Test Report 2024-019

Version C Issued 11 Apr 2024

Project GCL-0437 Model Identifier A04741 Primary Test Standard

FCC Part 15.225 RSS-210 Issue 10 Amd 1

Garmin Compliance Lab

Garmin International 1200 E 151st Street Olathe Kansas 66062 USA

Client-supplied Information FCC ID: IPH-04741 IC ID: 1792A-04741



See section 6 of this report regarding the presence or absence of accreditation logos or marks on this cover page.

1. Summary

The equipment or product described in section 5 of this report was tested at the Garmin Compliance Lab according to standards listed in section 6. This report focuses on the 13.56 MHz Near Field Communication (NFC) Transceiver(s). The results are as follows.

Parameter	Description	Key Performance Values	Result	Data starts at page
Radio Modulation	Summary of the kinds of communication this radio can achieve, as stated by the client. [RSS-GEN at Annex A item 10b]	Digitally modulated OOK and BPSK signaling at rates as high as 424 kbps.	Reported	N/A
Transmitter intentional emissions	Emissions while transmitting must be limited according to a mask that varies across the frequency range 13.110 to 14.010 MHz.[15.225(a) through (c), RSS-210 B.6]	45.2 dB of margin to the intentional emission limit.	PASS	11
Transmitter spurious emissions	Emissions beyond the intended radio band while transmitting must be suppressed a general limit. [FCC 15.225 (d) and RSS 210 B.6]	7.8 dB of margin to the Class B limit.	PASS	15
Conducted Emissions AC Power Port	Radio emissions that this device may generate via its ac power network connections that are not necessary for its operation and that may affect radio communication. [FCC Part 15.205 and RSS- GEN 8.8]	5.74 dB of margin to the appropriate limit. Tested 150 kHz to 30 MHz applying combined Class B limits.	PASS	18
Frequency stability under extreme Conditions	The ability for the radio to accurately maintain carrier frequency stable with changes in temperature and supply voltage. [FCC 15.225 (e) and RSS 210 B.6]	The Carrier frequency was stable within 0.01% of the target frequency.	PASS with caveat	21
Other Bandwidths	Bandwidth values are presented for 99% Occupied Bandwidth	There are requirements to report these numbers, but they do not have performance limits.	Reported	23

NT (Not Tested) means the requirement may or may not be applicable, but the relevant

measurement or test was not performed as part of this test project.

N/A (Not Applicable) means the lab judged that the test sample is exempt from the requirement.

Table 1: Summary of results

Report Organization

For convenience of the reader, this report is organized as follows:

- 1. Summary
- 2. Test Background
- 3. Report History and Approval
- 4. Test Sample Modifications and Special Conditions
- 5. Description of Equipment Tested
- 6. Test Standards Applied
- 7. Measurement Instrumentation Uncertainty
- 8. Selected Examples of Calculations
- 9. Environmental Conditions During Test
- 10. Immunity Performance Criteria

Annex: Test records are provided for each type of test, following the order and page numbering stated in the summary table. Concluding notes appear on the final page of this report.

Due to confidentiality, certain material (such as test setup photographs) has been removed from this report and placed in GCL Test Report 2024-017. That report is treated as a part of this document by way of this reference.

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2. Test Background

The testing reported here was performed at the Garmin Compliance Lab, an organization within Garmin International, located at 1200 E 151st St, Olathe Kansas, USA. The contact telephone number is +1.913.397.8200.

The testing was performed on behalf of the Garmin design group, a separate organization located at 1200 E 151st St, Olathe Kansas, USA. Witnesses from the business group included: None.

Test Sample received:06 Nov 2023Test Start Date:26 Jan 2024Test End Date:21 Feb 2024

The data in this test report apply only to the specific samples tested.

Upon receipt all test samples were believed to be properly assembled and ready for testing.

3. Report History and Approval

This report was written by Aditya Prakash and initially issued on 14 Mar 2024 as Version A. On 20 March 2024, Version B was created by Aditya Prakash to make some editorial changes.

Version C was created by Dave Arnett on 11 Apr 2024 to remove certain photos, include an FVIN entry in section 5.2, and provide NB values .

Report Technical Review:

David Arnett Technical Lead EMC Engineer

Report Approval:

4. Test Sample Modifications and Special Conditions

The following special conditions or usage attributes were judged during test to be necessary to achieve compliance with one or more of the standards listed in section 6 of this report: None

The following modifications to the test sample(s) were made, and are judged necessary to achieve compliance with one or more of the standards listed in section 6 of this report: None

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5. Description of the Equipment Tested

5.1 Unique Identification	
Product Model	A04741
Serial Numbers Tested	457910369, 457910400, 457910428

This product tested is a Digital device and low power data transceiver.

The client affirmed that the test samples will be representative of production in all relevant aspects.

5 Vdc
USB / Docking port
IEEE 802.11 b/g/n, Bluetooth, Bluetooth Low Energy, ANT/ANT+, NFC
Not evaluated in this report
Digital device that processes data received from and transmitted to nearby low power transceivers.
Remotely mounted Portable device
2.480 GHz
6.00
V6.00

5.3 Operating modes

During test, the EUT was operated in one or more of the following modes.

- Mode 1: M12 (NFC Ink). The NFC 13.56 MHz transceiver is in Card Emulation mode, and is actively linked to a companion NFC Reader.
- Mode 2: M14 (NFC and GNSS Lnk). Use respective Companion devices to monitor these as explained on this sheet.

5.4 EUT Arrangement

During test, the EUT components and associated support equipment were selected including the following arrangement sets.

Arrangement 1: A1 (Stl). The test sample operates from its battery and no external physical connections. No block diagram is needed for this arrangement.

Arrangement 2: A2 (PM AC). The test sample mounted on a Power bank. The Power bank being charged by an AC Adaptor.



The interconnect drawing is not to scale. It does not indicate placement of devices.

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Figure 1: Block diagram of equipment arrangement A2

Arrangement 3: A4 (USB adaptor). The test sample is attached to USB adaptor which is connected to AC mains. The adaptor provides power to the sample over a cable but no user data. See the block diagram in Figure 2.



This interconnect drawing is not to scale. It does not indicate the placement of devices.

Figure 2: Block diagram of equipment arrangement A4

Arrangement 4: A5 (USB PC). The test sample is connected to PC through its USB C port. The PC is providing the power to the device as well as data is being transferred between the test sample and the PC.



Figure 3: Block diagram of equipment arrangement A5

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Arrangement 5: A9 (NFC). The test sample is placed near an NFC Card Reader. The NFC Card Reader is connected to a laptop computer. The test sample is powered by a device that does not include data over the cable, just as with A2. For clarity, test sample is NOT powered by, or connected to, the laptop computer that powers the NFC Card Reader.



Figure 4: Block diagram of equipment arrangement A9

5.5 Associated Equipment (AE) used

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number
NFC reader	ACS	ACR1252	RR554-086776
Laptop Computer	Dell	Latitude 5410	5VSPFB3
AC Power Adaptor	Phihong technology	PSAF10R-050Q	2308300616A2
Power Bank	Garmin	Power Bank Accessory	577026847
Laptop Power Supply	Dell	HA65NM191	None
Phone	Samsung	SM-J700T	R58H8080GJF
Watch	Garmin	Enduro 2-modified watch	3400414926
Wi-Fi Adaptor	Alpha network	AWUS036ACS	21BP036AC8259
Audio Headset	Garmin	DEZL Headset 200	783010366

Table 2: List of associated equipment that may have been used during test

5.6 Cables used

Description	From	То	Length	EMC Treatment
USB Cable	EUT	AC Adaptor/PC	56 cm	None
Table 0. List of eaching that many have been used during test				

 Table 3: List of cables that may have been used during test

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6 Test Standards Applied

6.1. Accredited Standards

The following test or measurement standards were applied and are within the scope of the lab's accreditation. All results in this report that cite these standards are presented as Accredited results consistent with ISO/IEC 17025.

AS/NZS 4268: 2017 CFR 47, FCC Part 15.225 ANSI C63.10: 2013 and ANSI C63.10: 2020 RSS-GEN Issue 5 Amd 2 RSS-210 Issue 10 Amd 1

6.2. Non-accredited Standards

The following test or measurement standards were applied and are either outside the scope of the lab's accreditation, or were performed in such a way that results are not presented as being fully accredited. (None)

6.3 Variances

The following variances were applied to standards cited in this section.

Where different test standards cover the same test parameter or phenomenon, and the standards have compatible differences, the stricter of the requirements is typically applied. For example, a consolidated limit may be applied to emission tests selecting the strictest of the limits at each frequency. Likewise, if one standard requires a vertical antenna sweep with boresighting and another does not, swept motion with boresighting will typically be used as it is the more stringent requirement.

6.4 Laboratory Accreditation

The Garmin Compliance Lab, an organization within Garmin International, is registered with the US Federal Communication Commission as US1311. The lab is recognized by the Canada Department of Innovation, Science, and Economic Development (ISED) under CAB identifier US0233.

The Garmin Compliance Lab, an organization within Garmin International, is accredited by A2LA, Certificate No. 6162.01. The presence of the A2LA logo on the cover of this report indicates this is an accredited ISO/IEC 17025 test report. If the logo is absent, this report is not issued as an accredited report. Other marks and symbols adjacent to the A2LA logo are accreditation co-operations of which A2LA is a member under a mutual recognition agreement, and to which the Garmin Compliance Lab has been sublicensed.

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7 Measurement Instrumentation Uncertainty

The lab has analyzed the sources of measurement instrumentation uncertainty. The analysis concludes that the actual measurement values cited in this report are accurate within the U_{LAB} intervals shown below with approximately 95% statistical confidence. Where the report shows a judgment that a test sample passes a test against a published limit based on these measured values, that judgment has a statistical confidence of 97.5% or greater. Measurement Instrumentation Uncertainty is one component of over-all measurement uncertainty, and other uncertainty components are not considered as part of this analysis.

The primary benchmark for measurement instrumentation uncertainty (MIU) in an electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) test lab is the set of U_{CISPR} values published in CISPR 16-4-2. In all cases where a U_{CISPR} value is published by CISPR, the analysis shows that U_{LAB} – this lab's estimated MIU – is better than the U_{CISPR} benchmark.

The secondary benchmark for MIU in an EMC lab performing radio transceiver tests is a set of uncertainty limit values published in various ETSI standards. In this report, U_{ETSI} is the most restrictive of the values found in the ETSI EN standards listed in section 5 of this report. The analysis principles are described in the ETSI TR documents listed there. In most cases U_{LAB} is better than the U_{ETSI} benchmark. Where U_{LAB} exceeds the U_{ETSI} benchmark cited here, that entry is preceded by an asterisk. When required by the ETSI EN standards, excess uncertainty will be added to the measurand before comparison to a limit. In an individual test report, staff may reevaluate that excess uncertainty based on the uncertainty of the method used and the uncertainty limits of the actual ETSI EN standard being applied, and the revised uncertainty values will be shown in the test report.

Some measurement uncertainties analyzed and reported here are not addressed in CISPR 16-4-2 or the ETSI standards, as indicated by the entry 'None.'

Test Type		ULAB		Uetsi
Conducted DC voltage		0.09% + 2 x LSDPV	None	1%
Conducted AC voltage belo	ow 500 Hz	1.0% + 3 x LSDPV	None	2%
Conducted Emissions, Mai	ns Voltage	0.10% + 10 mV	None	None
Conducted Emissions, Mai	ns Current	0.10% + 3 mA	None	None
Conducted Emissions, Mai	ns Power	0.15% + 100 mW	None	None
Conducted Emissions, Pov	ver Mains, 9 kHz to 150 kHz	1.49 dB	3.8 dB	None
Conducted Emissions, Pov	ver Mains, 150 kHz to 30 MHz	1.40 dB	3.4 dB	None
Conducted Emissions, Cat	6 LCL, 150 kHz to 30 MHz	2.80dB	5 dB	None
Conducted Emissions, Cat	5 LCL, 150 kHz to 30 MHz	3.21 dB	5 dB	None
Conducted Emissions, Cat	3 LCL, 150 kHz to 30 MHz	4.24 dB	5 dB	None
Radiated Emissions, below	/ 30 MHz	0.88 dB	None	6 dB
Radiated Emissions, 30 MI	Hz to 1000 MHz	2.77 dB	6.3 dB	6 dB
Radiated Emissions, 1 GHz	z to 18 GHz	2.60 dB	5.2 & 5.5 dB	6 dB
Radiated Emissions, 18 GH	Hz to 26.5 GHz	2.73 dB	None	6 dB
*Radio Signal Frequency A	Accuracy	*1.55 x 10^-7	None	1.0 x 10^-7
Radio Signal Occupied Bar	ndwidth	0.95%	None	5%
Radio Power or Power Spe	ectral Density	0.98 dB	None	1 dB
Temperature		0.38 °C	None	1 °C
Barometric Pressure		0.38 kPA	None	None
Relative Humidity		2.85% RH	None	±5% RH
Signal Timing	The greater of these three	0.63 usec	None	None
		0.01% of value		
		0.5 x LSDPV		

Note: LSDPV stands for the Least Significant Digit Place Value reported. In the value 1470 msec, the least significant digit is the 7. It has a 10 msec place value. The LSDPV is thus 10 msec and the maximum error due to roundoff would be 5 msec. If the time value were reported as 1470 msec, the underscore indicates that the 0 is a significant figure and the error due to roundoff would be 0.5 msec. All digits provided to the right of a decimal point radix are significant.

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8 Selected Example Calculations

Certain regulators require samples of the calculations that lead from the raw measurement to the final result for AC Mains conducted and unintended radiated emissions. The assumption is that the lab performs raw measurements, then adds, subtracts, multiplies, or divides based on transducer factors, amplifier gains, and losses in the signal transmission path. In this lab, our CISPR 16 Receiver does not work that way. The calibration factors and losses and gains are provided to the receiver as detailed data files. These factors are applied in the RF measurement path prior to the detector. But as a step in the lab measurement process, staff frequently verify that these factors are applied correctly. They make a measurement with the factors applied inside the receiver, then they disable the factors and remeasure the result manually adding in the various relevant factors.

The transmission loss is measured including the combined losses and gains of preamplifiers, cables, and any band-selective filters. In many cases above 1 GHz it is a negative value, indicating that the preamplifier gain is greater than these other losses.

Here are examples of these calculations. The data in these examples was not taken as part of this project:

<u>8.1 AC Mains conducted emissions at 22 MHz</u> (Raw measurement) + (AMN factor) + (transmission loss) = Result

(7.145 dBuV) + (9.812 dB) + (0.216 dB) = 17.173 dBuV

<u>8.2 Radiated Emissions at 630 MHz</u> (Raw measurement) + (Antenna factor) + (transmission loss) = Result

(2.25 dBuV) + (27.80 dB/m) + (2.89 dB) = 32.94 dBuV/m

<u>8.3 Radiated Emissions at 2.7 GHz</u> (Raw measurement) + (Antenna factor) + (transmission loss) = Result

(43.72 dBuV) + (32.22 dB/m) + (-36.09 dB) = 39.85 dBuV/m

9 Environmental Conditions During Test

Environmental conditions in the test lab were monitored during the test period. Temperature and humidity are controlled by an air handling system. As information to the reader, the conditions were observed at the values or within the ranges noted below. For any tests where environmental conditions are critical to test results and require further constraints or details, the test records in the annex may provide more specific information.

Temperature:	21.3 to 23.3 °C
Relative Humidity:	28.6% to 49.9% (non-condensing)
Barometric Pressure	96.7 to 99.4 kPa

Description	Make	Model #	Serial #	Last Cal/Ver	Next Due
Barometer	Traceable	6453	221702700	3-Aug-2022	1-Aug-2024

Table 4: Environmental monitoring device

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10 Immunity Performance Criteria

If this report includes immunity tests then results have been categorized as Performance Criteria A, B, C, or D. The standards that the lab applied will define the details for A, B, and C, as well as which criterion is required for each type of test. They will also define the electrical stresses that were applied during each test. In a very general sense the observed criteria noted in this report are as follows:

<u>Criterion A.</u> The stress applied did not alter product operation. This criterion is generally used for 'continuous' stresses that can be present for a long time in the places the product will be used, or that can appear often, even though they may come and go over time.

<u>Criterion B.</u> The stress applied altered product operation, but the product self-recovered so that the user would not have to try to figure out how to restore it to full operation. This criterion is generally used for 'transient' stresses that appear briefly and occasionally, but are usually not present in the places the product will be used.

<u>Criterion C.</u> The stress applied altered product operation, but the user could restore it to full operation, for example by power cycling the product. This criterion is generally used for 'transient' stresses that appear briefly and only rarely in the places the product will be used.

<u>Criterion D.</u> This is not an official criterion in the standards, because it would be a failure of the requirements. This indication in a test record means the product was affected in a way that the user might not be able to correct. The effect could include some degree of hardware damage, or it could include loss of program files or data files necessary for operation.

Repeatability is an issue in all EMC immunity work. When the product operation changes unexpectedly during a test, and the change would fail the requirements of the standard, this is an anomaly. The test operator needs to determine whether the anomaly was a result of the applied electrical stress. The investigation is done by repeating the section of the test where the anomaly occurred three times. If the same or a similar anomaly occurs in any of the three repeat trials, it is confirmed as a response to the stress. If not, the anomaly is judged unreproducible and is not considered when judging the A, B, or C observed performance. Since there is usually no ability to confirm a Criterion D anomaly, these are usually treated as Criterion D upon a single occurrence.

Tests that require Criterion B performance will be judged to Pass if criteria A or B is observed. Similarly, tests that require Criterion C performance will be judged to Pass if criteria A, B, or C is observed.

ANNEX

The remainder of this report is an Annex containing individual test data records. These records are the basis for the judgments summarized in section 1 of this report. The Annex ends with a set of concluding notes regarding use of the report.

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Test Record Radiated Emission Test RE16 Project GCL0437

Test record created by:	David A Kerr
Date of this record:	14 Feb 2024
Frequency Range:	10 MHz to 30 MHz
Pass/Fail Judgment:	PASS
Test Standards:	FCC Part 15, ANSI C63.10, RSS-210, RSS-GEN (as noted in Section 6 of the report).
Operating Mode	M12 (NFC lnk)
Arrangement	A9 (NFC)
Input Power	Battery
Product Model	A04741
Serial Number tested	457910400
Test Date(s)	14 Feb 2024
Test Personnel	David Kerr

Original record, Version A was created by David Kerr on 14 Feb 2024. Aditya Prakash created version B on 20 March 2024 to make some editorial changes.

Test Equipment

sight	N9048B	MY59290135	27-Sep-2023	1-Oct-2024
warzbeck	FMZB 1519B	174	12-Jun-2023	15-Jun-2024
konia	SAC3	F199004	7-Nov-2022	7-Nov-2025
in	PHV1410CMEN	10720	16-Jan-2023	15-Jan-2026
	varzbeck konia n	varzbeck FMZB 1519B konia SAC3 n PHV1410CMEN	varzbeck FMZB 1519B 174 konia SAC3 F199004 n PHV1410CMEN 10720	warzbeck FMZB 1519B 174 12-Jun-2023 konia SAC3 F199004 7-Nov-2022 n PHV1410CMEN 10720 16-Jan-2023

Table RE16.1: Test Equipment Used

Software Used:

Keysight PXE software A.32.06, RE 150k to 30M Signal Maximization Tool V1 2021Mar17.xlsx RE 150k to 30M XYZ_orientations_ TemplateV6.xlsm RE NFC 150k to 30M Data Analysis Template V21 2023Jun19.xlsx

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Test Data

The radiated emission test process began with a preliminary scan at multiple turntable angles, antenna heights, and both antenna polarizations. For test standards that require reorienting the test sample, further preliminary scans were taken in those alternate orientations typically described as X, Y, and Z. Subsequent testing was done using on the orientation(s) producing the highest result relative to the test limit. Where the test standard requires cable manipulation, this was done at one of more likely worst case frequencies selected by the test personnel while observing the receiver display. At each of the frequencies selected for final measurements, the turntable angle, antenna height, and antenna polarization were explored to find the worst-case settings. Final field strength measurements were taken in that set of positions. Full maximization was not performed at frequencies that are noise floor measurements included per the test standard requirements.

At azimuth angle 0° the 'front' reference mark of the turntable is pointed Southward. At 90° the reference mark points West. At -90° it points East. At -7° the turntable reference mark is pointed directly at the antenna. The designation of the X, Y, and Z orientations of the test sample are sample dependent, so these are reported by use of photographs.

The table shows the selected final measurement data between 10 MHz and 30 MHz. It includes at least the six strongest emissions observed relative to the test limit, along with other data points of interest. Where a data point is highlighted is yellow, this is an aid to indicate the data point(s) with the least margin to the test limit. A positive margin value indicates that the emission was below the test limit. The test limits are for FCC Part 15 & RSS-210.

Frequency	Limit	Limit	Measured	Measured	Margin	Azimuth	Height	Antenna
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuA/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuA/m)	(dB)	(degree)	(mm)	Orientation
10.286	49.5	-2.0	25.7	-25.8	23.8	-81	1000	Y
13.560	104.0	52.5	58.8	7.3	45.2	-97	1000	Y
16.989	49.5	-2.0	22.9	-28.6	26.6	-53	1000	Y
17.144	49.5	-2.0	27.2	-24.3	22.3	-171	1000	Y
24.000	49.5	-2.0	27.6	-23.9	21.9	178	1000	Y
27.429	49.5	-2.0	25.3	-26.2	24.2	-107	1000	Y

Table RE16.2:` Emission summary

The graph below shows the background spectrum observed during pre-scan, as well as the final data points from the table above.

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Figure RE16.1: Spectral data

Setup Photographs

The following photographs show the EUT configured and arranged in the manner in which it was measured.



Figure RE16.2: EUT test setup, front view

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Image removed for client confidentiality. See section 1 of this report to identify the report where the photos may be viewed.

Figure RE16.3: EUT` test setup, reverse view

This line is the end of the test record.

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Test Record Radiated Emission Test RE17 Project GCL0437

Test Date(s)	13 Feb 2024
Test Personnel	Aditya Prakash
Product Model	A04741
Serial Number tested	457910400
Operating Mode	M12 (NFC lnk)
Arrangement	A9 (NFC)
Input Power	5 Vàc
Test Standards:	FCC Part 15, ANSI C63.10, RSS-210, RSS-GEN (as noted in Section 6 of the report).
Frequency Range:	30 MHz to 150 MHz
Pass/Fail Judgment:	PASS
Test record created by: Date of this record:	Aditya Prakash 13 Feb 2024

Test Equipment

Description	Make	Model #	Serial #	Last Cal/Ver	Next Due
PXE Receiver 26 GHz	Keysight	N9048B	MY59290135	27-Sep-2023	1-Oct-2024
Antenna, Biconilog, 30M-6 GHz	ETS Lindgren	3142E	00233201	19-Jul-2022	15-Jul-2024
SAC 3m, below 1 GHz	Frankonia	SAC3	F199004	7-Nov-2022	7-Nov-2025
Tape measure, 1" x 33'	Lufkin	PHV1410CMEN	10720	16-Jan-2023	15-Jan-2026

Table RE17.1: Test Equipment Used

Software Used: Keysight PXE software A.32.06, EPX test software Version 2023.01.001

Test Data

The radiated emission test process began with a preliminary scan at multiple turntable angles, antenna heights, and both antenna polarizations. For test standards that require reorienting the test sample, further preliminary scans were taken in those alternate orientations typically described as X, Y, and Z. Subsequent testing was done using on the orientation(s) producing the highest result relative to the test limit. Where the test standard requires cable manipulation, this was done at one of more likely worst case frequencies selected by the test personnel while observing the receiver display. At each of the frequencies selected for final measurements, the turntable angle, antenna height, and antenna polarization were explored to find the worst-case settings. Final field strength measurements were taken in that set of positions. Full maximization was not performed at frequencies that are noise floor measurements included per the test standard requirements.

At azimuth angle 180° the 'front' reference mark of the turntable is pointed Southward. At 270° the reference mark points West. At 90° it points East. At 173° the turntable reference mark is pointed directly at the antenna. The designation of the X, Y, and Z orientations of the test sample are sample dependent, so these are reported by use of photographs.

The table shows the selected final measurement data between 30 MHz and 150 MHz. It includes at least the six strongest emissions observed relative to the test limit, along with other data points of interest. Where a data point is

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highlighted is yellow, this is an aid to indicate the data point(s) with the least margin to the test limit. A positive margin value indicates that the emission was below the test limit. The test limits are for FCC Part 15 & RSS-210. Any unintentional radio emission limits are not applied to intentional radio signals.

Freq	uency	Pol.	Reading	Factor	Level	Limit	Margin	Height	Angle
N	lHz		dB(μV) QP	dB(1/m)	dB(µV/m) QP	dB(µV/m) QP	dB QP	cm	deg
	55.290	V	18.2	14.0	32.2	40.0	<mark>7.8</mark>	100.0	174.0
	43.020	V	15.2	16.0	31.2	40.0	8.8	100.0	76.0
	43.020	V	15.1	16.0	31.1	40.0	8.9	100.0	79.0
	47.100	V	15.7	14.6	30.3	40.0	9.7	100.0	200.0
	71.670	V	13.5	14.6	28.1	40.0	11.9	100.0	342.0
	51.210	V	14.5	14.0	28.5	40.0	11.5	100.0	92.0
	120.000	Н	10.7	15.6	26.3	43.5	17.2	172.5	0.0
	133.710	Н	9.5	16.1	25.6	43.5	17.9	143.4	28.0
	126.870	Н	10.5	15.5	26.0	43.5	17.5	263.9	239.0

Table RE17.2: Emission summary

The graph below shows the background spectrum observed during pre-scan, as well as the final data points from the table above.



Figure RE17.1: Spectral data

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Setup Photographs

The following photographs show the EUT configured and arranged in the manner in which it was measured.

Image removed for client confidentiality. See section 1 of this report

to identify the report where the photos may be viewed.

Figure RE17.2: EUT test setup, front view

Image removed for client confidentiality.

See section 1 of this report to identify the report where the photos may be viewed.

Figure RE17.3: EUT test setup, reverse view This line is the end of the test record.

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Test Record Conducted Emissions Mains Test CE02 Project GCL0437

Test record created by:	David A Kerr
Date of this record:	20 Feb 2024
Frequency Range:	150 kHz to 30 MHz
Pass/Fail Judgment:	PASS
Test Standards:	FCC Part 15 (as noted in Section 6 of the report)
Operating Mode	M12 (NFC lnk)
Arrangement	A4 (USB adaptor)
Input Power	120 Vac 60 Hz
Product Model	A04741
Serial Number tested	457910369
Test Date(s)	20 Feb 2024
Test Personnel	David Kerr

Date of this record: Original record, Version A.

Description	Make	Model #	Serial #	Last Cal/Ver	Next Due
PXE Receiver 26 GHz	Keysight	N9048B	MY59290135	27-Sep-2023	1-Oct-2024
Tape measure, 1" x 33'	Lufkin	PHV1410CMEN	10721	30-Aug-2023	1-Sep-2026
LISN multiline; 20A 50uH	Com-Power	LIN-120C	20160005	10-Feb-2023	11-Mar-2024

Table CE02.1: Test Equipment Used

Software Used

Keysight PXE firmware version A.32.06 CE Mains 150k to 30M Data Analysis V2 2021Jun10.xlsx

Test Data

The conducted emission test process began with a set of preliminary scans on both power conductors using both Quasi-Peak and Average detectors across the frequency range. Where the test standard requires cable manipulation, one or more likely worst case frequencies selected by the test personnel. Cables were manipulated to find the maximal signal strength while observing the receiver levels at those selected frequencies. At each of the frequencies selected for final measurements, Quasi-peak and Average detector readings were taken on each conductor.

The table shows the selected final measurement data. It includes at least the six strongest emissions observed relative to the limit lines, along with other data points of interest. The yellow highlight indicate the data points with the least margin to the quasi-peak detector limit and the average detector limit. A positive margin value indicates that the emission was below the test limit. The test limit is the Composite FCC Class B Limit.

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Frequency	QP Limit	AV Limit	L1 QP	L2 QP	L1 AV	L2 AV	QP Margin	AV Margin
(kHz)	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dB)
713	56.00	46.00	29.39	29.53	26.02	26.24	26.47	19.76
3428	56.00	46.00	39.16	35.92	36.63	34.38	16.84	9.37
<mark>6857</mark>	60.00	50.00	31.25	30.05	26.87	26.49	28.75	23.13
10131	60.00	50.00	31.96	30.07	28.32	26.63	28.04	21.68
10286	60.00	50.00	38.63	35.54	36.13	33.97	21.37	13.87
13560	60.00	50.00	46.88	42.33	44.26	41.27	13.12	5.74
16989	60.00	50.00	34.22	31.97	31.44	29.65	25.78	18.56
17142	60.00	50.00	37.44	34.76	35.07	33.23	22.56	14.93
20571	60.00	50.00	32.62	31.17	29.58	28.15	27.38	20.42
23843	60.00	50.00	28.46	28.68	23.84	23.87	31.32	26.13
24000	60.00	50.00	35.10	33.57	32.87	31.32	24.90	17.13
27429	60.00	50.00	31.51	30.94	27.97	27.12	28.49	22.03

Table CE02.2: Emission summary

The graph below shows preliminary scan data as continuous curves. Superimposed are the final measurement data points reported in the table above.





Setup Photographs

The following photographs show the EUT configured and arranged in the manner in which it was measured.

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Figure CE02.2: Test setup, right side view



Figure CE02.3: Test setup, left side view

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Test Record Transmitter Stability in Extreme Conditions Test ID TR45 Project GCL-0437

Test Date(s) Test Personnel	19,20 Feb 2024 Majid Farah
Product Model Serial Number tested	A04741 457910428
Operating Mode Arrangement Nominal Input Power	M12 (NFC lnk) A4 (USB adaptor) 5 Vdc
Test Standards:	FCC part 15, RSS-GEN, RSS-210, ANSI C63.10 (as noted in Section 6 of the report)
Radio Protocol	NFC
Pass/Fail Judgment:	PASS with caveat
Test record created by: Date this record: Original record, Version A.	Jim Solum 21 Feb 2024

Test Equipment

Description	Make	Model #	Serial #	Last Cal/Ver	Next Due
PXE Receiver 44GHz	Keysight	N9048B	MY62220139	30-Jan-2023	6-Mar-2024
Programmable DC power source	Keithley	2260B-30-72 720 W	1411917	21-Apr-2023	15-Apr-2024
Thermometer	Thermco	ACCD370P	220608121	26-Aug-2022	1-Sep-2024
Thermal Chamber	Tenney	T2RC	32774-02	Calibration	Not Required

Table TR45.1: Equipment used

Software Used: PXE Software Revision A.33.03

Test Method

The standards cited require observation of the stability for transmission frequency and/or power at certain environmental extremes. The reference is performance on nominal input voltage and a temperature of 20 °C. Where the standards cited here impose different limits or conditions, the most stringent limits and conditions have been applied.

The Standard indicated carrier frequency stability shall not exceed 0.01% of operation frequency. The frequency was required to remain between the limits of 13.558644 and 13.561356 MHz.

The modes utilized include those that showed emissions closest to the band edge during prior bandwidth testing.

Caveat

The NFC transceiver under test only operates when in the close vicinity of an NFC Reader. In this test, the client provided the ACR1252 manufactured by Advanced Card Systems as described in section 5.5 of the test report.

Emissions presented here show the combined signals from the NFC reader and the device under test. Signals for each were not distinguishable during the test. Per the client, the device under test matches its transmitting

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frequency to correspond to that of the reader device. The data presented here, and the conclusions drawn, apply to the device under test and the NFC Reader when tested together as a system.

Test Data

The test sample(s) were subjected to extreme conditions and performed as shown below. During the test, each measurement was made conducted from the sample. The sample needs to be attached to an NFC reader for continuous transmission.

Yellow highlights indicate the maximum and minimum measured carrier frequency. The maximum frequency measured was 13,559,927 Hz and the minimum was 13,559,776 Hz. The margin to high side of limit is 1429 Hz and margin for low side of the limit is 1132 Hz.

			NFC carrier frequency (Hz)			z)	
Tx Mode	Temp	Volts		Time interval (minutes)			
	°C	Vdc	0	2	5	10	
NFC	50	5	13,559,787	13,559,780	13,559,778	13,559,776	
NFC	40	5	13,559,796	13,559,795	13,559,794	13,559,795	
NFC	30	5	13,559,860	13,559,843	13,559,832	13,559,828	
NFC	20	5	13,559,862	13,559,862	13,559,862	13,559,862	
NFC	20	4.25	13,559,862				
NFC	20	5.75	13,559,862				
NFC	10	5	13,559,875	13,559,890	13,559,893	13,559,895	
NFC	0	5	13,559,922	13,559,921	13,559,920	13,559,922	
NFC	-10	5	13,559,926	13,559,926	13,559,926	13,559,927	
NFC	-20	5	13,559,912	13,559,911	13,559,906	13,559,903	

Table TR45.2: Carrier frequency measurement for NFC transmission during temperature and voltage variations

Setup Block Diagram

The following block diagrams show the EUT configured and arranged in the manner which it was measured.



Figure TR45.1: Schematic drawing of the test equipment setup for NFC

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Test Record Transmitter Bandwidth Tests Test IDs TR14 Project GCL-0437

Test record created by:	Jim Solum and David Arnett
Date of this record:	11 Apr 2024
Pass/Fail Judgment:	Reported
Radio Protocol	NFC
Radio Band	13.56 MHz
Test Standards:	ANSI C63.10, RSS-GEN (as noted in Section 6 of the report).
Product Model	A04741
Serial Number tested	457910428
Test Date(s)	1 Feb 2024
Test Personnel	Jim Solum

Original record, Version A, was released on 5 Feb 2024. Version B on 11 Apr 2024 added Necessary Bandwidth calculations.

Test Equipment Used

Description	Make	Model #	Serial #	Last Cal/Ver	Next Due
PXE Receiver 44GHz	Keysight	N9048B	MY62220139	30-Jan-2023	6-Mar-2024
Near Field Probe Set	Com-Power	PS-400	151544	Calibration	Not Required

Table TR14.1

Test Software used: Keysight PXE System Code rev. A.33.03.

Background

There are regulatory requirements to present an additional type of bandwidth analysis: 99% Occupied Bandwidth. There are no limits or functional requirements around these data, beyond a reporting requirement. The contents of this test record are for information, and do not affect compliance of the devices that are the subject of this report.

Test Setup

This block diagram shows the test equipment setup.



Figure TR14.1: Test setup

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Caveat

The NFC transceiver under test only operates when in the close vicinity of an NFC Reader. In this test, the client provided the ACR1252 manufactured by Advanced Card Systems as described in section 5.5 of the test report.

Emissions presented here show the combined signals from the NFC reader and the device under test. Signals for each were not distinguishable during the test. Per the client, the device under test matches its transmitting frequency to correspond to that of the reader device. The data presented here, and the conclusions drawn, apply to the device under test and the NFC Reader when tested together as a system.

Occupied Bandwith, 99% Test Method

During this test a small loop probe is placed between transmitter and the companion device because the test sample only transmits in response to a nearby NFC reader. This loop probe is then connected by cables to the spectrum analyzer. The analyzer has a built-in capability to identify the minimum bandwidth that contains a specified percentage of the total power observed. The spectrum is scanned hundreds of times so that the varied effects of modulation are appropriately assessed. Since the focus is on the relative distribution of energy across a range of frequencies, the absolute amplitudes recorded during this test are not relevant and may not include cable losses or attenuation factors.

Occupied Bandwith, 99% Test Data

The data for each type of data transmission (A and B) is summarized below, followed by the spectral data for both types. The analysis threshold for this test was the bandwidth containing 99% of the observed power using the ANSI C63.10 method.

	Bandwidth
NFC Mode	MHz
Туре А	3.7339
Туре В	3.6877

Table TR14.2: Summary of 99% Occupied Bandwidth Data for 13.56 MHz NFC modes



Figure TR14.2: Occupied bandwidth data for Type A transmissions

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Figure TR14.3: Occupied bandwidth data for Type B transmissions

Necessary Bandwidth Calculations

The Necessary Bandwidth is a theoretical value based on the specifications for a communication protocol, rather than the hardware implementation and a subsequent lab measurement. The analysis methods in FCC Part 2.202 and TRC-43 are the same for NFC, Bluetooth, ANT, and IEEE 802.11b WiFi. However, they differ for IEEE 802.11g and 11n systems because the Canadian TRC-43 standard provides different analysis methods for Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing systems (OFDM). The tables below will show the analysis for most of the radios signals as a combined approach, then separately analyze the results for IEEE 802.11g and n systems. The tables below may include radio protocols that are not part of the product being evaluated.

NFC (Near Field Communication) at 13.56 MHz uses continuous wave telegraphy without tone modulation. The bit rate 'B' in the FCC and TRC equations is split into two parts here. B is the baud rate. C is a coding factor. C=1 for Miller encoding where the transition speed is as high as the bit rate, or C=2 for Manchester encoding where the transition speed is as high as twice the bit rate). K is a factor set to 3 for non-fading circuits under the standards. The Necessary Bandwidth, B_N is then:

 $B_N = BCK$

Radio Type	B (kbaud)	С	К	BN (kHz)
NFC A	106	1	3	318.0
NFC B	212	2	3	1272.0
NFC B	424	2	3	2544.0

Table TR14.100: Necessary Bandwidth for NFC

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Concluding Notes

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