A2 + Cor1 is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor of kp = 2, providing a level of confidence of p = 95.45%

Table 17 Measurement uncertainty based on CISPR 16-4-2



Radio Interference Emission Testing		
Test Name	kp	Expanded Uncertainty
Occupied Bandwdith	2	± 5 %
Conducted Power		
9 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz	2	± 1.0 dB
30 MHz ≤ f < 1 GHz	2	± 1.5 dB
1 GHz ≤ f ≤ 40 GHz	2	± 2.5 dB
1 MS/s power sensor (TS8997)	2	± 1.5 dB
Occupied Bandwidth	2	± 5 %
Power Spectral Density	2	± 3.0 dB
Radiated Power		
9 kHz ≤ f < 26.5 GHz	2	± 5.6 dB
26.5 GHz ≤ f < 60 GHz	2	± 8.0 dB
60 GHz ≤ f < 325 GHz	2	± 10 dB
Conducted Spurious Emissions	2	± 3.0 dB
Radiated Spurious Emissions	2	± 6.0 dB
Voltage		
DC	2	± 1.0 %
AC	2	± 2.0 %
Time (automatic)	2	± 5 %
Frequency	2	± 10 <sup>-7</sup>

The expanded uncertainty reported according to to ETSI TR 100 028:2001 is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor of kp=2, providing a level of confidence of p=95.45%

Table 18 Measurement uncertainty based on ETSI TR 100 028