



FCC PART 15.247 MEASUREMENT AND TEST REPORT

For

Hobbico, Inc.

2904 Research Road, Champaign, Illinois 61826, USA

FCC ID: IYFTTX240A

Report Type: **Product Type:** Original Report 2.4 GHz FHSS TRANSMITTER Alvin Huand **Test Engineer:** Alvin Huang **Report Number:** RSZ10102503 **Report Date:** 2010-12-14 merry, when Merry Zhao **Reviewed By:** EMC Engineer **Prepared By:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) 6/F, the 3rd Phase of WanLi Industrial Building, ShiHua Road, FuTian Free Trade Zone Shenzhen, Guangdong, China Tel: +86-755-33320018 Fax: +86-755-33320008

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GENERAL INFORMATION

Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

The *Hobbico*, *Inc.*'s product, model number: *TTX-240* (*FCC ID: IYFTTX240A*) or the "EUT" as referred to in this report is a 2.4GHz FHSS TRANSMITTER, which measures approximately: 15.5 cm (L) x 8.2 cm (W) x 21.5 cm (H), rated input voltage: DC 6.0 V battery.

Frequency Range: 2403-2480 MHz (TX/RX)

Modulation Mode: FHSS

Transmitter Output Power: ≤ 20 dBm

All measurement and test data in this report was gathered from production sample serial number: 1010089 (Assigned by BACL, Shenzhen). The EUT was received on 2010-10-25.

Objective

This Type approval report is prepared on behalf of *Hobbico*, *Inc* in accordance with Part 2, Subpart J, Part 15, Subparts A, B and C of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

The tests were performed in order to determine compliance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C, and section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 rules.

Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)

N/A

Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.4-2009, American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz.

All emissions measurement was performed and Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen). The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters.

Test Facility

The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect test data is located in the 6/F, the 3rd Phase of WanLi Industrial Building, ShiHua Road, FuTian Free Trade Zone Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.

Test site at Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) has been fully described in reports submitted to the Federal Communication Commission (FCC). The details of these reports have been found to be in compliance with the requirements of Section 2.948 of the FCC Rules on December 06, 2010. The facility also complies with the radiated and AC line conducted test site criteria set forth in ANSI C63.4-2009.

The Federal Communications Commission has the reports on file and is listed under FCC Registration No.: 382179. The test site has been approved by the FCC for public use and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database.

Additionally, Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) is a National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) accredited laboratory, under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accredited Program (Lab Code 200707-0).



The current scope of accreditations can be found at http://ts.nist.gov/Standards/scopes/2007070.htm

SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

Description of Test Configuration

The system was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as normally used by a typical user).

EUT Exercise Software

N/A.

Equipment Modifications

No modification was made to the unit tested.

Local Support Equipment List and Details

N/A

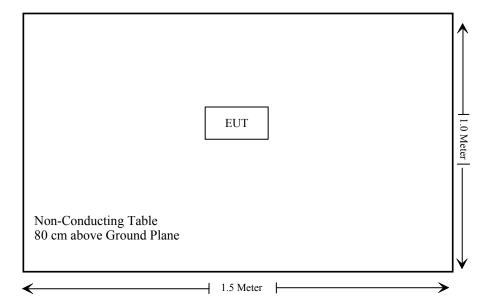
External I/O Cable

N/A

Configuration of Test Setup

EUT

Block Diagram of Test Setup



SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC Rules	Description of Test	Result
\$15.247 (i), \$1.1307 (b)(1), \$2.1091	Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)	Compliance
§15.203	Antenna Requirement	Compliance
§15.207 (a)	Conducted Emissions	N/A
\$15.205, \$15.209, \$15.247(d)	Radiated Emissions	Compliance
§15.247 (a)(1)	20 dB Bandwidth	Compliance
§15.247(a)(1)	Channel Separation Test	Compliance
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	Compliance
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Quantity of hopping channel Test	Compliance
§15.247(b)(1)	Peak Output Power Measurement	Compliance
§15.247(d)	Band Edges	Compliance

FCC §15.247 (i) & §1.1307 (b) (1) & §2.1091- MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Standard Applicable

According to subpart 15.247 (i) and subpart 1.1307 (b)(1), 2.1091 systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures the public is not exposed to RF energy level in excess of the communication guidelines.

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure							
Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mw/cm²)	Averaging Time (Minutes)			
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30			
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	$*(180/f^2)$	30			
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30			
300-1500	/	/	f/1500	30			
1500-100,000	/	/	1.0	30			

f = frequency in MHz

Test Data

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance

$$S = PG/4\pi R^2$$

Where:

S = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm²)

P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW).

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator, the power gain factor, is normally *numeric* gain.

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm)

Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal: 20.26 (dBm) Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal: 106.17(mW)

Prediction distance: >20 (cm)
Predication frequency: 2403 (MHz)
Antenna Gain (typical): 2 (dBi)

Maximum Antenna Gain: 1.58 (numeric)

The worst case is power density at predication frequency at 20 cm: $\frac{0.033 \text{ (mW/cm}^2)}{\text{MPE limit for general population exposure at prediction frequency: } \frac{1.0 \text{ (mW/cm}^2)}{\text{MPE limit for general population}}$

Result

The predicted power density level at 20 cm is 0.033 mw/cm² which is below the uncontrolled exposure limit of 1.0 mw/cm², The EUT is used at least 20 cm away from user's body. It is determined as mobile equipment and complies with the MPE limit.

^{* =} Plane-wave equivalent power density

FCC §15.203 - ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

Applicable Standard

According to § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the user of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with section §15.203 of the rules. §15.203 state that the subject device must meet the following criteria:

- a. Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b. Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.

Unit must be professionally installed, and installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

And according to FCC 47 CFR section 15.247 (b), if the transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Antenna Connector Construction

The EUT has a integral antennas, the gain is 2.0 dBi, which in accordance to section 15.203, please refer to the internal photos.

Result: Compliance.

FCC §15.209, §15.205 & §15.247(d) - SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

Applicable Standard

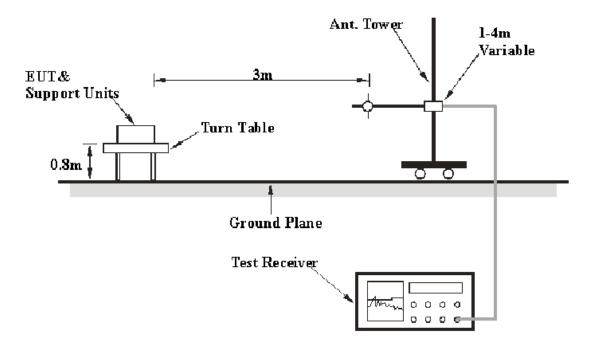
FCC §15.247 (d); §15.209; §15.205;

Measurement Uncertainty

All measurements involve certain levels of uncertainties, especially in field of EMC. The factors contributing to uncertainties are spectrum analyzer, cable loss, antenna factor calibration, antenna directivity, antenna factor variation with height, antenna phase center variation, antenna factor frequency interpolation, measurement distance variation, site imperfections, mismatch (average), and system repeatability.

Based on NIS 81, The Treatment of Uncertainty in EMC Measurements, the best estimate of the uncertainty of a radiation emissions measurement at Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) is ± 4.0 dB (k=2, 95% level of confidence).

EUT Setup



The radiated emission tests were performed in the 3 meters, using the setup accordance with the ANSI C63.4-2009. The specification used was the FCC 15.209, and FCC 15.247 limits.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle.

EMI Test Receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup

The system was investigated from 30 MHz to 25 GHz.

During the radiated emission test, the EMI test receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup were set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	RBW	Video B/W
30MHz – 1000 MHz	100 kHz	300 kHz
1000 MHz – 25 GHz	1 MHz	3 MHz

Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
HP	Amplifier	HP8447D	2944A09795	2010-08-02	2011-08-02
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	100035	2010-11-11	2011-11-10
Sunol Sciences	Broadband Antenna	JB1	A040904-1	2010-03-11	2011-03-11
HP	Amplifier	8449B	3008A00277	2010-09-12	2011-09-11
Sunol Sciences	Horn Antenna	DRH-118	A052604	2010-05-05	2011-05-04
Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSEM30	849720/019	2010-07-08	2011-07-08

^{*} Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to NVLAP requirements, traceable to the NIST.

Test Procedure

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

Data was recorded in Quasi-peak detection mode for frequency range of 30 MHz-1GHz and peak and Average detection modes for frequencies above 1GHz.

Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Meter Reading. The basic equation is as follows:

Corrected Amplitude = Meter Reading + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain

The "Margin" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of 7dB means the emission is 7dB below the limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

Margin = Limit – Corrected Amplitude

Test Results Summary

According to the recorded data in following table, the EUT complied with the <u>FCC Title 47, Part 15, Subpart C, section 15.205, 15.209 and 15.247,</u> with the worst margin reading of:

30 -1000 MHz:

12.6 dB at 880.201000 MHz in the Horizontal polarization

Above 1 GHz:

3.37dB at 4806 MHz in the Horizontal polarization for Low channel

Test Data

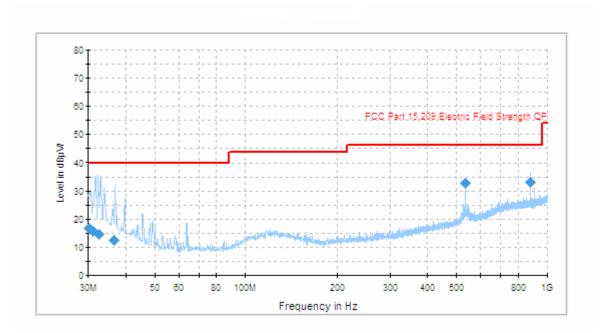
Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	56 %
ATM Pressure:	100.0kPa

The testing was performed by Alvin Huang on 2010-12-06.

30-1000 MHz:

Test Mode: Transmitting



Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBµV/m)	Ant. Height (cm)	Ant. Polarity (H/V)	Turntable Position (deg)	Correction Factor (dB)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
880.201000	33.4	118.0	Н	322.0	-1.2	46.0	12.6
534.011500	32.7	100.0	V	244.0	-7.8	46.0	13.3
30.136176	16.8	291.0	V	136.0	-5.5	40.0	23.2
31.283000	15.6	154.0	V	9.0	-6.3	40.0	24.4
32.600250	14.5	189.0	V	11.0	-7.2	40.0	25.5
36.638500	12.6	100.0	V	139.0	-9.9	40.0	27.4

Above 1 GHz:

Indic	ated		Table	Test An	itenna	Corre	ection F	actor	FC	CC Part 15	.247/15.2	09
Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBµV)	Detector (PK/Ave)	Angle Degree	Height (m)	Polar (H/V)	Ant. Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Pre- Amp. (dB)	Cord. Amp. (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Comment
					Lov	v Channe	1					
4806	57.84	PK	256	1.9	Н	36.3	4.3	26.81	71.63	74	2.37*	harmonic
4806	57.58	PK	125	1.6	V	33.8	4.3	26.81	68.87	74	5.13	harmonic
7209	51.27	PK	156	1.5	Н	36.4	5.2	26.64	66.23	74	7.77	harmonic
7209	48.81	PK	254	1.9	V	37	5.2	26.64	64.37	74	9.63	harmonic
4806	36.75	Ave	256	1.9	Н	36.3	4.3	26.81	50.54	54	3.46*	harmonic
4806	38.45	Ave	125	1.6	V	33.8	4.3	26.81	49.74	54	4.26	harmonic
7209	31.34	Ave	156	1.5	Н	36.4	5.2	26.64	46.30	54	7.70	harmonic
7209	29.08	Ave	254	1.9	V	37	5.2	26.64	44.64	54	9.36	harmonic
	Middle Channel											
4882	57.61	PK	12	1.8	Н	36.3	4.37	26.78	71.5	74	2.5*	harmonic
4882	59.15	PK	360	1.3	V	33.8	4.37	26.78	70.54	74	3.46*	harmonic
7323	50.05	PK	0	1.8	Н	36.4	5.2	26.64	65.01	74	8.99	harmonic
7323	47.32	PK	136	1.5	V	37	5.2	26.64	62.88	74	11.12	harmonic
4882	39.85	Ave	360	1.3	V	33.8	4.37	26.78	51.24	54	2.76*	harmonic
4882	37.12	Ave	12	1.8	Н	36.3	4.37	26.78	51.01	54	2.99*	harmonic
7323	30.42	Ave	0	1.8	Н	36.4	5.2	26.64	45.38	54	8.62	harmonic
7323	29.41	Ave	136	1.5	V	37	5.2	26.64	44.97	54	9.03	harmonic
					Hig	h Channe	:l					
4960	56.45	PK	0	1.6	Н	36.3	4.41	26.75	71.23	74	2.77*	harmonic
4960	55.26	PK	156	1.5	V	33.8	4.41	26.75	67.92	74	6.08	harmonic
7440	49.68	PK	112	1.8	Н	36.4	5.2	26.64	64.64	74	9.36	harmonic
7440	48.52	PK	75	1.6	V	37	5.2	26.64	64.08	74	9.92	harmonic
4960	37.12	Ave	0	1.6	Н	36.3	4.41	26.75	51.08	54	2.92*	harmonic
4960	32.80	Ave	156	1.5	V	33.8	4.41	26.75	44.26	54	9.74	harmonic
7440	29.54	Ave	75	1.6	V	37	5.2	26.64	45.10	54	8.90	harmonic
7440	29.67	Ave	112	1.8	Н	36.4	5.2	26.64	44.63	54	9.37	harmonic

^{*} Within measurement uncertainty.

Spurious emission in restricted band:

Indic	Indicated		Table		itenna	Corr	ection Fa	actor	FCC	Part 15.2	47/15.209	/15.205
Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBµV)	Detector (PK/Ave)	Angle Degree	Height (m)	Polar (H/V)	Ant. Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Pre- Amp. (dB)	Cord. Amp. (dBµV/m)	(dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Comment
2483.92	37.68	PK	357	1.2	V	30.4	3.18	0	71.26	74	2.74*	spurious
2390	37.15	PK	169	1.6	V	30.4	3.03	0	70.58	74	3.42*	spurious
2483.95	36.42	PK	157	1.8	Н	30.6	3.18	0	70.20	74	3.80*	spurious
2390	31.23	PK	48	1.9	Н	30.6	3.03	0	64.86	74	9.14	spurious
2483.92	17.52	Ave	357	1.2	V	30.4	3.18	0	51.1	54	2.90*	spurious
2483.95	17.01	Ave	157	1.8	Н	30.6	3.18	0	50.79	54	3.21*	spurious
2390	16.73	Ave	169	1.6	V	30.4	3.03	0	50.16	54	3.84*	spurious
2390	16.12	Ave	48	1.9	Н	30.6	3.03	0	49.75	54	4.25	spurious

^{*} Within measurement uncertainty.

FCC §15.247(a) (1) - CHANNEL SEPARATION TEST

Applicable Standard

Frequency hopping systems shall have hoping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date	
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	100035	2010-11-11	2011-11-10	

^{*} Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to NVLAP requirements, traceable to the NIST.

Test Procedure

- 1. Set the EUT in transmitting mode, spectrum Bandwidth was set at 100 kHz, maxhold the channel.
- 2. Set the adjacent channel of the EUT maxhold another truce
- 3. Measure the channel separation.

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	56 %
ATM Pressure:	100.9kPa

^{*} The testing was performed by Alvin Huang on 2010-12-14.

Test Result: Compliant.

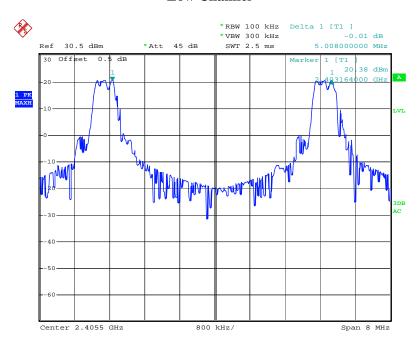
Please refer to following tables and plots

Test Mode: Transmitting

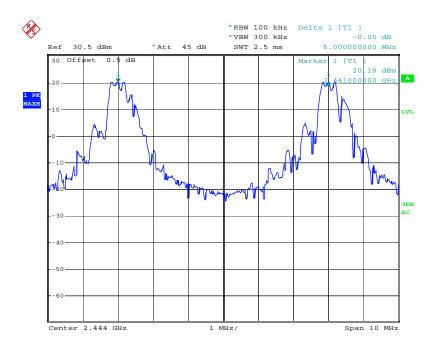
Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Channel Separation (MHz)	Limit (MHz)	Result
Low Channel	2403	5.008	0.412	Pass
Adjacent Channel	2408	3.008	0.412	1 033
Mid Channel	2441	6.000	0.556	Pass
Adjacent Channel	2447	0.000	0.330	гаѕѕ
High Channel	2480	6,000	0.653	D
Adjacent Channel	2474	6.000	0.652	Pass

Please refer to the following plots.

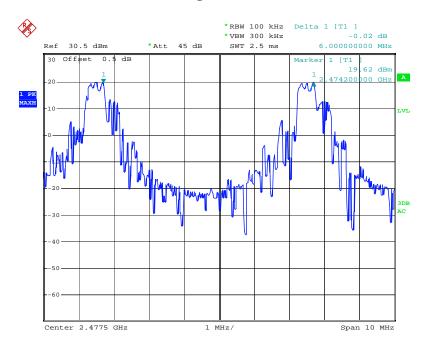
Low Channel



Middle Channel



High Channel



FCC $\S15.247(a)$ (1) – 20 dB BANDWIDTH TESTING

Applicable Standard

Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125mW.

Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	100035	2010-11-11	2011-11-10

^{*} Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to NVLAP requirements, traceable to the NIST.

Test Procedure

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT on the test table without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
- 3. Measure the frequency difference of two frequencies that were attenuated 20 dB from the reference level. Record the frequency difference as the emission bandwidth.
- 4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C	
Relative Humidity:	56 %	
ATM Pressure:	100.9kPa	

^{*} The testing was performed by Alvin Huang on 2010-12-08.

Test Result: Compliance.

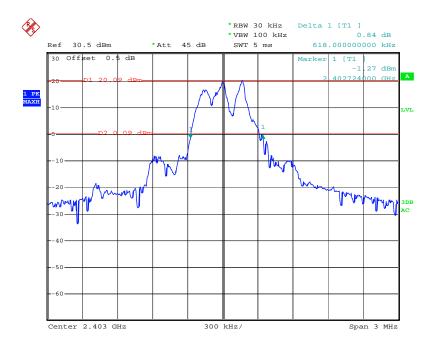
Please refer to following tables and plots

Test Mode: Transmitting

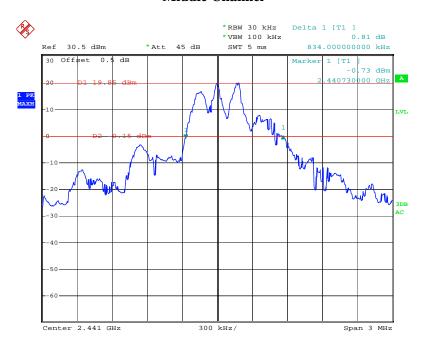
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20 dB Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	2403	0.618
Middle	2441	0.834
High	2480	0.978

Please refer to the following plots.

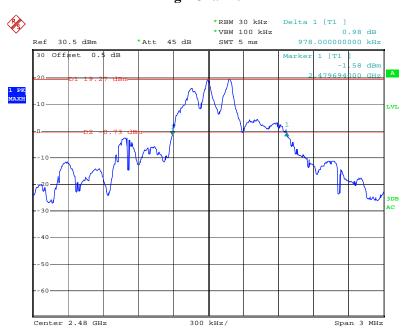
Low Channel



Middle Channel



High Channel



FCC §15.247(a) (1) (iii) - QUANTITY OF HOPPING CHANNEL TEST

Applicable Standard

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	100035	2010-11-11	2011-11-10
HP	Amplifier	8449B	3008A00277	2010-09-12	2011-09-11
Sunol Sciences	Horn Antenna	DRH-118	A052604	2010-05-05	2011-05-04
Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSEM30	849720/019	2010-07-08	2011-07-08

^{*} Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to NVLAP requirements, traceable to the NIST.

Test Procedure

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument (SA) using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Set the EUT in hopping mode from first channel to last.
- 3. By using the Max-Hold function record the Quantity of the channel.

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C	
Relative Humidity:	56 %	
ATM Pressure:	100.9kPa	

The testing was performed by Alvin Huang on 2010-12-08.

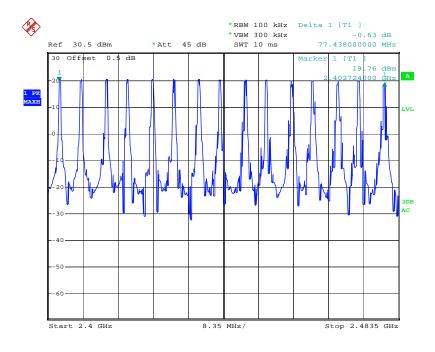
Test Result: Compliant.

Please refer to following tables and plots

Test Mode: Transmitting

Frequency Range (MHz)	Number of Hopping Channel	Limit
2400-2483.5	15	≥ 15

Number of Hopping Channels



FCC §15.247(a) (1) (iii) -TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME)

Applicable Standard

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	100035	2010-11-11	2011-11-10

^{*} Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to NVLAP requirements, traceable to the NIST.

Test Procedure

The EUT was worked in channel hopping; Spectrum SPAN was set as 0. Sweep was set as 0.4 X channel no. (s), the quantity of pulse was get from single sweep. In addition, the time of single pulses was tested.

Dwell Time= time slot length * hope rate/ number of hopping channels * 31.6s Hop rate=1600/s

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C	
Relative Humidity:	56 %	
ATM Pressure:	100.0kPa	

^{*} The testing was performed by Alvin Huang on 2010-12-09.

Test Result: Compliance.

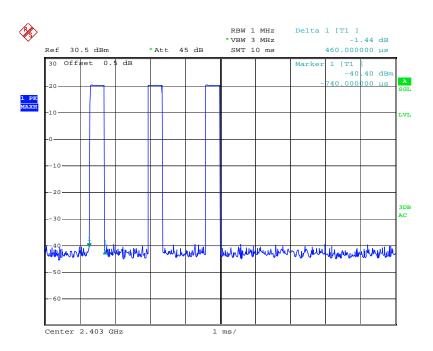
Please refer to following tables and plots

Test Mode: Transmitting

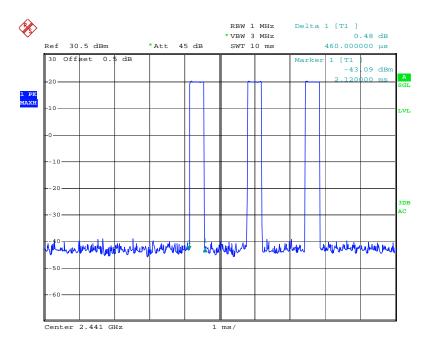
Channel	Pulse wide (msec)	Dwell time (sec)	Limit (sec)	Result		
Low Channel	1.38	0.030	0.4	Pass		
Mid Channel	1.38	0.030	0.4	Pass		
High Channel 1.38 0.030 0.4 Pass						
Note: Dwell time = Pulse time*(56/1/15)* (15*0.4) S						

Please refer to the following plots.

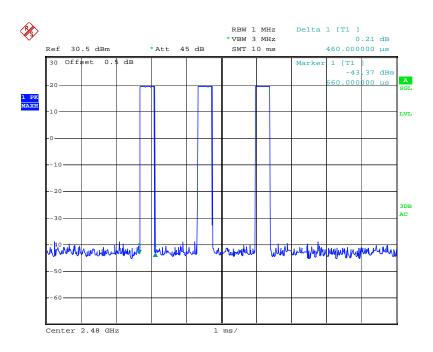
Low Channel



Middle Channel



High Channel



FCC §15.247(b) (1) - PEAK OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

Applicable Standard

According to §15.247(b) (1), for frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts

Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	100035	2010-11-11	2011-11-10

^{*} **Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to NVLAP requirements, traceable to the NIST.

Test Procedure

The antenna was integrated; radiated test method will be applied.

The Corrected Amplitude is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Meter Reading. The basic equation is as follows:

Corrected Amplitude = Meter Reading + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C	
Relative Humidity:	56 %	
ATM Pressure:	100.9kPa	

^{*} The testing was performed by Alvin Huang on 2010-12-09.

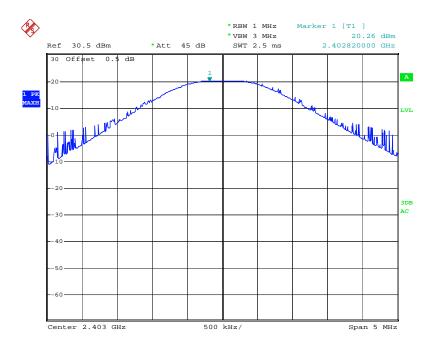
Test Result: Compliance.

Test Mode: Transmitting

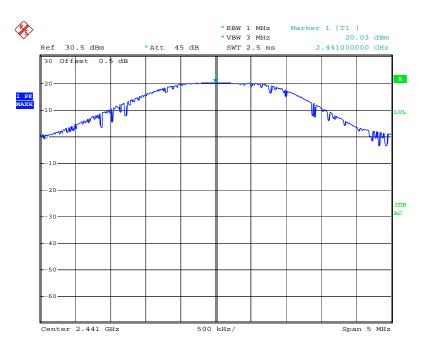
Channel	Channel frequency (MHz)	Reading power (dBm)	Power output (mW)	Limit (mW)
Low	2403	20.26	106.17	125
Middle	2441	20.03	100.69	125
High	2480	19.49	88.92	125

Note: The data above was tested in conducted mode.

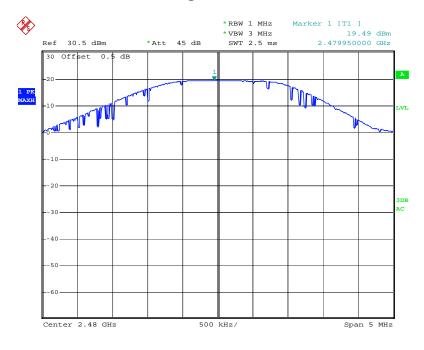
Low Channel



Middle Channel



High Channel



FCC §15.247(d) - BAND EDGES TESTING

Applicable Standard

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	100035	2009-11-24	2010-11-23

^{*} Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to NVLAP requirements, traceable to the NIST.

Test Procedure

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Put it on the Rotated table and turn on the EUT and make it operate in transmitting mode. Then set it to Low Channel and High Channel within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- 3. Set both RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100kHz bandwidth from band edge, for Radiated emissions restricted band RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz.
- 4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
- 5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	56 %
ATM Pressure:	100.9kPa

^{*}The testing was performed by Alvin Huang on 2010-12-06.

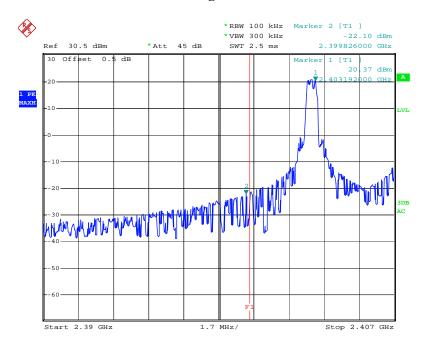
Test Result: Compliant

Test Mode: Transmitting

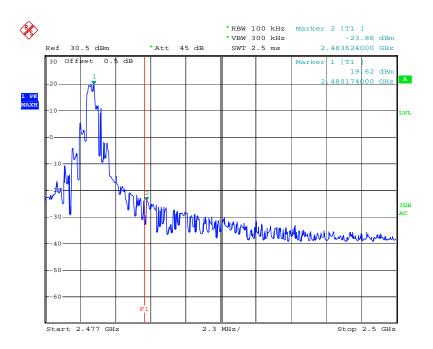
Frequency (MHz)	Delta Peak to Band Emission (dBc)	Limit (dBc)
2399.826	42.47	20
2483.624	43.48	20

Note: The point fall into the stricted band was in FCC 15.209, please refer to the restrict band testing. Please refer to follow plots:

Band Edge: Left Side



Band Edge: Right Side



***** END OF REPORT *****