### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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**Swiss Calibration Service** 

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Client

BACL

Certificate No: EX3-3756 Apr06

#### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE EX3DV4 - SN:3576 Object QA CAL-01.v5 and QA CAL-14.v3 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes April 20, 2006 Calibration date: In Tolerance Condition of the calibrated item This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Scheduled Calibration Call Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Primary Standards ID# 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) Apr-07 GB41293874 Power meter E4419B Apr-07 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) Power sensor E4412A MY41495277 Apr-07 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) MY41498087 Power sensor E4412A 11-Aug-05 (METAS, No. 251-00499) Aug-06 SN: S5054 (3c) Reference 3 dB Attenuator Apr-07 SN: S5086 (20b) 4-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00558) Reference 20 dB Attenuator 11-Aug-05 (METAS, No. 251-00500) Aug-06 Reference 30 dB Attenuator SN: S5129 (30b) Jan-07 2-Jan-06 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013 Jan06) SN-3013 Reference Probe ES3DV2 2-Feb-06 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654\_Feb06) Feb-07 SN: 654 DAE4 Scheduled Check Check Date (in house) Secondary Standards In house check: Nov-07 US3642U01700 4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05) RF generator HP 8648C In house check: Nov 06 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05) Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585 Signature Function Name Technical Manager Calibrated by: Katja Pokovic Quality Manager Niels Kuster Approved by: Issued: April 20, 2006 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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### Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space

ConF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point
Polarization φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at

measurement center), i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003

 b) CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz). July 2001

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This
  linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of
  the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

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EX3DV4 SN:3576

April 20, 2006

# Probe EX3DV4

SN:3576

Manufactured: Calibrated:

November 4, 2005 April 20, 2006

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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## DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3576

| Sensitivity in Free Space <sup>A</sup> | Diode Compression <sup>E</sup> |
|--|--------------------------------|
| Selisitivity III I ICC Opacc           | 2.000                          |

| NormX | 0.438 ± 10.1% | $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ | DCP X | 93 mV |
|-------|---------------|-----------------|-------|-------|
| NormY | 0.439 ± 10.1% | $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ | DCP Y | 93 mV |
| NormZ | 0.386 ± 10.1% | $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ | DCP Z | 93 mV |

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

## Boundary Effect

TSL 900 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm

| Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance |                              | 2.0 mm | 3.0 mm |
|---|------------------------------|--------|--------|
| SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]                     | Without Correction Algorithm | 3.1    | 1.1    |
| SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]                     | With Correction Algorithm    | 0.2    | 0.4    |

TSL 1810 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

| Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance |                              | 2.0 mm | 3.0 mm |
|---|------------------------------|--------|--------|
| SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]                     | Without Correction Algorithm | 2.5    | 1.1    |
| SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]                     | With Correction Algorithm    | 0.2    | 0.4    |

### Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center 1.0 mm

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

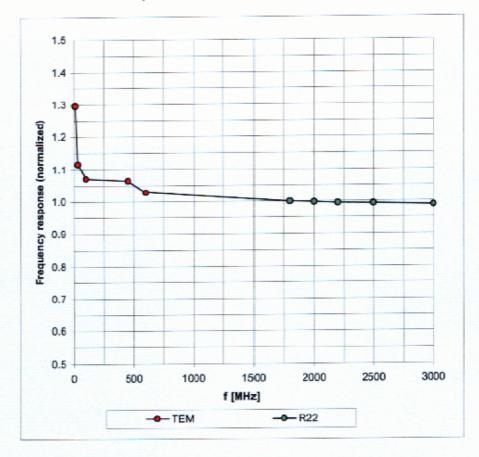
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

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## Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)