

EUT: IUH-F117-V1-US
FCC ID: IREIUH-F117-V1

Date of issue: 2012-04-25



Deutsche
Akkreditierungsstelle
D-PL-12053-01-01

**Test Report acc. to FCC Title 47 CFR Part 15
relating to
Pepperl + Fuchs GmbH
IUH-F117-V1-US**

**Title 47 - Telecommunication
Part 15 - Radio Frequency Devices
Subpart C – Intentional Radiators
Measurement Procedure:
ANSI C63.4-2009**

EUT: IUH-F117-V1-US
 FCC ID: IREIUH-F117-V1

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Manufacturer's details	
Manufacturer	Pepperl + Fuchs GmbH
Manufacturer's grantee code	IREIUH-F117-V1
Manufacturer's address	Lilienthalstraße 200
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Relevant standard used	47 CFR Part 15C - Intentional Radiators
	ANSI C63.4-2009

Test Report prepared by	
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Equipment Under Test (EUT)	
Equipment category	FHSS Transceiver
Trade name	Pepperl+Fuchs
Type designation	IUH-F117-V1-US
Serial no.	2218999
Variants	---

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1. Test result summary

Clause	Requirements headline	Test result			Report page number
		Pass	Fail	Not*	
8.1	Antenna requirement	Pass	Fail	Not*	10
8.2	Conducted limits	Pass	Fail	Not*	11 to 14
8.3	Restricted bands of operation	Pass	Fail	Not*	15 to 17
8.4	Radiated emission limits, general requirements	Pass	Fail	Not*	18 to 23
8.5	Bandwidth	Pass	Fail	Not*	24
8.6	Peak output power	Pass	Fail	Not*	25 to 30
8.7	Out of band emissions	Pass	Fail	Not*	31 to 34
8.8	Radio frequency hazard	Pass	Fail	Not*	38

* Not tested

The equipment meets the requirements	Yes	No
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Signature: 
(Technician)

Signature: 
(Manager)

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2. Introduction

This test report consists of:

- Test result summary
- List of contents
- Introduction and further information
- Performance assessment
- Detailed test information

All pages have been numbered consecutively and bear the m. dudde hochfrequenz-technik logo, the test report number, the date, the test specification in its current version as well as the type designation of the EUT. The total number of pages in this report is **49**.

The tests were carried out at:

- m. dudde hochfrequenz-technik, D-51429 Bergisch Gladbach

in a representative assembly and in accordance with the test methods and/or requirements stated in:

FCC Title 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C & ANSI C63.4-2009

The sample of the product was received on:

- 2011-08-09

The tests were carried out in the following period of time:

- 2012-02-14 - 2012-02-27

3. Testing laboratory

m. dudde hochfrequenz-technik
Rottland 5a, 51429 Bergisch Gladbach, Germany

Phone: +49 - (0) 22 07 / 96 89-0

Fax: +49 - (0) 22 07 / 96 89-20

- FCC Registration Number: **699717**

Accredited by:

DAkKS Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH
DAkKS accreditation number: D-PL-12053-01

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4. Applicant

Company name : Pepperl + Fuchs GmbH
Address : Lilienthalstraße 200
D 68307
Country : Germany
Telephone : +49 621 776 1508
Fax : +49 621 776 1890
Email : eschmidt@de.pepperl-fuchs.com
Date of order : 2011-08-09
References : Mr. Erwin Schmidt

5. Product and product documentation

Samples of the following apparatus were submitted for testing:

Manufacturer : Pepperl + Fuchs GmbH
Trademark : Pepperl + Fuchs
Type designation : IUH-F117-V1-US
Hardware versions : **IUH-F117-V1-US**
Variants : ---
Serial number : 2218999
Software release : LINUX (Kernel 3.X.X)
Type of equipment : FHSS Transceiver (UHF RFID Reader)
Power used : 24.0 V DC
Frequency used : 902.700 MHz – 927.200 MHz (50 channels with 500 kHz channel spacing)
Generated or used frequencies : 902.700 MHz – 927.200 MHz (Carrier)
18.432 MHz, 20.0 MHz, 20.0 MHz, 25.0 MHz, 81.92 MHz (Crystals)
ITU emission class : 79K6F7D
FCC ID : **IREIUH-F117-V1**

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For issuing this report the following product documentation was used:

Description	Date	Identifications
External photographs of the Equipment Under Test (EUT)	2012-04-24	Annex no. 1
Internal photographs of the Equipment Under Test (EUT)	2012-04-24	Annex no. 2
Channel occupancy / bandwidth	2012-04-24	Annex no. 3
Label sample	2012-04-24	Annex no. 4
Functional description / User manual	2012-04-24	Annex no. 5
Test setup photos	2012-04-24	Annex no. 6
Block diagram	2012-04-24	Annex no. 7
Operational description	2012-04-24	Annex no. 8
Schematics	2012-04-24	Annex no. 9
Parts list	2012-04-24	Annex no. 10
Antenna description	2012-04-24	Annex no. 11

6. Conclusions, observations and comments

The test report will be filed at m. dudde hochfrequenz-technik for a period of 10 years following the issue of this report. It may only be reproduced or published in full. Reproduction or publication of extracts from the report requires the prior written approval of m. dudde hochfrequenz-technik.

The results of the tests as stated in this report are exclusively applicable to the EUT as identified in this report. m. dudde hochfrequenz-technik cannot be held liable for properties of the EUT that have not been observed during these tests.


m. dudde hochfrequenz-technik assumes the sample to comply with the requirements of FCC Title 47 CFR Part 15 for the respective test sector, if the test results turn out positive.

Comments: ---

Date : 2012-04-25

Name : Ralf Trepper

Function : Technician

Signature : 

Date : 2012-04-25

Name : Manfred Dudde

Function : Manager

Signature : 

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7. Operational description

7.1 EUT details

The IUH-F117-V1-US Reader are long range reader (up to 6), operating at UHF (902-928 MHz), in a Frequency Hopping Mode. The readers have a RF output level of 1 W.

The readers can be supplied with 24 VDC.

The IUH-F117-V1-US Reader contains a LINUX operating system. The system is capable of using channels which are separated by a frequency spacing of 500kHz, starting at a centre frequency of 902.7 MHz (channel 1). The transmitter and receiver parts each have a hop time (time for switching from one hopping channel to the next), determined by the settling time of the on-chip frequency synthesizer. Of all available channels are used for TX hopping. During each transmission all hopping channels (1-50) are used. Thereby it is inherently ensured that the hopping channels are used equally often for TX. The sequence of hopping channels during a transmission and exact timing for TX on each hopping channel is determined by a pseudo-random algorithm.

7.2 EUT configuration

Testing was carried out using software control implemented in the EUT with the following settings:

- Output power: maximum, +30 dBm
- Frequency hopping in the band: 902 – 928 MHz
- Frequency hopping using a pseudo random sequence in the band: 902 – 928 MHz.
- Changes in modulation: None,
- Single frequency operation
- Channel spacing: 500 kHz
- 50 Channels

7.3 EUT measurement description

Radiated emission test

One configuration will be tested as standalone device. In order to establish the maximum radiation, firstly, there have been viewed all orthogonal adjustments and all four antenna ports of the test sample. Secondly the test sample have been rotated at all adjustments around the own axis between 0° and 360°, and thirdly, the antenna polarization between horizontal and vertical has been varied. All generated frequencies, the lowest, middle and the highest frequency of the UHF Long Range Reader IUH-F117-V1-US Reader, have been viewed.

Conducted measurements

The UHF Long Range Reader IUH-F117-V1-US Reader was connected via external power supply to the artificial mains network. It has been tested only in continuous transmit mode. L1 and N have been viewed.

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8.1 Antenna requirement

8.1.1 Regulation

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of Sections 15.211, 15.213, 15.217, 15.219, or 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with Section 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this Part are not exceeded.

8.1.2 Result

The equipment meets the requirements	Yes	No	N.t.
Further test results are attached	Yes	No	

Integrated antenna, circular or linear polarized.

N.t.* See page no. 39

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8.2 Conducted limits

8.2.1 Regulation

(a) Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency of emission(MHz)	Conducted limit (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5 - 5	56	46
5 -30	60	50

*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

(b) The limit shown in paragraph (a) of this section shall not apply to carrier current systems operating as intentional radiators on frequencies below 30 MHz. In lieu thereof, these carrier current systems shall be subject to the following standards:

- 1) For carrier current system containing their fundamental emission within the frequency band 535–1705 kHz and intended to be received using a standard AM broadcast receiver: no limit on conducted emissions.
- (2) For all other carrier current systems: 1000 μ V within the frequency band 535–1705 kHz, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms LISN.
- (3) Carrier current systems operating below 30 MHz are also subject to the radiated emission limits in §15.205, §15.209, §15.221, §15.223, or §15.227, as appropriate.

(c) Measurements to demonstrate compliance with the conducted limits are not required for devices which only employ battery power for operation and which do not operate from the AC power lines or contain provisions for operation while connected to the AC power lines. Devices that include, or make provisions for, the use of battery chargers which permit operating while charging, AC adapters or battery eliminators or that connect to the AC power lines indirectly, obtaining their power through another device which is connected to the AC power lines, shall be tested to demonstrate compliance with the conducted limits.

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8.1.2 Test equipment

Type	Manufacturer/ Model no.	Serial no.	Last calibration	Next calibration	Calibration executed by
Receiver (9 kHz - 30MHz)	Schwarzbeck FMLK 1518 (428)	1518294 9360	08/2010	08/2013	---
Panorama- Monitor FMLK / VUMA	PAZ1550 (429)	---	---	---	---
Protector limiter 9 kHz - 30MHz 10 dB	Rhode & Schwarz ESH 3Z2 (272)	357,881052	09/2011	09/2013	Dudde
V-LISN 50 ohms/(50 uH+5 ohms)	RFT NNB 11 (72)	13835240	07/2010	07/2013	Dudde
V-LISN 50 ohms/(50 uH+5 ohms)	EMCO (49b)	9512-1227	07/2011	07/2014	Dudde
AC Power reference 120V/60Hz (1000 VA)	ELGAR 1001B [314]	1726	07/2011	07/2014	Dudde
RF- cable	Aircell 1.5m [BNC/N]	K30	09/2011	09/2012	Dudde

8.2.3 Test procedures

The EUT and the additional equipment (if required) are connected to the main power through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN). The LISN must be appropriate to ANSI C63.4-2009 Section 7.

Additional equipment must also be connected to a second LISN with the same specifications described in the above sentence (if required).

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8.2.4 Result

Tested with external DC power supply

CONDUCTED EMISSIONS (Section 15.107)						
Tested line	Emission frequency [MHz]	Receiver bandwidth [kHz]	Result quasi-peak [dB μ V]	Spec. limit (average) [dB μ V]	Margin [dB]	Remarks
L1	0.1829	9	51.5	54.6	3.1	* ²
N	0.1829	9	51.5	54.6	3.1	* ²
L1	0.2059	9	45.0	54.5	9.5	* ²
N	0.2059	9	45.5	54.5	9.0	* ²
L1	0.400	9	-2	47.7	49.7	* ¹
N	0.400	9	-2	47.7	49.7	* ¹
L1	0.600	9	-2	46	48.0	* ¹
N	0.600	9	-2	46	48.0	* ¹
L1	0.775	9	-2	46	48.0	* ¹
N	0.775	9	-2	46	48.0	* ¹
L1	0.850	9	-2	46	48.0	* ¹
N	0.850	9	-2	46	48.0	* ¹
L1	1.000	9	-2	46	48.0	* ¹
N	1.000	9	-2	46	48.0	* ¹
L1	1.575	9	-2	46	48.0	* ¹
N	1.575	9	-2	46	48.0	* ¹
L1	2.450	9	-2	46	48.0	* ¹
N	2.450	9	-2	46	48.0	* ¹
L1	3.443	9	32.0	46	14.0	* ²
N	3.443	9	32.0	46	14.0	* ²
L1	4.302	9	34.5	46	11.5	* ²
N	4.302	9	34.5	46	11.5	* ²
L1	5.750	9	-2	46	48.0	* ¹
N	5.750	9	-2	46	48.0	* ¹
L1	6.300	9	-2	50	52.0	* ¹
N	6.300	9	-2	50	52.0	* ¹
L1	11.100	9	-2	50	52.0	* ¹
N	11.100	9	-2	50	52.0	* ¹

Remark: *¹ Noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ -2 dB μ V (0.009 – 30MHz)Remark: *² Quasi peak measurements lower than "Specified Average Limit"

The equipment meets the requirements	Yes	No	N.t.
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Further test results are attached	Yes	No	Page no.
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N.t.* See page no. 39

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8.3 Restricted bands of operation

8.3.1 Regulation

(a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
¹ 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2690 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 - 335.4	3600 - 4400	(²)
13.36 - 13.41			

¹ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

² Above 38.6

(b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

(c) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), regardless of the field strength limits specified elsewhere in this Subpart, the provisions of this Section apply to emissions from any intentional radiator.

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(d) The following devices are exempt from the requirements of this Section:

- (1) Swept frequency field disturbance sensors operating between 1.705 and 37 MHz provided their emissions only sweep through the bands listed in paragraph (a), the sweep is never stopped with the fundamental emission within the bands listed in paragraph (a), and the fundamental emission is outside of the bands listed in paragraph (a) more than 99% of the time the device is actively transmitting, without compensation for duty cycle.
- (2) Transmitters used to detect buried electronic markers at 101.4 kHz which are employed by telephone companies.
- (3) Cable locating equipment operated pursuant to Section 15.213.
- (4) Any equipment operated under the provisions of § 15.253, § 15.255 or § 15.257 of this part.
- (5) Biomedical telemetry devices operating under the provisions of Section 15.242 of this part are not subject to the restricted band 608-614 MHz but are subject to compliance within the other restricted bands.
- (6) Transmitters operating under the provisions of Subpart D or F of this part.
- (7) Devices operated pursuant to § 15.225 are exempt from complying with this section for the 13.36-13.41 MHz band only.
- (8) Devices operated in the 24.075-24.175 GHz band under § 15.245 are exempt from complying with the requirements of this section for the 48.15-48.35 GHz and 72.225-72.525 GHz bands only, and shall not exceed the limits specified in § 15.245(b).
- (9) Devices operated in the 24.0-24.25 GHz band under § 15.249 are exempt from complying with the requirements of this section for the 48.0-48.5 GHz and 72.0-72.75 GHz bands only, and shall not exceed the limits specified in § 15.249(a).

(e) Harmonic emissions appearing in the restricted bands above 17.7 GHz from field disturbance sensors operating under the provisions of Section 15.245 shall not exceed the limits specified in Section 15.245(b).

(b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

(c) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), regardless of the field strength limits specified elsewhere in this Subpart, the provisions of this Section apply to emissions from any intentional radiator. (d) The following devices are exempt from the requirements of this Section:

- (1) Swept frequency field disturbance sensors operating between 1.705 and 37 MHz provided their emissions only sweep through the bands listed in paragraph (a), the sweep is never stopped with the fundamental emission within the bands listed in paragraph (a), and the fundamental emission is outside of the bands listed in paragraph (a) more than 99% of the time the device is actively transmitting, without compensation for duty cycle.

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- (2) Transmitters used to detect buried electronic markers at 101.4 kHz which are employed by telephone companies.
 - (3) Cable locating equipment operated pursuant to Section 15.213.
 - (4) Any equipment operated under the provisions of § 15.253, § 15.255 or § 15.257 of this part.
 - (5) Biomedical telemetry devices operating under the provisions of Section 15.242 of this part are not subject to the restricted band 608-614 MHz but are subject to compliance within the other restricted bands.
 - (6) Transmitters operating under the provisions of Subpart D or F of this part.
 - (7) Devices operated pursuant to § 15.225 are exempt from complying with this section for the 13.36-13.41 MHz band only.
 - (8) Devices operated in the 24.075-24.175 GHz band under § 15.245 are exempt from complying with the requirements of this section for the 48.15-48.35 GHz and 72.225-72.525 GHz bands only, and shall not exceed the limits specified in § 15.245(b).
 - (9) Devices operated in the 24.0-24.25 GHz band under § 15.249 are exempt from 83 complying with the requirements of this section for the 48.0-48.5 GHz and 72.0-72.75 GHz bands only, and shall not exceed the limits specified in § 15.249(a).
- (e) Harmonic emissions appearing in the restricted bands above 17.7 GHz from field disturbance sensors operating under the provisions of Section 15.245 shall not exceed the limits specified in Section 15.245(b).

8.3.2 Result

The equipment meets the requirements	Yes	No	N.t.
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Further test results are attached	Yes	No	Page no.
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N.t.* See page no. 39

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8.4 Radiated emission limits, general requirements

8.4.1 Regulation

(a) Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement distance (meters)
0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705-30.0	30	30
30-88	100	3
88-216	150	3
216-960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

(b) In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

(c) The level of any unwanted emissions from an intentional radiator operating under these general provisions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental emission. For intentional radiators which operate under the provisions of other sections within this part and which are required to reduce their unwanted emissions to the limits specified in this table, the limits in this table are based on the frequency of the unwanted emission and not the fundamental frequency. However, the level of any unwanted emissions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental frequency.

(d) The emission limits shown in the above table are based on measurements employing a CISPR quasi peak detector except for the frequency bands 9-90 kHz, 110-490 kHz and above 1000 MHz. Radiated emission limits in these three bands are based on measurements employing an average detector.

(e) The provisions in §§ 15.31, 15.33, and 15.35 for measuring emissions at distances other than the distances specified in the above table, determining the frequency range over which radiated emissions are to be measured, and limiting peak emissions apply to all devices operated under this part.

(f) In accordance with Section 15.33(a), in some cases the emissions from an intentional radiator must be measured to beyond the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency designed to be emitted by the intentional radiator because of the incorporation of a digital device. If measurements above the tenth harmonic are so required, the radiated emissions above the tenth harmonic shall comply with the general radiated emission limits applicable to the incorporated digital device, as shown in Section 15.109 and as based on the frequency of the emission being measured, or, except for emissions contained in the restricted frequency bands shown in Section 15.205, the limit on spurious emissions specified for the intentional radiator, whichever is the higher limit. Emissions which must be measured above the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency designed to be emitted by the intentional radiator and which fall within the restricted bands shall comply with the general radiated emission limits in Section 15.109 that are applicable to the incorporated digital device.

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8.4.2 Test equipment

Type	Manufacturer/ Model no.	Serial no.	Last calibration	Next calibration	Calibration executed by
OATS	Dudde (104)	---	08/2010	08/2012	Dudde
Digital Multimeter	GW GDM-8045G (144)	0090256	08/2011	08/2014	Dudde
Receiver (9 kHz –18.0 GHz)	Rohde & Schwarz Spectrum Analyzer FSL 18 (171a)	100.117	11/2010	11/2012	Rohde & Schwarz
Pre-amplifier (100kHz - 1.3GHz)	Hewlett Packard 8447 E (166a)	1726A00705	01/2012	01/2014	Dudde
Pre-amplifier (1GHz - 18GHz)	Narda --- (345)	---	01/2012	01/2014	Dudde
Magnetic loop antenna (9 kHz - 30 MHz)	Schwarzbeck FMZB 1516 (23)	---	05/2010	05/2013	Dudde
Bilog antenna (30- 1000 MHz)	Schwarzbeck VULP 9168 (406)	---	04/2011	04/2014	Schwazbeck
Bilog antenna (1- 18 GHz)	Schwarzbeck STLP 9148 (445)	---	09/2009	09/2012	Schwazbeck
Horn antenna (2.0-14.0 GHz)	Schwarzbeck BBHA 9120 C (169)	305	03/2011	03/2013	Dudde
RF- cable	Kabelmetal 18m [N]	K1	09/2011	09/2012	Dudde
RF- cable	Aircell 0.5m [BNC]	K40	09/2011	09/2012	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex 100 Suhner 1 m [N]	K52	09/2011	09/2012	Dudde
RF- cable	Aircell 1m [BNC/N]	K56	09/2011	09/2012	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex 100 Suhner 1 m [N] (K61	09/2011	09/2012	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex 106 Suhner 6,4m [N]	K74	09/2011	09/2012	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex 106 Suhner 6,4m [N]	K75	09/2011	09/2012	Dudde

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8.4.3 Test procedure

The EUT and this peripheral (when additional equipment exists) are placed on a turn table which is 0.8 m above the ground. The turn table would be allowed to rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of the maximum emission level. The test distance between the EUT and the receiving antenna are 3m. To find the maximum emission, the polarization of the receiving antenna is changed in horizontal and vertical polarization; the position of the EUT was changed in different orthogonal determinations.

ANSI C63.4: 2009 Section 8 “Radiated Emissions Testing”

Measurement procedures for electric field radiated emissions above 1 GHz are covered in Clause 8 of ANSI C63.4-2009. The C63.4-2009 measurement procedure consists of both an exploratory test and a final measurement. The exploratory test is critical to determine the frequency of all significant emissions. For each mode of operation required to be tested, the frequency spectrum is monitored. Variations in antenna height, antenna orientation, antenna polarization, EUT azimuth, and cable or wire placement is explored to produce the emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit.

The final measurements are made based on the findings in the exploratory testing. When making exploratory and final measurements it is necessary to maximize the measured radiated emission. Subclause 8.3.1.2 of C63.4-2009 states that the measurement is to be made “while keeping the antenna in the ‘cone of radiation’ from that area and pointed at the area both in azimuth and elevation, with polarization oriented for maximum response.” We consider the “cone of radiation” to be the 3 dB beamwidth of the measurement antenna.

While the “bore-sighting” technique is not explicitly mentioned in C63.4-2009, it is a useful technique for measurements using a directional antenna, such as a double-ridged waveguide antenna. Several precautions must be observed, including: knowledge of the beamwidth of the antenna and the resulting illumination area relative to the size of the EUT, estimation for source of the emission and general location within larger EUTS, measuring system sensitivity, etc.

C63.4-2009 requires that the measurement antenna is kept pointed at the source of the emission both in azimuth and elevation, with the polarization of the antenna oriented for maximum response. That means that if the directional radiation pattern of the EUT results in a maximum emission at an upwards angle from the EUT, when a directional antenna is used to make the measurement it will be necessary for it to be pointed towards the source of the emission within the EUT. This can be done by either pointing the antenna at an angle towards the source of the emission, or by rotating the EUT, in both height and polarization, to maximize the measured emission. The emission must be kept within the illumination area of the 3 dB beamwidth of the antenna so that the maximum emission from the EUT is measured.

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Radiated emissions test characteristics	
Frequency range	30 MHz - 4,000 MHz
Test distance	3 m*
Test instrumentation resolution bandwidth	120 kHz (30 MHz - 1,000 MHz)
	1 MHz (1000 MHz - 4,000 MHz)
Receive antenna scan height	1 m - 4 m
Receive antenna polarization	Vertical/horizontal

* According to Section 15.31 (f) (1): At frequencies at or above 30 MHz, measurements may be performed at a distance other than what is specified provided: measurements are not made in the near field except where it can be shown that near field measurements are appropriate due to the characteristics of the device; and it can be demonstrated that the signal levels needed to be measured at the distance employed can be detected by the measurement equipment. When performing measurements at a distance other than that specified, the results shall be extrapolated to the specified distance using an extrapolation factor of 20dB/decade (inverse linear-distance for field strength measurements; inverse-linear-distance-squared for power density measurements).

8.4.4 Calculation of the field strength

The field strength is calculated by the following calculation:

Corrected Level = Receiver Level + Correction Factor (without the use of a pre-amplifier)

Corrected Level = Receiver Level + Correction Factor – Pre-amplifier (with the use of a pre-amplifier)

Receiver Level : Receiver reading without correction factors

Correction Factor : Antenna factor + cable loss

For example:

The receiver reading is 32.7 dB μ V. The antenna factor for the measured frequency is +2.5 dB (1/m) and the cable factor for the measured frequency is 0.71 dB, giving a field strength of 35.91dB μ V/m.

The 35.91dB μ V/m value can be mathematically converted to its corresponding level in μ V/m.

Level in μ V/m = Common Antilogarithm (35.91/20) = 39.8

For test distance other than what is specified, but fulfilling the requirements of Section 15.31 (f) (1) the field strength is calculated by adding additionally an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade (inverse linear distance for field strength measurements).

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8.4.5 Result

(lowest frequency)(902.750 MHz)

TRANSMITTER SPURIOUS RADIATION BELOW 30 MHz (Section 15.205, 15.209)									
f (MHz)	Bandwidth (kHz) Type of detector	Noted receiver level dBμV	Test distance m	Correction factor dB	Distance extrapol. factor dB	Level corrected dBμV/m	Limit dBμV/m	Margin dBμV/m	Polarisation EUT / antenna orientation
0.1200	PK/0.2kHz	< 4.0	10	20.2	-59.1	-34.90	Pk46.0- @ 300	80.90	V, H/0-360°
	AV/0.2kHz	< 4.0	10	20.2	-59.1	-34.90	AV26.0 @ 300	80.90	V, H/0-360°
0.5000	QPK/0.2kHz	< 4.0	10	20.2	-19.1	5.10	AV33.6 @ 30	28.5	V, H/0-360°
1.5000	QPK/0.2kHz	< 4.0	10	20.2	-19.1	5.10	AV24.1 @ 30	19.00	V, H/0-360°
3.0000	QPK/9.0kHz	< 4.0	10	20.2	-19.1	5.10	AV29.5 @ 30	24.4	V, H/0-360°
5.0000	QPK/9.0kHz	< 4.0	10	20.2	-19.1	5.10	AV29.5 @ 30	24.4	V, H/0-360°
8.0000	QPK/9.0kHz	< 4.0	10	20.2	-19.1	5.10	AV29.5 @ 30	24.4	V, H/0-360°
10.0000	QPK/9.0kHz	< 4.0	10	20.2	-19.1	5.10	AV29.5 @ 30	24.4	V, H/0-360°
20.0000	QPK/9.0kHz	< 4.0	10	20.2	-19.1	5.10	AV29.5 @ 30	24.4	V, H/0-360°
30.0000	QPK/9.0kHz	< 4.0	10	20.2	-19.1	5.10	AV29.5 @ 30	24.4	V, H/0-360°
No emissions detected									
Measurement uncertainty			4 dB						

Remark: *¹ Noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 4.0dBμV @ 10m distance (0.009 MHz –30 MHz)

Remark: * Peak Limit according to Section 15.35 (b).

The equipment meets the requirements	Yes	No	N.t.
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Further test results are attached	Yes	No	Page no.
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(lowest frequency)(902.750 MHz)

TRANSMITTER SPURIOUS RADIATION ABOVE 30 MHz (Section 15.205, 15.209)

f (MHz)	Bandwidth (kHz) Type of detector	Noted receiver level dBµV	Test distance m	Correction factor dB	Distance extrapol. factor dB	AV Correction factor dB	Level corrected dBµV/m	Limit dBµV/m	Margin dBµV/m	Polaris. EUT / antenna	Antenna height cm
30.0000	100, QPK	≤ 3.5	3	-2.6* ⁵	0	0	0.9	40.0	39.10	H,V/H,V	100-400
56.909	100, QPK	38.9	3	-9.3*⁵	0	0	29.6	40.0	10.4	V/V 30°	302
88.0000	100, QPK	≤ 3.5	3	-10.8* ⁵	0	0	-7.3	40.0	47.3	H,V/H,V	100-400
104.8090	100, QPK	20.2	3	-9.9*⁵	0	0	10.3	43.5	33.2	V/V 30°	166
160.7000	100, QPK	43.7	3	-7.5*⁵	0	0	36.2	43.5	7.3	V/V 30°	131
216.0000	100, QPK	≤ 3.5	3	-10.3* ⁵	0	0	-6.8	43.5	50.3	H,V/H,V	100-400
396.2000	100, QPK	34.2	3	-4.3*⁵	0	0	29.9	43.5	8.9	V/H 30°	192
512.0000	100, QPK	38.4	3	-2.7*⁵	0	0	35.7	43.5	7.8	V/H 30°	123
960.0000	100, QPK	≤ 3.5	3	8.5* ⁵	0	0	12.0	43.5	31.5	H,V/H,V	100-400
1700.0000	1000, AV	≤ 4.5	3	3.8* ⁶	0	0	8.3	54.0	45.7	H,V/H,V	100-400
2708.250	1000, AV	≤ 10	3	8.1*⁶	0	0	18.1	54.0	35.9	H,V/H,V	100-400
3650.000	1000, AV	≤ 10	3	8.3*⁶	0	0	18.3	54.0	35.7	H,V/H,V	100-400
4513.750	1000, AV	≤ 10	3	8.9*⁶	0	0	18.9	54.0	35.1	H,V/H,V	100-400
5416.500	1000, AV	≤ 10	3	9.2*⁶	0	0	19.2	54.0	34.8	H,V/H,V	100-400
7500.0000	1000, AV	≤ 14	3	12.9* ⁶	0	0	26.9	54.0	27.1	H,V/H,V	100-400
8124.750	1000, AV	≤ 14	3	14.8*⁶	0	0	28.8	54.0	25.2	H,V/H,V	100-400
9027.500	1000, AV	≤ 14	3	15.9*⁶	0	0	29.9	54.0	24.1	H,V/H,V	100-400
11000.0000	1000, AV	≤ 14	3	18.3* ⁶	0	0	32.3	54.0	21.7	H,V/H,V	100-400

Measurement uncertainty

4 dB

Bandwidth = the measuring receiver bandwidth

- Remark: *¹ noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 3.5dBµV @ 3m distance (30 – 1,000 MHz)
- Remark: *² noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 4.5dBµV @ 3m distance (1,000 – 2,000 MHz)
- Remark: *³ noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 10dBµV @ 3m distance (2,000 – 5,500 MHz)
- Remark: *⁴ noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 14dBµV @ 3m distance (5,500 – 14,500 MHz)
- Remark: *⁵ for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 100 kHz and 1,000 MHz
- Remark: *⁶ for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 1.0 GHz and 18.0 GHz

The equipment meets the requirements	Yes	No	N.t.
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Further test results are attached	Yes	No	Page no.
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(middle frequency)(914.750 MHz)

TRANSMITTER SPURIOUS RADIATION BELOW 30 MHz (Section 15.205, 15.209)									
f (MHz)	Bandwidth (kHz) Type of detector	Noted receiver level dBμV	Test distance m	Correction factor dB	Distance extrapol. factor dB	Level corrected dBμV/m	Limit dBμV/m	Margin dBμV/m	Polarisation EUT / antenna orientation
0.1200	PK/0.2kHz	< 4.0	10	20.2	-59.1	-34.90	Pk46.0- @ 300	80.90	V, H/0-360°
	AV/0.2kHz	< 4.0	10	20.2	-59.1	-34.90	AV26.0 @ 300	80.90	V, H/0-360°
0.5000	QPK/0.2kHz	< 4.0	10	20.2	-19.1	5.10	AV33.6 @ 30	28.5	V, H/0-360°
1.5000	QPK/0.2kHz	< 4.0	10	20.2	-19.1	5.10	AV24.1 @ 30	19.00	V, H/0-360°
3.0000	QPK/9.0kHz	< 4.0	10	20.2	-19.1	5.10	AV29.5 @ 30	24.4	V, H/0-360°
5.0000	QPK/9.0kHz	< 4.0	10	20.2	-19.1	5.10	AV29.5 @ 30	24.4	V, H/0-360°
8.0000	QPK/9.0kHz	< 4.0	10	20.2	-19.1	5.10	AV29.5 @ 30	24.4	V, H/0-360°
10.0000	QPK/9.0kHz	< 4.0	10	20.2	-19.1	5.10	AV29.5 @ 30	24.4	V, H/0-360°
20.0000	QPK/9.0kHz	< 4.0	10	20.2	-19.1	5.10	AV29.5 @ 30	24.4	V, H/0-360°
30.0000	QPK/9.0kHz	< 4.0	10	20.2	-19.1	5.10	AV29.5 @ 30	24.4	V, H/0-360°
No emissions detected									
Measurement uncertainty			4 dB						

Remark: *¹ Noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 4.0dBμV @ 10m distance (0.009 MHz –30 MHz)

Remark: * Peak Limit according to Section 15.35 (b).

The equipment meets the requirements	Yes	No	N.t.
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Further test results are attached	Yes	No	Page no.
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(middle frequency)(914.750 MHz)

TRANSMITTER SPURIOUS RADIATION ABOVE 30 MHz (Section 15.205, 15.209)

f (MHz)	Bandwidth (kHz) Type of detector	Noted receiver level dBµV	Test distance m	Correction factor dB	Distance extrapol. factor dB	AV Correction factor dB	Level corrected dBµV/m	Limit dBµV/m	Margin dBµV/m	Polaris. EUT / antenna	Antenna height cm
30.0000	100, QPK	≤ 3.5	3	-2.6* ⁵	0	0	0.9	40.0	39.10	H,V/H,V	100-400
56.909	100, QPK	38.9	3	-9.3*⁵	0	0	29.6	40.0	10.4	V/V 30°	302
88.0000	100, QPK	≤ 3.5	3	-10.8* ⁵	0	0	-7.3	40.0	47.3	H,V/H,V	100-400
104.8090	100, QPK	20.2	3	-9.9*⁵	0	0	10.3	43.5	33.2	V/V 30°	166
160.7000	100, QPK	43.7	3	-7.5*⁵	0	0	36.2	43.5	7.3	V/V 30°	131
216.0000	100, QPK	≤ 3.5	3	-10.3* ⁵	0	0	-6.8	43.5	50.3	H,V/H,V	100-400
396.2000	100, QPK	34.2	3	-4.3*⁵	0	0	29.9	43.5	8.9	V/H 30°	192
512.0000	100, QPK	38.4	3	-2.7*⁵	0	0	35.7	43.5	7.8	V/H 30°	123
960.0000	100, QPK	≤ 3.5	3	8.5* ⁵	0	0	12.0	43.5	31.5	H,V/H,V	100-400
1700.0000	1000, AV	≤ 4.5	3	3.8* ⁶	0	0	8.3	54.0	45.7	H,V/H,V	100-400
2744.2500	1000, AV	≤ 10	3	8.1*⁶	0	0	18.1	54.0	35.9	H,V/H,V	100-400
3659.0000	1000, AV	≤ 10	3	8.3*⁶	0	0	18.3	54.0	35.7	H,V/H,V	100-400
4573.7500	1000, AV	≤ 10	3	8.9*⁶	0	0	18.9	54.0	35.1	H,V/H,V	100-400
5000.0000	1000, AV	≤ 10	3	9.2* ⁶	0	0	19.2	54.0	34.8	H,V/H,V	100-400
7318.0000	1000, AV	≤ 14	3	12.9*⁶	0	0	26.9	54.0	27.1	H,V/H,V	100-400
8232.7500	1000, AV	≤ 14	3	14.8*⁶	0	0	28.8	54.0	25.2	H,V/H,V	100-400
9147.5000	1000, AV	≤ 14	3	15.9*⁶	0	0	29.9	54.0	24.1	H,V/H,V	100-400
11000.0000	1000, AV	≤ 14	3	18.3* ⁶	0	0	32.3	54.0	21.7	H,V/H,V	100-400

Measurement uncertainty

4 dB

Bandwidth = the measuring receiver bandwidth

- Remark: *¹ noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 3.5dBµV @ 3m distance (30 – 1,000 MHz)
- Remark: *² noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 4.5dBµV @ 3m distance (1,000 – 2,000 MHz)
- Remark: *³ noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 10dBµV @ 3m distance (2,000 – 5,500 MHz)
- Remark: *⁴ noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 14dBµV @ 3m distance (5,500 – 14,500 MHz)
- Remark: *⁵ for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 100 kHz and 1,000 MHz
- Remark: *⁶ for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 1.0 GHz and 18.0 GHz

The equipment meets the requirements	Yes	No	N.t.
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Further test results are attached	Yes	No	Page no.
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(highest frequency)(927.250 MHz)

TRANSMITTER SPURIOUS RADIATION BELOW 30 MHz (Section 15.205, 15.209)

f (MHz)	Bandwidth (kHz) Type of detector	Noted receiver level dBµV	Test distance m	Correction factor dB	Distance extrapol. factor dB	Level corrected dBµV/m	Limit dBµV/m	Margin dBµV/m	Polarisation EUT / antenna orientation
0.1200	PK/0.2kHz	< 4.0	10	20.2	-59.1	-34.90	Pk46.0- @ 300	80.90	V, H/0-360°
	AV/0.2kHz	< 4.0	10	20.2	-59.1	-34.90	AV26.0 @ 300	80.90	V, H/0-360°
0.5000	QPK/0.2kHz	< 4.0	10	20.2	-19.1	5.10	AV33.6 @ 30	28.5	V, H/0-360°
1.5000	QPK/0.2kHz	< 4.0	10	20.2	-19.1	5.10	AV24.1 @ 30	19.00	V, H/0-360°
3.0000	QPK/9.0kHz	< 4.0	10	20.2	-19.1	5.10	AV29.5 @ 30	24.4	V, H/0-360°
5.0000	QPK/9.0kHz	< 4.0	10	20.2	-19.1	5.10	AV29.5 @ 30	24.4	V, H/0-360°
8.0000	QPK/9.0kHz	< 4.0	10	20.2	-19.1	5.10	AV29.5 @ 30	24.4	V, H/0-360°
10.0000	QPK/9.0kHz	< 4.0	10	20.2	-19.1	5.10	AV29.5 @ 30	24.4	V, H/0-360°
20.0000	QPK/9.0kHz	< 4.0	10	20.2	-19.1	5.10	AV29.5 @ 30	24.4	V, H/0-360°
30.0000	QPK/9.0kHz	< 4.0	10	20.2	-19.1	5.10	AV29.5 @ 30	24.4	V, H/0-360°
Measurement uncertainty			4 dB						

Remark: *¹ Noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 4.0dBµV @ 10m distance (0.009 MHz –30 MHz)

Remark: * Peak Limit according to Section 15.35 (b).

The equipment meets the requirements	Yes	No	N.t.
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Further test results are attached	Yes	No	Page no.
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(highest frequency)(927.250 MHz)

TRANSMITTER SPURIOUS RADIATION ABOVE 30 MHz (Section 15.205, 15.209)

f (MHz)	Bandwidth (kHz) Type of detector	Noted receiver level dBµV	Test distance m	Correction factor dB	Distance extrapol. factor dB	AV Correction factor dB	Level corrected dBµV/m	Limit dBµV/m	Margin dBµV/m	Polaris. EUT / antenna	Antenna height cm
30.0000	100, QPK	≤ 3.5	3	-2.6* ⁵	0	0	0.9	40.0	39.10	H,V/H,V	100-400
56.909	100, QPK	38.9	3	-9.3*⁵	0	0	29.6	40.0	10.4	V/V 30°	302
88.0000	100, QPK	≤ 3.5	3	-10.8* ⁵	0	0	-7.3	40.0	47.3	H,V/H,V	100-400
104.8090	100, QPK	20.2	3	-9.9*⁵	0	0	10.3	43.5	33.2	V/V 30°	166
160.7000	100, QPK	43.7	3	-7.5*⁵	0	0	36.2	43.5	7.3	V/V 30°	131
216.0000	100, QPK	≤ 3.5	3	-10.3* ⁵	0	0	-6.8	43.5	50.3	H,V/H,V	100-400
396.2000	100, QPK	34.2	3	-4.3*⁵	0	0	29.9	43.5	8.9	V/H 30°	192
512.0000	100, QPK	38.4	3	-2.7*⁵	0	0	35.7	43.5	7.8	V/H 30°	123
960.0000	100, QPK	≤ 3.5	3	8.5* ⁵	0	0	12.0	43.5	31.5	H,V/H,V	100-400
1700.0000	1000, AV	≤ 4.5	3	3.8* ⁶	0	0	8.3	54.0	45.7	H,V/H,V	100-400
2781.7500	1000, AV	≤ 10	3	8.1*⁶	0	0	18.1	54.0	35.9	H,V/H,V	100-400
3709.000	1000, AV	≤ 10	3	8.3*⁶	0	0	18.3	54.0	35.7	H,V/H,V	100-400
4636.2500	1000, AV	≤ 10	3	8.9*⁶	0	0	18.9	54.0	35.1	H,V/H,V	100-400
5000.0000	1000, AV	≤ 10	3	9.2* ⁶	0	0	19.2	54.0	34.8	H,V/H,V	100-400
7418.0000	1000, AV	≤ 14	3	12.9*⁶	0	0	26.9	54.0	27.1	H,V/H,V	100-400
8345.25000	1000, AV	≤ 14	3	14.8*⁶	0	0	28.8	54.0	25.2	H,V/H,V	100-400
9272.5000	1000, AV	≤ 14	3	15.9*⁶	0	0	29.9	54.0	24.1	H,V/H,V	100-400
11000.0000	1000, AV	≤ 14	3	18.3* ⁶	0	0	32.3	54.0	21.7	H,V/H,V	100-400

Measurement uncertainty

4 dB

Bandwidth = the measuring receiver bandwidth

- Remark: *¹ noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 3.5dBµV @ 3m distance (30 – 1,000 MHz)
- Remark: *² noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 4.5dBµV @ 3m distance (1,000 – 2,000 MHz)
- Remark: *³ noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 10dBµV @ 3m distance (2,000 – 5,500 MHz)
- Remark: *⁴ noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 14dBµV @ 3m distance (5,500 – 14,500 MHz)
- Remark: *⁵ for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 100 kHz and 1,000 MHz
- Remark: *⁶ for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 1.0 GHz and 18.0 GHz

The equipment meets the requirements	Yes	No	N.t.
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Further test results are attached	Yes	No	Page no.
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N.t.* See page no. 39

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8.5 Bandwidth

8.5.1 Regulation

Section 15.247 (a) Operation under the provisions of this Section is limited to frequency hopping and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:

(1) Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudorandomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

(i) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz, the system shall use at least 50 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 20 second period; if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 250 kHz or greater, the system shall use at least 25 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 10 second period. The maximum allowed 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 500 kHz.

(ii) Frequency hopping systems operating in the 5725-5850 MHz band shall use at least 75 hopping frequencies. The maximum 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 1 MHz. The average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 30 second period.

(iii) Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

(2) Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902 - 928 MHz, 2400 - 2483.5 MHz, and 5725 - 5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

8.5.2 Test equipment

Type	Manufacturer/ Model no.	Serial no.	Last calibration	Next calibration	Calibration executed by
Attenuator 30 dB, DC-18GHz	Weinschel Corp. Model. 6312-30 (377)	BL2463	02/210	02/2013	Dudde
Digital Multimeter	GW GDM-8045G (144)	0090256	08/2011	08/2014	Dudde
Receiver (9 kHz –30.0 GHz)	Rohde & Schwarz Spectrum Analyzer FSV 30 (502)	100932	02/2010	02/2013	Rohde & Schwarz
RF- cable	Sucoflex 100 Suhner 1 m [N]	K116	09/2011	09/2012	Dudde

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8.5.3 Test procedures

Testing was carried out in accordance with the less than 250 kHz requirements.
 Measurements were carried out on 3 single frequencies across the operating range.
 Measurements were carried out with different tags, the worst case measurement were documented.

There are 50 hopping frequencies in use, the maximum 20 dB bandwidth is 79.6 kHz and the average time of occupancy is 391.3 msec.

In addition the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not exceed 400 milliseconds in any 20 second period.

Using a spectrum analyser with a Zero span, the “on frequency time” was determined to be maximal 293.5 msec. With the spectrum analyser still operating with a Zero span the transmitter was observed to be “on frequency”, on average, 1 time in any 15 second period.

Therefore $293.5 \text{ msec} * 4/3 \text{ time} = 391.3 \text{ msec}$.

8.5.4 Result

The equipment meets the requirements	Yes	No	N.t.
Further test results are attached	Yes	No	Annex no. 3

N.t.* See page no. 39

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8.6 Peak output power

8.6.1 Regulation

Section 15.247 (b) The maximum peak conducted output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

(1) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

(2) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: 1 watt for systems employing at least 50 hopping channels; and, 0.25 watts for systems employing less than 50 hopping channels, but at least 25 hopping channels, as permitted under paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section.

(3) For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

(4) The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(c) Operation with directional antenna gains greater than 6 dBi.

(1) Fixed point-to-point operation:

(i) Systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum conducted output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(ii) Systems operating in the 5725-5850 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted output power.

(iii) Fixed, point-to-point operation, as used in paragraphs (c)(1)(i) and (c)(1)(ii) of this section, excludes the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple co-located intentional radiators transmitting the same information. The operator of the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator or, if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer is responsible for ensuring that the system is used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations. The instruction manual furnished with the intentional radiator shall contain language in the installation instructions informing the operator and the installer of this responsibility.

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(2) In addition to the provisions in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(3), (b)(4) and (c)(1)(i) of this section, transmitters operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band that emit multiple directional beams, simultaneously or sequentially, for the purpose of directing signals to individual receivers or to groups of receivers provided the emissions comply with the following:

(i) Different information must be transmitted to each receiver.

(ii) If the transmitter employs an antenna system that emits multiple directional beams but does not do [the word “do” should be deleted from this sentence] emit multiple directional beams simultaneously, the total output power conducted to the array or arrays that comprise the device, i.e., the sum of the power supplied to all antennas, antenna elements, staves, etc. and summed across all carriers or frequency channels, shall not exceed the limit specified in paragraph (b)(1) or (b)(3) of this section, as applicable. However, the total conducted output power shall be reduced by 1 dB below the specified limits for each 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna/antenna array exceeds 6 dBi. The directional antenna gain shall be computed as follows:

(A) The directional gain shall be calculated as the sum of $10 \log$ (number of array elements or staves) plus the directional gain of the element or stave having the highest gain.

(B) A lower value for the directional gain than that calculated in paragraph (c)(2)(ii)(A) of this section will be accepted if sufficient evidence is presented, e.g., due to shading of the array or coherence loss in the beamforming.

(iii) If a transmitter employs an antenna that operates simultaneously on multiple directional beams using the same or different frequency channels, the power supplied to each emission beam is subject to the power limit specified in paragraph (c)(2)(ii) of this section. If transmitted beams overlap, the power shall be reduced to ensure that their aggregate power does not exceed the limit specified in paragraph (c)(2)(ii) of this section. In addition, the aggregate power transmitted simultaneously on all beams shall not exceed the limit specified in paragraph (c)(2)(ii) of this section by more than 8 dB.

(iv) Transmitters that emit a single directional beam shall operate under the provisions of paragraph (c)(1) of this section.

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8.6.2 Test equipment

Type	Manufacturer/ Model no.	Serial no.	Last calibration	Next calibration	Calibration executed by
Attenuator 30 dB, DC-18GHz	Weinschel Corp. Model. 6312-30 (377)	BL2463	02/210	02/2013	Dudde
Digital Multimeter	GW GDM-8045G (144)	0090256	08/2011	08/2014	Dudde
Receiver (9 kHz –30.0 GHz)	Rohde & Schwarz Spectrum Analyzer FSV 30 (502)	100932	02/2010	02/2013	Rohde & Schwarz
RF- cable	Sucoflex 100 Suhner 1 m [N]	K116	09/2011	09/2012	Dudde

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8.6.3 Test procedure

The EUT and this peripheral (when additional equipment exists) are placed on a turn table which is 0.8m above the ground. The turn table would be allowed to rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of the maximum emission level. The test distance between the EUT and the receiving antenna are 3m. To find the maximum emission, the polarization of the receiving antenna are changed in horizontal and vertical polarization, the position of the EUT was changed in different orthogonal determinations.

ANSI C63.4: 2009 Section 8 “Radiated emission measurements”

Measurement procedures for electric field radiated emissions above 1 GHz are covered in Clause 8 of ANSI C63.4-2009. The C63.4-2009 measurement procedure consists of both an exploratory test and a final measurement. The exploratory test is critical to determine the frequency of all significant emissions. For each mode of operation required to be tested, the frequency spectrum is monitored. Variations in antenna height, antenna orientation, antenna polarization, EUT azimuth, and cable or wire placement is explored to produce the emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit.

The final measurements are made based on the findings in the exploratory testing. When making exploratory and final measurements it is necessary to maximize the measured radiated emission. Subclause 8.3.1.2 of C63.4-2009 states that the measurement is to be made “while keeping the antenna in the ‘cone of radiation’ from that area and pointed at the area both in azimuth and elevation, with polarization oriented for maximum response.” We consider the “cone of radiation” to be the 3 dB beamwidth of the measurement antenna.

While the “bore-sighting” technique is not explicitly mentioned in C63.4-2009, it is a useful technique for measurements using a directional antenna, such as a double-ridged waveguide antenna. Several precautions must be observed, including: knowledge of the beamwidth of the antenna and the resulting illumination area relative to the size of the EUT, estimation for source of the emission and general location within larger EUTS, measuring system sensitivity, etc.

C63.4-2009 requires that the measurement antenna is kept pointed at the source of the emission both in azimuth and elevation, with the polarization of the antenna oriented for maximum response. That means that if the directional radiation pattern of the EUT results in a maximum emission at an upwards angle from the EUT, when a directional antenna is used to make the measurement it will be necessary for it to be pointed towards the source of the emission within the EUT. This can be done by either pointing the antenna at an angle towards the source of the emission, or by rotating the EUT, in both height and polarization, to maximize the measured emission. The emission must be kept within the illumination area of the 3 dB beamwidth of the antenna so that the maximum emission from the EUT is measured.

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Radiated emissions test characteristics	
Frequency range	30 MHz - 12,000 MHz
Test distance	10m, 3 m*
Test instrumentation resolution bandwidth	9 kHz (20 kHz – 30 MHz)
	120 kHz (30 MHz - 1,000 MHz)
	1 MHz (1000 MHz - 25,000 MHz)
Receive antenna height	1 m (20 kHz – 30 MHz)
Receive antenna polarization	0° - 90° (20 kHz – 30 MHz)
Receive antenna scan height	1 m - 4 m (30 MHz - 25,000 MHz)
Receive antenna polarization	vertical/horizontal (30 MHz - 25,000 MHz)

*According to Section 15.31 (f) (1): At frequencies at or above 30 MHz, measurements may be performed at a distance other than what is specified provided: measurements are not made in the near field except where it can be shown that near field measurements are appropriate due to the characteristics of the device; and it can be demonstrated that the signal levels needed to be measured at the distance employed can be detected by the measurement equipment. When performing measurements at a distance other than that specified, the results shall be extrapolated to the specified distance using an extrapolation factor of 20dB/decade (inverse linear-distance for field strength measurements; inverse-linear-distance-squared for power density measurements).

8.6.4 Calculation of the peak power (radiated)

The field strength is calculated by the following calculation:

Corrected Level = Receiver Level + Correction Factor (without the use of a pre-amplifier)

Corrected Level = Receiver Level + Correction Factor – Pre-Amplifier (with the use of a pre-amplifier)

Receiver Level : Receiver reading without correction factors

Correction Factor : field attenuation + cable loss

For example:

The receiver reading is +1.0 dBm. The field attenuation for the measured frequency is +19.5 dB and the cable factor for the measured frequency is 2.1 dB, giving a power of +22.6 dBm.

The +22.6dBm value can be mathematically converted to its corresponding level in W.

$$+22.6 \text{ dBm} = 0.182 \text{ W} = 182 \text{ mW}$$

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8.6.7 Result

PEAK OUTPUT POWER AT ANTENNA PORT(Section 15.247 (b)(2))						
f (GHz)	Bandwidth (kHz) Type of detector	Noted receiver level dBm	Correction factor dB	Level corrected dBm	Limit dBm	Margin dB
902.750	100, PK	-2.4	32.4	30.0	30	0.0
914.700	100, PK	-2.4	32.4	30.0	30	0.0
927.200	100, PK	-2.4	32.4	30.0	30	0.0
Measurement uncertainty		± 3 dB				

* Bandwidth = the measuring receiver bandwidth

Max. peak output power (radiated) § 15.247 (b)(2)

Max. radiated peak output power e.i.r.p. Calculated(Section 15.247 (b)(2))						
Antenna	f (GHz)	Noted receiver level dBm	Antenna gain dBi	Level corrected e.i.r.p. dBm	Limit e.i.r.p. dBm	Margin dB
<i>Integrated Linear polarized</i>	902.750	30.0	3.2	33.2	36*	2.8
	914.750	30.0	3.2	33.2	36*	2.8
	927.250	30.0	3.2	33.2	36*	2.8
<i>Integrated Circular polarized</i>	902.750	30.0	3.2 (6.2dBci)	33.2	36*	2.8
	914.750	30.0	3.2 (6.2dBci)	33.2	36*	2.8
	927.250	30.0	3.2 (6.2dBci)	33.2	36*	2.8
Measurement uncertainty		± 3 dB				

* Limit = 30 dBm + 6 dBi (antenna gain) = 4 Watt

calculated by adding the conducted power and the antenna gain.

Max. peak output power (radiated) = Noted receiver level + Antenna gain - Coax cable attenuation
Coax cable attenuation min. = 0.6 dB

The equipment meets the requirements	Yes	No	N.t.
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Further test results are attached	Yes	No
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N.t.* See page no. 39

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8.7 Out of band emission

8.7.1 Regulation

Section 15.247 (d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

8.7.2 Calculation of the “Out of band emissions”

The field strength is calculated by the following calculation:

Corrected Level = Receiver Level + Correction Factor (without the use of a pre-amplifier)

Corrected Level = Receiver Level + Correction Factor – Pre-Amplifier (with the use of a pre-amplifier)

Receiver Level : Receiver reading without correction factors
Correction Factor : field attenuation + cable loss

For example:

The receiver reading in a 100 kHz bandwidth is -45.0 dBm. The field attenuation for the measured frequency is +10.5 dB and the cable factor for the measured frequency is 1.5 dB, giving a power of -33.0 dBm.

The measured peak power in a 100 kHz bandwidth is +3.6dBm. Therefore the Attenuation can be calculated as follows:

Attenuation = measured peak power – out of band emission receiver reading = +3.6 dbm – (-33.0 dBm) = **36.6 dB**

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8.7.3 Test equipment

Type	Manufacturer/ Model no.	Serial no.	Last calibration	Next calibration	Calibration executed by
Attenuator 30 dB, DC-18GHz	Weinschel Corp. Model. 6312-30	BL2463	02/210	02/2013	Dudde
Digital Multimeter	GW GDM-8045G (144)	0090256	08/2011	08/2014	Dudde
Receiver (9 kHz –30.0 GHz)	Rohde & Schwarz Spectrum Analyzer FSV 30 (502)	100932	02/2010	02/2013	Rohde & Schwarz
RF- cable	Sucoflex 100 Suhner 1 m [N] (K116	09/2011	09/2012	Dudde

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8.7.4 Test procedure

The EUT and this peripheral (when additional equipment exists) are placed on a turn table which is 0.8m above the ground. The turn table would be allowed to rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of the maximum emission level. The test distance between the EUT and the receiving antenna are 3m. To find the maximum emission, the polarization of the receiving antenna are changed in horizontal and vertical polarization, the position of the EUT was changed in different orthogonal determinations.

ANSI C63.4: 2009 Section 8 “Radiated emission measurements”

Measurement procedures for electric field radiated emissions above 1 GHz are covered in Clause 8 of ANSI C63.4-2009. The C63.4-2009 measurement procedure consists of both an exploratory test and a final measurement. The exploratory test is critical to determine the frequency of all significant emissions. For each mode of operation required to be tested, the frequency spectrum is monitored. Variations in antenna height, antenna orientation, antenna polarization, EUT azimuth, and cable or wire placement is explored to produce the emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit.

The final measurements are made based on the findings in the exploratory testing. When making exploratory and final measurements it is necessary to maximize the measured radiated emission. Subclause 8.3.1.2 of C63.4-2009 states that the measurement is to be made “while keeping the antenna in the ‘cone of radiation’ from that area and pointed at the area both in azimuth and elevation, with polarization oriented for maximum response.” We consider the “cone of radiation” to be the 3 dB beamwidth of the measurement antenna.

While the “bore-sighting” technique is not explicitly mentioned in C63.4-2009, it is a useful technique for measurements using a directional antenna, such as a double-ridged waveguide antenna. Several precautions must be observed, including: knowledge of the beamwidth of the antenna and the resulting illumination area relative to the size of the EUT, estimation for source of the emission and general location within larger EUTS, measuring system sensitivity, etc.

C63.4-2009 requires that the measurement antenna is kept pointed at the source of the emission both in azimuth and elevation, with the polarization of the antenna oriented for maximum response. That means that if the directional radiation pattern of the EUT results in a maximum emission at an upwards angle from the EUT, when a directional antenna is used to make the measurement it will be necessary for it to be pointed towards the source of the emission within the EUT. This can be done by either pointing the antenna at an angle towards the source of the emission, or by rotating the EUT, in both height and polarization, to maximize the measured emission. The emission must be kept within the illumination area of the 3 dB beamwidth of the antenna so that the maximum emission from the EUT is measured.

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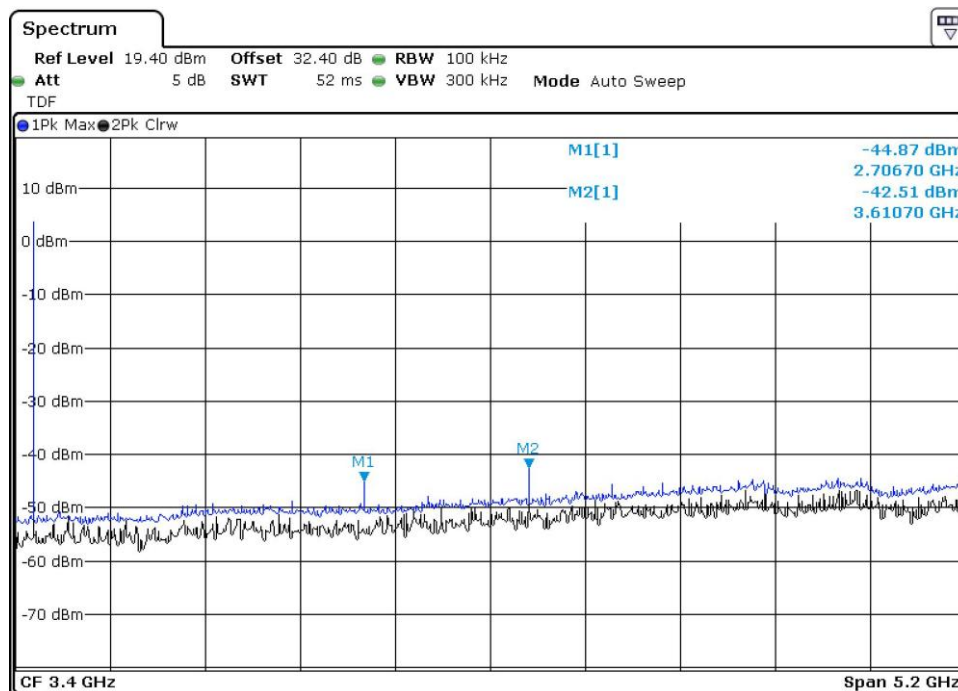
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8.7.5 Result

(lowest frequency, 902.750 MHz)

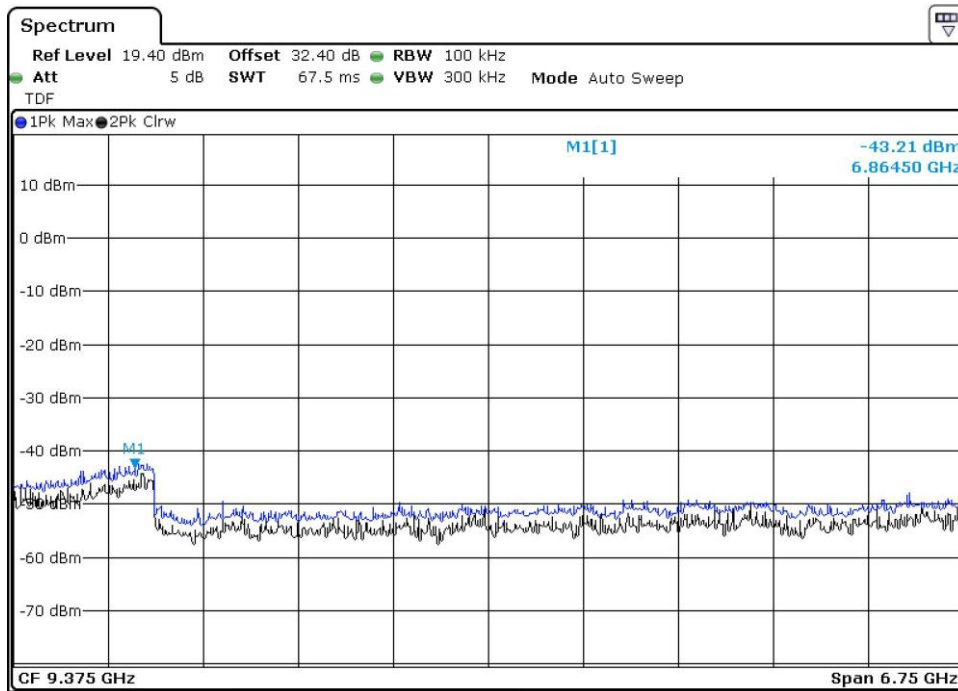
Spurious Emissions - conducted (Transmitter) (Section 15.247 (c)(1))						
f (GHz)	Bandwidth (kHz) Type of detector	Noted receiver level dBm	Correction factor dB	Level corrected dBm	Limit	Margin dB
902.750	100, PK	30.0	= Analyzer offset	30.0	30 dBm	0.0
1805.500	100, PK	< -45.0	= Analyzer offset + transducer factors	-45.0	-20 dBc	55.0
2708.250	100, PK	-44.9		-44.9	-20 dBc	54.9
3611.000	100, PK	-42.5		-42.5	-20 dBc	52.5
4513.750	100, PK	< -45.0		-45.0	-20 dBc	55.0
5416.500	100, PK	< -42.5		-36.5	-20 dBc	46.5
6319.250	100, PK	< -42.5		-32.5	-20 dBc	46.5
7222.000	100, PK	< -42.5		-32.5	-20 dBc	46.5
8124.750	100, PK	< -42.5		-32.5	-20 dBc	46.5
9027.500	100, PK	< -42.5		-32.5	-20 dBc	46.5
9930.250	100, PK	< -42.5		-32.5	-20 dBc	46.5
Measurement uncertainty			± 3 dB			

* Bandwidth = the measuring receiver bandwidth



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The equipment meets the requirements	Yes	No	Not
Further test results are attached	Yes	No	

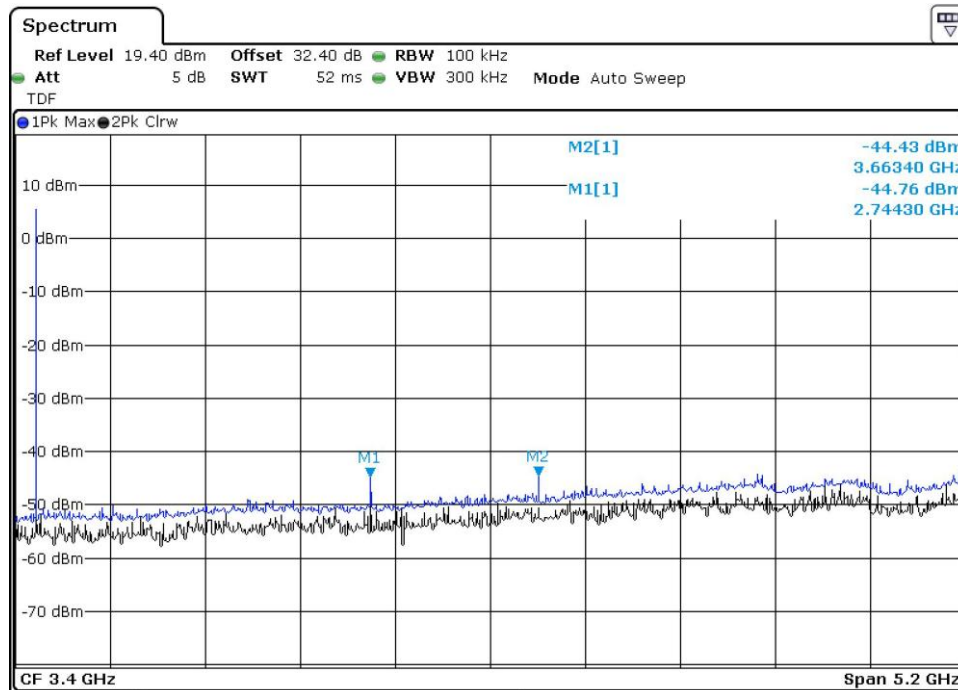
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middle frequency, 914.750 MHz)

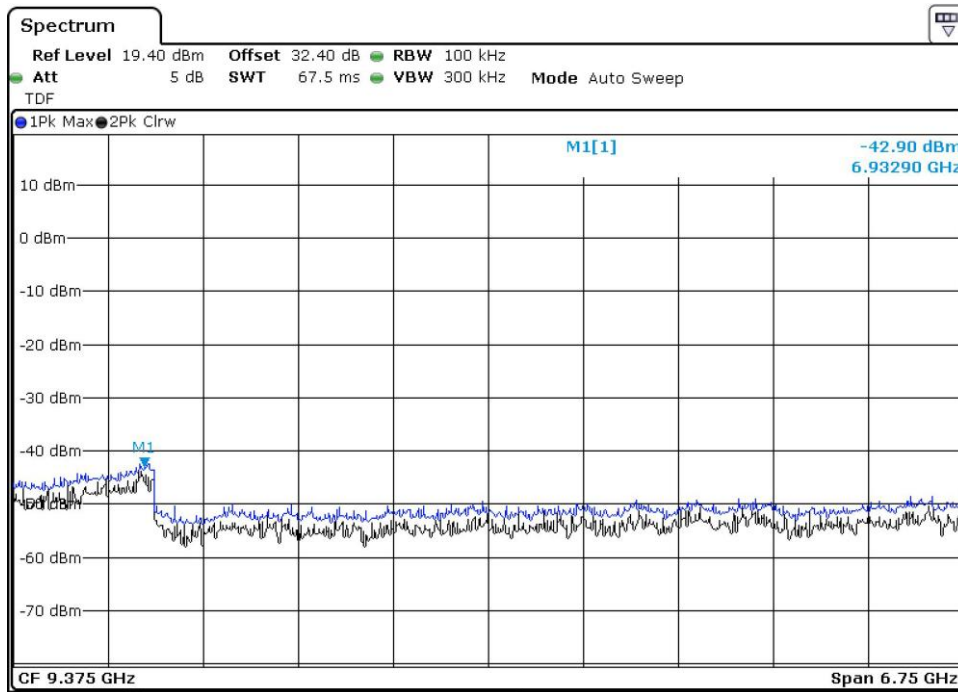
Spurious Emissions - conducted (Transmitter) (Section 15.247 (c)(1))						
f (GHz)	Bandwidth (kHz) Type of detector	Noted receiver level dBm	Correction factor dB	Level corrected dBm	Limit	Margin dB
914.750	100, PK	30.0	= Analyzer offset	30.0	30 dBm	0.0
1829.500	100, PK	< -45.0	= Analyzer offset + transducer factors	-45.0	-20 dBc	55.0
2744.250	100, PK	-44.8		-44.8	-20 dBc	54.8
3659.000	100, PK	-44.4		-44.4	-20 dBc	54.4
4573.750	100, PK	< -45.0		-45.0	-20 dBc	55.0
5488.500	100, PK	< -42.5		-36.5	-20 dBc	46.5
6403.250	100, PK	< -42.5		-32.5	-20 dBc	46.5
7318.000	100, PK	< -42.5		-32.5	-20 dBc	46.5
8232.750	100, PK	< -42.5		-32.5	-20 dBc	46.5
9147.500	100, PK	< -42.5		-32.5	-20 dBc	46.5
10062.250	100, PK	< -42.5		-32.5	-20 dBc	46.5
Measurement uncertainty			± 3 dB			

* Bandwidth = the measuring receiver bandwidth



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The equipment meets the requirements	Yes	No	Not
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Further test results are attached	Yes	No	
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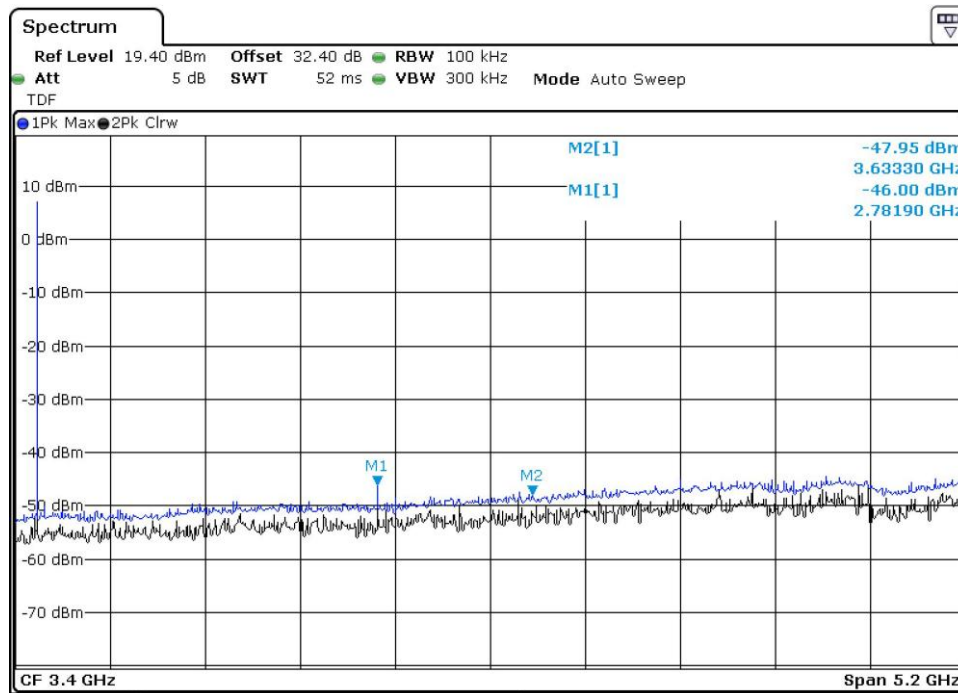
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highest frequency, 927.250 MHz)

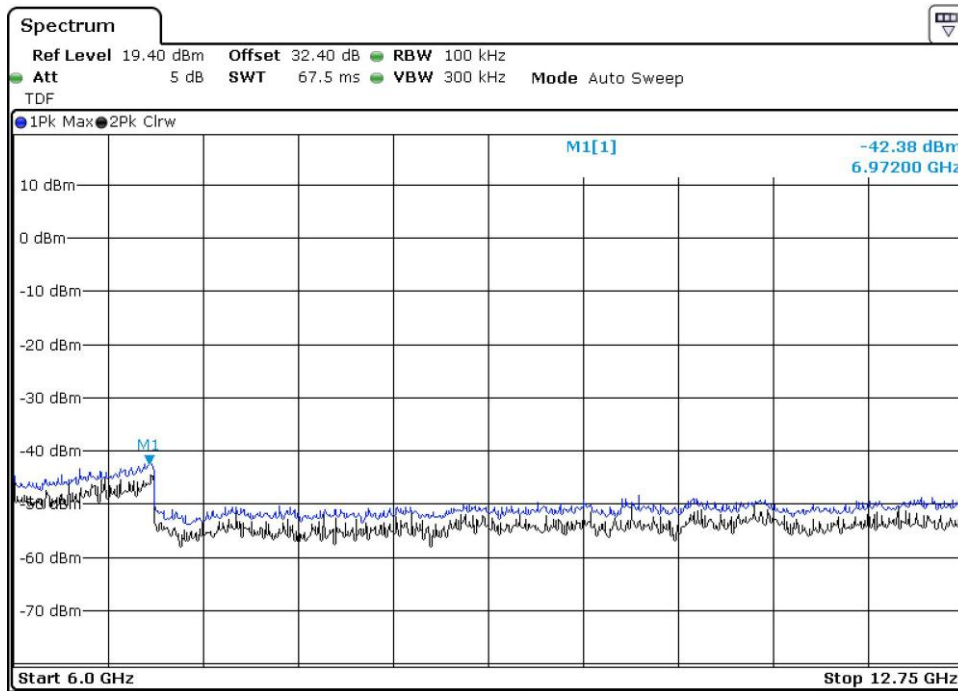
Spurious Emissions - conducted (Transmitter) (Section 15.247 (c)(1))						
f (GHz)	Bandwidth (kHz) Type of detector	Noted receiver level (dBm)	Correction factor (dB)	Level corrected (dBm)	Limit	Margin (dB)
927.250	100, PK	30.0	= Analyzer offset	30.0	30 dBm	0.0
1854.500	100, PK	< -45.0	= Analyzer offset + transducer factors	-45.0	-20 dBc	55.0
2781.750	100, PK	-46.0		-46.0	-20 dBc	56.0
3709.000	100, PK	-48.0		-48.0	-20 dBc	58.0
4636.250	100, PK	< -45.0		-45.0	-20 dBc	55.0
5563.500	100, PK	< -42.5		-36.5	-20 dBc	46.5
6490.750	100, PK	< -42.5		-32.5	-20 dBc	46.5
7418.000	100, PK	< -42.5		-32.5	-20 dBc	46.5
8345.250	100, PK	< -42.5		-32.5	-20 dBc	46.5
9272.500	100, PK	< -42.5		-32.5	-20 dBc	46.5
10199.750	100, PK	< -42.5		-32.5	-20 dBc	46.5
Measurement uncertainty			± 3 dB			

* Bandwidth = the measuring receiver bandwidth



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The equipment meets the requirements	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Not
Further test results are attached	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/>

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(lowest frequency, 902.750MHz)
worst case

Spurious emissions - radiated (Transmitter) (Section 15.247 (c)(1))											
f (MHz)	Bandwidth (kHz) Type of detector	Noted receiver level dBm	Test distance m	Correction factor dB	Distance extrapol. factor dB	AV Correction factor dB	Level corrected dBm	Limit dBm	Margin dB	Polaris. EUT / antenna	Antenna height cm
1805.500	100, PK	≤ -92	3	20.1* ⁶	0	0	-72.9	10	82.9	H,V/H,V	100-400
2708.250	Measured acc. to Section 15.205(a) and section 15.209(a)										
3611.000	Measured acc. to Section 15.205(a) and section 15.209(a)										
4513.750	Measured acc. to Section 15.205(a) and section 15.209(a)										
5416.500	Measured acc. to Section 15.205(a) and section 15.209(a)										
6319.250	100, PK	≤ -92	3	23.1* ⁶	0	0	-68.9	10	78.9	H,V/H,V	100-400
7222.000	Measured acc. to Section 15.205(a) and section 15.209(a)										
8124.750	Measured acc. to Section 15.205(a) and section 15.209(a)										
9027.500	Measured acc. to Section 15.205(a) and section 15.209(a)										
9930.250	100, PK	≤ -92	3	25.3* ⁶	0	0	-66.7	10	76.7	H,V/H,V	100-400
Measurement uncertainty			± 4 dB								

* Bandwidth = the measuring receiver bandwidth

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(middle frequency, 914.750MHz)
worst case

Spurious emissions - radiated (Transmitter) (Section 15.247 (c)(1))											
f (MHz)	Bandwidth (kHz) Type of detector	Noted receiver level dBm	Test distance m	Correction factor dB	Distance extrapol. factor dB	AV Correction factor dB	Level corrected dBm	Limit dBm	Margin dB	Polaris. EUT / antenna	Antenna height cm
1829.500	100, PK	≤ -92	3	20.1* ⁶	0	0	-72.9	10	82.9	H,V/H,V	100-400
2744.250	Measured acc. to Section 15.205(a) and section 15.209(a)										
3659.000	Measured acc. to Section 15.205(a) and section 15.209(a)										
4573.750	Measured acc. to Section 15.205(a) and section 15.209(a)										
5488.500	100, PK	≤ -92	3	21.2* ⁶	0	0	-70.8	10	80.8	H,V/H,V	100-400
6403.250	100, PK	≤ -92	3	23.1* ⁶	0	0	-68.9	10	78.9	H,V/H,V	100-400
7318.000	Measured acc. to Section 15.205(a) and section 15.209(a)										
8232.750	Measured acc. to Section 15.205(a) and section 15.209(a)										
9147.500	Measured acc. to Section 15.205(a) and section 15.209(a)										
10062.250	100, PK	≤ -92	3	25.3* ⁶	0	0	-66.7	10	76.7	H,V/H,V	100-400
Measurement uncertainty			± 4 dB								

* Bandwidth = the measuring receiver bandwidth

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(highest frequency, 927.250MHz)
 worst case

Spurious emissions - radiated (Transmitter) (Section 15.247 (c)(1))											
f (GHz)	Bandwidth (kHz) Type of detector	Noted receiver level dBm	Test distance m	Correction factor dB	Distance extrapol. factor dB	AV Correction factor dB	Level corrected dBm	Limit dBm	Margin dB	Polaris. EUT / antenna	Antenna height cm
1854.500	100, PK	≤ -92	3	20.1* ⁶	0	0	-72.9	10	82.9	H,V/H,V	100-400
2781.750	Measured acc. to Section 15.205(a) and section 15.209(a)										
3709.000	Measured acc. to Section 15.205(a) and section 15.209(a)										
4636.250	Measured acc. to Section 15.205(a) and section 15.209(a)										
5563.500	100, PK	≤ -92	3	21.2* ⁶	0	0	70.8	10	80.8	H,V/H,V	100-400
6490.750	100, PK	≤ -92	3	23.1* ⁶	0	0	68.9	10	78.9	H,V/H,V	100-400
7418.000	Measured acc. to Section 15.205(a) and section 15.209(a)										
8345.250	Measured acc. to Section 15.205(a) and section 15.209(a)										
9272.500	100, PK	≤ -92	3	24.6* ⁶	0	0	-67.4	10	77.4	H,V/H,V	100-400
10199.750	100, PK	≤ -92	3	25.3* ⁶	0	0	-66.7	10	76.7	H,V/H,V	100-400
Measurement uncertainty			± 4 dB								

* Bandwidth = the measuring receiver bandwidth

- Remark: *¹ noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ -103 dBm @ 3m distance (30 – 1,000 MHz)
- Remark: *² noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ -102 dBm @ 3m distance (1,000 – 2,000 MHz)
- Remark: *³ noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ -96 dBm @ 3m distance (2,000 – 5,500 MHz)
- Remark: *⁴ noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ -92 dBm @ 3m distance (5,500 – 14,500 MHz)
- Remark: *⁵ for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 100 kHz and 1,000 MHz
- Remark: *⁶ for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 1.0 GHz and 18.0 GHz

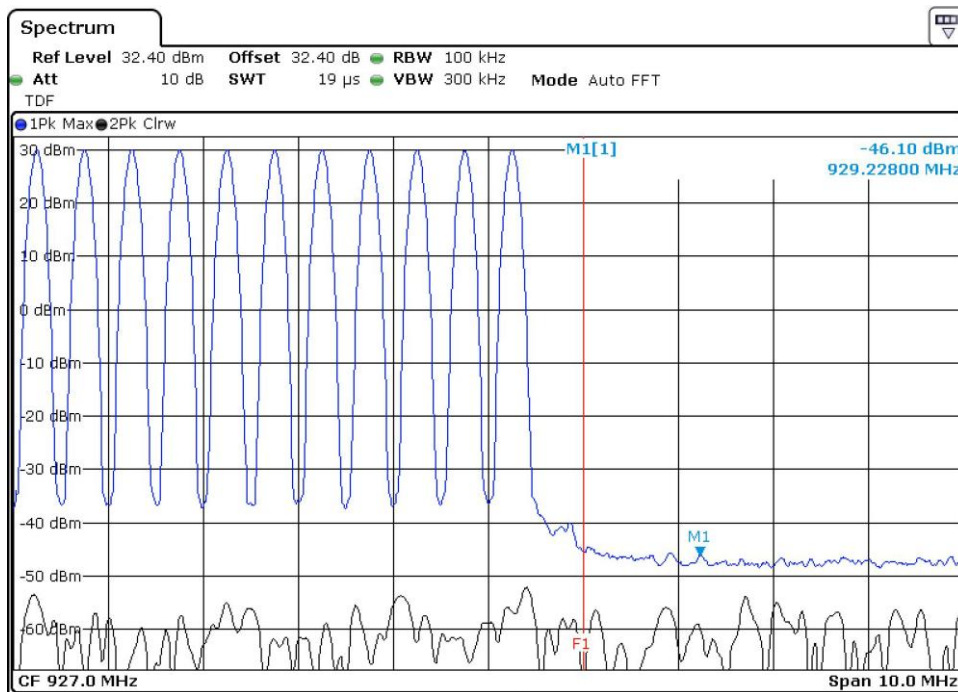
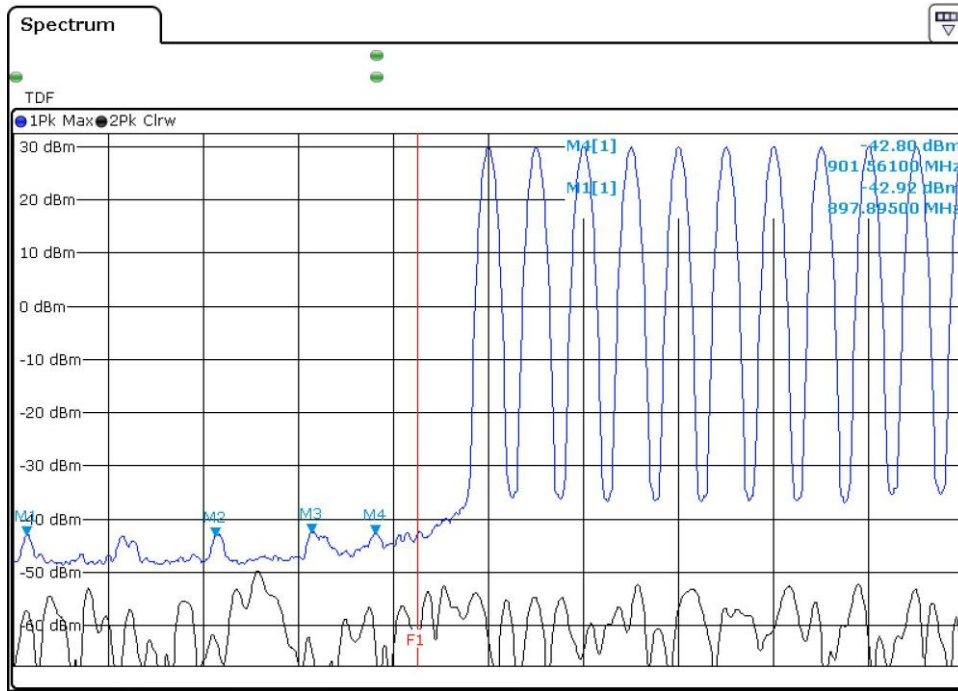
The equipment meets the requirements	Yes	No	Not
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Further test results are attached	Yes	No	
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Band-edge compliance of conducted emissions



N.t.* See page no. 39

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8.8 Radio frequency hazard

8.8.1 Regulation

15.247(i) Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See § 1.1307(b)(1) of this Chapter.

8.8.2 Test result

MPE calculation to the FCC ID:

These equations are generally accurate in the far field of an antenna but will over predict power density in the near field, where they could be used for making a “worst case” prediction.

$$S = PG/4\pi R^2$$

where S = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm²)

P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units e.g. mW)

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to the isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units e.g. cm)

Or

$$S = EIRP/(4\pi R^2)$$

where EIRP = equivalent isotropically radiated power

Calculation:

(Calculated for max. EIRP)

EIRP: 33.2 dBm = 2089.3 mW

calculated at distance of 20 cm:

power density = 2089.3 / (4*π*20²) = 0.42 mW/ cm²

Limit:

0.60 mW/ cm² is the reference level for general public exposure according to the OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01 Table 1.

The equipment meets the requirements	Yes	No	N.t.
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Further test results are attached	Yes	No	
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N.t.* See page no. 39

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9. Additional information to the test report

Remarks

- | | |
|-------------------|---|
| N.t. ¹ | Not tested, because the antenna is part of the PCB |
| N.t. ² | Not tested, because the EUT is directly battery powered |
| N.t. ³ | Not tested, because not applicable for this type of equipment |

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End of test report