RF Exposure evaluation

Device is handheld, according to KDB $447498\,$ D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] • [$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$] \leq 3.0 for 1-g SAR and \leq 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in $\ensuremath{\mbox{GHz}}$
- ${}^{\bullet}$ Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Worse case is as below: [2425 MHz 11.82 dBm (15.21mW) output power]

 $(15.21 \text{ mW} /5\text{mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{2.425} (\text{GHz})] = 4.74 < 7.5 \text{ for } 10-\text{g SAR}$

Then extremity SAR evaluation is not required.