

3 Measurements and results

For Part 24/22/90 we use the substitution method (TIA/EIA 603).

All measurements in this report are done in GSM mode. The device is able to transmit data in GPRS mode also.

But because the current measurements are performed in PEAK mode no other results from GPRS mode are possible.

The only different is the modulation average power, which is 3 dB higher (by using 2 timeslots in the Up-link).

All relevant tests have been repeated in 8-PSK Modulation if EDGE Mode is supported.

3.1 D-AMPS, GSM/EDGE, CDMA, WCDMA

3.1.1 RF Exposure

FCC:	FCC §1.1307, §2.1091
IC:	RSS-131 §5.5

MPE calculation

These equations are generally accurate in the far field of an antenna but will over predict power density in the near field, where they could be used for making a “worst case” prediction.

$$S = PG/4\pi R^2$$

where S = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm²)

P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units e.g. mW)

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to the isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units e.g. cm)

TABLE 1—LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm ²)	Averaging time (minutes)
(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposures				
0.3–3.0	614	1.63	*(100)	6
3.0–30	1842/f	4.89/f	*(900/f ²)	6
30–300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300–1500			f/300	6
1500–100,000			5	6
(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
0.3–1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34–30	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f ²)	30
30–300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300–1500			f/1500	30

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm ²)	Averaging time (minutes)
1500–100,000			1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz
 * = Plane-wave equivalent power density
 NOTE 1 TO TABLE 1: Occupational/controlled limits apply in situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment provided those persons are fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. Limits for occupational/controlled exposure also apply in situations when an individual is transient through a location where occupational/controlled limits apply provided he or she is made aware of the potential for exposure.
 NOTE 2 TO TABLE 1: General population/uncontrolled exposures apply in situations in which the general public may be exposed, or in which persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for exposure or can not exercise control over their exposure.

Antenna gain Worst case calculations: ($S4\pi R^2 / P$)

Downlink:

Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (dBm): 31.25
 Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (mW): 1333.52
 Prediction distance (cm): 20
 Prediction frequency (MHz): 881
 MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure at predication frequency (mW/cm): 0.587
 Maximum Antenna Gain (numeric): 2.21
 Antenna Gain, typical (dBi): 3.45

Uplink:

Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (dBm): 31.16
 Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (mW): 1306.17
 Prediction distance (cm): 20
 Prediction frequency (MHz): 836
 MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure at predication frequency (mW/cm): 0.557
 Maximum Antenna Gain (numeric): 2.14
 Antenna Gain, typical (dBi): 3.31

Test result:

The device is compliant with the requirement MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure at predication frequency 0.557 mW/cm. The maximum allowed antenna gain for a distance of 20 cm is 3.31 dBi .
 requirement.