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Part 90 Testing

CST-2001/V Synthesized Voice Transmitter

FCC ID: IP92K1V

Performed by Tactical Technologies Inc.  
1701 Second Ave  
Folsom, PA 19033  
610-522-0106

August 24, 2000

The audio frequency response, low pass filter test, occupied bandwidth, and frequency stability in this application for FCC Type Certification have been performed under my direct supervision. To the best of my knowledge these tests were conducted in accordance with the procedures outlined in Part 2 and Part 90 of the Commission's Rules and Regulations.

I am presently employed by Tactical Technologies Inc. in Folsom, Pennsylvania as a Design Engineer. My prior experience consists of 10 years of designing and testing communications products in the VHF portion of the spectrum.

Sincerely,

Jeffrey N. Olson  
Engineer  
Tactical Technologies Inc.

A. INTRODUCTION

The following data are submitted in connection with this Application for Type Certification in accordance with Part 2, Subpart J, and Part 90, Subparts B,D, and I of the FCC Rules and Regulations.

B. INFORMATION REQUIRED BY PART 2

2.1003(a) See Form 731

2.1033(b) N/A

2.1003(c)(1) The full name and address of the applicant and manufacturer for certification is:  
Tactical Technologies Inc.  
1701 Second Ave.  
P.O. Box 91  
Folsom, Pa. 19033

(2) The FCC Identifier of this device is IP92K1V

(3) Operating Instructions are included in the Exhibits.

(4) Emission: NBFM Voice - 11K2F3  
Emission Calculations are included in the Exhibits.

(5) Frequency Range 154 - 174 Mhz

(6) Output Power of the device is 250mw. @ 6 Volts

(7) Maximum Power Rating is 250mw.

(8) All of the Transmitters sections run off of regulated +3.5 Volts, and the RF Final transistor runs on 6 Volts.

(9) Tune up procedure are included in the Exhibits.

(10) Schematics are included in the Exhibits.

(11) A drawing of the equipment identification label are included in the Exhibits.

(12) Photographs of the internal and external construction of the device are included in the Exhibits.

(13) N/A

(14) Test Data required by Part 2.1046 through 2.1057, inclusive, is measured in accordance with the procedure in Part 2.1041.

(15) N/A

(16) N/A

(17) N/A

C. SUBMISSION OF EQUIPMENT FOR TESTING - Paragraph 2.943

Upon request, the test sample will promptly be made available by Radiation Science Inc.

D. DESCRIPTION OF MEASUREMENT FACILITIES - Paragraph 2.947

The open-field tests were performed on the 3 meter range maintained by Radiation Science Inc. Complete description and measurement data have been placed on file with the Commission.

E. TEST DATA

This section contains results of measurements required by Parts 2 and 90 of the rules. Data are presented in tabular and/or graphical form, and measurement procedures are described within the text of each reported test. The test sample operated on 154.6000 MHz.

1. RF POWER OUTPUT - Paragraphs [2.1046(a), 2.1033(c)(8), 90.205(d)]

Measurements pertaining to the power output of the transmitter were performed by the manufacturer. To the best of my knowledge, these tests were conducted in accordance with the procedures outlined in Parts 2 and 90 of the Commissions Rules and regulations. The data presented on Table 1 demonstrates compliance with the appropriate technical standards.

2. MODULATION CHARACTERISTICS - Paragraph [2.1047(a), 90.211(a)]

Measurements pertaining to the modulation characteristics were performed by the manufacture. To the best of my knowledge, these tests were conducted in accordance with the procedures outlined in Parts 2 and 90 of the Commission's Rules and regulations.

The data presented on figures 1 and 2 demonstrates compliance with the appropriate technical standards.

3. OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH - Paragraphs [2.1049, 90.211(a)]

Figures 3 and 4 contain pictures taken from a Hewlett Packard 8558B Spectrum Analyzer. The transmitter was modulated with a sine wave tone at 2500 Hz at a level 16 dB above the required to produce 50% modulation at the frequency maximum response. Paragraph 90.210(d) requires that the mean power of emissions shall be attenuated below the mean output power of the transmitter by the following amounts.

(a) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth  $f_0$  to 5.625 khz removed from  $f_0$ ; Zero db.

(b) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency ( $f_d$  in khz) of more than 5.625 khz but no more than 12.5 khz. At least  $(f_d - 2.88\text{khz})\text{db}$ .

(c) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized Bandwidth by a displacement frequency ( $f_d$  in khz) of no more than 12.5 khz. At least  $50 + \log(P)$  or 70db, whichever is the lesser attenuation.

4. SPURIOUS EMISSIONS AT THE 50 OHM TEST POINT ON THE TRANSMITTER  
[2.1053, 90.209 Emission Mask D]

The transmitter was modulated per paragraph 2.1053. The spectrum was checked with the spectrum analyzer from 10 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency. Observed emissions not reported are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value of 44 dB, i.e.,  $50 + \log (.25W) = 44$  dB given by Section 90.209. The data in Table 1 verifies that the test sample complies with Paragraph 90.209(c)(3).

TABLE 1  
CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS DATA

EMISSION FREQUENCY (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBc)	FCC LIMIT (dBc)
154.6	REFERENCE +24 dBm	44
309.2	-52	44
463.8	-58	44
618.4	-75	44
773.0	>-75	44
927.6	>-75	44
1082.2	>-75	44
1236.8	>-75	44
1391.4	>-75	44
1546.0	>-75	44

5. FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS RADIATION - Paragraphs  
[2.1053, 90.209]

Measurements were made on the three meter range maintained by Radiation Science Inc. to quantify spurious emission level that are radiated directly from the cabinet, control circuits, power leads and intermediate circuit elements under normal conditions of installation and operation.

Particular attenuation was paid to harmonics of the carrier frequency as well as those frequencies removed from the carrier by multiples of the oscillator frequency. Data is submitted in Table 2 showing the magnitude of harmonics and other spurious emissions from 30 MHz through the 10th harmonic.

The test sample was placed on a non-conductive table one meter above the ground plane in order to determine the maximum level at each emission. Both horizontal and vertical site antenna polarization were employed. The antenna was raised 1 to 4 meters in height and the equipment under test was rotated 360 degrees to minimize the emission.

The reference level for spurious radiation was taken as a ideal dipole excited by the measured output power according to the following relationship:

$$E = (49.2 P)^{1/2} / R$$

Where:                    E = electric-field intensity in Volts/meter  
                          P = transmitted power in Watts  
                          R = distance in meters

For this case: E = 1.17 V/M = 121.4 dBu/m

The permissible value of spurious emissions is equal to less than 121.4 dBu/m - (50 + log(.25)) = 77.4 dBu/m.

Any observed spurious emissions not reported were more than 20 db below the permitted level.

TABLE 2  
FIELD STRENGTH OF RADIATED EMISSION

POWER LEVEL Dbm	EMISSION FREQUENCY Mhz	ANTENNA POLARITY (H, V)	EMISSION LEVEL dbuv/m	EMISSION LEVEL Dbc	FCC LIMIT Dbc
24	154.6	V	72.2	Reference	
	309.2	V	13.0	59.2	44
	463.8	V	19.0	53.2	44
	618.4	V	17.5	54.7	44
	927.6	V	23.0	49.2	44
	1082.2	V	23.0	49.2	44
	154.6	H	87.2	Reference	
	309.2	H	27.0	60.2	44
	463.8	H	26.5	60.7	44
	618.4	H	27.5	59.7	44
	927.6	H	31.0	56.2	44
	1082.2	H	24.0	63.2	44

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Table 2 measurements were made by Radiation Science Inc.,  
they calculated them out for Part 15 not Part [90.209].  
The above measurements were copied from there test result paper  
and calculated for Part [90.209(c)(3)].  
The data from Table 2 verifies that the test sample complies  
with Paragraph 90.209(c)(3).

#### 6. FREQUENCY STABILITY - Paragraphs 2.1055, 90.213, 90.214

Measurements of the frequency stability versus temperature was  
made at temperatures ranging from -30 degrees C to +50 degrees C.  
At each temperature, the unit was exposed to the test chamber  
ambient for a minimum of 30 minutes after the temperature had  
stabilized within plus or minus one degree of the desired temperature.  
Following a 30 minute "soak" at each temperature, the frequency was  
measured within one minute after application of power. The test  
temperature was sequenced in the order shown in Table 3 starting at  
-30 degrees Celsius.

The nominal primary power supply voltage of 6.00 vdc was used,  
and the frequency was measured with a Hewlett Packard 5253B  
Frequency Counter.

TABLE 3  
FREQUENCY STABILITY VS. TEMPERATURE

TEMPERATURE C	FREQUENCY MHZ
-30	154.599655
-20	154.599641
-10	154.599667
0	154.599690
+10	154.599704
+20	154.599700
+30	154.599694
+40	154.599670
+50	154.599665

The values are within 5 ppm (.000773 MHz) of the assigned frequency  
as stated in Paragraph 90.213. Thus, the test sample complies with  
Paragraph 90.213.

The output frequency as a function of supply voltage was measured,  
and the results are given below in Table 4.

TABLE 4  
FREQUENCY STABILITY  
POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE VS. OUTPUT FREQUENCY

POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE (%)	(Vdc)	OUTPUT FREQUENCY (MHz)
115	7.2	154.599690
100	6.0	154.599690
85	4.8	154.599690

These values are within 5 ppm of the assigned frequency. The test sample complies with Paragraph 90.213.

CST-2001/V

FCC ID# IP92K1V

S/N 136

Two Channel Synthesized Transmitter

Frequency Range

154 - 174 MHz

Power Output 250 mw

Audio Pre-Emphasis and Low Pass Filter vs. Input Signal

Input Signal Level	-60 dBm	Pre-Emphasis	Low Pass
Frequency Hz	Output Level	Scaled +1/-3	Filter
300	400mvpp	-15.3Dbm	-10.24Dbm
500	600mvpp	-11.7Dbm	-6.71Dbm
750	1100mvpp	-6.5Dbm	-1.45Dbm
1000	1300mvpp	-5.1Dbm	0.00Dbm
1500	1800mvpp	-2.3Dbm	+2.82Dbm
2000	2000mvpp	-1.3Dbm	+3.74Dbm
2500	3250mvpp	+2.8Dbm	+7.95Dbm
2700	4000mvpp	+4.7Dbm	+9.76Dbm
3000	3500mvpp	+3.5Dbm	+8.60Dbm

Low Pass Filter

4000	-9.00Dbc
5000	-16.00Dbc
6000	-22.00Dbc
7000	-27.00Dbc
8000	-31.00DBC
9000	-35.00Dbc
10000	-38.00Dbc
15000	-50.00Dbc
20000	-60.00Dbc

All audio distortion measurements at the above frequencies were less than 10%.

Distortion measurements were made with a B&W Model 400 Distortion Meter.

Audio output measurements were made with a Tektronix Oscilloscope OS-245 and a Hewlett Packard 3551A Audio generator.

All low pass filter measurements were made applying an audio generator to the microphone input, and monitoring the output of the transistor on a Hewlett Packard 8558B Spectrum Analyzer at 5 kHz bandwidth.

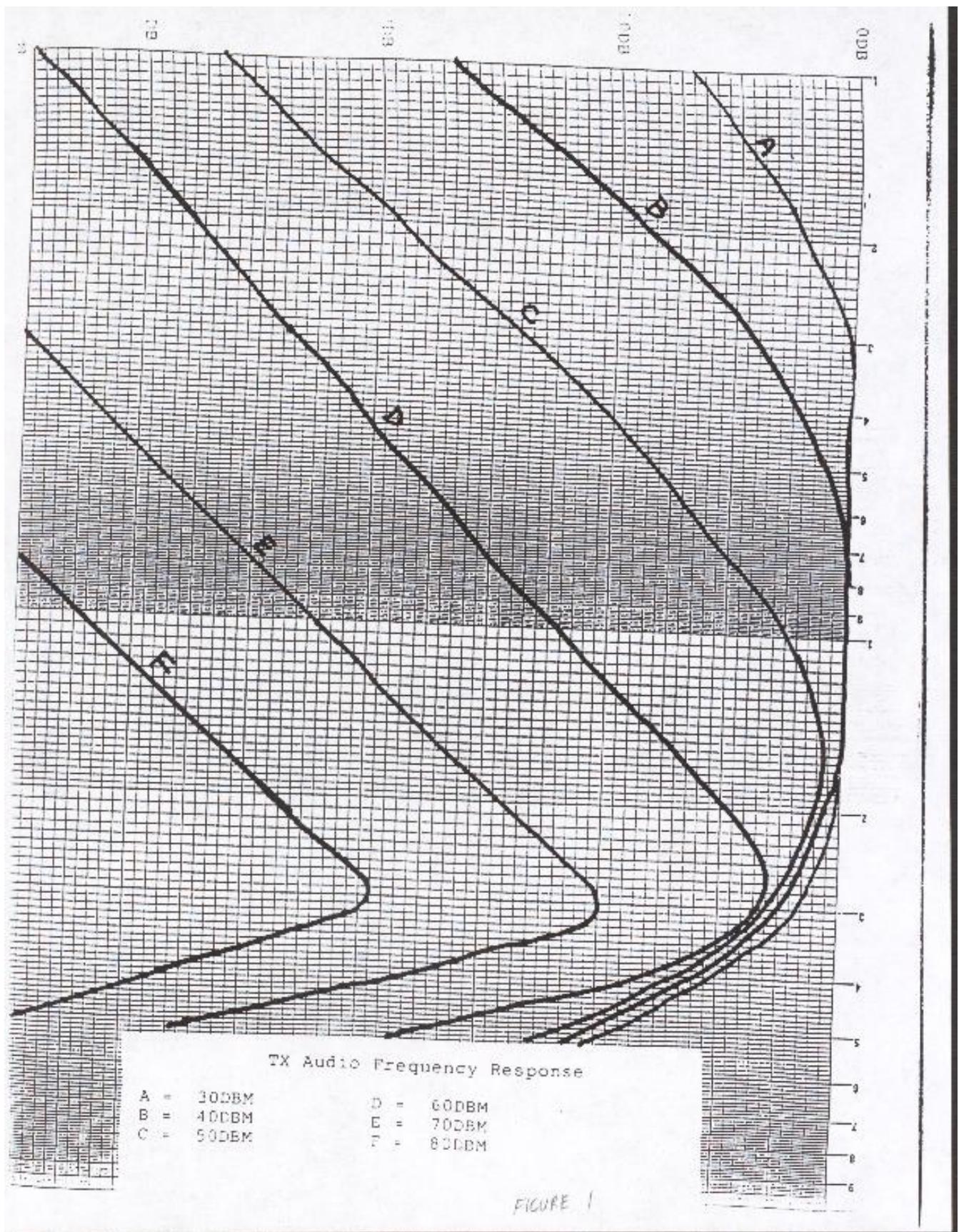


Figure 1 - TX Audio Frequency Response

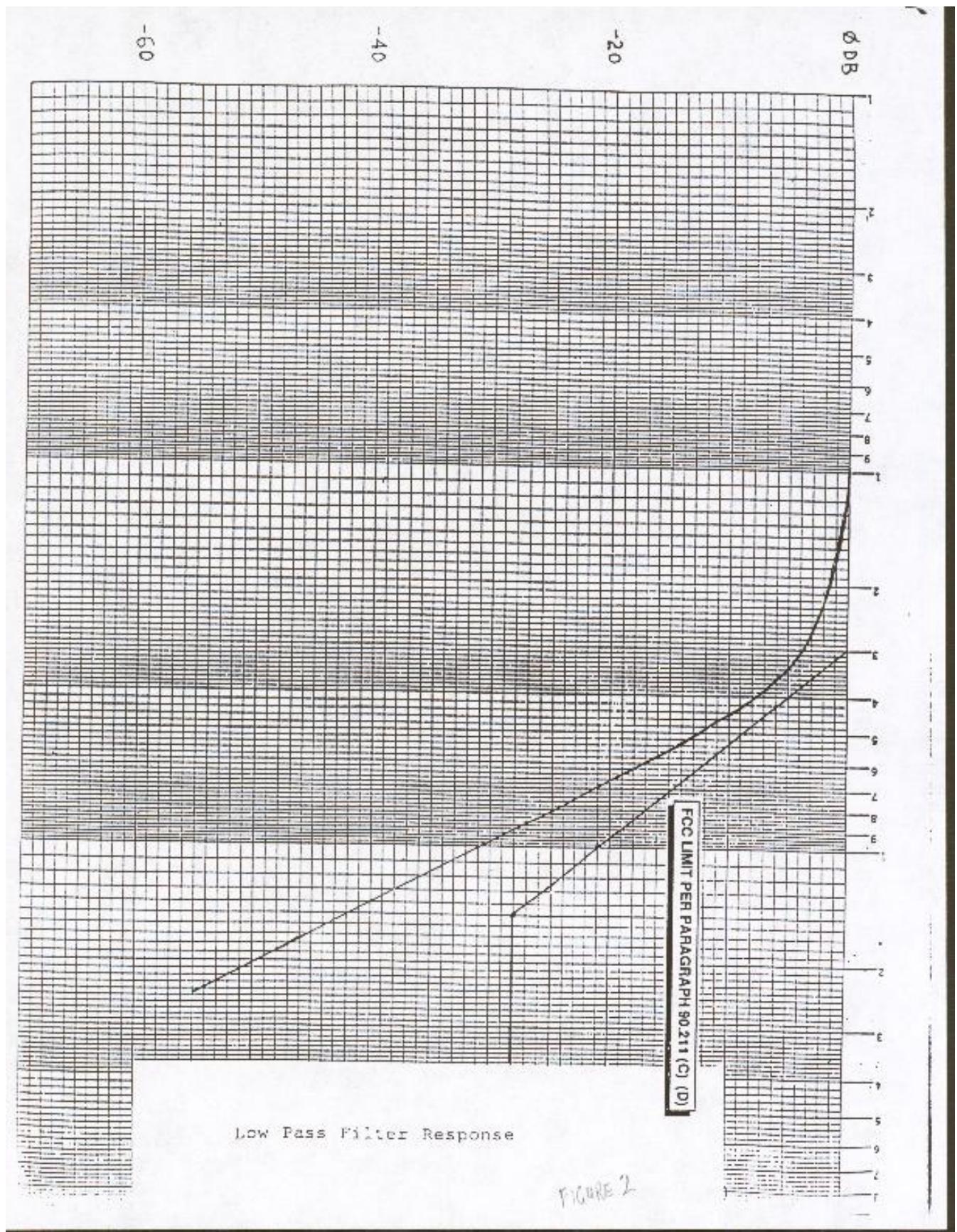
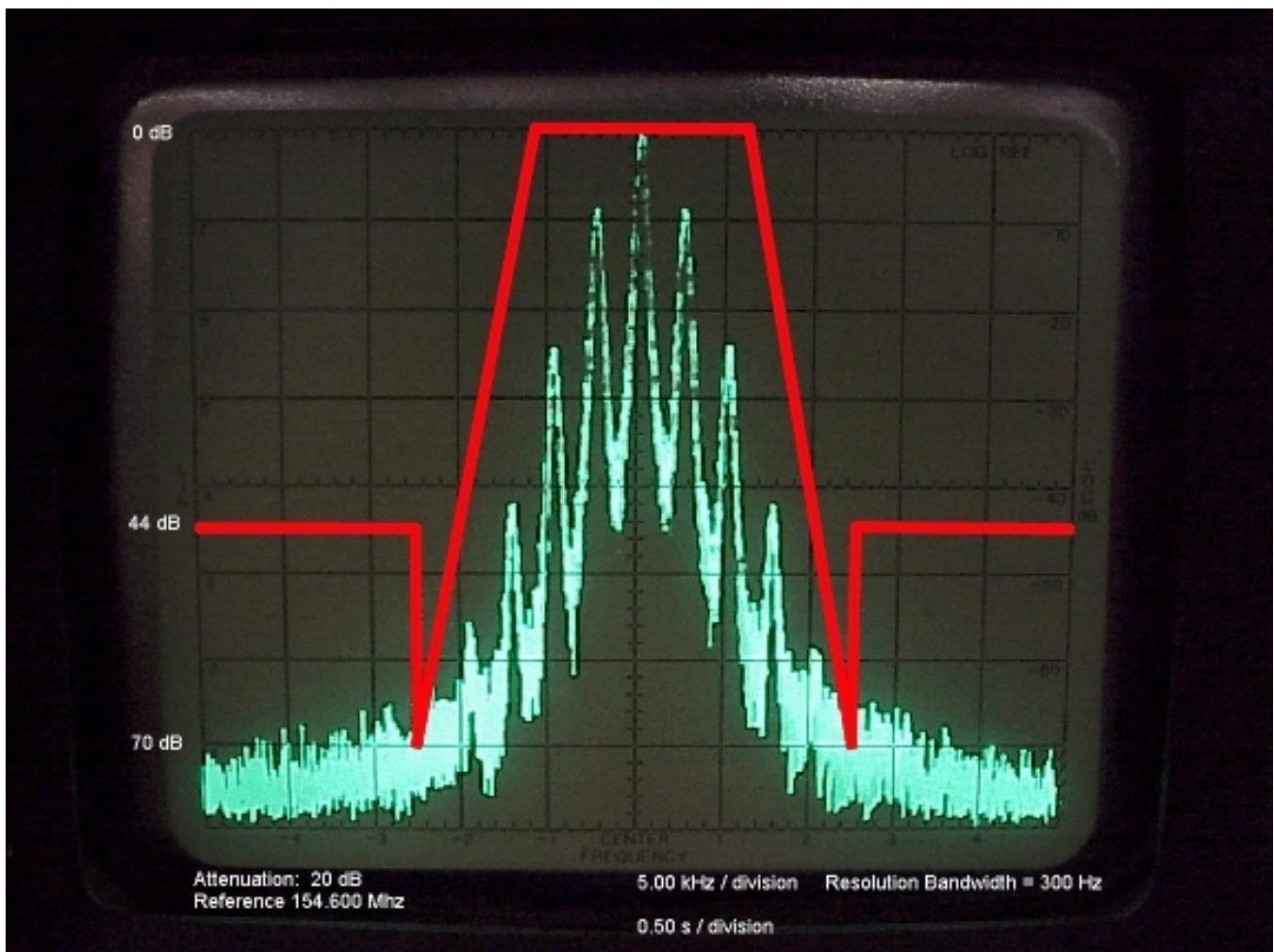
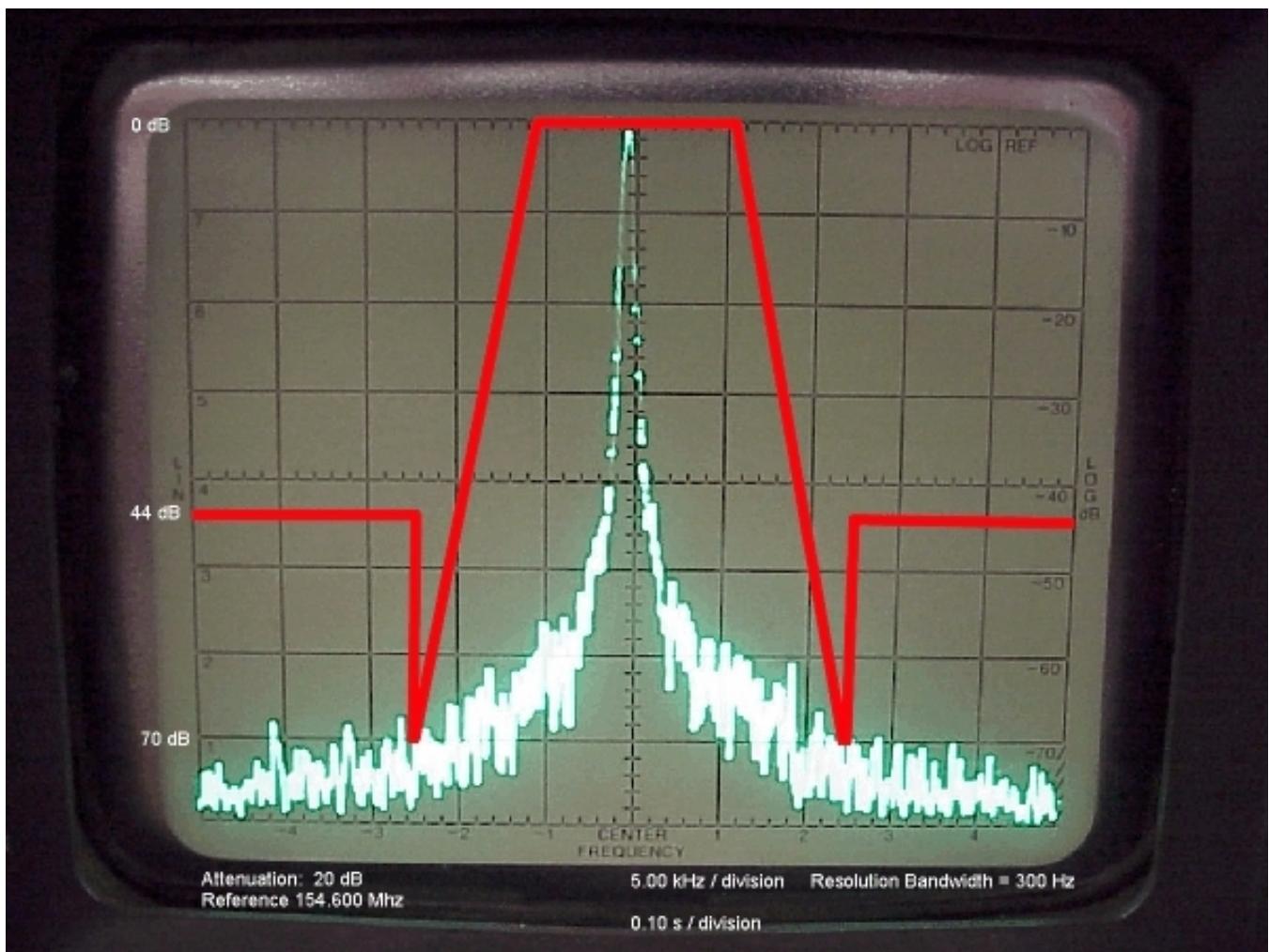


Figure 2 - Low Pass Filter Response



Modulated Bandwidth - Figure 3



Unmodulated Bandwidth - Figure 4